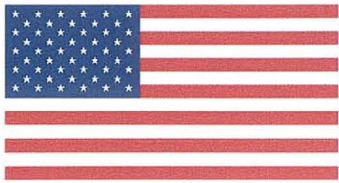
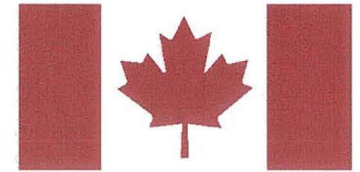
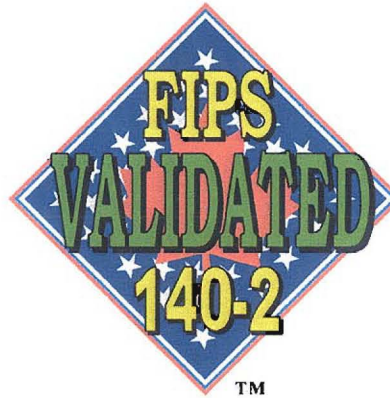


# FIPS 140-2 Validation Certificate



The National Institute of Standards  
and Technology of the United States  
of America



The Communications Security  
Establishment of the Government  
of Canada

Certificate No. 1113

The National Institute of Standards and Technology, as the United States FIPS 140-2 Cryptographic Module Validation Authority; and the Communications Security Establishment, as the Canadian FIPS 140-2 Cryptographic Module Validation Authority; hereby validate the FIPS 140-2 testing results of the Cryptographic Module identified as:

**FortiGate-200A/200A-HD, FortiGate-300A/300A-HD, FortiGate-500A/500A-HD  
and FortiGate-800 by Fortinet Inc.  
(When operated in FIPS mode)**

in accordance with the Derived Test Requirements for FIPS 140-2, Security Requirements for Cryptographic Modules. FIPS 140-2 specifies the security requirements that are to be satisfied by a cryptographic module utilized within a security system protecting *Sensitive Information* (United States) or *Protected Information* (Canada) within computer and telecommunications systems (including voice systems).

Products which use the above identified cryptographic module may be labeled as complying with the requirements of FIPS 140-2 so long as the product, throughout its life cycle, continues to use the validated version of the cryptographic module as specified in this certificate. The validation report contains additional details concerning test results. No reliability test has been performed and no warranty of the products by both agencies is either expressed or implied.

This certificate includes details on the scope of conformance and validation authority signatures on the reverse.

FIPS 140-2 provides four increasing, qualitative levels of security: Level 1, Level 2, Level 3, and Level 4. These levels are intended to cover the wide range and potential applications and environments in which cryptographic modules may be employed. The security requirements cover eleven areas related to the secure design and implementation of a cryptographic module. The scope of conformance achieved by the cryptographic modules as tested in the product identified as:

**FortiGate-200A/200A-HD, FortiGate-300A/300A-HD, FortiGate-500A/500A-HD and FortiGate-800 by Fortinet Inc.**  
**(Hardware Versions: FortiGate-200/200A-HD (build C4AY89), FortiGate-300/300A-HD (build C4FK88), FortiGate-500/500A-HD (build C4BE21) and FortiGate-800 (build C4UT39); Firmware Version: FortiOS 3.0, build8931, 081110; Hardware)**

and tested by the Cryptographic Module Testing accredited laboratory:  
 is as follows:

**DOMUS IT Security Laboratory, NVLAP Lab Code 200017-0**  
**CRYPTIK Version 7.0**

*Cryptographic Module Specification:* Level 2  
*Roles, Services, and Authentication:* Level 3  
*Physical Security:* Level 2  
*(Multi-Chip Standalone)*  
*EMI/EMC:* Level 2  
*Design Assurance:* Level 3  
*Operational Environment:* Level N/A

*Cryptographic Module Ports and Interfaces:* Level 3  
*Finite State Model:* Level 2  
*Cryptographic Key Management:* Level 2  
*Self-Tests:* Level 2  
*Mitigation of Other Attacks:* Level 2  
*tested in the following configuration(s):* N/A

The following FIPS approved Cryptographic Algorithms are used: **Triple-DES (Certs. #742, #743, #489 and #490); RNG (Cert. #530); AES (Certs. #925, #926, #475 and #476); SHS (Certs. #909, #910, #543 and #544); RSA (Cert. #449); HMAC (Certs. #516, #517, #232 and #233)**

The cryptographic module also contains the following non-FIPS approved algorithms: **DES; Diffie-Hellman (key agreement; key establishment methodology provides between 80 and 201 bits of encryption strength; non-compliant less than 80 bits of encryption strength); RSA (key wrapping; key establishment methodology provides 110 bits of encryption strength); MD5; HMAC-MD5**

**Overall Level Achieved: 2**

Signed on behalf of the Government of the United States

Signed on behalf of the Government of Canada

Signature: Dan F. Dods f.w. Barker

Signature: Craig J.

Dated: April 3, 2009

Dated: March 27, 2009

Chief, Computer Security Division  
 National Institute of Standards and Technology

Director, Industry Program Group  
 Communications Security Establishment Canada

