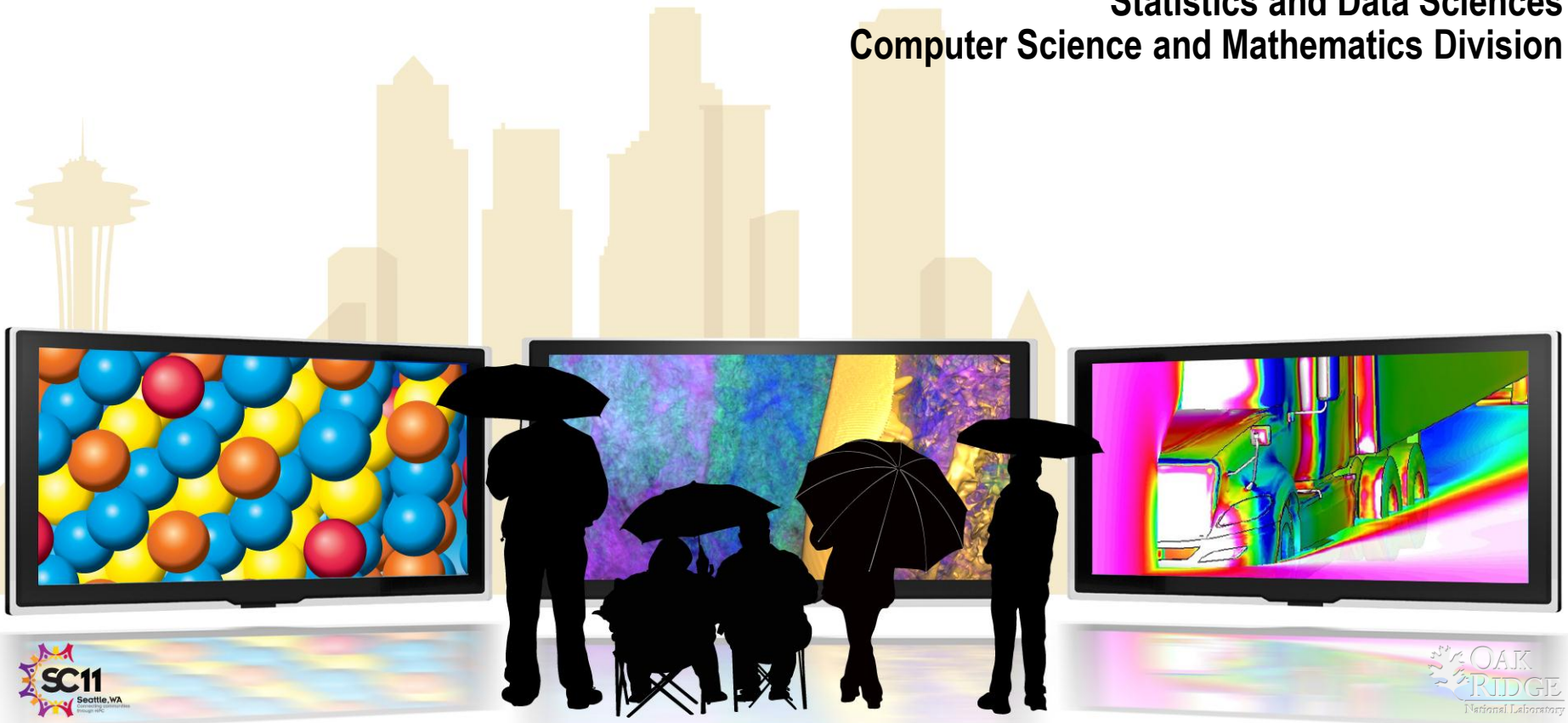


Statistics at Scale

Presented by

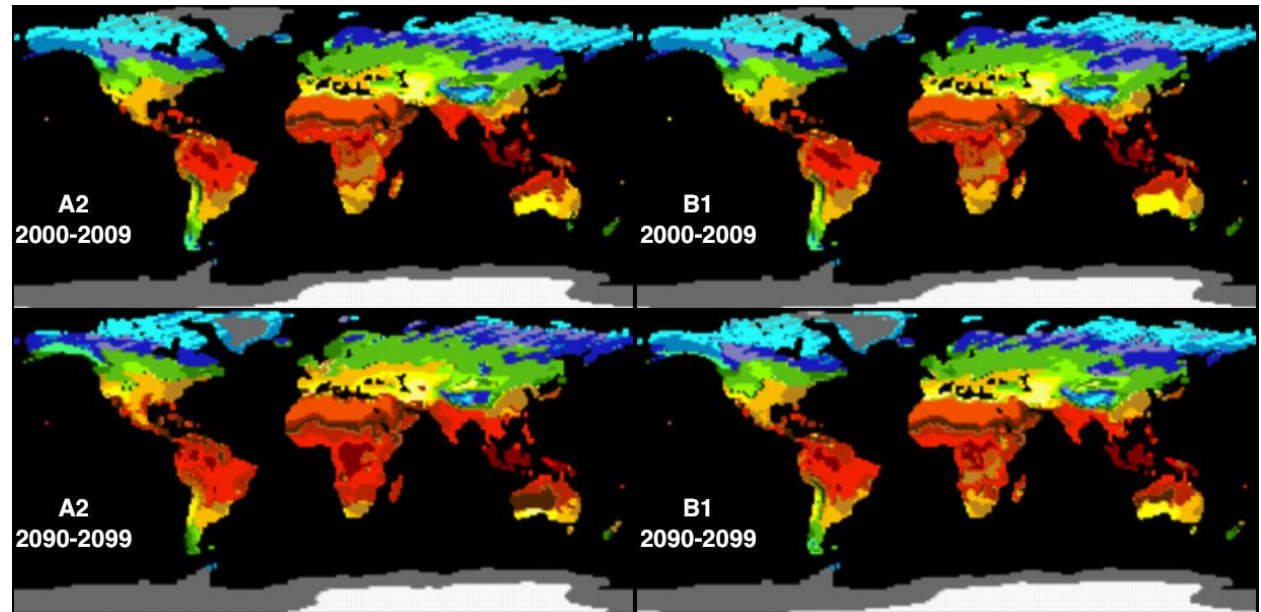
George Ostrouchov

Statistics and Data Sciences
Computer Science and Mathematics Division

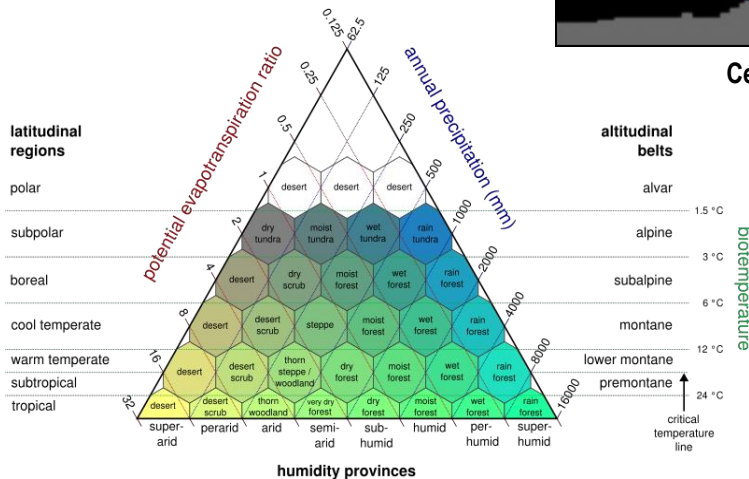


Multivariate Comparison of Climate Simulations

- A multivariate classification capability as a VisIt plugin
- Demonstrated with Holdridge life zones to compare climate simulations



Century comparison of Holdridge life Zones under climate scenarios A2 and B1

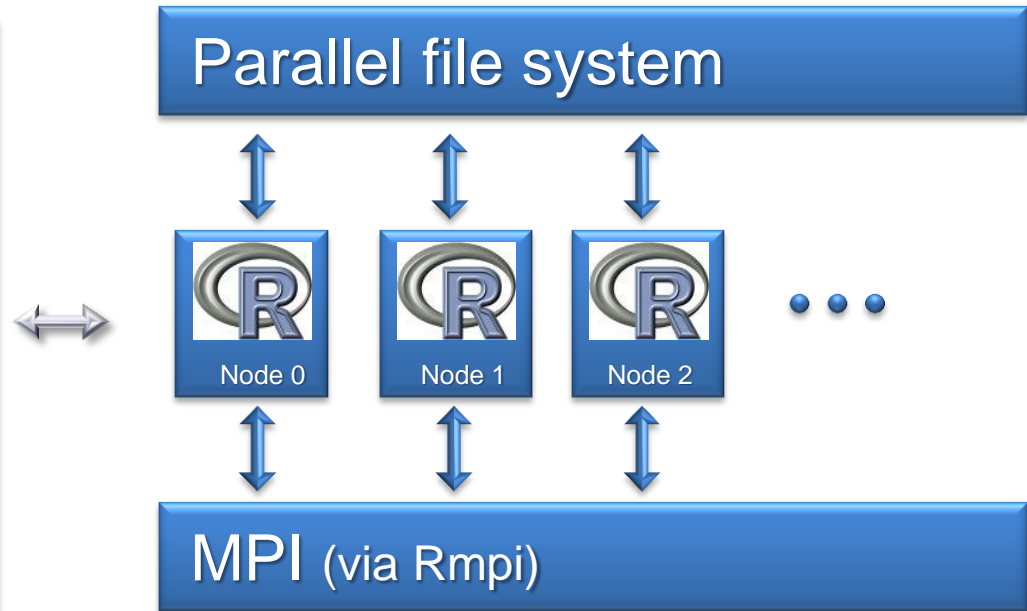
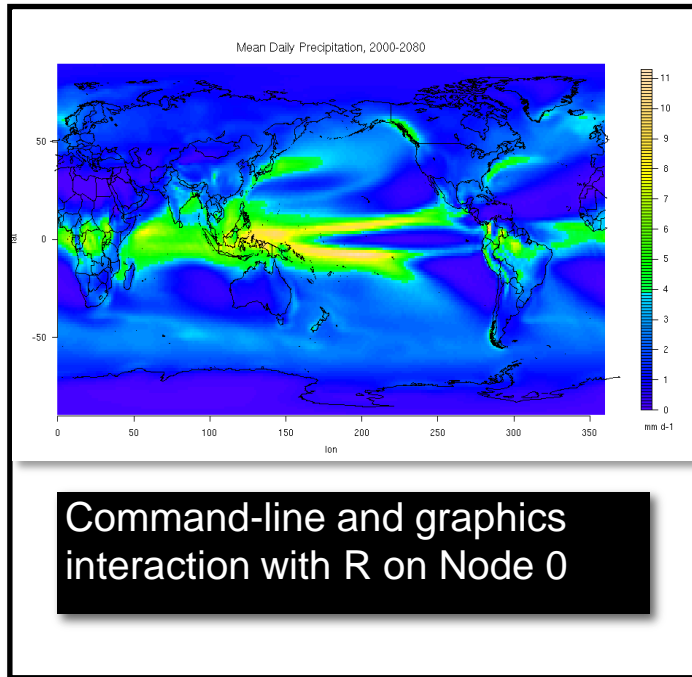


Holdridge Life Zones

- Track changes in multivariate climate that drive changes in ecology
- Compare ecology impact of climate scenarios

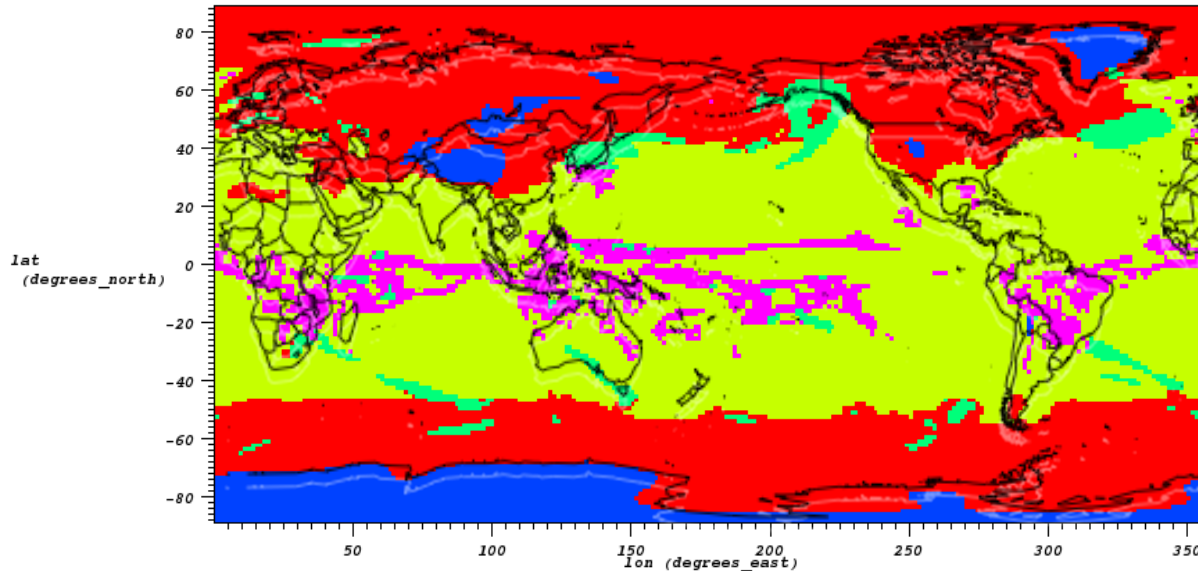
R. Sisneros, J. Huang, G. Ostrouchov, and F. Hoffman (2011). *Procedia Computer Science*, Vol. 4, p1582-1591.

Enabling R: to run data-parallel R



- Data readers to bring data from parallel file system
- Data-parallel analysis with full capability of R on every node

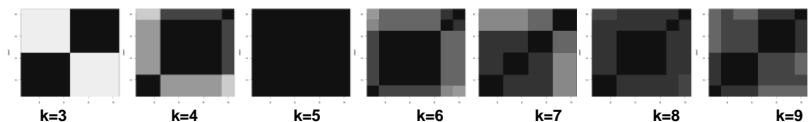
Clustering in data-parallel R for automated extraction of climate events



10 years of daily data:
Lat x Lon x Day for 5 variables:
119,603,200 x 5 matrix (3 GB)

- **Cluster in R without lat, lon, and time information (semi-supervised)**
- **Play resulting clusters as lat by lon in time with VisIt**
- **Sampling reduces clustering time by order of magnitude (cluster model parameter uncertainty)**
- **Random start agreement selects number of clusters (classification uncertainty)**

Pairwise agreement “max kappa correlation” of 8 starts

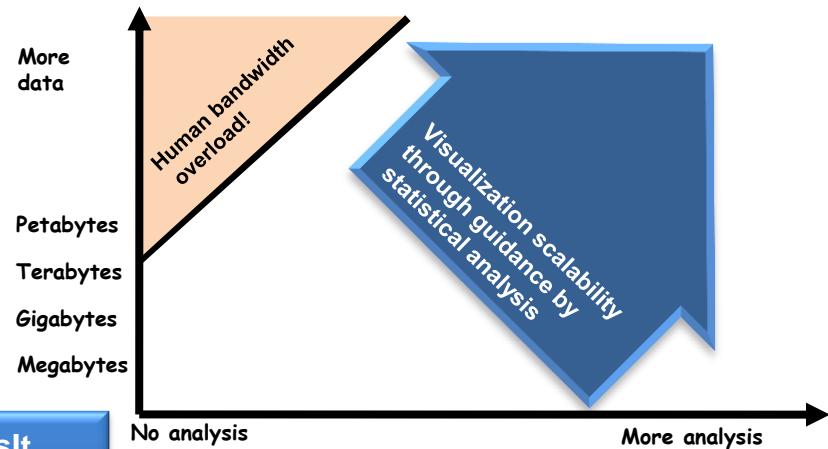


Building R-VisIt statistical framework for visualization of massive data sets

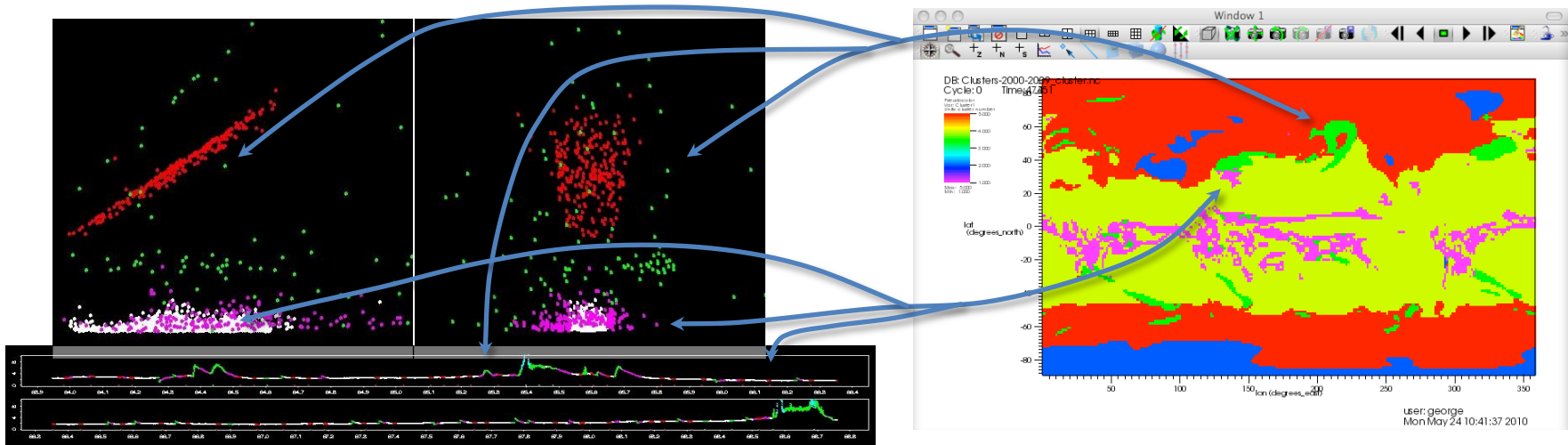
Browse a petabyte? Not humanly possible!

To view a petabyte at 100 MB/s takes 350 8-hour workdays! All year – only 8 weekends off!

Statistical analysis must select views or reduce to quantities of interest in addition to fast rendering



- Fit local models to segmented data with R inside VisIt
- R feature analysis in high-dimensional feature space
- Play statistically selected VisIt views of interest



Common evolutionary steps: Experimental science and computational science

- **Mathematical Statistics** harnessed variability to bring rigor and efficiency to experimental science in the 20th century
 - Fusion of **theory** and **data**
 - Quantifying bias and uncertainty
 - Design of experiments and analysis of variance
- **Mathematical Statistics** can bring computational science to the rigor and efficiency standards of experimental science in the 21st century
 - Fusion of **computational experiment (theory)** and **data**
 - Quantifying bias and uncertainty at computational experiment scale
 - Statistical design of computational experiments
 - Methods to see through, examine, and classify variability in massive data
 - Hardware/software fault analysis and prediction
 - Fault tolerant estimation



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