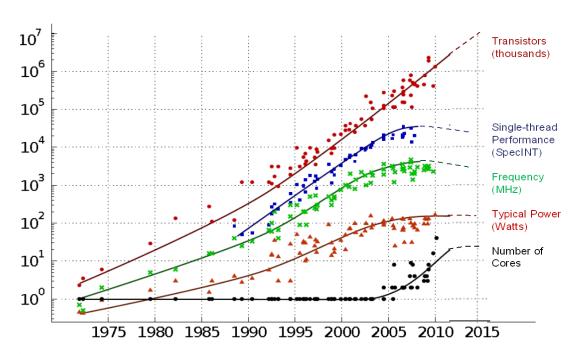


# DOE Exascale Computing Initiative (ECI) Update

William Harrod DOE, Office of Science (SC) Aug 15, 2012

### The World is Flat

#### 35 YEARS OF MICROPROCESSOR TREND DATA



Original data collected and plotted by M. Horowitz, F. Labonte, O. Shacham, K. Olukotun, L. Hammond and C. Batten Dotted line extrapolations by C. Moore

Data Processing in Exascale-class Computing Systems | April 27, 2011 | CRM



## Moore's Law continues

 Transistor count still doubles every 24 months

## Dennard scaling stalls – key parameters flatline:

- Voltage
- Clock Speed
- Power
- Performance/clock



2012 August ASCAC

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## **HPC System Characteristics**

(The Road to Exascale)

	ASCI Red	Road Runner	K Compute r	Sequoia	Exascale
Peak (Tflops)	1.3	1,700	11,280	20,133	1,200,000
Linpack (Tflops)	1	1,000	10,510	16,325	1,000,000
<b>Total Cores</b>	9,298	130,464	705,024	1,572,864	1,000,000,000
Processors	9,298	12,960 +6,912	88,128	98,304	1,000,000
Cores/Proce ssor	1	9, 2	8	16	1,000
Power	0.85 MW	2.35 MW	9.89 MW	7.9 MW	~20 MW
Year	2000	2008	2011	2012	2020+



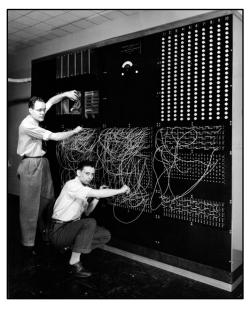
## **Exascale Software Challenges**



Parallelism



**Data Movement** 



**Programmability** 



Resiliency



## **ECI Program Strategy**

- Conduct critical R&D efforts.
- Develop exascale software stacks.
- Fund computer technology vendors to move required technology from research to product space.
- Fund the design and development of exascale computer systems.
- Joint effort with NNSA.
- Collaboration with other United States government agencies and other countries.



## FY12 Major Exascale Research Efforts

- Runtime systems to exploit unused/available resources through dynamic adaptive resource management and task scheduling (self aware)
- Innovative operating system, with a global perspective, for scalability, energy and reliability management, resource allocation and recovery, efficiency and protection
- Architectures for cores and systems to minimize latencies, preclude bottlenecks, reduce energy of data movement and control, IO systems, task instantiation and management, and address handling
- Abstract machine models and performance models to guide design and development of future Exascale machines



## DOE/ASCR Progress Toward Exascale

#### FY2010:

- Applied Math: Uncertainty Quantification
- Computer Science:
  - Advanced Architectures / X-Stack / Scientific Data Management and Analysis

#### FY2011:

- Computational Partnerships: 3 Exascale Co-Design Centers Funded
- Request for Information: critical and platform technologies

#### FY2012:

- Computer Science: Programming Environments
- Applied Math: Resilient, Extreme scale algorithms
- FastFoward: Critical / Cross Cutting technologies (joint with NNSA)

#### FY2013

- Exascale Strategy Plan to Congress
- Exascale Software Plan
- Computer Science
  - Operating System Software / Storage System Software / ?
- Computational Partnerships: Data Intensive Co-Design Centers



## The OS Technical Council

**Council:** comprised of DOE lab researchers

#### Goal:

- Investigate issues, challenges and solutions for the DOE software plan for Exascale OS and runtime
- Develop conceptual OS & Runtime architectures and APIs

## OS Software Preliminary Plan: November, 2012

#### **Council Meetings:**

- March 21, 2012: general council strategies, architectures, APIs
- May 14, 2012: vendor and facilities engagement strategies
- June 11-12, 2012: vendor engagement decisions, workshop planning, architectures, APIs
- July 19-21, 2012: meeting with vendors, workshop planning
- August 21-22, 2012: facilities and applications engagement planning
- September 12-14, 2012: vendor, facilities, and applications engagement final plan, architectures, APIs
- October 4-5, 2012: OS and Runtime Workshop



## **RX-Solvers**

FOA-0000742: <a href="http://science.doe.gov/grants/pdf/SC\_FOA\_0000742.pdf">http://science.doe.gov/grants/pdf/SC\_FOA\_0000742.pdf</a>

#### Resilient Extreme-Scale Solvers ("RX-Solvers")

- Scalable, resilient algorithms
- Support applications during the next 5-10 years
- Establish foundation for research of extreme-scale scientific computing."

#### **Programmatic Details**

- FOA Issued: 8 June 2012; closed: 13 August 2012
- Funding to start in FY13
- Total funds available: \$4.5M per year for up to three years
- Proposals are being received; initial reviews underway



## X-Stack: Programming Challenges, Runtime Systems, and Tools

FOA 0000619: <a href="http://science.doe.gov/grants/pdf/SC\_FOA\_0000619.pdf">http://science.doe.gov/grants/pdf/SC\_FOA\_0000619.pdf</a>

#### **Focus Areas**

- Programming models, languages, runtime systems, and related technologies
- New energy-efficient and resilient programming techniques that are portable across future machine generations

#### **Expected research investments**

 That address fundamental Exascale challenges, while offering a transition path for existing scientific applications to fully explore the challenges and rewards of Exascale platforms.

#### **Programmatic Details**

•	Nov 22, 2011	Solicitation Issued
•	Dec 20, 2011	Amendment FOA
•	Dec 21, 2011	Pre-applications received
•	Feb 6, 2012	Full proposals received
•	Apr 3-6, 2012	Peer Review
•	May 29 - 30, 2012	Call Back Review
•	June 8, 2012	Funding recommendations completed



## X-Stack Proposals

#### Proposals were expected to:

- Articulate complete solutions addressing multiple components of the system software stack and address Exascale challenges:
  - Scalability
  - Programmability
  - Performance Portability
  - Resilience
  - Energy Efficiency

#### Proposal were required to have:

- Description of plans for developing prototypes of the proposed solution;
- Description of the proposed path to integration and/or interoperation with existing programming environments;
- Evaluation plan using compact applications, mini-applications



## **FastForward**

### **Project Goals & Objectives**

- Initiate partnerships with multiple companies to accelerate the R&D of critical technologies needed for extreme-scale computing.
- DOE applications place extreme requirements on computations, data movement, and reliability.
- Fund innovative new and/or accelerated R&D of technologies targeted for productization in the 5–10 year timeframe.

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### **Funded Projects**

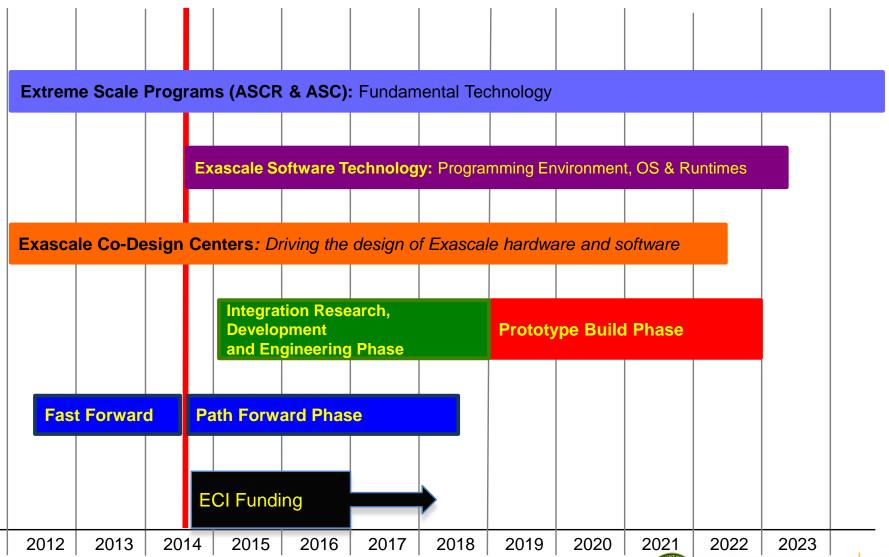
- AMD
- IBM
- Intel
- NVIDIA
- WhamCloud

For additional Details: Teri Quinn, LLNL, ASCAC presentation



## **ECI Timeline**

(actual lengths of phases could be longer)



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## The Real Challenges

#### **Avoiding mediocre solutions**

Evolving existing systems

#### **Practicing Co-Design**

Developing a new software stack for exascale systems

Not treating it as an "after thought"

Need to explore radical concepts, but develop practical solutions

New computers designs based on a new execution model

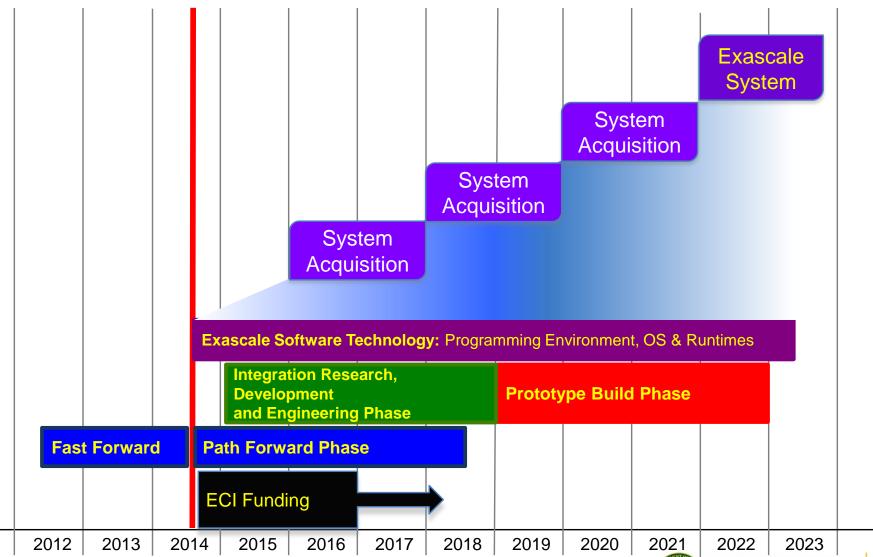
- Must be based on COTS technology
- Exotic technology is not an option



## Backup

## **ECI Timeline**

(actual lengths of phases could be longer)



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