

# Exploring nucleon structure with GPDs

C. Weiss (JLab), Hall A Collaboration Meeting, 14–Dec–11

- Nucleon structure in QCD

Why parton picture

Many-body system cf. Condensed matter

Exclusive processes and GPDs

- 3D quark/gluon imaging

Gluon imaging with  $J/\psi$ ,  $\phi$

HERA, COMPASS, JLab12, EIC

Valence quark transverse densities → Talk K. DeJager

Longitudinal response,  $q\bar{q}$  correlations in DVCS

JLab12, COMPASS, EIC

- Static nucleon properties Brief!

EM tensor: Forces, quark/gluon angular momentum

Lattice QCD, models → INT Workshop 6-17 Feb 12

- GPDs in  $pp$  and multiparton processes New field!

## Goals

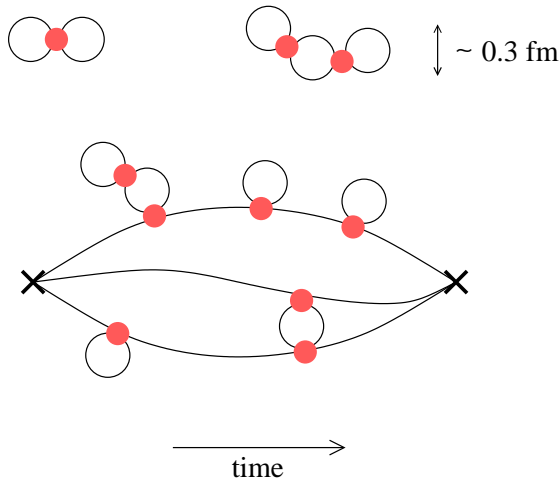
Focus on dynamical system,  
not formal descriptors

Develop specific examples  
data → GPDs → structure

Cover JLab12 and “beyond”  
from unifying perspective

# Nucleon structure: Parton picture

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- QCD vacuum not empty

Strong non-perturbative gluon fields  
of size  $\ll 1$  fm    Lattice QCD, analytic models

Chiral symmetry breaking:  $\bar{q}q$  pair condensate,  
 $\pi$  as collective excitation

- Nucleon at rest

$\langle N|O|N \rangle$  from Euclidean correlation functns

No concept of particle content!

Cannot separate “constituents” from vacuum fluctuations

- Fast-moving nucleon  $P \gg \mu_{\text{vac}}$

Closed system: Wave function description

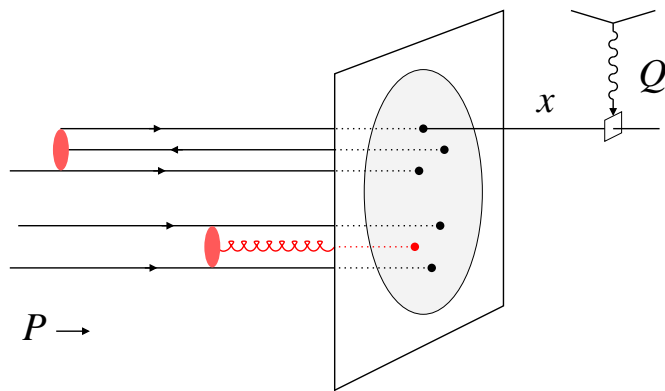
Gribov, Feynman

Components with different particle number,  
characterized by  $x_i, \mathbf{k}_{Ti}$

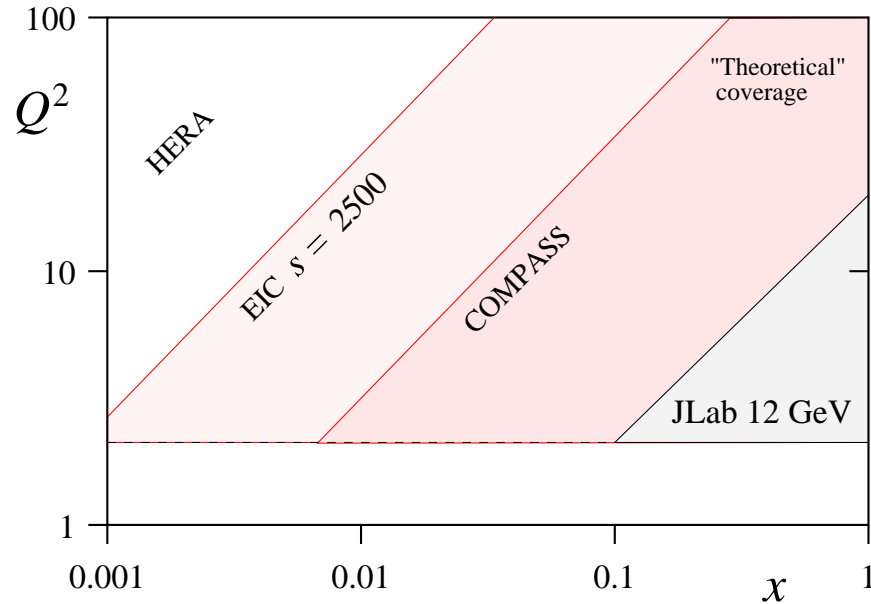
Deep-inelastic process:

“Snapshot” with resolution  $1/Q$

pQCD radiation:  $Q^2$  dependence



# Nucleon structure: Landscape



- Nucleon many-body system

Different components of wave function, effective dynamics

“Face” changes with excitation energy and resolution scale!

- Physical properties

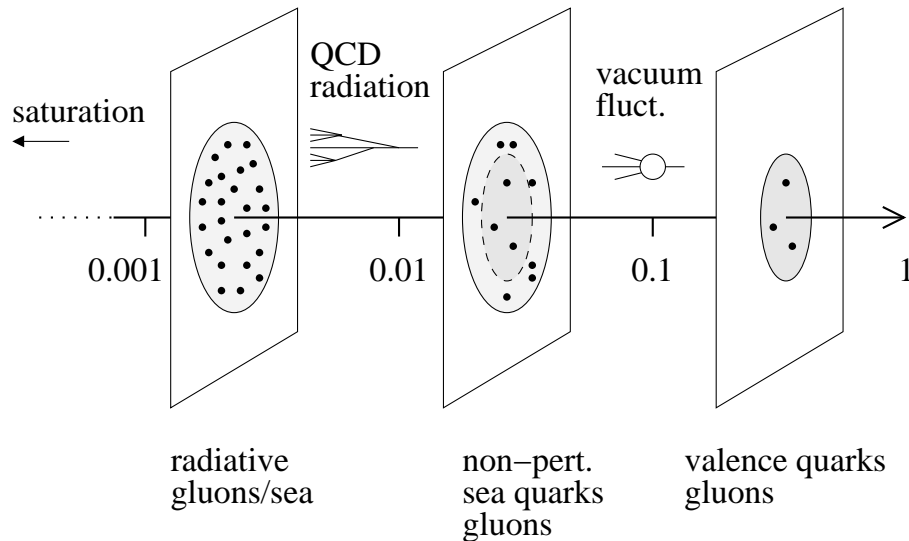
Parton densities: Spin, flavor PDFs

Transverse spatial distributions GPDs, FFs

Orbital motion:  $k_T$  dependence, angular momentum TMDs, GPDs  
 → Talk A. Prokudin

Correlations: Transverse, longitudinal GPDs, multiparton dist. higher twist

+  $Q^2$  dependence



# Nucleon structure: Exclusive processes and GPDs <sup>4</sup>

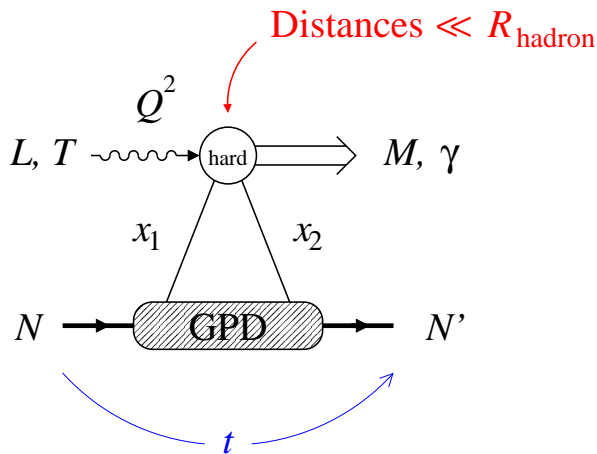
- Exclusive processes at  $Q^2 \gg$  hadronic scale

Reaction takes place over distances  $\ll R_{\text{hadron}}$ :  
Experimentally testable, quantifiable

$Q^2 \rightarrow \infty$ : QCD factorization theorem

Collins, Frankfurt, Strikman 96; Ji 96, Radyushkin 96; Collins, Freund 98  
Finite-size corrections: Sudakov

Target structure in GPDs: Universal, process-indep.



- Properties of GPDs

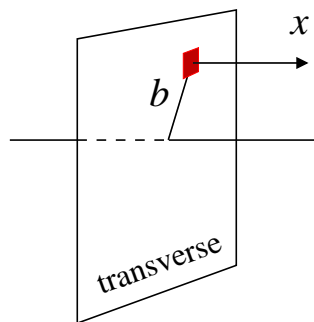
$\langle N' | \bar{\psi} \dots \psi | N \rangle$  QCD operator definition, twist-2  
Renormalization, non-perturbative methods

Unify concepts of PDF and elastic form factors:  
Spatial quark/gluon imaging of nucleon

$x_1 = x_2$ : Transverse spatial distribution

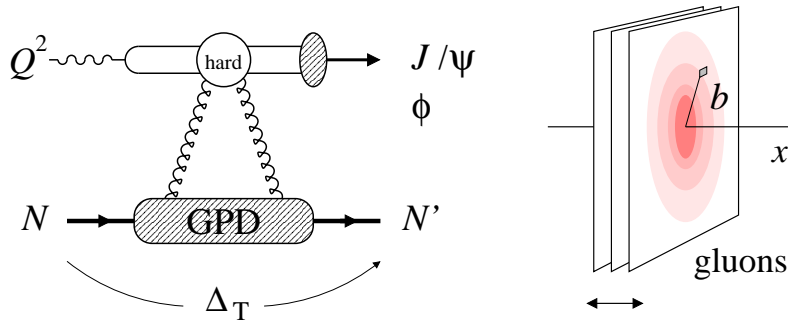
$x_1 \neq x_2$ : Dynamical response, quark correlations  
Longit. momentum transfer  $x_1 - x_2 = 2\xi \sim x_B$

Moments are form factors of spin- $n$  operators.  
 $n = 2$  QCD EM tensor: Forces,  $J_{q,g}$



# Gluon imaging: Structure and probes

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- What is the spatial distribution of gluons in the nucleon?

Fundamental “gluonic size”

Dynamical origin of non-perturb. glue?

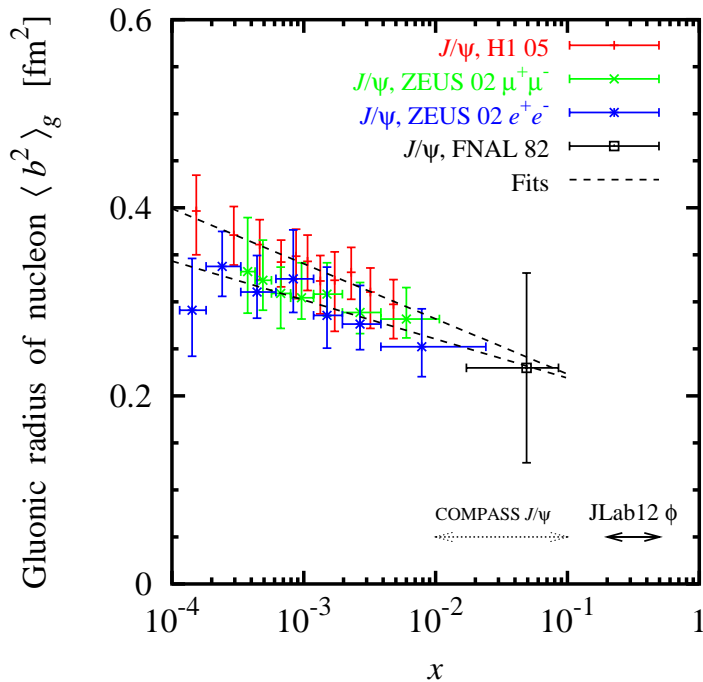
Input for small- $x$  evolution, MC for pp@LHC  
 Multiparton processes: Needed for Higgs/BSM signals

- Exclusive  $J/\psi$  and  $\phi$  as clean probes

Small-size regime established at HERA  
 Universality of  $t$ -slope above  $Q^2 \sim 10 \text{ GeV}^2$

Spatial distribution from relative  $t$  dep.

GPD calc's describe absolute cross sections  
 Frankfurt et al. 95; Goloskokov, Kroll 08+; Müller et al. 11



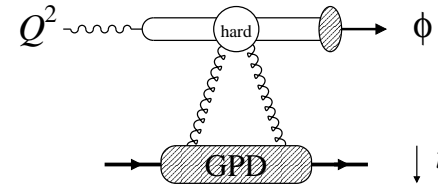
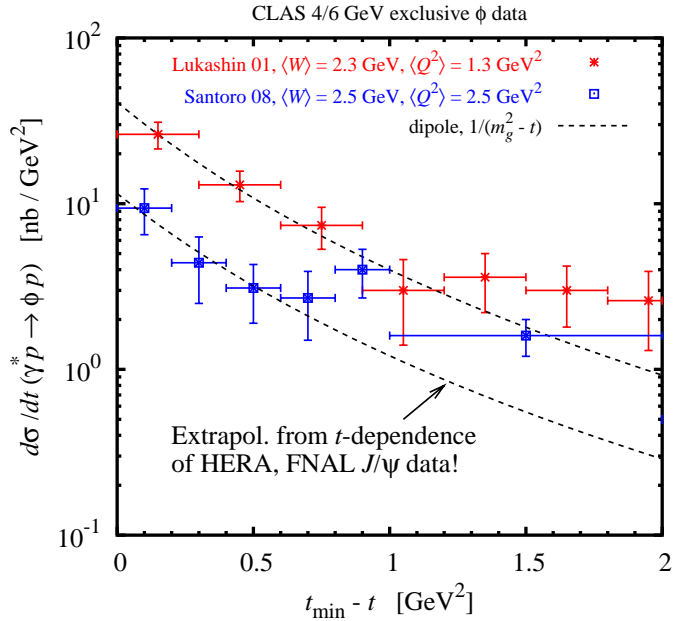
- Nucleon's gluonic size

$x < 0.01$  Average size  $\langle b^2 \rangle_g$  from HERA

$x \sim 0.01$  Data expected from COMPASS

$x > 0.1$  Practically unknown: JLab12, EIC  
 DIS: Lots of gluons above  $x > 0.1$ ,  
 carry  $\sim 30\%$  of nucleon's momentum

# Gluon imaging: $\phi$ at JLab12



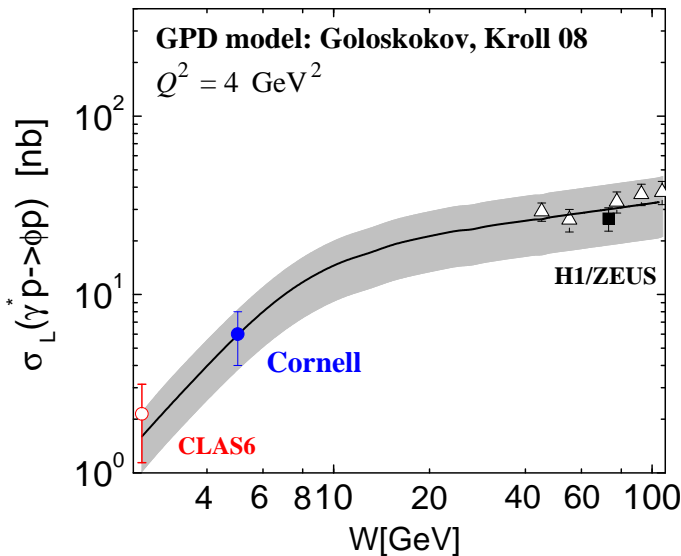
- Exclusive  $\phi$  clean probe of gluon GPD even at JLab energies

Relative  $t$ -dependence not sensitive to finite-size corrections

- Encouraging signs in 6 GeV data

$t$ -dependence of 6 GeV  $\phi$  data consistent with extrapolation of HERA, FNAL  $J/\psi$  results  
 Universal "gluonic size" as function of  $x$

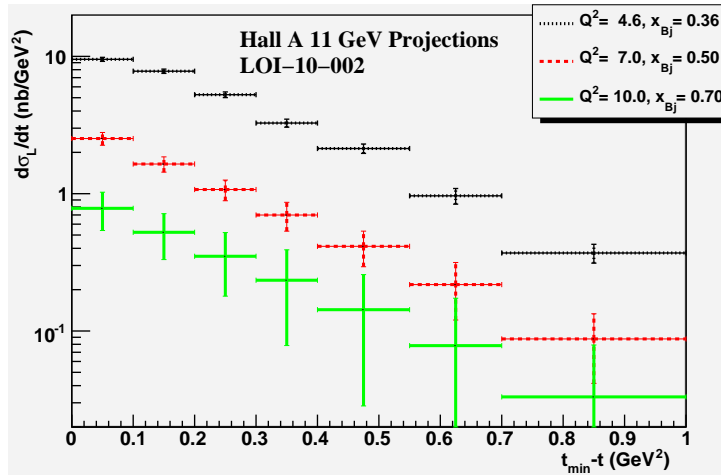
GPD calculation with finite-size corrections describes absolute cross section  
 Goloskokov, Kroll 08



- Prospect of gluon imaging with 12 GeV

Hall A LOI-10-002 Fuchey et al., CLAS12 PR12-11-103 Stoler et al.

# Gluon imaging: $\phi$ at JLab12



- Test reaction mechanism Use 12 GeV kinematic range!

When does  $t$ -slope become independent of  $Q^2$ ?

How does  $W$ -dependence change with  $Q^2$ ?

$L/T$  from  $s$ -channel helicity conservation

- Extract  $t$ -dependence of gluon GPD

$$x \sim 0.2 - 0.5$$

- Needs more work

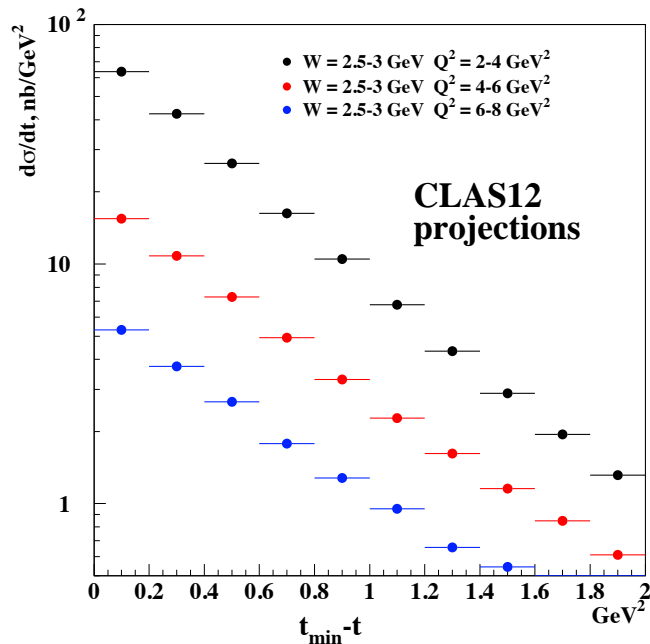
Harden GPD description:  $x_1 \neq x_2$ , model dependence, Re/Im of amplitude, large  $|t|$

Construct spatial images with controlled accuracy

Technology exists, preliminary studies done. Miller INT report 11

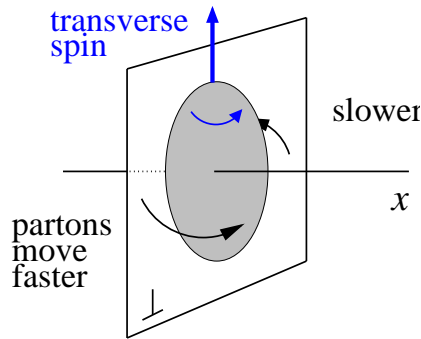
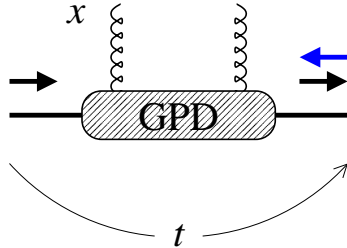
Develop dynamical models of gluonic structure

Constituent quarks? Correlations? "Next level" of understanding nucleon structure in QCD!



First gluonic images of nucleon at large  $x$ !

# Gluon imaging: Transverse polarization



- Helicity–flip gluon GPD: Gluonic Pauli FF

Distortion of gluons' spatial distribution by transverse spin of nucleon [Burkardt 03](#)

Reveal coupling of non-perturbative gluon fields to valence quarks

- Exclusive  $\phi$  transverse target asymmetry  $A_{UT}$

Constrains ratio  $E_g/H_g = \text{Pauli/Dirac GPD}$

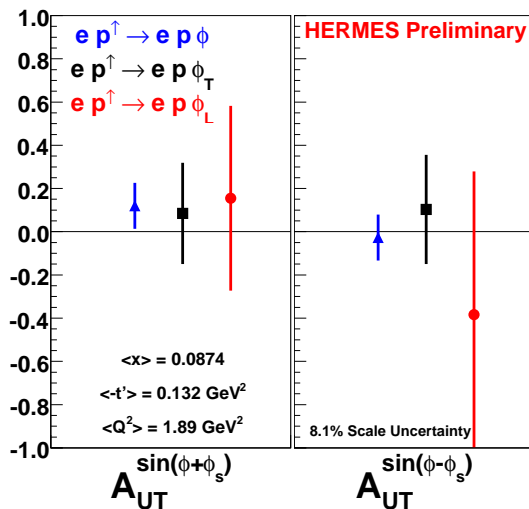
HERMES 08 data, large errors [see e.g. Gliske, Lorenzon 08](#)

Accurate measurement with JLab 12 Hall A?

- Gluon spin through Ji sum rule [Ji 96](#)

$E_g$  contribution expected to be small, but should be measured!

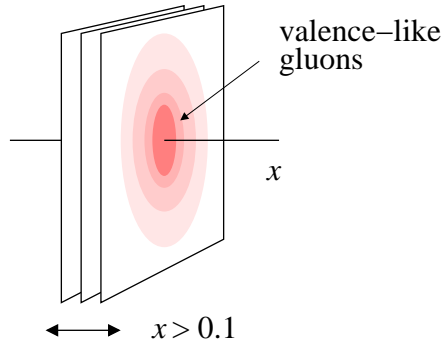
Positivity bounds: [Diehl et al. 04](#); [Goloskokov, Kroll 08](#)



“Next step” after establishing GPD description



# Gluon imaging: Large- $x$ gluons with EIC



- EIC: Precise gluon imaging through exclusive  $J/\psi$  and  $\phi$

$x > 0.01$ : Map unknown region of non-perturbative gluons!

Full  $t$ -distribution  $\rightarrow$  Fourier  
Non-exponential? Power-like at  $|t| > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$ ?

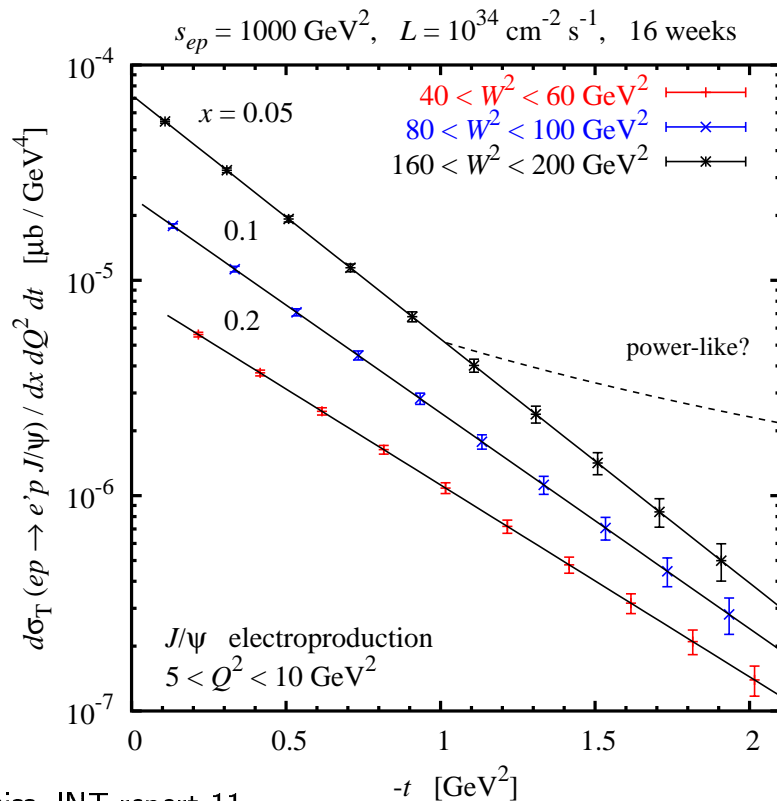
Electroproduction with  $Q^2 > 10 \text{ GeV}^2$ :  
Test of reaction mechanism, different channels

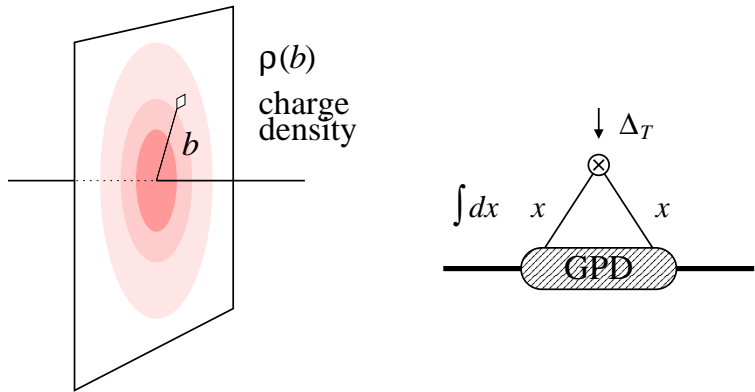
- Machine requirements

Recoil detection for exclusivity,  $t$ -measurements

Luminosity  $\sim 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$  for  $x > 0.1$ ,  
electroproduction, high- $t$

Detailed gluonic image of nucleon at large  $x$ !





- What is the spatial distribution of valence quarks in the nucleon?

Bound-state dynamics: Mean-field, pion cloud

“Source” of other components

- Transverse charge/current densities

Constrain  $x$ -integral of valence density

$$\rho(b) = \sum_q e_q \int dx [q(x, b) - \bar{q}(x, b)]$$

- Flavor-separated densities Cates et al. 11

Mean-field picture at  $b \sim 0.3 - 2$  fm

Pion cloud at  $b > 2$  fm Miller, Strikman, CW 11

- Connect GPDs and hadronic structure

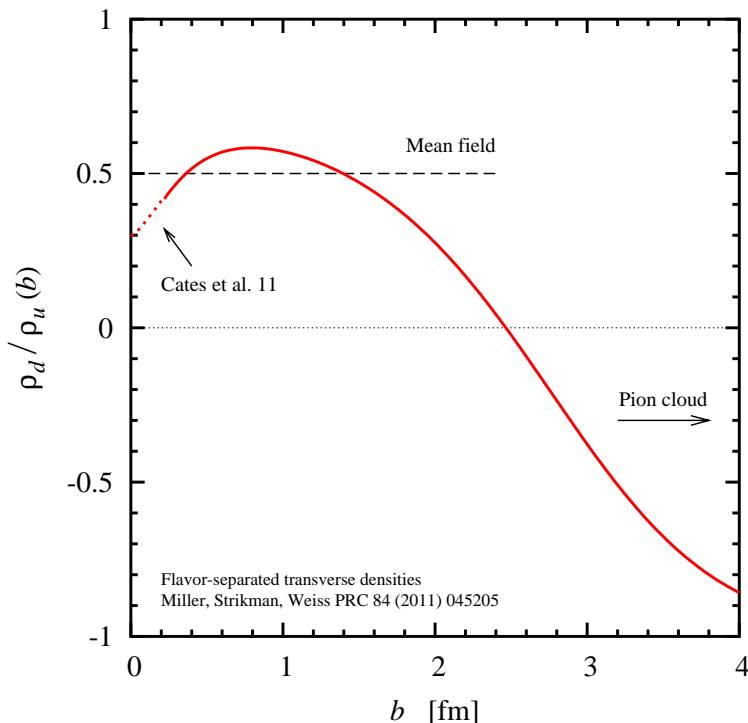
Dispersion representation relates partonic structure to meson spectrum

$\chi$ PT at  $b \rightarrow \infty$  Strikman, CW 11

$N \rightarrow N^*$  resonance transition densities

Carlson, Vanderhaeghen 08; Lorce 09.  $N^*$  White Paper Mokeev et al.

Large- $N_c$  QCD, AdS/CFT Abidin, Carlson 08



- Interference BH–DVCS in  $N(e, e'\gamma)N'$  gives access to DVCS at amplitude level

$$\text{Im DVCS} \quad \vec{e} - \overleftarrow{e}$$

$$\text{Re DVCS} \quad \text{unpolarized, } e^+ - e^- \quad \text{Alt: timelike VCS}$$

- Reaction mechanism

Hard scattering process simple,  $O(\alpha_S^0)$   
 “Handbag” diagram”

JLab Hall A 6 GeV cross section data show first hint of approach to  $Q^2$  scaling

More tests available with 12 GeV kinematics

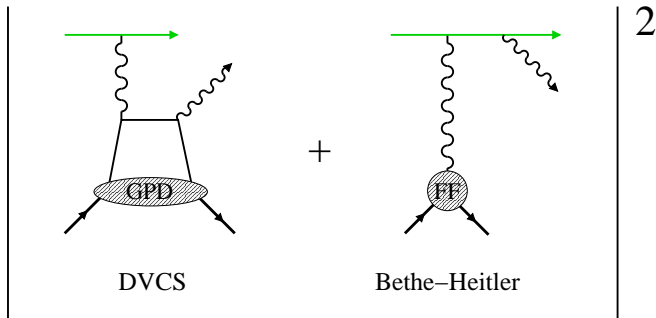
- Extensive program with JLab 12 GeV

Aim to separate Dirac/Pauli GPDs  $H \leftrightarrow E$ , etc. through polarization observables, neutron target

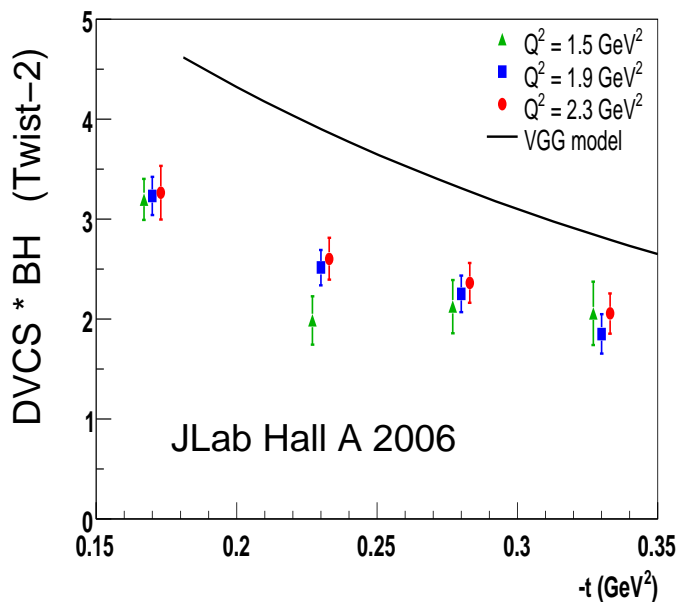
Formalism for leading–twist analysis LO, NLO  
 Belitsky, Müller, Kirchner 02; Müller et al. 04+

Experimental focus on extraction of amplitudes:  
 Raw material for GPD analysis

Guidal 08+; Moutarde, Guidal 09+ → Talk Ch. Hyde



DVCS spin–dependent cross section



$$\text{Im } \mathcal{H}(t) = \text{GPD}(x_1, 0; t) \quad x_1 \sim x_B$$

$$\text{Re } \mathcal{H}(t) = \int dx_1 \frac{\text{GPD}(x_1, 0; t)}{x_1}$$

$$+ D(t) \quad \text{subtraction constant}$$

- Dispersion relations for DVCS amplitude

Frankfurt, Strikman, Freund 97; Teryaev 05; Anikin, T. 07; Müller et al. 07; Diehl, Ivanov 07

Follow from Lorentz invariance: “Polynomiality”

Powerful constraint, limits accessible information

- Two possible approaches

A) Use GPD models to relate

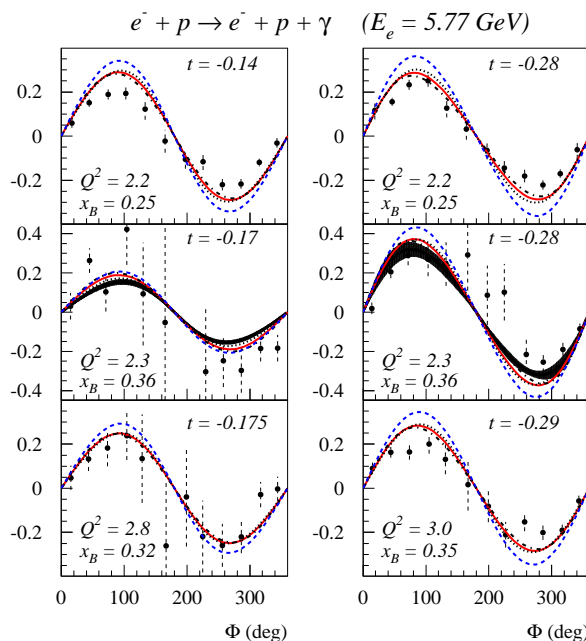
$$\text{GPD}(x, 0; t) \longleftrightarrow \text{GPD}(x, x; t)$$

measurable  imaging

B) Interpret accessible information directly in terms of partonic structure

$$\text{GPD}(x_1, 0; t) \quad \text{nucleon response to stopping of fast quark}$$

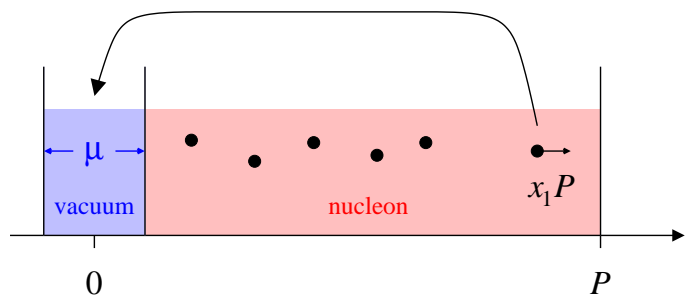
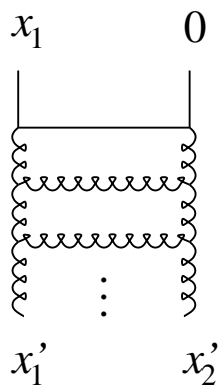
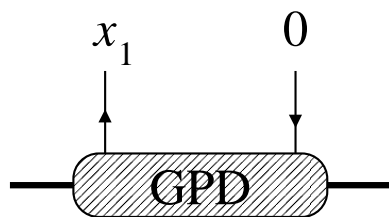
$$D(t) \quad q\bar{q} \text{ correlations in nucleon}$$



CLAS6 BSA explained by dispersion analysis with Hall A cross sectn. Vanderhaeghen, Polyakov 08

Greatly reduced complexity!

# Quark imaging: Longitudinal response



- GPD at  $x_2 = 0$ : Amplitude for stopping of parton with momentum fraction  $x_1$

Accessible experimentally in  $\text{Im } A(\text{excl})$

- Small  $x$ , high  $Q^2$ : Configurations generated by QCD evolution

Successful phenomenology at HERA

$$R = A(\text{DVCS})/F_1 \quad \text{Review Schoeffel 09}$$

- Valence region: Configurations generated non-perturbatively, but how?

QCD vacuum structure important

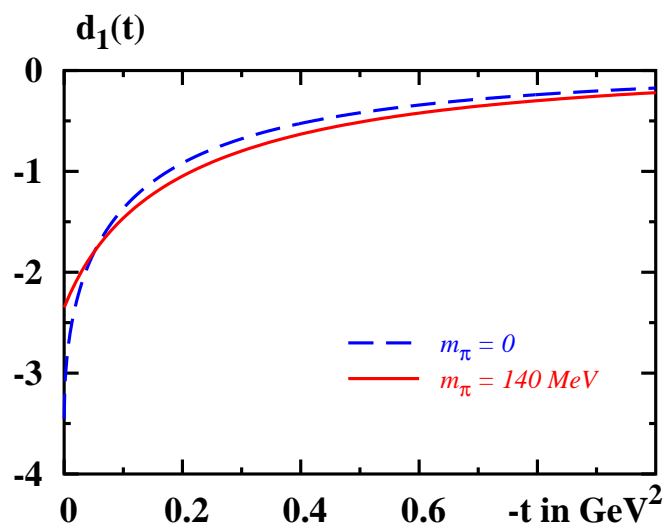
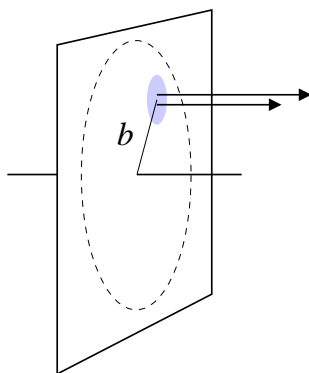
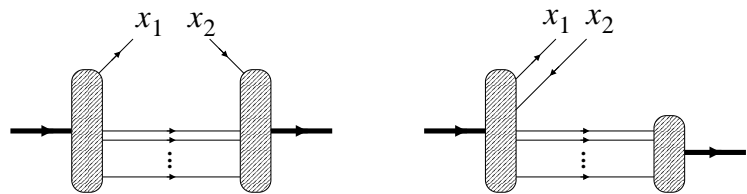
Sensitive to boundary pert. – non-pert.

Cf.  $\gamma^* \gamma \rightarrow \pi^0$  Radyushkin 09; Polyakov 09; others

Stopping still poorly understood!

# Quark imaging: Pair correlations

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D-term in large- $N_C$  nucleon model: Schweitzer et al. 07

- GPDs contain components describing emission of  $q\bar{q}$  pair by nucleon

Amplitude, not density

Many-body system!

QCD vacuum: Chiral symmetry breaking

Predictions from dynamical models, lattice QCD

Polyakov 02; Schweitzer et al. 08, LHPC Hägler et al. 07

- Accessible in DVCS

Subtraction constant in DVCS amplitude:

$D$ -term Polyakov, Weiss 99

Seen in dispersion analysis of DVCS data

JLab 6 GeV Hall A, CLAS: Polyakov, Vanderhaeghen 08.

Would benefit from higher-energy data: COMPASS, EIC

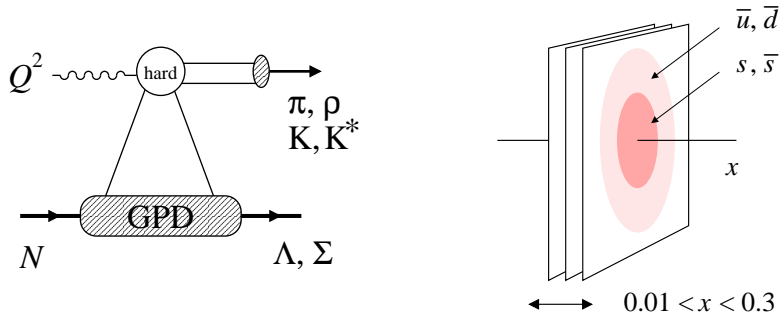
- More information from meson production

Pion pole in exclusive  $\pi^+$  Frankfurt et al. 99

Likely important in exclusive  $\rho^0, \rho^+$  at JLab

Guidal, Morrow 08. Exploratory stage... needs more work!

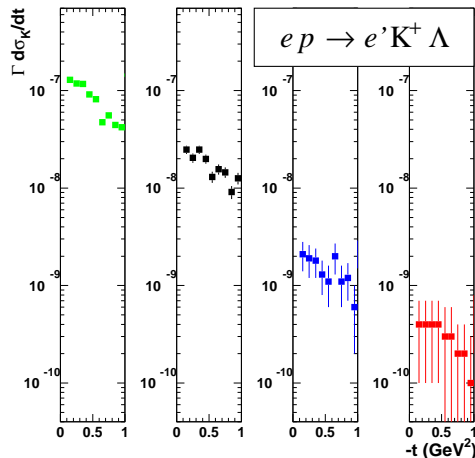
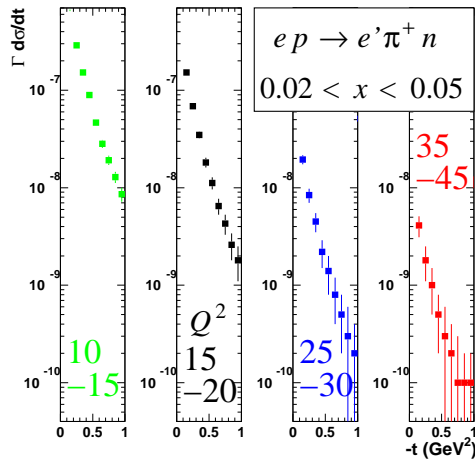
# Quark imaging: Sea quarks with EIC



- What is the spatial, flavor and spin structure of the non-perturbative sea in nucleon?

Carries quantum numbers:  $\bar{d} - \bar{u} > 0$

Dynamical origin: QCD vacuum, mesonic components in wave function?



- Meson production with EIC

Focus on  $0.01 \lesssim x \lesssim 0.3$ :  
Ideal with medium energy  $\sqrt{s} = 20 - 70$  GeV

Non-singlet channels,  $Q^2 > 10$  GeV<sup>2</sup>:  
Low rates require  $L \sim 10^{34}$  cm<sup>-2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>

Example: Exclusive  $\pi/K$  production maps transverse distribution of non-strange and strange sea [T. Horn et al. 08](#)

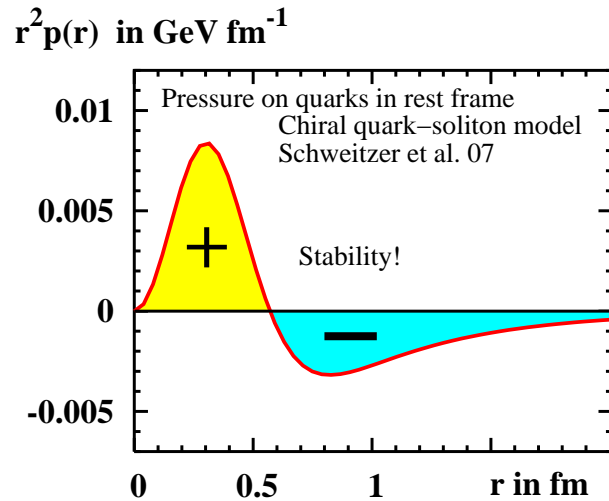
Explore dynamical origin of nucleon sea

# Quark/gluon imaging: More structures

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- Valence quark spin structure in exclusive  $\pi^0, \eta$  E12-06-108
  - Dominant role of quark helicity–flip GPD? Goloskokov, Kroll 10; Ahmad, Goldstein, Liuti 08
  - Reassessment of  $L/T$ , reaction mechanism
- $J/\psi$  production near threshold with JLab12 → Workshop Temple U. 2012
  - Probes gluon GPD at large skewness  $x_2 - x_1, |t_{\min}| \sim 2 \text{ GeV}^2$
- Quark/gluon imaging of nuclei
  - Small  $x$ : Nuclear shadowing as function of impact parameter Guzey et al.; Caldwell, Kowalski 08
  - Valence region:  $^4\text{He}$  as spin–0 target





- What are the distribution of energy, momentum and angular momentum in the nucleon?

QCD energy-momentum tensor  
 $\langle N | T_{\mu\nu} | N \rangle \sim A, B, C(t)$  form factors

Rest frame interpretation: Energy/momentum density, forces on quarks Polyakov 02

Fundamental interest: Lattice QCD, large- $N_c$  semiclassical models

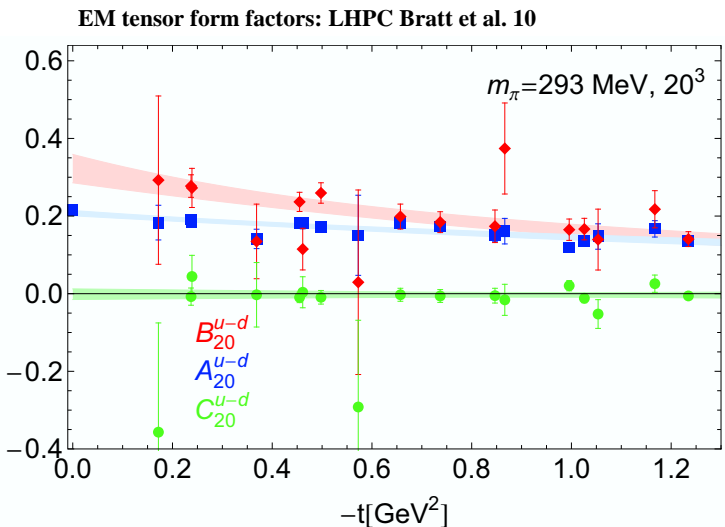
- Accessible through 2nd moment of GPDs

Local spin-2, twist-2 operator  
 Electroweak currents only give spin-1

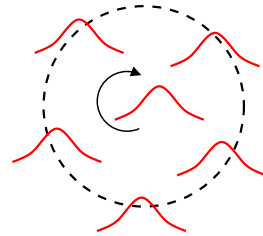
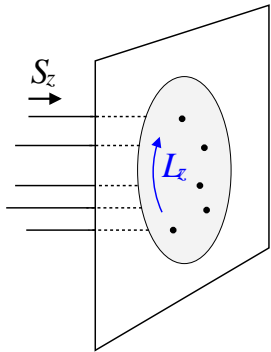
Ji sum rule

$$x_{1,2} = x \mp \xi$$

$$\int dx x [H_q + E_q](x_1, x_2; t) = J_q$$



Access fundamental static properties through GPDs



- Formulations of angular momentum

EM tensor  $\langle N | \int d^3r \mathbf{r} \times \mathbf{T} | N \rangle$  “fields”

partonic  $|N\rangle = \sum |q \dots \bar{q} \dots g; J_z\rangle$  “particles”

- Questions and challenges Recent summary: Leader 2011

Separate quark  $\leftrightarrow$  gluon angular momentum in interacting theory? Yes, but conventional

Separate gluon spin and orbital momentum? No

Complications: Gauge invariance, renormalization

- Different definitions Jaffe, Manohar 90; Ji 97; Chen et al. 08; Wakamatsu 10

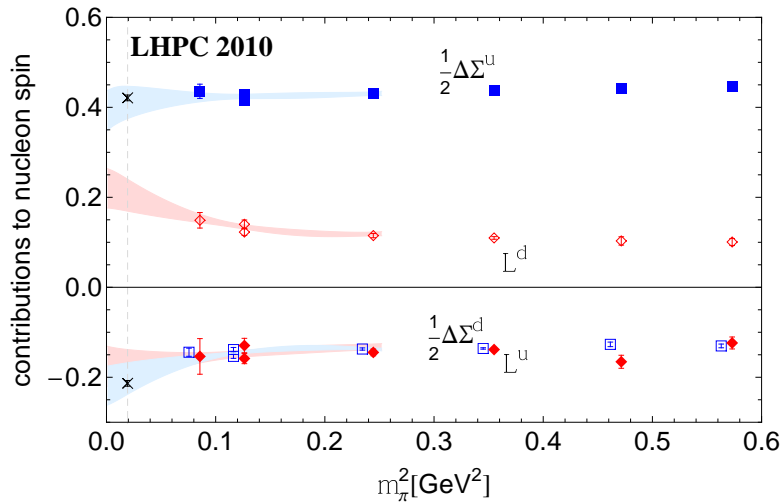
Ji: Belinfante version of EM tensor; connection with GPDs

$$J_{q,g} = \int_0^1 dx x [H_{q,g} + E_{q,g}](x_1, x_2, t \rightarrow 0)$$

Integrand not “partonic” density of angular momentum Burkardt, BC 09

No correspondence:  $J_{g,Ji} \neq \Delta G + L_{g,Jaffe-Manohar}$

No simple answers. Much more work needed!



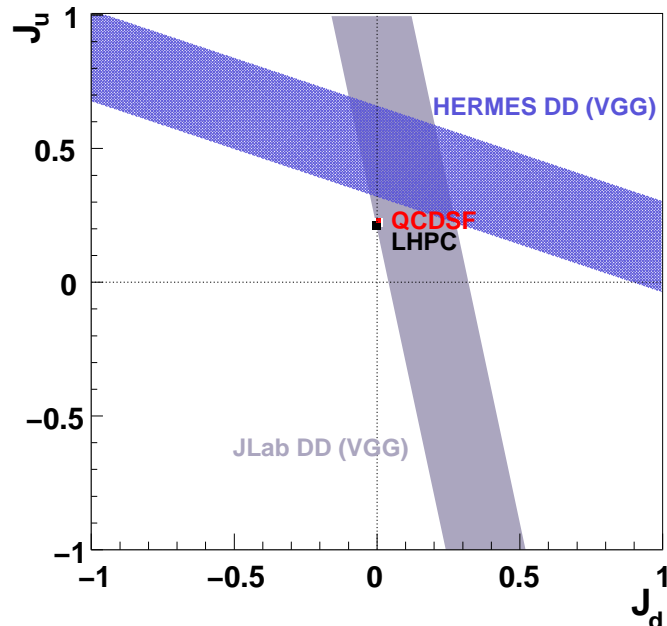
- Large isovector component of OAM

Lattice results for  $J_q, \Sigma_q$   
 QCDSF, LHC. Here  $L_q \equiv J_q - \Sigma_q/2$

Hints at chiral dynamics:  $\pi N$  configs in nucleon light-cone WF have  $L = 1$   
 $\leftrightarrow$  large sea quark Sivers function at HERMES, COMPASS?

Models: Chiral quark-soliton model; quark model + pion cloud  
 Wakamatsu 05+; Goeke et al. 07. Thomas, Myrner 08

Model-independent understanding?



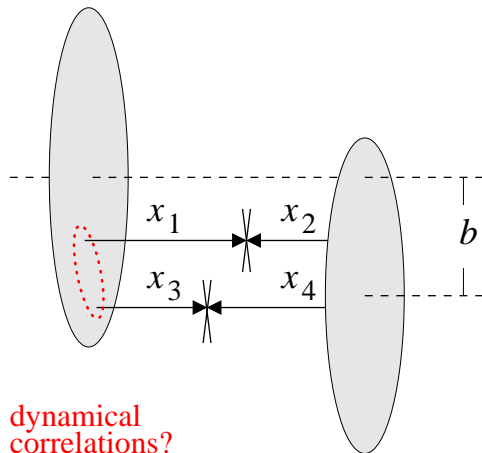
- Future directions

Ji SR with GPDs constrained by exclusive data?  
 DVCS:  $E_q$  from neutron and transverse target, charge asymmetry JLab 6/12 GeV, HERMES  
 DVMP:  $E_q$  from  $\rho$  with transverse target,  $E_g$  from  $\phi$ ? Challenging! Difficult to quantify errors. Need 12 GeV data to test reaction models.

Comprehensive approach using exclusive, semi-inclusive and inclusive observables  
 Light-front phenomenology; needs better conceptual understanding!  
 Dedicated INT Workshop 6-17 Feb 2012

# GPDs in pp: Multiparton processes, diffraction 20

- Transverse distribution of partons essential input to  $pp@LHC$



Spectator interactions in hard procs depend on  $pp$  impact parameter “Underlying event”

Use  $ep$  results to predict/quantify impact parameter distribution  
Frankfurt, Strikman CW 03, 10

- Multiple hard processes

Geometric probability calculable from transverse parton distributions

Dynamical correlations?

Tevatron CDF/D0 3 jet +  $\gamma$  show enhancement

High rates expected at LHC:  
Background to new particle production

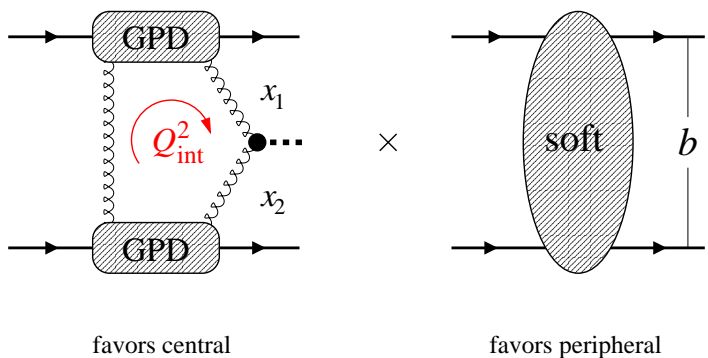
New field of study! MPI@LHC 2010

Dokshitzer et al. 10, Diehl et al. 11

- Exclusive diffraction  $pp \rightarrow p + H + p$   
Frankfurt, Hyde, Strikman, CW 08

Gap survival probability

Hard process  $\leftrightarrow$  soft spectator interactions



- GPDs enable new level of insight in nucleon structure in QCD
  - Transverse imaging
  - Longitudinal response,  $q\bar{q}$  correlations
  - EM tensor, angular momentum
- Great potential in Hall A at 12 GeV
  - Gluon imaging with  $\phi$  — transverse pol. target?
  - DVCS cross sections for dispersion analysis
  - High- $t$  form factors for transverse densities at  $b \lesssim 0.2$  fm
- JLab12 part of larger program to explore nucleon structure with GPDs
  - COMPASS, EIC, 24 GeV+      gluon/sea quark imaging
  - RHIC, LHC                      GPDs in diffraction, multiparton processes