Physics of the JLab 12 GeV Upgrade

C. Weiss (JLab), EIC Workshop, INT Seattle, 19-Oct 2009



Luminosity low-rate processes Energy short distances

- I) Gluonic excitations in meson spectrum
- II) Nucleon structure: Parton densities, * spatial distributions (GPDs, form factors), orbital motion (TMDs), excited states
- III) Nuclei in QCD: Short-range correlations, * color transparency, EMC effect
- IV) Electroweak physics: SM parameters, parity-violating form factors, DIS

JLab and 12 GeV Upgrade



CW beam $\sim 100 \, \mu A$ Present beam energy 6 GeV Operating since 1994

- "Race track" accelerator with linacs + arcs, extensible to 24 GeV
- Uses unique superconducting RF technology + energy recovery
- Experimental halls
 - A, C Magnetic spectrometers B Large acceptance CLAS
- 12 GeV Upgrade

Double beam energy $6 \rightarrow 12 \text{ GeV}$ Add Hall D (γ beam, GlueX detector) Upgrade existing halls

DOE project (CD0 2004, CD3 2008) Construction started, beam exp. 2013 Total cost \sim 300M\$

Nucleon structure: Landscape



- Nucleon in QCD many-body system: Different components!
- JLab 12 GeV: Valence region

Quantum numbers: Spin, flavor

Non-perturbative dynamics

"Source" of sea quarks, gluons \rightarrow vacuum structure, radiation

• Measurable properties

Parton densities

Transverse spatial distributions: GPDs, FFs Orbital motion: TMDs, angular momentum Correlations: "Higher twist"

• EIC: Sea quark, gluons Small-x dynamics, saturation

Nucleon structure: Large x



- Global fits: Large uncertainties in d quark, gluon at $x>0.4_{\rm CTEQ,\,MSTW,\,GJR,\,Alekhin}$
- JLab 12 GeV: Large-*x* inclusive structure functions unique!

d/u from neutron DIS with spectator tagging

Dynamics governing basic 3q configuration of nucleon

Global fits \rightarrow gluon, sea High-mass jets at LHC

• EIC: Charm as direct probe of gluons at x > 0.1?

Nucleon structure: Spin



• JLab 12 GeV: *d* quark polarization from neutron spin structure

3q component of nucleon: Orbital angular momentum?

• Impact on ΔG through global fits

JLab 12 GeV $\xrightarrow{\text{evolution}}$ COMPASS

+ RHIC Spin

• EIC: ΔG from Q^2 evolution $\Delta q, \Delta \bar{q}$ from semi-inclusive DIS

Transversity, g_2 with 12 GeV \rightarrow J.P. Chen

Nucleon Structure: Transverse imaging





 Transverse spatial distribution of quarks/gluons

> Dynamics: pion cloud, diffusion Visualization: 3D Images Lattice

• JLab 12 GeV: Transverse imaging in valence region

GPDs from deeply–virtual Compton scattering $\gamma^*N \rightarrow \gamma + N$

Transverse charge densities $\int dx \rho(x,b)$ from elastic form factors

Transverse flavor/spin distributions from exclusive meson production $\gamma^*N \rightarrow N + \pi, K, \rho, K^*, \phi(\text{gluon}!)$

• EIC: Gluon imaging with J/ψ , sea quarks from exclusive mesons with $Q^2 \geq 10\,{\rm GeV}^2$

Nucleon structure: Orbital motion



Boer–Mulders asymmetry: Transverse polarization of quark through spin–orbit interactions

• Transverse motion, k_T dependence observable in semi-inclusive DIS

Orbital angular momentum Spin–orbit interactions, "deformation" QCD final–state interactions

 JLab 12 GeV: TMDs in valence region from semi-inclusive DIS

Boer–Mulders, Sivers, pretzelosity, . . . Unpolarized k_T distributions

• EIC: Low \rightarrow high p_T mechanism, twist from Q^2 dependence

. . . requires fully differential measurements!

Nuclei in QCD: Short-range correlations





 Rare high-density configurations beyond mean field: Short-range correlations

Properties of superdense matter, neutron stars

Quark structure of short-range NN interaction

- JLab 6 GeV: First demonstration of SRCs in eA scattering through $(e,e^\prime p)$ Hall A, CLAS
- JLab 12 GeV: Nuclear DIS at x > 1 "superfast quarks"

requires high luminosity $L \sim 10^{37} {\rm cm}^{-2} {\rm s}^{-1}$

Nuclei in QCD: Color transparency



• Small-size color singlets $\bar{q}q, 3q$ interact weakly with hadronic matter: Color transparency

Fundamental property of QCD as gauge theory!

• JLab 12 GeV: Observe CT in high- Q^2 meson production $A(e, e'\pi)X$ and proton knockout A(e, e'p)X

> Indications of CT in 6 GeV π, ρ High luminosity essential!

- EIC: CT in wide kinematic regime
 - $u \rightarrow coherence length > nuclear size$
 - $Q^2 \rightarrow \text{size of configurations}$

Also in JLab 12 GeV program

- Quark-hadron duality in inclusive and semi-inclusive DIS
- Quark-gluon correlations in nucleon from higher twist
- Nucleon resonance N^{\ast} excitation at high Q^{2}
- Polarized EMC effect

 \rightarrow extend with EIC

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• Quark propagation and hadronization in medium

Summary

- Combination of high luminosity and energy with JLab 12 GeV enables unique physics program in nucleon/nuclear structure in QCD
- Valence quark region essential for understanding of nucleon/nuclear structure

Spin/flavor quantum numbers, transverse size, orbital motion Non-perturbative dynamics: Chiral symmetry breaking, confinement Initial condition for QCD radiation

• A high–luminosity EIC will extend reach to sea quark and gluon degrees of freedom in nucleon/nuclei

 \rightarrow T. Horn

Sea quark and gluon imaging Orbital motion of quarks and gluons Interaction of small–size configurations with hadronic matter

Gluonic EMC effect

exclusive meson production semi-inclusive DIS hard processes on nuclei

inclusive DIS