

NATIONAL TOXICOLOGY PROGRAM
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No. 295



TOXICOLOGY AND CARCINOGENESIS

STUDIES OF

CHRYBOTILE ASBESTOS

(CAS NO. 12001-29-5)

IN F344/N RATS

(FEED STUDIES)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
Public Health Service
National Institutes of Health

NATIONAL TOXICOLOGY PROGRAM

The National Toxicology Program (NTP), established in 1978, develops and evaluates scientific information about potentially toxic and hazardous chemicals. This knowledge can be used for protecting the health of the American people and for the primary prevention of disease. By bringing together the relevant programs, staff, and resources from the U.S. Public Health Service, DHHS, the National Toxicology Program has centralized and strengthened activities relating to toxicology research, testing and test development/validation efforts, and the dissemination of toxicological information to the public and scientific communities and to the research and regulatory agencies.

The NTP is made up of four charter DHHS agencies: the National Cancer Institute (NCI), National Institutes of Health; the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences (NIEHS), National Institutes of Health; the National Center for Toxicological Research (NCTR), Food and Drug Administration; and the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), Centers for Disease Control. In July 1981, the Carcinogenesis Bioassay Testing Program, NCI, was transferred to the NIEHS.

**NTP TECHNICAL REPORT
ON THE
TOXICOLOGY AND CARCINOGENESIS
STUDIES OF
CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS
(CAS NO. 12001-29-5)
IN F344/N RATS
(FEED STUDIES)**



**NATIONAL TOXICOLOGY PROGRAM
P.O. Box 12233
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709**

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Public Health Service
National Institutes of Health**

NOTE TO THE READER

These studies are designed and conducted to characterize and evaluate the toxicologic potential, including carcinogenic activity, of selected chemicals in laboratory animals (usually two species, rats and mice). Chemicals selected for testing in the NTP Carcinogenesis Program are chosen primarily on the bases of human exposure, level of production, and chemical structure. Selection per se is not an indicator of a chemical's carcinogenic potential. Negative results, in which the test animals do not have a greater incidence of cancer than control animals, do not necessarily mean that a test chemical is not a carcinogen, inasmuch as the experiments are conducted under a limited set of conditions. Positive results demonstrate that a test chemical is carcinogenic for animals under the conditions of the test and indicate that exposure to the chemical has the potential for hazard to humans. The determination of the risk to humans from chemicals found to be carcinogenic in animals requires a wider analysis which extends beyond the purview of this study.

Five categories of interpretative conclusions were adopted for use in June 1983 in the Technical Reports series to specifically emphasize consistency and the concept of actual evidence of carcinogenicity. For each definitive study result (male rats, female rats, male mice, female mice), one of the following quintet will be selected to describe the findings. These categories refer to the strength of the experimental evidence and not to either potency or mechanism.

- **Clear Evidence of Carcinogenicity** is demonstrated by studies that are interpreted as showing a chemically related increased incidence of malignant neoplasms, studies that exhibit a substantially increased incidence of benign neoplasms, or studies that exhibit an increased incidence of a combination of malignant and benign neoplasms where each increases with dose.
- **Some Evidence of Carcinogenicity** is demonstrated by studies that are interpreted as showing a chemically related increased incidence of benign neoplasms, studies that exhibit marginal increases in neoplasms of several organs/tissues, or studies that exhibit a slight increase in uncommon malignant or benign neoplasms.
- **Equivocal Evidence of Carcinogenicity** is demonstrated by studies that are interpreted as showing a chemically related marginal increase of neoplasms.
- **No Evidence of Carcinogenicity** is demonstrated by studies that are interpreted as showing no chemically related increases in malignant or benign neoplasms.
- **Inadequate Study of Carcinogenicity** demonstrates that because of major qualitative or quantitative limitations, the studies cannot be interpreted as valid for showing either the presence or absence of a carcinogenic effect.

Additionally, the following concepts (as patterned from the International Agency for Research on Cancer Monographs) have been adopted by the NTP to give further clarification of these issues:

The term *chemical carcinogenesis* generally means the induction by chemicals of neoplasms not usually observed, the earlier induction by chemicals of neoplasms that are commonly observed, or the induction by chemicals of more neoplasms than are generally found. Different mechanisms may be involved in these situations. Etymologically, the term *carcinogenesis* means induction of cancer, that is, of malignant neoplasms; however, the commonly accepted meaning is the induction of various types of neoplasms or of a combination of malignant and benign neoplasms. In the Technical Reports, the words *tumor* and *neoplasm* are used interchangeably.

This study was conducted under contract to the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences, National Toxicology Program. The studies described in this Technical Report have been conducted in compliance with NTP chemical health and safety requirements and must meet or exceed all applicable Federal, state, and local health and safety regulations. All NTP toxicology and carcinogenesis studies are subjected to a data audit before being presented for peer review.

Although every effort is made to prepare the Technical Reports as accurately as possible, mistakes may occur. Readers are requested to identify any mistakes so that corrective action may be taken. Further, anyone who is aware of related ongoing or published studies not mentioned in this report is encouraged to make this information known to the NTP. Comments and questions about the National Toxicology Program Technical Reports on Toxicology and Carcinogenesis Studies should be directed to Dr. J.E. Huff, National Toxicology Program, P.O. Box 12233, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709 (919-541-3780).

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ABSTRACT

Lifetime toxicology and carcinogenesis studies of short-range (SR) and intermediate-range (IR) fiber length chrysotile asbestos were conducted in groups of 88-250 male and female F344/N rats. Both forms of asbestos were administered at a concentration of 1% in pelleted diet for the lifetime of the rats, starting with the dams of the test animals. Subgroups of 100 male and 100 female IR chrysotile-exposed rats also received 0.47 mg/g IR chrysotile asbestos in water by gavage during lactation (preweaning [PW]). At 9 weeks of age, additional subgroups (125-175) of control and IR chrysotile-exposed rats received 7.5 mg/kg (male) or 15 mg/kg (female) 1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride (DMH) by gavage every other week for a total of five doses. When the survival of either the control or test group reached 10%, both groups were killed.

Neither type of fiber affected fertility or litter size. The offspring from mothers exposed to SR chrysotile were similar in body weight to the controls at birth and remained so throughout their lives. The offspring of IR chrysotile-exposed mothers were similar in weight at birth but were slightly smaller (13%) at weaning and remained so throughout their lives, with the exception of those in the IR/PW chrysotile group, which weighed slightly more during their lifetimes. Feed consumption and survival were comparable among the SR and IR chrysotile asbestos groups and controls. The DMH-exposed groups showed decreased survival due primarily to the development of lethal neoplasms.

The administration of SR chrysotile for the lifetime of exposed male and female rats did not cause any overt toxicity. In addition, no neoplastic or nonneoplastic disease was associated with SR chrysotile exposure.

Male and female rats exposed to IR chrysotile asbestos did not show any adverse clinical signs. Benign epithelial neoplasms (adenomatous polyps) were observed in the large intestine of IR chrysotile asbestos male rats (9/250, 3.6%). Although not statistically significant ($P=0.08$) compared with concurrent controls (0/85), the incidence of these neoplasms was highly significant ($P=0.003$) when compared with the incidence of epithelial neoplasms (benign and malignant combined) of the large intestine in the pooled male control groups of all the NTP oral asbestos lifetime studies (3/524, 0.6%). The biologic importance of this finding was supported by the observation of lesions of similar morphology in the small intestine or glandular stomach of four additional IR chrysotile male rats and by a low incidence (2/100, 2.0%) of adenomatous polyps in the large intestine of male rats in the IR/PW group.

A significant ($P<0.05$) increase in keratoacanthomas of the skin was observed in male IR (19/250, 7.6%) and IR/PW (8/100, 8.0%) chrysotile-exposed rats compared with the concurrent controls (1/88, 1.1%). The biologic importance of this observation was discounted because the incidence in these groups did not greatly exceed the rate observed in the combined male control groups from all the other NTP oral asbestos studies (19/441, 4.3%). An apparent increase in the incidence of clitoral gland neoplasms in female IR (18/250, 7.2%) and IR/PW (4/100, 4.0%) chrysotile-exposed rats compared with that in the concurrent controls (1/88, 1.1%) was also discounted because of a lack of statistical significance when compared with the pooled female control groups from the other NTP oral asbestos studies (21/441, 4.8%).

Rats exposed to DMH and DMH plus IR chrysotile asbestos exhibited neoplasia in those organs known to be targets for DMH (gastrointestinal tract, Zymbal gland, liver, and kidney). There was a significant difference ($P<0.05$) in the incidence of DMH-induced mixed-cell tumors of the kidney between the DMH alone (13/125, 10%) and DMH plus IR chrysotile asbestos (34/175, 19%) female groups. An increased incidence of thyroid follicular cell tumors was observed in DMH plus IR chrysotile male rats (28/175, 16.0%) compared with the DMH alone group (9/124, 7.3%). The biologic importance of both observations is questionable, since neither organ represents a primary target organ for

asbestos and no difference between DMH and DMH plus IR chrysotile was observed for the primary target organs (intestine and mesothelium).

An audit of the experimental data was conducted for these lifetime carcinogenesis studies of chrysotile asbestos. No data discrepancies were found that influenced the final interpretations.

Under the conditions of these lifetime studies, short-range and intermediate-range chrysotile asbestos did not induce overt toxicity and did not affect survival when ingested at a level of 1% in the diet by male and female F344/N rats. There was *no evidence of carcinogenicity** in male or female rats exposed to SR chrysotile asbestos or in female rats exposed to IR chrysotile asbestos. There was *some evidence of carcinogenicity* in male rats exposed to IR chrysotile asbestos as indicated by an increased incidence of adenomatous polyps in the large intestine. The cocarcinogenesis studies of 1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride and IR chrysotile asbestos were considered inconclusive for determining whether IR chrysotile asbestos had either a tumor-enhancing or protective effect, although an increased incidence of neoplasms was observed in the kidneys of female rats exposed to DMH plus IR chrysotile as compared with those exposed to DMH alone.

*Categories of evidence of carcinogenicity are defined in the Note to the Reader on page 2.

CONTRIBUTORS

The NTP Technical Report on the Toxicology and Carcinogenesis Studies of Chrysotile Asbestos is based on the lifetime studies that began in October 1977 and ended in May 1980 at Hazleton Laboratories America, Inc.

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PEER REVIEW PANEL

The members of the Peer Review Panel who evaluated the draft Technical Report on chrysotile asbestos on July 27, 1984, are listed below. Panel members serve as independent scientists, not as representatives of any institution, company, or governmental agency. In this capacity, Panel members have five major responsibilities: (a) to ascertain that all relevant literature data have been adequately cited and interpreted, (b) to determine if the design and conditions of the NTP studies were appropriate, (c) to ensure that the Technical Report presents the experimental results and conclusions fully and clearly, (d) to judge the significance of the experimental results by scientific criteria, and (e) to assess the evaluation of the evidence of carcinogenicity and other observed toxic responses.

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SUMMARY OF PEER REVIEW COMMENTS ON THE TOXICOLOGY AND CARCINOGENESIS STUDIES OF CHYRSOTILE ASBESTOS

On July 27, 1984, the draft Technical Report on the toxicology and carcinogenesis studies of chrysotile asbestos received peer review by the National Toxicology Program Board of Scientific Counselors' Technical Reports Review Subcommittee and associated Panel of Experts. The review meeting began at 9:00 a.m. in the Conference Center, Building 101, South Campus, National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina.

Dr. Jones, a principal reviewer, agreed with the conclusions as written. Dr. Jones agreed also with the decision to discount the biologic significance of the increased incidences of keratoacanthomas in males and neoplasms of the clitoral gland in females but asked that the reasons for this decision be discussed in greater depth. He noted that prior to the meeting he had examined the slides of large intestine sections from male rats exposed to the IR form and agreed that the adenomatous polyps were clearly neoplastic.

Dr. Turnbull, a second principal reviewer, also agreed with the conclusions. He suggested, however, that more details be given regarding the choice of a 1% dose and the relation of this dose to the maximum tolerated dose, if any. Dr. R. Shapiro, NIEHS, said the 1% level represented an appropriate dose based on earlier feed studies in rats and was much greater than the estimated dose to which humans are exposed. Dr. Turnbull asked for clarification of the use and temporal relationship of the various control groups. Dr. E. McConnell, NTP, explained that the rats used for concurrent controls in this study and those used for pooled control groups in the three previous NTP dosed feed studies of the other asbestos fiber types came from the same animal source, were used in studies conducted at the same laboratory, and were on test at approximately the same times. Dr. J. Haseman, NIEHS, said the concurrent controls were used in the primary statistical analysis. When a possible carcinogenic effect was observed, the additional control groups were employed to help evaluate further the biologic significance of the effect.

A third principal reviewer, Dr. Davis, questioned the use of the pooled control data to support the biologic importance and statistical significance of the intestinal tumors and, on the other hand, to discount the importance of the keratoacanthomas in male rats and clitoral gland neoplasms in female rats. Dr. McConnell stated that no increases in incidences of skin neoplasms have been observed in asbestos inhalation studies sponsored by the NTP or by others in which the whole animal was exposed. Dr. Friess said the reason for discounting needed to be highlighted nonetheless. Dr. Davis asked if the standard paper feed bags were impermeable to the pelleted asbestos and if the pelleting process may have altered the fiber size of the asbestos. Mr. Beliczky wondered whether there may have been incidental inhalation exposure of the test animals. Dr. McConnell replied that a pelleted dose form was used to minimize exposure of laboratory personnel and the amount of exposure by inhalation. Dr. Shapiro noted that fiber size distribution for all the fiber types was examined before and after pelleting, and few or no differences were found.

Dr. Kotelchuck observed that the apparent kidney-tumor-enhancing effect of IR asbestos in female rats dosed with dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride should be noted in the conclusions. Dr. McConnell agreed. Dr. A. Berlin, Commission of the European Communities, asked if there had been any attempt to measure asbestos at the tumor sites. Dr. McConnell replied that since this was a lifetime exposure, the presence of fibers throughout the intestine would be expected, and further, translocation artifacts would likely confound such an analysis.

Dr. Jones moved that the Technical Report on the toxicology and carcinogenesis studies of chrysotile asbestos be accepted with the modifications as discussed. Dr. Turnbull seconded the motion and the report was approved unanimously by the Peer Review Panel.

I. INTRODUCTION

I. INTRODUCTION

The term "asbestos" has a commercial/industrial derivation limited to naturally occurring fibrous minerals of the serpentine or amphibole series. Chrysotile is the only asbestos in the serpentine series, whereas the amphibole series is represented by actinolite, amosite, anthophyllite, crocidolite, and tremolite. The essential characteristic of asbestos minerals is their fibrous nature. The gross fibers, which are visible to the naked eye, are actually bundles of much finer fibrils that are submicroscopic in size (Bureau of Mines, 1980).

Studies conducted during the past 25 years have established a clear association between occupational exposure to asbestos and increased risk of cancer. Human studies have shown that increased tumor risk is associated with crocidolite, chrysotile, amosite, and anthophyllite exposure. Crocidolite asbestos is considered the most "dangerous" form of asbestos in humans because of its strong association with mesothelioma (Craighead, 1982). Excellent reviews of the carcinogenic and public health effects associated with inhaled asbestos are those by Selikoff (1980) and Selikoff and Hammond (1979) and those published by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA, 1980), the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC, 1977), and Environmental Health Perspectives (EHP, 1983). Lung cancer and mesothelioma are the neoplasms most frequently observed in humans exposed to asbestos. A modest increase in the incidence of gastrointestinal tumors has been observed in asbestos insulation workers, miners, and factory workers. The increased incidence of gastrointestinal cancer and possible peritoneal mesothelioma in occupationally exposed populations may be the consequence of direct fiber ingestion or ingestion of inhaled fibers that were cleared from the nasal or tracheobronchial portions of the respiratory system by mucociliary processes.

Large portions of the population ingest chrysotile asbestos through consumption of food and water (Rowe, 1983). Analysis of water samples from 359 cities found that 65% of the samples had detectable levels of various types of asbestos, including chrysotile (Millette et al., 1983). The water supplies of 41 cities have had asbestos concentrations in water which exceeded

10 million fibers per liter, but the length of the vast majority of fibers is under 5 μm . Asbestos or asbestos-like fibers may enter water supplies as a result of mining (e.g., operations at Lake Superior). Natural serpentine or amphibole deposits have been detected in watersheds (Seattle, Washington, and San Francisco, California); under certain conditions, the presence of asbestos may have resulted from the use of chrysotile asbestos-cement pipe for municipal water supplies (USEPA, 1980). In the latter instance, erosion of the pipe (and release of fibers) is associated with the "aggressiveness" of the water, a term representing a mathematical expression of alkalinity and calcium content. Approximately 69% of the water systems in the United States have aggressive water that has the potential to erode asbestos-cement pipe (USEPA, 1980).

The health effects of ingested asbestos have been reviewed recently (EHP, 1983). Harrington et al. (1978) failed to detect an association between the use of asbestos-cement pipe for municipal water supplies and the incidence of gastrointestinal cancer. Statistically significant trends for the incidence of several cancer types, including stomach, gallbladder, esophageal, and peritoneal cancer, were found when census tracts were analyzed on a gradient of low to high asbestos content in municipal water in the San Francisco Bay area (Cooper et al., 1979). The association between asbestos concentration in San Francisco Bay area drinking water and cancer was confirmed in subsequent studies (Kanarek, 1983; Conforti, 1983). The presence of chrysotile asbestos in the drinking water (200×10^6 fibers/liter) was not clearly associated with an increased cancer risk in the Everett, Washington area (Polissar et al., 1983).

Beer and wine have in the past contained asbestos, possibly from asbestos filters used in the preparation of these products (Cunningham and Pontefract, 1971). According to one hypothesis, the ingestion of rice treated with talc that contains chrysotile asbestos is associated with an increased incidence of stomach cancer in Japan (Merliss, 1971a,b).

Studies of the migration of asbestos fibers through the gastrointestinal mucosa have been

confounded by asbestos contamination from water during tissue section preparation; contamination from the gut lumen, blood plasma, or lymph fluid; or contamination from filters used for sample preparation (Meek, 1983). Several studies have provided evidence that ingestion of asbestos in either food or water can result in the migration of asbestos through the gastrointestinal mucosa. Chrysotile asbestos has been reported in the urine of humans and in the lymph fluid and kidney cortex of rats (Patel-Mandlik and Millette, 1983) and baboons (Patel-Mandlik and Millette, 1980) exposed by ingestion or gavage. The amounts of chrysotile detected accounted for only 10^{-4} to 10^{-7} of the amount ingested (Cook, 1983; Sebastien et al., 1980).

Inhalation of asbestos by laboratory animals produces lung carcinoma and mesothelioma in the pleural cavity. Intrapleural, intratracheal, and intraperitoneal injection of asbestos will also produce neoplasia in several species of laboratory animals. These studies have been reviewed by Levine (1978).

Stanton et al. (1981) in their classic intrapleural inoculation studies have clearly shown that the carcinogenic potential of various types of natural and manmade fibers are related to their length and width and the ratio thereof (aspect ratio). They determined that the more carcinogenic fibers were greater than $8 \mu\text{m}$ in length and less than $1.5 \mu\text{m}$ in diameter.

Asbestos (chrysotile, amosite, and crocidolite) has been shown to be cytotoxic in vitro to human embryonic intestinal cells, mouse epithelial-like colon-derived cells, and rat liver epithelial cells (Reiss et al., 1979). Chrysotile asbestos was far more toxic than the amphibole fibers, and the effects were more pronounced in the intestine-derived cells than in those from the liver. Asbestos also was found to be cytotoxic to Syrian hamster (Bey and Harrington, 1971) and mouse (Wright et al., 1983) peritoneal macrophages and to rabbit alveolar macrophages (Desai and Richards, 1983).

Chrysotile asbestos was not mutagenic in *Salmonella typhimurium* or *Escherichia coli* (Chamberlain and Tarmy, 1977) or at the

HGPRT locus in mammalian cells (Reiss et al., 1982; Oshimura et al., 1984). However, Huang et al. (1978) reported a weak but statistically significant increase in mutation frequency at the HGPRT locus in V79 cells if the results of several experiments were combined. Although chrysotile asbestos does not appear to cause gene mutations, it has been shown to cause chromosomal aberrations and alterations in the number of chromosomes. Chrysotile asbestos induced chromosomal aberrations in Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells (Sincock and Seabright, 1975; Sincock, 1977), human lymphocytes in vitro (Valerio et al., 1983), and Syrian hamster embryo (SHE) cells (Oshimura et al., 1984). However, it did not induce chromosomal aberrations in the bone marrow of Rhesus monkeys or Swiss mice (Lavappa et al., 1975) or in primary human fibroblasts or human lymphoblastoid lines (Sincock et al., 1983). Chrysotile asbestos did not induce sister-chromatid exchanges (SCE's) in rat mesothelial cells (Kaplan et al., 1980) or human fibroblasts, human lymphoblastoid, or CHO cells (Casey, 1983); however, in another study, chrysotile did induce SCE's in CHO cells (Babu et al., 1981).

Ploidy, which is the gain of one or more entire sets of chromosomes, was associated with chrysotile asbestos treatment of CHO cells (Sincock and Seabright, 1975; Sincock, 1977) and SHE cells (Oshimura et al., 1984). However, chrysotile asbestos did not induce ploidy in human lymphocytes (Valerio et al., 1983) or human fibroblasts (Sincock et al., 1983). Chrysotile asbestos also has been shown to induce aneuploidy, which is the gain or loss of one or more individual chromosomes, in human lymphocytes in vitro (Valerio et al., 1983) and in SHE cells (Oshimura et al., 1984). In addition, chrysotile asbestos has been shown to induce binucleated cells (Brown et al., 1979; Jaurand et al., 1983; Oshimura et al., 1984). Recently, Hesterberg and Barrett (1984) and Oshimura et al. (1984) have shown that chrysotile asbestos caused morphologic transformation of SHE cells. In summary, chrysotile asbestos does not appear to be a gene mutagen, but it does induce cytogenetic alterations, including chromosomal aberrations, ploidy, and aneuploidy. It also causes morphologic transformation of mammalian cells in vitro.

I. INTRODUCTION

In 1973, the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences and the Environmental Protection Agency cosponsored a symposium on the possible biologic effects of ingested asbestos (EHP, 1974). The participants at this conference concluded that the data concerning the effects of ingested asbestos were inadequate and that specific research was needed.

A subcommittee of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Committee to Coordinate Toxicology and Related Programs subsequently reviewed existing data and prepared a draft research protocol that the Committee felt was responsive to the major public health consensus. On the basis of comments received, a revised protocol was developed for long-term animal toxicology and carcinogenesis studies. The forms of asbestos included chrysotile tested in Syrian golden hamsters (NTP TR 246, in press) and in F344/N rats (this report), amosite in Syrian golden hamsters (NTP, 1983) and in F344/N rats (NTP TR 279, in press), crocidolite in F344/N rats (NTP TR 280, in press), and a nonfibrous tremolite, which contained low levels of asbestiform fibers, in F344/N rats (NTP TR 277, in press). Certain studies (IR chrysotile in

hamsters and amosite and IR chrysotile in rats) also incorporated the intestinal carcinogen 1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride (DMH) as part of the protocol to test the cocarcinogenic effects of asbestos. DMH is a well-known intestinal carcinogen in animals and produces epithelial neoplasms at sites of intimate exposure to asbestos. All studies encompassed the lifetime of the animal, including exposure of the dam from which the test animals were derived. A single dose level of 1% of the diet was chosen because it represented the highest dose thought to be reasonable from a biologic standpoint and could be tolerated in a lifetime study.

This Technical Report presents the results of those studies undertaken to determine the effects of short-range (SR) or intermediate-range (IR) chrysotile asbestos fed to male and female F344/N rats in the diet. These studies were conducted because of the widespread human exposure via the oral route and the known carcinogenic potential of inhaled asbestos in animals and humans. In addition, the study was designed to determine if the ingestion of IR chrysotile asbestos modified the response to DMH.

II. MATERIALS AND METHODS

PROCUREMENT AND CHARACTERIZATION OF TEST MATERIALS

PREPARATION OF FORMULATED DIETS AND DOSE MIXTURES

Formulated Diets

Dose Mixtures of Asbestos for Gavage Administration

Dose Mixtures of 1,2-Dimethylhydrazine Dihydrochloride for Gavage Administration

LIFETIME STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE OR INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Study Design

Source and Specifications of Test Animals

Animal Maintenance

Safety Precautions

Clinical Examinations and Pathology

Statistical Methods

II. MATERIALS AND METHODS

PROCUREMENT AND CHARACTERIZATION OF TEST MATERIALS

Asbestos is a general term applied to certain natural silicates when they are present in a fibrous form. Chrysotile is a fibrous member of the serpentine mineral group; its chemical formula is $Mg_3Si_2O_5(OH)_4$. Two types of chrysotile were selected for testing; they are referred to as short-range (SR) and intermediate-range (IR) chrysotile based on relative fiber length (Table 1).

The SR chrysotile asbestos was purchased from the Union Carbide Corporation (Niagara Falls, New York), which referred to the material as COF-25. The chrysotile had been mined from the New Idria serpentine mass located in the southern part of the Diablo Range in southwestern San Benito and western Fresno counties of California.

The IR asbestos was purchased from the Johns Manville Company, which referred to the material as Plastobest-20. This material is a particularly clean grade of chrysotile used in the plastics industry. The chrysotile originated in the Jeffrey mine, Asbestos, Quebec, Canada.

Each of the two chrysotile asbestos test materials was purchased in quantities of about 1,000 pounds. Each material was packaged in new fiberboard drums of 25 (short-range) or 50 (intermediate-range) pounds and stored with other forms of asbestos in a special warehouse room at Research Triangle Park, North Carolina. Each drum received a color marking unique to the specific asbestos type.

The homogeneity of the samples and the physical and chemical properties of the materials were extensively characterized by the Bureau of Mines, U.S. Department of the Interior (Bureau of Mines, 1980) and by the Fine Particle Laboratories, Illinois Institute of Technology Research Institute, Chicago, Illinois (IITRI, Special Report and Addendum on Project L6085, Contract NO1-ES-5-3157). Copies of these reports are available upon request from the National Toxicology Program. Selected chemical and physical properties that define differences between the two chrysotile test materials are given in Table 1.

Short-range chrysotile was detected at greater than 96% by volume; minor amounts of calcite, brucite, talc, feldspar, quartz, and other opaques were present. Intermediate-range chrysotile was detected at greater than 96% by volume; minor amounts of platy serpentine, calcite, brucite, pyroxene, talc, magnetite, and other opaques were also detected.

Crystalline 1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride (DMH) (greater than 97% pure) was obtained from Aldrich Chemical, Metuchen, New Jersey, (lot no. 072967JA). Thin-layer chromatographic analysis of a 200- μ g sample did not detect any hydrazine or 1,1-dimethylhydrazine. Faint traces of methylazoxymethane and azoxymethane were detected by high-performance liquid chromatography (Fiala et al., 1976). Three percent of the impurities in DMH were not accounted for. 1,2-Dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride was stored at 4° C.

PREPARATION OF FORMULATED DIETS AND DOSE MIXTURES

Formulated Diets

NIH 31 open formula rodent diet, prepared by Zeigler Brothers Inc. (Gardners, Pennsylvania), was used. The appropriate chrysotile asbestos at a concentration of 1% was mixed with feed. Pilot studies were conducted in which transmission electron microscopy was used to assess fiber distribution and alteration; and atomic absorption analysis for magnesium was used to assess chrysotile concentration. From these studies, it was determined that a homogeneous mixture of asbestos and feed could be obtained by mixing alternate layers of feed and asbestos in a Patterson-Kelly® V-blender equipped with an intensifier bar. All feed was pelleted with a California pellet mill; the pellets were oval, three-eighths of an inch by three-fourths of an inch. Pelleted feed was packaged in 25-lb, color-coded, standard paper feed bags. Each lot of blended feed was analyzed for asbestos concentration by atomic absorption analysis for magnesium; the results of these analyses are given in Appendix G. The concentration of IR chrysotile asbestos in feed was within 10% of the target concentration 79% (31/39) of the time. The concentration of SR chrysotile asbestos in feed was within 10% of the target concentration 59% (13/22) of the time.

TABLE 1. FIBER CHARACTERISTICS AND CHEMICAL-INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSES OF CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (a)

	Short Range	Intermediate Range
Fiber Characteristics		
Surface area (m ² /g)	(b) 54.3 ± 3.9 (c) 54.2 ± 0.9	(b) 20.2 ± 0.1 (c) 24.9 ± 2.2
Density (g/cm ³)	2.577 ± 0.022 (8)	2.807 ± 0.016 (8)
Measurement, transmission electron microscopy		
Fiber count/gram	0.6081 × 10 ¹⁸	0.1291 × 10 ¹²
Median length (μm)	0.66	0.82
Range of length (μm) (d)	0.088-51.1	0.104-783.4
Median diameter (μm)	0.059	0.089
Range of diameter (μm)	0.019-1.67	0.019-11.5
Median fiber aspect ratio (length divided by diameter)	11.1698	8.435
Frequency distribution by length (μm); optical microscopy		
10 percentile	1.3	1.4
20 percentile	1.7	1.9
30 percentile	2.2	3.0
40 percentile	2.6	5.4
50 percentile	3.1	14.0
60 percentile	3.8	29.0
70 percentile	4.5	48.0
80 percentile	5.8	76.0
90 percentile	7.8	130.0
Chemical Instrument Analyses (expressed as weight percent)		
Al ₂ O ₃	0.66	1.47
CaO	0.32	0.05
FeO	Not detected	Not detected
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.02	2.93
MgO	40.62	40.26
K ₂ O	Not detected	0.08
SiO ₂	39.77	39.90
Na ₂ O	0.01	0.04
TiO ₂	0.03	0.04
MnO	0.07	0.06
Cr ₂ O ₃	0.17	0.06
NiO	0.17	0.06
Co ₂ O ₃	0.01	Not detected
CO ₂	0.78	0.51
H ₂ O ⁻	1.54	1.17
H ₂ O ⁺	12.69	12.81
Benzene extracted organics	0.026	0.011

(a) Measurements by transmission electron microscopy were performed at the Illinois Institute of Technology Research Institute; all other analyses were performed by the Bureau of Mines (RI 8452, 1980).

(b) As measured with the Quantachrome surface area instrument on 15-30 independent samples

(c) As measured with the Perkin-Elmer surface area instrument on 15-30 independent samples

(d) Short range comprises short fibers, with 98% < 10 μm. Intermediate range consists of 65% > 10 μm, with a significant number of fibers (~14%) longer than 100 μm.

II. MATERIALS AND METHODS

Dose Mixtures of Asbestos for Gavage Administration

The appropriate weighed amount of IR chrysotile asbestos was mixed with sterile water in a beaker with a magnetic stirrer to prepare the dosing suspension.

Dose Mixtures of 1,2-Dimethylhydrazine Dihydrochloride for Gavage Administration

Immediately before use, DMH was mixed with ice-cooled 0.2 M acetate buffer (pH 5.0) in 15-ml screw-cap, Teflon®-lined centrifuge tubes in an ice bath. Results of colorimetric analysis of the dose mixtures indicated that the concentration of DMH was usually less than 80% of the target concentration of 3.9 and 7.8 mg/ml (Appendix G, Table G3).

LIFETIME STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE OR INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Study Design

Groups of 88-250 rats of each sex were fed pelleted diets containing 0% or 1% chrysotile asbestos (either SR or IR) in lifetime studies. The mothers of those in the groups that were administered asbestos started receiving asbestos

7-12 days before mating. Subgroups of 100 male and 100 female rats also received 0.47 mg/g IR chrysotile asbestos in water by gavage, 7 days per week for 3 weeks, starting at 1 day of age. These two groups were referred to as the preweaning (PW) gavage groups. At 9 weeks of age, subgroups of 125-175 rats (one control and one IR group) received 7.5 mg/kg (male) or 15 mg/kg (female) DMH in acetate buffer (pH 5.0) by gavage, every other week for a total of five doses. These doses were based on a pilot study (McConnell et al., 1980) which showed that DMH at these doses produced an incidence of approximately 15% intestinal neoplasia. When the survival of either of the paired groups reached 10%, both groups were killed (Table 2).

Source and Specifications of Test Animals

Parental Generation: The male and female F344/N rats used in this study were produced under strict barrier conditions at Charles River Breeding Laboratories under a contract to the Carcinogenesis Program. Breeding starts for the foundation colony at the production facility originated at the National Institutes of Health Repository. Animals shipped for testing were progeny of defined microflora-associated parents that were transferred from isolators to barrier-maintained rooms. The rats were shipped to the testing laboratory and were quarantined for 4 weeks (intermediate-range studies) or 5 weeks

TABLE 2. SUMMARY OF DISTRIBUTION OF RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Generation	Test Group	No. of Animals		Chrysotile		DMH (mg/kg) (a)	
		Male	Female	Percent	mg/g	Male	Female
F ₀	control	60	120	0	--	--	--
	IR chrysotile (b)	200	400	1.0	--	--	--
F ₁	control	88	88	0	--	--	--
	DMH	125	125	0	--	7.5	15.0
	IR chrysotile	250	250	1.0	--	--	--
	IR chrysotile and DMH	175	175	1.0	--	7.5	15.0
	IR chrysotile and preweaning gavage	100	100	1.0	(c) 0.47	--	--

(a) 1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride (DMH) administered by gavage

(b) Intermediate-range chrysotile asbestos

(c) Preweaning gavage with IR chrysotile

II. MATERIALS AND METHODS

(short-range studies) (Figure 1). Thereafter, a complete pathologic examination was performed on eight animals of each sex to assess their health. Males and females then were assigned to test or control diets, according to a table of random numbers. After 11-13 days (intermediate range) or 7 days (short range), the parents of the test rats were placed in breeding cages (one male to two females). After approximately 20 days, females were housed individually and males were rehoused two per cage.

Filial Generation: Litters were culled to no more than eight pups. Litters of the control and dosed groups were assigned to the corresponding control or dosed groups such that birth dates were equally distributed. Litters in which only one sex was present were excluded. After weaning at 21 days, pups from exposed or control dams were randomly assigned to various exposed (except the IR/PW gavage group) or control groups according to a table of random numbers (Table 2). Pups assigned to the IR/PW chrysotile gavage group were administered 0.47 mg/g IR chrysotile asbestos in sterile water by gavage during lactation as described previously.

Animal Maintenance

F₁ rats were housed three per cage in polycarbonate cages. Control or formulated diets and water were available ad libitum (Table 3).

Safety Precautions

The incoming air to the animal rooms was filtered to remove particulate matter. Ten to 15 changes of room air per hour were provided. Before initiation of the study, air samples were collected and analyzed for baseline asbestos concentrations. Additional samples were collected approximately every 6 months for analysis to assure personnel safety.

Other measures used for personnel protection included the wearing of fully protective disposable suits, gloves, boots, and bouffant caps and the use of a dust/mist respirator mask approved by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). Personnel leaving the animal rooms were required to dispose of their protective clothing and to take showers. In

addition, physical examinations including pulmonary function tests and chest radiographs were conducted at the initiation of the study, yearly thereafter, and at the end of the study.

Clinical Examinations and Pathology

Rats were observed two times per day. Body weights by cage were recorded once per week for the duration of the study. Mean body weights were calculated for each group. Moribund animals were killed, as were animals that survived to the end of the study. A necropsy was performed on all animals, including those found dead unless they were excessively autolyzed or cannibalized. Thus, the number of animals from which particular organs or tissues were examined microscopically varies and is not necessarily equal to the number of animals that were placed on study in each group. Animals were killed when exhibiting any one of these conditions:

1. Palpable masses within the abdominal cavity (excluding retained testes)
2. Masses protruding from the rectum.
3. Rectal discharge of bright red fluid (an indication of the presence of a bleeding colonic or rectal neoplasm)
4. Large ulcerated masses in the area of the ears or on the side of the face (Zymbal gland tumors)
5. Large subcutaneous masses that were ulcerated or infected.
6. Masses that interfered with breathing and eating or that severely hampered locomotion
7. Huge tissue masses
8. Central nervous system signs accompanied by weight loss (head tilt, circling, incoordination, ataxia, paralysis)
9. Severe weight loss or emaciation
10. Coma or extreme weakness.

When the remaining number of animals of either sex in the DMH group or the corresponding IR + DMH group was reduced to 10% of those starting the study, both groups of that sex were killed. When survival of the control, IR chrysotile, or IR/PW groups of either sex reached 10%, all remaining animals of that sex in those groups were killed.

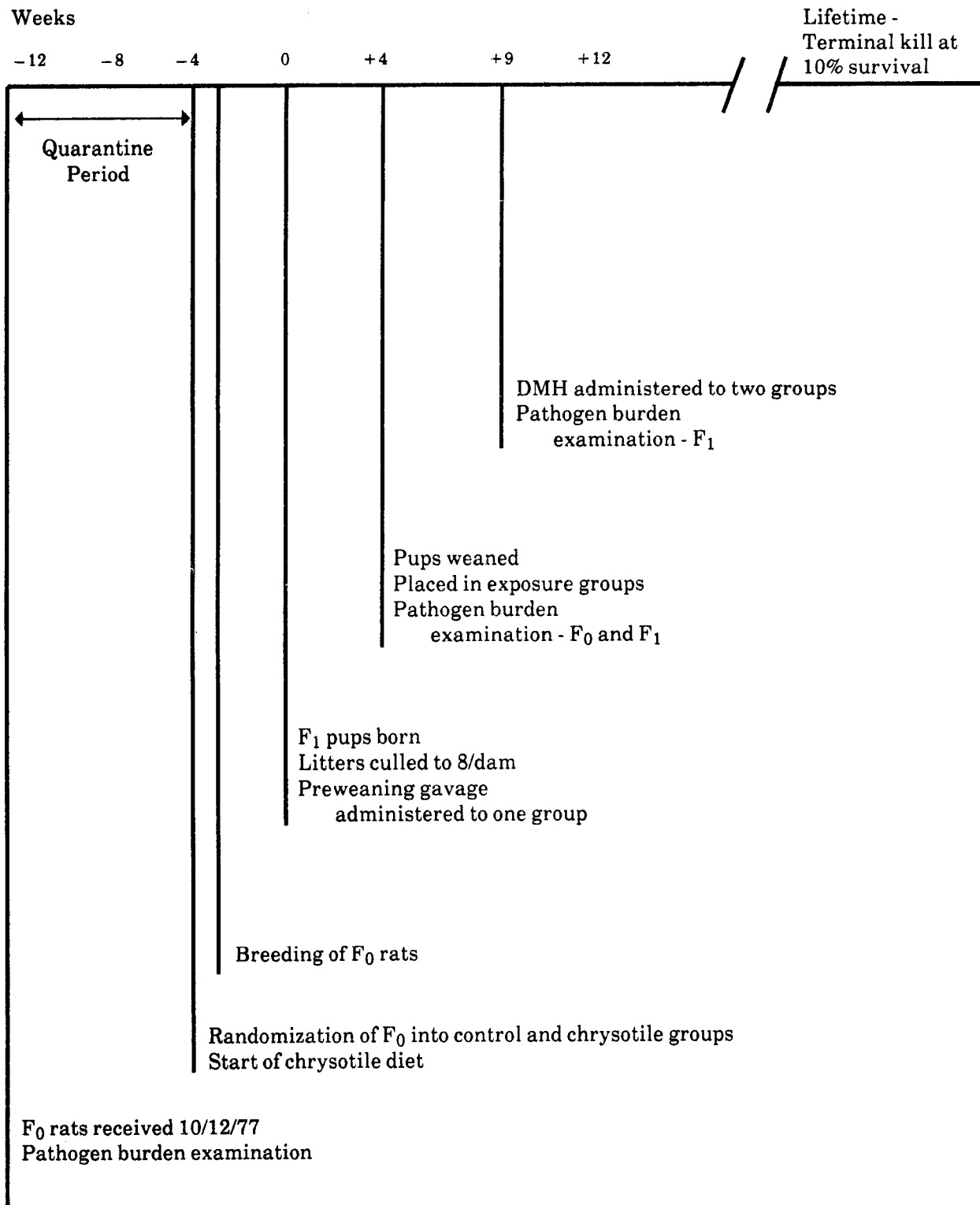


FIGURE 1. SCHEDULE OF MAJOR EVENTS IN RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

TABLE 3. EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN AND MATERIALS AND METHODS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE AND INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	Short-Range (SR) Studies	Intermediate-Range (IR) Studies
EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN		
Size of Test Groups	Untreated--88; SR--250 rats of each sex	Untreated--88; IR--250; IR + PW (a)--100; DMH (b)--125; IR + DMH--175 rats of each sex
Doses	0% or 1%	IR--0% or 1%; PW--0.47 mg/g; DMH--7.5 mg/kg (male), 15 mg/kg (female)
Date of First Dose	F ₀ --11/1/77, bred starting 11/8/77; F ₁ --1/15/78 (date of weaning)	F ₀ --11/9-11/11/77, bred starting 11/22/77; F ₁ --1/12/78 (date of weaning)
Duration of Dosing	131 wk (male); 139 wk (female)	IR--136 wk (male), 139 wk (female) DMH--125 wk (male), 112 wk (female)
Type and Frequency of Observation	Observed 2 × d; examined clinically 1 × wk; weighed 1 × wk	Same as SR studies
Necropsy and Histologic Examination	A necropsy was performed on all animals. Tissues examined histologically: blood smear; mandibular lymph node; mammary gland; salivary glands; sternbrae, femur, or vertebrae including marrow; thyroid gland; parathyroids; duodenum; ileum; jejunum; cecum; rectum; colon (carpet rolled); liver; prostate/testes/epididymis or ovaries/uterus; heart; stomach; esophagus; brain; thymus; trachea; pancreas; spleen; kidneys; adrenal glands; urinary bladder; pituitary gland; spinal cord (if neurologic signs were present); eyes (if grossly abnormal); Zymbal gland; lungs and mainstem bronchi; gross lesions; regional lymph nodes	Same as SR studies
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL MAINTENANCE		
Strain and Species	F344/N	F344/N
Animal Source	Charles River Breeding Laboratories (Wilmington, MA)	Same as SR studies
Testing Laboratory	Hazleton Laboratories of America	Same as SR studies
Time Held Before Test	F ₀ --5 wk	F ₀ --4 wk
Age When Placed on Study	F ₀ --9-10 wk	F ₀ --8-9 wk
Age When Killed	F ₁ --131 wk (male); 139 wk (female)	F ₁ --IR and IR + PW--136 wk (male), 139 wk (female); DMH--125 wk (male), 112 wk (female)

TABLE 3. EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN AND MATERIALS AND METHODS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE AND INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	Short-Range Studies	Intermediate-Range Studies
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL MAINTENANCE (Continued)		
Necropsy Dates	Lifetime study	Lifetime study
Method of Animal Distribution	Computer-generated random number tables	Same as SR studies
Feed	NIH 31 autoclavable pellets (Zeigler Bros., Inc., Gardners, PA); available ad libitum	Same as SR studies
Bedding	Sani Chips® (J. P. Murphy, Rochelle Park, NJ, and Shurfire, Baltimore, MD)	Same as SR studies
Water	Tap water ad libitum	Same as SR studies
Cages	Polycarbonate (Hazleton Systems, Aberdeen, MD)	Same as SR studies
Cage Filters	Remay nonwoven polyester sheets (Nationwide Papers, Washington, DC)	Same as SR studies
Animals per Cage	F ₀ --1 male, 2 females during breeding, 2 males, 1 female after breeding; F ₁ --3	Same as SR studies
Other Chemicals on Test in the Same Room	None	None (control and dosed animals housed in separate rooms)
Animal Room Environment	Temp--23° C ± 2° C; hum--50% ± 10%; fluorescent light 12 h/d 10-15 room air changes/h	Same as SR studies
CHEMISTRY		
Lot Numbers Used	N/A	IR--N/A; DMH--072967JA
Supplier	Union Carbide (Niagara Falls, NY); obtained from serpentine mass in the southern Diablo range, CA	Johns Manville; obtained from Jeffrey Mine, Asbestos, Quebec, Canada
CHEMICAL/VEHICLE		
Preparation	20 lb asbestos/ton of feed mixed in a Patterson-Kelly® V-blender with intensifier bar; pellets prepared with a California model CL-3 pellet mill	IR--same as SR studies DMH--mixed with ice-cooled 0.2 M acetate buffer, pH 5.0; PW--gavage solution mixed with sterile water on a magnetic stirrer
Maximum Storage Time	N/A	IR--N/A; DMH--used on the day of preparation
Storage Conditions	N/A	IR--N/A; DMH--kept on ice during use

(a) PW--preweaning gavage

(b) DMH--1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride

II. MATERIALS AND METHODS

The gastrointestinal tract, chosen as one of the target organs before these studies began, was handled in a slightly different manner than in standard long-term rodent studies. Before being placed in fixative, the entire esophagus was opened and pinned with the exterior surface adjacent to cardboard. The stomach and cecum were prepared similarly. Two-centimeter lengths of duodenum and ileum and two portions of jejunum were placed unopened in fixative. The remaining small intestine was opened, washed gently with saline, and carefully examined by transillumination on a radiograph viewing box. Suspected lesions were processed separately and identified individually as to location. Likewise, the entire colon with anus was opened, examined, and pinned to cardboard before fixation. The size and location of masses were recorded. Masses greater than 1 mm in diameter were removed as separate specimens for processing. After fixation and before embedding, the colon was "carpet-rolled" starting at the posterior end, with the mucosal surface inward.

Examinations for grossly visible lesions were performed on major tissues or organs. Tissues were preserved in 10% neutral buffered formalin, embedded in paraffin, sectioned, and stained with hematoxylin and eosin. Tissues examined microscopically are listed in Table 3.

When the pathology examination was completed, the slides, individual animal data records, and summary tables were sent to an independent quality assurance laboratory. Individual animal records and tables were compared for accuracy, slides and tissue counts were verified, and histotechnique was evaluated. All tumor diagnoses, all target tissues, and all tissues from a randomly selected 10% of the animals were evaluated by a quality assurance pathologist. Slides of all target tissues and those about which the original and quality assurance pathologists disagreed were submitted to the Chairperson of the Pathology Working Group (PWG) for evaluation. Representative coded slides selected by the Chairperson were reviewed by PWG pathologists, who reached a consensus and compared their findings with the original and quality assurance diagnoses. When diagnostic differences were

found, the PWG sent the appropriate slides and comments to the original pathologist for review. This procedure has been described, in part, by Maronpot and Boorman (1982) and Boorman et al. (1985). The final diagnoses represent a consensus of contractor pathologists and the NTP Pathology Working Group.

Statistical Methods

Data Recording: Data on this experiment were recorded in the Carcinogenesis Bioassay Data System (Linhart et al., 1974). The data elements include descriptive information on the chemicals, animals, experimental design, survival, body weight, and individual pathologic results, as recommended by the International Union Against Cancer (Berenblum, 1969).

Survival Analyses: The probability of survival was estimated by the product-limit procedure of Kaplan and Meier (1958) and is presented in the form of graphs. Animals were censored from the survival analyses at the time they were found dead of other than natural causes or were found to be missing; animals dying from natural causes were not censored. Statistical analyses for a possible dose-related effect on survival used the method of Cox (1972). All reported P values for the survival analysis are two-sided.

Calculation of Incidence: The incidence of neoplastic or nonneoplastic lesions has been given as the ratio of the number of animals bearing such lesions at a specific anatomic site to the number of animals in which that site was examined. In most instances, the denominators include only those animals for which the site was examined histologically. However, when macroscopic examination was required to detect lesions (e.g., skin or mammary tumors) prior to histologic sampling, or when lesions could have appeared at multiple sites (e.g., lymphomas), the denominators consist of the number of animals on which a necropsy was performed.

Analysis of Tumor Incidence: Three statistical methods are used to analyze tumor incidence data. The two that adjust for intercurrent mortality employ the classical method for combining contingency tables developed by Mantel and Haenszel (1959). Tests of significance included pairwise comparisons of

II. MATERIALS AND METHODS

dosed groups with untreated controls and with each other.

For studies in which compound administration has little effect on survival, the results of the three alternative analyses will generally be similar. When differing results are obtained by the three methods, the final interpretation of the data will depend on the extent to which the tumor under consideration is regarded as being the cause of death. All reported P values for tumor analyses are one-sided.

Life Table Analyses--The first method of analysis assumed that all tumors of a given type observed in animals dying before the end of the study were "fatal"; i.e., they either directly or indirectly caused the death of the animal. According to this approach, the proportions of tumor-bearing animals in the various groups were compared at each point in time at which an animal died with a tumor of interest. The denominators of these proportions were the total number of animals at risk in each group. These results, including the data from animals killed at the end of the study, were then combined by the Mantel-Haenszel method to obtain an overall P value. This method of adjusting for intercurrent mortality is the life table method of Cox (1972).

Incidental Tumor Analyses--The second method of analysis assumed that all tumors of a given

type observed in animals that died before the end of the study were "incidental"; i.e., they were merely observed at necropsy in animals dying of an unrelated cause. According to this approach, the proportions of tumor-bearing animals in dosed and control groups were compared in each of five time intervals: DMH studies (including controls)--0-52 weeks, 53-78 weeks, 79-104 weeks, week 105 to the week before the terminal kill period, and the terminal kill period; IR chrysotile (including controls) without DMH and SR chrysotile studies--0-60 weeks, 61-86 weeks, 87-112 weeks, 113-126 weeks, and week 127 to the end of the studies. The denominators of these proportions were the number of animals on which a necropsy was actually performed during the time interval. The individual time interval comparisons were then combined by the previously described method to obtain a single overall result. (See Haseman, 1984, for the computational details of both methods.)

Unadjusted Analyses--Primarily, survival-adjusted methods are used to evaluate tumor incidence. In addition, the results of the Fisher's exact test for pairwise comparisons (Gart et al., 1979) are given in the appendix containing the analyses of primary tumor incidence. This test is based on the overall proportion of tumor-bearing animals and does not adjust for survival differences.

III. RESULTS

LIFETIME STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE OR INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Establishment of Test Groups

Body Weights and Feed Consumption

Pathogen Burden

Clinical Signs

Survival

Pathology and Statistical Analyses of Results

III. RESULTS

LIFETIME STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE OR INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Establishment of Test Groups

The experiment was designed to evaluate the effects of ingested chrysotile asbestos during the entire life of the animal. When the first litters were born, therefore, the mated female rats had been on test diets for approximately 4 weeks. To minimize the chance that the mothers would reject or cannibalize their young, the litters were not handled during lactation except for weighing and culling at birth, and the animals were administered IR chrysotile by preweaning gavage. Litter size and survival of offspring were unaffected by the presence of SR or IR chrysotile asbestos in the mothers' diet. The average number of live fetuses born to SR chrysotile-exposed dams was 7.7 versus 7.6 for the control groups; the average number born to IR chrysotile-exposed dams was 7.5 versus 7.6 for the control group. The average weight at birth of the SR chrysotile-exposed pups was 5.2 g versus 5.1 g for the controls, and average weight of the IR-exposed groups was 5.3 versus 5.0 for the controls. Fetal weights were determined by dividing the weight of each litter by the number of live pups. The SR chrysotile-exposed offspring were slightly larger (8%) at weaning, 29.1 g versus 26.7 g for the controls, whereas the IR chrysotile offspring were slightly smaller (13%) at weaning (23.3 g vs 26.8 g).

A summary of groups, number of animals, diets for the parental (F₀) animals, as well as the distribution of and diets for the filial (F₁) animals is presented in Table 2.

Body Weights and Feed Consumption

Short Range Groups: Mean body weights of dosed and control rats were comparable throughout the studies (Table 4 and Figure 2). The average daily feed consumption per rat by SR rats was 100% that of the controls for males and females (Appendix H, Tables H1 and H2).

Intermediate-Range and Preweaning Groups: The mean body weight of the male IR/PW group was approximately 5% greater than that of the

controls and 14% greater than that of the IR group at week 7; for females the mean body weight of the IR/PW group was approximately 4% lower than that of controls and 5% greater than that of the IR group (Table 5 and Figure 3). The mean body weights of the males and females in the IR/PW groups were greater than those of the IR groups throughout most of the studies; the mean body weights of the IR groups were 8% lower than those of the controls at week 7 and remained lower throughout most of the studies. Average daily feed consumption by IR rats was 100% that of the controls for males and females. Average daily feed consumption by IR/PW rats was 102% that of controls for males and 100% for females (Appendix H, Tables H3 and H4).

1,2-Dimethylhydrazine Dihydrochloride With and Without Intermediate-Range Chrysotile Asbestos: The mean body weights of the controls and of the groups that received DMH without IR chrysotile asbestos were comparable throughout most of the studies (Table 5 and Figure 3). The mean body weights of groups that received DMH and IR chrysotile asbestos, especially female rats, were lower than those of groups that received DMH without IR chrysotile asbestos. Average daily feed consumption by male rats that received DMH with and without IR chrysotile asbestos was 100% that of controls. Average daily feed consumption by female rats was 100% that of the controls for those that received DMH without IR chrysotile asbestos and 92% that of the controls for those that received DMH with IR chrysotile asbestos.

Pathogen Burden

Short-Range: All lung sections of the F₀ animals evaluated for pathogen burden revealed evidence of mild respiratory disease (Appendix I). In some rats, small foci of mononuclear cells were present adjacent to the bronchial tissue and in other rats, small cuffs of lymphoid cells were evident, particularly at the bifurcation of the bronchi. These lesions were very mild.

In the lungs of all F₁ rats examined, evidence of early respiratory disease was again present. In one male rat of Group 1 (basal control) and one male rat of Group 2 (SR chrysotile), only small foci of mononuclear cells were present adjacent

TABLE 4. MEAN BODY WEIGHTS AND SURVIVAL OF RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Weeks on Study (from birth)	Control		One Percent		
	Av. Wt. (grams)	No. of Survivors	Av. Wt. (grams)	Wt. (percent of controls)	No. of Survivors
MALE					
6	129	88	130	101	250
7	152	88	156	103	250
8	175	88	182	104	250
9	200	88	205	103	250
10	222	88	224	101	250
11	236	88	240	102	250
12	250	88	254	102	250
13	262	88	267	102	250
14	271	88	275	101	250
15	280	88	285	102	250
16	283	88	290	102	250
17	295	88	291	99	250
18	301	88	299	99	250
19	310	88	308	99	250
20	314	88	316	101	250
30	366	88	356	97	250
40	394	88	396	101	250
50	423	85	424	100	250
60	430	85	429	100	249
70	452	84	451	100	248
80	467	81	462	99	246
90	470	78	470	100	237
100	461	71	456	99	213
110	444	60	430	97	180
120	430	51	411	96	131
130	376	24	383	102	73
FEMALE					
6	109	88	114	105	250
7	124	88	129	104	250
8	135	88	139	103	250
9	143	88	149	104	250
10	153	88	156	102	250
11	157	88	162	103	250
12	163	88	168	103	250
13	167	88	172	103	250
14	170	88	175	103	250
15	175	88	180	103	250
16	174	88	180	103	250
17	181	88	180	99	250
18	182	88	181	99	250
19	187	88	185	99	250
20	188	88	189	101	250
30	206	88	204	99	250
40	220	88	223	101	249
50	247	88	244	99	248
60	262	88	269	103	246
70	290	88	291	100	246
80	311	87	316	102	240
90	326	84	331	102	233
100	332	73	328	99	209
110	324	63	308	95	182
120	326	44	312	96	132
130	303	26	291	96	85
140	293	15	279	95	33

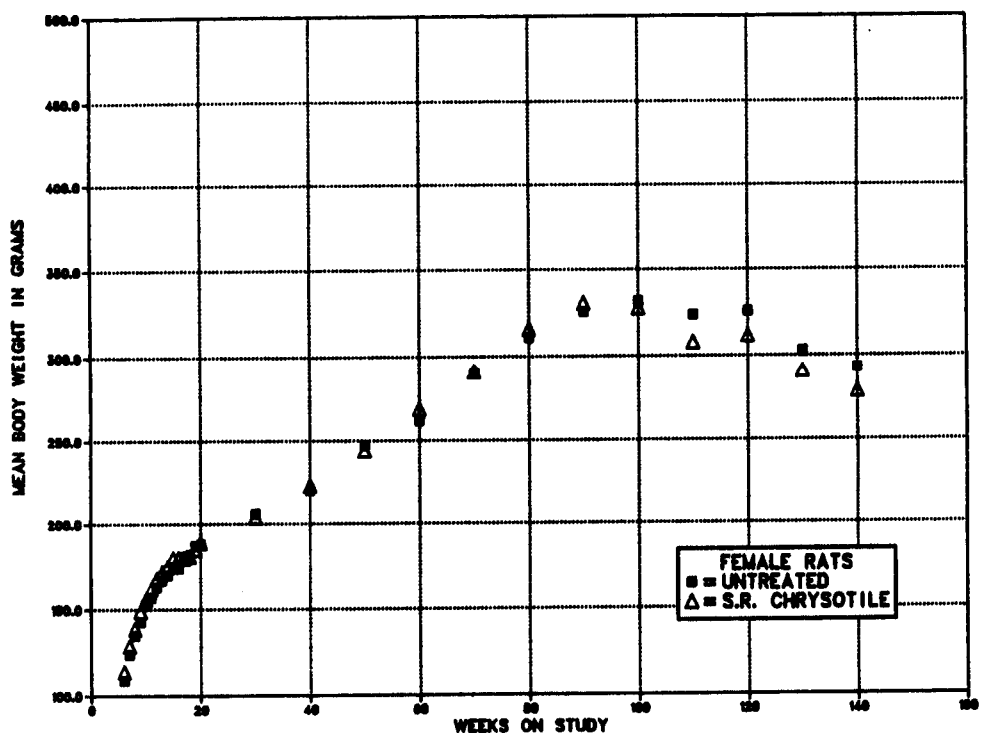
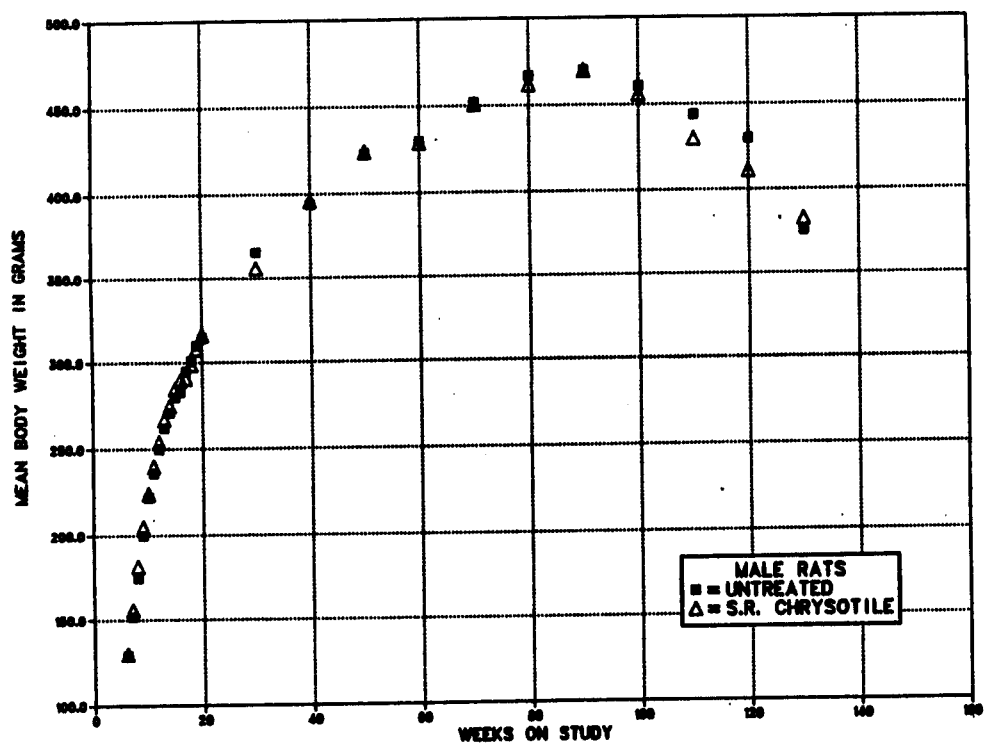


FIGURE 2. GROWTH CURVES FOR RATS FED DIETS CONTAINING SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS IN LIFETIME STUDIES

TABLE 5. MEAN BODY WEIGHTS AND SURVIVAL OF RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Weeks on Study (from birth)	Control		DMH			IR			IR + DMH			IR/PW		
	Av. Wt. (grams)	No. of Survivors	Av. Wt. (grams)	Wt. (% of controls)	No. of Survivors	Av. Wt. (grams)	Wt. (% of controls)	No. of Survivors	Av. Wt. (grams)	Wt. (% of controls)	No. of Survivors	Av. Wt. (grams)	Wt. (% of controls)	No. of Survivors
MALE														
7	115	88	111	97	125	106	92	250	101	88	175	121	105	100
8	134	88	131	98	125	136	101	250	134	100	175	148	110	100
9	159	88	150	94	125	160	101	250	154	97	175	166	104	100
10	183	88	177	97	125	180	98	250	181	99	175	195	107	100
11	203	88	199	98	125	197	97	250	197	97	175	221	109	100
12	218	88	216	99	125	216	99	250	214	98	175	234	107	100
13	231	88	226	98	125	227	98	250	221	98	175	245	106	100
14	246	88	245	100	125	234	96	250	233	95	175	254	103	100
15	256	88	252	98	125	245	96	250	242	96	175	268	104	100
16	258	88	259	100	125	257	100	250	253	98	175	276	107	100
17	267	88	262	98	125	267	100	250	261	98	175	286	107	100
18	278	88	274	99	125	276	99	250	270	97	175	295	106	99
19	285	88	282	99	125	281	99	250	277	97	175	303	106	99
20	294	88	294	100	125	290	99	250	281	96	175	312	106	99
21	293	88	290	99	125	292	100	250	288	98	175	319	109	99
31	344	88	340	99	124	333	97	248	332	97	175	355	103	99
41	393	88	390	99	124	371	94	248	370	94	175	400	102	97
51	402	88	416	103	122	396	99	248	390	97	173	419	104	95
61	417	88	421	101	121	401	98	248	402	96	169	417	100	94
71	443	87	446	101	117	424	96	244	423	95	164	441	100	94
81	460	86	452	98	112	433	94	238	426	93	159	458	100	91
91	463	82	462	100	96	432	93	227	437	94	125	462	100	87
101	452	77	461	102	72	423	94	208	421	93	96	447	99	84
111	446	67	447	100	56	415	93	183	407	91	74	426	96	78
121	423	43	410	97	37	393	93	128	387	91	48	405	96	55
131	394	28	374	95	19	359	91	85	362	92	20	373	95	28
141	352	9	---	---	---	327	93	35	---	---	---	354	101	18
FEMALE														
7	106	88	102	96	125	97	92	250	93	88	175	102	96	100
8	119	88	115	97	125	114	96	250	110	92	175	116	97	100
9	131	88	126	96	125	126	96	250	120	92	175	130	99	100
10	141	88	137	97	125	134	95	250	133	94	175	140	99	100
11	144	88	145	101	125	143	99	250	137	95	175	151	105	100
12	154	88	152	99	125	149	97	250	144	94	175	155	101	100
13	158	88	152	96	125	151	96	250	144	91	175	159	101	100
14	165	88	161	98	125	154	93	250	151	92	175	164	99	100
15	166	88	160	96	125	157	95	250	153	92	175	168	101	100
16	167	88	162	97	125	162	97	250	160	96	175	173	104	100
17	169	88	164	97	125	166	98	250	162	98	175	175	104	100
18	173	88	168	97	125	169	98	250	166	96	174	180	104	100
19	175	88	173	99	125	171	98	250	170	97	174	182	104	100
20	180	88	179	99	125	175	97	250	170	94	174	184	102	100
21	178	88	174	98	125	175	98	250	173	97	174	189	106	100
31	196	88	196	100	125	190	97	249	190	97	173	201	103	99
41	219	88	217	99	124	207	95	248	204	93	172	223	102	99
51	235	88	239	102	121	224	95	247	224	95	170	241	103	99
61	259	88	261	101	119	251	97	247	247	95	165	257	99	98
71	280	88	285	102	111	272	97	244	267	95	153	277	99	97
81	303	86	303	100	104	291	96	240	280	92	137	303	100	94
91	323	81	316	98	74	302	93	229	293	91	110	313	97	87
101	330	76	325	98	46	303	92	207	294	89	71	320	97	82
111	329	63	314	95	28	303	92	179	284	86	44	315	96	73
121	324	49	---	---	---	300	93	132	---	---	---	315	97	56
131	308	27	---	---	---	268	87	91	---	---	---	301	98	31
141	286	13	---	---	---	255	89	41	---	---	---	287	100	15

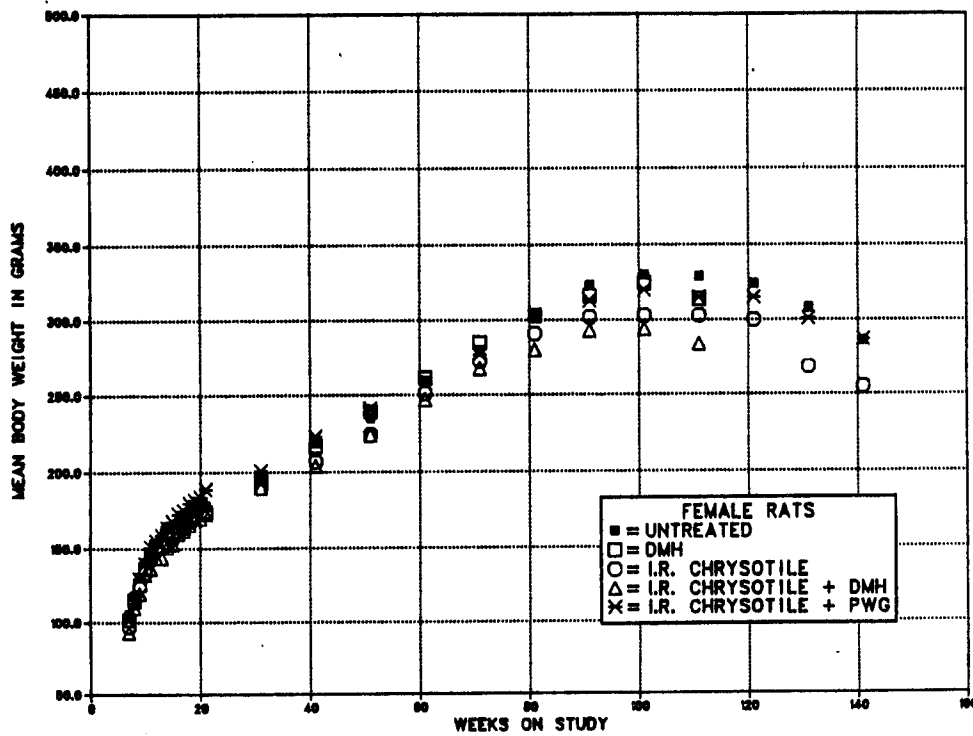
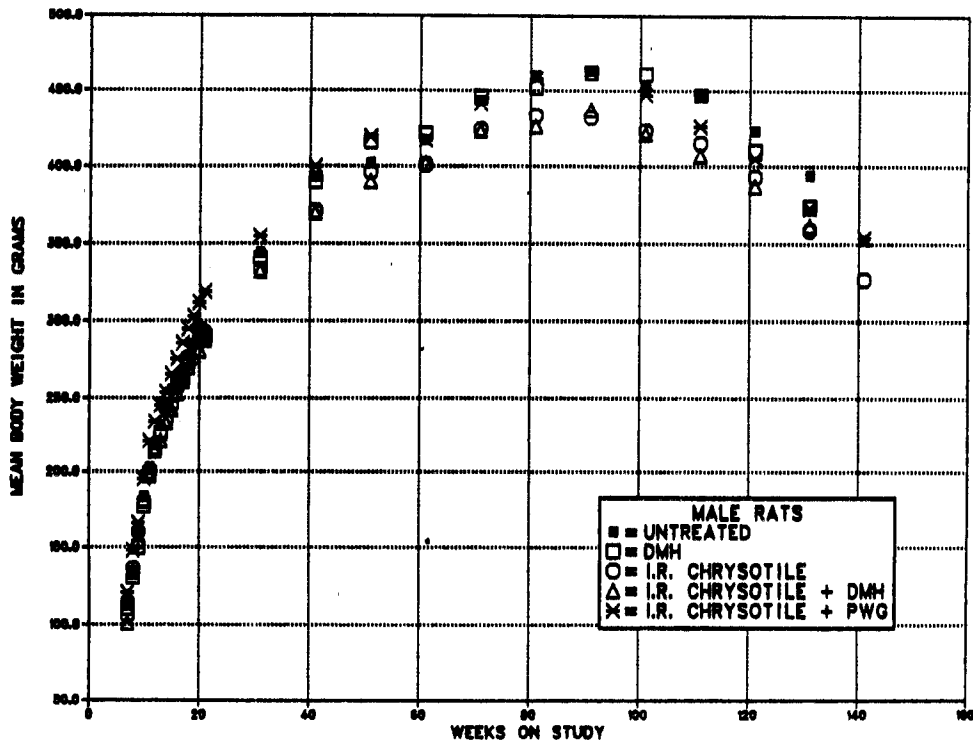


FIGURE 3. GROWTH CURVES FOR RATS FED DIETS CONTAINING INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS WITH AND WITHOUT 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE IN LIFETIME STUDIES

to the bronchioles. In the remaining rats, minimal-to-slight peribronchial lymphoid hyperplasia was present.

Intermediate Range: The tissues of the F₀ animals evaluated for pathogen burden revealed evidence of early respiratory disease present in nearly all animals (Appendix J). This consisted of minimal-to-moderate peribronchial lymphoid hyperplasia in six males and seven females, a few focal accumulations of mononuclear cells in two males, focal accumulations of alveolar macrophages in one female, and minimal perivascular lymphoid hyperplasia in another female. In nearly all the F₁ animals examined, evidence of early respiratory disease, consisting of minimal-to-slight peribronchial lymphoid hyperplasia, was present. No serologic evidence of Sendai virus was present in either F₀ or F₁ animals.

Clinical Signs

Short Range: A summary of clinical signs observed before moribund kill is presented in Appendix K. Specific clinical signs occurred at essentially comparable frequencies in the control group and the dosed group throughout the studies. No distinct compound-related signs were noted in any of the dosed animals during the first 52 weeks on study. The following representative findings were observed at generally comparable frequencies among all groups: soft feces; urine stains; pale, thin and/or hunched appearance; depression; localized alopecia or sores on head or body; rough haircoats; abnormal eyes (pale, cloudy, bloody crust, red, lacrimation, squinting, enlarged, sores, swollen, red discharge, protruding, small and/or necrotic); head tilt; salivation; localized swellings; stains on fur; bloated appearance; necrotic or abscessed tail; discharge from anus or vagina; protruding penis or vagina; small or enlarged testes; wheezing; wasting feed or decreased feed consumption; and labored respiration and/or abnormal central nervous system responses (circling, hyperactivity, loss of equilibrium, tremors, isolated occurrences of paralysis and/or ataxia).

As the study proceeded, the incidence of clinical signs increased among all the groups. At intervals in which a large number of animals were killed in a moribund condition in any one

particular group, the clinical signs most frequently observed were supportive of the conditions for moribund kills previously outlined in the Materials and Methods section.

Intermediate Range: Specific clinical signs occurred at essentially comparable frequencies in the control group and the DMH group throughout the studies. No distinct compound-related signs were noted in any of the dosed animals during the first 52 weeks on study. The following representative findings were observed at generally comparable frequencies among all groups: soft feces; urine stains; pale, thin, and/or hunched appearance; depression; localized alopecia or sores on head or body; rough haircoats; abnormal eyes (pale, cloudy, bloody crust, red, lacrimation, squinting, enlarged, sores, swollen, red discharge, protruding, small and/or necrotic); head tilt; salivation; localized swellings; stains on fur; bloated appearance; necrotic or abscessed tail; discharge from anus or vagina; small or enlarged testes; wheezing; wasting feed or decreased feed consumption; and labored respiration and/or abnormal central nervous system responses (circling, hyperactivity, loss of equilibrium, tremors, isolated occurrences of paralysis and/or ataxia). A summary of clinical signs observed before moribund kills is presented in Appendix L.

As the study proceeded, the incidences of clinical signs increased among all the groups. At intervals in which a large number of animals were killed in a moribund condition in any one particular group, the clinical signs most frequently observed were supportive of the conditions for moribund kills previously outlined in the Materials and Methods section. A comparison of clinical signs observed during the same selected intervals between all the groups revealed a larger number of palpable abdominal masses, tissue masses, and red discharge and protruding masses from the rectum in the DMH group and the IR plus DMH group. In addition, the incidence of tissue masses, nodules, and wart-like lesions of the head and ear region was greater in the DMH group and the IR plus DMH group throughout the studies. These findings were not clinically observed with any frequency in any group administered only IR chrysotile and thus are presumed to be due to administration of 1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride.

III. RESULTS

Survival

Estimates of the probabilities of the survival of male and female rats fed diets containing chrysotile asbestos at the concentrations used in these studies and those of the controls are shown in the Kaplan and Meier curves in Figures 4 and 5.

Additional survival data are summarized in Tables 6 through 10.

Short Range: Survival of rats exposed to SR was similar to that of the controls throughout the studies (Tables 6 and 7).

TABLE 6. SURVIVAL OF RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	Untreated Control	SR (a)
MALE (b)		
Animals initially in study	88	250
Nonaccidental deaths before termination (c)	76	224
Accidentally killed	3	0
Killed at termination	9	26
Survival P values (d)		0.676
FEMALE (b)		
Animals initially in study	88	250
Nonaccidental deaths before termination (c)	79	225
Killed at termination	9	25
Survival P values (d)		0.978

- (a) Administered 1% short-range (SR) chrysotile asbestos in the diet
- (b) Terminal kill period: male--week 137; female--week 145
- (c) Includes animals killed in a moribund condition
- (d) The result of the life table pairwise comparison with the controls

TABLE 7. SURVIVAL OF RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS AT VARIOUS TIME POINTS

Group	Age in Weeks	Male		Female	
		No. Alive/ Total No.	Percent Survival	No. Alive/ Total No.	Percent Survival
Control	100	71/88	81	73/88	83
	110	60/88	68	63/88	72
	120	51/88	58	44/88	50
	130	24/88	27	26/88	30
SR	100	213/250	85	209/250	84
	110	180/250	72	182/250	73
	120	131/250	52	132/250	53
	130	73/250	29	85/250	34

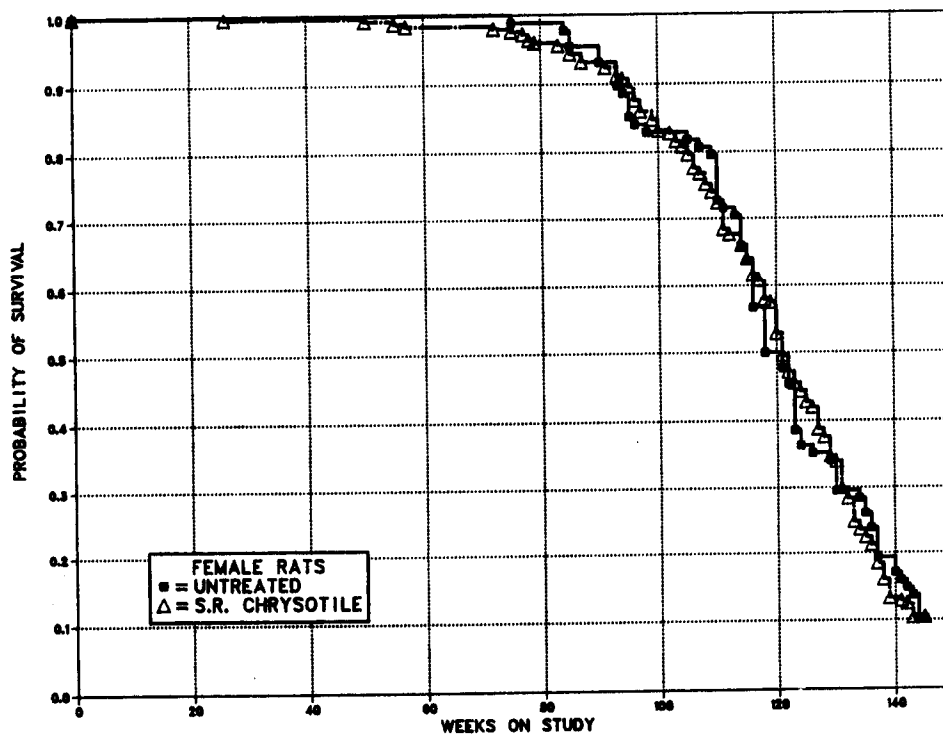
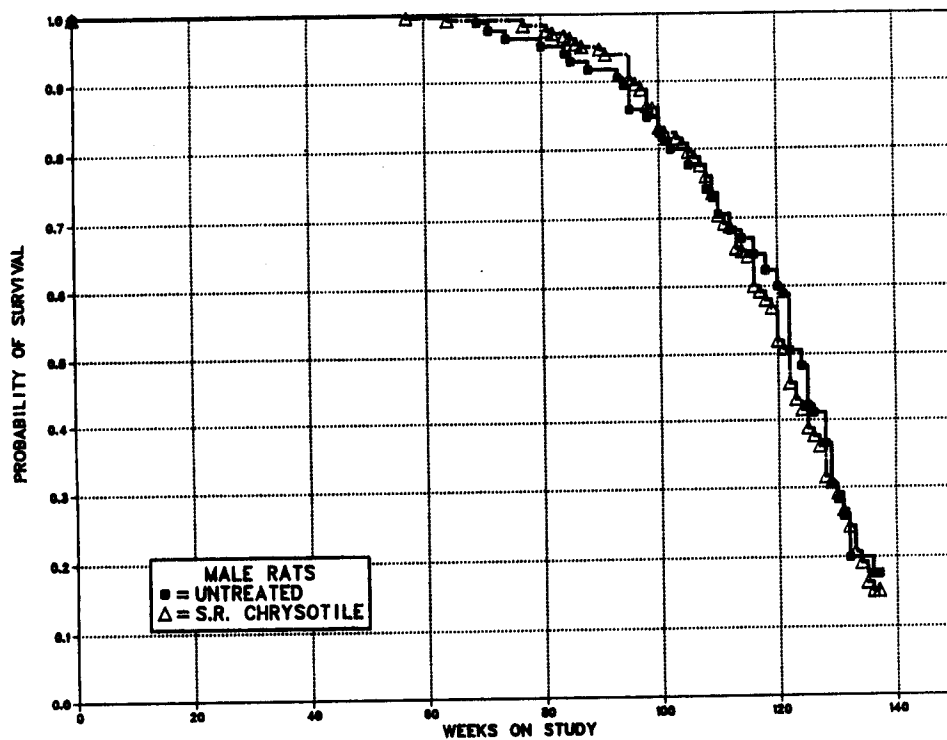


FIGURE 4. KAPLAN-MEIER SURVIVAL CURVES FOR RATS FED DIETS CONTAINING SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS IN LIFETIME STUDIES

III. RESULTS

Intermediate Range: Survival of untreated controls was similar to that of dosed IR groups throughout the studies (Table 8). The survival of both groups of DMH-exposed rats was

considerably lower than that of the untreated controls. However, survival of the IR plus DMH group was comparable to that of the DMH alone group (Table 9).

TABLE 8. SURVIVAL OF RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	Untreated Control	IR (a)	IR/PW	IR vs IR/PW
MALE (b)				
Animals initially in study	88	250	100	
Nonaccidental deaths before termination (c)	81	220	89	
Accidentally killed	0	1	0	
Killed at termination	7	29	11	
Survival P values (d)		0.590	0.885	0.750
FEMALE (b)				
Animals initially in study	88	250	100	
Nonaccidental deaths before termination (c)	79	225	91	
Killed at termination	9	25	9	
Survival P values (d)		0.793	0.982	0.713

(a) Administered 1% intermediate-range (IR) chrysotile asbestos in the diet

(b) Terminal kill period: male--week 144; female--week 146

(c) Includes animals killed in a moribund condition

(d) The results of the life table pairwise comparisons with the controls are in the dosed columns. The third value is the pairwise comparison between the dosed groups.

TABLE 9. SURVIVAL OF RATS IN THE LIFETIME STUDIES OF 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE WITH AND WITHOUT INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS IN THE FEED

	Untreated Control	DMH (a)	IR + DMH (b)	DMH vs IR + DMH
MALE (c)				
Animals initially in study	88	125	175	
Nonaccidental deaths before termination (d)	81	107	159	
Killed at termination	7	18	14	
Died during termination period	0	0	2	
Survival P values (e)		< 0.001	< 0.001	0.348
FEMALE (c)				
Animals initially in study	88	125	175	
Nonaccidental deaths before termination (d)	79	109	148	
Killed at termination	9	16	26	
Died during termination period	0	0	1	
Survival P values (e)		< 0.001	< 0.001	0.558

(a) Administered 1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride (DMH) by gavage

(b) Administered 1% intermediate-range (IR) chrysotile asbestos in the diet and DMH by gavage

(c) Terminal kill period: male--control, week 144; DMH, week 129; IR plus DMH, week 132; female--control, week 146; DMH, week 116; IR plus DMH, week 119

(d) Includes animals killed in a moribund condition

(e) The results of the life table pairwise comparisons with the controls are in the dosed columns. The third value is the pairwise comparison between the dosed groups.

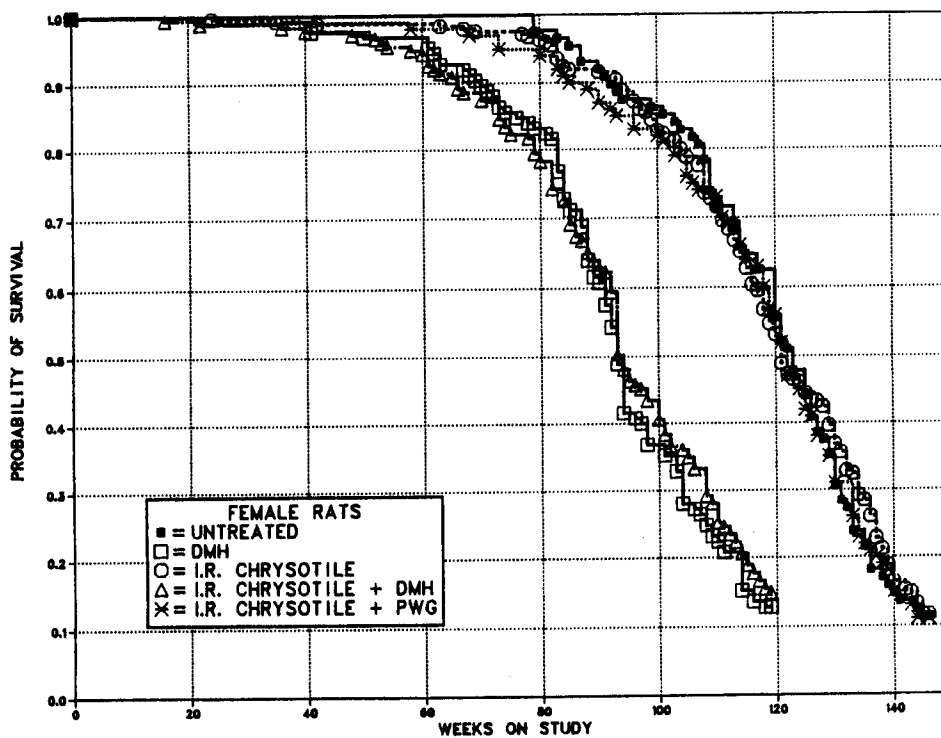
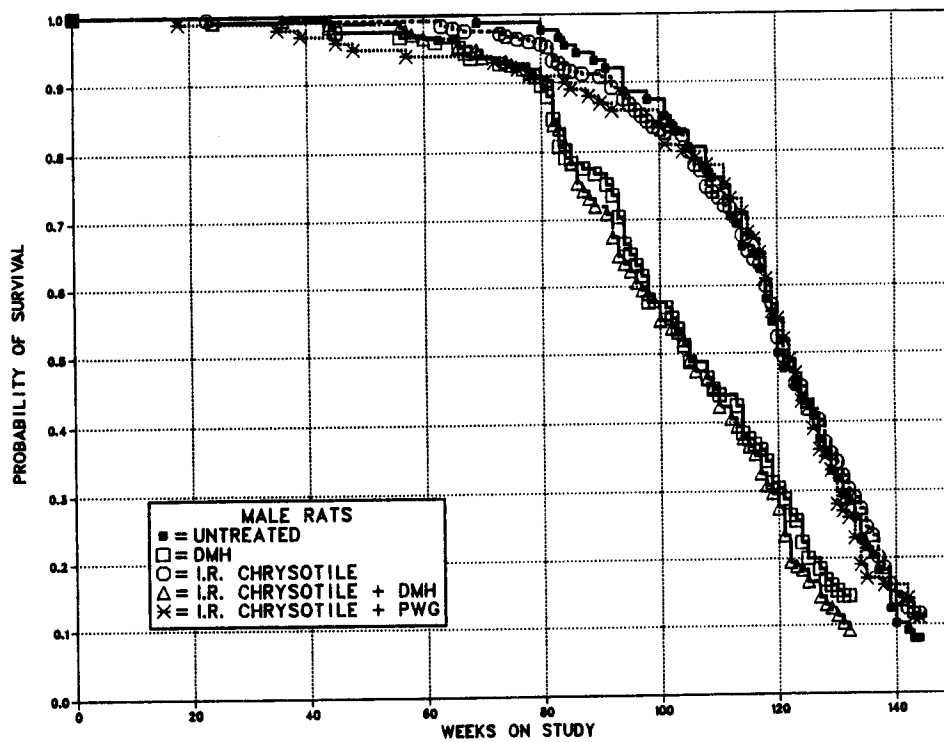


FIGURE 5. KAPLAN-MEIER SURVIVAL CURVES FOR RATS FED DIETS CONTAINING INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS WITH AND WITHOUT 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE IN LIFETIME STUDIES

TABLE 10. SURVIVAL OF RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS AT VARIOUS TIME POINTS

Group	Age in Weeks	Male		Female	
		No. Alive/ Total No.	Percent Survival	No. Alive/ Total No.	Percent Survival
Control	111	67/88	76	63/88	72
	121	43/88	49	49/88	56
	131	28/88	32	27/88	31
	141	9/88	10	13/88	15
DMH	111	55/125	44	28/125	22
	121	37/125	30	--	--
	131	19/125	15	--	--
	141	--	--	--	--
IR	111	183/250	73	179/250	72
	121	128/250	51	132/250	53
	131	85/250	34	91/250	36
	141	35/250	14	41/250	16
IR+DMH	111	74/175	42	44/175	25
	121	48/175	27	--	--
	131	20/175	11	--	--
	141	--	--	--	--
IR/PW	111	78/100	78	73/100	73
	121	55/100	55	56/100	56
	131	28/100	28	31/100	31
	141	16/100	16	15/100	15

Pathology and Statistical Analyses of Results

This section describes the significant or noteworthy changes in the incidences of rats with neoplastic or nonneoplastic lesions. Histopathologic findings on neoplasms in rats are summarized in Appendix A (Tables A1 and A2) (short range) and Appendix B (Tables B1 and B2) (intermediate range); Appendix A (Tables A3 and A4) and Appendix B (Tables B3 and B4) give the survival and tumor status for individual male and female rats. Findings on nonneoplastic lesions are summarized in Appendix C (Tables C1 and C2) (short range) and Appendix D (Tables D1 and D2) (intermediate range). Appendix E (Tables E1-E6) contain the statistical analyses of those primary tumors that occurred with an incidence of at least 5% in one of the three groups. The statistical analyses used are discussed in Chapter II (Statistical Methods) and Appendix E (footnotes).

Classification of Observed Gastrointestinal Tract Neoplasms

The gastrointestinal tract was examined in detail as described in the Materials and Methods section. Neoplasms were classed as to morphologic type by the following criteria (Pozharisski, 1975):

Stomach: Squamous cell papillomas occurred in the forestomach (nonglandular) as exophytic growths of epithelium resting on a proliferative connective tissue stalk. Squamous cell carcinomas were characterized by proliferating small basophilic squamous cells that were invading into the lamina propria and occasionally formed keratin pearls.

Intestinal tract neoplasms: The induced primary epithelial neoplasms were separated into three major types, based on morphology and biologic behavior: adenomatous polyps, adenocarcinoma arising in an adenomatous polyp, and carcinomata.

Adenomatous polyps--The adenomatous polyps were exophytic lesions of the mucosa supported on a pedicle of fibrous tissue and/or elevated submucosa which appeared to extend up into the growth. The epithelial cells were usually deeply basophilic and hypertrophic and formed glands of varying sizes. Surface necrosis of these lesions was common and often was accompanied by an inflammatory response. Invasion of the pedicle was not observed. These polyps often occurred as multiple neoplasms in the large intestine.

Adenocarcinoma arising in an adenomatous polyp--These neoplasms were exophytic lesions of the mucosa composed of proliferating deeply basophilic hypertrophic epithelial cells similar to those previously mentioned. In addition, they often showed disorganization, loss of relationship to the basement membrane, and abnormal mitoses. Local invasion of the pedicle was a consistent finding; however, metastases were rarely observed.

Carcinomata--This classification includes signet ring cell carcinoma, adenocarcinoma, mucinous cystadenocarcinoma, and carcinoma. Biologically, all were similar and were usually characterized by transmural growth that penetrated the muscular tunics and serosa and spread throughout the coelomic cavity inducing a severe desmoplastic response. Metastasis to regional lymph nodes was common; metastasis to the lung and mediastinum occurred to a lesser extent. Grossly, in advanced cases, the loops of intestines were fused into an inseparable mass of tumor and desmoplastic tissue. Classification was based on the most prominent feature at the primary site. Signet ring cell carcinomas were composed of masses of signet ring cells. Mucinous cystadenocarcinomas were characterized by the formation of multiple large ectatic glands or spaces that were filled with mucus and cellular debris. Adenocarcinomas consisted of clusters of cells and/or glands in pools of mucus or sequestered in desmoplastic tissue. The carcinomas were anaplastic neoplasms lacking acinar formations. In some cases, there was an overlap of cell types in the same tumor, suggesting that the above morphologic types probably have the same histogenesis.

Short-Range Groups

At no site was the incidence of neoplasms in dosed groups significantly greater than that in the control groups. The incidences of neoplastic and nonneoplastic lesions of the alimentary tract are shown in Tables 11 and 12.

Decreased Incidence of Primary Neoplasms: A decreased incidence of neoplasms in male SR chrysotile groups occurred in the following organs: liver (neoplastic nodules/carcinomas combined)--15/88, 17% (control) versus 19/248, 8% (SR chrysotile) and parathyroid gland (adenomas)--6/83, 7% (control) versus 4/229, 2% (SR chrysotile).

Intermediate-Range and Prewaning Gavage Groups

Alimentary Tract: The incidences of epithelial neoplasms of the alimentary tract are summarized in Table 13 by site and morphologic type. Only the incidence of adenomatous polyp of the large intestine (dosed, 9/250 (4%) versus control, 0/85) in male rats is possibly compound related.

There were also two polyps in the descending colon in the male IR/PW chrysotile group. All of these polyps were grossly visible at necropsy. If epithelial neoplasms of similar morphology from the small intestine and glandular stomach are also counted, the incidence is 14/250, 6% (IR chrysotile) versus 0/88 (control) and 2/100, 2% (IR/PW chrysotile). There were also 3/250 animals with neoplasms of squamous cell origin (squamous cell papilloma, keratoacanthoma, and squamous cell carcinoma) in the oral cavity in the male IR chrysotile group and none in the controls. No increase in epithelial neoplasms was observed in IR chrysotile-exposed female rats.

No nonneoplastic lesions were associated with the administration of IR chrysotile asbestos (Table 14).

TABLE 11. ALIMENTARY TRACT TUMORS IN RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE (SR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	Male		Female	
	Control	SR	Control	SR
Hard palate (No. examined)	88	250	88	250
Squamous cell papilloma	0	1 (<1%)	0	0
Oral mucous membrane (No. examined)	88	250	88	250
Squamous cell carcinoma	0	0	0	1 (<1%)
Tongue (No. examined)	88	250	88	250
Squamous cell papilloma	0	0	0	1 (<1%)
Squamous cell carcinoma	0	0	0	1 (<1%)
Stomach (No. examined)	88	248	87	245
Squamous cell papilloma	0	1 (<1%)	0	0
Squamous cell carcinoma	0	1 (<1%)	0	1 (<1%)
Sarcoma	0	1 (<1%)	0	0
Forestomach (No. examined)	88	248	87	245
Squamous cell papilloma	1 (1%)	0	0	0
Gastric fundus (No. examined)	88	248	87	245
Carcinoma-in-situ	0	1 (<1%)	0	0
Duodenum (No. examined)	88	248	87	244
Adenomatous polyp	0	1 (<1%)	0	0
Leiomyosarcoma	0	0	0	2 (1%)
Jejunum (No. examined)	88	248	87	244
Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma	1 (1%)	0	0	1 (<1%)
Adenocarcinoma in adenomatous polyp	0	0	0	1 (<1%)
Leiomyoma	0	0	0	1 (<1%)
Ileum (No. examined)	88	248	87	244
Leiomyosarcoma	0	0	1 (1%)	0
Total small intestine (No. examined)	88	248	87	244
Adenomatous polyp	0	1 (<1%)	0	0
Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma	1 (1%)	0	0	1 (<1%)
Adenocarcinoma in adenomatous polyp	0	0	0	1 (<1%)
Leiomyoma	0	0	0	1 (<1%)
Leiomyosarcoma	0	0	1 (1%)	2 (1%)
Cecum (No. examined)	87	248	87	244
Lipoma	0	1 (<1%)	0	0
Leiomyosarcoma	0	1 (<1%)	0	0
Adenomatous polyp	0	0	1 (1%)	0
Colon (No. examined)	87	248	87	244
Adenomatous polyp	0	1 (<1%)	0	0
Leiomyosarcoma	0	1 (<1%)	0	0
Transverse colon (No. examined)	87	248	87	244
Leiomyosarcoma	1 (1%)	0	0	0
Adenomatous polyp	0	0	0	1 (<1%)
Descending colon (No. examined)	87	248	87	244
Adenomatous polyp	0	0	0	2 (1%)
Leiomyosarcoma	0	0	0	1 (<1%)
Total large intestine (No. examined)	87	248	87	244
Adenomatous polyp	0	1 (<1%)	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
Lipoma	0	1 (<1%)	0	0
Leiomyosarcoma	1 (1%)	2 (1%)	0	1 (<1%)

TABLE 12. INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN THE ALIMENTARY TRACT OF RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE (SR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	Male		Female	
	Control	SR	Control	SR
Esophagus (No. examined)	86	247	87	244
Hyperkeratosis	6 (7%)	16 (6%)	4 (5%)	8 (3%)
Stomach (No. examined)	88	248	87	245
Mineralization	3 (3%)	2 (1%)	0	0
Inflammation	12 (14%)	35 (14%)	16 (18%)	46 (19%)
Ulcer	4 (5%)	10 (4%)	7 (8%)	21 (9%)
Adhesion	1 (1%)	1 (<1%)	2 (2%)	1 (<1%)
Necrosis	13 (15%)	40 (16%)	14 (16%)	35 (14%)
Hyperplasia, epithelial	3 (3%)	0	0	0
Hyperkeratosis	8 (9%)	29 (12%)	21 (24%)	59 (24%)
Acanthosis	11 (13%)	36 (15%)	19 (22%)	59 (24%)
Gastric muscularis (No. examined)	88	248	87	245
Degeneration	2 (2%)	0	0	1 (<1%)
Colon (No. examined)	87	248	87	244
Inflammation			2 (2%)	2 (1%)
Parasitism	13 (15%)	22 (9%)	8 (9%)	13 (5%)
Cecum (No. examined)	87	248	87	244
Inflammation	0	6 (2%)	2 (2%)	5 (2%)
Necrosis	0	5 (2%)	2 (2%)	3 (1%)

TABLE 13. ALIMENTARY TRACT TUMORS IN RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	Male			Female		
	Control	IR	IR/PW	Control	IR	IR/PW
Mouth/oral cavity (No. examined)	88	250	100	88	250	100
Squamous cell carcinoma	0	1 (<1%)	0	0	1 (<1%)	0
Hard palate (No. examined)	88	250	100	88	250	100
Keratoacanthoma	0	1 (<1%)	0	0	0	0
Squamous cell papilloma	0	0	1 (1%)	0	1 (<1%)	0
Squamous cell carcinoma	0	0	0	0	0	1 (1%)
Tongue (No. examined)	88	250	100	88	250	100
Squamous cell papilloma	0	1 (<1%)	0	1 (1%)	0	1 (1%)
Esophagus (No. examined)	83	250	98	88	250	100
Fibrosarcoma	0	0	1 (1%)	0	0	0
Stomach (No. examined)	85	250	100	87	250	99
Squamous cell papilloma	0	0	0	0	0	1 (1%)
Squamous cell carcinoma	0	0	0	1 (1%)	0	1 (1%)
Adenomatous polyp	0	0	0	0	1 (<1%)	0
Adenocarcinoma	0	1 (<1%)	0	0	0	0
Carcinoid tumor	0	0	0	0	2 (1%)	0
Leiomyosarcoma	0	0	0	0	1 (<1%)	0
Small intestine (No. examined)	85	250	100	87	249	99
Leiomyosarcoma	0	0	1 (1%)	0	0	0
Duodenum (No. examined)	85	250	100	87	249	99
Adenomatous polyp	0	1 (<1%)	0	0	0	0
Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma	0	1 (<1%)	0	0	0	0
Signet ring carcinoma	0	1 (<1%)	0	0	0	0
Leiomyoma	0	1 (<1%)	0	1 (1%)	0	0
Jejunum (No. examined)	85	250	100	87	249	99
Leiomyosarcoma	0	2 (1%)	0	0	0	0
Ileum (No. examined)	85	250	100	87	249	99
Leiomyoma	1 (1%)	0	1 (1%)	0	0	0
Total small intestine (No. examined)	85	250	100	87	249	99
Adenomatous polyp	0	1 (<1%)	0	0	0	0
Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma	0	1 (<1%)	0	0	0	0
Signet ring carcinoma	0	1 (<1%)	0	0	0	0
Leiomyoma	1 (1%)	1 (<1%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	0	0
Leiomyosarcoma	0	2 (1%)	1 (1%)	0	0	0
Ascending colon (No. examined)	85	250	100	87	250	99
Adenomatous polyp	0	2 (1%)	0	0	0	0
Leiomyoma	0	0	0	0	0	1 (1%)
Transverse colon (No. examined)	85	250	100	87	250	99
Leiomyosarcoma	0	0	1 (1%)	0	0	0
Descending colon (No. examined)	85	250	100	87	250	99
Adenomatous polyp	0	7 (3%)	2 (2%)	0	1 (<1%)	0
Leiomyoma	0	0	0	0	1 (<1%)	0
Total large intestine (No. examined)	85	250	100	87	250	99
Adenomatous polyp	0	9 (4%)	2 (2%)	0	1 (<1%)	0
Leiomyoma	0	0	0	0	1 (<1%)	1 (1%)
Leiomyosarcoma	0	0	1 (1%)	0	0	0

TABLE 14. INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN THE ALIMENTARY TRACT OF RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	Male			Female		
	Control	IR	IR/PW	Control	IR	IR/PW
Esophagus (No. examined)	83	250	98	86	250	99
Hyperkeratosis	1 (1%)	0	2 (2%)	0	0	2 (2%)
Stomach (No. examined)	85	250	100	87	250	99
Mineralization	1 (1%)	5 (2%)	0	0	0	0
Cyst	2 (2%)	1 (<1%)	0	1 (1%)	1 (<1%)	1 (1%)
Edema	5 (6%)	0	0	0	0	0
Ulcer	13 (15%)	27 (11%)	9 (9%)	7 (8%)	26 (10%)	7 (7%)
Inflammation	18 (22%)	29 (12%)	9 (9%)	9 (10%)	33 (13%)	10 (10%)
Necrosis, focal	0	4 (2%)	0	0	2 (1%)	1 (1%)
Hyperplasia, epithelial	0	0	1 (1%)	0	1 (<1%)	0
Hyperplasia, basal cell	1 (1%)	1 (<1%)	0	0	0	0
Hyperkeratosis	7 (8%)	0	0	2 (2%)	4 (2%)	5 (5%)
Acanthosis	10 (12%)	18 (7%)	14 (14%)	7 (8%)	20 (8%)	10 (10%)
Gastric submucosa (No. examined)	85	250	100	87	250	99
Edema	1 (1%)	23 (9%)	10 (10%)	2 (2%)	14 (6%)	2 (2%)
Large intestine (No. examined)	85	250	100	87	250	99
Parasitism	3 (4%)	0	0	0	0	0
Colon (No. examined)	85	250	100	87	250	99
Parasitism	0	11 (4%)	0	0	6 (2%)	1 (1%)
Cecum (No. examined)	85	250	100	87	250	99
Edema	0	5 (2%)	0	0	0	0
Inflammation	2 (2%)	1 (<1%)	0	0	3 (1%)	3 (3%)

III. RESULTS

Integumentary System: The incidences of keratoacanthomas of the integumentary system in male rats in the IR and IR/PW groups were significantly greater than that in the controls (Table 15).

Clitoral Gland: The incidence of carcinomas or squamous cell carcinomas (combined) in the female IR group (but not the IR/PW group) was

significantly greater than that in the controls (Table 16).

Adrenal Gland: The incidence of pheochromocytomas or malignant pheochromocytomas (combined) in the male IR/PW group (32/100, 32%) but not in the IR group (63/250, 25%) was significantly greater than that in the controls (17/85, 20%).

TABLE 15. ANALYSIS OF INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM TUMORS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (a)

	Untreated Control	IR (b)	IR/PW	IR vs IR/PW
Keratoacanthoma				
Overall Rates	1/88 (1%)	19/250 (8%)	8/100 (8%)	
Adjusted Rates	3.2%	23.9%	32.7%	
Terminal Rates	0/7 (0%)	3/29 (10%)	3/11 (27%)	
Life Table Test		P=0.039	P=0.048	P=0.506
Incidental Tumor Test		P=0.027	P=0.026	P=0.512

(a) The statistical analyses used are discussed in Chapter II (Statistical Methods) and Appendix E (footnotes).

(b) Administered 1% intermediate-range (IR) chrysotile asbestos in the diet

TABLE 16. ANALYSIS OF CLITORAL GLAND TUMORS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	Untreated Control	IR (a)	IR/PW	IR vs IR/PW
Carcinoma				
Overall Rates	0/88 (0%)	16/250 (6%)	4/100 (4%)	
Carcinoma or Squamous Cell Carcinoma				
Overall Rates	1/88 (1%)	18/250 (7%)	4/100 (4%)	
Adjusted Rates	3.2%	26.1%	12.6%	
Terminal Rates	0/10 (0%)	5/29 (17%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test		P=0.037	P=0.214	P=0.218N
Incidental Tumor Test		P=0.031	P=0.247	P=0.186N

(a) Administered 1% intermediate-range (IR) chrysotile asbestos in the diet

Decreased Incidence of Primary Neoplasms: The only organ that showed a decreased tumor incidence in the IR-chrysotile groups compared with the controls was the pituitary gland in female rats (controls--53/87, 61%; IR--117/249, 47%; IR/PW--51/100, 51%)

Liver: The incidences of cystic degeneration in the male IR and IR/PW groups were greater than those in the controls (male: control, 4/85, 5%; IR, 44/250, 18%; IR/PW, 21/100, 21%; female: control, 0/87; IR, 0/250; IR/PW, 2/99, 2%).

Prostate: The incidences of inflammation (acute, acute focal, suppurative, acute/chronic, or chronic) or abscess in the IR and IR/PW groups were greater than that in the controls (control, 17/85, 20%; IR, 87/249, 35%; IR/PW, 45/99, 45%). The incidence of hyperplasia (NOS, focal, or epithelial) was increased in the IR group as compared with that in the controls (control, 2/85, 2%; IR, 31/249, 12%; IR/PW, 3/99, 3%).

Lymph nodes: The incidence of hyperplasia (lymphoid, reticulum, and plasma cell) in the mandibular lymph node of the male rats was greater in the IR (57/250, 23%) and IR/PW groups (47/100, 47%) than in the concurrent controls (12/88, 14%). Similar types of hyperplasia were not observed in other lymph nodes (cervical, mediastinal, celiac, pancreatic, mesenteric, ileocolic, iliac, renal, or axillary) in the males or in any lymph node in IR-exposed female rats.

The incidences of pigmentation in the mediastinal lymph node of the male IR group (58/250, 23%) and IR/PW group (41/100, 41%) were increased as compared with the control group (5/85, 6%). A similar observation was noted in the mesenteric lymph nodes (IR: 28/250, 11%; IR/PW: 28/100, 28%; control: 0/85) and possibly the pancreatic lymph node (IR: 14/250, 6%; IR/PW: 6/100, 6%; control: 0/85).

The incidence of pigmentation was increased in certain lymph nodes of female IR-exposed rats:

mediastinal (IR: 91/250, 36%; IR/PW: 39/99, 39%; control: 22/87, 25%); pancreatic (IR: 19/250, 8%; IR/PW: 5/99, 5%; control: 0/87); and mesenteric (IR: 40/250, 16%; IR/PW: 4/99, 4%; control: 10/87, 11%).

DMH With and Without Intermediate-Range Chrysotile Asbestos

DMH was associated with increased incidences of neoplasms in multiple organs: skin, liver, kidney, pancreas, thyroid gland, Zymbal gland, hematopoietic system, and gastrointestinal tract (Tables 17 and 18). The only significant differences in the incidences of neoplasms between the DMH group and the IR/DMH group were observed in the kidneys of female rats and the thyroid gland of male rats (Tables 19 and 20).

Large Intestine: The incidences of adenomatous polyps, mucinous cystadenocarcinomas, and adenomatous polyps, adenocarcinomas, or mucinous cystadenocarcinomas (combined) in DMH and IR plus DMH groups were comparable (Table 17) in male (DMH, 32%; IR plus DMH, 35%) and female (DMH, 37%; IR plus DMH, 35%) rats.

Kidney: The incidence of mixed malignant tumors of the kidney in female rats that received IR chrysotile plus DMH was significantly ($P < 0.05$) greater than that in the group that received DMH alone (Table 19).

Thyroid Gland: The incidence of follicular cell adenomas in male rats that received IR chrysotile asbestos plus DMH was significantly greater than in those that received DMH without IR chrysotile. The incidence of follicular cell carcinomas in male rats receiving DMH was approximately the same as that in male rats that received both DMH and IR chrysotile asbestos. The incidences of follicular cell adenomas, follicular cell carcinomas, and follicular cell adenomas or carcinomas (combined) in males that received IR chrysotile asbestos plus DMH were significantly ($P < 0.05$) greater than those in the controls (Table 20).

**TABLE 17. SUMMARY OF GASTROINTESTINAL TUMORS IN RATS ADMINISTERED
1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE WITH AND WITHOUT INTERMEDIATE-RANGE
CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS**

	Male		Female	
	DMH (a)	IR + DMH (b)	DMH	IR + DMH
Tongue				
Squamous cell papilloma	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)	1/125 (1%)	0/175 (0%)
Squamous cell carcinoma	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)	1/125 (1%)	0/175 (0%)
Small intestine, Site unknown				
Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)
Duodenum				
Adenocarcinoma	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)
Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)	2/125 (2%)	2/175 (1%)
Signet ring carcinoma	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)	0/125 (0%)	2/175 (1%)
Jejunum				
Adenomatous polyp	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)
Adenocarcinoma	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)
Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)
Ileum				
Adenocarcinoma in adenomatous polyp	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)
Total small intestine				
Adenomatous polyp	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)
Adenocarcinoma	0/125 (0%)	2/175 (1%)	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)
Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma	0/125 (0%)	2/175 (1%)	2/125 (2%)	3/175 (3%)
Adenocarcinoma in adenomatous polyp	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)
Signet ring carcinoma	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)	0/125 (0%)	2/175 (1%)
Colon				
Adenomatous polyp	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)	2/125 (2%)	1/175 (1%)
Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)
Cecum				
Adenocarcinoma	1/125 (1%)	0/175 (0%)	1/125 (1%)	0/175 (0%)
Adenomatous polyp	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)	0/125 (0%)	3/175 (2%)
Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma	4/125 (3%)	4/175 (2%)	(c) 8/125 (6%)	(c) 8/175 (5%)
Signet ring carcinoma	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)	1/125 (1%)	0/175 (0%)
Ascending colon				
Adenocarcinoma,	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)	0/125 (0%)	3/175 (2%)
Adenomatous polyp	3/125 (2%)	3/175 (2%)	2/125 (2%)	6/175 (3%)
Adenocarcinoma in adenomatous polyp	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)
Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma	3/125 (2%)	(c) 11/175 (6%)	5/125 (4%)	6/175 (3%)
Signet ring carcinoma	1/125 (1%)	0/175 (0%)	1/125 (1%)	2/175 (1%)
Leiomyosarcoma	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)	1/125 (1%)	0/175 (0%)
Transverse colon				
Adenocarcinoma	1/125 (1%)	0/175 (0%)	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)
Adenomatous polyp	4/125 (3%)	6/175 (3%)	(c) 9/125 (7%)	(c) 8/175 (5%)
Adenocarcinoma in adenomatous polyp	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)	0/125 (0%)	4/175 (2%)
Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)
Descending colon				
Adenomatous polyp	(c) 24/125 (19%)	(c) 37/175 (21%)	(c) 24/125 (19%)	(c) 30/175 (17%)
Adenocarcinoma in adenomatous polyp	0/125 (0%)	2/175 (1%)	2/125 (2%)	2/175 (1%)
Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma	0/125 (0%)	4/175 (2%)	1/125 (1%)	0/175 (0%)
Signet ring carcinoma	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)
Total large intestine				
Adenomatous polyp	(c) 31/125 (25%)	(c) 45/175 (26%)	(c) 33/125 (26%)	(c) 46/175 (26%)
Adenocarcinoma	2/125 (2%)	1/175 (1%)	1/125 (1%)	3/175 (2%)
Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma	(c) 7/125 (6%)	(c) 19/175 (11%)	(c) 14/125 (11%)	(c) 16/175 (9%)
Adenocarcinoma in adenomatous polyp	0/125 (0%)	3/175 (2%)	2/125 (2%)	6/175 (3%)
Signet ring carcinoma	1/125 (1%)	1/175 (1%)	2/125 (2%)	2/175 (1%)
Leiomyosarcoma	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)	1/125 (1%)	0/175 (0%)
Anus				
Adenomatous polyp	1/125 (1%)	0/175 (0%)	0/125 (0%)	0/175 (0%)

(a) Administered 1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride (DMH) by gavage

(b) Administered 1% intermediate-range (IR) chrysotile asbestos in the diet and DMH by gavage

(c) Incidence significantly greater than that in the controls (P < 0.05)

TABLE 18. SUMMARY OF NONGASTROINTESTINAL TUMORS IN RATS ADMINISTERED 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE WITH AND WITHOUT INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	Male		Female	
	DMH (a)	IR + DMH (b)	DMH	IR + DMH
Integumentary system				
Keratoacanthoma	(c*) 6/125 (5%)	(c) 11/175 (6%)	0/125 (0%)	2/175 (1%)
Hematopoietic system				
Leukemia	(c*) 42/125 (34%)	(c*) 71/175 (41%)	(c) 70/125 (56%)	(c) 93/175 (53%)
Liver				
Neoplastic nodule	(c*) 12/125 (10%)	10/175 (6%)	(c) 12/125 (10%)	(c) 21/175 (12%)
Hepatocellular carcinoma	(c) 17/125 (14%)	(c) 20/175 (11%)	(c) 12/125 (10%)	(c) 19/175 (11%)
Pancreas				
Acinar cell adenoma	7/124 (6%)	(c) 14/174 (8%)	1/124 (1%)	0/175 (0%)
Kidney				
Mixed tumor, malignant	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)	(c) 13/125 (10%)	(c,d) 34/175 (19%)
Thyroid gland				
Follicular cell adenoma	1/124 (1%)	(c,d) 14/175 (8%)	(c*) 7/124 (6%)	9/174 (5%)
Follicular cell carcinoma	8/124 (6%)	(c*) 14/175 (8%)	(c*) 5/124 (4%)	(c*) 7/174 (4%)
Zymbal gland				
Squamous cell papilloma, adenoma	1/125 (1%)	3/175 (2%)	1/125 (1%)	3/175 (2%)
Squamous cell carcinoma or carcinoma	(c) 18/125 (14%)	(c) 24/175 (14%)	(c) 14/125 (11%)	(c) 26/175 (15%)

(a) Administered 1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride (DMH) by gavage

(b) Administered 1% intermediate-range (IR) chrysotile asbestos in the diet and DMH by gavage

(c) Incidence significantly greater than that in the controls ($P < 0.05$); (c*) differences significant ($P < 0.05$) by life table analysis only

(d) Incidence significantly greater than that in the DMH group ($P < 0.05$)

TABLE 19. ANALYSIS OF KIDNEY TUMORS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS WITH 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

	Untreated Control	DMH (a)	IR + DMH (b)	DMH vs IR + DMH
Mixed Tumor, Malignant				
Overall Rates	0/87 (0%)	13/125 (10%)	34/175 (19%)	
Adjusted Rates	0.0%	21.8%	30.0%	
Terminal Rates	0/55 (0%)	1/16 (6%)	0/27 (0%)	
Life Table Test		$P < 0.001$	$P < 0.001$	$P = 0.043$
Incidental Tumor Test		$P = 0.073$	$P = 0.022$	$P = 0.021$

(a) Administered 1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride (DMH) by gavage

(b) Administered 1% intermediate-range (IR) chrysotile asbestos in the diet and DMH by gavage

TABLE 20. ANALYSIS OF THYROID GLAND TUMORS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS WITH 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

	Untreated Control	DMH (a)	IR + DMH (b)	DMH vs IR + DMH
Follicular Cell Adenoma				
Overall Rates	1/84 (1%)	1/124 (1%)	14/175 (8%)	
Adjusted Rates	2.1%	2.8%	28.5%	
Terminal Rates	0/26 (0%)	0/18 (0%)	2/18 (11%)	
Life Table Test		P=0.720	P=0.001	P=0.003
Incidental Tumor Test		P=0.752	P=0.011	P=0.006
Follicular Cell Carcinoma				
Overall Rates	5/84 (6%)	8/124 (6%)	14/175 (8%)	
Adjusted Rates	13.1%	29.9%	19.7%	
Terminal Rates	2/26 (8%)	4/18 (22%)	0/18 (0%)	
Life Table Test		P=0.130	P=0.045	P=0.299
Incidental Tumor Test		P=0.171	P=0.246	P=0.403
Follicular Cell Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates	6/84 (7%)	9/124 (7%)	28/175 (16%)	
Adjusted Rates	14.9%	31.8%	42.7%	
Terminal Rates	2/26 (8%)	4/18 (22%)	2/18 (11%)	
Life Table Test		P=0.138	P<0.001	P=0.010
Incidental Tumor Test		P=0.184	P=0.009	P=0.020

(a) Administered 1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride (DMH) by gavage

(b) Administered 1% intermediate-range (IR) chrysotile asbestos in the diet and DMH by gavage

IV. DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

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Two types (short-range [SR] and intermediate-range [IR] fiber length) of chrysotile asbestos were administered at a level of 1% in the diet to male and female F344/N rats for their lifetime, including exposure of their dams to the test material. A further study included two groups (control and IR chrysotile exposed) of weanling rats exposed to five biweekly doses of 1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride (DMH), a known intestinal carcinogen in rodents, to investigate the promotional or cocarcinogenic effects of DMH and IR chrysotile asbestos.

The clinicopathologic results in this study showed that the ingestion of either SR or IR chrysotile asbestos did not adversely affect the fertility of the mothers or the litter size of the F₁ animals. The average weight of the offspring at birth from mothers exposed to either SR or IR chrysotile asbestos before and during gestation was similar to that of the offspring of nonexposed mothers. At weaning, however, the average weight of the offspring of SR chrysotile-exposed mothers was 8% greater, and that of the offspring of IR chrysotile-exposed mothers 13% lower, than that of the offspring of the nonexposed mothers.

The IR chrysotile asbestos-exposed rats remained smaller throughout their lives, although the weight gains paralleled those of the nonexposed rats. Similar findings were reported in previous NTP ingestion studies in rats of amosite (NTP TR 279) and crocidolite (NTP TR 280, in press) asbestos, in which the offspring of exposed mothers were also smaller at weaning and remained so throughout their lives. The cause of the decreased body weight gain is unknown, but the IR chrysotile rats consumed slightly less feed during the study (Appendix H, Tables H3 and H4).

The mean body weight of the rats exposed to the preweaning (PW) gavage and subsequently to IR chrysotile asbestos was slightly greater than that of those exposed to IR chrysotile alone. This may be related to the high rate of mortality (approximately 50%) induced in the neonates by the PW technique, which would allow the remaining pups more milk during lactation. For neonates, the physical stress of gavaging routinely results in a high rate of mortality.

This high mortality resulted in a group of test animals that may not be representative of the group (i.e., biased toward more hardy individuals). Exposure to DMH caused a small reduction in body weight gain in male and female rats.

No clinical signs were observed that could be attributed to the ingestion of either SR or IR chrysotile asbestos. Starting at 9 months of age, the DMH exposed rats showed signs attributable to DMH-related neoplasia, but no difference was noted between the DMH and IR plus DMH groups.

The survival of the rats (control and chrysotile-exposed) in these studies compares favorably with other NTP studies. The survival of males at 111 weeks of age was: untreated control, 67%; IR chrysotile, 73%; and IR/PW, 78%. The percentages of female rats alive at this time were: control, 72%; IR chrysotile, 72%; and IR/PW, 73%. In reviewing 25 recent NTP feed studies, Haseman (1983a) found an average of 66% of control males and 73% of control females alive at 112 weeks of age. In most 2-year carcinogenesis studies involving rats, females survive longer than males.

The survival of rats exposed to DMH was significantly lower than that of the untreated controls and the chrysotile groups. Both males and females that received IR chrysotile and DMH showed similar survival rates throughout the studies compared with those that received DMH alone.

Based on these observations, it appears that the rats could possibly have tolerated a higher level of asbestos exposure, although a level of 1% in the diet for the entire life of the animal is considered substantial. This dose level ranges from 1.6×10^5 to 1.6×10^{10} times the projected level of possible human exposure (DHEW Committee to Coordinate Toxicology and Related Programs, Subcommittee on Asbestos Protocols, unpublished data).

Ingestion of SR chrysotile asbestos over the lifetime of these rats did not cause any biologically significant increase of neoplasms at

IV. DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

any anatomic site when compared with the concurrent controls. Mesotheliomas (all sites) appeared to be increased (not statistically significant, $P > 0.05$) in male rats receiving SR chrysotile alone compared with the controls (6% vs 2%), but the incidence in the control group was somewhat low compared with the IR chrysotile control group (6%) and pooled male control groups from all the NTP oral asbestos studies (24/529, 4.5% [Appendix F]). Therefore, the biologic importance of this finding is discounted. SR chrysotile also did not produce any apparent increase in nonneoplastic disease. In summary, the ingestion of short-range chrysotile asbestos did not cause any adverse effect in either male or female F344/N rats.

Ingestion of IR chrysotile asbestos was associated with an increased incidence of neoplasia. Since the gastrointestinal tract was designated as a possible target organ based on epidemiologic studies in humans (Cooper et al., 1979) and because the test material was administered via the diet, the incidence of gastrointestinal neoplasms was examined in particular detail. For this reason, the increase in adenomatous polyps, which were grossly visible in the large intestine of IR chrysotile-exposed male rats, deserves special attention. These lesions are uncommon in standard 2-year carcinogenesis studies: 1/1,727 for male and 0/1,777 for female F344/N rats (Haseman et al., 1984). Overall, the incidence in dosed male rats in this study was low (9/250, 4%) and not statistically significant ($P = 0.08$) compared with the concurrent controls (0/85). Despite the apparent marginal significance ($P < 0.10$) of the large intestine tumor incidence in the IR chrysotile groups relative to concurrent controls, the actual level of significance associated with this comparison is greater than the nominal level because of the rarity of adenomatous polyps (Haseman, 1983b). For example, if the background incidence of large intestine tumors in lifetime studies of male F344/N rats is 0.6% (as suggested by the 3/524 rate observed in the pooled asbestos controls), then the probability of observing 9 or more (out of 250) adenomatous polyps of the large intestine by chance alone is less than 1 in 10,000. Further, the overall incidence of adenomatous polyps of the large

intestine (9/250) was significant ($P = 0.003$) relative to the rate in the pooled controls (3/524).

It is noteworthy that the other NTP asbestos studies were carried out at the same laboratory, conducted during an overlapping time frame, and used animals that were received from the same source and exposed to the same environmental conditions. The post mortem examinations were conducted with an identical protocol by the same technicians; the histopathologic examination used the same morphologic classification; and every neoplasm in question was reviewed by the Quality Assurance contractor and the NTP Pathology Working Group. It is particularly appropriate in this study, therefore, to give more credence than usual to the historical data. Further evidence for the relevance of this observation was the occurrence of adenomatous polyps in 2/100 male IR/PW chrysotile asbestos-exposed rats. Also, an additional 4/250 IR chrysotile male rats had neoplasms of similar histogenesis in the small intestine or glandular stomach, whereas none was found in the concurrent control group. These factors support the conclusion that the observed effect in the gastrointestinal tract, particularly the large intestine, of the male IR chrysotile asbestos group is quite unlikely to be due to chance alone.

To place this observation in proper context: First, adenomatous polyps are considered benign neoplasms. Second, no malignant epithelial neoplasms were observed in the large intestine in this study. Third, there was no evidence that any of the polyps had progressed to carcinoma, although this progression occurs with known intestinal carcinogens (e.g., in the DMH portion of this study). Fourth, because this was a lifetime study, more time was available for malignant progression. Fifth, an increase in gastrointestinal epithelial tumors was not observed in female IR chrysotile rats.

The above observations, which show a carcinogenic response to IR chrysotile but not to SR chrysotile asbestos, can probably be explained by the studies of Stanton et al. (1981) in which various types of natural and manmade mineral fibers were implanted into the pleural

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cavity of rats. Using pleural fibrosis and mesothelioma as end points, the investigators observed a correlation between fiber length and width and the fibers' carcinogenic potential. To be carcinogenic, fibers needed to be greater than 8 μm in length and less than 1.5 μm in diameter. Fibers of this type have been referred to as "S" (for Stanton) fibers (Harington, 1975). A far greater number of such "S" fibers were present in the IR than in the SR chrysotile asbestos used in these studies. It is also noteworthy that, when a chrysotile fiber breaks (in vivo or in vitro), it fractures in a longitudinal fashion, theoretically yielding more fibers of the "S" type and thus increasing the carcinogenic potential.

Keratoacanthomas of the skin were significantly increased in male IR chrysotile-exposed rats (19/250, 8%) and in the IR/PW groups (8/100, 8%) as compared with the controls (1/88, 1%). This observation deserves some consideration, since the increase was observed in both IR chrysotile studies; however, the incidence does not greatly exceed the mean control rates observed in all NTP rat oral asbestos studies: 20/529, 4% (Appendix F). Thus, this increase is not clearly related to the administration of IR chrysotile asbestos. The chrysotile asbestos used in these studies was incorporated into solid feed pellets, but the potential for skin exposure remains because asbestos particles are dislodged during eating. Nevertheless, even in inhalation studies in which considerable skin exposure also occurs, no increases in this lesion have been reported. If keratoacanthomas are actually related to chrysotile asbestos, which seems unlikely, direct exposure of the skin rather than a systemic route is the most plausible mechanism for induction of these neoplasms.

The incidence of neoplasms in the clitoral gland of female IR (18/250, 7%) and IR/PW (4/100, 4%) rats was increased compared with the concurrent controls (1/88, 1%). Only in the IR chrysotile alone group was the incidence significantly ($P < 0.05$) increased. The incidence observed in the IR chrysotile groups did not differ significantly from the rate observed in all NTP oral asbestos studies (22/529, 4%). Moreover, no increase in neoplasia was observed in the male preputial gland (histogenetically related to the clitoral gland). Thus, this increase

is not clearly related to the administration of IR chrysotile. Again, if these neoplasms were related to IR chrysotile, a direct route of exposure is the most probable cause.

Pheochromocytomas occurred at a greater incidence in male rats exposed to IR (63/250, 25%) and IR/PW (32/100, 32%) chrysotile than in the controls (17/85, 20%). Only in the IR/PW chrysotile group, however, was the incidence statistically significant (incidental tumor test, $P = 0.02$). These rates are also comparable to those observed in all NTP oral asbestos studies (158/525, 30%). Therefore these neoplasms are not considered to be related to IR chrysotile asbestos exposure.

Nonneoplastic lesions that showed increased incidences in asbestos-exposed groups include cystic degeneration of the liver and inflammation of the prostate in male IR and IR/PW chrysotile groups. An explanation for these findings is not apparent, and their biologic relevance in this study is unknown.

Rats exposed to DMH exhibited neoplasia at those sites known as targets for this chemical: the gastrointestinal tract, Zymbal gland, liver, and kidney. In addition, the appearance of the DMH-induced neoplasms was comparable to those described previously in rats exposed to hydrazine compounds (Pozharisski, 1975). The incidence of intestinal neoplasia was slightly greater (male 32%, female 37%) in the DMH groups than the predicted incidence of $15\% \pm 5\%$ based on a preliminary dose response study (McConnell et al., 1980). In the previous NTP oral amosite asbestos study in rats, in which DMH was administered at the same dose as in this study, the rate of intestinal neoplasia was 60-70%. A similar study of IR chrysotile asbestos and DMH in hamsters failed to elicit any neoplastic response in the intestine (NTP TR 246, in press). Apparently, the neoplastic dose response to DMH is relatively steep and duplication of a given incidence, particularly at the low end of the dose-response curve, is difficult to produce.

In addition to the previously mentioned neoplasms, DMH (with and without IR chrysotile) was also associated with an apparent

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increase in leukemia (decreased latency) in both male and female rats. The difference was statistically significant ($P < 0.05$, life table analysis) compared with the concurrent controls, and the significance was enhanced when compared with the combined incidence of leukemia in the control groups from the other NTP oral asbestos studies. Although leukemia is not usually considered a response to DMH exposure, most DMH studies use a dose that produces a high incidence of lethal neoplasms in other organs. In such studies, the possibility exists that a leukemic effect might not be manifested or recognized due to the lethality of other types of neoplasms. Therefore, the increased incidence in leukemia in female rats in this study is considered to be related to DMH exposure, and IR chrysotile asbestos is not considered to affect its development.

If IR chrysotile has a cocarcinogenic or protective effect on DMH, it should have been manifested in one of the target organs. This relationship is not apparent in the intestine, liver, or Zymbal gland. There was a significant ($P < 0.05$) increase, however, in neoplasms of the kidney in the IR plus DMH rats compared with the female rats that received DMH alone. Although the observation cannot be totally discounted, its biologic significance is questionable in light of the lack of a tumor-enhancing effect in the other three potential target organs.

The only other tumor incidence that was significantly ($P < 0.05$) different in DMH groups as compared with IR plus DMH groups was that of thyroid follicular cell neoplasms (adenomas alone and adenomas or carcinomas combined) in male rats. The incidence in the DMH group was identical to that of the untreated controls, and there was no tumor-enhancing effect in females. For these reasons and because the thyroid gland is not usually affected by administration of either DMH or asbestos, this increase probably lacks biologic significance.

In summary, IR chrysotile asbestos did not appear to influence the rate of neoplasia induced by DMH, especially in the primary target organ (i.e., intestine). In contrast, IR chrysotile alone caused a slight increase in the incidence of adenomatous polyps in the large intestine of male rats. The keratoacanthomas of the skin in

male rats and clitoral gland neoplasms in female rats were probably not related to IR chrysotile exposure.

Studies involving the long-term ingestion of other types of asbestos are few. Donham et al. (1980) reported equivocal tumor results in the intestine of F344 rats that were fed a diet containing 10% chrysotile for their lifetime. Although a significant ($P < 0.05$) increase in the number of tumors in exposed animals was not observed, the authors believed that there was a trend toward increased colon lesions in general. They cited evidence of penetration of asbestos into the colonic mucosa and possible cytotoxicity to colonic tissues and suggested a relationship to peritoneal mesothelioma. Another equivocal study is that reported by Gibel et al. (1976), who described increases in malignant tumors in the lung, kidneys, liver, and reticuloendothelial system but not in intestinal neoplasia in Wistar rats fed asbestos filter material (20 mg/day) for 8-14 months. Cunningham et al. (1977), reported two studies (24 months or 30 months) in which Wistar male rats were administered 1% chrysotile asbestos in the diet. These authors concluded that trace amounts of ingested asbestos can penetrate the walls of the gastrointestinal tract, but evidence of carcinogenicity was inconclusive. No evidence of carcinogenicity was found by Gross et al. (1974), who fed rats a diet containing 5% chrysotile asbestos for 21 months. Bolton et al. (1982) exposed groups of 22-24 male HAN SPF Wistar-derived rats to amosite, crocidolite, or UICC standard reference chrysotile (similar to IR chrysotile) asbestos in the diet at a rate of approximately 250 mg/rat per week for 25 months and monitored the rats for the remainder of their lifespan. They concluded that no significant adverse effects occurred as a result of ingestion of any of these forms of asbestos. Previous NTP oral asbestos studies in rats in which amosite (NTP TR 279, in press) or crocidolite (NTP TR 280, in press) was administered with and without DMH did not show any indication of a carcinogenic response.

An oral asbestos study in hamsters was reported by Smith et al. (1980). Groups of 30 male and 30 female hamsters were exposed via drinking water for their lifetime to amosite asbestos, mine tailings, beach rock, or Lake Superior drinking water. No adverse effects on body

IV. DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

weight or survival were observed for any of the groups. One peritoneal mesothelioma, one pulmonary carcinoma, and two early squamous cell carcinomas of the nonglandular stomach were found in the hamsters exposed to amosite. The authors concluded that the study was "essentially negative." A subsequent study in rats in which similar materials were used also failed to elicit a carcinogenic response (Hilding et al., 1981)

In companion studies to the rat studies in this report, Syrian golden hamsters were exposed to either short-range or intermediate-range chrysotile asbestos at a rate of 1% in the diet for their natural lifespan (NTP TR 246, in press). In both studies, no adverse effects were observed for body weight gain or survival, and no asbestos-related neoplasms were diagnosed. An ingestion study of amosite asbestos in hamsters using a similar design to this study did not demonstrate a carcinogenic response (NTP, 1983).

Except for the studies of Donham et al. (1980), Smith et al. (1980), Bolton et al. (1982), and the NTP studies, the other studies were conducted with relatively small numbers of animals. Also, some were conducted for an insufficient period of time to adequately test the carcinogenic potential of ingested asbestos.

The inhalation of asbestos fibers is clearly associated with lung cancer in humans (Selikoff, 1980) and in rats (Wagner et al., 1974). In the present studies chrysotile asbestos administered in the feed was associated with adenomatous polyps of the large intestine in male F344/N rats. The carcinogenic potential of chrysotile asbestos may be related to its cytogenetic effects. In support of this view, Oshimura et al. (1984) found an association between chrysotile asbestos and the induction of chromosomal alterations (chromosomal aberrations, polyploidy, and aneuploidy) in Syrian hamster embryo (SHE)

cells. By electron microscopy, Hesterberg et al. (1982) demonstrated that asbestos fibers accumulated in the perinuclear region of SHE cells within 24-48 hours after exposure in vitro. Chromosomal aberrations and changes in the number of chromosomes are associated with a wide variety of rodent and human tumors (Sasaki, 1982; Yunis, 1983), and several mechanisms have been described to explain how certain chromosomal alterations may induce neoplasia (Ohno, 1977; Levan, 1981; Cavenne et al., 1983; Klein, 1983; Sandberg, 1983; Tsutsui et al., 1983). The occurrence of chromosomal aberrations at or near the site of cellular proto-oncogenes provides additional support for the concept that certain chromosomal changes may lead to cancer (Rowley, 1983). In summary, the current evidence suggests that the ability of chrysotile asbestos to induce chromosomal alterations may be a possible mechanism by which chrysotile asbestos induces neoplasia.

Conclusions: Under the conditions of these lifetime studies, short-range and intermediate-range chrysotile asbestos did not induce overt toxicity and did not affect survival when ingested at a level of 1% in the diet by male and female F344/N rats. There was *no evidence of carcinogenicity** in male or female rats exposed to SR chrysotile asbestos or in female rats exposed to IR chrysotile asbestos. There was *some evidence of carcinogenicity* in male rats exposed to IR chrysotile asbestos as indicated by an increased incidence of adenomatous polyps in the large intestine. The cocarcinogenesis studies of 1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride and IR chrysotile asbestos were considered inconclusive for determining whether IR chrysotile asbestos had either a tumor-enhancing or protective effect, although an increased incidence of neoplasms was observed in the kidneys of female rats exposed to DMH plus IR chrysotile as compared with those exposed to DMH alone

*Categories of evidence of carcinogenicity are defined in the Note to the Reader on page 2.

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APPENDIX A

**SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS
IN RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES
OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS**

TABLE A1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
ANIMALS INITIALLY IN STUDY	88	250
ANIMALS NECROPSIED	88	250
ANIMALS EXAMINED HISTOPATHOLOGICALLY	88	248
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM		
*HARDERIAN GLAND	(88)	(250)
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	1 (1%)	
*MULTIPLE ORGANS	(88)	(250)
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
*SKIN	(88)	(250)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	1 (1%)	7 (3%)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA		3 (1%)
BASAL-CELL TUMOR		5 (2%)
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA	3 (3%)	12 (5%)
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA		1 (0%)
SEBACEOUS ADENOMA		1 (0%)
KERATOACANTHOMA	5 (6%)	14 (6%)
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA		1 (0%)
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
*SUBCUT TISSUE	(88)	(250)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	1 (1%)	
SARCOMA, NOS		3 (1%)
FIBROMA	13 (15%)	25 (10%)
FIBROSARCOMA	4 (5%)	6 (2%)
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT		1 (0%)
MYXOSARCOMA		1 (0%)
LIPOMA		1 (0%)
LIPOSARCOMA	1 (1%)	2 (1%)
LEIOMYOSARCOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
NEUROFIBROMA	1 (1%)	9 (4%)
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA	3 (3%)	2 (1%)
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM		
*NASAL TURBINATE	(88)	(250)
CARCINOMA, NOS		1 (0%)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA		1 (0%)
#TRACHEA	(87)	(248)
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
#LUNG	(88)	(247)
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	1 (1%)	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		3 (1%)
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA		1 (0%)
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA	2 (2%)	6 (2%)
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		2 (1%)
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC		4 (2%)
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM		
*MULTIPLE ORGANS	(88)	(250)
MALIGNANT LYMPHOMA, NOS		2 (1%)
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE		1 (0%)
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, LYMPHOCYTIC TYPE	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	1 (1%)	
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	34 (39%)	105 (42%)
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	1 (1%)	1 (0%)

TABLE A1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
#BONE MARROW	(88)	(247)
LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
#SPLEEN	(88)	(247)
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE		1 (0%)
#MANDIBULAR L. NODE	(88)	(248)
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
#CERVICAL LYMPH NODE	(88)	(248)
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
#MEDIASTINAL LYMPH NODE	(88)	(248)
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
#ILEOCOLIC LYMPH NODE	(88)	(248)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
#RENAL LYMPH NODE	(88)	(248)
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
#LIVER	(88)	(248)
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
#THYMUS	(76)	(197)
CARCINOMA, NOS		1 (1%)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	1 (1%)	
<hr/>		
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM		
*MULTIPLE ORGANS	(88)	(250)
HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
*MEDIASTINUM	(88)	(250)
HEMANGIOSARCOMA		1 (0%)
*SKIN	(88)	(250)
HEMANGIOMA		1 (0%)
*SUBCUT TISSUE	(88)	(250)
HEMANGIOSARCOMA		2 (1%)
HEMANGIOPERICYTOMA, MALIGNANT	1 (1%)	
#SPLEEN	(88)	(247)
HEMANGIOMA		1 (0%)
HEMANGIOSARCOMA	2 (2%)	5 (2%)
#HEART	(88)	(247)
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
#LIVER	(88)	(248)
HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
<hr/>		
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM		
*HARD PALATE	(88)	(250)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA		1 (0%)
#SALIVARY GLAND	(87)	(243)
SARCOMA, NOS		1 (0%)
FIBROSARCOMA		3 (1%)
#LIVER	(88)	(248)
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	12 (14%)	17 (7%)
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	3 (3%)	2 (1%)
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
#PANCREAS	(86)	(247)
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	7 (8%)	14 (6%)
MIXED TUMOR, BENIGN		3 (1%)
#STOMACH	(88)	(248)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA		1 (0%)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA		1 (0%)
SARCOMA, NOS		1 (0%)

TABLE A1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM (Continued)		
#FORESTOMACH	(88)	(248)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	1 (1%)	
#GASTRIC FUNDUS	(88)	(248)
CARCINOMA-IN-SITU, NOS		1 (0%)
#DUODENUM	(88)	(248)
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS		1 (0%)
#JEJUNUM	(88)	(248)
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA	1 (1%)	
#COLON	(87)	(248)
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS		1 (0%)
LEIOMYOSARCOMA		1 (0%)
#CECUM	(87)	(248)
LIPOMA		1 (0%)
LEIOMYOSARCOMA		1 (0%)
#TRANSVERSE COLON	(87)	(248)
LEIOMYOSARCOMA	1 (1%)	
*ANUS	(88)	(250)
LEIOMYOSARCOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
URINARY SYSTEM		
#KIDNEY	(88)	(248)
TUBULAR-CELL ADENOMA	1 (1%)	2 (1%)
TUBULAR-CELL ADENOCARCINOMA	1 (1%)	
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
#URINARY BLADDER	(85)	(247)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA		1 (0%)
TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM		
#PITUITARY	(87)	(247)
CARCINOMA, NOS	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
ADENOMA, NOS	20 (23%)	42 (17%)
#ADRENAL	(88)	(248)
CORTICAL ADENOMA		5 (2%)
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	25 (28%)	73 (29%)
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	1 (1%)	7 (3%)
GANGLIONEUROMA		1 (0%)
#THYROID	(86)	(246)
FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	4 (5%)	13 (5%)
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA	2 (2%)	12 (5%)
C-CELL ADENOMA	13 (15%)	28 (11%)
C-CELL CARCINOMA	11 (13%)	24 (10%)
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
#PARATHYROID	(83)	(229)
ADENOMA, NOS	6 (7%)	4 (2%)
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	1 (1%)	
#PANCREATIC ISLETS	(86)	(247)
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA	6 (7%)	18 (7%)
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	3 (3%)	14 (6%)
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM		
*MAMMARY GLAND	(88)	(250)
ADENOMA, NOS		3 (1%)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	3 (3%)	
PAPILLARY ADENOMA		1 (0%)
PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS		1 (0%)
FIBROADENOMA	11 (13%)	27 (11%)

TABLE A1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME
FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM (Continued)		
*PREPUTIAL GLAND	(88)	(250)
CARCINOMA, NOS	4 (5%)	8 (3%)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	2 (2%)	5 (2%)
ADENOMA, NOS		1 (0%)
KERATOACANTHOMA		1 (0%)
#PROSTATE	(87)	(247)
ADENOMA, NOS		2 (1%)
#TESTIS	(87)	(246)
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	81 (93%)	238 (97%)
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT		1 (0%)
*EPIDIDYMIS	(88)	(250)
MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	1 (1%)	2 (1%)
*SCROTUM	(88)	(250)
MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	1 (1%)	2 (1%)
NERVOUS SYSTEM		
#CEREBRUM	(88)	(248)
ASTROCYTOMA	2 (2%)	3 (1%)
#BRAIN	(88)	(248)
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
#CEREBELLUM	(88)	(248)
ASTROCYTOMA	2 (2%)	2 (1%)
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS		
*HARDERIAN GLAND	(88)	(250)
CARCINOMA, NOS	1 (1%)	
*ZYMAL GLAND	(88)	(250)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	4 (5%)	4 (2%)
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM		
*SKULL	(88)	(250)
OSTEOSARCOMA		1 (0%)
*MANDIBLE	(88)	(250)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	1 (1%)	
*LUMBAR VERTEBRA	(88)	(250)
LIPOSARCOMA		1 (0%)
LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
*SACRUM	(88)	(250)
LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
*STERNUM	(88)	(250)
OSTEOSARCOMA	1 (1%)	
*RIB	(88)	(250)
OSTEOSARCOMA	1 (1%)	
*FEMUR	(88)	(250)
OSTEOSARCOMA		1 (0%)
BODY CAVITIES		
*MEDIASTINUM	(88)	(250)
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
*ABDOMINAL CAVITY	(88)	(250)
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
*MESENTERY	(88)	(250)
FIBROSARCOMA		1 (0%)
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT		1

**TABLE A1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME
FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)**

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
BODY CAVITIES (Continued)		
*TUNICA VAGINALIS	(88)	(250)
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT	2 (2%)	14 (6%)
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS		
*MULTIPLE ORGANS	(88)	(250)
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	1 (1%)	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	1 (1%)	
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	1 (1%)	
MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	1 (1%)	13 (5%)
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	1 (1%)	
ANIMAL DISPOSITION SUMMARY		
ANIMALS INITIALLY IN STUDY	88	250
NATURAL DEATH@	13	43
MORIBUND SACRIFICE	63	181
SCHEDULED SACRIFICE		
TERMINAL SACRIFICE	9	26
DOSING ACCIDENT		
ACCIDENTALLY KILLED, NDA	3	
ACCIDENTALLY KILLED, NOS		
ANIMAL MISSING		
ANIMAL MISSEXED		
OTHER CASES		
TUMOR SUMMARY		
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH PRIMARY TUMORS**	85	248
TOTAL PRIMARY TUMORS	315	847
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH BENIGN TUMORS	82	244
TOTAL BENIGN TUMORS	197	552
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH MALIGNANT TUMORS	71	199
TOTAL MALIGNANT TUMORS	106	278
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH SECONDARY TUMORS##	7	40
TOTAL SECONDARY TUMORS	12	59
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH TUMORS UNCERTAIN- BENIGN OR MALIGNANT	12	17
TOTAL UNCERTAIN TUMORS	12	17
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH TUMORS UNCERTAIN- PRIMARY OR METASTATIC		
TOTAL UNCERTAIN TUMORS		

* NUMBER OF ANIMALS NECROPSIED

** PRIMARY TUMORS: ALL TUMORS EXCEPT SECONDARY TUMORS

NUMBER OF ANIMALS WITH TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY

SECONDARY TUMORS: METASTATIC TUMORS OR TUMORS INVASIVE INTO AN ADJACENT ORGAN

@ INCLUDES AUTOLYZED ANIMALS

TABLE A2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
ANIMALS INITIALLY IN STUDY	88	250
ANIMALS NECROPSIED	88	250
ANIMALS EXAMINED HISTOPATHOLOGICALLY	87	245
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM		
*SKIN	(88)	(250)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	1 (1%)	4 (2%)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	1 (1%)	5 (2%)
BASAL-CELL TUMOR		1 (0%)
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA	1 (1%)	
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA		1 (0%)
KERATOACANTHOMA	2 (2%)	2 (1%)
FIBROSARCOMA		1 (0%)
*SUBCUT TISSUE	(88)	(250)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	2 (2%)	
FIBROMA	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
FIBROSARCOMA	2 (2%)	3 (1%)
LIPOMA	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
LIPOSARCOMA	1 (1%)	
OSTEOSARCOMA		1 (0%)
NEUROFIBROMA		1 (0%)
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM		
*NASAL TURBINATE	(88)	(250)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	1 (1%)	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
#TRACHEA	(87)	(245)
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
#LUNG	(87)	(245)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	1 (1%)	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC		2 (1%)
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	1 (1%)	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		3 (1%)
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM		
*MULTIPLE SITES	(88)	(250)
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE		1 (0%)
*MULTIPLE ORGANS	(88)	(250)
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE		1 (0%)
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE	1 (1%)	
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA		1 (0%)
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	26 (30%)	99 (40%)
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
#CERVICAL LYMPH NODE	(87)	(245)
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		2 (1%)
#MEDIASTINAL L. NODE	(87)	(245)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
#RENAL LYMPH NODE	(87)	(245)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
#LIVER	(87)	(244)
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	1 (1%)	

TABLE A2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM (Continued)		
#THYMUS	(67)	(190)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS		2 (1%)
TERATOMA, BENIGN		1 (1%)
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE		1 (1%)
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM		
#SPLEEN	(87)	(245)
ANGIOMA	1 (1%)	
#HEART	(87)	(245)
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
#ENDOCARDIUM	(87)	(245)
SARCOMA, NOS	1 (1%)	
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM		
*ORAL MUCOUS MEMBRANE	(88)	(250)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA		1 (0%)
*TONGUE	(88)	(250)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA		1 (0%)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA		1 (0%)
#SALIVARY GLAND	(87)	(243)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
#LIVER	(87)	(244)
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	3 (3%)	5 (2%)
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
#PANCREAS	(86)	(245)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	1 (1%)	
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA	1 (1%)	
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
*PHARYNX	(88)	(250)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	1 (1%)	
#STOMACH	(87)	(245)
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA		1 (0%)
#DUODENUM	(87)	(244)
LEIOMYOSARCOMA		2 (1%)
#JEJUNUM	(87)	(244)
ADENOCA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP		1 (0%)
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA		1 (0%)
LEIOMYOMA		1 (0%)
#ILEUM	(87)	(244)
LEIOMYOSARCOMA	1 (1%)	
#CECUM	(87)	(244)
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	1 (1%)	
#TRANSVERSE COLON	(87)	(244)
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS		1 (0%)
#DESCENDING COLON	(87)	(244)
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS		2 (1%)
LEIOMYOSARCOMA		1 (0%)
URINARY SYSTEM		
#KIDNEY	(87)	(245)
TRANSITIONAL-CELL CARCINOMA		1 (0%)
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC		1 (0%)
#URINARY BLADDER	(87)	(242)
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)

TABLE A2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM		
#PITUITARY	(87)	(244)
CARCINOMA, NOS	6 (7%)	13 (5%)
ADENOMA, NOS	39 (45%)	101 (41%)
GANGLIONEUROMA		1 (0%)
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA		1 (0%)
#ADRENAL	(87)	(245)
CORTICAL ADENOMA	2 (2%)	8 (3%)
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	9 (10%)	38 (16%)
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT		1 (0%)
#THYROID	(87)	(244)
FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	1 (1%)	4 (2%)
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA	4 (5%)	8 (3%)
C-CELL ADENOMA	11 (13%)	20 (8%)
C-CELL CARCINOMA	7 (8%)	21 (9%)
CARCINOSARCOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
#PARATHYROID	(85)	(222)
ADENOMA, NOS		1 (0%)
#PANCREATIC ISLETS	(86)	(245)
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA	2 (2%)	5 (2%)
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	2 (2%)	3 (1%)
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM		
*MAMMARY GLAND	(88)	(250)
CARCINOMA, NOS	1 (1%)	
ADENOMA, NOS	2 (2%)	14 (6%)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	6 (7%)	19 (8%)
PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA		1 (0%)
PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS	1 (1%)	5 (2%)
PAPILLARY CYSTADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	1 (1%)	
FIBROSARCOMA	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
FIBROADENOMA	49 (56%)	146 (58%)
*CLITORAL GLAND	(88)	(250)
CARCINOMA, NOS	1 (1%)	8 (3%)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA		1 (0%)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	1 (1%)	9 (4%)
ADENOMA, NOS	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
KERATOACANTHOMA		4 (2%)
*VAGINA	(88)	(250)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA		1 (0%)
#UTERUS	(87)	(245)
CARCINOMA, NOS	2 (2%)	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS		1 (0%)
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP	15 (17%)	34 (14%)
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA		4 (2%)
#CERVIX UTERI	(87)	(245)
CARCINOMA-IN-SITU, NOS	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVASIVE		2 (1%)
#UTERUS/ENDOMETRIUM	(87)	(245)
CARCINOSARCOMA	1 (1%)	
#OVARY	(87)	(245)
THECOMA	2 (2%)	
GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA		2 (1%)
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS		1 (0%)

TABLE A2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
NERVOUS SYSTEM		
#CEREBRUM	(87)	(245)
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	3 (3%)	8 (3%)
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	1 (1%)	
ASTROCYTOMA		4 (2%)
MENINGIOMA		1 (0%)
#CEREBELLUM	(87)	(245)
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	2 (2%)	3 (1%)
MENINGIOMA		1 (0%)
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS		
*ZYMBAL GLAND	(88)	(250)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA		1 (0%)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	3 (3%)	1 (0%)
CARCINOSARCOMA		1 (0%)
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM		
*MAXILLA	(88)	(250)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
*SACRUM	(88)	(250)
OSTEOSARCOMA	1 (1%)	
*RIB	(88)	(250)
OSTEOSARCOMA		1 (0%)
*FEMUR	(88)	(250)
OSTEOSARCOMA		1 (0%)
BODY CAVITIES		
*ABDOMINAL CAVITY	(88)	(250)
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, INVASIVE		1 (0%)
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS		
*MULTIPLE ORGANS	(88)	(250)
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	1 (1%)	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	2 (2%)	1 (0%)
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	1 (1%)	
SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	1 (1%)	
CHEEK		
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	1	
LEG		
OSTEOSARCOMA		1
ANIMAL DISPOSITION SUMMARY		
ANIMALS INITIALLY IN STUDY	88	250
NATURAL DEATH@	10	31
MORIBUND SACRIFICE	69	194
SCHEDULED SACRIFICE		
TERMINAL SACRIFICE	9	25
DOSING ACCIDENT		
ACCIDENTALLY KILLED, NDA		
ACCIDENTALLY KILLED, NOS		
ANIMAL MISSING		
ANIMAL MISSEXED		
OTHER CASES		

**TABLE A2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME
FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)**

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
TUMOR SUMMARY		
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH PRIMARY TUMORS**	86	239
TOTAL PRIMARY TUMORS	224	644
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH BENIGN TUMORS	75	212
TOTAL BENIGN TUMORS	142	405
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH MALIGNANT TUMORS	52	177
TOTAL MALIGNANT TUMORS	78	230
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH SECONDARY TUMORS##	11	30
TOTAL SECONDARY TUMORS	17	41
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH TUMORS UNCERTAIN- BENIGN OR MALIGNANT	4	9
TOTAL UNCERTAIN TUMORS	4	9
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH TUMORS UNCERTAIN- PRIMARY OR METASTATIC		
TOTAL UNCERTAIN TUMORS		

* NUMBER OF ANIMALS NECROPSIED

** PRIMARY TUMORS: ALL TUMORS EXCEPT SECONDARY TUMORS

NUMBER OF ANIMALS WITH TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY

SECONDARY TUMORS: METASTATIC TUMORS OR TUMORS INVASIVE INTO AN ADJACENT ORGAN

@ INCLUDES AUTOLYZED ANIMALS

TABLE A3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594	595	596	597	598	599	600	
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																												
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS				X						X				X	X		X							X		X		
ADRENAL PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT			X	X		X		X	X		X			X		X		X		X		X		X		X		
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																												
C-CELL ADENOMA							X		X		X			X											X			
C-CELL CARCINOMA	X								X		X																	
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE			X																									
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																												
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA									X																			
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																												
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FIBROADENOMA																											X	X
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROSTATE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																												
EPIDIDYMI MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
NERVOUS SYSTEM																												
BRAIN ASTROCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																												
HARDERIAN GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																												
ZYMBAL'S GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	X																											X
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																												
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
OSTEOSARCOMA																												X
BODY CAVITIES																												
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																												
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																												
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																												
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																												
MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE																												
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																												
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, LYMPHOCYTIC TYPE																												
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																												
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																												
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	X	X	X	X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																												
SCROTUM NOS MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE																												

TABLE A3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	399	500	601	602	603	604	605	606	607	608	609	610	611	612	613	614	615	616	617	618	619	620	621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629	630		
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	2	1	3	7	2	2	3	3	3	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																		
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMA, NOS																																		
ADRENAL PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT			X				X	X																										
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																																		
C-CELL ADENOMA																																		
C-CELL CARCINOMA							X			X	X																							
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																																		
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																																		
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	X						X																											
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																		
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FIBROADENOMA																																		
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PROSTATE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																		
EPIDIDYMIS MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																		
BRAIN ASTROCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																		
HARDERIAN GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																																		
ZYMBAL'S GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																		
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																		
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	+	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
OSTEOSARCOMA																																		
BODY CAVITIES																																		
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																		
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																																		
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																																		
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																																		
MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE																																		
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																		
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, LYMPHOCYTIC TYPE																																		
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																																		
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																																		
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																																		
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																																		
SCROTUM NOS HELIOMA, INVASIVE																																		

TABLE A3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	624	625	626	627	628	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637	638	639	640	TOTAL TISSUES TUMORS
WEEKS ON STUDY	137	085	137	118	118	119	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																		
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	87
ADENOMA, NOS	X				X			X		X			X					20
ADRENAL PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	88
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	X				X	X				X								25
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	86
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA							X											4
C-CELL ADENOMA			X	X		X	X	X										2
C-CELL CARCINOMA																		13
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	83
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																X		6
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	86
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA				X									X					6
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA										X								5
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																		
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	88*
FIBROADENOMA	X			X						X			X					3
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	87
	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	81
PROSTATE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	87
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	88*
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																X		4
EPIDIDYMIS MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	88*
																		1
NERVOUS SYSTEM																		
BRAIN ASTROCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	88
																		4
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																		
HARDERIAN GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	88*
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																		1
ZYMBAL'S GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	88*
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																		1
																		4
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																		
BOLE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	88*
OSTEOSARCOMA																		1
																		2
BODY CAVITIES																		
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	88*
																		2
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																		
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	88*
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																		1
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																		1
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																X		1
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																		1
MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE																		1
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																		1
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, LYMPHOCYTIC TYPE																		1
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																		1
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																		1
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	X	X		X				X		X								34
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL								X										1
SCROTUM NOS																		1
MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE																		1

* ANIMALS NECROPSIED

TABLE A3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE

ANIMAL NUMBER	WEEKS ON STUDY																																																
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																																																	
SKIN																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																																	
BASAL-CELL TUMOR																																																	
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																																																	
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA																																																	
SEBACEOUS ADENOMA																																																	
KERATOCARCINOMA																																																	
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA																																																	
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																																																	
HEMANGIOMA																																																	
SURCUTANEOUS TISSUE																																																	
SARCOMA, NOS																																																	
FIBROMA																																																	
FIBROSARCOMA																																																	
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																																																	
MYXOSARCOMA																																																	
LIPOMA																																																	
LIPOSARCOMA																																																	
LEIOMYOSARCOMA, INVASIVE																																																	
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																																																	
NEUROFIBROMA																																																	
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																																																	
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																																																	
LUNGS AND BRONCHI																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																																	
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA																																																	
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA																																																	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																																	
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																																	
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																																	
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																																																	
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																																	
TRACHEA																																																	
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																																																	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																																	
NASAL CAVITY																																																	
CARCINOMA, NOS																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																																	
HEPATOGLYCYC SYSTEM																																																	
BONE MARROW																																																	
LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE																																																	
SPLEEN																																																	
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																																																	
HEMANGIOMA																																																	
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																																																	
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																																																	
LYMPH NODES																																																	
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																																	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																																	
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, METASTATIC																																																	
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																																																	
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																																																	
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																																																	
THYRUS																																																	
CARCINOMA, NOS																																																	
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																																																	
HEART																																																	
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																																																	
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																																	
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																																																	
ORAL CAVITY																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA																																																	
SALIVARY GLAND																																																	
SARCOMA, NOS																																																	
FIBROSARCOMA																																																	
LIVER																																																	
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																																																	
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																																																	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																																	
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																																	
HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																																	
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																																																	
BILE DUCT																																																	
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT																																																	
PANCREAS																																																	
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																																																	
MIXED TUMOR, SERICIN																																																	
ESOPHAGUS																																																	
STOMACH																																																	
CARCINOMA-IN-SITU, NOS																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																																	
SARCOMA, NOS																																																	
SMALL INTESTINE																																																	
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																																																	
LARGE INTESTINE																																																	
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																																																	
LIPOMA																																																	
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																																																	
RECTUM																																																	
LEIOMYOSARCOMA, INVASIVE																																																	

+ : TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
 - : REQUIRED TISSUE NOT EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
 Z : TUMOR INDICED
 N : NECROPSY, NO AUTOLYSIS, NO MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
 S : ANIMAL MIS-SEXED
 I : NO TISSUE INFORMATION SUBMITTED
 O : NECROPSY, NO HISTOLOGY DUE TO PROTOCOL
 A : AUTOLYSIS
 M : ANIMAL MISSING
 D : NO NECROPSY PERFORMED

TABLE A3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	
WEEKS ON STUDY	8	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
URINARY SYSTEM																							
KIDNEY TUBULAR-CELL ADENOMA MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
URINARY BLADDER SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																							
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT GANGLIONEUROMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																							
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS PAPILLARY ADENOMA PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PROSTATE ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA ADENOMA, NOS KERATOACANTHOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
EPIDIDYMIS MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																							
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ASTROCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																							
ZYMBAL'S GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																							
BONE LIPOSARCOMA LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE OSTEOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
BODY CAVITIES																							
MEDIASTINUM ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CA, INVASIVE FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE HEMANGIOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PERITONEUM PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MESENTERY FIBROSARCOMA MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																							
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC MALIGNANT LYMPHOMA, NOS MALIG. LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE MALIG. LYMPHOMA, LYMPHOCTIC TYPE MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCTIC TYPE MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SCROTUM NOS MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	

TABLE A3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
ORIGIN OF TUMOR																																																																																																				
URINARY SYSTEM																																																																																																				
KIDNEY																																																																																																				
TUBULAR-CELL ADENOMA																																																																																																				
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT																																																																																																				
URINARY BLADDER																																																																																																				
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																																																																																																				
TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA																																																																																																				
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																																																																																				
PITUITARY																																																																																																				
CARCINOMA, NOS																																																																																																				
ADENOMA, NOS																																																																																																				
ADRENAL																																																																																																				
CORTICAL ADENOMA																																																																																																				
PHOENOCROMOCYTOMA																																																																																																				
PHOENOCROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																																																																																																				
GANGLIONEUROMA																																																																																																				
THYROID																																																																																																				
FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA																																																																																																				
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																																																																																																				
C-CELL ADENOMA																																																																																																				
C-CELL CARCINOMA																																																																																																				
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																																																																																																				
PARATHYROID																																																																																																				
ADENOMA, NOS																																																																																																				
PANCREATIC ISLETS																																																																																																				
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																																																																																																				
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																																																																																																				
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																																																																																				
MAMMARY GLAND																																																																																																				
ADENOMA, NOS																																																																																																				
PAPILLARY ADENOMA																																																																																																				
PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS																																																																																																				
FIBROADENOMA																																																																																																				
TESTIS																																																																																																				
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR																																																																																																				
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT																																																																																																				
PROSTATE																																																																																																				
ADENOMA, NOS																																																																																																				
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND																																																																																																				
CARCINOMA, NOS																																																																																																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																																																																																				
ADENOMA, NOS																																																																																																				
KERATOCANTHOMA																																																																																																				
EPIDIDYMIS																																																																																																				
MESEPIDIDYMIA, INVASIVE																																																																																																				
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																																																																																				
BRAIN																																																																																																				
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																																																																																																				
ASTROCYTOMA																																																																																																				
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																																																																																				
ZYMBAL'S GLAND																																																																																																				
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																																																																																																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																																																																																				
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																																																																																				
BONE																																																																																																				
LIPOSARCOMA																																																																																																				
LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE																																																																																																				
OSTEOSARCOMA																																																																																																				
BODY CAVITIES																																																																																																				
MEDIASTINUM																																																																																																				
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CA, INVASIVE																																																																																																				
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																																																																																																				
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																																																																																																				
PERITONEUM																																																																																																				
PHOENOCROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																																																																																																				
TUNICA VAGINALIS																																																																																																				
MESOTHELIOPLA, MALIGNANT																																																																																																				
MESENTERY																																																																																																				
FIBROSARCOMA																																																																																																				
MESOTHELIOPLA, MALIGNANT																																																																																																				
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																																																																																				
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS																																																																																																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																																																																																																				
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																																																																																				
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																																																																																																				
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																																																																																																				
MESOTHELIOPLA, INVASIVE																																																																																																				
HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																																																																																				
MALIGNANT LYMPHOMA, NOS																																																																																																				
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER. TYPE																																																																																																				
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, LYMPHOBLASTIC TYPE																																																																																																				
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																																																																																																				
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																																																																																																				
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																																																																																																				
TESTIS NOS																																																																																																				
MESOTHELIOPLA, INVASIVE																																																																																																				

TABLE A3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
WEEKS ON STUDY	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																							
SKIN	+																						
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+																						
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																						
BASAL-CELL TUMOR	+																						
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA	+																						
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA	+																						
SEBACEOUS ADENOMA	+																						
XERODACANTHOMA	+																						
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA	+																						
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	+																						
HEMANGIOMA	+																						
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+																						
SARCOMA, NOS	+																						
FIBROMA	+																						
FIBROSARCOMA	+																						
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	+																						
MYXOSARCOMA	+																						
LIPOMA	+																						
LIPOSARCOMA	+																						
LEIOMYOSARCOMA, INVASIVE	+																						
HEMANGIOSARCOMA	+																						
NEUROFIBROMA	+																						
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA	+																						
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																							
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+																						
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT	+																						
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA	+																						
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA	+																						
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																						
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																						
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																						
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC	+																						
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																						
TRACHEA	+																						
FOLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASI	+																						
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																						
NASAL CAVITY	+																						
CARCINOMA, NOS	+																						
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																						
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																							
BONE MARROW	+																						
LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE	+																						
SPLEEN	+																						
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC	+																						
HEMANGIOMA	+																						
HEMANGIOSARCOMA	+																						
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE	+																						
LYMPH NODES	+																						
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																						
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT	+																						
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																						
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, METASTAT	+																						
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+																						
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	+																						
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC	+																						
THYRUS	+																						
CARCINOMA, NOS	+																						
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																							
HEART	+																						
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+																						
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																						
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																							
ORAL CAVITY	+																						
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+																						
SALIVARY GLAND	+																						
SARCOMA, NOS	+																						
FIBROSARCOMA	+																						
LIVER	+																						
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	+																						
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	+																						
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																						
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																						
HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																						
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	+																						
BILE DUCT	+																						
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	+																						
PANCREAS	+																						
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	+																						
MIXED TUMOR, BENIGN	+																						
ESOPHAGUS	+																						
STOMACH	+																						
CARCINOMA-IN-SITU, NOS	+																						
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+																						
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																						
SARCOMA, NOS	+																						
SMALL INTESTINE	+																						
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+																						
LARGE INTESTINE	+																						
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+																						
LIPOMA	+																						
LEIOMYOSARCOMA	+																						
RECTUM	+																						
LEIOMYOSARCOMA, INVASIVE	+																						

TABLE A3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		
WEEKS ON STUDY	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40		
URINARY SYSTEM																																
KIDNEY TUBULAR-CELL ADENOMA MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
URINARY BLADDER SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT GANGLIONEUROMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS PAPILLARY ADENOMA PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PROSTATE ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA ADENOMA, NOS KERATOACANTHOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
EPIDIDYMS MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ASTROCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																
ZYMBAL'S GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																
BONE LIPOSARCOMA LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
BODY CAVITIES																																
MEDIASTINUM ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLEAR CA, INVASIVE FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE HEMANGIOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
PERITONEUM PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MESENTERY FIBROSARCOMA MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC MALIGNANT LYMPHOMA, NOS HALL'S LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE HALL'S LYMPHOMA, LYMPHOCTIC TYPE HALL'S LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE MONOCLONAL LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, PLASMOCLLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SCROTUM NOS MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	X						X					X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X											X	X	

TABLE A3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	WEEKS ON STUDY																												
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																													
SKIN																													
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																													
BASAL-CELL TUMOR																													
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																													
TRICHOPITHELIOMA																													
SEBACEOUS ADENOMA																													
KERATOCANTHOMA																													
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA																													
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																													
HEMANGIOMA																													
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE																													
SARCOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FIBROMA																													
FIBROSARCOMA																													
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																													
MYXOSARCOMA																													
LIPOMA																													
LIPOSARCOMA																													
LEIOMYOSARCOMA, INVASIVE																													
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																													
NEUROFIBROMA																													
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																													
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																													
LUNGS AND BRONCHI																													
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA																													
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA																													
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																													
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																													
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																													
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																													
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																													
TRACHEA																													
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																													
NASAL CAVITY																													
CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	+	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																													
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																													
BONE MARROW																													
LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPLEEN																													
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
HEMANGIOMA																													
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																													
HALLG-LYMPHOMA, MESTICOTIC TYPE																													
* LYMPH NODES																													
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																													
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																													
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, METASTAT																													
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																													
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																													
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																													
THYROID																													
CARCINOMA, NOS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																													
HEART																													
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																													
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																													
ORAL CAVITY																													
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SALIVARY GLAND																													
SARCOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FIBROSARCOMA																													
LIVER																													
NEPLASTIC NODULE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																													
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																													
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																													
HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																													
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																													
BILE DUCT																													
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT																													
	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
PANCREAS																													
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MIXED TUMOR, BENIGN																													
ESOPHAGUS																													
STOMACH																													
CARCINOMA-IV-SITH, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																													
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																													
SARCOMA, NOS																													
SMALL INTESTINE																													
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LARGE INTESTINE																													
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LIPOMA																													
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																													
RECTUM																													
LEIOMYOSARCOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	

TABLE A3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	WEEKS ON STUDY																											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
URINARY SYSTEM																												
KIDNEY TUBULAR-CELL ADENOMA MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
URINARY BLADDER SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																												
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT GANGLIONEUROMA		X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																												
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS PAPILLARY ADENOMA PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA		X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROSTATE ADENOMA, NOS		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA ADENOMA, NOS KERATOCANTHOMA		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
EPIDIDYMI MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
NERVOUS SYSTEM																												
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ASTROCYTOMA		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																												
ZYMBAL'S GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																												
BONE LIPOSARCOMA LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE OSTEOSARCOMA		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
BODY CAVITIES																												
MEDIASTINUM ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CA, INVASIVE FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE HEMANGIOSARCOMA		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PERITONEUM PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MESENTERY FIBROSARCOMA MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																												
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC MALIGNANT LYMPHOMA, NOS MALIG. LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE MALIG. LYMPHOMA, LYMPHOCTIC TYPE MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCTIC TYPE MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL		X	X	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SCROTUM NOS MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE		X	X	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+

TABLE A3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	RAT NUMBER																											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																												
SKIN																												
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																												
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																												
BASAL-CELL TUMOR																												
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																												
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA																												
SEBACEOUS ADENOMA																												
SEBACEOMA																												
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA																												
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																												
HEMANGIOMA																												
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE																												
SARCOMA, NOS																												
FIBROMA																												
FIBROSARCOMA																												
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																												
MYOSARCOMA																												
LIPOMA																												
LIPOSARCOMA																												
LEIOMYOSARCOMA, INVASIVE																												
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																												
NEUROFIBROMA																												
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																												
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																												
LUNGS AND BRONCHI																												
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																												
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOALAR ADENOMA																												
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOALAR CARCINOMA																												
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																												
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																												
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																												
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																												
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																												
TRACHEA																												
POLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASI																												
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																												
NASAL CAVITY																												
CARCINOMA, NOS																												
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																												
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																												
BONE MARROW																												
LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE																												
SPLEEN																												
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																												
HEMANGIOMA																												
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																												
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																												
LYMPH NODES																												
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																												
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																												
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																												
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, METASTAT																												
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																												
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																												
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																												
THYRUS																												
CARCINOMA, NOS																												
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																												
HEART																												
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																												
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																												
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																												
ORAL CAVITY																												
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																												
SALIVARY GLAND																												
SARCOMA, NOS																												
FIBROSARCOMA																												
LIVER																												
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																												
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																												
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																												
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																												
HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																												
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																												
BILE DUCT																												
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT																												
PANCREAS																												
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																												
MIXED TUMOR, BENIGN																												
ESOPHAGUS																												
STOMACH																												
CARCINOMA-IN-SITU, NOS																												
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																												
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																												
SARCOMA, NOS																												
SMALL INTESTINE																												
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																												
LARGE INTESTINE																												
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																												
LIPOMA																												
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																												
RECTUM																												
LEIOMYOSARCOMA, INVASIVE																												

TABLE A3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	WEEKS ON STUDY																												
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
URINARY SYSTEM																													
KIDNEY TUBULAR-CELL ADENOMA MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
URINARY BLADDER SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																													
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT SARCOMA	X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	X																												
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	X																												
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																													
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS PAPILLARY ADENOMA PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TESTES INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROSTATE ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA ADENOMA, NOS KERATOCANTHOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
EPIDIDYMIS MEADYHELIOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
NERVOUS SYSTEM																													
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ASTROCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																													
ZYMBAL'S GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																													
BONE LIPOSARCOMA LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
BODY CAVITIES																													
MEDIASTINUM ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CA, INVASIVE FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE HEPANGIOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PERITONEUM PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MESENTERY FIBROSARCOMA MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																													
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE HEPANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC MALIGNANT LYMPHOMA, NOS MALIG. LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE MONOCYCLIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SCROTUM NOS MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	X																												

TABLE A3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50																																																		
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6	6	7	7	8	8	9	9	10	10	11	11	12	12	13	13	14	14	15	15	16	16	17	17	18	18	19	19	20	20	21	21	22	22	23	23	24	24	25	25	26	26	27	27	28	28	29	29	30	30	31	31	32	32	33	33	34	34	35	35	36	36	37	37	38	38	39	39	40	40	41	41	42	42	43	43	44	44	45	45	46	46	47	47	48	48	49	49	50	50
URINARY SYSTEM																																																																																																				
KIDNEY TUBULAR-CELL ADENOMA MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	* * * * *																																																																																																			
URINARY BLADDER SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	* * * * *																																																																																																			
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																																																																																				
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	* * * * * X * * * * * X * * * * *																																																																																																			
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT GANGLIONEUROMA	* * * * * X * * * * * X * * * * * X * * * * *																																																																																																			
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	* * * * * X * * * * * X * * * * * X * * * * *																																																																																																			
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	* * * * * - - * * * * *																																																																																																			
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	* * * * * X * * * * *																																																																																																			
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																																																																																				
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS PAPILLARY ADENOMA PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	* * * * * N * * * * * X																																																																																																			
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT	* * * * * X * * * * * X * * * * *																																																																																																			
PROSTATE ADENOMA, NOS	* * * * * * * * * * *																																																																																																			
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA ADENOMA, NOS KERATOACANTHOMA	N * * * * * N * * * * *																																																																																																			
EPIDIDYMIIS MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	N * * * * * N * * * * *																																																																																																			
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																																																																																				
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ASTROCYTOMA	* * * * * X * * * * *																																																																																																			
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																																																																																				
ZYMBAL'S GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	* * * * * N * * * * *																																																																																																			
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																																																																																				
BONE LIPOSARCOMA LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE OSTEOSARCOMA	N * * * * * N * * * * *																																																																																																			
BODY CAVITIES																																																																																																				
MEDIASTINUM ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CA, INVASIVE FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE HEMANGIOSARCOMA	N * * * * * N * * * * *																																																																																																			
PERITONEUM PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	N * * * * * N * * * * *																																																																																																			
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT	* * * * * X * * * * *																																																																																																			
MESENTERY FIBROSARCOMA MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT	N * * * * * N * * * * *																																																																																																			
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																																																																																				
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC MALIGNANT LYMPHOMA, NOS MALIS LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE MALIS LYMPHOMA, LYMPHOBLASTIC TYPE MALIS LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	X * * * * * X * * * * * X * * * * *																																																																																																			
SCROTUM NOS MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	* * * * *																																																																																																			

TABLE A3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	Study Columns																												TOTAL TUMORS			
	Study Columns																															
URINARY SYSTEM																																
KIDNEY TUBULAR-CELL ADENOMA MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	246
URINARY BLADDER SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	247
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	247
ADRENAL CORRUGATED ADENOMA PHOENOCYTOBLASTIC CYTOMA PHOENOCYTOBLASTIC CYTOMA, MALIGNANT GANGLIONEUROMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	248
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	246
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	229
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	247
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS PAPILLARY ADENOMA PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	250
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	246	
PROSTATE ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	247
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA ADENOMA, NOS KERATOCANTHOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	250
EPIDIDYMIIS MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	250
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ASTROCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	248
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																
ZYMBAL'S GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	250
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																
BONE LIPOSARCOMA LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	250
BODY CAVITIES																																
MEDIASTINUM ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOALAR CA, INVASIVE FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE HEMANGIOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	250
PERITONEUM PHOENOCYTOBLASTIC CYTOMA, METASTATIC	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	250
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	250
MESENTERY FIBROSARCOMA MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	250
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC MALIGNANT LYMPHOMA, NOS MALIGNANT LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE MALIGNANT LYMPHOMA, LYMPHOBLASTIC TYPE MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	250
SCROTUM NOS MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	2

* ANIMALS NECROPSIED

TABLE A4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL

ANIMAL NUMBER	3	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
WEEKS ON STUDY	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																												
SKIN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																												
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																												
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																												
KERATOACANTHOMA																												
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIV																												
FIBROMA																												
FIBROSARCOMA									X																			
LIPOMA																												
LIPOSARCOMA																	X											
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																												
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTA																												
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOALAR CARCINOMA	X																											
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METAS																												
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NASAL CAVITY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA										X																		
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																												
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ANGIOMA																												
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
THYMUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																												
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SARCOMA, NOS																												X
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																												
ORAL CAVITY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIV																												
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
LIVER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																											X	
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA																												
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PANCREAS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																												
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																												
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA																	X											
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SMALL INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																	X											
LARGE INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																												
URINARY SYSTEM																												
KIDNEY	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
URINARY BLADDER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+

+: TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY	: NO TISSUE INFORMATION SUBMITTED
-: REQUIRED TISSUE NOT EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY	C: NECROPSY, NO HISTOLOGY DUE TO PROTOCOL
X: TUMOR INCIDENCE	A: AUTOLYSIS
N: NECROPSY, NO AUTOLYSIS, NO MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	M: ANIMAL MISSING
S: ANIMAL MIS-SEXED	B: NO NECROPSY PERFORMED

TABLE A4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	687	688	689	690	691	692	693	694	695	696	697	698	699	700	701	702	703	704	705	706	707	708	709	710
WEEKS ON STUDY	10	12	10	6	5	5	5	5	2	7	8	6	6	6	9	5	3	9	9	4	4	5	5	0
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																								
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS	X	X						X	X	X		X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA								X	X															X
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																								
C-CELL ADENOMA	X	X	X																					X
C-CELL CARCINOMA				X																				
PARATHYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																								
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																								X
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																								
MAMMARY GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS			X																					X
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS			X																					X
PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS																								
PAPILLARY CYSTADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																								
FIBROSARCOMA																								
FIBROADENOMA	X			X											X	X	X		X		X	X	X	X
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																								X
ADENOMA, NOS																								
UTERUS CARCINOMA-IN-SITU, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
CARCINOMA, NOS																								
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP						X			X						X						X			
CARCINOSARCOMA																								X
OVARY THECOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR																								X
NERVOUS SYSTEM																								
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	X ^a	X																						
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																								
ZYMBAL'S GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																								X
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																								
BONE OSTEOSARCOMA	N	+	N	+	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																								
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																								
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																								
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																								
SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																								
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																								
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																								
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	X												X	X	X		X		X	X			X	
CHEEK NOS																								
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																								X

^a: MULTIPLE OCCURENCE OF MORPHOLOGY

TABLE A4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
WEEKS ON STUDY	8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	7	4	3	2	3	3	8	7	8	3	2	2	4	9	1	2	3	2	4	5	3	2	3	4	2	3	4	3	4	3
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																														
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS																														
ADENOMA, NOS																														
GANGLIONEUROMA																														
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																														
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA																														
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA																														
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																														
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA																														
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																														
C-CELL ADENOMA																														
C-CELL CARCINOMA																														
CARCINOSARCOMA, INVASIVE																														
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS																														
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																														
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																														
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																														
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS																														
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																														
PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA																														
PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS																														
FIBROSARCOMA																														
FIBROADENOMA																														
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS																														
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																														
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																														
ADENOMA, NOS																														
KERATOCANTHOMA																														
VAGINA SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																														
UTERUS CARCINOMA-IN-SITU, NOS																														
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																														
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP																														
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																														
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA																														
OVARY GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR																														
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA																														
MESOTHELIOPLA, NOS																														
NERVOUS SYSTEM																														
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																														
ASTROCYTOMA																														
MENINGIOMA																														
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																														
ZYMBAL'S GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																														
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																														
CARCINOSARCOMA																														
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																														
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																														
OSTEOSARCOMA																														
BODY CAVITIES																														
PERITONEUM PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, INVASIVE																														
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																														
MULTIPLE SITES NOS																														
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																														
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS																														
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																														
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE																														
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																														
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																														
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																														
LEG NOS																														
OSTEOSARCOMA																														

TABLE A4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	WEEKS ON STUDY																			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																				
SKIN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																				
BASAL-CELL TUMOR																				
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA																				
KERATOACANTHOMA																				
FIBROSARCOMA																				
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FIBROMA																				
FIBROSARCOMA																				
LIPOMA																				
OSTEOSARCOMA																				
NEUROFIBROMA																				
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																				
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																				
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA																				
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																				
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																				
PNEUROMYOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																				
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																				
NASAL CAVITY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																				
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																				
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																				
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																				
THYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																				
TERATOMA, BENIGN																				
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE																				
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																				
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																				
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																				
ORAL CAVITY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																				
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																				
LIVER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																				
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																				
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																				
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PANCREAS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																				
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																				
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																				
SMALL INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP																				
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																				
LEIOMYOMA																				
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																				
LARGE INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																				
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																				
URINARY SYSTEM																				
KIDNEY	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TRANSITIONAL-CELL CARCINOMA																				
PNEUROMYOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																				
URINARY BLADDER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA																				

TABLE A4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	WEEKS ON STUDY																			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																				
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS																				
GANGLIONEUROMA																				
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																				
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA																				
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																				
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																				
C-CELL ADENOMA																				
C-CELL CARCINOMA																				
CARCINOSARCOMA, INVASIVE																				
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																				
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																				
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																				
PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA																				
PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS																				
FIBROSARCOMA																				
FIBROADENOMA																				
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																				
ADENOMA, NOS																				
KERATOCANTHOMA																				
VAGINA SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
UTERUS CARCINOMA-IN-SITU, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																				
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP																				
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																				
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA																				
OVARY GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA																				
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																				
NERVOUS SYSTEM																				
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ASTROCYTOMA																				
MEINGIOMA																				
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																				
ZYMBAL'S GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																				
CARCINOSARCOMA																				
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																				
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
OSTEOSARCOMA																				
BODY CAVITIES																				
PERITONEUM PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																				
MULTIPLE SITES NOS MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																				
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																				
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE																				
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																				
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																				
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																				
LEG NOS OSTEOSARCOMA																				

TABLE A4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																																																		
SKIN	.																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	.																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	.																																																	
BASAL-CELL TUMOR	.																																																	
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA	.																																																	
KERATOACANTHOMA	.																																																	
FIBROSARCOMA	.																																																	
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE																																																		
FIBROMA	.																																																	
FIBROSARCOMA	.																																																	
LIPOMA	.																																																	
OSTEOSARCOMA	.																																																	
NEUROFIBROMA	.																																																	
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																																																		
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	.																																																	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	.																																																	
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA	.																																																	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	.																																																	
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	.																																																	
PNEUMOCYSTOMA, METASTATIC	.																																																	
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	.																																																	
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	.																																																	
TRACHEA	.																																																	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	.																																																	
NASAL CAVITY	.																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	.																																																	
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																																																		
BONE MARROW	.																																																	
SPLEEN	.																																																	
Lymph nodes	.																																																	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	.																																																	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	.																																																	
THYROID	.																																																	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	.																																																	
TERATOMA, BENIGN	.																																																	
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE	.																																																	
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																																																		
HEART	.																																																	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	.																																																	
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																																																		
ORAL CAVITY	.																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	.																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	.																																																	
SALIVARY GLAND	.																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	.																																																	
LIVER	.																																																	
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	.																																																	
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	.																																																	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	.																																																	
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	.																																																	
BILE DUCT	.																																																	
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	.																																																	
PANCREAS	.																																																	
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	.																																																	
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	.																																																	
ESOPHAGUS	.																																																	
STOMACH	.																																																	
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	.																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	.																																																	
SMALL INTESTINE	.																																																	
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP	.																																																	
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA	.																																																	
LEIOMYOMA	.																																																	
LEIOMYOSARCOMA	.																																																	
LARGE INTESTINE	.																																																	
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	.																																																	
LEIOMYOSARCOMA	.																																																	
URINARY SYSTEM																																																		
KIDNEY	.																																																	
TRANSITIONAL-CELL CARCINOMA	.																																																	
PNEUMOCYSTOMA, METASTATIC	.																																																	
URINARY BLADDER	.																																																	
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA	.																																																	

TABLE A4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	4	7	10	14	18	22	26	30	34	38	42	46	50	54	58	62	66	70	74	78	82	86	90	94	98	102	106	110	114	118		
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																	
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMA, NOS	X																																
GANGLIONEUROMA																																	
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																																	
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PHOENOCYTOPLASMA	X	X	X																														
PHOENOCYTOPLASMA, MALIGNANT																																	
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																																	
C-CELL ADENOMA	X	X																															
C-CELL CARCINOMA																																	
CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																																	
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																																	
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																	
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	X																																
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																																	
PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA																																	
PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS																																	
FIBROSARCOMA	X	X	X																														
FIBROADENOMA																																	
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																	
ADENOMA, NOS																																	
KERATOCARCINOMA																																	
VAGINA SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
UTERUS CARCINOMA-IN-SITU, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																																	
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP																																	
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																																	
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA																																	
OVARY GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA																																	
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																																	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																	
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	X																																
ASTROCYTOMA																																	
MENINGIOMA																																	
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																	
ZYMBAL'S GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																	
CARCINOMA																																	
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																	
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
OSTEOSARCOMA																																	
BODY CAVITIES																																	
PERITONEUM PHOENOCYTOPLASMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																	
MULTIPLE SITES NOS																																	
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																																	
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																																	
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE																																	
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																																	
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	X	X	X																														
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																																	
LEO NOS																																	
OSTEOSARCOMA																																	

TABLE A4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
WEEKS ON STUDY	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																														
SKIN																														
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA																														
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																														
BASAL-CELL TUMOR																														
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA																														
KERATOCANTHOMA																														
FIBROSARCOMA																														
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE																														
FIBROMA																														
FIBROSARCOMA																														
LIPOMA																														
OSTEOSARCOMA																														
NEUROFIBROMA																														
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																														
LUNGS AND BRONCHI																														
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																														
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOGLAN CARCINOMA																														
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																														
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																														
PNEUMOCONIOSIS, METASTATIC																														
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																														
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																														
TRACHEA																														
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																														
NASAL CAVITY																														
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																														
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																														
BONE MARROW																														
SPLEEN																														
LYMPH NODES																														
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																														
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																														
THYRUS																														
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																														
TERATOMA, TESTIS																														
MALIG-LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE																														
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																														
HEART																														
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																														
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																														
ORAL CAVITY																														
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA																														
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																														
SALIVARY GLAND																														
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																														
LIVER																														
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																														
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																														
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																														
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																														
BILE DUCT																														
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT																														
PANCREAS																														
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																														
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																														
ESOPHAGUS																														
STOMACH																														
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																														
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																														
SMALL INTESTINE																														
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP																														
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																														
LEIOMYOMA																														
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																														
LARGE INTESTINE																														
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																														
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																														
URINARY SYSTEM																														
KIDNEY																														
TRANSITIONAL-CELL CARCINOMA																														
PNEUMOCONIOSIS, METASTATIC																														
URINARY BLADDER																														
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA																														

TABLE A4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	DAYS ON STUDY																												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																													
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS GANGLIOMATOSIS NEUROFIBROSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA CARCINOSARCOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																													
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS FIBROSARCOMA FIBROADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA ADENOMA, NOS KERATOCARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
VAGINA SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
UTERUS CARCINOMA-IN-SITU, NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
OVARY GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA MESOTHELIOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NERVOUS SYSTEM																													
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ASTROCYTOMA MENINGIOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																													
ZYMBAL'S GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA CARCINOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																													
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
BODY CAVITIES																													
PERITONEUM PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																													
MULTIPLE SITES NOS MALIG.LYMPHOMA, MISTYCYTIC TYPE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE MALIG.LYMPHOMA, MISTYCYTIC TYPE MYELOIDYCTIC LEUKEMIA MYELOIDYCTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
LEG NOS OSTEOSARCOMA																													

TABLE A4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6	6	7	7	8	8	9	9	10	10	11	11	12	12	13		
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																											
SKIN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
SCAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
SCAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA				X										X													
BASAL-CELL TUMOR																											
TRICHOPITHELIOMA																											
KERATOCANTHOMA																											
FIBROSARCOMA																											
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
FIBROMA																											
FIBROSARCOMA																X											
LIPOMA																	X										
OSTEOSARCOMA																											
NEUROFIBROMA																								X			
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																											
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																											
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA																	X										
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
PHENOCYCLOPHENONE, METASTATIC																											
CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																											
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																											
NASAL CAVITY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
SCAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																											
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																											
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																											
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
THYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																											
TERATOMA, BENIGN																											
MALIGNANT LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE																											
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																											
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																											
ORAL CAVITY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
SCAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA																											
SCAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																											
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
SCAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																											
LIVER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																											
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																											
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
PANCREAS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																											
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																											
SCAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																											
SMALL INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP																											
MUCINUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																											
LEIOMYOMA																											
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																											
LARGE INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																											
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																											
URINARY SYSTEM																											
KIDNEY	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
TRANSITIONAL-CELL CARCINOMA																											
PHENOCYCLOPHENONE, METASTATIC																											
URINARY BLADDER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA																											

TABLE A4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																															
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
ADENOMA, NOS	X	X	X	X				X			X	X			X	X	X														
GANGLIONEUROMA																															
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																															
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
PHOENOCYTOPLASMIC CELL CARCINOMA																															
PHOENOCYTOPLASMIC CELL CARCINOMA, MALIGNANT	X	X										X		X			X													X	
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																															
C-CELL ADENOMA																															
C-CELL CARCINOMA	X	X																													
CARCINOSARCOMA, INVASIVE																															
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	-	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																															
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																															
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																															
PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA																															
PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS																															
FIBROSARCOMA	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																															
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																															
ADENOMA, NOS	X																														
KERATOCANTHOMA																															
VAGINA SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
UTERUS CARCINOMA-IN-SITU, NOS	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																															
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP																															
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																															
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA	X	X																													
OVARY GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA																															
THECA-LUTEAL CELL CARCINOMA, NOS																															
NERVOUS SYSTEM																															
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
ASTROCYTOMA																															
MEINGIOMA																															
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																															
ZYMBAL'S GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																															
CARCINOMA																															
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																															
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
OSTEOSARCOMA																															
BODY CAVITIES																															
PERITONEUM PHOENOCYTOPLASMIC CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																															
MULTIPLE SITES NOS MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																															
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE																															
HYELOID CYTIC LEUKEMIA																															
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	X																														
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																															
LEO NOS																															
OSTEOSARCOMA																															

TABLE A4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	WEEKS ON STUDY																											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																												
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS																												
GANGLIONEUROMA																												
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																												
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA																												
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	X																											
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																												
C-CELL ADENOMA																												
C-CELL CARCINOMA																												
CARCINOSARCOMA, INVASIVE																												
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																												
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																												
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																												
PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA																												
PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS																												
FIBROSARCOMA																												
FIBROADENOMA	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																												
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																												
ADENOMA, NOS																												
KERATOCANTHOMA																												
VAGINA SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
UTERUS CARCINOMA-IN-SITU, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																												
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP																												
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																												
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA																												
OVARY GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA																												
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																												
NERVOUS SYSTEM																												
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ASTROCYTOMA																												
MENINGIOMA																												
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																												
ZYMBAL'S GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																												
CARCINOSARCOMA																												
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																												
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
OSTEOSARCOMA																												
BODY CAVITIES																												
PERITONEUM PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																												
MULTIPLE SITES NOS MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																												
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE																												
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																												
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
LEUKEMIA, NONNUCLEAR CELL																												
LES NOS OSTEOSARCOMA																												

TABLE A4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																															
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS																															
GAMMAGIOMATOSIS																															
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																															
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PHOENOCYTOPLASIA																															
PHOENOCYTOPLASIA, MALIGNANT	X	X																													
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																															
C-CELL ADENOMA																															
C-CELL CARCINOMA																															
CARCINOSARCOMA, INVASIVE																															
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																															
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																															
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																															
PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA																															
PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS																															
FIBROSARCOMA																															
FIBROADENOMA	X	X	X	X																											
PREPUITAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																															
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																															
ADENOMA, NOS																															
KERATOSACANTHOMA																															
VAGINA SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
UTERUS CARCINOMA-IN-SITU, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																															
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP																															
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																															
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INV																															
OVARY GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA																															
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																															
NERVOUS SYSTEM																															
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ASTROCYTOMA																															
MENINGIOMA																															
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																															
ZYPHAL'S GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																															
CARCINOSARCOMA																															
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																															
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
OSTEOSARCOMA																															
BODY CAVITIES																															
PERITONEUM PHOENOCYTOPLASIA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																															
MULTIPLE SITES NOS																															
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																															
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS																															
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																															
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE																															
MYELOID/BLASTIC LEUKEMIA																															
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	X																														
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																															
LEO NOS																															
OSTEOSARCOMA																															

TABLE A4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																											
SKIN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																											
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																					X						
BASAL-CELL TUMOR																											
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA																											
KERATOACANTHOMA																											
FIBROSARCOMA						X																					
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE																											
FIBROMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FIBROSARCOMA																											
LIPOMA																											
OSTEOSARCOMA																											
NEUROFIBROMA																											
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																											
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																											
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA																											
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
PNEUMOCYSTOMA, METASTATIC																											
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																											
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																											
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																											
NASAL CAVITY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																											
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																											
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																											
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
THYMUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																											
TENATOMA, BENIGN																											
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE																											
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																											
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																											
ORAL CAVITY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																											
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																											
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																											
LIVER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																											
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																											
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
PANCREAS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																											
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																											
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																											
SMALL INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP																											
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																											
LEIOMYOMA																											
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																								X			
LARGE INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																											
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																											
URINARY SYSTEM																											
KIDNEY	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
TRANSITIONAL-CELL CARCINOMA																											
PNEUMOCYSTOMA, METASTATIC																											
URINARY BLADDER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA																											

TABLE A4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																									
PITUITARY																																									
CARCINOMA, NOS																																									
ADENOMA, NOS																																									
GANGLIOMA																																									
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																																									
ADRENAL																																									
CORTICAL ADENOMA																																									
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA																																									
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																																									
THYROID																																									
FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA																																									
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																																									
G-CELL ADENOMA																																									
G-CELL CARCINOMA																																									
G-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																																									
PARATHYROID																																									
ADENOMA, NOS																																									
PANCREATIC ISLETS																																									
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																																									
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																																									
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																									
MAMMARY GLAND																																									
ADENOMA, NOS																																									
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																																									
PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA																																									
PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS																																									
FIBROSARCOMA																																									
FIBROADENOMA																																									
PROLACTIN/CLITORAL GLAND																																									
CARCINOMA, NOS																																									
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																									
ADENOMA, NOS																																									
KERATOACANTHOMA																																									
VAGINA																																									
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																																									
UTERUS																																									
CARCINOMA-IN-SITU, NOS																																									
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																																									
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP																																									
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																																									
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA																																									
OVARY																																									
GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR																																									
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA																																									
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																																									
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																									
BRAIN																																									
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																																									
ASTROCYTOMA																																									
MENINGIOMA																																									
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																									
ZYMBAL'S GLAND																																									
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																									
CARCINOSARCOMA																																									
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																									
BONE																																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																																									
OSTEOSARCOMA																																									
BODY CAVITIES																																									
PERITONEUM																																									
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, INVASIVE																																									
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																									
MULTIPLE SITES NOS																																									
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																																									
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS																																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																																									
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE																																									
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																																									
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																																									
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																																									
LEG NOS																																									
OSTEOSARCOMA																																									

TABLE A4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

	ANIMAL NUMBER		WEEKS ON STUDY																				TOTAL TISSUES TUMORS		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22			
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																									
SKIN	+																				250				
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+																				4				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																				9				
BASAL-CELL TUMOR	+																				1				
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA	+																				1				
KERATOACANTHOMA	+																				2				
FIBROSARCOMA	+																				1				
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+																				250				
FIBROMA	+																				3				
FIBROSARCOMA	+																				1				
LIPOMA	+																				1				
OSTEOSARCOMA	+																				1				
NEUROFIBROMA	+																				1				
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																									
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+																				249				
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																				2				
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA	+																				1				
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																				3				
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																				1				
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	+																				1				
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																				1				
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																				1				
TRACHEA	+																				245				
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	+																				1				
NASAL CAVITY	+																				250				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	+																				1				
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																									
BONE MARROW	+																				241				
SPLEEN	+																				249				
LYMPH NODES	+																				249				
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																				2				
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																				2				
THYRUS	-																				190				
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	-																				2				
TERATOMA, BENIGN	-																				1				
HAIRY LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE	-																				1				
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																									
HEART	+																				245				
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																				1				
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																									
ORAL CAVITY	+																				250				
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+																				1				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																				2				
SALIVARY GLAND	+																				243				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	+																				1				
LIVER	+																				244				
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																				1				
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	+																				5				
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																				1				
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																				1				
BILE DUCT	+																				244				
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	+																				250				
PANCREAS	+																				245				
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	+																				1				
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																				1				
ESOPHAGUS	+																				244				
STOMACH	+																				249				
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																				1				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																				1				
SMALL INTESTINE	+																				244				
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP	+																				1				
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA	+																				1				
LEIOMYOMA	+																				1				
LEIOMYOSARCOMA	+																				2				
LARGE INTESTINE	+																				244				
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+																				3				
LEIOMYOSARCOMA	+																				1				
URINARY SYSTEM																									
KIDNEY	+																				249				
TRANSITIONAL-CELL CARCINOMA	+																				1				
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	+																				1				
URINARY BLADDER	-																				242				
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA	-																				1				

TABLE A4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	
TOTAL TISSUES																																																																																																					
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																																																																																					
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+																																																																																																				244
ADENOMA, NOS	+																																																																																																				13
GANGLIONEUROMA	+																																																																																																				101
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA	+																																																																																																				1
ADRENAL																																																																																																					
CORTICAL ADENOMA	+																																																																																																				245
PHENOCROMOCYTOMA	+																																																																																																				38
PHENOCROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	+																																																																																																				
THYROID																																																																																																					
FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+																																																																																																				244
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA	+																																																																																																				4
C-CELL ADENOMA	+																																																																																																				8
C-CELL CARCINOMA	+																																																																																																				20
CARCINOSARCOMA, INVASIVE	+																																																																																																				21
PARATHYROID																																																																																																					
ADENOMA, NOS	+																																																																																																				222
PANCREATIC ISLETS																																																																																																					
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA	+																																																																																																				245
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+																																																																																																				3
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																																																																																					
MAMMARY GLAND																																																																																																					
ADENOMA, NOS	+																																																																																																				250H
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	+																																																																																																				14
PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA	+																																																																																																				19
PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS	+																																																																																																				1
FIBROSARCOMA	+																																																																																																				3
FIBROADENOMA	+																																																																																																				102
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND																																																																																																					
CARCINOMA, NOS	+																																																																																																				250H
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+																																																																																																				4
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																																																																																																				1
ADENOMA, NOS	+																																																																																																				9
KERATOACANTHOMA	+																																																																																																				6
VAGINA																																																																																																					
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+																																																																																																				250H
UTERUS																																																																																																					
CARCINOMA-IN-SITU, NOS	+																																																																																																				245
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	+																																																																																																				1
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP	+																																																																																																				34
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA	+																																																																																																				4
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA	+																																																																																																				2
OVARY																																																																																																					
GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+																																																																																																				245
GRANULOSA-CELL CARCINOMA	+																																																																																																				3
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS	+																																																																																																				2
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																																																																																					
BRAIN																																																																																																					
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+																																																																																																				245
ASTROCYTOMA	+																																																																																																				11
MEINGIOMA	+																																																																																																				4
	+																																																																																																				2
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																																																																																					
ZYMBAL'S GLAND																																																																																																					
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+																																																																																																				250H
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																																																																																																				1
CARCINOSARCOMA	+																																																																																																				1
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																																																																																					
BONE																																																																																																					
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	+																																																																																																				250H
OSTEOSARCOMA	+																																																																																																				1
	+																																																																																																				2
BODY CAVITIES																																																																																																					
PERITONEUM																																																																																																					
PHENOCROMOCYTOMA, INVASIVE	+																																																																																																				250H
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																																																																																					
MULTIPLE SITES NOS																																																																																																					
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE	+																																																																																																				1
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS																																																																																																					
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	+																																																																																																				250H
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE	+																																																																																																				1
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	+																																																																																																				1
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	+																																																																																																				99
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	+																																																																																																				1
LEG NOS																																																																																																					
OSTEOSARCOMA	+																																																																																																				1

H ANIMALS NECROPSIED

APPENDIX B

SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

TABLE B1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
ANIMALS INITIALLY IN STUDY	88	125	250	175	100
ANIMALS NECROPSIED	88	125	250	175	100
ANIMALS EXAMINED HISTOPATHOLOGICALLY	85	125	250	175	100
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM					
*HEAD	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT					1 (1%)
*AXILLA	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT				1 (1%)	
*SKIN	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
PAPILLOMA, NOS	5 (6%)				
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA		2 (2%)	8 (3%)	4 (2%)	3 (3%)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA		2 (2%)	3 (1%)	3 (2%)	1 (1%)
BASAL-CELL TUMOR			2 (1%)	2 (1%)	
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA	2 (2%)		1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA		4 (3%)			
SEBACEOUS ADENOMA			2 (1%)	1 (1%)	
SEBACEOUS ADENOCARCINOMA			1 (0%)		
KERATOACANTHOMA	1 (1%)	6 (5%)	†19 (8%)	11 (6%)	7 (7%)
FIBROMA					1 (1%)
FIBROSARCOMA			1 (0%)		
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA				1 (1%)	
*SUBCUT TISSUE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CARCINOMA, NOS			1 (0%)		
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	3 (3%)	1 (1%)	1 (0%)	1 (1%)	2 (2%)
BASAL-CELL TUMOR	1 (1%)				
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA		1 (1%)		1 (1%)	1 (1%)
KERATOACANTHOMA					1 (1%)
SARCOMA, NOS	1 (1%)	2 (2%)	3 (1%)	2 (1%)	5 (5%)
FIBROMA	17 (19%)	13 (10%)	51 (20%)	15 (9%)	11 (11%)
FIBROSARCOMA	7 (8%)	3 (2%)	5 (2%)	2 (1%)	1 (1%)
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT			2 (1%)	2 (1%)	
LIPOMA		1 (1%)	1 (0%)	2 (1%)	
RHABDOMYOSARCOMA				1 (1%)	1 (1%)
OSTEOSARCOMA			2 (1%)		1 (1%)
AMELOBLASTIC ODONTOMA				1 (1%)	
NEUROFIBROMA					1 (1%)
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA			1 (0%)		
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM					
*NASAL CAVITY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ADENOMA, NOS		1 (1%)			
*NASAL TURBINATE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE				1 (1%)	
ADENOMA, NOS		1 (1%)			
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS				1 (1%)	
#TRACHEA	(85)	(124)	(250)	(175)	(99)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE				1 (1%)	
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	1 (1%)				

TABLE B1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM (Continued)					
#LUNG	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	1 (1%)				1 (1%)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	2 (2%)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC		1 (1%)	2 (1%)		
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA		1 (1%)	4 (2%)	1 (1%)	
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA	2 (2%)		1 (0%)		
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	1 (1%)	1 (1%)			
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	1 (1%)	-	4 (2%)		
SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC				2 (1%)	
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC			1 (0%)		
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC			1 (0%)		
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS			1 (0%)		
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC		1 (1%)	1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
MENINGIOMA, METASTATIC			1 (0%)		
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM					
*MULTIPLE ORGANS	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIO- CYTIC TYPE	1 (1%)	2 (2%)	1 (0%)	2 (1%)	3 (3%)
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA			3 (1%)	2 (1%)	
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	28 (32%)	40 (32%)	90 (36%)	65 (37%)	36 (36%)
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	3 (3%)	2 (2%)	1 (0%)	2 (1%)	
#SPLEEN	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, METASTATIC			1 (0%)		
SARCOMA, NOS			1 (0%)		
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIO- CYTIC TYPE		1 (1%)			
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA			2 (1%)	2 (1%)	
#MANDIBULAR L. NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE				1 (1%)	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		1 (1%)			
SARCOMA, NOS		1 (1%)			
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE			1 (0%)		
#CERVICAL LYMPH NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC					1 (1%)
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE			1 (0%)		

TABLE B1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM (Continued)					
#MEDIASTINAL L. NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC			1 (0%)		
SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC			1 (0%)		
#MESENTERIC L. NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA, METASTATIC				3 (2%)	
#ILEOCOLIC LYMPH NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		1 (1%)		4 (2%)	
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		1 (1%)			
#LIVER	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIO- CYTIC TYPE		1 (1%)			
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA					1 (1%)
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM					
#SPLEEN	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
HEMANGIOSARCOMA			3 (1%)		
#LUNG	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC		1 (1%)			
#HEART	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	1 (1%)		1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
#LIVER	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HEMANGIOSARCOMA		2 (2%)			
#ASCENDING COLON	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HEMANGIOSARCOMA	1 (1%)				
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM					
*MOUTH/ORAL CAVITY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA			1 (0%)		
*HARD PALATE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA KERATOACANTHOMA			1 (0%)		1 (1%)
*TONGUE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
#SALIVARY GLAND	(84)	(124)	(247)	(173)	(98)
CARCINOMA, NOS				2 (1%)	
SARCOMA, NOS		5 (4%)	3 (1%)	1 (1%)	
FIBROSARCOMA	3 (4%)		2 (1%)		
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		
#PAROTID GLAND	(84)	(124)	(247)	(173)	(98)
SARCOMA, NOS		1 (1%)			
#LIVER	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	6 (7%)	12 (10%)	13 (5%)	10 (6%)	5 (5%)
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	2 (2%)	17 (14%)	7 (3%)	20 (11%)	1 (1%)
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC					
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
LIPOMA				1 (1%)	
LIPOSARCOMA				2 (1%)	
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC			1 (0%)		

TABLE B1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM (Continued)					
#PANCREAS	(85)	(124)	(249)	(174)	(99)
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	3 (4%)	7 (6%)	23 (9%)	14 (8%)	9 (9%)
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA	1 (1%)		2 (1%)		
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC					1 (1%)
#PANCREATIC DUCT	(85)	(124)	(249)	(174)	(99)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS		1 (1%)			
#ESOPHAGUS	(83)	(125)	(250)	(174)	(98)
FIBROSARCOMA					1 (1%)
#STOMACH	(85)	(124)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS			1 (0%)		
#GASTRIC SEROSA	(85)	(124)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC					1 (1%)
#SMALL INTESTINE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LEIOMYOSARCOMA					1 (1%)
#DUODENUM	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS				1 (1%)	
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS			1 (0%)		
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
LEIOMYOMA			1 (0%)		
#JEJUNUM	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS				1 (1%)	
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA				1 (1%)	
LEIOMYOSARCOMA			2 (1%)		
#ILEUM	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LEIOMYOMA	1 (1%)				1 (1%)
#COLONIC SEROSA	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
#CECUM	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS		1 (1%)			
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS				1 (1%)	
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA		4 (3%)		4 (2%)	
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
#ASCENDING COLON	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS				1 (1%)	
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS		3 (2%)	2 (1%)	3 (2%)	
ADENOCARCINOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP				1 (1%)	
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA		3 (2%)		11 (6%)	
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CRCINOMA, METASTATIC		1 (1%)			
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA		1 (1%)			
#TRANSVERSE COLON	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS		1 (1%)			
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS		4 (3%)		6 (3%)	
LEIOMYOSARCOMA					1 (1%)
#DESCENDING COLON	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS		24 (19%)	7 (3%)	37 (21%)	2 (2%)
ADENOCARCINOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP				2 (1%)	
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA				4 (2%)	
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA				1 (1%)	

TABLE B1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM (Continued)					
*ANUS	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS		1 (1%)			
URINARY SYSTEM					
#KIDNEY	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
TUBULAR-CELL ADENO- CARCINOMA		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
TUBULAR ADENOCARCINOMA			1 (0%)		
LIPOMA			1 (0%)		
LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE			1 (0%)		
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
#RIGHT KIDNEY	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT		1 (1%)			
*RIGHT URETER	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT		1 (1%)			
#URINARY BLADDER	(84)	(124)	(249)	(174)	(98)
PAPILLOMA, NOS		1 (1%)			
TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA		1 (1%)	1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
TRANSITIONAL-CELL CARCINOMA			1 (0%)		
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM					
#PITUITARY	(85)	(124)	(246)	(175)	(100)
CARCINOMA, NOS	4 (5%)	3 (2%)	3 (1%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
ADENOMA, NOS	14 (16%)	12 (10%)	49 (20%)	16 (9%)	18 (18%)
#ADRENAL	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CORTICAL ADENOMA			4 (2%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
CORTICAL CARCINOMA	2 (2%)				
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	14 (16%)	20 (16%)	57 (23%)	31 (18%)	30 (30%)
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	1 (1%)		4 (2%)		
#ADRENAL MEDULLA	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	2 (2%)		2 (1%)	3 (2%)	2 (2%)
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT			1 (0%)		
#THYROID	(84)	(124)	(250)	(175)	(99)
FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	12 (5%)	14 (8%)	3 (3%)
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA	5 (6%)	8 (6%)	13 (5%)	14 (8%)	2 (2%)
C-CELL ADENOMA	13 (15%)	11 (9%)	29 (12%)	18 (10%)	9 (9%)
C-CELL CARCINOMA	19 (23%)	15 (12%)	38 (15%)	21 (12%)	23 (23%)
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE			1 (0%)		
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	1 (1%)				
#PARATHYROID	(78)	(119)	(243)	(166)	(93)
ADENOMA, NOS	3 (4%)	1 (1%)	4 (2%)		
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		
#PANCREATIC ISLETS	(85)	(124)	(249)	(174)	(99)
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA	5 (6%)	1 (1%)	6 (2%)	5 (3%)	5 (5%)
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	3 (4%)	6 (5%)	17 (7%)	4 (2%)	6 (6%)
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM					
*MAMMARY GLAND	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ADENOMA, NOS	1 (1%)	3 (2%)	6 (2%)		1 (1%)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
FIBROMA			1 (0%)		
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, INVASIVE				1 (1%)	
CARCINOSARCOMA			1 (0%)		
FIBROADENOMA	3 (3%)	1 (1%)	16 (6%)	4 (2%)	7 (7%)

TABLE B1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM (Continued)					
*PREPUCE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA			1 (0%)		
*PREPUTIAL GLAND	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CARCINOMA, NOS	2 (2%)	6 (5%)	10 (4%)	9 (5%)	3 (3%)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
ADENOMA, NOS	1 (1%)				
#PROSTATE	(85)	(125)	(249)	(174)	(99)
CARCINOMA, NOS			2 (1%)		
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA					1 (1%)
ADENOMA, NOS		1 (1%)	3 (1%)	2 (1%)	
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS	1 (1%)				
*SEMINAL VESICLE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE					1 (1%)
#TESTIS	(84)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	79 (94%)	112 (90%)	237 (95%)	160 (91%)	89 (89%)
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
*EPIDIDYMIS	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LIPOSARCOMA			1 (0%)		
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS				1 (1%)	
*SCROTUM	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
FIBROMA		1 (1%)			
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT			2 (1%)		
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC		1 (1%)			
NERVOUS SYSTEM					
#CEREBRUM	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE		1 (1%)			
ASTROCYTOMA	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		1 (1%)
#BRAIN	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	2 (2%)		1 (0%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
OSTEOMA				1 (1%)	
GRANULAR-CELL TUMOR, NOS				1 (1%)	
ASTROCYTOMA			2 (1%)	1 (1%)	
MENINGIOMA			1 (0%)		
#CEREBELLUM	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
GRANULAR-CELL TUMOR, NOS					1 (1%)
*SPINAL CORD	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
NEURILEMOMA, MALIGNANT		1 (1%)			
*PARA AORTIC BODY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
PARAGANGLIOMA, NOS			2 (1%)		
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS					
*EYE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE				1 (1%)	
SARCOMA, NOS				1 (1%)	
*EYE/IRIS	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MALIGNANT MELANOMA			1 (0%)		
*HARDERIAN GLAND	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE			1 (0%)		
*EAR	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
FIBROSARCOMA		1 (1%)			

TABLE B1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS (Continued)					
*ZYMBAL GLAND	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CARCINOMA, NOS	1 (1%)	3 (2%)	2 (1%)	2 (1%)	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA		1 (1%)		3 (2%)	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	1 (1%)	15 (12%)	8 (3%)	22 (13%)	3 (3%)
KERATOACANTHOMA			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
CARCINOSARCOMA			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM					
*MANDIBLE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA			1 (0%)		
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA					2 (2%)
*VERTEBRA	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
OSTEOSARCOMA	1 (1%)				
*STERNUM	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
OSTEOSARCOMA				1 (1%)	
*RIB	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SARCOMA, NOS					1 (1%)
OSTEOSARCOMA	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		
*INTERCHONDRAL JOINT	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
OSTEOSARCOMA			1 (0%)		
*MUSCLE OF LEG	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
RHABDOMYOSARCOMA					1 (1%)
BODY CAVITIES					
*THORACIC CAVITY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA			1 (0%)		
*MEDIASTINUM	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS,					
METASTATIC			1 (0%)		
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS			1 (0%)		
*ABDOMINAL CAVITY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LIPOSARCOMA			1 (0%)		
OSTEOSARCOMA					1 (1%)
CHONDROMA					1 (1%)
*PERITONEUM	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	1 (1%)				
*PLEURA	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS,					
METASTATIC			1 (0%)		
*MESENTERY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA,					
METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
SARCOMA, NOS		1 (1%)			
FIBROSARCOMA			1 (0%)		
LIPOMA			1 (0%)		
MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	1 (1%)				
*TUNICA VAGINALIS	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS	2 (2%)	1 (1%)	1 (0%)	3 (2%)	1 (1%)
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS					
*MULTIPLE ORGANS	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS,					
INVASIVE		1 (1%)			
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS,					
METASTATIC		1 (1%)		2 (1%)	
C-CELL CARCINOMA,					
METASTATIC	1 (1%)				

TABLE B1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS					
*MULTIPLE ORGANS (Continued)	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC		3 (2%)		3 (2%)	
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC				2 (1%)	
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	1 (1%)			1 (1%)	
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE			1 (0%)		
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC			1 (0%)		
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC			1 (0%)		
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT	2 (2%)	5 (4%)	13 (5%)	4 (2%)	5 (5%)
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT			1 (0%)		
MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	1 (1%)				
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC		4 (3%)	13 (5%)	3 (2%)	4 (4%)
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	1 (1%)		2 (1%)		3 (3%)
HEAD					
SARCOMA, NOS			1		
ORBITAL REGION					
OSTEOSARCOMA					1
BACK					
RHABDOMYOSARCOMA			1		
LUMBAR REGION					
CHONDROSARCOMA			1		
COCCYGEAL REGION					
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA				1	
BASE OF TAIL					
RHABDOMYOSARCOMA		1			
AXILLA					
FIBROMA					1
LOWER LEG					
OSTEOSARCOMA			1		
ADIPOSE TISSUE					
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA, METASTATIC				1	
MIXED MESENCHYMAL TUMOR, MALIGNANT			1		
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC				1	
ANIMAL DISPOSITION SUMMARY					
ANIMALS INITIALLY IN STUDY	88	125	250	175	100
NATURAL DEATH	21	21	29	25	16
MORIBUND SACRIFICE	60	86	191	134	73
TERMINAL SACRIFICE	7	18	29	16	11
ACCIDENTALLY KILLED, NDA			1		

TABLE B1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
TUMOR SUMMARY					
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH PRIMARY TUMORS**	85	122	246	173	95
TOTAL PRIMARY TUMORS	272	411	857	603	320
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH BENIGN TUMORS	80	117	242	163	91
TOTAL BENIGN TUMORS	164	236	555	361	205
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH MALIGNANT TUMORS	65	98	192	145	77
TOTAL MALIGNANT TUMORS	99	162	284	227	108
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH SECONDARY TUMORS##	13	19	39	31	13
TOTAL SECONDARY TUMORS	15	20	47	42	14
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH TUMORS UNCERTAIN--BENIGN OR MALIGNANT	9	12	17	13	7
TOTAL UNCERTAIN TUMORS	9	13	18	15	7

* NUMBER OF ANIMALS NECROPSIED

** PRIMARY TUMORS: ALL TUMORS EXCEPT SECONDARY TUMORS

NUMBER OF ANIMALS WITH TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY

SECONDARY TUMORS: METASTATIC TUMORS OR TUMORS INVASIVE INTO AN ADJACENT ORGAN

† MULTIPLE OCCURRENCE OF MORPHOLOGY IN THE SAME ORGAN. TISSUE IS ONLY COUNTED ONCE.

TABLE B2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
ANIMALS INITIALLY IN STUDY	88	125	250	175	100
ANIMALS NECROPSIED	88	125	250	175	100
ANIMALS EXAMINED HISTOPATHOLOGICALLY	87	125	250	175	100
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM					
*SKIN	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	3 (3%)		5 (2%)		
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA			1 (0%)		
BASAL-CELL TUMOR		1 (1%)		1 (1%)	
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA			2 (1%)	1 (1%)	
KERATOACANTHOMA	1 (1%)		1 (0%)	2 (1%)	
*SUBCUT TISSUE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CARCINOMA, NOS				1 (1%)	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	1 (1%)		3 (1%)		
KERATOACANTHOMA				1 (1%)	
SARCOMA, NOS	1 (1%)				1 (1%)
FIBROMA	5 (6%)	2 (2%)	9 (4%)	1 (1%)	3 (3%)
FIBROSARCOMA	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	4 (2%)	1 (1%)	
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	2 (2%)				
LIPOMA			1 (0%)		
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM					
*NOSE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA				1 (1%)	
*LARYNX	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE			1 (0%)		
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE			1 (0%)		
#LUNG	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC			2 (1%)		
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA		1 (1%)	2 (1%)	1 (1%)	3 (3%)
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		1 (1%)
PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA, METASTATIC					1 (1%)
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC			1 (0%)		
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC			4 (2%)		1 (1%)
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	2 (2%)			1 (1%)	2 (2%)
SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	1 (1%)				
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	1 (1%)				
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC				5 (3%)	

TABLE B2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM					
*MULTIPLE ORGANS	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE				2 (1%)	
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA			2 (1%)	1 (1%)	
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	33 (38%)	66 (53%)	76 (30%)	88 (50%)	26 (26%)
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	1 (1%)	4 (3%)	4 (2%)	4 (2%)	3 (3%)
#MANDIBULAR L. NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTA			3 (1%)		
#CERVICAL LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METAS			1 (0%)		
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC			2 (1%)		
#MEDIASTINAL L. NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		1 (1%)
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
#CELIAC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
#MESENTERIC L. NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE			1 (0%)		
#ILEOCOLIC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		3 (2%)			
#AXILLARY LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC			1 (0%)		
#LIVER	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE			1 (0%)		
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM					
#SPLEEN	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
HEMANGIOSARCOMA	1 (1%)				
#LUNG	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
#HEART	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC			1 (0%)		
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
NEURILEMOMA				1 (1%)	
#MYOCARDIUM	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC					1 (1%)
#LIVER	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
HEMANGIOSARCOMA				1 (1%)	
#PERIPANCREATIC TISSUE	(87)	(124)	(249)	(175)	(99)
HEMANGIOSARCOMA	1 (1%)				

TABLE B2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM					
*MOUTH	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA			1 (0%)		
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE		1 (1%)			
*HARD PALATE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA			1 (0%)		
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA					1 (1%)
*TONGUE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	1 (1%)	1 (1%)			1 (1%)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA		1 (1%)			
#SALIVARY GLAND	(87)	(122)	(248)	(173)	(99)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS			1 (0%)		
SARCOMA, NOS					1 (1%)
#LIVER	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	1 (1%)				
BILE DUCT ADENOMA				1 (1%)	
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	3 (3%)	12 (10%)	4 (2%)	21 (12%)	1 (1%)
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	1 (1%)	12 (10%)	2 (1%)	19 (11%)	
CORTICAL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC			1 (0%)		
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
#HEPATIC CAPSULE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
#PANCREAS	(87)	(124)	(249)	(175)	(99)
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	2 (2%)	1 (1%)	4 (2%)		2 (2%)
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA			1 (0%)		
MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE				1 (1%)	
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
#STOMACH	(87)	(124)	(250)	(174)	(99)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA					1 (1%)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	1 (1%)				1 (1%)
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS			1 (0%)		
CARCINOID TUMOR, NOS			2 (1%)		
LEIOMYOSARCOMA			1 (0%)		
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, METASTATIC			1 (0%)		
#SMALL INTESTINE	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA				1 (1%)	
#DUODENUM	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA		2 (2%)		2 (1%)	
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA				2 (1%)	
LEIOMYOMA	1 (1%)				
#JEJUNUM	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS				1 (1%)	
#ILEUM	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
ADENOCARCINOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP				1 (1%)	
#COLON	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS		2 (2%)		1 (1%)	
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA				1 (1%)	
#COLONIC SEROSA	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC		1 (1%)			

TABLE B2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM					
#CECUM	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS		1 (1%)			
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS				3 (2%)	
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA		8 (6%)		8 (5%)	
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA		1 (1%)			
#ASCENDING COLON	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS				3 (2%)	
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS		2 (2%)		6 (3%)	
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA		5 (4%)		6 (3%)	
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA		1 (1%)		2 (1%)	
LEIOMYOMA					1 (1%)
LEIOMYOSARCOMA		1 (1%)			
#TRANSVERSE COLON	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS		9 (7%)		8 (5%)	
ADENOCARCINOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP				4 (2%)	
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA				1 (1%)	
#DESCENDING COLON	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS		24 (19%)	1 (0%)	30 (17%)	
ADENOCARCINOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP		2 (2%)		2 (1%)	
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA		1 (1%)			
LEIOMYOMA			1 (0%)		
URINARY SYSTEM					
#KIDNEY	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
CARCINOMA, NOS			1 (0%)		
TUBULAR-CELL ADENO- CARCINOMA	1 (1%)				1 (1%)
LIPOMA	1 (1%)				
LIPOSARCOMA			1 (0%)		
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT CARCINOSARCOMA		13 (10%) 1 (1%)		34 (19%)	
#URINARY BLADDER	(85)	(125)	(247)	(175)	(98)
TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILOMA			1 (0%)		2 (2%)
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM					
#PITUITARY	(87)	(124)	(249)	(173)	(100)
CARCINOMA, NOS	4 (5%)	1 (1%)	14 (6%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
ADENOMA, NOS	49 (56%)	31 (25%)	103 (41%)	51 (29%)	50 (50%)
#PITUITARY INTERMEDIATE ADENOMA, NOS	(87)	(124)	(249)	(173)	(100)
ADENOMA, NOS		1 (1%)			
#ADRENAL	(87)	(124)	(249)	(175)	(99)
CORTICAL ADENOMA	4 (5%)	1 (1%)	10 (4%)	6 (3%)	5 (5%)
CORTICAL CARCINOMA			5 (2%)	1 (1%)	
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	8 (9%)	6 (5%)	23 (9%)	8 (5%)	11 (11%)
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	2 (2%)			1 (1%)	2 (2%)
GANGLIONEUROMA					1 (1%)
#ADRENAL MEDULLA	(87)	(124)	(249)	(175)	(99)
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA			2 (1%)		
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT		1 (1%)			

TABLE B2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM (Continued)					
#THYROID	(87)	(124)	(248)	(174)	(100)
FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	6 (7%)	7 (6%)	13 (5%)	9 (5%)	6 (6%)
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA	1 (1%)	5 (4%)	14 (6%)	7 (4%)	7 (7%)
C-CELL ADENOMA	11 (13%)	9 (7%)	26 (10%)	18 (10%)	20 (20%)
C-CELL CARCINOMA	11 (13%)	9 (7%)	41 (17%)	12 (7%)	12 (12%)
#PARATHYROID	(73)	(119)	(235)	(164)	(97)
ADENOMA, NOS			1 (0%)		1 (1%)
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE			3 (1%)		
#PANCREATIC ISLETS	(87)	(124)	(249)	(175)	(99)
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA	2 (2%)	1 (1%)	6 (2%)	1 (1%)	4 (4%)
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	4 (5%)	1 (1%)	7 (3%)	1 (1%)	3 (3%)
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM					
*MAMMARY GLAND	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CARCINOMA, NOS	1 (1%)		3 (1%)		1 (1%)
ADENOMA, NOS	6 (7%)	2 (2%)	21 (8%)	5 (3%)	11 (11%)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	5 (6%)		9 (4%)	1 (1%)	4 (4%)
FIBROADENOMA	49 (56%)	36 (29%)	128 (51%)	41 (23%)	58 (58%)
CHONDROMA					1 (1%)
*VULVA	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE			1 (0%)		
*CLITORAL GLAND	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CARCINOMA, NOS		5 (4%)	16 (6%)	4 (2%)	4 (4%)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	1 (1%)		2 (1%)		
*VAGINA	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
FIBROMA		1 (1%)			
FIBROSARCOMA			1 (0%)		
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP					1 (1%)
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA			2 (1%)		
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVASIVE				1 (1%)	
#UTERUS	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA					1 (1%)
PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS					1 (1%)
LEIOMYOMA	2 (2%)		1 (0%)		
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP	13 (15%)	7 (6%)	22 (9%)	15 (9%)	10 (10%)
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA	1 (1%)	2 (2%)	2 (1%)	2 (1%)	1 (1%)
#CERVIX UTERI	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
FIBROMA			1 (0%)		
LEIOMYOSARCOMA				1 (1%)	
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP	1 (1%)				1 (1%)
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA			3 (1%)	1 (1%)	
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVASIVE				1 (1%)	1 (1%)
#UTERUS/ENDOMETRIUM	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
CARCINOMA, NOS			1 (0%)		
PAPILLARY CARCINOMA				1 (1%)	
ADENOMA, NOS			1 (0%)	4 (2%)	
PAPILLARY ADENOMA				1 (1%)	
#OVARY	(87)	(125)	(249)	(174)	(99)
PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA			1 (0%)		
THECOMA	1 (1%)				
GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	1 (1%)		4 (2%)	1 (1%)	2 (2%)
NERVOUS SYSTEM					
#CEREBRUM	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ASTROCYTOMA	1 (1%)				

TABLE B2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
NERVOUS SYSTEM (Continued)					
*BRAIN	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	4 (5%)	1 (1%)	13 (5%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
GRANULAR-CELL TUMOR, NOS					1 (1%)
GLIOMA, NOS					1 (1%)
ASTROCYTOMA	1 (1%)		5 (2%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
*SPINAL CORD	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
OLIGODENDROGLIOMA			1 (0%)		
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS					
*EYE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
FIBROMA			1 (0%)		
*EYELID	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	1 (1%)				
*EAR	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA				1 (1%)	
*ZYMBAL GLAND	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA		1 (1%)		2 (1%)	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	1 (1%)	14 (11%)	7 (3%)	26 (15%)	2 (2%)
ADENOMA, NOS				1 (1%)	
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE					1 (1%)
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM					
*MAXILLA	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA			1 (0%)		
*FEMUR	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
OSTEOSARCOMA	1 (1%)				
*SKELETAL MUSCLE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
RHABDOMYOSARCOMA					1 (1%)
*ABDOMINAL MUSCLE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE				1 (1%)	
BODY CAVITIES					
*MEDIASTINUM	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA, METASTATIC				1 (1%)	
*ABDOMINAL CAVITY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LEIOMYOSARCOMA	1 (1%)				
*ABDOMINAL WALL	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE				1 (1%)	
*MESENTERY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE					1 (1%)
MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE				1 (1%)	
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS					
*MULTIPLE ORGANS	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC		1 (1%)			
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA, METASTATIC			1 (0%)		
PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA, METASTATIC			1 (0%)		
CORTICAL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC			2 (1%)		
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	1 (1%)				

TABLE B2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NEOPLASMS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS					
*MULTIPLE ORGANS (Continued)	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MUCINOUS CYSTADENO- CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		6 (5%)		10 (6%)	
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		1 (1%)		4 (2%)	
SARCOMA, NOS		1 (1%)			
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC		1 (1%)			
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC		1 (1%)			
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	1 (1%)				
THORACOLUMBAR REGION					
OSTEOSARCOMA	1				
PERINEUM					
FIBROSARCOMA			1		
LOWER LEG					
OSTEOSARCOMA	1				
FOOT					
FIBROMA			1		
ADIPOSE TISSUE					
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC				1	
MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE				3	
BROAD LIGAMENT					
LEIOMYOMA			1		
ANIMAL DISPOSITION SUMMARY					
ANIMALS INITIALLY IN STUDY	88	125	250	175	100
NATURAL DEATH	19	26	39	32	14
MORIBUND SACRIFICE	60	83	186	117	77
TERMINAL SACRIFICE	9	16	25	26	9
TUMOR SUMMARY					
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH PRIMARY TUMORS**					
TOTAL PRIMARY TUMORS	86	123	239	168	93
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH BENIGN TUMORS	253	317	637	488	274
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH MALIGNANT TUMORS	78	79	201	123	88
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH BENIGN TUMORS	166	146	388	219	194
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH MALIGNANT TUMORS	64	108	172	157	56
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH SECONDARY TUMORS###	83	159	239	247	76
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH SECONDARY TUMORS###	10	16	32	35	8
TOTAL ANIMALS WITH TUMORS	11	17	42	43	10
UNCERTAIN--BENIGN OR MALIGNANT	4	12	9	22	4
TOTAL UNCERTAIN TUMORS	4	12	10	22	4

* NUMBER OF ANIMALS NECROPSIED

** PRIMARY TUMORS: ALL TUMORS EXCEPT SECONDARY TUMORS

NUMBER OF ANIMALS WITH TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY

SECONDARY TUMORS: METASTATIC TUMORS OR TUMORS INVASIVE INTO AN ADJACENT ORGAN

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL

ANIMAL NUMBER	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7	2	7																																																															
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																																																																																																					
SKIN	+																																																																																																				
PAPILLOMA, NOS																																																																																																					
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																																																																																																					
KERATOACANTHOMA																																																																																																					
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+																																																																																																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																																																																																					
BASAL-CELL TUMOR																																																																																																					
SARCOMA, NOS																																																																																																					
FIBROMA																																																																																																					
FIBROSARCOMA																																																																																																					
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																																																																																																					
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+																																																																																																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																																																																																					
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA																																																																																																					
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																																																																																					
PNEUMOCYSTOMA, METASTATIC																																																																																																					
TRACHEA	+																																																																																																				
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																																																																																																					
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																																																																																																					
BONE MARROW	+																																																																																																				
SPLEEN	+																																																																																																				
LYMPH NODES	+																																																																																																				
THYMUS	-																																																																																																				
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																																																																																																					
HEART	+																																																																																																				
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																																																																																					
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																																																																																																					
SALIVARY GLAND	+																																																																																																				
FIBROSARCOMA																																																																																																					
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																																																																																																					
LIVER	+																																																																																																				
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																																																																																																					
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																																																																																																					
BILE DUCT	+																																																																																																				
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N																																																																																																				
PANCREAS	+																																																																																																				
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																																																																																																					
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA																																																																																																					
ESOPHAGUS	+																																																																																																				
STOMACH	+																																																																																																				
SMALL INTESTINE	+																																																																																																				
LEIOMYOMA																																																																																																					
LARGE INTESTINE	+																																																																																																				
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																																																																																																					
URINARY SYSTEM																																																																																																					
KIDNEY	+																																																																																																				
URINARY BLADDER	+																																																																																																				

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300									
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1								
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																								
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+							
ADENOMA, NOS			X	X						X			X	X																										
ADRENAL CORTICAL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA																																								
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT										X			X																											
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																																								
C-CELL ADENOMA	X																																							
C-CELL CARCINOMA																																								
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																																								
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																																								
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																																								
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																																								
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																								
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FIBROADENOMA																																								
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PROSTATE MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																																								
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																								
ADENOMA, NOS																																								
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																								
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ASTROCYTOMA																																								
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																								
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																								
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																								
BONE OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
BODY CAVITIES																																								
PERITONEUM MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																																								
MESENTERY MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																								
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																								
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																																								
MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE																																								
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																								
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																																								
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																																								
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																																								

+ : TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
 - : REQUIRED TISSUE NOT EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
 X : TUMOR INCIDENCE
 N : NECROPSY, NO AUTOLYSIS, NO MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
 S : ANIMAL MIS-SEXED
 1 : NO TISSUE INFORMATION SUBMITTED
 C : NECROPSY, NO HISTOLOGY DUE TO PROTOCOL
 A : AUTOLYSIS
 M : ANIMAL MISSING
 B : NO NECROPSY PERFORMED

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			
WEEKS ON STUDY	4	6	7	8	9	0	0	1	2	3	4	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																													
SKIN PAPILLOMA, NOS BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA KERATOACANTHOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA BASAL-CELL TUMOR SARCOMA, NOS FIBROMA FIBROSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	
		x				x	x			x																			
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																													
LUNGS AND BRONCHI SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC PNEUROMYOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	C	+
TRACHEA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	C	+
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																													
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	C	+
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	C	+
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	C	+
THYMUS	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	C	-
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																													
HEART ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	C	+
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																													
SALIVARY GLAND FIBROSARCOMA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	C	-
LIVER NEOPLASTIC NODULE HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	C	+
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	C	+
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PANCREAS ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	C	+
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	C	-
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	C	+
SMALL INTESTINE LEIOMYOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	C	+
LARGE INTESTINE HEMANGIOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	C	+
URINARY SYSTEM																													
KIDNEY	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	C	+
URINARY BLADDER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	C	+

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																									
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
			X					X			X					X	X								
ADRENAL CORTICAL CARCINOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	X	X					X			X	X			X											
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
				X												X	X						X		
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	X		X					X																	
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																									
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROSTATE MESOTHELIOOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA ADENOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
																X									
NERVOUS SYSTEM																									
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ASTROCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																									
ZYMBAI GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																									
BONE OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
BODY CAVITIES																									
PERITONEUM MESOTHELIOOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
				X																					
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOOMA, NOS MESOTHELIOOMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
																	X								
MESENTERY MESOTHELIOOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																									
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE MESOTHELIOOMA, INVASIVE OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
											X		X			X	X						X		X

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	3021	3022	3023	3024	3025	3026	3027	3028	3029	3030	3031	3032	3033	3034	3035	3036	3037	3038	3039	3040	3041	3042	3043	3044	3045	3046	3047	3048	3049	3050
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																														
SKIN PAPILLOMA, NOS BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA KERATOACANTHOMA	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA BASAL-CELL TUMOR SARCOMA, NOS FIBROMA FIBROSARCOMA	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																														
LUNGS AND BRONCHI SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC PNEUMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TRACHEA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																														
BONE MARROW	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPLEEN	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
LYMPH NODES	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
THYMUS	C	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																														
HEART ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																														
SALIVARY GLAND FIBROSARCOMA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
LIVER NEOPLASTIC NODULE HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
BILE DUCT	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PANCREAS ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ESOPHAGUS	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
STOMACH	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SMALL INTESTINE LEIOMYOMA	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
LARGE INTESTINE HEMANGIOSARCOMA	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
URINARY SYSTEM																														
KIDNEY	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
URINARY BLADDER	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	TOTAL TISSUES TUMORS
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																							
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	85		
ADENOMA, NOS	X																																				4		
ADRENAL CORTICAL CARCINOMA	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	85		
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA																																					2		
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT				X																																		16	
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	84		
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																																					1		
C-CELL ADENOMA																																					5		
C-CELL CARCINOMA																																					13		
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																																					19		
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	78		
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																																						3	
PANCREATIC ISLETS	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	85		
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																																					5		
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																																						3	
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																							
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	88*	
FIBROADENOMA																																						1	
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	84		
	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	79		
PROSTATE MESOTHELIOMA, NOS	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	85		
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	88*		
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																						2	
ADENOMA, NOS																																						1	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																							
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	85		
ASTROCYTOMA	X																																					2	
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																							
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	88*	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																							1
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																							
BONE OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	88*		
BODY CAVITIES																																						2	
PERITONEUM MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	88*		
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, NOS	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	88*	
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																																						2	
MESENTERY MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	88*		
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																							
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	88*		
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																						1	
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																																						1	
MESOTHELIOMA, INVASIVE																																					1		
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																					1		
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																																					1		
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																																					1		
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL						X					X																										28		
																																					3		

* ANIMALS NECROPSIED

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

ANIMAL NUMBER	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
WEEKS ON STUDY	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																											
SKIN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA				X								X															
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																											
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA											X		X										X	X			
KERATOCANTHOMA																											
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																											
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA																											
SARCOMA, NOS													X														
FIBROMA																											
FIBROSARCOMA				X																							
LIPOMA																											
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																											
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																											
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA																											
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC	X																										
HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																								X			
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																											
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NASAL CAVITY																											
ADENOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																											
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																											
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																											
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																											
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
SARCOMA, NOS																											
THYMUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																											
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																											
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SARCOMA, NOS																											
LIVER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																											
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA				X								X											X				
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																											
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																											
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PANCREAS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																											
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																								X	X		
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SMALL INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
LARGE INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																											
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS				X	X																				X		
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																											
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC												X	X														
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA																											
RECTUM	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																											

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4						
WEEKS ON STUDY	6	7	8	9	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	0	0
URINARY SYSTEM																												
KIDNEY TUBULAR-CELL ADENOCARCINOMA MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
URETER MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
URINARY BLADDER PAPILLOMA, NOS TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																												
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADRENAL PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																												
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT	X	X	X	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PROSTATE ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
NERVOUS SYSTEM																												
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPINAL CORD NEURILEMOMA, MALIGNANT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																												
EAR FIBROSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
BODY CAVITIES																												
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOOMA, NOS MESOTHELIOOMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MESENTERY SARCOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																												
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC MESOTHELIOOMA, METASTATIC MALTG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
BASE OF TAIL RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																												
SCROTUM NOS FIBROMA MESOTHELIOOMA, METASTATIC																												

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	
WEEKS ON STUDY	7	8	2	9	2	2	9	1	8	4	9	8	1	2	1	7	5	2	2	7	7	1	2	1	1	0
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																										
SKIN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																										
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA																										
KERATOACANTHOMA																										
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																										
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA																										
SARCOMA, NOS																										
FIBROMA																										
FIBROSARCOMA																										
LIPOMA																										
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																										
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																										
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA																										
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																										
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																										
HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																										
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																										
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NASAL CAVITY																										
ADENOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																										
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																										
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																										
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																										
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																										
SARCOMA, NOS																										
THYMUS	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																										
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																										
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SARCOMA, NOS																										
LIVER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																										
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																										
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																										
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																										
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PANCREAS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																										
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																										
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SMALL INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
LARGE INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																										
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																										
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																										
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																										
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA																										
RECTUM	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																										

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498	499	500	
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
URINARY SYSTEM																															
KIDNEY TUBULAR-CELL ADENOCARCINOMA MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
URETER MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
URINARY BLADDER PAPILLOMA, NOS TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																															
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADRENAL PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																															
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	+	X	X	X	X	X	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PROSTATE ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																															
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPINAL CORD NEURILEMOMA, MALIGNANT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																															
EAR FIBROSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
BODY CAVITIES																															
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIDMA, NOS MESOTHELIDMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MESENTERY SARCOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																															
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC MESOTHELIDMA, METASTATIC MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
BASE OF TAIL RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																															
SCROTUM NOS - FIBROMA MESOTHELIDMA, METASTATIC					X																										

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

	ANIMAL NUMBER																													
	496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520	521	522	523	524	
	WEEKS ON STUDY																													
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																														
SKIN	+																													
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																														
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	X																													
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA																														
KERATOACANTHOMA	X																													
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+																													
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																														
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA																														
SARCOMA, NOS																														
FIBROMA	X																													
FIBROSARCOMA	X																													
LIPOMA	X																													
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																														
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+																													
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																														
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA																														
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	X																													
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																														
HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																														
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	X																													
TRACHEA	+																													
NASAL CAVITY	N																													
ADENOMA, NOS	N																													
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																														
BONE MARROW	+																													
SPLEEN	+																													
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																														
LYMPH NODES	+																													
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	X																													
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC																														
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																														
SARCOMA, NOS	X																													
THYMUS	+																													
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																														
HEART	+																													
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																														
SALIVARY GLAND	+																													
SARCOMA, NOS	X																													
LIVER	+																													
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	X																													
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	X																													
HEMANGIOSARCOMA	X																													
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE	X																													
BILE DUCT	+																													
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N																													
PANCREAS	+																													
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																														
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	X																													
ESOPHAGUS	+																													
STOMACH	+																													
SMALL INTESTINE	+																													
LARGE INTESTINE	+																													
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	X																													
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	X																													
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA	X																													
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC	X																													
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA	X																													
RECTUM	+																													
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																														

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
WEEKS ON STUDY	9	9	9	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
URINARY SYSTEM	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
KIDNEY TUBULAR-CELL ADENOCARCINOMA MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT								X																	
URETER MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
URINARY BLADDER PAPILLOMA, NOS TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA																									
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																									
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS						X	X							X				X					X		
ADRENAL PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA																									
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA			X			X						X				X									X
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS																									X
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																									
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																									
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA																N									
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT		X	X	X	X		X	X			X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROSTATE ADENOMA, NOS																									
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
NERVOUS SYSTEM																									
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																									X
SPINAL CORD NEURILEMOMA, MALIGNANT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																									
EAR FIBROSARCOMA																									N
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA									X	X															X
BODY CAVITIES																									
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, NOS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT								X																	
MESENTERY SARCOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																									
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
		X	X		X					X													X	X	X
BASE OF TAIL RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																									
SCROTUM NOS FIBROMA MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																									

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
WEEKS ON STUDY	2	7	9	11	12	12	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																														
SKIN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																														
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																														
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA																														
KERATOACANTHOMA																														
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																														
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA																														
SARCOMA, NOS																														
FIBROMA																														
FIBROSARCOMA																														
LIPOMA																														
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																														
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																														
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA																														
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																														
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																														
HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																														
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																														
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
NASAL CAVITY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
ADENOMA, NOS																														
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																														
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																														
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																														
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																														
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																														
SARCOMA, NOS																														
THYMUS	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																														
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																														
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SARCOMA, NOS																														
LIVER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																														
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																														
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																														
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																														
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
PANCREAS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																														
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																														
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SMALL INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LARGE INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																														
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																														
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																														
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																														
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA																														
RECTUM	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																														

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	521	522	523	524	525	526	527	528	529	530	531	532	533	534	535	536	537	538	539	540	541	542	543	544	545
WEEKS ON STUDY	12	07	00	14	22	22	19	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
URINARY SYSTEM																									
KIDNEY TUBULAR-CELL ADENOCARCINOMA MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
URETER MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
URINARY BLADDER PAPILLOMA, NOS TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																									
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADRENAL PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																									
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PROSTATE ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
NERVOUS SYSTEM																									
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPINAL CORD NEURILEMOMA, MALIGNANT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																									
EAR FIBROSARCOMA	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
BODY CAVITIES																									
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, NOS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MESENTERY SARCOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																									
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
BASE OF TAIL RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																									
SCROTUM NOS FIBROMA MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																									

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE

ANIMAL NUMBER	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7				
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
	3	0	1	2	2	1	1	1	4	9	2	2	1	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	1	0	2	3	1	1				
	9	8	2	8	7	9	9	4	4	1	1	8	0	9	4	8	8	8	5	3	3	2	7							
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																														
SKIN	+																													
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+																													
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																													
BASAL-CELL TUMOR	+																													
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																														
SEBACEOUS ADENOMA																														
SEBACEOUS ADENOCARCINOMA																														
KERATOCANTHOMA																														
FIBROSARCOMA																														
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE																														
CARCINOMA, NOS	+																													
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																													
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA	+																													
SARCOMA, NOS																														
FIBROMA																														
FIBROSARCOMA																														
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																														
LIPOMA																														
OSTEOSARCOMA																														
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																														
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																														
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+																													
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																													
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																													
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIODLAR ADENOMA	+																													
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIODLAR CARCINOMA	+																													
PNEUMOCYCTOMA, METASTATIC	+																													
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																													
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	+																													
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																													
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																														
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																														
MENINGIOMA, METASTATIC																														
TRACHEA																														
+																														
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																														
BONE MARROW	+																													
SPLEEN	+																													
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, METASTATIC	+																													
SARCOMA, NOS	+																													
HEMANGIOSARCOMA	+																													
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA	+																													
LYMPH NODES	+																													
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																													
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																														
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																														
THYMUS	+																													
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																														
HEART	+																													
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																													
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																														
ORAL CAVITY	+																													
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+																													
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																													
KERATOCANTHOMA	+																													
SALIVARY GLAND	+																													
SARCOMA, NOS																														
FIBROSARCOMA																														
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																														
LIVER	+																													
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	+																													
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	+																													
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																													
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																													
BILE DUCT	+																													
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	+																													
PANCREAS	+																													
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																														
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA																														
ESOPHAGUS	+																													
STOMACH	+																													
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	+																													
SMALL INTESTINE	+																													
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+																													
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA	+																													
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA	+																													
LEIOMYOMA	+																													
LEIOMYOSARCOMA	+																													
LARGE INTESTINE	+																													
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+																													
URINARY SYSTEM																														
KIDNEY	+																													
TUBULAR-CELL ADENOCARCINOMA	+																													
TUBULAR ADENOCARCINOMA	+																													
LIPOMA	+																													
LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE	+																													
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	+																													
URINARY BLADDER	+																													
TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+																													
TRANSITIONAL-CELL CARCINOMA	+																													

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	61	61	61	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																					
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS			X	X						X					X	X					X
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA			X						X	X		X	X								X
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																					
PARANGLIOM PARANGLIOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA								X								X	X			X	X
C-CELL ADENOMA							X			X		X								X	X
C-CELL CARCINOMA																					
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	X						X			X		X									X
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																					
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA											X										X
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																					
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																					
FIBRO CARCINOSARCOMA																					
FIBROADENOMA																					
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROSTATE CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS																					
PENIS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																					
EPIDIDYMIS LIPOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
NERVOUS SYSTEM																					
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ASTROCYTOMA																					
NEURINOMA																					
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																					
EYE MALIGNANT MELANOMA	+	N	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
HARDERIAN GLAND SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																					
KERATOACANTHOMA																					
CARCINOSARCOMA																					X
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																					
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
OSTEOSARCOMA																					
JOINT OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
BODY CAVITIES																					
PLEURA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																					
MEDIASTINUM ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MESOTHELIO MA, NOS																					
PERITONEUM LIPOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
TUNICA VAAGINALIS MESOTHELIO MA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MESOTHELIO MA, MALIGNANT																					
MESENTERY FIBROSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
LIPOMA																					
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																					
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																					
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																					
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																					
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																					
MESOTHELIO MA, MALIGNANT																					
MESOTHELIO MA, METASTATIC																					
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																					
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE							X														X
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																					
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA							X	X													
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL											X	X	X	X						X	X
HEAD NOS SARCOMA, NOS																					X
BACK NOS RHABDOMYOSARCOMA											X										
LUMBAR REGION CHONDROSARCOMA																					
LOWER LEG NOS OSTEOSARCOMA								X													
ADIPSE TISSUE MIXED MESENCHYMAL TUMOR, MALIGNANT																					
SCROTUM NOS MESOTHELIO MA, MALIGNANT																					

+: TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
 -: REQUIRED TISSUE NOT EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
 X: TUMOR INCIDENCE
 N: NECROPSY, NO AUTOLYSIS, NO MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
 S: ANIMAL MIS-SEXED
 : NO TISSUE INFORMATION SUBMITTED
 C: NECROPSY, NO HISTOLOGY DUE TO PROTOCOL
 A: AUTOLYSIS
 M: ANIMAL MISSING
 B: NO NECROPSY PERFORMED

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																				
SKIN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																	X			
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																				
BASAL-CELL TUMOR																				
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																				
SEBACEOUS ADEHOMA																				
SEBACEOUS ADENOCARCINOMA																				
KERATOACANTHOMA																			X	
FIBROSARCOMA																				
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE																				
CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																				
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																				
SARCOMA, NOS		X																		
FIBROMA																				
FIBROSARCOMA							X	X												
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																		X	X	
OSTEOSARCOMA																				
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA							X													
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																				
LUNGS AND BRONCHI																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																				
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADEHOMA																				
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA																				
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																				
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																				
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																				
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
MENINGIOMA, METASTATIC																				
TRACHEA																				
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																				
BONE MARROW																				
	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPLEEN																				
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, METASTA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SARCOMA, NOS																				
HEMANGIOSARCOMA							X													
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA																				
LYMPH NODES																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																				
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																				
THYMUS																				
	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																				
HEART																				
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																				
ORAL CAVITY																				
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																				
KERATOACANTHOMA																				
SALIVARY GLAND																				
SARCOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FIBROSARCOMA																				
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																				
LIVER																				
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																		X	X	X
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
BILE DUCT																				
	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT																				
	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PANCREAS																				
ACINAR-CELL ADEHOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA			X														X	X	X	X
ESOPHAGUS																				
	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
STOMACH																				
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SMALL INTESTINE																				
ADEHOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																				
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA																				
LEIOMYOMA																				
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																				
LARGE INTESTINE																				
ADEHOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
URINARY SYSTEM																				
KIDNEY																				
TUBULAR-CELL ADENOCARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TUBULAR ADENOCARCINOMA		X																		
LIPOMA																				
LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE																				
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT																				
URINARY BLADDER																				
TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TRANSITIONAL-CELL CARCINOMA																				

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																								
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS												X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA		X																						
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT					X																	X	X	
PARAGANGLION PARAGANGLIOMA, NOS		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA		X										X										X		
C-CELL ADENOMA																								
C-CELL CARCINOMA																							X	
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																								
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS		+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE												X												X
PANCREATIC ISLETS		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																								X
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA		X										X												X
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																								
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS		N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																								X
FIBROMA			X																					
CARCINOSARCOMA																								
FIBROADENOMA		X										X												
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROSTATE CARCINOMA, NOS		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS																								
PENIS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																							X	
EPIDIDYMIS LIPOSARCOMA		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
NERVOUS SYSTEM																								
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ASTROCYTOMA																								
MENINGIOMA																								
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																								
EYE MALIGNANT MELANOMA		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
HARDERIAN GLAND SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																								
KERATOCANTHOMA																								
CARCINOSARCOMA												X												
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																								
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
OSTEOSARCOMA		X																						
JOINT OSTEOSARCOMA		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
BODY CAVITIES																								
PLEURA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																								
MEDIASTINUM ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																								
PERITONEUM LIPOSARCOMA		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, NOS		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																								
MESENTERY FIBROSARCOMA		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
LIPOMA																								
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																								
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																								
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																								
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																								
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																								
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																								
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																								
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																								
MALTG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																								
MYELOMONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA																								
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA		X	X	X	X			X				X										X	X	X
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																								
HEAD NOS SARCOMA, NOS																								
BACK NOS RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																								
LUMBAR REGION CHONDROSARCOMA																								
LOWER LEG NOS OSTEOSARCOMA																								
ADIPOSE TISSUE MIXED MESENCHYMAL TUMOR, MALIGNANT																								
SCROTUM NOS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																								

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																			
SKIN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA					X														
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																			
BASAL-CELL TUMOR																			
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																			
SEBACEOUS ADENOMA																			
SEBACEOUS ADENOCARCINOMA																			
KERATOACANTHOMA																			
FIBROSARCOMA													X	X		X			
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE																			
CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																			
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																			
SARCOMA, NOS																			
FIBROMA																			
FIBROSARCOMA													X				X	X	X
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																			
LIPOMA																			
OSTEOSARCOMA																			
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																			
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																			
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																			
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																			
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA	X																		
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA																			
PNEUMOCYTOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																			
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																			
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																			
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																			
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																			
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																			
MEINGIOMA, METASTATIC																			X
TRACHEA																			
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																			
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, METASTATIC																			
SARCOMA, NOS																			
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																			
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA																			
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																			
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																			
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																			
THYMUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																			
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																			
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																			
ORAL CAVITY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																			
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																			
KERATOACANTHOMA																			
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SARCOMA, NOS																			
FIBROSARCOMA																			
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																			
LIVER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																			
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																			
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																			
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																			
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PANCREAS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																			
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA																			
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																			
SMALL INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																			
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																			
STRICTURE CARCINOMA																			
LEIOMYOMA																			
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																			
LARGE INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																			
URINARY SYSTEM																			
KIDNEY	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TUBULAR-CELL ADENOCARCINOMA																			
TUBULAR ADENOCARCINOMA																			
LIPOMA																			
LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE																			
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT																			
URINARY BLADDER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA																			
TRANSITIONAL-CELL CARCINOMA																			

2: MULTIPLE OCCURENCE OF MORPHOLOGY

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																				
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS	X						X	X					X	X				X	X	X
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	X	X	X							X	X					X				
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																				
PARANGLIOM PARANGLIOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA					X															
G-CELL ADENOMA										X			X	X						X
C-CELL CARCINOMA	X	X								X	X	X	X							X
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																				
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																				
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA										X										X
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																				
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																				
FIBROMA																				
CARCINOSARCOMA																				
FIBROADENOMA	X															X				
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROSTATE CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS																				
PENIS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA											X									X
EPIDIDYMIIS LIPOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
NERVOUS SYSTEM																				
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ASTROCYTOMA																				
MEINGIOMA																				
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																				
EYE MALIGNANT MELANOMA	N	+	N	+	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	+	+	N	+	+
HARDERIAN GLAND SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																				
KERATOCANTHOMA																				
CARCINOSARCOMA																				
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																				
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
OSTEOSARCOMA																				
JOINT OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
BODY CAVITIES																				
PLEURA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	X																			
MEDIASTINUM ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MESOTHELIOA, NOS	X																			
PERITONEUM LIPOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MESOTHELIOA, MALIGNANT			X	X	X											X				
MESENTERY FIBROSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
LIPIOMA																				
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																				
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																				
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																				
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
MESOTHELIOA, MALIGNANT																				
MESOTHELIOA, METASTATIC					X	X	X									X				
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																				
HYELMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																				
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	X									X	X	X	X			X	X	X		X
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																				
HEAD NOS SARCOMA, NOS																				
BACK NOS RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																				
LUMBAR REGION CHONDROSARCOMA							X													
LOWER LEG NOS OSTEOSARCOMA																				
ADIPOSE TISSUE MIXED MESENCHYMAL TUMOR, MALIGNANT																				
SCROTUM NOS MESOTHELIOA, MALIGNANT											X									

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSO TILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																				
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMA, NOS		X	X									X						X		
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA		X				X	X		X			X		X				X		
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT								X												
PARAGANGLION PARAGANGLIOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA			X		X															
C-CELL ADENOMA			X																X	
C-CELL CARCINOMA			X				X				X	X							X	
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																				
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE			X																	
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA		X							X									X		
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																				
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																				
FIBROMA																				
CARCINOSARCOMA																			X	
FIBROADENOMA																				
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
PROSTATE CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMA, NOS																				
PENIS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
PREPUITAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																		X	X	
EPIDIDYMIS LIPOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																				
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ASTROCYTOMA																				
MENINGIOMA																				
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																				
EYE MALIGNANT MELANOMA	N	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	N	+	N	
HARDERIAN GLAND SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	X	
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA			X	X																
KERATOCARCINOMA																				
CARCINOSARCOMA																				
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																				
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
OSTEOSARCOMA																				
JOINT OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
BODY CAVITIES																				
PLEURA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																				
MEDIASTINUM ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																				
PERITONEUM LIPOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT				X										X						
MESENTERY FIBROSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
LIPOMA																				
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																				
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																				
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																				
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																				
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE				X														X		
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA					X															
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA				X		X	X	X	X		X	X	X		X		X	X		
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																				
HEAD NOS SARCOMA, NOS																				
BACK NOS RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																				
LUMBAR REGION CHONDROSARCOMA																				
LOWER LEG NOS OSTEOSARCOMA																				
ADIPOSE TISSUE MIXED MESENCHYMAL TUMOR, MALIGNANT																				
SCROTUM NOS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																			X	

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

Table with columns for Animal Number (1-32), Weeks on Study (2, 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36, 40, 44, 48, 52, 56, 60, 64, 68, 72, 76, 80), and various anatomical systems including Integumentary, Respiratory, Hematopoietic, Circulatory, Digestive, and Urinary systems.

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	8	1	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
WEEKS ON STUDY	2	1	2	1	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																									
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PITUITARY ADENOMA, NOS																									
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADRENAL PHOENOCROMOCYTOMA																									
ADRENAL PHOENOCROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	X		X																						
PARAGANGLION PARAGANGLIOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																									
THYROID C-CELL ADENOMA																									
THYROID C-CELL CARCINOMA																									
THYROID SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																									
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PARATHYROID C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																									
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																									
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																									
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																									
MAMMARY GLAND FIBROMA																									
MAMMARY GLAND CARCINOSARCOMA																									
MAMMARY GLAND FIBROADENOMA																									
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROSTATE CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PROSTATE ADENOMA, NOS																									
PENIS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																									
EPIDIDYMIUM LIPOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
NERVOUS SYSTEM																									
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
BRAIN ASTROCYTOMA																									
BRAIN MENINGIOMA																									
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																									
EYE MALIGNANT MELANOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
HARDERIAN GLAND SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																									
ZYMBAL GLAND KERATOCARCINOMA																									
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOSARCOMA																									
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																									
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
BONE OSTEOSARCOMA																									
JOINT OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
BODY CAVITIES																									
PLEURA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PLEURA ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																									
MEDIASTINUM ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MEDIASTINUM MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																									
PERITONEUM LIPOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																									
MESENTERY FIBROSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MESENTERY LIPOMA																									
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																									
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																									
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																									
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																									
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																									
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																									
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																									
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																									
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																									
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																									
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	X	X	X	X																					
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																									
HEAD NOS SARCOMA, NOS																									
BACK NOS RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																									
LUMBAR REGION CHONDROSARCOMA																									
LOWER LEG NOS OSTEOSARCOMA																									
ADIPOSE TISSUE MIXED MESENCHYMAL TUMOR, MALIGNANT																									
SCROTUM NOS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																									

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	2	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	3	3	7	1	1	1	1	2	3	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
11	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
13	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
14	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
15	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
16	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
17	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
18	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
19	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
21	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
22	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
23	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
24	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
25	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
26	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
27	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
INTERMEDIATE-RANGE																											
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																											
SKIN	+																										
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																										
BASAL-CELL TUMOR	+																										
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA	+																										
SEBACEOUS ADENOMA	+																										
SEBACEOUS ADENOCARCINOMA	+																										
KERATOACANTHOMA	+																										
FIBROSARCOMA	+																										
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+																										
CARCINOMA, NOS	+																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																										
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA	+																										
SARCOMA, NOS	+																										
FIBROMA	+																										
FIBROSARCOMA	X	X									X	X															
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	X																										
LIPOMA	+																										
OSTEOSARCOMA	+																										
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA	+																										
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																											
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT	+																										
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																										
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOALAR ADENOMA	+																										
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOALAR CARCINOMA	+																										
PNEUMOCYTOPLASMA, METASTATIC	+																										
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																										
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	X																										
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC								X																			
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS	+																										
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																										
MEINGIOMA, METASTATIC	+																										
TRACHEA																											
+	+																										
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																											
BONE MARROW	+																										
SPLEEN	+																										
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, METASTAT	+																										
SARCOMA, NOS	+																										
HEMANGIOSARCOMA	+																										
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA	+																										
LYMPH NODES	+																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT	+																										
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	X																										
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																											
THYMUS	+																										
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																											
HEART	+																										
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																										
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																											
ORAL CAVITY	+																										
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																										
KERATOACANTHOMA	+																										
SALIVARY GLAND	+																										
SARCOMA, NOS	+																										
FIBROSARCOMA	+																										
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	+																										
LIVER	+																										
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	+																										
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	+																										
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																										
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																										
BILE DUCT	+																										
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PANCREAS	+																										
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	X	-																									
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA	+																										
ESOPHAGUS	+																										
STOMACH	+																										
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	+																										
SMALL INTESTINE	+																										
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+																										
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA	+																										
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA	+																										
LEIOMYOMA	+																										
LEIOMYOSARCOMA	+																										
LARGE INTESTINE	+																										
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS												X															
URINARY SYSTEM																											
KIDNEY	+																										
TUBULAR-CELL ADENOCARCINOMA	+																										
TUBULAR ADENOCARCINOMA	+																										
LIPOMA	+																										
LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE	+																										
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	+																										
URINARY BLADDER	+																										
TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+																										
TRANSITIONAL-CELL CARCINOMA	+																										

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
WEEKS ON STUDY	4	7	8	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																									
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS																									
ADENOMA, NOS																									
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA																									
PHENOCROMOCYTOMA																									
PHENOCROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																									
PARAGANGLION PARAGANGLIOMA, NOS																									
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA																									
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																									
C-CELL ADENOMA																									
C-CELL CARCINOMA																									
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																									
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS																									
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																									
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																									
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																									
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																									
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS																									
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																									
FIBROMA																									
CARCINOSARCOMA																									
FIBROADENOMA																									
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR																									
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT																									
PROSTATE CARCINOMA, NOS																									
ADENOMA, NOS																									
PENIS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																									
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																									
EPIDIDYMS LIPOSARCOMA																									
NERVOUS SYSTEM																									
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																									
ASTROCYTOMA																									
MEINGIOMA																									
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																									
EYE MALIGNANT MELANOMA																									
HARDERIAN GLAND SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																									
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																									
KERATOACANTHOMA																									
CARCINOSARCOMA																									
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																									
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																									
OSTEOSARCOMA																									
JOINT OSTEOSARCOMA																									
BODY CAVITIES																									
PLEURA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																									
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																									
MEDIASTINUM ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																									
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																									
PERITONEUM LIPOSARCOMA																									
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																									
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																									
MESENTERY FIBROSARCOMA																									
LIPOMA																									
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																									
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS																									
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																									
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																									
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																									
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																									
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																									
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																									
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																									
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																									
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																									
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																									
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																									
HEAD NOS SARCOMA, NOS																									
BACK NOS RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																									
LUMBAR REGION CHONDROSARCOMA																									
LOWER LEG NOS OSTEOSARCOMA																									
ADIPOSE TISSUE MIXED MESENCHYMAL TUMOR, MALIGN.																									
SCROTUM NOS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																									

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																				
SKIN																				
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																				
BASAL-CELL TUMOR																				
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																				
SEBACEOUS ADENOMA																			X	X
SEBACEOUS ADENOCARCINOMA																				
KERATOACANTHOMA																				X X
FIBROSARCOMA																				
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE																				
CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																				
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																				
SARCOMA, NOS																				
FIBROMA	X							X						X	X					
FIBROSARCOMA																				
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																				
LIPOMA																			X	
OSTEOSARCOMA																				
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																				
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																				
LUNGS AND BRONCHI																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																				
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA	X	X																		
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA																				
PNEUMOCYSTOMA, METASTATIC																				
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																				
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																			X	
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
HEMANGIOMA, METASTATIC																				
TRACHEA																				
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																				
BONE MARROW																				
SPLEEN																				
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, METASTAT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SARCOMA, NOS																				
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																				
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA																				
LYMPH NODES																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																				
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																				
THYRUS																				
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																				
HEART																				
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																				
ORAL CAVITY																				
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA															X					
KERATOACANTHOMA																				
SALIVARY GLAND																				
SARCOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FIBROSARCOMA																				
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																				
LIVER																				
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA														X			X			X
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																				
BILE DUCT																				
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT																				
PANCREAS																				
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA																				
ESOPHAGUS																				
STOMACH																				
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SMALL INTESTINE																				
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																				
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA																				
LEIOMYOMA																				
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																				
LARGE INTESTINE																				
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	X							X	X											
URINARY SYSTEM																				
KIDNEY																				
TUBULAR-CELL ADENOCARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TUBULAR ADENOCARCINOMA																				
LIPOMA																				
LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE																				
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT																				
URINARY BLADDER																				
TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TRANSITIONAL-CELL CARCINOMA																			X	

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																							
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS																							
ADENOMA, NOS																							
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA																							
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA																							
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																							
PARANGANGLIOM PARANGANGLIOMA, NOS																							
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA																							
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																							
C-CELL ADENOMA																							
C-CELL CARCINOMA																							
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																							
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS																							
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																							
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																							
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																							
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																							
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS																							
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																							
FIBROMA																							
CARCINOSARCOMA																							
FIBROADENOMA																							
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR																							
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT																							
PROSTATE CARCINOMA, NOS																							
ADENOMA, NOS																							
PENIS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																							
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS																							
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																							
EPIDIDYMISS LIPOSARCOMA																							
NERVOUS SYSTEM																							
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																							
ASTROCYTOMA																							
MEINGIOMA																							
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																							
EYE MALIGNANT MELANOMA																							
HARDERIAN GLAND SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																							
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS																							
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																							
KERATOACANTHOMA																							
CARCINOSARCOMA																							
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																							
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																							
OSTEOSARCOMA																							
JOINT OSTEOSARCOMA																							
BODY CAVITIES																							
PLEURA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																							
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																							
MEDIASTINUM ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																							
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																							
PERITONEUM LIPOSARCOMA																							
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																							
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																							
MESENTERY FIBROSARCOMA																							
LIPOMA																							
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																							
MULTIPLE ORGANS, NOS																							
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																							
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																							
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																							
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																							
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																							
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																							
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																							
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																							
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																							
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																							
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																							
HEAD NOS SARCOMA, NOS																							
BACK NOS RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																							
LUMBAR REGION CHONDROSARCOMA																							
LOWER LEG NOS OSTEOSARCOMA																							
ADIPOSE TISSUE MIXED MEBENCHYMAL TUMOR, MALIGNANT																							
SCROTUM NOS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																							

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	TOTAL TISSUES TUMORS
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																					
SKIN																					250
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	8
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	3
BASAL-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	2
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
SEBACEOUS ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	2
SEBACEOUS ADENOCARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
KERATOACANTHOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	19
FIBROSARCOMA	x																				1
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE																					250
CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
SARCOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	3
FIBROMA				x			x				x										5
FIBROSARCOMA																					5
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																					2
LIPOMA																					1
OSTEOSARCOMA																					2
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																					1
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																					
LUNGS AND BRONCHI																					250
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	2
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA				x																	4
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA																					1
PNEUMOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																					4
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																					1
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																					1
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																					1
MESOTHELIONA, NOS																					1
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																					1
HEMINGIOMA, METASTATIC																					1
TRACHEA																					250
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																					
BONE MARROW																					248
SPLEEN																					250
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, METASTAT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
SARCOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	3
HEMANGIOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	2
LYMPH NODES																					250
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	2
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
THYMUS																					212
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																					
HEART																					250
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																					
ORAL CAVITY																					250
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	1
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	1
KERATOACANTHOMA	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	1
SALIVARY GLAND																					247
SARCOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	3
FIBROSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	2
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																					1
LIVER																					250
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																					13
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																					7
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																					1
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																					1
BILE DUCT																					250
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT																					250
PANCREAS																					249
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	23
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA																					2
ESOPHAGUS																					250
STOMACH																					250
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
SMALL INTESTINE																					250
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
LEIOMYOMA																					2
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																					2
LARGE INTESTINE																					250
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	9
URINARY SYSTEM																					
KIDNEY																					250
TUBULAR-CELL ADENOCARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
TUBULAR ADENOCARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
LIPOMA																					1
LIPOSARCOMA, INVASIVE																					1
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT																					1
URINARY BLADDER																					249
TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
TRANSITIONAL-CELL CARCINOMA																					1

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	TOTAL TISSUES	TUMORS					
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																																									
PITUITARY																																																									
CARCINOMA, NOS																																																									
ADENOMA, NOS																																																				X	X				
ADRENAL																																																									
CORTICAL ADENOMA																																																									
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA																																																				X	X				
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																																																									
PARAGANGLION																																																									
PARAGANGLIOMA, NOS																																																				N	N				
THYROID																																																									
FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA																																																									
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																																																									
C-CELL ADENOMA																																																				X	X				
C-CELL CARCINOMA																																																									
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																																																									
PARATHYROID																																																									
ADENOMA, NOS																																																									
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																																																									
PANCREATIC ISLETS																																																									
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																																																									
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																																																					X				
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																																									
MAMMARY GLAND																																																									
ADENOMA, NOS																																																				N	N				
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																																																									
FIBROMA																																																									
CARCINOSARCOMA																																																									
FIBROADENOMA																																																									
TESTIS																																																									
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR																																																				X	X				
INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR, MALIGNANT																																																									
PROSTATE																																																									
CARCINOMA, NOS																																																									
ADENOMA, NOS																																																					X				
PENIS																																																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																																									
PREPUITAL/CLITORAL GLAND																																																									
CARCINOMA, NOS																																																					X				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																																									
EPIDIDYMISS																																																									
LIPOSARCOMA																																																									
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																																									
BRAIN																																																									
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																																																					X				
ASTROCYTOMA																																																									
MENINGEOMA																																																									
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																																									
EYE																																																									
MALIGNANT MELANOMA																																																				N	N				
HARDERIAN GLAND																																																									
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																																																				N	N				
ZYMBAL GLAND																																																									
CARCINOMA, NOS																																																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																																									
KERATOCANTHOMA																																																									
CARCINOSARCOMA																																																									
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																																									
BONE																																																									
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																																																				N	N				
OSTEOSARCOMA																																																									
JOINT																																																									
OSTEOSARCOMA																																																				N	N				
BODY CAVITIES																																																									
PLEURA																																																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																																				N	N				
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																																									
MEDIASTINUM																																																									
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																																				N	N				
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																																																									
PERITONEUM																																																									
LIPOSARCOMA																																																				N	N				
TUNICA VAGINALIS																																																									
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																																																									
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																																																				X					
MESENTERY																																																									
FIBROSARCOMA																																																				N	N				
LIPOMA																																																									
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																																									
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS																																																				N	N				
FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																																																									
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																																									
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																																									
FIBROSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																																									
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																																																									
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																																																									
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																																									
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																																																				X					
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																																																									
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																																																				X	X				
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																																																									
HEAD NOS																																																									
SARCOMA, NOS																																																									
BACK NOS																																																									
RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																																																									
LUMBAR REGION																																																									
CHONDROSARCOMA																																																									
LOWER LEG NOS																																																									
OSTEOSARCOMA																																																									
ADIPOSE TISSUE																																																									
MIXED MESENCHYMAL TUMOR, MALIGNANT																																																				X					
SCROTUM NOS																																																									
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																																																					X				

* ANIMALS NECROPSIED

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
WEEKS ON STUDY	3	2	1	1	2	2	3	0	0	0	0	9	7	2	3	1	8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																																		
SKIN																																		
SCAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA																																		
SCAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																		
BASAL-CELL TUMOR																																		
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																																		
SEBACEOUS ADENOMA																																		
KERATOCANTHOMA																																		
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																																		
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE																																		
SCAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																		
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																																		
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA																																		
SARCOMA, NOS																																		
FIBROMA																																		
FIBROSARCOMA																																		
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																																		
LIPOMA																																		
RHABDYOYOSARCOMA																																		
AMELOBLASTIC ODONTOMA																																		
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																																		
LUNGS AND BRONCHI																																		
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																		
SCAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																		
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																		
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOALAR ADENOMA																																		
SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																		
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC																																		
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																		
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																		
TRACHEA																																		
SCAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																																		
NASAL CAVITY																																		
SCAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																																		
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																																		
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																																		
BONE MARROW																																		
SPLEEN																																		
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																																		
LYMPH NODES																																		
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																																		
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																		
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																																		
SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																		
THYRUS																																		
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																																		
HEART																																		
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																		
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																																		
ORAL CAVITY																																		
SCAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA																																		
SALIVARY GLAND																																		
CARCINOMA, NOS																																		
SARCOMA, NOS																																		
LIVER																																		
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																																		
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																																		
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																																		
LIPOMA																																		
LIPOSARCOMA																																		
BILE DUCT																																		
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT																																		
PANCREAS																																		
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																																		
ESOPHAGUS																																		
STOMACH																																		
SMALL INTESTINE																																		
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																																		
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																																		
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA																																		
LARGE INTESTINE																																		
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																																		
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																																		
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP																																		
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																																		
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																																		
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA																																		
HECTHIELIOMA, METASTATIC																																		
URINARY SYSTEM																																		
KIDNEY																																		
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT																																		
URINARY BLADDER																																		
TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILOMA																																		

•+ TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
 -+ REQUIRED TISSUE NOT EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
 X: TUMOR INCIDENCE
 N: NECROPSY, NO AUTOLYSIS, NO MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
 S: ANIMAL MIS-SEXED

• NO TISSUE INFORMATION SUBMITTED
 C: NECROPSY, NO HISTOLOGY DUE TO PROTOCOL
 A: AUTOLYSIS
 M: ANIMAL MISSING
 S: NO NECROPSY PERFORMED

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																															
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMA, NOS	x			x																											
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PHENOCROMOCYTOMA	x																														
THYROID POLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
POLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																															
C-CELL ADENOMA																															
C-CELL CARCINOMA	x																														
PARATHYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																															
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																															
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																															
MAMMARY GLAND FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FIBROADENOMA																															
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PROSTATE ADENOMA, NOS																															
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																															
EPIDIDYMIIS MESHOTHELIOMA, NOS	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																															
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
GISTEOMA																															
GRANULAR-CELL TUMOR, NOS																															
ASTROCYTOMA																															
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																															
EYE ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	
SARCOMA, NOS																															
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																															
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																															
KERATOACANTHOMA																															
CARCINOSARCOMA																															
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																															
BONE OSTEOSARCOMA	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	
BODY CAVITIES																															
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																															
PERITONEAL MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																															
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																															
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																															
STOMACH RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																															
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																															
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																															
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																															
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																															
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																															
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																															
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
COCYXAL REGION																															
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																															
AXILLA NOS																															
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																															
ADIPOSE TISSUE																															
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																															
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																															

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	WEEKS ON STUDY																											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																												
SKIN																												
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																												
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																												
BASAL-CELL TUMOR																												
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																												
SEBACEOUS ADENOMA																												
KERATOCARCINOMA																												
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																												
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE																												
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																												
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																												
TRICHOPHYTHRIOSIS																												
SARCOMA, NOS																												
FIBROSARCOMA																												
FIBROSARCOMA																												
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																												
LIPOMA																												
RHABDYOSARCOMA																												
AMELOBLASTIC ODONTOMA																												
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																												
LUNGS AND BRONCHI																												
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																												
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																												
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA, METASTAT																												
ALVEOLAR-BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA																												
SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																												
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC																												
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																												
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																												
TRACHEA																												
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																												
NASAL CAVITY																												
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																												
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																												
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																												
BONE MARROW																												
SPLEEN																												
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA																												
LYMPH NODES																												
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																												
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																												
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																												
SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																												
THYMUS																												
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																												
HEART																												
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																												
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																												
ORAL CAVITY																												
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																												
SALIVARY GLAND																												
CARCINOMA, NOS																												
SARCOMA, NOS																												
LIVER																												
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																												
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																												
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																												
LIPOMA																												
LIPOSARCOMA																												
BILE DUCT																												
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT																												
PANCREAS																												
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																												
ESOPHAGUS																												
STOMACH																												
SMALL INTESTINE																												
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																												
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																												
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA																												
LARGE INTESTINE																												
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																												
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																												
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP																												
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																												
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																												
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA																												
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																												
URINARY SYSTEM																												
KIDNEY																												
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT																												
URINARY BLADDER																												
TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA																												

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
INTERMEDIARY SYSTEM																																																																																																					
SKIN	+																																																																																																				
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+																																																																																																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																																																																																																				
BASAL-CELL TUMOR	+																																																																																																				
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA	+																																																																																																				
SERACEOUS ADENOMA	+																																																																																																				
KERATOACANTHOMA	+																																																																																																				
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA	+																																																																																																				
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+																																																																																																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																																																																																																				
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA	+																																																																																																				
TRICHOPHTHELIOMA	+																																																																																																				
SARCOMA, NOS	+																																																																																																				
FIBROMA	+																																																																																																				
FIBROSARCOMA	+																																																																																																				
FIBRUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	+																																																																																																				
LIPOMA	+																																																																																																				
RHABDOMYOSARCOMA	+																																																																																																				
AMELOBLASTIC ODONTOMA	+																																																																																																				
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																																																																																																					
LUNGS AND BRONCHIE	+																																																																																																				
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																																																																																																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT	+																																																																																																				
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA, METASTAT	+																																																																																																				
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOAL ADENOMA	+																																																																																																				
SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																																																																																																				
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC	+																																																																																																				
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																																																																																																				
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																																																																																																				
TRACHEA	+																																																																																																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	+																																																																																																				
NASAL CAVITY	+																																																																																																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	+																																																																																																				
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	+																																																																																																				
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																																																																																																					
BONE MARROW	+																																																																																																				
SPLEEN	+																																																																																																				
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA	+																																																																																																				
LYMPH NODES	+																																																																																																				
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+																																																																																																				
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																																																																																																				
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC	+																																																																																																				
SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																																																																																																				
THYMUS	+																																																																																																				
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																																																																																																					
HEART	+																																																																																																				
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																																																																																																				
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																																																																																																					
ORAL CAVITY	+																																																																																																				
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+																																																																																																				
SALIVARY GLAND	+																																																																																																				
CARCINOMA, NOS	+																																																																																																				
SARCOMA, NOS	+																																																																																																				
LIVER	+																																																																																																				
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	+																																																																																																				
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	+																																																																																																				
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	+																																																																																																				
LIPOMA	+																																																																																																				
LIPOSARCOMA	+																																																																																																				
BILE DUCT	+																																																																																																				
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	+																																																																																																				
PANCREAS	+																																																																																																				
ACTINER-CELL ADENOMA	+																																																																																																				
ESOPHAGUS	+																																																																																																				
STOMACH	+																																																																																																				
SMALL INTESTINE	+																																																																																																				
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	+																																																																																																				
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA	+																																																																																																				
SIGMET RING CARCINOMA	+																																																																																																				
LARGE INTESTINE	+																																																																																																				
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	+																																																																																																				
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+																																																																																																				
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP	+																																																																																																				
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA	+																																																																																																				
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC	+																																																																																																				
SIGMET RING CARCINOMA	+																																																																																																				
MEGATHELIOMA, METASTATIC	+																																																																																																				
URINARY SYSTEM																																																																																																					
KIDNEY	+																																																																																																				
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	+																																																																																																				
URINARY BLADDER	+																																																																																																				
TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+																																																																																																				

1) * = MULTIPLE OCCURRENCE OF MORPHOLOGY

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
ANIMAL NUMBER	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																						
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS																																						
ADENOMA, NOS																																						
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA																																						
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA																																						
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA																																						
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																																						
C-CELL ADENOMA																																						
C-CELL CARCINOMA																																						
PARATHYROID																																						
PANCREATIC ISLETS																																						
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																																						
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																																						
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																						
MAMMARY GLAND FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, INVASIVE																																						
FIBROADENOMA																																						
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR																																						
PROSTATE ADENOMA, NOS																																						
PREPUDIAT/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS																																						
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																						
EPIDIDYMIUM MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																																						
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																						
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																																						
OSTEOMA																																						
GRANULAR-CELL TUMOR, NOS																																						
ASTROCYTOMA																																						
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																						
EYE ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																																						
SARCOMA, NOS																																						
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS																																						
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																																						
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																						
KERATOCARCINOMA																																						
CARCINOSARCOMA																																						
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																						
BONE OSTEOSARCOMA																																						
BODY CAVITIES																																						
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																																						
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																																						
MESENTERY MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																																						
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																						
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS																																						
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																						
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																																						
SIGMET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																						
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																																						
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																																						
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																																						
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTTIC TYPE																																						
MYELOMONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA																																						
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA																																						
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																																						
COCYGEAL REGION NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																																						
AXILLA NOS																																						
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																																						
ADIPOSE TISSUE MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																																						
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																																						

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
WEEKS ON STUDY	2	1	1	8	3	8	6	7	8	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																									
SKIN	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																								X	
BASAL-CELL TUMOR																									
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA									X																
SEBACEOUS ADENOMA																									
KERATOCANTHOMA																									
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA									X																
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																									
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																									
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA																									
SARCOMA, NOS																									
FIBROMA																									
FIBROSARCOMA						X				X	X														
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT											X														
LIPOMA	X																								
RHABDYSARCOMA																									
AMELOBLASTIC ODONTOMA																									
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																									
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																									
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																									
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOALAR ADENOMA																								X	
SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																									
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC																									
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																									
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																									
TRACHEA																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NASAL CAVITY																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																									
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																									
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPLEEN																									
HOMOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																									
X																									
LYMPH NODES																									
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																									
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																									
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																									
SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC								X				X											X ²		
THYRUS																									
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																									
HEART																									
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																									
ORAL CAVITY																									
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SALIVARY GLAND																									
CARCINOMA, NOS																									
SARCOMA, NOS																									X
LIVER																									
NEOPLASTIC NODULE			X																						
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA							X																		
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																							X		
LIPOMA																									
LIPOSARCOMA																									
BILE DUCT																									
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PANCREAS																									
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																									X
ESOPHAGUS																									
STOMACH																									
SMALL INTESTINE																									
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																									
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																									
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA																									X
LARGE INTESTINE																									
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																									X
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																									X
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP																									X
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																									X
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																									
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA																									
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																									X
URINARY SYSTEM																									
KIDNEY																									
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
URINARY BLADDER																									
TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+

2: MULTIPLE OCCURENCE OF MORPHOLOGY

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMA, NOS																																
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	X	X																														
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA			X	X																												
C-CELL ADENOMA																																
C-CELL CARCINOMA																																
PARATHYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																																
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																																
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																
MAMMARY GLAND FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FIBROADENOMA																																
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PROSTATE ADENOMA, NOS																																
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																
EPIDIDYMS MESOTHELIOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
OSTEOMA																																
GRANULAR-CELL TUMOR, NOS																																
ASTROCYTOMA																																
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																
EYE ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SARCOMA, NOS																																
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																																
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																
KERATOACANTHOMA																																
CARCINOSARCOMA																																
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																
BONE OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
BODY CAVITIES																																
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																																
MESENTERY MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																																
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																																
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																																
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC	X																															
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																																
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																																
HOMOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	X	X																														
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																																
COCCYGEAL REGION NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																																
AXILLA NOS FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																																
ADIPOSE TISSUE MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																																
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																																

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
INTERFERENTARY SYSTEM																				
SKIN	♦ ♦																			
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	X																			
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	♦ ♦																			
BASAL-CELL TUMOR	♦ ♦																			
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA	♦ ♦																			
SEBACEOUS ADENOMA	♦ ♦																			
KERATOCANTHOMA	♦ ♦																			
NEUROFIBROSARCOMA	♦ ♦																			
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	♦ ♦																			
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	♦ ♦																			
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA	♦ ♦																			
TRICHODYPHMYELIOMA	♦ ♦																			
SARCOMA, NOS	♦ ♦																			
FIBROMA	♦ ♦																			
FIBROSARCOMA	♦ ♦																			
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	♦ ♦																			
LIPOMA	♦ ♦																			
RHABDYOYOSARCOMA	♦ ♦																			
AMELOBLASTIC ODONTOMA	♦ ♦																			
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																				
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	♦ ♦																			
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	♦ ♦																			
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTA	♦ ♦																			
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA, METAST	♦ ♦																			
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA	♦ ♦																			
SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	♦ ♦																			
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC	♦ ♦																			
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	♦ ♦																			
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	♦ ♦																			
TRACHEA	♦ ♦																			
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIV	♦ ♦																			
NASAL CAVITY	♦ ♦																			
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIV	♦ ♦																			
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	♦ ♦																			
HEMATOLOGIC SYSTEM																				
BONE MARROW	♦ ♦																			
SPLEEN	♦ ♦																			
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	♦ ♦																			
LYMPH NODES	♦ ♦																			
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	♦ ♦																			
CARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	♦ ♦																			
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC	♦ ♦																			
SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	♦ ♦																			
THYROID	♦ ♦																			
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																				
HEART	♦ ♦																			
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	♦ ♦																			
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																				
ORAL CAVITY	♦ ♦																			
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	♦ ♦																			
SALIVARY GLAND	♦ ♦																			
CARCINOMA, NOS	♦ ♦																			
SARCOMA, NOS	♦ ♦																			
LIVER	♦ ♦																			
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	♦ ♦																			
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	♦ ♦																			
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	♦ ♦																			
LIPOMA	♦ ♦																			
LIPOSARCOMA	♦ ♦																			
BILE DUCT	♦ ♦																			
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	♦ ♦																			
PANCREAS	♦ ♦																			
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	♦ ♦																			
ESOPHAGUS	♦ ♦																			
STOMACH	♦ ♦																			
SMALL INTESTINE	♦ ♦																			
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	♦ ♦																			
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA	♦ ♦																			
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA	♦ ♦																			
LARGE INTESTINE	♦ ♦																			
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	♦ ♦																			
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	♦ ♦																			
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP	♦ ♦																			
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA	♦ ♦																			
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC	♦ ♦																			
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA	♦ ♦																			
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC	♦ ♦																			
URINARY SYSTEM																				
KIDNEY	♦ ♦																			
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	♦ ♦																			
URINARY BLADDER	♦ ♦																			
TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	♦ ♦																			

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	TOTAL			
WEEKS ON STUDY	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	WEEKS			
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																		
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS																																175		
ADENOMA, NOS																																	1	
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA																																	175	
PHOENOCYTOPLASIA																																	1	
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA																																	175	
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																																	16	
C-CELL ADENOMA																																	14	
C-CELL CARCINOMA																																	18	
PARATHYROID																																	21	
PANCREATIC ISLETS																																	166	
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																																	176	
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																																	8	
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																		
MAMMARY GLAND																																	175H	
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, INVASIVE																																	4	
FIBROADENOMA																																		175
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR																																	168	
PROSTATE ADENOMA, NOS																																	176	
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND																																	175H	
CARCINOMA, NOS																																	9	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																	1	
EPIDIDYMIIS																																	175H	
NEBOTHELIOMA, NOS																																	1	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																		
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																																	175	
GLIOMA																																	1	
GRANULAR-CELL TUMOR, NOS																																	1	
ASTROCYTOMA																																	1	
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																		
EYE ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																																	175H	
SARCOMA, NOS																																	1	
ZYMBAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS																																	175H	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																																	2	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																	22	
KERATOCARCINOMA																																	1	
CARCINOSARCOMA																																	1	
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																		
BONE OSTEOSARCOMA																																	175H	
BODY CAVITIES																																	1	
TUNICA VAGINALIS																																	175H	
MESOTHELIOMA, NOS																																	3	
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																																	6	
MESENTERY MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																																	175H	
1																																1		
ILL-DYING SYSTEMS																																		
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS																																	175H	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																	2	
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																																	2	
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																	1	
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																																	1	
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																																	5	
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																																	2	
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																																	2	
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																																	2	
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																																	6	
LEUKEMIA, HOMOGENEOUS CELL																																	2	
COCCYGEAL REGION NEUROFIBROSARCOMA																																	1	
AXILLA NOS FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																																	1	
ADIPOSE TISSUE MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																																	1	
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																																	1	

* ANIMALS NECROPSIED

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS:

ANIMAL NUMBER	546	547	548	549	550	551	552	553	554	555	556	557	558	559	560	561	562	563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570		
WEEKS ON STUDY	18	17	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18		
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																											
SKIN	+																										
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																										
KERATOACANTHOMA	+																										
FIBROMA	+																										
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																										
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA	+																										
KERATOACANTHOMA	+																										
SARCOMA, NOS	+																										
FIBROMA	+																										
FIBROSARCOMA	+																										
RHABDOMYOSARCOMA	+																										
OSTEOSARCOMA	+																										
NEUROFIBROMA	+																										
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																											
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT	+																										
TRACHEA	+																										
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																											
BONE MARROW	+																										
SPLEEN	+																										
LYMPH NODES	+																										
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																										
THYMUS	+																										
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																											
HEART	+																										
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																											
ORAL CAVITY	N																										
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N																										
SALIVARY GLAND	+																										
LIVER	+																										
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	+																										
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	+																										
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA	+																										
BILE DUCT	+																										
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N																										
PANCREAS	+																										
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	+																										
MESOTHELIOOMA, METASTATIC	+																										
ESOPHAGUS	+																										
FIBROSARCOMA	+																										
STOMACH	+																										
MESOTHELIOOMA, METASTATIC	+																										
SMALL INTESTINE	+																										
LEIOMYOMA	+																										
LEIOMYOSARCOMA	+																										
LARGE INTESTINE	+																										
ADEOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+																										
LEIOMYOSARCOMA	+																										
URINARY SYSTEM																											
KIDNEY	+																										
URINARY BLADDER	+																										

+: TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
 -: REQUIRED TISSUE NOT EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
 X: TUMOR INCIDENCE
 N: NECROPSY, NO AUTOLYSIS, NO MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
 S: ANIMAL MIS-SEXED
 : NO TISSUE INFORMATION SUBMITTED
 C: NECROPSY, NO HISTOLOGY DUE TO PROTOCOL
 A: AUTOLYSIS
 M: ANIMAL MISSING
 B: NO NECROPSY PERFORMED

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE AND PREWEANING GAVAGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0									
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	7				
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																					
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
ADENOMA, NOS										X	X		X											X			X	X									
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA				X	X		X	X	X			X	X	X																							
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																										X											
C-CELL ADENOMA					X			X	X		X	X			X	X		X		X	X		X	X		X	X		X	X							
C-CELL CARCINOMA																																					
PARATHYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+		
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																																					
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA									X																					X							
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																					
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
FIBROADENOMA																																					
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
PROSTATE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		
SEMINAL VESICLE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	+	N	+	+	N	N	+	N	+	+	+	+	N	N	+	N	N	+	N	N	+	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																					
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
GRANULAR-CELL TUMOR, NOS																																					
ASTROCYTOMA																																					
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																					
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																					
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
SARCOMA, NOS																																					
MUSCLE RHABDOMYOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	+	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
BODY CAVITIES																																					
PERITONEUM OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
CHONDROMA																																					
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT									X					X	X																						
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																					
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC															X	X																					
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																					
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE	X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X				X	X		X																
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																																					
HEAD NOS																																					
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																																					
ORBITAL REGION OSTEOSARCOMA																																					
AXILLA NOS																																					
FIBROMA																																					

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE AND PREWEANING GAVAGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	571	572	573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594	595		
WEEKS ON STUDY	4	1	1	2	2	3	4	4	9	4	2	4	8	9	0	1	1	0	4	9	2	4	7	3	3	0	
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																											
SKIN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA							X																				
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																			X	X							
KERATOACANTHOMA																											
FIBROMA																											
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE																											
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA																											
KERATOACANTHOMA																											
SARCOMA, NOS																											
FIBROMA																											
FIBROSARCOMA									X																		
RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																											
OSTEOSARCOMA																											
NEUROFIBROMA																											
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																											
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																											
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																											
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																											
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC							X																				
THYMUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																											
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																											
ORAL CAVITY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																											
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LIVER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																											
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																											
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																											
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
PANCREAS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																											
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC							X	X																			
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FIBROSARCOMA																											
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																											
SMALL INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LEIOMYOMA																											
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																											
LARGE INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																											
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																											
URINARY SYSTEM																											
KIDNEY	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
URINARY BLADDER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE AND PREWEANING GAVAGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	571	572	573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594	595	
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	4	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																										
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS										X	X					X					X					X
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	X		X		X			X				X	X			X										
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA								X																		
C-CELL ADENOMA													X													
C-CELL CARCINOMA		X	X	X									X													
PARATHYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																										
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA								X																		X
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																										
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FIBROADENOMA																										
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROSTATE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SEMINAL VESICLE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	N	+	N	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	N	+
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
NERVOUS SYSTEM																										
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
GRANULAR-CELL TUMOR, NOS																										
ASTROCYTOMA																										
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																										
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																										
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SARCOMA, NOS																										
MUSCLE RHABDOMYOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
BODY CAVITIES																										
PERITONEUM OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
CHONDROMA																										
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																										
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																										
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																										
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																										
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																										
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA	X				X	X	X	X	X						X						X			X		
HEAD NOS																										
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																										
ORBITAL REGION OSTEOSARCOMA																										
AXILLA NOS																										
FIBROMA																										

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE AND PREWEANING GAVAGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
WEEKS ON STUDY	3	7	11	15	19	23	27	31	35	39	43	47	51	55	59	63	67	71	
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																			
SKIN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																			
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																			
KERATOACANTHOMA																			
FIBROMA																			
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																			
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA																			
KERATOACANTHOMA																			
SARCOMA, NOS																			
FIBROMA																			
FIBROSARCOMA																			
RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																			
OSTEOSARCOMA																			
NEUROFIBROMA																			
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																			
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																			
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																			
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																			
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																			
THYMUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																			
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																			
ORAL CAVITY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																			
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LIVER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																			
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																			
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA																			
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
PANCREAS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																			
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																			
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FIBROSARCOMA																			
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																			
SMALL INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LEIOMYOMA																			
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																			
LARGE INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																			
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																			
URINARY SYSTEM																			
KIDNEY	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
URINARY BLADDER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE AND PREWEANING GAVAGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																				
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PITUITARY ADENOMA, NOS																				
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADRENAL PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	X						X	X	X	X			X					X		
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA							X										X			
THYROID C-CELL ADENOMA												X								
THYROID C-CELL CARCINOMA		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X								X	X	X
PARATHYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLET-CELL ADENOMA	X									X								X		
PANCREATIC ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																				X
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																				
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MAMMARY GLAND FIBROADENOMA	X									X	X	X					X		X	
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROSTATE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SEMINAL VESICLE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	N	+	N	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	N	+	+	N	N
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS					X															
NERVOUS SYSTEM																				
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
BRAIN GRANULAR-CELL TUMOR, NOS																				
BRAIN ASTROCYTOMA																				
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																				
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																				
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																				
BONE SARCOMA, NOS	X																			
MUSCLE RHABDOMYOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MUSCLE RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																				
MUSCLE RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																				
BODY CAVITIES																				
PERITONEUM OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PERITONEUM OSTEOSARCOMA																				
PERITONEUM CHONDROMA																				
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																				
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																X				
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																				
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																				
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC			X																	
MALTO LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																				
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA								X	X								X	X		X
HEAD NOS																				
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																				
ORBITAL REGION OSTEOSARCOMA				X																
AXILLA NOS																				
FIBROMA																				X

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE AND PREWEANING GAVAGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637	638	639	640	641	642	643	644	645	646	647	648	649	650	TOTAL TISSUES TUMORS
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																															
SKIN	+																												100%		
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																													3		
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																													1		
KERATOACANTHOMA																													7		
FIBROMA																													1		
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE																													100%		
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																													2		
TRICHOEPITHELIOMA																													1		
KERATOACANTHOMA																													1		
SARCOMA, NOS																													5		
FIBROMA																													11		
FIBROSARCOMA																													1		
RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																													1		
OSTEOSARCOMA																													1		
NEUROFIBROMA																													1		
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																															
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+																												99%		
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																													1		
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																													2		
TRACHEA	+																												99%		
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																															
BONE MARROW	+																												98%		
SPLEEN	+																												99%		
LYMPH NODES	+																												100%		
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																													1		
THYMUS	+																												87%		
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																															
HEART	+																												99%		
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																															
ORAL CAVITY	N																												100%		
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																													1		
SALIVARY GLAND	+																												98%		
LIVER	+																												100%		
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																													5		
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																													1		
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																													1		
BILE DUCT	+																												100%		
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N																												100%		
PANCREAS	+																												99%		
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																													9		
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																													1		
ESOPHAGUS	+																												98%		
FIBROSARCOMA																													1		
STOMACH	+																												100%		
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																													1		
SMALL INTESTINE	+																												100%		
LEIOMYOMA																													1		
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																													1		
LARGE INTESTINE	+																												100%		
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																													2		
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																													1		
URINARY SYSTEM																															
KIDNEY	+																												100%		
URINARY BLADDER	+																												98%		

TABLE B3. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE AND PREWEANING GAVAGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	6 2 1	6 2 2	6 2 3	6 2 4	6 2 5	6 2 6	6 2 7	6 2 8	6 2 9	6 2 0	6 3 1	6 3 2	6 3 3	6 3 4	6 3 5	6 3 6	6 3 7	6 3 8	6 3 9	6 4 0	6 4 1	6 4 2	6 4 3	6 4 4	6 4 5	6 4 6	6 4 7	6 4 8	6 4 9	TOTAL TISSUES TUMORS
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	8	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																														
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
ADENOMA, NOS						X										X							X	X					18	
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA			X				X			X	X				X	X					X		X	X					32	
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	99	
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA											X																		3	
C-CELL ADENOMA													X										X						2	
C-CELL CARCINOMA					X	X						X			X							X							9	
PARATHYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	93	
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	99	
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																													5	
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																										X			6	
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																														
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100*	
FIBROADENOMA													N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	7	
TESTIS INTERSTITIAL-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	89	
PROSTATE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	99	
											X																		1	
SEMINAL VESICLE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	N	N	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	N	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	N	100*		
						X					X																		1	
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	100*	
	X																												3	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																														
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
GRANULAR-CELL TUMOR, NOS																													1	
ASTROCYTOMA																	X											X	1	
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																														
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100*	
			X																										3	
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																														
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	100*	
SARCOMA, NOS																													2	
MUSCLE RHABDOMYOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	100*	
																														1
BODY CAVITIES																														
PERITONEUM OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	100*	
CHONDROMA																							X						1	
TUNICA VAGINALIS MESOTHELIOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100*	
MESOTHELIOMA, MALIGNANT																													5	
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																														
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	100*	
MESOTHELIOMA, METASTATIC																													4	
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																								X					3	
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																													3	
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA			X	X					X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	36	
HEAD NOS																													1	
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																														
ORBITAL REGION OSTEOSARCOMA																													1	
AXILLA NOS FIBROMA																													1	

* ANIMALS NECROPSIED

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL

ANIMAL NUMBER	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
WEEKS ON STUDY	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																									
SKIN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																									
KERATOACANTHOMA																							X	X	
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																									
SARCOMA, NOS																									
FIBROMA																									
FIBROSARCOMA	X																								
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT						X																		X	
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																									
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA																									
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																									
SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																									
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																									
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																									
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																	X								
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
THYMUS	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																									
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																									
ORAL CAVITY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																									
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LIVER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																									
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																									
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																								X	
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
PANCREAS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																									
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																								X	
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																								X	
SMALL INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LEIOMYOMA																									
LARGE INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
URINARY SYSTEM																									
KIDNEY	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
TUBULAR-CELL ADENOCARCINOMA																									
LIPOMA																								X	
URINARY BLADDER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	

+: TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
 -: REQUIRED TISSUE NOT EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
 X: TUMOR INCIDENCE
 N: NECROPSY, NO AUTOLYSIS, NO MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
 S: ANIMAL MIS-SEXED
 : NO TISSUE INFORMATION SUBMITTED
 C: NECROPSY, NO HISTOLOGY DUE TO PROTOCOL
 A: AUTOLYSIS
 M: ANIMAL MISSING
 B: NO NECROPSY PERFORMED

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
WEEKS ON STUDY	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																											
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS		X	X	X						X	X			X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X			
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	X																										
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT		X									X																X
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA									X													X					
C-CELL ADENOMA		X												X	X							X				X	X
C-CELL CARCINOMA		X			X	X					X			X	X							X			X		
PARATHYROID	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																											
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA										X																	
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																											
MAMMARY GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS																											
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS												X			X											X	X
FIBROADENOMA	X	X			X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
UTERUS LEIOMYOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP					X																						X
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																											
OVARY THECOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR																											
NERVOUS SYSTEM																											
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ASTROCYTOMA																						X					X
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																											
EYE APPENDAGES SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																											
BONE OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
BODY CAVITIES																											
PERITONEUM LEIOMYOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																											
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC									X																		
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																										X	X
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA			X	X						X		X	X	X	X							X	X				
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																											
THORACOLUMBAR REGION OSTEOSARCOMA																											
LOWER LEG NOS OSTEOSARCOMA																										X	

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388	388												
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1										
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																																																		
SKIN SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA KERATOACANTHOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+									
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA SARCOMA, NOS FIBROMA FIBROSARCOMA FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+							
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																																																		
LUNGS AND BRONCHI ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA PNEUMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																																																		
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
SPLEEN HEMANGIOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
THYMUS	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																																																		
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																																																		
ORAL CAVITY SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N				
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LIVER SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE NEOPLASTIC NODULE HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
PANCREAS ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA HEMANGIOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ESOPHAGUS	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
STOMACH SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SMALL INTESTINE LEIOMYOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
LARGE INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
URINARY SYSTEM																																																		
KIDNEY TUBULAR-CELL ADENOCARCINOMA LIPOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
URINARY BLADDER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407		
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1		
	7	9	1	2	3	3	1	0	4	8	2	4	3	0	1	3	9	3	3	2	2	2	8	3	7		
	9	1	7	0	3	2	4	9	6	7	0	8	0	6	0	6	4	8	0	9	6	3	7	0	9		
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																											
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ADENOMA, NOS			X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X								
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA							X														X						
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																											
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA				X															X								
C-CELL ADENOMA																											
C-CELL CARCINOMA	X				X																			X			
PARATHYROID	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																								X			
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA										X											X						
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																											
MAMMARY GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ADENOMA, NOS											X																
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		
FIBROADENOMA																											
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
UTERUS LEIOMYOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP				X				X									X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																											
OVARY THECOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR																					X						
NERVOUS SYSTEM																											
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ASTROCYTOMA																			X								
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																											
EYE APPENDAGES SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																											
BONE OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
						X																					
BODY CAVITIES																											
PERITONEUM LEIOMYOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
							X																				
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																											
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																											
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA					X	X	X						X	X													
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																					X	X			X		
THORACOLUMBAR REGION OSTEOSARCOMA	X																										
LOWER LEG NOS OSTEOSARCOMA																											

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
WEEKS ON STUDY	2	4	4	2	4	3	4	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																															
SKIN SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA KERATOACANTHOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SARCOMA, NOS																															
FIBROMA																															
FIBROSARCOMA																															
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																															
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																															
LUNGS AND BRONCHI ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PNEUMOCYSTOMA, METASTATIC																															
SARCOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																															
FIBROUS HISTIOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																															
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																															
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPLEEN HEMANGIOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
THYMUS	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+		
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																															
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																															
ORAL CAVITY SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LIVER SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																															
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																															
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
PANCREAS ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																															
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
STOMACH SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SMALL INTESTINE LEIOMYOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LARGE INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
URINARY SYSTEM																															
KIDNEY TUBULAR-CELL ADENOCARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LIPOMA																															
URINARY BLADDER	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440		
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																			
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMA, NOS	X	X	X	X	X					X			X		X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA		X			X							X							X						X										
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																																			
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA		X										X																							X
C-CELL ADENOMA											X																								
C-CELL CARCINOMA		X									X																								X
PARATHYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																																			
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																																			X
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																			
MAMMARY GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMA, NOS											X																								
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
FIBROADENOMA																																			
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
UTERUS LEIOMYOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP											X																								
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA			X								X																								
OVARY THECOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR																																			
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																			
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ASTROCYTOMA																																			X
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																			
EYE APPENDAGES SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																			
BONE OSTEOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
BODY CAVITIES																																			
PERITONEUM LEIOMYOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																			
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																			
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																																			
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA																																			
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL			X	X			X					X	X			X		X																X	X
THORACOLUMBAR REGION OSTEOSARCOMA																																			
LOWER LEG NOS OSTEOSARCOMA																																			

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL (Continued)

	ANIMAL NUMBER	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	TOTAL TISSUES TUMORS
	WEEKS ON STUDY	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																								
PITUITARY																								87
CARCINOMA, NOS		C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	4
ADENOMA, NOS		X		X	X	X	X	X		X	X		X	X		X		X		X		X		49
ADRENAL																								87
CORTICAL ADENOMA		C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	4
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA		X																						8
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																								2
THYROID																								87
FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA		C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	6
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																								1
C-CELL ADENOMA		X			X		X		X															11
C-CELL CARCINOMA						X																		11
PARATHYROID																								73
PANCREATIC ISLETS																								87
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA		C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	2
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA											X													4
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																								
MAMMARY GLAND																								88*
CARCINOMA, NOS		N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
ADENOMA, NOS																					X			6
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																								5
FIBROADENOMA		X	X		X							X	X											49
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND																								88*
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1
UTERUS																								87
LEIOMYOMA		C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	2
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP						X	X				X													14
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																								1
OVARY																								87
THECOMA		C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR						X																		1
NERVOUS SYSTEM																								
BRAIN																								87
CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE		C	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	4
ASTROCYTOMA																			X			X		2
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																								
EYE APPENDAGES																								88*
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1
ZYMBAI GLAND																								88*
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA		N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																								
BONE																								88*
OSTEOSARCOMA		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1
BODY CAVITIES																								
PERITONEUM																								88*
LEIOMYOSARCOMA		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																								
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS																								88*
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1
OSTEOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																								1
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA		X		X	X				X															33
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL								X				X												1
THORACOLUMBAR REGION																								1
OSTEOSARCOMA																								
LOWER LEG NOS																								1
OSTEOSARCOMA																								

* ANIMALS NECROPSIED

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

ANIMAL NUMBER	571	572	573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594	595		
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																											
SKIN BASAL-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE FIBROMA FIBROSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																											
LUNGS AND BRONCHI ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																											
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LYMPH NODES C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
THYMUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																											
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																											
ORAL CAVITY SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LIVER NEOPLASTIC NODULE HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
PANCREAS ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SMALL INTESTINE MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LARGE INTESTINE ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS ADEHOCA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC SIGNET RING CARCINOMA LEIOMYOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
URINARY SYSTEM																											
KIDNEY MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT CARCINOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
URINARY BLADDER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	

2: MULTIPLE OCCURENCE OF MORPHOLOGY

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	571	572	573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594	595	596	597	598	599	600
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																														
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS				X					X						X				X			X			X					
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA																														
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																														X
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																														
C-CELL ADENOMA																														
C-CELL CARCINOMA	X				X																									
PARATHYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																														
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																														
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																														
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FIBROADENOMA			X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X	
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
VAGINA FIBROMA																														
UTERUS ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																														X
OVARY	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NERVOUS SYSTEM																														
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																														
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	X																													
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																														
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																														
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																														
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																														
SARCOMA, NOS																														
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC																														
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																														
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	X				X		X						X				X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL						X							X																	

+: TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
 -: REQUIRED TISSUE NOT EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
 X: TUMOR INCIDENCE
 N: NECROPSY, NO AUTOLYSIS, NO MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
 S: ANIMAL MIS-SEXED
 : NO TISSUE INFORMATION SUBMITTED
 C: NECROPSY, NO HISTOLOGY DUE TO PROTOCOL
 A: AUTOLYSIS
 M: ANIMAL MISSING
 B: NO NECROPSY PERFORMED

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	5966	5977	5988	5999	6000	6011	6022	6033	6044	6055	6066	6077	6088	6099	6100	6111	6122	6133	6144	6155	6166	6177	6188	6199	6200	
WEEKS ON STUDY	1001	0811	0611	0611	0000	0111	0111	0777	0555	0444	0000	0000	0333	0888	0999	0333	0444	0777	0111	0111	0111	0111	0111	0111	0888	0999
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																										
SKIN BASAL-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE FIBROMA FIBROSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																										
LUNGS AND BRONCHI ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																										
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LYMPH NODES C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
THYMUS	+	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+		
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																										
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																										
ORAL CAVITY SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LIVER NEOPLASTIC NODULE HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
PANCREAS ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SMALL INTESTINE MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LARGE INTESTINE ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC SIGNET RING CARCINOMA LEIOMYOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
				X					X											X	X			X	X	
								X					X									X				
URINARY SYSTEM																										
KIDNEY MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT CARCINOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
							X		X		X										X					
URINARY BLADDER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	3	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
WEEKS ON STUDY	9	9	8	9	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																											
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	x	+	+	x	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PARATHYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																											
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	+	+	x	x	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	x	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
VAGINA FIBROMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
UTERUS ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
OVARY	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																											
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																											
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	x	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																											
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC SARCOMA, NOS MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
						x			x			x							x				x	x		x	

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: 1,3-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637	638	639	640	641	642	643	644	645		
WEEKS ON STUDY	070	066	011	002	011	000	000	000	001	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000		
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																											
SKIN BASAL-CELL TUMOR	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE FIBROMA FIBROSARCOMA	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																											
LUNGS AND BRONCHI ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																											
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LYMPH NODES C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
THYMUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																											
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																											
ORAL CAVITY SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LIVER NEOPLASTIC NODULE HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	X	+	+	+	
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
PANCREAS ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SMALL INTESTINE MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LARGE INTESTINE ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC SIGNET RING CARCINOMA LEIOMYOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
URINARY SYSTEM																											
KIDNEY MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT CARCINOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
URINARY BLADDER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	

2: MULTIPLE OCCURENCE OF MORPHOLOGY

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: 1,9-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	821	822	823	824	825	826	827	828	829	830	831	832	833	834	835	836	837	838	839	840	841	842	843	844	845	846	847	848	849	850
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																														
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMA, NOS				X						X											X	X								
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA																														
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																													X	
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA			X																											
C-CELL ADENOMA			X																											
C-CELL CARCINOMA					X								X																	
PARATHYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																														
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA				X																										
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																														
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FIBROADENOMA			X		X		X	X		X																				
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
VAGINA FIBROMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
UTERUS ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																													X	
OVARY	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																														
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																														
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																														
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																														
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																														
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																														
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																														
SARCOMA, NOS																													X	
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC																														
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																														
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																														
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	X		X	X	X					X		X	X	X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
WEEKS ON STUDY	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMA, NOS	X		X					X				X						X		X								X		
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA												X																		
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																												X		
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																														
C-CELL ADENOMA									X																					
C-CELL CARCINOMA																				X							X			
PARATHYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																														
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																											X			
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																														
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
FIBROADENOMA									X			X							X				X							
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
VAGINA FIBROMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
UTERUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP																														
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																														
OVARY	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																														
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																														
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	N	+	+	N	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA												X																	X	
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																														
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																														
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC									X																					
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																														
SARCOMA, NOS																														
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC																														
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																														
MONOCYtic LEUKEMIA	X	X	X	X	X			X		X		X	X	X					X	X				X	X	X			X	
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																														

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	671	672	673	674	675	676	677	678	679	680	681	682	683	684	685	686	687	688	689	690	691	692	693	694	695	696	697	698	699	700	TOTAL ISSUES TUMORS
WEEKS ON STUDY	8	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																															
SKIN BASAL-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	125* 1	
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE FIBROMA FIBROSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	125* 2 1	
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																															
LUNGS AND BRONCHI ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	125 1	
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	125	
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																															
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	125	
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	125	
LYMPH NODES C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	125 1 3	
THYMUS	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	106	
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																															
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	125	
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																															
ORAL CAVITY SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	125* 1 1 1	
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	122	
LIVER NEOPLASTIC NODULE HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	125 12 12	
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	125	
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	125*	
PANCREAS ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	124 1	
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	121	
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	124	
SMALL INTESTINE MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	125 2	
LARGE INTESTINE ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC SIGNET RING CARCINOMA LEIOMYOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	125 1 33 2 14 1 2 1	
URINARY SYSTEM																															
KIDNEY MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT CARCINOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	125 13 1	
URINARY BLADDER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	125	

2: MULTIPLE OCCURENCE OF MORPHOLOGY

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	TOTAL TISSUES TUMORS	
WEEKS ON STUDY	8	11	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	124	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																											
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	124	
ADENOMA, NOS	X					X	X			X									X	X	X		X			32	
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	124	
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA					X																					1	
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																										6	
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	124	
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA						X																				7	
C-CELL ADENOMA					X			X																X		5	
C-CELL CARCINOMA	X			X														X	X							9	
PARATHYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	119	
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	124	
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA			-																							1	
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																										1	
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																											
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	125*	
FIBROADENOMA		X		X		X	X		X	X				X	X				X				X			2	
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	125*	
																								X		5	
VAGINA FIBROMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	125*	
UTERUS ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	125	
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																		X				X				7	
OVARY	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	2	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																											
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	125	
	X																									1	
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																											
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	125*	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA						X					X												X			14	
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																											
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	125*	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																				X				X		1	
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																										6	
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																										1	
SARCOMA, NOS																										1	
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC																										1	
CARCINOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																										1	
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA					X	X			X	X	X	X					X	X			X	X	X		X	66	
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																										4	

* ANIMALS NECROPSIED

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE

ANIMAL NUMBER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																											
SKIN	+																										
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA	+																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																										
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA	+																										
KERATOACANTHOMA	+																										
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																										
FIBROMA	+																										
FIBROSARCOMA	+																										
LIPOMA	+																										
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																											
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT	+																										
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																										
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA	+																										
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA	+																										
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METAST	+																										
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																										
TRACHEA	+																										
LARYNX	N																										
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASI	N																										
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N																										
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																											
BONE MARROW	+																										
SPLEEN	+																										
LYMPH NODES	+																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT	+																										
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																										
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METAST	+																										
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																										
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE	+																										
THYMUS	+																										
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																											
HEART	+																										
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																										
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																											
ORAL CAVITY	N																										
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA	N																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N																										
SALIVARY GLAND	+																										
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	+																										
LIVER	+																										
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	+																										
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	+																										
CORTICAL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																										
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE	+																										
BILE DUCT	+																										
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N																										
PANCREAS	+																										
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	+																										
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA	+																										
ESOPHAGUS	+																										
STOMACH	+																										
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+																										
CARCINOID TUMOR, NOS	+																										
LEIOMYOSARCOMA	+																										
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, META	+																										
SMALL INTESTINE	+																										
LARGE INTESTINE	+																										
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+																										
LEIOMYOMA	+																										

+ : TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
- : REQUIRED TISSUE NOT EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
X: TUMOR INCIDENCE
N: NECROPSY, NO AUTOLYSIS, NO MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
S: ANIMAL MIS-SEXED
: NO TISSUE INFORMATION SUBMITTED
C: NECROPSY, NO HISTOLOGY DUE TO PROTOCOL
A: AUTOLYSIS
M: ANIMAL MISSING
B: NO NECROPSY PERFORMED

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4		
URINARY SYSTEM																																					
KIDNEY CARCINOMA, NOS LIPOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
URINARY BLADDER TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																					
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA CORTICAL CARCINOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																					
MAMMARY GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
FEMALE EXTERNAL GENITALIA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
VAGINA FIBROSARCOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
UTERUS CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS FIBROMA LEIOMYOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
OVARY PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																					
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ASTROCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPINAL CORD OLIGODENDROGLIOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																					
EYE FIBROMA	+	N	+	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	+	N	N	+	N	N	+	N	N	+	N	N	N	N	+	N	+	N	+	N	N	N	+	N	+		
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																					
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																					
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CA, METASTAT PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA, METASTAT CORTICAL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
PERINEUM NOS FIBROSARCOMA																																					
FOOT NOS FIBROMA																																					

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25				
WEEKS ON STUDY	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58				
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																													
SKIN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																													
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																													
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																													
KERATOACANTHOMA																													
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																													
FIBROMA																													
FIBROSARCOMA																													
LIPOMA																													
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																													
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																													
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																													
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA																													
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA																													
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																													
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																													
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
LARYNX																													
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																													
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																													
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																													
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																													
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																													
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																													
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																													
THYMUS	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																													
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																													
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																													
ORAL CAVITY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																													
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																													
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																													
LIVER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																													
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																													
CORTICAL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																													
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																													
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PANCREAS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																													
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA																													
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																													
CARCINOID TUMOR, NOS																													
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																													
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, META																													
SMALL INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
LARGE INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																													
LEIOMYOMA																													

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	WEEKS ON STUDY																				
	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	38	40
URINARY SYSTEM																					
KIDNEY CARCINOMA, NOS LIPOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
URINARY BLADDER TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																					
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA CORTICAL CARCINOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																					
MAMMARY GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
FEMALE EXTERNAL GENITALIA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
VAGINA FIBROSARCOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
UTERUS CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS FIBROMA LEIOMYOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
OVARY PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NERVOUS SYSTEM																					
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ASTROCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPINAL CORD OLIGODENDROGLIOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																					
EYE FIBROMA	N	N	N	+	N	N	N	N	N	+	N	N	+	+	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																					
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																					
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CA, METASTAT PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA, METASTAT CORTICAL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC MYELOMONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PERINEUM NOS FIBROSARCOMA																					
FOOT NOS FIBROMA																					

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	0300	0301	0302	0303	0304	0305	0306	0307	0308	0309	0310	0311	0312	0313	0314	0315	0316	0317	0318	0319	0320	0321	0322	0323	0324	
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	1	1	2	2	4	6	1	2	3	4	0	6	8	0	3	6	8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																										
SKIN	+																									
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																									
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA	+																									
KERATOACANTHOMA	+																									
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+																									
FIBROMA	+																									
FIBROSARCOMA	+																									
LIPOMA	+																									
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																										
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT	+																									
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																									
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA	+																									
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA	+																									
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METAST	+																									
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																									
TRACHEA	+																									
LARYNX	N																									
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASI	N																									
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N																									
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																										
BONE MARROW	+																									
SPLEEN	+																									
LYMPH NODES	+																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT	+																									
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																									
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METAST	+																									
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																									
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE	+																									
THYMUS	+																									
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																										
HEART	+																									
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																									
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																										
ORAL CAVITY	N																									
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	N																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N																									
SALIVARY GLAND	+																									
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	+																									
LIVER	+																									
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	+																									
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	+																									
CORTICAL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																									
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE	+																									
BILE DUCT	+																									
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N																									
PANCREAS	+																									
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA	+																									
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA	+																									
ESOPHAGUS	+																									
STOMACH	+																									
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+																									
CARCINOID TUMOR, NOS	+																									
LEIOMYOSARCOMA	+																									
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, META	+																									
SMALL INTESTINE	+																									
LARGE INTESTINE	+																									
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+																									
LEIOMYOMA	+																									

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	07	07	07	07	07	08	08	08	08	08	08	08	08	08	08	08	08	09	09	09	09	09	09	09	09	09	09	09	09	09	09	09																				
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1										
URINARY SYSTEM																																																				
KIDNEY CARCINOMA, NOS LIPOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+								
URINARY BLADDER TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILOMA	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+							
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																																				
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA CORTICAL CARCINOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																																				
MAMMARY GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N			
FEMALE EXTERNAL GENITALIA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
VAGINA FIBROSARCOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
UTERUS CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS FIBROMA LEIOMYOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
OVARY PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																																				
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ASTROCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPINAL CORD OLIGODENDROGLIOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																																				
EYE FIBROMA	N	N	N	N	+	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	+	+	+	N	N	N	+	N	N	N	+	N	N	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																																				
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																																				
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CA, METASTAT PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA, METASTA CORTICAL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC MYELOMONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
PERINEUM NOS FIBROSARCOMA																																																				
FOOT NOS FIBROMA																																																				

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																											
SKIN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																											
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																											
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																											
KERATOACANTHOMA																											
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																											
FIBROMA																											
FIBROSARCOMA																											
LIPOMA																											
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																											
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																											
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																											
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA																											
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA																											
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METAST																											
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LARYNX	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASI																											
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																											
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																											
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																											
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																											
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METAST																											
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE												X															
THYMUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																											
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																											
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																											
ORAL CAVITY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																											
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																											
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																											
LIVER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																											
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																											
CCRTICAL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																											
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
PANCREAS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																											
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA																											
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																											
CARCINOID TUMOR, NOS																											
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																											
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, META																											
SMALL INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LARGE INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																											
LEIOMYOMA																											

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	WEEKS ON STUDY																				
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
URINARY SYSTEM																					
KIDNEY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
KIDNEY LIPOSARCOMA																					
URINARY BLADDER TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																					
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PITUITARY ADENOMA, NOS						X			X	X	X			X	X		X		X		X
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADRENAL CORTICAL CARCINOMA									X									X			
ADRENAL PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA						X														X	
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA							X											X			X
THYROID C-CELL ADENOMA																					
THYROID C-CELL CARCINOMA			X	X				X	X	X									X		
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PARATHYROID C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE									-												
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																		X	X		
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																					
MAMMARY GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS											X										
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																					
MAMMARY GLAND FIBROADENOMA	X					X	X			X	X			X		X	X	X		X	X
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																					X
FEMALE EXTERNAL GENITALIA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
VAGINA FIBROSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
VAGINA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																					
UTERUS CARCINOMA, NOS	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
UTERUS ADENOMA, NOS																					
UTERUS FIBROMA																					
UTERUS LEIOMYOMA																					
UTERUS ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP																		X		X	
UTERUS ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																				X	
OVARY PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
OVARY GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR																					
NERVOUS SYSTEM																					
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
BRAIN ASTROCYTOMA																					X
SPINAL CORD OLIGODENDROGLIOMA	N	N	+	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
			X																		
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																					
EYE FIBROMA	N	N	N	+	N	N	N	+	+	N	N	+	N	+	N	+	N	N	+	+	N
								X													
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
																		X			
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																					
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																					
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CA, METASTAT																					
PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA, METASTAT																					
CORTICAL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																					
MYELOMONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA																					
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA	X	X			X			X		X	X	X							X		X
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																			X		
PERINEUM NOS FIBROSARCOMA																					
FOOT NOS FIBROMA																					

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1												
WEEKS ON STUDY	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9					
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																																								
SKIN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA																																								
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																								
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																																								
KERATOACANTHOMA																																								
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																								
FIBROMA																																								
FIBROSARCOMA																																								
LIPOMA																																								
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																																								
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																																								
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																								
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA																																								
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA																																								
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METAST																																								
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																								
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
LARYNX	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASI																																								
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																																								
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																																								
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																																								
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																								
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METAST																																								
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																								
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																																								
THYMUS	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																																								
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																								
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																																								
ORAL CAVITY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N			
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA																																								
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																								
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																																								
LIVER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																																								
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																																								
CORTICAL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																								
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																																								
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N			
PANCREAS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																																								
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA																																								
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																																								
CARCINOID TUMOR, NOS																																								
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																																								
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, META																																								
SMALL INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
LARGE INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																																								
LEIOMYOMA																																								

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40		
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
URINARY SYSTEM																																										
KIDNEY CARCINOMA, NOS LIPOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
URINARY BLADDER TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																																										
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA CORTICAL CARCINOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA																																										
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA																																										
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																																										
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																																										
MAMMARY GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
FEMALE EXTERNAL GENITALIA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
VAGINA FIBROSARCOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
UTERUS CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS FIBROMA LEIOMYOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
OVARY PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																																										
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ASTROCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPINAL CORD OLIGODENDROGLIOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																																										
EYE FIBROMA	+	+	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	+	N	+	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	+	N	+	N	+	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	+	+	N	+	N	+	N			
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																																										
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																																										
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOULAR CA, METASTAT PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA, METASTAT CORTICAL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	X	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N		
PERINEUM NOS FIBROSARCOMA																																										
FOOT NOS FIBROMA																																										

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
WEEKS ON STUDY	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
	6	2	7	1	8	9	3	8	9	8	8	4	3	0	6	1	3	4	6	4	6	6	3	6	5	5
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																										
SKIN	+ +																									
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																										
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																										
KERATOACANTHOMA																										
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+ +																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																										
FIBROMA	X																									
FIBROSARCOMA	X																									
LIPOMA																										
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																										
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+ +																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																										
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																										
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA																										
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA																										
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																										
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	X																									
TRACHEA	+ +																									
LARYNX	N N																									
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																										
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																										
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																										
BONE MARROW	+ +																									
SPLEEN	+ +																									
LYMPH NODES	+ +																									
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																										
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																										
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																										
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																										
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE	X																									
THYMUS	+ + - + + + - + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + - + - + +																									
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																										
HEART	+ +																									
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																										
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																										
ORAL CAVITY	N N																									
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																										
SALIVARY GLAND	+ +																									
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																										
LIVER	+ +																									
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																										
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																										
CORTICAL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																										
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																										
BILE DUCT	+ +																									
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N N																									
PANCREAS	+ +																									
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																										
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA																										
ESOPHAGUS	+ +																									
STOMACH	+ +																									
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																										
CARCINOID TUMOR, NOS																										
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																										
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, META																										
SMALL INTESTINE	+ +																									
LARGE INTESTINE	+ +																									
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																										
LEIOMYOMA	X																									

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1 1																												
	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	6	2	7	1	8	9	3	8	9	8	4	3	0	6	1	3	4	6	4	6	4	6	3	6	5	5			
URINARY SYSTEM																													
KIDNEY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
KIDNEY LIPOSARCOMA			X																										
URINARY BLADDER TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																													
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PITUITARY ADENOMA, NOS		X		X			X										X	X	X							X			
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADRENAL CORTICAL CARCINOMA								X		X						X													
ADRENAL PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA																						X					X		
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA									X																				X
THYROID C-CELL ADENOMA										X																			
THYROID C-CELL CARCINOMA								X								X	X						X						
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PARATHYROID C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																													
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																													
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																													
MAMMARY GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS																													
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																													
MAMMARY GLAND FIBROADENOMA	X						X		X			X					X				X		X	X	X				
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																													
FEMALE EXTERNAL GENITALIA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE																													
VAGINA FIBROSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
VAGINA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																	X				X								
UTERUS CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
UTERUS ADENOMA, NOS																													
UTERUS FIBROMA																													
UTERUS LEIOMYOMA																													
UTERUS ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP																													
UTERUS ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																													
OVARY PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
OVARY GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR																													
NERVOUS SYSTEM																													
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
BRAIN ASTROCYTOMA																													
SPINAL CORD OLIGODENDROGLIOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																													
EYE FIBROMA	+	+	+	+	N	+	N	+	+	+	N	+	N	N	+	N	N	N	+	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																													
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																													
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CA, METASTATIC																													
PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA, METASTATIC																													
CORTICAL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																													
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																													
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																													
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																													
PERINEUM NOS FIBROSARCOMA																													
FOOT NOS FIBROMA																													

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	930	931	932	933	934	935	936	937	938	939	940	941	942	943	944	945	946	947	948	949	950	951	952	953	954	955	956	957	958	959	960	961	962	963	964	965	966	967	968	969	970	971	972	973	974					
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																																																		
SKIN	+																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																																																		
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																																		
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																																																		
KERATOACANTHOMA																																																		
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																																		
FIBROMA																																																		
FIBROSARCOMA																																																		
LIPOMA	X																																																	
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																																																		
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																																																		
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																																		
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA																																																		
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA																																																		
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METAST																																																		
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																																		
TRACHEA	+																																																	
LARYNX	N																																																	
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASI																																																		
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																																																		
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																																																		
BONE MARROW	+																																																	
SPLEEN	+																																																	
LYMPH NODES	+																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																																																		
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																																		
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METAST																																																		
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																																		
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE																																																		
THYMUS	+																																																	
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																																																		
HEART	+																																																	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																																																		
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																																																		
ORAL CAVITY	N																																																	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																																																		
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																																		
SALIVARY GLAND	+																																																	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																																																		
LIVER	+																																																	
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																																																		
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																																																		
CORTICAL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																																																		
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTIC TYPE	X																																																	
BILE DUCT	+																																																	
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N																																																	
PANCREAS	+																																																	
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																																																		
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA																																																		
ESOPHAGUS	+																																																	
STOMACH	+																																																	
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																																																		
CARCINOID TUMOR, NOS																																																		
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																																																		
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, META																																																		
SMALL INTESTINE	+																																																	
LARGE INTESTINE	+																																																	
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																																																		
LEIOMYOMA																																																		

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
URINARY SYSTEM																													
KIDNEY CARCINOMA, NOS LIPOSARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
URINARY BLADDER TRANSITIONAL-CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+								
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																													
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA CORTICAL CARCINOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																													
MAMMARY GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
FEMALE EXTERNAL GENITALIA FIBROSARCOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
VAGINA FIBROSARCOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
UTERUS CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS FIBROMA LEIOMYOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
OVARY PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NERVOUS SYSTEM																													
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ASTROCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPINAL CORD OLIGODENDROGLIOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																													
EYE FIBROMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	+	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	+	+	N	N	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	N			
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																													
BONE SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																													
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CA, METASTAT PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA, METASTAT CORTICAL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PERINEUM NOS FIBROSARCOMA																													
FOOT NOS FIBROMA																													

2: MULTIPLE OCCURENCE OF MORPHOLOGY

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	975	976	977	978	979	980	981	982	983	984	985	986	987	988	989	990	991	992	993	994	995	996	997	998	999	1000	TOTAL TISSUES TUMORS	
WEEKS ON STUDY	28	30	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	62	64	66	68	70	72	74	76	78	80	
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																												
SKIN	+																										250	
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																											5	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA												X																1
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																											2	
KERATOACANTHOMA																											1	
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+																										250	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																											3	
FIBROMA																											9	
FIBROSARCOMA										X													X					4
LIPOMA																											1	
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																												
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+																										250	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																											1	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC				X																								2
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA																											1	
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR CARCINOMA																				X								1
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METAST																											1	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																						X						4
TRACHEA	+																										249	
LARYNX	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	250
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASI																											1	
C-CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																											1	
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																												
BONE MARROW	+																										248	
SPLEEN	+																										249	
LYMPH NODES	+																										250	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																											3	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																											1	
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA, METAST																												1
C-CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																								X				3
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTTIC TYPE																											1	
THYMUS																												199
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																												
HEART	+																										250	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																											1	
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																												
ORAL CAVITY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	250
SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA																											1	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																											1	
SALIVARY GLAND	+																										248	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																											1	
LIVER	+																										250	
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																											4	
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA																											2	
CORTICAL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											1	
MALIG.LYMPHOMA, HISTIOCYTTIC TYPE																											1	
BILE DUCT	+																										250	
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	250
PANCREAS	+																										249	
ACINAR-CELL ADENOMA																											4	
ACINAR-CELL CARCINOMA																											1	
ESOPHAGUS	+																										250	
STOMACH	+																										250	
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																											1	
CARCINOID TUMOR, NOS																											2	
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																											1	
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, META																												1
SMALL INTESTINE	+																										249	
LARGE INTESTINE	+																										250	
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																											1	
LEIOMYOMA																											1	

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

ANIMAL NUMBER	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																								
SKIN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
BASAL-CELL TUMOR																								
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																								
KERATOACANTHOMA																								
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
CARCINOMA, NOS																								
KERATOACANTHOMA																								
FIBROMA																								
FIBROSARCOMA																								
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																								
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAS																								
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA													X											
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																								
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																								
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC																								
HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC							X																	
TRACHEA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
NASAL CAVITY																								
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																								
BONE MARROW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPLEEN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LYMPH NODES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																								
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC																								
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																								
THYMUS	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																								
HEART	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC																								
NEURILEMOMA																								
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																								
SALIVARY GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
LIVER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
BILE DUCT ADENOMA																								
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																								
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	X															X	X							
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC			X																		X			
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																								
BILE DUCT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
PANCREAS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE																								
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC																								
ESOPHAGUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
STOMACH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SMALL INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																								
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP																								
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																								
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA				X																				
LARGE INTESTINE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																								
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																								
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP																								
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																								
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA																						X	X	
URINARY SYSTEM																								
KIDNEY	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT																								
URINARY BLADDER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	

+: TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY : NO TISSUE INFORMATION SUBMITTED
 -: REQUIRED TISSUE NOT EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY C: NECROPSY, NO HISTOLOGY DUE TO PROTOCOL
 X: TUMOR INCIDENCE A: AUTOLYSIS
 N: NECROPSY, NO AUTOLYSIS, NO MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION M: ANIMAL MISSING
 S: ANIMAL MIS-SEXED B: NO NECROPSY PERFORMED

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
WEEKS ON STUDY	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																											
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA CORTICAL CARCINOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PARATHYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																											
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
VAGINA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
UTERUS PAPILLARY CARCINOMA ADENOMA, NOS PAPILLARY ADENOMA LEIOMYOSARCOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
OVARY GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NERVOUS SYSTEM																											
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ASTROCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																											
EAR SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																											
MUSCLE MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
BODY CAVITIES																											
MEDIASTINUM MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PERITONEUM MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MESENTERY MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																											
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC MALIG.LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE MYELOMONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ADIPOSE TISSUE MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	3 9 6	3 9 7	3 9 8	3 9 9	4 0 0	4 0 1	4 0 2	4 0 3	4 0 4	4 0 5	4 0 6	4 0 7	4 0 8	4 0 9	4 1 0	4 1 1	4 1 2	4 1 3	4 1 4	4 1 5	4 1 6	4 1 7	4 1 8	4 1 9	4 2 0		
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	9	2	2	9	3	8	0	4	8	9	0	1	6	4	9	9	9	4	3	6	0	5	1	8	7		
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																											
SKIN	+																										
BASAL-CELL TUMOR	+																										
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA	+																										X
KERATOACANTHOMA	+																										
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+																										
CARCINOMA, NOS	+																										
KERATOACANTHOMA	+																										
FIBROMA	+																										X
FIBROSARCOMA	+																									X	X
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																											
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT	+																										
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA	+																										
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC	+																										X
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																										
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC	+																										
HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																										
TRACHEA	+																										
NASAL CAVITY	N																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N																										
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																											
BONE MARROW	+																										
SPLEEN	+																										
LYMPH NODES	+																										
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC	+																										
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC	+																										
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																										X
THYMUS	+																										
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																											
HEART	+																										
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC	+																										
NEURILEMOMA	+																										
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																											
SALIVARY GLAND	+																										
LIVER	+																										
BILE DUCT ADENOMA	+																										X
NEOPLASTIC NODULE	+																									X	X
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	+																								X	X	
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC	+																							X	X		
HEMANGIOSARCOMA	+																										
BILE DUCT	+																										
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N																										
PANCREAS	+																										
MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	+																										
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC	+																										
ESOPHAGUS	+																										
STOMACH	+																										
SMALL INTESTINE	+																										
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+																										
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP	+																										X
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA	+																									X	X
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA	+																								X	X	
LARGE INTESTINE	+																										
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS	+																										X
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	+																									X	X
ADENOMA IN ADEHOMATOUS POLYP	+																								X	X	
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA	+																							X	X		
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA	+																						X	X			
URINARY SYSTEM																											
KIDNEY	+																										
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	+																										X
URINARY BLADDER	+																										

**TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED
STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS:
INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)**

ANIMAL NUMBER	WEEKS ON STUDY																										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																											
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	X	X	X					X					X	X	X	X											
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA CORTICAL CARCINOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
																							X		X		
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	X																										
PARATHYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																											
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	X		X	X			X	X					X														X
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
VAGINA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
UTERUS PAPILLARY CARCINOMA ADENOMA, NOS PAPILLARY ADENOMA LEIOMYOSARCOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
													X											X			
OVARY GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NERVOUS SYSTEM																											
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ASTROCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
							X																				
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																											
EAR SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
																									X		
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																											
MUSCLE MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
BODY CAVITIES																											
MEDIASTINUM MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PERITONEUM MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MESENTERY MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																											
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC MALIG.LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
					X										X										X		
		X				X	X		X	X	X		X	X	X		X				X			X		X	
ADIPOSE TISSUE MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE																											

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		
WEEKS ON STUDY	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
WEEKS ON STUDY	9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9	6	0	8	1	9	6	9	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		
WEEKS ON STUDY	2	5	9	0	9	0	0	5	2	5	7	9	6	6	2	0	0	8	9	3	9	5	0	9	9		
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																											
SKIN	+ + + + N +																										
BASAL-CELL TUMOR																											
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																											
KERATOACANTHOMA																											
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+ + + + N +																										
CARCINOMA, NOS																											
KERATOACANTHOMA	X																										
FIBROMA																											
FIBROSARCOMA																											
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																											
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+ +																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT																											
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA																											
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																											
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																											
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC																											
HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	X																										
TRACHEA	+ +																										
NASAL CAVITY	N N																										
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																											
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																											
BONE MARROW	+ +																										
SPLEEN	+ +																										
LYMPH NODES	+ +																										
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																											
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																											
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
THYMUS	+ - + + + + + + - + + + - + + + - + + + - + + + + + + + + + + + + + +																										
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																											
HEART	+ +																										
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC																											
NEURILEMOMA																											
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																											
SALIVARY GLAND	+ +																										
LIVER	+ +																										
BILE DUCT ADENOMA																											
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																											
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	X X																										
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC																											
HEMANGIOSARCOMA																											
BILE DUCT	+ +																										
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N N																										
PANCREAS	+ +																										
MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE																											
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC																											
ESOPHAGUS	+ +																										
STOMACH	+ +																										
SMALL INTESTINE	+ +																										
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																											
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP																											
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																											
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA	X X																										
LARGE INTESTINE	+ +																										
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																											
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS	X X																										
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP																											
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																											
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA	X X																										
URINARY SYSTEM																											
KIDNEY	+ +																										
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	X X																										
URINARY BLADDER	+ +																										

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
WEEKS ON STUDY	9	1	1	0	1	1	1	9	6	0	8	1	9	6	9	0	0	8	7	7	1	1	1	7	6	6	6	
WEEKS ON STUDY	2	5	9	0	9	0	0	5	2	5	7	9	6	6	2	0	8	9	3	9	5	0	9	5	8	8	8	
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																												
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+ +																											
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA CORTICAL CARCINOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT	+ X X X X X X X X X																											
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA	+ X X X X X X X X X																											
PARATHYROID	+ +																											
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+ +																											
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																												
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA	+ N + + + + + + X X X X X X X X X X X X																											
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N N																											
VAGINA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA	N X N N N N N N																											
UTERUS PAPILLARY CARCINOMA ADENOMA, NOS PAPILLARY ADENOMA LEIOMYOSARCOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA	+ X X																											
OVARY GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+ +																											
NERVOUS SYSTEM																												
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE ASTROCYTOMA	+ +																											
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																												
EAR SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+ +																											
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA ADENOMA, NOS	+ X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X																											
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																												
MUSCLE MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	N N N N + N																											
BODY CAVITIES																												
MEDIASTINUM MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC	N N																											
PERITONEUM MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	N N N N N N N N N N N N X N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N																											
MESENTERY MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	N N																											
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																												
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC SIGHT RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC MALIG. LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE MYELOMONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N X X																											
ADIPOSE TISSUE MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE																												

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	4 6	4 7	4 8	4 9	4 0	4 1	4 2	4 3	4 4	4 5	4 6	4 7	4 8	4 9	4 0	4 1	4 2	4 3	4 4	4 5	4 6	4 7	4 8	4 9	4 0																																																	
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	1																																																	
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																																																																										
SKIN BASAL-CELL TUMOR BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA KERATOACANTHOMA	+																									N	+		+													N	+		+													X		X														
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE CARCINOMA, NOS KERATOACANTHOMA FIBROMA FIBROSARCOMA	+																									N	+		+													N	+		+															+														
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																																																																										
LUNGS AND BRONCHI SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTAT ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA PNEUMOCYSTOMA, METASTATIC LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC	+																									+															+													X			+																	
TRACHEA	+																									+															+															+																		
NASAL CAVITY SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	N																									N															N															N																		
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																																																																										
BONE MARROW	+																									+															+															+																		
SPLEEN	+																									+															+															+																		
LYMPH NODES ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC	+																									+															+															+																		
THYMUS	-																									-															-															-																		
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																																																																										
HEART MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC NEURILEMOMA	+																									+															+															+																		
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																																																																										
SALIVARY GLAND	+																									+															+															+																		
LIVER BILE DUCT ADENOMA HEPATIC NODULE HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC HEMANGIOSARCOMA	+																									+															+															+																		
BILE DUCT	+																									+															+															+																		
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N																									N															N															N																		
PANCREAS MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC	+																									+															+															+																		
ESOPHAGUS	+																									+															+															+																		
STOMACH	+																									+															+															+																		
SMALL INTESTINE ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS ADENOCA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA SIGNET RING CARCINOMA	+																									+															+															+																		
LARGE INTESTINE ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS ADENOCA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA SIGNET RING CARCINOMA	+																									+															+															+																		
URINARY SYSTEM																																																																										
KIDNEY MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	+																									+															+															+																		
URINARY BLADDER	+																									+															+															+																		

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	4466	4467	4468	4469	4470	4471	4472	4473	4474	4475	4476	4477	4478	4479	4480	4481	4482	4483	4484	4485	4486	4487	4488	4489	4490
WEEKS ON STUDY	073	119	093	093	090	091	092	093	094	095	096	097	098	099	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																									
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS		X			X						X										X				X
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
CORTICAL CARCINOMA		X																			X				
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA																									
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																						X			
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA																									X
C-CELL ADENOMA																									
C-CELL CARCINOMA																									
PARATHYROID	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																									
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																									
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																									
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																									
FIBROADENOMA																									X
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
VAGINA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
UTERUS PAPILLARY CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS																									
PAPILLARY ADENOMA-LEIOMYOSARCOMA																									
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP																									
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																									
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA																									
OVARY GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NERVOUS SYSTEM																									
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ASTROCYTOMA																									
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																									
EAR SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILLOMA	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																									
ADENOMA, NOS							X																		X
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																									
MUSCLE MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
BODY CAVITIES																									
MEDIASTINUM MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
PERITONEUM MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MESENTERY MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																									
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC																									
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																									
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE																									
MYELOMONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA																									
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA																									
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																									
ADIPOSE TISSUE MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCA, METASTATIC																									
MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	X																								

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	4 4																							
	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9																							
WEEKS ON STUDY	1 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0																							
	7 3 6 1 8 0 4 4 9 3 4 9 0 9 9 5 6 2 8 0 6 2 1 9 3																							
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM																								
SKIN	+ +																							
BASAL-CELL TUMOR																								
BASAL-CELL CARCINOMA																								
KERATOACANTHOMA																								
SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE	+ +																							
CARCINOMA, NOS																								
KERATOACANTHOMA																								
FIBROMA																								
FIBROSARCOMA																								
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM																								
LUNGS AND BRONCHI	+ +																							
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																								
ALVEOLAR/BRONCHIOLAR ADENOMA																								
PNEUMOCYTOMA, METASTATIC																								
LIPOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																								
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC																								
HEMANGIOSARCOMA, METASTATIC																								
TRACHEA	+ +																							
NASAL CAVITY	N N																							
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																								
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM																								
BONE MARROW	+ +																							
SPLEEN	+ +																							
LYMPH NODES	+ +																							
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS, METASTATIC																								
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																								
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																								
THYMUS	+ + + + + + - - + + + + - + + + + + + + + + + + + + +																							
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM																								
HEART	+ +																							
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC																								
HEMANGIOMA																								
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM																								
SALIVARY GLAND	+ +																							
LIVER	+ +																							
BILE DUCT ADENOMA																								
NEOPLASTIC NODULE																								
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	X																							
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC																								
HEMANGIOSARCOMA	X X																							
BILE DUCT	+ +																							
GALLBLADDER & COMMON BILE DUCT	N N																							
PANCREAS	+ +																							
MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE																								
MIXED TUMOR, METASTATIC	X																							
ESOPHAGUS	+ +																							
STOMACH	+ +																							
SMALL INTESTINE	+ +																							
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																								
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP																								
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																								
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA	X																							
LARGE INTESTINE	+ +																							
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																								
ADENOMATOUS POLYP, NOS																								
ADENOMA IN ADENOMATOUS POLYP	X X																							
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOCARCINOMA																								
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA	X																							
URINARY SYSTEM																								
KIDNEY	+ +																							
MIXED TUMOR, MALIGNANT	X X																							
URINARY BLADDER	+ +																							

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495		
WEEKS ON STUDY	117	108	106	114	100	107	107	107	109	108	108	108	108	108	108	108	108	108	108	108	108	108	108	108	108		
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																											
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ADENOMA, NOS	X		X	X						X	X		X	X						X	X		X	X			
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
CORTICAL CARCINOMA																											
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA																						X		X			
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																											
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA	X			X					X				X			X											
C-CELL ADENOMA								X			X																
C-CELL CARCINOMA	X																										
PARATHYROID	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-			
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																											
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																											
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																											
MAMMARY GLAND ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																											
FIBROADENOMA			X				X			X														X			
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N			
VAGINA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N			
UTERUS PAPILLARY CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
ADENOMA, NOS																								X			
PAPILLARY ADENOMA																						X					
LEIOMYOSARCOMA																											
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP																											
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																							X	X			
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA																											
OVARY GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
NERVOUS SYSTEM																											
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
ASTROCYTOMA																											
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																											
EAR SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL PAPILOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA			X	X		X	X															X					
ADENOMA, NOS																											
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																											
MUSCLE MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N			
BODY CAVITIES																											
MEDIASTINUM MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N			
PERITONEUM MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N			
MESENTERY MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N			
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																											
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N			
MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																											
SIGNET RING CARCINOMA, METASTATIC																											
MALIG. LYMPHOMA, UNDIFFER-TYPE																											
MYELOMONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA																											
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA	X	X		X			X	X		X	X	X								X	X	X		X			
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																											
ADIPOSE TISSUE MUCINOUS CYSTADENOMA, METASTATIC																											
MIXED TUMOR, INVASIVE																											

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	TOTAL TISSUES TUMORS																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
WEEKS ON STUDY	0	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90	99	108	117	126	135	144	153	162	171	180	189	198	207	216	225	234	243	252	261	270	279	288	297	306	315	324	333	342	351	360	369	378	387	396	405	414	423	432	441	450	459	468	477	486	495	504	513	522	531	540	549	558	567	576	585	594	603	612	621	630	639	648	657	666	675	684	693	702	711	720	729	738	747	756	765	774	783	792	801	810	819	828	837	846	855	864	873	882	891	900	909	918	927	936	945	954	963	972	981	990	999	1008	1017	1026	1035	1044	1053	1062	1071	1080	1089	1098	1107	1116	1125	1134	1143	1152	1161	1170	1179	1188	1197	1206	1215	1224	1233	1242	1251	1260	1269	1278	1287	1296	1305	1314	1323	1332	1341	1350	1359	1368	1377	1386	1395	1404	1413	1422	1431	1440	1449	1458	1467	1476	1485	1494	1503	1512	1521	1530	1539	1548	1557	1566	1575	1584	1593	1602	1611	1620	1629	1638	1647	1656	1665	1674	1683	1692	1701	1710	1719	1728	1737	1746	1755	1764	1773	1782	1791	1800	1809	1818	1827	1836	1845	1854	1863	1872	1881	1890	1899	1908	1917	1926	1935	1944	1953	1962	1971	1980	1989	1998	2007	2016	2025	2034	2043	2052	2061	2070	2079	2088	2097	2106	2115	2124	2133	2142	2151	2160	2169	2178	2187	2196	2205	2214	2223	2232	2241	2250	2259	2268	2277	2286	2295	2304	2313	2322	2331	2340	2349	2358	2367	2376	2385	2394	2403	2412	2421	2430	2439	2448	2457	2466	2475	2484	2493	2502	2511	2520	2529	2538	2547	2556	2565	2574	2583	2592	2601	2610	2619	2628	2637	2646	2655	2664	2673	2682	2691	2700	2709	2718	2727	2736	2745	2754	2763	2772	2781	2790	2799	2808	2817	2826	2835	2844	2853	2862	2871	2880	2889	2898	2907	2916	2925	2934	2943	2952	2961	2970	2979	2988	2997	3006	3015	3024	3033	3042	3051	3060	3069	3078	3087	3096	3105	3114	3123	3132	3141	3150	3159	3168	3177	3186	3195	3204	3213	3222	3231	3240	3249	3258	3267	3276	3285	3294	3303	3312	3321	3330	3339	3348	3357	3366	3375	3384	3393	3402	3411	3420	3429	3438	3447	3456	3465	3474	3483	3492	3501	3510	3519	3528	3537	3546	3555	3564	3573	3582	3591	3600	3609	3618	3627	3636	3645	3654	3663	3672	3681	3690	3699	3708	3717	3726	3735	3744	3753	3762	3771	3780	3789	3798	3807	3816	3825	3834	3843	3852	3861	3870	3879	3888	3897	3906	3915	3924	3933	3942	3951	3960	3969	3978	3987	3996	4005	4014	4023	4032	4041	4050	4059	4068	4077	4086	4095	4104	4113	4122	4131	4140	4149	4158	4167	4176	4185	4194	4203	4212	4221	4230	4239	4248	4257	4266	4275	4284	4293	4302	4311	4320	4329	4338	4347	4356	4365	4374	4383	4392	4401	4410	4419	4428	4437	4446	4455	4464	4473	4482	4491	4500	4509	4518	4527	4536	4545	4554	4563	4572	4581	4590	4599	4608	4617	4626	4635	4644	4653	4662	4671	4680	4689	4698	4707	4716	4725	4734	4743	4752	4761	4770	4779	4788	4797	4806	4815	4824	4833	4842	4851	4860	4869	4878	4887	4896	4905	4914	4923	4932	4941	4950	4959	4968	4977	4986	4995	5004	5013	5022	5031	5040	5049	5058	5067	5076	5085	5094	5103	5112	5121	5130	5139	5148	5157	5166	5175	5184	5193	5202	5211	5220	5229	5238	5247	5256	5265	5274	5283	5292	5301	5310	5319	5328	5337	5346	5355	5364	5373	5382	5391	5400	5409	5418	5427	5436	5445	5454	5463	5472	5481	5490	5499	5508	5517	5526	5535	5544	5553	5562	5571	5580	5589	5598	5607	5616	5625	5634	5643	5652	5661	5670	5679	5688	5697	5706	5715	5724	5733	5742	5751	5760	5769	5778	5787	5796	5805	5814	5823	5832	5841	5850	5859	5868	5877	5886	5895	5904	5913	5922	5931	5940	5949	5958	5967	5976	5985	5994	6003	6012	6021	6030	6039	6048	6057	6066	6075	6084	6093	6102	6111	6120	6129	6138	6147	6156	6165	6174	6183	6192	6201	6210	6219	6228	6237	6246	6255	6264	6273	6282	6291	6300	6309	6318	6327	6336	6345	6354	6363	6372	6381	6390	6399	6408	6417	6426	6435	6444	6453	6462	6471	6480	6489	6498	6507	6516	6525	6534	6543	6552	6561	6570	6579	6588	6597	6606	6615	6624	6633	6642	6651	6660	6669	6678	6687	6696	6705	6714	6723	6732	6741	6750	6759	6768	6777	6786	6795	6804	6813	6822	6831	6840	6849	6858	6867	6876	6885	6894	6903	6912	6921	6930	6939	6948	6957	6966	6975	6984	6993	7002	7011	7020	7029	7038	7047	7056	7065	7074	7083	7092	7101	7110	7119	7128	7137	7146	7155	7164	7173	7182	7191	7200	7209	7218	7227	7236	7245	7254	7263	7272	7281	7290	7299	7308	7317	7326	7335	7344	7353	7362	7371	7380	7389	7398	7407	7416	7425	7434	7443	7452	7461	7470	7479	7488	7497	7506	7515	7524	7533	7542	7551	7560	7569	7578	7587	7596	7605	7614	7623	7632	7641	7650	7659	7668	7677	7686	7695	7704	7713	7722	7731	7740	7749	7758	7767	7776	7785	7794	7803	7812	7821	7830	7839	7848	7857	7866	7875	7884	7893	7902	7911	7920	7929	7938	7947	7956	7965	7974	7983	7992	8001	8010	8019	8028	8037	8046	8055	8064	8073	8082	8091	8100	8109	8118	8127	8136	8145	8154	8163	8172	8181	8190	8199	8208	8217	8226	8235	8244	8253	8262	8271	8280	8289	8298	8307	8316	8325	8334	8343	8352	8361	8370	8379	8388	8397	8406	8415	8424	8433	8442	8451	8460	8469	8478	8487	8496	8505	8514	8523	8532	8541	8550	8559	8568	8577	8586	8595	8604	8613	8622	8631	8640	8649	8658	8667	8676	8685	8694	8703	8712	8721	8730	8739	8748	8757	8766	8775	8784	8793	8802	8811	8820	8829	8838	8847	8856	8865	8874	8883	8892	8901	8910	8919	8928	8937	8946	8955	8964	8973	8982	8991	9000	9009	9018	9027	9036	9045	9054	9063	9072	9081	9090	9099	9108	9117	9126	9135	9144	9153	9162	9171	9180	9189	9198	9207	9216	9225	9234	9243	9252	9261	9270	9279	9288	9297	9306	9315	9324	9333	9342	9351	9360	9369	9378	9387	9396	9405	9414	9423	9432	9441	9450	9459	9468	9477	9486	9495	9504	9513	9522	9531	9540	9549	9558	9567	9576	9585	9594	9603	9612	9621	9630	9639	9648	9657	9666	9675	9684	9693	9702	9711	9720	9729	9738	9747	9756	9765	9774	9783	9792	9801	9810	9819	9828	9837	9846	9855	9864	9873	9882	9891	9900	9909	9918	9927	9936	9945	9954	9963	9972	9981	9990	10000
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SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																																																			1																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
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TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE AND PREWEANING GAVAGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	6444	6447	6448	6449	6450	6451	6452	6453	6454	6455	6456	6457	6458	6459	6460	6461	6462	6463	6464	6465	6466	6467	
WEEKS ON STUDY	17	14	11	12	11	10	9	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																							
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS	X	X					X		X	X	X				X	X	X			X	X	X	X
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PHOCHROMOCYTOMA		X																					
PHOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																							
GANGLIONEUROMA																							
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA		X					X																
C-CELL ADENOMA						X																	
C-CELL CARCINOMA		X						X							X	X				X			X
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																							
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																							X
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																							
MAMMARY GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS																						X	X
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS							X															X	X
FIBROADENOMA	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X												X	X	X
CHONDROMA																							
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
VAGINA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP																							
UTERUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA																							
PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS																							
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP																							
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA																							
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INV								X							X	X							
OVARY GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NERVOUS SYSTEM																							
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
GRANULAR-CELL TUMOR, NOS																							
GLIOMA, NOS																							X
ASTROCYTOMA																							X
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																							
ZYMBAL GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																							
SARCOMA, NOS, INVAS																							
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																							
MUSCLE RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																							
BODY CAVITIES																							
MESENTERY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIV																							
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																							
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MONOCYTTIC LEUKEMIA	X																						
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL		X				X																	X
																							X

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE AND PREWEANING GAVAGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	671	672	673	674	675	676	677	678	679	680	681	682	683	684	685	686	687	688	689	690	691	692	693	694	695
WEEKS ON STUDY	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	2	3	4	8	1	3	2	2	2	1	4	0	9	1	2	2	1	2	3	0	2	0	0	1	4
	1	3	4	5	8	3	1	3	9	8	6	5	6	5	2	2	1	4	3	0	3	8	0	1	6
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																									
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS						X	X	X	X		X									X					X
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA																				X					
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT																				X					
GANGLIONEUROMA				X																					
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA					X			X																	
C-CELL ADENOMA	X	X			X		X													X					
C-CELL CARCINOMA																									
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PANCREATIC ISLETS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ISLET-CELL ADENOMA																									
ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA																									
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																									
MAMMARY GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADENOMA, NOS									X																
ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS																									
FIBROADENOMA	X	X	X		X	X	X	X		X					X	X	X				X				
CHONDROMA																									
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
VAGINA																									
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP																									X
UTERUS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA																									
PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS																									
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP																									
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA	X					X																			X
ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA																									
OVARY GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NERVOUS SYSTEM																									
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
GRANULAR-CELL TUMOR, NOS																									
GLIOMA, NOS																									
ASTROCYTOMA																									
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																									
ZYMBAL GLAND	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA																									
SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE																									
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																									
MUSCLE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
RHABDOMYOSARCOMA																									
BODY CAVITIES																									
MESENTERY	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE																									X
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																									
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA					X	X	X			X			X	X						X	X	X			
LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL																									

TABLE B4. INDIVIDUAL ANIMAL TUMOR PATHOLOGY OF FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE-RANGE AND PREWEANING GAVAGE (Continued)

ANIMAL NUMBER	721	722	723	724	725	726	727	728	729	730	731	732	733	734	735	736	737	738	739	740	741	742	743	744	745	746	747	748	749	750	TOTAL TISSUES TUMORS
WEEKS ON STUDY	3	2	2	2	2	1	3	4	3	3	4	1	4	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM																															
PITUITARY CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100 1 50	
ADRENAL CORTICAL ADENOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA, MALIGNANT GANGLIONEUROMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	99 5 11 2 1	
THYROID FOLLICULAR-CELL ADENOMA FOLLICULAR-CELL CARCINOMA C-CELL ADENOMA C-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100 6 7 20 12	
PARATHYROID ADENOMA, NOS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	97 1	
PANCREATIC ISLETS ISLET-CELL ADENOMA ISLET-CELL CARCINOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	99 4 3	
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM																															
MAMMARY GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS ADENOMA, NOS ADENOCARCINOMA, NOS FIBROADENOMA CHONDROMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100* 1 11 4 58 1	
PREPUTIAL/CLITORAL GLAND CARCINOMA, NOS	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	100* 4	
VAGINA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	100* 1	
UTERUS PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA PAPILLARY CYSTADENOMA, NOS ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL POLYP ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA ENDOMETRIAL STROMAL SARCOMA, INVA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	99 1 1 11 1	
OVARY GRANULOSA-CELL TUMOR	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	99 2	
NERVOUS SYSTEM																															
BRAIN CARCINOMA, NOS, INVASIVE GRANULAR-CELL TUMOR, NOS GLIOMA, NOS ASTROCYTOMA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100 1 1 1 1	
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS																															
ZYMBAL GLAND SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA SARCOMA, NOS, INVASIVE	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100* 2 1	
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM																															
MUSCLE RHABDOMYOSARCOMA	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	100* 1	
BODY CAVITIES																															
MESENTERY SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA, INVASIVE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	100* 1	
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS																															
MULTIPLE ORGANS NOS MONOCYTIC LEUKEMIA LEUKEMIA, MONONUCLEAR CELL	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	100* 26 3	

* ANIMALS NECROPSIED

APPENDIX C

SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

TABLE C1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
ANIMALS INITIALLY IN STUDY	88	250
ANIMALS NECROPSIED	88	250
ANIMALS EXAMINED HISTOPATHOLOGICALLY	88	248
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM		
*SKIN	(88)	(250)
CYST, NOS		1 (0%)
EPIDERMAL INCLUSION CYST	4 (5%)	5 (2%)
ABSCESS, NOS	2 (2%)	1 (0%)
GRANULOMA, NOS	1 (1%)	
FIBROSIS, FOCAL		1 (0%)
HYPERKERATOSIS		4 (2%)
ACANTHOSIS	1 (1%)	5 (2%)
*SUBCUT TISSUE	(88)	(250)
HEMORRHAGIC CYST		2 (1%)
ABSCESS, NOS	2 (2%)	1 (0%)
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM		
*NASAL TURBINATE	(88)	(250)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
HYPERKERATOSIS		1 (0%)
METAPLASIA, SQUAMOUS		1 (0%)
#TRACHEA	(87)	(248)
FIBROSIS, DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
#LUNG	(88)	(247)
MINERALIZATION		1 (0%)
CONGESTION, NOS	2 (2%)	4 (2%)
EDEMA, NOS	1 (1%)	2 (1%)
HEMORRHAGE	6 (7%)	13 (5%)
INFLAMMATION, INTERSTITIAL	1 (1%)	10 (4%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	80 (91%)	208 (84%)
GRANULOMA, NOS		6 (2%)
FIBROSIS, DIFFUSE	2 (2%)	
NECROSIS, FOCAL		1 (0%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS	3 (3%)	7 (3%)
HYPERPLASIA, ALVEOLAR EPITHELIUM	1 (1%)	10 (4%)
#LUNG/ALVEOLI	(88)	(247)
HISTIOCYTOSIS		5 (2%)
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM		
*MULTIPLE ORGANS	(88)	(250)
HEMATOPOIESIS	1 (1%)	
#BONE MARROW	(88)	(247)
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)	
NECROSIS, DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
HYPOPLASIA, NOS	4 (5%)	3 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	3 (3%)	6 (2%)
MYELOFIBROSIS	1 (1%)	
#SPLEEN	(88)	(247)
CONGESTION, NOS		1 (0%)
HEMORRHAGE	3 (3%)	3 (1%)
FIBROSIS, FOCAL	3 (3%)	16 (6%)
FIBROSIS, MULTIFOCAL	2 (2%)	7 (3%)
FIBROSIS, DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	4 (2%)
NECROSIS, NOS		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	3 (3%)	6 (2%)
METAMORPHOSIS FATTY		1 (0%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS	3 (3%)	2 (1%)

TABLE C1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM		
#SPLEEN (Continued)		
HEMOSIDEROSIS	11 (13%)	34 (14%)
ANGIECTASIS		2 (1%)
HEMATOPOIESIS	19 (22%)	41 (17%)
#SPLENIC CAPSULE	(88)	(247)
FIBROSIS, FOCAL	1 (1%)	
#SPLENIC FOLLICLES	(88)	(247)
ATROPHY, NOS	1 (1%)	5 (2%)
#LYMPH NODE	(88)	(248)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC		1 (0%)
#MANDIBULAR L. NODE	(88)	(248)
CONGESTION, NOS		1 (0%)
HEMORRHAGE	3 (3%)	
FIBROSIS, FOCAL	1 (1%)	
PIGMENTATION, NOS		1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL		1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID	4 (5%)	34 (14%)
#CERVICAL LYMPH NODE	(88)	(248)
PIGMENTATION, NOS		1 (0%)
ERYTHROPHAGOCYTOSIS		1 (0%)
#MEDIASTINAL L.NODE	(88)	(248)
CONGESTION, NOS	2 (2%)	1 (0%)
HEMORRHAGE	3 (3%)	11 (4%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS	10 (11%)	32 (13%)
ERYTHROPHAGOCYTOSIS	2 (2%)	4 (2%)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL		1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID		4 (2%)
#PANCREATIC L.NODE	(88)	(248)
PIGMENTATION, NOS	3 (3%)	4 (2%)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL	3 (3%)	8 (3%)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID		1 (0%)
#MESENTERIC L. NODE	(88)	(248)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE		2 (1%)
ABSCCESS, NOS		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS		1 (0%)
ERYTHROPHAGOCYTOSIS		5 (2%)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL	38 (43%)	81 (33%)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID	1 (1%)	2 (1%)
#ILEOCOLIC LYMPH NODE	(88)	(248)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID		1 (0%)
#RENAL LYMPH NODE	(88)	(248)
PIGMENTATION, NOS	2 (2%)	2 (1%)
#LIVER	(88)	(248)
LEUKOCYTOSIS, NOS	2 (2%)	6 (2%)
HEMATOPOIESIS	1 (1%)	
#PANCREAS	(86)	(247)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL		1 (0%)
#THYMUS	(76)	(197)
CYST, NOS		1 (1%)
HEMORRHAGE		1 (1%)
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM		
#MANDIBULAR LYMPH NODE	(88)	(248)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS		3 (1%)
#MEDIASTINAL LYMPH NODE	(88)	(248)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS		1 (0%)
#MESENTERIC LYMPH NODE	(88)	(248)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS	1 (1%)	5 (2%)
#ILEOCOLIC LYMPH NODE	(88)	(248)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS		6 (2%)

TABLE C1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM (Continued)		
#RENAL LYMPH NODE	(88)	(248)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
#HEART	(88)	(247)
THROMBOSIS, NOS		2 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
#HEART/ATRIUM	(88)	(247)
THROMBOSIS, NOS	1 (1%)	
#MYOCARDIUM	(88)	(247)
MINERALIZATION	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	38 (43%)	91 (37%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE	32 (36%)	86 (35%)
FIBROSIS, FOCAL	1 (1%)	
PIGMENTATION, NOS		1 (0%)
#CARDIAC VALVE	(88)	(247)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	1 (1%)	
*AORTA	(88)	(250)
MINERALIZATION	2 (2%)	
#SALIVARY GLAND	(87)	(243)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS		1 (0%)
#LIVER	(88)	(248)
THROMBOSIS, NOS	1 (1%)	2 (1%)
THROMBUS, ORGANIZED		1 (0%)
#PANCREAS	(86)	(247)
PERIARTERITIS	4 (5%)	2 (1%)
#TESTIS	(87)	(246)
PERIARTERITIS	1 (1%)	2 (1%)
#ADRENAL	(88)	(248)
THROMBOSIS, NOS	1 (1%)	2 (1%)
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM		
*TONGUE	(88)	(250)
EDEMA, NOS		2 (1%)
#SALIVARY GLAND	(87)	(243)
FIBROSIS, DIFUSE		2 (1%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL		1 (0%)
ATROPHY, DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
#LIVER	(88)	(248)
CONGESTION, NOS	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
HEMORRHAGE	2 (2%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL		1 (0%)
GRANULOMA, NOS	8 (9%)	15 (6%)
CHOLANGIOFIBROSIS	3 (3%)	
ADHESION, NOS		2 (1%)
HEPATITIS, TOXIC	12 (14%)	36 (15%)
DEGENERATION, NOS	18 (20%)	42 (17%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	7 (8%)	22 (9%)
NECROSIS, DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
METAMORPHOSIS FATTY	14 (16%)	44 (18%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS	11 (13%)	29 (12%)
FOCAL CELLULAR CHANGE	29 (33%)	74 (30%)
ANGIECTASIS	2 (2%)	4 (2%)
#HEPATIC CAPSULE	(88)	(248)
FIBROSIS		1 (0%)
#LIVER/CENTRILOBULAR	(88)	(248)
NECROSIS, NOS		2 (1%)
#BILE DUCT	(88)	(248)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	11 (13%)	47 (19%)
GRANULOMA, NOS		1 (0%)
FIBROSIS	1 (1%)	4 (2%)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	26 (30%)	53 (21%)

TABLE C1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM (Continued)		
#PANCREAS	(86)	(247)
ECTOPIA	1 (1%)	5 (2%)
HEMORRHAGE		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
FIBROSIS, FOCAL		1 (0%)
ATROPHY, NOS	1 (1%)	
ATROPHY, FOCAL	8 (9%)	24 (10%)
ATROPHY, DIFFUSE	3 (3%)	10 (4%)
#PANCREATIC DUCT	(86)	(247)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS		1 (0%)
#PANCREATIC ACINUS	(86)	(247)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	6 (7%)	8 (3%)
#ESOPHAGUS	(86)	(247)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
NECROSIS, FOCAL	1 (1%)	
HYPERKERATOSIS	6 (7%)	16 (6%)
#STOMACH	(88)	(248)
MINERALIZATION	3 (3%)	2 (1%)
EDEMA, NOS		1 (0%)
HEMORRHAGE		2 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	4 (5%)	6 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE	6 (7%)	25 (10%)
ULCER, PERFORATED	4 (5%)	10 (4%)
FIBROSIS, FOCAL		1 (0%)
ADHESION, NOS	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	13 (15%)	35 (14%)
NECROSIS, DIFFUSE		5 (2%)
CALCIFICATION, NOS	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL	3 (3%)	
HYPERKERATOSIS	8 (9%)	29 (12%)
ACANTHOSIS	11 (13%)	36 (15%)
#GASTRIC MUCOSA	(88)	(248)
HYPERTROPHY, NOS	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
#GASTRIC MUSCULARIS	(88)	(248)
DEGENERATION, NOS	2 (2%)	
#GASTRIC FUNDUS	(88)	(248)
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL		1 (0%)
#DUODENUM	(88)	(248)
HEMORRHAGE		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL		2 (1%)
#JEJUNUM	(88)	(248)
CYST, NOS	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL		1 (0%)
#COLON	(87)	(248)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
PARASITISM	13 (15%)	22 (9%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
#COLONIC MUSCULARIS PROPRIA	(87)	(248)
DEGENERATION, NOS		1 (0%)
#CECUM	(87)	(248)
MINERALIZATION	1 (1%)	
CYST, NOS		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL		2 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL		2 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE		2 (1%)

TABLE C1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM		
#CECUM (Continued)	(87)	(248)
PARASITISM		2 (1%)
NECROSIS, NOS		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL		4 (2%)
#TRANSVERSE COLON	(87)	(248)
CYST, NOS		1 (0%)
URINARY SYSTEM		
#KIDNEY	(88)	(248)
HAMARTOMA		1 (0%)
MINERALIZATION	5 (6%)	13 (5%)
HYDRONEPHROSIS	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
ABSCESS, NOS	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	77 (88%)	237 (96%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
INFARCT, NOS		1 (0%)
INFARCT, HEALED	2 (2%)	1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, TUBULAR CELL		4 (2%)
METAPLASIA, OSSEOUS		1 (0%)
#KIDNEY/CORTEX	(88)	(248)
CYST, NOS	4 (5%)	15 (6%)
#RENAL PAPILLA	(88)	(248)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, NOS		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL		3 (1%)
#KIDNEY/TUBULE	(88)	(248)
CYST, NOS	1 (1%)	
PIGMENTATION, NOS	25 (28%)	74 (30%)
#KIDNEY/PELVIS	(88)	(248)
HEMORRHAGE		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL		1 (0%)
#URINARY BLADDER	(85)	(247)
HEMORRHAGE	2 (2%)	5 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL		2 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE	2 (2%)	3 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE	2 (2%)	2 (1%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL		3 (1%)
NECROSIS, DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL		1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, PAPILLARY		1 (0%)
POLYP, INFLAMMATORY		1 (0%)
#U. BLADDER/MUCOSA	(85)	(247)
HYPERPLASIA, PAPILLARY		1 (0%)
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM		
#PITUITARY	(87)	(247)
CYST, NOS		10 (4%)
HEMORRHAGE	2 (2%)	1 (0%)
HEMORRHAGIC CYST		1 (0%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS		1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	10 (11%)	13 (5%)
ANGIECTASIS	9 (10%)	14 (6%)
#ADRENAL	(88)	(248)
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	1 (1%)	
PIGMENTATION, NOS	2 (2%)	

TABLE C1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM		
#ADRENAL (Continued)	(88)	(248)
ATROPHY, NOS	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL		1 (0%)
ANGIECTASIS		7 (3%)
#ADRENAL/CAPSULE	(88)	(248)
FIBROSIS, DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
#ADRENAL CORTEX	(88)	(248)
CONGESTION, NOS	1 (1%)	
DEGENERATION, NOS		2 (1%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	2 (2%)	
METAMORPHOSIS FATTY	18 (20%)	42 (17%)
HYPERTROPHY, FOCAL	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	1 (1%)	10 (4%)
#ADRENAL MEDULLA	(88)	(248)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	32 (36%)	74 (30%)
#THYROID	(86)	(246)
CYST, NOS	1 (1%)	
CYSTIC FOLLICLES	1 (1%)	5 (2%)
FOLLICULAR CYST, NOS	5 (6%)	27 (11%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS		1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, C-CELL	16 (19%)	45 (18%)
#PARATHYROID	(83)	(229)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	8 (10%)	16 (7%)
#PANCREATIC ISLETS	(86)	(247)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	4 (5%)	4 (2%)
HYPERPLASIA, DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM		
*MAMMARY GLAND	(88)	(250)
GALACTOCELE		5 (2%)
CYST, NOS	1 (1%)	
CYSTIC DUCTS	7 (8%)	9 (4%)
FIBROSIS, DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS		3 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, DIFFUSE	5 (6%)	13 (5%)
*PREPUTIAL GLAND	(88)	(250)
CYSTIC DUCTS	6 (7%)	7 (3%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE		2 (1%)
ABSCESS, NOS	2 (2%)	5 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, NOS		1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL		1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
HYPERKERATOSIS	4 (5%)	2 (1%)
#PROSTATE	(87)	(247)
CYST, NOS	1 (1%)	4 (2%)
CYSTIC DUCTS	1 (1%)	
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE		5 (2%)
ABSCESS, NOS	8 (9%)	19 (8%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	21 (24%)	55 (22%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE	6 (7%)	15 (6%)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	11 (13%)	28 (11%)
HYPERPLASIA, DIFFUSE		2 (1%)
HYPERKERATOSIS		1 (0%)
METAPLASIA, SQUAMOUS		1 (0%)

TABLE C1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM (Continued)		
*SEMINAL VESICLE	(88)	(250)
CYST, NOS	1 (1%)	12 (5%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
ABSCESS, NOS	2 (2%)	1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, DIFFUSE	2 (2%)	9 (4%)
HYPERPLASIA, PAPILLARY		1 (0%)
#TESTIS	(87)	(246)
CYST, NOS		1 (0%)
DEGENERATION, NOS	10 (11%)	26 (11%)
HYPERPLASIA, INTERSTITIAL CELL	32 (37%)	92 (37%)
*EPIDIDYMIS	(88)	(250)
HEMORRHAGE		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
GRANULOMA, SPERMATIC		1 (0%)
FIBROSIS, FOCAL		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FAT	2 (2%)	3 (1%)
NERVOUS SYSTEM		
#BRAIN/MENINGES	(88)	(248)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
#CEREBRUM	(88)	(248)
HEMORRHAGE		3 (1%)
GLIOSIS		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	1 (1%)	
#BRAIN	(88)	(248)
HEMORRHAGE		3 (1%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL		1 (0%)
#CEREBELLUM	(88)	(248)
HEMORRHAGE	2 (2%)	2 (1%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	2 (2%)	
#MEDULLA OBLONGATA	(88)	(248)
NECROSIS, FOCAL		1 (0%)
*SPINAL CORD	(88)	(250)
DEGENERATION, NOS	1 (1%)	
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS		
*EYE	(88)	(250)
HEMORRHAGE	3 (3%)	4 (2%)
EMPHYEMA	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
SYNECHIA, ANTERIOR		1 (0%)
SYNECHIA, POSTERIOR	1 (1%)	2 (1%)
CATARACT	7 (8%)	11 (4%)
*VITREOUS BODY	(88)	(250)
VASCULARIZATION		1 (0%)
*EYE/CORNEA	(88)	(250)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL	2 (2%)	1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	2 (2%)	1 (0%)
*EYE/IRIS	(88)	(250)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	1 (1%)	
*EYE/RETINA	(88)	(250)
DEGENERATION, NOS	18 (20%)	47 (19%)
*HARDERIAN GLAND	(88)	(250)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE		1 (0%)

TABLE C1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS (Continued)		
*ZYMBAL GLAND	(88)	(250)
CYST, NOS		1 (0%)
CYSTIC DUCTS	9 (10%)	20 (8%)
ABSCISS, NOS	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
HYPERKERATOSIS	1 (1%)	5 (2%)
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM		
*SKULL	(88)	(250)
OSTEOPETROSIS	2 (2%)	2 (1%)
FIBROUS OSTEODYSTROPHY	1 (1%)	
*STERNUM	(88)	(250)
FIBROUS OSTEODYSTROPHY	1 (1%)	
*RIB	(88)	(250)
DEGENERATION, NOS		3 (1%)
BODY CAVITIES		
*MEDIASTINUM	(88)	(250)
ECTOPIA	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
*ABDOMINAL CAVITY	(88)	(250)
CONGESTION, NOS		1 (0%)
HEMORRHAGE		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FAT	2 (2%)	9 (4%)
*PLEURA	(88)	(250)
INFLAMMATION, FIBRINOUS		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
*PERICARDIUM	(88)	(250)
INFLAMMATION, FIBRINOUS		1 (0%)
*MESENTERY	(88)	(250)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS		
*MULTIPLE ORGANS	(88)	(250)
MINERALIZATION	5 (6%)	1 (0%)
CYST, NOS	1 (1%)	
HEMORRHAGE		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	3 (3%)	8 (3%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS		1 (0%)
DIAPHRAGM		
HERNIA, NOS		3
HEMORRHAGE		1
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE		1
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	1	
NECROSIS, DIFFUSE		1
MESENTERY OF COLON		
INFLAMMATION, FIBRINOUS		1
SPECIAL MORPHOLOGY SUMMARY		
NECROPSY PERF/NO HISTO PERFORMED		2

NUMBER OF ANIMALS WITH TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
 * NUMBER OF ANIMALS NECROPSIED

TABLE C2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
ANIMALS INITIALLY IN STUDY	88	250
ANIMALS NECROPSIED	88	250
ANIMALS EXAMINED HISTOPATHOLOGICALLY	88	248
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM		
*SKIN	(88)	(250)
EPIDERMAL INCLUSION CYST	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
ULCER, NOS		1 (0%)
ABSCESS, NOS		4 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL		1 (0%)
FIBROSIS, FOCAL	1 (1%)	
HYPERKERATOSIS		1 (0%)
ACANTHOSIS		3 (1%)
*SUBCUT TISSUE	(88)	(250)
ABSCESS, NOS		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL		1 (0%)
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM		
#LUNG/BRONCHUS	(87)	(245)
BRONCHIECTASIS		1 (0%)
#LUNG	(87)	(245)
CONGESTION, NOS	2 (2%)	5 (2%)
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, INTERSTITIAL	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
PNEUMONIA, ASPIRATION		2 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL	1 (1%)	2 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	79 (91%)	229 (93%)
PNEUMONIA INTERSTITIAL CHRONIC	1 (1%)	
GRANULOMA, NOS		2 (1%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	1 (1%)	
PIGMENTATION, NOS		4 (2%)
HYPERPLASIA, ALVEOLAR EPITHELIUM	5 (6%)	3 (1%)
#LUNG/ALVEOLI	(87)	(245)
HISTIOCYTOSIS		3 (1%)
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM		
#BONE MARROW	(84)	(241)
HYPOPLASIA, NOS	1 (1%)	8 (3%)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
MYELOPOIESIS		1 (0%)
#SPLEEN	(87)	(245)
HEMORRHAGE	2 (2%)	4 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL		1 (0%)
FIBROSIS, FOCAL	4 (5%)	7 (3%)
FIBROSIS, MULTIFOCAL	1 (1%)	
FIBROSIS, DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	4 (2%)
NECROSIS, NOS		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	2 (2%)	5 (2%)
NECROSIS, DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
METAMORPHOSIS FATTY		1 (0%)
HEMOSIDEROSIS	27 (31%)	65 (27%)
METAPLASIA, OSSEOUS		1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, MEGAKARYOCYTIC		1 (0%)
HEMATOPOIESIS	24 (28%)	72 (29%)
#SPLENIC CAPSULE	(87)	(245)
FIBROSIS, FOCAL		1 (0%)
FIBROSIS, MULTIFOCAL		2 (1%)
#SPLENIC FOLLICLES	(87)	(245)
ATROPHY, NOS	2 (2%)	3 (1%)

TABLE C2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM (Continued)		
#LYMPH NODE	(87)	(245)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FIBRINOUS		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID		2 (1%)
#MANDIBULAR L. NODE	(87)	(245)
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, FIBRINOUS		1 (0%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS	1 (1%)	
ERYTHROPHAGOCYTOSIS		3 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID	15 (17%)	38 (16%)
#CERVICAL LYMPH NODE	(87)	(245)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID		2 (1%)
#MEDIASTINAL LYMPH NODE	(87)	(245)
CONGESTION, NOS		3 (1%)
HEMORRHAGE	2 (2%)	3 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, FIBRINOUS		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE		1 (0%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS	3 (3%)	26 (11%)
ERYTHROPHAGOCYTOSIS	2 (2%)	5 (2%)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL	1 (1%)	2 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID	1 (1%)	10 (4%)
#HEPATIC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(245)
PIGMENTATION, NOS		1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL		1 (0%)
#PANCREATIC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(245)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS	2 (2%)	12 (5%)
ATROPHY, NOS	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL	4 (5%)	13 (5%)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID		2 (1%)
#MESENTERIC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(245)
HEMORRHAGE	2 (2%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE		1 (0%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS	2 (2%)	3 (1%)
ATROPHY, NOS		1 (0%)
ERYTHROPHAGOCYTOSIS		3 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL	43 (49%)	90 (37%)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID	4 (5%)	4 (2%)
#ILEOCOLIC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(245)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL	1 (1%)	
#RENAL LYMPH NODE	(87)	(245)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
#ILIAC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(245)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID	1 (1%)	
#LIVER	(87)	(244)
LEUKOCYTOSIS, NOS		2 (1%)
HEMATOPOIESIS		3 (1%)
#CECUM	(87)	(244)
HEMATOPOIESIS		1 (0%)
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM		
*MEDIASTINUM	(88)	(250)
PERIARTERITIS		1 (0%)
#LYMPH NODE	(87)	(245)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS		1 (0%)
#MEDIASTINAL L. NODE	(87)	(245)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS		1 (0%)
#HEPATIC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(245)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS	1 (1%)	
#PANCREATIC L. NODE	(87)	(245)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS		1 (0%)

TABLE C2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM (Continued)		
#MESENTERIC L. NODE	(87)	(245)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
#ILEOCOLIC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(245)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
#ILIAC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(245)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS	1 (1%)	
*ADIPOSE TISSUE	(88)	(250)
PERIARTERITIS		1 (0%)
#HEART	(87)	(245)
THROMBOSIS, NOS		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	1 (1%)	
#HEART/ATRIUM	(87)	(245)
THROMBOSIS, NOS	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
#MYOCARDIUM	(87)	(245)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	33 (38%)	72 (29%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE	22 (25%)	65 (27%)
DEGENERATION, NOS		1 (0%)
#PANCREAS	(86)	(245)
PERIARTERITIS		1 (0%)
*MESENTERY	(88)	(250)
PERIARTERITIS		2 (1%)
#UTERUS	(87)	(245)
THROMBOSIS, NOS		1 (0%)
#PITUITARY	(87)	(244)
THROMBOSIS, NOS	1 (1%)	
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM		
*TONGUE	(88)	(250)
ABSCCESS, NOS		1 (0%)
ACANTHOSIS		2 (1%)
#SALIVARY GLAND	(87)	(243)
ABSCCESS, NOS		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
ATROPHY, FOCAL	1 (1%)	
#LIVER	(87)	(244)
HEMORRHAGE	2 (2%)	6 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, FIBRINOUS	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC		1 (0%)
GRANULOMA, NOS	26 (30%)	49 (20%)
HEPATITIS, TOXIC	12 (14%)	37 (15%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	4 (5%)	33 (14%)
INFARCT, NOS		1 (0%)
METAMORPHOSIS FATTY	30 (34%)	75 (31%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS	12 (14%)	56 (23%)
MITOTIC ALTERATION		2 (1%)
FOCAL CELLULAR CHANGE	42 (48%)	84 (34%)
HEPATOCYTOMEGALY		2 (1%)
ANGIECTASIS	6 (7%)	3 (1%)
#BILE DUCT	(87)	(244)
DILATATION, NOS		1 (0%)
CYST, NOS		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	11 (13%)	28 (11%)
FIBROSIS	1 (1%)	2 (1%)
FIBROSIS, FOCAL		1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	3 (3%)	16 (7%)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL		1 (0%)
#PANCREAS	(86)	(245)
ECTOPIA	3 (3%)	5 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
ATROPHY, FOCAL	4 (5%)	8 (3%)
ATROPHY, DIFFUSE	2 (2%)	5 (2%)

TABLE C2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM (Continued)		
#PANCREATIC ACINUS	(86)	(245)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
*PHARYNGEAL MUCOSA	(88)	(250)
HYPERKERATOSIS		1 (0%)
#ESOPHAGUS	(87)	(244)
HYPERKERATOSIS	4 (5%)	8 (3%)
#STOMACH	(87)	(245)
HEMORRHAGE		2 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL	2 (2%)	2 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	4 (5%)	9 (4%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE	9 (10%)	35 (14%)
ULCER, PERFORATED	7 (8%)	21 (9%)
ADHESION, NOS	2 (2%)	1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	12 (14%)	33 (13%)
NECROSIS, DIFFUSE	2 (2%)	2 (1%)
HYPERKERATOSIS	21 (24%)	59 (24%)
ACANTHOSIS	19 (22%)	59 (24%)
#GASTRIC SUBMUCOSA	(87)	(245)
EDEMA, NOS		1 (0%)
#GASTRIC MUSCULARIS	(87)	(245)
DEGENERATION, NOS		1 (0%)
#GASTRIC FUNDUS	(87)	(245)
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL		1 (0%)
#SMALL INTESTINE	(87)	(244)
PARASITISM		1 (0%)
#DUODENUM	(87)	(244)
ULCER, PERFORATED		1 (0%)
#COLON	(87)	(244)
EDEMA, NOS		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	2 (2%)	1 (0%)
PARASITISM	8 (9%)	13 (5%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	1 (1%)	2 (1%)
#COLONIC SUBMUCOSA	(87)	(244)
FIBROSIS, FOCAL		1 (0%)
#CECUM	(87)	(244)
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
GRANULOMA, NOS		1 (0%)
FIBROSIS, FOCAL		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	2 (2%)	3 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL	1 (1%)	
#DESCENDING COLON	(87)	(244)
PARASITISM		1 (0%)
URINARY SYSTEM		
#KIDNEY	(87)	(245)
MINERALIZATION	63 (72%)	208 (85%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	84 (97%)	231 (94%)
NEPHROSIS, NOS		1 (0%)
METAMORPHOSIS FATTY		2 (1%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS		1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, TUBULAR CELL		1 (0%)

TABLE C2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
URINARY SYSTEM (Continued)		
#KIDNEY/TUBULE	(87)	(245)
DEGENERATION, NOS	1 (1%)	
NECROSIS, DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS	57 (66%)	198 (81%)
#URINARY BLADDER	(87)	(242)
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, PAPILLARY		1 (0%)
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM		
#PITUITARY	(87)	(244)
CYST, NOS	6 (7%)	21 (9%)
HEMORRHAGE	3 (3%)	4 (2%)
HEMORRHAGIC CYST		2 (1%)
GLIOSIS		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	1 (1%)	
PIGMENTATION, NOS		2 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	6 (7%)	19 (8%)
HYPERPLASIA, DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
ANGIECTASIS	15 (17%)	42 (17%)
METAPLASIA, OSSEOUS		1 (0%)
#ADRENAL	(87)	(245)
ATROPHY, NOS		1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL		1 (0%)
ANGIECTASIS		1 (0%)
#ADRENAL CORTEX	(87)	(245)
DEGENERATION, NOS	2 (2%)	4 (2%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
METAMORPHOSIS FATTY	32 (37%)	96 (39%)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	8 (9%)	11 (4%)
ANGIECTASIS	1 (1%)	2 (1%)
#ADRENAL MEDULLA	(87)	(245)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	16 (18%)	47 (19%)
#THYROID	(87)	(244)
CYSTIC FOLLICLES	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
FOLLICULAR CYST, NOS	4 (5%)	10 (4%)
HYPERPLASIA, C-CELL	20 (23%)	58 (24%)
ANGIECTASIS		1 (0%)
#PARATHYROID	(85)	(222)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	1 (1%)	7 (3%)
#PANCREATIC ISLETS	(86)	(245)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM		
*MAMMARY GLAND	(88)	(250)
GALACTOCELE	7 (8%)	39 (16%)
CYST, NOS		1 (0%)
CYSTIC DUCTS	46 (52%)	116 (46%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
ABSCESS, NOS		1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	8 (9%)	23 (9%)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, DIFFUSE	2 (2%)	8 (3%)

TABLE C2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM (Continued)		
*PREPUTIAL GLAND	(88)	(250)
CYSTIC DUCTS	3 (3%)	5 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE	1 (1%)	
ABSCESS, NOS		4 (2%)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL		1 (0%)
HYPERKERATOSIS	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
*VAGINA	(88)	(250)
HYPERKERATOSIS	1 (1%)	
ACANTHOSIS	1 (1%)	
#UTERUS	(87)	(245)
HYDROMETRA	2 (2%)	9 (4%)
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
NECROSIS, FOCAL		1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FAT	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, PAPILLARY	1 (1%)	
ANGIECTASIS		1 (0%)
#CERVIX UTERI	(87)	(245)
ABSCESS, NOS		2 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
FIBROSIS	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
HYPERKERATOSIS		2 (1%)
ACANTHOSIS		4 (2%)
#UTERUS/ENDOMETRIUM	(87)	(245)
CYST, NOS	3 (3%)	6 (2%)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
HYPERPLASIA, PAPILLARY		2 (1%)
#FALLOPIAN TUBE	(87)	(245)
RETENTION FLUID	1 (1%)	
#OVARY	(87)	(245)
CYST, NOS	2 (2%)	16 (7%)
FOLLICULAR CYST, NOS	1 (1%)	3 (1%)
PAROVARIAN CYST		2 (1%)
HEMORRHAGE		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
ABSCESS, NOS	1 (1%)	
NERVOUS SYSTEM		
#BRAIN/MENINGES	(87)	(245)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
#CEREBRUM	(87)	(245)
HEMORRHAGE	3 (3%)	3 (1%)
GLIOSIS	1 (1%)	2 (1%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL	1 (1%)	
#BRAIN	(87)	(245)
HEMORRHAGE		2 (1%)
#CEREBELLUM	(87)	(245)
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL		1 (0%)
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS		
*EYE	(88)	(250)
HEMORRHAGE	4 (5%)	2 (1%)
EMPYEMA		1 (0%)
SYNECHIA, POSTERIOR	3 (3%)	4 (2%)
CATARACT	11 (13%)	21 (8%)
PHTHISIS BULBI		2 (1%)

TABLE C2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS (Continued)		
*EYE/CORNEA	(88)	(250)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL		2 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC DIFFUSE	1 (1%)	
*EYE/RETINA	(88)	(250)
DEGENERATION, NOS	26 (30%)	71 (28%)
*EYELID	(88)	(250)
ACANTHOSIS		1 (0%)
*HARDERIAN GLAND	(88)	(250)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE		2 (1%)
*ZYMBALE GLAND	(88)	(250)
CYSTIC DUCTS	2 (2%)	9 (4%)
ABSCESS, NOS		1 (0%)
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM		
*SKULL	(88)	(250)
OSTEOPETROSIS	3 (3%)	9 (4%)
FIBROUS OSTEODYSTROPHY		1 (0%)
*STERNUM	(88)	(250)
OSTEOPETROSIS	5 (6%)	13 (5%)
DEGENERATION, NOS		1 (0%)
*RIB	(88)	(250)
DEGENERATION, NOS	2 (2%)	
*FEMUR	(88)	(250)
OSTEOPETROSIS		1 (0%)
BODY CAVITIES		
*MEDIASTINUM	(88)	(250)
INFLAMMATION, FIBRINOUS	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
*ABDOMINAL CAVITY	(88)	(250)
NECROSIS, FAT	2 (2%)	5 (2%)
*PERITONEUM	(88)	(250)
INFLAMMATION, NOS		1 (0%)
*PLEURA	(88)	(250)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL		1 (0%)
*MESENTERY	(88)	(250)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE DIFFUSE		1 (0%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	2 (2%)	2 (1%)
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS		
*MULTIPLE ORGANS	(88)	(250)
MINERALIZATION		2 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS	2 (2%)	1 (0%)
DIAPHRAGM		
HERNIA, NOS	7	8
SPECIAL MORPHOLOGY SUMMARY		
NECROPSY PERF/NO HISTO PERFORMED		5
AUTO/NECROPSY/HISTO PERFORMED		1
AUTO/NECROPSY/NO HISTO	1	

NUMBER OF ANIMALS WITH TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
 * NUMBER OF ANIMALS NECROPSIED

APPENDIX D

SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

TABLE D1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
ANIMALS INITIALLY IN STUDY	88	125	250	175	100
ANIMALS NECROPSIED	88	125	250	175	100
ANIMALS EXAMINED HISTOPATHOLOGICALLY	85	125	250	175	100
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM					
*SKIN	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CYST, NOS			3 (1%)		
EPIDERMAL INCLUSION CYST	1 (1%)	3 (2%)	1 (0%)		
DERMAL INCLUSION CYST			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
EDEMA, NOS			2 (1%)		
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE		1 (1%)			
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC		1 (1%)			
HYPERPLASIA, NOS			1 (0%)		
HYPERKERATOSIS		1 (1%)			
ACANTHOSIS		1 (1%)	2 (1%)		
*SUBCUT TISSUE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MINERALIZATION					1 (1%)
MULTILOCLULAR CYST	1 (1%)				
STEATITIS			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE		1 (1%)	3 (1%)		
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE					1 (1%)
ABSCESS, NOS				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC	1 (1%)				
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC			1 (0%)		
NECROSIS, FAT	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL					1 (1%)
HYPERKERATOSIS			1 (0%)		
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM					
*NASAL CAVITY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HEMORRHAGE					1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE					1 (1%)
*NASAL TURBINATE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CONGESTION, NOS			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			1 (0%)		
#TRACHEA	(85)	(124)	(250)	(175)	(99)
CYST, NOS			1 (0%)		
#LUNG	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
BRONCHIECTASIS					2 (2%)
CONGESTION, NOS	11 (13%)	7 (6%)	8 (3%)	3 (2%)	7 (7%)
HEMORRHAGE	3 (4%)	1 (1%)	1 (0%)	2 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, INTERSTITIAL	4 (5%)	2 (2%)	9 (4%)	4 (2%)	4 (4%)
PNEUMONIA, ASPIRATION	1 (1%)				
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE		1 (1%)	1 (0%)	1 (1%)	2 (2%)
BRONCHOPNEUMONIA, ACUTE	1 (1%)				
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	45 (53%)	86 (69%)	98 (39%)	60 (34%)	51 (52%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL			1 (0%)		
ABSCESS, CHRONIC					3 (3%)

TABLE D1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM					
#LUNG (Continued)					
INFLAMMATION, GRANULOMATOUS			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION GRANULOMATOUS FOCAL			3 (1%)		1 (1%)
NECROSIS, FOCAL			1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, ALVEOLAR EPITHELIUM	5 (6%)	3 (2%)	13 (5%)	5 (3%)	4 (4%)
METAPLASIA, OSSEOUS				1 (1%)	
#LUNG/ALVEOLI	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
EDEMA, NOS			1 (0%)		
HISTIOCYTOSIS			10 (4%)		
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM					
*MULTIPLE ORGANS	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID			1 (0%)		
#BONE MARROW	(84)	(122)	(248)	(175)	(98)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS				1 (1%)	
#SPLEEN	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
ECTOPIA			1 (0%)		
CONGESTION, NOS	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC			1 (0%)		
FIBROSIS	1 (1%)	2 (2%)	22 (9%)	5 (3%)	3 (3%)
FIBROSIS, FOCAL	2 (2%)		5 (2%)	1 (1%)	3 (3%)
NECROSIS, NOS		2 (2%)			
NECROSIS, FOCAL					1 (1%)
NECROSIS, ISCHEMIC					1 (1%)
INFARCT, NOS			6 (2%)	8 (5%)	
INFARCT, HEALED				1 (1%)	
PIGMENTATION, NOS	1 (1%)				
HEMOSIDEROSIS	13 (15%)	10 (8%)	46 (18%)	18 (10%)	16 (16%)
ATROPHY, NOS	7 (8%)	1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, STROMAL	1 (1%)				
ANGIECTASIS	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL	1 (1%)				
HEMATOPOIESIS	7 (8%)	9 (7%)	24 (10%)	13 (7%)	6 (6%)
#SPLENIC CAPSULE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	1 (1%)				
FIBROSIS			1 (0%)		
#SPLENIC FOLLICLES	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
ATROPHY, NOS		2 (2%)			1 (1%)
#MANDIBULAR L. NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CONGESTION, NOS	1 (1%)	2 (2%)	3 (1%)		1 (1%)
HEMORRHAGE			2 (1%)	2 (1%)	2 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE			1 (0%)		
NECROSIS, NOS			1 (0%)		
PIGMENTATION, NOS	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	3 (1%)		2 (2%)
HYPERPLASIA, PLASMA CELL		13 (10%)	46 (18%)	40 (23%)	38 (38%)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID	12 (14%)	12 (10%)	10 (4%)	2 (1%)	9 (9%)
#CERVICAL LYMPH NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CONGESTION, NOS	1 (1%)	1 (1%)			
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)				
PIGMENTATION, NOS			1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, PLASMA CELL		3 (2%)	1 (0%)		3 (3%)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID	1 (1%)	2 (2%)	1 (0%)	1 (1%)	

TABLE D1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM (Continued)					
#MEDIASTINAL L. NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CONGESTION, NOS	3 (4%)		4 (2%)	3 (2%)	1 (1%)
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)	9 (7%)	18 (7%)	12 (7%)	14 (14%)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE				1 (1%)	1 (1%)
NECROSIS, NOS			1 (0%)		
PIGMENTATION, NOS	5 (6%)	15 (12%)	58 (23%)	41 (23%)	41 (41%)
HYPERPLASIA, PLASMA CELL			3 (1%)	11 (6%)	9 (9%)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM					
CELL	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	3 (1%)	4 (2%)	1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID	2 (2%)	1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
#CELIAC LYMPH NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM					
CELL				1 (1%)	
#PANCREATIC L. NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HEMORRHAGE			3 (1%)		
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE			1 (0%)		
NECROSIS, NOS	1 (1%)				
PIGMENTATION, NOS		2 (2%)	14 (6%)	7 (4%)	6 (6%)
HEMOSIDEROSIS	1 (1%)				
HYPERPLASIA, PLASMA CELL					1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID	3 (4%)	1 (1%)		1 (1%)	2 (2%)
HEMATOPOIESIS				1 (1%)	
#MESENTERIC L. NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)		2 (1%)	1 (1%)	2 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE	1 (1%)				
PIGMENTATION, NOS		25 (20%)	28 (11%)	7 (4%)	28 (28%)
ANGIECTASIS	1 (1%)				
ERYTHROPHAGOCYTOSIS	1 (1%)				
HYPERPLASIA, PLASMA CELL		1 (1%)			1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL	1 (1%)	4 (3%)	12 (5%)	2 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID	6 (7%)	8 (6%)	7 (3%)		3 (3%)
#ILEOCOLIC LYMPH NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID		1 (1%)			
#RENAL LYMPH NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)		2 (1%)		
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE			1 (0%)		
NECROSIS, NOS			1 (0%)		
PIGMENTATION, NOS		1 (1%)	5 (2%)		1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		
#ILIAC LYMPH NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HYPERPLASIA, PLASMA CELL			1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID	2 (2%)				
#AXILLARY LYMPH NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HEMORRHAGE			1 (0%)		
PIGMENTATION, NOS			1 (0%)		
#BRACHIAL LYMPH NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
PIGMENTATION, NOS				1 (1%)	
#POPLITEAL LYMPH NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HYPERPLASIA, PLASMA CELL				1 (1%)	
*STERNUM	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MYELOFIBROSIS			3 (1%)		
MYELOSCLEROSIS					2 (2%)
HEMATOPOIESIS	1 (1%)				
*FEMUR	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MYELOSCLEROSIS					1 (1%)
#LUNG	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
LEUKOCYTOSIS, NOS	3 (4%)	2 (2%)	1 (0%)		

TABLE D1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM (Continued)					
#LIVER	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LEUKOCYTOSIS, NOS	2 (2%)	1 (1%)			
MEGAKARYOCYTOSIS			1 (0%)		
HEMATOPOIESIS		1 (1%)			
#HEPATIC SINUSOID	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LEUKOCYTOSIS, NOS			3 (1%)		
#COLON	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID					10 (10%)
#CECUM	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID					1 (1%)
#ASCENDING COLON	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID		1 (1%)			
#ADRENAL	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HEMATOPOIESIS					1 (1%)
#THYMUS	(62)	(107)	(212)	(156)	(87)
ECTOPIA			1 (0%)		
THYROGLOSSAL DUCT CYST CONGESTION, NOS		1 (1%)	1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM					
#LYMPH NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
#MANDIBULAR L. NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS	9 (11%)	12 (10%)	23 (9%)	11 (6%)	13 (13%)
#CERVICAL LYMPH NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
#MEDIASTINAL L. NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	5 (2%)	2 (1%)	1 (1%)
#CELIAC LYMPH NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS			1 (0%)	5 (3%)	2 (2%)
#PANCREATIC L. NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS			1 (0%)		
#MESENTERIC L. NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS	5 (6%)	6 (5%)	16 (6%)	6 (3%)	11 (11%)
#ILEOCOLIC LYMPH NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS	1 (1%)	6 (5%)	2 (1%)	1 (1%)	2 (2%)
#RENAL LYMPH NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS			1 (0%)		
#ILIAC LYMPH NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		1 (1%)
#AXILLARY LYMPH NODE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS		1 (1%)			
*SKELETAL MUSCLE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
THROMBOSIS, NOS			1 (0%)		
#LUNG/BRONCHIOLE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
PERIARTERITIS					1 (1%)
#LUNG	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
THROMBUS, FIBRIN		2 (2%)	1 (0%)		
#HEART	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
THROMBUS, FIBRIN			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, FIBRINOUS			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
FIBROSIS	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		
#HEART/ATRIUM	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
THROMBOSIS, NOS	1 (1%)				
THROMBUS, ORGANIZED			1 (0%)		
THROMBUS, FIBRIN			2 (1%)		

TABLE D1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM (Continued)					
#MYOCARDIUM	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
MINERALIZATION	2 (2%)	2 (2%)	2 (1%)		2 (2%)
THROMBUS, FIBRIN			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE	1 (1%)	1 (1%)			
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC		6 (5%)	8 (3%)	15 (9%)	4 (4%)
FIBROSIS	53 (62%)	70 (56%)	170 (68%)	90 (51%)	72 (73%)
FIBROSIS, FOCAL	1 (1%)				
DEGENERATION, NOS	2 (2%)				
#CARDIAC VALVE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC		1 (1%)			
*AORTA	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MINERALIZATION	9 (10%)		5 (2%)		2 (2%)
*CORONARY ARTERY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MINERALIZATION		1 (1%)			2 (2%)
*PULMONARY ARTERY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MINERALIZATION			1 (0%)		
*BRONCHIAL ARTERY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC		1 (1%)			
*SUP. PANC-DUOD. ARTERY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MINERALIZATION			1 (0%)		
THROMBUS, ORGANIZED			1 (0%)		
PERIARTERITIS					1 (1%)
*MESENTERIC ARTERY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
PERIARTERITIS					1 (1%)
#LIVER	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
THROMBOSIS, NOS	1 (1%)				
THROMBUS, FIBRIN			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
#PANCREAS	(85)	(124)	(249)	(174)	(99)
THROMBUS, CANALIZED	1 (1%)				
PERIARTERITIS			1 (0%)	5 (3%)	
#COLONIC SEROSA	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
PERIARTERITIS			1 (0%)		
#TESTIS	(84)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
PERIARTERITIS			1 (0%)		1 (1%)
#ADRENAL	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
THROMBOSIS, NOS	1 (1%)				
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM					
*MOUTH	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ABSCESS, NOS			1 (0%)		
ACANTHOSIS			1 (0%)		
*MOUTH/ORAL CAVITY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC				1 (1%)	
*TONGUE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ECTOPIA					1 (1%)
CYST, NOS				1 (1%)	
EDEMA, NOS					1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE					1 (1%)
ABSCESS, CHRONIC			1 (0%)		
HYPERKERATOSIS			2 (1%)		
ACANTHOSIS			1 (0%)		
#SALIVARY GLAND	(84)	(124)	(247)	(173)	(98)
CYST, NOS				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC			2 (1%)		
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC		1 (1%)	3 (1%)	3 (2%)	
HYPERTROPHY, FOCAL			1 (0%)		
#SALIVARY SEROUS GLAND	(84)	(124)	(247)	(173)	(98)
ATROPHY, NOS		1 (1%)			

TABLE D1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM (Continued)					
#LIVER	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CYST, NOS		1 (1%)	1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
MULTILOCLULAR CYST				3 (2%)	
CONGESTION, NOS	3 (4%)	1 (1%)	2 (1%)		4 (4%)
HEMORRHAGE			1 (0%)		1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE		1 (1%)		2 (1%)	1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	4 (5%)	4 (3%)	5 (2%)	2 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL					1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION GRANULOMATOUS FOCAL			1 (0%)		
FIBROSIS	1 (1%)			1 (1%)	
HEPATITIS, TOXIC	12 (14%)	15 (12%)	33 (13%)	35 (20%)	16 (16%)
DEGENERATION, NOS		1 (1%)			
DEGENERATION, CYSTIC	4 (5%)	36 (29%)	44 (18%)	26 (15%)	21 (21%)
NECROSIS, NOS	4 (5%)	3 (2%)	3 (1%)	2 (1%)	
NECROSIS, FOCAL	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		
NECROSIS, COAGULATIVE			8 (3%)	4 (2%)	2 (2%)
METAMORPHOSIS, FATTY	13 (15%)	14 (11%)	21 (8%)	15 (9%)	11 (11%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS			6 (2%)	1 (1%)	2 (2%)
CYTOPLASMIC VACUOLIZATION			1 (0%)		
FOCAL CELLULAR CHANGE	20 (24%)	35 (28%)	65 (26%)	60 (34%)	25 (25%)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS		3 (2%)	7 (3%)	2 (1%)	2 (2%)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	2 (2%)	6 (5%)	2 (1%)		3 (3%)
ANGIECTASIS	12 (14%)	11 (9%)	12 (5%)	10 (6%)	7 (7%)
#HEPATIC CAPSULE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE	1 (1%)				
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FIBRINOUS		1 (1%)			
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	1 (1%)				
ADHESION, FIBROUS		1 (1%)			
#LIVER/PERIORTAL	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
FIBROSIS	26 (31%)	13 (10%)	14 (6%)	6 (3%)	27 (27%)
#BILE DUCT	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CYST, NOS	2 (2%)				
MULTILOCLULAR CYST	1 (1%)				
CYSTIC DUCTS	1 (1%)	1 (1%)			
FIBROSIS	1 (1%)				
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	18 (21%)	7 (6%)	58 (23%)	11 (6%)	10 (10%)
HYPERPLASIA, CYSTIC				1 (1%)	
#PANCREAS	(85)	(124)	(249)	(174)	(99)
CYST, NOS		1 (1%)		1 (1%)	
EDEMA, INTERSTITIAL		1 (1%)			
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE		1 (1%)			
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC				1 (1%)	
NECROSIS, FIBRINOID					1 (1%)
ATROPHY, NOS	18 (21%)	16 (13%)	50 (20%)	22 (13%)	7 (7%)
ATROPHY, FOCAL	2 (2%)				
#PANCREATIC DUCT	(85)	(124)	(249)	(174)	(99)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS				1 (1%)	
#PANCREATIC ACINUS	(85)	(124)	(249)	(174)	(99)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		
#ESOPHAGUS	(83)	(125)	(250)	(174)	(98)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC					1 (1%)
ABSCESS, CHRONIC					1 (1%)
HYPERKERATOSIS	1 (1%)	1 (1%)			2 (2%)
METAPLASIA, OSSEOUS					1 (1%)

TABLE D1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM (Continued)					
#STOMACH	(85)	(124)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MINERALIZATION	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	5 (2%)		
CYST, NOS	2 (2%)	1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
EDEMA, NOS	5 (6%)				
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		
ULCER, NOS	8 (9%)	5 (4%)	2 (1%)	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE	6 (7%)	6 (5%)	14 (6%)		4 (4%)
ULCER, ACUTE	5 (6%)	2 (2%)	14 (6%)	2 (1%)	7 (7%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL	2 (2%)		2 (1%)		1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC	8 (9%)	3 (2%)	12 (5%)	7 (4%)	3 (3%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	2 (2%)	1 (1%)		3 (2%)	1 (1%)
ULCER, CHRONIC			7 (3%)	3 (2%)	
ULCER, PERFORATED		1 (1%)	4 (2%)	2 (1%)	2 (2%)
ADHESION, FIBROUS		1 (1%)			
DEGENERATION, NOS		1 (1%)	2 (1%)		
NECROSIS, NOS		1 (1%)			
NECROSIS, FOCAL			4 (2%)		
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL					1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, BASAL CELL	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		
HYPERKERATOSIS	7 (8%)	3 (2%)		3 (2%)	
ACANTHOSIS	10 (12%)	13 (10%)	18 (7%)	12 (7%)	14 (14%)
METAPLASIA, SQUAMOUS			1 (0%)		
#GASTRIC MUCOSA	(85)	(124)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS			1 (0%)		
#GASTRIC SUBMUCOSA	(85)	(124)	(250)	(175)	(100)
EDEMA, NOS	1 (1%)	3 (2%)	23 (9%)	8 (5%)	10 (10%)
HEMORRHAGE				1 (1%)	
#GASTRIC MUSCULARIS	(85)	(124)	(250)	(175)	(100)
DEGENERATION, NOS			1 (0%)		1 (1%)
#GASTRIC SEROSA	(85)	(124)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ULCER, NOS		1 (1%)			
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE	1 (1%)				
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE					
FIBRINOUS		1 (1%)			
ACANTHOSIS		1 (1%)			
#SMALL INTESTINE/MUCOSA	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS		1 (1%)			
#SMALL INTESTINAL SUB	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
EDEMA, NOS			1 (0%)		
#DUODENUM	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE			1 (0%)		
METAPLASIA, OSSEOUS				1 (1%)	
#DUODENAL MUCOSA	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS				1 (1%)	
#DUODENAL SEROSA	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC				1 (1%)	
#JEJUNUM	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
DIVERTICULOSIS			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC				1 (1%)	
#LARGE INTESTINE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC	1 (1%)				
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	1 (1%)				
FIBROSIS	1 (1%)				
PARASITISM	3 (4%)				

TABLE D1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM (Continued)					
#COLON	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ULCER, NOS	1 (1%)				
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE	1 (1%)			1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC					1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
PARASITISM		6 (5%)	11 (4%)	8 (5%)	
#COLONIC SUBMUCOSA	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
EDEMA, NOS			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
#COLONIC MUSCULARIS	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
DEGENERATION, NOS			1 (0%)		
#COLONIC SEROSA	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, FIBRINOUS			1 (0%)		
#CECUM	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
EDEMA, NOS		1 (1%)	5 (2%)		
HEMORRHAGE			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE	2 (2%)				
ULCER, ACUTE				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC				1 (1%)	
ABSCESS, CHRONIC				1 (1%)	
PARASITISM	2 (2%)		2 (1%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
#ASCENDING COLON	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC	1 (1%)	1 (1%)		1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC		3 (2%)		1 (1%)	
ULCER, CHRONIC				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL		1 (1%)			
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL		2 (2%)		1 (1%)	
#TRANSVERSE COLON	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
PARASITISM		1 (1%)			
#DESCENDING COLON	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
PARASITISM		2 (2%)		3 (2%)	
URINARY SYSTEM					
#KIDNEY	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MINERALIZATION	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	6 (2%)		1 (1%)
CAST, NOS	78 (92%)	97 (78%)	229 (92%)	125 (71%)	87 (87%)
HYDRONEPHROSIS			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	3 (3%)
CYST, NOS		2 (2%)	26 (10%)	8 (5%)	9 (9%)
CONGESTION, NOS	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	1 (0%)		1 (1%)
PYELONEPHRITIS, ACUTE					1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE	1 (1%)				
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL	1 (1%)				
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	62 (73%)	77 (62%)	209 (84%)	117 (67%)	84 (84%)
GLOMERULOSCLEROSIS, NOS	1 (1%)				
PIGMENTATION, NOS	9 (11%)	19 (15%)	53 (21%)	7 (4%)	17 (17%)
HYPERPLASIA, TUBULAR CELL	1 (1%)				
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL	1 (1%)				
#RIGHT KIDNEY	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CYST, NOS				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC				1 (1%)	
#LEFT KIDNEY	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CAST, NOS		1 (1%)		1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC		1 (1%)		1 (1%)	
#KIDNEY/CORTEX	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CYST, NOS	3 (4%)				

TABLE D1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
URINARY SYSTEM (Continued)					
#KIDNEY/TUBULE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
PIGMENTATION, NOS	1 (1%)				
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL	1 (1%)				
#URINARY BLADDER	(84)	(124)	(249)	(174)	(98)
EDEMA, NOS			1 (0%)		
HEMORRHAGE	4 (5%)	1 (1%)	7 (3%)		3 (3%)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	2 (1%)		1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE	1 (1%)	1 (1%)			4 (4%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE SUPPURATIVE		1 (1%)			
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC			1 (0%)		1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, GRANULO- MATOUS			1 (0%)		
NECROSIS, FOCAL					1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL	2 (2%)		3 (1%)	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, PAPILLARY			3 (1%)		
POLYP, INFLAMMATORY			1 (0%)		
#U. BLADDER/SUBMUCOSA	(84)	(124)	(249)	(174)	(98)
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)				1 (1%)
*URETHRA	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
OBSTRUCTION, NOS			1 (0%)		
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM					
#PITUITARY	(85)	(124)	(246)	(175)	(100)
CYST, NOS	1 (1%)		3 (1%)	3 (2%)	
MULTILOCLAR CYST				2 (1%)	
HEMORRHAGE			1 (0%)		
FIBROSIS			1 (0%)		
FIBROSIS, FOCAL			1 (0%)		
NECROSIS, FOCAL			1 (0%)		
CHOLESTEROL DEPOSIT			1 (0%)		
PIGMENTATION, NOS			1 (0%)		
HEMOSIDEROSIS			1 (0%)		
HYPERTROPHY, FOCAL			4 (2%)	2 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	1 (1%)				
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL			3 (1%)	1 (1%)	4 (4%)
ANGIECTASIS	8 (9%)	4 (3%)	6 (2%)	8 (5%)	4 (4%)
#ADRENAL	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)				
METAMORPHOSIS, FATTY		1 (1%)			
PIGMENTATION, NOS	2 (2%)				
ANGIECTASIS			2 (1%)		
#ADRENAL CORTEX	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
DEGENERATION, CYSTIC			2 (1%)	1 (1%)	
NECROSIS, NOS			1 (0%)		
METAMORPHOSIS, FATTY	22 (26%)	20 (16%)	27 (11%)	17 (10%)	16 (16%)
HYPERTROPHY, FOCAL		1 (1%)	2 (1%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS				1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	1 (1%)	3 (2%)	7 (3%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
#ADRENAL MEDULLA	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MINERALIZATION			1 (0%)		
NECROSIS, NOS		1 (1%)			
HYPERPLASIA, NOS			1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	8 (9%)	7 (6%)	29 (12%)	6 (3%)	8 (8%)

TABLE D1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM (Continued)					
#THYROID	(84)	(124)	(250)	(175)	(99)
CYST, NOS			1 (0%)		
CYSTIC FOLLICLES	10 (12%)	7 (6%)	17 (7%)	6 (3%)	12 (12%)
FOLLICULAR CYST, NOS	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE	1 (1%)				
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC			1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, NOS				1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, C-CELL	9 (11%)	21 (17%)	51 (20%)	36 (21%)	13 (13%)
HYPERPLASIA, FOLLICULAR-CELL		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
METAPLASIA, SQUAMOUS			1 (0%)		
#PARATHYROID	(78)	(119)	(243)	(166)	(93)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	12 (15%)	13 (11%)	30 (12%)	2 (1%)	16 (17%)
#PANCREATIC ISLETS	(85)	(124)	(249)	(174)	(99)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	1 (1%)		2 (1%)		
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM					
*MAMMARY GLAND	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
DILATATION/DUCTS			2 (1%)		1 (1%)
GALACTOCELE	5 (6%)	5 (4%)	11 (4%)	6 (3%)	3 (3%)
CYSTIC DUCTS	1 (1%)	1 (1%)			
HEMORRHAGE		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION GRANULO- MATOUS FOCAL					1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	13 (15%)	2 (2%)	7 (3%)	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL	1 (1%)				
*PREPUTIAL GLAND	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
DILATATION/DUCTS			3 (1%)		
CYST, NOS					1 (1%)
CYSTIC DUCTS	1 (1%)	3 (2%)			2 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			1 (0%)		
ABCESS, NOS			2 (1%)		1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC			1 (0%)		1 (1%)
ABCESS, CHRONIC			1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL			1 (0%)		
ANGIECTASIS			1 (0%)		
#PROSTATE	(85)	(125)	(249)	(174)	(99)
EDEMA, INTERSTITIAL		1 (1%)			
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE		1 (1%)	31 (12%)	1 (1%)	2 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE	1 (1%)	2 (2%)	1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL			1 (0%)		
ABCESS, NOS	2 (2%)	1 (1%)	2 (1%)		1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC	10 (12%)	14 (11%)	52 (21%)	41 (24%)	41 (41%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	4 (5%)	4 (3%)	1 (0%)		1 (1%)
ABCESS, CHRONIC					2 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, GRANULO- MATOUS		1 (1%)			
INFLAMMATION GRANULO- MATOUS FOCAL			1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, NOS			2 (1%)	4 (2%)	
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL	1 (1%)		21 (8%)		
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	1 (1%)		8 (3%)	6 (3%)	3 (3%)

TABLE D1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM (Continued)					
*SEMINAL VESICLE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE		1 (1%)	3 (1%)		1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE	1 (1%)				1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC	2 (2%)				1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS		1 (1%)			
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL	5 (6%)		1 (0%)		1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL		1 (1%)	2 (1%)		
*COAGULATING GLAND	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	1 (1%)				
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL	2 (2%)				
#TESTIS	(84)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MINERALIZATION	4 (5%)		13 (5%)	3 (2%)	
STEATITIS				1 (1%)	
GRANULOMA, SPERMATIC DEGENERATION, NOS	9 (11%)	1 (1%) 11 (9%)	15 (6%)	3 (2%)	1 (1%) 5 (5%)
HYPERPLASIA, INTERSTITIAL CELL		8 (6%)	6 (2%)	12 (7%)	4 (4%)
#TESTIS/TUBULE	(84)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
DEGENERATION, NOS	2 (2%)		3 (1%)		
*EPIDIDYMIS	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
STEATITIS	4 (5%)	2 (2%)	6 (2%)	5 (3%)	3 (3%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC					1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC					1 (1%)
GRANULOMA, SPERMATIC		1 (1%)			
FIBROSIS	1 (1%)				
NECROSIS, FAT	3 (3%)		8 (3%)	3 (2%)	2 (2%)
NERVOUS SYSTEM					
#BRAIN/MENINGES	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE				1 (1%)	
#CEREBRAL VENTRICLE	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
DILATATION, NOS			2 (1%)		1 (1%)
#BRAIN	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HEMORRHAGE			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE				1 (1%)	
GLIOSIS			1 (0%)		1 (1%)
#MEDULLA OBLONGATA	(85)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ABSCESS, NOS				1 (1%)	
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS					
*EYE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HEMORRHAGE	2 (2%)	2 (2%)	4 (2%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			5 (2%)	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE					1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE SUPPURATIVE	1 (1%)				
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC		1 (1%)	2 (1%)		3 (3%)
CATARACT	19 (22%)	27 (22%)	71 (28%)	20 (11%)	24 (24%)
*EYE/CORNEA	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE					2 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE SUPPURATIVE	1 (1%)				

TABLE D1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS (Continued)					
*EYE/RETINA	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
DEGENERATION, NOS	19 (22%)	28 (22%)	68 (27%)	21 (12%)	24 (24%)
*HARDERIAN GLAND	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION GRANULO- MATOUS FOCAL			1 (0%)		
*EAR	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC					1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
*ZYMBAL GLAND	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
DILATATION/DUCTS			1 (0%)	3 (2%)	
CYSTIC DUCTS	2 (2%)			1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE				1 (1%)	
ABSCESS, NOS		1 (1%)	2 (1%)	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC		1 (1%)			
ABSCESS, CHRONIC		1 (1%)			
INFLAMMATION, GRANULOMATOUS			1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
HYPERKERATOSIS		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM					
*SKULL	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HYPEROSTOSIS		1 (1%)	5 (2%)	1 (1%)	2 (2%)
*MANDIBLE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ABSCESS, CHRONIC			1 (0%)		
PERIODONTAL CYST				1 (1%)	
*STERNUM	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HYPEROSTOSIS			1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, NOS					1 (1%)
BODY CAVITIES					
*THORACIC CAVITY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ABSCESS, CHRONIC					1 (1%)
*MEDIASTINUM	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE	2 (2%)	1 (1%)			
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE	1 (1%)				
*ABDOMINAL CAVITY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
STEATITIS			2 (1%)		1 (1%)
NECROSIS, FAT			2 (1%)		1 (1%)
*ABDOMINAL WALL	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC			1 (0%)		
*PLEURA	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE	2 (2%)				
FIBROSIS					1 (1%)
*EPICARDIUM	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, FIBRINOUS		1 (1%)			
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE					2 (2%)
*MESENTERY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HEMORRHAGE					1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC		2 (2%)			1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL					1 (1%)
NECROSIS, FAT				1 (1%)	1 (1%)

TABLE D1. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS					
*MULTIPLE ORGANS	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MINERALIZATION			2 (1%)	1 (1%)	3 (3%)
CONGESTION, NOS			2 (1%)	1 (1%)	
HEMORRHAGE			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE		1 (1%)	3 (1%)		1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/ CHRONIC			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	1 (1%)	4 (3%)	1 (0%)		
FIBROSIS	1 (1%)				
PIGMENTATION, NOS	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	1 (1%)				
DIAPHRAGM					
HERNIA, NOS		2		5	4
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	1				1
ADHESION, NOS					1
FOOT					
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC					1
ADIPOSE TISSUE					
CONGESTION, NOS	1				
HEMORRHAGE		1	1		
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	1		1	2	
INFLAMMATION, GRANULO- MATOUS			1		
FIBROSIS	1				
SPECIAL MORPHOLOGY SUMMARY					
NECROPSY PERF/NO HISTO PERFORMED	3				

NUMBER OF ANIMALS WITH TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY
* NUMBER OF ANIMALS NECROPSIED

TABLE D2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
ANIMALS INITIALLY IN STUDY	88	125	250	175	100
ANIMALS NECROPSIED	88	125	250	175	100
ANIMALS EXAMINED HISTOPATHOLOGICALLY	87	125	250	175	100
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM					
*SKIN	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CYST, NOS				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC			1 (0%)		
HYPERKERATOSIS					2 (2%)
*SUBCUT TISSUE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ABSCESS, CHRONIC			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM					
#LUNG/BRONCHUS	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
BRONCHIECTASIS					1 (1%)
EDEMA, NOS			1 (0%)		
#LUNG	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
MINERALIZATION					1 (1%)
BRONCHIECTASIS					1 (1%)
CYST, NOS					1 (1%)
CONGESTION, NOS	4 (5%)	6 (5%)	3 (1%)	1 (1%)	
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)				1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, INTERSTITIAL	3 (3%)	3 (2%)	5 (2%)	2 (1%)	1 (1%)
PNEUMONIA, ASPIRATION					3 (3%)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE					4 (4%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL	1 (1%)				
ABSCESS, NOS					1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC	1 (1%)	5 (4%)			
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	16 (18%)	33 (26%)	29 (12%)	17 (10%)	14 (14%)
INFLAMMATION, GRANULOMATOUS				1 (1%)	1 (1%)
FIBROSIS				1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL		1 (1%)			
HYPERPLASIA, ALVEOLAR					
EPITHELIUM	1 (1%)	2 (2%)	6 (2%)	3 (2%)	2 (2%)
#LUNG/ALVEOLI	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
HISTIOCYTOSIS		1 (1%)	3 (1%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM					
*MULTIPLE ORGANS	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HYPERPLASIA, PLASMA CELL			1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID			1 (0%)		
#BONE MARROW	(87)	(125)	(248)	(174)	(98)
ATROPHY, NOS				1 (1%)	
#SPLEEN	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
HEMORRHAGE		1 (1%)			
FIBROSIS	2 (2%)	6 (5%)	4 (2%)	4 (2%)	2 (2%)
FIBROSIS, FOCAL	1 (1%)	2 (2%)		1 (1%)	
INFARCT, NOS		3 (2%)	3 (1%)		2 (2%)
INFARCT, ACUTE			1 (0%)		
PIGMENTATION, NOS			1 (0%)		
HEMOSIDEROSIS	34 (39%)	19 (15%)	121 (49%)	17 (10%)	35 (35%)
HEMATOPOIESIS	4 (5%)	5 (4%)	24 (10%)	20 (11%)	13 (13%)
MYELOPOIESIS		1 (1%)			
#SPLENIC CAPSULE	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC			1 (0%)		
FIBROSIS					2 (2%)

TABLE D2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM (Continued)					
#MANDIBULAR L. NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
CONGESTION, NOS	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	1 (0%)	2 (1%)	1 (1%)
HEMORRHAGE		3 (2%)	2 (1%)	5 (3%)	1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			2 (1%)		
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC					1 (1%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS	3 (3%)	1 (1%)	7 (3%)	2 (1%)	2 (2%)
HYPERPLASIA, PLASMA CELL	16 (18%)	20 (16%)	73 (29%)	14 (8%)	27 (27%)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL			2 (1%)		
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID		1 (1%)	3 (1%)		1 (1%)
#CERVICAL LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
CONGESTION, NOS			1 (0%)		
HEMORRHAGE		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			1 (0%)		
PIGMENTATION, NOS			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, PLASMA CELL	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	5 (2%)	1 (1%)	
#THORACIC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
CONGESTION, NOS			1 (0%)		
#MEDIASTINAL L. NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
MINERALIZATION				1 (1%)	
CONGESTION, NOS		2 (2%)	2 (1%)	4 (2%)	4 (4%)
HEMORRHAGE	10 (11%)	5 (4%)	17 (7%)	14 (8%)	18 (18%)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE				1 (1%)	
PIGMENTATION, NOS	22 (25%)	27 (22%)	91 (36%)	47 (27%)	39 (39%)
HYPERPLASIA, PLASMA CELL	2 (2%)	3 (2%)	1 (0%)		4 (4%)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL			1 (0%)	3 (2%)	
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		2 (2%)
#CELIAC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE				1 (1%)	
FIBROSIS			1 (0%)		
PIGMENTATION, NOS			1 (0%)		
#PANCREATIC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
HEMORRHAGE			2 (1%)	1 (1%)	
PIGMENTATION, NOS		1 (1%)	19 (8%)	10 (6%)	5 (5%)
HYPERPLASIA, PLASMA CELL		1 (1%)			1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL			4 (2%)		1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID					1 (1%)
#MESENTERIC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
HEMORRHAGE			4 (2%)	1 (1%)	3 (3%)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			1 (0%)		
NECROSIS, NOS					1 (1%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS	10 (11%)	1 (1%)	40 (16%)	5 (3%)	4 (4%)
HYPERPLASIA, PLASMA CELL		1 (1%)	2 (1%)		
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL	1 (1%)		6 (2%)	1 (1%)	2 (2%)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID					1 (1%)
#ILEOCOLIC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
HEMORRHAGE					1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID			1 (0%)		
#RENAL LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
PIGMENTATION, NOS			1 (0%)		1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, RETICULUM CELL		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
#ILIAC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
HYPERPLASIA, PLASMA CELL		1 (1%)			
#AXILLARY LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
HYPERPLASIA, PLASMA CELL			1 (0%)		
*STERNUM	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MYELOFIBROSIS		1 (1%)	4 (2%)	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, HEMATOPOIETIC		1 (1%)			
#LUNG	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
LEUKOCYTOSIS, NOS		2 (2%)			
LEUKOCYTOSIS, NEUTROPHILIC					1 (1%)

TABLE D2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
HEMATOPOIETIC SYSTEM (Continued)					
#ALVEOLAR WALL	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
LEUKOCYTOSIS, NOS			2 (1%)		
#LIVER	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
LEUKOCYTOSIS, NOS			1 (0%)		
LEUKOCYTOSIS, NEUTROPHILIC					1 (1%)
HEMATOPOIESIS	1 (1%)		2 (1%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
#HEPATIC SINUSOID	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
LEUKOCYTOSIS, NOS			3 (1%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
#PEYERS PATCH	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
HYPERPLASIA, LYMPHOID			1 (0%)		1 (1%)
#ADRENAL	(87)	(124)	(249)	(175)	(99)
HEMATOPOIESIS					1 (1%)
#THYMUS	(70)	(106)	(199)	(146)	(95)
CYST, NOS			1 (1%)		
CONGESTION, NOS					1 (1%)
EDEMA, NOS				1 (1%)	
NECROSIS, NOS			1 (1%)		
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM					
#SPLEEN	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
THROMBUS, FIBRIN				1 (1%)	
#MANDIBULAR LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS	2 (2%)	3 (2%)	5 (2%)	5 (3%)	3 (3%)
#CERVICAL LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
#MEDIASTINAL LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS	1 (1%)	1 (1%)		1 (1%)	
#CELIAC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS			2 (1%)		
#MESENTERIC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS	1 (1%)		4 (2%)	1 (1%)	
#ILEOCOLIC LYMPH NODE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
LYMPHANGIECTASIS	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	4 (2%)	4 (2%)	5 (5%)
#LUNG	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
THROMBUS, FIBRIN			1 (0%)		
#HEART	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		
#HEART/ATRIUM	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
THROMBUS, ORGANIZED					1 (1%)
#HEART/VENTRICLE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
FIBROSIS					1 (1%)
#MYOCARDIUM	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	3 (3%)	1 (1%)	10 (4%)	2 (1%)	2 (2%)
FIBROSIS	34 (39%)	15 (12%)	84 (34%)	9 (5%)	32 (32%)
*CORONARY ARTERY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
MINERALIZATION					2 (2%)
#LIVER	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
THROMBUS, ORGANIZED			1 (0%)		1 (1%)
THROMBUS, FIBRIN					1 (1%)
PERIARTERITIS		1 (1%)			
#KIDNEY	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
THROMBUS, FIBRIN			1 (0%)		
#UTERUS	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
THROMBUS, FIBRIN			1 (0%)		
#ADRENAL	(87)	(124)	(249)	(175)	(99)
THROMBUS, ORGANIZED			1 (0%)		

TABLE D2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM					
*MOUTH	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
ABSCESS, NOS		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
*MOUTH/ORAL CAVITY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			1 (0%)		
#SALIVARY GLAND	(87)	(122)	(248)	(173)	(99)
MINERALIZATION				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC			2 (1%)		2 (2%)
ABSCESS, CHRONIC			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL					1 (1%)
#LIVER	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
HERNIA, NOS					1 (1%)
CYST, NOS	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	1 (0%)	14 (8%)	
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)			1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			2 (1%)		
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		2 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	3 (3%)	4 (3%)	1 (0%)	10 (6%)	4 (4%)
INFLAMMATION, GRANULOMATOUS	5 (6%)	14 (11%)	31 (12%)	8 (5%)	12 (12%)
FIBROSIS, FOCAL		1 (1%)			
HEPATITIS, TOXIC	15 (17%)	47 (38%)	38 (15%)	58 (33%)	15 (15%)
DEGENERATION, CYSTIC		2 (2%)		5 (3%)	2 (2%)
NECROSIS, NOS			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
NECROSIS, COAGULATIVE	2 (2%)	8 (6%)	14 (6%)	5 (3%)	5 (5%)
METAMORPHOSIS, FATTY	18 (21%)	13 (10%)	48 (19%)	15 (9%)	22 (22%)
PIGMENTATION, NOS		1 (1%)	12 (5%)	5 (3%)	3 (3%)
FOCAL CELLULAR CHANGE	42 (48%)	57 (46%)	106 (42%)	79 (45%)	59 (60%)
HEPATOCTOMEALY				1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, NOS		7 (6%)	6 (2%)	14 (8%)	
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL		11 (9%)			
ANGIECTASIS	4 (5%)	4 (3%)	6 (2%)	12 (7%)	5 (5%)
#HEPATIC CAPSULE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			1 (0%)		
#LIVER/PERIportal	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
FIBROSIS			4 (2%)	1 (1%)	2 (2%)
#BILE DUCT	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
CYST, NOS				1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, NOS			19 (8%)	12 (7%)	4 (4%)
#PANCREAS	(87)	(124)	(249)	(175)	(99)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC				2 (1%)	
ATROPHY, NOS	6 (7%)		15 (6%)	3 (2%)	6 (6%)
#ESOPHAGUS	(86)	(121)	(250)	(173)	(99)
HYPERKERATOSIS					2 (2%)
#STOMACH	(87)	(124)	(250)	(174)	(99)
CYST, NOS	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	1 (0%)		1 (1%)
ULCER, NOS			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			4 (2%)		
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE		1 (1%)	4 (2%)	2 (1%)	1 (1%)
ULCER, ACUTE	4 (5%)	3 (2%)	12 (5%)	7 (4%)	4 (4%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC	5 (6%)	2 (2%)	23 (9%)	6 (3%)	9 (9%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	4 (5%)		1 (0%)	4 (2%)	
ULCER, CHRONIC		1 (1%)	6 (2%)	3 (2%)	2 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL			1 (0%)		
ULCER, PERFORATED	3 (3%)		7 (3%)		1 (1%)
NECROSIS, NOS				1 (1%)	
NECROSIS, FOCAL			2 (1%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL			1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, ADENOMATOUS			1 (0%)		
HYPERKERATOSIS	2 (2%)	3 (2%)	4 (2%)	2 (1%)	5 (5%)
ACANTHOSIS	7 (8%)	2 (2%)	20 (8%)	7 (4%)	10 (10%)

TABLE D2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
DIGESTIVE SYSTEM (Continued)					
#GASTRIC MUCOSA	(87)	(124)	(250)	(174)	(99)
DILATATION, NOS			1 (0%)		
NECROSIS, NOS			1 (0%)		
#GASTRIC SUBMUCOSA	(87)	(124)	(250)	(174)	(99)
EDEMA, NOS	2 (2%)	2 (2%)	13 (5%)	5 (3%)	2 (2%)
EDEMA, INTERSTITIAL			1 (0%)		
#SMALL INTESTINE	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE			1 (0%)		
ULCER, ACUTE			1 (0%)		
#SMALL INTESTINAL SUBMUCOSA	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
EDEMA, NOS			1 (0%)		
#PEYER'S PATCH	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
ULCER, ACUTE					1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC					1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS					1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL					1 (1%)
#COLON	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC		1 (1%)		1 (1%)	
ULCER, CHRONIC				1 (1%)	
PARASITISM		9 (7%)	6 (2%)	5 (3%)	1 (1%)
#COLONIC SUBMUCOSA	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
FIBROSIS, FOCAL			1 (0%)		
#COLONIC SEROSA	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC			1 (0%)		
#CECUM	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
ULCER, NOS		1 (1%)			1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE		1 (1%)			
ULCER, ACUTE			2 (1%)		
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE FOCAL			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC					2 (2%)
PARASITISM			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
#ASCENDING COLON	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
PARASITISM				1 (1%)	
#TRANSVERSE COLON	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
DIVERTICULUM				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC				1 (1%)	
PARASITISM		1 (1%)			
ANGIECTASIS			1 (0%)		
#DESCENDING COLON	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
DIVERTICULUM			1 (0%)		
PARASITISM		2 (2%)		1 (1%)	
*ANUS	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
EPIDERMAL INCLUSION CYST	1 (1%)				
URINARY SYSTEM					
#KIDNEY	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
MINERALIZATION	61 (70%)	97 (78%)	194 (78%)	114 (65%)	77 (78%)
CAST, NOS	57 (66%)	51 (41%)	161 (64%)	83 (47%)	65 (66%)
HYDRONEPHROSIS		2 (2%)			2 (2%)
CYST, NOS	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	4 (2%)	1 (1%)	2 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE		1 (1%)			
PYELONEPHRITIS, ACUTE				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	52 (60%)	25 (20%)	111 (44%)	17 (10%)	36 (36%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL				2 (1%)	
NEPHROSIS, NOS				1 (1%)	

TABLE D2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
URINARY SYSTEM					
#KIDNEY (Continued)	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(99)
INFARCT, NOS			1 (0%)		
INFARCT, ACUTE	1 (1%)				
PIGMENTATION, NOS	30 (34%)	13 (10%)	104 (42%)	18 (10%)	11 (11%)
CYTOMEGALY				1 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, TUBULAR CELL				2 (1%)	
ANGIECTASIS			1 (0%)		
#URINARY BLADDER	(85)	(125)	(247)	(175)	(98)
HEMORRHAGE			1 (0%)		1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, GRANULOMATOUS			4 (2%)	1 (1%)	
CRYSTALS, NOS			1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL			5 (2%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM					
#PITUITARY	(87)	(124)	(249)	(173)	(100)
CYST, NOS		6 (5%)	5 (2%)	6 (3%)	3 (3%)
CONGESTION, NOS				1 (1%)	
EDEMA, NOS		1 (1%)			
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC			1 (0%)		
PIGMENTATION, NOS		1 (1%)	8 (3%)	3 (2%)	
HYPERTROPHY, NOS					1 (1%)
HYPERTROPHY, FOCAL	3 (3%)	2 (2%)	5 (2%)	1 (1%)	2 (2%)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	1 (1%)	2 (2%)	9 (4%)	3 (2%)	2 (2%)
ANGIECTASIS	7 (8%)	9 (7%)	29 (12%)	22 (13%)	8 (8%)
#ADRENAL	(87)	(124)	(249)	(175)	(99)
CONGESTION, NOS	1 (1%)		2 (1%)	3 (2%)	1 (1%)
HEMORRHAGE					1 (1%)
DEGENERATION, NOS	1 (1%)				
DEGENERATION, CYSTIC			1 (0%)		3 (3%)
DEGENERATION, LIPOID		1 (1%)			
PIGMENTATION, NOS				2 (1%)	
ATROPHY, NOS			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
HYPERTROPHY, FOCAL				1 (1%)	
ANGIECTASIS			5 (2%)		3 (3%)
#ADRENAL/CAPSULE	(87)	(124)	(249)	(175)	(99)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC				1 (1%)	
#ADRENAL CORTEX	(87)	(124)	(249)	(175)	(99)
DEGENERATION, NOS				1 (1%)	
DEGENERATION, CYSTIC			4 (2%)		
NECROSIS, NOS			2 (1%)		
METAMORPHOSIS, FATTY	25 (29%)	18 (15%)	79 (32%)	25 (14%)	25 (25%)
HYPERTROPHY, NOS					1 (1%)
HYPERTROPHY, FOCAL	6 (7%)	4 (3%)	4 (2%)	2 (1%)	
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL		2 (2%)	7 (3%)	2 (1%)	2 (2%)
ANGIECTASIS	1 (1%)	2 (2%)	4 (2%)		
#ADRENAL MEDULLA	(87)	(124)	(249)	(175)	(99)
METAMORPHOSIS, FATTY		2 (2%)			
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	1 (1%)		1 (0%)		1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, FOCAL	3 (3%)	5 (4%)	11 (4%)	3 (2%)	7 (7%)
#THYROID	(87)	(124)	(248)	(174)	(100)
CYST, NOS				1 (1%)	
CYSTIC FOLLICLES	2 (2%)	5 (4%)	13 (5%)	6 (3%)	1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL			1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, NOS		1 (1%)			
HYPERPLASIA, C-CELL	24 (28%)	42 (34%)	53 (21%)	31 (18%)	24 (24%)
HYPERPLASIA, FOLLICULAR-CELL					1 (1%)

TABLE D2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
ENDOCRINE SYSTEM (Continued)					
#PARATHYROID	(73)	(119)	(235)	(164)	(97)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	4 (5%)		10 (4%)	1 (1%)	8 (8%)
#PANCREATIC ISLETS	(87)	(124)	(249)	(175)	(99)
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	1 (1%)		1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM					
*MAMMARY GLAND	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
DILATATION/DUCTS	9 (10%)	1 (1%)			5 (5%)
GALACTOCELE	22 (25%)	19 (15%)	91 (36%)	20 (11%)	36 (36%)
CYST, NOS			1 (0%)		
CYSTIC DUCTS	1 (1%)				
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	1 (1%)	4 (3%)	5 (2%)	7 (4%)	1 (1%)
*PREPUTIAL GLAND	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
DILATATION/DUCTS			1 (0%)		
*CLITORAL GLAND	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
DILATATION/DUCTS	1 (1%)		2 (1%)	1 (1%)	2 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
ABCESS, NOS			2 (1%)		1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC		1 (1%)			
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL			1 (0%)		
HYPERKERATOSIS					1 (1%)
*VAGINA	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC					1 (1%)
HYPERPLASIA, STROMAL				1 (1%)	
#UTERUS	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
HYDROMETRA		2 (2%)	8 (3%)	7 (4%)	4 (4%)
CYST, NOS	1 (1%)				
STEATITIS		1 (1%)			
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)
PYOMETRA			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE	3 (3%)			1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC		1 (1%)			1 (1%)
NECROSIS, FAT		1 (1%)			
HEMOSIDEROSIS			1 (0%)		
#CERVIX UTERI	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
CYST, NOS			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC					1 (1%)
INFLAMMATION, GRANULO-					
MATOUS		1 (1%)			
HYPERPLASIA, EPITHELIAL			1 (0%)		
HYPERPLASIA, STROMAL		3 (2%)	3 (1%)	3 (2%)	
#UTERUS/ENDOMETRIUM	(87)	(125)	(249)	(175)	(99)
CYST, NOS		5 (4%)	5 (2%)	7 (4%)	
HYPERPLASIA, NOS	1 (1%)	2 (2%)	2 (1%)	4 (2%)	
HYPERPLASIA, CYSTIC	4 (5%)	4 (3%)	4 (2%)	2 (1%)	
#OVARY/PAROVARIAN	(87)	(125)	(249)	(174)	(99)
STEATITIS		1 (1%)			
#OVARY	(87)	(125)	(249)	(174)	(99)
MINERALIZATION			1 (0%)		
CYST, NOS		1 (1%)	10 (4%)	2 (1%)	4 (4%)
PAROVARIAN CYST	4 (5%)	2 (2%)	11 (4%)	10 (6%)	4 (4%)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			1 (0%)	1 (1%)	

TABLE D2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
NERVOUS SYSTEM					
#BRAIN/MENINGES	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC			1 (0%)		
#CEREBRAL VENTRICLE	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
DILATATION, NOS	4 (5%)	1 (1%)	9 (4%)	2 (1%)	10 (10%)
#BRAIN	(87)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HEMORRHAGE		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		1 (1%)
SPECIAL SENSE ORGANS					
*EYE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HEMORRHAGE	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE		1 (1%)	1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC	1 (1%)		4 (2%)		
CATARACT	30 (34%)	3 (2%)	73 (29%)	28 (16%)	26 (26%)
*EYE/RETINA	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
DEGENERATION, NOS	30 (34%)	4 (3%)	72 (29%)	30 (17%)	27 (27%)
*HARDERIAN GLAND	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, GRANULOMATOUS				1 (1%)	
ATROPHY, NOS			1 (0%)		
*EAR	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CYST, NOS			1 (0%)		
*ZYMBALE GLAND	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
DILATATION/DUCTS	1 (1%)	2 (2%)		1 (1%)	2 (2%)
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE		1 (1%)			
ABSCESS, CHRONIC				2 (1%)	
HYPERKERATOSIS		5 (4%)		2 (1%)	2 (2%)
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM					
*SKULL	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
HYPEROSTOSIS	2 (2%)	1 (1%)	5 (2%)	2 (1%)	6 (6%)
*STERNUM	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CHONDRODYSTROPHY			1 (0%)		
OSTEOCHONDRODYSTROPHY				1 (1%)	
HYPEROSTOSIS	2 (2%)	8 (6%)	20 (8%)	12 (7%)	6 (6%)
*RIB	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CHONDRODYSTROPHY			1 (0%)		
*SKELETAL MUSCLE	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC FOCAL	1 (1%)				
BODY CAVITIES					
*MEDIASTINUM	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC			1 (0%)		
*ABDOMINAL CAVITY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
STEATITIS	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	4 (2%)	2 (1%)	
NECROSIS, FAT	1 (1%)		1 (0%)	1 (1%)	
*PLEURA	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
FIBROSIS, FOCAL					1 (1%)
*PERICARDIUM	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, FIBRINOUS			1 (0%)		
*MESENTERY	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CONGESTION, NOS				1 (1%)	
INFLAMMATION, ACUTE/CHRONIC		1 (1%)			
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC		1 (1%)			2 (2%)
NECROSIS, FAT		2 (2%)		2 (1%)	1 (1%)

TABLE D2. SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENCE OF NONNEOPLASTIC LESIONS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE (IR) CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH	IR	IR + DMH	IR/PW
ALL OTHER SYSTEMS					
*MULTIPLE ORGANS	(88)	(125)	(250)	(175)	(100)
CONGESTION, NOS		1 (1%)			
INFLAMMATION, SUPPURATIVE			1 (0%)		
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC			1 (0%)		
PIGMENTATION, NOS			1 (0%)		
DIAPHRAGM					
HERNIA, NOS	3	3	6	3	
ADIPOSE TISSUE					
INFLAMMATION, CHRONIC			1	3	
NECROSIS, FAT		1		1	
BROAD LIGAMENT					
FIBROSIS	1				
SPECIAL MORPHOLOGY SUMMARY					
NECROPSY PERF/NO HISTO PERFORMED		1			
AUTO/NECROPSY/HISTO PERF			1		1

NUMBER OF ANIMALS WITH TISSUE EXAMINED MICROSCOPICALLY

* NUMBER OF ANIMALS NECROPSIED

APPENDIX E

ANALYSES OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE AND INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS AND INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

TABLE E1. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE (a)
Skin: Keratoacanthoma		
Overall Rates (b)	5/88 (6%)	14/250 (6%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	23.1%	16.8%
Terminal Rates (d)	3/15 (20%)	0/38 (0%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.592N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.602
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.580N
Subcutaneous Tissue: Fibroma		
Overall Rates (b)	13/88 (15%)	25/250 (10%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	37.9%	26.8%
Terminal Rates (d)	2/15 (13%)	4/38 (11%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.185N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.133N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.154N
Subcutaneous Tissue: Fibroma or Fibrosarcoma		
Overall Rates (b)	16/88 (18%)	30/250 (12%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	43.3%	30.0%
Terminal Rates (d)	2/15 (13%)	4/38 (11%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.138N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.081N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.104N
Integumentary System: Basal Cell Tumor or Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	3/88 (3%)	16/250 (6%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	7.0%	22.3%
Terminal Rates (d)	0/15 (0%)	4/38 (11%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.227
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.232
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.223
Hematopoietic System: Leukemia		
Overall Rates (b)	37/88 (42%)	109/250 (44%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	71.8%	78.7%
Terminal Rates (d)	6/15 (40%)	19/38 (50%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.401
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.544N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.450
Liver: Neoplastic Nodule		
Overall Rates (b)	12/88 (14%)	17/248 (7%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	39.7%	21.1%
Terminal Rates (d)	4/15 (27%)	3/38 (8%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.056N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.031N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.046N
Liver: Neoplastic Nodule or Hepatocellular Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	15/88 (17%)	19/248 (8%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	47.9%	23.8%
Terminal Rates (d)	4/15 (27%)	4/38 (11%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.018N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.007N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.013N
Pancreas: Acinar Cell Adenoma		
Overall Rates (b)	7/86 (8%)	14/247 (6%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	22.7%	19.6%
Terminal Rates (d)	1/15 (7%)	4/38 (11%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.362N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.258N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.282N

TABLE E1. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE (a)
Pituitary: Adenoma		
Overall Rates (b)	20/87 (23%)	42/247 (17%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	54.3%	40.8%
Terminal Rates (d)	4/15 (27%)	5/38 (13%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.182N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.118N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.142N
Pituitary: Adenoma or Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	21/87 (24%)	45/247 (18%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	58.4%	42.3%
Terminal Rates (d)	5/15 (33%)	5/38 (13%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.196N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.124N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.151N
Adrenal: Pheochromocytoma		
Overall Rates (b)	25/88 (28%)	73/248 (29%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	67.1%	70.0%
Terminal Rates (d)	6/15 (40%)	17/38 (45%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.437
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.500
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.485
Adrenal: Pheochromocytoma or Pheochromocytoma, Malignant		
Overall Rates (b)	26/88 (30%)	78/248 (31%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	67.8%	74.7%
Terminal Rates (d)	6/15 (40%)	20/38 (53%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.376
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.443
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.425
Thyroid: Follicular Cell Adenoma		
Overall Rates (b)	4/86 (5%)	13/246 (5%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	13.5%	14.4%
Terminal Rates (d)	1/15 (7%)	3/38 (8%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.505
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.458
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.538
Thyroid: Follicular Cell Adenoma or Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	6/86 (7%)	25/246 (10%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	16.6%	24.3%
Terminal Rates (d)	1/15 (7%)	4/38 (11%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.237
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.234
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.261
Thyroid: C-Cell Adenoma		
Overall Rates (b)	13/86 (15%)	28/246 (11%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	35.8%	32.1%
Terminal Rates (d)	2/15 (13%)	6/38 (16%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.274N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.198N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.234N
Thyroid: C-Cell Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	11/86 (13%)	24/246 (10%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	36.2%	26.2%
Terminal Rates (d)	3/15 (20%)	5/38 (13%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.321N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.251N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.274N

TABLE E1. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE (a)
Thyroid: C-Cell Adenoma or Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	24/86 (28%)	52/246 (21%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	60.8%	51.4%
Terminal Rates (d)	5/15 (33%)	11/38 (29%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.182N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.094N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.129N
Parathyroid: Adenoma		
Overall Rates (b)	6/83 (7%)	4/229 (2%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	22.8%	7.8%
Terminal Rates (d)	1/15 (7%)	2/36 (6%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.024N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.023N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.025N
Pancreatic Islets: Islet Cell Adenoma		
Overall Rates (b)	6/86 (7%)	18/247 (7%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	19.5%	21.5%
Terminal Rates (d)	1/15 (7%)	3/38 (8%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.525
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.583
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.571
Pancreatic Islets: Islet Cell Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	3/86 (3%)	14/247 (6%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	16.1%	18.7%
Terminal Rates (d)	2/15 (13%)	3/38 (8%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.298
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.277
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.318
Pancreatic Islets: Islet Cell Adenoma or Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	9/86 (10%)	30/247 (12%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	33.3%	35.4%
Terminal Rates (d)	3/15 (20%)	6/38 (16%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.376
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.403
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.421
Mammary Gland: Fibroadenoma		
Overall Rates (b)	11/88 (13%)	27/250 (11%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	46.2%	37.5%
Terminal Rates (d)	5/15 (33%)	7/38 (18%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.468N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.401N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.397N
Preputial Gland: Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	6/88 (7%)	13/250 (5%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	20.3%	12.8%
Terminal Rates (d)	2/15 (13%)	2/38 (5%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.421N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.373N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.370N
Preputial Gland: Adenoma or Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	6/88 (7%)	14/250 (6%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	20.3%	14.2%
Terminal Rates (d)	2/15 (13%)	2/38 (5%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.467N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.432N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.425N

TABLE E1. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE (a)
Testis: Interstitial Cell Tumor		
Overall Rates (b)	81/87 (93%)	238/246 (97%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	100.0%	100.0%
Terminal Rates (d)	15/15 (100%)	38/38 (100%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.336
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.590
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.128
Testis: Interstitial Cell Tumor or Interstitial Cell Tumor, Malignant		
Overall Rates (b)	81/87 (93%)	239/246 (97%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	100.0%	100.0%
Terminal Rates (d)	15/15 (100%)	38/38 (100%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.324
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.512
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.092
Zymbal Gland: Squamous Cell Papilloma or Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	5/88 (6%)	5/250 (2%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	13.6%	5.8%
Terminal Rates (d)	1/15 (7%)	1/38 (3%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.101N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.085N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.088N
Tunica Vaginalis: Mesothelioma, Malignant		
Overall Rates (b)	2/88 (2%)	14/250 (6%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	3.4%	9.6%
Terminal Rates (d)	0/15 (0%)	0/38 (0%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.172
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.191
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.166
All Sites: Mesothelioma, Malignant		
Overall Rates (b)	2/88 (2%)	15/250 (6%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	3.4%	10.1%
Terminal Rates (d)	0/15 (0%)	0/38 (0%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.145
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.161
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.135

(a) Administered 1% short-range chrysotile asbestos in the diet

(b) Number of tumor-bearing animals/number of animals examined at the site

(c) Kaplan-Meier estimated tumor incidence at the end of the study after adjusting for intercurrent mortality

(d) Observed tumor incidence at terminal kill

(e) Beneath the dosed group incidence is the P value corresponding to the pairwise comparison between the dosed group and the controls. The life table analysis regards tumors in animals dying prior to terminal kill as being (directly or indirectly) the cause of death. The incidental tumor test regards these lesions as nonfatal. The Fisher exact test compares directly the overall incidence rates. A lower incidence in the dosed group is indicated by (N).

TABLE E2. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE (a)
Hematopoietic System: Leukemia		
Overall Rates (b)	28/88 (32%)	101/250 (40%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	68.3%	74.7%
Terminal Rates (d)	3/9 (33%)	10/26 (38%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.155
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.069
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.097
Pituitary: Adenoma		
Overall Rates (b)	39/87 (45%)	101/244 (41%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	89.5%	80.1%
Terminal Rates (d)	6/9 (67%)	13/26 (50%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.368N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.335N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.333N
Pituitary: Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	6/87 (7%)	13/244 (5%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	22.6%	10.3%
Terminal Rates (d)	1/9 (11%)	0/26 (0%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.362N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.439N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.380N
Pituitary: Adenoma or Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	45/87 (52%)	114/244 (47%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	93.9%	82.2%
Terminal Rates (d)	7/9 (78%)	13/26 (50%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.295N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.268N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.249N
Adrenal: Pheochromocytoma		
Overall Rates (b)	9/87 (10%)	38/245 (16%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	38.2%	51.8%
Terminal Rates (d)	2/9 (22%)	7/26 (27%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.170
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.206
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.156
Adrenal: Pheochromocytoma or Pheochromocytoma, Malignant		
Overall Rates (b)	9/87 (10%)	39/245 (16%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	38.2%	52.2%
Terminal Rates (d)	2/9 (22%)	7/26 (27%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.153
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.175
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.136
Thyroid: Follicular Cell Adenoma or Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	5/87 (6%)	12/244 (5%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	38.1%	18.5%
Terminal Rates (d)	3/9 (33%)	2/26 (8%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.494N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.465N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.476N
Thyroid: C-Cell Adenoma		
Overall Rates (b)	11/87 (13%)	20/244 (8%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	41.0%	23.9%
Terminal Rates (d)	1/9 (11%)	2/26 (8%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.170N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.154N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.157N

TABLE E2. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	SHORT RANGE (a)
Thyroid: C-Cell Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	7/87 (8%)	21/244 (9%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	33.3%	30.1%
Terminal Rates (d)	1/9 (11%)	4/26 (15%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.522
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.555
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.537
Thyroid: C-Cell Adenoma or Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	17/87 (20%)	40/244 (16%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	57.7%	47.4%
Terminal Rates (d)	2/9 (22%)	6/26 (23%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.319N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.289N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.304N
Mammary Gland: Adenoma		
Overall Rates (b)	2/88 (2%)	14/250 (6%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	10.0%	21.9%
Terminal Rates (d)	0/9 (0%)	2/26 (8%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.175
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.161
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.166
Mammary Gland: Fibroadenoma		
Overall Rates (b)	49/88 (56%)	146/250 (58%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	97.1%	96.4%
Terminal Rates (d)	8/9 (89%)	22/26 (85%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.399
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.353
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.374
Mammary Gland: Adenocarcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	6/88 (7%)	19/250 (8%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	40.8%	27.4%
Terminal Rates (d)	2/9 (22%)	3/26 (12%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.488
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.562
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.511
Clitoral Gland: Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	2/88 (2%)	17/250 (7%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	8.2%	22.2%
Terminal Rates (d)	0/9 (0%)	3/26 (12%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.101
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.085
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.087
Clitoral Gland: Papilloma, Adenoma or Carcinoma		
Overall Rates (b)	3/88 (3%)	19/250 (8%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	10.5%	23.2%
Terminal Rates (d)	0/9 (0%)	3/26 (12%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.144
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.102
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.129
Uterus: Endometrial Stromal Polyp		
Overall Rates (b)	15/87 (17%)	34/245 (14%)
Adjusted Rates (c)	49.1%	43.8%
Terminal Rates (d)	2/9 (22%)	4/26 (15%)
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.321N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.256N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.276N

TABLE E2. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

- (a) Administered 1% short-range chrysotile asbestos in the diet
- (b) Number of tumor-bearing animals/number of animals examined at the site
- (c) Kaplan-Meier estimated tumor incidence at the end of the study after adjusting for intercurrent mortality
- (d) Observed tumor incidence at terminal kill
- (e) Beneath the dosed group incidence is the P value corresponding to the pairwise comparison between the dosed group and the controls. The life table analysis regards tumors in animals dying prior to terminal kill as being (directly or indirectly) the cause of death. The incidental tumor test regards these lesions as nonfatal. The Fisher exact test compares directly the overall incidence rates. A lower incidence in the dosed group is indicated by (N).

TABLE E3. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

	CONTROL (UNTR)	IR (a)	IR/PW	IR vs IR/PW
Skin: Papilloma or Squamous Cell Papilloma				
Overall Rates (b)	5/88 (6%)	8/250 (3%)	3/100 (3%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	46.1%	12.2%	14.0%	
Terminal Rates (d)	3/7 (43%)	0/29 (0%)	1/11 (9%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.159N	P=0.224N	P=0.617
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.225N	P=0.326N	P=0.622N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.230N	P=0.292N	P=0.612N
Integumentary System: Keratoacanthoma				
Overall Rates (b)	1/88 (1%)	19/250 (8%)	8/100 (8%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	3.2%	23.9%	32.7%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	3/29 (10%)	3/11 (27%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.039	P=0.048	P=0.506
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.027	P=0.026	P=0.512
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.017	P=0.027	P=0.527
Integumentary System: Fibroma				
Overall Rates (b)	17/88 (19%)	51/250 (20%)	12/100 (12%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	45.2%	61.4%	49.2%	
Terminal Rates (d)	1/7 (14%)	10/29 (34%)	3/11 (27%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.485N	P=0.103N	P=0.083N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.465	P=0.156N	P=0.057N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.480	P=0.119N	P=0.042N
Integumentary System: Fibrosarcoma				
Overall Rates (b)	7/88 (8%)	6/250 (2%)	1/100 (1%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	21.5%	5.2%	3.8%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	0/29 (0%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.021N	P=0.024N	P=0.373N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.024N	P=0.017N	P=0.411N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.028N	P=0.021N	P=0.358N
Subcutaneous Tissue: Sarcoma				
Overall Rates (b)	1/88 (1%)	3/250 (1%)	5/100 (5%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	1.3%	5.4%	21.3%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	1/29 (3%)	1/11 (9%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.706N	P=0.164	P=0.034
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.688	P=0.117	P=0.032
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.721	P=0.138	P=0.046
Integumentary System: Fibroma, Fibrosarcoma, or Sarcoma				
Overall Rates (b)	24/88 (27%)	59/250 (24%)	17/100 (17%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	56.6%	65.9%	61.7%	
Terminal Rates (d)	1/7 (14%)	11/29 (38%)	4/11 (36%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.186N	P=0.058N	P=0.191N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.302N	P=0.086N	P=0.157N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.291N	P=0.064N	P=0.113N
Hematopoietic System: Leukemia				
Overall Rates (b)	31/88 (35%)	96/250 (38%)	37/100 (37%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	67.8%	72.9%	72.9%	
Terminal Rates (d)	1/7 (14%)	11/29 (38%)	4/11 (36%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.506	P=0.520	P=0.529N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.309	P=0.356	P=0.508N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.346	P=0.460	P=0.453N
Liver: Neoplastic Nodule				
Overall Rates (b)	6/85 (7%)	13/250 (5%)	5/100 (5%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	23.1%	17.9%	10.4%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	2/29 (7%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.321N	P=0.407N	P=0.592N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.362N	P=0.377N	P=0.571N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.344N	P=0.389N	P=0.589N

TABLE E3. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	IR (a)	IR/PW	IR vs IR/PW
Liver: Neoplastic Nodule or Hepatocellular Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	8/85 (9%)	19/250 (8%)	6/100 (6%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	27.9%	28.9%	11.5%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	5/29 (17%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.321N	P=0.300N	P=0.408N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.391N	P=0.277N	P=0.387N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.372N	P=0.275N	P=0.395N
Pancreas: Acinar Cell Adenoma				
Overall Rates (b)	3/85 (4%)	23/249 (9%)	9/99 (9%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	19.5%	38.5%	26.8%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	7/29 (24%)	1/11 (9%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.113	P=0.108	P=0.564
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.066	P=0.102	P=0.578
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.065	P=0.109	P=0.574N
Large Intestine: Adenomatous Polyp				
Overall Rates (b)	0/85 (0%)	9/250 (4%)	2/100 (2%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	0.0%	10.2%	7.4%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	1/29 (3%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.088	P=0.315	P=0.343N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.084	P=0.235	P=0.385N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.069	P=0.291	P=0.348N
Pituitary: Adenoma				
Overall Rates (b)	14/85 (16%)	49/246 (20%)	18/100 (18%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	39.1%	50.3%	47.8%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	5/29 (17%)	3/11 (27%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.398	P=0.435	P=0.531N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.284	P=0.415	P=0.458N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.299	P=0.470	P=0.403N
Pituitary: Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	18/85 (21%)	52/246 (21%)	19/100 (19%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	43.7%	52.0%	48.8%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	5/29 (17%)	3/11 (27%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.461N	P=0.470N	P=0.523N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.552	P=0.479N	P=0.438N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.553N	P=0.426N	P=0.387N
Adrenal: Pheochromocytoma				
Overall Rates (b)	16/85 (19%)	59/250 (24%)	32/100 (32%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	61.5%	60.6%	87.2%	
Terminal Rates (d)	2/7 (29%)	8/29 (28%)	8/11 (73%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.322	P=0.058	P=0.051
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.189	P=0.014	P=0.045
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.225	P=0.030	P=0.070
Adrenal: Pheochromocytoma or Pheochromocytoma, Malignant				
Overall Rates (b)	17/85 (20%)	63/250 (25%)	32/100 (32%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	62.7%	64.7%	87.2%	
Terminal Rates (d)	2/7 (29%)	10/29 (28%)	8/11 (73%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.310	P=0.082	P=0.089
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.170	P=0.023	P=0.083
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.206	P=0.046	P=0.124
Thyroid: Follicular Cell Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	5/84 (6%)	13/250 (5%)	2/99 (2%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	19.8%	17.8%	12.6%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	2/29 (7%)	1/11 (9%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.468N	P=0.161N	P=0.201N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.532N	P=0.191N	P=0.155N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.489N	P=0.160N	P=0.151N

TABLE E3. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	IR (a)	IR/PW	IR vs IR/PW
Thyroid: Follicular Cell Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	6/84 (7%)	25/250 (10%)	5/99 (5%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	21.5%	31.6%	21.8%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	3/29 (10%)	1/11 (9%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.329	P=0.365N	P=0.150N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.270	P=0.429N	P=0.108N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.294	P=0.387N	P=0.098N
Thyroid: C-Cell Adenoma				
Overall Rates (b)	13/84 (15%)	29/250 (12%)	9/99 (9%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	44.6%	38.6%	34.5%	
Terminal Rates (d)	1/7 (14%)	6/29 (21%)	3/11 (27%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.196N	P=0.144N	P=0.364N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.260N	P=0.153N	P=0.300N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.228N	P=0.137N	P=0.320N
Thyroid: C-Cell Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	19/84 (23%)	38/250 (15%)	23/99 (23%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	59.9%	47.2%	57.6%	
Terminal Rates (d)	2/7 (29%)	5/29 (17%)	3/11 (27%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.068N	P=0.526	P=0.046
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.095N	P=0.436	P=0.040
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.084N	P=0.532	P=0.054
Thyroid: C-Cell Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	30/84 (36%)	65/250 (26%)	32/99 (32%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	76.9%	69.1%	76.1%	
Terminal Rates (d)	3/7 (43%)	11/29 (38%)	6/11 (55%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.051N	P=0.381N	P=0.121
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.071N	P=0.470N	P=0.124
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.061N	P=0.372N	P=0.146
Pancreatic Islet: Islet Cell Adenoma				
Overall Rates (b)	5/85 (6%)	6/249 (2%)	5/99 (5%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	29.1%	9.6%	18.4%	
Terminal Rates (d)	1/7 (14%)	1/29 (3%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.088N	P=0.483N	P=0.141
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.114N	P=0.542N	P=0.176
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.119N	P=0.528N	P=0.174
Pancreatic Islets: Islet Cell Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	3/85 (4%)	17/249 (7%)	6/99 (6%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	6.9%	36.3%	19.6%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	8/29 (28%)	1/11 (9%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.278	P=0.337	P=0.526N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.188	P=0.304	P=0.519N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.204	P=0.330	P=0.504N
Pancreatic Islets: Islet Cell Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	8/85 (9%)	23/249 (9%)	11/99 (11%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	34.0%	43.2%	34.4%	
Terminal Rates (d)	1/7 (14%)	9/29 (31%)	1/11 (9%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.440N	P=0.489	P=0.315
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.577N	P=0.420	P=0.345
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.556N	P=0.449	P=0.363
Mammary Gland: Fibroadenoma				
Overall Rates (b)	3/88 (3%)	16/250 (6%)	7/100 (7%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	10.5%	28.5%	27.9%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	5/29 (17%)	1/11 (9%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.301	P=0.238	P=0.459
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.219	P=0.223	P=0.488
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.223	P=0.223	P=0.501

TABLE E3. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	IR (a)	IR/PW	IR vs IR/PW
Preputial Gland: Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	3/88 (3%)	11/250 (4%)	3/100 (3%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	7.1%	9.5%	9.5%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	0/29 (0%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.489	P=0.611N	P=0.403N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.446	P=0.579N	P=0.390N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.483	P=0.597N	P=0.397N
Preputial Gland: Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	4/88 (5%)	11/250 (4%)	3/100 (3%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	11.1%	9.5%	9.5%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	0/29 (0%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.567N	P=0.453N	P=0.403N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.612N	P=0.414N	P=0.390N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.579N	P=0.429N	P=0.397N
Testis: Interstitial Cell Tumor				
Overall Rates (b)	79/84 (94%)	237/250 (95%)	89/100 (89%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Terminal Rates (d)	7/7 (100%)	29/29 (100%)	11/11 (100%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.471N	P=0.404N	P=0.439N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.306	P=0.572	P=0.330N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.489	P=0.172N	P=0.048N
Testis: Interstitial Cell Tumor or Interstitial Cell Tumor, Malignant				
Overall Rates (b)	79/84 (94%)	238/250 (95%)	89/100 (89%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Terminal Rates (d)	7/7 (100%)	29/29 (100%)	11/11 (100%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.484N	P=0.404N	P=0.428N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.242	P=0.572	P=0.257N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.432	P=0.172N	P=0.035N
Tunica Vaginalis: Mesothelioma, Malignant				
Overall Rates (b)	2/88 (2%)	13/250 (5%)	5/100 (5%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	2.4%	9.8%	18.0%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	0/29 (0%)	1/11 (9%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.208	P=0.315	P=0.570N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.189	P=0.199	P=0.583N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.203	P=0.278	P=0.589N
All Sites: Mesothelioma, Malignant				
Overall Rates (b)	2/88 (2%)	14/250 (6%)	5/100 (5%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	2.4%	10.2%	18.0%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	0/29 (0%)	1/11 (9%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.173	P=0.315	P=0.512N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.153	P=0.199	P=0.531N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.166	P=0.278	P=0.529N
All Sites: Mesothelioma				
Overall Rates (b)	5/88 (6%)	16/250 (6%)	6/100 (6%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	13.4%	15.0%	19.3%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/7 (0%)	0/29 (0%)	1/11 (9%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.521	P=0.610	P=0.538N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.490	P=0.519	P=0.557N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.521	P=0.588	P=0.554N

TABLE E3. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

- (a) Administered 1% intermediate-range (IR) chrysotile asbestos in the diet
- (b) Number of tumor-bearing animals/number of animals examined at the site
- (c) Kaplan-Meier estimated tumor incidence at the end of the study after adjusting for intercurrent mortality
- (d) Observed tumor incidence at terminal kill
- (e) Beneath the dosed group incidence are the P values corresponding to pairwise comparisons between that dosed group and the controls. The pairwise comparison between the dosed groups is in the final column. The life table analysis regards tumors in animals dying prior to terminal kill as being (directly or indirectly) the cause of death. The incidental tumor test regards these lesions as nonfatal. The Fisher exact test compares directly the overall incidence rates. A lower incidence in a dosed group than in the controls or in the IR plus preweaning gavage than the IR group is indicated by (N).

TABLE E4. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (a)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	IR (a)	IR/PW	IR vs IR/PW
Subcutaneous Tissue: Fibroma				
Overall Rates (b)	5/88 (6%)	9/250 (4%)	3/100 (3%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	27.2%	10.5%	10.1%	
Terminal Rates (d)	1/10 (10%)	1/29 (3%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.262N	P=0.289N	P=0.569N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.308N	P=0.302N	P=0.496N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.287N	P=0.292N	P=0.537N
Subcutaneous Tissue: Fibroma or Fibrosarcoma				
Overall Rates (b)	6/88 (7%)	13/250 (5%)	3/100 (3%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	31.8%	13.9%	10.1%	
Terminal Rates (d)	1/10 (10%)	1/29 (3%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.322N	P=0.185N	P=0.323N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.403N	P=0.195N	P=0.252N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.370N	P=0.190N	P=0.281N
Hematopoietic System: Leukemia				
Overall Rates (b)	34/88 (39%)	82/250 (33%)	29/100 (29%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	75.1%	59.5%	58.2%	
Terminal Rates (d)	3/10 (30%)	6/29 (21%)	3/11 (27%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.184N	P=0.155N	P=0.389N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.227N	P=0.150N	P=0.294N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.195N	P=0.108N	P=0.289N
Liver: Neoplastic Nodule or Hepatocellular Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	4/87 (5%)	6/250 (2%)	1/99 (1%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	16.0%	6.5%	1.8%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/10 (0%)	0/29 (0%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.215N	P=0.152N	P=0.359N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.256N	P=0.156N	P=0.346N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.241N	P=0.147N	P=0.363N
Pituitary: Adenoma				
Overall Rates (b)	49/87 (56%)	103/249 (41%)	50/100 (50%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	93.4%	88.2%	90.2%	
Terminal Rates (d)	8/10 (80%)	20/29 (69%)	7/11 (64%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.017N	P=0.332N	P=0.064
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.014N	P=0.314N	P=0.056
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.012N	P=0.237N	P=0.089
Pituitary: Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	4/87 (5%)	14/249 (6%)	1/100 (1%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	13.1%	11.1%	3.2%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/10 (0%)	0/29 (0%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.475	P=0.150N	P=0.056N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.382	P=0.156N	P=0.044N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.481	P=0.144N	P=0.041N
Pituitary: Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	53/87 (61%)	117/249 (47%)	51/100 (51%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	94.2%	89.5%	90.5%	
Terminal Rates (d)	8/10 (80%)	20/29 (69%)	7/11 (64%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.031N	P=0.220N	P=0.202
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.027N	P=0.160N	P=0.236
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.018N	P=0.112N	P=0.288
Adrenal: Cortical Adenoma				
Overall Rates (b)	4/87 (5%)	10/249 (4%)	5/99 (5%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	15.5%	11.1%	17.8%	
Terminal Rates (d)	1/10 (10%)	0/29 (0%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.477N	P=0.592	P=0.409
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.563N	P=0.548	P=0.439
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.512N	P=0.581	P=0.431

TABLE E4. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	IR (a)	IR/PW	IR vs IR/PW
Adrenal: Pheochromocytoma				
Overall Rates (b)	8/87 (9%)	25/249 (10%)	11/99 (11%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	45.3%	39.6%	44.6%	
Terminal Rates (d)	3/10 (30%)	6/29 (17%)	3/11 (27%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.573N	P=0.440	P=0.370
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.495	P=0.404	P=0.412
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.503	P=0.427	P=0.451
Adrenal: Pheochromocytoma or Pheochromocytoma, Malignant				
Overall Rates (b)	10/87 (11%)	25/249 (10%)	13/99 (13%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	47.9%	39.6%	50.1%	
Terminal Rates (d)	3/10 (30%)	6/29 (17%)	3/11 (27%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.336N	P=0.472	P=0.189
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.430N	P=0.430	P=0.213
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.420N	P=0.456	P=0.256
Thyroid: Follicular Cell Adenoma				
Overall Rates (b)	6/87 (7%)	13/248 (5%)	6/100 (6%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	37.5%	19.1%	9.7%	
Terminal Rates (d)	3/10 (30%)	2/29 (7%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.341N	P=0.530N	P=0.449
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.364N	P=0.563N	P=0.512
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.367N	P=0.517N	P=0.478
Thyroid: Follicular Cell Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	1/87 (1%)	14/248 (6%)	7/100 (7%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	6.2%	23.3%	26.1%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/10 (0%)	4/29 (14%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.097	P=0.069	P=0.345
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.079	P=0.048	P=0.354
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.065	P=0.050	P=0.397
Thyroid: Follicular Cell Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	7/87 (8%)	27/248 (11%)	13/100 (13%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	41.4%	38.7%	33.3%	
Terminal Rates (d)	3/10 (30%)	6/29 (21%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.362	P=0.219	P=0.288
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.311	P=0.167	P=0.330
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.299	P=0.197	P=0.348
Thyroid: C-Cell Adenoma				
Overall Rates (b)	11/87 (13%)	26/248 (10%)	20/100 (20%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	58.3%	40.1%	52.0%	
Terminal Rates (d)	5/10 (50%)	8/29 (28%)	2/11 (18%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.281N	P=0.130	P=0.009
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.341N	P=0.093	P=0.012
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.354N	P=0.124	P=0.016
Thyroid: C-Cell Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	11/87 (13%)	41/248 (17%)	12/100 (12%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	34.6%	47.4%	52.7%	
Terminal Rates (d)	2/10 (20%)	6/29 (21%)	4/11 (36%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.320	P=0.547N	P=0.272N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.219	P=0.554N	P=0.191N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.249	P=0.534N	P=0.185N
Thyroid: C-Cell Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	21/87 (24%)	65/248 (26%)	30/100 (30%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	72.7%	71.0%	79.5%	
Terminal Rates (d)	6/10 (60%)	14/29 (48%)	6/11 (55%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.518	P=0.236	P=0.186
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.386	P=0.184	P=0.246
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.410	P=0.232	P=0.277

TABLE E4. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	IR (a)	IR/PW	IR vs IR/PW
Pancreatic Islets: Islet Cell Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	6/87 (7%)	13/249 (5%)	7/99 (7%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	13.9%	22.7%	23.6%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/10 (0%)	3/29 (10%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.315N	P=0.604	P=0.279
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.382N	P=0.565	P=0.304
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.366N	P=0.597	P=0.330
Mammary Gland: Adenoma				
Overall Rates (b)	6/88 (7%)	21/250 (8%)	11/100 (11%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	22.4%	31.3%	32.0%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/10 (0%)	6/29 (21%)	1/11 (9%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.465	P=0.248	P=0.244
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.377	P=0.203	P=0.279
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.416	P=0.230	P=0.283
Mammary Gland: Fibroadenoma				
Overall Rates (b)	49/88 (56%)	128/250 (51%)	58/100 (58%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	100.0%	92.0%	93.9%	
Terminal Rates (d)	10/10 (100%)	21/29 (72%)	8/11 (73%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.209N	P=0.445	P=0.123
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.318N	P=0.322	P=0.110
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.275N	P=0.431	P=0.151
Mammary Gland: Adenocarcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	5/88 (6%)	9/250 (4%)	4/100 (4%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	15.7%	21.2%	12.7%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/10 (0%)	4/29 (14%)	1/11 (9%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.248N	P=0.435N	P=0.504
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.286N	P=0.421N	P=0.532
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.287N	P=0.420N	P=0.536
Clitoral Gland: Carcinoma or Squamous Cell Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (b)	1/88 (1%)	18/250 (7%)	4/100 (4%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	3.2%	26.1%	12.6%	
Terminal Rates (d)	0/10 (0%)	5/29 (17%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.037	P=0.214	P=0.218N
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.031	P=0.247	P=0.186N
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.022	P=0.227	P=0.195N
Uterus: Endometrial Stromal Polyp				
Overall Rates (b)	13/87 (15%)	22/249 (9%)	10/99 (10%)	
Adjusted Rates (c)	37.4%	31.4%	30.2%	
Terminal Rates (d)	1/10 (10%)	6/29 (21%)	0/11 (0%)	
Life Table Test (e)		P=0.070N	P=0.231N	P=0.375
Incidental Tumor Test (e)		P=0.078N	P=0.227N	P=0.385
Fisher Exact Test (e)		P=0.084N	P=0.219N	P=0.426

(a) Administered 1% intermediate-range (IR) chrysotile asbestos in the diet

(b) Number of tumor-bearing animals/number of animals examined at the site

(c) Kaplan-Meier estimated tumor incidence at the end of the study after adjusting for intercurrent mortality

(d) Observed tumor incidence at terminal kill

(e) Beneath the dosed group incidence are the P values corresponding to pairwise comparisons between that dosed group and the controls. The pairwise comparison between the dosed groups is in the final column. The life table analysis regards tumors in animals dying prior to terminal kill as being (directly or indirectly) the cause of death. The incidental tumor test regards these lesions as nonfatal. The Fisher exact test compares directly the overall incidence rates. A lower incidence in a dosed group than in the controls or in the IR plus preweaning gavage than the IR group is indicated by (N).

TABLE E5. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH (a)	IR + DMH (b)	DMH vs IR + DMH
Skin: Papilloma or Squamous Cell Papilloma				
Overall Rates (c)	5/88 (6%)	2/125 (2%)	4/175 (2%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	16.8%	11.1%	13.9%	
Terminal Rates (e)	4/26 (15%)	2/18 (11%)	2/18 (11%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.373N	P=0.621N	P=0.378
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.358N	P=0.499N	P=0.396
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.106N	P=0.143N	P=0.509
Skin: Keratoacanthoma				
Overall Rates (c)	1/88 (1%)	6/125 (5%)	11/175 (6%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	3.2%	24.2%	30.0%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/26 (0%)	4/18 (22%)	1/18 (6%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.028	P=0.002	P=0.240
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.070	P=0.018	P=0.356
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.138	P=0.049	P=0.389
Subcutaneous Tissue: Fibroma				
Overall Rates (c)	17/88 (19%)	13/125 (10%)	15/175 (9%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	33.8%	38.7%	43.7%	
Terminal Rates (e)	3/26 (12%)	5/18 (28%)	5/18 (28%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.502N	P=0.508N	P=0.573
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.134N	P=0.094N	P=0.455N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.052N	P=0.012N	P=0.366N
Subcutaneous Tissue: Fibrosarcoma				
Overall Rates (c)	7/88 (8%)	3/125 (2%)	2/175 (1%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	17.0%	5.2%	6.3%	
Terminal Rates (e)	1/26 (4%)	0/18 (0%)	1/18 (6%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.258N	P=0.113N	P=0.416N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.096N	P=0.023N	P=0.379N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.061N	P=0.008N	P=0.346N
Subcutaneous Tissue: Fibroma or Fibrosarcoma				
Overall Rates (c)	23/88 (26%)	16/125 (13%)	17/175 (10%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	44.1%	41.9%	48.4%	
Terminal Rates (e)	4/26 (15%)	5/18 (28%)	6/18 (33%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.363N	P=0.286N	P=0.471N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.042N	P=0.014N	P=0.335N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.012N	P=0.001N	P=0.255N
Hematopoietic System: Leukemia				
Overall Rates (c)	31/88 (35%)	42/125 (34%)	71/175 (41%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	60.4%	68.9%	76.6%	
Terminal Rates (e)	10/26 (38%)	6/18 (33%)	5/18 (28%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.016	P<0.001	P=0.076
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.181	P=0.065	P=0.172
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.460N	P=0.241	P=0.134
Liver: Neoplastic Nodule				
Overall Rates (c)	6/85 (7%)	12/125 (10%)	10/175 (6%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	17.5%	33.4%	20.3%	
Terminal Rates (e)	3/26 (12%)	3/18 (17%)	2/18 (11%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.039	P=0.211	P=0.249N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.105	P=0.500	P=0.155N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.351	P=0.431N	P=0.148N
Liver: Hepatocellular Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	2/85 (2%)	17/125 (14%)	20/175 (11%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	5.8%	38.3%	41.1%	
Terminal Rates (e)	1/26 (4%)	3/18 (17%)	3/18 (17%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.528N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.003	P=0.336N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.003	P=0.009	P=0.348N

TABLE E5. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH (a)	IR + DMH (b)	DMH vs IR + DMH
Liver: Neoplastic Nodule or Hepatocellular Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	8/85 (9%)	27/125 (22%)	29/175 (17%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	22.8%	59.5%	50.7%	
Terminal Rates (e)	4/26 (15%)	6/18 (33%)	4/18 (22%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.372N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.016	P=0.159N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.014	P=0.084	P=0.171N
Pancreas: Acinar Cell Adenoma				
Overall Rates (c)	3/85 (4%)	7/124 (6%)	14/174 (8%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	11.5%	28.9%	35.1%	
Terminal Rates (e)	3/26 (12%)	4/18 (22%)	3/18 (17%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.059	P=0.003	P=0.148
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.073	P=0.026	P=0.237
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.362	P=0.131	P=0.288
Large Intestine: Adenomatous Polyp				
Overall Rates (c)	0/85 (0%)	31/125 (25%)	45/175 (26%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	0.0%	45.0%	45.7%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/26 (0%)	2/18 (11%)	1/18 (6%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.376
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.479
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.483
Large Intestine: Mucinous Cystadenocarcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	0/85 (0%)	7/125 (6%)	19/175 (11%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	0.0%	9.5%	19.9%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/26 (0%)	0/18 (0%)	0/18 (0%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.016	P<0.001	P=0.077
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.125	P=0.019	P=0.085
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.025	P<0.001	P=0.081
Large Intestine: Adenocarcinoma or Mucinous Cystadenocarcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	0/85 (0%)	9/125 (7%)	20/175 (11%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	0.0%	11.7%	20.5%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/26 (0%)	0/18 (0%)	0/18 (0%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.006	P<0.001	P=0.142
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.090	P=0.017	P=0.156
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.008	P<0.001	P=0.153
Large Intestine: Adenomatous Polyp, Adenocarcinoma, or Mucinous Cystadenocarcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	0/85 (0%)	40/125 (32%)	62/175 (35%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	0.0%	51.5%	54.4%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/26 (0%)	2/18 (11%)	1/18 (6%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.248
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.326
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.311
Pituitary: Adenoma				
Overall Rates (c)	14/85 (16%)	12/124 (10%)	16/175 (9%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	35.3%	39.8%	48.0%	
Terminal Rates (e)	6/26 (23%)	5/18 (28%)	6/18 (33%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.463	P=0.266	P=0.402
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.487N	P=0.564N	P=0.566
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.107N	P=0.066N	P=0.514N
Pituitary: Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	18/85 (21%)	15/124 (12%)	17/175 (10%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	40.2%	44.5%	50.1%	
Terminal Rates (e)	6/26 (23%)	5/18 (28%)	6/18 (33%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.492	P=0.477	P=0.564N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.365N	P=0.260N	P=0.374N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.059N	P=0.012N	P=0.318N

TABLE E5. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH (a)	IR + DMH (b)	DMH vs IR + DMH
Adrenal: Pheochromocytoma				
Overall Rates (c)	16/85 (19%)	20/125 (16%)	34/175 (19%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	41.6%	59.9%	68.5%	
Terminal Rates (e)	8/26 (31%)	9/18 (50%)	8/18 (44%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.085	P=0.002	P=0.102
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.239	P=0.050	P=0.204
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.362N	P=0.525	P=0.272
Adrenal: Pheochromocytoma or Pheochromocytoma, Malignant				
Overall Rates (c)	17/85 (20%)	20/125 (16%)	34/175 (19%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	43.4%	59.9%	68.5%	
Terminal Rates (e)	8/26 (31%)	9/18 (50%)	8/18 (44%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.115	P=0.003	P=0.102
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.306	P=0.078	P=0.204
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.286N	P=0.519N	P=0.272
Thyroid: Follicular Cell Adenoma				
Overall Rates (c)	1/84 (1%)	1/124 (1%)	14/175 (8%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	2.1%	2.8%	28.5%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/26 (0%)	0/18 (0%)	2/18 (11%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.720	P=0.001	P=0.003
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.752	P=0.011	P=0.006
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.646N	P=0.020	P=0.003
Thyroid: Follicular Cell Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	5/84 (6%)	8/124 (6%)	14/175 (8%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	13.1%	29.9%	19.7%	
Terminal Rates (e)	2/26 (8%)	4/18 (22%)	0/18 (0%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.130	P=0.045	P=0.299
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.171	P=0.246	P=0.403
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.564	P=0.377	P=0.394
Thyroid: Follicular Cell Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	6/84 (7%)	9/124 (7%)	28/175 (16%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	14.9%	31.8%	42.7%	
Terminal Rates (e)	2/26 (8%)	4/18 (22%)	2/18 (11%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.138	P<0.001	P=0.010
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.184	P=0.009	P=0.020
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.600	P=0.034	P=0.017
Thyroid: C-Cell Adenoma				
Overall Rates (c)	13/84 (15%)	11/124 (9%)	18/175 (10%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	33.6%	22.4%	31.9%	
Terminal Rates (e)	6/26 (23%)	2/18 (11%)	1/18 (6%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.576	P=0.225	P=0.291
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.184N	P=0.461N	P=0.431
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.108N	P=0.159N	P=0.421
Thyroid: C-Cell Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	19/84 (23%)	15/124 (12%)	21/175 (12%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	42.4%	38.3%	44.6%	
Terminal Rates (e)	6/26 (23%)	3/18 (17%)	3/18 (17%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.559N	P=0.361	P=0.385
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.184N	P=0.124N	P=0.538N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.035N	P=0.024N	P=0.559N
Thyroid: C-Cell Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	30/84 (36%)	25/124 (20%)	37/175 (21%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	60.3%	52.4%	61.5%	
Terminal Rates (e)	10/26 (38%)	5/18 (28%)	4/18 (22%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.529	P=0.183	P=0.258
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.069N	P=0.134N	P=0.499
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.011N	P=0.011N	P=0.477

TABLE E5. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH (a)	IR + DMH (b)	DMH vs IR + DMH
Pancreatic Islets: Islet Cell Adenoma				
Overall Rates (c)	5/85 (6%)	1/124 (1%)	5/174 (3%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	12.7%	5.6%	18.2%	
Terminal Rates (e)	2/26 (8%)	1/18 (6%)	2/18 (11%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.166N	P=0.532	P=0.123
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.091N	P=0.489N	P=0.164
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.042N	P=0.199N	P=0.206
Pancreatic Islets: Islet Cell Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	8/85 (9%)	7/124 (6%)	9/174 (5%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	18.9%	28.7%	30.8%	
Terminal Rates (e)	3/26 (12%)	4/18 (22%)	3/18 (17%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.509	P=0.381	P=0.468
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.577N	P=0.521N	P=0.602N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.221N	P=0.153N	P=0.527N
Preputial Gland: Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	3/88 (3%)	7/125 (6%)	10/175 (6%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	7.1%	13.6%	15.6%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/26 (0%)	0/18 (0%)	0/18 (0%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.114	P=0.066	P=0.506
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.320	P=0.330	P=0.569N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.346	P=0.313	P=0.588
Preputial Gland: Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	4/88 (5%)	7/125 (6%)	10/175 (6%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	10.6%	13.6%	15.6%	
Terminal Rates (e)	1/26 (4%)	0/18 (0%)	0/18 (0%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.183	P=0.110	P=0.506
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.429	P=0.431	P=0.569N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.496	P=0.469	P=0.588
Testis: Interstitial Cell Tumor				
Overall Rates (c)	79/84 (94%)	112/125 (90%)	160/175 (91%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Terminal Rates (e)	26/26 (100%)	18/18 (100%)	18/18 (100%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.149
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.284	P=0.055	P=0.344
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.193N	P=0.320N	P=0.366
Testis: Interstitial Cell Tumor or Interstitial Cell Tumor, Malignant				
Overall Rates (c)	79/84 (94%)	113/125 (90%)	160/175 (91%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Terminal Rates (e)	26/26 (100%)	18/18 (100%)	18/18 (100%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.168
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.236	P=0.055	P=0.463
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.249N	P=0.320N	P=0.455
Zymbal Gland: Squamous Cell Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	1/88 (1%)	15/125 (12%)	22/175 (13%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	2.5%	25.3%	28.6%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/26 (0%)	1/18 (6%)	1/18 (6%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.433
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.011	P=0.007	P=0.555
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.002	P<0.001	P=0.515
Zymbal Gland: Squamous Cell Papilloma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	1/88 (1%)	16/125 (13%)	25/175 (14%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	2.5%	25.9%	33.9%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/26 (0%)	1/18 (6%)	2/18 (11%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.344
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.010	P=0.003	P=0.458
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.001	P<0.001	P=0.424

TABLE E5. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH (a)	IR + DMH (b)	DMH vs IR + DMH
Zymbal Gland: Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	2/88 (2%)	18/125 (14%)	24/175 (14%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	4.5%	27.9%	30.0%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/26 (0%)	1/18 (6%)	1/18 (6%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.547
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.016	P=0.013	P=0.454N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.002	P=0.002	P=0.497N
Zymbal Gland: Papilloma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	2/88 (2%)	19/125 (15%)	27/175 (15%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	4.5%	28.5%	35.1%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/26 (0%)	1/18 (6%)	2/18 (11%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.454
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.014	P=0.005	P=0.547N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.001	P<0.001	P=0.545
All Sites: Mesothelioma				
Overall Rates (c)	4/88 (5%)	6/125 (5%)	7/175 (4%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	7.6%	17.1%	8.2%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/26 (0%)	1/18 (6%)	0/18 (0%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.274	P=0.408	P=0.552N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.562	P=0.289N	P=0.470N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.601	P=0.533N	P=0.475N

(a) Administered 1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride (DMH) by gavage

(b) Administered 1% intermediate-range (IR) chrysotile asbestos in the diet and DMH by gavage

(c) Number of tumor-bearing animals/number of animals examined at the site

(d) Kaplan-Meier estimated tumor incidence at the end of the study after adjusting for intercurrent mortality

(e) Observed tumor incidence at terminal kill

(f) Beneath the dosed group incidence are the P values corresponding to pairwise comparisons between that dosed group and the controls. The pairwise comparison between the dosed groups is in the final column. The life table analysis regards tumors in animals dying prior to terminal kill as being (directly or indirectly) the cause of death. The incidental tumor test regards these lesions as nonfatal. The Fisher exact test compares directly the overall incidence rates. A lower incidence in a dosed group than in the controls or in the IR plus DMH group than in the DMH group is indicated by (N).

TABLE E6. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH (a)	IR + DMH (b)	DMH vs IR + DMH
Subcutaneous Tissue: Fibroma				
Overall Rates (c)	5/88 (6%)	2/125 (2%)	1/175 (1%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	9.1%	8.3%	0.8%	
Terminal Rates (e)	5/55 (9%)	0/16 (0%)	0/27 (0%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.567	P=0.258N	P=0.347N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.619N	P=0.182N	P=0.340N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.106N	P=0.018N	P=0.376N
Subcutaneous Tissue: Fibroma or Fibrosarcoma				
Overall Rates (c)	6/88 (7%)	3/125 (2%)	2/175 (1%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	10.9%	10.6%	1.8%	
Terminal Rates (e)	6/55 (11%)	0/16 (0%)	0/27 (0%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.428	P=0.315N	P=0.308N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.593N	P=0.172N	P=0.353N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.110N	P=0.019N	P=0.346N
Hematopoietic System: Leukemia				
Overall Rates (c)	34/88 (39%)	70/125 (56%)	93/175 (53%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	51.5%	86.1%	85.8%	
Terminal Rates (e)	24/55 (44%)	8/16 (50%)	15/27 (56%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.175N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.002	P<0.001	P=0.347N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.009	P=0.018	P=0.355N
Liver: Neoplastic Nodule				
Overall Rates (c)	3/87 (3%)	12/125 (10%)	21/175 (12%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	5.2%	33.5%	32.4%	
Terminal Rates (e)	2/55 (4%)	3/16 (19%)	3/27 (11%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.446
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.027	P=0.017	P=0.319
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.071	P=0.016	P=0.322
Liver: Hepatocellular Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	1/87 (1%)	12/125 (10%)	19/175 (11%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	1.8%	36.2%	38.3%	
Terminal Rates (e)	1/55 (2%)	3/16 (19%)	7/27 (26%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.572
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.002	P<0.001	P=0.505
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.009	P=0.003	P=0.439
Liver: Neoplastic Nodule or Hepatocellular Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	4/87 (5%)	22/125 (18%)	38/175 (22%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	7.0%	54.2%	57.4%	
Terminal Rates (e)	3/55 (5%)	5/16 (31%)	9/27 (33%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.406
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.258
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.003	P<0.001	P=0.233
Large Intestine: Adenomatous Polyp				
Overall Rates (c)	0/87 (0%)	33/125 (26%)	46/175 (26%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	0.0%	71.0%	53.3%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/55 (0%)	8/16 (50%)	6/27 (22%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.390N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.531
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.543N
Large Intestine: Mucinous Cystadenocarcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	0/87 (0%)	14/125 (11%)	16/175 (9%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	0.0%	20.9%	19.3%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/55 (0%)	1/16 (6%)	2/27 (7%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.327N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.055	P=0.036	P=0.305N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P<0.001	P=0.001	P=0.346N

TABLE E6. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH (a)	IR + DMH (b)	DMH vs IR + DMH
Large Intestine: Adenocarcinoma or Mucinous Cystadenocarcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	0/87 (0%)	15/125 (12%)	19/175 (11%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	0.0%	21.6%	24.5%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/55 (0%)	1/16 (6%)	3/27 (11%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.410N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.055	P=0.009	P=0.396N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.448N
Large Intestine: Adenomatous Polyp, Adenocarcinoma, or Mucinous Cystadenocarcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	0/87 (0%)	46/125 (37%)	61/175 (35%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	0.0%	74.8%	62.7%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/55 (0%)	8/16 (50%)	8/27 (30%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.291N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.435N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.411N
Kidney: Mixed Tumor, Malignant				
Overall Rates (c)	0/87 (0%)	13/125 (10%)	34/175 (19%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	0.0%	21.8%	30.0%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/55 (0%)	1/16 (6%)	0/27 (0%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.043
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.073	P=0.022	P=0.021
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.023
Pituitary: Adenoma				
Overall Rates (c)	49/87 (56%)	31/124 (25%)	51/173 (29%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	68.5%	60.6%	80.5%	
Terminal Rates (e)	33/55 (60%)	4/16 (25%)	18/27 (67%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.054	P=0.005	P=0.472
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.009N	P=0.225N	P=0.337
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P<0.001N	P<0.001N	P=0.236
Pituitary: Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	4/87 (5%)	1/124 (1%)	1/173 (1%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	6.7%	6.2%	1.3%	
Terminal Rates (e)	3/55 (5%)	1/16 (6%)	0/27 (0%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.601N	P=0.336N	P=0.642N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.398N	P=0.104N	P=0.685N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.094N	P=0.045N	P=0.662N
Pituitary: Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	53/87 (61%)	32/124 (26%)	52/173 (30%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	73.2%	63.9%	80.8%	
Terminal Rates (e)	36/55 (65%)	5/16 (31%)	18/27 (67%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.064	P=0.011	P=0.497
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.004N	P=0.095N	P=0.355
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P<0.001N	P<0.001N	P=0.251
Adrenal: Pheochromocytoma				
Overall Rates (c)	8/87 (9%)	6/124 (5%)	8/175 (5%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	14.2%	19.2%	18.0%	
Terminal Rates (e)	7/55 (13%)	1/16 (6%)	2/27 (7%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.149	P=0.215	P=0.449N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.588	P=0.612	P=0.505N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.166N	P=0.117N	P=0.562N
Adrenal: Pheochromocytoma or Pheochromocytoma, Malignant				
Overall Rates (c)	10/87 (11%)	7/124 (6%)	9/175 (5%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	17.8%	20.5%	21.2%	
Terminal Rates (e)	9/55 (16%)	1/16 (6%)	3/27 (11%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.156	P=0.228	P=0.407N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.589N	P=0.602	P=0.471N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.101N	P=0.057N	P=0.523N

TABLE E6. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH (a)	IR + DMH (b)	DMH vs IR + DMH
Thyroid: Follicular Cell Adenoma				
Overall Rates (c)	6/87 (7%)	7/124 (6%)	9/174 (5%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	10.9%	24.4%	18.6%	
Terminal Rates (e)	6/55 (11%)	3/16 (19%)	3/27 (11%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.036	P=0.086	P=0.424N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.206	P=0.314	P=0.533N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.462N	P=0.379N	P=0.527N
Thyroid: Follicular Cell Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	1/87 (1%)	5/124 (4%)	7/174 (4%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	1.8%	14.4%	14.0%	
Terminal Rates (e)	1/55 (2%)	1/16 (6%)	2/27 (7%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.015	P=0.014	P=0.541N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.150	P=0.081	P=0.558N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.211	P=0.191	P=0.610N
Thyroid: Follicular Cell Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	7/87 (8%)	12/124 (10%)	16/174 (9%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	12.7%	36.3%	30.7%	
Terminal Rates (e)	7/55 (13%)	4/16 (25%)	5/27 (19%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.001	P=0.004	P=0.391N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.055	P=0.068	P=0.483N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.440	P=0.478	P=0.521N
Thyroid: C-Cell Adenoma				
Overall Rates (c)	11/87 (13%)	9/124 (7%)	18/174 (10%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	18.5%	28.7%	32.1%	
Terminal Rates (e)	9/55 (16%)	2/16 (13%)	4/27 (15%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.072	P=0.019	P=0.348
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.474	P=0.398	P=0.287
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.141N	P=0.358N	P=0.241
Thyroid: C-Cell Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	11/87 (13%)	9/124 (7%)	12/174 (7%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	17.0%	35.5%	21.5%	
Terminal Rates (e)	6/55 (11%)	4/16 (25%)	1/27 (4%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.093	P=0.225	P=0.410N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.537	P=0.188N	P=0.450N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.141N	P=0.097N	P=0.539N
Thyroid: C-Cell Adenoma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	21/87 (24%)	17/124 (14%)	29/174 (17%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	32.3%	55.1%	45.2%	
Terminal Rates (e)	14/55 (25%)	6/16 (38%)	5/27 (19%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.017	P=0.015	P=0.472
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.467	P=0.397N	P=0.381
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.040N	P=0.102N	P=0.298
Mammary Gland: Adenoma				
Overall Rates (c)	6/88 (7%)	2/125 (2%)	5/175 (3%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	10.9%	5.3%	9.2%	
Terminal Rates (e)	6/55 (11%)	0/16 (0%)	1/27 (4%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.627N	P=0.441	P=0.443
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.436N	P=0.548N	P=0.404
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.055N	P=0.120N	P=0.382
Mammary Gland: Fibroadenoma				
Overall Rates (c)	49/88 (56%)	36/125 (29%)	41/175 (23%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	76.1%	82.1%	70.7%	
Terminal Rates (e)	40/55 (73%)	10/16 (63%)	13/27 (48%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P=0.036	P=0.059N
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.269	P=0.206N	P=0.030N
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P<0.001N	P<0.001N	P=0.180N

TABLE E6. ANALYSIS OF PRIMARY TUMORS IN FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS PLUS 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (Continued)

	CONTROL (UNTR)	DMH (a)	IR + DMH (b)	DMH vs IR + DMH
Mammary Gland: Adenocarcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	5/88 (6%)	0/125 (0%)	1/175 (1%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	8.4%	0.0%	1.3%	
Terminal Rates (e)	4/55 (7%)	0/16 (0%)	0/27 (0%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.170N	P=0.216N	(g)
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.087N	P=0.077N	(g)
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.012N	P=0.018N	(g)
Uterus: Endometrial Stromal Polyp				
Overall Rates (c)	13/87 (15%)	7/125 (6%)	15/175 (9%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	21.2%	19.6%	25.1%	
Terminal Rates (e)	9/55 (16%)	2/16 (13%)	3/27 (11%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P=0.433	P=0.158	P=0.310
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.195N	P=0.306N	P=0.230
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.021N	P=0.089N	P=0.229
Zymbal Gland: Squamous Cell Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	1/88 (1%)	14/125 (11%)	26/175 (15%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	1.4%	27.9%	40.2%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/55 (0%)	0/16 (0%)	5/27 (19%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.338
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.041	P<0.001	P=0.235
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.003	P<0.001	P=0.229
Zymbal Gland: Squamous Cell Papilloma or Carcinoma				
Overall Rates (c)	1/88 (1%)	15/125 (12%)	28/175 (16%)	
Adjusted Rates (d)	1.4%	30.1%	41.9%	
Terminal Rates (e)	0/55 (0%)	0/16 (0%)	5/27 (19%)	
Life Table Test (f)		P<0.001	P<0.001	P=0.328
Incidental Tumor Test (f)		P=0.024	P<0.001	P=0.224
Fisher Exact Test (f)		P=0.002	P<0.001	P=0.210

(a) Administered 1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride (DMH) by gavage

(b) Administered 1% intermediate-range (IR) chrysotile asbestos in the diet and DMH by gavage

(c) Number of tumor-bearing animals/number of animals examined at the site

(d) Kaplan-Meier estimated tumor incidence at the end of the study after adjusting for intercurrent mortality

(e) Observed tumor incidence at terminal kill

(f) Beneath the dosed group incidence are the P values corresponding to pairwise comparisons between that dosed group and the controls. The pairwise comparison between the dosed groups is in the final column. The life table analysis regards tumors in animals dying prior to terminal kill as being (directly or indirectly) the cause of death. The incidental tumor test regards these lesions as nonfatal. The Fisher exact test compares directly the overall incidence rates. A lower incidence in a dosed group than in the controls or in the IR plus DMH group than in the DMH group is indicated by (N).

(g) P value not calculated because of low incidence in both dose groups

APPENDIX F

**INCIDENCES OF TUMORS IN F344/N RATS
RECEIVING NO TREATMENT IN
CONTEMPORARY LIFETIME ASBESTOS STUDIES**

TABLE F1. INCIDENCE OF EPITHELIAL TUMORS OF THE LARGE INTESTINE IN MALE F344/N RATS RECEIVING NO TREATMENT IN LIFETIME STUDIES

Asbestos Studies	Incidence	Diagnosis
SR Chrysotile	0/87 (0.0%)	
IR Chrysotile	0/85 (0.0%)	
Tremolite	1/118 (0.8%)	Adenomatous polyp, NOS
Crocidolite	1/117 (0.8%)	Adenomatous polyp, NOS
Amosite	0/117 (0.0%)	Carcinoma, NOS
TOTAL	3/524 (0.6%)	
SD (a)	0.8%	

(a) Standard deviation

TABLE F2. INCIDENCE OF INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM KERATOACANTHOMAS IN MALE F344/N RATS RECEIVING NO TREATMENT IN LIFETIME STUDIES

Asbestos Studies	Incidence
SR Chrysotile	5/88 (6%)
IR Chrysotile	1/88 (1%)
Tremolite	6/118 (5%)
Crocidolite	4/118 (3%)
Amosite	4/117 (3%)
TOTAL	20/529 (3.8%)
SD (a)	1.8%

(a) Standard deviation

TABLE F3. INCIDENCE OF CLITORAL GLAND TUMORS IN FEMALE F344/N RATS RECEIVING NO TREATMENT IN LIFETIME STUDIES

Asbestos Studies	All Adenoma	All Carcinoma	Adenoma or Carcinoma
SR Chrysotile	1/88 (1%)	2/88 (2%)	3/88 (3%)
IR Chrysotile	0/88 (0%)	1/88 (1%)	1/88 (1%)
Tremolite	0/118 (0%)	6/118 (5%)	6/118 (5%)
Crocidolite	1/118 (1%)	5/118 (4%)	6/118 (5%)
Amosite	0/117 (0%)	6/117 (5%)	6/117 (5%)
TOTAL	2/529 (0.4%)	20/529 (3.8%)	22/529 (4.2%)
SD (a)	0.6%	1.8%	1.7%

(a) Standard deviation

TABLE F4. INCIDENCE OF ADRENAL GLAND TUMORS IN MALE F344/N RATS RECEIVING NO TREATMENT IN LIFETIME STUDIES

Asbestos Studies	Pheochromocytoma	Malignant Pheochromocytoma	All Pheochromocytoma
SR Chrysotile	25/88 (28%)	2/88 (1%)	26/88 (30%)
IR Chrysotile	16/85 (19%)	1/85 (1%)	17/85 (20%)
Tremolite	38/118 (32%)	3/118 (3%)	41/118 (35%)
Crocidolite	33/117 (28%)	2/117 (2%)	35/117 (30%)
Amosite	39/117 (33%)	3/117 (3%)	39/117 (33%)
TOTAL	151/525 (28.8%)	10/525 (1.9%)	158/525 (30.1%)
SD (a)	5.7%	0.7%	5.8%

(a) Standard deviation

TABLE F5. INCIDENCE OF MESOTHELIOMAS IN MALE F344/N RATS RECEIVING NO TREATMENT IN LIFETIME STUDIES

Asbestos Studies	NOS	Malignant	Malignant or NOS
SR Chrysotile	0/88 (0%)	2/88 (2%)	2/88 (2%)
IR Chrysotile	3/88 (3%)	2/88 (2%)	5/88 (6%)
Tremolite	0/118 (0%)	10/118 (8%)	10/118 (8%)
Crocidolite	1/118 (1%)	4/118 (3%)	5/118 (4%)
Amosite	0/117 (0%)	2/117 (2%)	2/117 (2%)
TOTAL	4/529 (1%)	20/529 (4%)	24/529 (5%)
SD (a)	1.5%	2.8%	2.7%

(a) Standard deviation

APPENDIX G

**ANALYSIS OF FORMULATED DIETS AND
DOSE MIXTURES**

APPENDIX G. ANALYSIS OF DIETS AND DOSE MIXTURES

I. Analysis of Formulated Diets (Illinois Institute of Technology Research Institute)

A. Ashing Procedure

Five pellets were taken from each formulated diet and seven pellets from the untreated control diet. Each pellet was individually crushed and transferred to a tared crucible. The sample size was 350-500 mg of asbestos-containing diet and 1,000-1,500 mg of control diet in each crucible. The sample size was selected on the basis of the linear range of atomic absorption and the average background concentration of magnesium in the diet.

The crucibles containing the diet were placed in a muffle furnace. The temperature was raised slowly to 550° C to prevent loss of material by flashing and maintained overnight. The ashed samples were cooled to room temperature before being chemically digested.

B. Chemical Digestion

The chemical resistance of chrysotile asbestos to acids is poor; therefore, magnesium, a major constituent of chrysotile, can be extracted by hydrochloric acid.

The ashed samples were quantitatively transferred to 100-ml beakers through the use of distilled water. Twenty milliliters of a 1:1:2 solution of nitric and hydrochloric acid in distilled water were added to each beaker. The samples were placed on a hot plate and gently boiled for 8 hours; hydrochloric acid and distilled water were added to maintain the 20-ml volume. Any sample evaporated to dryness was discarded. The samples were cooled and diluted.

C. Dilution of Samples for Atomic Absorption

The sample dilution procedure included the addition of potassium (K^+), lanthanum (La^{3+}), and hydrochloric acid from a stock solution to the volumetric flask. The potassium ion conditions the flame; the lanthanum complexes with potentially interfering phosphates; and the hydrochloric acid assures a pH less than 3 in each sample. The final dilution contained 100 mg/liter of K^+ and 30 mg/liter of La^{3+} . The sample was quantitatively transferred to the volumetric flask and dilution was completed. If digestion or silica removal was incomplete, the dilution would be cloudy and the sample discarded.

D. Atomic Absorption Analysis

Atomic absorption spectroscopy provides sensitive, precise analysis for magnesium at low concentrations. Standards, treated as the samples, were used to determine calibration curves. A linear calibration curve from 0 to 2 mg/liter for magnesium is typical. Calibration data were taken immediately before the sample data and at the conclusion of the sample run; spot checks were made throughout each sample set. The instrument response was converted to concentration by a calibration curve. Samples greater than 110% of the highest standard were diluted and reanalyzed.

E. Results

Results are presented in Tables G1 and G2.

TABLE G1. ANALYSIS OF FORMULATED DIETS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Date Mixed	Determined Concentration in Feed for Target Concentration of 10,000 ppm (1%)
11/21/77	8,500 ± 400
12/07/77	11,100 ± 600
12/07/77	10,000 ± 600
02/01/78	9,100 ± 900
03/22/78	10,900 ± 4,500
05/22/78	9,300 ± 600
07/11/78	8,600 ± 500
09/14/78	8,900 ± 1,200
10/30/78	8,000 ± 400
12/11/78	9,300 ± 1,700
02/15/79	10,600 ± 400
04/06/79	10,700 ± 600
05/19/79	10,600 ± 500
06/26/79	8,700 ± 100
08/28/79	9,700 ± 600
10/16/79	9,100 ± 400
12/03/79	9,300 ± 900
01/10/80	8,600 ± 200
02/27/80	11,700 ± 1,600
04/18/80	9,000 ± 1,200
05/29/80	11,900 ± 900
07/18/80	10,000 ± 1,100
	Mean = 9,700 ± 2,100

TABLE G2. ANALYSIS OF FORMULATED DIETS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Date Mixed	Determined Concentration in Feed for Target Concentration of 10,000 ppm (1%)
11/21/77	8,900 ± 1,000
12/07/77	10,200 ± 500
12/07/77	10,800 ± 800
12/07/77	10,400 ± 1,000
02/10/78	10,200 ± 1,100
02/01/78	10,400 ± 1,400
03/22/78	10,900 ± 700
03/22/78	11,000 ± 1,000
05/22/78	10,200 ± 700
05/22/78	9,900 ± 2,300
07/11/78	9,300 ± 300
07/11/78	9,100 ± 700
09/14/78	9,000 ± 400
09/14/78	9,100 ± 1,200
10/30/78	9,100 ± 200
10/30/78	8,500 ± 900
12/15/78	10,400 ± 1,200
12/15/78	10,900 ± 800
02/15/79	10,200 ± 2,600
02/15/79	11,100 ± 500
04/06/79	11,000 ± 500
04/60/79	11,600 ± 2,400
05/09/79	10,000 ± 1,000
05/09/79	10,700 ± 700
06/26/79	9,500 ± 500
08/28/79	10,000 ± 500
08/28/79	9,900 ± 500
10/16/79	11,500 ± 200
10/16/79	10,200 ± 100
12/03/79	9,900 ± 500
12/03/79	10,700 ± 400
01/10/80	9,400 ± 400
01/10/80	10,100 ± 600
02/27/80	12,900 ± 800
02/27/80	12,900 ± 900
04/18/80	9,100 ± 300
05/29/80	11,400 ± 1,000
05/29/80	10,200 ± 900
07/18/80	10,000 ± 2,000
	Mean = 10,272 ± 983

APPENDIX G. ANALYSIS OF DIETS AND DOSE MIXTURES

II. 1,2-Dimethylhydrazine Dihydrochloride (DMH) Solution Analysis (Hazleton Laboratories, America)

- Solutions were analyzed approximately 1 hour before dosing and the evening after dosing. A colorimetric method was followed which used pentacyanoamino ferrate as the color reagent and DMH as the standard.
- A fresh aqueous $\text{Na}_3[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_5\text{NH}_4]$ (sodium pentacyanoamino ferrate) solution (20 mg/ml) was prepared daily.
- A fresh stock solution of DMH in 0.2 M acetate buffer pH 5.0 (200 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$) also was prepared daily and kept on ice after preparation.
- A borate buffer (0.05 M) was adjusted to pH 8.5 with 0.1 M sodium hydroxide.
- The required amounts of dosing solution were prepared in glass containers with acetate buffer as the solvent.
- Aliquots of each dosing solution were taken before dosing for a qualitative determination by a UV scan from 350 nm to 220 nm, which was run on a Beckman DK-2A Spectrophotometer with acetate buffer as the reference.
- Colorimetric quantitative analysis of samples collected before and after dosing was performed by the addition of 2.5 ml of the pentacyanoamino solution (0.2 ml stock diluted with 7.8 ml borate buffer) to 0.5 ml of sample or 0.5 ml of reference (acetate buffer); 0.05 ml of 50% aqueous hydrochloric acid was added to both solutions, and they were mixed thoroughly. The color was read immediately at 536 nm on a spectrophotometer.
- The results were compared with a standard curve for DMH.

TABLE G3. ANALYSIS OF DOSE MIXTURES OF 1,2-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS (a)

Dosing Date		Sex	Gravimetric Concentration (mg/ml)	Analytical Concentration (mg/ml)	
02/22/78	Predose	Male	3.84	2.70	
		Female	7.79	2.70 4.56 5.06	
	Postdose	Male	--	2.27	
		Female	--	2.53 4.05 4.19	
	03/08/78	Predose	Male	3.87	3.85
			Female	7.73	3.92 7.40 7.54
Postdose		Male	--	1.62	
		Female	--	2.02 3.75 2.80	
03/22/78		Predose	Male	3.87	2.70
			Female	7.76	2.92 7.40 7.40
	Postdose	Male	--	2.20	
		Female	--	2.40 4.20 3.80	
	04/05/78	Predose	Male	3.88	1.27
			Female	7.66	1.20 5.20 5.30
Postdose		Male	--	2.65	
		Female	--	2.65 5.30 5.30	
04/19/78		Predose	Male	3.88	2.36
			Female	7.75	2.92 6.83 5.35
	Postdose	Male	--	2.53	
		Female	--	1.91 2.36 2.92	

(a) Values represent milligrams of 1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride per milliliter of acetate buffer.

APPENDIX H

FEEED AND COMPOUND CONSUMPTION BY RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

TABLE H1. FEED AND COMPOUND CONSUMPTION BY MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Week	Control		Dosed Group			
	Grams Feed/Day (a)	Body Weight (grams)	Grams Feed/Day (a)	Body Weight (grams)	Dosed/Control (b) (grams)	Dose/Day (c)
7	16	152	16	156	1.0	1,053
8	17	175	18	182	1.0	965
9	16	200	17	205	1.1	843
10	16	222	18	224	1.1	823
12	17	250	17	254	1.0	681
13	17	262	17	267	1.0	642
14	16	271	17	275	1.1	629
15	16	280	17	285	1.0	586
16	16	283	17	290	1.0	581
17	18	295	15	291	0.8	515
18	14	301	17	299	1.2	554
19	17	310	17	308	1.0	552
20	17	314	18	316	1.0	556
30	18	366	18	356	1.0	502
40	16	394	17	396	1.1	437
50	18	423	18	424	1.0	431
60	17	430	17	429	1.0	386
70	17	452	18	451	1.0	393
80	18	467	16	462	0.9	343
90	17	470	17	470	1.0	368
100	16	461	16	456	1.0	351
110	16	444	15	430	0.9	339
120	17	430	15	411	0.9	361
130	15	376	16	383	1.1	410
Mean	17	334	17	334	1.0	554
SD (d)	1.0		1.0		0.1	199.7
CV (e)	5.7		6.1		8.1	36.0

- (a) Grams of feed removed from feed hopper per animal per day. Not corrected for scatter.
 (b) Grams of feed per day for the dosed group divided by that for the controls
 (c) Milligrams of short-range chrysotile asbestos consumed per day per kilogram of body weight
 (d) Standard deviation
 (e) Coefficient of variation = (standard deviation/mean) × 100

TABLE H2. FEED AND COMPOUND CONSUMPTION BY FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Week	Control		Dosed Group			
	Grams Feed/Day (a)	Body Weight (grams)	Grams Feed/Day (a)	Body Weight (grams)	Dosed/Control (b) (grams)	Dose/Day (c)
7	13	124	12	129	1.0	941
8	13	135	12	139	0.9	874
9	12	143	13	149	1.0	844
10	13	153	13	156	1.0	824
12	13	163	12	168	0.9	714
13	12	167	13	172	1.0	731
14	13	170	13	175	1.0	751
15	12	175	13	180	1.0	706
16	13	174	12	180	1.0	675
17	12	181	11	180	0.9	611
18	10	182	12	181	1.2	655
19	12	187	12	185	1.0	664
20	12	188	13	189	1.1	673
30	12	206	12	204	1.0	595
40	12	220	12	223	1.0	545
50	13	247	14	244	1.0	556
60	15	262	13	269	0.9	478
70	14	290	14	291	1.0	491
80	14	311	14	316	1.0	429
90	14	326	14	331	1.0	423
100	16	332	13	328	0.8	405
110	14	324	13	308	0.9	408
120	14	326	14	312	1.0	453
130	14	303	12	291	0.9	417
140	14	293	13	279	1.0	471
Mean	13	223	13	223	1.0	613
SD (d)	1.3		0.8		0.1	160.4
CV (e)	9.6		6.2		7.9	26.1

(a) Grams of feed removed from feed hopper per animal per day. Not corrected for scatter.

(b) Grams of feed per day for the dosed group divided by that for the controls

(c) Milligrams of short-range chrysotile asbestos consumed per day per kilogram of body weight

(d) Standard deviation

(e) Coefficient of variation = (standard deviation/mean) × 100

TABLE H3. FEED AND COMPOUND CONSUMPTION BY MALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Week	Control		IR				IR/PW			
	Grams Feed/Day (a)	Body Weight (grams)	Grams Feed/Day (a)	Body Weight (grams)	IR/Control (b) (grams)	Dose/Day (c)	Grams Feed/Day (a)	Body Weight (grams)	IR/PW/Control (b) (grams)	Dose/Day (c)
8	15	134	15	136	1.0	1,103	16	148	1.1	1,110
9	16	159	16	160	1	991	17	166	1.1	1,024
10	16	183	16	180	1	889	16	195	1	828
11	16	203	16	197	1	805	16	221	1	737
12	17	218	16	216	1	761	17	234	1	733
13	16	231	17	227	1	736	18	245	1.1	746
14	17	246	14	234	0.9	611	16	254	0.9	613
15	17	256	15	245	0.9	612	16	266	0.9	591
16	16	258	16	257	1	623	17	276	1.1	606
17	16	267	17	267	1	626	16	286	1	574
18	15	278	16	276	1.1	580	17	295	1.1	567
19	17	285	17	281	1	600	17	303	1	556
20	17	294	16	290	1	567	17	312	1	559
21	15	293	17	292	1.1	572	18	319	1.1	555
31	16	344	17	333	1.1	519	18	355	1.1	495
41	17	393	16	371	1	443	16	400	1	404
51	16	402	18	396	1.1	451	19	419	1.1	447
61	17	417	16	401	0.9	388	15	417	0.9	360
71	17	443	17	424	1	408	17	441	1	376
81	17	460	18	433	1	412	18	458	1.1	402
91	16	463	17	432	1.1	384	16	462	1.1	356
101	15	452	16	423	1.1	385	16	447	1.1	355
111	16	446	16	415	1	382	17	426	1	389
121	17	423	15	393	0.9	393	17	405	1	430
131	16	394	17	359	1.1	481	15	373	0.9	406
141	16	352	18	327	1.1	546	16	354	1	440
Mean	16	319	16	306	1.0	587	17	326	1.0	564
SD (d)	0.7		0.9		0.1	194.5	1.0		0.1	200.0
CV (e)	4.6		5.6		7.0	33.1	5.8		6.8	35.5

(a) Grams of feed removed from feed hopper per animal per day. Not corrected for scatter.

(b) Grams of feed per day for the dosed group divided by that for the controls

(c) Milligrams of intermediate-range chrysotile asbestos consumed per day per kilogram of body weight

(d) Standard deviation

(e) Coefficient of variation = (standard deviation/mean) × 100

TABLE H4. FEED AND COMPOUND CONSUMPTION BY FEMALE RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Week	Control		IR				IR/PW			
	Grams Feed/Day (a)	Body Weight (grams)	Grams Feed/Day (a)	Body Weight (grams)	IR/Control (b) (grams)	Dose/Day (c)	Grams Feed/Day (a)	Body Weight (grams)	IR/PW/Control (b) (grams)	Dose/Day (c)
8	12	119	11	114	0.9	990	12	116	1	1,071
9	12	131	12	126	1	952	13	130	1	967
10	12	141	11	134	0.9	842	12	140	1	847
11	11	144	12	143	1	819	12	151	1	766
12	13	154	11	149	0.9	767	12	155	0.9	765
13	12	158	12	151	1	795	13	159	1.1	791
14	12	165	11	154	0.9	696	11	164	0.9	697
15	12	166	10	157	0.8	646	11	168	0.9	663
16	11	167	12	162	1	723	12	173	1	669
17	11	169	12	166	1.1	723	12	175	1.1	694
18	12	173	11	169	1	668	11	180	1	635
19	12	175	12	171	1	693	12	182	1	636
20	12	180	12	175	1	661	11	184	1	621
21	11	178	12	175	1.1	669	12	189	1.1	627
31	11	196	12	190	1	609	12	201	1.1	597
41	11	219	11	207	0.9	511	11	223	1	512
51	13	235	13	224	1.1	599	13	241	1.1	557
61	12	259	12	251	1	472	11	257	0.9	434
71	13	280	13	272	1	467	14	277	1	490
81	13	303	13	291	1	457	14	303	1.1	453
91	12	323	13	302	1.1	435	12	313	1	397
101	12	330	13	303	1.1	438	14	320	1.2	451
111	14	329	13	303	0.9	420	15	315	1.1	467
121	13	324	12	300	0.9	410	15	315	1.1	463
131	13	308	13	268	1	490	14	301	1.1	465
141	13	286	13	255	1	515	14	287	1	473
Mean (d)	12	216	12	204	1.0	633	12	216	1.0	623
SD (d)	0.8		0.9		0.1	165.8	1.1		0.1	171.0
CV (e)	6.5		7.5		7.4	26.2	9.1		6.8	27.4

(a) Grams of feed removed from feed hopper per animal per day. Not corrected for scatter.

(b) Grams of feed per day for the dosed group divided by that for the controls

(c) Milligrams of intermediate-range chrysotile asbestos consumed per day per kilogram of body weight

(d) Standard deviation

(e) Coefficient of variation = (standard deviation/mean) × 100

TABLE H5. FEED AND COMPOUND CONSUMPTION BY MALE RATS RECEIVING DMH WITH AND WITHOUT INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Week	Control		DMH			DMH plus IR			
	Grams Feed/Day (a)	Body Weight (grams)	Grams Feed/Day (a)	Body Weight (grams)	DMH/Control (b)	Grams Feed/Day (a)	Body Weight (grams)	DMH + IR/Control (b)	Dose/Day (c)
8	15	134	15	131	1.0	15	134	1.0	1,087
9	16	159	15	150	0.9	16	154	1.0	1,030
10	16	183	16	177	1.0	16	181	1.0	876
11	16	203	16	199	1.0	16	197	1.0	798
12	17	218	17	216	1.0	16	214	1.0	741
13	16	231	16	226	1.0	16	221	1.0	718
14	17	246	17	245	1.0	15	233	0.9	638
15	17	256	17	252	1.0	15	242	0.9	620
16	16	258	16	259	1.0	16	253	1.0	638
17	16	267	14	262	0.9	15	261	1.0	591
18	15	278	16	274	1.1	17	270	1.1	619
19	17	285	17	282	1.0	17	277	1.0	619
20	17	294	17	294	1.0	17	281	1.0	605
21	15	293	15	290	1.0	17	288	1.1	595
31	16	344	17	340	1.0	17	332	1.1	521
41	17	393	16	390	0.9	16	370	1.0	429
51	16	402	19	416	1.1	18	390	1.1	465
61	17	417	16	421	0.9	15	402	0.9	370
71	17	443	18	446	1.0	17	423	1.0	395
81	17	460	16	452	0.9	17	426	1.0	402
91	16	463	16	462	1.0	16	437	1.0	373
101	15	452	15	461	1.0	16	421	1.1	390
111	16	446	17	447	1.0	17	407	1.0	421
121	17	423	18	410	1.1	17	387	1.0	443
131	16	394	17	374	1.1	16	362	1.0	430
Mean	16	318	16	315	1.0	16	303	1.0	593
SD (d)	0.7		1.0		0.1	0.9		0.1	198.2
CV (e)	4.6		6.3		5.7	5.6		6.7	33.5

(a) Grams of feed removed from feed hopper per animal per day. Not corrected for scatter.

(b) Grams of feed per day for the dosed group divided by that for the controls

(c) Milligrams of intermediate-range chrysotile asbestos consumed per day per kilogram of body weight

(d) Standard deviation

(e) Coefficient of variation = (standard deviation/mean) × 100

TABLE H6. FEED AND COMPOUND CONSUMPTION BY FEMALE RATS RECEIVING DMH WITH AND WITHOUT INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDY OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Week	Control		DMH			DMH plus IR			
	Grams Feed/Day (a)	Body Weight (grams)	Grams Feed/Day (a)	Body Weight (grams)	DMH/Control (b)	Grams Feed/Day (a)	Body Weight (grams)	DMH + IR/Control (b)	Dose/Day (c)
8	12	119	12	115	1.0	11	110	0.9	1,013
9	12	131	12	126	0.9	12	120	0.9	964
10	12	141	12	137	1.0	11	133	1.0	859
11	11	144	11	145	1.0	11	137	1.0	803
12	13	154	11	152	0.9	11	144	0.9	784
13	12	158	12	152	1.0	11	144	0.9	754
14	12	165	12	161	1.0	10	151	0.8	691
15	12	166	12	160	1.0	10	153	0.9	682
16	11	167	12	162	1.0	12	160	1.0	741
17	11	169	10	164	0.9	11	162	1.0	661
18	12	173	12	168	1.0	12	166	1.0	723
19	12	175	13	173	1.1	12	170	1.0	714
20	12	180	12	179	1.0	12	170	1.0	714
21	11	178	11	174	1.0	12	173	1.1	685
31	11	196	11	196	1.0	12	190	1.1	617
41	11	219	11	217	0.9	11	204	1.0	546
51	13	235	14	239	1.1	13	224	1.0	593
61	12	259	13	261	1.0	11	247	0.9	451
71	13	280	13	285	1.0	13	267	1.0	492
81	13	303	13	303	1.0	14	280	1.1	495
91	12	323	13	316	1.0	13	293	1.0	444
101	12	330	13	325	1.1	14	294	1.1	462
111	14	329	16	314	1.1	15	284	1.1	513
Mean	12	204	12	201	1.0	11	190	1.0	670
SD (d)	0.8		1.2		0.1	1.1		0.1	157.2
CV (e)	6.2		10.2		6.5	9.6		8.2	23.5

(a) Grams of feed removed from feed hopper per animal per day. Not corrected for scatter.

(b) Grams of feed per day for the dosed group divided by that for the controls

(c) Milligrams of intermediate-range chrysotile asbestos consumed per day per kilogram of body weight

(d) Standard deviation

(e) Coefficient of variation = (standard deviation/mean) × 100

APPENDIX I

**PATHOGEN BURDEN IN RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED
STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS**

APPENDIX I. PATHOGEN BURDEN

A. Pathogen Burden Summary: F₀

Sections of brain, heart, lung, spleen, liver, kidney, small intestine, large intestine, salivary gland, urinary bladder, harderian gland, skin, anus, and trachea from eight male and eight female rats were examined microscopically (Tables I1-I3).

Evidence of mild respiratory disease was present in all sections of lung examined. In some rats, small foci of mononuclear cells were present adjacent to the bronchial tissue, and in other rats, small cuffs of lymphoid cells were evident, particularly at the bifurcation of the bronchi. These lesions were very mild.

A section of kidney from one female rat revealed an area of early nephritis with a focal area of regenerative tubule epithelium. This wedge-shaped lesion, producing an area of depression on the capsule, may have resulted from an infarction.

The remaining tissues were not remarkable.

TABLE II. INDIVIDUAL HISTOPATHOLOGIC FINDINGS IN F₀ RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Organ and Description	Animal Number	Male								Female								
		1 7	1 8	1 9	1 0	1 1	1 2	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	1 6	1 7	1 8	1 9	1 0	1 1	1 2
Brain		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Heart		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Lung Minimal peribronchial lymphoid hyperplasia Artificial collapse		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Spleen		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Liver		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Kidney Regenerative tubule epithelium Early interstitial nephritis		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X
Small intestine		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Large intestine		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Salivary gland		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Urinary bladder		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Harderian gland		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Skin		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Anus		X	X	O	X	X	X	X	X	X	O	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Trachea		X	X	X	O	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

Type of Finding:

- O = Tissue Absent
- X = Tissue Examined and Not Remarkable
- A = Autolysis
- P = Finding Present

Degree of Finding:

- 1 = Minimal
- 2 = Slight
- 3 = Moderate
- 4 = Moderately Severe
- 5 = Severe

TABLE 12. MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION FOR ENDOPARASITES AND BACTERIA IN F₀ RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Animal/Specimen Number (a)	Microorganisms Identified (b)
117/3701	3 + Coliform; 1 + <i>Proteus morganii</i>
118/3702	1 + Coliform; 1 + <i>Proteus vulgaris</i>
119/3703	3 + Coliform (3 types)
120/3704	2 + Coliform (2 types)
121/3705	3 + Coliform (2 types)
122/3706	4 + Coliform (2 types); 4 + <i>Proteus vulgaris</i>
123/3707	4 + Coliform; 4 + <i>Proteus vulgaris</i>
124/3708	No growth
125/3709	1 + Coliform
126/3710	1 + Coliform; 1 + <i>Proteus vulgaris</i>
127/3711	2 + Coliform; 1 + <i>Proteus vulgaris</i>
128/3712	2 + Coliform (2 types)
129/3713	1 + Coliform
130/3714	3 + Coliform (2 types); 1 + <i>Proteus vulgaris</i>
131/3715	2 + Coliform (2 types)
132/3716	2 + Coliform (2 types)

(a) Date of specimen: 9/28/77

(b) Lung, spleen, feces, and tracheal wash were examined for each specimen; no growth observed in the spleen or lungs; no mycoplasma isolated from tracheal washings.

TABLE 13. MURINE VIRUS ANTIBODY DETERMINATION IN F₀ RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Sample Number	Complement Fixation	
	Sendai	LCM
701	-	-
702	-	-
703	-	-
704	-	-
705	-	-
706	-	-
707	-	-
708	-	-
709	-	-
710	-	-
711	-	-
712	-	-
713	-	-
714	-	-
715	-	-
716	-	-
Significant titer	10	10

APPENDIX I. PATHOGEN BURDEN

B. Pathogen Burden Summary: F₁

Sections of brain, heart, lung, spleen, liver, kidney, small intestine, large intestine, salivary gland, urinary bladder, harderian gland, skin, anus, and trachea were examined from four males and four females in the untreated control group and four males and four females in the 1% SR chrysotile group that were killed for pathology burden (Tables I4 and I5).

Evidence of early spontaneous respiratory disease was present in the lungs of all rats examined. In one control male and two SR chrysotile males, only small foci of mononuclear cells were present adjacent to the bronchioles. In the remaining rats, minimal-to-slight peribronchial lymphoid hyperplasia was present. Agonal hemorrhage occurred in one control female.

In sections of kidney, foci of regenerative tubule epithelium and foci of mononuclear cells were noted in one control male. Foci of mineralization were noted at the corticomedullary junction of two females in the control and SR chrysotile groups.

Focal nonsuppurative tracheitis occurred in one control male.

The remaining tissues examined were not remarkable.

TABLE 14. INDIVIDUAL HISTOPATHOLOGIC FINDINGS IN F₁ RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Organ and Description	Animal Number	Untreated Control								Short-Range							
		Male				Female				Male				Female			
		1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
		9	9	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
		7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2
Brain		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Heart		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Lung																	
Foci of mononuclear cells		P							P								
Peribronchial lymphoid hyperplasia			1	2	2	2		1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	2
Agonal hemorrhage										P							
Spleen		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Liver		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X
Nonsuppurative pericholangitis										1	1						
Kidney		X	X	X		X	X	X	X			X	X		O		X
Foci of regenerative tubule epithelium					P												
Foci of mononuclear cells					P												
Foci of mineralization										P	P			P		P	
Small intestine		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Large intestine		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Salivary gland		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Urinary bladder		X	X	O	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Harderian gland		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Skin		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Anus		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Trachea		X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Focal nonsuppurative tracheitis					P												

Type of Finding:

- O = Tissue Absent
- X = Tissue Examined and Not Remarkable
- A = Autolysis
- P = Finding Present

Degree of Finding:

- 1 = Minimal
- 2 = Slight
- 3 = Moderate
- 4 = Moderately Severe
- 5 = Severe

TABLE 15. MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION FOR ENDOPARASITES AND BACTERIA IN F₁ RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Animal/Specimen Number (a)	Microorganisms Identified (b)
197/3880	3+ Group D Streptococcus; 1+ Micrococcus; 1+ Coliform; 1+ <i>Proteus vulgaris</i>
198/3881	1+ Coliform; 4+ Group D Streptococcus; 3+ Micrococcus
199/3882	1+ Coliform; 3+ Group D Streptococcus; 3+ Micrococcus
200/3883	1+ Coliform; 3+ Group D Streptococcus; 3+ Micrococcus
201/3884	1+ Coliform; 3+ Group D Streptococcus; 3+ Micrococcus
202/3885	1+ Coliform; 1+ <i>Proteus vulgaris</i> ; 3+ Group D Streptococcus; 3+ Micrococcus
203/3886	1+ Coliform; 4+ Group D Streptococcus
204/3887	1+ Coliform; 1+ <i>Proteus vulgaris</i> ; 4+ Group D Streptococcus; 1+ Micrococcus
205/3888	1+ <i>Proteus vulgaris</i> ; 4+ Group D Streptococcus; 4+ <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> ; 3+ Micrococcus
206/3889	1+ Coliform; 4+ Group D Streptococcus; 4+ <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> ; 1+ <i>Proteus vulgaris</i>
207/3890	4+ Group D Streptococcus; 3+ Micrococcus
208/3891	1+ Coliform; 3+ Group D Streptococcus; 3+ <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i>
209/3892	1+ Coliform; 3+ Micrococcus; 1+ <i>Proteus vulgaris</i> ; 3+ <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> ; 3+ Group D Streptococcus
210/3893	1+ Coliform; 3+ <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i>
211/3894	No growth
212/3895	1+ Coliform; 1+ <i>Proteus vulgaris</i> ; 3+ <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i>

(a) Date of specimen: 1/26/78

(b) Lung, spleen, feces, and tracheal wash were examined for each specimen; no growth observed in the spleen or lungs; no mycoplasma isolated from tracheal washings.

APPENDIX J

**PATHOGEN BURDEN IN RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED
STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE
CHRYOTILE ASBESTOS**

APPENDIX J. PATHOGEN BURDEN

I. Pathogen Burden Procedures

A. Types of Specimens Obtained:

1. Feces: flotation Bac-T and stereomicroscopic dissection
2. Blood: smear and staining (intracellular parasites)
3. Tracheal wash: mycoplasma
4. Body tissue: gross necropsy, histopathologic examination, and Bac-T
5. Blood serum: viral antibody profile
6. Scotch Tape impression slides: microscopic for ectoparasites

B. Methods

1. Fecal Flotation: modified zinc sulfate concentration method

- a. Zinc sulfate (USP) solution ($ZnSO_4$) at a specific gravity of 1.118 and a small aliquot of fecal material (15:1) are mixed in a standard centrifuge tube until well suspended.
- b. $ZnSO_4$ is added to the suspension until the tube is in a near overflow position.
- c. A slide coverslip is placed over the top of the centrifuge tube and allowed to stand for a minimum of 5 minutes.
- d. The slide coverslip is then removed and placed on an appropriately sized microscope slide for examination. (One drop of Iodine Stain for wet-mount fecal examination was employed infrequently in some cases.)
- e. Composite fecal samples for flotation were obtained from three sites: lower colon, cecum, and jejunum.
- f. Fecal samples from these sites were also dissected and examined under a stereomicroscope for the presence of endoparasites.
- g. Fecal samples from the colon were transported to the diagnostic microlaboratory in buffer glyceriated saline and cultured in the appropriate media for isolation and identification of enteric pathogens.

2. Blood

- a. Whole blood films (two each) were made of each animal by the blood smear technique. These films were in turn stained (Wright's) and microscopically examined for the presence of blood parasites.
- b. Approximately 1 ml of whole blood for serum harvest was obtained for viral antibody profile using aseptic technique. Whole blood samples were centrifuged. The serum was harvested, diluted 1:5 in 1N saline, and heat inactivated before shipment to an outside commercial laboratory for analysis.

APPENDIX J. PATHOGEN BURDEN

3. Tracheal Wash (Lung)

Aseptic tracheal washes with physiologic saline (one per animal) were obtained and placed in appropriate media for mycoplasma culture and identification.

4. Body Tissue

a. Aseptically obtained sections of spleen and lung were placed in appropriate media and cultured for the presence of pathogenic organisms.

b. Body tissues as outlined for each 840 series study (16 tissues) were examined grossly at necropsy and placed in 10% neutral buffered formalin for histopathologic examination.

5. Scotch Tape Impression Slides

Ordinary scotch tape was pressed firmly against both the anus (perianal fold) and the hair covering at the anterior dorsum aspect of the neck. The tape was then applied to an ordinary microscopic slide for low-power microscopic examination for ectoparasites and/or migratory intestinal parasites (pinworms).

II. Pathogen Burden Summary: F₀

Sections of brain, heart, lung, spleen, liver, kidney, small intestine, large intestine, salivary gland, urinary bladder, harderian gland, skin, anus, and trachea from eight male and eight female rats were examined microscopically (Tables J1 and J2).

Evidence of early chronic respiratory disease was present in all animals: minimal-to-moderate peribronchial lymphoid hyperplasia (six males, seven females); focal accumulations of mononuclear cells (two males); focal accumulations of alveolar macrophages (one female); and minimal lymphoid hyperplasia (one female).

Lymphoid hyperplasia was present in the spleen and cervical lymph nodes of a single female.

In sections of liver, minimal nonsuppurative pericholangitis was present in two males. In sections of kidney, minimal focal interstitial nephritis, characterized by focal accumulations of mononuclear inflammatory cells, was present in two males and one female.

The remaining tissues were not remarkable.

TABLE J1. INDIVIDUAL HISTOPATHOLOGIC FINDINGS IN F₀ RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Organ and Description	Animal Number	Male								Female							
		1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	
Brain		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Heart		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Lung														X			
Peribronchial lymphoid hyperplasia			1		2	2	1	2	3	1	1	1	1		2	1	2
Artifactual collapse			P				P						P				
Foci of mononuclear cells		P		P													
Perivascular lymphoid hyperplasia																	1
Accumulations of alveolar macrophages																P	
Spleen		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X
Lymphoid hyperplasia												P					
Liver		X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Nonsuppurative pericholangitis				1	1												
Kidney		X	X	X	X		X		X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X
Focal interstitial nephritis						1		1						1			
Small intestine		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Large intestine		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Salivary gland		X	O	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	O	X	X
Urinary bladder		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Harderian gland		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	O
Skin		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Anus		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Trachea		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Cervical lymph nodes																	
Lymphoid hyperplasia													P				

Type of Finding:

- O = Tissue Absent
- X = Tissue Examined and Not Remarkable
- A = Autolysis
- P = Finding Present

Degree of Finding:

- 1 = Minimal
- 2 = Slight
- 3 = Moderate
- 4 = Moderately Severe
- 5 = Severe

TABLE J2. MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION FOR ENDOPARASITES AND BACTERIA IN F₀ RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Animal/Specimen Number (a)	Microorganisms Identified (b)
133/3726	1 + Coliform
134/3727	1 + Coliform
135/3728	1 + Coliform; 1 + <i>Proteus vulgaris</i>
136/3729	1 + Coliform
137/3730	1 + Coliform; 1 + <i>Proteus vulgaris</i>
138/3731	1 + Coliform
139/3732	1 + Coliform
140/3733	1 + Coliform
141/3734	No growth
142/3735	2 + Coliform
143/3736	1 + Coliform; 1 + <i>Proteus vulgaris</i>
144/3737	1 + Coliform
145/3738	1 + Coliform
146/3739	1 + Coliform
147/3740	2 + Coliform; 1 + <i>Proteus vulgaris</i>
148/3741	1 + Coliform

(a) Date of specimen: 10/13/77

(b) Lung, spleen, feces, and tracheal wash were examined for each specimen; no growth observed in the spleen or lungs; no mycoplasma isolated from tracheal washings.

APPENDIX J. PATHOGEN BURDEN

III. Pathogen Burden Summary: F₁

Sections of brain, heart, lung, spleen, liver, kidney, small intestine, large intestine, salivary gland, urinary bladder, harderian gland, skin, and anus were examined from four males and four females in the control and dosed groups of the F₁ generation which were killed for pathology burden (Tables J3-J5).

Evidence of early chronic respiratory disease, consisting of minimal-to-slight peribronchial lymphoid hyperplasia, was present in nearly all animals.

In sections of kidney, small foci of regenerative tubule epithelium were noted in the cortex of one dosed male. Small foci of mineralization were noted in the medullary of one dosed and two control females.

The remaining tissues examined were not remarkable.

TABLE J3. MURINE VIRUS ANTIBODY DETERMINATION IN F₁ RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Sample Number	Complement Fixation	
	Sendai	LCM
197	-	-
198	-	-
199	-	-
200	-	-
201	-	-
202	-	-
203	-	-
204	-	-
205	-	-
206	-	-
207	-	-
208	-	-
209	-	-
210	-	-
211	-	-
212	-	-
Significant titer	10	10

TABLE J4. INDIVIDUAL HISTOPATHOLOGIC FINDINGS IN F₁ RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Organ and Description	Animal Number	Untreated Control								Intermediate-Range							
		Male				Female				Male				Female			
		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2		
		3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	7	8	9	0	5	6	7	8
Brain		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Heart		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Lung										X							
Peribronchial lymphoid hyperplasia		1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1		2	1	1	1	1	2
Spleen		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Liver		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Kidney		X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X
Foci of regenerative tubule epithelium													P				
Foci of mineralization							P								P		
Small intestine		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Large intestine		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Salivary gland		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Urinary bladder		X	X	X	X	O	O	O	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	O	X
Lacrimal gland		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Skin		X	X	X	X	X	O	X	X	X	O	X	X	X	X	X	X
Anus		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

Type of Finding:

- O = Tissue Absent
- X = Tissue Examined and Not Remarkable
- A = Autolysis
- P = Finding Present

Degree of Finding:

- 1 = Minimal
- 2 = Slight
- 3 = Moderate
- 4 = Moderately Severe
- 5 = Severe

TABLE J5. MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION FOR ENDOPARASITES AND BACTERIA IN F₁ RATS IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS

Animal/Specimen Number (a)	Microorganisms Identified (b)
213/3897	4+ Group D Streptococcus; 1+ Micrococcus; 3+ Coliform; 1+ <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>
214/3898	1+ Coliform; 4+ Group D Streptococcus; 3+ Bacillus; 1+ <i>Proteus vulgaris</i>
215/3899	1+ Coliform; 4+ Group D Streptococcus; 1+ Micrococcus; 4+ Diphtheroids
216/3900	1+ Coliform; 4+ Group D Streptococcus; 1+ Micrococcus; 4+ Diphtheroids; 1+ <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i>
217/3901	1+ Coliform; 4+ Group D Streptococcus; 4+ Diphtheroids
218/3902	2+ Bacillus; 3+ Group D Streptococcus; 1+ <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>
219/3903	1+ Coliform; 4+ Group D Streptococcus; 3+ Micrococcus; 4+ Diphtheroids; 1+ <i>Proteus vulgaris</i> ; 1+ <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>
220/3904	3+ Bacillus; 4+ Group D Streptococcus; 3+ Micrococcus; 1+ <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>
221/3905	3+ Coliform; 4+ Group D Streptococcus; 1+ Micrococcus; 4+ Diphtheroids; 1+ <i>Proteus morgani</i>
222/3906	1+ Coliform; 1+ <i>Proteus morgani</i> ; 4+ Group D Streptococcus; 3+ Micrococcus; 3+ Diphtheroids
223/3907	1+ Bacillus; 4+ Group D Streptococcus; 1+ Micrococcus
224/3908	1+ Coliform; 4+ Diphtheroids; 4+ Group D Streptococcus; 2+ Micrococcus
225/3909	1+ <i>Proteus vulgaris</i> ; 4+ Group D Streptococcus; 1+ Coliform; 1+ Micrococcus
226/3910	1+ Micrococcus; 4+ Group D Streptococcus; 1+ <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>
227/3911	1+ Coliform; 4+ Group D Streptococcus; 3+ <i>Proteus vulgaris</i> ; 1+ Micrococcus
228/3912	1+ Coliform; 1+ Micrococcus; 1+ <i>Proteus vulgaris</i> ; 4+ Group D Streptococcus

(a) Date of specimen: 2/9/78

(b) Lung, spleen, feces, and tracheal wash were examined for each specimen; no growth observed in the spleen or lungs; no mycoplasma isolated from tracheal washings.

APPENDIX K

**CLINICAL SIGNS IN RATS IN THE
LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE
CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS**

TABLE K2. SUMMARY OF CLINICAL SIGNS OBSERVED IN RATS BEFORE MORIBUND KILL IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF SHORT-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: SHORT-RANGE (a)
(Continued)

	<u>Weeks 95-99</u>		<u>Weeks 100-104</u>	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
Depressed	3	6	7	11
Labored respiration				1
Wheezing	1		1	
Abdomen distended and/or firm			1	
Palpable mass in abdomen	5	5	9	4
Nodule(s)			1	1
Tissue mass (abscessed)--head, back, ear, abdomen, axilla, neck, inguinal, side, lower midline, or flank	3	5		6
Unkempt			2	
Cold to touch		2	1	1
Rough haircoat	1			
Prostrate in cage	1		1	2
Alopecia		1		
Urine stains		1		1
Malocclusion				1
Loss of righting reflex	1		1	2
Loss of equilibrium			2	3
Muscle tone flaccid	2	1	1	1
Paralysis or partial paralysis in hindlegs	2		3	
Inactive	1		1	
Extremities appeared yellow			1	
Discharge from anus	1			
Right hindleg was stiff, swollen, immobile; sores on surface	1			

(a) The intervals were arbitrarily selected based on weeks when a large percentage of moribund kills occurred. Clinical signs observed after the last interval selected were believed not to be readily discernible from signs of aging.

APPENDIX L

**CLINICAL SIGNS IN RATS IN THE
LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE
CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS**

TABLE L1. SUMMARY OF CLINICAL SIGNS OBSERVED IN RATS BEFORE MORIBUND KILL IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: UNTREATED CONTROL (a)

	<u>Weeks 63-67</u>		<u>Weeks 68-73</u>		<u>Weeks 74-78</u>		<u>Weeks 79-83</u>	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Number of animals killed in moribund condition					2	1		1
Number of animals with no clinical signs reported					1			
Thin						1		1
Wheezing								1
Tissue mass--chest								1
Loss of equilibrium or righting reflex					1			
Small size						1		
Lying in cage					1			
Spinning					1			
	<u>Weeks 84-88</u>		<u>Weeks 89-93</u>					
	Male	Female	Male	Female				
Number of animals killed in moribund condition		4	4		1	1		
Number of animals with no clinical signs reported		1						
Pale		1	1					
Thin		1	2					
Hunched		1						
Eyes								
Pale		1	2			1		
Dark red stains around			1					
Squinted			1					
Head tilt			2		1			
Head swollen					1			
Wheezing					1			
Labored respiration			1					
Palpable mass in abdomen		1					1	
Tissue mass--inguinal, side of body, or leg		2	1					
Loss of equilibrium or righting reflex			1					
Ataxia			1					
Depressed			1					
Loss of pain perception			1					
Circling			1					
Low feed consumption					1			
Urine stains			1					

(a) The intervals were arbitrarily selected based on weeks when a large percentage of moribund kills occurred. Clinical signs observed after the last interval selected were believed not to be readily discernible from signs of aging.

TABLE L2. SUMMARY OF CLINICAL SIGNS OBSERVED IN RATS BEFORE MORIBUND KILL IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: DMH (a)

	<u>Weeks 63-67</u>		<u>Weeks 68-73</u>		<u>Weeks 74-78</u>		<u>Weeks 79-83</u>	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Number of animals killed in moribund condition	1	1	1	2	15	12	1	10
Number of animals with no clinical signs reported				1	5	8		
Pale								5
Thin					1		1	2
Hunched					3		1	2
Eyes								
Pale					1	1	1	1
Bloody crust, dark discharge		1			1	1		1
Discharge from nose and mouth	1							
Red discharge from ear					1			
Wheezing	1							
Labored respiration					1			2
Rapid respiration								1
Inactivity and/or depression	1							2
Abdomen distended (bloated) and/or firm		1			1			
Palpable mass in abdomen					1			6
Tissue mass--head, inguinal, neck, ear, throat, back, perineal, or abdomen					1		1	3
Rough haircoat							1	
Discolored discharge around vagina						1		
Stains on fur	1		1		1			
Fecal stains				1				
Discolored (red) discharge or stains around anus					4	2		
Nodule protruding from anus					2	1		
Body (extremities) had yellow appearance					1	1		2
Animal appeared paralyzed								1
Cold to touch	1							
			<u>Weeks 84-88</u>		<u>Weeks 89-93</u>			
			Male	Female	Male	Female		
Number of animals killed in moribund condition			13	22	6	5		
Number of animals with no clinical signs reported			1	4				
Pale			4	8	1	2		
Thin			4	4	3			
Hunched			4	4				
Eyes								
Pale				2	2	2		
Opaque or cloudy			1		1			
Lacrimating					1	1		
Bloody crust, dark discharge			1		1			
Bloody crust around mouth			1					
Red discharge from ear				1				
Head tilt			2	1				
Malocclusion			2					
Wheezing			2	1	1			
Labored respiration				1	1			
Circling			1					

TABLE L2. SUMMARY OF CLINICAL SIGNS OBSERVED IN RATS BEFORE MORIBUND KILL IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: DMH (a)
(Continued)

	<u>Weeks 84-88</u>		<u>Weeks 89-93</u>	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
Inactivity and/or depression	3	4	1	
Abdomen distended (bloated) and/or firm			1	
Palpable mass in abdomen	1	12	3	4
Tissue mass--head, inguinal, neck, ear, throat, back, perineal, or abdomen	6	4	2	1
Nodule		1	2	1
Rough haircoat	2		2	
Swelling around vagina		1		
Discolored discharge around vagina				1
Urine stains	1	1		
Discolored (red) discharge or stains around anus	2		1	1
Nodule protruding from anus	2	1	1	1
Body (extremities) had yellow appearance	1	1		
Muscle tone flaccid				1
Soft feces	3		1	

(a) The intervals were arbitrarily selected based on weeks when a large percentage of moribund kills occurred. Clinical signs observed after the last interval selected were believed not to be readily discernible from signs of aging.

TABLE L3. SUMMARY OF CLINICAL SIGNS OBSERVED IN RATS BEFORE MORIBUND KILL IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE RANGE (a)

	<u>Weeks 63-67</u>		<u>Weeks 68-73</u>		<u>Weeks 74-78</u>		<u>Weeks 79-83</u>	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Number of animals killed in moribund condition		1	1	11	11	7	2	2
Number of animals with no clinical signs reported			1	1	8	6		1
Pale				1				
Thin							1	
Hunched							1	
Eyes								
Pale		1					1	
Bloody crust surrounding both eyes				1		1		
Lacrimating						1		
Labored respiration					1		1	
Wheezing					1			
Depression							1	
Ataxia					1			
Loss of equilibrium							1	
Discharge (red) from anus					1			
Stains on fur--paws, nose, or eye		1						
Rough haircoat							1	
Abdomen distended and/or firm		1		1				
Tissue mass--axilla								1
	<u>Weeks 84-88</u>		<u>Weeks 89-93</u>		<u>Weeks 94-98</u>		<u>Weeks 99-103</u>	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Number of animals killed in moribund condition	7	6	8	9	6	11	11	13
Number of animals with no clinical signs reported				1				
Pale	2		2			4	6	8
Thin	4	2	2	3	4	2	8	4
Hunched	1	2	2					
Eyes								
Pale	1	4	4	1		5		
Bloody crust surrounding both eyes	1							
Squinted	1				1			
Opaque	1							
Head tilt	1		1	1		3	1	1
Malocclusion				1		1		
Labored respiration	1	1		1	1	1	1	
Wheezing	1	1		1	1			
Chest firm				1				
Salivating					2			
Alopecia				2				
Inactive						3	1	2
Depression	3	1	2	1	2	5	4	3
Loss of equilibrium						2	1	2
Loss of righting reflex					1	1		
Discharge (red) from anus			1					
Discharge (red) from vagina								1
Nodule		2	2					1
Unkempt					1		2	1
Bloody crust on paws								1
Stains on fur--paws, nose, or eye	1				1		1	
Rough haircoat	2		1					

TABLE L3. SUMMARY OF CLINICAL SIGNS OBSERVED IN RATS BEFORE MORIBUND KILL IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: INTERMEDIATE RANGE (a) (Continued)

	<u>Weeks 84-88</u>		<u>Weeks 89-93</u>		<u>Weeks 94-98</u>		<u>Weeks 99-103</u>	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Abdomen distended and/or firm	1		2					
Abdomen dark			2					
Palpable mass in abdomen	3	2	3	1		6	3	7
Tissue mass--head, neck, axilla, chest, mouth, neck, shoulder, hip, or lower midline	2	3		3	2	2	4	2
Cold to touch	1							
Animal prostrate in cage								2
Extremities yellow	1							
Scrotum dark			2					
Muscle tone flaccid	1		3			1		
Spastic movement					1			
Paralysis--flaccid							1	
Protruding mass from vagina								1

(a) The intervals were arbitrarily selected based on weeks when a large percentage of moribund kills occurred. Clinical signs observed after the last interval selected were believed not to be readily discernible from signs of aging.

TABLE L4. SUMMARY OF CLINICAL SIGNS OBSERVED IN RATS BEFORE MORIBOUND KILL IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: IR + DMH (a)
(Continued)

	<u>Weeks 84-88</u>		<u>Weeks 89-93</u>	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
Head tilt	1			1
Dark red crust in ear or red discharge from ear			1	
Wheezing	1		2	
Labored respiration	1			
Rapid respiration	1			
Depression or inactivity	1		2	1
Circling	1			
Tissue mass--inguinal, axilla, chest, perineal, ear, head, neck, or side of body		3	4	1
Abdomen distended (bloated)	2		1	
Palpable mass in abdomen	4	9	4	3
Nodule			1	
Nodule protruding from anus	4	1		
Discharge (red) from anus	1	1	1	
Discolored discharge from vagina				1
Fecal stains or soft feces	1		1	
Rough haircoat	3	1	2	1
Cold to touch		1		
Left leg had bloody crust and discharge			1	
Yellowish appearance or extremities yellow	1	2		
Muscle tone flaccid		1		1
Discolored urine				2

(a) The intervals were arbitrarily selected based on weeks when a large percentage of moribund kills occurred. Clinical signs observed after the last interval selected were believed not to be readily discernible from signs of aging.

TABLE L5. SUMMARY OF CLINICAL SIGNS OBSERVED IN RATS BEFORE MORIBUND KILL IN THE LIFETIME FEED STUDIES OF INTERMEDIATE-RANGE CHRYSOTILE ASBESTOS: IR/PW (a)

	<u>Weeks 63-67</u>		<u>Weeks 68-73</u>		<u>Weeks 74-78</u>		<u>Weeks 79-83</u>	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Number of animals killed in moribund condition	0	1	2	0	1	3	3	2
Number of animals with no clinical signs reported			1		1	2	2	1
Thin								1
Hunched								1
Bloody crust surrounding eye(s)						1		1
Eye lacrimating								1
Labored respiration		1					1	
Wheezing						1		1
Tissue mass--ear, back, side of body, or chest			1			1		
Depression		1						
Animal appeared paralyzed							1	
Prostrate in cage		1						
Rough haircoat								1
	<u>Weeks 84-88</u>		<u>Weeks 89-93</u>		<u>Weeks 94-98</u>		<u>Weeks 99-103</u>	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Number of animals killed in moribund condition	1	3	0	3	3	3	2	3
Number of animals with no clinical signs reported				1				
Pale						1	1	2
Thin		3			1	2	1	2
Hunched		2						
Eye(s) pale				2	3			1
Bloody crust surrounding eye(s)				1				
Red discharge from nose	1							
Bloody crust around nose		1						
Head tilt						1		
Wheezing	1	1						1
Abdomen distended (bloated) and dark					1			
Palpable mass or masses in abdomen				2	1		1	1
Tissue mass--ear, back, side of body, or chest		1		1	1	2	1	3
Lack of coordination or equilibrium		1				1		
Depression or inactivity		1		2	2	1		
Muscle tone flaccid						1		
Prostrate in cage								1
Urine stains		1				2		
Discolored urine				1				
Discharge (red) from vagina								1

(a) The intervals were arbitrarily selected based on weeks when a large percentage of moribund kills occurred. Clinical signs observed after the last interval selected were believed not to be readily discernible from signs of aging.

APPENDIX M

DATA AUDIT SUMMARY

APPENDIX M. DATA AUDIT SUMMARY

The experimental data from the lifetime feed studies of chrysotile asbestos (short-range and intermediate-range fibers) in F344/N rats conducted at Hazleton Laboratories, Inc., were audited for completeness, consistency, and accuracy of the experimental data and for consistency of scientific procedures with Good Laboratory Practices. The in-life phase of the study was completed before NTP's requirement for full compliance with Good Laboratory Practices regulations in October 1981. The experimental data audit was performed by Dynamac Corporation in March 1984. The audit team consisted of the following: Ms. Shirley Corson, Pathology; Mr. Chris Dippel, Toxicology and Chemistry; Mr. James Konz, Pathology; Mr. Curt Lunchick, Toxicology; Mr. James Plautz, Toxicology and Chemistry; Dr. Ronald Schueler, Pathology; and Dr. Karen Whitkin, Toxicology.

The full report of the audit of the chrysotile asbestos studies is on file at the National Toxicology Program, NIEHS. The audit consisted of (a) review of records for the in-life portion of the study, including clinical observations and body weight data for 10% of the animals, mortality records for 20% of the animals, and all environmental records; (b) review of chemistry data including fiber characterization, fiber distribution (homogeneity) and concentration in diet preparation method development, and diet analysis for 10% of the samples; and (c) review of pathology data consisting of (i) a 20% random sample of individual animal pathology records (IADR's), (ii) slide/block match for a 20% random sample of animals in all groups, and (iii) wet tissues for a 10% random sample of animals in groups 82M, 82F, 93M, 93F, 95M, and 95F.

The audit identified no major problems with the conduct of the study or with collection or reporting of the experimental data. The analytical chemistry data for chrysotile asbestos were adequate and supported the stated conclusions of the Technical Report. Although dosing records were present for the two groups receiving DMH, records for preparation and analysis of DMH dose solutions were not available for audit. Animals were identified by ear tags. Although ear tags were missing from wet tissues in approximately 10% of the bags opened, in all the remaining wet tissue bags the tag number corresponded with the bag number. Apparent discrepancies between gross observations during necropsy and microscopic diagnoses were infrequent and consisted predominantly of minor tissue alterations with no impact on study interpretation. For seven rats (081M-one, 082M-four, 082F-one, 092F-one), cecal or colon "nodules" were noted, apparently by the pathology technician ("trimmer"). Pathologic changes, however, were not observed on microscopic examination, although lymphoid nodules (normal structure) were sometimes present. For one rat (091M), two colon "polyps" were described but microscopic examination revealed two lymphoid nodules. The remaining wet tissue (colon) did not show evidence of any polyps. Thus, the apparent discrepancies in gross microscopic correlation for the intestine can be explained by prominent lymphoid structures, which are a normal component of the intestine. The slide/block match was generally good. One or two slides for each of three rats were labeled with the wrong slide number but were appropriately identified by animal and histology number. For each of two other rats, one slide was identified by the incorrect histology number but matched the appropriately labeled block.

In conclusion, no discrepancies were found that would influence the final interpretation of this experiment.

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