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May 9, 2012

**ORP Safety Culture** Improvement Plan Steve Pfaff

# Safety Culture Integrated Project Team Mission

- Chartered by ORP Manager through 2013
  - Will continue to facilitate safety culture improvements
- Strengthen ORP safety culture (nuclear, industrial safety, environmental)
- Effect a deep and long lasting safety cultural change
- Safety Culture
  - Safety culture is an organization's values and behaviors modeled by its leaders and internalized by its members, which serve to make safe performance of work the overriding priority to protect the workers, public, and the environment.

# Background

- Safety Culture Reviews:
  - HSS Reports from 2010 and 2012
  - DNFSB Recommendation 2011-1
    - DOE Implementation Plan



# **ORP Improvement Plan**

- Near-term focus on 2012 HSS Report
  - To be completed by April  $30^{th}$ , 2013
  - These are early steps to improve safety culture
- Long-term focus on sustained cultural improvements
- Use of DOE G 450.4-1C, Integrated Safety Management System Guide, Safety Culture Focus Areas
  - Leadership
  - Employee/Worker Engagement
  - Organizational Learning
- Transparent and participatory approach that incorporated employee feedback
- Implementation Strategy



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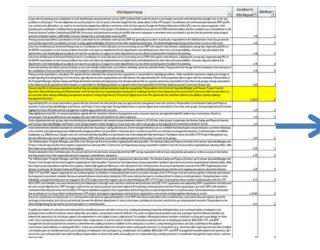
## **Excel Excerpt from HSS Report**

#### Positive Observations

- Interviewees clearly understand the mechanisms available to identify safety concerns, e.g., supervisors, managers, ECP, Human Resources (HR), Government Accountability Office, and Supervis
- · Most interviewees identified that they did not perceive any inhibitors to reporting concerns within their organization.
- The statement that management does not tolerate retaliation of any kind for raising concerns was
  agreed to by a majority of survey respondents, approximately 75%. This was especially true of
  respondents in the General Engineering, Project Control Specialist, Program Manager, and
  Administrative Work Groups.

#### Areas in Need of Attention

- Among survey respondents, only about 70% agreed with the statement that everyone in the organization is responsible for identifying problems. While overall this represents a higher percentage of people agreem than disagreem, it is lower than is typically usen in other organizations and still indicates that agreemently 30% of the population did not agree with this statement. Respondents in the Program Manager, Nuclear Steller and Physical Scientist and General Engineering Work Groups believes this to a greater extent than respondents in the other for identifying problems to a greater extent than respondents in the other for identifying problems to a greater extent than respondents in the Mon-Supervisory and Contractors Groups did.
- all only 10% of all unraw errall, only 50% of all survey respondents feel that they can openly challenge decisions midd management. Respondents in the Contract Specialis/Budget and Finance, Project Contro secialist, General Engineering and Administrative Work Groups, feel most negatively about ing able to challenge decisions. Non-Supervisory Personnel and Contractors either do no or are uncertain about openly challenging management decisions. Among Sup 20



### HSS Issue / **Problem Statement**

17. Overall, only 30% of all survey respondents feel that they can openly challenge decisions made by management. Bespondents in the Contract Specialist/Budget and Finance, Project Control Descialist, General Engineering and Administrative Work Groups tell most negatively about being able to challenge decisions. Non-Supervisory Persionnel and Contractors either do not believe or are uncertain about openly challenging management decisions. Amon Supervisory Personnel slightly more than 70% agreed with the statement related to the ability to openly challenge management decisions.

#### PS1: Sometimes personnel fail to listen and effectively engage in crucial conversations to ensure meaning, intent and viewpoints are understood PS 2: Open and proactive communications and coordination on controversial techn

are not typical personnel behaviors. (Geographical dispersion, organizational issues) PS 3: Employees do not always trust decisions made by ORP Ma

18. Approximately 50% of survey respondents agreed with the statement that they feel that they Approximately 50% of survey respondents agreed with the statement that they teel that they can approach the management team with concerns. Respondents in the Nuclear stately and Physical Scientist, contract Specialist/Budget and Finance, and ProjectControl SpecialistGroups believed this to a lesser degree than respondents in the other work groups. Among Supervisory Personnel slightly more than 70% believed that management could be approached with concerns.

PS 1: Sometimes personnel fail to listen and effectively engage in crucial proactive rsations to ensure meaning, intent and viewpoints are understood

PS 2: Open and proactive communications and coordination on controversial technical issues are not typical personnel behaviors. (Geographical dispersion, organizational issues)

PS 3: Employees do not always trust decisions made by ORP Management

19. Only slightly more than 50% of survey respondents agreed with the statement related to management wants concerns reported, and approximately 58% believe that constructive criticism is encouraged. Work group differences were largely in the same direction described for the other responses.

PS 1: Sometimes personnel fail to listen and effectively engage in crucial proactive conversations to ensure meaning, intent and viewpoints are understood

PS 2: Open and proactive communications and coordination on controversial technical issues are not typical personnel behaviors. (Geographical dispersion, organizational issues)



#### iel slightly more than 70% agreed with the statement related to the ability to openly an unmanement decisions.

## **HSS Report**

#### **Implementation Plan**

- 4. Establish and implement a program for ORP to effectively handle issues and establish an Establish and implement a program for UAV to effectively handle issues and establish and ORP Issues Malanger. Program denotes must include feedback mechanism, transparent traceability, benchmarkshop, performance monitoring, trending, and a set of metrics that combined activity within ORP senior managerial duties. (E-STAT, E-STAT, O-11-A2, O-21-A3, O-21-A3). ent into a forma
- elop an ORP management development program which focuses on impro agement's modeling of safety culture attributes.

- management's modeling of aftery culture attributes Suggested Training Courses, include but are not limited to 7 Habits of Highly Effective People Charge A Emagement Management interpretation in the second second second second Management interpretation interface More Strigges type indicator Enthfulls and implement a supervisory and management IPP element to encourage a discussion of a striggest second second second second second second Borelog a management presence program Develop a management presence program
- discussions on safety matteral Develops amagement presence program = Etablish a goal and track participation for management presence with employees placing eyes on the work, adoing questions, coaching, mentoring, and reinforcing standards and positive behaviors<sup>1</sup> = Establish quantifiable, authouse methods to track performance and compliance
- Develop formal training for management (L3-IA1, L3-IA2, L4-IA4, L4-IA5, L5-IA5, L4-IA5, E1-IA3, E2-IA4, O1-IA3, O1-IA4, O5-IA4)
- 6. Develop and implement an employee development program that contains communication, organizational trust, and behavioral elements that underpin afferty culture.
  Communication tools and training opportunities include, but are not limited to:

  Ituatrate issue resolution programs and processes available to employee.
  Provide training on the lessons learned program including divisional points of contact and how the program can be beneficial during the course of dairy work.
  Approvale training on how to engage an active listening (e.g. Crucial Coursestantion).

- Adopt "Ladder of Accountability" as an organizational value training tool. (E1-IA4, E2-IA1, E2-IA5, E2-IA7, O1-IA7, O2-IA5, O4-IA)
- Establish and implement (e.g. coaching, mentoring, IPP) set of management and staff expectations for safety culture attributes as defined in DOE G 450.4-1C.
   Develop and communicate organizational values that include safety culture values.

#### Improvement Actions

Statement(s) – Teamwork and mutual respect (Employee Worker Engagement)

PS 1: Sometimes personnel fail to listen and effectively engage in proactive conversations to ensure meaning, intent and viewpoints are understood

- PS 2: Open and proactive communications and coordination on controversial technical issues are not typical personnel behaviors. (Geographical dispersion, organizational issues)
- PS 3: Employees do not always trust decisions made by ORP Management.

PS 4: ORP has not fostered teamwork between the WTP project team and other ORP organiz nt Action

E2-IA1: Provide training on how to engage in active li ing. (e.g. crucial) nicate time sensitive or controversial project information to the staff. (Sco E2-1A2 ram)

E2-IA3: Pe m a gap analysis of where teaming has not teamwork an<mark>d</mark> plan teambuilding activities.

E2-IA4: Develop and implement an ORP management development program tha communication, organizational trust, and behavioral elements (e.g. 7 Habits of H Effective People, Change Management, <u>Conflict</u> Resolution) E2 IA5: Develop and implement an employee development of

the potluck luncheon with the entire o ing opportunities (each division will rotate responsibility for food items) "ladder of accountability" training a

#### E2-IA7: Imr ISSUES from HSS Report

1. DOE-WTP and BNI recently decided to proceed with certain activities, such as welding heads on vessels. Some staff and external organizations have cited this decision as an indicator tha management places priority on schedule over safety.

PS 1: Sometimes employees fail to listen and effectively engage in crucial conversations to ensure meaning, intent and viewpoints are understood.

#### **Problem Statement**

Problem Statement(s) – Teamwork and mutual respect (Employee Worker Engagement)

- PS 1: Sometimes personnel fail to listen and effectively engage in proactive conve ure meaning, intent and viewpoints are understood.
- P5.2: Open and proactive communications and coordination on controversial techni are not typical personnel behaviors. (Geographical dispersion, organizational issues)
- PS 3: Employees do not always trust decisions made by ORP Management.

PS 4: ORP has not fostered teamwork between the WTP project team and other ORP organizations.

Improvement Action

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#### ISSUES from HSS Report

- 1. DOE-WTP and BNI recently decided to proceed with certain activities, such as welding heads on vessels. Some staff and external organizations have cited this decision as an indicator that management places priority on schedule over safety.
- PS 1: Sometimes employees fail to listen and effectively engage in crucial conversations to ensure meaning, intent and viewpoints are understood.
- However, DOE-WTP and BNI management did not effectively communicate to stakeholders the rationale for this decision, nor did management communicate the fact that the action was reversible if ongoing analysis concluded that the design needed to be modified.

PS 1: Sometimes personnel fail to listen and effectively engage in crucial conversations to ensure meaning, intent and viewpoints are understood.

PS 2: Open communications on controversial technical issues are not the norm

- PS 3: Employees do not always trust decisions made by ORP Management.
- 3. The organizational separation of the DOE-WTP organization from the rest of the ORP organization has created difficulties in the communication, coordination, and cohesiveness of the implementation of DOE standards and oversight of BNI. Questions concerning how DOE WTP is managing the project, what impact their decisions are having on the project, which is in control of the project and ultimately, who will deliver the project remain upanswered for many of ORP's employees and stakeholders.

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# Near-Term Improvement Actions

- Develop an ORP management development program which focuses on improving management's modeling of safety culture attributes

   Tank Farms Assistant Manager (Tom Fletcher)
- Develop and implement an employee development program containing elements that underpin safety culture attributes Chief of Staff (Erik Olds)
- Establish and implement (e.g. coaching, mentoring, IPP) a set of management and staff expectations for safety culture attributes as defined in DOE G 450.4-1C
  - ORP Deputy Manager (Stacy Charboneau)
- Incorporate industry best practices in the development of ORP policy, procedures, and staff and management training documents that emphasize the unique and special nature of nuclear technology and operations
  - Technical and Regulatory Support Assistant Manager (Paul Harrington)



# Near-Term Improvement Actions

- Clearly define roles, responsibilities, authorities, and accountabilities

   Technical and Regulatory Support Assistant Manager (Paul Harrington)
- Implement an ORP organizational change management process
  - WTP Start-Up and Commissioning Integration Manger (Ben Harp)
- Establish and implement a program for ORP to effectively handle issues and establish an ORP Issues Manager ORP Deputy Manager (Stacy Charboneau)
- Evaluate the Employee Concerns Program (ECP) and develop improvement plans

## **ORP Deputy Manager (Stacy Charboneau)**

• Maintain the Safety Culture IPT as an integral part of ORP with its primary mission to continuously improve ORP safety culture – ORP Manager (Scott Samuelson)



# Next Steps

- Actively promoting questioning attitude
  - Timely feedback
- DOE Richland Operations Office/ORP and Hanford Site contractor SCWE surveys – Spring 2012
- SCWE training for ORP Spring 2012
- DOE National Training Center development of safety culture training with pilot course for senior managers in July 2012, followed by training throughout the DOE complex and development of courses for mid-level managers and staff.