

Operation Deepwater Horizon Response Reserve Recall Orders SPO Procedures



GULF OF MEXICO - The Coast Guard Cutter Decisive passes in front of the Q4000 while patrolling the area near the BP wellhead, August 3, 2010. The rig continues preparations to begin the "static kill", an operation in which heavy drilling mud and cement are slowly pumped into the wellhead to begin the process of killing it permanently. U.S. Coast Guard photograph by Petty Officer 1st Class Adam Eggers.

Wednesday, June 22, 2011

U. S. Coast Guard
Pay & Personnel Center
444 SE Quincy St.
Topeka, KS 66683-3591
1-866-PPC-USCG (772-8724)
http://www.uscg.mil/ppc

DEEPWATER HORIZON FAQS

	QUESTION	ANSWER
1.	Is Deepwater Horizon a	No. Contingencies are issued under Title 10.
	contingency?	
2.	How long may I serve under my current Title 14 recall orders?	Selected Reservists involuntarily recalled under Title 14 (14 USC 712) for the Deepwater Horizon response may serve for an initial 60-day period. At the end of that 60 days, you must be given 60 days of "dwell" time back home before being eligible to be recalled again under Title 14. You may not be recalled under Title 14 to serve for more than 60 days within a fourmonth period or for more than 120 days within a two-year period.
3.	I know Title 14 is an involuntary recall, but I want to volunteer! Why can't I just go on ADOS?	You may get that opportunity. Title 14 is the standard means of bringing Selected Reservists on active duty quickly in this kind of emergency. As Reservists near the end of their Title 14 recall, some of them who possess critical skills and desire to continue their active duty service may be invited to accept voluntary (ADOS) orders. These offers will be made based on consideration of specific mission needs and all options for meeting those needs.
4.	What are the various recall authorities, and why are there so many kinds of them?	Congress has granted different recall authorities to deal with the various kinds of emergencies in which the country might need its reserve forces, and it has set up different rules and conditions for each. In general, they intended to balance the nation's need for reserve forces with the Reservist's need for predictability and control of their civilian lives. The three most common involuntary recall authorities the Coast Guard uses are: Domestic Emergencies (14 USC 712): Recalls for up to 60 days in a four-month period or 120 days in a two-year period. Used in Katrina and Deepwater Horizon. Presidential Call Up (10 USC 12304): Recalls for up to 365 days. Used for the Haiti earthquake and Desert Shield. Presidential Declaration of National Emergency (10 USC 12302): Recalls for up to 24 months. Used in Desert Storm, OIF, and OEF.
5.	How do the various kinds of recalls affect my pay and benefits?	As long as your recall orders are for more than 30 days, your pay, allowances, leave accrual, and benefits are identical to those of the active component regardless of which recall authority you serve under. There is one exception involving the early reserve retirement credit for service under an involuntary recall; however, the Coast Guard has submitted a legislative change proposal to correct what we believe is an unintentional wrinkle in the law.
6.	Why can't I get involuntary "T-10" orders?	Involuntary Title 10 recalls do offer some benefits advantages (i.e., Post-9/11 GI Bill benefits and post-recall transition Tri-Care eligibility) over Title 14 recalls. However, we do not have authority to issue involuntary Title 10 orders for domestic emergencies like Deepwater Horizon. Those orders are reserved for DOD-designated contingency operations.
7.	What do I do if I've been recalled and have an unrealistically low limit on my government travel charge card?	Your unit's mobilization process should include verifying and adjusting the limits on government travel charge cards, and the Reserve program is making sure this action is on all mobilization check lists. If you've already mobilized with an inadequate limit, you should contact the government travel charge card coordinator at your home or deployment PSSU.
8.	How will my recall affect my drilling status?	After you serve under your recall orders, you may resume your drills during your "dwell" time, and you can make up the drills you missed. However, you have no obligation to drill during the time you were on active duty.
9.	I have more than 16 years combined active service and want to be part of this response. What can I do?	The Reserve program has granted a blanket waiver permitting Reservists with more than 16 years combined active service to be recalled, provided they will have less than 17 years active service at the end of the recall. If you have more active service than that, you must follow the normal waiver process.
10.	Why wouldn't SATO accept my message orders to make my travel reservations?	Your orders aren't official until they are in Direct Access. SATO shouldn't accept, and personnel shouldn't perform travel, until the orders are in Direct Access.
11.	How should the mobilization process work?	You should receive two initial notifications: an email from MRTT and a verbal notification from your home command, which must give you at least 48 hours to report. During that 48 hours, your command should execute its mobilization checklist, working with your PSSU to complete orders in Direct Access. You should perform no travel until the orders are approved in Direct Access.
12.	What if I performed travel before my orders came through in Direct Access?	You should immediately report to the Logistics cell and the PSSU. Getting your orders in Direct Access is the only way to ensure you are paid and given credit for your service.
13.	How can I volunteer?	For volunteer opportunities go to MRTT Volunteer Bulletin Board.
14.	Where can I get detailed mobilization/demobilization information?	For detailed information on mobilization and demobilization information see the <u>T14</u> <u>Mob/Demob Guide</u> .

Source: http://www.uscg.mil/reserve/deepwaterhorizonfaq.asp

Operation Deepwater Horizon Response Reserve Recall Orders SPO Procedures 22 June 2011

Overview

Introduction

This document consolidates procedures from the Coast Guard Servicing Personnel Office Manual, PPCINST M5231.3 (Part VII, Chapter 4) and the Personnel and Pay Procedures Manual, PPCINST M1000.2(series) (Chapter 11) for issuing recall to active duty orders under Title 14 U.S.C. in support of Operation Deepwater Horizon Response. It also provides procedures for Short Term Active Duty for Operational Support ADOS orders under Title 10 U.S.C. 12301(d) for duration of no more than 180 days, offered to Reservists with critical skills who voluntarily remain on active duty following completion of their initial 60 day activation under Title 14 U.S.C.

Scope

This document is intended for Direct Access users at U. S. Coast Guard Servicing Personnel Offices (SPOs). Information in the enclosures is provided for those SPOs who are also involved in creating accounting data and assisting members with travel claims.

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Introduction

Title 14 U.S.C., Section 712 provides authority to effect involuntary recall of ready reservists to active duty (AD) in support of natural or man-made disasters. Reservists may be involuntarily recalled under Title 14 U.S.C 712 for a maximum of 60 days in any four-month period or 120 days in any two-year period. There are no exceptions to the active duty limitation. However, in conjunction with Title 14 involuntary recall reservists with critical skills, may be offered Short Term Active Duty for Operational Support ADOS orders under Title 10 U.S.C. 12301(d) for duration of no more than 180 days.

The purpose of this section is to provide policy clarification concerning entitlements for recalled reserve personnel. The intent is to ensure that recalled reserve personnel receive all compensation authorized under law or regulation under terms of their orders.

Temporary Duty

Reservists recalled to AD under involuntary recall orders per Title 14 U.S.C., Section 712 or those who volunteer to serve on ADOS orders under Title 10 U.S.C. 12301(d) for duration of no more than 180 days are not ordered to a new Permanent Duty Station (PDS). This distinction precludes the issuance of Permanent Change of Station (PCS) entitlements and is the conceptual foundation for the pay and allowance entitlements cited in this section. Separate Title 14 and ADOS-AC orders, even if performed consecutively with no break in service, cannot be combined to form a PCS entitlement.

Travel entitlements

Under Title 14 U.S.C., Section 712 (as amended by Coast Guard and Maritime Transportation Act Of 2006 (P.L. 109-241 Of July 11, 2006)), reservists may be involuntarily ordered to active duty for up to 60 days and are authorized travel allowances.

Involuntary active duty orders under authority of Title 14 U.S.C., Section 712 and ADOS orders under Title 10 U.S.C. 12301(d) for duration of no more than 180 days are TDY type orders and must reflect the availability of government quarters and messing. Government quarters and messing shall be used to the maximum extent possible. Note that for travel purposes, consecutive Title 14 orders and ADOS-AC orders are treated as separate travel/TDY periods. Therefore, each order authorizes the member round-trip travel but no PCS entitlements are authorized even though the combined consecutive active duty exceeds 180 days.

Per diem authority

See the **Travel Information** section for information on "Deductible Meals"

- (1) Reservists involuntarily recalled to AD for up to 60 days or serve on ADOS orders under Title 10 U.S.C. 12301(d) for duration of no more than 180 days whose principal place of residence is not within commuting distance of the AD site are entitled to applicable travel/per diem allowances for the entire period. Absent a determination under par. (2) below, a one-way reasonable commuting distance is considered 50 miles/one hour.
- (2) Local order-issuing authorities are responsible for determining the local reasonable commuting distances within their AORs. Areas within a reasonable commuting distance are described in par. U3500-B of Joint Federal Travel Regulations (JFTR).
- (3) In any event, regardless of the distance actually traveled, a member who voluntarily commutes between home and duty location is not authorized per diem or allowances, even if their residence lies outside the local reasonable commute distance. Recalled reservists in the local travel area, residing outside the limits of the duty location, may be authorized per diem when their duties require them to remain away from their principal place of residence. One round trip mileage to/from their residence is authorized for the entire TDY period.
- (4) Members assigned to career sea pay eligible vessels are not authorized per diem.

Basic Allowance for Housing (BAH)

- (1) Reservists ordered to active duty under Title 14 U.S.C., Section 712 for 30 days or less are entitled to the applicable BAH-RC rate for their respective pay grade and dependency status.
- (2) Reservists ordered to active duty under Title 14 U.S.C., Section 712 for 31 days or more are entitled to Locality-Based BAH (based upon the member's residence) or Overseas Housing Allowance (OHA) (if outside the united states) for their respective pay grade and dependency status. A member retains entitlement to Locality-Based BAH even if demobilized before completion of the initial period of duty so long as the orders were initially issued for 31 or more days of consecutive active duty.
- (3) If the initial orders for less than 31 days are extended or changed to ADOS-AC that extend duty periods beyond the initial 30 days, Locality-Based BAH (based upon the members residence) or OHA (if outside the united states) is authorized only if the new orders are for more than 30 days as computed from the date of amendment. Otherwise, BAH-RC remains the housing allowance entitlement.

BAH for members continuing on active duty

Title 14 orders and ADOS-AC orders are considered separate short-term orders for BAH purposes and thus the BAH rate for each order is always based upon the member's residence, even though a reservist's total active duty from consecutive Title 14 and ADOS-AC orders may equal up to 240 days (60 days + 180 days = 240 days).

BAH when place of residence changes during active duty

Per CG PAYMAN Section 3-G-11.e.: "A RC member who changes his or her place of residence for any reason other than official PCS orders upon or after starting Active Duty for Training (ADT) or Active Duty Other Than Training (ADOT) will continue to receive the principal place of residence (locality-based) BAH rate initially authorized."

Basic Allowance for Housing (BAH) (cont'd)

Example: A member is ordered to duty for a period of 30 days involuntary active duty under Title 14 U.S.C., Section 712. On day 15 of the active duty period, the orders are amended to extend the duration by 15 more days, for a total of 45 days active duty. Since, as of the date of amendment, the remaining period of active duty totals only 30 days, the housing allowance entitlement is BAH-RC. In the foregoing example, the amendment to orders on day 15 would have to be for an additional 16 or more days, making the remaining duration of active duty 31 days, in order for the member to become entitled to Locality-Based BAH. In the latter case, Locality-Based BAH would be payable only from the date of the amendment.

Subsistence allowance

- (1) BAS is authorized.
- (2) Recalled reservists assigned to career sea pay eligible vessels will have discount meal rates deducted as appropriate.
- (3) Officers assigned to career sea pay eligible vessels will pay for their meals in accordance with the vessel's procedures.

Family Separation Housing Allowance (FSH)

Recalled reserve personnel are not authorized FSH because they are not ordered to a Permanent Duty Station.

Family Separation Allowance (FSA-T)

FSA is intended to compensate members with dependents for the additional expenses incurred because of family separation in a TEMDU/TDY status away from (in this case) their dependents. FSA is not payable under involuntary active duty orders of 30 days or less duration. However, if the orders are for active duty periods of more than 30 days (either the initial duration or as amended), FSA may be authorized to start from the initial date of recall for personnel whose duty required them to be away from their dependents for a period of more than 30 consecutive days. However, if a mobilized reservist interrupted the initial 30 day period of family separation for any reason (such as a short visit during liberty), the 30 day separation period must be re-set.

Family Separation Allowance (FSA-T) (continued) Members with dependents who meet the basic FSA-T eligibility requirements in Section 3-H-3.a.(3) of the Coast Guard Pay Manual under Title 14 orders will continue to be entitled to FSA-T if ordered to consecutive active duty under ADOS-AC orders, if otherwise eligible. Social visits of short duration (after meeting the initial 30 day continuous separation requirement) involving a return home (such as a week or less in leave status) do not interrupt FSA-T entitlement, so long as a member returns to qualifying duty for a period of at least 30 days. A visit by family members to a member's TDY site of more than 30 days terminates FSA-T entitlement on the 31ST day of the visit. FSA-T eligibility following a visit to the TDY site by dependents of more than 30 days resumes after the member's dependents depart the vicinity and if there is 30 or more days remaining in the duration of the TDY.

Advance pay.

Not applicable.

CONUS COLA

Reservists recalled under Title 14 U.S.C., Section 712 are not authorized CONUS COLA because the duration of the order is less than 140 days and Title 14 recalls do not meet definition of a "Contingency". Reservists volunteering to serve on ADOS-AC orders for 140 or more days are entitled to CONUS COLA. See JFTR, para U8038, for entitlement to CCOLA for Reserve Component members on active duty.

Special and incentive pays

Reservists recalled to AD who perform duties under the same circumstances as active duty component members are eligible to receive any of the special/incentive pays listed in sections 4.B (CSP), 4.G (Dive Pay), 4.H (IDP/HFP), 4.I (SDAP), 4.J (PA Board Cert Pay), 4.K (FLPP), 5.C (Flight Deck HDIP) or 5.E (HDIP-VBSS) of Coast Guard Pay Manual, COMDTINST M7220.29b. Reservists qualified for and ordered to duties for which Special Duty Assignment Pay (SDAP) is authorized must have SDAP authorized on the orders (on original or by amendment) which recalled them to AD.

Uniform allowances

Enlisted reservists are entitled to BMA or SMA for orders of 30 or more days duration, and RBMA/RSMA for orders less than 30 days duration.

Leave

Leave is only earned for active duty periods of 30 or more consecutive days. In instances where the AD period is extended by changing the type of orders all members who serve a combined consecutive period of 30 days or more, accrue 2.5 days of leave per month of active duty. Recalled reservists should, consistent with their unit's operational requirements, be allowed and encouraged to use their accrued leave. Otherwise accrued leave must be sold at time of demobilization per section 10-a of the Coast Guard Pay Manual, COMDTINST M7220.29b. All travel claims must be reviewed to ensure leave taken is annotated as such. Leave accrued under orders of 365 days or less are not subject to the 60 day career limitation on sale of leave.

Members completing Title 14 recall orders and **immediately** continuing on AD under another order for 30 or more days may carry unused leave over into the new active duty period. JUMPS will maintain the leave balance in these cases.

Sale of unused leave

Leave accrued by a Reservist under orders of 365 days duration or less are not subject to the 60 day career limitation on sale of leave. Accrued annual leave may not be carried over into inactive duty. Leave not used as of the last day of active duty must be sold or will be lost. However, Reservists **immediately** continuing on AD under another order for 30 or more days may carry unused leave over into the new active duty period.

Note: Remember to enter the sale of unused leave on the orders in DA. Use the charts in the Personnel Manual (7.A.19.b) to accurately calculate the number of days leave earned by the member, based on the days of the months the member enters and leaves active duty.

Servicemembers Group Life Insurance (SGLI) All reservists recalled to active duty under 14 U.S.C. 712 are insured under SGLI for \$400,000 and under Traumatic SGLI (TSGLI) for up to \$100,000 for a scheduled, dismemberment-type loss. Children are automatically covered under FSGLI-Child.

- The coverage is automatic, but transactions are required to begin payroll deductions for premiums unless the member already had a deduction in effect for the maximum SGLI coverage while serving in the Ready Reserve (Training/Pay Category "A"). Transactions are required for all members recall from the IRR, without regard to previously elected coverage.
- Members may also request spousal coverage (FSGLI-Spouse) if they do not already have it by submitting form SGLV- 8285a to their SPO.
- If the member has a current SGLI election for the maximum coverage, and the appropriate payroll deduction for premiums is reflected on the LES, no SPO action is necessary. However, members who declined or elected reduced SGLI coverage while in the SELRES must submit a new form SGLV-8286 to their Servicing Personnel Office (SPO) to decline, start, or increase their SGLI coverage.
- If the election, for a member of the Ready Reserve (Tra/Pay Cat "A"), on the new form SGLV-8286 is for the same coverage as the member had before activation, no pay transaction is necessary.
- If the member doesn't submit a new SGLV-8286, within 10 days of reporting for duty and his/her most recent SGLI election was for no or reduced coverage, or the member was recalled from the IRR, the SPO shall input a transaction to begin deductions for SGLI coverage at the maximum coverage level.
 - (1) When demobilized from duty under Title 14, members transitioning to SELRES will have SGLI/FSGLI coverage continued at the same levels unless they submit new elections to opt-out or reduce coverage.
 - (2) When demobilized from duty under Title 14, members transitioning to IRR, without scheduled training, will no longer be eligible for SGLI, but will retain 120 days of coverage following demobilization, providing they do not decline coverage during or after their active duty period.

Thrift Savings Plan (TSP)

All members in a pay status may participate in the Thrift Savings Plan by completing form TSP-U-1 and mailing it to PPC (mas-tsp). To avoid an overpayment situation, reservists should ensure that sufficient funds are available in their pay account after TSP deductions to cover any outstanding garnishments or debts (such as SGLI).

Incapacitation benefits

See ALCOAST 286/10 for information on:

- Medical Readiness,
- Deployment Health Assessments,
- Medical Surveillance,
- OMSEP Examinations,
- Limited Periodic Health Assessment, and
- National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health pre-event and post-event surveys.

Chapter 6 of the Reserve Policy Manual, COMDTINST M1001.28a (RPM) applies. Reservists ordered to active duty under Title 14 for 30 days or less are covered for injury, illness or disease incurred or aggravated in the line of duty. This includes injuries sustained when traveling directly to or from the place of duty.

Issuance of a line of duty determination is the critical first step. Line of duty policy application is specifically outlined in RPM 6.a.6, and can be satisfied by completion of CG-3822 or letter incident report.

As per RPM 6.a.6.d., a member on a call or order to active duty specifying a period of 30 days or less who incurs or aggravates an injury, illness, or disease shall not have his or her orders terminated solely because of the injury, illness, or disease, unless requested by the member. Upon demobilization, the member is entitled to benefits as outlined in RPM chapter 6.

As per RPM 6.a.6.c., a member on a call or order to active duty specifying a period of 31 or more days who is demobilized within 30 days, or commencing such period of active duty because they to not meet physical standards for retention or deployment due to a pre-existing condition not aggravated during the period of active duty, shall be considered to have been serving under an order to active duty for a period of 30 days or less.

Medical and dental care shall be provided for reservists incurring or aggravating an injury, illness, or disease in the line of duty, and physical examinations shall be authorized to determine fitness for duty or disability processing.

Reservists who are not medically qualified to perform military duties because of an injury, illness, or disease incurred or aggravated in the line of duty may be eligible to receive incapacitation pay.

Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) & ID Cards Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) is a worldwide, computerized database of uniformed services members (sponsors), their family members, and others who are eligible for benefits which includes TRICARE insurance. All military health care benefits are based on DEERS data.

All sponsors (active duty, retired, National Guard and Reserve) are automatically registered in DEERS. However, the sponsor must register eligible family members. After family members are registered, they can update personal information such as addresses and phone numbers

It is the reservist's responsibility to ensure that his or her information is current in DEERS. Annually, and with each change of status or orders, reservists shall contact DEERS to verify accurate eligibility. It may take up to two weeks for the changes to be updated in the system.

Dependent ID Cards

Dependents must have an updated ID card if the sponsor is on orders greater than 30 days. Reserve and National Guard dependents will be issued ID cards up to 14-days prior to sponsor's active duty reporting date. If the active duty condition is not listed in DEERS, update RAPIDS to reflect this condition based on the sponsor's orders.

TRICARE

Reservists ordered to active duty under Title 14 U.S.C. 712 or ADOS for 31 days or more and their dependents are entitled to active duty TRICARE benefits and must be correctly enrolled in DEERS. SPOs issuing active duty orders are responsible to ensure proper enrollment of dependents into DEERS via the nearest Uniformed Service RAPIDS terminal.

Active duty under Title 14 or ADOS in support of Deepwater Horizon Response does not qualify as contingency orders for any post-active duty benefit purposes, such as Transitional Assistance Management Program (TAMP) benefits.

TRICARE (cont'd)

Family members enrolled in TRICARE Prime during mobilization must reenroll to continue benefits. The location and contact information for the nearest RAPIDS site can be found via the RAPIDS site located at http://www.dmdc.osd.mil/rsl/owa/home

Information for procedures to access medical care and TRICARE benefits can be found on the CG-11 webpage: http://www.uscg.mil/hq/cg1/cg112/cg1121/default.asp

TRICARE Reserve Select (TRS),

TRS premiums are suspended for members ordered to active duty for 31 days or more.

Following demobilization, reserve members may purchase premium-based health insurance through TRS at a discounted cost. To enroll, a member must be in the SELRES and not eligible for Federal Employee Health Benefits (FEHB). More information is available at http://www.humana-military.com/library/pdf/trs.pdf.

TRICARE Dental Program (TDP)

TDP premiums are suspended for members ordered to active duty for 31 days or more.

If previously enrolled in TDP before activation, members will be automatically re-enrolled upon deactivation/demobilization. Family members will remain enrolled in TDP, but the premium rate will increase to the reserve family member rate. If not already enrolled, members can enroll upon demobilization. Further information is available at 800-866-8499, or http://www.tricaredentalprogram.com/tdptws/home.jsp

Reserve Educational Assistance Program (REAP). Members mobilized under Title 14 are not entitled to REAP benefits.

Transitional
Assistance
Management
Program

Upon demobilization, reservists will not be eligible for Transitional Assistance Management Program (TAMP) benefits.

Family Supplemental Subsistence Allowance (FSSA)

Recalled reservists may be eligible for FSSA. See section 3.M of Coast Guard Pay Manual, COMDTINST M7220.29b concerning policy and application procedures.

Member guidance

SPOs shall provide each member who is recalled to active duty under Title 14 with a copy of the Mobilization/Demobilization Guidance for Reservists Recalled under Title 14 U.S.C. 712 document, which is available at http://www.uscg.mil/reserve/member_resources.asp.

Preparation of Orders in Direct Access

Introduction

This section provides the procedure for issuing a recall order under Title 14 U.S.C, Section 712, in Direct Access.

6^{*}Warning!

Do not process any Reserve PCS transfers (change of drilling unit) while a member is on active duty. Effective date any PCS transaction after the active duty is complete. If a PCS transaction process while a Reserve Component member is on active duty JUMPS will auto-stop certain pay entitlements. See Coast Guard Servicing Personnel Office, PPCINST M5231.3, Part IV, Chapter 4 for a listing.

Administration procedures

Field commands and Districts (dxr) must complete diligent reviews of recall candidates before issuing orders. Commands must verify a members physical ability to perform duty prior to deployment, or in exigent circumstances in the first 30 days. Districts (dxr), with the assistance of the responsible SPO, are required to determine the amount of combined active service for recall candidates before issuing orders.

Medical readiness prior to start of orders

Coast Guard members are required to be fully medically ready (green) in order to deploy rapidly. Per ALCOAST 295/10, SELRES members are authorized to obtain their medical and dental readiness at CG clinics and shall utilize reserve readiness periods (RMP)'s to achieve this. Medical readiness includes the following:

- Period Health Assessment (PHA)
- Dental Screening
- Immunizations
- Readiness Laboratory Studies

Coast Guard members are responsible for completion of all individual medical readiness (IMR) requirements and Commanding Officer are responsible for ensuring the IMR for all personnel assigned to their units.

Per ALCOAST 288/10, the link to the online health risk assessment has been changed. The members unit ATU/OPFAC must be used to login to the site. https://164.167.141.36/pls/newhra/dsc6pop.nehcha_login.

Verifying a Reservist's Prior Active Duty Per 3-B-6b, Coast Guard Reserve Policy Manual, COMDTINST M1001.28(series):

- Reservists shall not perform any type of active duty (except ADT-AT) if it will result in the member accumulating 16 years or more of combined active service, unless authorized by Commandant (CG-1).. Note: Waiver in effect for personnel with more than 16 but less than 17 years service. See: http://www.uscg.mil/reserve/deepwaterhorizonfaq.asp#9.
- Reservists shall not perform any type of active duty (except ADT-AT) if it will result in the member accumulating 18 years or more but less than 20 years of combined active service, unless authorized by Commandant (G-CCS).

Per ALCOAST 605/08, approval authority has been delegated to Commandant (CG-13). Requests to retain reservists on active duty beyond 16 and 18 years combined active service shall be submitted thru the unit chain of command and CGPSC-rpm prior to COMDT (CG-13). Procedures are contained in ALCGPSC 045/09. A template, for the request, can be found on the Reserve Home Page at http://www.uscg.mil/reserve under Member Resources.

Years of combined active service are calculated in accordance with Appendix (C) to the Personnel and Pay Procedures Manual, PPCINST M1000.2 (series), by combining all prior active duty days, including prior service in an Active component, ADT and ADOT. Affiliation Points and points earned by performing inactive duty or by completion of correspondence courses are not used when calculating combined active service.

Travel and Per Diem Accounting Data You do not have to use the TONO Accounting Data button to add Document ID numbers and Accounting Data for travel. You may enter the travel accounting string and document ID in the order notes (see, step 14 in the following procedure) along with an estimate of the total travel & per diem costs. This information is necessary in order to create a matching obligation in FPD. Provide a copy of the orders to the funds manager.

Note: If issuing an ADOS-AC order for voluntary continuance on active duty, **you must** enter the Document IDs and accounting data strings for pay & allowances and FICA using the TONO Accounting Data button.

Procedure

Follow these steps to create a new reserve order.

Step	Action		
1	Log into the system and select the following menu items: Administer Workforce > Track Global Assignments (GBL) > Use > Reserve Orders		
	Note: Reserve Orders can also be accessed using the Manage Reserve Member activity guide:		
	Administer Workforce > Track Global Assignments (GBL) > Use > Manage Reserve Member		
	Click the "View/Complete Order Info" link at the bottom of the activity guide page		
	to go to the Reserve Orders Search record.		
2	The Reserve Orders Search record will be displayed. Core Address Link PSC WWW Core Production Signon PSC WWW Core Production PSC WWW Core Production		

Procedure (continued)

Step	Action
3	Review the search results to ensure a new order has not already been started (if one
	exists, select it from the search results and skip the next two steps).
	Reserve Orders
	Find an Existing Value
	EmplID: 1234567 Q.
	Sequence: ASCN WorkFlow Status:
	Last Name:
	First Name: SetID: AUSCG
	Department Q
	Social Security #:
	Search Clear Basic Search
	add a New Value
	Search Results View All First (1-11-eth) Lis
	Coast Ashart Acces
	Empt Scientific Scientifi
	Search Results Fields:
	EmplID Employee ID Number
	Empl Rcd NbrRecord Number
	Estimated Depart Date Order start date Estimated Report Date Order end date
	Sequence
	Coast Guard Duty TypeType of duty (ADT-AT, ADOS-AC, etc.)
	Actual Depart DateOrder start date (as endorsed by SPO)
	ASGN WorkFlow Status: See About Orders' Status below Short Name
	Name Member's name (Last,First MI)
	Employee Classification Member's status
	Description
	About Orders' Status:
	As Reserve Orders are created and processed the status will change from Proposed to Ready to
	Enroute and finally Finished.
	Proposed – Orders are in a request status. Ready – Orders have been District/COMDT approved and assigned a TONO.
	Enroute – The Actual Reporting and Departing Dates have been completed.
	Finished – Long-Term: Orders are complete. A RELAD document will trigger a Finish for orders ADT
	over 139 days or ADOT over 180 days.
	Short-Term: Order Status on Short-term orders to will always be 'Finished' when Approved and Actual dates entered.
	Cancelled – Orders were cancelled, no further action is possible.
4	Click the "Add a New Value" link to continue.

Procedure (Continued)

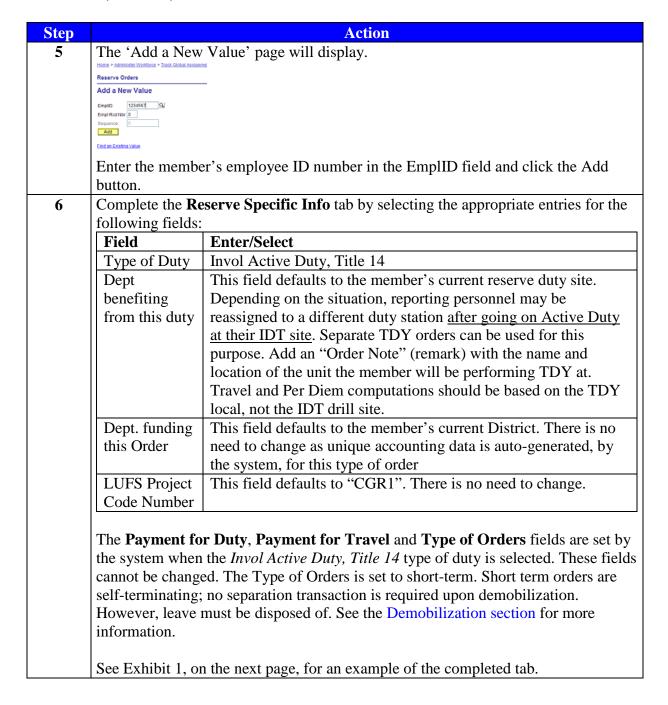
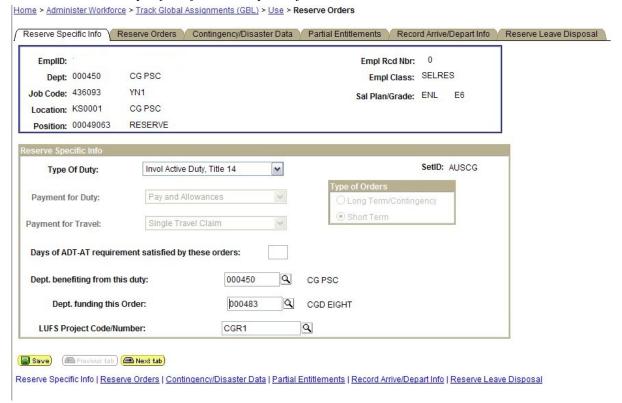


Exhibit 1 – Reserve Specific Info Tab completed for Title 14 Recall Order:



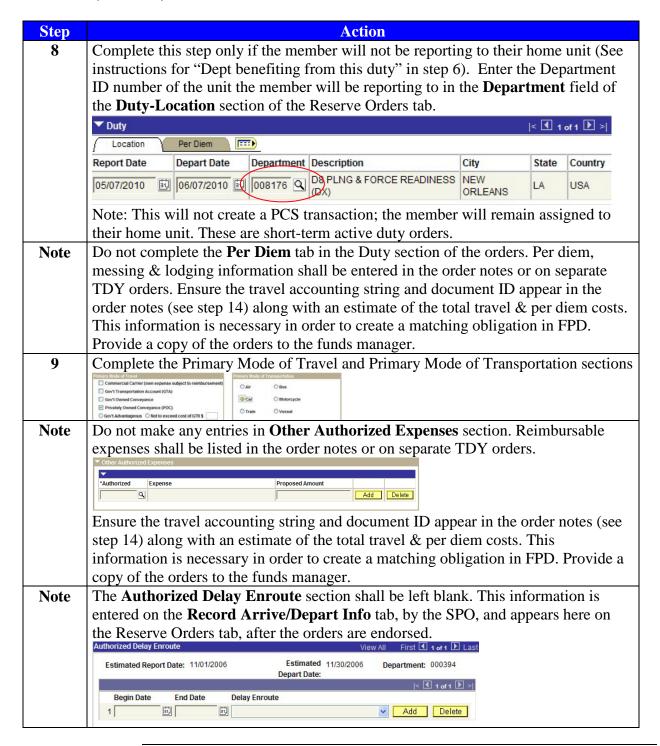
Procedure (continued)

Step	Action	
7	Access the Res	erve Orders tab (by clicking the tab title or the link at the bottom of the page).
	Complete the fo	ollowing items in the Basic Information section:
	Field	Enter/Select
	Purpose	"MC" for MEP Contin (short title)/Environmental Contingency (long title) or click
		the lookup button (to search for and select the MC code.
	Order Begin	If any travel time of more than 24 hours is authorized, this is the date member
	Dt	departs home enroute to duty site. Otherwise, it is the date (NLT 2400 Hrs.) the
		member is scheduled to report for duty.
	Order End	Last day of Active Duty under this order, include any authorized travel time of
	Dt	more than 24 hours
	Authority	The MRTT-RTN (The MRTT-RTN will be a nine digit number (e.g., 15336-
	(REF)	0030).
	Authorizing	Name, Rate/Rank and service of the authorizing official.
	Official	
	Gov't Credit	Mark the checkbox as applicable
	Card Holder	
	Is Travel	Mark the checkbox as applicable
	Authorized	
	for These	
	Orders?	

Exhibit 2 – Reserve Orders Tab, Basic Information Section Completed for Title 14 recall order:



Procedure (continued)



Procedure (Continued)

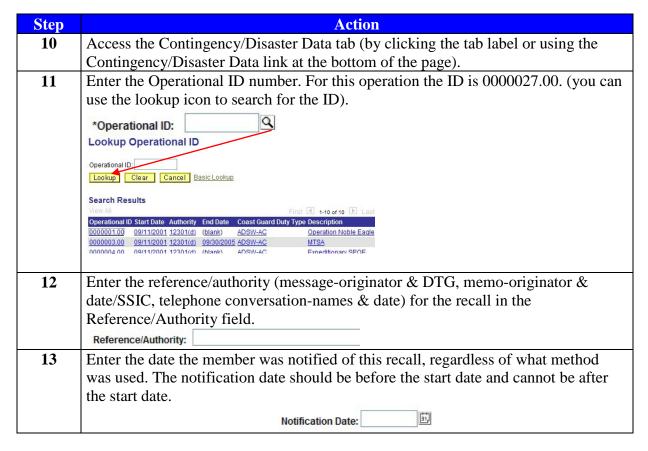
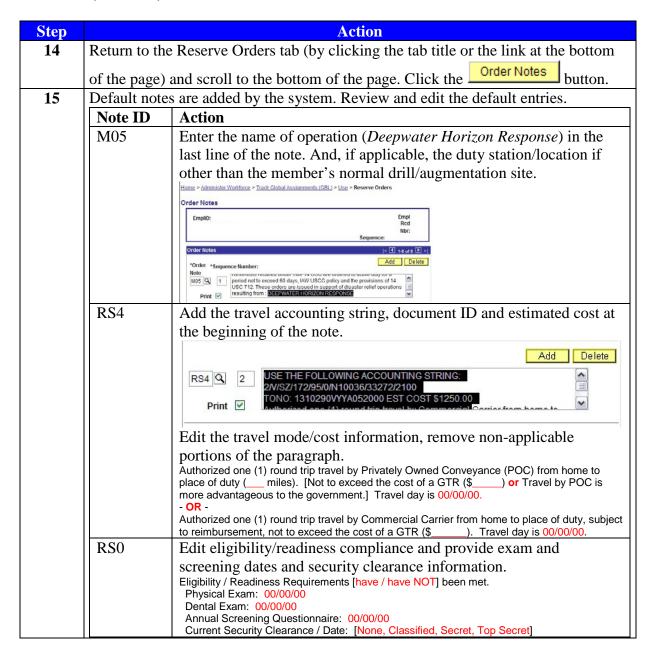


Exhibit 3 – Contingency/Disaster Tab Completed for Title 14 recall order:



Procedure (Continued)



Procedure (Continued)

Step	Action			
15				
(cont'd)	Cont'd) Note ID Action			
	RS6 Enter BAH code, availability of government quarters and messi			
		and per diem authorization/rates.		
		BAH Code: [type, i.e. L, G, H, D]		
		Quarters / Messing: [Available / Not Available] Per Diem: [Authorized / Not Authorized] [Lodging/M&IE Rates]		
	Add order no	ote DW1		
	Note ID Description			
DW1 All personnel 24 hours or less from arrival at Crowne Pl		All personnel 24 hours or less from arrival at Crowne Plaza New		
		Orleans, shall call the duty YN at 504-508-0790 between the hours		
		of 0700 and 2000 Central Daylight Time to provide an ETA to		
		Central Staging.		
	Review any other default notes and edit if necessary.			
16	Click the OK button to return to the Reserve Orders tab.			
17	Access the P	artial Entitlements tab by clicking the tab title or the link at the bottom		
	of the page.			

Procedure (Continued)

Step	Action		
18	Enter the member's BAH-RC and BAS entitlements on the Partial Entitlements tab.		
	• BAS entitlements for reservists on short term active duty are started using the		
	Partial Entitlements tab on the reserve orders page.		
	• <u>BAH-RC</u> entitlements for reservists on active duty for <u>30 or less days</u> are started		
	using the Partial Entitlements tab on the reserve orders page.		
	• <u>BAH/OHA</u> entitlements for reservists on active duty for <u>31 or more days</u> are		
	started, by the SPO, using the Employee Entitlements module (Home >		
	Compensate Employees > Use > Maintain Entitlements), after the orders are		
	approved and endorsed. Enter BAH-RC code "W" on the Partial Entitlements tab		
	to denote entitlement to BAH/OHA.		
	BAH RC Entitlement Code: W Valid BAH RC Entitlement Codes are: D (Without dpns; CG owned single quarters) G (Without dpns; CG owned single quarters) H (Spouse in service; no other depns; Mbr not assigned govt qtrs) L (With depns; Mbr & depns not assigned govt qtrs) P (BAH-Diff for child support; assigned CG/DOD-owned single qtrs) Q (BAH-Diff for child support; mbr assigned CG leased single qtrs) R (BAH-Diff for child support; mbr not assigned govt qtrs) T (Widepns; payment of child support; mbr not assigned govt qtrs) W (None, entitled to BAH-Location for AD of 31 to 139 days)		
	Travel BAS Entitlement: Valid Travel Period BAS Entitlement Codes: O (Officer BAS) E (Enlisted BAS) R (Regular BAS) - No Galley Avail (Not used after 31DEC04) N (No Entitlements)		
	Duty BAS Entitlement: Valid Duty Period BAS Entitlement Codes: O (Officer BAS) E (Enlisted BAS) R (Regular BAS) - No Galley Avail (Not used after 31DEC04) M (Enl BAS minus Discount Meal Rate) - Essential Messing Unit N (No Entitlements)		

Procedure (Continued)

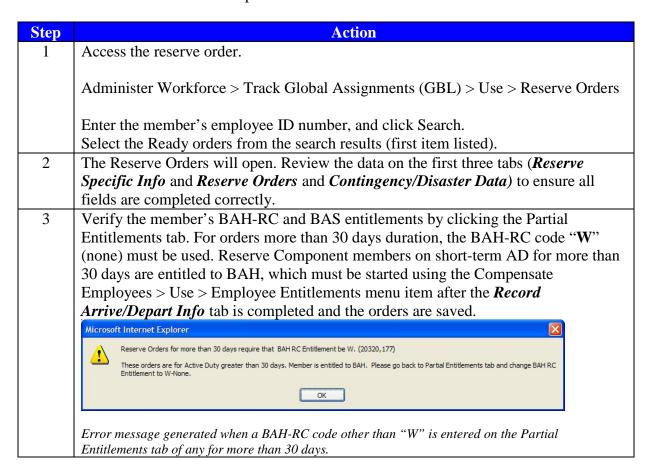
Step		Action
Note	based on the duty dat more), OHA, OUTCO Pay, must be started a module (Home > Cor orders are approved a	
19	Scroll down to and C	lick the Route For Approval button.
	The request can now toms > Administer Worlforce > Track Citobal Assignments (CBL.) > 1/ Approval Status: Pending	
	Field	Description
	Approval Status	The Approval Status field is only active for District (dxr) personnel.
	Approval	The Approval Recommendation field is used for
	Recommendation	Supervisors/Command Users to note their recommendation before
		forwarding to the District (dxr).
	Forward To	Enter the Employee ID of the District (dxr) person who will be Working, Reviewing or Approving these orders. You can also click on the button to look up an Employee ID. Lookup Forward To Approver EmpIID: Name: Role Name: Department: O02977 Lookup Clear Cancel
	Email Address	The e-mail address of the person selected in the "Forward To" block will auto-fill. Enter any additional e-mail address for others to receive notification of pending approval action. Separate multiple entries by a semicolon (;)
	Approval Path	This field will show who the orders have been routed to.
	Comments	Enter comments if desired. Comments are required if disapproval is recommend.
	Click the OK but	cton.
20		n. The District (dxr) must review, approve and notify the SPO
	for pay transactions.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

SPO Endorsement/Pay Actions

Introduction Following approval of the orders by the District (dxr), the SPO must endorse

the order and submit transactions to start pay & allowances.

Procedure Follow these steps to access and endorse the reserve order.



SPO Endorsement/Pay Actions, Continued

Procedure (continued)

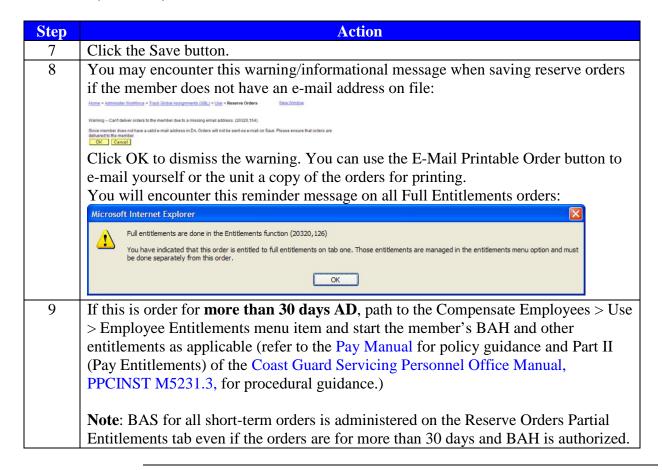
Step	Action
Note	Single members on a ADOT period of 31 to 180 days or a ADT period of 31 to 139
	days are considered on temporary duty (TDY) for BAH/OHA purposes. They are
	authorized a housing allowance based on their principal place of residence location
	zip code at the time called/ordered to active duty, appropriate to their dependency
	status (i.e. BAH/OHA without dependents, BAH/OHA with dependents based on
	payment of child support), even if the member is assigned to single-type
	Government quarters at the site where the active duty is performed.
4	Click the Record Arrive/Depart Info tab.
5	Verify the Actual Duty Begin Date (system defaults this field with the date from the
	Est. Duty Begin Dt). If the member began duty on another date, you must cancel the
	order and reissue it with. The Estimated and Actual begin date fields must match.
6	Enter the Actual Duty End Date. Initially, use the same date as the Est. Duty End Dt.
	This field may be changed to record amendments or extensions.
Note	The system will enter a "Home to Duty" row and a "Duty to Home" row, based on
	the Actual Duty Begin Date and the Actual Duty End Date. No changes are
	necessary.



Reserve Specific Info | Reserve Orders | Contingency/Disaster Data | Partial Entitlements | Record Arrive/Depart Info | Reserve Leave Disposal

SPO Endorsement/Pay Actions, Continued

Procedure (continued)



Extensions/Amend Duty Dates

Introduction

This section provides the procedure for the user at the Servicing Personnel Office (SPO) for amending an endorsed reserve order to report a change in the Actual Duty End date field (e. g. Member leaves early or stays on AD beyond originally planned end date). You must cancel and reissue the order if the Actual Begin Date is not equal to the Estimated Begin Date.

Limits

Title 14 recall orders cannot be extended beyond 60 days. ADOS-AC orders issued in support of this operation cannot be extended beyond 180 days.

Process

There are three key parts to the process of amending Reserve orders. They are:

- 1. Amend the Actual Duty End Date in the Direct Access Reserve Orders component.
- 2. Amend the Stop date(s) for any corresponding pay entitlement entries in the Direct Access Employee Entitlements component.
- 3. Issue a memo, to the member, with copies to the member's home unit, District (dxr), and TDY unit documenting the change(s). This step is necessary for travel claim documentation purposes. The original order has already been given to the member. Once issued, an original cannot be changed, it must be amended. Copies of orders printed out of Direct Access, will not reflect any changes to duty dates.

Procedure

Follow these steps to access and amend the reserve order.

Step	Action
1	Log into the system and select the following menu items:
	Administer Workforce > Track Global Assignments (GBL) > Use > Reserve Orders
	Note: Reserve Orders can also be accessed using the Manage Reserve Member activity guide:
	Administer Workforce > Track Global Assignments (GBL) > Use > Manage Reserve Member
	Click the "View/Complete Order Info" link at the bottom of the activity guide page
	to go to the Reserve Orders Search record.

Extensions/Amend Duty Dates, Continued

Procedure (continued)

Step	Action					
2	The Reserve Orders Search record will be displayed.					
	Enter the member's employee ID number in the EmplID field and click the Search					
	button.					
3	Select the order you want to amend from the search results.					
4	Click the Record Arrive/Depart Info tab.					
5	Enter the amended <i>Actual Duty End</i> date. Actual Report and Depart Dates View All					
	Actual Duty Begin Dt: 05/07/2010					
	Est Duty Begin Dt: 05/07/2010 Est Duty End Dt: 06/06/2010					
	Note: Be sure to include any leave taken and travel time authorized when					
	constructing the Actual Duty End date. This date reflects the member's last day on					
	active duty, not the "demob date", which is the date the member was out-processed					
	at the Unified Area Command.					
6	Click the Save button.					
Note						
	Warning The Actual Depart Date is greater than the Order's original end date. (20320,76)					
	By entering an Actual Depart Date greater than the original Order's end date, you are extending these orders. If that was not your intent, please press cancel and correct the					
	Actual Depart Date. OK Cancel					
	OK Cancel					
	Click the OK button.					
	A warning regarding email delivery of orders and a reminder to adjust pay					
	entitlements will also appear. Click OK to dismiss these messages.					
7	Path to the Compensate Employees > Use > Employee Entitlements menu item and					
	review the member's entitlements. Use the table on the following page as guide to					
	aid in determining if any action is necessary to synchronize the member's pay					
0	entitlements with the amended orders.					
8	Issue a Memo Amendment to Reserve Travel Orders documenting the change(s).					
	See example on page 33.					
	Distribute the memo as follows:					
	Original – Member					
	Copy – Member's PDS					
	Copy – Home District (dxr)					
	Copy – TDY unit where member is performing duty					

Extensions/Amend Duty Dates, Continued

Procedure (continued)

Step	Action				
8					
	If the original orders are	and the	then		
	Short Term for 30 days or less	actual duty begin date has changed ⁽¹⁾	delete the corresponding entitlement rows that were entered in connection with the order (e. g. SDAP, Career Sea Pay) and reenter them using the new actual duty begin date for the entitlement start date and the actual duty end date for the stop date. Note: BAS and BAH-RC for all short-term/partial entitlements orders, 30 days or less in duration, are administered on the Reserve Orders Partial Entitlements tab.		
		actual duty end date has changed	change the corresponding stop dates on any entitlements entered in connection with the order (e. g. SDAP, Career Sea Pay). Note: BAS and BAH-RC for all short-term/partial entitlements orders, 30 days or less in duration, are administered on the Reserve Orders Partial Entitlements tab.		
	Short Term order for more than 30 days AD	actual duty begin date has changed ⁽¹⁾	delete the corresponding BAH or OHA entitlement row and any other entitlement rows that were entered in connection with the order (e. g. SDAP, Career Sea Pay) and reenter them using the new actual duty begin date for the entitlement start date and the actual duty end date for the stop date.		
		actual duty end date has changed	change the corresponding stop dates on the BAH or OHA row and on any other entitlements entered in connection with the order (e. g. SDAP, Career Sea Pay).		

(1) You cannot change the Actual Duty Begin Date. It must equal the Estimated Begin Date. If it is incorrect, cancel the order and reissue it with the correct date. Delete any pay entitlement entries and reenter with the correct start date.

Extensions/Amend Duty Dates, Continued

Exhibit 4 – Memo Amendment to Reserve Orders:



Commander Personnel Service and Support Unit Box 474 Anyelty, St 90201-1234 Staff Symbol: SPO Phone: (212) 555-1212 Fax: (212) 555-1234 Email: d05-dg-spo1234@useg.ml

1326 15 Jun 2010

MEMORANDUM

From: A. B. SEA, YNC, USCG Servicing Personnel Office

Reply to Attn of:

SPO YN2 I.Care (212) 555-1212

To: BM1 Fred Flintstone, 1234567, USCGR

Subj: AMENDEMENT TO RESERVE TRAVEL ORDER #13-99-900Z17408-000

 Per reference (a), subject order, which directed you to report to D8 Personal Resource Center, New Orleans, on 16 May 2010, is hereby amended to read as follows:

- Change date to depart from 14 June 2010 to 14 July 2010.
- 2. All other provisions of the original order remain the same.
- 3. This amendment shall remain attached to the original order at all times.

#

Demobilization

Introduction

This section list actions required by the SPO when a member is demobilized following recall under Title 14 U.S.C. or following completion of a short-term ADOS-AC order in support of a DHS contingency operation.

Discussion

Do not submit a Statement of Intent (SOI) or Release From Active Duty Transaction (RELAD) for reservists completing Title 14 recall or short-term ADOS-AC/RC orders. These are short-term active duty orders. Separation transactions are only necessary when the member's orders were originally issued as long-term.

Notification process

The Unified Area Command (UAC) will send a daily message listing Reservists released from active duty. The message is sent to the member's unit and the unit of the responsible SPO. In addition, PPC (P&D) will send a copy of the daily message to the responsible SPO(s), via email, to the address listed on the SPO Contact List (http://cgweb.ppc.uscg.mil/spocontactlist.asp).

The demobilization message provides the following information:

Column Title	Meaning
LAST NAME	Member's last name
EMPLID	Member's employee ID number
DEMOB	Date member was processed via UAC demobilization procedures. Note: The demobilization date is not the member's last day of active duty (Orders Actual Duty End Date field) because the member is permitted travel time and may have been granted compensatory liberty or is taking leave. Leave information will be sent to member's home command SPO. If leave information is not received, contact GCIMT admin at (504) 410-7769.
RTN TVL	Date of travel to return to home. If the member is not taking leave, this would be the last day of active duty and should be used for the Actual Duty End Date field on the orders.
ORDER END	The Actual Duty End Date as specified on the member's original or amended original order. The Actual Duty End Date on the member's orders will need to be amended if the member was released from active duty earlier than planned.
HOME COMMAND	Name of member's unit

Demobilization, Continued

SPO Action

SPOs will:

- Amend the order's "Actual Duty End Date" if it doesn't already match the date of the member's last day on active duty (Note: The demobilization date + leave taken en route (if applicable) + travel time = last day of active duty). (See Extension/Amend Duty Dates section of this guide for the procedure to use to amend the actual duty end date.)
- Dispose of leave (for orders of 30 or more days), by completing the leave tab on the reserve orders. Note: If member is immediately continuing on active duty under another set of orders the leave balance may be carried forward. This requires no action by the SPO, JUMPS will maintain the balance. Use the charts in the Personnel Manual (7.A.19.b) to accurately calculate the number of days leave earned by the member, based on the days of the months the member enters and leaves active duty.
- Enter the Armed Forces Reserve Medal (AFRM) and the Mobilization Device for Armed Forces Reserve Medal in Direct Access (Develop Workforce > Manage Competencies (GBL) > Use > Honors and Awards). The "From" and "To" dates should be the same as orders begin and end dates.

Demobilization, Continued

Issuance of DD Form 214

A DD-214 is not authorized for non-contingency active duty of less than 90 days. Reservists activated under Title 14 U.S.C. 712 will not receive a DD-214 upon demobilization (because the duty is for a maximum of 60 days). However, a member who served a combined **consecutive** total of 90 or more days under Title 14 recall orders and voluntary ADOS-AC orders or other AD would be authorized a DD-214, for the entire period of service of the combined orders, upon demobilization/completion of active duty.

Medical Examination

Per ALCOAST 286/10 a Limited Periodic Health Assessment is required during the demobilization process. All Ready Reservists released from active duty shall complete a Limited PHA consisting of a face-to-face interview with a health services technician.

Reservists reporting a change in health during deployment shall be evaluated by a Medical Officer for a problem focused examination and referred to the OMSEP Coordinator as needed. Encounters shall be entered into the Electronic Health Record.

Reservists must complete this Limited PHA prior to release from active status. This Limited PHA does not replace the Annual PHA requirement. Release from active duty RELAD/Retention Examinations are not required for this response.

Administrative Holds

Individuals pending disciplinary proceedings under the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) may be retained on active duty without their consent, as provided by rule of Courts Martial 202(C) and Title 10 U.S.C. 802(D), pending resolution of allegations. Reservists on active duty under Title 14 or ADOS whose status changes for administrative reasons shall have their orders modified on or before completing their orders, to reflect that they no longer serve under the provisions of Title 14 or ADOS orders. Commands shall notify Personnel Service Center, Reserve Personnel Management (PSC-rpm), FORCECOM (FC-1), and COMDT (CG-1311) for coordination and consultation as soon as possible.

Demobilization, Continued

Medical Hold

If a member is Available for Limited Duty (AFLD) at the end of their orders, they may be retained with their consent, or their command may request a Notice of Eligibility (NOE) in order to have the medical condition addressed/resolved, per chapter 6 of the Reserve Policy Manual members shall be counseled on their options as noted below:

- If the member is AFLD is unable to work in their civilian capacity, retention is preferred.
- If the member is AFLD and able to work in their civilian job, the NOE may be a better fit.
- Member shall submit their health care preference (either active duty retention or NOE) in writing to their command after their counseling session.
- For further guidance contact PSC-rpm at <u>arl-dg-cgpsc-rpm(underscore)reserve(underscore)medical@uscg.mil.</u>
- Reservists who elect to stay on active duty for medical treatment shall remain at a Coast Guard unit with the capacity and expertise to swiftly manage their care to conclusion in proximity to appropriate medical facilities and professionals. Contact PSC-rpm at arl-dg-cgpscrpm(underscore)reserve(underscore)medical@uscg.mil for specific guidance.
- Commands shall provide initial notification of the members medical hold status to PSC-rpm via arl-dg-cgpscrpm(underscore)reserve(underscore)medical@uscg.mil.
- A monthly email update is required by the responsible clinic until the
 reservists has been determined Available for Full Duty (AFFD) or
 separated/retired as disposed by the Physical Disability Evaluation
 System (PDES). A Medical Hold template and other helpful links are
 available under Mobilization Resources tab at the Coast Guard Reserve home page.

Continuance on Active Duty

Introduction

This section provides procedure for issuing a short-term ADOS-AC order to a member voluntarily remaining on active duty following completion of a period of duty under Title 14 U.S.C. Please see the next section "Clarification of Entitlements When Transitioning From Title 14 to ADOS-AC Orders" for more information on travel and pay entitlements for these members.

Discussion

A new order is required. Title 14 recall orders cannot be extended or amended to exceed 60 days. The procedures are similar for each new period of active duty authorized under a short-term order. Therefore, this section highlights the differences in procedures, provided elsewhere in this guide, for issuing Title 14 recall orders.

SPO PDR Maintenance

The responsible SPO for personnel serving on short-term ADOS orders in support of Operation Deepwater Horizon is the member's current SPO. The current SPO will retain the SPO PDR and remain responsible for inputting pay and personnel transactions during the member's deployment. This exception to the guidance in the Military Personnel Data Records System Manual, COMDTINST M1080.10H, is necessary due to the unique nature of this response.

Entitlements

Pay entitlements and benefits, for a member continuing on ADOS-AC orders of 30 to 180 days would continue as described in the Coast Guard Reserve Partial Mobilization Entitlements Policy section of this guide.

In accordance with ALCGRSV 051/09 - REQUESTING EARLY RETIREMENT, serving 90 consecutive days on voluntary ADOS orders will qualify Reservists for early retirement credit.

Note: **New orders require new pay entitlement entries!** Entitlements, like BAH and FSA, must be entered in new entitlement rows, do not change the stop date on the entitlements entries submitted in connection with the Title 14 recall order.

6^{*}Warning!

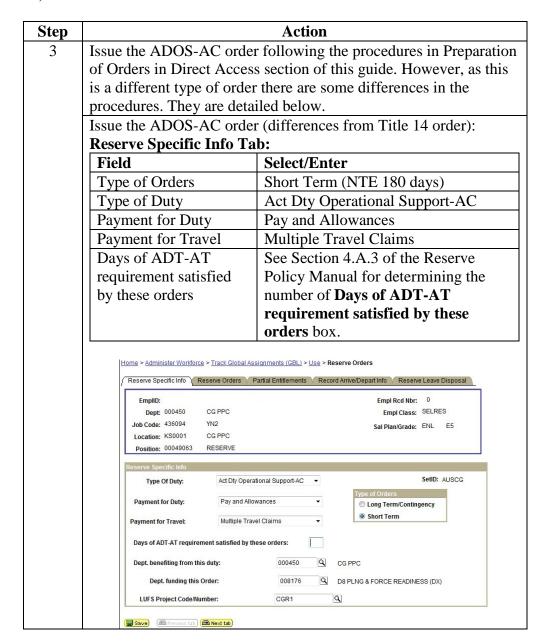
Do not process any Reserve PCS transfers (change of drilling unit) while a member is on active duty. Effective date any PCS transaction after the active duty is complete. If a PCS transaction process while a Reserve Component member is on active duty JUMPS will auto-stop certain pay entitlements. See Coast Guard Servicing Personnel Office, PPCINST M5231.3, Part IV, Chapter 4 for a listing.

Procedure

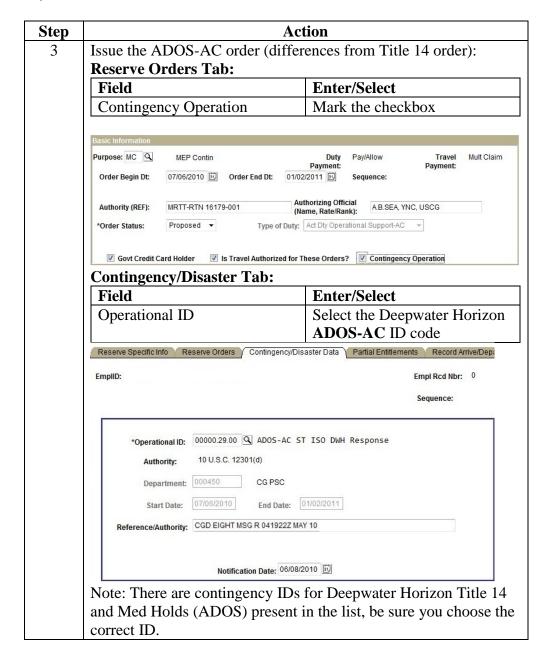
Follow these steps upon notification that a member will be continuing on ADOS-AC orders following completion of a recall to active duty under Title 14 U.S.C.

	Step	Action
	1	Verify the member is eligible for additional active duty:
See ALCOAST 577/10, Active Duty for Operational Support Active Component (ADOS-AC) For Deepwater Horizon Operation, for policy and		 Member's total prior active service does not exceed 16 years upon completion of the proposed ADOS-AC orders (See Verifying a Reservist's Prior Active Duty in this guide). Reservists with 16 or more years of active duty may be considered for short term ADOS-AC orders. GCIMT shall
procedural updates.	_	 follow the waiver process outlined in ALCGPSC 045/09 prior to activation of any reservist who will exceed 16 years total active service before the end of the proposed ADOS-AC orders. No Reservist is eligible for orders that will bring them over 17 years total active service. Reservists with 17 or more years of active duty upon conclusion of a combination of T14 and ADOS orders will not be considered for short-term ADOS orders in support of ODH.
		Member has sufficient obligated service to complete the ADOS-AC orders.
	2	Ensure the Actual Duty End date of the Title 14 recall order is the day prior to the start date of the new ADOS-AC order. Amend the Title 14 order, per the procedures in the Extensions/Amend Duty Dates section of this guide.

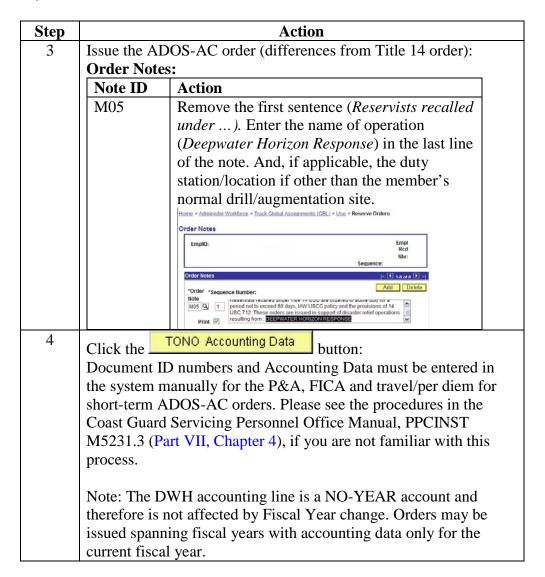
Procedure (continued)



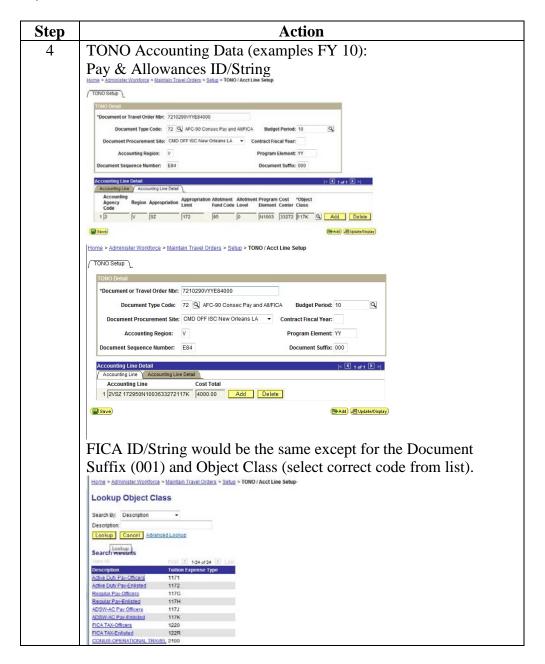
Procedure (continued)



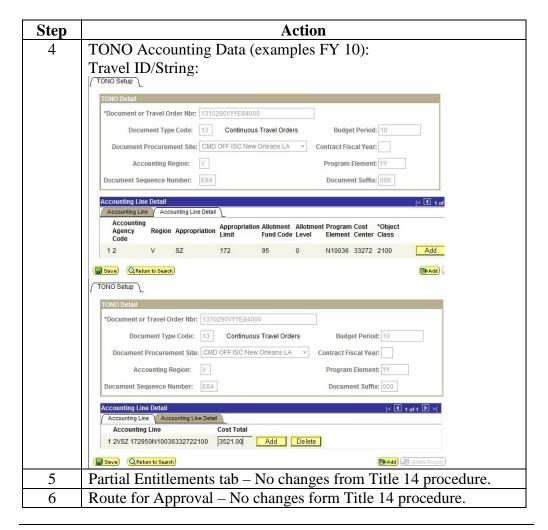
Procedure (continued)



Procedure (continued)



Procedure (continued)



SPO Endorsement/ Pay Actions There are no differences in the SPO Endorsement/Pay Actions *procedures*. Entitlements, like BAH and FSA, must be entered in new entitlement rows, do not change the stop date on the entitlements entries submitted in connection with the Title 14 recall order. Members are entitled to CONUS COLA if the ADOS-AC order is for 140 or more days. Please see the next section "Clarification of Entitlements When Transitioning From Title 14 to ADOS-AC Orders" for more information.

Extensions/ Amend Duty Dates

There are no differences in the SPO procedures for extensions or amending duty dates. Note that short-term orders cannot be extended beyond 180 days.

Demobilization

The demobilization process is the same. However, a DD-214 is required if the member served a combined total of 90 or more days active duty with no break in service. All leave must be sold or taken if the member is not immediately continuing on active duty.

Reminder!

The responsible SPO for personnel serving on short-term ADOS orders in support of Operation Deepwater Horizon is the member's current SPO. The current SPO will retain the SPO PDR and remain responsible for inputting pay and personnel transactions during the member's deployment. This exception to the guidance in the Military Personnel Data Records System Manual, COMDTINST M1080.10H, is necessary due to the unique nature of this response.

Clarification of Entitlements When Transitioning From Title 14 to ADOS-AC Orders

Introduction

Partial mobilization orders for emergency augmentation of active forces due to natural or man-made disasters and ADOS-AC orders are authorized under separate statutory provisions (titles 14 & 10 USC, respectively). Accordingly, each order set is considered a separate order for some entitlements while the total period of combined active duty is considered for other entitlements. Although ALCOAST 320/10 and the Operation Deepwater Horizon Response Reserve Recall Orders SPO Procedures (dtd 15 June 2010) provide considerable guidance concerning the creation and administration of active duty orders for reservists mobilized under the authority of title 14 USC §712 and continued on active duty under separate but consecutive ADOS-AC orders (e.g., no break in active duty greater than 24 hours), the following describes the conceptual framework for specific entitlements affected by the transition.

Entitlements based upon separate order sets

The following entitlements are based on separate order sets:

1. **Basic Allowance for Housing (BAH).** Title 14 orders and ADOS-AC orders are considered separate short-term orders for BAH purposes and thus the BAH rate for each order is always <u>based upon the member's residence</u>, even though a reservist's total active duty from consecutive Title 14 and ADOS-AC orders may equal up to 240 days (60 days + 180 days = 240 days).

Note: Per CG PAYMAN Section 3-G-11.e., "A RC member who changes his or her place of residence for any reason other than official PCS orders upon or after starting Active Duty for Training (ADT) or Active Duty Other Than Training (ADOT) will continue to receive the principal place of residence (locality-based) BAH rate initially authorized."

2. CONUS-COLA. This entitlement is payable only when ordered to active duty for a period of 140 days or more. In cases of short term active duty orders (180 days or less), CONUS-COLA is payable <u>based upon the member's residence</u>. Accordingly, reservists under Title 14 orders are not entitled to CONUS-COLA, but if ordered to a consecutive period of ADOS-AC of 140 days or more, will be entitled to CONUS-COLA if the place from which ordered to duty (<u>the member's residence</u>) has a rate greater than zero.

Clarification of Entitlements When Transitioning From Title 14 to ADOS-AC Orders, Continued

Entitlements based upon separate order sets (continued)

3. Travel to and from places of duty. Per the Joint Federal Travel Regulations (JFTR), members are entitled to transportation allowances to reimburse the costs for travel from the place ordered to active duty and return to that place at the completion of duty. Upon completion of Title 14 orders, members who perform travel from their outprocessing point to the place from which ordered to active duty are entitled to reimbursement for eligible expenses. If ordered to a consecutive period of ADOS-AC following their Title 14 order, members are entitled to transportation from the place from which ordered to duty and, upon completion of that duty, transportation back to the place from which ordered to active duty. If travel is not performed between consecutive Title 14 and ADOS-AC orders, no transportation reimbursement allowances are authorized.

Entitlements that are based upon continuous active duty under consecutive sets of orders The following entitlements are based on consecutive sets of orders being viewed as a single continuous period of active duty:

1. Family Separation Allowance for Temporary Duty (FSA-T). Members with dependents who meet the basic FSA-T eligibility requirements in Section 3-H-3.a.(3) of the Coast Guard Pay Manual, COMDTINST M7220.29 (series), under Title 14 orders will continue to be entitled to FSA-T if ordered to consecutive active duty under ADOS-AC orders, if otherwise eligible. Social visits of short duration (after meeting the initial 30 day continuous separation requirement) involving a return home (such as a week or less in leave status) do not interrupt FSA-T entitlement, so long as a member returns to qualifying duty for a period of at least 30 days. A visit by family members to a member's TDY site of more than 30 days terminates FSA-T entitlement on the 31ST day of the visit. FSA-T eligibility following a visit to the TDY site by dependents of more than 30 days resumes after the member's dependents depart the vicinity and if there is 30 or more days remaining in the duration of the TDY.

Clarification of Entitlements When Transitioning From Title 14 to ADOS-AC Orders, Continued

Entitlements that are based upon continuous active duty under consecutive sets of orders (continued)

1. Annual Leave:

- a. Leave Accrual & Usage. Leave is earned for active duty periods of 30 or more consecutive days at the rate of 2-1/2 days per month. Reservists should, consistent with their unit's operational requirements, be allowed and encouraged to use their accrued leave. Otherwise accrued leave must be sold at time of demobilization or release from ADOS-AC per section 10-A of the Coast Guard Pay Manual, COMDTINST M7220.29 (series). Members completing Title 14 recall orders and immediately continuing on ADOS-AC under another order for 30 or more days may carry unused leave over into the new active duty period. Under current law, members may carry over up to 75 days accrued annual leave to a new fiscal year (1 October 2010) without loss.
- b. Sale of Unused Annual Leave. Leave accrued by a reservist under orders of 365 days duration or less are not subject to the 60 day career limitation on sale of leave. Accrued annual leave may not be carried over into inactive duty. Leave not used as of the last day of active duty must be sold or will be lost.
- c. Leave while TDY. All travel claims must be reviewed to ensure leave taken is annotated as such on the DD-1351. Entitlement to travel allowances ceases when a member takes leave during a period when otherwise so entitled. Failure to show leave on a travel claim will result in erroneous payment of travel allowances that will later be recouped.

Travel Information

Introduction

This section provides information on travel claims unique to the Operation Deepwater Horizon Response.

Government Travel Charge Card

ALCGPSC message 044/10 provides some helpful tips for using your Government Travel Charge Card (GTCC) and provides information to assist all members traveling in support of the Deepwater Horizon Response and the support staffs assisting with travel coordination of members involved in the response:

• http://www.uscg.mil/announcements/alcgpsc/044-10_psc.txt

Amendments to Orders

As members return from the Operation Deepwater Horizon Response questions may arise regarding their TDY entitlements. Prior to approving a claim, double check all entitlements. If the member was authorized a rental car but it was left off the orders, the orders will need to be amended. See chapter 2.B.12 of the 3PM on how to amend orders, they must be original and signed in blue ink by the Approving Official, even if the claim is submitted through TPAX.

Deductible Meals

If the member consumed meals that were being provided by BP for free, they must deduct those meals on their travel claim.

If all three meals are consumed at no cost to the traveler, only the IE amount for that day is payable (\$5 CONUS IE, or the applicable locality IE rate, or \$3.50 OCONUS).

Use the Daily Exceptions screen in Web-TPAX to change the meal type code to the code for Deductible Meal (DED) for each meal provided by BP. You can access the Daily Exceptions screen by clicking the **Exceptions** button while on the Reimbursables tab of your request for settlement:

• http://www.uscg.mil/ppc/webtpax/daily_exceptions.htm

Travel Information, Continued

Leave

All travel claims must be reviewed to ensure leave taken is annotated as such on the DD-1351. Entitlement to travel allowances ceases when a member takes leave during a period when otherwise so entitled. Failure to show leave on a travel claim will result in erroneous payment of travel allowances that will later be recouped.

Travel to and from places of duty when transitioning from Title 14 to voluntary ADOS-AC orders Per the JFTR, members are entitled to transportation allowances to reimburse the costs for travel from the place ordered to active duty and return to that place at the completion of duty. Upon completion of Title 14 orders, members who perform travel from their out-processing point to the place from which ordered to active duty are entitled to reimbursement for eligible expenses. If ordered to a consecutive period of ADOS-AC following their Title 14 order, members are entitled to transportation from the place from which ordered to duty and, upon completion of that duty, transportation back to the place from which ordered to active duty. If travel is not performed between consecutive Title 14 and ADOS-AC orders, no transportation reimbursement allowances are authorized.

TPAX profile settings for members with multiple affiliations The TPAX profiles for Reservists who are also civilian Coast Guard employees need to be checked to ensure the system reflects their military status and rate/rank. If the claim comes in and is processed as if the member were in a civilian status, the member will receive different per-diem for days when there are deductible meals (50% of the daily rate vs. an individual meal deduction) and there are different rules for tips and phone calls.

View your TPAX profile and change the status to military and enter your rate/rank. The following links provide menu paths for accessing the traveler profile in TPAX and Web-TPAX. It is only necessary to update the profile in the version of TPAX you are using for your claim(s).

TPAX - http://www.uscg.mil/ppc/travel/t-pax/webhelp/Update_Profile.htm

Web-TPAX - http://www.uscg.mil/ppc/webtpax/Modify or View Profiles.htm

How to Create a Title 14 - Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund (OSLTF) Miscellaneous Document Type 13 Travel Order

Introduction

This section provides the procedure for creating an obligation to the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund (OSLTF) in Financial Procurement Desktop (FPD) for the travel and per diem costs associated with a Title 14 recall to active duty order.

Questions

Any questions regarding this procedure can be directed to: CAS Helpdesk at (757)-523-6781, press option 3 or send an e-mail to <u>fin-smb-cashelpdesk@uscg.mil</u>.

Discussion

The **Miscellaneous module** will be used to obligate funds in the FPD ledger for Title 14 document type 13 Travel Orders.

Procedure

Follow these steps to create the obligation.

Step	Action
1	
	From the Home page, click the Simplified Acquisitions
	button.
2	Click the MISC button from the workflow.
3	Enter the Document Type 13 or click the Ellipsis button to pick it from the list.
	it from the list.
4	Enter a general description.
5	Skip the Vendor (It's not Mandatory for MISC documents)

How to Create a Title 14 - Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund (OSLTF) Miscellaneous Document Type 13 Travel Order,

Continued

Procedure (continued)

Step		Action		
6	Complete the	Line item Section.		
	When entering line items:			
	 Enter the data and press tab to move between the fields. To add multiple accounting lines to one line item, click the 			
	Add Accounting Line Add Accounting Line button on the line item heading. The sum of the multiple accounting lines must equal the total amount for the line item. Any difference will display in the Undist. Balance field. The Undistributed Balance must be \$0.00. Use the MAL feature in order to charge among many accounting strings for items that were ordered to split the cost between the units requesting the same goods/services or split the cost between various accounts from a single unit. • To add a line item, click the Add Line Item button on the line item heading.			
7		ount status. To view the account status of each		
	account for funds availability, click the Funds Check Funds Check.			
	If status is	Then		
	Normal	You don't need to notify your Funds Manager. You should be able to save the document		
	Warning	You may want to notify your Funds Manager. You will be able to save the document		
	Critical	Notify your Funds Manager Immediately. You may not be able to save the document.		
	Click the Clo	se Close button to return to the MISC		

How to Create a Title 14 - Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund (OSLTF) Miscellaneous Document Type 13 Travel Order,

Continued

Procedure (continued)

Step	Action
8	Save the document. Click the Save Icon.