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### Systems Biological Workbench Development on NICS Resources

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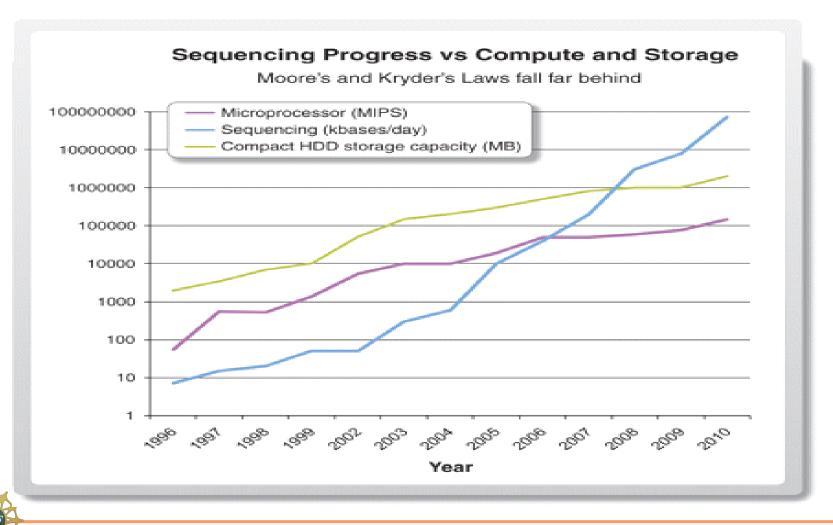
# **Systems Biological Workbench**

- Improve tools for analysis
  - Existing bioinformatics tools run on desktops, workstations, and small clusters
- Improving performance and scalability of tools is critical to transform exponentially growing data into biological knowledge
  - Data from computational biology and biomedical informatics applications is growing rapidly
  - This data contains invaluable information directly related to human health.
- Develop novel software applications that include optimization techniques to improve the scalability of the most widely used bioinformatics tools on advanced parallel architectures
  - Improvements allow a near-linear scaling to tens of thousands of processing cores along with full machine capability runs on current petaflop supercomputers such as Kraken
- New tools, still under development, increase data analysis by four to five orders of magnitude
- Tool development fosters research collaborations between six universities from Tennessee and South Carolina





### **Problem:** Exponential Genomic Data Growth





## Solution: Next Generation Architectures

- Large Scale Analysis
  - Supercomputing
  - Hybrid Computing
- Medium Scale Analysis
  - Grid computing
  - Cloud computing
- Develop Highly Scalable Informatics Toolboxes





## **Applications Under Development**

### • Bioinformatics

- BLAST, HMMER
- ClustalW, MUSCLE
- PhyML, GARLI, RAxML, MrBayes
- Cheminformatics
  - DOCK6, AutoDock, AMBER, NAMD
- Large Scale Data Handling on Advanced Architectures and Data Mining
  - Job Scheduling Algorithms
  - Very Large Scale Data Analysis and Databases
- Web Interfaces and Data Visualization Tools





# **XSEDE Resources Used for Development**



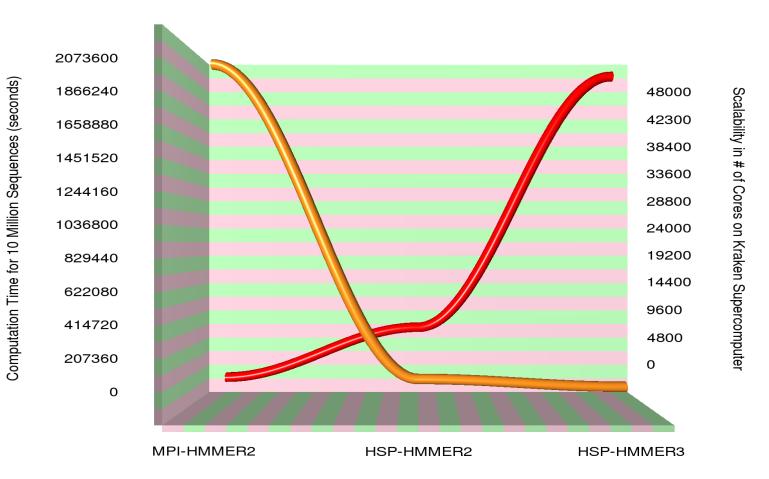


Nautilus





## **HSP-HMMER**

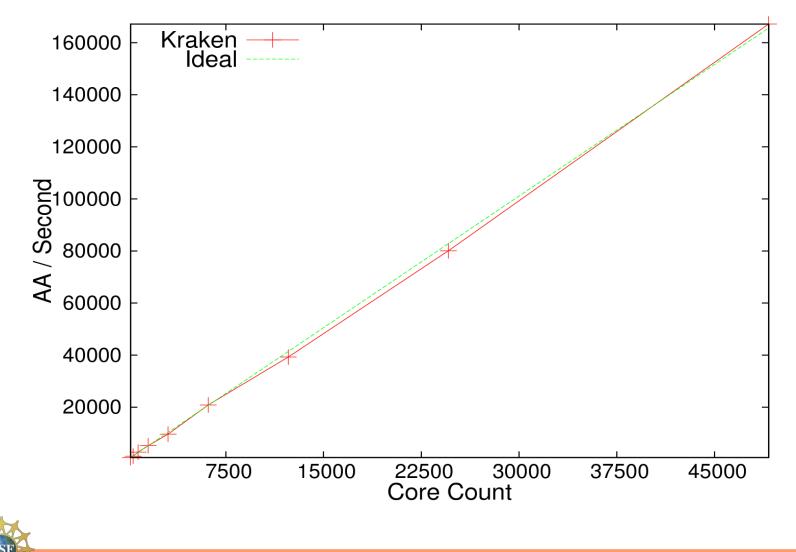


Performance Improvements of Scaled HMMER





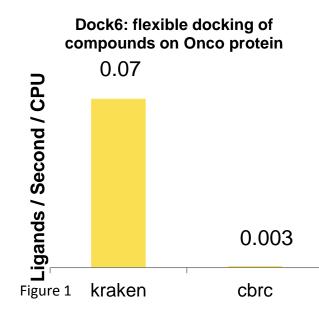
## **HSP-BLAST**





# **Highly Scalable Parallel Docking**

- Improve speed and scaling of molecular docking tools
  - Tools used to search compounds for novel drug discovery
  - Libraries such as ZINC and PubChem contain millions of vendor and academic compounds and are growing rapidly
- Algorithmic and I/O improvements of the MPI version of Dock6
  - Used profiling tools to tune the code
    - Modified compiling options and linked in faster math libraries
  - Developed wrapper code in which the master process dynamically load-balances the computation
    - The wrapper code can use other docking tools
  - Scaled code to 8,000 cores on Kraken
    - · Next step is to scale docking codes to full machine runs
  - Achieved a 20X speedup per core on Kraken
    - Runs took 2 months on the CBRC cluster (136 cores) versus 40 minutes on NICS Kraken (8,000 cores)
    - It is now possible to dock ~55 million oncology related receptors in one day versus 2 years
- Speedups achieved reduce computational time for drug discovery from years to months or days, significantly reducing the time to market of new drug



### Speedups achieved on Kraken vs CBRC

With Algorithmic, I/O improvements and code optimizations we achieved a 20X speedup per core on NICS Kraken supercomputer compared to MUSC Computational Biology Resource Center (CBRC) cluster.





## **Collaborations: NSF EPSCoR**

- Clemson University
  - Jill Gemmill, Amy Lawton-Rauh, and Galen Collier
- Medical University of South Carolina
  - Yuri Peterson and Brendan Duggan
- Vanderbilt University
  - Peter Cummings, and Junhwan Jeon
- Claflin University
  - William L. Mondy, Nick Panasik
- Tennessee State
  - Ali Sekmen
- University of South Carolina
  - Jerry Ebalunode





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