Coal R&D Requirements for Sustainability



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Past Grand Challenge Illustrations

- Longitude Act of 1714
- Infectious Disease 1800s
- Manhattan Project 1940s
- Man on the Moon 1960s
- Project Independence 1970s
- War on Cancer 1971
- Strategic Defense Initiative 1983-1991
- Human Genome Project 1990-2003





Past R&D Grand Challenges







Manhattan Project (1940s)

~ \$25 billion

Apollo Project (1960s)

~ \$91 billion

Strategic Defense Initiative (1980s)

~ \$450 billion

Characteristics

Complex - Large Scale - Multi-disciplinary - Capture the imagination



Today's Grand Challenges



Characteristics of Grand Challenges

	Historic Grand Challenges	Today's Grand Challenges
Boundaries	Isolated Activities	Interdependence
Implementation	Technical Community	Diverse Stakeholders - International
Funding	Government	Multiple Sources

Need for new team, organization, communication concepts.



Energy Challenge





Today's Energy System Challenge



U.S. Electric Power Capacity Perspective



U.S. Coal Plant Capacity



What is coal plant life extension? What are the trade-offs?



U.S. Coal Capacity Implications



How will we meet electric power needs?



U.S.DOE RD&D



UCR/HBCU/OMI Application Perspective



Time and Resource Constraints

Concept	Laboratory	Slip Stream	Prototype	Demonstration	Integrated Plant
	(variable time)	< 1 MW (2-4 years) (\$1 – 10 million)	1 -20 MW (4-6 years) (\$5 – 100 million)	50 – 200 MW (5-10 years) (> \$100 million)	Demonstration (7-10 years) (> \$300 million)

Technology development decisions depend on

- Potential benefit
- When the technology will be needed
- Current technology status / technology challenge

Development Time Varies:

- A new sub-system technology: 10 20 years to reach commercial scale demonstration
- Multiple technology integration: additional 5 10 years
- Advances in a commercial concepts: < 10 years



IGCC Plant Configuration Humid Gas Cleaning



Technology Development Perspective

Plant Section	Major Development Goal
Gasification and Air Separation	Increase efficiency; minimum CH ₄ ; availability; maintenance / Reduce power consumption and cost
Heat Recovery	Improved plant efficiency; improved availability
Particulate Removal	Improved availability
Halide Removal	Reduced sorbent use; demonstrate operability
Sulfur Removal	Demonstrate performance and operability; sorbent cost
Trace Metals Removal	Demonstrate performance and operability; sorbent cost
CO-Shift	Commercial technology
CO ₂ Removal	Develop efficient, reliable, affordable process
Power Generation	Demonstrate availability, efficient low-NOx turbine









Integrated System Performance Drives Requirements



Requirements (Humid Gas Cleaning IGCC Plant Illustration)

Temperature 250 - 450 C Pressure 460 - 1000 psia Hydrogen permeation < 2% Water permeation - nil CO₂ Removal 92-97% Membrane system cost < \$150/kW nominal 500 MW scale



Continuous R&D Project Screening

- Sound theoretical basis
- Understand benefit
- Understand competition
- Compatibility with system configuration(s)
- Potential to meet performance and cost targets
- Does R&D address technology gaps
- Quality of experimental results to support performance targets
- Compatibility with system development schedule and market opportunities



Achieving the Goal

Objective: Economic, reliable integrated system that meets target performance



Technology Supplier – System Designer/Constructor – Technology User



Challenges

- Energy a grand challenge / different boundaries
- Technology holistic systems view
- Business-as-usual: not acceptable
- R&D resource limitations
- Concept to Application Time
- R&D Decisions
- Education skilled workforce



