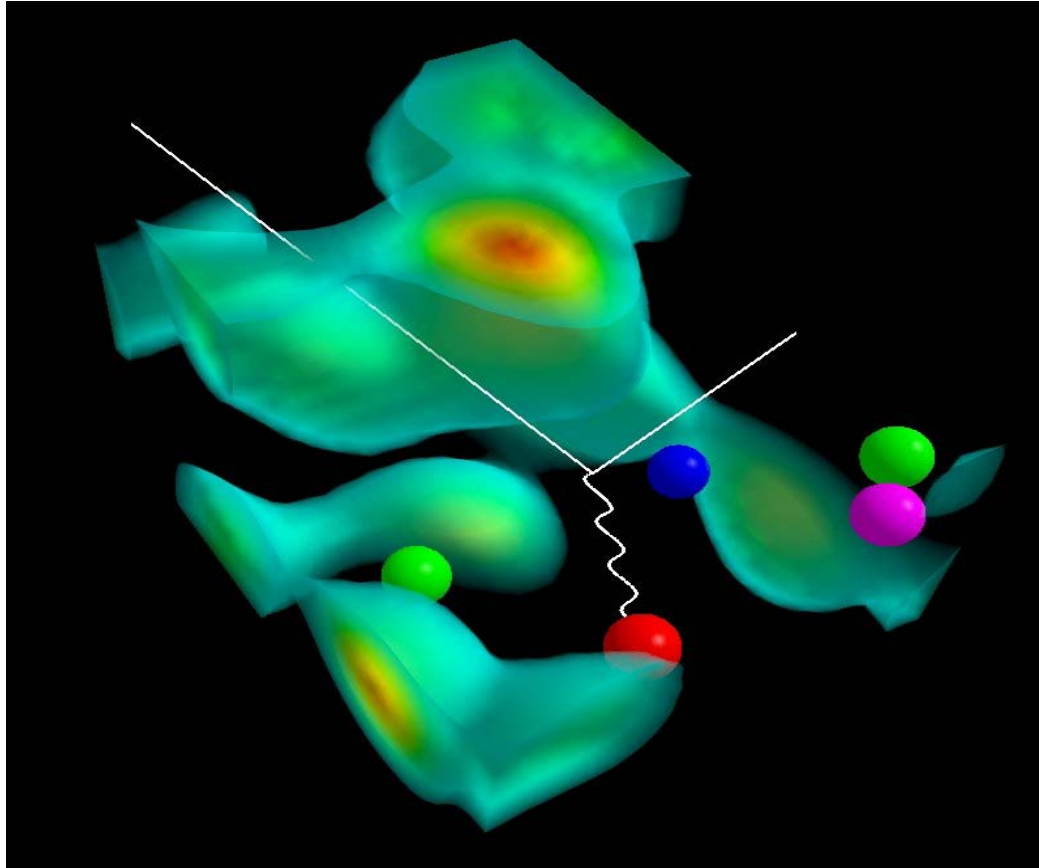


Scientific Overview



Anthony W. Thomas

S&T Review: JLab July 14th 2009

Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility



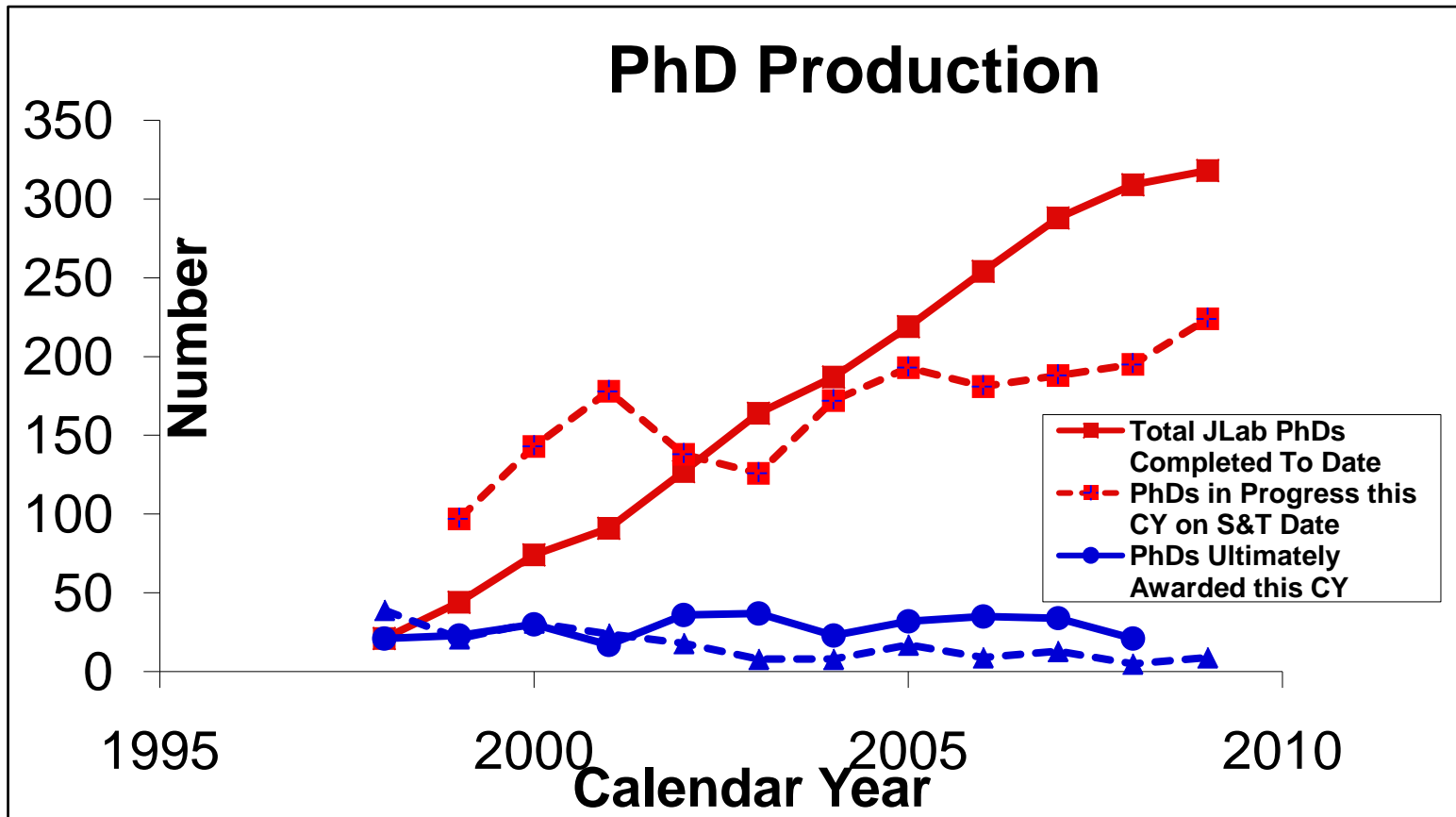
Overview

- Past 12 years have yielded outstanding science
- Remaining years of 6 GeV operation promise more
- 12 GeV Upgrade offers “high probability for discoveries that may lead to significant paradigm shifts”
 - top rated NP project in the NSAC Long Range Plan
- Strong Theory Group focused on support for program
- Innovative design for staging a future (M)EIC
- World leader in SRF and ERL technology
- Opportunities for scientific discovery at the FEL
 - plans for a future 4th generation light source



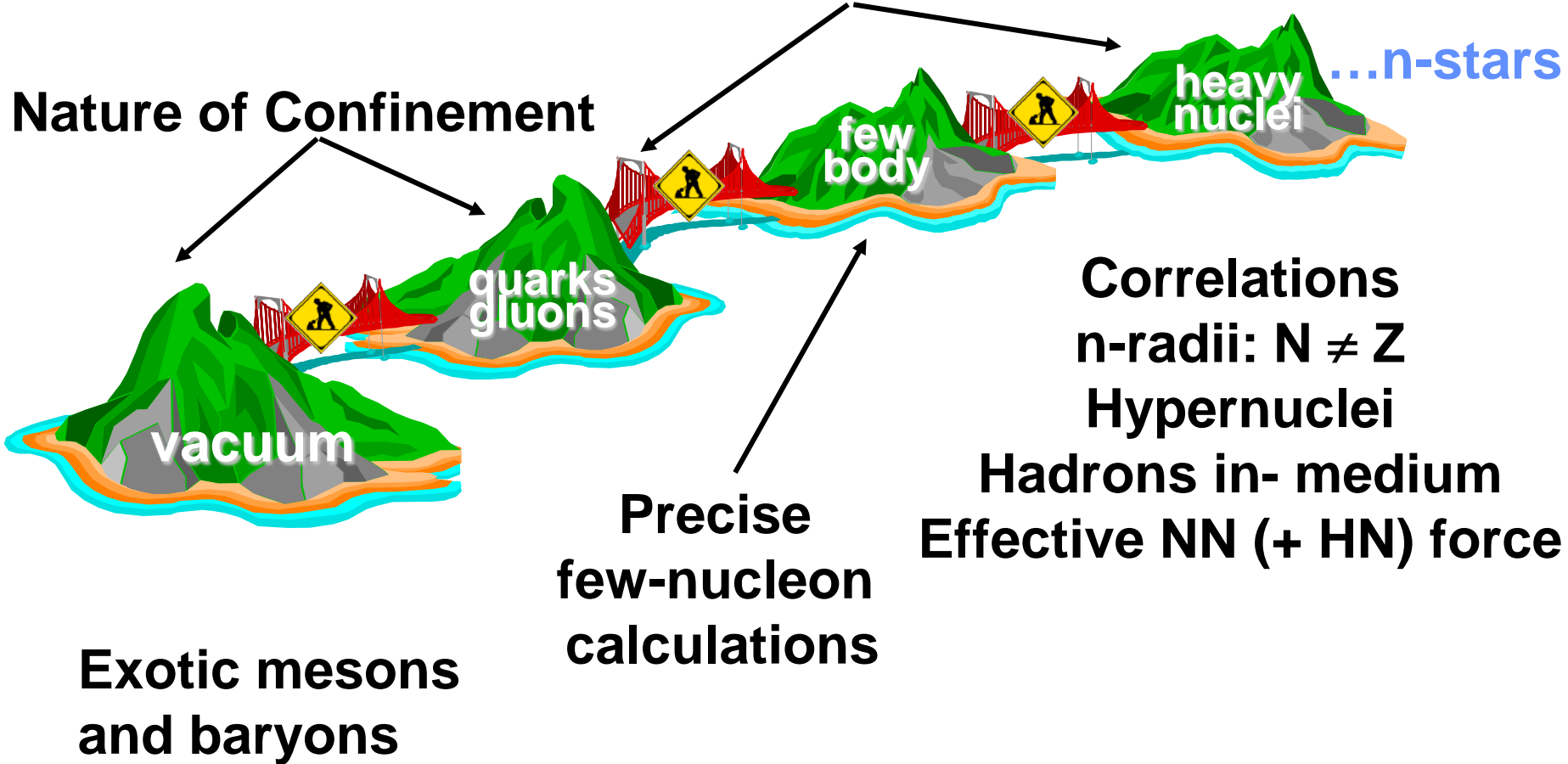
Users / Students

- **Active Users: 1,300**
 - Largest nuclear physics user base at any laboratory worldwide
- **Produce ~ 30% of US PhDs in Nuclear Physics annually**



JLab Central to Nuclear Science

Quark-Gluon Structure Of Nucleons and Nuclei



Highlights of First Decade

- Discovery of unexpected behavior of G_E^p - **new result FY09**
- Superb program of studies in parity violation
 - strangeness content of the nucleon – **new result FY09**
 - factor 5 increase in precision of Standard Model couplings
- Study of deformation of Δ and transition form factors of nucleon excited states
- Major new results for structure functions – **new result FY09**
 - Bjorken & DHG sum rule; g_{1n} ; $|\Delta G|$; **d/u ratio**



Highlights of First 10 years – cont.

- **New information on correlations in nuclei**
 - **role of the tensor force**
- **Studies of hypernuclei – better than 400keV resolution**
- **Exploration of duality, pQCD counting rules, color transparency**
- **Initial exploration of Generalized Parton Distributions (GPDs) – towards mapping of angular momentum in the proton**



Highlights of Remaining 6 GeV Program

Structure of nuclear building blocks

- Precision measurements of electric and magnetic form factors and their quark flavor decompositions (OMB milestone)
- Understand nucleon excitation spectra, measuring transition form factors (OMB milestone)
- Determine nucleon structure at intermediate x ; measure moments of unpolarized structure functions (OMB milestone)
- Develop tools for a program of “nuclear tomography” (OMB milestone)



Highlights of Remaining 6 GeV Program (cont.)

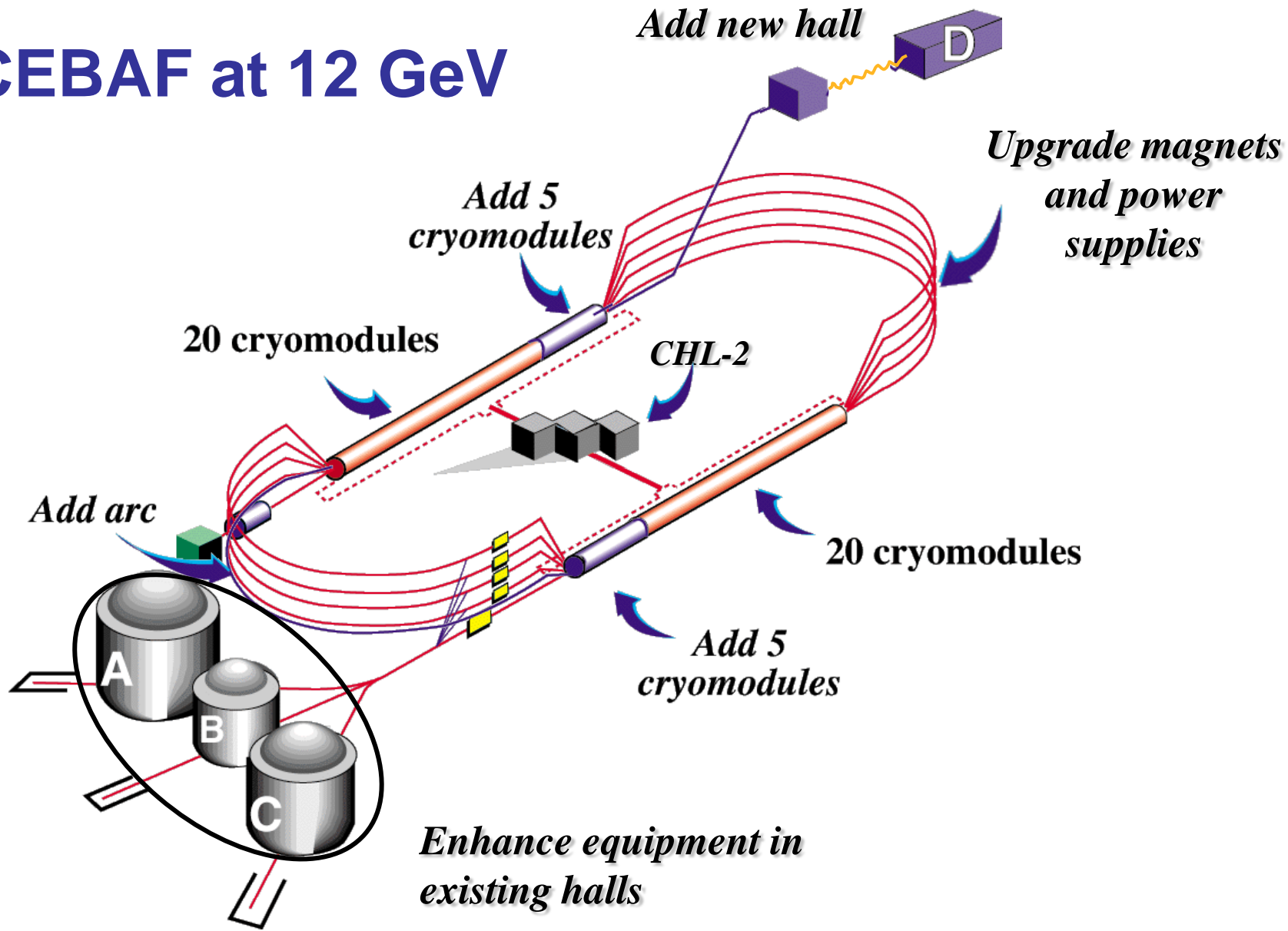
Structure of nuclei

- Explore deeply-lying shell structure, QCD basis of N-N force via hypernuclear experiments
- Compare properties of nucleons bound in nuclei with those of free nucleons (OMB milestone)
- Measure the neutron radius of Pb^{208} providing essential information for a broad range of physics
- Explore underlying quark-gluon structure of light nuclei by measuring elastic form factors at high momentum transfer

Symmetry Tests

- Determine the weak charge of the proton

CEBAF at 12 GeV



Highlights of the 12 GeV Program

- **Revolutionize Our Knowledge of Spin and Flavor Dependence of Valence PDFs**
- **Revolutionize Our Knowledge of Distribution of Charge and Current in the Nucleon**
- **Totally New View of Hadron (and Nuclear) Structure: GPDs**
 - **Determination of the quark angular momentum**

Highlights of the 12 GeV Program....2

- **Exploration of QCD in the Nonperturbative Regime:**
 - **Existence and properties of exotic mesons**
- **New Paradigm for Nuclear Physics:
Nuclear Structure in Terms of QCD**
 - **Spin and flavor dependent EMC Effect**
 - **Study quark propagation through nuclear matter**
- **Precision Tests of the Standard Model**
 - **Parity Violating DIS & Möller**

12 GeV : Milestone Performance

Level and Number	Milestone Description	Baseline	Projected	Actual
1-1	CD-0 (Approve Mission Need)	Mar-04		Mar-04
1-2	CD-1 (Approve Preliminary Baseline Range)	Feb-06		Feb-06
1-3	CD-2 (Approve Performance Baseline)	Dec-07		Nov-07
1-4	CD-3 (Approve Start of Construction)	Sep-08		Sept-08
1-5	CD-4A (Approve <i>Accelerator</i> Project Completion and Start of Operations)	Dec-14	Dec-14	
1-6	CD-4B (Approve <i>Experimental Equipment</i> Project Completion and Start of Operations)	Jun-15	Jun-15	
2-05	Design Review of Superconducting Magnets	Jul-08		May-08
2-14	Design of Conventional Facilities Completed	Sep-08		Sep-08
2-06	Award First Superconducting Magnet Contract	Jul-09		Jul-09
2-15	Ready for Equipment - CHL Addition (RFE)	Sep-10	Sep-10	
2-16	Ready for Equipment - Hall-D (RFE)	Oct-10	Oct-10	
2-10	Start Hall-D Installation	Nov-10	Nov-10	
2-01	Klystron Mass Production Authorization	Jun-11	Jun-11	

Talk of C. Rode



Scientific Highlights

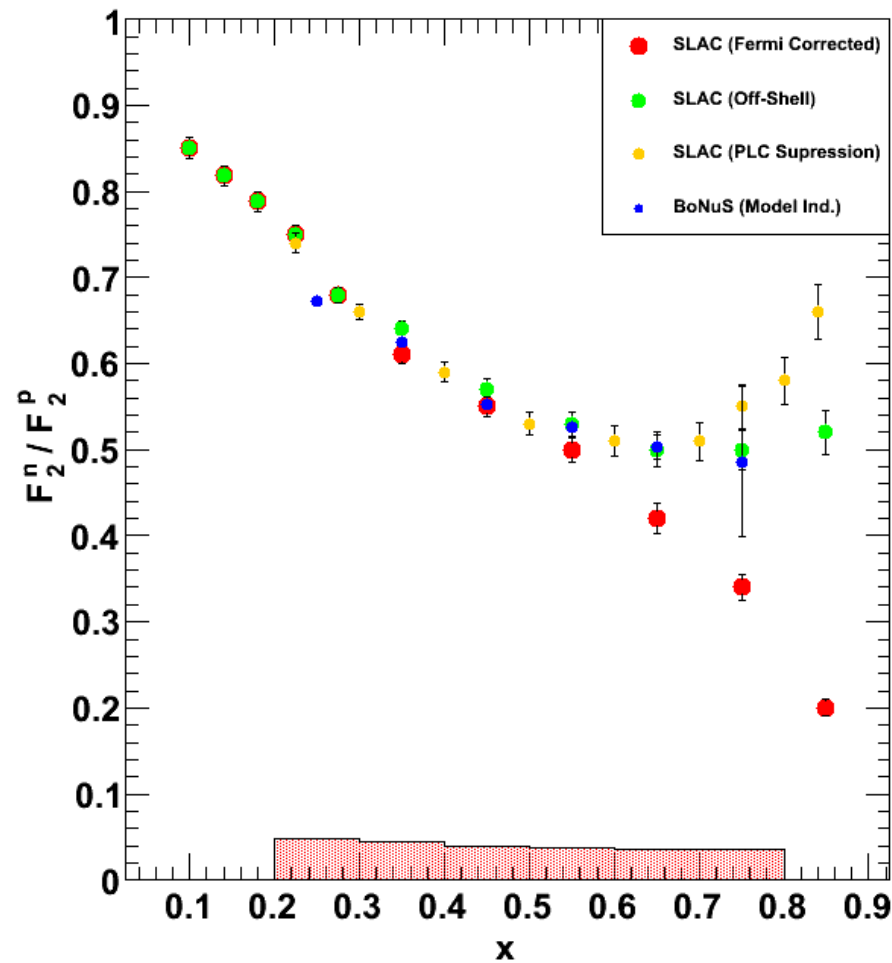
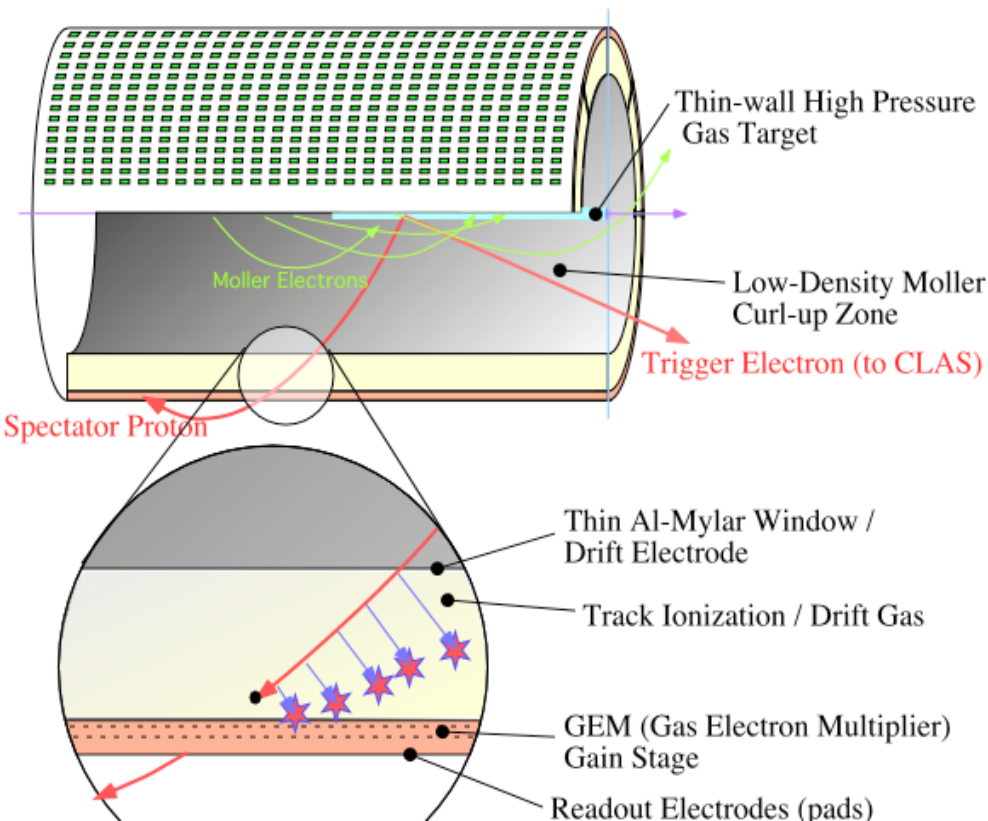
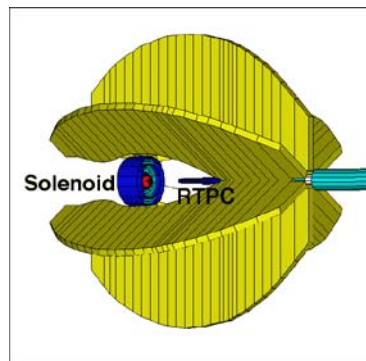


6 GeV Highlights Leading to the 12 GeV Upgrade

- **Parton Distribution Functions**
- **Form Factors**
- **Generalized Parton Distributions**
- **Exotic Meson Spectroscopy:
Confinement and the QCD vacuum**
- **Nuclei at the level of quarks and gluons**
- **Tests of Physics Beyond the Standard Model**



Preliminary Result from Bonus Experiment

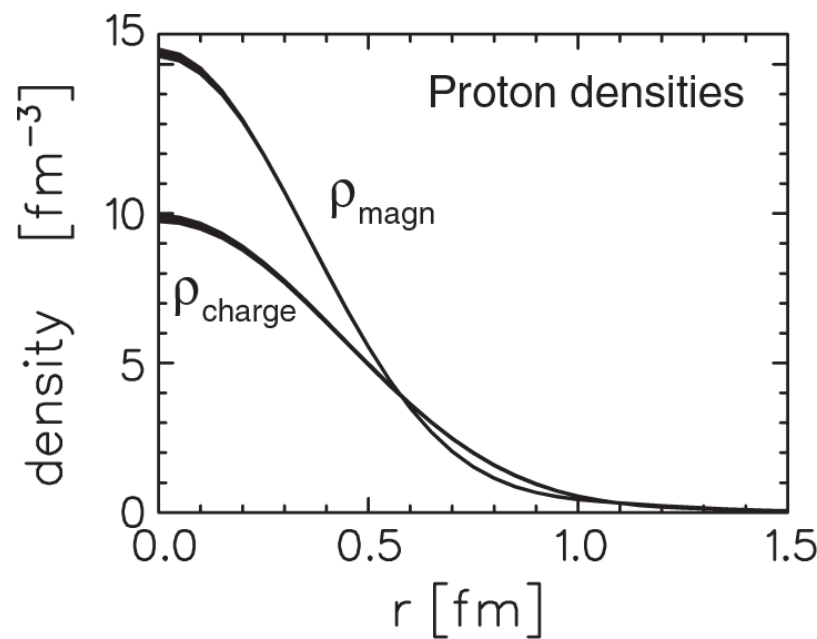
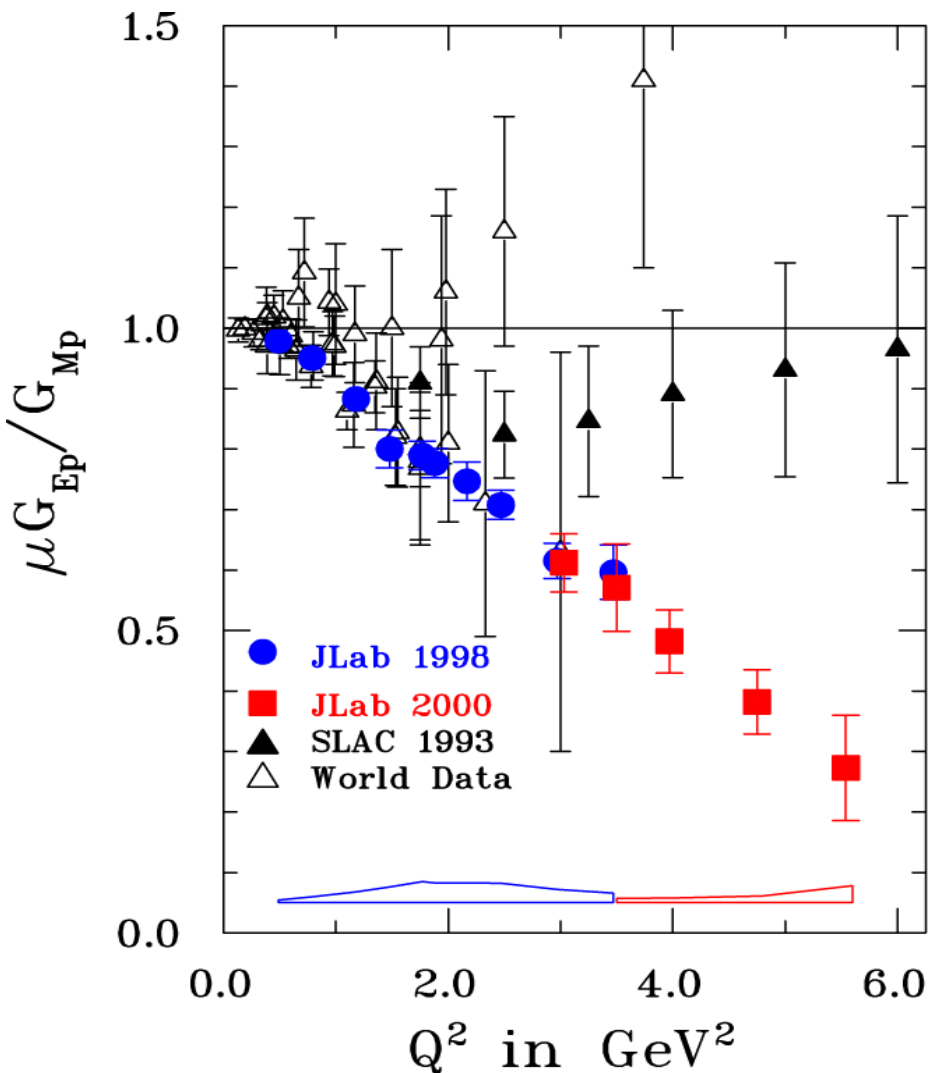


6 GeV Highlights Leading to the 12 GeV Upgrade

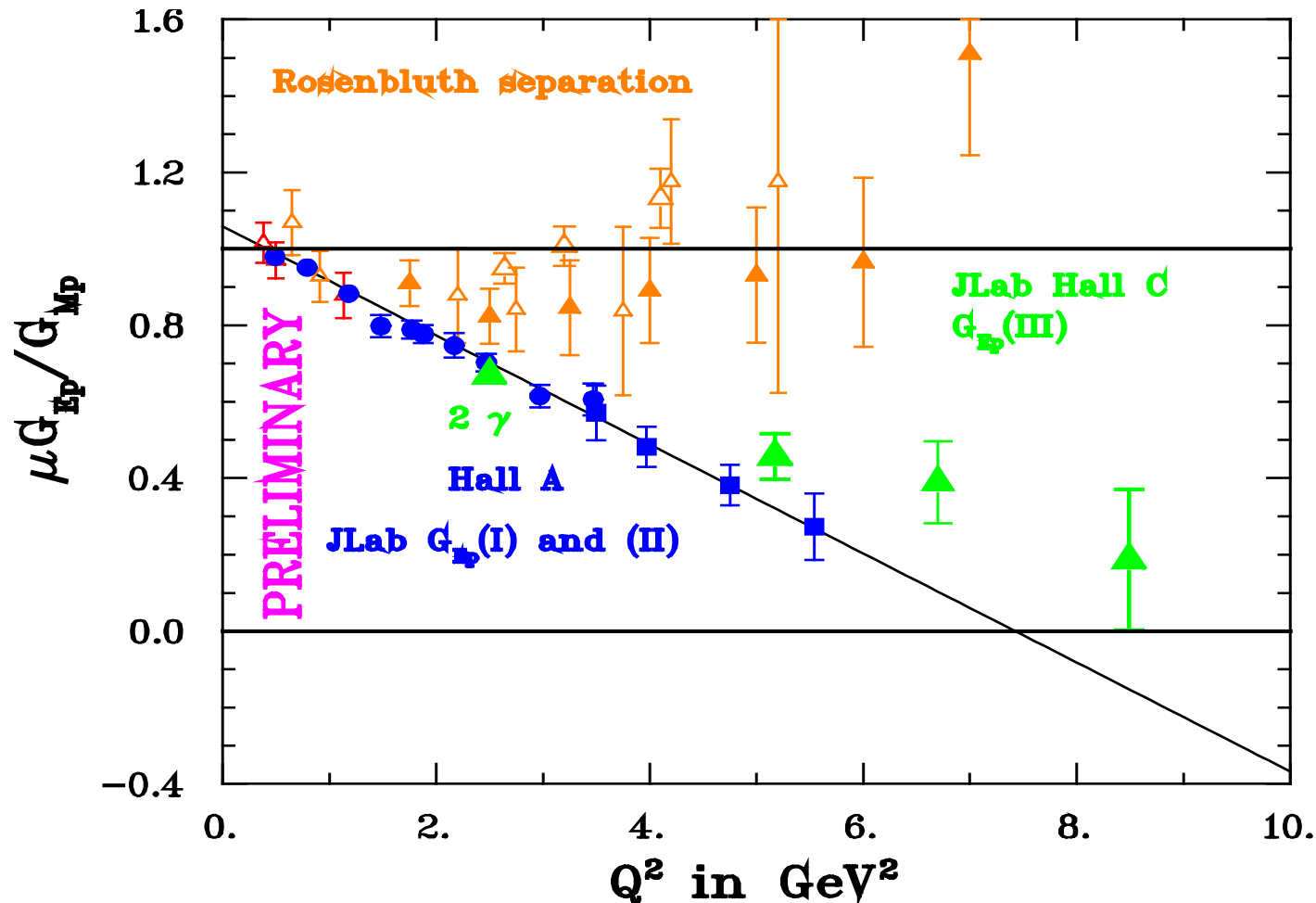
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JLab Data Rewrote the Text Book on G_E^p

- High Intensity
 - High Duty Factor
 - High Polarization
- ⇒ Revolutionized our knowledge



Further Measurements of G_E^p



- Perdrisat *et al.* E01-109 — increased range of Q^2 by 50% in FY08 (analysis nearing completion)
- 12 GeV and SHMS in Hall C will go to 14 GeV^2

Strangeness in the Nucleon

- Strangeness contribution is a vacuum polarization effect, analogous to Lamb shift in QED

Hydrogen Atom, Electron (g-2)-factor, QED

$$g_e = 2 \left(1 + \frac{\alpha}{2\pi} - 0.328 \frac{\alpha^2}{\pi^2} + \dots \right)$$

- It is a fundamental test of non-perturbative QCD

Experimental Determination

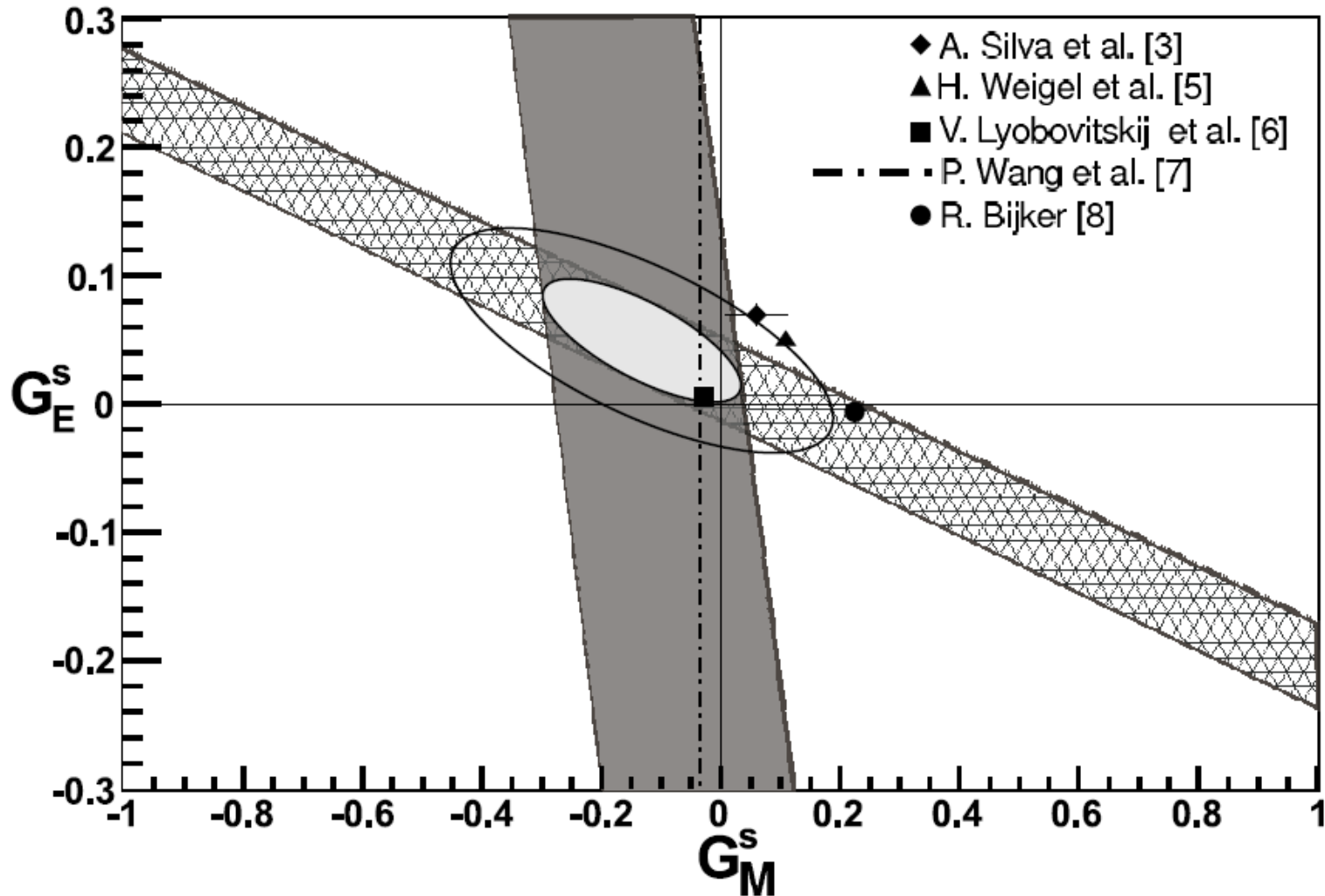
- Assuming charge symmetry:

$$\begin{aligned}G_{E,M}^{u,p} &= \left(3 - 4 \sin^2 \theta_W\right) G_{E,M}^{\gamma,p} - G_{E,M}^{Z,p} \\G_{E,M}^{d,p} &= \left(2 - 4 \sin^2 \theta_W\right) G_{E,M}^{\gamma,p} - G_{E,M}^{\gamma,n} - G_{E,M}^{Z,p} \\G_{E,M}^{s,p} &= \left(1 - 4 \sin^2 \theta_W\right) G_{E,M}^{\gamma,p} - G_{E,M}^{\gamma,n} - G_{E,M}^{Z,p}\end{aligned}$$

- Need three independent observables to extract individual quark contributions to form factors

PVA4 2009: $Q^2 = 0.22 \text{ GeV}^2$

arXiv: 0903.2733v1



$$G_M^s = -0.14 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.11 \mu_N ; G_E^s = 0.050 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.019$$

The G0 experiment at JLAB

- Forward and backward angle PV e-p elastic and e-d (quasielastic) in JLab Hall C

G_E^s , G_M^s and G_A^e separated
over range $Q^2 \sim 0.1 - 1.0 \text{ (GeV/c)}^2$

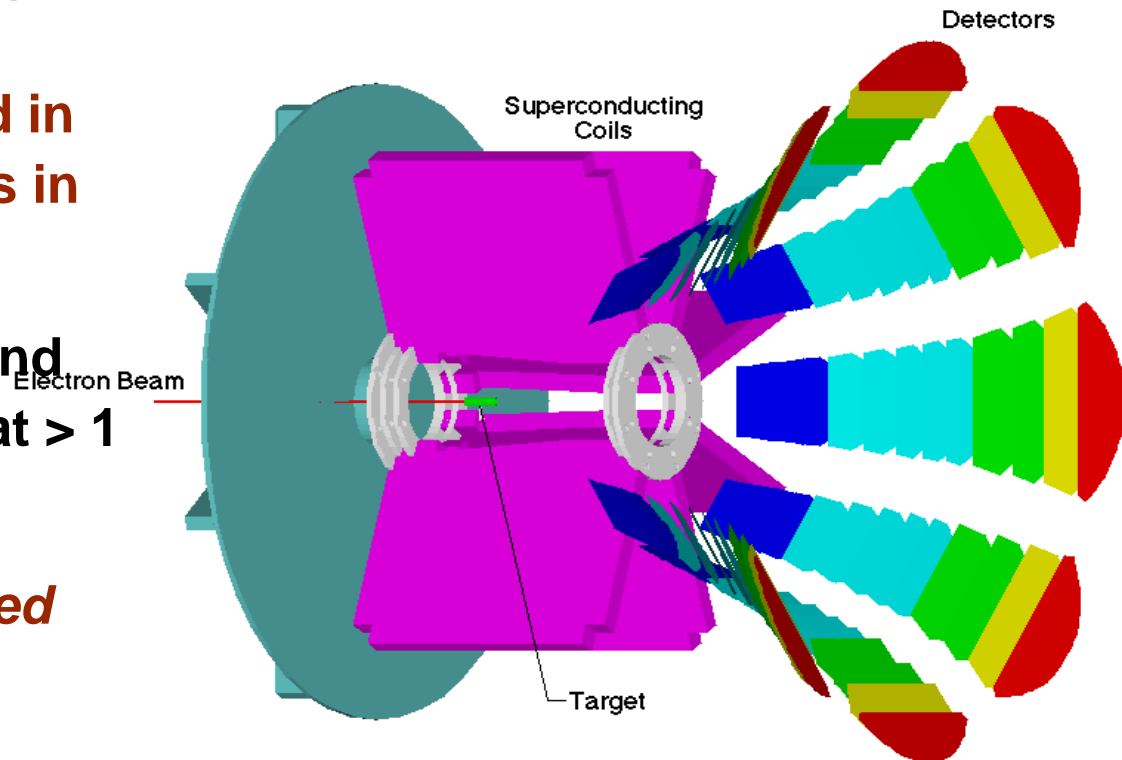
- superconducting toroidal magnet

- scattered particles detected in segmented scintillator arrays in spectrometer focal plane

- custom electronics count and process scattered particles at > 1 MHz

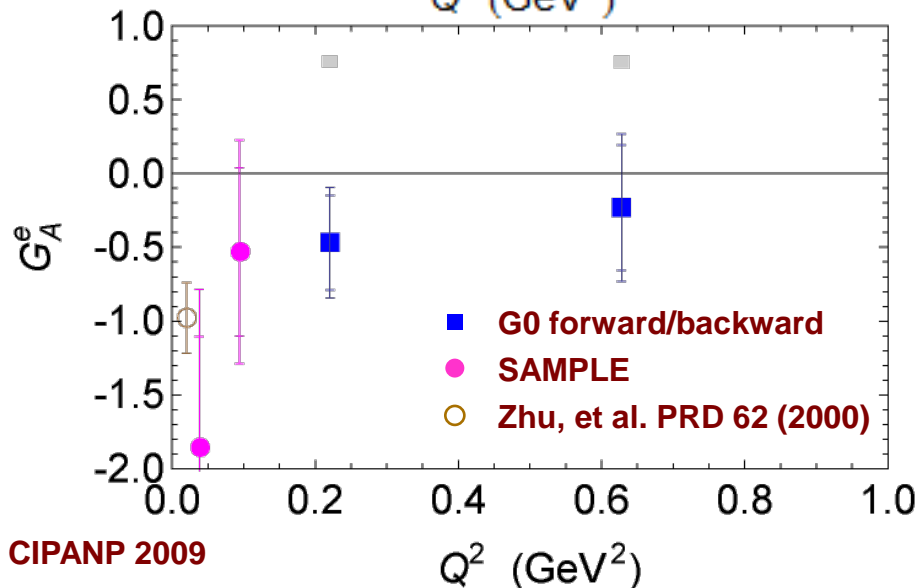
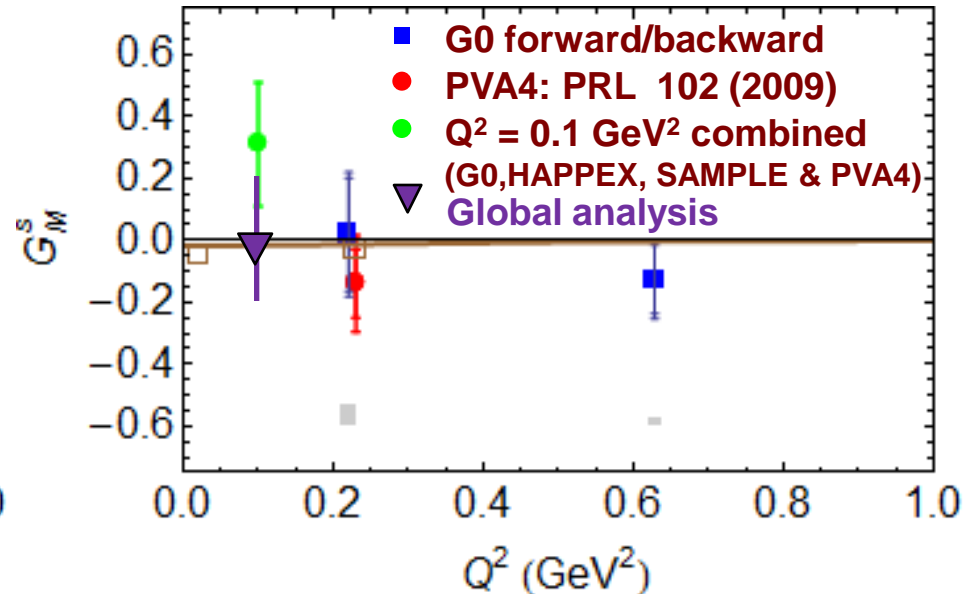
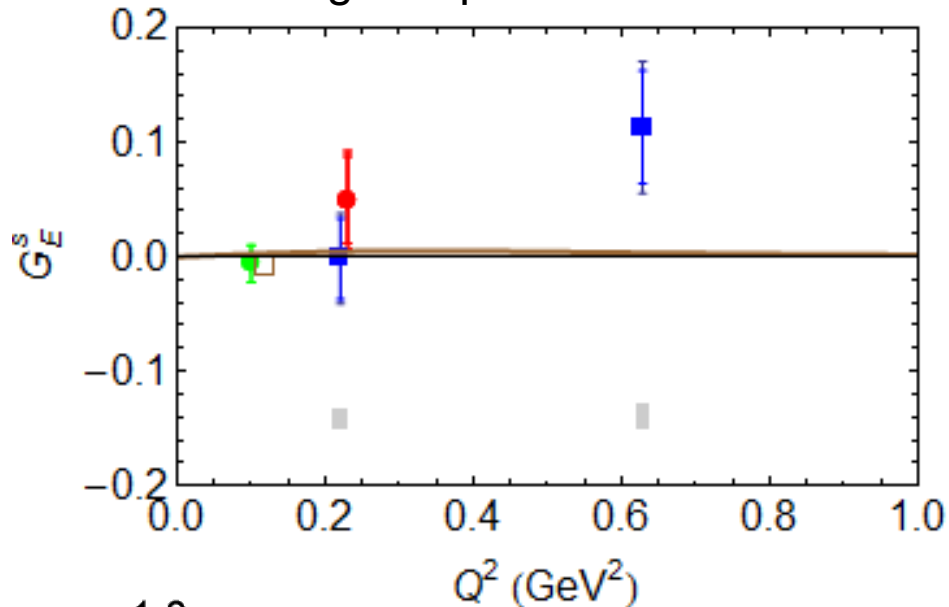
- *forward angle data published 2005*

- *backward angle data: 2006-2007*



Form Factor Results

■ Using interpolation of G0 forward measurements



■ Global uncertainties

Some calculations:

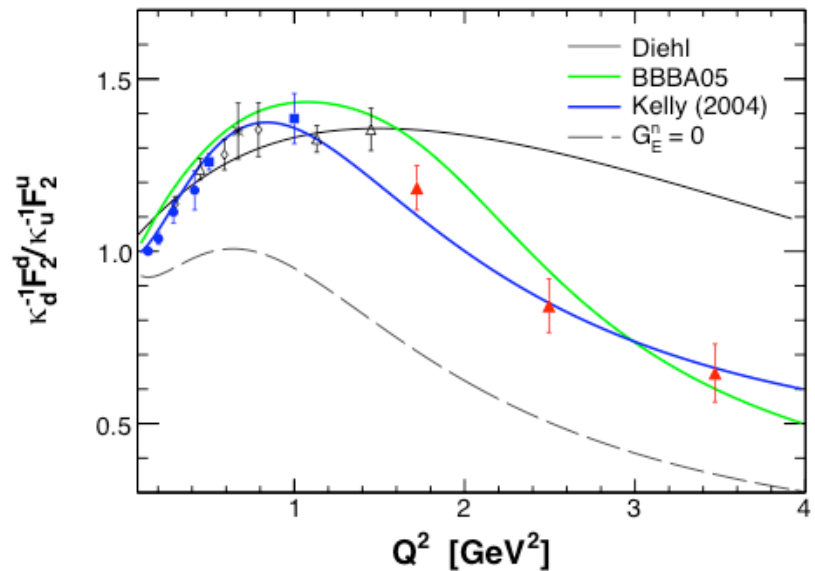
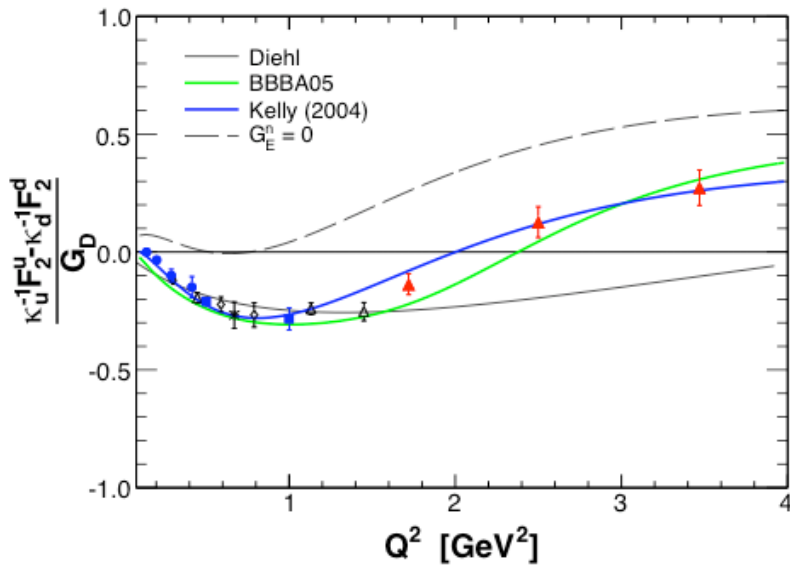
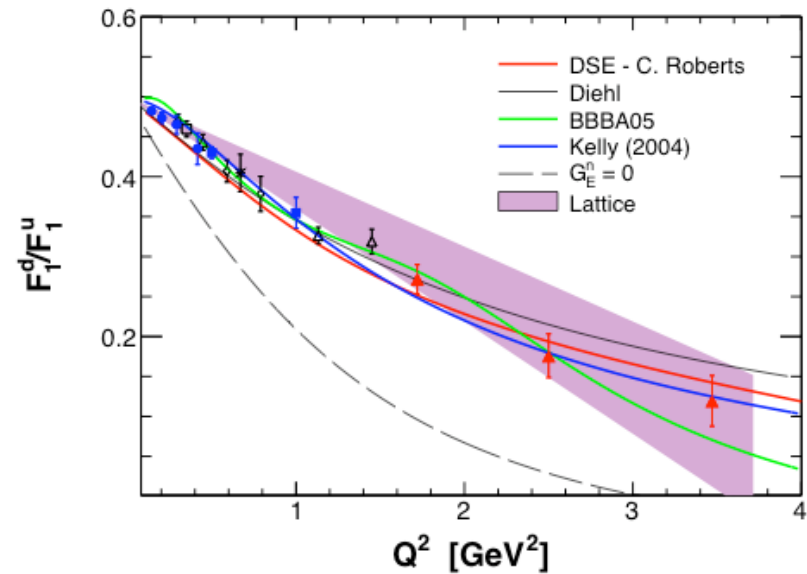
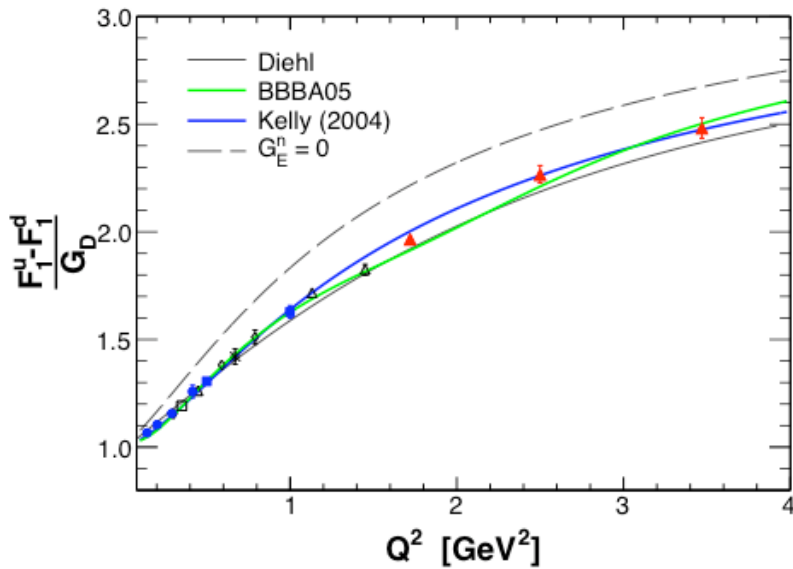
Leinweber, et al. PRL 97 (2006) 022001

Leinweber, et al. PRL 94 (2005) 152001

Wang, et al arXiv:0807.0944 ($Q^2 = 0.23$ GeV²)

Doi, et al, arXiv:0903.3232

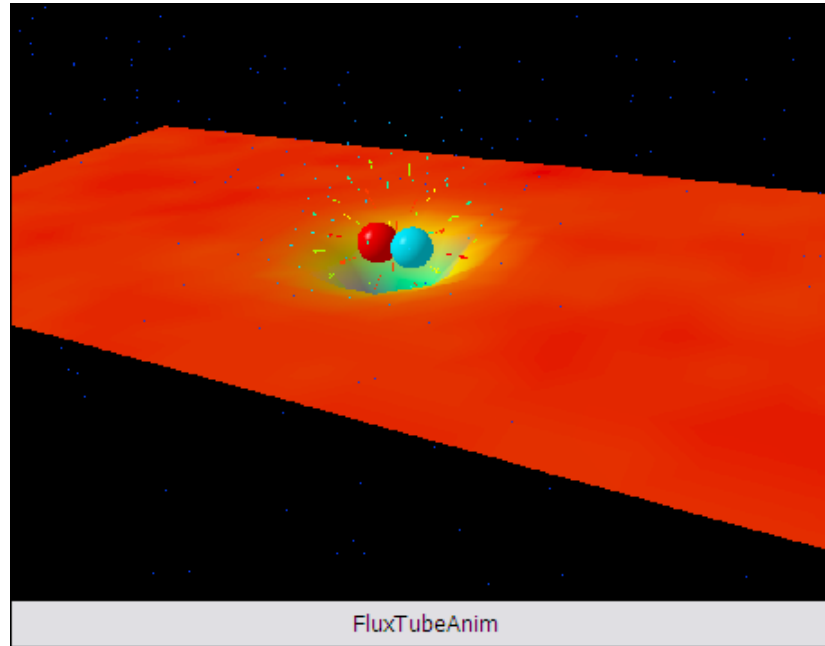
Flavor Separated Form Factors



6 GeV Highlights Leading to the 12 GeV Upgrade

- Parton Distribution Functions
- Form Factors
- Generalized Parton Distributions
- **Exotic Meson Spectroscopy:
Confinement and the QCD vacuum**
- Nuclei at the level of quarks and gluons
- Tests of Physics Beyond the Standard Model

Gluonic Excitations and the Origin of Confinement



QCD predicts a rich spectrum of as yet to be discovered gluonic excitations - whose experimental verification is crucial for our understanding of QCD in the confinement regime.

With the upgraded CEBAF, a linearly polarized photon beam, and the GlueX detector, Jefferson Lab will be uniquely poised to:

- discover these states,
- map out their spectrum, and
- measure their properties

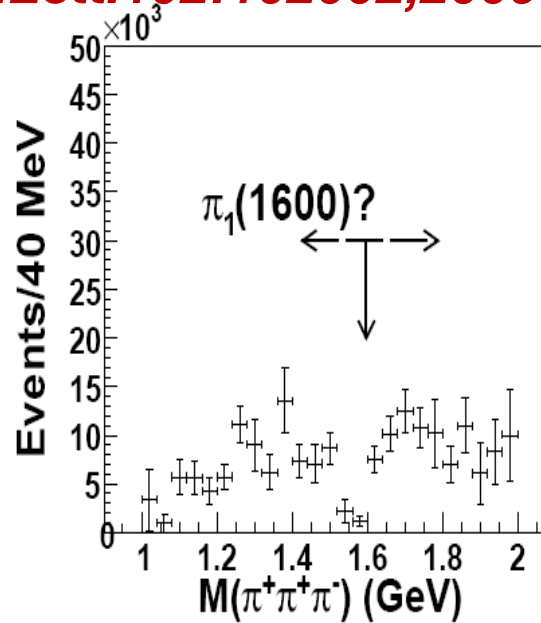
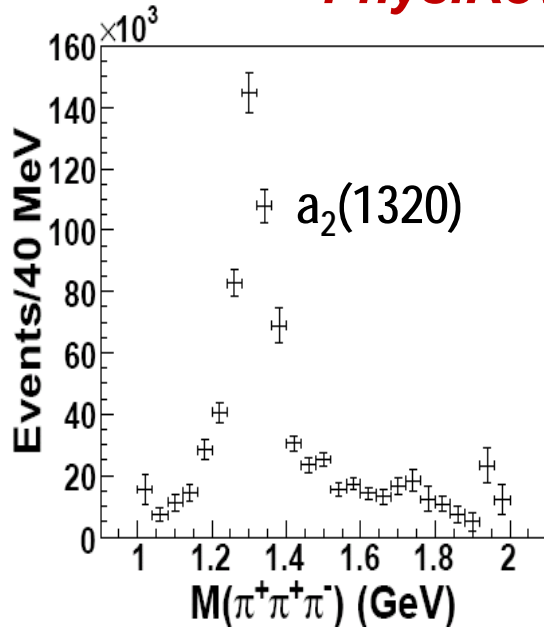
Search for hybrid $\pi_1(1600)$ meson

- Possible evidence of exotic meson (hybrid) $\pi_1(1600)$ in $\pi p \rightarrow (3\pi) p$
- Not confirmed in a re-analysis of a higher statistic sample

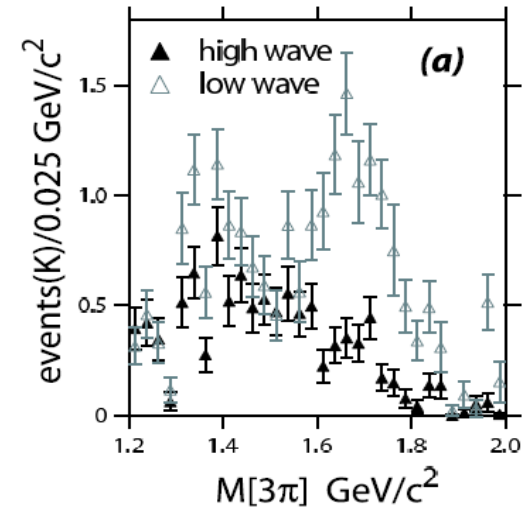
CLAS

E-01-017

Phys.Rev.Lett. 102:102002,2009



E852-Brookhaven



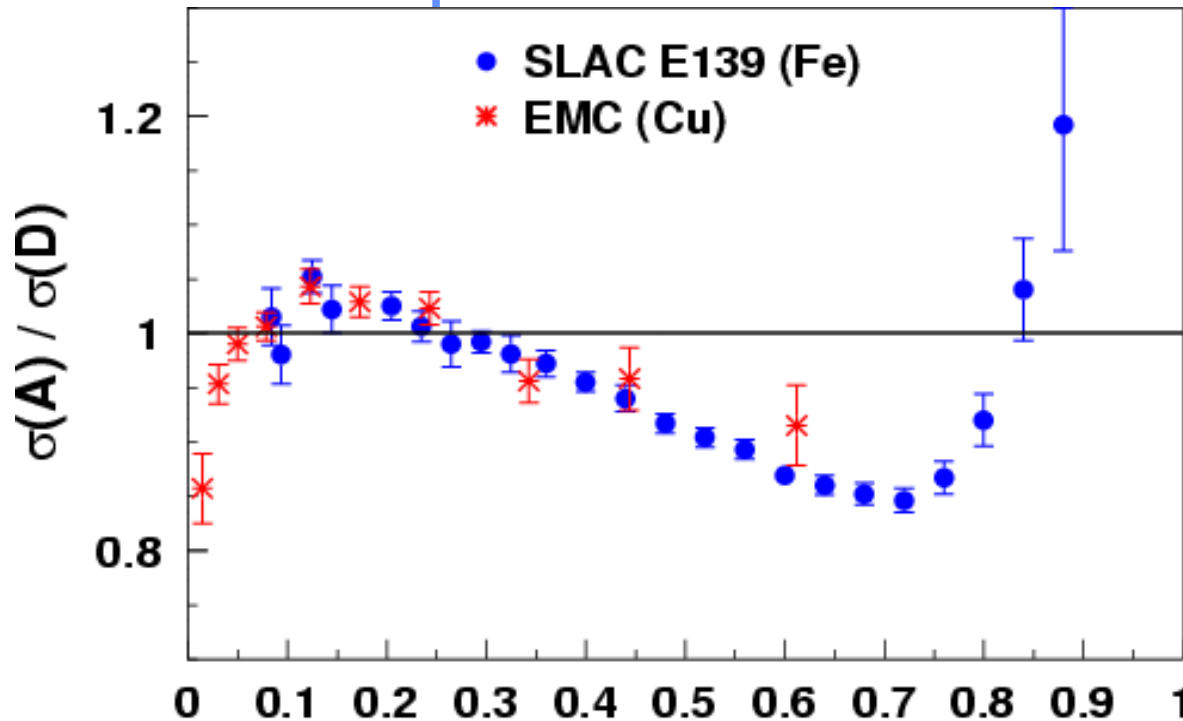
- Clear evidence of non-exotic 2⁺⁺ state $a_2(1320)$
- No-evidence of exotic 1⁻ state $\pi_1(1600)$

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The EMC Effect: Nuclear PDFs

- Observation **stunned and electrified** the HEP and Nuclear communities 20 years ago
- Nearly 1,000 papers have been generated.....
- What is it that alters the quark momentum in the nucleus?

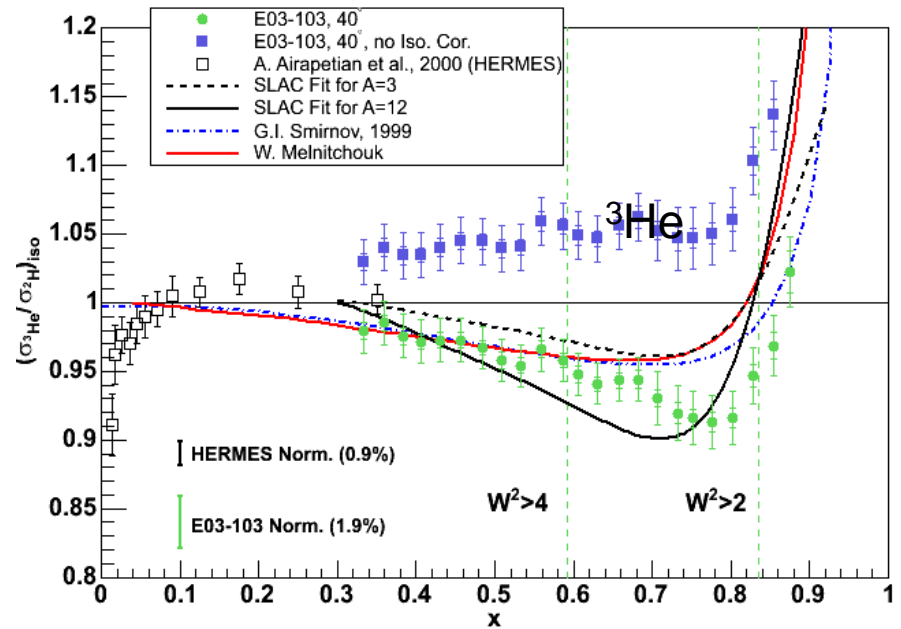


J. Ashman *et al.*, *Z. Phys. C57*, 211 (1993)

J. Gomez *et al.*, *Phys. Rev. D49*, 4348 (1994)

E03-103 Preliminary Results

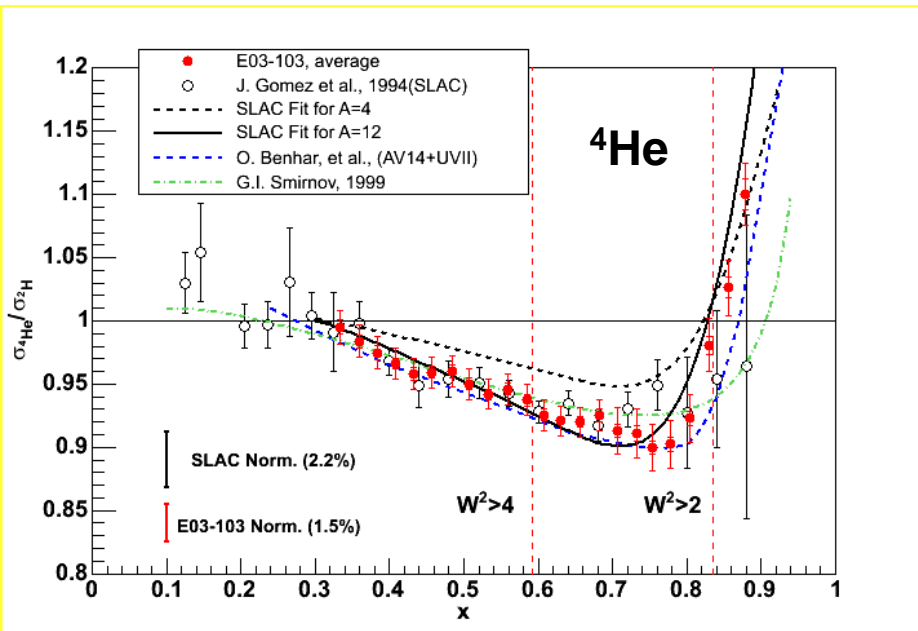
- Analysis for ^4He and ^3He nearly complete \rightarrow paper draft in progress (thesis of C. Seely, MIT)



• ^3He ratio has significant correction due to “proton excess”

• Data show significant EMC effect, although somewhat smaller than ^4He

• Heavy target analysis in progress \rightarrow A. Daniel (Houston) thesis

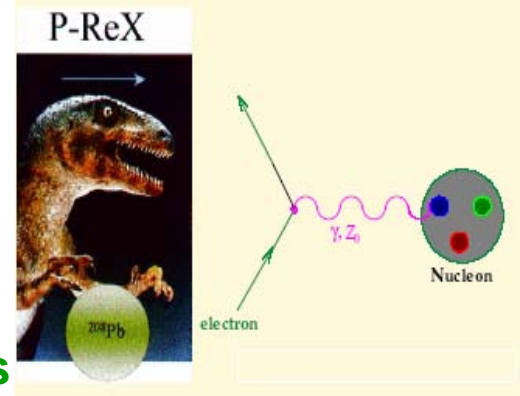


PREX : ^{208}Pb Radius Experiment

Low Q^2 elastic e-nucleus scattering

($E = 850 \text{ MeV}$, $\Theta = 6^\circ$)

Z^0 (Weak Interaction) : **couples mainly to neutrons**



Measure a Parity Violating Asymmetry

$$\frac{dA}{A} = 3\% \rightarrow \frac{dR_n}{R_n} = 1\%$$

$$A = \frac{G_F Q^2}{2\pi\alpha\sqrt{2}} \left[1 - 4\sin^2\theta_W - \frac{F_n(Q^2)}{F_p(Q^2)} \right]$$

Applications:

- Fundamental check of **Nuclear Theory**
- Input to **Atomic PV Expts**
- **Neutron Star Structure**

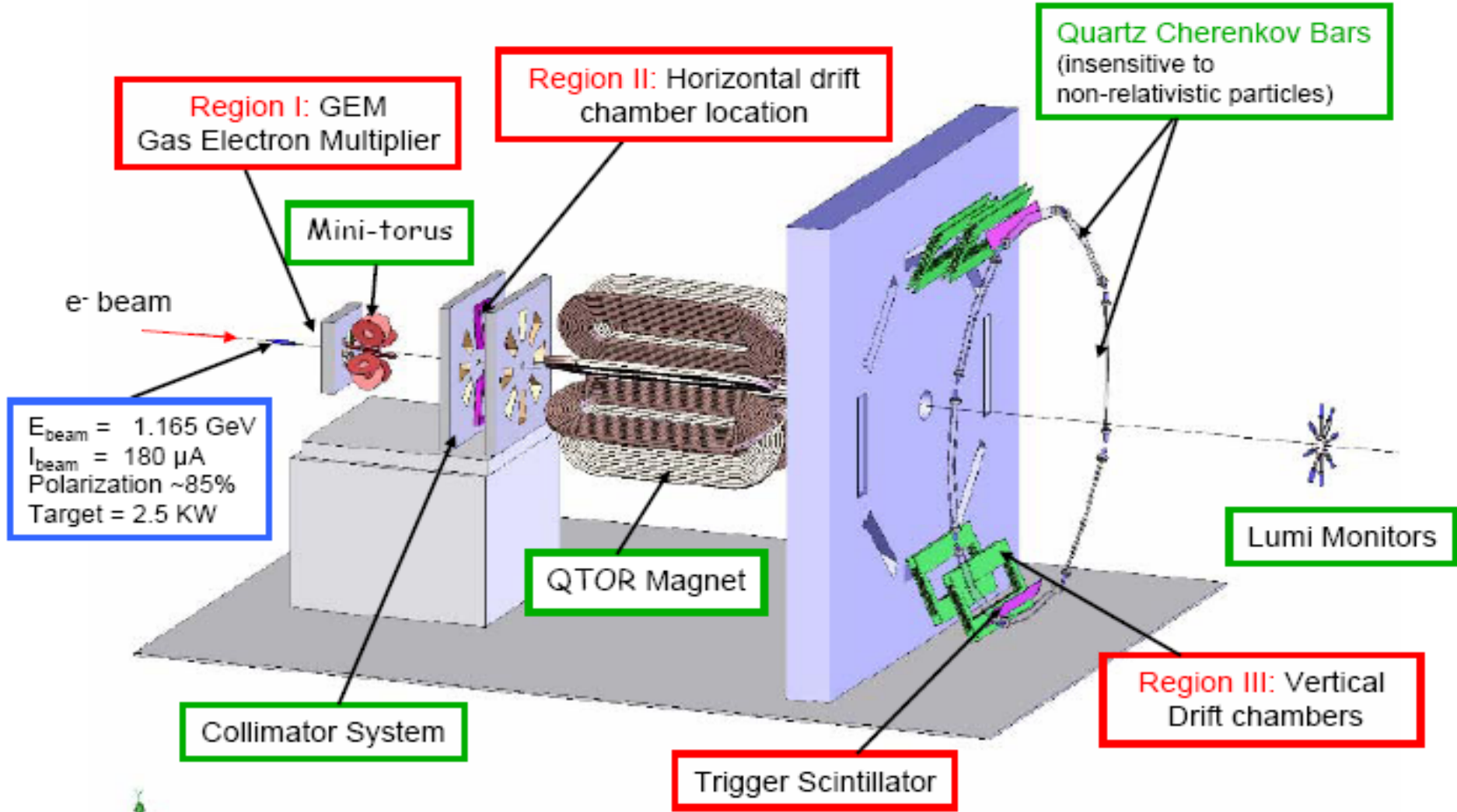


6 GeV Highlights Leading to the 12 GeV Upgrade

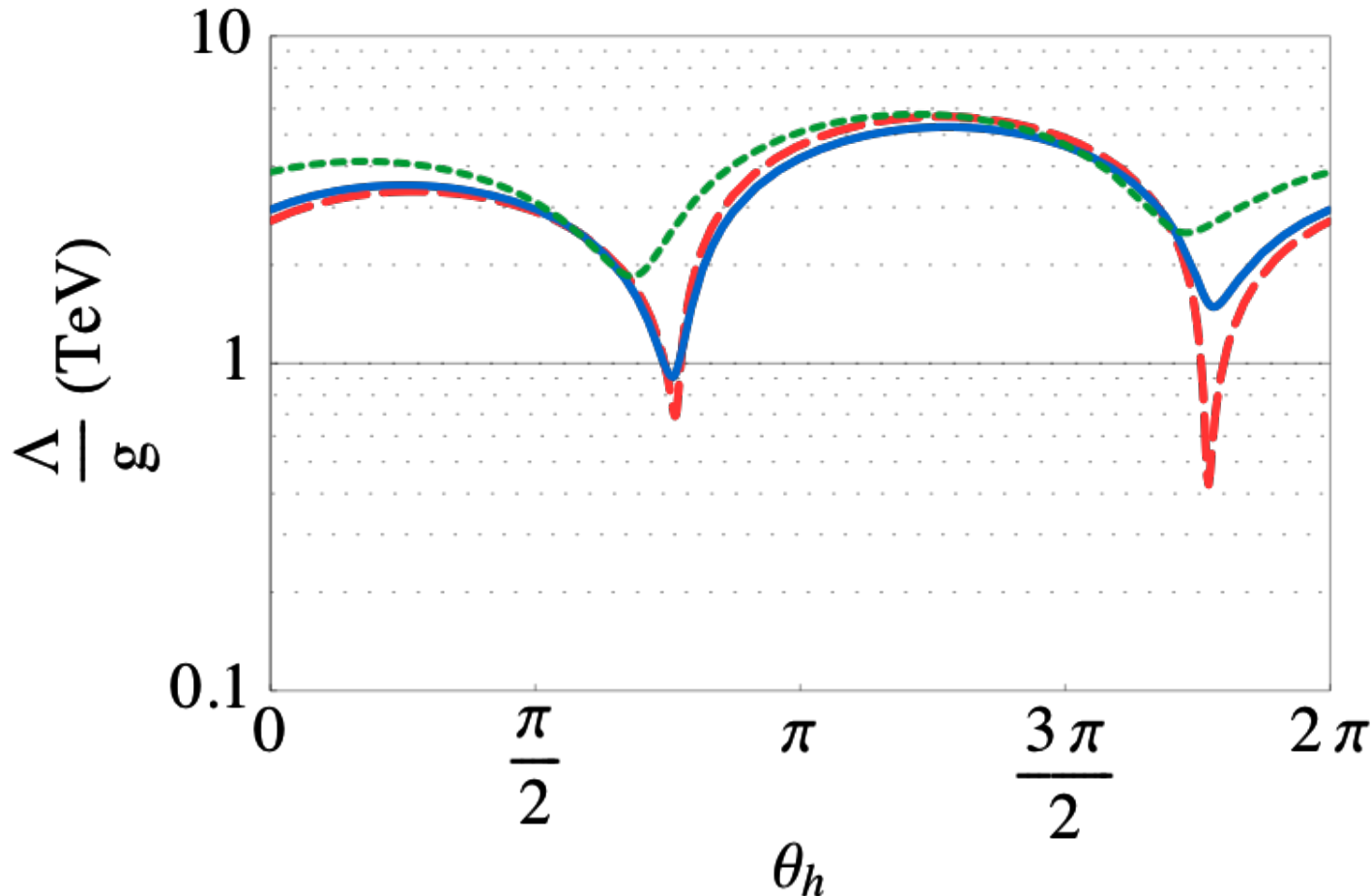
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Q_{weak} Apparatus – to be installed late CY09



New Physics Limits (if result consistent with Standard Model)



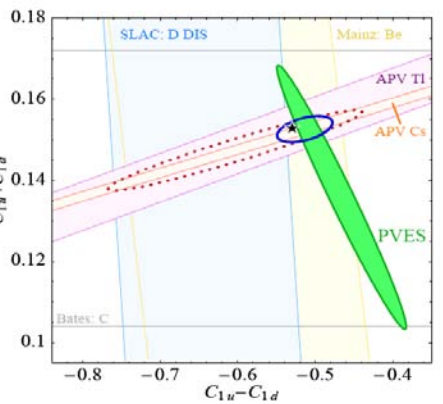
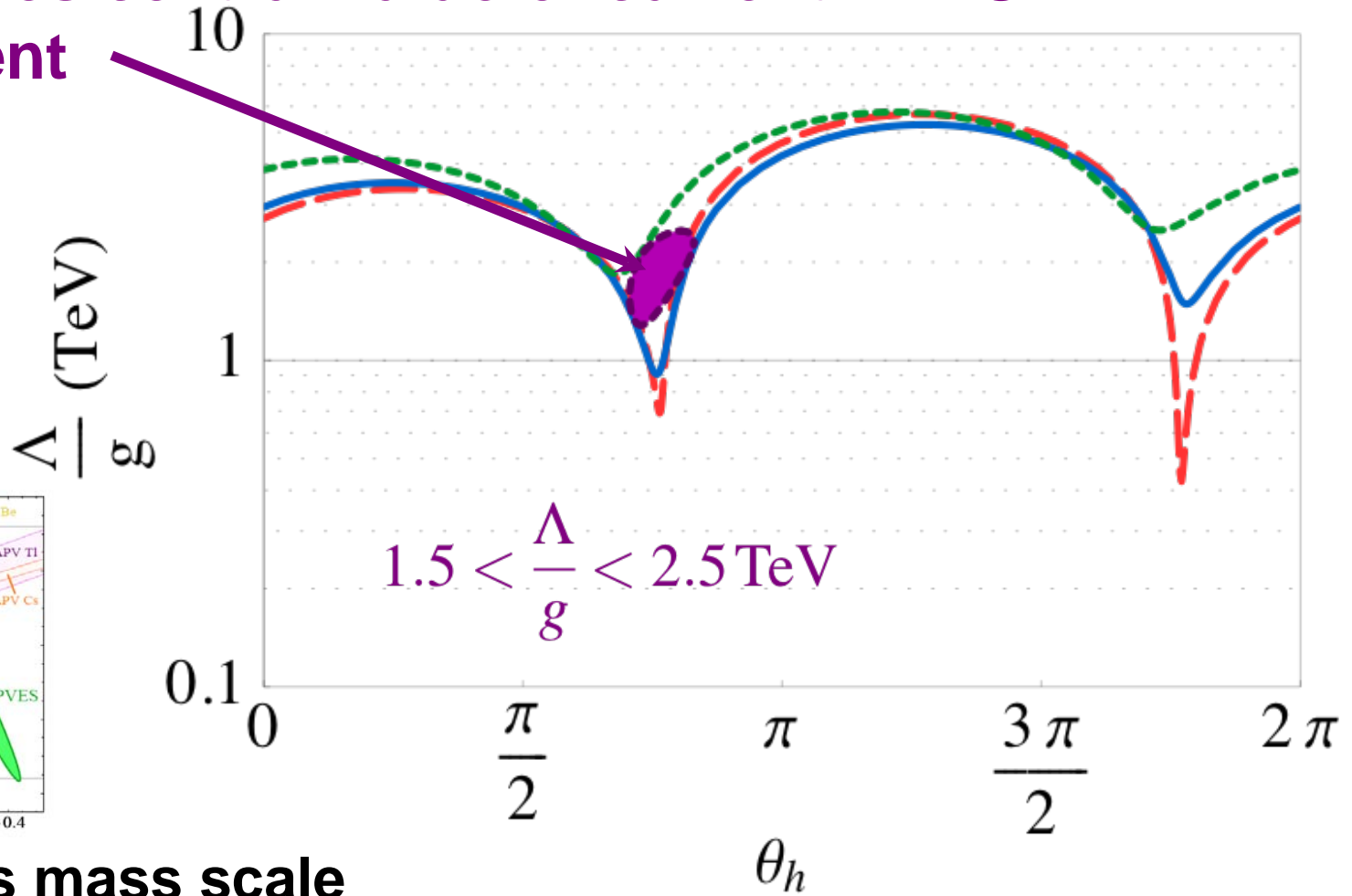
future
Qweak
with PVES
Atomic only

95%
CL

Q_{weak} constrains new physics to beyond 2 TeV

Next Generation: Q_{weak} has real discovery potential!

IF: Q_{weak} takes central value of current PVES measurement




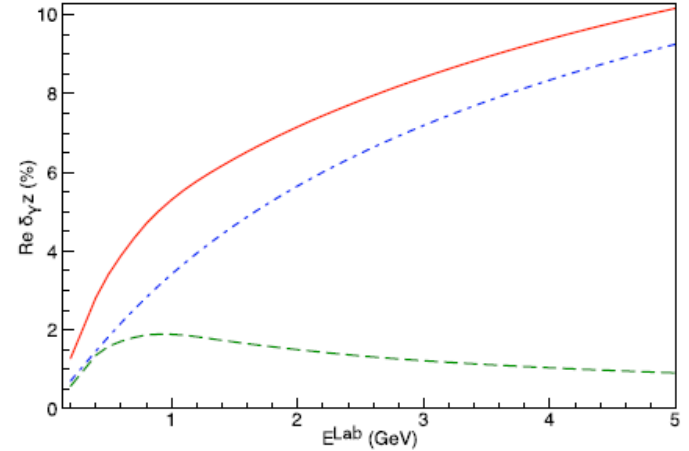
Q_{weak} yields mass scale and coupling of new Z'

Young et al. (Dec 2006)

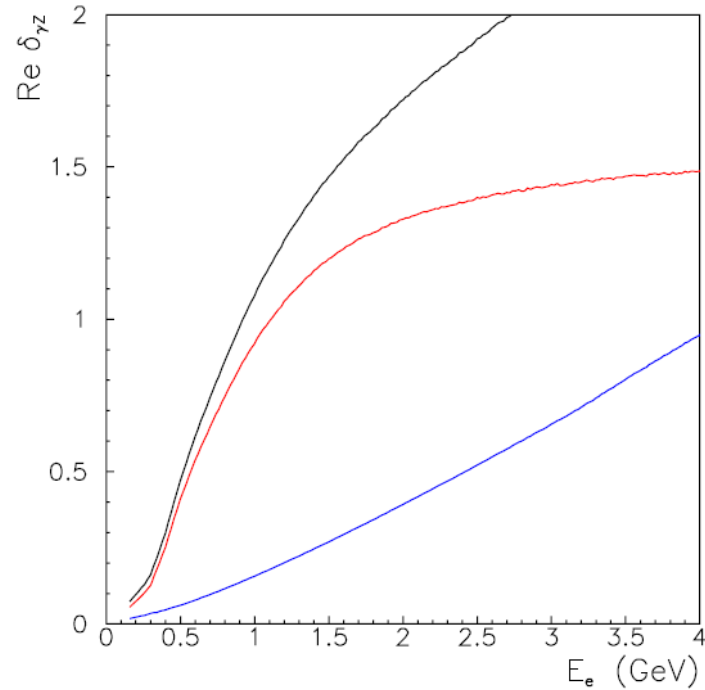
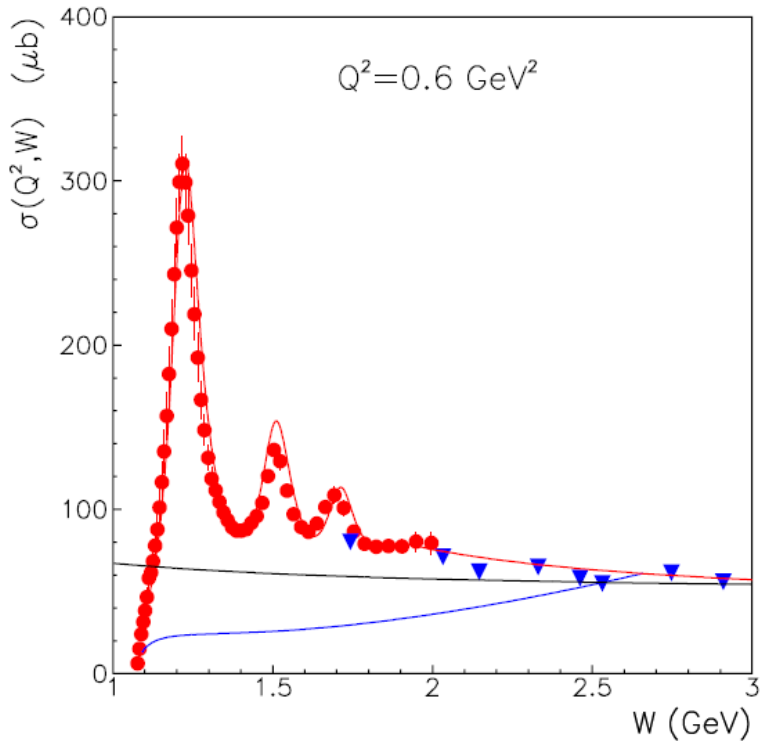


Qweak Radiative Corrections

Claim: Gorchtein & Horowitz : PRL March 2009
Radiative corrections big and large errors \Rightarrow Qweak problem! 



Melnitchouk, Sibirtsev AT: under control!



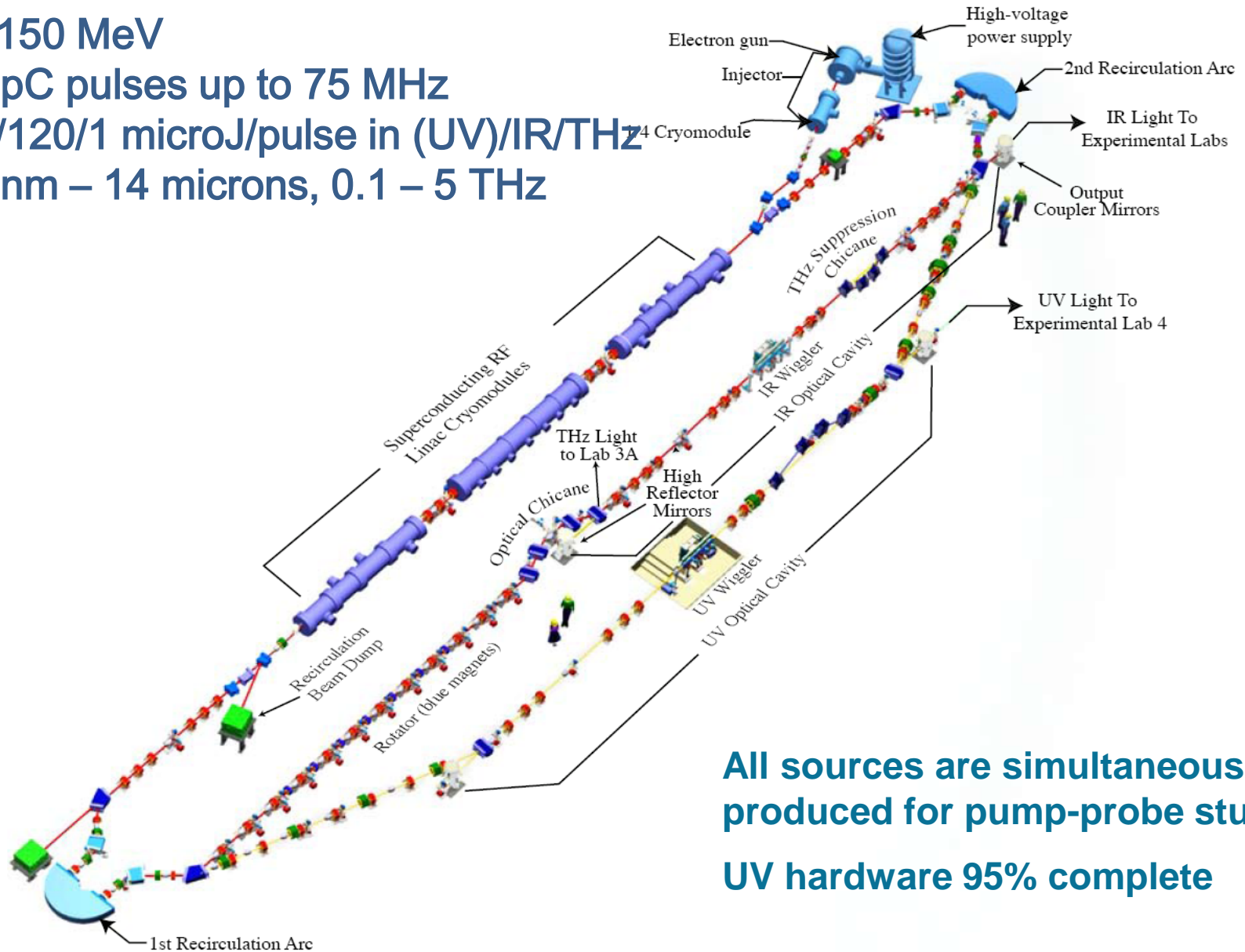
JLab Energy Recovered Linac / FEL

E = 150 MeV

135 pC pulses up to 75 MHz

(20)/120/1 microJ/pulse in (UV)/IR/THz

250 nm – 14 microns, 0.1 – 5 THz



All sources are simultaneously produced for pump-probe studies

UV hardware 95% complete

Jefferson Lab Light Source Plans

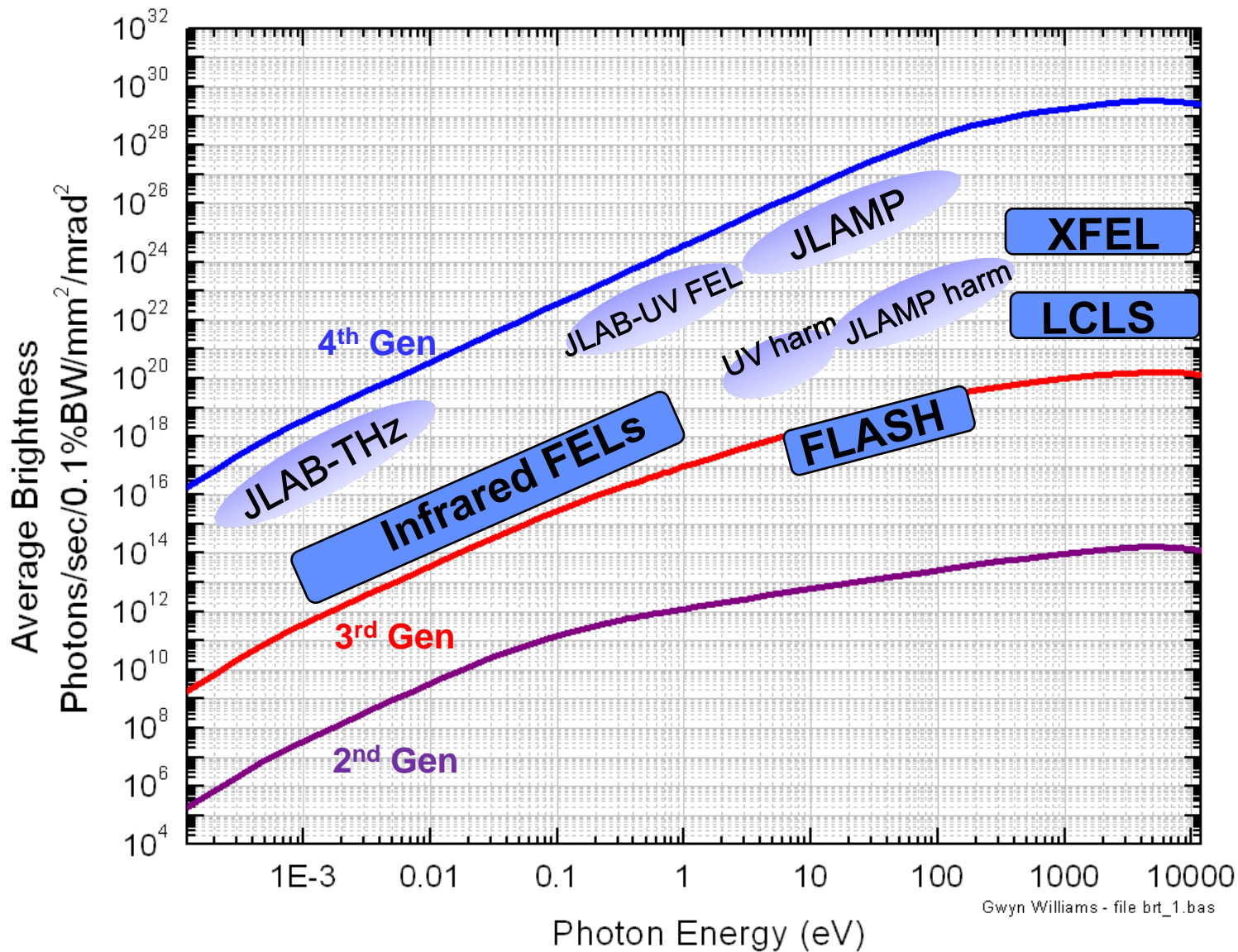
Talk of G. Neil

- **Immediate: Engage key users for scientific utilization of existing FEL, while extending our capability into the 100nm region using the 3rd harmonic of UV-FEL by increasing beam energy from 100 MeV to 150 MeV,**
- **Increase the machine energy to 600 MeV by recirculation. Install amplifier undulator and seed laser – JLab AMPLifier**
 - **JLAMP - Reach 10nm in fundamental**
 - **Two soft X-ray user stations**
 - **Validate CSR physics limitations to recirculation.**

Parallel objectives of the approach are developing the technology for both the source and user while performing cutting edge science with a world class photon beam



JLAMP Performance

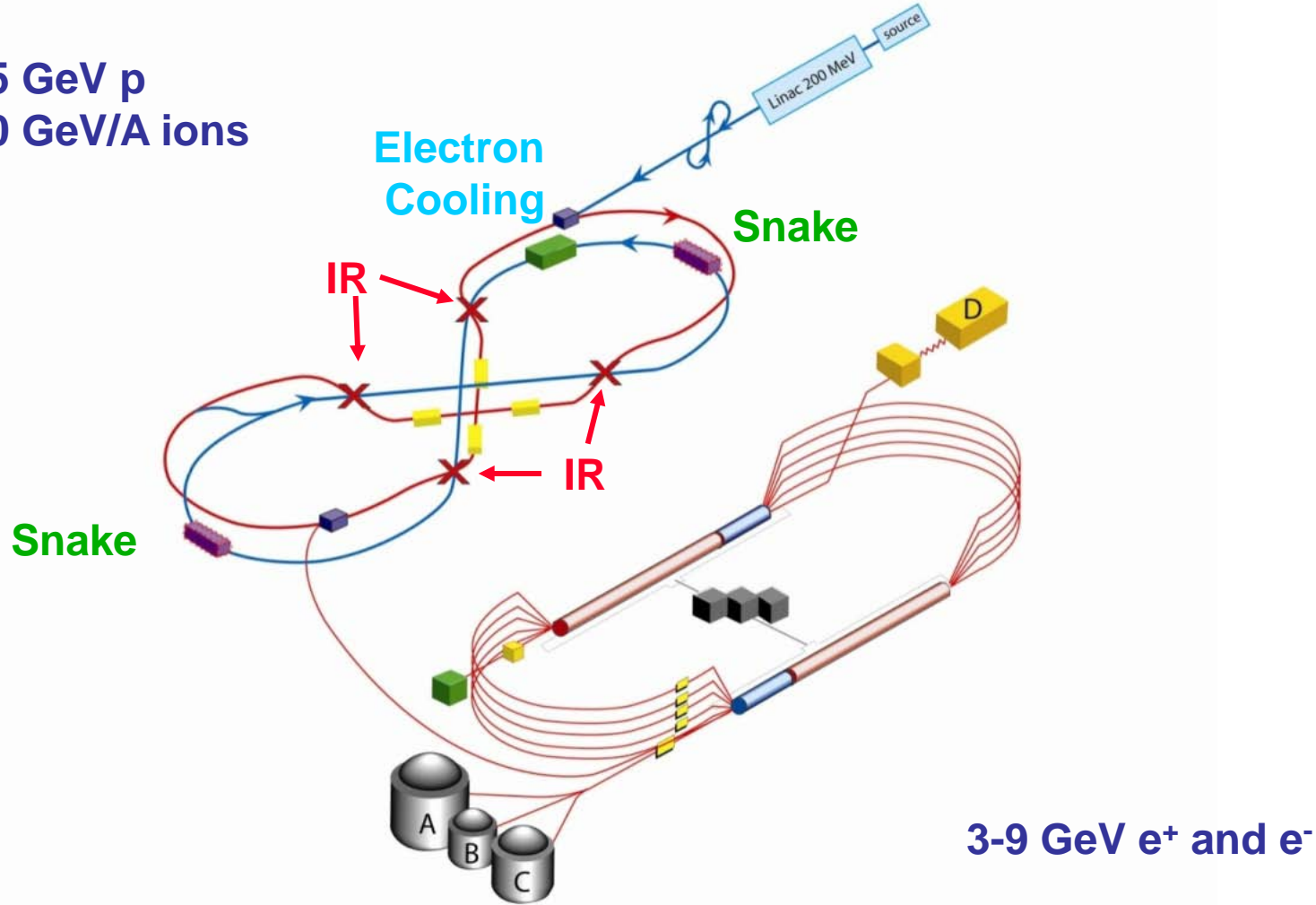


Gwyn Williams - file brt_1.bas



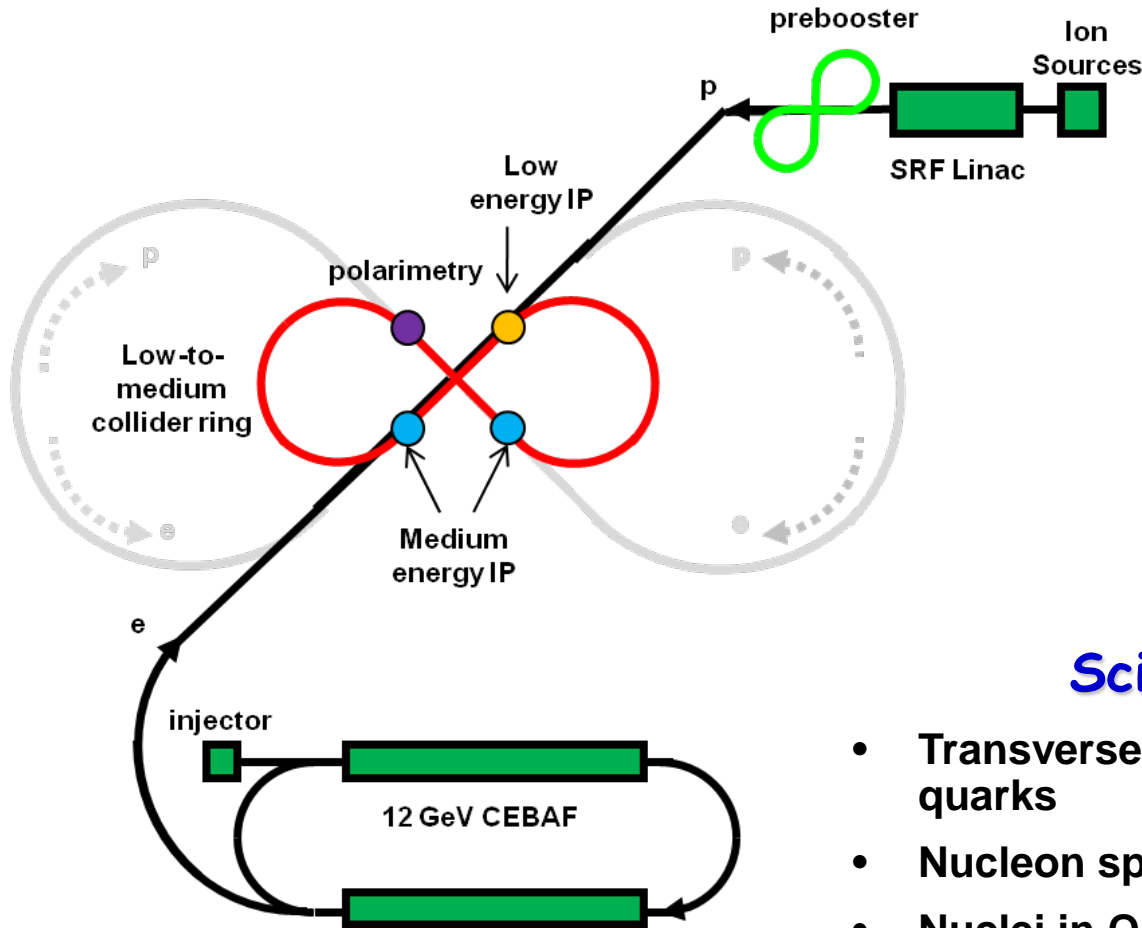
Long-term Landscape : ELIC

30-225 GeV p
30-100 GeV/A ions



BUT recently much work devoted to lower cost staging options

MEIC@JLab – an overview



Main Features

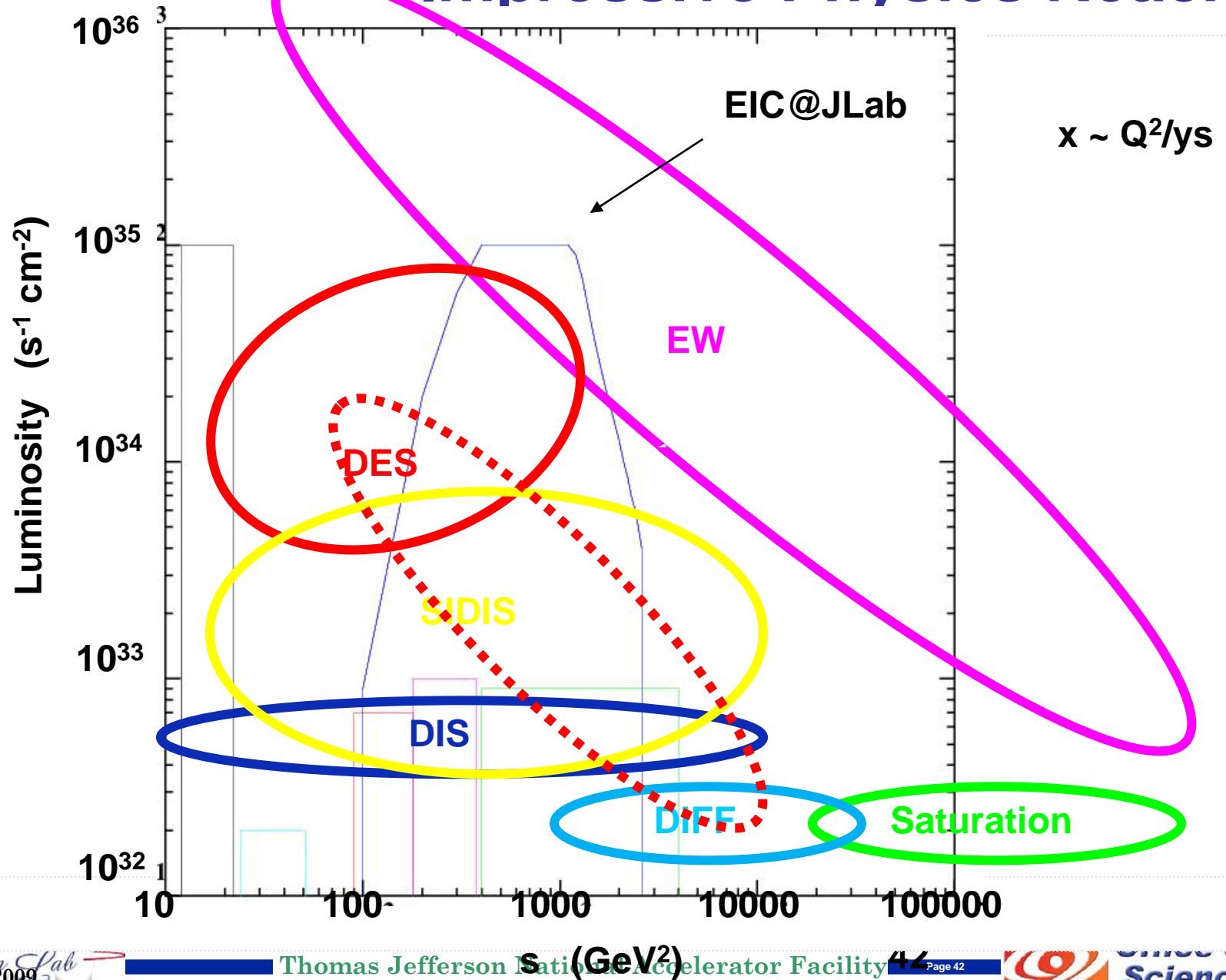
- Electron energy: 3-11 GeV
- Proton energy: 12-60 GeV
- Luminosity: few $\times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- Polarized electrons and light ions
 - longitudinal and transverse
- Limited R&D

Science highlights

- Transverse imaging of gluons and sea quarks
- Nucleon spin (quark/gluon orbital motion)
- Nuclei in QCD (quark/gluon structure)
- QCD vacuum in hadron structure and creation

Talk of G. Krafft

Impressive Physics Reach



MEIC Accelerator R&D

- Key R&D for MEIC are
 - electron cooling for delivering low emittance/ultra short ion bunches
 - Traveling focusing for suppressing space charge effect & boosting luminosity
 - Crab cavity required for colliding high repetition beams
 - Forming high intensity low energy ion beam
 - Beam-beam effect
- There are other less critical/challenging R&D topics but required by ZDR

Level of R&D	MEIC	ELIC
Nearly impossible		
Very challenging		Electron cooling
Challenging	Electron cooling Traveling focusing	Crab crossing/crab cavity
Likely	Crab crossing/crab cavity High intensity low energy <i>i</i> beam Beam-beam	High intensity low energy <i>i</i> beam Beam-beam
Know-how	Spin tracking IP design/chromaticity	Spin tracking IP design/chromaticity

Talk of G. Krafft



Summary

- Jefferson Lab has a remarkable record of outstanding science
- It has a very strong program for the remaining 6 GeV operation
- The 12 GeV Upgrade is on track and will produce discovery class science
- There are maturing plans beyond 12 GeV
- JLab has a position of world leadership as the world's pre-eminent electron scattering facility for the next 20+ years

