

SF Dry Dock Oil Spill Incident

- **LOCATION** Pier 70, SFDD
- **DATE** 28 October 1996
- **VOL. SPILLED** 2200 bbls (92,400 gals)
(>1000 bbls, 42,000 gals)
- **VOL. RECOVERED** ??
- **PRODUCT TYPE** IFO 180
 - General Chemistry heavy bunker
 - General Toxicity similar to crude oils
 - Environmental Fate lighter components move into water & air; heavier components very persistent

400015

Samples Collected

■ TOTAL SAMPLES COLLECTED (includes biotic & abiotic samples)	519
■ TOTAL SAMPLES ANALYZED (document extreme reaches of spill)	52
■ SAMPLES CONSISTENT WITH SOURCE	33
■ SAMPLES SIMILAR TO SOURCE	1
■ SAMPLES NOT CONSISTENT (8 are feathers from outside bay)	10
■ SAMPLES WITH NON-DETECTS	7
■ SAMPLES WITH OIL IN LOW AMOUNT (not enough for fingerprinting)	1

Habitat Oiling

	Miles	Acres	Degree
■ SANDY BEACHES (50m)	56	1124	VL-H
		720	VL
		311	L
		21	M
		72	H
■ ROCKY INTERTIDAL (30m)	33	395	VL-H
		254	VL
		130	L
		6	M
		5	H
■ MUDFLATS (50m)	18	360	VL-M
		357	VL
		3	M
■ ARTIFICIAL (3m) (not including SF waterfront)	31	36	VL-L
		32	VL
		4	L

Contamination of Spawning Habitat at SF Waterfront

■ Total Spawning Habitat in SF Bay (spawning areas monitored by CDFG in 1996-1997 season)	1,830 acres
■ Total Spawning Habitat at Waterfront (based on average depth of 6.7 m & known surface area of pilings)	300 acres
■ Waterfront spawning area oiled (1 m band) (=15% of waterfront habitat oiled) (>2% of SF Bay spawning areas monitored by CDFG)	45 acres
■ Total Herring eggs in SF Bay (=15% of waterfront habitat oiled) (>2% of SF Bay spawning areas monitored by CDFG)	2.96 x 10 ¹²
■ Total Herring eggs in oiled band (=8% of total eggs monitored in SF Bay)	2.47 x 10 ¹¹
■ Ratio of Herring egg production (SF waterfront piling habitat compared to eelgrass habitat)	15:1

Fish Injury Conclusions

- **Persistent oiling has decreased habitat quality.** (Other factors: predation, salinity, & creosote)
- **Injuries include contaminated food & loss of herring embryo viability.** (Valdez studies)
- **Multi-year injury.** (Kocan, 1996)
- **Impacts to herring based on direct contact of eggs & embryos with persistent oil.**
- **Quantification of injury by degree of habitat oiling & egg counts.**
- **Eelgrass restoration projects can be scaled to loss of piling habitat using egg production & other ecological services.**

Major Waterbird Groups

Impacted

- Gulls & Terns
- Shorebirds
- Loons & Grebes
- Cormorants
- Pelicans
- Waterfowl
- Alcids

Observations of Live Oiled Birds

	One Day	Cumulative
■ Inside S.F. Bay	302	554
■ Outer Coast	961	5015

Oiled Waterbirds Processed During Spill Response

	Total
■ ALIVE	
– Died in captivity	23
– Released	34*
■ DEAD	
– Carcasses in storage	200 (approx)

* Includes 15 California brown pelicans, a state & federally listed endangered species.

Note: High mortality in Pelican telemetry study.

Estimated Direct Mortality of Waterbirds

534 Birds

- Estimate is based on adjustments for carcass loss due to scavenging, burying, removal, & unsearched sites

Total waterbirds impacted by the Oil Spill Incident at SFDD

2,000 to 6,000 Birds

- Based on observations from land, air, & water
- Supported by analysis of historical bird records
- Injury to 4,000 birds used for settlement purposes

Restoration Based Settlement
of Cape Mohican Oil Spill NRDA

Sandy and Rocky Beach Habitat:	\$500,000
Wetland Habitat:	\$400,000
Bird Restoration Projects:	\$800,000
Fisheries and Water Quality Projects:	\$425,000
Recreational Use Enhancement:	\$1,030,000
Planning ,Implementation, and Oversight:	<u>\$470,000</u>
TOTAL:	\$3,625,000