Animal Product Manual

Reference

Foreign Origin Meat and Meat Products, Ruminants

Contents

```
Introduction and Subsidiary Locator
                                    page 3-12-2
Beef/Goat/Sheep Extract and Bone Stock; Bouillon Cubes or Dehydrated Soup Mix
                                           page 3-12-5
 Flavored With Beef Extract or Bone Stock
Dehydrated Soup Mixes Containing Pieces of Ruminant Meat
                                                            page 3-12-7
 Dehydrated Soup Mixes Containing Pieces of Bovine Meat
                                                            page 3-12-7
 Dehydrated Soup Mixes Containing Pieces of Caprine or Ovine Meat
Shelf Stable Meat in Hermetically Sealed Cans or Retorted, Flexible Pouches
 page 3-12-10
 Shelf-Stable Beef in Hermetically Sealed Cans
                                                 page 3-12-11
 Shelf-stable Beef in Retorted, Flexible Pouches
                                                 page 3-12-12
 Shelf-Stable Caprine and Ovine Meat in Hermetically Sealed Cans or Retorted,
                     page 3-12-15
  Flexible Pouches
Suet or Products Containing Suet page 3-12-18
 Suet or Products Containing Suet Derived from Bovine Cattle
                                                              page 3-12-18
 Suet or Products Containing Suet Derived from Ovine (Sheep) Ruminant
  page 3-12-19
Cooked Meat of Ruminants
                             page 3-12-20
 Cooked Meat of Ruminants from a Country Considered to Be at Minimal Risk for BSE
     page 3-12-21
 Cooked Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE and FMD, but
              page 3-12-22
 Cooked Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Affected with Only FMD
   page 3-12-24
   Step 1: Insure Movement to APHIS Approved Defrost Facility
                                                                page 3-12-24
    List of APHIS-FSIS Approved Rapid Defrost Facilities and FSIS Approved Pink Juice
     Test Facilities
                     page 3-12-24
    Step 2: Verify the Port of Arrival Is Equipped With Approved Defrost Facilities
     page 3-12-29
    Step 3: Determine if Meat Is from a Foreign Establishment Approved for Cooked
             page 3-12-29
    List of Foreign Establishments APHIS Approved for Perishable Cooked Beef
     page 3-12-30
 Cooked Meat of Ruminants Identified as an IQF Product from a Country Known to Be
  Affected Only With FMD
                            page 3-12-32
 Action to Take Based on Results of the Pink Juice Test
                                                        page 3-12-33
                                    page 3-12-34
Cured and Dried Meat of Ruminants
 Cured and Dried Meat of Ruminants Arriving from a Country Known to Be Affected
  with BSE or at Minimal Risk for BSE
                                        page 3-12-35
 Cured and Dried Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE and
  FMD. but FMD/SR
                       page 3-12-36
 Cured and Dried Meat of Ruminants from a Country of Origin Known to Be Affected
   With Only FMD
                    page 3-12-38
Fresh (Chilled or Frozen) Meat of Ruminants
                                             page 3-12-39
```

Fresh Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE and FMD page 3-12-42

Fresh Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE and FMD Which Transited a Country Known to Be Affected with FMD page 3-12-43

Fresh Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE and FMD, but FMD/SR page 3-12-44

Fresh or Cooked Beef of Ruminant from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE, but at Negligible Risk for FMD **page 3-12-47**

Introduction and Subsidiary Locator

The Foreign Origin Meat or Meat Products, Ruminants section covers beef extract, bone stock, bouillon cubes, dehydrated soup containing pieces and chunks of ruminant meat, and fresh, cooked, cured and dried meat of ruminants.



Ruminant meat and meat products from BSE-affected countries are **prohibited** entry.

Ruminant meat and meat products from a country designated at minimal risk for BSE are **restricted**.

Regulations provide the authority to regulate specific products such as fresh (chilled or frozen) meat, cured and dried meat, and cooked meat from affected foreign countries. Policy has been established to control other products that are imported which may pose a risk to U.S. agriculture.

When a VS permit does **not** authorize entry, use **Table 3-12-1** which directs you to the final regulatory action to take.



Bouillon cubes, stock, dehydrated soup mixes, and extracts with an original manufacturer's label indicating that the product contains animal-origin ingredients, AND with additional labeling, applied with an adhesive (i.e., stick-on label), indicating that the product actually contains only artificial or no animal-origin ingredients, can be released if accompanied by a government of origin certificate stating that the ingredients or flavors are of non-animal origin (artificial). If this government of origin certificate is not presented, then regulate using the table below.

TABLE 3-12-1 Where to Find Regulatory Action on Ruminant Meat and Meat Products

If the importation is:	And the country or region of export is:	And:	Then:
Beef bone stock ¹			GO to Table 3-12-2
Beef extract ¹			
Bouillon cubes ¹		_	
Cooked meat, perishable		•	GO to Table 3-12-10
Cooked, shelf-stable meat (in hermetically-sealed	Affected with BSE	-	REFUSE ENTRY
cans or flexible, retorted pouches)	Minimal risk for BSE ²	Bovine (bison, buffalo, cattle, yak) in hermetically-sealed cans ³	GO to Table 3-12-5
		Bovine (bison, buffalo, cattle, yak) in retor ted, flexible pouches	GO to Table 3-12-6
	Camelid (alpacas, camels, llamas)	RELEASE	
		Caprine (goat)	GO to Table 3-12-7
		Cervid (caribou, deer, elk, moose)	RELEASE
		Ovine (sheep)	GO to Table 3-12-7
	Free from BSE	Bovine (bison, buffalo, cattle, yak) in hermetically-sealed cans ³	GO to Table 3-12-5
		Bovine (bison, buffalo, cattle, yak) in retorted, flexible pouches	GO to Table 3-12-6
		Camelid (alpacas, camels, llamas)	RELEASE
		Caprine (goat)	GO to Table 3-12-7
		Cervid (caribou, deer, elk, moose)	RELEASE
		Ovine (sheep)	GO to Table 3-12-7
Cured and dried meat		•	GO to Table 3-12-17

Introduction and Subsidiary Locator

TABLE 3-12-1 Where to Find Regulatory Action on Ruminant Meat and Meat Products (continued)

If the importation is:	And the country or region of export is:	And:	Then:
Dehydrated soup mixes containing		Flavored with beef extract or bone stock	GO to Table 3-12-2
pieces and chunks of meat		Containing pieces of meat	GO to Table 3-12-3
Edible tallow (rendered fat; i.e., from heart, lips, beef	Affected with BSE	-	REFUSE ENTRY
feet, etc.) ⁴	Minimal risk for BSE ²	Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-3	REFER to FSIS
		Lacks CFIA Annex A-3	DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining appropriate certification
			3. If the importer is unable to obtain the appropriate certification, PROVIDE the appropriate options (see Table 2-2-11)
	Free from BSE	Is accompanied by a certificate of origin	REFER to FSIS
		Lacks the required certificate of origin	REFUSE ENTRY
Fresh (chilled or frozen) meat		•	GO to Table 3-12-21
Meat by-products (formerly called edible offal); includes beef feet, brain, cheeks,	Affected with BSE	-	REFUSE ENTRY
heart, kidney, lips, liver, lung, spleen, tail, thymus	Minimal risk for BSE ²	-	REGULATE as meat and run through the first column of this table (cooked, shelf-stable, fresh, cured and dried, etc.)
(sweetbread), tongue, and tripe	Free from BSE	Is accompanied by a certificate of origin	REGULATE as meat and run through the first column of this table (cooked, shelf-stable, fresh, cured and dried, etc.)
		Lacks the required certificate of origin	REFUSE ENTRY
Suet or products containing suet		-	GO to Table 3-12-8

¹ Bouillon cubes, stock, dehydrated soup mixes, and extracts with an original manufacturer's label indicating that the product contains animal-origin ingredients, AND with additional labeling, applied with an adhesive (i.e., stick-on label), indicating that the product actually contains only artificial or no animal-origin ingredients, can be released if accompanied by a government of origin certificate stating that the ingredients or flavors are of non-animal origin (artificial).

² Currently Canada is the **only** country designated at minimal risk for BSE.

B Determine shelf stability in cargo just as you would in baggage; see Table 2-3-3.

⁴ Edible tallow listed as an ingredient in a food product ready for human consumption, and food products cooked in tallow (such as french fries and hash browns) are allowed unrestricted entry.

Beef/Goat/Sheep Extract and Bone Stock; Bouillon Cubes or Dehydrated Soup Mix Flavored With Beef Extract or Bone Stock



Bouillon cubes, stock, dehydrated soup mixes, and extracts with an original manufacturer's label indicating that the product contains animal-origin ingredients, AND with additional labeling, applied with an adhesive (i.e., stick-on label), indicating that the product actually contains only artificial or no animal-origin ingredients, can be released if accompanied by a government of origin certificate stating that the ingredients or flavors are of non-animal origin (artificial). If this government of origin certificate is not presented, then regulate using the table below.

TABLE 3-12-2 Beef/Goat/Sheep Extract, Beef/Goat Bone Stock, and Bouillon Cubes or Dehydrated Soup Mix Flavored With Beef/Goat/Sheep Extract or Bone Stock

If the meat product is:	And the country or region of export is:	And the importation:	Then:
 ◆ Beef, goat, or sheep extract¹ ◆ Beef, goat, or sheep bone stock¹ 	Affected with BSE or BSE in combination with FMD	-	REFUSE ENTRY
◆ Bouillon cubes or	Minimal risk for BSE ²	Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-1	RELEASE
dehydrated soup mixes flavored with beef, goat, sheep extract or beef bone stock ¹		Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-1	 DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification If the importer is unable to obtain the certification, PROVIDE with the appropriate options (see Table 2-2-11)
		Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-4	RELEASE
		Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-4	 DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification If the importer is unable to obtain the certification, PROVIDE with the appropriate options (see Table 2-2-11)
	Affected with FMD, but not BSE	Is accompanied by a meat inspection certificate ³	RELEASE
		Lacks the meat inspection certification ³	REFUSE ENTRY
	Free from both BSE and FMD		RELEASE
	Free from BSE and FMD, but FMD/SR		RELEASE

¹ Bouillon cubes, stock, dehydrated soup mixes, and extracts with an original manufacturer's label indicating that the product contains animal-origin ingredients, AND with additional labeling, applied with an adhesive (i.e., stick-on label), indicating that the product actually contains only artificial or no animal-origin ingredients, can be released if accompanied by a government of origin certificate stating that the ingredients or flavors are of non-animal origin (artificial).

- 2 Currently Canada is the **only** country designated at minimal risk for BSE.
- 3 A meat inspection certificate declaring that:
 - ◆ The meat product was concentrated by boiling, and
 - ◆ The meat product has not been associated, in any way, with any BSE affected region listed in 9 CFR 94.18(a)(1) and 94.18(a)(2)

Dehydrated Soup Mixes Containing Pieces of Ruminant Meat

To regulate dehydrated soup mixes that contain pieces of bovine meat, see **Table 3-12-3**. To regulate dehydrated soup mixes that contain pieces of caprine or ovine meat, see **Table 3-12-4**.

Dehydrated Soup Mixes Containing Pieces of Bovine Meat



Currently Canada is the **only** country designated at minimal risk for BSE.

TABLE 3-12-3 Dehydrated Soup Mixes Containing Pieces of Bovine Meat

If:	And the country or region of export is:	And the meat source is:	And:	Then:
Dehydrated soup mix containing pieces of bovine meat	Affected with BSE or BSE in combination with FMD		-	REFUSE ENTRY
	Minimal risk for BSE ¹	◆ Cattle	Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-1	RELEASE
			Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-1	1. DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD 2. PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification 3. If the importer is unable to obtain the appropriate certification, then REFUSE ENTRY
		◆ Bison ◆ Buffalo	Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-1	RELEASE
		◆ Yak	Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-1	DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification If the importer is unable to obtain the appropriate certification, then REFUSE ENTRY

TABLE 3-12-3 Dehydrated Soup Mixes Containing Pieces of Bovine Meat (continued)

If:	And the country or region of export is:	And the meat source is:	And:	Then:
Dehydrated soup mix containing pieces of	Minimal risk for BSE ¹	◆ Cattle	Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-4	REFER to FSIS
bovine meat			Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-4	 DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification If the importer is unable to obtain the appropriate certification, then REFUSE ENTRY
		◆ Bison◆ Buffalo	Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-4	RELEASE
		◆ Yak	Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-4	DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification If the importer is unable to obtain the appropriate certification, then REFUSE ENTRY
	Affected with FMD only	Cattle	Is accompanied by a meat inspection certificate ²	REFER to FSIS
			Lacks the required meat inspection certificate ²	REFUSE ENTRY
	Affected with FMD only	◆ Bison ◆ Buffalo	Is accompanied by a meat inspection certificate ²	RELEASE
		◆ Yak	Lacks the required meat inspection certificate ²	REFUSE ENTRY
	Free from BSE and FMD	Cattle		REFER to FSIS
		◆ Bison ◆ Buffalo		RELEASE
		◆ Yak		

¹ Currently Canada is the **only** country designated at minimal risk for BSE.

- 2 A meat inspection certificate declaring that:
 - ♦ All meat is free of bones
 - ◆ All meat has been cooked to a minimum internal temperature of 175°F (79.4°C)
 - The meat product has not been associated, in any way, with any BSE affected region listed in 9 CFR 94.18(a)(1) and 94.18(a)(2)

Dehydrated Soup Mixes Containing Pieces of Caprine or Ovine Meat

To regulate dehydrated soup mixes that contain pieces of caprine (goat) or ovine (sheep) meat, use **Table 3-12-4**.

TABLE 3-12-4 Dehydrated Soup Mixes Containing Pieces of Caprine or Ovine Meat

If:	And the country or region of export is:	And:	Then:
Dehydrated soup mix containing pieces of caprine (goat) or ovine	Affected with BSE or BSE in combination with FMD		REFUSE ENTRY
(sheep) meat	Minimal risk for BSE ¹	Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-2	RELEASE
		Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-2	 DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification If the importer is unable to obtain the appropriate certification, PROVIDE with the appropriate options (see Table 2-2-11)
	Affected with FMD only	Is accompanied by the appropriate certification ²	RELEASE
		Lacks certification ²	REFUSE ENTRY
	Free from BSE and FMD	-	RELEASE

- 1 Currently Canada is the **only** country designated at minimal risk for BSE.
- 2 A government of origin certificate declaring that:
 - ♦ All meat is free of bones
 - ♦ All meat was heated to a minimum internal termperature of 175° F (79.4°C), AND
 - ◆ The meat product has not been associated, in any way, with any BSE affected region listed in 9 CFR 94.18(a)(1) and 94.18(a)(2)

Shelf Stable Meat in Hermetically Sealed Cans or Retorted, Flexible Pouches

To process shelf-stable beef in retorted, flexible pouches, the meat is typically first heated in a kettle, then poured or pumped into a flexible pouch. Next, the product undergoes an additional cooking step; a retort (a larger version of the stove-top pressure cooker) cooks the product in the flexible pouch under pressure and allows the temperature to exceed 212° F. During this retort process, the container is sterilized along with the product.

To regulate shelf-stable beef in hermetically sealed cans, see **Table 3-12-5 on page 3-12-11**. To regulate shelf-stable beef in retorted, flexible pouches, see **Table 3-12-6 on page 3-12-13**.

To regulate shelf-stable caprine (goat) and ovine (sheep) meat in cans or retorted, flexible pouches, see Table 3-12-7 on page 3-12-16.

Shelf-Stable Beef in Hermetically Sealed Cans

To determine how to regulate shelf-stable beef in hermetically sealed cans, see **Table 3-12-5**.

TABLE 3-12-5 Shelf-Stable Beef in Hermetically Sealed Cans

If the ruminant meat is:	And the country or region of export is:	And is arriving from:	And:	And:	Then:
Shelf-stable beef in	Affected with BSE only			—	REFUSE ENTRY
hermetically sealed cans	Affected with BSE in combination with FMD			-	REFUSE ENTRY
	Minimal risk for BSE ¹		Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-1		REFER to FSIS
			Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-4		REFER to FSIS
			Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-1 and Annex A-4		REFUSE ENTRY
	Affected with FMD only	Brazil	Is accompanied by a meat	Is appropriately certified ²	REFER to FSIS
			inspection certificate	Lacks certification ²	REFUSE ENTRY
			Lacks a meat inspection certificate	-	REFUSE ENTRY
		Other than Brazil		—	REFER to FSIS
	Free from both BSE and FMD			-	REFER to FSIS

- 1 Currently Canada is the **only** country designated at minimal risk for BSE.
- 2 A government certificate from Brazil declaring the ruminant products being exported are obtained from one of the three options below:
 - Animals that were born and raised in Brazil and were: (a) born after July 3, 1996 when the ruminant-to-ruminant feed ban was
 decreed and (b) exclusively grass fed and not fed any animal proteins
 - Animals that were born outside Brazil in countries not considered by USDA to be affected with bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) or having a significant risk of BSE according to 9CFR §94.18 and were slaughtered in Brazil
 OR
 - Animals that were born, raised, and slaughtered outside of Brazil in countries not considered by USDA to be affected with bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) or having a significant risk of BSE according to 9CFR §94.18

Shelf-stable Beef in Retorted, Flexible Pouches
To determine how to regulated shelf-stable beef in retorted, flexible pouches, see Table 3-12-6.

TABLE 3-12-6 Shelf-Stable Beef in Retorted, Flexible Pouches

If the ruminant meat is:	And the country or region of export is:	And is arriving from:	And:	And:	Then:
Shelf-stable beef in retorted, flexible	Affected with BSE or BSE in combination with FMD			•	REFUSE ENTRY
pouches	Minimal risk for BSE ¹		Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-1		REFER to FSIS
			Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-1		1. DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD 2. PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification 3. If unable to obtain the appropriate certification, then PROVIDE the importer with the appropriate options (see Table 2-2-11)
			Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-4		RELEASE
			Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-4		1. DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD 2. PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification 3. If unable to obtain the appropriate certification, then PROVIDE the importer with the appropriate options (see Table 2-2-11)

TABLE 3-12-6 Shelf-Stable Beef in Retorted, Flexible Pouches (continued)

If the ruminant meat is:	And the country or region of export is:	And is arriving from:	And:	And:	Then:
Shelf-stable beef in retorted,	Affected with FMD only	Brazil	Is accompanied by a meat inspection certificate	Is appropriately certified ²	REFER to FSIS
flexible pouches				Lacks certification ²	REFUSE ENTRY
			Lacks a meat inspection certificate		REFUSE ENTRY
		Other than Brazil	Is accompanied by a meat inspection	Is appropriately certified ³	REFER to FSIS
			certificate	Lacks certification ³	REFUSE ENTRY
			Lacks a meat inspection certificate		REFUSE ENTRY
	Free from BSE and FMD				REFER to FSIS

- 1 Currently Canada is the **only** country designated at minimal risk for BSE.
- 2 A government certificate from Brazil declaring:
 - ◆ All bones have been completely removed in the region of origin
 - This product was hermetically sealed and then cooked via a true retort process to insure a commercially sterile, shelf-stable product
 - ◆ The ruminant products being exported are obtained from:
 - (1) Animals that were born and raised in Brazil and were: (a) born after July 3, 1996 when the ruminant-to-ruminant feed ban was decreed and (b) exclusively grass fed and **not** fed any animal proteins
 - (2) Animals that were born outside Brazil in countries **not** considered by USDA to be affected with bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) or having a significant risk of BSE according to 9CFR §94.18 and were slaughtered in Brazil
 - (3) Animals that were born, raised, and slaughtered outside of Brazil in countries **not** considered by USDA to be affected with bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) or having a significant risk of BSE according to 9CFR §94.18
- 3 A government certificate declaring:
 - ◆ All bones have been completely removed in the region of origin
 - This product was hermetically sealed and then cooked via a true retort process to insure a commercially sterile, shelf-stable product

Shelf-Stable Caprine and Ovine Meat in Hermetically Sealed Cans or Retorted, Flexible Pouches

To determine how to regulate shelf-stable ovine (sheep) and caprine (goat) meat in hermetically sealed cans or retorted, flexible pouches, see **Table 3-12-7**.

TABLE 3-12-7 Shelf-Stable Caprine and Ovine Meat in Hermetically Sealed Cans or Retorted, Flexible Pouches

If the ruminant meat is:	And the country or region of export is:	And is arriving from:	And:	And:	Then:
Shelf-stable caprine	Affected with BSE only			•	REFUSE ENTRY
(goat) or ovine (sheep) meat in hermetically	Affected with BSE in combination with FMD			-	REFUSE ENTRY
sealed cans or retorted,	Minimal risk for BSE ¹			Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-2	REFER to FSIS
flexible pouches				Lacks the CFIA Annex A-2	1. DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD
			-		PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification
					If the importer is unable to obtain the appropriate certification, then REFUSE ENTRY
	Affected with FMD only	Brazil	Is in hermetically-sealed cans		REFER to FSIS
			Is in flexible, retorted pouches	Is accompanied by a meat inspection certificate ²	REFER to FSIS
				Lacks the meat inspection certificate ²	REFUSE ENTRY
		Other than Brazil	Is in hermetically-sealed cans		REFER to FSIS
			Is in flexible, retorted packages	Is accompanied by a meat inspection certificate ³	REFER to FSIS
				Lacks the meat inspection certificate ³	REFUSE ENTRY
	Free of BSE and FMD			-	REFER to FSIS

¹ Currently Canada is the **only** country designated at minimal risk for BSE.

- 2 A government certificate from Brazil that states the following:
 - All bones have been completely removed in the country of origin; or all bones have been completely removed in Brazil (one statement or the other, but not both)
 - This product was hermetically sealed and then cooked via a true retort process to ensure a commercially sterile, shelf-stable product
 - The ruminant products being imported into the United States were obtained from one of the three options below (one statement only):
 - * Animals that were born and raised in Brazil and were (a) born after July 3, 1996 when the ruminant-to-ruminant feed ban was decreed; and (b) exclusively grass fed and **not** feed any animal proteins
 - Or
 - * Animals that were born outside Brazil in countries **not** considered by USDA to be affected with bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) or having a significant risk of BSE according to 9CFR§94.18 and were slaughtered in Brazil
 - *Animals that were born, raised, and slaughtered outside of Brazil in countries not considered by USDA to be affected with bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) or having a significant risk of BSE according to 9CFR§94.18
- 3 A government certificate declaring:
 - ◆ All bones have been completely removed in the country of origin
 - ♦ This product was hermetically sealed and then cooked via a true retort process to ensure a commercially sterile, shelf-stable product

Suet or Products Containing Suet

Suet is derived from cattle and sheep (ovine) **only**. Products which have suet as an ingredient include various puddings (Christmas, holiday, plum, or Yorkshire puddings), and fruit duff.

If suet or product containing suet is derived from bovine cattle, then see **Table 3-12-8**. If suet or products containing suet are derived from ovine (sheep), then see **Table 3-12-9 on page 3-12-19**.

Suet or Products Containing Suet Derived from Bovine Cattle

TABLE 3-12-8 Suet or Products Containing Suet Derived from Bovine Cattle

If the suet or product is from:	And the country or region of export is:	And the level of risk for BSE is:	And the importation:	Then:
Bovine cattle	◆ Affected with BSE	Unassigned		REFUSE ENTRY
	◆ Affected with BSE in	Minimal risk for	Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-1	REFER to FSIS
	combination	BSE ¹	Lacks the required	1. DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD
	with FMD		CFIA Annex A-1	PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification
				3. If the importer is unable to obtain the appropriate certification, PROVIDE the importer with the appropriate options (see Table 2-2-11)
	Affected with FMD only		Is accompanied by a VS Import Permit	RELEASE or CONTROL as specified on the permit and REFER to FSIS
			Lacks the required VS permit	REFUSE ENTRY
	Free from both BSE and FMD		-	REFER to FSIS

¹ Currently Canada is the **only** country considered at minimal risk for BSE.

Suet or Products Containing Suet Derived from Ovine (Sheep) Ruminant

TABLE 3-12-9 Suet or Products Containing Suet Derived from Ovine (Sheep) Ruminant

If the suet or product is from:	And the country or region of export is:	And the level of risk for BSE is:	And the importation:	Then:
Ovine (sheep)	◆ Affected with BSE	Unassigned		REFUSE ENTRY
	◆ Affected with BSE in	Minimal risk for BSE ¹	Is accompanied CFIA Annex A-2	REFER to FSIS
	combination with FMD		Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-2	 DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification
				3. If the importer is unable to obtain the appropriate certification, PROVIDE the importer with the appropriate options (see Table 2-2-11)
	Affected with FMD only		Is accompanied by a VS Import Permit	RELEASE or CONTROL as specified on the permit and REFER to FSIS
			Lacks the required VS permit	REFUSE ENTRY
	Free from both BSE and FMD		-	REFER to FSIS

¹ Currently Canada is the **only** country designated at minimal risk for BSE.

Cooked Meat of Ruminants

Cooked, shelf-stable meat in a hermetically sealed can from a country affected with BSE is **prohibited**. To determine the action to take on cooked meat of ruminants, see **Table 3-12-10**.

TABLE 3-12-10 Cooked Meat of Ruminants

If:	And the country or region of export is:	And the country is known to be:	Then:
Cooked meat of ruminants	Affected with BSE	-	REFUSE ENTRY
	Minimal risk for BSE ¹		GO to Table 3-12-11
	Free from BSE	Affected with FMD only	GO to Table 3-12-14
		Free from FMD	REFER to FSIS
		Free from FMD with S/R	GO to Table 3-12-12

¹ Currently Canada is the **only** country designated at minimal risk for BSE.

Cooked Meat of Ruminants from a Country Considered to Be at Minimal Risk for BSE

To regulate cooked meat of ruminants from a country considered to be at minimal risk for BSE, see **Table 3-12-11**. Currently Canada is the **only** country designated at minimal risk for BSE.

TABLE 3-12-11 Cooked Meat of Ruminants from a Country at Minimal Risk for BSE

If:	And the country or region of export is:	And is:	And is:	And:	Then:
Cooked meat of ruminants	Minimal risk for BSE ¹	Cooked bovine		Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-1	RELEASE
		meat	◆ Yak	Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-1	REFUSE ENTRY
			◆ Cattle	Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-1	REFER to FSIS
				Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-1	REFUSE ENTRY
		Cooked camelid meat	◆ Alpaca		RELEASE; unrestricted
			◆ Camel	>	
			◆ Llama		
		Cooked caprine meat	Goat	Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-2	REFER to FSIS
				Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-2	REFUSE ENTRY
		Cooked cervid meat	Caribou, deer, elk, moose, reindeer	-	RELEASE; unrestricted
		Cooked ovine meat	Sheep	Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-2	REFER to FSIS
				Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-2	REFUSE ENTRY

¹ Currently Canada is the **only** country designated at minimal risk for BSE.

Cooked Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE and FMD, but FMD/SR

Review the accompanying documents to verify that a meat inspection certificate is present with the statements cited in 9CFR 94.11(c)(1)-(4) which are summarized as follows:

- ♦ The slaughtering establishment is **not** permitted to receive animals that originated in, or have ever been in, or that have been aboard a means of conveyance at the time such means of conveyance called at or landed at a port in a region listed in §94.1(a) as a region affected with rinderpest or foot-and-mouth disease
- ◆ The slaughtering establishment is **not** permitted to receive meat or other animal products derived from ruminants or swine which originated in such a FMD affected region, or meat or other animal products from a FMD free region transported through a FMD affected region except in a container sealed with serially-numbered seals of the national government of the non-affected region of origin
- ◆ The meat or other animal product covered by the certificate was derived from animals born and raised in a region listed in §94.1(a)(2) as free of FMD and the meat or other animal product has **never** been in any region in which FMD existed
- ◆ The meat or other animal product has been processed, stored, and transported to the means of conveyance that will bring the article to the United States in a manner to preclude its being commingled or otherwise in contact with meat or other animal products that **do not** comply with the conditions in the certificate

Continue to Table 3-12-12

TABLE 3-12-12 Cooked Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE and FMD, but FMD/SR

If:	And the country or region of export is:	And the importation is:	And the certificate:	Then:
Cooked meat of ruminants	Free from BSE and FMD, but FMD/SR	Is accompanied by a meat inspection certificate	Has the required certification [9CFR 94.11(c)(1)-(4)]	REFER to FSIS
			Lacks the required certification	REFUSE ENTRY
		Not accompanied by a meat inspection certificate	-	

Cooked Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Affected with Only FMD

The following determinations are for boneless, cooked, frozen meat.

Step 1: Insure Movement to APHIS Approved Defrost Facility Insure movement of meat to an approved defrost facility as follows:

- ◆ Port of arrival must be equipped with APHIS approved rapid defrost facilities; see Figure 3-12-1 on page 3-12-24 for a list of ports equipped with rapid defrost facilities which are approved by APHIS
- ◆ Meat **must** be consigned to one of the defrost facilities listed for the port of arrival (where off-loaded from the carrier)
- ◆ Meat cannot be transported over land from one port to another; see if the port of arrival and defrost facilities are listed in Figure 3-12-1



Not all FSIS approved facilities are APHIS approved rapid defrost facilities.

Continue on to Table 3-12-13 on page 3-12-29

List of APHIS-FSIS Approved Rapid Defrost Facilities and FSIS Approved Pink Juice Test Facilities

Some (but **not** all) of the APHIS-FSIS approved rapid defrost facilities are also FSIS approved pink juice test facilities. The facilities which are approved to conduct the pink juice test are identified in **Figure 3-12-1**.

State/ Territory	Establishment Number	APHIS-FSIS Approved Rapid Defrost Facilities	FSIS-Approved Pink Juice Test Facility	Plant Phone Number	USDA Phone and FAX Numbers
California	I-24	Anchor Distribution Services 2950 Merced Street San Leandro, CA 94577	NO	510-483-9120	510-483-9120
California	I-415	Dean's Refrigerated Trucking Inc. 1600 Donner Avenue San Francisco, CA 94124	YES	415-822-4111	415-822-0859 FAX 415-822-7516
California	I-114	Konoike/Pacific (CA), Inc. 1420 Coil Avenue Wilmington, CA 90744	YES	310-518-1000 xt 146	310-518-1000 xt 147 FAX 310-518-8865

FIGURE 3-12-1 List of Approved Rapid Defrost Facilities

State/ Territory			FSIS-Approved Pink Juice Test Facility	Plant Phone Number	USDA Phone and FAX Numbers	
California	l107	8336 S. Garfield Avenue FAX		562-927-5570 FAX 562-927-5410	562-927-5570	
California	I-171	Murphy International Corp. 301 S. Neptune Avenue Wilmington, CA 90744		562-436-1227	310-549-9165	
California	I-7	P&O Logistics 19840 Rancho Way Domingues Hills, CA 90221	YES	310-632-6265	310-900-7089 FAX 310-900-705	
California	I-16	P&O Logistics 1610 Sepulveda Blvd. Carson, CA 90745	1610 Sepulveda Blvd.		310-632-6265 xt 3808 FAX 310-549-7238	
California	I-255	Pacific Transload Systems 737 Bay Street Oakland, CA 94607	737 Bay Street		510-893-3095 FAX 510-893-8351	
California	I-67	Pilot Trading Company, Inc. 3050 E. 11th Street Los Angeles, CA 90023	Street		n/a	
California	I-517	Preferred Freezer Services 900 East M Street Wilmington, CA 90744			310-518-1800 FAX 310-518-1870	
California	I-86	U.S. Cold Storage of CA 1400 N. MacArthur Drive Tracy, CA 95376	NO	209-835-2653	n/a	
California	I-72	U.S. Cold Storage of CA 225 Market Street Oakland, CA 94607	NO	510-832-1846	510-832-1846	
California	I-66	U.S. Cold Storage of CA 33400 Dowe Avenue Union City, CA 94587	NO	510-489-2244	510-489-2244	
Delaware	I-102	Cold Chain Distribution One Hauser Road Wilmington, DE 19081	NO	302-472-5631	302-472-5626	
Delaware	I-333	Delaware Freezers 1089 Elkton Road Newark, DE 19711	ezers YES 302 Road FAX		302-738-7650	
Florida	I-75	Beaver Street Fisheries, Inc. 1741 West Beaver Street Jacksonville, FL 32209	NO	904-354-5661	904-354-5661	
Florida	I-122	Caribbean Cold Storage, Inc. 1505 Dennis Street Jacksonville, FL 33203	YES	904-358-0027	904-358-3559 FAX 904-358-9688	

FIGURE 3-12-1 List of Approved Rapid Defrost Facilities (continued)

State/ Territory	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		FSIS-Approved Pink Juice Test Facility	Plant Phone Number	USDA Phone and FAX Numbers
Florida	I-258	Industrial Cold Storage (IBS) 2625 W. 5th Street Jacksonville, FL 32254	YES	904-786-8038	904-486-6058 FAX 904-695-2838
Florida	I-277	Jacob Fleishman Cold Storage YES 30 1177 NW 81st Street Miami, FL 33150		305-696-2351	305-696-2351 FAX 305-696-5801
Florida	I-339	Jax Port Refrigerated Services 2701 Talleyrand Avenue Jacksonville, FL 32206	YES	904-486-6065	904-486-6078 FAX 904-486-6039
Florida	I-513	Preferred Freezer Services of Medley 13700 NW 115th Avenue Medley, FL 33176	Medley 13700 NW 115th Avenue		305-885-7077 FAX 305-885-9993
Florida	I-155	South Atlantic Cold Storage 2421 Dennis Street Jacksonville, FL 33204	Atlantic Cold Storage NO 904-353-4119 Dennis Street		904-353-4119
Florida	I-528	United States Cold Storage 11801 NW 102nd Road Medley, FL 33179	O2nd Road O		305-691-5391 FAX 786-294-5677
Florida	I-306	U.S. Cold Storage 6983 NW 37th Avenue Miami, FL 33147	h Avenue		301-691-5391 FAX 305-836-9159
Georgia	I-436	Savannah Portside Refrigeration 307 N. GA 25 Garden City, GA 31408	YES	912-965-0747	912-965-0747 FAX 912-965-0765
Idaho	I-103	Northland Woods Inspection Depot County Road 30A-1 Bonners Ferry, ID 83805	\-1		208-267-7023
Louisiana	I-435	Int'l Refrigerated Facilities, Inc. 700 Edwards Avenue Harahan, LA 70123-4210	NO 504-733-7030		n/a
Louisiana	I-318	New Orleans Cold Storage 3401 Alvar Street New Orleans, LA 70126			504-895-4826 xt 107 FAX 504-947-3711
Louisiana	I-32	New Orleans Inspection Service, Inc. Nashville Avenue Wharf New Orleans, LA 70806	YES	225-929-6400	225-929-6400 FAX 225-929-6474

FIGURE 3-12-1 List of Approved Rapid Defrost Facilities (continued)

State/ Establishment APHIS-FSIS Approved Rapid Defrost Facilities		FSIS-Approved Pink Juice Test Facility	Plant Phone Number	USDA Phone and FAX Numbers	
Louisiana	I-148	Southern Cold Storage Company 7150 S. Choctaw Drive Baton Rouge, LA 70807	YES	225-929-6400 FAX 225-929-6474	225-929-6400
Maine	I-126	Theriault's Abattoir, Inc. Route 1A Hamline, ME 04785	Route 1A		n/a
Maryland	I-158	Merchants Terminal 7950 Oceano Avenue Jessup, MD 20794	NO	410-342-9300	n/a
Michigan	I-90	Arctic Cold Storage & Warehouse 4360 S. Haggerty Road Canton, MI 48188	NO	313-397-9880	319-879-8800
Michigan	I-265	Freezer Services of Michigan 8350 St. Aubin PO Box 12070 Hamtramck, MI 48212	reezer Services of Michigan 3350 St. Aubin 20 Box 12070		313-871-5142
Montana	I-47	A.N. Deringer, Inc. First and Griffith Avenue Sweetgrass, MT 59484	First and Griffith Avenue		406-335-2345
New Jersey (North)	I-178	Port Newark Refrigerated YES Warehouse 125 Tyler Street Port Newark, NJ 07114		973-589-4545 FAX 973-589-3915	n/a
New Jersey (South)	I-191	Camden Port Services, Inc. 430 N. Main Street Woodstown, NJ 08098	YES	856-769-4141 FAX 856-769-1066	856-769-2024
New Jersey	I-196	Gloucester Terminal 701 North Broadway Gloucester City, NJ 08030	YES	856-742-3142 FAX 856-742-3176	856-742-3119
New Jersey (South)	I-182	Mullica Hill Cold Storage 554 Franklinville Road Mullica Hill, NJ 08062	NO	856-478-6300	n/a
New Jersey (South)	I-180	Timberline Cold Storage 55 Commerce Avenue Pitman, NJ 08071	NO	856-589-3130	856-589-3130
New York	I-271	A.N. Deringer, Inc. 178 W. Service Road Champlain, NY 12919	NO	518-298-8281	518-298-3012
New York	I-117	A.N. Deringer, Inc. 4525 Witmer Industrial Estate Town of Niagara, NY 14306	NO	716-297-7266	716-297-3659
New York	I-422	Piatowski's Riteway Meats, Inc. 7968 Ridge Road Gasport, NY 14067	NO	716-772-2950	716-772-2950

FIGURE 3-12-1 List of Approved Rapid Defrost Facilities (continued)

State/ Territory			FSIS-Approved Pink Juice Test Facility	Plant Phone Number	USDA Phone and FAX Numbers	
Oregon	I-36	Morasch's 4050 NE 158th Portland, OR 97230	NO	502-257-9821	n/a	
Pennsylvania	I-183	B. Barks & Sons, Inc. 9400 Blue Grass Road, Rear Box 16059 Philadelphia, PA 19114		609-783-3200	n/a	
Pennsylvania	I-13	Delaware Avenue Enterprises 3301 S. Columbus Avenue Philadelphia, PA 19148	YES	215-551-2737 FAX 215-551-2738	215-551-2772	
Pennsylvania	I-92	Manfredi's Cold Storage, Inc. 290 Chambers Road Kennett Square, PA 19348	YES	610-444-5832 FAX 610-444-3390	610-444-5832 xt 118	
Puerto Rico	I-165	Long Beach Corp. CARR 869 KM 14.1 Cantano, PR 00962	NO	787-588-5512	n/a	
Texas	I-14	C.E.G.F. (USA), Inc. 16110 E. Hardy Road Houston, TX 77032	F. (USA), Inc. D.E. Hardy Road		n/a	
Texas	I-2	Houston Central Industries, Inc. 800 Middle Street Houston, TX 77003	reet		n/a	
Texas	I-5	Houston Central Industries, Inc. 7080 Express Lane Houston, TX 77078-4520	NO	713-225-2081	n/a	
Texas	I-19	Jacintoport Int'l LP 16398 Jacintoport Blvd. Houston, TX 77015-6537	NO	713-673-7000	n/a	
Texas	I-15	NOCS Inspection Services, Inc. 9223 Highway 225 LaPorte, TX 77571	NO	291-930-8002	291-930-8002	
Texas	I-20	P&O Logistics 502 North Broadway LaPorte, TX 77571	YES	281-471-0072 FAX 471-7980	281-867-2605	
Texas	I-37	Preferred Freezers Houston Port 10060 Porter Road La Porte, TX 77571	YES	281-867-4500	281-867-4500 FAX 281-867-4501	
Virginia	I-150	International Ref'd Port Service 8791 Hampton Blvd. Norfolk, VA 23505	NO	757-451-3211	757-451-3211	
Washington	I-162	Acme Food Sales 6276 Ellis Avenue, South PO Box 80525 Seattle, WA 98108	NO	206-762-5150	206-762-3074	

FIGURE 3-12-1 List of Approved Rapid Defrost Facilities (continued)

State/ Territory	Establishment Number	APHIS-FSIS Approved Rapid Defrost Facilities	FSIS-Approved Pink Juice Test Facility	Plant Phone Number	USDA Phone and FAX Numbers
Washington	I-121	Schnitzer Investment Corp. 2302 Milwaukee Way Tacoma, WA 98421	NO	206-833-7233	206-272-0900
Washington	I-428	Seafreeze LTD Partnership 206 SW Michigan Street Seattle, WA 98106	YES	206-767-7350	206-767-7350 FAX 206-763-6751
Washington	I-207	TC Trading Co., Inc. 1750 Grant Avenue Blaine, WA 98230	YES	360-332-5656	360-332-5656 FAX 360-332-5657

FIGURE 3-12-1 List of Approved Rapid Defrost Facilities (continued)

Step 2: Verify the Port of Arrival Is Equipped With Approved Defrost Facilities



Importations of cooked, frozen beef (including sample importations) aboard a vessel or aircraft may transit a U.S. port for offloading and inspection at another U.S. port (which becomes the port of arrival) **only** if the importation remains aboard the vessel or aircraft at the first U.S. port.

TABLE 3-12-13 Verify That the Port of Arrival Is Equipped With Approved Defrost Facilities

If the port of arrival:	Then:
Is listed in Figure 3-12-1 as equipped with APHIS approved rapid defrost facilities	CONTINUE in this section
Is not listed in Figure 3-12-1	DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD CONTACT PPQ-VRS-AQI or PPQ-VRS-HQ personnel for further action (see <i>Appendix H</i>)

Step 3: Determine if Meat Is from a Foreign Establishment Approved for Cooked Beef To determine if the importation is from a foreign establishment approved for cooked beef, see Figure 3-12-2. Then continue to Table 3-12-14 on page 3-12-31.

List of Foreign Establishments APHIS Approved for Perishable Cooked Beef

Country	Establishment Number	Establishment Name and Location
Argentina	13	JBS Argentina S.A., Rosario, Santa Fe
	18	Quickfood S.A., Martinez, Buenos Aries
	1311	Friar, S.A., Santa Fe City, Santa Fe
	1352	Frigorifico Lafayette S.A., Alejandro Korn, Buenos Aires
	1373	JBS Argentina S.A., Venado Tuerto, Santa Fe
	1399	Rafaela Alimentos, S.A. I.C., Casilda, Santa Fe
	1920	Frigorifico Rioplatense, Avda de los Constituyentes 2801, General
	1921	Sadowa, S.A., mar del Plata, Buenos Aires
	2062	Finexcor S.R.L., Bernal Oeste, Buenos Aires
Brazil	SIF 13 ¹	Ferreira International LTDA, Av. Zoello Sola, 1100, Tres Rios, RJ
	SIF 337	Bertin LTDA, Via De Acesso Lins, Lins, Sao Paola
	SIF 385	JBS Grupo, Bairro Sao Francisco sn Andradina, Sao Paola
	SIF 458	JBS Grupo, Av. Domingos F. de Medeiros sn. Presidente Epitacio, Sao Paola
	SIF 2543	Marfrig Frigorificos E Comercio de Alimentos LTDA, Promissao, Sao Paola
	SIF 2979	JBS Grupo, (Arapuntanga) Av. Hamilton Simioni s/n, Araputanga, MT
Uruguay	22	Establecimientos Colonia S.A., Ruta 22, Tarariras, Colonia ³
	8	Frigorifico Canelones S.A., Calle Pando, Canelones
	12	Frigorifico Tacuarembo S.A., Tacuarembo
	30	Establecimientos Colonia S.A., Fray Bentos

FIGURE 3-12-2 List of Foreign Establishments APHIS Approved for Perishable Cooked Beef

3-12-30 Animal Product Manual 12/2008-153 PPQ, VRS

¹ Number changed; formerly SIF 736.

² Meat cooked in Establishment #2 is shipped from Establishment #8. Continue on to **Table 3-12-3**. The foreign establishment should be identified in the additional certification on the meat inspection certificate stated in **Table 3-12-14**.

Cooked Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Affected With FMD Only

TABLE 3-12-14 Cooked Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Affected With FMD Only

If:	And the country or region of export is:	And:	And is:	And the certificate:	And is:	Then:
Cooked meat of ruminants	Affected with FMD only	Is accompanied by a meat inspection certificate	Identified as an IQF product (cooked in plastic tubes)		-	GO to Table 3-12-15
			Not identified as an IQF product	Has the required certification 9CFR 94.4(b)(1)-(2) and the additional certification ¹	From a foreign establishment approved for cooked beef	1. COMPLETE a USDA-PPQ-FSIS Notification for Perishable Cooked Ruminant or Cooked Swine Meat from Restricted Countries² Sheet 2. AUTHORIZE movement to the defrost facility³ at the port where the meat is off-loaded (never authorize shipment of the meat to a defrost facility at another port) 3. DO NOT complete VS Form 16-78 since the product is not moving to another port
					Not from an approved foreign establishment approved for cooked beef	REFUSE ENTRY
		Lacks the required certification				

- 1 A government of origin certificate that declares the following:
 - ◆ All bones have been completely removed in the country of origin
 - ◆ The meat has been thoroughly cooked in the country of origin

And the certificate **must** additionally state the following:

- The beef covered by this certificate was thoroughly cooked throughout [name and establishment number of approved plant] under the conditions approved by the meat inspection service of [country of origin] to prevent contact with uncooked products
- 2 Send this FSIS Notification Sheet by courier to the FSIS defrost facility. Attach a copy of the notification sheet to the import documents and keep the documents on file for 5 years from the date of arrival of the shipment.
- 3 If the facility is **not** located within the port boundaries, then ensure that the container is sealed prior to movement. **Do not** complete Form 16-78.

Cooked Meat of Ruminants Identified as an IQF Product from a Country Known to Be Affected Only With FMD

To regulate cooked meat of ruminants identified as an IQF product (cooked in a plastic tube) from a country known to be affected with FMD only, see **Table 3-12-15**.

Action to Take Based on Results of the Pink Juice Test

TABLE 3-12-15 Cooked Meat of Ruminants Identified as an IQF Product from a Country Known to Be Affected Only With FMD

If:	And the country or region of export is:	And the product:	And is:	Then:
Cooked meat of ruminants identified as an IQF product	Affected with FMD only	Has the required certification 9CFR 94.4(b) and the additional certification ¹	From a foreign establishment approved for cooked beef	COMPLETE a USDA-PPQ-FSIS Notification for Perishable Cooked Ruminant or Cooked Swine Meat from Restricted Countries ² Sheet AUTHORIZE movement to the defrost facility ³ at the port where the meat is off-loaded (never authorize shipment of the meat to a defrost facility at another port) Do NOT complete VS Form 16-78 since the product is not moving to another port
			Not from an approved foreign establishment approved for cooked beef	REFUSE ENTRY
		Lacks the required certification	-	

¹ A government of origin certificate that declares the following:

This cooked meat produced for export to the United States meets the requirements of Title 9, Code of Federal Regulations, Sec. 94 4(h)

No more than two tubes were randomly selected per batch per cooker for cutting an indicator piece or obtaining a piece containing a TID. The indicator piece or piece containing a TID represents a shipment of [describe form of processed product, e.g., diced cubes of a particular size]. A piece containing a TID or a piece 3.8 cm (1.5 in) or larger in each dimension was cut from the cold spot of the tube, and was sealed and marked with the following cooking date, cooker, and batch: [cooking date] and the following date of selection of the tube [date the tube was selected]. The total number of indicator pieces or pieces containing TID's enclosed in a sealed box is [number]

- 2 Send this FSIS Notification Sheet by courier to the FSIS defrost facility. Attach a copy of the notification sheet to the import documents and keep the documents on file for 5 years from the date of arrival of the shipment.
- 3 If the facility is **not** located within the port boundaries, then ensure that the container is sealed prior to movement. **Do not** complete Form 16-78.

Use **Table 3-12-16** to determine the action to take based on the results of the pink juice test.

TABLE 3-12-16 Regulatory Action to Take Based on Pink Juice Test Results

If FSIS notifies you that the product:	Then:	
Contains pink juices	REFUSE ENTRY	
Does not contain any pink juices	RELEASE	

Cured and Dried Meat of Ruminants

TABLE 3-12-17 Cured and Dried Meat of Ruminants

If:	And the country or region of export is:	And the country of origin is known to be:	And:	Then:
Cured and dried meat of ruminants ¹	Affected with BSE only	-		GO to Table 3-12-18
	Minimal risk for BSE ²	Minimal risk for BSE		GO to Table 3-12-18
	Free from BSE	Affected with BSE		REFUSE ENTRY
		Free from BSE	Is affected with FMD (regardless of level of risk)	GO to Table 3-12-20
			FMD/SR	GO to Table 3-12-19
			Free from FMD and has no special requirements	REFER to FSIS

¹ Cooking may be part of the processing for cured and dried meat of ruminants; however, no pink juice test is required for cured and dried meat of ruminants.

² Currently Canada is the **only** country designated at minimal risk for BSE.

Cured and Dried Meat of Ruminants Arriving from a Country Known to Be Affected with BSE or at Minimal Risk for BSE To determine how to regulate cured and dried meat¹ of ruminants from a country known to be affected with BSE or at minimal risk for BSE, see Table 3-12-18.

TABLE 3-12-18 Cured and Dried Meat of Ruminants Arriving from a Country Known to Be Affected with BSE or at Minimal Risk for BSE

If:	And the country or region of export is:	And the ruminant meat is:	And:	Then:
Cured and dried meat of	Affected with BSE ¹	-		REFUSE ENTRY
ruminants arriving from a country known to be affected with or at minimal risk for BSE	Minimal risk for BSE ²	◆ Cattle	Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-1	REFER to FSIS
			Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-1	DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification If the importer is unable to obtain the appropriate certification, then PROVIDE the importer with the appropriate options (see Table 2-2-11)
		◆ Buffalo◆ Bison◆ Yak	Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-1	RELEASE
			Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-1	DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification If the importer is unable to obtain the appropriate certification, then PROVIDE the importer with the appropriate options (see Table 2-2-11)
		◆ Caprine (goats)	Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-2	REFER to FSIS
		◆ Ovine (sheep)	Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-2	DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification If the importer is unable to obtain the appropriate certification, PROVIDE the importer with the appropriate options (see Table 2-2-11)
		Camelid		RELEASE; unrestricted
		Cervid (caribou, deer, elk, moose, reindeer)		RELEASE; unrestricted

¹ For example, bresaola from Italy or bunderfleisch from Switzerland.

- 1 No processing is allowed in BSE-affected countries.
- 2 Currently Canada is the only country designated at minimal risk for BSE.

Cured and Dried Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE and FMD, but FMD/SR

The requirements cited in 9CFR 94.4(a)(1)-(4) were established for processed meat from a country of origin known to be affected with FMD. However, cured and dried meat from a country of origin known to be free from FMD/SR may be certified as being processed according to these requirements and would be allowed entry. For details of the requirements cited in 9CFR 94.4(a)(1)-(4), go to *Cured and Dried Meat of Ruminants from a Country of Origin Known to Be Affected With Only FMD* on page 3-12-38.

Otherwise, review the accompanying documents to verify that a meat inspection certificate is present with the statements cited in 9CFR 94.11(c)(1)-(4) which are summarized as follows:

- ◆ The slaughtering establishment is **not** permitted to receive animals that originated in, or have ever been in, or have been aboard a means of conveyance at the time such means of conveyance called at or landed at a port in, a region listed in §94.1(a) as a region affected with rinderpest or FMD
- ◆ The slaughtering establishment is **not** permitted to receive meat or other animal products derived from ruminants or swine which originated in such a FMD affected region, or meat or other animal products from a FMD free region transported through a FMD affected region except in a container sealed with serially-numbered seals of the national government of the non-affected region of origin
- ◆ The meat or other animal product covered by the certificate was derived from animals born and raised in a region listed in §94.1(a)(2) as free of FMD and the meat or other animal product has **never** been in any region in which FMD existed
- ◆ The meat or other animal product has been processed, stored, and transported to the means of conveyance that will bring the article to the United States in a manner to preclude its being commingled or otherwise in contact with meat or other animal products that **do not** comply with the conditions in the certificate

Continue on to Table 3-12-19.

TABLE 3-12-19 Cured and Dried Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE and FMD, but FMD/SR

lf:	And the country or region of export is:	If the importation is:	And the certificate:	Then:
Cured and dried meat of ruminants	Free from BSE and FMD	Is accompanied by a meat inspection certificate	Has the required certification 9CFR 94.11(c)(1)-(4)	REFER to FSIS
			Lacks the required certification	REFUSE ENTRY
		Not accompanied by a meat inspection certificate		

Cured and Dried Meat of Ruminants from a Country of Origin Known to Be Affected With Only FMD

Determine if a foreign meat inspection certificate is present for cured and dried meat of ruminants from a country of origin known to be affected with **only** FMD. This certificate **must** accompany the importation and **must** have been issued by an authorized official of the national government of the country of origin as cited in 9CFR 94.4(a)(4).

The certificate **must** state that the meat has been processed according to the conditions cited in 9CFR 94.4(a)(1)-(3) which are summarized below.

- ◆ All bones were completely removed in the country of origin
- ◆ The meat was held in an unfrozen, fresh condition for at least 3 days immediately following the slaughter of the animals from which it was derived
- ◆ The meat was thoroughly cured and fully dried to the extent that the product is shelf stable **without** refrigeration
- ◆ The meat was dried to the extent that the water-to-protein ratio in the wet-test portion of the product **does not** exceed 2.25 to 1

Continue to Table 3-12-20.

TABLE 3-12-20 Cured and Dried Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Affected with Only FMD

lf:	And the country or region of export is:	And the importation is:	And the certificate:	Then:
red and ed meat of	Affected with FMD only	Accompanied by a meat inspection certificate	Has the required certification ¹	REFER to FSIS
inants			Lacks the required certification	REFUSE ENTRY
		Not accompanied by a meat inspection certificate		

¹ A foreign meat inspection certificate issued by an authorized official of the national government of the country of origin as cited in 9CFR 94.4(a)(4). The certificate **must** state that the meat has been processed according to the conditions cited in 9CFR 94.4(a)(1)-(3) which are summarized below:

- ◆ All bones were completely removed in the country of origin
- ♦ The meat was held in an unfrozen, fresh condition for at least 3 days immediately following the slaughter of the animals from which it was derived
- The meat was thoroughly cured and fully dried to the extent that the product is shelf stable without refrigeration
- ◆ The meat was dried to the extent that the water-to-protein ratio in the wet-test portion of the product does not exceed 2.25 to 1

Fresh (Chilled or Frozen) Meat of Ruminants

TABLE 3-12-21 Fresh (Chilled or Frozen) Meat of Ruminants

lf:	And the country or region of export is:	And:	And the country of origin is:	And the meat is:	And:	Then:
Fresh (chilled or frozen)	Affected with BSE		Japan	Whole cuts of boneless beef from	Is accompanied by the required certification ^{1,2}	REFER to FSIS
meat of ruminants				cattle	Lacks certification ^{1,2}	REFUSE ENTRY
				Other than whole cuts of boneless beef from cattle	-	REFUSE ENTRY
			Other than Japan		•	REFUSE ENTRY
	Minimal risk for BSE ³			Cattle	Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-1	REFER to FSIS
			-		Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-1	1. DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD 2. PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification 3. If the importer is unable to obtain the appropriate certification, then PROVIDE the importer with the appropriate options (see Table 2-2-11)

TABLE 3-12-21 Fresh (Chilled or Frozen) Meat of Ruminants (continued)

lf:	And the country or region of export is:	And:	And the country of origin is:	And the meat is:	And:	Then:
Fresh (chilled or frozen)	Minimal risk for BSE ³			◆ Bison ◆ Buffalo	Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-1	RELEASE
meat of ruminants				◆ Yak	Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-1	1. DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD 2. PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification 3. If the importer is unable to obtain the appropriate certification, then PROVIDE the importer with the appropriate options (see Table 2-2-11)
				◆ Caprine (goats)	Is accompanied by CFIA Annex A-2	REFER to FSIS
				Ovine (sheep)	Lacks the required CFIA Annex A-2	1. DO NOT RELEASE the HOLD 2. PROVIDE the importer with the option of obtaining the appropriate certification 3. If the importer is unable to obtain the appropriate certification, then PROVIDE the importer with the appropriate options (see Table 2-2-11)
				◆ Camelid		RELEASE; unrestricted
				◆ Cervid (caribou, deer, elk, moose, reindeer)	-	

And the And the country or country region of of origin And the If: export is: And: is: meat is: And: Then: Fresh Free from Free from GO to Table 3-12-22 (chilled or **BSE FMD** frozen) Free from Go to Table 3-12-24 meat of FMD, but with ruminants FMD/SR Affected with Is unassigned REFUSE ENTRY **FMD** risk level Is negligible risk GO to Table 3-12-27 level4

TABLE 3-12-21 Fresh (Chilled or Frozen) Meat of Ruminants (continued)

- 1 Accompanied by an official Japanese Meat Inspection Certificate that certifies to the following conditions:
 - ◆ The beef was derived from cattle that were born, raised, and slaughtered in Japan
 - ◆ The beef was prepared in an establishment that is eligible to have its products imported to the United States under the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 USC 601 esq) and the regulations of 9CFR§327.2 and the beef met all other applicable requirements of the Federal Meat Inspection Act and regulations thereunder (9CFR, chapter III). This includes provisions that specified-risk materials (SRMs) must be removed under appropriate conditions and also prohibits the use of air-injection stunning devices
 - ◆ The beef must be derived from cattle that are not subjected to a pithing process at slaughter

The mitigation measures must be certified on an original certificate issued by an authorized veterinary official of the Japanese government. The original certificate is to be provided to FSIS; whereas a copy of the original will be provided to CBP.

- 2 Because Japan is classified as an FMD-SR (special restrictions) region, the certificate will also need to include the following:
 - ◆ The meat or other meat products covered by this certificate was derived from animals which have been slaughtered at the under mentioned establishment [slaughter establishment name and establishment number]
 - The slaughtering establishment is not permitted to receive animals that originate in, or have ever been in, or that have been aboard a means of conveyance at the time such means of conveyance called at or landed at a port in a country listed in the regulations of USDA as a country affected with rinderpest or FMD
 - ◆ The slaughtering establishment is not permitted to receive meat or other animal products derived from ruminants or swine which originate in such rinderpest or FMD disease affected country or meat or other animal products from a rinderpest or FMD-free country, transported through a rinderpest or FMD-affected country except in containers sealed with serially numbered seals of the National Government of the non-affected country of origin
 - The meat or other animal product covered by this certificate was derived from animals born and raised in Japan and the meat or other animal product has never been in any country listed in the regulation of USDA as a country affected with rinderpest or FMD
 - The meat or other animal product has been processed, stored and transported to the ship or flight described in this certificate in a manner to preclude its being commingled or otherwise in contact with meat or other animal products that do not comply with the conditions contained in this certificate
- 3 Currently Canada is the only country designated at minimal risk for BSE.
- 4 Currently **only** Uruguay is at negligible risk for foot-and-mouth disease (FMD).

Fresh Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE and FMD

Determine if adequate proof of origin is present for fresh meat of ruminants from a country known to be free from BSE and FMD. For example, the importation is accompanied by an official meat inspection certificate, or the packaging labels show the country of origin.

TABLE 3-12-22 Fresh Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE and FMD

If:	And the country or region of export is:	And there is:	And the importation:	And the meat is:	Then:
Fresh meat of ruminants	Free from both BSE and FMD	Adequate proof of origin ¹	Did not transit a country known to be affected with FMD	◆ Cattle◆ Goats◆ Sheep	REFER to FSIS
				Other than listed in the cell immediately above	RELEASE
			Transited a country known to be affected with FMD		GO to Table 3-12-23
		No adequate proof of origin	Is a commercial importation		REFUSE ENTRY

¹ Documentary evidence of where an animal product comes from. Examples includes meat inspection certificate, certificate of origin, bill of lading, invoice, label, and document on official letterhead prepared by the manufacturer, shipper, or seller.

Fresh Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE and FMD Which Transited a Country Known to Be Affected with FMD

Review the accompanying documents to verify that a meat inspection certificate is present for fresh meat of ruminants from a country known to be free from BSE and FMD which transited a country known to be affected with FMD. Determine if the importation met the transiting requirements cited in 9CFR§94.1(d)(2)-(5) which are summarized as follows:

- ◆ The meat is placed in the transporting carrier in a hold or compartment which was sealed in the country of origin by an official of that country with serially-numbered seals approved by APHIS²
- ◆ The serial numbers of the seals used to seal the hold or compartment of the transporting carrier are recorded on the foreign meat inspection certificate which accompanies the meat
- ◆ Upon arrival of the carrier in the U.S. port of arrival, you find the seals intact, and there is **no** evidence that the seals were tampered with
- ◆ You find the meat to be as represented on the foreign meat inspection certificate

Continue on to Table 3-12-23.

TABLE 3-12-23 Fresh Meat of Ruminants from a Country of Origin Known to Be Free from BSE and FMD Which Transited a Country Known to Be Affected with FMD

lf:	And the country or region of export is:	And the meat:	And the transiting requirements are:	Then:
Fresh meat of	Free from both BSE and	Transited a country known	Met	REFER to FSIS
ruminants	FMD	to be affected with FMD	Not met	REFUSE ENTRY



If the importation is break-bulk cargo, then all seals $\pmb{\mathsf{must}}$ be checked at the first port of arrival.

² Sealing prevents contact of the meat with any other cargo, prevents handling of the meat after the hold or compartment is sealed, and prevents the loading of any cargo into and the removal of any cargo from the sealed hold or compartment while en route to the United States.

Fresh Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE and FMD, but FMD/SR

For fresh meat of ruminants from a country known to be free from BSE and FMD, but FMD/SR, review the accompanying documents to verify that a meat inspection certificate is present with the statements cited in $9CFR\ 94.11(c)(1)-(4)$ which are summarized as follows:

- ◆ The slaughtering establishment is **not** permitted to receive animals that originated in, or have ever been in, or have been aboard a means of conveyance at the time such means of conveyance called at or landed at a port in a region listed in §94.1(a) as a region affected with rinderpest or FMD
- ◆ The slaughtering establishment is **not** permitted to receive meat or other animal products derived from ruminants or swine which originated in such a FMD affected region, or meat or other animal products from a FMD free region transported through a FMD affected region except in a container sealed with serially-numbered seals of the national government of the non-affected region of origin
- ◆ The meat or other animal product covered by the certificate was derived from animals born and raised in a region listed in §94.1(a)(2) as free of FMD and the meat or other animal product has **never** been in any region in which FMD existed
- ◆ The meat or other animal product has been processed, stored, and transported to the means of conveyance that will bring the article to the United States in a manner to preclude its being commingled or otherwise in contact with meat or other animal products that **do not** comply with the conditions in the certificate

See Table 3-12-24.

TABLE 3-12-24 Fresh Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE and FMD, but FMD/SR

If:	And the country or region of export is:	If the importation is:	And the certificate:	Then:
Fresh meat of ruminants	eat of both BSE	Is accompanied by a meat	Has the required certification [9CFR 94.11)(c)(1)-(4)]	GO to Table 3-12-25
	but is FMD/ SR	inspection certificate	Lacks the required certification	REFUSE ENTRY
		Not accompanied by a meat inspection certificate		

TABLE 3-12-25 Fresh Meat of Ruminants from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE and FMD, but FMD/SR with the Required Certification (9CFR 94.11(c)(1)-(4))

If:	And the country or region of export is:	And the importation:	Then:
Fresh meat of ruminants	Free from BSE and FMD, but is FMD/SR	Did not transit a country known to be affected with FMD	REFER to FSIS
		Transited a country known to be affected with FMD	REVIEW the meat inspection certificate to determine if the importation met the transiting requirements cited in 9CFR 94.1(c)(2)-(5) which are summarized below CONTINUE on to Table 3-12-26

A summary of the transiting requirements cited in 9CFR 94.1(c)(2)-(5) follows:

- ◆ The meat is placed in the transporting carrier in a hold or compartment which was sealed in the country of origin by an official of that country with serially-numbered seals approved by APHIS³
- The serial numbers of the seals used to seal the hold or compartment of the transporting carrier are recorded on the foreign meat inspection certificate which accompanies the meat
- Upon arrival of the carrier in the U.S. port of arrival, you find the seals intact, and there is **no** evidence indicating that the seals were tampered with
- You find the meat to be as represented on the foreign meat inspection certificate

³ Sealing prevents contact of the meat with any other cargo, prevents handling of the meat after the hold or compartment is sealed, and prevents the loading of any cargo into and the removal of any cargo from the sealed hold or compartment while en route to the United States.

TABLE 3-12-26 Verify Transiting Requirements of Fresh Meat of Ruminant from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE and FMD, but FMD/SR and Meeting Certification Requirements

lf:	And the country or region of export is:	And you verify that the transiting requirements are:	Then:
Fresh meat of ruminant	Free from BSE and FMD, but is	Met	AUTHORIZE to transit
	FMD/SR and meets certification requirements	Not met	REFUSE ENTRY



If the importation is break-bulk cargo, then all seals $\pmb{\mathsf{must}}$ be checked at the first port of arrival.

Fresh or Cooked Beef of Ruminant from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE, but at Negligible Risk for FMD Currently **only** Uruguay is at negligible risk for foot-and-mouth disease (FMD).

TABLE 3-12-27 Fresh or Cooked Beef from a Country Known to Be Free from BSE, but at Negligible Risk for FMD

If:	And the country or region of export is:	And the beef:	And:	And:	Then:
Fresh beef or cooked	ed a negligible risk for a meat inspection known to be	Meets the transit requirements ⁴	REFER to FSIS		
beef	FMD ¹	certificate ^{2 and 3}	affected with FMD	Does not meet the transit requirements ⁴	REFUSE ENTRY
			Did not transit a country known to be affected with FMD		REFER to FSIS
		Lacks the appropriate meat inspection certificate ^{2 and 3}		>	REFUSE ENTRY

- 1 Currently Uruguay is the **only** country considered to be at negligible risk for FMD.
- 2 A meat inspection certificate signed by a veterinary official of the Government of Uruguay that certifies the following:
 - ◆ The meat is beef from bovines that have been born, raised, and slaughtered in Uruquay
 - ♦ Foot-and-mouth disease has **not** been diagnosed in Uruguay within the previous 12 months
 - The beef came from bovines that originated from premises where foot-and-mouth disease has not been present during the lifetime of any bovines slaughtered for export of beef to the United States
 - The beef came from bovines that were moved directly from the premises of origin to the slaughtering establishment without any contact with other animals
 - ◆ The beef came from bovines that received ante-mortem and post-mortem veterinary inspections, paying particular attention to the head and feet at the slaughtering establishment, with **no** evidence found of vesicular disease
 - The beef consists only of bovine parts that are by standard practice, part of the animal's carcass that is placed in a chiller for maturation after slaughter. Bovine parts that may not be imported include all parts of bovine heads, feet, hump, hooves, and internal organs
 - ◆ All bone and visually identifiable blood clots and lymphoid tissue have been removed from the beef
 - ♦ The beef came from bovine carcasses that were allowed to maturate at 40° to 50° F (4° to 10° C) for a minimum of 36 hours after slaughter and that reached a pH of 5.8 or less in the loin muscle at the end of the maturation period. Measurements for pH must be taken at the middle of both longissimus dorsi muscles. Any carcass in which the pH does not reach 5.8 or less may be allowed to maturate an additional 24 hours and be retested, and if the carcass still has not reached a pH of 5.8 or less after 60 hours, the meat from the carcass may not be exported to the United States
- 3 The fresh beef inspection certificate from Uruguay may also be used for cooked beef products from Uruguay. If arriving with the fresh beef certificate, cooked beef from Uruguay **does not** require a pink juice test.
- 4 If during shipment to the United States, the meat enters a port or otherwise transits a region where FMD exists, then the meat may be imported provided that **all** of the following conditions are met:
 - The meat is placed in the transporting carrier in a hold, compartment, or if the meat is containerized in a container that was sealed in the region of origin by an official of such region, with serially-numbered seals approved by APHIS
 - ◆ The serial numbers of the seals used to seal the hold, compartment, or container are recorded on the foreign meat inspection certificate which accompanies the meat
 - Upon arrival of the carrier in the United States port of arrival, the seals are found by an APHIS representative to be intact, and the representative finds that there is **no** evidence indicating that any seal has been tampered with
 - The meat is found by an authorized inspector to be as represented on the foreign meat inspection certificate

Reference: Foreign Origin Meat and Meat Products, Ruminants Fresh (Chilled or Frozen) Meat of Ruminants