

**Table 864. Fruits and Nuts—Utilized Production and Value, 2008 to 2010, and Leading Producing States: 2010**

[4,770 represents 4,770,000]

Fruits and nuts	Unit	Utilized production <sup>1</sup>			Value of production (mil. dol.)			Leading states in order of production, 2010
		2008	2009	2010	2008	2009	2010	
<b>FRUITS</b>								
Apples <sup>2</sup>	1,000 tons	4,770	4,854	(NA)	2,215	2,247	(NA)	(NA)
Avocados	1,000 tons	116	299	(NA)	215	430	(NA)	(NA)
Blackberries, cultivated (OR)	1,000 tons	23	28	24	28	31	36	OR
Blueberries	1,000 tons	219	227	249	592	518	641	MI, ME, GA
Cranberries	1,000 tons	393	346	340	456	333	321	MA, WI
Dates (CA)	1,000 tons	21	24	24	26	27	28	CA
Figs (fresh) (CA)	1,000 tons	43	44	40	26	30	(NA)	CA
Grapefruit	1,000 tons	1,548	1,304	1,238	273	224	286	FL, TX, CA
Grapes (13 states)	1,000 tons	7,306	7,280	6,854	3,333	3,676	3,472	CA, WA
Kiwifruit (CA)	1,000 tons	22	25	34	20	21	(NA)	CA
Lemons	1,000 tons	619	912	882	524	335	381	CA, AZ
Nectarines	1,000 tons	303	220	235	111	139	131	CA, WA
Olives (CA)	1,000 tons	67	46	190	47	32	111	CA
Oranges <sup>3</sup>	1,000 tons	10,076	9,128	8,244	2,199	1,970	1,935	FL, CA
Papayas (Hawaii)	1,000 tons	17	16	14	14	14	10	HI
Peaches	1,000 tons	1,114	1,083	1,132	546	594	615	CA, SC, GA
Pears	1,000 tons	869	956	807	396	356	334	WA, CA, OR
Plums (CA)	1,000 tons	160	112	(NA)	57	58	(NA)	(NA)
Plums and prunes (fresh) <sup>4</sup>	1,000 tons	16	18	(NA)	6	6	(NA)	(NA)
Prunes (dried basis) (CA)	1,000 tons	368	496	(NA)	194	199	(NA)	(NA)
Raspberries	1,000 tons	75	89	76	365	362	259	CA, WA, OR
Strawberries	1,000 tons	1,266	1,401	1,425	1,918	2,130	2,245	CA, FL
Tangelos (FL)	1,000 tons	68	52	41	9	6	7	FL
Tangerines	1,000 tons	527	443	595	236	207	276	CA, FL
<b>NUTS</b>								
Almonds (shelled basis) (CA)	1,000 tons	1,410	1,181	(NA)	2,343	2,294	(NA)	(NA)
Hazelnuts (in the shell) (OR)	1,000 tons	32	47	(NA)	52	79	(NA)	(NA)
Macadamia nuts (HI)	1,000 tons	25	21	(NA)	34	29	(NA)	(NA)
Pecans (in the shell) (11 states)	1,000 tons	97	146	(NA)	260	417	(NA)	(NA)
Pistachios (CA)	1,000 tons	139	178	(NA)	570	593	(NA)	(NA)
Walnuts (in the shell) (CA)	1,000 tons	436	437	(NA)	558	739	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available. <sup>1</sup> Excludes quantities not harvested or not marketed. Utilized production is the amount sold plus the quantities used at home or held in storage. <sup>2</sup> Production in commercial orchards with 100 or more bearing-age trees.

<sup>3</sup> Includes temples and Navel varieties beginning with the 2006–2007 season. <sup>4</sup> Idaho, Michigan, Oregon and Washington.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, National Agricultural Statistics Service, *Citrus Fruits Final Estimates, 2003–2007*, December 2008; *Citrus Fruits 2010 Summary*, September 2010; and *Noncitrus Fruits and Crops 2009 Summary*, July 2010. See also <<http://www.nass.usda.gov/Publications/index.asp>>.

**Table 865. Nuts—Supply and Use: 2000 to 2009**

[In thousands of pounds (shelled) (331,466 represents 331,466,000). For marketing season beginning July 1 for almonds, hazelnuts, pecans; August 1 for walnuts; and September 1 for pistachios]

Year	Beginning stocks	Marketable production <sup>1</sup>	Imports	Supply, total	Consumption	Exports	Ending stocks
Total nuts: <sup>2</sup>							
2000	331,466	1,127,940	293,172	1,752,577	733,921	780,988	237,669
2005	262,995	1,472,240	431,881	2,167,117	779,131	1,120,833	267,153
2007	243,133	2,070,933	489,793	2,803,858	1,042,284	1,355,677	405,897
2008	405,897	2,240,219	439,516	3,085,632	1,082,566	1,460,506	542,560
<b>2009, total <sup>2</sup></b>	<b>542,560</b>	<b>2,104,057</b>	<b>464,537</b>	<b>3,111,154</b>	<b>1,136,968</b>	<b>1,553,305</b>	<b>420,881</b>
Almonds	413,734	1,363,751	5,610	1,783,095	(NA)	1,030,403	321,255
Pecans	42,225	(NA)	80,107	249,862	139,152	71,188	39,522
Pistachios	32,922	174,769	1,297	208,988	54,701	133,075	21,211
Hazelnuts	1,127	37,425	7,987	46,539	14,331	30,621	1,587
Walnuts	52,553	381,500	3,183	437,235	170,371	229,558	37,305

NA Not available. <sup>1</sup> Utilized production minus inedibles and noncommercial usage. <sup>2</sup> Includes macadamia nuts, Brazil nuts, cashew nuts, pine nuts, chestnuts, and mixed nuts not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Fruit and Tree Nuts Situation and Outlook Yearbook*. See also <<http://www.ers.usda.gov/publications/fts/yearbook>>.

**Table 866. Honey—Number of Bee Colonies, Yield, and Production: 1990 to 2010**

[Includes only beekeepers with five or more colonies. Colonies were not included if honey was not harvested]

Year	Honey-producing colonies <sup>1</sup> (1,000)	Yield per colony (pounds)	Production (1,000 pounds)	Average price per pound (cents)	Value of production (1,000 dollars)
1990	3,220	61.7	198,674	54	106,688
1995	2,655	79.5	211,073	69	144,585
2000	2,622	84.0	220,286	60	132,865
2005	2,409	72.5	174,614	92	160,994
2007	2,443	60.7	148,341	108	159,763
2008	2,342	69.9	163,789	142	232,744
2009	2,498	58.6	146,416	147	215,671
2010	2,684	65.5	175,904	160	281,974

<sup>1</sup> Honey producing colonies are the maximum number of colonies from which honey was taken during the year. It is possible to take honey from colonies which did not survive the entire year.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, National Agricultural Statistics Service, *Honey*, February 2011. See also <[http://www.nass.usda.gov/Surveys/Guide\\_to\\_NASS\\_Surveys/Bee\\_and\\_Honey/index.asp](http://www.nass.usda.gov/Surveys/Guide_to_NASS_Surveys/Bee_and_Honey/index.asp)>.