

Table 42. Outpatient prescription drug benefits:¹ Type of coverage, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011

(All workers participating in outpatient prescription drug plans = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Generic drugs	Brand-name drugs	Mail order drugs	Coverage for formulary drugs ²
All workers	100	100	85	78
Worker characteristic				
Management, professional, and related	100	100	85	78
Professional and related	100	100	84	76
Teachers	100	100	84	74
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	100	100	82	70
Service	100	100	86	78
Protective service	100	100	85	75
Sales and office	100	100	87	81
Office and administrative support	100	100	88	81
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	100	99	79	83
Production, transportation, and material moving	100	100	84	76
Full time	100	100	85	78
Part time	100	99	85	76
Union	100	100	88	68
Nonunion	100	100	82	88
Average wage within the following categories: ³				
Lowest 25 percent	100	100	83	86
Lowest 10 percent	100	100	81	88
Second 25 percent	100	100	85	80
Third 25 percent	100	100	85	82
Highest 25 percent	100	100	86	70
Highest 10 percent	100	100	89	65
Establishment characteristic				
Service-providing industries	100	100	85	78
Education and health services	100	100	84	78
Educational services	100	100	85	77
Elementary and secondary schools	100	100	83	72
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities ...	100	100	90	90
Health care and social assistance	100	100	82	84
Hospitals	100	100	80	85
Public administration	100	100	87	79
1 to 99 workers	100	100	75	84
1 to 49 workers	100	100	77	80
50 to 99 workers	100	100	73	89
100 workers or more	100	100	86	78
100 to 499 workers	100	99	83	75
500 workers or more	100	100	87	79
State government	100	100	90	92
Local government	100	100	83	73

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 42. Outpatient prescription drug benefits:¹ Type of coverage, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011—Continued

(All workers participating in outpatient prescription drug plans = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Generic drugs	Brand-name drugs	Mail order drugs	Coverage for formulary drugs ²
Geographic area				
New England	100	100	84	89
Middle Atlantic	100	99	92	68
East North Central	100	100	83	66
West North Central	100	100	71	76
South Atlantic	100	100	86	89
West South Central	100	100	82	92
Mountain	100	100	94	84
Pacific	100	100	92	64

¹ Outpatient prescription drug benefits include both stand-alone drug plans and prescription drug benefits included as part of a medical plan.

² These are both generic and brand names drugs approved by the health care provider. Drugs not approved by the health care provider are nonformulary drugs, for which enrollees receive less generous benefits, such as a higher copayment per prescription.

³ The categories are based on the average wage for each

occupation surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20102011.htm.

Table 42. Standard errors for outpatient prescription drug benefits:¹ Type of coverage, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011

Characteristics	Generic drugs	Brand-name drugs	Mail order drugs	Coverage for formulary drugs ²
All workers	(³)	0.1	1.5	1.0
Worker characteristic				
Management, professional, and related	(³)	0.1	1.5	1.1
Professional and related	(³)	0.1	1.6	1.2
Teachers	(³)	0.1	1.9	1.6
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	(³)	0.1	2.0	1.9
Service	(³)	0.2	2.0	1.6
Protective service	(³)	(³)	2.4	2.4
Sales and office	(³)	0.1	1.9	1.5
Office and administrative support	(³)	0.1	1.8	1.6
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	(³)	0.3	3.3	1.9
Production, transportation, and material moving	(³)	0.2	2.7	3.6
Full time	(³)	0.1	1.4	1.0
Part time	(³)	0.6	5.7	3.5
Union	(³)	0.2	1.1	1.3
Nonunion	(³)	(³)	2.8	1.1
Average wage within the following categories: ⁴				
Lowest 25 percent	(³)	0.2	3.1	1.8
Lowest 10 percent	(³)	(³)	4.3	3.1
Second 25 percent	(³)	0.1	1.6	1.4
Third 25 percent	(³)	0.1	1.5	1.6
Highest 25 percent	(³)	0.1	1.3	1.3
Highest 10 percent	(³)	0.2	1.1	2.0
Establishment characteristic				
Service-providing industries	(³)	0.1	1.5	1.0
Education and health services	(³)	0.1	2.1	1.2
Educational services	(³)	0.2	2.1	1.3
Elementary and secondary schools	(³)	0.2	1.8	1.5
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities ...	(³)	0.1	4.1	1.3
Health care and social assistance	(³)	(³)	3.3	2.2
Hospitals	(³)	(³)	4.2	3.1
Public administration	(³)	(³)	1.7	1.5
1 to 99 workers	(³)	0.1	2.4	2.9
1 to 49 workers	(³)	0.2	4.0	4.8
50 to 99 workers	(³)	(³)	3.5	2.7
100 workers or more	(³)	0.1	1.6	1.0
100 to 499 workers	(³)	0.3	2.1	2.5
500 workers or more	(³)	0.1	1.9	1.0
State government	(³)	(³)	2.8	0.7
Local government	(³)	0.1	1.3	1.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 42. Standard errors for outpatient prescription drug benefits:¹ Type of coverage, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011—Continued

Characteristics	Generic drugs	Brand-name drugs	Mail order drugs	Coverage for formulary drugs ²
Geographic area				
New England	(³)	0.1	5.9	2.0
Middle Atlantic	(³)	0.5	2.0	3.1
East North Central	(³)	(³)	2.6	3.1
West North Central	(³)	0.2	4.6	3.0
South Atlantic	(³)	0.1	2.4	1.9
West South Central	(³)	(³)	3.5	1.7
Mountain	(³)	(³)	2.9	2.9
Pacific	(³)	0.2	0.9	1.9

¹ Outpatient prescription drug benefits include both stand-alone drug plans and prescription drug benefits included as part of a medical plan.

² These are both generic and brand names drugs approved by the health care provider. Drugs not approved by the health care provider are nonformulary drugs, for which enrollees receive less generous benefits, such as a higher copayment per prescription.

³ Less than 0.05.

⁴ The categories are based on the average wage for each

occupation surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20102011.htm.

Table 43. Outpatient prescription drug benefits:¹ Copayment provisions, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011

(All workers participating in outpatient prescription drug plans with a generic drug or brand-name drug provision = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Generic drugs ²				Brand-name drugs ³			
	Copayment	No copayment	Not determinable	Median copayment per prescription	Copayment	No copayment	Not determinable	Median copayment per prescription
All workers	85	14	1	\$10	89	10	1	\$25
Worker characteristic								
Management, professional, and related	84	14	1	10	88	11	1	25
Professional and related	84	15	1	10	87	11	1	25
Teachers	83	16	1	10	86	12	2	25
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	82	16	2	10	86	12	2	25
Service	86	13	1	10	91	8	1	25
Protective service	88	11	1	10	92	7	1	25
Sales and office	87	12	1	10	90	9	1	25
Office and administrative support	87	12	1	10	90	9	1	25
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	87	12	1	10	90	9	1	25
Production, transportation, and material moving	82	15	2	10	89	8	3	20
Full time	85	14	1	10	89	10	1	25
Part time	86	13	(⁴)	10	92	7	1	25
Union	84	15	1	7	90	8	2	20
Nonunion	86	13	1	10	87	11	1	30
Average wage within the following categories: ⁵								
Lowest 25 percent	87	11	1	10	89	9	2	30
Lowest 10 percent	89	8	3	10	90	8	3	30
Second 25 percent	86	13	1	10	89	10	1	25
Third 25 percent	86	14	1	10	89	10	1	25
Highest 25 percent	83	15	1	10	88	10	2	20
Highest 10 percent	83	15	2	8	88	9	2	20
Establishment characteristic								
Service-providing industries	85	14	1	10	89	10	1	25
Education and health services	84	14	1	10	88	11	1	25
Educational services	84	15	1	10	87	12	2	25
Elementary and secondary schools	83	15	2	10	87	11	2	25
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities ...	87	-	-	10	87	-	-	25
Health care and social assistance	87	13	(⁴)	9	91	9	(⁴)	25
Hospitals	87	13	(⁴)	9	90	10	(⁴)	25
Public administration	87	12	1	10	92	7	1	25
1 to 99 workers	82	16	2	10	85	13	2	25
1 to 49 workers	80	19	1	10	83	16	1	25
50 to 99 workers	85	13	2	10	88	10	2	30
100 workers or more	85	13	1	10	89	9	1	25
100 to 499 workers	85	14	2	10	87	11	2	25
500 workers or more	86	13	1	10	90	9	1	25
State government	91	9	(⁴)	10	91	9	(⁴)	25
Local government	83	16	2	10	88	10	2	25

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 43. Outpatient prescription drug benefits:¹ Copayment provisions, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011—Continued

(All workers participating in outpatient prescription drug plans with a generic drug or brand-name drug provision = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Generic drugs ²				Brand-name drugs ³			
	Copayment	No copayment	Not determinable	Median copayment per prescription	Copayment	No copayment	Not determinable	Median copayment per prescription
Geographic area								
New England	92	—	—	\$10	94	4	1	\$20
Middle Atlantic	68	32	1	5	87	12	1	15
East North Central	84	13	3	10	86	—	—	24
West North Central	71	27	3	10	70	27	3	25
South Atlantic	92	7	1	10	93	6	1	30
West South Central	87	12	1	10	91	8	1	30
Mountain	89	—	—	10	88	—	—	25
Pacific	92	8	1	5	92	7	1	—

¹ Outpatient prescription drug benefits include both stand-alone drug plans and prescription drug benefits included as part of a medical plan.

² All workers participating in an outpatient prescription drug plan with a generic drug provision equals 100 percent.

³ All workers participating in an outpatient prescription drug plan with a brand-name drug provision equals 100 percent.

⁴ Less than 0.5.

⁵ The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may

include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data do not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20102011.htm.

Table 43. Standard errors for outpatient prescription drug benefits:¹ Copayment provisions, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011

Characteristics	Generic drugs				Brand-name drugs			
	Copayment	No copayment	Not determinable	Median copayment per prescription	Copayment	No copayment	Not determinable	Median copayment per prescription
All workers	0.9	0.9	0.3	\$0	0.9	0.9	0.3	\$0
Worker characteristic								
Management, professional, and related	1.2	1.2	0.3	0	1.2	1.2	0.3	0
Professional and related	1.3	1.3	0.3	0	1.3	1.3	0.3	0
Teachers	1.5	1.5	0.4	0	1.4	1.3	0.4	0
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	1.6	1.6	0.4	0	1.4	1.4	0.4	0
Service	1.1	1.0	0.4	0	1.0	0.9	0.4	0
Protective service	1.6	1.6	0.6	0	1.4	1.3	0.6	3
Sales and office	1.6	1.4	0.5	0	1.3	1.1	0.5	0
Office and administrative support	1.4	1.3	0.4	0	1.3	1.2	0.4	0
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	2.2	2.2	0.3	0	2.2	2.2	0.3	0
Production, transportation, and material moving	3.1	2.9	0.8	(²)	2.3	2.0	0.8	3
Full time	0.9	0.9	0.3	0	1.0	1.0	0.3	0
Part time	2.1	2.0	0.2	1	2.0	1.9	0.2	6
Union	0.8	0.8	0.3	1	0.8	0.7	0.3	0
Nonunion	1.7	1.6	0.4	0	1.7	1.6	0.4	0
Average wage within the following categories: ³								
Lowest 25 percent	1.6	1.3	0.6	0	1.5	1.3	0.6	0
Lowest 10 percent	2.8	2.2	1.6	0	2.8	2.2	1.6	3
Second 25 percent	1.1	1.1	0.4	0	1.1	1.2	0.4	0
Third 25 percent	1.3	1.2	0.3	0	1.3	1.2	0.4	0
Highest 25 percent	1.2	1.3	0.3	(²)	1.2	1.2	0.3	0
Highest 10 percent	1.7	1.6	0.5	1	1.6	1.5	0.5	0
Establishment characteristic								
Service-providing industries	0.9	0.9	0.3	0	0.9	0.9	0.3	0
Education and health services	1.3	1.3	0.3	0	1.3	1.3	0.3	0
Educational services	1.4	1.4	0.3	0	1.4	1.4	0.3	0
Elementary and secondary schools	1.3	1.3	0.4	0	1.2	1.1	0.5	0
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	4.2	-	-	0	4.3	-	-	6
Health care and social assistance	2.3	2.3	(⁴)	2	2.3	2.3	(⁴)	5
Hospitals	2.8	2.9	(⁴)	2	3.0	3.0	(⁴)	5
Public administration	1.3	1.3	0.3	0	1.2	1.1	0.3	4
1 to 99 workers	1.9	2.2	0.8	0	1.7	2.0	0.8	4
1 to 49 workers	2.9	2.8	0.8	0	2.9	2.8	0.8	3
50 to 99 workers	2.5	3.2	1.6	0	2.2	2.9	1.6	7
100 workers or more	1.0	0.9	0.3	0	1.0	1.0	0.3	0
100 to 499 workers	2.0	1.8	0.6	0	1.9	1.6	0.7	0
500 workers or more	1.2	1.1	0.3	0	1.3	1.3	0.3	0
State government	2.2	2.2	0.1	1	2.3	2.3	0.1	0
Local government	1.0	0.9	0.4	0	0.9	0.9	0.4	0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 43. Standard errors for outpatient prescription drug benefits:¹ Copayment provisions, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011—Continued

Characteristics	Generic drugs				Brand-name drugs			
	Copayment	No copayment	Not determinable	Median copayment per prescription	Copayment	No copayment	Not determinable	Median copayment per prescription
Geographic area								
New England	1.5	—	—	\$0	0.9	0.8	0.9	\$0
Middle Atlantic	2.1	2.2	0.4	0	3.3	3.3	0.4	0
East North Central	3.8	3.9	1.0	0	3.6	—	—	5
West North Central	3.8	4.3	1.9	0	4.0	4.6	1.9	0
South Atlantic	0.7	0.7	0.1	0	0.6	0.6	0.1	0
West South Central	1.7	1.1	1.1	0	1.6	0.9	1.1	0
Mountain	2.7	—	—	0	3.0	—	—	5
Pacific	1.0	0.7	0.4	0	0.7	0.6	0.4	—

¹ Outpatient prescription drug benefits include both stand-alone drug plans and prescription drug benefits included as part of a medical plan.

United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more details.

² Less than 0.5.

⁴ Less than 0.05.

³ The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the

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