The Honorable John Boehner H-232, The Capitol Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Nancy Pelosi H-204, The Capitol Washington, DC 20515

December 17, 2014

RE: Congressional Oversight of National Security

Dear Speaker Boehner and Minority Leader Pelosi:

We write to express our concerns about congressional oversight of intelligence activities. Congress is responsible for authorizing, overseeing, and funding these programs. In recent years, however, the House of Representatives has not always effectively performed its duties.

The time for modernization is now. When the House convenes for the 114th Congress in January and adopts rules, the House should update them to enhance opportunities for oversight by House Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence ("HPSCI") members, members of other committees of jurisdiction, and all other representatives. The House should also consider establishing a select committee to review intelligence activities since 9/11. We urge the following reforms be included in the rules package.

HPSCI Modernization

1. Modernize HPSCI Membership. Intelligence matters are relevant to all Members of Congress and fall into the jurisdiction of many committees. The current structure of HPSCI does not always reflect the interests of the House.

HPSCI membership must be modernized. The Speaker and the Minority Leadership should continue to designate the chair and ranking member. Chairs and ranking members of other committees with intelligence jurisdiction—Appropriations, Armed Services, Foreign Affairs, Homeland Security, Oversight and Government Reform, and Judiciary—should each have a designee on HPSCI. For the remaining committee members, each party conference should have an inclusive process for choosing them (4 for the majority, 3 for the minority).

- **2. Staff Designees for HPSCI Members**. Each HPSCI member must be able to designate a staffer to represent his or her interests on the Committee, as their Senate counterparts do.
- **3. Availability of Unclassified Intelligence Reports**. Unclassified intelligence reports that HPSCI receives must be made public with minimal delay.

- **4. Improve Responsiveness to House Membership**. HPSCI must quickly and transparently respond to Member requests for information or meetings. Information in HPSCI's custody must be available to House Members and cleared staff upon request unless restricted by statute. HPSCI must respect Members' constitutional prerogatives, provide an opportunity for Members to be heard, and provide a full accounting of votes on Member access to information.
- **5. Increase HPSCI Transparency**. HPSCI must increase transparency while protecting secret information. We recommend it:
 - Notify Members of the House of the subject and witnesses for upcoming closed hearings, and make that information public unless it would cause significant, articulable harm;
 - Provide public notice of markups and promptly release text and amendments unless classified;
 - Give Members sufficient notice of classified briefings;
 - Conduct prompt declassification reviews of closed session transcripts and publish them;
 - Permit HPSCI staff to discuss committee procedures, but not substance, without prior authorization;
 - Publish current and historical information on committee activities online;
 - Ensure the executive branch provides all requested information;
 - Permit Members and staff to keep notes from briefings on classified matters in a secure but easily accessible location;
 - Permit Members and staff to discuss the substance of closed hearings with other cleared Members and staff in secure locations. HPSCI should be notified when classified matters are discussed.

Empower All Members of Congress

- **1. Member Access to Executive Branch Communications**. Communications from the executive branch must be available to all Members unless the sender explicitly indicates otherwise.
- **2. Discussion of Public Information**. Members of Congress must be able to access, review, and publicly discuss materials already available to the public, even if deemed classified by the executive branch, without fear of reprimand by the Ethics Committee. If the executive branch does not acknowledge the materials as official, however, Members may be required to indicate the material has not been authenticated.
- **3. Provide Members with Sufficient Staff Assistance**. All Members must be allowed one staff member with Top Secret/Special Compartmented Information (TS/SCI) clearance to attend briefings on behalf of and to provide counsel to the Member. Members need informed staff to be able to conduct proper oversight. Staffers must first be vetted, of course, in a timely fashion.
- **4.** Congressional Option for Whistleblowers. Federal employees and contractors who blow the whistle must be able to speak to any Members of Congress or staff designee without fear of reprisal.

5. Improve Training for Members and Staff. Members and staff must be able to access training for handling classified information and on conducting effective congressional oversight of classified matters.

In addition to the above reforms, we urge you to consider establishing a distinct, broad-based review of the activities of the Intelligence Community since 9/11, modeled after the 9-11 Commission or the United States Senate Select Committee to Study Governmental Operations with Respect to Intelligence Committees.

Background information on our recommendations are available in the white paper *Congressional Oversight of National Security: Reform Agenda*, published contemporaneously with this letter.

Thank you for your service to our nation and for your attention to our request. We welcome the opportunity to discuss this with you further. Please contact Daniel Schuman, policy director, Citizens for Responsibility and Ethics in Washington (CREW), at 202-759-4926 or dschuman@citizensforethics.org; Zach Graves, policy fellow, R Street, at 202-525-5717 or zgraves@rstreet.org, or Sean Vitka, federal policy manager, the Sunlight Foundation, at 202-742-1520 or svitka@sunlightfoundation.com.

Sincerely,

Access

Bill of Rights Defense Committee

Brennan Center for Justice at New York University School of Law

Campaign for Digital Fourth Amendment Rights

Center for Arms Control and Non-Proliferation

Center for Democracy and Technology

Center for Effective Government

Center for Financial Privacy and Human Rights

Citizens for Responsibility and Ethics in Washington (CREW)

Competitive Enterprise Institute

Computer & Communications Industry Association

Constitutional Alliance

Council for a Livable World

CREDO Mobile

Defending Dissent Foundation

Demand Progress

Electronic Frontier Foundation

Electronic Privacy Information Center

Fight for the Future

Government Accountability Project

International Association of Whistleblowers

Just Foreign Policy

Liberty Coalition

Media Alliance

National Priorities Project

National Security Counselors

National Whistleblower Center

New America's Open Technology Institute

OpenTheGovernment.org

Participatory Politics Foundation

Progressive Change Campaign Committee

Project on Government Oversight

Public Citizen

R Street Institute

Restore the Fourth

The Rhode Island Coalition to Defend Human & Civil Rights

RootsAction.org

Sunlight Foundation

T.M. Guyer & Friends, PC

TechFreedom

X-Lab

Carol Czarkowski

Coleen Rowley

Daniel Ellsberg

Diane Roark

Edward Loomis

Elaine Mittleman

J. Kirk Wiebe

Marcy Wheeler

Matthew Fay, The Niskanen Center*

Rev. Dr. George Hunsinger, Princeton Theological Seminary*

Todd E. Pierce, JA, MAJ, USA (Ret.)

Kevin Downing

William Binney

^{*} for affiliation purposes only