Notes on current labor statistics	53	Labor compensation and collective bargaining data
Comparative indicators		
1. Labor market indicators	66	30. Employment Cost Index, compensation
		private industry
Labor force data		36. National Compensation Survey, selected benefits,
4. Employment status of the population, seasonally adjusted		private industry
 Selected employment indicators, seasonally adjusted Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted Duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted 	69	Price data
8. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted		38. Consumer Price Index: U.S. city average, by expenditure category and commodity and service groups
9. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted	70 71	Consumer Price Index: U.S. city average and local data, all items
Unemployment rates by State, seasonally adjusted Employment of workers by State, seasonally adjusted		and major groups
12. Employment of workers by industry, seasonally adjusted		42. Producer Price Indexes for the net output of major industry groups
13. Average weekly hours by industry, seasonally adjusted 14. Average hourly earnings by industry,	75	43. Annual data: Producer Price Indexes by stage of processing
seasonally adjusted	77	45. U.S. import price indexes by end-use category
16. Average weekly earnings by industry	78	categories of services
seasonally adjusted		Productivity data
19. Hires levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted		47. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, and unit costs, data seasonally adjusted
20. Separations levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted		49. Annual indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices
21. Quits levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted	81	50. Annual indexes of output per hour for select industries 118
22. Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, 10 largest counties		International comparisons data
23. Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, by State24. Annual data: Quarterly Census of Employment	84	51. Unemployment rates in 10 countries, seasonally adjusted
and Wages, by ownership		52. Annual data: Employment status of the civilian working-age population, 10 countries
establishment size and employment, by supersector 26. Annual data: Quarterly Census of Employment and	86	53. Annual indexes of manufacturing productivity and related measures, 19 economies
Wages, by metropolitan area	92	Injury and Illness data
29. Annual data: Average hours and earnings level, by industry		54. Annual data: Occupational injury and illness

Notes on Current Labor Statistics

This section of the *Review* presents the principal statistical series collected and calculated by the Bureau of Labor Statistics: series on labor force; employment; unemployment; labor compensation; consumer, producer, and international prices; productivity; international comparisons; and injury and illness statistics. In the notes that follow, the data in each group of tables are briefly described; key definitions are given; notes on the data are set forth; and sources of additional information are cited.

General notes

The following notes apply to several tables in this section:

Seasonal adjustment. Certain monthly and quarterly data are adjusted to eliminate the effect on the data of such factors as climatic conditions, industry production schedules, opening and closing of schools, holiday buying periods, and vacation practices, which might prevent short-term evaluation of the statistical series. Tables containing data that have been adjusted are identified as "seasonally adjusted." (All other data are not seasonally adjusted.) Seasonal effects are estimated on the basis of current and past experiences. When new seasonal factors are computed each year, revisions may affect seasonally adjusted data for several preceding years.

Seasonally adjusted data appear in tables 1–14, 17–21, 48, and 52. Seasonally adjusted labor force data in tables 1 and 4–9 and seasonally adjusted establishment survey data shown in tables 1, 12–14, and 17 usually are revised in the March issue of the *Review*. A brief explanation of the seasonal adjustment methodology appears in "Notes on the data."

Revisions in the productivity data in table 54 are usually introduced in the September issue. Seasonally adjusted indexes and percent changes from month-to-month and quarter-to-quarter are published for numerous Consumer and Producer Price Index series. However, seasonally adjusted indexes are not published for the U.S. average All-Items CPI. Only seasonally adjusted percent changes are available for this series.

Adjustments for price changes. Some data—such as the "real" earnings shown in table 14—are adjusted to eliminate the effect of changes in price. These adjustments are made by dividing current-dollar values by the Consumer Price Index or the appropriate component of the index, then multiplying by 100. For example, given a current hourly wage rate of \$3 and a current price index number of 150, where 1982 = 100, the hourly rate expressed in 1982 dollars is \$2 (\$3/150 x 100 = \$2). The \$2 (or any other resulting

values) are described as "real," "constant," or "1982" dollars.

Sources of information

Data that supplement the tables in this section are published by the Bureau in a variety of sources. Definitions of each series and notes on the data are contained in later sections of these Notes describing each set of data. For detailed descriptions of each data series, see BLS Handbook of Methods, Bulletin 2490. Users also may wish to consult Major Programs of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Report 919. News releases provide the latest statistical information published by the Bureau; the major recurring releases are published according to the schedule appearing on the back cover of this issue.

More information about labor force, employment, and unemployment data and the household and establishment surveys underlying the data are available in the Bureau's monthly publication, *Employment and Earnings*. Historical unadjusted and seasonally adjusted data from the household survey are available on the Internet:

www.bls.gov/cps/

Historically comparable unadjusted and seasonally adjusted data from the establishment survey also are available on the Internet:

www.bls.gov/ces/

Additional information on labor force data for areas below the national level are provided in the BLS annual report, *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment*.

For a comprehensive discussion of the Employment Cost Index, see *Employment Cost Indexes and Levels, 1975–95*, BLS Bulletin 2466. The most recent data from the Employee Benefits Survey appear in the following Bureau of Labor Statistics bulletins: *Employee Benefits in Medium and Large Firms; Employee Benefits in Small Private Establishments*; and *Employee Benefits in State and Local Governments*.

More detailed data on consumer and producer prices are published in the monthly periodicals, *The CPI Detailed Report* and *Producer Price Indexes*. For an overview of the 1998 revision of the CPI, see the December 1996 issue of the *Monthly Labor Review*. Additional data on international prices appear in monthly news releases.

Listings of industries for which productivity indexes are available may be found on the Internet:

www.bls.gov/lpc/

For additional information on international comparisons data, see *International Comparisons of Unemployment*, Bulletin

1979.

Detailed data on the occupational injury and illness series are published in *Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in the United States*, by *Industry*, a BLS annual bulletin.

Finally, the *Monthly Labor Review* carries analytical articles on annual and longer term developments in labor force, employment, and unemployment; employee compensation and collective bargaining; prices; productivity; international comparisons; and injury and illness data.

Symbols

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

n.e.s. = not elsewhere specified.

- p = preliminary. To increase the timeliness of some series, preliminary figures are issued based on representative but incomplete returns.
- r = revised. Generally, this revision reflects the availability of later data, but also may reflect other adjustments.

Comparative Indicators

(Tables 1-3)

Comparative indicators tables provide an overview and comparison of major BLS statistical series. Consequently, although many of the included series are available monthly, all measures in these comparative tables are presented quarterly and annually.

Labor market indicators include employment measures from two major surveys and information on rates of change in compensation provided by the Employment Cost Index (ECI) program. The labor force participation rate, the employment-population ratio, and unemployment rates for major demographic groups based on the Current Population ("household") Survey are presented, while measures of employment and average weekly hours by major industry sector are given using nonfarm payroll data. The Employment Cost Index (compensation), by major sector and by bargaining status, is chosen from a variety of BLS compensation and wage measures because it provides a comprehensive measure of employer costs for hiring labor, not just outlays for wages, and it is not affected by employment shifts among occupations and industries.

Data on **changes in compensation**, **prices**, **and productivity** are presented in table 2. Measures of rates of change of compensation and wages from the Employment Cost Index

program are provided for all civilian nonfarm workers (excluding Federal and household workers) and for all private nonfarm workers. Measures of changes in consumer prices for all urban consumers; producer prices by stage of processing; overall prices by stage of processing; and overall export and import price indexes are given. Measures of productivity (output per hour of all persons) are provided for major sectors.

Alternative measures of wage and compensation rates of change, which reflect the overall trend in labor costs, are summarized in table 3. Differences in concepts and scope, related to the specific purposes of the series, contribute to the variation in changes among the individual measures.

Notes on the data

Definitions of each series and notes on the data are contained in later sections of these notes describing each set of data.

Employment and Unemployment Data

(Tables 1; 4-29)

Household survey data

Description of the series

Employment data in this section are obtained from the Current Population Survey, a program of personal interviews conducted monthly by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The sample consists of about 60,000 households selected to represent the U.S. population 16 years of age and older. Households are interviewed on a rotating basis, so that three-fourths of the sample is the same for any 2 consecutive months.

Definitions

Employed persons include (1) all those who worked for pay any time during the week which includes the 12th day of the month or who worked unpaid for 15 hours or more in a family-operated enterprise and (2) those who were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, industrial dispute, or similar reasons. A person working at more than one job is counted only in the job at which he or she worked the greatest number of hours.

Unemployed persons are those who did not work during the survey week, but were available for work except for temporary illness and had looked for jobs within the preceding 4 weeks. Persons who did not look for work because they were on layoff are also counted among the unemployed. The unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

The civilian labor force consists of all employed or unemployed persons in the civilian noninstitutional population. Persons not in the labor force are those not classified as employed or unemployed. This group includes discouraged workers, defined as persons who want and are available for a job and who have looked for work sometime in the past 12 months (or since the end of their last job if they held one within the past 12 months), but are not currently looking, because they believe there are no jobs available or there are none for which they would qualify. The civilian noninstitutional population comprises all persons 16 years of age and older who are not inmates of penal or mental institutions, sanitariums, or homes for the aged, infirm, or needy. The civilian labor force participation rate is the proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population that is in the labor force. The **employment-population** ratio is employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

Notes on the data

From time to time, and especially after a decennial census, adjustments are made in the Current Population Survey figures to correct for estimating errors during the intercensal years. These adjustments affect the comparability of historical data. A description of these adjustments and their effect on the various data series appears in the Explanatory Notes of Employment and Earnings. For a discussion of changes introduced in January 2003, see "Revisions to the Current Population Survey Effective in January 2003" in the February 2003 issue of Employment and Earnings (available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/cps/rvcps03.pdf).

Effective in January 2003, BLS began using the X-12 ARIMA seasonal adjustment program to seasonally adjust national labor force data. This program replaced the X-11 ARIMA program which had been used since January 1980. See "Revision of Seasonally Adjusted Labor Force Series in 2003," in the February 2003 issue of Employment and Earnings (available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/cps/cpsrs.pdf) for a discussion of the introduction of the use of X-12 ARIMA for seasonal adjustment of the labor force data and the effects that it had on the data.

At the beginning of each calendar year, historical seasonally adjusted data usually are revised, and projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the January-June period. The historical season-

ally adjusted data usually are revised for only the most recent 5 years. In July, new seasonal adjustment factors, which incorporate the experience through June, are produced for the July-December period, but no revisions are made in the historical data.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on national household survey data, contact the Division of Labor Force Statistics: (202) 691-6378.

Establishment survey data

Description of the series

Employment, hours, and earnings data in this section are compiled from payroll records reported monthly on a voluntary basis to the Bureau of Labor Statistics and its cooperating State agencies by about 160,000 businesses and government agencies, which represent approximately 400,000 individual worksites and represent all industries except agriculture. The active CES sample covers approximately one-third of all nonfarm payroll workers. Industries are classified in accordance with the 2007 North American Industry Classification System. In most industries, the sampling probabilities are based on the size of the establishment; most large establishments are therefore in the sample. (An establishment is not necessarily a firm; it may be a branch plant, for example, or warehouse.) Self-employed persons and others not on a regular civilian payroll are outside the scope of the survey because they are excluded from establishment records. This largely accounts for the difference in employment figures between the household and establishment surveys.

Definitions

An **establishment** is an economic unit which produces goods or services (such as a factory or store) at a single location and is engaged in one type of economic activity.

Employed persons are all persons who received pay (including holiday and sick pay) for any part of the payroll period including the 12th day of the month. Persons holding more than one job (about 5 percent of all persons in the labor force) are counted in each establishment which reports them.

Production workers in the goods-producing industries cover employees, up through the level of working supervisors, who engage directly in the manufacture or construction of the establishment's product. In private service-providing industries, data are collected for nonsupervisory workers, which include most employees except those in executive, managerial, and supervisory positions. Those workers mentioned in tables 11–16 include production workers in manufacturing and natural resources and mining; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in all private service-providing industries. Production and nonsupervisory workers account for about four-fifths of the total employment on private nonagricultural payrolls.

Earnings are the payments production or nonsupervisory workers receive during the survey period, including premium pay for overtime or late-shift work but excluding irregular bonuses and other special payments. Real earnings are earnings adjusted to reflect the effects of changes in consumer prices. The deflator for this series is derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

Hours represent the average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers for which pay was received, and are different from standard or scheduled hours. Overtime hours represent the portion of average weekly hours which was in excess of regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid.

The Diffusion Index represents the percent of industries in which employment was rising over the indicated period, plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment; 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment. In line with Bureau practice, data for the 1-, 3-, and 6month spans are seasonally adjusted, while those for the 12-month span are unadjusted. Table 17 provides an index on private nonfarm employment based on 278 industries, and a manufacturing index based on 84 industries. These indexes are useful for measuring the dispersion of economic gains or losses and are also economic indicators.

Notes on the data

With the release of data for January 2010, the CES program introduced its annual revision of national estimates of employment, hours, and earnings from the monthly survey of nonfarm establishments. Each year, the CES survey realigns its sample-based estimates to incorporate universe counts of employment—a process known as benchmarking. Comprehensive counts of employment, or benchmarks, are derived primarily from unemployment insurance (UI) tax reports that nearly all employers are required to file with State Workforce Agencies. With the release in June 2003, CES completed the transition from its original quota sample design to a

probability-based sample design. The industry-coding update included reconstruction of historical estimates in order to preserve time series for data users. Normally 5 years of seasonally adjusted data are revised with each benchmark revision. However, with this release, the entire new time series history for all CES data series were re-seasonally adjusted due to the NAICS conversion, which resulted in the revision of all CES time series.

Also in June 2003, the CES program introduced concurrent seasonal adjustment for the national establishment data. Under this methodology, the first preliminary estimates for the current reference month and the revised estimates for the 2 prior months will be updated with concurrent factors with each new release of data. Concurrent seasonal adjustment incorporates all available data, including first preliminary estimates for the most current month, in the adjustment process. For additional information on all of the changes introduced in June 2003, see the June 2003 issue of Employment and Earnings and "Recent changes in the national Current Employment Statistics survey," Monthly Labor Review, June 2003, pp. 3-13.

Revisions in State data (table 11) occurred with the publication of January 2003 data. For information on the revisions for the State data, see the March and May 2003 issues of *Employment and Earnings*, and "Recent changes in the State and Metropolitan Area CES survey," *Monthly Labor Review*, June 2003, pp. 14–19.

Beginning in June 1996, the BLS uses the X-12-ARIMA methodology to seasonally adjust establishment survey data. This procedure, developed by the Bureau of the Census, controls for the effect of varying survey intervals (also known as the 4- versus 5-week effect), thereby providing improved measurement of over-the-month changes and underlying economic trends. Revisions of data, usually for the most recent 5-year period, are made once a year coincident with the benchmark revisions.

In the establishment survey, estimates for the most recent 2 months are based on incomplete returns and are published as preliminary in the tables (12–17 in the *Review*). When all returns have been received, the estimates are revised and published as "final" (prior to any benchmark revisions) in the third month of their appearance. Thus, December data are published as preliminary in January and February and as final in March. For the same reasons, quarterly establishment data (table 1) are preliminary for the first 2 months of publication and final in the third month. Fourth-quarter data are pub-

lished as preliminary in January and February and as final in March.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on establishment survey data, contact the Division of Current Employment Statistics: (202) 691–6555.

Unemployment data by State

Description of the series

Data presented in this section are obtained from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program, which is conducted in cooperation with State employment security agencies.

Monthly estimates of the labor force, employment, and unemployment for States and sub-State areas are a key indicator of local economic conditions, and form the basis for determining the eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal economic assistance programs such as the Job Training Partnership Act. Seasonally adjusted unemployment rates are presented in table 10. Insofar as possible, the concepts and definitions underlying these data are those used in the national estimates obtained from the CPS.

Notes on the data

Data refer to State of residence. Monthly data for all States and the District of Columbia are derived using standardized procedures established by BLS. Once a year, estimates are revised to new population controls, usually with publication of January estimates, and benchmarked to annual average CPS levels.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on data in this series, call (202) 691–6392 (table 10) or (202) 691–6559 (table 11).

Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages

Description of the series

Employment, wage, and establishment data in this section are derived from the quarterly tax reports submitted to State employment security agencies by private and State and local government employers subject to State unemployment insurance (UI) laws and from Federal, agencies subject to the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program. Each quarter, State agencies edit and process the data and send the information to the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) data, also referred as ES-202 data, are the most complete enumeration of employment and wage information by

industry at the national, State, metropolitan area, and county levels. They have broad economic significance in evaluating labor market trends and major industry developments.

Definitions

In general, the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages monthly employment data represent the number of covered workers who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period that included the 12th day of the month. Covered private industry employment includes most corporate officials, executives, supervisory personnel, professionals, clerical workers, wage earners, piece workers, and part-time workers. It excludes proprietors, the unincorporated self-employed, unpaid family members, and certain farm and domestic workers. Certain types of nonprofit employers, such as religious organizations, are given a choice of coverage or exclusion in a number of States. Workers in these organizations are, therefore, reported to a limited degree.

Persons on paid sick leave, paid holiday, paid vacation, and the like, are included. Persons on the payroll of more than one firm during the period are counted by each UI-subject employer if they meet the employment definition noted earlier. The employment count excludes workers who earned no wages during the entire applicable pay period because of work stoppages, temporary layoffs, illness, or unpaid vacations.

Federal employment data are based on reports of monthly employment and quarterly wages submitted each quarter to State agencies for all Federal installations with employees covered by the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program, except for certain national security agencies, which are omitted for security reasons. Employment for all Federal agencies for any given month is based on the number of persons who worked during or received pay for the pay period that included the 12th of the month.

An establishment is an economic unit, such as a farm, mine, factory, or store, that produces goods or provides services. It is typically at a single physical location and engaged in one, or predominantly one, type of economic activity for which a single industrial classification may be applied. Occasionally, a single physical location encompasses two or more distinct and significant activities. Each activity should be reported as a separate establishment if separate records are kept and the various activities are classified under different NAICS industries.

Most employers have only one establishment; thus, the establishment is the predominant reporting unit or statistical entity for reporting employment and wages data. Most employers, including State and local governments who operate more than one establishment in a State, file a Multiple Worksite Report each quarter, in addition to their quarterly us report. The Multiple Worksite Report is used to collect separate employment and wage data for each of the employer's establishments, which are not detailed on the UI report. Some very small multi-establishment employers do not file a Multiple Worksite Report. When the total employment in an employer's secondary establishments (all establishments other than the largest) is 10 or fewer, the employer generally will file a consolidated report for all establishments. Also, some employers either cannot or will not report at the establishment level and thus aggregate establishments into one consolidated unit, or possibly several units, though not at the establishment level.

For the Federal Government, the reporting unit is the **installation**: a single location at which a department, agency, or other government body has civilian employees. Federal agencies follow slightly different criteria than do private employers when breaking down their reports by installation. They are permitted to combine as a single statewide unit: 1) all installations with 10 or fewer workers, and 2) all installations that have a combined total in the State of fewer than 50 workers. Also, when there are fewer than 25 workers in all secondary installations in a State, the secondary installations may be combined and reported with the major installation. Last, if a Federal agency has fewer than five employees in a State, the agency headquarters office (regional office, district office) serving each State may consolidate the employment and wages data for that State with the data reported to the State in which the headquarters is located. As a result of these reporting rules, the number of reporting units is always larger than the number of employers (or government agencies) but smaller than the number of actual establishments (or installations).

Data reported for the first quarter are tabulated into size categories ranging from worksites of very small size to those with 1,000 employees or more. The size category is determined by the establishment's March employment level. It is important to note that each establishment of a multi-establishment firm is tabulated separately into the appropriate size category. The total employment level of the reporting multi-establishment firm is not used in the size tabulation.

Covered employers in most States report total wages paid during the calendar quarter, regardless of when the services were performed. A few State laws, however, specify

that wages be reported for, or based on the period during which services are performed rather than the period during which compensation is paid. Under most State laws or regulations, wages include bonuses, stock options, the cash value of meals and lodging, tips and other gratuities, and, in some States, employer contributions to certain deferred compensation plans such as 401(k) plans.

Covered employer contributions for old-age, survivors, and disability insurance (OASDI), health insurance, unemployment insurance, workers' compensation, and private pension and welfare funds are not reported as wages. Employee contributions for the same purposes, however, as well as money withheld for income taxes, union dues, and so forth, are reported even though they are deducted from the worker's gross pay.

Wages of covered Federal workers represent the gross amount of all payrolls for all pay periods ending within the quarter. This includes cash allowances, the cash equivalent of any type of remuneration, severance pay, withholding taxes, and retirement deductions. Federal employee remuneration generally covers the same types of services as for workers in private industry.

Average annual wage per employee for any given industry are computed by dividing total annual wages by annual average employment. A further division by 52 yields average weekly wages per employee. Annual pay data only approximate annual earnings because an individual may not be employed by the same employer all year or may work for more than one employer at a time.

Average weekly or annual wage is affected by the ratio of full-time to part-time workers as well as the number of individuals in high-paying and low-paying occupations. When average pay levels between States and industries are compared, these factors should be taken into consideration. For example, industries characterized by high proportions of part-time workers will show average wage levels appreciably less than the weekly pay levels of regular full-time employees in these industries. The opposite effect characterizes industries with low proportions of part-time workers, or industries that typically schedule heavy weekend and overtime work. Average wage data also may be influenced by work stoppages, labor turnover rates, retroactive payments, seasonal factors, bonus payments, and so on.

Notes on the data

Beginning with the release of data for 2007, publications presenting data from the Covered Employment and Wages program have switched to the 2007 version of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) as the basis for the assignment and tabulation of economic data by industry. NAICS is the product of a cooperative effort on the part of the statistical agencies of the United States, Canada, and Mexico. Due to difference in NAICS and Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) structures, industry data for 2001 is not comparable to the SIC-based data for earlier years.

Effective January 2001, the program began assigning Indian Tribal Councils and related establishments to local government ownership. This BLS action was in response to a change in Federal law dealing with the way Indian Tribes are treated under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act. This law requires federally recognized Indian Tribes to be treated similarly to State and local governments. In the past, the Covered Employment and Wage (CEW) program coded Indian Tribal Councils and related establishments in the private sector. As a result of the new law, CEW data reflects significant shifts in employment and wages between the private sector and local government from 2000 to 2001. Data also reflect industry changes. Those accounts previously assigned to civic and social organizations were assigned to tribal governments. There were no required industry changes for related establishments owned by these Tribal Councils. These tribal business establishments continued to be coded according to the economic activity of that entity.

To insure the highest possible quality of data, State employment security agencies verify with employers and update, if necessary, the industry, location, and ownership classification of all establishments on a 3-year cycle. Changes in establishment classification codes resulting from the verification process are introduced with the data reported for the first quarter of the year. Changes resulting from improved employer reporting also are introduced in the first quarter. For these reasons, some data, especially at more detailed geographic levels, may not be strictly comparable with earlier years.

County definitions are assigned according to Federal Information Processing Standards Publications as issued by the National Institute of Standards and Technology. Areas shown as counties include those designated as independent cities in some jurisdictions and, in Alaska, those areas designated by the Census Bureau where counties have not been created. County data also are presented for the New England States for comparative purposes, even though townships are the more common designation used in New England (and New Jersey).

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) defines metropolitan areas for use in Federal statistical activities and updates these definitions as needed. Data in this table use metropolitan area criteria established by OMB in definitions issued June 30, 1999 (OMB Bulletin No. 99-04). These definitions reflect information obtained from the 1990 Decennial Census and the 1998 U.S. Census Bureau population estimate. A complete list of metropolitan area definitions is available from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS), Document Sales, 5205 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Va. 22161, telephone 1-800-553-6847.

OMB defines metropolitan areas in terms of entire counties, except in the six New England States where they are defined in terms of cities and towns. New England data in this table, however, are based on a county concept defined by OMB as New England County Metropolitan Areas (NECMA) because county-level data are the most detailed available from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. The NECMA is a county-based alternative to the city- and town-based metropolitan areas in New England. The NECMA for a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) include: (1) the county containing the first-named city in that MSA title (this county may include the first-named cities of other MSA, and (2) each additional county having at least half its population in the MSA in which first-named cities are in the county identified in step 1. The NECMA is officially defined areas that are meant to be used by statistical programs that cannot use the regular metropolitan area definitions in New England.

For additional information on the covered employment and wage data, contact the Division of Administrative Statistics and Labor Turnover at (202) 691–6567.

Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey

Description of the series

Data for the Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS) are collected and compiled from a sample of 16,000 business establishments. Each month, data are collected for total employment, job openings, hires, quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations. The JOLTS program covers all private nonfarm establishments such as factories, offices, and stores, as well as Federal, State, and local government entities in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. The JOLTS sample design is a random sample drawn from a universe of more than eight mil-

lion establishments compiled as part of the operations of the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, or QCEW, program. This program includes all employers subject to State unemployment insurance (UI) laws and Federal agencies subject to Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE).

The sampling frame is stratified by ownership, region, industry sector, and size class. Large firms fall into the sample with virtual certainty. JOLTS total employment estimates are controlled to the employment estimates of the Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey. A ratio of CES to JOLTS employment is used to adjust the levels for all other JOLTS data elements. Rates then are computed from the adjusted levels.

The monthly JOLTS data series begin with December 2000. Not seasonally adjusted data on job openings, hires, total separations, quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations levels and rates are available for the total nonfarm sector, 16 private industry divisions and 2 government divisions based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), and four geographic regions. Seasonally adjusted data on job openings, hires, total separations, and quits levels and rates are available for the total nonfarm sector, selected industry sectors, and four geographic regions.

Definitions

Establishments submit job openings information for the last business day of the reference month. A job opening requires that (1) a specific position exists and there is work available for that position; and (2) work could start within 30 days regardless of whether a suitable candidate is found; and (3) the employer is actively recruiting from outside the establishment to fill the position. Included are full-time, part-time, permanent, short-term, and seasonal openings. Active recruiting means that the establishment is taking steps to fill a position by advertising in newspapers or on the Internet, posting help-wanted signs, accepting applications, or using other similar methods.

Jobs to be filled only by internal transfers, promotions, demotions, or recall from layoffs are excluded. Also excluded are jobs with start dates more than 30 days in the future, jobs for which employees have been hired but have not yet reported for work, and jobs to be filled by employees of temporary help agencies, employee leasing companies, outside contractors, or consultants. The job openings rate is computed by dividing the number of job openings by the sum of employment and job openings, and multiplying that quotient

by 100.

Hires are the total number of additions to the payroll occurring at any time during the reference month, including both new and rehired employees and full-time and parttime, permanent, short-term and seasonal employees, employees recalled to the location after a layoff lasting more than 7 days, on-call or intermittent employees who returned to work after having been formally separated, and transfers from other locations. The hires count does not include transfers or promotions within the reporting site, employees returning from strike, employees of temporary help agencies or employee leasing companies, outside contractors, or consultants. The hires rate is computed by dividing the number of hires by employment, and multiplying that quotient by 100.

Separations are the total number of terminations of employment occurring at any time during the reference month, and are reported by type of separation—quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations. Quits are voluntary separations by employees (except for retirements, which are reported as other separations). Layoffs and discharges are involuntary separations initiated by the employer and include layoffs with no intent to rehire, formal layoffs lasting or expected to last more than 7 days, discharges resulting from mergers, downsizing, or closings, firings or other discharges for cause, terminations of permanent or short-term employees, and terminations of seasonal employees. Other separations include retirements, transfers to other locations, deaths, and separations due to disability. Separations do not include transfers within the same location or employees on strike.

The separations rate is computed by dividing the number of separations by employment, and multiplying that quotient by 100. The quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations rates are computed similarly, dividing the number by employment and multiplying by 100.

Notes on the data

The JOLTS data series on job openings, hires, and separations are relatively new. The full sample is divided into panels, with one panel enrolled each month. A full complement of panels for the original data series based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system was not completely enrolled in the survey until January 2002. The supplemental panels of establishments needed to create NAICS estimates were not completely enrolled until May 2003. The data collected up until those points are from less than a

full sample. Therefore, estimates from earlier months should be used with caution, as fewer sampled units were reporting data at that time.

In March 2002, BLS procedures for collecting hires and separations data were revised to address possible underreporting. As a result, JOLTS hires and separations estimates for months prior to March 2002 may not be comparable with estimates for March 2002 and later.

The Federal Government reorganization that involved transferring approximately 180,000 employees to the new Department of Homeland Security is not reflected in the JOLTS hires and separations estimates for the Federal Government. The Office of Personnel Management's record shows these transfers were completed in March 2003. The inclusion of transfers in the JOLTS definitions of hires and separations is intended to cover ongoing movements of workers between establishments. The Department of Homeland Security reorganization was a massive one-time event, and the inclusion of these intergovernmental transfers would distort the Federal Government time series.

Data users should note that seasonal adjustment of the JOLTS series is conducted with fewer data observations than is customary. The historical data, therefore, may be subject to larger than normal revisions. Because the seasonal patterns in economic data series typically emerge over time, the standard use of moving averages as seasonal filters to capture these effects requires longer series than are currently available. As a result, the stable seasonal filter option is used in the seasonal adjustment of the JOLTS data. When calculating seasonal factors, this filter takes an average for each calendar month after detrending the series. The stable seasonal filter assumes that the seasonal factors are fixed; a necessary assumption until sufficient data are available. When the stable seasonal filter is no longer needed, other program features also may be introduced, such as outlier adjustment and extended diagnostic testing. Additionally, it is expected that more series, such as layoffs and discharges and additional industries, may be seasonally adjusted when more data are available.

JOLTS hires and separations estimates cannot be used to exactly explain net changes in payroll employment. Some reasons why it is problematic to compare changes in payroll employment with JOLTS hires and separations, especially on a monthly basis, are: (1) the reference period for payroll employment is the pay period including the 12th of the month, while the reference period for hires and separations is the calendar month; and (2) payroll employment can vary from month

to month simply because part-time and oncall workers may not always work during the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. Additionally, research has found that some reporters systematically underreport separations relative to hires due to a number of factors, including the nature of their payroll systems and practices. The shortfall appears to be about 2 percent or less over a 12-month period.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on the Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey, contact the Division of Administrative Statistics and Labor Turnover at (202) 961–5870.

Compensation and **Wage Data**

(Tables 1-3; 30-37)

The National Compensation Survey (NCS) produces a variety of compensation data. These include: The Employment Cost Index (ECI) and NCS benefit measures of the incidence and provisions of selected employee benefit plans. Selected samples of these measures appear in the following tables. NCS also compiles data on occupational wages and the Employer Costs for Employee Compensation (ECEC).

Employment Cost Index

Description of the series

The Employment Cost Index (ECI) is a quarterly measure of the rate of change in compensation per hour worked and includes wages, salaries, and employer costs of employee benefits. It is a Laspeyres Index that uses fixed employment weights to measure change in labor costs free from the influence of employment shifts among occupations and industries.

The ECI provides data for the civilian economy, which includes the total private nonfarm economy excluding private households, and the public sector excluding the Federal government. Data are collected each quarter for the pay period including the 12th day of March, June, September, and December.

Sample establishments are classified by industry categories based on the 2007 North American Classification System (NAICS). Within a sample establishment, specific job categories are selected and classified into about 800 occupations according to the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) System. Individual occupations are combined to represent one of ten intermediate

aggregations, such as professional and related occupations, or one of five higher level aggregations, such as management, professional, and related occupations.

Fixed employment weights are used each quarter to calculate the most aggregate series-civilian, private, and State and local government. These fixed weights are also used to derive all of the industry and occupational series indexes. Beginning with the March 2006 estimates, 2002 fixed employment weights from the Bureau's Occupational Employment Statistics survey were introduced. From March 1995 to December 2005, 1990 employment counts were used. These fixed weights ensure that changes in these indexes reflect only changes in compensation, not employment shifts among industries or occupations with different levels of wages and compensation. For the series based on bargaining status, census region and division, and metropolitan area status, fixed employment data are not available. The employment weights are reallocated within these series each quarter based on the current ECI sample. The indexes for these series, consequently, are not strictly comparable with those for aggregate, occupational, and industry series.

Definitions

Total compensation costs include wages, salaries, and the employer's costs for employee benefits.

Wages and salaries consist of earnings before payroll deductions, including production bonuses, incentive earnings, commissions, and cost-of-living adjustments.

Benefits include the cost to employers for paid leave, supplemental pay (including nonproduction bonuses), insurance, retirement and savings plans, and legally required benefits (such as Social Security, workers' compensation, and unemployment insurance).

Excluded from wages and salaries and employee benefits are such items as payment-in-kind, free room and board, and tips.

Notes on the data

The ECI data in these tables reflect the con-version to the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. ECI series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

The ECI for changes in wages and salaries in the private nonfarm economy was pub-

lished beginning in 1975. Changes in total compensation cost—wages and salaries and benefits combined—were published beginning in 1980. The series of changes in wages and salaries and for total compensation in the State and local government sector and in the civilian nonfarm economy (excluding Federal employees) were published beginning in 1981. Historical indexes (December 2005=100) are available on the Internet: www.bls.gov/ect/

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on the Employment Cost Index is available at **www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm** or by telephone at (202) 691–6199.

National Compensation Survey Benefit Measures

Description of the series

NCS benefit measures of employee benefits are published in two separate reports. The annual summary provides data on the incidence of (access to and participation in) selected benefits and provisions of paid holidays and vacations, life insurance plans, and other selected benefit programs. Data on percentages of establishments offering major employee benefits, and on the employer and employee shares of contributions to medical care premiums also are presented. Selected benefit data appear in the following tables. A second publication, published later, contains more detailed information about health and retirement plans.

Definitions

Employer-provided benefits are benefits that are financed either wholly or partly by the employer. They may be sponsored by a union or other third party, as long as there is some employer financing. However, some benefits that are fully paid for by the employee also are included. For example, long-term care insurance paid entirely by the employee are included because the guarantee of insurability and availability at group premium rates are considered a benefit.

Employees are considered as having access to a benefit plan if it is available for their use. For example, if an employee is permitted to participate in a medical care plan offered by the employer, but the employee declines to do so, he or she is placed in the category with those having access to medical care.

Employees in contributory plans are considered as **participating** in an insurance or retirement plan if they have paid required contributions and fulfilled any applicable service requirement. Employees in noncontributory plans are counted as participating regardless of whether they have fulfilled the service requirements.

Defined benefit pension plans use predetermined formulas to calculate a retirement benefit (if any), and obligate the employer to provide those benefits. Benefits are generally based on salary, years of service, or both.

Defined contribution plans generally specify the level of employer and employee contributions to a plan, but not the formula for determining eventual benefits. Instead, individual accounts are set up for participants, and benefits are based on amounts credited to these accounts.

Tax-deferred savings plans are a type of defined contribution plan that allow participants to contribute a portion of their salary to an employer-sponsored plan and defer income taxes until withdrawal.

Flexible benefit plans allow employees to choose among several benefits, such as life insurance, medical care, and vacation days, and among several levels of coverage within a given benefit.

Notes on the data

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE NCS benefit measures is available at **www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/home.htm** or by telephone at (202) 691–6199.

Work stoppages

Description of the series

Data on work stoppages measure the number and duration of major strikes or lockouts (involving 1,000 workers or more) occurring during the month (or year), the number of workers involved, and the amount of work time lost because of stoppage. These data are presented in table 37.

Data are largely from a variety of published sources and cover only establishments directly involved in a stoppage. They do not measure the indirect or secondary effect of stoppages on other establishments whose employees are idle owing to material shortages or lack of service.

Definitions

Number of stoppages: The number of strikes and lockouts involving 1,000 workers or more and lasting a full shift or longer.

Workers involved: The number of workers directly involved in the stoppage.

Number of days idle: The aggregate number of workdays lost by workers involved

in the stoppages.

Days of idleness as a percent of estimated working time: Aggregate workdays lost as a percent of the aggregate number of standard workdays in the period multiplied by total employment in the period.

Notes on the data

This series is not comparable with the one terminated in 1981 that covered strikes involving six workers or more.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on work stop-pages data is available at www. bls. gov/cba/home.htm or by telephone at (202) 691-6199.

Price Data

(Tables 2; 38-46)

Price data are gathered by the Bureau of Labor Statistics from retail and primary markets in the United States. Price indexes are given in relation to a base period—December 2003 = 100 for many Producer Price Indexes (unless otherwise noted), 1982-84 = 100 for many Consumer Price Indexes (unless otherwise noted), and 1990 = 100 for International Price Indexes.

Consumer Price Indexes

Description of the series

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change in the prices paid by urban consumers for a fixed market basket of goods and services. The CPI is calculated monthly for two population groups, one consisting only of urban households whose primary source of income is derived from the employment of wage earners and clerical workers, and the other consisting of all urban households. The wage earner index (CPI-W) is a continuation of the historic index that was introduced well over a half-century ago for use in wage negotiations. As new uses were developed for the CPI in recent years, the need for a broader and more representative index became apparent. The all-urban consumer index (CPI-U), introduced in 1978, is representative of the 1993-95 buying habits of about 87 percent of the noninstitutional population of the United States at that time, compared with 32 percent represented in the CPI-W. In addition to wage earners and clerical workers, the CPI-U covers professional, managerial, and technical workers, the self-employed, shortterm workers, the unemployed, retirees, and others not in the labor force.

The CPI is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, fuel, drugs, transportation fares, doctors' and dentists' fees, and other goods and services that people buy for day-to-day living. The quantity and quality of these items are kept essentially unchanged between major revisions so that only price changes will be measured. All taxes directly associated with the purchase and use of items are included in the index.

Data collected from more than 23,000 retail establishments and 5,800 housing units in 87 urban areas across the country are used to develop the "U.S. city average." Separate estimates for 14 major urban centers are presented in table 39. The areas listed are as indicated in footnote 1 to the table. The area indexes measure only the average change in prices for each area since the base period, and do not indicate differences in the level of prices among cities.

Notes on the data

In January 1983, the Bureau changed the way in which homeownership costs are meaured for the CPI-U. A rental equivalence method replaced the asset-price approach to homeownership costs for that series. In January 1985, the same change was made in the CPI-W. The central purpose of the change was to separate shelter costs from the investment component of homeownership so that the index would reflect only the cost of shelter services provided by owner-occupied homes. An updated CPI-U and CPI-W were introduced with release of the January 1987 and January 1998 data.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, contact the Division of Prices and Price Indexes: (202) 691-7000.

Producer Price Indexes

Description of the series

Producer Price Indexes (PPI) measure average changes in prices received by domestic producers of commodities in all stages of processing. The sample used for calculating these indexes currently contains about 3,200 commodities and about 80,000 quotations per month, selected to represent the movement of prices of all commodities produced in the manufacturing; agriculture, forestry, and fishing; mining; and gas and electricity and public utilities sectors. The stage-of-processing structure of PPI organizes products by class of buyer and degree of fabrication (that is, finished goods, intermediate goods, and crude materials). The traditional commodity structure of PPI organizes products by similarity of end use or material composition. The industry and product structure of PPI organizes data in accordance with the North American Industry Classification System and product codes developed by the U.S. Census Bureau.

To the extent possible, prices used in calculating Producer Price Indexes apply to the first significant commercial transaction in the United States from the production or central marketing point. Price data are generally collected monthly, primarily by mail questionnaire. Most prices are obtained directly from producing companies on a voluntary and confidential basis. Prices generally are reported for the Tuesday of the week containing the 13th day of the month.

Since January 1992, price changes for the various commodities have been averaged together with implicit quantity weights representing their importance in the total net selling value of all commodities as of 1987. The detailed data are aggregated to obtain indexes for stage-of-processing groupings, commodity groupings, durability-of-product groupings, and a number of special composite groups. All Producer Price Index data are subject to revision 4 months after original publication.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, contact the Division of Industrial Prices and Price Indexes: (202) 691-7705.

International Price Indexes

Description of the series

The International Price Program produces monthly and quarterly export and import price indexes for nonmilitary goods and services traded between the United States and the rest of the world. The export price index provides a measure of price change for all products sold by U.S. residents to foreign buyers. ("Residents" is defined as in the national income accounts; it includes corporations, businesses, and individuals, but does not require the organizations to be U.S. owned nor the individuals to have U.S. citizenship.) The import price index provides a measure of price change for goods purchased from other countries by U.S. residents.

The product universe for both the import and export indexes includes raw materials, agricultural products, semifinished manufactures, and finished manufactures, including both capital and consumer goods. Price data for these items are collected primarily by mail questionnaire. In nearly all cases, the data are collected directly from the exporter or importer, although in a few cases, prices are obtained from other sources.

To the extent possible, the data gathered refer to prices at the U.S. border for exports and at either the foreign border or the U.S. border for imports. For nearly all products, the prices refer to transactions completed during the first week of the month. Survey respondents are asked to indicate all discounts, allowances, and rebates applicable to the reported prices, so that the price used in the calculation of the indexes is the actual price for which the product was bought or sold.

In addition to general indexes of prices for U.S. exports and imports, indexes are also published for detailed product categories of exports and imports. These categories are defined according to the five-digit level of detail for the Bureau of Economic Analysis End-use Classification, the three-digit level for the Standard International Trade Classification (SITC), and the four-digit level of detail for the Harmonized System. Aggregate import indexes by country or region of origin are also available.

BLS publishes indexes for selected categories of internationally traded services, calculated on an international basis and on a balance-of-payments basis.

Notes on the data

The export and import price indexes are weighted indexes of the Laspeyres type. The trade weights currently used to compute both indexes relate to 2000.

Because a price index depends on the same items being priced from period to period, it is necessary to recognize when a product's specifications or terms of transaction have been modified. For this reason, the Bureau's questionnaire requests detailed descriptions of the physical and functional characteristics of the products being priced, as well as information on the number of units bought or sold, discounts, credit terms, packaging, class of buyer or seller, and so forth. When there are changes in either the specifications or terms of transaction of a product, the dollar value of each change is deleted from the total price change to obtain the "pure" change. Once this value is determined, a linking procedure is employed which allows for the continued repricing of the item.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, contact the Division of International Prices: (202) 691–7155.

Productivity Data

(Tables 2; 47-50)

Business and major sectors

Description of the series

The productivity measures relate real output to real input. As such, they encompass a family of measures which include single-factor input measures, such as output per hour,

output per unit of labor input, or output per unit of capital input, as well as measures of multifactor productivity (output per unit of combined labor and capital inputs). The Bureau indexes show the change in output relative to changes in the various inputs. The measures cover the business, nonfarm business, manufacturing, and nonfinancial corporate sectors.

Corresponding indexes of hourly compensation, unit labor costs, unit nonlabor payments, and prices are also provided.

Definitions

Output per hour of all persons (labor productivity) is the quantity of goods and services produced per hour of labor input. Output per unit of capital services (capital productivity) is the quantity of goods and services produced per unit of capital services input. Multifactor productivity is the quantity of goods and services produced per combined inputs. For private business and private nonfarm business, inputs include labor and capital units. For manufacturing, inputs include labor, capital, energy, nonenergy materials, and purchased business services.

Compensation per hour is total compensation divided by hours at work. Total compensation equals the wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans, plus an estimate of these payments for the self-employed (except for nonfinancial corporations in which there are no self-employed). Real compensation per hour is compensation per hour deflated by the change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers.

Unit labor costs are the labor compensation costs expended in the production of a unit of output and are derived by dividing compensation by output. Unit nonlabor payments include profits, depreciation, interest, and indirect taxes per unit of output. They are computed by subtracting compensation of all persons from current-dollar value of output and dividing by output.

Unit nonlabor costs contain all the components of unit nonlabor payments except unit profits.

Unit profits include corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments per unit of output.

Hours of all persons are the total hours at work of payroll workers, self-employed persons, and unpaid family workers.

Labor inputs are hours of all persons adjusted for the effects of changes in the education and experience of the labor force.

Capital services are the flow of services from the capital stock used in production. It

is developed from measures of the net stock of physical assets—equipment, structures, land, and inventories—weighted by rental prices for each type of asset.

Combined units of labor and capital inputs are derived by combining changes in labor and capital input with weights which represent each component's share of total cost. Combined units of labor, capital, energy, materials, and purchased business services are similarly derived by combining changes in each input with weights that represent each input's share of total costs. The indexes for each input and for combined units are based on changing weights which are averages of the shares in the current and preceding year (the Tornquist index-number formula).

Notes on the data

Business sector output is an annuallyweighted index constructed by excluding from real gross domestic product (GDP) the following outputs: general government, nonprofit institutions, paid employees of private households, and the rental value of owner-occupied dwellings. Nonfarm business also excludes farming. Private business and private nonfarm business further exclude government enterprises. The measures are supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce's Bureau of Economic Analysis. Annual estimates of manufacturing sectoral output are produced by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Quarterly manufacturing output indexes from the Federal Reserve Board are adjusted to these annual output measures by the BLS. Compensation data are developed from data of the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Hours data are developed from data of the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The productivity and associated cost measures in tables 47–50 describe the relationship between output in real terms and the labor and capital inputs involved in its production. They show the changes from period to period in the amount of goods and services produced per unit of input.

Although these measures relate output to hours and capital services, they do not measure the contributions of labor, capital, or any other specific factor of production. Rather, they reflect the joint effect of many influences, including changes in technology; shifts in the composition of the labor force; capital investment; level of output; changes in the utilization of capacity, energy, material, and research and development; the organization of production; managerial skill; and characteristics and efforts of the work force.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on this productivity series, contact the Division of Productivity Research: (202) 691–5606.

Industry productivity measures

Description of the series

The BLS industry productivity indexes measure the relationship between output and inputs for selected industries and industry groups, and thus reflect trends in industry efficiency over time. Industry measures include labor productivity, multifactor productivity, compensation, and unit labor costs.

The industry measures differ in methodology and data sources from the productivity measures for the major sectors because the industry measures are developed independently of the National Income and Product Accounts framework used for the major sector measures.

Definitions

Output per hour is derived by dividing an index of industry output by an index of labor input. For most industries, output indexes are derived from data on the value of industry output adjusted for price change. For the remaining industries, output indexes are derived from data on the physical quantity of production.

The **labor input** series is based on the hours of all workers or, in the case of some transportation industries, on the number of employees. For most industries, the series consists of the hours of all employees. For some trade and services industries, the series also includes the hours of partners, proprietors, and unpaid family workers.

Unit labor costs represent the labor compensation costs per unit of output produced, and are derived by dividing an index of labor compensation by an index of output. Labor compensation includes payroll as well as supplemental payments, including both legally required expenditures and payments for voluntary programs.

Multifactor productivity is derived by dividing an index of industry output by an index of combined inputs consumed in producing that output. Combined inputs include capital, labor, and intermediate purchases. The measure of capital input represents the flow of services from the capital stock used in production. It is developed from measures of the net stock of physical assets-equipment, structures, land, and inventories. The measure of intermediate purchases is a combination of purchased materials, services, fuels, and electricity.

Notes on the data

The industry measures are compiled from data produced by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Census Bureau, with additional data supplied by other government agencies, trade associations, and other sources.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on this series, contact the Division of Industry Productivity Studies: (202) 691–5618, or visit the Web site at: www.bls.gov/lpc/home.htm

International Comparisons

(Tables 51–53)

Labor force and unemployment

Description of the series

Tables 51 and 52 present comparative measures of the labor force, employment, and unemployment adjusted to U.S. concepts for the United States, Canada, Australia, Japan, and six European countries. The Bureau adjusts the figures for these selected countries, for all known major definitional differences, to the extent that data to prepare adjustments are available. Although precise comparability may not be achieved, these adjusted figures provide a better basis for international comparisons than the figures regularly published by each country. For further information on adjustments and comparability issues, see Constance Sorrentino, "International unemployment rates: how comparable are they?" Monthly Labor Review, June 2000, pp. 3-20, available on the Internet at www.bls.gov/opub/ mlr/2000/06/art1full.pdf.

Definitions

For the principal U.S. definitions of the labor force, employment, and unemployment, see the Notes section on Employment and Unemployment Data: Household survey data.

Notes on the data

Foreign-country data are adjusted as closely as possible to the U.S. definitions. Primary areas of adjustment address conceptual differences in upper age limits and definitions of employment and unemployment, provided that reliable data are available to make these adjustments. Adjustments are made where applicable to include employed and unemployed persons above upper age limits and to exclude active duty military

from employment figures, although a small number of career military may be included in some European countries. Adjustments are made to exclude unpaid family workers who worked fewer than 15 hours per week from employment figures; U.S. concepts do not include them in employment, whereas most foreign countries include all unpaid family workers regardless of the number of hours worked. Adjustments are made to include full-time students seeking work and available for work as unemployed when they are classified as not in the labor force.

Where possible, lower age limits are based on the age at which compulsory schooling ends in each country, rather than based on the U.S. standard of 16. Lower age limits have ranged between 13 and 16 over the years covered; currently, the lower age limits are either 15 or 16 in all 10 countries.

Some adjustments for comparability are not made because data are unavailable for adjustment purposes. For example, no adjustments to unemployment are usually made for deviations from U.S. concepts in the treatment of persons waiting to start a new job or passive job seekers. These conceptual differences have little impact on the measures. Furthermore, BLS studies have concluded that no adjustments should be made for persons on layoff who are counted as employed in some countries because of their strong job attachment as evidenced by, for example, payment of salary or the existence of a recall date. In the United States, persons on layoff have weaker job attachment and are classified as unemployed.

The annual labor force measures are obtained from monthly, quarterly, or continuous household surveys and may be calculated as averages of monthly or quarterly data. Quarterly and monthly unemployment rates are based on household surveys. For some countries, they are calculated by applying annual adjustment factors to current published data and, therefore, are less precise indicators of unemployment under U.S. concepts than the annual figures.

The labor force measures may have breaks in series over time due to changes in surveys, sources, or estimation methods. Breaks are noted in data tables.

For up-to-date information on adjustments and breaks in series, see the Introduction and Appendix B. Country Notes in International Comparisons of Annual Labor Force Statistics, Adjusted to U.S. Concepts, 10 Countries, 1997-2009, on the Internet at www.bls.gov/ilc/flscomparelf.htm, and the Notes for Table 1 in the monthly report *In*ternational Unemployment Rates and Employment Indexes, Seasonally Adjusted, 2008-2010, on the Internet at www.bls.gov/ilc/intl_unemployment_rates_monthly.htm.

Manufacturing productivity and labor costs

Description of the series

Table 53 presents comparative indexes of manufacturing output per hour (labor productivity), output, total hours, compensation per hour, and unit labor costs for 19 countries. These measures are trend comparisons—that is, series that measure changes over time—rather than level comparisons. BLS does not recommend using these series for level comparisons because of technical problems.

BLS constructs the comparative indexes from three basic aggregate measures—output, total labor hours, and total compensation. The hours and compensation measures refer to employees (wage and salary earners) in Belgium and Taiwan. For all other economies, the measures refer to all employed persons, including employees, self-employed persons, and unpaid family workers.

The data for recent years are based on the United Nations System of National Accounts 1993 (SNA 93). Manufacturing is generally defined according to the International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC). However, the measures for France include parts of mining as well. For the United States and Canada, manufacturing is defined according to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS 97).

Definitions

Output. For most economies, the output measures are real value added in manufacturing from national accounts. However, output for Japan prior to 1970 and for the Netherlands prior to 1960 are indexes of industrial production. The manufacturing value added measures for the United Kingdom are essentially identical to their indexes of industrial production.

For the United States, the output measure is a chain-weighted index of real value added produced by the Bureau of Economic Analysis. BLS uses this series here to preserve international comparability. However, for its domestic industry measures, shown in tables 47–50 in this section, BLS uses a different output measures called "sectoral output," which is gross output less intrasector transactions.

Total hours refer to hours worked in all economies. The measures are developed from

statistics of manufacturing employment and average hours. For most other economies, recent years' aggregate hours series are obtained from national statistical offices, usually from national accounts. However, for some economies and for earlier years, BLS calculates the aggregate hours series using employment figures published with the national accounts, or other comprehensive employment series, and data on average hours worked.

Hourly compensation is total compensation divided by total hours. Total compensation includes all payments in cash or in-kind made directly to employees plus employer expenditures for legally required insurance programs and contractual and private benefit plans. For Australia, Canada, France, Singapore, and Sweden, compensation is increased to account for important taxes on payroll or employment. For the Czech Republic, Finland, and the United Kingdom, compensation is reduced in certain years to account for subsidies.

Labor productivity is defined as real output per hour worked. Although the labor productivity measure presented in this release relates output to the hours worked of persons employed in manufacturing, it does not measure the specific contributions of labor as a single factor of production. Rather, it reflects the joint effects of many influences, including new technology, capital investment, capacity utilization, energy use, and managerial skills, as well as the skills and efforts of the workforce.

Unit labor costs are defined as the cost of labor input required to produce one unit of output. They are computed as compensation in nominal terms divided by real output.

Notes on the data

The measures for recent years may be based on current indicators of manufacturing output (such as industrial production indexes), employment, average hours, and hourly compensation until national accounts and other statistics used for the long-term measures become available. For more in-depth information on sources and methods, see http://www.bls.gov/news.release/prod4.toc.htm.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on international comparisons, contact the Division of International Labor Comparisons: (202) 691–5654 or **ilchelp@bls.gov**.

Occupational Injury and Illness Data

(Tables 54-55)

Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses

Description of the series

The Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses collects data from employers about their workers' job-related nonfatal injuries and illnesses. The information that employers provide is based on records that they maintain under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970. Self-employed individuals, farms with fewer than 11 employees, employers regulated by other Federal safety and health laws, and Federal, State, and local government agencies are excluded from the survey.

The survey is a Federal-State cooperative program with an independent sample selected for each participating State. A stratified random sample with a Neyman allocation is selected to represent all private industries in the State. The survey is stratified by Standard Industrial Classification and size of employment.

Definitions

Under the Occupational Safety and Health Act, employers maintain records of nonfatal work-related injuries and illnesses that involve one or more of the following: loss of consciousness, restriction of work or motion, transfer to another job, or medical treatment other than first aid.

Occupational injury is any injury such as a cut, fracture, sprain, or amputation that results from a work-related event or a single, instantaneous exposure in the work environment.

Occupational illness is an abnormal condition or disorder, other than one resulting from an occupational injury, caused by exposure to factors associated with employment. It includes acute and chronic illnesses or disease which may be caused by inhalation, absorption, ingestion, or direct contact.

Lost workday injuries and illnesses are cases that involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

Lost workdays include the number of workdays (consecutive or not) on which the employee was either away from work or at work in some restricted capacity, or both, because of an occupational injury or illness. BLS measures of the number and incidence rate of lost workdays were discontinued beginning with the 1993 survey. The number of days away from work or days of restricted work activity does not include the day of injury or onset of illness or any days on which the employee would not have worked, such as a Federal holiday, even though able to work.

Incidence rates are computed as the number of injuries and/or illnesses or lost work days per 100 full-time workers.

Notes on the data

The definitions of occupational injuries and illnesses are from Recordkeeping Guidelines for Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, September 1986).

Estimates are made for industries and employment size classes for total recordable cases, lost workday cases, days away from work cases, and nonfatal cases without lost workdays. These data also are shown separately for injuries. Illness data are available for seven categories: occupational skin diseases or disorders, dust diseases of the lungs, respiratory conditions due to toxic agents, poisoning (systemic effects of toxic agents), disorders due to physical agents (other than toxic materials), disorders associated with repeated trauma, and all other occupational illnesses.

The survey continues to measure the number of new work-related illness cases which are recognized, diagnosed, and reported during the year. Some conditions, for example, long-term latent illnesses caused by exposure to carcinogens, often are difficult to relate to the workplace and are not adequately recognized and reported. These long-term latent illnesses are believed to be understated in the survey's illness measure. In contrast, the overwhelming majority of the reported new illnesses are those which are easier to directly relate to workplace activity (for example, contact dermatitis and carpal tunnel syndrome).

Most of the estimates are in the form of incidence rates, defined as the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 equivalent fulltime workers. For this purpose, 200,000 employee hours represent 100 employee years (2,000 hours per employee). Full detail on the available measures is presented in the annual bulletin, Occupational Injuries and Illnesses: Counts, Rates, and Characteristics.

Comparable data for more than 40 States and territories are available from the BLS Office of Safety, Health and Working Conditions. Many of these States publish data on State and local government employees in addition to private industry data.

Mining and railroad data are furnished to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration and the Federal Railroad Administration. Data from these organizations are included in both the national and State data published annually.

With the 1992 survey, BLS began publishing details on serious, nonfatal incidents resulting in days away from work. Included are some major characteristics of the injured and ill workers, such as occupation, age, gender, race, and length of service, as well as the circumstances of their injuries and illnesses (nature of the disabling condition, part of body affected, event and exposure, and the source directly producing the condition). In general, these data are available nationwide for detailed industries and for individual States at more aggregated industry levels.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on occupational injuries and illnesses, contact the Office of Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions at (202) 691-6180, or access the Internet at: www.bls. gov/iif/.

Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

The Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries compiles a complete roster of fatal job-related injuries, including detailed data about the fatally injured workers and the fatal events. The program collects and cross checks fatality information from multiple sources, including death certificates, State and Federal workers' compensation reports, Occupational Safety and Health Administration and Mine Safety and Health Administration records, medical examiner and autopsy reports, media accounts, State motor vehicle fatality records, and follow-up questionnaires to employers.

In addition to private wage and salary workers, the self-employed, family members, and Federal, State, and local government workers are covered by the program. To be included in the fatality census, the decedent must have been employed (that is working for pay, compensation, or profit) at the time of the event, engaged in a legal work activity, or present at the site of the incident as a requirement of his or her job.

Definition

A fatal work injury is any intentional or unintentional wound or damage to the body resulting in death from acute exposure to energy, such as heat or electricity, or kinetic energy from a crash, or from the absence of such essentials as heat or oxygen caused by a specific event or incident or series of events within a single workday or shift. Fatalities that occur during a person's commute to or from work are excluded from the census, as well as work-related illnesses, which can be difficult to identify due to long latency periods.

Notes on the data

Twenty-eight data elements are collected, coded, and tabulated in the fatality program, including information about the fatally injured worker, the fatal incident, and the machinery or equipment involved. Summary worker demographic data and event characteristics are included in a national news release that is available about 8 months after the end of the reference year. The Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries was initiated in 1992 as a joint Federal-State effort. Most States issue summary information at the time of the national news release.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries contact the BLS Office of Safety, Health, and Working Conditions at (202) 691–6175, or the Internet at: www.bls.gov/iif/

1. Labor market indicators

Selected indicators	0000	0040	2008		20	09			20)10	
Selected indicators	2009	2010	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV
Employment data											
Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional											
population (household survey):1											
Labor force participation rate	65.4	64.7	65.9	65.7	65.7	65.3	64.9	64.8	64.9	64.7	64.5
Employment-population ratio	59.3	58.5	61.3	60.3	59.7	59.0	58.4	58.5	58.6	58.5	58.3
Unemployment rate	9.3	9.6	6.9	8.2	9.3	9.7	10.0	9.7	9.6	9.6	9.6
Men	10.3	10.5	7.6	9.0	10.4	10.8	11.2	10.7	10.6	10.5	10.3
16 to 24 years	20.1	20.8	16.5	18.1	19.9	20.7	22.0	21.5	20.9	20.7	20.2
25 years and older	8.8	8.9	6.1	7.6	8.9	9.4	9.5	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.8
Women	. 8.1	8.6	6.2	7.3	8.0	8.3	8.7	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.8
16 to 24 years	14.9	15.8	11.7	13.2	14.6	15.6	15.9	15.5	16.0	15.5	16.4
25 years and older	6.9	7.4	5.3	6.2	6.9	7.1	7.5	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.6
Employment, nonfarm (payroll data), in thousands: 1											
Total nonfarm	130,920	130,262	134,328	132,070	130,640	129,857	129,588	129,849	130,419	130,328	130,712
Total private	108,371	107,791	111,767	109,510	108,075	107,377	107,107	107,343	107,696	108,068	108,453
Goods-producing	18,620	17,987	20,294	19,233	18,503	18,124	17,906	17,905	17,994	18,038	18,041
Manufacturing	11,883	11,644	12,822	12,212	11,782	11,634	11,534	11,591	11,672	11,672	11,670
Service-providing	112,300	112,275	114,031	112,837	112,137	111,733	111,682	111,944	112,425	112,290	112,671
Average hours:											
Total private	33.1	33.4	33.3	33.1	33.0	33.1	33.2	33.3	33.4	33.5	33.6
Manufacturing	39.8	41.1	39.8	39.4	39.5	39.9	40.5	41.0	41.0	41.2	41.2
Overtime	2.9	3.8	2.9	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.4	3.7	3.9	3.9	4.0
Employment Cost Index ^{1, 2, 3}											
Total compensation:											
Civilian nonfarm ⁴	1.4	2.0	.3	.4	.3	.5	.2	.7	.4	.5	.3
Private nonfarm	1.2	2.1	.2	.4	.3		.2	.8	.5		.3
Goods-producing ⁵	1.0	2.3	.3	.4	.3	.2	.2	1.0	.5	.6	.1
Service-providing ⁵		2.0	.3	.4	.3	.4	.3	.7	.4	.4	.4
State and local government	2.3	1.8	.3	.6	.4	1.0	.3	.3	.2		.3
Workers by bargaining status (private nonfarm):											
Union	2.9	3.3	.6	1.0	.6	.6	.5	1.5	.8	.8	.2
Nonunion	.9	1.8	.2	.3	.2	.3	.2	.7	.5		.3

¹ Quarterly data seasonally adjusted.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, household survey data reflect revised population controls. Nonfarm data reflect the conversion to the 2002 version of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), replacing the Standard Industrial Classification (SiC) system. NAICS-based data by industry are not comparable with SIC-based data. based data.

Annual changes are December-to-December changes. Quarterly changes

are calculated using the last month of each quarter.

The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

⁴ Excludes Federal and private household workers.

EXCIDITIES PROBLEM AND PROBLEM TO SERVICES. SO GOODS - producing industries include mining, construction, and manufacturing. Service-providing industries include all other private sector industries.

2. Annual and quarterly percent changes in compensation, prices, and productivity

Selected measures	2009	2010	2008		200	09			20	10	
Gelected measures	2009	2010	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV
Compensation data ^{1, 2, 3}											
Employment Cost Index—compensation:											
Civilian nonfarm	1.4	2.0	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.3
Private nonfarm	1.2	2.1	.2	.4	.3	.4	.2	.8	.5	.4	.3
Employment Cost Index—wages and salaries:											
Civilian nonfarm	1.5	1.6	.3	.4	.4	.5	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4
Private nonfarm	1.3	1.8	.3	.4	.3	.5	.3	.5	.4	.4	.4
Price data ¹											
Consumer Price Index (All Urban Consumers): All Items	4	1.6	-3.9	1.2	1.4	.1	.0	.8	.2	.2	.3
Producer Price Index:											
Finished goods	-2.6	4.3	-7.4	.2	3.1	6	1.6	1.8	1	.7	1.6
Finished consumer goods	-3.9	5.6	-10.0	.3	4.3	7	1.9	2.4	1	.9	1.8
Capital equipment	1.9	.4	1.9	2	2	4	.8	.0	1	.0	.5
Intermediate materials, supplies, and components	-8.4	6.4	-13.6	-2.1	2.8	1.2	1.1	2.6	1.2	.6	2.0
Crude materials	-30.4	21.0	-32.1	-7.2	12.3	-3.5	12.7	8.8	-4.2	2.5	8.2
Productivity data ⁴											
Output per hour of all persons:											
Business sector	3.5	3.6	3	3.5	8.3	7.2	6.1	3.5	-1.8	2.6	2.4
Nonfarm business sector	3.5	3.6	1	3.4	8.4	7.0	6.0	3.9	-1.8	2.4	2.6
Nonfinancial corporations 5	1.8	_	1.0	-4.2	4.3	5.9	12.8	8.7	.1	-3.5	_

¹ Annual changes are December-to-December changes. Quarterly changes are calculated using the last month of each quarter. Compensation and price data are not

3. Alternative measures of wage and compensation changes

		Quar	erly ch	ange		I	Four qu	arters e	nding—	
Components	2009		20	10		2009		20	10	
	IV	I	II	III	IV	IV	I	II	III	IV
Average hourly compensation: 1										
All persons, business sector	1.5	-1.1	2.7	2.6	1.8	2.5	3.2	1.7	1.4	1.5
All persons, nonfarm business sector	1.5	9	2.9	2.3	1.9	2.5	3.2	1.7	1.4	1.5
Employment Cost Index—compensation: 2										
Civilian nonfarm ³	.2	.7	.4	.5	.3	1.4	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0
Private nonfarm	.2	.8	.5	.4	.3	1.2	1.6	1.9	2.0	2.1
Union	.5	1.5	.8	.8	.2	2.9	3.4	3.6	3.7	3.3
Nonunion	.2	.7	.5	.4	.3	.9	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.8
State and local government	.3	.3	.2	1.0	.3	2.3	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.8
Employment Cost Index—wages and salaries: 2										
Civilian nonfarm ³	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6
Private nonfarm	.2	.5	.4	.4	.4	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.8
Union		.5	.5	.5	.2	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.3	1.8
Nonunion	.3	.5	.4	.4	.3	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.6
State and local government	.3	.2	.2	.6	.2	1.9	1.6	1.3	1.2	1.2

Seasonally adjusted. "Quarterly average" is percent change from a quarter ago, at an annual rate.

Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS $\,$ and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

calculated using the last from the earl quarter. Compensation and price data are not seasonally adjusted, and the price data are not compounded.

² Excludes Federal and private household workers.

³ The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes

only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

⁴ Annual rates of change are computed by comparing annual averages. Quarterly percent changes reflect annual rates of change in quarterly indexes. The data are seasonally adjusted.

⁵ Output per hour of all employees.

² The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard

³ Excludes Federal and private household workers.

4. Employment status of the population, by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

[Numbers in thousands]	Annual a	average	2009						20	10					
Employment status	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
TOTAL	2003	2010	DCC.	oun.	1 00.	war.	Apr.	iviay	ounc	outy	Aug.	осрі.	001.	1404.	DCC.
Civilian noninstitutional															
population 1	235,801	237,830	236,924	236,832	236,998	237,159	237,329	237,499	237,690	237,890	238,099	238,322	238,530	238,715	238,889
Civilian labor force		153,889	153,172	153,353	153,558	153,895	154,520	154,237	153,684	153,628	154,117	154,124	153,960	153,950	153,690
Participation rate		64.7	64.7	64.8	64.8	64.9	65.1	64.9	64.7	64.6	64.7	64.7	64.5	64.5	64.3
Employed Employment-pop-	139,877	139,064	137,960	138,511	138,698	138,952	139,382	139,353	139,092	138,991	139,267	139,378	139,084	138,909	139,206
ulation ratio ²	59.3	58.5	58.2	58.5	58.5	58.6	58.7	58.7	58.5	58.4	58.5	58.5	58.3	58.2	58.3
Unemployed	14,265	14,825	15,212	14,842	14,860	14,943	15,138	14,884	14,593	14,637	14,849	14,746	14,876	15,041	14,485
Unemployment rate	9.3	9.6	9.9	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.8	9.6	9.5	9.5	9.6	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.4
Not in the labor force	81,659	83,941	83,752	83,479	83,440	83,264	82,809	83,262	84,006	84,262	83,983	84,198	84,570	84,765	85,199
Men, 20 years and over															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population 1	105,493	106,596	106,125	105,998	106,100	106,198	106,301	106,407	106,522	106,641	106,761	106,887	107,007	107,114	107,216
Civilian labor force		78,994	78,463	78,386	78,568	78,841	79,279	79,178	79,094	78,993	79,295	79,289	79,016	78,980	78,906
Participation rate	74.8	74.1	73.9	74.0	74.1	74.2	74.6	74.4	74.3	74.1	74.3	74.2	73.8	73.7	73.6
Employed Employment-pop-	71,341	71,230	70,479	70,525	70,707	70,977	71,348	71,451	71,329	71,340	71,505	71,559	71,365	71,130	71,480
ulation ratio ²	67.6	66.8	66.4	66.5	66.6	66.8	67.1	67.1	67.0	66.9	67.0	66.9	66.7	66.4	66.7
Unemployed	7,555	7,763	7,983	7,861	7,861	7,864	7,931	7,728	7,765	7,653	7,789	7,729	7,651	7,849	7,426
Unemployment rate	9.6	9.8	10.2	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	9.8	9.8	9.7	9.8	9.7	9.7	9.9	9.4
Not in the labor force	26,596	27,603	27,662	27,612	27,531	27,357	27,022	27,229	27,428	27,648	27,467	27,599	27,991	28,134	28,310
Women, 20 years and over															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population 1	113,265	114,333	113,832	113,796	113,886	113,974	114.066	114,160	114.264	114.372	114,481	114,596	114,704	114,801	114,894
Civilian labor force		68,990	68,635	68,958	69,026	68,976	69,167	69,057	68,826	68,797	68,883	69,082	69,018	69,151	69,027
Participation rate		60.3	60.3	60.6	60.6	60.5	60.6	60.5	60.2	60.2	60.2	60.3	60.2	60.2	60.1
Employed	63,699	63,456	63,037	63,549	63,516	63,479	63,501	63,487	63,483	63,340	63,379	63,562	63,400	63,385	63,428
Employment-pop-															
ulation ratio ²	56.2 5,157	55.5 5,534	55.4 5,598	55.8 5,409	55.8 5,509	55.7 5,497	55.7 5,665	55.6 5,570	55.6 5,343	55.4 5,458	55.4 5,504	55.5 5,520	55.3 5,618	55.2 5,766	55.2 5,599
Unemployed Unemployment rate	7.5	8.0	8.2	7.8	8.0	8.0	8.2	8.1	7.8	7.9	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.3	8.1
Not in the labor force	44,409	45,343	45,198	44,838	44,861	44,998	44,899	45,103	45,438	45,575	45,598	45,514	45,687	45,651	45,867
Dath saves 46 to 40 years															
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years															
Civilian noninstitutional	47.040	40.004	40.007	47.000	47.040	40.007	40.000	40.000	40.004	40.077	40.057	40.000	40.040	40.000	40.700
population ¹ Civilian labor force	17,043 6,390	16,901 5,906	16,967 6,075	17,038 6,009	17,012 5,964	16,987 6,078	16,962 6,074	16,932 6,002	16,904 5,764	16,877 5,838	16,857 5,939	16,839 5,754	16,819 5,927	16,800 5,820	16,780 5,757
Participation rate	37.5	34.9	35.8	35.3	35.1	35.8	35.8	35.4	34.1	34.6	35.2	34.2	35.2	34.6	34.3
Employed	4,837	4,378	4,444	4,438	4,475	4,497	4,533	4,416	4,279	4,312	4,383	4,256	4,319	4,393	4,298
Employment-pop-															
ulation ratio ²	28.4	25.9	26.2	26.0	26.3	26.5	26.7	26.1	25.3	25.5	26.0	25.3	25.7	26.2	25.6
Unemployed	1,552	1,528	1,631	1,572	1,490	1,581	1,542	1,586	1,485	1,526	1,556	1,497	1,607	1,426	1,460
Unemployment rate Not in the labor force	24.3	25.9 10,995	26.8 10,892	26.2 11.028	25.0 11,048	26.0 10,908	25.4 10.888	26.4 10,931	25.8 11,140	26.1 11,039	26.2 10,918	26.0 11,085	27.1 10,893	24.5 10,980	25.4 11,022
Not in the labor lorce	. 10,054	10,333	10,032	11,020	11,040	10,300	10,000	10,331	11,140	11,000	10,510	11,000	10,000	10,300	11,022
White ³															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population ¹	190,902								191,979					192,641	
Civilian labor force	125,644	125,084	124,703	124,735	124,957	125,103	125,739		124,964	125,094	125,358	125,333	124,914	124,824	124,700
Participation rate	. 65.8 . 114,996	65.1 114,168	65.1 113,439	65.2 113,940	65.2 113,958	65.3 114,165	65.6 114,465	65.3 114,350	65.1 114,176	65.1 114,312	65.2 114,457	65.1 114,433	64.9 113,975	64.8 113,728	64.7 114,079
Employed Employment-pop-	. 114,550	114,100	113,433	113,540	113,330	114,103	114,403	114,330	114,170	114,512	114,437	114,433	113,973	113,720	114,079
ulation ratio ²	60.2	59.4	59.2	59.5	59.5	59.6	59.7	59.6	59.5	59.5	59.5	59.5	59.2	59.0	59.2
Unemployed	10,648	10,916	11,264	10,795	10,999	10,939	11,275	10,977	10,788	10,782	10,901	10,899	10,940	11,096	10,620
Unemployment rate	8.5	8.7	9.0	8.7	8.8	8.7	9.0	8.8	8.6	8.6	8.7	8.7	8.8	8.9	8.5
Not in the labor force	65,258	66,991	66,925	66,719	66,595	66,545	66,009	66,529	67,015	67,016	66,887	67,058	67,612	67,817	68,049
Black or African American ³															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population ¹	28,241	28,708	28,437	28,526	28,559	28,591	28,624	28,653	28,685	28,718	28,755	28,794	28,831	28,865	28,896
Civilian labor force	17,632	17,862	17,616	17,765	17,763	17,901	17,967	17,961	17,745	17,676	17,876	17,777	17,946	18,020	17,958
Participation rate	62.4	62.2	61.9	62.3	62.2	62.6	62.8	62.7	61.9	61.5	62.2	61.7	62.2	62.4	62.1
Employed	15,025	15,010	14,760	14,843	14,952	14,939	14,996	15,175	15,020	14,908	14,972	14,920	15,127	15,142	15,119
Employment-pop-															
ulation ratio ²	53.2	52.3	51.9	52.0	52.4	52.3	52.4	53.0	52.4	51.9	52.1	51.8	52.5	52.5	52.3
Unemployed Unemployment rate	2,606 14.8	2,852 16.0	2,856 16.2	2,922 16.4	2,811 15.8	2,962 16.5	2,971 16.5	2,785 15.5	2,725 15.4	2,767 15.7	2,904 16.2	2,857 16.1	2,818 15.7	2,878 16.0	2,839 15.8
Not in the labor force	10,609	10,846	10,822	10,761	10,796	10,690	10,657	10,692	10,941	11,043	10,879	11,017	10,885	10,845	10,939
	.,,,,,,,,	-,0	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	,	.,	, ,	.,	.,	.,

See footnotes at end of table.

4. Continued-Employment status of the population, by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status	Annual	average	2009						20	10					
Employment status	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population ¹	22,352	33,713 22,748 67.5 19,906	33,379 22,408 67.1 19,532	33,251 22,595 68.0 19,764	33,335 22,639 67.9 19,849	33,414 22,697 67.9 19,854	33,498 22,674 67.7 19,854	33,578 22,739 67.7 19,913	33,662 22,677 67.4 19,867	33,747 22,737 67.4 19,980	33,836 22,733 67.2 19,991	33,927 22,896 67.5 20,042	34,014 22,814 67.1 19,936	34,102 22,915 67.2 19,899	34,188 22,868 66.9 19,906
Employment-pop- ulation ratio ² Unemployed Unemployment rate Not in the labor force	59.7 2,706	59.0 2,843 12.5 10,964	58.5 2,876 12.8 10,971	59.4 2,831 12.5 10,656	59.5 2,791 12.3 10,695	59.4 2,843 12.5 10,716	59.3 2,820 12.4 10,824	59.3 2,826 12.4 10,839	59.0 2,810 12.4 10,986	59.2 2,757 12.1 11,010	59.1 2,742 12.1 11,102	59.1 2,854 12.5 11,031	58.6 2,878 12.6 11,201	58.4 3,016 13.2 11,188	58.2 2,962 13.0 11,320

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (white and black or African American) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

5. Selected employment indicators, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[In thousands]

Colored actorisis	Annual	average	2009						20	10					
Selected categories	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Characteristic															
Employed, 16 years and older	139,877	139,064	137,960	138,511	138,698	138,952	139,382	139,353		138,991	139,267	139,378	139,084	138,909	139,206
Men	73,670	73,359	72,609	72,667	72,884	73,163	73,526	73,603	73,385	73,466	73,600	73,594	73,470	73,337	73,600
Women	66,208	65,705	65,351	65,844	65,813	65,789	65,856	65,750	65,706	65,526	65,667	65,784	65,613	65,572	65,605
Married men, spouse															
present	43,998	43,292	43,323	43,174	43,210	43,152	43,248	43,343	43,341	43,372	43,418	43,701	43,301	43,130	43,081
Married women, spouse															
present	35,207	34,582	34,962	34,999	35,207	34,810	34,592	34,231	34,359	34,345	34,271	34,469	34,553	34,543	34,612
Persons at work part time ¹															
All industries:															
Part time for economic															
reasons	8,913	8,874	9,093	8,367	8,793	9,012	9,146	8,776	8,631	8,533	8,883	9,506	9,100	8,960	8,931
Slack work or business															
conditions	6,648	6,174	6,397	5,831	6,188	6,174	6,247	6,141	6,172	6,164	6,357	6,732	6,174	6,025	6,011
Could only find part-time															
work	1,966	2,375	2,362	2,271	2,174	2,351	2,492	2,299	2,123	2,301	2,379	2,478	2,564	2,557	2,568
Part time for noneconomic															
reasons	18,710	18,251	18,359	18,521	18,326	18,334	18,035	17,977	17,963	18,219	18,566	18,256	18,230	18,326	18,184
Nonagricultural industries:															
Part time for economic															
reasons	8,791	8,744	8,993	8,239	8,659	8,903	9,048	8,630	8,482	8,384	8,752	9,380	8,991	8,822	8,789
Slack work or business															
conditions	6,556	6,087	6,327	5,761	6,085	6,093	6,186	6,038	6,080	6,051	6,276	6,649	6,108	5,941	5,911
Could only find part-time															
work	1,955	2,358	2,340	2,286	2,169	2,378	2,480	2,282	2,098	2,235	2,347	2,454	2,534	2,555	2,542
Part time for noneconomic															
reasons	18,372	17,911	18,020	18,141	17,987	18,001	17,733	17,691	17,694	17,886	18,175	17,911	17,848	17,929	17,829

¹ Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial disputes.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

<sup>The population figures are not seasonally adjusted.
Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.
Beginning in 2003, persons who selected this race group only; persons who selected more than one race group are not included. Prior to 2003, persons who reported more than one race were included in the group they identified as the main</sup>

6. Selected unemployment indicators, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Unemployment rates]

Colored actorsics	Annual	average	2009						20	10					
Selected categories	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Characteristic															
Total, 16 years and older	9.3	9.6	9.9	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.8	9.6	9.5	9.5	9.6	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24.3	25.9	26.8	26.2	25.0	26.0	25.4	26.4	25.8	26.1	26.2	26.0	27.1	24.5	25.4
Men, 20 years and older	9.6	9.8	10.2	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	9.8	9.8	9.7	9.8	9.7	9.7	9.9	9.4
Women, 20 years and older	7.5	8.0	8.2	7.8	8.0	8.0	8.2	8.1	7.8	7.9	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.3	8.1
White, total ¹	8.5	8.7	9.0	8.7	8.8	8.7	9.0	8.8	8.6	8.6	8.7	8.7	8.8	8.9	8.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	21.8	23.2	23.6	23.4	22.6	23.7	23.4	24.2	23.2	23.4	23.7	23.3	23.4	21.1	22.5
Men, 16 to 19 years	25.2	26.3	27.2	27.6	24.9	27.0	27.2	26.6	27.1	26.2	27.0	26.8	26.0	23.3	25.7
Women, 16 to 19 years	18.4	20.0	20.0	18.9	20.2	20.4	19.6	21.8	19.3	20.4	20.4	19.9	20.8	18.7	19.1
Men, 20 years and older	8.8	8.9	9.3	9.1	9.1	8.9	9.3	8.8	8.9	8.8	8.9	8.9	8.9	9.1	8.5
Women, 20 years and older	6.8	7.2	7.4	6.8	7.3	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.5	7.3
Black or African American, total 1	14.8	16.0	16.2	16.4	15.8	16.5	16.5	15.5	15.4	15.7	16.2	16.1	15.7	16.0	15.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.5	43.0	47.7	43.0	41.8	41.1	38.3	38.5	40.4	41.3	45.7	49.2	47.7	46.3	44.2
Men, 16 to 19 years		45.4	52.6	47.4	44.4	46.8	37.0	36.4	43.7	44.6	51.2	48.3	51.3	49.5	42.5
Women, 16 to 19 years	33.4	40.5	42.7	38.7	39.2	35.1	39.7	40.2	37.0	37.7	39.5	50.1	44.0	43.1	45.8
Men, 20 years and older	16.3	17.3	16.8	17.7	17.8	19.0	17.7	17.1	17.4	16.7	17.2	17.4	16.2	16.6	16.5
Women, 20 years and older	11.5	12.8	13.1	13.2	12.1	12.4	13.8	12.4	11.8	12.9	13.2	12.7	12.8	13.1	13.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	12.1	12.5	12.8	12.5	12.3	12.5	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.1	12.1	12.5	12.6	13.2	13.0
Married men, spouse present	6.6	6.8	7.2	6.6	6.8	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.8	6.6	6.8	6.8	6.9	6.9	6.6
Married women, spouse present		5.9	5.9	5.9	6.1	6.0	6.2	6.2	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.6
Full-time workers		10.4	10.8	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.6	10.4	10.2	10.2	10.3	10.4	10.5	10.7	10.2
Part-time workers	6.0	6.3	6.1	6.5	6.3	6.7	6.5	6.6	6.4	6.4	6.7	6.1	6.3	5.8	6.0
Educational attainment ²															
Less than a high school diploma	14.6	14.9	15.3	15.1	15.5	14.4	14.7	14.9	14.1	13.9	14.2	15.4	15.3	15.7	15.3
High school graduates, no college 3	9.7	10.3	10.6	10.1	10.5	10.8	10.5	10.8	10.7	10.1	10.2	10.0	10.1	10.0	9.8
Some college or associate degree	8.0	8.4	8.8	8.5	7.9	8.2	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.4	8.7	9.1	8.5	8.7	8.1
Bachelor's degree and higher ⁴	4.6	4.7	4.9	4.8	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.6	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.7	5.1	4.8

¹ Beginning in 2003, persons who selected this race group only; persons who selected more than one race group are not included. Prior to 2003, persons who reported more than one race were included in the group they identified as the main race.

7. Duration of unemployment, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Weeks of	Annual	average	2009						20	10					
unemployment	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Less than 5 weeks	3,165	2,771	2,908	2,915	2,729	2,654	2,695	2,763	2,779	2,833	2,756	2,872	2,659	2,824	2,725
5 to 14 weeks	3,828	3,267	3,483	3,346	3,380	3,210	3,000	3,060	3,138	3,098	3,604	3,329	3,427	3,336	3,184
15 weeks and over	7,272	8,786	8,913	8,916	8,834	8,966	8,933	8,884	8,900	8,709	8,471	8,517	8,734	8,843	8,647
15 to 26 weeks	2,775	2,371	2,781	2,614	2,703	2,449	2,274	2,174	2,209	2,171	2,210	2,364	2,500	2,515	2,205
27 weeks and over	4,496	6,415	6,133	6,302	6,131	6,517	6,659	6,710	6,691	6,539	6,261	6,153	6,234	6,328	6,441
Mean duration, in weeks	24.4	33.0	29.3	30.5	29.8	31.7	33.1	34.3	34.8	33.9	33.5	33.4	33.9	33.9	34.2
Median duration, in weeks	15.1	21.4	20.4	20.0	19.6	20.3	21.6	22.8	25.5	21.7	20.6	20.5	21.3	21.7	22.4

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

² Data refer to persons 25 years and older.

8. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Reason for	Annual a	average	2009						201	10					
unemployment	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Job losers ¹	9.160	9,250	9,688	9,287	9.493	9,368	9,237	9.194	9,097	9,090	9,285	9,286	9,070	9.471	8.923
On temporary layoff	1,630	1,431	1,530	1,452	1,541	1,570	1,356	1,448	1,403	1,268	1,505	1,340	1,293	1,430	1,402
Not on temporary layoff	7,530	7,819	8,158	7,835	7,953	7,798	7,881	7,746	7,694	7,822	7,780	7,947	7,777	8,042	7,521
Job leavers	882	889	916	908	878	893	933	966	897	896	868	809	854	864	914
Reentrants	3,187	3,466	3,385	3,603	3,444	3,523	3,749	3,430	3,272	3,417	3,418	3,441	3,498	3,427	3,408
New entrants	1,035	1,220	1,244	1,210	1,220	1,185	1,217	1,192	1,147	1,197	1,260	1,193	1,278	1,269	1,311
Percent of unemployed															
Job losers ¹	64.2	62.4	63.6	61.9	63.1	62.6	61.0	62.2	63.1	62.3	62.6	63.0	61.7	63.0	61.3
On temporary layoff	11.4	9.6	10.0	9.7	10.2	10.5	9.0	9.8	9.7	8.7	10.1	9.1	8.8	9.5	9.6
Not on temporary layoff	52.8	52.7	53.6	52.2	52.9	52.1	52.1	52.4	53.4	53.6	52.5	54.0	52.9	53.5	51.7
Job leavers	6.2	6.0	6.0	6.1	5.8	6.0	6.2	6.5	6.2	6.1	5.9	5.5	5.8	5.8	6.3
Reentrants	22.3	23.4	22.2	24.0	22.9	23.5	24.8	23.2	22.7	23.4	23.0	23.4	23.8	22.8	23.4
New entrants	7.3	8.2	8.2	8.1	8.1	7.9	8.0	8.1	8.0	8.2	8.5	8.1	8.7	8.4	9.0
Percent of civilian															
labor force															
Job losers ¹	5.9	6.0	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.9	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.2	5.8
Job leavers	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.5	.6	.6	.6
Reentrants	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2
New entrants	.7	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.7	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.9

¹ Includes persons who completed temporary jobs.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

9. Unemployment rates by sex and age, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Civilian workers]

Sex and age	Annual	average	2009						20	10					
Sex and age	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Total, 16 years and older	9.3	9.6	9.9	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.8	9.6	9.5	9.5	9.6	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.4
16 to 24 years	17.6	18.4	18.9	18.7	18.5	18.7	19.5	18.0	18.2	18.5	18.1	17.9	18.6	18.3	18.1
16 to 19 years	24.3	25.9	26.8	26.2	25.0	26.0	25.4	26.4	25.8	26.1	26.2	26.0	27.1	24.5	25.4
16 to 17 years	25.9	29.1	29.8	28.1	28.5	29.8	29.2	29.8	29.3	30.4	31.2	30.0	30.3	24.9	27.1
18 to 19 years	23.4	24.2	25.5	25.1	23.6	24.2	24.1	24.9	24.0	23.7	23.8	23.3	24.7	24.2	24.5
20 to 24 years	14.7	15.5	15.7	15.7	15.9	15.7	17.1	14.6	15.3	15.6	14.9	14.9	15.3	15.9	15.3
25 years and older	7.9	8.2	8.5	8.2	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.2	8.1	8.3	8.3	8.2	8.4	8.1
25 to 54 years	8.3	8.6	8.9	8.6	8.6	8.7	8.6	8.7	8.5	8.4	8.6	8.7	8.5	8.7	8.5
55 years and older	6.6	7.0	7.2	6.8	7.1	6.9	7.0	7.1	6.9	6.9	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.2	6.9
Men, 16 years and older	. 10.3	10.5	10.9	10.8	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.4	10.5	10.4	10.5	10.4	10.4	10.5	10.1
16 to 24 years	. 20.1	20.8	22.0	22.1	21.1	21.4	22.4	19.4	20.9	21.1	20.6	20.3	20.1	20.5	19.9
16 to 19 years	. 27.8	28.8	30.7	30.2	27.7	29.5	29.2	28.2	29.2	29.0	29.5	29.3	29.4	26.6	27.8
16 to 17 years	. 28.7	31.8	33.1	31.1	30.7	31.1	32.3	32.4	33.0	32.4	32.8	33.3	33.8	28.5	29.0
18 to 19 years	. 27.4	27.4	29.7	29.9	27.3	28.8	27.7	26.4	27.3	26.7	27.8	26.2	26.8	25.5	27.4
20 to 24 years	. 17.0	17.8	18.6	18.9	18.5	18.2	19.8	16.1	17.8	18.2	17.3	17.1	16.5	18.1	16.9
25 years and older	8.8	8.9	9.3	9.0	9.1	9.0	8.9	9.0	9.0	8.8	9.1	9.0	8.9	9.0	8.6
25 to 54 years	9.2	9.3	9.7	9.4	9.5	9.5	9.3	9.4	9.4	9.1	9.2	9.3	9.1	9.3	8.9
55 years and older	7.0	7.7	7.8	7.6	7.8	7.4	7.5	7.6	7.6	7.8	8.5	7.9	8.3	8.0	7.2
Women, 16 years and older	8.1	8.6	8.8	8.4	8.6	8.6	8.7	8.8	8.3	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.8	8.9	8.7
16 to 24 years	. 14.9	15.8	15.6	15.1	15.8	15.7	16.3	16.4	15.3	15.7	15.4	15.4	17.0	15.9	16.1
16 to 19 years	. 20.7	22.8	22.9	21.9	22.2	22.4	21.5	24.7	22.2	23.2	22.9	22.8	24.8	22.3	22.8
16 to 17 years	23.1	26.5	26.6	25.1	26.4	28.5	26.1	27.3	25.8	28.4	29.6	26.8	27.0	21.2	25.2
18 t0 19 years	19.4	20.9	21.0	20.1	19.7	19.4	20.2	23.3	20.5	20.6	19.7	20.4	22.6	22.8	21.5
20 to 24 years	. 12.3	13.0	12.5	12.3	13.1	13.0	14.2	13.0	12.5	12.7	12.3	12.4	13.9	13.5	13.5
25 years and older	6.9	7.4	7.6	7.3	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.6	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.5	7.7	7.5
25 to 54 years	7.2	7.8	8.1	7.7	7.7	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.5	7.7	7.8	7.9	7.9	8.1	7.9
55 years and older1	6.0	6.2	5.8	6.1	6.5	6.0	5.7	5.9	6.5	6.9	6.9	6.4	5.9	6.2	5.8

¹ Data are not seasonally adjusted.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

10. Unemployment rates by State, seasonally adjusted

•	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.	•	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.
State	2009	2010 ^p	2010 ^p	State	2009	2010 ^p	2010 ^p
Alabama	10.9	8.9	9.0	Missouri	9.6	9.4	9.5
Alaska	8.5	7.9	8.0	Montana	6.6	7.3	7.2
Arizona	9.3	9.5	9.4	Nebraska	4.6	4.7	4.6
Arkansas	7.6	7.8	7.9	Nevada	12.9	14.2	14.3
California	12.3	12.4	12.4	New Hampshire	6.9	5.4	5.4
Colorado	7.4	8.4	8.6	New Jersey	9.9	9.2	9.2
Connecticut	8.7	9.1	9.0	New Mexico	8.1	8.4	8.5
Delaware	8.6	8.3	8.4	New York	8.9	8.2	8.3
District of Columbia	11.6	9.7	9.8	North Carolina	10.9	9.6	9.7
Florida	11.6	11.9	12.0	North Dakota	4.3	3.8	3.7
Georgia	10.2	9.8	10.0	Ohio	10.8	9.9	9.8
Hawaii	6.9	6.4	6.4	Oklahoma	6.8	6.9	6.9
Idaho	9.0	9.1	9.4	Oregon	10.7	10.5	10.5
Illinois	10.9	9.8	9.6	Pennsylvania	8.7	8.8	8.6
Indiana	9.8	9.9	9.8	Rhode Island	12.5	11.4	11.6
lowa	6.5	6.7	6.6	South Carolina	12.3	10.7	10.6
Kansas	6.7	6.7	6.8	South Dakota	4.7	4.4	4.5
Kentucky	10.7	10.0	10.2	Tennessee	10.7	9.4	9.4
Louisiana	7.3	8.1	8.2	Texas	8.2	8.1	8.2
Maine	8.1	7.4	7.3	Utah	6.6	7.6	7.5
Maryland	7.3	7.4	7.4	Vermont	6.7	5.7	5.7
Massachusetts	9.2	8.1	8.2	Virginia	6.8	6.8	6.7
Michigan	14.4	12.8	12.4	Washington	9.2	9.2	9.2
Minnesota	7.6	7.1	7.1	West Virginia	8.9	9.3	9.3
Mississippi	10.4	9.7	10.0	Wisconsin	8.6	7.8	7.6
				Wyoming	7.5	6.7	6.6

p = preliminary

11. Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by State, seasonally adjusted

State	Nov. 2009	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p	State	Nov. 2009	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p
Alabama	2,067,052	2,126,055	2.132.108	Missouri	3,008,542	2,991,597	2,998,527
Alaska	362,146	362,848	363,068	Montana	496,686	495,577	494,868
Arizona	3,137,679	3,183,256	3,181,096	Nebraska	980,896	971,355	971,456
Arkansas	1,374,140	1,344,566	1,350,808	Nevada	1,374,414	1,335,462	1,333,726
California	18,125,514	18,228,104	18,236,960	New Hampshire	741,546	745,510	747,410
Colorado	2,652,673	2,659,312	2,663,865	New Jersey	4,529,947	4,494,746	4,490,722
Connecticut	1,890,854	1,893,107	1,895,498	New Mexico	958,583	957,186	957,649
Delaware	428,939	422,191	422,460	New York	9,651,037	9,668,673	9,656,911
District of Columbia	332,565	330,880	331,483	North Carolina	4,520,288	4,469,691	4,468,393
Florida	9,206,073	9,234,416	9,237,682	North Dakota	363,961	367,672	367,972
Georgia	4,708,922	4,658,894	4,663,903	Ohio	5,915,134	5,911,706	5,909,312
Hawaii	634,245	632,794	632,864	Oklahoma	1,776,000	1,754,388	1,755,095
Idaho	750,851	755,944	756,394	Oregon	1,939,251	1,976,065	1,986,346
Illinois	6,593,593	6,641,139	6,666,190	Pennsylvania	6,393,613	6,366,742	6,363,460
Indiana	3,117,091	3,116,196	3,120,821	Rhode Island	572,976	571,506	572,191
lowa	1,676,475	1,673,442	1,674,014	South Carolina	2,172,352	2,152,729	2,154,607
Kansas	1,517,229	1,494,342	1,499,527	South Dakota	445,409	443,090	443,292
Kentucky	2,070,661	2,083,608	2,088,363	Tennessee	2,994,988	3,057,800	3,063,572
Louisiana	2,066,714	2,113,175	2,112,258	Texas	12,028,204	12,141,477	12,179,050
Maine	704,117	694,568	696,269	Utah	1,347,167	1,354,991	1,357,141
Maryland	2,960,028	2,963,266	2,971,645	Vermont	358,362	356,598	357,392
Massachusetts	3,470,435	3,480,049	3,489,008	Virginia	4,146,418	4,173,595	4,176,893
Michigan	4,844,674	4,818,365	4,800,000	Washington	3,514,431	3,544,193	3,551,244
Minnesota	2,962,254	2,954,794	2,954,165	West Virginia	788,315	777,634	777,441
Mississippi	1,289,935	1,308,474	1,316,724	Wisconsin	3,035,017	3,033,333	3,040,948
				Wyoming	293,017	292,142	292,804

NOTE: Some data in this table may differ from data published elsewhere because of the continual updating of the database.

p = preliminary

12. Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted [In thousands]

Industry	Annual		2009						20						
	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov. ^p	Dec. ^p
TOTAL NONFARM TOTAL PRIVATE	130,920 108,371	130,262 107,791	129,588 107,107	129,602 107,123	129,641 107,185	129,849 107,343	130,162 107,584	130,594 107,635	130,419 107,696	130,353 107,813	130,352 107,956	130,328 108,068	130,538 108,261	130,609 108,340	130,712 108,453
GOODS-PRODUCING	18,620	17,987	17,906	17,876	17,848	17,905	17.972	17,993	17,994	18,031	18,048	18,038	18,048	18,043	18,041
Natural resources and	10,020	11,001	,000	11,010	17,010	,000	,0.2	17,000	11,001	10,001	10,010	10,000	10,010	10,010	10,011
mining	700	729	676	684	691	702	709	720	726	733	742	749	759	764	768
Logging	49.8	47.7	46.9	47.0	47.2	48.3	48.9	48.7	48.2	48.3	48.2	47.2	47.1	46.8	47.7
Mining	650.0	681.3	629.4	637.2	644.1	653.4	659.8	671.1	677.7	684.6	694.1	701.8	711.8	716.8	720.0
Oil and gas extraction	161.6 211.6	165.4 214.9	159.8 207.7	160.9 209.3	161.5 211.2	163.0 212.8	164.1 212.4	165.3 213.3	164.7 214.1	165.0 214.5	167.2 216.0	167.8 217.3	169.8 218.3	168.7 219.6	167.7 219.1
Mining, except oil and gas 1 Coal mining	82.2	82.9	79.2	79.6	80.7	81.3	81.5	82.8	82.9	83.2	83.5	84.1	84.8	84.9	85.3
Support activities for mining	276.7	301.0	261.9	267.0	271.4	277.6	283.3	292.5	298.9	305.1	310.9	316.7	323.7	328.5	333.2
Construction	6,037	5,614	5,696	5,636	5,585	5,612	5,634	5,605	5,596	5,594	5,628	5,617	5,621	5,619	5,603
Construction of buildings	1,365.6 846.9	1,263.1 813.5	1,282.5 797.9	1,266.3 800.8	1,255.4 793.4	1,268.5 800.8	1,278.3 810.8	1,271.2 802.8	1,264.9 807.9	1,260.3 809.9	1,260.7 824.3	1,262.3 827.2	1,256.2 829.2	1,257.5 828.7	1,251.2 816.0
Heavy and civil engineering Speciality trade contractors	3,824.4	3,536.9	3,615.1	3,568.4	3,535.7	3,542.5	3,544.4	3,530.8	3,523.5	3,524.1	3,543.1	3,527.9	3,535.2	3,532.8	3,536.1
Manufacturing	11,883	11,644	11,534	11,556	11,572	11,591	11,629	11,668	11,672	11,704	11,678	11,672	11,668	11,660	11,670
Production workers	8,350	8,164	8,089	8,113	8,118	8,129	8,159	8,188	8,196	8,214	8,187	8,180	8,170	8,157	8,165
Production workers	7,309 5,008	7,151 4,894	7,036 4,801	7,062 4,828	7,071 4,830	7,095 4,850	7,123 4,872	7,159 4,901	7,166 4,914	7,201 4,938	7,180 4,916	7,185 4,920	7,186 4,914	7,184 4,913	7,194 4,917
Wood products	360.7	347.9	348.9	348.3	348.9	350.2	352.9	353.3	354.2	349.2	346.5	344.8	343.8	344.1	344.3
Nonmetallic mineral products	397.7	383.3	383.9	382.2	383.1	382.5	383.4	386.0	384.5	383.3	382.6	383.8	383.3	382.0	379.6
Primary metals	364.7 1,317.5	369.1 1,304.7	351.8 1,266.8	353.5 1,268.4	358.9 1,273.3	362.8 1.282.7	366.7 1,290.1	370.0 1.300.2	372.7 1,306.1	374.0 1,316.1	373.9 1,317.1	374.8 1,321.0	374.6 1,322.4	374.2 1,324.8	375.1 1,328.9
Fabricated metal products Machinery	1,029.3	994.7	973.2	975.6	979.8	984.9	991.0	996.3	999.3	1,000.5	1,000.0	1,000.8	1,001.2	1,001.6	998.8
Computer and electronic															
products ¹ Computer and peripheral	1,136.3	1,098.7	1,093.3	1,091.6	1,091.9	1,093.2	1,093.1	1,096.0	1,098.0	1,100.4	1,102.6	1,103.4	1,103.2	1,104.0	1,107.6
equipment Communications equipment	166.0 121.4	160.2 121.3	158.3 119.0	158.2 118.1	158.2 118.7	158.0 119.7	158.1 119.5	158.9 120.5	159.2 121.5	160.1 121.4	161.2 122.4	161.3 122.6	162.3 123.3	162.6 123.1	163.3 123.6
Semiconductors and															
electronic components	377.0	365.9	359.7	360.0	361.6	362.3	364.1	365.1	366.4	368.0	369.8	368.6	368.8	368.9	370.7
Electronic instruments	421.3	405.4	408.9	408.2	406.9	405.9	404.6	404.7	404.6	405.0	404.1	406.0	403.9	404.6	405.4
Electrical equipment and															
appliances Transportation equipment	376.7 1,353.0	370.2 1,348.3	361.8 1,316.6	362.5 1,343.6	364.5 1,333.6	365.9 1,337.2	368.2 1,342.4	369.7 1,351.7	369.5 1,345.8	372.4 1,371.2	372.4 1,351.1	373.7 1,349.1	374.7 1,351.0	373.1 1,351.6	375.8 1,357.1
Furniture and related	005.7	050.0	000.0	201.0	004.0	050.0	000 5	000.4	004.0	050.0	050.4	057.0	0504	0544	050.0
products Miscellaneous manufacturing	385.7 587.0	359.0 575.4	363.9 575.6	361.0 575.1	361.2 575.5	359.9 575.3	360.5 575.1	360.1 575.6	361.6 574.0	358.6 575.1	358.4 575.0	357.3 576.2	356.1 575.8	354.1 574.7	352.6 573.9
Nondurable goods	4,574	4,493	4,498	4,494	4,501	4,496	4,506	4,509	4,506	4,503	4,498	4,487	4,482	4,476	4,476
Production workers	3,341	3,271	3,288	3,285	3,288	3,279	3,287	3,287	3,282	3,276	3,271	3,260	3,256	3,244	3,248
Food manufacturing	1,459.0	1,455.2	1,455.6	1,450.6	1,455.0	1,456.0	1,459.7	1,460.9	1,461.8	1,461.9	1,458.7	1,454.2	1,449.9	1,448.4	1,450.8
Beverages and tobacco															
products	187.7	183.1	183.6	182.3	184.1	184.9	183.9	183.2	182.4	180.6	182.0	182.9	184.9	185.4	183.5
Textile mills Textile product mills	125.6 126.6	123.3 121.3	124.2 122.1	121.1 121.6	123.5 122.0	123.1 121.8	123.6 122.5	123.5 123.2	123.6 123.2	123.9 123.2	122.7 122.0	122.8 121.5	123.6 119.9	123.8 117.7	124.8 117.7
Apparel	169.6	164.8	166.0	168.9	167.9	165.9	165.8	164.9	163.9	163.8	163.9	163.2	164.4	163.7	165.0
Leather and allied products	29.4	29.0	28.4	28.5	28.6	28.5	27.7	28.3	28.8	28.4	29.3	29.2	29.8	30.0	30.3
Paper and paper products	407.4	397.9	397.6	397.2	398.8	397.2	399.0	399.0	398.7	397.4	398.0	397.8	398.3	396.6	396.8
Printing and related support	500.0	400.7	504.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	407.0	407.0	405.5	405.0	400.0	400.0	400.5	400.0	404.0
activities Petroleum and coal products	523.8 115.3	493.7 113.3	501.0 112.3	499.6 113.3	499.9 113.6	496.0 113.4	497.2 114.8	497.3 113.8	495.5 113.9	495.6 113.5	492.6 113.6	490.0 113.4	488.5 113.9	488.8 112.4	484.8 110.6
Chemicals	802.8	779.6	791.2	788.7	785.0	782.5	781.7	782.1	779.6	778.7	778.4	777.7	775.1	773.6	772.7
Plastics and rubber products	627.4	631.9	616.4	622.4	622.4	626.5	630.4	632.6	634.3	636.4	636.3	634.3	634.1	635.4	639.0
SERVICE-PROVIDING	112,300	112,275	111,682	111,726	111,793	111,944	112,190	112,601	112,425	112,322	112,304	112,290	112,490	112,566	112,671
PRIVATE SERVICE-	00.754	00.004	00.004	00.047	00 007	00.400	00.040	00.040	00.700	00.700	00.000	00.000	00.040	00 007	00.440
PROVIDING	89,751	89,804	89,201	89,247	89,337	89,438	89,612	89,642	89,702	89,782	89,908	90,030	90,213	90,297	90,412
Trade, transportation,	04.040	04.700	04.050	04.000	04.007	04.744	04.744	04.740	04.744	04.774	04.770	04.705	04.040	04.040	04.000
and utilities Wholesale trade	24,949 5,625.3	24,763 5,585.9	24,653 5,564.0	24,666 5,556.3	24,667 5,559.5	24,714 5,570.8	24,741 5,576.2	24,742 5,575.2	24,741 5,579.9	24,771 5,587.1	24,779 5,589.4	24,795 5,593.9	24,849 5,605.0	24,849 5,610.2	24,880 5,619.0
Durable goods	2,827.0	2,776.6	2,766.7	2,761.9	2,764.3	2,765.4	2,768.1	2,772.2	2,767.6	2,776.6	2,776.6		2,787.5	2,793.3	2,800.5
Nondurable goods	1,980.0	1,974.5	1,974.3	1,975.1	1,971.8	1,978.2	1,978.8	1,971.5	1,973.9	1,972.6	1,974.5	1,973.2	1,976.0	1,974.0	1,974.3
Electronic markets and agents and brokers	818.4	834.9	823.0	819.3	823.4	827.2	829.3	831.5	838.4	837.9	838.3	839.4	841.5	842.9	844.2
Retail trade	14,527.8	14,443.9			14,416.2			14,447.5							14,475.7
Motor vehicles and parts															
dealers ¹ Automobile dealers	1,640.0 1,021.8	1,635.7 1,019.6	1,624.0 1,014.0	1,622.5 1,013.6	1,622.7 1,014.0	1,626.4 1,015.3	1,631.0 1,016.9	1,633.3 1,014.5	1,631.7 1,016.5	1,628.2 1,015.2	1,636.1 1,019.4	1,640.4 1,021.7	1,649.5 1,027.9	1,656.9 1,033.2	1,664.4 1,038.1
Furniture and home furnishings stores	450.0	441.5	439.0	439.8	440.6	442.9	441.4	441.2	441.3	439.9	437.8	440.3	444.9	443.8	447.6
Electronics and appliance stores	487.1	484.2	477.2	481.0	481.5	482.0	479.5	480.3	479.6	480.2	483.7	486.5	491.7	491.4	490.2

See notes at end of table.

12. Continued—Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted [In thousands]

[In thousands]			0000							-					
Industry		average	2009	lan	Fals	Mor	A	Mov		10	A	Cont	0-4	a. D	D D
	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov. ^p	Dec. ^p
Building material and garden supply storesFood and beverage stores	1,162.6 2,829.0	1,149.3 2,806.8	1,150.0 2,799.8	1,154.6 2,813.3	1,162.2 2,804.7	1,173.8 2,804.2	1,173.4 2,809.8	1,163.3 2,807.2	1,145.7 2,803.3	1,144.4 2,805.6	1,143.7 2,808.1	1,141.1 2,808.9	1,137.1 2,807.7	1,133.8 2,806.8	1,134.5 2,807.3
Health and personal care stores	984.2 827.0	973.0 820.9	978.7 822.5	980.9 820.9	977.1 819.7	974.5 819.7	974.7 821.3	976.2 822.8	974.5 820.4	972.7 824.3	971.4 820.9	971.4 820.6	971.0 818.6	968.4 818.9	960.8 819.1
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	1,368.9	1,392.9	1,360.9	1,371.6	1,375.4	1,383.4	1,393.0	1,390.1	1,391.0	1,391.8	1,392.1	1,393.8	1,415.6	1,412.9	1,419.0
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	616.4	606.6	606.9	608.8	612.4	610.8	611.5	609.0	609.8	609.0	609.4	604.4	602.4	600.2	600.8
General merchandise stores1 Department stores Miscellaneous store retailers Nonstore retailers	2,956.1 1,471.2 784.6 421.8	2,942.8 1,484.9 769.7 420.4	2,911.8 1,458.7 769.4 419.8	2,927.8 1,471.0 772.6 415.3	2,930.3 1,477.4 772.7 416.9	2,929.4 1,477.3 772.6 419.2	2,925.9 1,479.3 770.9 420.9	2,933.6 1,482.0 769.5 421.0	2,941.8 1,488.7 768.3 423.9	2,954.9 1,492.9 769.4 422.0	2,954.6 1,494.0 768.6 422.4	2,949.9 1,488.9 766.7 420.9	2,955.0 1,490.8 768.3 421.3	2,943.9 1,483.8 767.0 419.7	2,945.3 1,484.5 764.9 421.8
Transportation and															
warehousing Air transportation	4,235.3 459.7	4,178.4 454.2	4,171.8 453.8	4,142.5 454.1	4,133.5 454.5	4,146.2 454.0	4,153.6 453.3	4,162.3 452.9	4,174.4 453.8	4,188.9 453.6	4,187.8 453.5	4,204.3 453.9	4,208.2 454.7	4,223.5 454.9	4,232.3 455.6
Rail transportation	219.4	218.8	213.7	213.2	213.6	215.3	215.6	216.4	218.9	219.6	220.8	221.3	222.4	223.0	223.6
Water transportation Truck transportation	63.7 1,265.9	63.8 1,237.6	63.3 1,231.3	62.9 1,232.1	62.3 1,227.9	63.6 1,227.2	62.9 1,231.3	63.7 1,234.5	64.1 1,234.5	63.7 1,240.8	63.7 1,242.3	63.8 1,242.1	64.9 1,243.9	65.1 1,247.5	65.2 1,250.1
Transit and ground passenger transportation Pipeline transportation	419.3 41.7	425.1 39.5	414.6 40.7	414.8 41.0	410.7 40.8	415.7 39.7	414.8 39.7	414.6 39.1	418.1 39.2	431.2 38.9	426.1 39.3	435.6 38.8	437.1 38.9	436.6 38.9	439.1 39.1
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	27.8	28.2	28.1	27.5	28.4	27.8	28.8	29.1	28.8	28.4	28.5	28.8	28.2	27.7	26.5
Support activities for transportation	549.0	543.4	538.5	538.2	535.2	538.7	540.7	545.2	546.5	548.4	547.2	546.2	546.2	545.7	545.4
Couriers and messengers	549.0	523.4	553.6	523.8	521.7	520.8	522.3	521.3	523.1	520.7	522.1	527.4	524.2	533.1	536.4
Warehousing and storage	641.6	644.4	634.2	634.9	638.4	643.4	644.2	645.5	647.4	643.6	644.3	646.4	647.7	651.0	651.3
Utilities Information	561.1 2,807	554.7 2,723	557.2 2,748	558.5 2,745	558.2 2,739	557.8 2,728	557.7 2,727	556.6 2,725	555.0 2,711	552.9 2,717	553.1 2,724	551.6 2,717	552.8 2,713	551.8 2,715	552.9 2,711
Publishing industries, except	796.4	761.9	769.3	770.8	763.9	763.0	762.9	762.5	760.9	761.3	761.7	760.3	759.9	759.8	759.4
Motion picture and sound recording industries	350.4 301.0	351.7 296.1	341.7 294.3	341.9 295.2	347.4 296.0	343.8 295.9	349.2 295.9	354.8 294.9	345.1 294.8	351.5 296.4	358.6 297.3	355.5 297.8	351.4 297.8	353.5 297.3	354.9 296.7
Internet publishing and broadcasting Telecommunications	974.8	927.4	956.9	951.9	945.4	941.1	933.9	927.5	925.5	921.0	920.5	916.7	916.3	916.0	911.5
ISPs, search portals, and															
data processing Other information services	250.0 134.5	246.3 139.6	250.2 135.3	249.7 135.8	249.8 136.2	248.0 136.5	247.4 137.3	246.6 138.9	245.5 139.3	245.5 140.8	244.7 141.1	245.1 141.7	245.2 141.9	245.2 142.7	245.4 142.7
Financial activities	7,758 5,762.7	7,597 5,654.7	7,657 5,693.7	7,635 5,677.0	7,628 5,670.6	7,609 5,659.3	7,611 5,656.6	7,602 5,653.4	7,591 5,649.9	7,581 5,645.6	7,578 5,643.7	7,582 5,649.0	7,585 5,650.8	7,581 5,650.2	7,585 5,650.8
Monetary authorities— central bank Credit intermediation and	21.1	21.4	21.1	21.2	21.2	21.2	21.2	21.2	21.2	21.2	21.2	21.4	21.5	21.8	21.9
related activities ¹ Depository credit	2,597.3	2,567.6	2,570.9	2,565.5	2,567.9	2,566.9	2,563.2	2,562.7	2,562.3	2,562.3	2,564.8	2,570.3	2,575.4	2,575.0	2,575.1
intermediation ¹	1,760.5 1,318.8	1,756.7 1,316.5	1,750.3 1,310.8	1,748.5 1,310.1	1,750.0 1,311.4	1,751.6 1,311.9	1,752.4 1,312.4	1,752.2 1,312.3	1,753.8 1,313.0	1,755.6 1,315.7	1,757.6 1,317.8	1,760.1 1,319.0	1,766.5 1,324.4	1,766.8 1,324.8	1,768.3 1,326.9
Securities, commodity contracts, investments	809.7	796.9	795.9	792.6	793.0	790.5	797.1	797.4	797.9	798.0	795.7	800.8	797.3	798.6	803.0
Insurance carriers and related activities	2,246.7	2,183.6	2,219.6	2,212.1	2,203.5	2,196.0	2,190.0	2,186.9	2,183.4	2,178.6	2,176.9	2,171.6	2,171.6	2,169.3	2,165.6
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	. 87.8	85.2	86.2	85.6	85.0	84.7	85.1	85.2	85.1	85.5	85.1	84.9	85.0	85.5	85.2
Real estate and rental and leasing Real estate Rental and leasing services	1,995.3 1,416.7 552.4	1,941.7 1,384.4 533.0	1,963.3 1,403.5 534.2	1,958.3 1,399.4 533.7	1,956.9 1,397.9 534.1	1,950.1 1,388.9 536.4	1,954.4 1,393.5 536.5	1,948.4 1,387.8 536.3	1,941.2 1,379.8 537.4	1,935.0 1,375.9 535.2	1,934.1 1,378.0 532.2	1,933.3 1,379.7 529.7	1,934.2 1,379.8 530.0	1,930.9 1,378.8 527.9	1,934.5 1,384.7 525.6
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets	26.3	24.3	25.6	25.2	24.9	24.8	24.4	24.3	24.0	23.9	23.9	23.9	24.4	24.2	24.2
Professional and business services Professional and technical	. 16,580	16,697	16,488	16,511	16,567	16,568	16,638	16,664	16,697	16,692	16,730	16,758	16,798	16,847	16,854
services ¹ Legal services	7,508.5 1,122.4	7,419.8 1,105.8	7,431.5 1,104.5	7,417.7 1,105.0	7,416.7 1,105.2	7,404.0 1,105.9	7,418.8 1,104.1	7,405.5 1,104.3	7,407.5 1,101.1	7,416.0 1,102.9	7,433.8 1,105.5	7,420.4 1,107.6	7,428.0 1,107.6		7,437.4 1,105.7
Accounting and bookkeeping services	920.4	893.3	915.8	919.0	917.4	909.3	908.8	898.1	894.5	893.1	896.5	882.9	875.3	873.2	862.5
Architectural and engineering services	1,324.6	1,277.9	1,291.7	1,283.7	1,279.9	1,279.7	1,280.0	1,278.2	1,277.0		1,279.0		1,275.4	1,276.1	1,274.8
See notes at end of table						-									

See notes at end of table

12. Continued—Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[In thousands]	1			T											
Industry	Annual	average	2009						20	10					
aaau y	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov. ^p	Dec.p
Computer systems design and related services	1,426.3	1,455.3	1,428.3	1,433.4	1,439.4	1,436.1	1,443.7	1,446.5	1,447.2	1,454.8	1,460.7	1,463.1	1,473.6	1,475.7	1,481.0
Management and technical consulting services	992.5	989.2	993.3	986.3	983.3	983.6	984.4	979.3	987.6	988.9	989.3	992.6	996.2	1,000.8	1,003.7
Management of companies and enterprises	1,856.0	1,828.4	1,819.8	1,819.2	1,822.6	1,822.9	1,824.0	1,825.5	1,825.5	1,828.0	1,830.3	1,835.5	1,834.9	1,835.1	1,836.4
Administrative and waste services	7,214.9	7,448.7	7,236.4	7,273.6	7,327.2	7,340.8	7,395.2	7,432.7	7,463.6	7,447.7	7.465.9	7,501.9	7,535.5	7,575.5	7,580.1
Administrative and support											,				
services ¹ Employment services ¹	6,864.3 2,497.6	7,095.3 2,775.1	6,888.7 2,575.0	6,927.0 2,629.3	6,980.2 2.666.1	6,992.5 2,701.9	7,046.1 2,730.6	7,078.9 2,764.1	7,108.9 2,791.8	7,090.0 2,769.6	7,108.1 2,776.4	7,145.5 2,821.5	7,179.8 2,844.9	7,220.2 2,880.4	7,224.9 2,888.7
Temporary help services	1,827.7	2,098.7	1,911.0	1,960.2	1,996.1	2,028.4	2,750.0	2,082.1	2,100.7	2,709.0	2,116.5	2,143.8	2,172.4	2,203.5	2,219.4
Business support services Services to buildings	816.8	797.9	805.3	801.5	798.3	794.1	794.7	793.2	793.7	797.2	799.7	798.2	800.8	803.1	805.3
and dwellings	1,748.5	1,726.6	1,725.9	1,710.9	1,725.8	1,706.6	1,726.5	1,730.3	1,728.8	1,731.5	1,734.1	1,732.0	1,730.7	1,725.6	1,723.7
Waste management and remediation services Educational and health	350.7	353.4	347.7	346.6	347.0	348.3	349.1	353.8	354.7	357.7	357.8	356.4	355.7	355.3	355.2
services	19,191	19,560	19,350	19,370	19,400	19,449	19,477	19,502	19,532	19,558	19,599	19,625	19,691	19,728	19,772
Educational services	3,089.9	3,150.0	3,107.3	3,111.5	3,121.2	3,130.5	3,133.6	3,138.9	3,146.4	3,144.8	3,154.5	3,146.6	3,170.4	3,180.9	3,187.4
Health care and social assistance	16,100.8	16,409.8	16,242.5	16,258.2	16,279.2	16,318.4	16,343.8	16,362.6	16,385.2	16,413.0	16,444.3	16,478.5	16,520.6	16,547.2	16,584.3
Ambulatory health care															
services ¹	5,777.3	5,927.1	5,847.2	5,855.0	5,864.1	5,885.3	5,892.8	5,905.4	5,911.8	5,930.1	5,945.1	5,962.0	5,980.5	5,986.8	6,007.4
Offices of physicians	2,279.8	2,319.6	2,306.5	2,309.7	2,310.8	2,312.9	2,312.5	2,314.4	2,315.4	2,317.7	2,322.6	2,326.0	2,330.7	2,331.9	2,335.2
Outpatient care centers Home health care services	543.0 1.023.9	554.0 1,070.1	546.2 1,051.0	544.7 1,050.9	545.9 1.051.9	548.6 1,058.2	551.2 1,063.4	550.5 1.064.5	551.9 1,064.8	554.1 1,070.8	556.7 1.073.2	557.0 1.079.8	559.6 1.083.6	559.8 1,087.5	566.3 1,091.8
Hospitals	4,677.1	4,716.9	4,694.4	4,702.5	4,704.3	4,705.6	4,710.3	4,708.9	4,714.6	4,712.7	4,717.4	4,722.9	4,728.8	4,736.5	4,744.5
Nursing and residential	4,077.1	4,7 10.0	4,004.4	4,702.0	4,704.0	4,700.0	4,7 10.0	4,700.0	4,714.0	7,712.7	4,717.4	4,722.0	4,720.0	4,700.0	4,744.0
care facilities 1	3,081.2	3,124.9	3,099.0	3,096.5	3,099.6	3,108.5	3,113.5	3,117.3	3,121.7	3,129.5	3,134.4	3,137.3	3,143.6	3,147.4	3,154.5
Nursing care facilities	1,643.9	1,656.8	1,648.2	1,644.9	1,646.7	1,650.8	1,653.0	1,654.3	1,655.3	1,658.9	1,659.1	1,661.3	1,663.6	1,665.6	1,667.5
Social assistance 1	2,565.2	2,640.9	2,601.9	2,604.2	2,611.2	2,619.0	2,627.2	2,631.0	2,637.1	2,640.7	2,647.4	2,656.3	2,667.7	2,676.5	2,677.9
Child day care services	857.0	864.8	858.9	859.8	861.7	862.8	867.6	863.9	864.3	861.5	865.3	868.0	870.1	871.2	869.4
Leisure and hospitality	13,102	13,112	12,991	13,003	13,026	13,049	13,085	13,070	13,100	13,111	13,135	13,173	13,172	13,184	13,231
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,914.5	1,903.6	1,886.5	1,884.8	1,893.1	1,888.2	1,905.0	1,889.4	1,907.1	1,913.0	1,904.6	1,917.4	1,898.6	1,898.3	1,916.5
Performing arts and spectator sports	397.2	409.8	391.8	390.1	396.0	396.8	404.6	408.3	407.8	415.5	415.3	423.6	407.9	415.8	417.7
Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	129.9	128.7	129.0	128.2	128.9	129.8	129.2	128.9	129.4	129.6	128.3	128.4	127.6	127.9	128.1
Amusements, gambling, and recreation	1,387.4	1,365.1	1,365.7	1,366.5	1,368.2	1,361.6	1,371.2	1,352.2	1,369.9	1,367.9	1,361.0	1,365.4	1,363.1	1,354.6	1,370.7
Accommodations and															
food services Accommodations	11,187.5 1,759.7		11,104.5 1,733.1									11,255.9 1,761.6			
Food services and drinking															
places	9,427.8	9,458.7	9,371.4	9,391.6	9,404.9	9,427.4	9,439.7	9,430.9	9,431.1	9,429.6	9,455.9	9,494.3	9,518.8	9,535.3	9,559.8
Other services	5,364 1,153.7	5,353 1,148.1	5,314 1,139.8	5,317 1,138.5	5,310 1,136.1	5,321 1,142.3	5,333 1,146.1	5,337 1,150.2	5,330 1,145.2	5,352 1,147.7	5,363 1,151.8	5,380 1,152.7	5,405 1,157.4	5,393 1,153.7	5,379 1,150.9
Personal and laundry services	1,282.3	1,272.3	1,269.6	1,268.4	1,271.5	1,273.0	1,273.1	1,273.5	1,269.3	1,268.4	1,267.8	1,271.8	1,281.9	1,276.6	1,280.8
Membership associations and organizations	2,927.6	2,932.3	2,904.4	2,910.5	2,902.1	2,905.7	2,914.1	2,913.1	2,915.8	2,935.6	2,943.0	2,955.1	2,965.4	2,962.8	2,947.7
Government	22,549	22,471	22,481	22,479	22,456	22,506	22,578	22,959	22,723	22,540	22,396	22,260	22,277	22,269	22,259
Federal	2,828	2,959	2,824	2,857	2,860	2,910	2,988	3,396	3,173	3,030	2,919	2,843	2,838	2,842	2,852
Federal, except U.S. Postal Service	2,124.2	2,302.7	2,160.1	2,181.4	2,192.9	2,246.3	2,326.8	2,738.2	2,518.0	2,378.4	2,268.6	2,194.2	2,190.8	2,198.4	2,208.7
U.S. Postal Service	703.2	655.7	663.7	675.9	666.6	663.9	661.1	657.9	655.3	651.5	650.6	648.4	646.9	643.6	643.6
State	5,180	5,175	5,178	5,169	5,175	5,174	5,169	5,157	5,159	5,175	5,158	5,170	5,182	5,184	5,184
Education	2,370.5	2,408.3	2,383.7	2,383.2	2,392.5	2,391.9	2,392.0	2,387.2	2,394.5	2,415.2	2,403.2		2,427.1	2,429.3	2,430.9
Other State government	2,809.2	2,766.2	2,794.5	2,785.8	2,782.7	2,782.0	2,777.3	2,769.3	2,764.8	2,759.8	2,754.8	2,754.9	2,754.4	2,754.8	2,753.4
Local	14,542	14,338	14,479	14,453	14,421	14,422	14,421	14,406	14,391	14,335	14,319	14,247	14,257	14,243	14,223
Education Other local government	8,062.1 6,479.8	7,960.8 6,377.1	8,040.0 6,438.9	8,025.1 6,427.9	8,000.7 6,419.8	8,007.4 6,414.5	8,009.2 6,411.7	8,007.5 6,398.1	8,005.6 6,385.6	7,972.7 6,362.6	7,945.8 6,373.2		7,914.5 6,342.2	7,906.9 6,335.9	7,899.7 6,323.6
Outer total government	0,478.8	0,311.1	0,430.9	0,427.9	0,418.0	0,414.0	0,411.7	0,080.1	0,000.0	0,302.0	0,313.2	0,000.4	0,042.2	0,000.8	0,323.0

¹ Includes other industries not shown separately.

13. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted

	Annual	average	2009						20	10					
Industry	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov. ^p	Dec.p
TOTAL PRIVATE	33.1	33.4	33.2	33.3	33.2	33.3	33.4	33.5	33.4	33.4	33.5	33.5	33.6	33.5	33.6
GOODS-PRODUCING	39.2	40.4	39.6	40.0	39.4	40.1	40.5	40.5	40.2	40.3	40.5	40.7	40.6	40.5	40.5
Natural resources and mining	43.3	44.6	43.4	44.2	43.6	44.2	44.7	45.4	44.8	44.8	45.5	44.6	44.5	44.6	44.6
Construction	37.6	38.4	37.5	37.9	37.0	37.8	38.7	38.1	38.2	38.2	38.6	39.0	38.8	38.6	38.7
Manufacturing Overtime hours	39.8 2.9	41.1 3.8	40.5 3.4	40.9 3.6	40.5 3.5	41.0 3.7	41.2 3.8	41.5 3.9	41.0 3.9	41.1 3.8	41.1 3.8	41.2 3.9	41.2 3.9	41.2 4.0	41.2 4.0
Durable goods		41.3	40.6	40.9	40.6	41.2	41.4	41.7	41.3	41.4	41.3	41.4	41.4	41.5	41.4
Overtime hours	2.7	3.8	3.3	3.5	3.4	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.1
Wood products		39.1	38.2	39.2	38.3	39.4	39.7	40.0	38.8	38.4	38.5	39.3	39.2	39.9	39.2
Nonmetallic mineral products		41.6	40.2	41.4	40.0	41.3	41.7	41.7	41.5	41.5	41.6	41.7	42.0	41.8	41.6
Primary metals		43.6	42.7	42.9	42.9	43.2	43.9	44.2	43.6	43.6	43.6	43.8	44.0	43.9	44.1
Fabricated metal products		41.4	40.1	40.5	40.4	41.0	41.2	41.7	41.4	41.6	41.6	41.7	41.4	41.8	41.9
Machinery		42.0	41.0	41.2	41.0	41.7	41.8	42.2	42.1	42.2	42.3	42.5	42.5	42.5	42.6
Computer and electronic products	40.4	40.9	40.8	41.1	41.0	41.2	41.1	41.2	40.7	41.1	41.1	40.9	40.8	40.1	40.5
Electrical equipment and appliances	39.3	41.3	40.5	40.8	39.7	41.2	41.5	41.3	41.7	41.4	41.7	41.0	41.6	41.7	41.9
Transportation equipment	41.2	42.8	42.5	42.5	42.4	42.9	42.9	43.2	42.8	42.9	42.6	42.7	42.8	42.8	42.3
Furniture and related products	37.7	38.3	37.8	37.8	37.5	38.5	38.7	38.7	38.1	38.2	38.2	38.5	38.5	38.8	38.9
Miscellaneous manufacturing	38.5	38.7	38.9	38.8	38.7	38.8	38.8	39.4	38.7	38.8	38.3	38.5	38.4	38.5	38.6
Nondurable goods	39.8	40.8	40.4	40.8	40.2	40.8	40.9	41.1	40.5	40.7	40.9	41.0	40.9	40.8	40.9
Overtime hours		3.8	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.7	3.9	3.9	4.0	3.9	3.8
Food manufacturing		40.8	40.5	40.9	40.4	40.8	40.8	40.9	40.5	40.7	40.8	41.2	40.8	40.7	40.8
Beverage and tobacco products	35.7	37.5	34.7	35.4	35.0	36.0	35.5	38.2	36.4	38.0	39.0	38.4	39.7	38.2	38.5
Textile mills		41.1	39.4	40.5	39.7	41.3	42.4	42.5	41.1	41.6	41.7	41.5	40.5	40.3	40.6
Textile product mills	37.9	38.9	38.9	39.8	39.2	39.5	39.2	39.1	37.8	38.3	38.0	39.0	39.3	39.2	39.3
Apparel	36.0	36.6	36.2	36.7	36.1	36.2	36.4	35.9	36.3	35.9	36.9	36.4	37.1	36.9	37.3
Leather and allied products		39.1	36.2	38.3	37.9	38.3	38.6	38.6	38.9	39.4	39.7	39.9	39.3	39.8	40.3
Paper and paper products	41.8	42.9	42.1	42.9	42.1	42.7	42.8	43.2	42.5	42.8	42.9	43.0	43.0	43.0	43.0
Printing and related support															
activities	38.0	38.2	38.2	38.2	38.0	38.1	38.6	38.8	38.5	38.4	38.5	38.5	38.2	38.0	37.9
Petroleum and coal products	43.4	43.2	42.7	42.4	42.0	43.1	43.9	43.5	42.5	42.5	43.3	43.3	44.2	44.0	43.7
Chemicals	41.4	42.1	42.7	42.8	41.8	42.2	42.1	42.3	41.5	41.7	42.2	42.1	42.2	42.3	42.2
Plastics and rubber products	40.2	41.9	41.4	41.5	41.4	42.2	42.6	42.8	42.0	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.9	41.9
PRIVATE SERVICE-															
PROVIDING	32.1	32.2	32.1	32.2	32.1	32.2	32.2	32.3	32.2	32.3	32.3	32.3	32.4	32.3	32.4
Trade, transportation, and															
utilities	32.9	33.3	32.9	33.1	33.0	33.1	33.2	33.3	33.3	33.5	33.5	33.4	33.5	33.5	33.7
Wholesale trade	37.6	37.9	37.6	37.7	37.7	37.8	37.9	38.0	37.8	38.0	38.1	38.2	38.2	38.2	38.3
Retail trade	29.9	30.2	30.0	30.1	30.0	30.1	30.1	30.2	30.1	30.4	30.3	30.1	30.3	30.2	30.5
Transportation and warehousing	36.0	37.2	36.2	36.4	36.2	36.8	37.1	37.1	37.4	37.5	37.5	37.6	37.6	37.8	37.7
Utilities	42.1	42.2	41.4	41.4	41.6	41.6	41.8	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.3	42.2	42.9	42.7	42.2
		36.4		36.6		36.5	36.5	36.6	36.6	36.3	36.4	36.2	36.4		36.3
Information Financial activities	36.6 36.1	36.4	36.5 35.9	36.1	36.5 36.0	36.5	36.5	36.5	36.3	36.3	36.4	36.2	36.3	36.4 36.1	36.3
Professional and business															
services	34.7	35.1	34.8	34.9	34.8	35.0	35.0	35.1	35.0	35.1	35.1	35.2	35.3	35.2	35.5
Education and health services	32.3	32.2	32.3	32.3	32.2	32.1	32.2	32.2	32.2	32.1	32.2	32.2	32.3	32.2	32.2
Leisure and hospitality		24.8	24.8	24.8	24.8	25.0	24.9	24.8	24.7	24.8	24.8	24.7	24.9	24.9	24.7
		30.8	30.5	30.7	30.6	30.8	30.8	30.9	30.7	30.9	30.9	30.9	30.9	30.8	30.8
Other services	30.5	30.8	30.5	30.7	30.0	30.8	30.8	30.9	30.7	30.9	30.9	30.9	30.9	30.8	30.6

Data relate to production workers in natural resources and mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing industries.

NOTE: See "Notes on the data" for a description of the most recent benchmark revision.

p = preliminary.

14. Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted

	Annual	average	2009						20	10					
Industry	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov. ^p	Dec.p
TOTAL PRIVATE															
Current dollars	\$18.62	\$19.04	\$18.85	\$18.90	\$18.92	\$18.90	\$18.95	\$19.00	\$19.02	\$19.04	\$19.09	\$19.11	\$19.18	\$19.19	\$19.21
Constant (1982) dollars	8.88	8.90	8.85	8.85	8.86	8.84	8.88	8.93	8.95	8.93	8.92	8.92	8.92	8.92	8.87
GOODS-PRODUCING	. 19.90	20.27	20.04	20.10	20.14	20.16	20.17	20.21	20.22	20.25	20.31	20.34	20.40	20.43	20.44
Natural resources and mining	23.29	23.83	23.47	23.29	23.71	23.87	23.83	23.81	23.91	23.98	23.86	24.11	23.85	23.96	23.96
Construction	22.67	23.26	22.95	23.08	23.13	23.12	23.09	23.12	23.17	23.21	23.28	23.24	23.42	23.50	23.55
Manufacturing	18.23	18.57	18.38	18.42	18.47	18.47	18.48	18.56	18.54	18.57	18.59	18.64	18.66	18.66	18.66
Excluding overtime	17.58	17.74	17.64	17.64	17.70	17.67	17.67	17.73	17.70	17.75	17.77	17.80	17.82	17.80	17.80
Durable goods	19.35	19.75	19.57	19.63	19.69	19.65	19.66	19.73	19.70	19.71	19.73	19.81	19.83	19.86	19.87
Nondurable goods	. 16.56	16.77	16.64	16.64	16.66	16.71	16.72	16.80	16.78	16.82	16.87	16.86	16.86	16.81	16.80
PRIVATE SERVICE-PRIVATE SERVICE-															
PROVIDING	. 18.35	18.78	18.60	18.64	18.66	18.64	18.69	18.74	18.76	18.79	18.83	18.84	18.93	18.92	18.95
Trade,transportation, and															
utilities	16.50	16.87	16.73	16.78	16.78	16.77	16.83	16.87	16.85	16.85	16.88	16.96	17.03	17.01	17.00
Wholesale trade	. 20.85	21.54	21.35	21.49	21.42	21.37	21.48	21.49	21.51	21.56	21.56	21.66	21.84	21.72	21.75
Retail trade	13.02	13.26	13.16	13.18	13.20	13.18	13.22	13.22	13.23	13.24	13.26	13.32	13.37	13.39	13.38
Transportation and warehousing	18.80	19.18	19.00	19.14	19.10	19.16	19.18	19.31	19.15	19.15	19.20	19.19	19.23	19.16	19.25
Utilities	. 29.56	30.35	29.91	29.79	29.88	29.93	30.04	30.42	30.31	30.42	30.50	30.63	30.76	30.78	30.68
Information	25.45	25.87	25.64	25.58	25.63	25.65	25.62	25.77	25.75	26.03	25.89	26.00	26.20	26.18	26.22
Financial activities	20.83	21.44	21.11	21.37	21.27	21.34	21.36	21.36	21.39	21.45	21.48	21.40	21.61	21.66	21.67
Professional and business															
services	22.35	22.80	22.58	22.62	22.66	22.63	22.67	22.77	22.79	22.85	22.92	22.93	22.98	22.98	22.99
Education and health															
services	19.49	20.00	19.76	19.76	19.83	19.80	19.88	19.92	19.97	20.02	20.08	20.09	20.19	20.17	20.24
Leisure and hospitality	11.11	11.31	11.27	11.28	11.30	11.31	11.31	11.34	11.34	11.31	11.34	11.26	11.30	11.31	11.34
Other services	16.59	16.85	16.85	16.85	16.87	16.79	16.81	16.81	16.89	16.84	16.82	16.86	16.91	16.95	16.98

Data relate to production workers in natural resources and mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing industries.

NOTE: See "Notes on the data" for a description of the most recent benchmark revision. $p = \ preliminary. \\$

15. Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry

15. Average nourly earnings of p	Annual								20				-		
Industry	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov. ^p	Dec.p
TOTAL PRIVATE	. \$18.62	\$19.04	\$18.85	\$18.98	\$18.98	\$18.91	\$18.97	\$19.02	\$18.89	\$18.94	\$19.03	\$19.11	\$19.21	\$19.19	\$19.23
Seasonally adjusted		-	18.85	18.90	18.92	18.90	18.95	19.00	19.02	19.04	19.09	19.11	19.18	19.19	
GOODS-PRODUCING	. 19.90	20.27	20.08	20.02	20.00	20.05	20.13	20.18	20.19	20.32	20.38	20.44	20.51	20.47	20.48
Natural resources and mining	23.29	23.83	23.73	23.43	23.74	24.10	23.96	23.63	23.59	23.80	23.72	24.08	23.76	23.89	24.16
Construction	22.67	23.26	23.03	23.00	23.03	23.04	22.99	23.05	23.03	23.26	23.39	23.36	23.57	23.57	23.64
Manufacturing	18.23	18.57	18.46	18.47	18.47	18.44	18.49	18.54	18.51	18.53	18.54	18.71	18.67	18.67	18.73
Durable goods	19.35	19.75	19.67	19.64	19.70	19.63	19.65	19.70	19.65	19.68	19.69	19.89	19.85	19.88	19.98
Wood products		14.87	15.16	14.97	14.79	14.80	14.89	14.91	14.83	14.86	14.86	14.93	14.78	14.87	14.99
Nonmetallic mineral products		17.47	17.25	17.28	17.21	17.30	17.53	17.49	17.56	17.53	17.54	17.55	17.48	17.58	17.56
Primary metals		20.02	20.19	20.06	20.08	20.11	20.11	20.03	19.92	20.09	19.78	20.14	20.03	19.88	20.02
Fabricated metal products		17.94	17.87	17.79	17.84	17.92	17.95	17.89	17.91	17.92	17.91	17.99	18.03	17.99	18.13
Machinery		18.94	18.76	18.81	18.71	18.56	18.78	18.86	19.02	19.05	19.00	19.02	19.09	19.14	19.19
Computer and electronic products		22.77 16.84	22.42 16.65	22.52 16.76	22.87 16.69	22.45 16.72	22.59 16.60	22.91 16.63	22.56 16.69	22.78 16.81	22.95 16.78	22.89 16.93	22.76 17.15	23.01 16.99	22.94 17.32
Electrical equipment and appliances								24.94		24.96			25.33		
Transportation equipment Furniture and related products		25.08 15.04	24.96 15.05	24.89 15.04	24.85 14.95	24.94 14.89	24.90 14.96	15.07	24.91 14.98	14.96	24.87 15.07	25.48 15.25	25.33 15.09	25.38 15.04	25.46 15.13
Miscellaneous manufacturing		16.53	16.30	16.22	16.45	16.38	16.40	16.43	16.46	16.48	16.60	16.62	16.76	16.77	16.79
Nondurable goods	16.56	16.77	16.67	16.72	16.63	16.65	16.72	16.79	16.76	16.78	16.81	16.93	16.87	16.81	16.79
Food manufacturing	14.40	14.41	14.46	14.41	14.30	14.35	14.38	14.41	14.45	14.42	14.35	14.44	14.44	14.45	14.47
Beverages and tobacco products	20.49	21.79	21.71	22.12	21.99	22.13	22.29	22.45	22.20	21.41	21.85	21.69	20.88	21.34	21.21
Textile mills	13.71	13.56	13.64	13.50	13.57	13.50	13.42	13.34	13.48	13.65	13.69	13.79	13.50	13.59	13.74
Textile product mills		11.78	11.72	11.95	11.67	11.61	11.77	11.93	11.66	11.83	11.71	11.76	11.77	11.92	11.82
Apparel		11.45	11.55	11.28	11.36	11.32	11.30	11.30	11.42	11.46	11.37	11.61	11.64	11.69	11.61
Leather and allied products		13.00	13.49	13.56	13.37	13.19	13.24	12.90	13.12	12.74	12.58	12.69	12.84	13.22	12.66
Paper and paper products	. 19.28	19.99	19.55	19.60	19.55	19.78	20.26	20.22	20.16	20.22	20.03	20.28	19.98	19.79	19.96
Printing and related support activities	16.75	16.92	16.93	17.01	17.08	17.04	16.76	16.86	16.71	16.69	16.76	17.07	17.06	16.94	17.12
Petroleum and coal products	29.63	31.43	30.81	31.49	31.30	31.56	31.49	31.45	30.65	30.68	31.51	31.53	31.57	31.58	32.45
Chemicals	20.30	21.08	20.68	20.62	20.61	20.55	20.72	20.93	21.05	21.05	21.70	21.81	21.54	21.26	21.20
Plastics and rubber products	16.01	15.68	15.72	15.90	15.68	15.65	15.60	15.64	15.60	15.80	15.59	15.67	15.69	15.68	15.70
PRIVATE SERVICE-	40.05	10.70	40.50	40.70	40.70	40.00	40.70	40 ==	40.00	40.04	40.70	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00
PROVIDING	. 18.35	18.78	18.59	18.76	18.78	18.68	18.73	18.77	18.60	18.64	18.73	18.82	18.92	18.92	18.96
Trade, transportation, and	40.50	40.07	40.57	40.00	40.05	40.70	40.07	40.00	40.70	40.00	40.00	47.00	47.04	40.04	40.04
utilities		16.87	16.57	16.83	16.85	16.76	16.87	16.89	16.79	16.80	16.88	17.00	17.04	16.94	16.84
Wholesale trade		21.54	21.40	21.55	21.46	21.26	21.47	21.47	21.35	21.49	21.50	21.60	21.79	21.74	21.81
Retail trade		13.26	12.99	13.20	13.23	13.18	13.27	13.25	13.21	13.23	13.27	13.41	13.38	13.30	13.21
Transportation and warehousing		19.18	18.98	19.14	19.15	19.13	19.15	19.26	19.13	19.16	19.27	19.19	19.24	19.15	19.22
Utilities		30.35	30.09	29.80	29.91	30.02	30.15	30.47	30.16	30.19	30.30	30.70	30.88	30.90	30.67
Information	. 25.45	25.87	25.50	25.60	25.59	25.52	25.55	25.93	25.56	25.97	25.95	26.10	26.37	26.20	26.10
Financial activities	20.83	21.44	21.08	21.35	21.27	21.35	21.39	21.51	21.26	21.35	21.53	21.38	21.60	21.61	21.63
Professional and business															
services	22.35	22.80	22.63	22.76	22.87	22.66	22.68	22.91	22.55	22.68	22.90	22.78	22.82	22.90	23.04
Education and health															
services	. 19.49	20.00	19.79	19.83	19.83	19.80	19.90	19.87	19.90	20.07	20.03	20.13	20.21	20.17	20.30
Leisure and hospitality	. 11.11	11.31	11.41	11.34	11.39	11.33	11.31	11.33	11.25	11.19	11.22	11.25	11.32	11.36	11.46
Other services	. 16.59	16.85	16.85	16.86	16.90	16.87	16.83	16.89	16.83	16.70	16.73	16.86	16.87	16.92	17.00

¹ Data relate to production workers in natural resources and mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing industries.

16. Average weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry

Industry	Annual	average	2009							2010					
iliuustiy	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov. ^p	Dec.p
TOTAL PRIVATESeasonally adjusted	\$617.11 -	\$636.15 -	\$623.94 625.82	\$626.34 629.37	\$622.54 628.14	\$625.92 629.37	\$631.70 632.93	\$640.97 636.50	\$630.93 635.27	\$636.38 635.94	\$647.02 639.52	\$638.27 640.19	\$645.46 644.45	\$642.87 642.87	\$644.21 645.46
GOODS-PRODUCING	779.83	818.72	799.18	794.79	776.00	800.00	813.25	819.31	819.71	820.93	835.58	827.82	840.91	835.18	835.58
Natural resources															
and mining	1007.85	1062.67	1027.51	1026.23	1020.82	1050.76	1056.64	1068.08	1066.27	1059.10	1100.61	1064.34	1071.58	1075.05	1079.95
CONSTRUCTION	852.45	894.10	849.81	855.60	822.17	861.70	892.01	887.43	895.87	911.79	928.58	899.36	933.37	912.16	910.14
Manufacturing	725.87	762.96	758.71	749.88	738.80	752.35	759.94	767.56	760.76	756.02	765.70	772.72	772.94	776.67	781.04
Durable goods	771.03	815.80	812.37	799.35	791.94	806.79	811.55	819.52	815.48	808.85	817.14	821.46	827.75	830.98	837.16
Wood products	559.05	582.14	580.63	571.85	551.67	572.76	588.16	602.36	590.23	576.57	582.51	582.27	583.81	596.29	584.61
Nonmetallic mineral products	706.16 816.93	727.27 872.53	686.55 878.27	691.20 862.58	650.54 853.40	698.92 870.76	732.75 880.82	731.08 881.32	739.28 874.49	750.28 861.86	755.97 858.45	745.88 874.08	753.39 881.32	748.91 878.70	716.45 890.89
Primary metals Fabricated metal products	689.35	742.28	727.31	716.94	713.60	731.14	741.34	744.22	741.47	740.10	750.43	746.59	751.85	759.18	766.90
Machinery	737.88	796.25	782.29	776.85	765.24	775.81	786.88	792.12	800.74	792.48	796.10	798.84	815.14	821.11	830.93
=	707.00	7 00.20	102.20	770.00	700.24	770.01	700.00	102.12	000.14	102.40	700.10	7 00.04	010.14	021.11	000.00
Computer and electronic															
products	883.07	930.69	932.67	921.07	935.38	924.94	921.67	941.60	922.70	927.15	938.66	929.33	930.88	936.51	938.25
Electrical equipment and															
appliances	639.50	694.81	695.97	685.48	650.91	685.52	692.22	685.16	699.31	687.53	696.37	685.67	715.16	716.98	736.10
Transportation equipment	1026.61	1073.22	1085.76	1055.34	1048.67	1064.94	1065.72	1077.41	1071.13	1050.82	1066.92	1093.09	1091.72	1091.34	1099.87
Furniture and related															
products	566.48	576.12	577.92	559.49	548.67	571.78	574.46	584.72	578.23	575.96	581.70	581.03	577.95	580.54	599.15
Miscellaneous															
	620.78	639.46	640.59	629.34	626.75	633.91	637.96	645.70	637.00	637.78	640.76	636.55	645.26	649.00	653.13
manufacturing															
Nondurable goods	658.36	684.22	681.80	677.16	661.87	674.33	680.50	690.07	680.46	677.91	689.21	699.21	693.36	692.57	693.43
Food manufacturing	575.89	587.53	592.86	585.05	569.14	579.74	578.08	589.37	585.23	584.01	588.35	603.59	594.93	593.90	597.61
Beverages and tobacco															
products	731.37	817.56	744.65	774.20	763.05	787.83	793.52	882.29	814.74	815.72	871.82	852.42	843.55	810.92	797.50
Textile mills	517.15	557.98	541.51	544.05	529.23	556.20	566.32	566.95	556.72	565.11	577.72	576.42	544.05	551.75	560.59
Textile product mills	433.13	458.55	461.77	467.25	455.13	459.76	459.03	466.46	448.91	451.91	444.98	458.64	459.03	467.26	464.53
Apparel	408.92	418.36	420.42	410.59	405.55	412.05	415.84	407.93	415.69	410.27	419.55	413.32	433.01	437.21	441.18
Leather and allied products	466.73	508.03	499.13	517.99	504.05	509.13	516.36	499.23	509.06	493.04	503.20	497.45	505.90	526.16	515.26
Paper and paper products	805.86	856.82	836.74	836.92	813.28	836.69	865.10	869.46	854.78	865.42	859.29	882.18	863.14	860.87	874.25
Printing and related															
support activities	635.72	647.34	656.88	644.68	638.79	647.52	643.58	650.80	638.32	630.88	650.29	660.61	656.81	652.19	653.98
Petroleum and coal															
products	1285.64	1357.52	1303.26	1332.03	1302.08	1338.14	1350.92	1364.93	1314.89	1328.44	1373.84	1374.71	1398.55	1398.99	1408.33
Chemicals	841.33	888.16	889.24	880.47	861.50	865.16	868.17	879.06	875.68	875.68	913.57	920.38	908.99	907.80	903.12
Plastics and rubber															
products	643.81	657.25	660.24	658.26	641.31	655.74	666.12	667.83	659.88	650.96	650.10	653.44	654.27	660.13	668.82
products	0 10.01	007.20	000.21	000.20	011101	000.1	000.12	001.00	000.00	000.00	000.10	000.11	00 1121	000.10	
PRIVATE SERVICE- PROVIDING	588.07	605.11	594.88	596.57	597.20	597.76	601.23	610.03	598.92	603.94	614.34	606.00	611.12	611.12	612.41
Trade, transportation, and utilities	542.36	562.28	546.81	548.66	547.63	551.40	558.40	565.82	560.79	567.84	572.23	569.50	570.84	565.80	567.51
Wholesale trade	784.75	817.02	802.50	805.97	800.46	797.25	811.57	824.45	809.17	812.32	827.75	820.80	832.38	828.29	833.14
Retail trade	388.72	400.24	392.30	389.40	390.29	392.76	396.77	401.48	398.94	408.81	408.72	406.32	404.08	399.00	405.55
	300.72	400.24	332.30	303.40	330.23	332.70	330.77	401.40	330.34	400.01	400.72	400.52	404.00	333.00	403.33
Transportation and	677 44	712 70	600.07	690.04	604 74	606 22	702.94	716 47	715 40	722.22	726 14	724 54	722 42	720.60	700 44
warehousing	677.44	713.78	690.87	689.04	681.74	696.33	702.81	716.47	715.46	722.33	736.11	721.54	723.42	729.62	728.44
Utilities	1243.76	1279.59	1245.73	1224.78	1247.25	1242.83	1266.30	1288.88	1275.77	1271.00	1281.69	1301.68	1334.02	1331.79	1291.21
Information	931.93	941.69	930.75	931.84	928.92	923.82	924.91	954.22	930.38	942.71	960.15	944.82	959.87	953.68	944.82
Financial activities	751.21	773.67	754.66	766.47	761.47	764.33	770.04	793.72	767.49	764.33	798.76	769.68	777.60	775.80	774.35
Professional and															
business services	775.81	799.52	783.00	785.22	789.02	788.57	793.80	815.60	789.25	793.80	817.53	795.02	807.83	803.79	813.31
Education and															
health services	628.56	643.31	637.24	638.53	634.56	633.60	636.80	641.80	638.79	646.25	648.97	648.19	650.76	649.47	651.63
Leisure and hospitality	275.80	280.36	278.40	272.16	277.92	279.85	279.36	284.38	281.25	284.23	288.35	276.75	280.74	279.46	278.48
Other services 1 Data relate to production workers	506.28	518.73	512.24	514.23	513.76	516.22	516.68 ee "Notes o	523.59	516.68	517.70	523.65	520.97	521.28	519.44	520.20

construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the serviceproviding industries.

1 Data relate to production workers in natural resources and mining and manufacturing, NOTE: See "Notes on the data" for a description of the most recent benchmark revision.

Dash indicates data not available.

p = preliminary.

17. Diffusion indexes of employment change, seasonally adjusted

[In percent]

Timespan and year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
				Privat	te nonf	arm pay	rolls, 2	78 indu	stries			
Over 1-month span:												
2006	65.1	66.9	66.0	61.0	49.6	53.0	56.5	54.3	52.0	52.4	55.8	58.2
2007	58.4	59.1	55.4	51.5	56.7	49.1	49.1	43.1	52.4	52.2	53.7	50.6
2008	48.9	48.9	51.1	44.1	38.8	33.3	35.1	32.3	27.3	30.7	22.3	18.2
2009	19.7	17.1	16.5	20.6	27.3	23.0	26.4	32.9	32.9	31.0	46.8	39.6
2010	48.9	57.4	60.4	68.0	56.1	53.7	57.2	58.7	54.5	60.4	52.0	60.0
Over 3-month span:												
2006	67.7	67.8	69.0	69.5	62.5	60.6	55.0	57.4	52.6	49.3	54.8	58.0
2007	60.2	59.7	62.8	58.7	57.1	52.2	53.7	45.5	49.6	49.1	53.5	54.6
2008	56.3	48.1	48.5	46.3	39.6	33.1	31.6	29.0	27.1	26.8	20.8	18.8
2009	17.7	12.3	12.6	10.8	14.9	20.8	21.6	21.7	28.4	27.3	33.8	36.1
2010	42.4	40.9	57.6	63.4	63.2	61.2	55.6	58.0	59.5	61.5	58.0	61.3
Over 6-month span:												
2006	64.1	65.1	66.7	67.3	66.9	69.1	62.5	60.8	58.2	57.2	58.2	55.2
2007	58.6	57.1	62.5	61.9	59.5	59.1	56.7	54.8	56.3	51.5	53.5	51.3
2008	49.1	50.6	51.7	49.6	43.9	39.2	36.1	31.6	28.1	26.4	23.0	21.4
2009	17.5	13.2	12.1	11.9	12.5	13.4	13.2	15.8	20.4	20.4	21.0	24.7
2010	31.6	31.8	41.8	52.4	55.4	61.9	62.1	63.9	64.3	60.8	60.0	64.3
Over 12-month span:												
2006	67.7	66.0	66.4	63.4	65.6	67.3	64.9	64.5	66.7	65.8	65.1	66.0
2007	63.4	59.5	61.2	59.7	59.3	58.4	57.2	57.4	59.9	59.3	58.6	60.0
2008	54.8	56.5	53.0	47.4	48.1	44.2	41.1	39.8	36.4	33.1	29.0	26.8
2009	24.9	17.7	15.4	15.1	15.1	13.8	12.6	11.5	14.1	13.0	13.4	13.0
2010	14.5	16.5	23.4	27.3	35.5	40.0	46.3	49.6	53.2	58.9	58.6	63.2
				Man	ufactu	ing pay	rolls, 8	4 indus	tries			
Over 1-month span:												
2006	59.1	56.1	55.5	50.0	39.6	51.8	48.8	40.9	34.1	39.0	36.0	41.5
2007	55.5	45.7	31.7	28.7	42.7	36.0	40.2	22.6	32.3	37.2	51.8	42.1
2008	40.9	39.6	45.1	37.2	42.7	23.2	21.3	21.3	16.5	20.1	12.8	4.9
2009 2010	4.9 42.7	10.4 67.1	9.1 60.4	16.5 67.1	11.0 65.9	11.0 48.8	19.5 52.4	26.2 46.3	20.1 52.4	18.9 49.4	45.7 45.7	41.5 53.7
Over 3-month span:												
2006	54.9	58.5	54.9	54.3	48.8	53.7	43.9	41.5	33.5	28.0	29.3	27.4
2007	39.6	40.2	45.7	32.3	31.7	34.1	31.7	25.0	24.4	25.0	32.9	39.0
2008	48.2	36.6	35.4	38.4	39.6	30.5	20.1	9.8	14.0	17.1	13.4	6.1
2009	4.9	2.4	2.4	7.3	8.5	11.0	7.3	10.4	17.7	17.7	21.3	29.9
2010	37.2	42.7	55.5	62.8	67.1	64.6	55.5	50.6	53.0	50.6	48.2	50.6
Over 6-month span:												
2006	43.3	47.6	48.2	51.2	53.0	52.4	47.0	48.8	43.9	39.6	34.1	29.9
2007	34.8	31.7	32.3	32.9	35.4	39.0	34.1	27.4	28.7	24.4	30.5	25.6
2008	27.4	29.9	42.1	38.4	38.4	31.7	26.2	20.1	13.4	12.2	13.4	12.2
2009	7.3	4.9	2.4	6.1	2.4	6.1	7.3	6.1	7.3	8.5	8.5	15.2
2010	24.4	26.2	33.5	50.6	56.7	57.3	61.0	62.8	59.1	50.6	48.2	54.3
Over 12-month span:												
2006	44.5	41.5	41.5	40.2	40.2	45.7	42.7	43.3	47.6	48.8	46.3	43.9
2007	40.2	37.2	37.8	31.1	29.3	29.9	31.1	29.3	33.5	29.3	34.8	36.0
2008	28.0	29.3	26.2	25.6	31.1	26.8	23.2	19.5	24.4	20.1	16.5	14.6
2009	7.9	3.7	4.9	6.7	3.7	4.9	6.1	4.9	5.5	4.9	4.9	4.9
2010	6.1	6.1	7.3	12.8	25.0	34.8	41.5	43.9	48.2	54.3	51.8	55.5

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment.

See the "Definitions" in this section. See "Notes on the data" for a description of the most recent benchmark revision.

Data for the two most recent months are preliminary.

18. Job openings levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted

			Levels ¹	(in thou	ısands)						Percent			
Industry and region				2010							2010			
	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec. ^p	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec. ^p
Total ²	2,864	3,141	3,092	3,011	3,328	3,202	3,063	2.1	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.3
Industry														
Total private ²	2,537	2,821	2,752	2,658	2,998	2,888	2,635	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.7	2.6	2.4
Construction	53	101	65	71	79	91	28	0.9	1.8	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	0.5
Manufacturing	226	238	190	203	209	214	198	1.9	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities	449	485	449	472	481	461	505	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.0
Professional and business services	514	564	590	559	680	702	602	3.0	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.9	4.0	3.4
Education and health services	487	515	487	529	638	558	538	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.6	3.1	2.7	2.6
Leisure and hospitality	317	365	381	307	321	306	314	2.4	2.7	2.8	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.3
Government	327	320	341	354	330	314	428	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.9
Region ³														
Northeast	631	639	666	565	678	594	592	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.2	2.7	2.3	2.3
South	982	1,100	1,159	1,101	1,283	1,050	1,054	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.6	2.2	2.2
Midwest	604	617	647	552	633	725	631	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.1
West	632	696	730	665	821	764	777	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.8	2.6	2.6

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

Includes natural resources and mining, information, financial activities, and other

West Virginia; Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Wisconsin; West: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming. NOTE: The job openings level is the number of job openings on the last business day of the month; the job openings rate is the number of job openings on the last business day of the month as a percent of total employment plus job openings.

19. Hires levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted

			Levels ¹	(in thou	ısands)						Percent			
Industry and region				2010							2010			
	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec. ^p	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.p
Total ²	4,250	4,275	4,156	4,208	4,249	4,214	4,184	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.2
Industry														
Total private ²	3,946	3,985	3,891	3,953	3,963	3,907	3,883	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.6
Construction	289	361	357	336	370	347	377	5.2	6.4	6.4	6.0	6.6	6.2	6.7
Manufacturing	267	297	274	260	271	274	265	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	876	864	798	863	838	855	804	3.5	3.5	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.2
Professional and business services	825	810	831	818	804	777	788	4.9	4.8	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.6	4.7
Education and health services	523	515	492	514	483	524	495	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.5
Leisure and hospitality	691	712	688	714	686	656	677	5.3	5.4	5.2	5.4	5.2	5.0	5.1
Government	304	289	264	254	287	308	301	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.4
Region ³														
Northeast	718	731	702	787	756	703	678	2.9	3.0	2.8	3.2	3.1	2.8	2.7
South	1,505	1,531	1,541	1,562	1,598	1,643	1,539	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.3
Midwest	1,013	1,011	946	924	996	929	921	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.1	3.4	3.1	3.1
West	923	923	870	950	944	902	834	3.2	3.2	3.0	3.3	3.3	3.1	2.9

¹ Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal

Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Wisconsin; **West:** Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming.

NOTE: The hires level is the number of hires during the entire month; the hires rate is the number of hires during the entire month as a percent of total employment. p = preliminary.

services, not shown separately.

3 Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia,

P = preliminary.

adjustment of the various series.

² Includes natural resources and mining, information, financial activities, and other services, not shown separately.

³ Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont; **South**: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia;

20. Total separations levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted

			Levels ¹	(in thou	ısands)						Percent			
Industry and region				2010							2010			
	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec. ^p	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec. ^p
Total ²	4,436	4,390	4,210	4,139	4,084	4,154	4,162	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.2
Industry														
Total private ²	3,884	3,940	3,796	3,761	3,798	3,834	3,842	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Construction	314	361	321	334	348	363	473	5.6	6.5	5.7	5.9	6.2	6.5	8.4
Manufacturing	260	271	279	261	279	293	257	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	874	855	814	813	802	832	768	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.1
Professional and business services	777	830	808	774	795	721	759	4.7	5.0	4.8	4.6	4.7	4.3	4.5
Education and health services	493	491	454	487	424	487	473	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.2	2.5	2.4
Leisure and hospitality	668	701	663	675	694	646	650	5.1	5.3	5.0	5.1	5.3	4.9	4.9
Government	552	450	414	378	286	319	320	2.4	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.4
Region ³														
Northeast	748	775	731	707	748	749	683	3.0	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	2.8
South	1,606	1,533	1,602	1,553	1,419	1,474	1,592	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.0	3.1	3.4
Midwest	981	1,018	930	984	914	923	936	3.3	3.4	3.1	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.2
West	928	929	889	910	868	882	866	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.0

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Wisconsin; West: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming.

NOTE: The total separations level is the number of total separations during the entire month; the total separations rate is the number of total separations during the entire month as a percent of total employment.

21. Quits levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted

			Levels ¹	(in thou	ısands)						Percent	:		
Industry and region				2010							2010			
	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec. ^p	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec. ^p
Total ²	1,951	1,974	1,998	1,983	1,997	1,921	1,991	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Industry														
Total private ²	1,819	1,855	1,881	1,860	1,889	1,814	1,884	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
Construction	67	72	81	85	81	67	68	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.2
Manufacturing	105	97	107	95	108	115	121	.9	.8	.9	.8	.9	1.0	1.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	443	451	425	452	417	435	404	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.6
Professional and business services	325	357	385	350	411	336	371	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.0	2.2
Education and health services	268	258	249	245	243	261	241	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.2
Leisure and hospitality	373	401	407	394	412	362	421	2.8	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.1	2.7	3.2
Government	131	119	117	124	108	107	106	.6	.5	.5	.6	.5	.5	.5
Region ³														
Northeast	341	318	333	271	288	279	312	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.3
South	796	749	791	804	777	755	824	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7
Midwest	438	475	452	410	481	436	481	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.6
West	437	404	425	411	420	387	400	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.4

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Wisconsin; West: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming.

NOTE: The quits level is the number of quits during the entire month; the quits rate is the number of quits during the entire month as a percent of total employment.

Includes natural resources and mining, information, financial activities, and other services, not shown separately.

³ Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia;

P= preliminary

Includes natural resources and mining, information, financial activities, and other services, not shown separately.

Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New

York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia;

p = preliminary

22. Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages: 10 largest counties, first quarter 2010.

	Establishments,	Emp	loyment	Average	weekly wage ¹	
County by NAICS supersector	first quarter 2010 (thousands)	March 2010 (thousands)	Percent change, March 2009-10 ²	First quarter 2010	Percent change first quarter 2009-10 ²	
Jnited States ³	9,043.6	126,281.7	-2.1	\$889	0.8	
Private industry		104,193.4	-2.5	890	1.0	
Natural resources and mining		1,615.4	-3.3	1,019	2.7	
Construction		5,192.5	-12.4	894	-1.3	
Manufacturing		11,343.0	-6.2	1,081	1.7	
Trade, transportation, and utilities		23,997.7	-2.4	727	7	
Information		2,707.0	-5.2	1,468	2.1	
Financial activities		7,380.6	-3.4	1,711	7.2	
Professional and business services		16,314.2	-1.2	1,153	2.0	
Education and health services		18,587.8	1.7	770	8	
Leisure and hospitality		12,534.9	-1.5	353	.6	
Other services		4,296.4	-1.5	540	4	
Government		22,088.3	1	883	2	
os Angeles, CA		3,863.3	-3.4	978	1.0	
Private industry		3,280.3	-3.4	958	1.2	
Natural resources and mining		10.1	-5.0	1,635	10.3	
Construction		104.6	-16.0	966	5	
Manufacturing		373.5	-6.6	1,080	1.8	
Trade, transportation, and utilities		720.9	-2.8	764	-1.0	
Information		190.6	-2.9	1,805	2.0	
Financial activities	22.5	208.0	-4.3	1,736	9.4	
Professional and business services		524.0	-3.6	1,178	1.1	
Education and health services		510.9	.7	859	8	
Leisure and hospitality		374.8	-2.9	520	.6	
Other services		248.6 583.0	-4.0 -3.1	421 1,093	7 .3	
ook, IL		2,311.0	-2.9	1,083	1	
Private industry		2,002.3	-3.1	1,088	5	
Natural resources and mining		.8	-7.1	840	5.7	
Construction		58.6	-15.8	1,289	-1.1	
Manufacturing		192.0	-6.4	1,028	1.5	
Trade, transportation, and utilities		420.1	-3.5	777	-2.0	
Information		51.1	-5.4	1,676	2.5	
Financial activities		189.0	-4.5	2,465	2.2	
Professional and business services		389.6	-2.8	1,417	.9	
Education and health services		389.0	.6	815	-2.7	
Leisure and hospitality		215.0	-1.3	402	5	
Other services		92.3 308.7	-3.7 -1.3	720 1,045	-1.5 2.2	
New York, NY		2,255.5	-1.7	2,404	11.9	
Private industry		1,806.6	-1.9	2,743	13.1	
Natural resources and mining		1	-15.7	2,233	7	
Construction		30.2	-13.2	1,532	3.7	
Manufacturing		26.4	-10.5	1,503	9.9	
Trade, transportation, and utilities		225.6	-2.2	1,175	3.8	
Information		127.6	-4.5	2,504	2.4	
Financial activities		341.6	-3.7	7,709	22.7	
Professional and business services		446.9	-3.2 2.1	2,422	10.9	
Education and health services		300.2	1.9	1,013 707	1.1	
Leisure and hospitality Other services		215.6 85.6	-3.2	1.174	18.1	
Government		448.9	8	1,045	2.8	
Private industry		1,970.8 1,704.4	-2.5 -3.1	1,168 1,204	2.2 2.6	
Natural resources and mining	1.6	71.7	-3.6	3,911	12.9	
Construction		133.4	-10.4	1,039	-1.1	
Manufacturing		167.1	-7.4	1,490	7.3	
Trade, transportation, and utilities		410.7	-2.9	1,084	1.4	
Information		28.7	-6.3	1,284	-2.1	
Financial activities		112.0	-3.5	1,645	7.7	
Professional and business services		310.1	-4.0	1,333	.2	
Education and health services		233.9	4.4	841	-1.4	
Leisure and hospitality		176.6	-1.6	381	1.9	
Other services		59.0	.2	617	-2.5	
Government		266.3	2.0	937	.9	
laricopa, AZ	95.1	1,606.6	-3.8	848	8	
Private industry		1,386.6	-4.0	854	.2	
Natural resources and mining		7.6	-11.6	971	13.7	
Construction		80.2	-20.7	866	-1.8	
Manufacturing		105.6	-9.1	1,272	3.3	
Trade, transportation, and utilities		331.0	-3.0	796	.0	
Information		27.0	-2.3	1,156	-2.4	
Financial activities		133.2	-3.1	1,176	2.5	
Professional and business services		258.1	-4.4	893	.0	
Education and health services		224.7	3.7	862	-1.3	
Leisure and hospitality		172.1	-3.6	403	1.3	
Other services		46.1	8	549	-2.3	
			-2.7		1	

See footnotes at end of table.

22. Continued—Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages: 10 largest counties, first quarter 2010.

	Establishments,	Emp	loyment	Average weekly wage ¹		
County by NAICS supersector	first quarter 2010 (thousands)	March 2010 (thousands)	Percent change, March 2009-10 ²	First quarter 2010	Percent change, first quarter 2009-10 ²	
Dallas. TX	67.7	1,392.8	-1.9	\$1,093	0.7	
Private industry	67.2	1,223.5	-2.3	1,113	.9	
Natural resources and mining	.6	7.8	.6	3,466	14.2	
Construction	4.2	66.6	-12.6	955	1.0	
Manufacturing	3.0	113.2	-8.2	1,271	(⁴)	
Trade, transportation, and utilities	14.8	276.3	-2.7	954	.1	
Information	1.6	45.1	-3.9	1,852	1.2	
	8.5					
Financial activities	6.5 14.8	135.6	(4)	1,729	(⁴)	
Professional and business services	6.9	253.2	6	1,228	5 4	
Education and health services Leisure and hospitality	5.5	161.5 125.3	4.4	919 487	-2.2	
				607	-2.2	
Other services	7.0 .5	38.0 169.3	.1	952	-2.7	
Orange, CA Private industry	101.6 100.2	1,342.8 1,194.0	-4.2 -4.2	1,001 976	1.2	
Natural resources and mining	.2	1,194.0	-4.2	524	-6.9	
Construction	6.5	66.4	-15.2	1,038	-3.3	
Manufacturing	5.0	149.3	-7.3	1,209	5.9	
Trade, transportation, and utilities	16.3	239.9	-3.7	896	7	
Information	1.3	25.1	-10.4	1,814	15.2	
Financial activities	9.9	103.3	(4)	1,579	5.5	
Professional and business services	18.5	235.4	(4)	1,132	.5	
Education and health services	10.1	154.5	1.2	852	-1.4	
Leisure and hospitality	7.0	162.4	-2.9	391	3.2	
Other services	20.5 1.4	47.5 148.8	-1.2 -3.8	502 1,197	-2.3 .8	
Government	1.4	140.0	-5.6	1,197	.0	
San Diego, CA	98.5	1,229.8	-2.8	930	6	
Private industry	97.2	1,004.0	-3.3	912	8	
Natural resources and mining	.7	9.8	-2.5	530	-2.6	
Construction	6.5	55.1	-14.3	982	.6	
Manufacturing	3.0	92.6	-6.2	1,354	3.3	
Trade, transportation, and utilities	13.7	192.9	-2.9	740	(4)	
Information	1.2	25.3	-5.9	1,423	1.9	
Financial activities	8.7	67.1	-4.0	1,233	-2.1	
Professional and business services	15.9	204.0	-4.0	1,260	.2	
Education and health services	8.3	146.2	1.5	844	6	
Leisure and hospitality	7.0	149.7	-1.6	381	-2.8	
Other services	27.9	57.0	-1.2	479	.4	
Government	1.3	225.8	6	1,010	7	
King, WA	79.0	1,098.9	-3.1	1,120	6	
Private industry	78.5	941.8	-3.7	1,129	5	
Natural resources and mining	.4	2.8	2.9	1,491	-5.0	
Construction	5.8	45.7	-19.4	1,112	-1.8	
Manufacturing	2.3	96.9	-6.8	1,383	1.2	
Trade, transportation, and utilities	14.4	199.1	-3.2	961	4	
Information	1.7	78.4	-3.2	2,136	.2	
Financial activities	6.5	64.6	-7.5	1,542	-2.3	
Professional and business services	13.5	170.1	-3.5	1,350	2.4	
Education and health services	6.7	130.2	2	857	1	
Leisure and hospitality	6.2	104.0	-1.4	434	2.6	
Other services	21.0	50.0	8.3	574	-4.5	
Government	.5	157.1	.6	1,066	8	
Miami-Dade, FL	84.8	947.4	-2.0	845	-1.3	
Private industry	84.4	801.0	-1.9	819	.4	
Natural resources and mining	.5	9.7	-5.7	379	-5.3	
Construction	5.5	31.7	-17.1	831	-2.7	
Manufacturing	2.6	34.6	-10.8	827	5.9	
Trade, transportation, and utilities	23.6	234.6	-1.3	763	3	
Information	1.5	17.7	-4.7	1,370	3.3	
Financial activities	9.2	60.6	-4.0	1,439	6.2	
Professional and business services	17.7	122.9	-1.8	988	.3	
Education and health services	9.6	148.2	2.1	792	9	
Leisure and hospitality	6.2	105.5	1.3	466	-1.7	
Other services	7.6	34.8	-1.4	519	-1.9	
Government	.4	146.4	-2.8	988	-7.9	
					1	

¹ Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

Virgin Islands.

NOTE: Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs. Data are preliminary.

 $^{^2}$ Percent changes were computed from quarterly employment and pay data adjusted for noneconomic county reclassifications. See Notes on Current Labor Statistics.

³ Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the

⁴ Data do not meet BLS or State agency disclosure standards.

23. Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages: by State, first quarter 2010.

	Establishments,	Empl	oyment	Average weekly wage ¹		
State	first quarter 2010 (thousands)	March 2010 (thousands)	Percent change, March 2009-10	First quarter 2010	Percent change first quarter 2009-10	
United States ²	9,043.6	126,281.7	-2.1	\$889	0.8	
Alabama	117.0	1,803.7	-2.1	737	.0	
Alaska	21.2	304.4	.2	878	9	
Arizona	148.9	2,373.3	-3.5	800	9	
Arkansas	86.0	1,133.6	-1.0	674	-2.9	
California	1,367.1	14,280.4	-3.0	1,003	.9	
Colorado	171.7	2,151.3	-2.7	912	1	
Connecticut	111.6	1,566.7	-3.2	1,206	1.3	
Delaware	28.5	388.4	-2.9	971	5	
District of Columbia	34.3	685.2	1.2	1,505	2.8	
Florida	595.5	7,162.0	-2.6	766	5	
Georgia	269.0	3,728.2	-2.6	837	.6	
Hawaii	39.3	585.6	-2.4	767	9	
daho	55.3	591.8	-1.6	634	6	
Ilinois	376.9	5,406.6	-2.6	946	4	
ndiana	160.2	2,666.1	-1.3	739	.0	
owa	94.0	1,410.0	-1.6	707	1	
Kansas	87.8	1,286.4	-2.9	718	1	
Kentucky	109.2	1,690.8	-1.1	712	.0	
_ouisiana	128.6	1,827.6	-2.1	762	-1.4	
Vaine	48.9	557.7	-2.1	691	-1. 4 .4	
Mandand	100.4	0.444.4	4.0	077	4.5	
Maryland	162.1	2,414.4	-1.6	977	1.5	
Massachusetts	216.7	3,071.0	-1.2	1,098	2	
Michigan	250.9	3,677.2	-2.3	815	-1.2	
Minnesota	168.8	2,493.9	-1.8	883	.2	
Mississippi	69.9	1,068.6	-1.8	633	.0	
Missouri	173.1	2,554.7	-2.4	762	9	
Montana	42.2	411.0	6	634	1.0	
Nebraska	59.4	880.4	-1.7	694	7	
Nevada	73.9	1,097.8	-4.6	780	-3.7	
New Hampshire	47.7	589.9	-1.7	833	6	
New Jersey	269.6	3,710.7	-1.5	1,121	1.8	
New Mexico	54.2	777.3	-2.0	716	8	
New York	586.1	8,239.4	-1.1	1,281	6.1	
North Carolina	250.8	3,752.2	-1.1	791	3.1	
		-, -				
North Dakota	25.8	347.2	1.5	684	2.5	
Ohio	285.3	4,806.4	-2.7	783	8	
Oklahoma	102.7	1,474.2	-3.0	705	4	
Oregon	130.3	1,570.1	-1.9	776	.5	
Pennsylvania	341.3	5,376.6	-1.3	858	3	
Rhode Island	35.1	437.1	-1.1	836	.7	
South Carolina	111.9	1,742.0	-1.9	692	1	
South Dakota	30.8	377.2	-1.4	634	.6	
Tennessee	139.9	2,535.5	-1.7	764	1.6	
Texas	569.5	10,101.3	-1.3	893	.8	
Jtah	82.7	1,135.8	-2.2	729	.3	
/ermont	24.3	288.6	-2.2	729	.s 4	
	24.3	3,489.1	-1.3	932	1.3	
/irginia						
Vashington	226.0	2,752.4	-2.2	899	4	
Vest Virginia	48.5	682.3	-1.1	693	-1.6	
Visconsin	156.8	2,565.5	-2.1	741	8	
Nyoming	25.0	262.2	-3.8	775	4	
Puerto Rico	49.2	943.4	-2.6	497	.0	
	3.6	44.9	.5	720	5.1	

¹ Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

NOTE: Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs. Data are preliminary.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

24. Annual data: Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, by ownership

Year	Average establishments	Average annual employment	Total annual wages (in thousands)	Average annual wage per employee	Average weekly wage
		Total co	overed (UI and UCFE)		
2000	7,879,116	129,877,063	\$4,587,708,584	\$35,323	\$679
2001	7,984,529	129,635,800	4,695,225,123	36,219	697
2002	8,101,872	128,233,919	4,714,374,741	36,764	707
2003	8,228,840	127,795,827	4,826,251,547	37,765	726
2004	8,364,795	129,278,176	5,087,561,796	39,354	757
2005	8,571,144	131,571,623	5,351,949,496	40,677	782
2006	8,784,027	133,833,834	5,692,569,465	42,535	818
2007	8,971,897	135,366,106	6,018,089,108	44,458	855
2008	9,082,049 9,003,197	134,805,659 128,607,842	6,142,159,200 5,859,232,422	45,563 45,559	876 876
			UI covered	15,533	
	7.000.004	407.005.574		405.077	0.75
2000	7,828,861	127,005,574	\$4,454,966,824	\$35,077	\$675
2001	7,933,536 8,051,117	126,883,182 125,475,293	4,560,511,280 4,570,787,218	35,943 36,428	691 701
2003	8,177,087	125,475,295	4,676,319,378	37,401	719
2004	8,312,729	126,538,579	4,929,262,369	38,955	749
2005	8,518,249	128,837,948	5,188,301,929	40,270	774
2006	8,731,111	131,104,860	5,522,624,197	42,124	810
2007	8,908,198	132,639,806	5,841,231,314	44,038	847
2008	9,017,717	132,043,604	5,959,055,276	45,129	868
2009	8,937,616	125,781,130	5,667,704,722	45,060	867
		Privat	te industry covered		
2000	7,622,274	110,015,333	\$3,887,626,769	\$35,337	\$680
2001	7,724,965	109,304,802	3,952,152,155	36,157	695
2002	7,839,903	107,577,281	3,930,767,025	36,539	703
2003	7,963,340	107,065,553	4,015,823,311	37,508	721
2004	8,093,142	108,490,066	4,245,640,890	39,134	753
2005	8,294,662	110,611,016	4,480,311,193	40,505	779
2006	8,505,496	112,718,858	4,780,833,389	42,414	816
2007	8,681,001	114,012,221	5,057,840,759	44,362	853
2008	8,789,360	113,188,643	5,135,487,891	45,371	873
2009	8,709,115	106,947,104	4,829,211,805	45,155	868
•		State o	government covered		
2000	65,096	4,370,160	\$158,618,365	\$36,296	\$698
2001	64,583	4,452,237	168,358,331	37,814	727
2002	64,447	4,485,071	175,866,492	39,212	754
2003	64,467	4,481,845	179,528,728	40,057	770
2004	64,544	4,484,997	184,414,992	41,118	791
2005	66,278	4,527,514	191,281,126	42,249	812
2006 2007	66,921	4,565,908	200,329,294	43,875	844
2008	67,381 67,675	4,611,395 4,642,650	211,677,002 222,754,925	45,903 47,980	883 923
2009	67,075	4,639,715	226,148,903	48,742	937
		Local	overnment covered		
0000	444.404			#20.007	#000
2000	141,491	12,620,081	\$408,721,690	\$32,387	\$623 645
2001	143,989 146,767	13,126,143 13,412,941	440,000,795 464,153,701	33,521 34,605	645 665
2003	140,767	13,484,153	480,967,339	35,669	686
2004	155,043	13,563,517	499,206,488	36,805	708
2005	157,309	13,699,418	516,709,610	37,718	725
2006	158,695	13,820,093	541,461,514	39,179	753
2007	159,816	14,016,190	571,713,553	40,790	784
2008	160,683	14,212,311	600,812,461	42,274	813
2009	161,427	14,194,311	612,344,014	43,140	830
		Federal gov	vernment covered (UCF	E)	
2000	50,256	2,871,489	\$132,741,760	\$46,228	\$889
2001	50,993	2,752,619	134,713,843	48,940	941
2002	50,755	2,758,627	143,587,523	52,050	1,001
2003	51,753	2,764,275	149,932,170	54,239	1,043
2004	52,066	2,739,596	158,299,427	57,782	1,111
2005	52,895	2,733,675	163,647,568	59,864	1,151
2006	52,916	2,728,974	169,945,269	62,274	1,198
	63,699	2,726,300	176,857,794	64,871	1,248
	64.000	2 702 055			
2007 2008 2009	64,332 65,581	2,762,055 2,826,713	183,103,924 191,527,700	66,293 67,756	1,275 1,303

NOTE: Data are final. Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

25. Annual data: Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, establishment size and employment, private ownership, by supersector, first quarter 2009

					Size	of establishn	nments				
Industry, establishments, and employment	Total	Fewer than 5 workers ¹	5 to 9 workers	10 to 19 workers	20 to 49 workers	50 to 99 workers	100 to 249 workers	250 to 499 workers	500 to 999 workers	1,000 or more workers	
Total all industries ² Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	8,673,470	5,396,379	1,372,066	917,124	619,710	208,342	116,230	28,460	10,018	5,141	
	106,811,928	7,655,167	9,090,916	12,402,665	18,661,722	14,311,905	17,267,316	9,739,523	6,812,850	10,869,864	
Natural resources and mining Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	125,678	71,920	23,395	14,867	9,674	3,218	1,798	557	189	60	
	1,671,238	114,506	154,613	200,225	290,721	219,346	272,879	190,717	127,225	101,006	
Construction Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	841,895	593,637	117,797	69,486	42,421	12,009	5,208	1,004	254	79	
	5,927,257	750,065	771,369	934,164	1,265,441	817,103	768,721	335,349	170,276	114,769	
Manufacturing Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	353,643	145,720	59,845	52,049	48,545	22,752	16,627	5,187	1,972	946	
	12,092,961	244,232	401,010	715,491	1,510,229	1,588,920	2,528,984	1,779,448	1,333,297	1,991,350	
Trade, transportation, and utilities Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	1,894,905	1,033,036	375,292	246,643	148,518	49,772	32,487	7,193	1,500	464	
	24,586,392	1,677,443	2,499,579	3,315,288	4,451,666	3,466,697	4,754,309	2,475,362	986,198	959,850	
Information Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	146,483	86,433	20,709	15,824	13,049	5,437	3,310	1,046	458	217	
	2,855,390	116,231	137,955	215,809	401,856	374,575	498,814	363,892	311,123	435,135	
Financial activities Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	841,782	557,483	151,027	76,069	37,169	11,153	5,768	1,759	907	447	
	7,643,521	858,488	993,689	1,001,354	1,107,323	763,190	864,862	608,781	630,533	815,301	
Professional and business services Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	1,517,365	1,055,297	196,348	124,698	83,581	30,884	18,369	5,326	2,047	815	
	16,516,273	1,410,994	1,290,519	1,682,005	2,542,519	2,131,798	2,769,134	1,819,751	1,394,329	1,475,224	
Education and health services Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	858,136	417,186	184,310	120,602	78,973	28,774	20,050	4,427	1,976	1,838	
	18,268,572	733,986	1,225,826	1,623,193	2,380,692	2,002,526	3,016,357	1,503,953	1,376,575	4,405,464	
Leisure and hospitality Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	733,354	283,960	124,005	140,576	133,542	38,935	9,942	1,532	603	259	
	12,723,443	448,520	837,732	1,973,561	4,006,199	2,578,345	1,402,865	518,812	411,444	545,965	
Other services Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	1,193,934	988,947	116,718	55,617	24,052	5,381	2,663	428	112	16	
	4,361,271	1,168,997	762,081	732,752	699,997	367,591	389,163	143,040	71,850	25,800	

¹ Includes establishments that reported no workers in March 2009.

 $^{2}\,$ Includes data for unclassified establishments, not shown separately.

NOTE: Data are final. Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

26. Average annual wages for 2008 and 2009 for all covered workers $\mbox{^{\sc i}}$ by metropolitan area

	Average annual wages ³				
Metropolitan area ²	2008	2009	Percent change, 2008-09		
Metropolitan areas4	\$47,194	\$47,127	-0.1		
Abilene, TX	32,649	32,807	0.5		
Aguadilla-Isabela-San Sebastian, PR	20,714	21,887	5.7		
Akron, OH	40,376	40,447	0.2		
Albany, GA	34,314	35,160	2.5		
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY Albuquerque, NM Alexandria, LA Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ Altoona, PA	43,912	44,859	2.2		
	39,342	40,301	2.4		
	34,783	35,446	1.9		
	42,500	42,577	0.2		
	32,986	33,827	2.5		
umarillo, TX umes, IA unchorage, AK	38,215	37,938	-0.7		
	38,558	39,301	1.9		
	46,935	48,345	3.0		
Anderson, IN Anderson, SC Ann Arbor, MI Anniston-Oxford, AL Appleton, WI Sibeville, NC	31,326	31,363	0.1		
	32,322	32,599	0.9		
	48,987	48,925	-0.1		
	36,227	36,773	1.5		
	37,522	37,219	-0.8		
sheville, NCthens-Clarke County, GAttanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA	34,070	34,259	0.6		
	35,503	35,948	1.3		
	48,064	48,156	0.2		
Atlantic City, NJ Auburn-Opelika, AL Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC Austin-Round Rock, TX Bakersfield, CA Baltimore-Towson, MD Bangor, ME Barnstable Town, MA Batton Rouge, LA Battle Creek, MI	40,337 32,651 38,068 47,355 39,476 48,438 33,829 38,839 41,961 42,782	39,810 33,367 38,778 47,183 40,046 49,214 34,620 38,970 42,677 43,555	-1.3 2.2 1.9 -0.4 1.4 1.6 2.3 0.3 1.7		
Bay City, MI Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX Bellingham, WA Bend, OR Billings, MT Birghamton, NY Birmingham-Hoover, AL Bismarck, ND Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA Bloomington, IN	36,489 43,302 35,864 35,044 36,155 37,731 43,651 35,389 35,272 33,220	36,940 43,224 36,757 35,336 36,660 38,200 43,783 36,082 35,344 33,828	1.2 -0.2 2.5 0.8 1.4 1.2 0.3 2.0 0.2		
cloomington-Normal, IL Loise City-Nampa, ID Looston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH Looulder, CO Lowling Green, KY Litermerton-Silverdale, WA Litridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT Litrownsville-Harlingen, TX Litrunswick, GA Luffalo-Niagara Falls, NY	43,918	44,925	2.3		
	37,315	37,410	0.3		
	61,128	60,549	-0.9		
	53,455	52,433	-1.9		
	34,861	34,824	-0.1		
	40,421	42,128	4.2		
	80,018	77,076	-3.7		
	28,342	28,855	1.8		
	34,458	34,852	1.1		
	38,984	39,218	0.6		
Burlington, NC Burlington-South Burlington, VT Canton-Massillon, OH Cape Coral-Fort Myers, FL Carson City, NV Casper, WY Cedar Rapids, IA Champaign-Urbana, IL Charleston, WV Charleston-North Charleston, SC	34,283	33,094	-3.5		
	43,559	44,101	1.2		
	34,897	34,726	-0.5		
	37,866	37,641	-0.6		
	43,858	44,532	1.5		
	43,851	42,385	-3.3		
	42,356	41,874	-1.1		
	37,408	38,478	2.9		
	40,442	41,436	2.5		
	38,035	38,766	1.9		
charlotte-Gastonia-Concord, NC-SC charlottesville, VA chattanooga, TN-GA cheyenne, WY chicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL-IN-WI chico, CA cincinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN larksville, TN-KY cleveland, TN cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH	47,332	46,291	-2.2		
	41,777	42,688	2.2		
	37,258	37,839	1.6		
	37,452	38,378	2.5		
	51,775	51,048	-1.4		
	34,310	35,179	2.5		
	43,801	44,012	0.5		
	32,991	33,282	0.9		
	35,010	35,029	0.1		
	43,467	43,256	-0.5		
Coeur d'Alene, ID College Station-Bryan, TX Colorado Springs, CO Columbia, MO Columbia, SC Columbia, SC Columbus, GA-AL Columbus, IN Columbus, OH Corpus Christi, TX Corvallis, OR	31,353	31,513	0.5		
	33,967	34,332	1.1		
	40,973	41,885	2.2		
	34,331	35,431	3.2		
	37,514	38,314	2.1		
	35,067	35,614	1.6		
	42,610	41,540	-2.5		
	43,533	43,877	0.8		
	38,771	38,090	-1.8		
	42,343	42,700	0.8		

See footnotes at end of table.

26. Continued — Average annual wages for 2008 and 2009 for all covered workers $\,$ by metropolitan area

	Avera	age annual w	rages3
Metropolitan area ²	2008	2009	Percent change, 2008-09
Cumberland, MD-WV Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX Dalton, GA Danville, IL Danville, IL Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA-IL Dayton, OH Decatur, AL Decatur, IL Deltona-Daytona Beach-Ormond Beach, FL	\$32,583	\$33,409	2.5
	50,331	49,965	-0.7
	34,403	35,024	1.8
	35,602	35,552	-0.1
	30,580	30,778	0.6
	40,425	40,790	0.9
	40,824	40,972	0.4
	36,855	37,145	0.8
	42,012	41,741	-0.6
	32,938	33,021	0.3
Denver-Aurora, CO Des Moines, IA Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI Dothan, AL Dover, DE Dubuque, IA Duluth, MN-WI Durham, NC Eau Claire, WI EI Centro, CA	51,270	51,733	0.9
	43,918	44,073	0.4
	50,081	48,821	-2.5
	32,965	33,888	2.8
	36,375	37,039	1.8
	35,656	35,665	0.0
	36,307	36,045	-0.7
	53,700	54,857	2.2
	33,549	34,186	1.9
	33,239	34,220	3.0
Elizabethtown, KY Elkhart-Goshen, IN Elmira, NY El Paso, TX Erie, PA Eugene-Springfield, OR Evansville, IN-KY Fairbanks, AK Fajardo, PR Fargo, ND-MN	33,728 35,858 36,984 31,837 35,992 35,380 38,304 44,225 22,984 36,745	34,970 35,823 36,995 32,665 35,995 35,497 38,219 45,328 23,467 37,309	3.7 -0.1 0.0 2.6 0.0 0.3 -0.2 2.5 2.1
Farmington, NM Fayetteville, NC Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR-MO Flagstaff, AZ Flint, MI Florence, SC Florence-Muscle Shoals, AL Fond du Lac, WI Fort Collins-Loveland, CO Fort Smith, AR-OK	41,155	40,437	-1.7
	34,619	35,755	3.3
	39,025	40,265	3.2
	35,353	36,050	2.0
	39,206	38,682	-1.3
	34,841	35,509	1.9
	32,088	32,471	1.2
	36,166	35,667	-1.4
	40,154	40,251	0.2
	32,130	32,004	-0.4
Fort Walton Beach-Crestview-Destin, FL Fort Wayne, IN Fresno, CA Gadsden, AL Gainesville, FL Gainesville, GA Glens Falls, NY Goldsboro, NC Grand Forks, ND-MN Grand Junction, CO	36,454	37,823	3.8
	36,806	37,038	0.6
	36,038	36,427	1.1
	31,718	32,652	2.9
	37,282	38,863	4.2
	37,929	37,924	0.0
	34,531	35,215	2.0
	30,607	30,941	1.1
	32,207	33,455	3.9
	39,246	38,450	-2.0
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, MI Great Falls, MT Greeley, CO Green Bay, WI Greensboro-High Point, NC Greenville, NC Greenville, SC Guayama, PR Gulfport-Biloxi, MS Hagerstown-Martinsburg, MD-WV	39,868	40,341	1.2
	31,962	32,737	2.4
	38,700	37,656	-2.7
	39,247	39,387	0.4
	37,919	38,020	0.3
	34,672	35,542	2.5
	37,592	37,921	0.9
	27,189	28,415	4.5
	35,700	36,251	1.5
	36,472	36,459	0.0
Hanford-Corcoran, CA Harrisburg-Carlisle, PA Harrisonburg, VA Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT Hattiesburg, MS Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC Hinesville-Fort Stewart, GA Holland-Grand Haven, MI Honolulu, HI Hot Springs, AR	35,374	35,402	0.1
	42,330	43,152	1.9
	34,197	34,814	1.8
	54,446	54,534	0.2
	31,629	32,320	2.2
	32,810	32,429	-1.2
	33,854	35,032	3.5
	37,953	37,080	-2.3
	42,090	42,814	1.7
	29,042	29,414	1.3
Houma-Bayou Cane-Thibodaux, LA Houston-Baytown-Sugar Land, TX Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH Huntsville, AL Idaho Falls, ID Indianapolis, IN Iowa City, IA Ithaca, NY Jackson, MI Jackson, MS	44,345 55,407 35,717 47,427 30,485 43,128 39,070 41,689 38,672 36,730	44,264 54,779 36,835 49,240 30,875 43,078 39,703 42,779 38,635 37,118	-0.2 -1.1 3.1 3.8 1.3 -0.1 1.6 2.6 -0.1

26. Continued — Average annual wages for 2008 and 2009 for all covered workers $\mbox{}^{\mbox{\tiny !}}$ by metropolitan area

	Avera	age annual w	ages ³
Metropolitan area ²	2008	2009	Percent change, 2008-09
Jackson, TN	\$35,975	\$35,959	0.0
	41,524	41,804	0.7
	27,893	29,006	4.0
	36,906	36,652	-0.7
	33,766	34,474	2.1
	32,759	33,949	3.6
	32,464	33,238	2.4
	31,532	31,793	0.8
	32,156	32,741	1.8
	40,333	40,044	-0.7
Kankakee-Bradley, IL Kansas City, MO-KS Kennewick-Richland-Pasco, WA Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood, TX Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, TN-VA Kingston, NY Knoxville, TN Kokomo, IN La Crosse, WI-MN Lafayette, IN	34,451	34,539	0.3
	44,155	44,331	0.4
	41,878	43,705	4.4
	34,299	35,674	4.0
	37,260	37,234	-0.1
	35,883	36,325	1.2
	38,912	39,353	1.1
	44,117	42,248	-4.2
	34,078	34,836	2.2
	37,832	38,313	1.3
Lafayette, LA Lake Charles, LA Lakeland, FL Lancaster, PA Lansing-East Lansing, MI Laredo, TX Las Cruces, NM Las Vegas-Paradise, NV Lawrence, KS Lawton, OK	42,748	42,050	-1.6
	39,982	39,263	-1.8
	35,195	35,485	0.8
	38,127	38,328	0.5
	42,339	42,764	1.0
	29,572	29,952	1.3
	32,894	34,264	4.2
	43,120	42,674	-1.0
	32,313	32,863	1.7
	32,258	33,206	2.9
Lebanon, PA Lewiston, ID-WA Lewiston-Auburn, ME Lexington-Fayette, KY Lima, OH Lincoln, NE Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR Logan, UT-ID Longview, TX Longview, WA	33,900 32,783 34,396 40,034 35,381 35,834 38,902 29,392 38,902 37,806	34,416 32,850 34,678 40,446 36,224 36,281 40,331 29,608 38,215 38,300	1.5 0.2 0.8 1.0 2.4 1.2 3.7 0.7 -1.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA Louisville, KY-IN Lubbock, TX Lubbock, TX Lynchburg, VA Macon, GA Madera, CA Madera, CA Madison, WI Manchester-Nashua, NH Mansfield, OH Mayaguez, PR	51,520	51,344	-0.3
	40,596	41,101	1.2
	33,867	34,318	1.3
	35,207	35,503	0.8
	34,823	35,718	2.6
	34,405	34,726	0.9
	42,623	42,861	0.6
	50,629	49,899	-1.4
	33,946	33,256	-2.0
	22,394	23,634	5.5
McAllen-Edinburg-Pharr, TX Medford, OR Memphis, TN-MS-AR Merced, CA Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Miami Beach, FL Michigan City-La Porte, IN Midland, TX Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI Missoula, MT	28,498	29,197	2.5
	33,402	34,047	1.9
	43,124	43,318	0.4
	33,903	34,284	1.1
	44,199	44,514	0.7
	33,507	33,288	-0.7
	50,116	47,557	-5.1
	44,462	44,446	0.0
	51,044	50,107	-1.8
	33,414	33,869	1.4
Mobile, AL Modesto, CA Monroe, LA Monroe, MI Morgantown, VL Morgantown, TN Mount Vernon-Anacortes, WA Muncie, IN Muskegon-Norton Shores, MI	38,180	39,295	2.9
	37,867	38,657	2.1
	32,796	33,765	3.0
	41,849	41,055	-1.9
	37,552	38,441	2.4
	37,082	38,637	4.2
	32,858	32,903	0.1
	36,230	37,098	2.4
	32,420	32,822	1.2
	36,033	35,654	-1.1
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, SC Napa, CA Naples-Marco Island, FL Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro, TN New Haven-Milford, CT New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-PA Niles-Benton Harbor, MI Norwich-New London, CT Ocala, FL	28,450 45,061 40,178 43,964 48,239 45,108 66,548 38,814 46,727 32,579	28,132 45,174 39,808 43,811 48,681 45,121 63,773 39,097 47,245 32,724	-1.1 0.3 -0.9 -0.3 0.9 0.0 -4.2 0.7 1.1

26. Continued — Average annual wages for 2008 and 2009 for all covered workers $\mbox{^{:}}$ by metropolitan area

	Avera	age annual w	ages3
Metropolitan area ²	2008	2009	Percent change, 2008-09
Ocean City, NJ Odessa, TX Odessa, TX Ogden-Clearfield, UT Oklahoma City, OK Olympia, WA Omaha-Council Bluffs, NE-IA Orlando, FL Oshkosh-Neenah, WI Owensboro, KY Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA	\$33,529	\$33,477	-0.2
	44,316	42,295	-4.6
	34,778	35,562	2.3
	39,363	39,525	0.4
	40,714	41,921	3.0
	40,097	40,555	1.1
	39,322	39,225	-0.2
	41,781	41,300	-1.2
	34,956	35,264	0.9
	46,490	47,066	1.2
Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville, FL Panama City-Lynn Haven, FL Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH Pascagoula, MS Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent, FL Peoria, IL Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ Pitisburgh, PA	42,089	43,111	2.4
	34,361	34,857	1.4
	35,102	35,650	1.6
	42,734	43,509	1.8
	34,829	35,683	2.5
	44,562	44,747	0.4
	51,814	52,237	0.8
	44,482	44,838	0.8
	34,106	34,588	1.4
	44,124	44,234	0.2
Pittsfield, MA Pocatello, ID Ponce, PR Portland-South Portland-Biddeford, ME Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton, OR-WA Port St. Lucie-Fort Pierce, FL Poughkeepsie-Newburgh-Middletown, NY Prescott, AZ Providence-New Bedford-Fall River, RI-MA Provo-Orem, UT	38,957	38,690	-0.7
	30,608	30,690	0.3
	21,818	22,556	3.4
	39,711	40,012	0.8
	45,326	45,544	0.5
	36,174	36,130	-0.1
	42,148	43,054	2.1
	33,004	32,927	-0.2
	42,141	42,428	0.7
	35,516	35,695	0.5
Pueblo, CO Punta Gorda, FL Racine, WI Raleigh-Cary, NC Rapid City, SD Reading, PA Redding, CA Reno-Sparks, NV Richmond, VA Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	34,055	34,889	2.4
	32,927	32,563	-1.1
	41,232	40,623	-1.5
	43,912	44,016	0.2
	32,227	32,821	1.8
	40,691	41,083	1.0
	35,655	35,912	0.7
	42,167	42,232	0.2
	45,244	44,960	-0.6
	38,617	38,729	0.3
Roanoke, VA Rochester, MN Rochester, NY Rockford, IL Rocky Mount, NC Rome, GA SacramentoArden-ArcadeRoseville, CA Saginaw-Saginaw Township North, MI St. Cloud, MN St. George, UT	36,475	37,153	1.9
	46,196	46,999	1.7
	41,728	41,761	0.1
	39,210	38,843	-0.9
	33,110	33,613	1.5
	35,229	35,913	1.9
	47,924	48,204	0.6
	37,549	38,009	1.2
	35,069	35,883	2.3
	29,291	29,608	1.1
St. Joseph, MO-KS St. Louis, MO-IL Salem, OR Salinsa, CA Salisbury, MD Salt Lake City, UT San Angelo, TX San Antonio, TX San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA Sandusky, OH	32,651	33,555	2.8
	45,419	44,080	-2.9
	34,891	35,691	2.3
	40,235	40,258	0.1
	35,901	36,396	1.4
	41,628	42,613	2.4
	32,852	33,043	0.6
	38,876	39,596	1.9
	49,079	49,240	0.3
	33,760	33,117	-1.9
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA San German-Cabo Rojo, PR San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA San Juan-Caguas-Guaynabo, PR San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles, CA Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Goleta, CA Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA Santa Fe, NM Santa Petalluma, CA Santa San-Petalluma, CA Sarasota-Bradenton-Venice, FL	65,100 19,875 80,063 26,839 38,134 42,617 41,471 38,646 43,757 36,781	65,367 20,452 79,609 27,620 38,913 43,257 40,880 39,536 43,274 36,856	0.4 2.9 -0.6 2.9 2.0 1.5 -1.4 2.3 -1.1
Savannah, GA Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA Sheboygan, WI Sherman-Denison, TX Shreveport-Bossier City, LA Sioux City, IA-NE-SD Sioux Falls, SD South Bend-Mishawaka, IN-MI Spartanburg, SC	37,846	38,343	1.3
	34,902	35,404	1.4
	53,667	54,650	1.8
	37,834	38,114	0.7
	36,081	36,151	0.2
	36,308	36,706	1.1
	34,326	34,087	-0.7
	36,982	37,562	1.6
	37,654	37,811	0.4
	39,313	39,104	-0.5

26. Continued — Average annual wages for 2008 and 2009 for all covered workers $^{\mbox{\tiny 1}}$ by metropolitan area

	Avera	age annual w	ages ³
Metropolitan area ²	2008	2009	Percent change, 2008-09
Spokane, WA Springfield, IL Springfield, MA Springfield, MO Springfield, OH State College, PA Stockton, CA Sumter, SC Syracuse, NY Tallahassee, FL	\$36,792 44,416 40,969 32,971 33,158 38,050 39,075 30,842 40,554 37,433	\$38,112 45,602 41,248 33,615 33,725 38,658 39,274 31,074 41,141 38,083	3.6 2.7 0.7 2.0 1.7 1.6 0.5 0.8 1.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL Terre Haute, IN Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR Toledo, OH Topeka, KS Trenton-Ewing, NJ Tucson, AZ Tulsa, OK Tuscaloosa, AL Tyler, TX	33,562 35,002 39,686 36,714 60,135	41,480 33,470 35,288 39,098 37,651 59,313 40,071 40,108 38,309 38,845	2.4 -0.3 0.8 -1.5 2.6 -1.4 0.2 -0.2 0.9 0.1
Utica-Rome, NY Valdosta, GA Vallejo-Fairfield, CA Vero Beach, FL Victoria, TX Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC Visalia-Porterville, CA Waco, TX Warner Robins, GA	29,288 45,264 36,557 39,888 40,709 38,696	35,492 29,661 47,287 35,937 38,608 41,145 39,614 32,125 36,731 41,820	1.6 1.3 4.5 -1.7 -3.2 1.1 2.4 0.3 2.9 3.4
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA Wausau, WI Weirton-Steubenville, WV-OH Wenatchee, WA Wheeling, WV-OH Wichita, KS Wichita Falls, TX Williamsport, PA Willmington, NC	34,185 33,340	64,032 37,919 36,344 34,113 31,200 33,583 40,138 33,698 34,188 36,204	2.2 1.5 -0.4 -3.5 1.5 2.0 -0.7 -1.4 2.5 2.6
Winchester, VA-WV Winston-Salem, NC Worcester, MA Yakima, WA Yauco, PR York-Hanover, PA Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, OH-PA Yuba City, CA Yuma, AZ	37,035 39,770 45,955 30,821 19,821 39,379 34,403 36,538 31,351	38,127 39,874 45,743 31,366 20,619 39,798 33,704 37,289 32,474	2.9 0.3 -0.5 1.8 4.0 1.1 -2.0 2.1 3.6

¹ Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

 $^{^2}$ Includes data for Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA) as defined by OMB Bulletin No. 04-03 as of February 18, 2004.

³ Each year's total is based on the MSA definition for the specific year. Annual changes include differences resulting from changes in MSA definitions.

 $^{^{\}rm 4}$ Totals do not include the six MSAs within Puerto Rico.

27. Annual data: Employment status of the population

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status	2000 ¹	2001 ¹	2002 ¹	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Civilian noninstitutional population	212,577	215,092	217,570	221,168	223,357	226,082	228,815	231,867	233,788	235,801	237,830
Civilian labor force	142,583	143,734	144,863	146,510	147,401	149,320	151,428	153,124	154,287	154,142	153,889
Labor force participation rate	67.1	66.8	66.6	66.2	66.0	66.0	66.2	66.0	66.0	65.4	64.7
Employed	136,891	136,933	136,485	137,736	139,252	141,730	144,427	146,047	145,362	139,877	139,064
Employment-population ratio	64.4	63.7	62.7	62.3	62.3	62.7	63.1	63.0	62.2	59.3	58.5
Unemployed	5,692	6,801	8,378	8,774	8,149	7,591	7,001	7,078	8,924	14,265	14,825
Unemployment rate	4.0	4.7	5.8	6.0	5.5	5.1	4.6	4.6	5.8	9.3	9.6
Not in the labor force	69,994	71,359	72,707	74,658	75,956	76,762	77,387	78,743	79,501	81,659	83,941

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years.

28. Annual data: Employment levels by industry

[In thousands]

[in thousands]		1								1	
Industry	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Total private employment	110,995	110,708	108,828	108,416	109,814	111,899	114,113	115,380	114,281	108,371	107,791
Total nonfarm employment	131,785	131,826	130,341	129,999	131,435	133,703	136,086	137,598	136,790	130,920	130,262
Goods-producing	24,649	23,873	22,557	21,816	21,882	22,190	22,531	22,233	21,334	18,620	17,987
Natural resources and mining	599	606	583	572	591	628	684	724	767	700	729
Construction	6,787	6,826	6,716	6,735	6,976	7,336	7,691	7,630	7,162	6,037	5,614
Manufacturing	17,263	16,441	15,259	14,510	14,315	14,226	14,155	13,879	13,406	11,883	11,644
Private service-providing	86,346	86,834	86,271	86,600	87,932	89,709	91,582	93,147	92,947	89,751	89,804
Trade, transportation, and utilities	26,225	25,983	25,497	25,287	25,533	25,959	26,276	26,630	26,293	24,949	24,763
Wholesale trade	5,933	5,773	5,652	5,608	5,663	5,764	5,905	6,015	5,943	5,625	5,586
Retail trade	15,280	15,239	15,025	14,917	15,058	15,280	15,353	15,520	15,283	14,528	14,444
Transportation and warehousing	4,410	4,372	4,224	4,185	4,249	4,361	4,470	4,541	4,508	4,235	4,178
Utilities	601	599	596	577	564	554	549	553	559	561	555
Information	3,630	3,629	3,395	3,188	3,118	3,061	3,038	3,032	2,984	2,807	2,723
Financial activities	7,687	7,808	7,847	7,977	8,031	8,153	8,328	8,301	8,145	7,758	7,597
Professional and business services	16,666	16,476	15,976	15,987	16,394	16,954	17,566	17,942	17,735	16,580	16,697
Education and health services	15,109	15,645	16,199	16,588	16,953	17,372	17,826	18,322	18,838	19,191	19,560
Leisure and hospitality	11,862	12,036	11,986	12,173	12,493	12,816	13,110	13,427	13,436	13,102	13,112
Other services	5,168	5,258	5,372	5,401	5,409	5,395	5,438	5,494	5,515	5,364	5,353
Government	20,790	21,118	21,513	21,583	21,621	21,804	21,974	22,218	22,509	22,549	22,471

29. Annual data: Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls, by industry

Industry	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Private sector:											
Average weekly hours	34.3	34.0	33.9	33.7	33.7	33.8	33.9	33.9	33.6	33.1	33.4
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	14.0	14.5	15.0	15.4	15.7	16.1	16.8	17.4	18.1	18.6	19.0
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	481.0	493.8	506.8	518.1	529.1	544.3	567.9	590.0	608.0	617.1	636.2
Goods-producing:	40.7	00.0	00.0	00.0	40.0	40.4	40.5	40.0	40.0	00.0	40.4
Average weekly hours	40.7	39.9 15.8	39.9	39.8	40.0 17.2	40.1 17.6	40.5	40.6 18.7	40.2 19.3	39.2 19.9	40.4 20.3
Average weekly cornings (in dollars)	15.3 621.9	630.0	16.3 651.6	16.8 669.1	688.1	705.3	18.0 730.2	757.3	776.7	779.8	20.3 818.7
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	021.9	630.0	031.0	009.1	000.1	700.3	730.2	131.3	110.1	119.0	010.7
Natural resources and mining Average weekly hours	44.4	44.6	43.2	43.6	44.5	45.6	45.6	45.9	45.1	43.3	44.6
Average weekly flours	16.6	17.0	17.2	17.6	18.1	18.7	19.9	21.0	22.5	23.3	23.8
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	734.9	757.9	742.0	765.9	803.8	853.7	908.0	962.6	1014.7	1007.9	1062.7
Construction:		7 07 10	2.0	7 00.0	000.0	000	000.0	002.0			.002
Average weekly hours	39.2	38.7	38.4	38.4	38.3	38.6	39.0	39.0	38.5	37.6	38.4
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	17.5	18.0	18.5	19.0	19.2	19.5	20.0	21.0	21.9	22.7	23.3
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	685.8	695.9	711.8	726.8	735.6	750.2	781.2	816.7	842.6	852.5	894.1
Manufacturing:											
Average weekly hours	41.3	40.3	40.5	40.4	40.8	40.7	41.1	41.2	40.8	39.8	41.1
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	14.3	14.8	15.3	15.7	16.1	16.6	16.8	17.3	17.8	18.2	18.6
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	590.8	595.2	618.8	636.0	658.5	673.3	691.0	711.6	724.5	725.9	763.0
Private service-providing:											
Average weekly hours	32.7	32.5	32.5	32.3	32.3	32.4	32.5	32.4	32.3	32.1	32.2
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	13.6	14.2	14.6	15.0	15.3	15.7	16.4	17.1	17.8	18.4	18.8
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	445.7	461.1	473.8	484.7	494.2	509.6	532.8	554.9	574.4	588.1	605.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities:	22.0	22.5	22.0	22.0	22.5	22.4	22.4	22.2	22.2	22.0	22.2
Average weekly hours Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	33.8 13.3	33.5 13.7	33.6 14.0	33.6 14.3	33.5 14.6	33.4 14.9	33.4 15.4	33.3 15.8	33.2 16.2	32.9 16.5	33.3 16.9
	449.9	459.5	471.3	481.1	488.4	498.4	514.3	526.1	536.1	542.4	562.3
Average weekly earnings (in dollars) Wholesale trade:	449.9	409.0	4/1.3	401.1	400.4	490.4	314.3	320.1	330.1	342.4	302.3
Average weekly hours	38.8	38.4	38.0	37.9	37.8	37.7	38.0	38.2	38.2	37.6	37.9
Average weekly flours	16.3	16.8	17.0	17.4	17.7	18.2	18.9	19.6	20.1	20.9	21.5
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	631.4	643.5	644.4	657.3	667.1	685.0	718.6	748.9	769.6	784.8	817.0
Retail trade:	00111	0.0.0	0	007.0	00111	000.0	7 10.0	7 10.0	. 00.0	701.0	01110
Average weekly hours	30.7	30.7	30.9	30.9	30.7	30.6	30.5	30.2	30.0	29.9	30.2
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	10.9	11.3	11.7	11.9	12.1	12.4	12.6	12.8	12.9	13.0	13.3
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	631.4	643.5	644.4	657.3	667.1	685.0	718.6	748.9	769.6	784.8	817.0
Transportation and warehousing:											
Average weekly hours	37.4	36.7	36.8	36.8	37.2	37.0	36.9	37.0	36.4	36.0	37.2
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	15.1	15.3	15.8	16.3	16.5	16.7	17.3	17.7	18.4	18.8	19.2
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	562.3	562.7	579.9	598.4	615.0	618.6	637.0	655.0	670.4	677.4	713.8
Utilities:											
Average weekly hours	42.0	41.4	40.9	41.1	40.9	41.1	41.4	42.4	42.7	42.1	42.2
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	22.8	23.6	24.0	24.8	25.6	26.7	27.4	27.9	28.8	29.6	30.4
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	955.7	977.2	979.1	1017.3	1048.4	1095.9	1135.3	1182.7	1230.7	1243.8	1279.6
Information:											
Average weekly hours	36.8	36.9	36.5	36.2	36.3	36.5	36.6	36.5	36.7	36.6	36.4
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	19.1	19.8	20.2	21.0	21.4	22.1	23.2	24.0	24.8	25.5	25.9
Average weekly earnings (in dollars) Financial activities:	700.9	730.9	737.8	760.5	777.3	805.1	850.4	874.7	909.0	931.9	941.7
	05.0	05.0	05.0	05.5	05.5	05.0	05.7	05.0	05.0	00.4	00.4
Average weekly hours Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	35.9	35.8	35.6	35.5	35.5	35.9	35.7	35.9	35.8	36.1	36.1
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	15.0 537.4	15.6 557.9	16.2 575.5	17.1 609.1	17.5 622.9	18.0 645.0	18.8 672.2	19.6 705.1	20.3 727.1	20.8 751.2	21.4 773.7
Professional and business services:	337.4	557.9	3/3.3	609.1	022.9	043.0	012.2	703.1	121.1	731.2	113.1
Average weekly hours	34.5	34.2	34.2	34.1	34.2	34.2	34.6	34.8	34.8	34.7	35.1
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	15.5	16.3	16.8	17.2	17.5	18.1	19.1	20.2	21.2	22.4	22.8
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	535.1	557.8	574.7	587.0	597.6	618.9	662.3	700.8	737.7	775.8	799.5
Education and health services:	000.1	001.0	014.1	007.0	007.0	010.0	002.0	700.0	707.7	770.0	700.0
Average weekly hours	32.2	32.3	32.4	32.3	32.4	32.6	32.5	32.6	32.5	32.3	32.2
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	14.0	14.6	15.2	15.6	16.2	16.7	17.4	18.1	18.9	19.5	20.0
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	449.3	473.4	492.7	505.7	523.8	544.6	564.9	590.1	613.7	628.6	643.3
Leisure and hospitality:											
Average weekly hours	26.1	25.8	25.8	25.6	25.7	25.7	25.7	25.5	25.2	24.8	24.8
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	8.3	8.6	8.8	9.0	9.2	9.4	9.8	10.4	10.8	11.1	11.3
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	217.2	220.7	227.2	230.4	234.9	241.4	250.3	265.5	273.4	275.8	280.4
Other services:											
Average weekly hours	32.5	32.3	32.0	31.4	31.0	30.9	30.9	30.9	30.8	30.5	30.8
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	12.7	13.3	13.7	13.8	14.0	14.3	14.8	15.4	16.1	16.6	16.9
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	413.4	428.6	439.8	434.4	433.0	443.4	456.5	477.1	495.6	506.3	518.7

NOTE: Data reflect the conversion to the 2002 version of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), replacing the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system. NAICS-based data by industry are not comparable with SIC-based data.

30. Employment Cost Index, compensation, by occupation and industry group

[December 2005 = 100]

	2008		20	09			20	10	Percent change		
Series	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	3 months ended	12 months ended
										Dec	. 2010
Civilian workers ²	109.5	109.9	110.2	110.8	111.0	111.8	112.3	112.9	113.2	0.3	2.0
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	110.4	110.9	111.0	111.5	111.6	112.4	112.8	113.4	113.7	.3	1.9
Management, business, and financial	109.8	110.0	110.1	110.2	110.4	111.6	112.1	112.3	112.7	.4	2.1
Professional and related	110.7	111.3	111.6	112.2	112.3	112.9	113.2	114.1	114.3	.2	1.8
Sales and office	108.3	108.4	108.7	109.3	109.7	110.3	111.2	111.6	112.1	.4	2.2
Sales and related	105.5	104.3	104.5	105.4	105.8	105.9	107.5	107.4	108.1	.7	2.2
Office and administrative support	110.0	110.8	111.3	111.8	112.1	113.0	113.4	114.1	114.4	.3	2.1
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	109.8	110.1	110.6	111.2	111.5	112.5	112.9	113.4	113.6	.2	1.9
Construction and extraction	110.8	111.0	111.6	112.2	112.5	113.1	113.7	114.4	114.5	.1	1.8
Installation, maintenance, and repair	108.6	109.1	109.5	110.0	110.4	111.6	112.0	112.2	112.6	.4	2.0
Production, transportation, and material moving	107.2	108.0	108.4	109.0	109.2	110.2	110.8	111.7	111.9	.2	2.5
Production	106.2	107.2	107.6	108.1	108.3	109.6	110.0	110.8	110.9	.1	2.4
Transportation and material moving	108.4	108.9	109.4	110.2	110.4	111.1	111.9	112.9	113.3	.4	2.6
Service occupations	110.6	111.5	111.8	112.6	112.9	113.4	113.7	114.6	114.9	.3	1.8
Workers by industry											
Goods-producing	107.5	108.0	108.2	108.4	108.6	109.8	110.3	111.0	111.1	.1	2.3
Manufacturing	105.9	106.5	106.7	106.8	107.0	108.4	109.1	109.9	110.0	.1	2.8
Service-providing	109.8	110.3	110.6	111.2	111.5	112.1	112.6	113.3	113.6	.3	1.9
Education and health services	111.1	111.7	112.1	113.1	113.4	113.7	113.9	114.8	115.2	.3	1.6
Health care and social assistance	110.8	111.7	112.2	112.8	113.1	113.7	114.1	114.6	115.0	.3 .6	1.7 2.2
Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities	110.8 109.6	111.7 110.3	112.2 110.7	112.9 111.2	113.4 111.4	114.1 111.9	114.7 112.2	115.2 112.7	115.9 112.7	.0	1.2
Education services	111.3	111.8	110.7	113.5	113.6	113.7	113.8	115.1	115.3	.0	1.5
Elementary and secondary schools	111.4	111.9	112.1	114.0	114.1	114.1	114.2	115.5	115.5	.0	1.2
Public administration ³	112.0	113.0	113.4	114.2	114.6	115.1	115.4	116.6	116.8	.2	1.9
Private industry workers	108.9	109.3	109.6	110.0	110.2	111.1	111.7	112.2	112.5	.3	2.1
•											
Workers by occupational group	400.0	440.4	440.5	440.0	440.7	444.0	440.0	440.7	440.0		0.4
Management, professional, and related	109.9 109.5	110.4 109.6	110.5 109.7	110.6 109.7	110.7 109.9	111.8 111.3	112.2 111.7	112.7 112.0	113.0 112.3	.3	2.1 2.2
Management, business, and financial Professional and related	110.3	111.0	111.1	111.4	111.4	111.3	111.7	113.3	113.5	.3	1.9
Sales and office	107.9	107.9	108.3	108.8	109.2	109.8	110.8	111.1	111.6	.5	2.2
Sales and related	105.5	104.3	104.5	105.3	105.8	105.8	107.5	107.4	108.1	.7	2.2
Office and administrative support	109.6	110.5	110.9	111.3	111.6	112.6	113.1	113.7	114.0	.3	2.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	109.6	109.9	110.3	110.8	111.2	112.2	112.7	113.1	113.3	.2	1.9
Construction and extraction	110.8	110.9	111.5	112.0	112.4	113.1	113.6	114.3	114.4	.1	1.8
Installation, maintenance, and repair	108.1	108.6	108.9	109.4	109.8	111.1	111.5	111.6	111.9	.3	1.9
Production, transportation, and material moving	106.9	107.7	108.1	108.6	108.9	109.9	110.5	111.3	111.5	.2	2.4
Production	106.1	107.1	107.6	108.0	108.2	109.5	110.0	110.7	110.8	.1	2.4
Transportation and material moving Service occupations	107.9 109.8	108.4 110.7	108.9 110.9	109.6 111.7	109.7 111.8	110.4 112.4	111.2 112.7	112.2 113.3	112.5 113.5	.3 .2	2.6 1.5
Workers by industry and occupational group											
Goods-producing industries	107.5	107.9	108.2	108.4	108.6	109.7	110.3	111.0	111.1	.1	2.3
Management, professional, and related	106.6	106.8	106.7	106.5	106.4	108.0	108.6	109.2	109.1	1	2.5
Sales and office	107.1	107.3	107.4	107.5	107.8	108.2	108.8	109.7	110.2	.5	2.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	110.4 106.2	110.4 107.0	110.9 107.5	111.3 107.8	111.7 108.0	112.6 109.3	113.0 109.8	113.6 110.6	113.7 110.8	.1	1.8 2.6
Production, transportation, and material moving	100.2	107.0	107.5	107.6	106.0	109.3	109.6	110.6	110.6	.2	2.0
Construction	110.9	110.9	111.2	111.5	111.7	112.1	112.3	112.8	112.7	1	.9
Manufacturing	105.9	106.5	106.7	106.8	107.0	108.4	109.1	109.9	110.0	.1	2.8
Management, professional, and related	105.4	105.7	105.7	105.4	105.5	107.2	108.0	108.8	108.8	.0	3.1
Sales and office	107.0	107.3	107.0	107.2	107.5	108.1	109.0	110.3	110.8	.5	3.1
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Production, transportation, and material moving	106.0 105.8	106.6 106.7	107.1 107.2	107.4 107.5	107.7 107.7	109.5 109.1	110.1 109.6	110.9 110.3	110.9 110.5	.0 .2	3.0 2.6
Service-providing industries	109.4	109.8	110.1	110.5	110.8	111.6	112.1	112.6	113.0	.4	2.0
Management, professional, and related	110.6	111.1	111.2	111.4	111.6	112.5	112.9	113.4	113.7	.3	1.9
Sales and office	108.0	108.0	108.4	109.0	109.4	110.0	111.0	111.3	111.8	.4	2.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	108.4	109.0	109.5	110.1	110.4	111.7	112.2	112.2	112.6	.4	2.0
Production, transportation, and material moving	107.8	108.5	109.0	109.7	109.9	110.6	111.3	112.3	112.5	.2	2.4
Service occupations	109.8	110.7	111.0	111.7	111.9	112.4	112.7	113.3	113.5	.2	1.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities	107.5	107.8	108.1	108.6	108.8	109.9	110.9	111.1	111.4	.3	2.4

30. Continued—Employment Cost Index, compensation, by occupation and industry group

[December 2005 = 100]

	2008		20	09			20	10		Percent	change
Series	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	3 months ended	12 months ended
										Dec.	2010
Wholesale trade	106.8	107.1	106.9	106.8	107.0	108.0	108.9	108.7	109.5	0.7	2.3
Retail trade	108.1	108.3	108.8	109.7	110.0	110.9	111.9	112.0	112.0	.0	1.8
Transportation and warehousing	106.9	107.4	107.9	108.3	108.2	109.0	110.0	110.9	111.3	.4	2.9
Utilities	108.9	109.6	110.9	111.2	112.0	115.3	117.0	117.8	117.5	3	4.9
Information	107.4	107.7	107.5	108.0	108.3	109.0	109.8	110.2	110.0	2	1.6
Financial activities	107.1	106.8	107.9	108.3	108.6	109.8	110.5	110.6	111.4	.7	2.6
Finance and insurance	107.2	106.9	108.1	108.6	108.8	110.0	111.0	111.0	111.8	.7	2.8
Real estate and rental and leasing	106.6	106.6	106.9	107.4	107.7	109.0	108.4	108.8	109.4	.6	1.6
Professional and business services	111.6	111.9	111.9	112.0	112.4	113.0	113.4	114.0	114.6	.5	2.0
Education and health services	110.6	111.5	111.9	112.6	112.8	113.3	113.7	114.3	114.7	.3	1.7
Education services	111.3	111.9	112.0	113.2	113.2	113.2	113.3	114.7	115.0	.3	1.6
Health care and social assistance	110.5	111.5	111.9	112.5	112.8	113.3	113.7	114.2	114.6	.4	1.6
Hospitals	110.7	111.5	112.0	112.6	113.2	113.9	114.5	115.0	115.6	.5	2.1
Leisure and hospitality	111.4	112.2	112.0	112.7	112.7	113.4	113.4	113.9	114.1	.2	1.2
Accommodation and food services	112.1	113.0	112.6	113.4	113.5	114.0	114.1	114.6	114.8	.2	1.1
Other services, except public administration	109.9	110.8	110.8	111.8	111.5	112.1	112.7	113.3	113.2	1	1.5
State and local government workers	111.6	112.3	112.8	113.9	114.2	114.5	114.7	115.9	116.2	.3	1.8
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	111.6	112.0	112.5	113.6	113.8	114.0	114.2	115.3	115.5	.2	1.5
Professional and related	111.4	111.9	112.4	113.6	113.9	114.0	114.2	115.3	115.5	.2	1.4
Sales and office	111.3	112.4	112.8	114.1	114.4	115.0	115.2	116.4	116.6	.2	1.9
Office and administrative support	111.8	112.8	113.1	114.4	114.7	115.3	115.6	116.8	116.9	.1	1.9
Service occupations	112.4	113.4	113.8	114.7	115.3	115.8	116.2	117.6	118.0	.3	2.3
Workers by industry											
Education and health services	111.5	111.9	112.4	113.7	113.9	114.0	114.2	115.4	115.6	.2	1.5
Education services.	111.2	111.8	112.1	113.5	113.7	113.8	113.9	115.1	115.3	.2	1.4
Schools	111.2	111.8	112.1	113.5	113.7	113.8	113.9	115.1	115.3	.2	1.4
Elementary and secondary schools	111.4	112.0	112.2	114.0	114.1	114.1	114.3	115.6	115.6	.0	1.3
Health care and social assistance	113.2	113.3	114.6	115.1	115.4	115.9	116.3	117.2	117.9	.6	2.2
Hospitals	111.3	112.4	113.4	113.9	114.3	115.1	115.6	116.1	117.0	.8	2.4
Public administration ³	112.0	113.0	113.4	114.2	114.6	115.1	115.4	116.6	116.8	.2	1.9

¹ Cost (cents per hour worked) measured in the Employment Cost Index consists of

NOTE: The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

wages, salaries, and employer cost of employee benefits.

² Consists of private industry workers (excluding farm and household workers) and State and local government (excluding Federal Government) workers.

³ Consists of legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities.

31. Employment Cost Index, wages and salaries, by occupation and industry group $[\mbox{December }2005=100]$

	2008		20	09			20	10		Percent	change
Series	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	3 months ended	12 months ended
1											2010
Civilian workers ¹	109.6	110.0	110.3	110.9	111.2	111.6	112.1	112.6	113.0	0.4	1.6
Workers by occupational group										_	
Management, professional, and related	110.5	111.0	111.1	111.5	111.7	112.4	112.8	113.4	113.7	.3	
Management, business, and financial Professional and related	110.1 110.7	110.4 111.2	110.5 111.5	110.6 112.1	110.9 112.2	112.1 112.7	112.6 112.9	112.8 113.7	113.2 113.9	.4	
Sales and office	108.1	108.1	108.6	109.2	109.6	109.9	110.8	111.1	111.7	.5	
Sales and related	105.6	104.3	104.7	105.7	106.2	106.2	108.0	107.7	108.6	.8	
Office and administrative support	109.8	110.6	111.1	111.5	111.9	112.3	112.7	113.3	113.6	.3	1.5
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	110.6	110.7	111.2	111.7	112.1	112.6	112.9	113.2	113.4	.2	
Construction and extraction	111.3	111.4	111.7	112.3	112.7	112.8	113.2	113.8	113.9	.1	1.1
Installation, maintenance, and repair	109.6 108.0	110.0	110.5 109.0	111.1 109.6	111.5 109.8	112.3 110.1	112.4	112.5	112.8	.3	
Production, transportation, and material moving Production	108.0	108.5 108.2	109.0	109.6	109.8	100.1	110.5 110.1	111.3 110.6	111.5 110.6	.2	1.5 1.2
Transportation and material moving	107.5	108.8	100.0	110.2	110.4	110.6	111.1	112.1	112.5	.4	
Service occupations	110.3	111.2	111.5	112.4	112.6	112.9	113.1	113.7	113.9	.2	
Workers by industry											
Goods-producing	109.0	109.2	109.5	109.8	110.1	110.5	110.9	111.5	111.6	.1	1.4
Manufacturing	107.7	108.1	108.4	108.6	108.9	109.4	110.0	110.6	110.7	.1	1.7
Service-providing	109.7	110.2	110.5	111.1	111.4	111.9	112.4	112.9	113.2	.3	
Education and health services	110.5	111.0	111.4	112.3	112.5	112.8	113.0	113.7	114.0	.3	
Health care and social assistance Hospitals	110.9 111.3	111.7 112.0	112.2 112.6	112.8 113.2	113.1 113.6	113.6 114.0	113.9 114.5	114.3 114.9	114.7 115.4	.3	
Nursing and residential care facilities	109.7	110.3	110.8	111.3	111.6	111.9	112.2	112.6	112.6	.0	.9
Education services.	110.2	110.5	110.7	111.8	112.0	112.2	112.3	113.2	113.4	.2	1.2
Elementary and secondary schools	110.1	110.4	110.5	112.0	112.1	112.3	112.5	113.4	113.4	.0	1.2
Public administration ²	110.4	111.3	111.9	112.5	112.8	113.2	113.4	113.8	114.0	.2	1.1
Private industry workers	109.4	109.8	110.1	110.6	110.8	111.4	111.9	112.4	112.8	.4	1.8
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	110.5	111.1	111.1	111.3	111.5	112.5	112.9	113.4	113.7	.3	2.0
Management, business, and financial	110.0	110.3	110.3	110.4	110.8	112.0	112.6	112.8	113.2	.4	2.2
Professional and related	110.9	111.6	111.8	112.1	112.1	112.8	113.2	113.9	114.1	.2	
Sales and office	108.0	107.9	108.3	109.0	109.4	109.6	110.7	110.9	111.5	.5	
Sales and related	105.7 109.7	104.3 110.6	104.7 111.1	105.7 111.4	106.2 111.8	106.2 112.2	108.0 112.6	107.8 113.3	108.7 113.6	.8	2.4 1.6
Office and administrative support Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	1109.7	110.6	111.0	111.4	112.0	112.2	112.8	113.3	113.0	.3	
Construction and extraction	111.5	111.4	111.7	112.3	112.7	112.9	113.3	113.9	114.0	.1	1.2
Installation, maintenance, and repair	109.3	109.7	110.2	110.7	111.2	112.1	112.1	112.1	112.5	.4	
Production, transportation, and material moving	107.8	108.3	108.8	109.4	109.6	109.8	110.3	111.1	111.3	.2	
Production	107.4	108.1	108.5	109.0	109.3	109.6	110.0	110.5	110.5	.0	
Transportation and material moving Service occupations	108.3 110.1	108.5 111.0	109.2 111.2	109.9 112.1	110.1 112.3	110.2 112.6	110.8 112.7	111.8 113.3	112.2 113.5	.4	
Workers by industry and occupational group Goods-producing industries	109.0	109.2	109.5	109.8	110.0	110.5	110 0	111.5	111.6	.1	1.5
Management, professional, and related	109.0	109.2	109.3	109.6	10.0	110.5	111.0	111.6	111.6	2	
Sales and office	107.9	108.1	108.3	108.4	108.7	108.4	108.9	109.9	110.5	.5	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	111.3	111.1	111.4	111.9	112.3	112.6	112.9	113.5	113.5	.0	
Production, transportation, and material moving	107.6	108.0	108.5	108.9	109.1	109.4	109.9	110.4	110.5	.1	1.3
Construction	111.1	111.2	111.4	111.7	111.9	112.1	112.2	112.8	112.7	1	.7
Manufacturing	107.7	108.1	108.4	108.6	108.9	109.4	110.0	110.6	110.7	.1	1.7
Management, professional, and related	107.8	108.4	108.5	108.6	108.7	110.0	110.7	111.2	111.2	.0	
Sales and office Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	108.1 109.0	108.2 108.8	108.2 109.2	108.2 109.7	108.6 109.9	108.3 110.4	109.0 110.9	110.4 111.4	111.1	.6 .0	
Production, transportation, and material moving	109.0	108.8	109.2	109.7	109.9	109.2	109.6	110.1	111.4 110.2	.1	1.4
Service-providing industries	109.6	110.0	110.3	110.8	111.1	111.7	112.3	112.7	113.1	.4	1.8
Management, professional, and related	110.8	111.4	111.5	111.7	111.9	112.8	113.2	113.7	114.1	.4	
Sales and office	108.0	107.9	108.3	109.0	109.5	109.8	110.9	111.0	111.6	.5	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	109.3	109.9	110.5	111.2	111.6	112.5	112.7	112.6	113.0	.4	
Production, transportation, and material moving	108.1	108.6	109.3	110.0	110.2	110.4	110.9	111.9	112.2	.3	
Service occupations	110.1	111.0	111.3	112.2	112.3	112.6	112.8	113.3	113.5	.2	
Trade, transportation, and utilities	107.4	107.8	108.2	108.7	108.9	109.5	110.5	110.6	111.0	.4	1.9

31. Continued—Employment Cost Index, wages and salaries, by occupation and industry group

[December 2005 = 100]

	2008		20	09			20	10		Percent	change
Series	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	3 months ended	12 months ended
										Dec.	2010
Wholesale trade	106.4	106.8	106.5	106.2	106.4	107.1	108.1	107.7	108.5	0.7	2.0
Retail trade	108.1	108.3	108.9	110.0	110.4	111.0	112.0	112.0	112.0	.0	1.4
Transportation and warehousing	106.9	107.2	107.9	108.3	108.3	108.7	109.5	110.6	111.0	.4	2.5
Utilities	109.6	111.0	112.0	112.2	113.3	113.9	114.7	115.4	115.6	.2	2.0
Information	107.5	107.8	108.1	108.7	109.1	109.6	110.3	110.8	110.5	3	1.3
Financial activities	107.2	106.8	107.9	108.5	108.9	109.8	111.0	111.1	112.0	.8	2.8
Finance and insurance	107.6	107.1	108.5	109.0	109.4	110.2	111.9	112.0	113.0	.9	3.3
Real estate and rental and leasing	105.7	105.6	105.8	106.3	106.8	108.0	107.2	107.5	108.1	.6	1.2
Professional and business services	111.9	112.3	112.2	112.3	112.7	113.3	113.6	114.3	115.0	.6	2.0
Education and health services	110.6	111.4	111.8	112.5	112.8	113.2	113.5	114.1	114.5	.4	1.5
Education services	110.8	111.1	111.2	112.2	112.6	112.5	112.6	114.2	114.5	.3	1.7
Health care and social assistance	110.6	111.5	111.9	112.5	112.8	113.3	113.7	114.1	114.4	.3	1.4
Hospitals	111.1	111.8	112.3	112.9	113.4	113.7	114.3	114.7	115.2	.4	1.6
Leisure and hospitality	112.3	113.1	112.8	113.7	113.8	114.5	114.3	114.8	115.0	.2	1.1
Accommodation and food services	112.8	113.7	113.2	114.2	114.3	114.7	114.6	115.1	115.3	.2	.9
Other services, except public administration	110.4	111.4	111.4	112.5	112.1	112.3	112.7	113.4	113.2	2	1.0
State and local government workers	110.4	110.9	111.4	112.2	112.5	112.7	112.9	113.6	113.8	.2	1.2
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	110.4	110.7	111.1	112.0	112.2	112.4	112.6	113.3	113.5	.2	1.2
Professional and related	110.3	110.6	111.0	112.0	112.3	112.4	112.6	113.3	113.6	.3	1.2
Sales and office	109.7	110.5	111.0	111.9	112.1	112.5	112.5	113.1	113.2	.1	1.0
Office and administrative support	110.1	111.0	111.4	112.3	112.5	113.0	113.0	113.5	113.6	.1	1.0
Service occupations	110.9	112.0	112.4	113.1	113.5	114.0	114.2	114.9	115.1	.2	1.4
Workers by industry											
Education and health services	110.5	110.7	111.1	112.0	112.3	112.5	112.6	113.4	113.6	.2	1.2
Education services.	110.1	110.4	110.7	111.7	111.9	112.1	112.2	113.0	113.2	.2	1.2
Schools	110.1	110.4	110.7	111.7	111.9	112.1	112.2	113.0	113.2	.2	1.2
Elementary and secondary schools	110.1	110.3	110.5	112.0	112.1	112.3	112.5	113.4	113.5	.1	1.2
Health care and social assistance	113.4	113.1	114.6	115.0	115.2	115.5	115.8	116.2	116.8	.5	1.4
Hospitals	112.1	112.8	113.9	114.2	114.7	115.2	115.5	115.7	116.3	.5	1.4
Public administration ²	110.4	111.3	111.9	112.5	112.8	113.2	113.4	113.8	114.0	.2	1.1

Consists of private industry workers (excluding farm and household workers) and State and local government (excluding Federal Government) workers.
 Consists of legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities.
 NOTE: The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North

American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

32. Employment Cost Index, benefits, by occupation and industry group

[December 2005 = 100]

	2008		20	09			20	10		Percent	change
Series	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	3 months ended	12 months ended
										Dec.	2010
Civilian workers	109.1	109.7	110.0	110.5	110.7	112.1	112.7	113.6	113.9	0.3	2.9
Private industry workers	107.7	108.2	108.4	108.7	108.7	110.4	111.0	111.7	111.9	.2	2.9
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	108.5	108.8	108.8	108.9	108.8	110.2	110.5	111.0	111.2	.2	2.2
Sales and office	107.8	108.0	108.1	108.5	108.7	110.2	111.1	111.6	111.8	.2	2.9
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	107.7	108.2	108.8	109.2	109.5	111.5	112.4	113.0	113.2	.2	3.4
Production, transportation, and material moving	105.1	106.4	106.8	107.1	107.4	110.0	110.8	111.8	112.0	.2	4.3
Service occupations	108.8	109.7	110.0	110.4	110.5	111.7	112.5	113.2	113.5	.3	2.7
Workers by industry											
Goods-producing	104.7	105.4	105.7	105.7	105.8	108.4	109.0	110.0	110.1	.1	4.1
Manufacturing	102.5	103.5	103.6	103.4	103.6	106.6	107.4	108.7	108.8	.1	5.0
Service-providing	108.9	109.3	109.5	109.9	109.9	111.3	111.9	112.3	112.6	.3	2.5
State and local government workers	114.2	115.2	115.7	117.4	117.7	118.1	118.6	120.7	121.1	.3	2.9

NOTE: The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior

to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

33. Employment Cost Index, private industry workers by bargaining status and region

[December 2005 = 100]

	2008		20	09			20	10		Percent	change
Series	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	3 months ended	12 months ended
										Dec.	2010
COMPENSATION											
Workers by bargaining status ¹											
Union	108.0	109.1	109.8	110.5	111.1	112.8	113.7	114.6	114.8	0.2	3.3
Goods-producing	. 106.9	108.0	108.9	109.5	110.0	111.9	112.6	113.8	113.9	.1	3.5
Manufacturing	102.8	104.4	104.8	105.3	105.8	108.6	109.1	110.5	110.5	.0	4.4
Service-providing	. 108.8	109.9	110.6	111.3	111.9	113.4	114.5	115.2	115.5	.3	3.2
Nonunion	109.1	109.4	109.6	109.9	110.1	110.9	111.4	111.8	112.1	.3	1.8
Goods-producing	. 107.7	107.9	108.0	108.0	108.2	109.1	109.5	110.1	110.2	.1	1.8
Manufacturing	106.8	107.1	107.3	107.3	107.5	108.5	109.2	109.9	110.0	.1	2.3
Service-providing	109.4	109.8	110.0	110.4	110.6	111.3	111.9	112.3	112.7	.4	1.9
Workers by region ¹											
Northeast	109.5	109.8	110.2	110.7	111.0	111.8	112.7	113.1	113.6	.4	2.3
South	109.3	109.8	110.1	110.6	110.7	111.5	112.0	112.5	112.8	.3	1.9
Midwest		107.9	108.1	108.4	108.6	109.9	110.4	111.0	111.3	.3	2.5
West	109.4	109.9	110.0	110.3	110.6	111.3	111.7	112.3	112.5	.2	1.7
WAGES AND SALARIES											
Workers by bargaining status ¹											
Union	108.1	108.8	109.6	110.2	110.9	111.5	112.1	112.7	112.9	.2	1.8
Goods-producing	. 107.7	108.2	108.8	109.5	109.8	110.2	110.7	111.1	111.2	.1	1.3
Manufacturing	105.5	106.0	106.4	107.0	107.3	107.8	108.2	108.6	108.7	.1	1.3
Service-providing	. 108.3	109.2	110.1	110.8	111.6	112.4	113.1	113.8	114.2	.4	2.3
Nonunion	109.6	110.0	110.2	110.6	110.9	111.4	111.9	112.4	112.7	.3	1.6
Goods-producing	. 109.3	109.5	109.7	109.9	110.1	110.6	111.0	111.6	111.7	.1	1.5
Manufacturing	108.2	108.6	108.9	109.1	109.3	109.8	110.5	111.1	111.2	.1	1.7
Service-providing	109.7	110.1	110.3	110.8	111.0	111.6	112.2	112.6	113.0	.4	1.8
Workers by region ¹											
Northeast	109.6	109.9	110.3	110.8	111.1	111.7	112.6	112.9	113.4	.4	2.1
South	110.0	110.4	110.7	111.3	111.5	111.9	112.4	112.9	113.4	.4	1.7
Midwest	108.0	108.4	108.6	108.9	109.2	109.9	110.4	110.9	111.2	.3	1.8
West	110.1	110.5	110.8	111.2	111.6	112.0	112.4	112.9	113.0	.1	1.3

¹ The indexes are calculated differently from those for the occupation and industry groups. For a detailed description of the index calculation, see the Monthly Labor Review Technical Note, "Estimation procedures for the Employment Cost Index," May 1982.

NOTE: The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

34. National Compensation Survey: Retirement benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003–2007

Corios		Yea	ar					
Series	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹			
III retirement								
Percentage of workers with access								
All workers	57	59	60	60	(
White-collar occupations ²	67	69	70	69				
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	7			
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	(
Blue-collar occupations ²	59	59	60	62				
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	(
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	(
Service occupations	28	31	32	34				
Full-time	67	68	69	69				
Part-time	24	27	27	29				
Union	86	84	88	84				
Non-union	54	56	56	57				
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	45	46	46	47				
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	76	77	78	77				
Goods-producing industries	70	70	71	73				
Service-providing industries	53	55	56	56				
Establishments with 1-99 workers	42	44	44	44				
Establishments with 100 or more workers	75	77	78	78				
Percentage of workers participating								
All workers	49	50	50	51				
White-collar occupations ²	59	61	61	60				
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-				
Sales and office	-	-	-	-				
Blue-collar occupations ²	50	50	51	52				
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-				
Production, transportation, and material moving	_	_	-	_				
Service occupations.	21	22	22	24				
Full-time	58	60	60	60				
Part-time	18	20	19	21				
Union	83	81	85	80				
Non-union	45	47	46	47				
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	35	36	35	36				
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	70	71	71	70				
Goods-producing industries	63	63	64	64				
Service-providing industries	45	47	47	47				
Establishments with 1-99 workers	35	37	37	37				
Establishments with 100 or more workers	65	67	67	67				
Take-up rate (all workers) ³	-	-	85	85				
efined Benefit								
Percentage of workers with access								
All workers	20	21	22	21				
White-collar occupations ²	23	24	25	23				
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-				
Sales and office	-	-	-	-				
Blue-collar occupations ²	24	26	26	25				
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	_	-	_				
Production, transportation, and material moving	_	_	-	_				
Service occupations	8	6	7	8				
Full-time	24	25	25	24				
Part-time	8	9	10	9				
Union	74	70	73	70				
Non-union	15	16	16	15				
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	12	11	12	11				
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	34	35	35	34				
Goods-producing industries	31	32	33	32				
Service-providing industries	17	18	19	18				
Establishments with 1-99 workers	9	9	10	9				

34. Continued—National Compensation Survey: Retirement benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003-2007

Percentage of workers participating All workers	20 22 24 24 8 72 15 11 33 31 16 8 33	2004 21 24 25 - 6 24 9 69 15 11 35 31 18 9 34	2005 21 24 - 26 - 7 25 9 72 15 11 34 32	2006 22 - - 25 - - 7 7 23 8 68 14 10 33	2007 1
All workers. White-collar occupations ² Management, professional, and related Sales and office Blue-collar occupations ² Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Production, transportation, and material moving Service occupations Full-time Union Non-union Average wage less than \$15 per hour Average wage \$15 per hour or higher Goods-producing industries Establishments with 1-99 workers Establishments with 100 or more workers Take-up rate (all workers) ³ Defined Contribution Percentage of workers with access All workers. White-collar occupations ² Management, professional, and related Sales and office Blue-collar occupations ² . Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	22 - - 24 - 7 24 8 72 15 11 33 31 16 8	24 - - 25 - 6 24 9 69 15 11 35 31 18	24 - - 26 - - 7 25 9 72 15 11 34 32	22 - - 25 - - 7 23 8 68 14	
All workers White-collar occupations ² Management, professional, and related Sales and office Blue-collar occupations ² Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Production, transportation, and material moving Service occupations Full-time Union Non-union Average wage less than \$15 per hour Average wage \$15 per hour or higher Goods-producing industries Service-providing industries Establishments with 1-99 workers Establishments with 100 or more workers Take-up rate (all workers) ³ efined Contribution Percentage of workers with access All workers White-collar occupations ² Management, professional, and related Sales and office Blue-collar occupations ² Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	22 - - 24 - 7 24 8 72 15 11 33 31 16 8	24 - - 25 - 6 24 9 69 15 11 35 31 18	24 - - 26 - - 7 25 9 72 15 11 34 32	22 - - 25 - - 7 23 8 68 14	
White-collar occupations ² Management, professional, and related Sales and office Blue-collar occupations ² Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Production, transportation, and material moving. Service occupations. Full-time. Union. Non-union. Average wage less than \$15 per hour. Average wage \$15 per hour or higher. Goods-producing industries. Service-providing industries. Establishments with 1-99 workers. Establishments with 100 or more workers. Take-up rate (all workers) ³ . effined Contribution Percentage of workers with access All workers. White-collar occupations ² Management, professional, and related Sales and office Blue-collar occupations ² . Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	22 - - 24 - 7 24 8 72 15 11 33 31 16 8	24 - - 25 - 6 24 9 69 15 11 35 31 18	24 - - 26 - - 7 25 9 72 15 11 34 32	22 - - 25 - - 7 23 8 68 14	
Management, professional, and related	24 - 7 24 8 72 15 11 33 31 16 8	25 - 6 24 9 69 15 11 35 31 18	- 26 - 7 25 9 72 15 11 34	- 25 - 7 23 8 68 14	
Sales and office Blue-collar occupations ² Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Production, transportation, and material moving Service occupations Full-time Part-time Union Non-union Average wage less than \$15 per hour Average wage \$15 per hour or higher Goods-producing industries Service-providing industries Establishments with 1-99 workers Establishments with 100 or more workers Take-up rate (all workers) ³ Befined Contribution Percentage of workers with access All workers White-collar occupations ² Management, professional, and related Sales and office Blue-collar occupations ² Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	7 24 8 72 15 11 33 31 16	- 6 24 9 69 15 11 35 31 18	7 25 9 72 15 11 34	7 23 8 68 14	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Production, transportation, and material moving Service occupations	7 24 8 72 15 11 33 31 16	- 6 24 9 69 15 11 35 31 18	7 25 9 72 15 11 34	7 23 8 68 14	
Production, transportation, and material moving Service occupations	24 8 72 15 11 33 31 16 8	24 9 69 15 11 35 31 18	25 9 72 15 11 34 32	23 8 68 14 10	
Service occupations Full-time Part-time Union Non-union Average wage less than \$15 per hour Average wage \$15 per hour or higher Goods-producing industries Service-providing industries Establishments with 1-99 workers Establishments with 100 or more workers Take-up rate (all workers) ³ Perfined Contribution Percentage of workers with access All workers White-collar occupations ² Management, professional, and related Sales and office Blue-collar occupations ² Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	24 8 72 15 11 33 31 16 8	24 9 69 15 11 35 31 18	25 9 72 15 11 34 32	23 8 68 14 10	
Full-time	24 8 72 15 11 33 31 16 8	24 9 69 15 11 35 31 18	25 9 72 15 11 34 32	23 8 68 14 10	
Part-time Union Non-union Average wage less than \$15 per hour Average wage \$15 per hour or higher Goods-producing industries Establishments with 1-99 workers Establishments with 100 or more workers Fake-up rate (all workers) ³ If ined Contribution Percentage of workers with access All workers White-collar occupations ² Management, professional, and related Sales and office Blue-collar occupations ² Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	8 72 15 11 33 31 16 8	9 69 15 11 35 31 18	9 72 15 11 34 32	8 68 14 10	
Union	72 15 11 33 31 16 8	69 15 11 35 31 18 9	72 15 11 34 32	68 14 10	
Non-union Average wage less than \$15 per hour Average wage \$15 per hour or higher Goods-producing industries Service-providing industries Establishments with 1-99 workers Establishments with 100 or more workers Fake-up rate (all workers) ³ Ifined Contribution Percentage of workers with access All workers White-collar occupations ² Management, professional, and related Sales and office Blue-collar occupations ² Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	15 11 33 31 16 8	15 11 35 31 18 9	15 11 34 32	14 10	
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	33 31 16 8	35 31 18 9	34 32		
Goods-producing industries	31 16 8	31 18 9	32	33	
Service-providing industries Establishments with 1-99 workers Establishments with 100 or more workers Fake-up rate (all workers) ³ Ifined Contribution ercentage of workers with access All workers White-collar occupations ² Management, professional, and related Sales and office Blue-collar occupations ² Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	16 8	18		-0	
Establishments with 1-99 workers	8	9	40	31	
Establishments with 100 or more workers fined Contribution ercentage of workers with access All workers White-collar occupations ² Management, professional, and related Sales and office Blue-collar occupations ² Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		-	18	17	
fined Contribution ercentage of workers with access All workers. White-collar occupations ² Management, professional, and related	33	34	9	9	
fined Contribution ercentage of workers with access All workers	-		36	33	
fined Contribution ercentage of workers with access All workers			97	96	
ercentage of workers with access All workers			97	96	
All workers					
White-collar occupations ² Management, professional, and related Sales and office Blue-collar occupations ² Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	51	53	53	54	
Management, professional, and related	62	64	64	65	
Sales and office	02	04	04	03	
Blue-collar occupations ² Natural resources, construction, and maintenance					
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	49	49	50	53	
	49	49	50	55	
	-	-	-	-	
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	
Service occupations	23	27	28	30	
Full-time	60	62	62	63	
Part-time	21	23	23	25	
Union	45	48	49	50	
Non-union	51	53	54	55	
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	40	41	41	43	
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	67	68	69	69	
Goods-producing industries	60	60	61	63	
Service-providing industries	48	50	51	52	
Establishments with 1-99 workers	38	40	40	41	
Establishments with 100 or more workers	65	68	69	70	
Percentage of workers participating					
All workers	40	42	42	43	
White-collar occupations ²	51	53	53	53	
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	
Blue-collar occupations ²	38	38	38	40	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	
Service occupations	16	18	18	20	
Full-time	48	50	50	51	
Part-time	14	14	14	16	
Union	39	42	43	44	
Non-union	40	42	41	43	
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	29	30	29	31	
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	57	59	59	58	
Goods-producing industries	49	49	50	51	
Service-providing industries	37	40	39	40	
Establishments with 1-99 workers	31	32	32	33	
Establishments with 100 or more workers					
ake-up rate (all workers) ³	51	53	53	54	

34. Continued—National Compensation Survey: Retirement benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003-2007

Series	Year											
Series	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹							
Employee Contribution Requirement												
Employee contribution required	-	-	61	61	65							
Employee contribution not required	-	-	31	33	35							
Not determinable	-	-	8	6	0							
Percent of establishments												
Offering retirement plans	47	48	51	48	46							
Offering defined benefit plans	10	10	11	10	10							
Offering defined contribution plans	45	46	48	47	44							

¹ The 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) replaced the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) System. Estimates for goods-producing and service-providing (formerly service-producing) industries are considered comparable. Also introduced was the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) to replace the 1990 Census of Population system. Only service occupations are considered comparable.

Note: Where applicable, dashes indicate no employees in this category or data do not meet publication criteria.

 $^{^{2}}$ The white-collar and blue-collar occupation series were discontinued effective 2007.

 $^{^{3}}$ The take-up rate is an estimate of the percentage of workers with access to a plan who participate in the plan.

35. National Compensation Survey: Health insurance benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003-2007

Series			Year		
oenes	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹
Medical insurance Percentage of workers with access					
All workers		69	70	71	71
White-collar occupations 2		76	77	77	-
Management, professional, and related		-	-	-	85 71
Sales and office		76	77	77	/1
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		76	//	"	76
Production, transportation, and material moving		-	-	-	78
Service occupations		42	44	45	46
Full-time.		84	85	85	85
Part-time.		20	22	22	24
Union		89	92	89	88
Non-union		67	68	68	69
Average wage less than \$15 per hour		57	58	57	57
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher		86	87	88	87
Goods-producing industries		83	85	86	85
Service-providing industries		65	66	66	67
Establishments with 1-99 workers.		58	59	59	59
Establishments with 100 or more workers	72	82	84	84	84
Percentage of workers participating					
All workers		53	53	52	52
White-collar occupations ²		59	58	57	-
Management, professional, and related		-	-	-	67
Sales and office		-	-	-	48
Blue-collar occupations ²	. 51	60	61	60	-
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		-	-	-	61
Production, transportation, and material moving		-	-	-	60
Service occupations	22	24	27	27	28
Full-time	. 56	66	66	64	64
Part-time	. 9	11	12	13	12
Union	60	81	83	80	78
Non-union.	44	50	49	49	49
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	35	40	39	38	37
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	. 61	71	72	71	70
Goods-producing industries	57	69	70	70	68
Service-providing industries	42	48	48	47	47
Establishments with 1-99 workers	36	43	43	43	42
Establishments with 100 or more workers	55	64	65	63	62
Take-up rate (all workers) ³		-	75	74	73
Dental					
Percentage of workers with access					
All workers	40	46	46	46	46
White-collar occupations 2	47	53	54	53	-
Management, professional, and related		-	-	-	62
Sales and office		-	-	-	47
Blue-collar occupations ²	. 40	47	47	46	-
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		-	-	-	43
Production, transportation, and material moving		-	-	-	49
Service occupations	22	25	25	27	28
Full-time	. 49	56	56	55	56
Part-time		13	14	15	16
Union	57	73	73	69	68
Non-union.		43	43	43	44
Average wage less than \$15 per hour		34	34	34	34
Average wage \$35 than \$15 per hour Average wage \$15 per hour or higher		63	62	62	61
Goods-producing industries		56	56	56	54
Service-providing industries		43	43	43	54 44
Establishments with 1-99 workers			31		
L9(0)19(1)110(1)(9) WILL 1-33 WOLVEL9	27	31	31	31	30

35. Continued—National Compensation Survey: Health insurance benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003-2007

Series			Year		
Series	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹
Percentage of workers participating					
All workers	32	37	36	36	36
White-collar occupations ²	37	43	42	41	-
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	51
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	33
Blue-collar occupations ²	33	40	39	38	-
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	36
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	38
Service occupations	15	16	17	18	20
Full-time	40	46	45	44	44
Part-time	6	8	9	10	9
Union	51	68	67	63	62
Non-union	30	33	33	33	33
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	22	26	24	23	23
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	47	53	52	52	51
Goods-producing industries	42	49	49	49	45
Service-providing industries	29	33	33	32	33
Establishments with 1-99 workers	21	24	24	24	24
Establishments with 100 or more workers	44	52	51	50	49
Take-up rate (all workers) ³	-	-	78	78	77
Vision care					
Percentage of workers with access	25	29	29	29	29
Percentage of workers participating	19	22	22	22	22
Outpatient Prescription drug coverage					
Percentage of workers with access	-	-	64	67	68
Percentage of workers participating	-	-	48	49	49
Percent of estalishments offering healthcare benefits	58	61	63	62	60
Percentage of medical premium paid by					
Employer and Employee					
Single coverage					
Employer share	82	82	82	82	81
Employee share	18	18	18	18	19
Family coverage					
Employer share	70	69	71	70	71
Employee share	30	31	29	30	29

¹ The 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) replaced the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) System. Estimates for goods-producing and service-providing (formerly service-producing) industries are considered comparable. Also introduced was the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) to replace the 1990 Census of Population system. Only service occupations are considered comparable.

Note: Where applicable, dashes indicate no employees in this category or data do not meet publication criteria.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ The white-collar and blue-collar occupation series were discontinued effective 2007.

 $^{^{3}}$ The take-up rate is an estimate of the percentage of workers with access to a plan who participate in the plan.

36. National Compensation Survey: Percent of workers in private industry with access to selected benefits, 2003-2007

Benefit			Year		
Delicit	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Life insurance	50	51	52	52	58
Short-term disabilty insurance	39	39	40	39	39
Long-term disability insurance	30	30	30	30	31
Long-term care insurance	11	11	11	12	12
Flexible work place	4	4	4	4	5
Section 125 cafeteria benefits					
Flexible benefits	-	-	17	17	17
Dependent care reimbursement account	-	-	29	30	31
Healthcare reimbursement account	-	-	31	32	33
Health Savings Account	-	-	5	6	8
Employee assistance program	-	-	40	40	42
Paid leave					
Holidays	79	77	77	76	77
Vacations	79	77	77	77	77
Sick leave	-	59	58	57	57
Personal leave	-	-	36	37	38
Family leave					
Paid family leave	-	-	7	8	8
Unpaid family leave	-	-	81	82	83
Employer assistance for child care	18	14	14	15	15
Nonproduction bonuses	49	47	47	46	47

Note: Where applicable, dashes indicate no employees in this category or data do not meet publication criteria.

37. Work stoppages involving 1,000 workers or more

Managema	Annual	average	2009						20	10					
Measure	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.p
Number of stoppages:															
Beginning in period	5	11	0	0	0	1	3	1	2	1	0	1	1	0	1
In effect during period	5	11	0	0	0	1	4	1	3	1	0	1	1	0	1
Workers involved:															
Beginning in period (in thousands)	12.5	44.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	5.4	1.7	13.8	15.0	0.0	4.5	1.5	0.0	1.1
In effect during period (in thousands).	16.9	47.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	6.9	1.7	15.5	15.0	0.0	4.5	1.5	0.0	1.1
Days idle:															
Number (in thousands)	124.1	302.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	44.5	23.8	36.8	180.0	0.0	9.0	4.5	0.0	2.2
Percent of estimated working time 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.01	0	0	0	0	0

Agricultural and government employees are included in the total employed and total working time; private household, forestry, and fishery employees are excluded. An explanation of the measurement of idleness as a percentage of the total time

worked is found in "Total economy measures of strike idleness," Monthly Labor Review, October 1968, pp. 54–56.

NOTE: p = preliminary.

38. Consumer Price Indexes for All Urban Consumers and for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers: U.S. city average, by expenditure category and commodity or service group

[1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

Series	Annual	average	2009						20	10					
Series	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX															
FOR ALL URBAN CONSUMERS															
All items	214.537	218.056	215.949	216.687	216.741										219.179
All items (1967 = 100)	642.658 218.249	653.198 219.984	646.887	649.098 219.223	649.259 219.140	651.925 219.378	653.059 219.536	653.564 219.693	652.926 219.562	653.066 219.539	653.966 219.877	654.346	655.162 221.005	655.438	
Food and beverages	217.955	219.984	218.049 217.637	218.874	218.778	219.378			219.562	219.539			220.616		
Food at home	215.124	215.836	213.359	215.404	215.118	215.623	215.737		215.361		215.382		216.698		216.955
Cereals and bakery products	252.567	250.449	251.019	250.725	251.361	250.930			250.260		249.736		249.890		
Meats, poultry, fish, and eggs	203.805	207.694	201.003	201.870	202.343	202.812	205.178	205.679	208.171	208.989	208.854	211.280	212.170	212.957	212.019
Dairy and related products ¹	197.013	199.245	194.792	198.949	198.800	198.814	197.308	197.749	197.947	198.991	198.712	199.042	201.291	201.277	202.056
Fruits and vegetables	272.945	273.458	273.189	279.119	274.963	280.431	279.272	277.887	271.907	265.967	265.914	268.832	270.200	269.917	277.089
Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage															
materials	163.034	161.602	161.216	163.684	162.775	162.666	162.128	160.982	160.361	161.121	161.764	161.771	161.313	161.427	159.229
Other foods at home	191.220	191.124	189.921	190.994	191.572	190.991	191.017	191.461	191.001	191.529	192.026	191.289	191.311	190.152	1
Sugar and sweets	196.933	201.242	198.712	199.777	201.942	199.917	200.775		199.737	201.180	200.335		202.962		
Fats and oils	201.224	200.587	197.391	200.220	200.919	198.567	197.749			200.506				202.375	
Other foods	205.497	204.553	203.832	204.719	205.008	204.952	204.947	205.036	204.874		205.857				202.776
Other miscellaneous foods ^{1,2}	122.393	121.683	122.422	121.564	121.172	122.318		120.607	121.551	122.052	121.787	122.106			
Food away from home ¹	223.272	226.114	224.789	224.916	225.081	224.991	225.276		225.797			227.075		227.512	
Other food away from home ^{1,2}	155.852	159.276	156.990	157.517	158.569	158.657	158.738	158.529	159.271		159.517	160.072		160.392	1
Alcoholic beverages	220.751 217.057	223.291 216.256	222.082 215.523	222.401 215.925	222.496 215.841	222.521 216.023	222.299 215.798	222.463 215.981	222.680 216.778	223.639 217.076	223.536 216.976		224.705 216.100		224.215
Shelter	249.354	248.396	247.863	247.950	248.001	248.052		248.100	248.470		248.595		248.646		248.972
Rent of primary residence.	248.812	249.385	248.999	249.144	249.017	249.089			248.999			1	249.618	1	1
Lodging away from home	134.243	133.656	122.638	125.778	128.991	133.075	134.331	136.121	140.476	143.358	139.999	135.800		126.704	
Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence ³	256.610	256.584	256.727	256.591	256.483	256.272	256.170	256.163	256.352	256.395	256.509	256.590	256.823	257.202	
Tenants' and household insurance ^{1,2}	121.487	125.682	123.812	124.360	124.439	124.416			125.289	125.865	126.463	126.627	127.111	127.501	
Fuels and utilities.	210.696	214.187	208.760	211.381	210.819	212.295			217.820		219.602			210.978	1
Fuels	188.113	189.286	184.886	187.330	186.345	187.864	187.054	188.017	193.678	195.268	194.865	192.635	187.271	184.764	
Fuel oil and other fuels	239.778	275.132	262.649	280.850	277.284	276.027	278.080	272.606	265.521	261.257	263.196	265.812	276.551	286.367	298.037
Gas (piped) and electricity	193.563	192.886	188.724	190.439	189.549	191.280	190.284	191.628	198.207	200.177	199.632	197.049	190.603	187.335	188.443
Household furnishings and operations	128.701	125.490	127.119	127.209	126.945	126.750	125.997	126.029	125.589	125.239	125.005	124.535	124.524	124.121	1
Apparel	120.078		119.357	116.678	118.869	122.073			118.319					121.498	
Men's and boys' apparel	113.628	111.914	110.633	109.762	111.351	113.104	113.692	113.885	112.446		110.229	112.201	114.090	112.824	
Women's and girls' apparel	108.091	107.081	108.304	103.353	106.818	111.730	110.816	108.686	104.746	100.659	102.702	109.217	110.723	109.778	105.739
Infants' and toddlers' apparel	114.489	114.180	112.695	113.248	114.318	115.920	116.469		112.930			1	114.663	115.106	112.558
Footwear	126.854	127.988	128.492	127.205	127.737	128.525	129.432	128.738	127.196	125.212	125.656	129.303	130.896	129.368	1
Transportation	179.252	193.396	188.318	190.512	189.577	192.130	193.994		192.651	193.038	193.454	192.412	194.283	195.659	
Private transportation	174.762		183.766	186.308	185.274	187.796		190.071	187.593	188.028	188.616			190.915	
New and used motor vehicles 2	93.486 135.623	97.149 138.005	96.421 138.857	96.660 138.743	97.020 138.851	97.032 138.600	96.815 138.174	96.890 137.750	97.176 137.503	97.620 137.323	97.891 137.119	97.502 137.365	97.203	96.936 138.222	
	126.973	143.128	137.406	139.174	140.218	140.797	141.315	142.537	144.399	146.379	147.909	146.065		142.250	
Used cars and trucks ¹ Motor fuel	201.978		224.730	234.106	227.674	237.671	244.801		234.868		235.690	1	240.303	1	256.025
Gasoline (all types)	201.555	238.594	224.260	233.727	227.198	237.356		246.080	234.214			231.819		244.345	
Motor vehicle parts and equipment	134.050	136.995	134.781	135.277	135.649	135.523	135.701	136.135	136.686	137.236	137.646	137.802	138.289	138.768	139.223
Motor vehicle maintenance and repair	243.337	247.954	245.417	245.567	245.969	246.624	247.355	247.311	247.635	247.536	248.390	249.231	249.824	249.872	250.134
Public transportation	236.348	251.351	245.203	241.058	241.967	244.766	249.135	253.275	257.825	257.337	254.717	252.525	251.435	254.995	257.172
Medical care	375.613	388.436	379.516	382.688	385.907	387.142	387.703	387.762	388.199	387.898	388.467	390.616		391.660	
Medical care commodities	305.108		308.221	310.494	312.864	314.023			314.888	314.113			316.082	316.794	
Medical care services	397.299	411.208	401.452	404.937	408.447	409.687	410.256	410.173	410.802	410.710	411.182	413.807	414.564	414.850	
Professional services Hospital and related services	319.372 567.879		321.827 581.968	324.397 588.631	325.969 598.549		327.015 604.756		327.938 606.378			330.149			
·	1				113.345				113.802						
Recreation ² Video and audio ^{1,2}	101.276			99.940	99.532		100.074	99.572	99.814	99.244	98.852	1			1
Education and communication ²		129.919		129.072	129.105	129.236		129.270	129.263		130.599	1			1
	190.857	199.337	195.672	195.850	196.137		196.798		197.284						203.343
Education ² Educational books and supplies		505.569		500.551			501.170					508.892			
Tuition, other school fees, and child care	548.971	573.174	562.610	562.841	563.544		565.709	565.983	566.910	569.750	579.833	585.271	584.286	584.509	584.840
Communication ^{1,2}	84.954	84.681	84.809	84.974	84.905	84.940	84.947	84.809	84.657	84.703	84.699	84.665		84.423	83.913
Information and information processing 1,2	81.944	81.513		81.817	81.743	81.776		81.641	81.487	81.535	81.532	1			
Telephone services 1,2Information and information processing	102.392	102.379	102.707	102.729	102.288	102.298	102.394	102.369	102.303	102.471	102.534	102.633	102.458	102.329	101.739
other than telephone services ^{1,4}	9.672	9.413	9.423	9.457	9.540	9.552	9.530	9.473	9.422	9.399	9.381	9.339	9.324	9.309	9.232
Personal computers and peripheral	1														
equipment ^{1,2} Other goods and services	82.304		77.960		77.961	78.385				75.912					1
	368.586		377.330	377.652	377.992				380.926	383.247			382.764	383.633	
	730 240			786 057	785 744	787 200	700 000	700 100					221 500		
Tobacco and smoking products	730.316			786.857	785.714								821.529		
	204.587		205.823	205.789	206.137	206.594		206.296	206.481	207.025	207.042		206.471	207.162	

38. Continued—Consumer Price Indexes for All Urban Consumers and for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers U.S. city average, by expenditure category and commodity or service group [1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

Sories		average			F	84 -	A	84-		10	A	0	C - 1	A1	
Series	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Miscellaneous personal services	344.469	354.052	348.697	349.605	350.780	352.028	352.779	353.522	353.941	354.533	355.429	355.964	356.508	357.061	356.475
Commodity and service group:															
Commodities	169.698	174.566	1/2.5/2	173.646	173.419	174.798	175.333	175.333	173.899	173.503	173.925	174.282	175.225	175.415	176.018
Food and beverages	218.249						219.536		219.562			220.586			
Commodities less food and beverages	144.395	150.392	_		149.162			151.559			149.558				1
Nondurables less food and beverages	178.959						192.335		188.237		187.890				
Apparel	120.078	119.503	119.357	116.678	118.869	122.073	122.143	121.006	118.319	115.248	116.667	121.011	122.454	121.498	118.07
Non durables less food, beverages,															
and apparel	219.592	238.053	231.169	235.821	233.447	237.683	240.381	240.876	236.028	235.935	236.498	235.211	238.530	240.762	245.45
Durables	109.859	111 221	111 177	111 701	111 750	111 604	111 150	111 151	111 110	111 555	111 507	111 171	110.000	110 570	110 51
Durables Services	259.154						260.420	111.454	261.756		111.587 262.421				1
Rent of shelter ³	259.924				258.435			258.525			259.015				
Transportation services	251.031				256.365			259.325			260.944				
Other services	303.992	309.602	306.436	306.916	307.171	307.451	308.493	308.870	309.349	310.033	311.443	311.802	311.375	311.499	310.82
Special indexes:															
All items less food	214.008	217.828	215.703	216.362	216.440	217.430	217.839	218.010	217.788	217.857	218.147	218.179	218.431	218.538	218.92
All items less shelter	203.301	208 643	205 888	206 892	206 948	208 181	208.722	208 932	208.486	208 469	208 925	209 133	209 467	209.560	209 99
All items less medical care	206.555	209.689							209.605		209.952			210.336	
Commodities less food.	147.071							154.106			152.182				1
Nondurables less food	181.453						194.159		190.306		190.025				1
Nondurables less food and apparel	218.687						237.626				234.212				
Nondurables	198.548	205.271	202.064	203.588	203.219	205.409	206.393	206.391		203.471	204.111	204.920	206.518	207.053	208.02
Services less rent of shelter ³	278.064	284.368	279.896	280.730	281.432	282.297	282.851	283.541	285.371	286.238	286.775	286.640	285.588	285.467	285.48
Services less medical care services	248.122	249.569	247.793	248.023	248.178	248.531	248.733	249.087	250.094	250.605	250.766	250.516	250.066	250.044	250.19 ⁻
Energy	193.126	211.449	202.301	208.026	204.455	209.999	212.977	214.363	211.660	212.372	212.663	210.003	210.947	211.970	217.95
All items less energy	218.433							220.298							
All items less food and energy	219.235							221.193							
Commodities less food and energy	142.041							143.888			143.206				
Energy commodities	205.281							249.680			238.702				
Services less energy	265.875	268.278	266.237	266.519	266.967	267.248	267.587	267.829	268.308	268.655	268.903	269.034	269.208	269.509	269.572
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR URBAN															
WAGE EARNERS AND CLERICAL WORKERS															
WAGE EARNERS AND CLERICAL WORKERS															
All items	209.630	213.967	211.703	212.568	212.544	213.525	213.958	214.124	213.839	213.898	214.205	214.306	214.623	214.750	215.262
All items (1967 = 100)	624.423	637 342	630 600	633 176	633 105	636 025	637 316	637.809	636 962	637 138	638 052	638 353	639 296	639 673	641 200
Food and beverages	217.480							218.844							
Food	217.118							218.427							
Food at home	213.908							214.501							
Cereals and bakery products	253.214	251.024	251.570	251.195	251.757	251.493	251.031	251.920	250.742	250.670	250.327	250.654	250.429	250.648	251.419
Meats, poultry, fish, and eggs	203.394	207.431	200.623	201.411	202.139	202.540	204.878	205.228	207.883	208.784	208.676	211.109	211.978	212.693	211.85
Dairy and related products 1	195.679	197.992	193.546	197.663	197.583	197.370	195.958	196.490	196.663	197.782	197.651	197.812	199.890	200.084	200.95
Fruits and vegetables	270.562	270.713	270.279	276.025	271.974	277.347	276.727	275.080	269.040	263.715	263.946	266.461	267.466	266.802	273.97
Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage															
materials	162.598	161.214	160.745	163,439	162.524	162,499	161.721	160.694	159.938	160.862	161.353	161.210	160.678	160.999	158.65
Other foods at home	Ì														
	190.519	190.294			190.831		190.299		190.164		191.226			189.265	
Sugar and sweets	195.702							200.979			198.872				
Fats and oils	202.003							200.054 205.031			201.786 206.021	-			
Other foods	205.573 122.753										121.804				1
Other miscellaneous foods 1,2	4						122.712								
Food away from home 1	223.383				225.168			225.657	225.846		226.481				
Other food away from home 1,2	155.607	159.794	156.830	157.670	158.826	159.023	159.088	158.901	159.601	159.725	159.866	160.755	160.988	161.428	161.657
Alcoholic beverages	221.325	224.368	223.168	223.565	223.621	223.452	223.305	223.515	223.718	224.772	224.749	224.828	225.531	225.771	225.592
Housing	213.144	212.880	212.142	212.529	212.401	212.604	212.368	212.518	213.469	213.743	213.603	213.294	212.681	212.490	212.86
Shelter	242.637							241.964							
Rent of primary residence	247.401	247.725	247.465	247.574	247.448	247.555	247.474	247.352	247.389	247.442	247.250	247.589	247.823	248.553	249.24
Lodging away from home 2	135.163	135.119	124.222	127.150	130.571	134.632	135.793	137.067	142.529	145.768	140.967	136.488	134.787	128.305	127.369
Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence 3	232.499	232.461	232.603	232.463	232.354	232.179	232.108	232.068	232.235	232.271	232.373	232.472	232.680	233.047	233.27
Tenants' and household insurance 1,2	121.935	126.739						126.051			127.526				
Fuels and utilities															
	209.595							211.426							
Fuels	186.229							185.946			193.259				
Fuel oil and other fuels	243.003 191.981	277.433			187.730				197.258		264.904 198.640				
					123.097				121.720		120.912				
Gas (piped) and electricity	124 632	121.000	120.10/						117.630		115.600				
Household furnishings and operations	124.632 119.847	118 733	118 984	110 3111			200	. 20.201						0.020	
Household furnishings and operations	119.847	118.733 111.811				113,032	113,538	113,838	112.359	109.313	110,005	111,901	113,618	112.815	109.849
Household furnishings and operations			110.856	109.893	111.575		113.538 109.783		112.359 103.952		110.005 101.483				
Household furnishings and operations	119.847 114.340 107.602	111.811 106.360	110.856 107.819	109.893 102.860	111.575 106.496	110.885	109.783	107.882	103.952	99.600	101.483	108.532		109.388	104.98
Household furnishings and operations	119.847 114.340	111.811 106.360 117.415	110.856 107.819 115.754	109.893 102.860 117.028	111.575 106.496 117.789	110.885 119.644	109.783 120.106	107.882	103.952 116.509	99.600 116.291		108.532 116.688	110.474 117.250	109.388 117.900	104.988 115.832
Household furnishings and operations	119.847 114.340 107.602 117.202 127.183	111.811 106.360 117.415 127.593	110.856 107.819 115.754 128.637	109.893 102.860 117.028 127.267	111.575 106.496 117.789 127.843	110.885 119.644 128.172	109.783 120.106 129.112	107.882 117.881 128.647	103.952 116.509 127.034	99.600 116.291 125.317	101.483 116.066 125.535	108.532 116.688 128.436	110.474 117.250 129.851	109.388 117.900 128.216	104.988 115.832 125.691
Household furnishings and operations	119.847 114.340 107.602 117.202 127.183 176.729	111.811 106.360 117.415 127.593 192.560	110.856 107.819 115.754 128.637 186.839	109.893 102.860 117.028 127.267 189.544	111.575 106.496 117.789 127.843 188.406	110.885 119.644 128.172 191.294	109.783 120.106 129.112 193.320	107.882 117.881 128.647 194.079	103.952 116.509 127.034 191.587	99.600 116.291 125.317 192.051	101.483 116.066 125.535 192.657	108.532 116.688 128.436 191.517	110.474 117.250 129.851 193.553	109.388 117.900 128.216 194.884	104.988 115.832 125.691 197.832
Household furnishings and operations	119.847 114.340 107.602 117.202 127.183	111.811 106.360 117.415 127.593	110.856 107.819 115.754 128.637	109.893 102.860 117.028 127.267 189.544	111.575 106.496 117.789 127.843 188.406	110.885 119.644 128.172 191.294	109.783 120.106 129.112 193.320 190.106	107.882 117.881 128.647 194.079	103.952 116.509 127.034 191.587	99.600 116.291 125.317	101.483 116.066 125.535 192.657 189.261	108.532 116.688 128.436 191.517	110.474 117.250 129.851 193.553 190.259	109.388 117.900 128.216 194.884	104.988 115.832 125.691 197.832 194.477

38. Continued—Consumer Price Indexes for All Urban Consumers and for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers: U.S. city average, by expenditure category and commodity or service group

[1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

	Annual	average	2009						20	10					-
Series	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
New vehicles	136.711	139.044	139.962	139.857	139.905	139.653	139.192	138.794	138.639	138.387	138.152	138.353	138.806	139.224	139.567
Used cars and trucks 1	127.687	144.007	138 242	140.023	141 079	141.657	142 173	143.396	145 257	147.247	148.782	146.959	144 952	143.176	143.377
Motor fuel	. 202.695				228.569		245.949								
Gasoline (all types)	202.375	239.629	225.223	234.825	228.207	238.583	245.626	247.224	235.124	234.959	235.966	232.783	240.558	245.250	256.443
Motor vehicle parts and equipment	. 134.133	136.998	134.892	135.383	135.694	135.573	135.914	136.182	136.719	137.218	137.612	137.728	138.153	138.654	139.150
Motor vehicle maintenance and repair		250.543	247.812	247.975	248.479	249.127	249.873	249.841	250.142	250.143	251.084	251.938	252.546	252.610	252.759
Public transportation							246.535							252.230	
Medical care	. 376.064	389.766	380.302		386.919			389.029			389.905			393.277	
Medical care commodities	296.724		299.777		304.320				306.440					308.332	
Medical care services Professional services	399.165		403.791		411.114		413.325		413.834 331.323					418.307 333.868	
Hospital and related services	. 322.127 . 565.029	331.456 608.516	580.567		329.020 598.149				606.700					622.116	
Recreation ²	111.015	109.812	109.851		110.076	110.073		110.195		110.076		109.626	109.449		
Video and audio 1,2	101.602	99.643	100.400		100.084			99.977	100.239	99.660			99.054	98.774	97.753
	123.017	124.891		124.293		124.455		124.459							
Education and communication ²	1														
Education Education Educational books and supplies	188.143 485.025	196.606 508.386	192.760 499.478		193.641 505.356	193.965 505.642		194.332 504.925					200.129 512.956	200.228 513.546	
Tuition, other school fees, and child care	529.316		542.036			545.120		546.319						563.563	564.149
Communication ^{1,2}	87.662	87.317	87.541	87.617		87.548		87.453				87.343		87.040	
Information and information processing ^{1,2}	85.571	85.126	85.404	85.433	85.314	85.362		85.263	85.115	85.186	85.201	85.154	84.978	84.846	84.271
Telephone services 1,2	102.341	102.086	102.585			102.048		102.101	102.021	102.185		102.325	102.135		
Information and information processing															
other than telephone services 1,4	10.178	9.960	9.935	9.978	10.077	10.099	10.087	10.028	9.976	9.957	9.947	9.891	9.864	9.849	9.767
Personal computers and peripheral	10.170	3.300	3.333	3.370	10.077	10.033	10.007	10.020	3.370	3.331	3.547	3.031	3.004	3.043	3.707
	00.404	70.070	77.004	70.070	== 000	70 474	70.400	70 700	75.004	75.000	75.040	75.050	74070	74.045	70.070
equipment 1,2	82.104	76.273	77.821	78.278		78.474		76.736					74.970	74.615	
Other goods and services Tobacco and smoking products	391.628 . 735.056	409.278 812.347			404.722 790.710				408.610 811.325		412.453			412.383 825.644	
Personal care 1									203.922						
	202.490 162.557	204.299 161.174	162.231		162.073	162.417		160.289			161.376			160.801	205.084 161.217
Personal care products 1	227.804	229.824	228.614		228.169		229.857	230.263			230.625			229.855	
Personal care services Miscellaneous personal services	346.500		349.851				354.593							358.407	
Commodity and service group:	040.000	000.002	040.001	001.020	002.000	000.007	004.000	004.720	000.101	000.007	000.002	007.420	001.104	000.407	000.000
Commodities	. 171.452	177.545	175 107	176 /12	176 110	177 501	178.269	170 250	176 040	176 EE A	177 002	177 267	170 202	178.504	179.331
Food and beverages	. 217.480	219.182					218.730				219.175			220.245	
Commodities less food and beverages	147.327						156.268							155.953	
Nondurables less food and beverages	185.579	198.517	193.667	195.981	195.059		201.091	201.141				197.015	199.991		203.292
Apparel	119.847	118.733	118.984		118.607	121.347	121.293					119.942	121.587	120.628	117.127
Nondurables less food, beverages,															
and apparel	. 230.503	252.481	244.413	249.801	246.914	251.912	255.140	255.839	250.039	250.103	250.745	249.301	253.167	255.572	261.243
Durables	109.610						112.432							111.813	
Services	254.267	256.628	254.519	254.918	255.199	255.634	255.796	256.048	257.138	257.595	257.745	257.663	257.198	257.219	257.382
Rent of shelter ³	233.917	233.507	233.241	233.252	233.234	233.250	233.210	233.184	233,460	233.588	233.478	233.516	233.679	233.956	234.278
Transporatation services	250.960		256.007	255.577	256.809	257.728			260.032			260.813		263.804	
Other services	. 291.572	296.066	293.470	293.972	294.230	294.564	295.327	295.551	296.070	296.475	297.576	297.815	297.397	297.313	296.508
Special indexes:															
All items less food	208.128	212.938	210.639	211.440	211.423	212.535	213.000	213.175	212.865	212.937	213.224	213.223	213.532	213.675	214.225
All items less shelter		205.943													
All items less medical care	202.810	206.828	204.800	205.589	205.461	206.420	206.841	207.010	206.706	206.771	207.068	207.107	207.409	207.523	208.036
Commodities less food	149.780	157.422	154.918	156.200	155.820	157.742	158.569	158.650	156.641	156.245	156.695	156.792	158.038	158.328	159.342
Nondurables less food	. 187.718			197.701			202.529							202.679	
Nondurables less food and apparel	. 228.679		241.513				251.298								
Nondurables	201.628		205.823				210.526								
Services less rent of shelter ³	245.814		247.174				249.847								251.847
Services less medical care services	243.796		243.838 202.398				244.719							245.958	
Energy All items less energy	192.594	211.926					213.728								
All items less food and energy	1	214.835					214.643							215.584	
Commodities less food and energy	143.099		145.253				146.094								145.037
Energy commodities	. 205.325		228.303				248.594								260.026
Services less energy	1	263.713					263.097								

NOTE: Index applied to a month as a whole, not to any specific date.

Not seasonally adjusted.
 Indexes on a December 1997 = 100 base.
 Indexes on a December 1982 = 100 base.

 $^{^4}$ Indexes on a December 1988 = 100 base.

39. Consumer Price Index: U.S. city average and available local area data: all items

[1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

	Pricing		All	Urban (Consun	ners		Urban Wage Earners							
	sched-			20)10					20	10				
	ule ¹	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.		
U.S. city average	М	218.011	218.312	218.439	218.711	218.803	219.179	213.898	214.205	214.306	214.623	214.750	215.262		
Region and area size ²															
Northeast urban	М	233.885	234.150	234.027	234.671	235.094	235.141	231.380	231.694	231.566	232.396	232.962	233.082		
Size A—More than 1,500,000	M	235.770	236.089	235.995	236.560	236.806	236.828	231.615	231.995	231.881	232.672	233.031	233.092		
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	139.274	139.348	139.229	139.746	140.282	140.351	140.283	140.390	140.295	140.848	141.452	141.598		
Midwest urban ⁴	M	208.211	208.639	208.788	208.689	208.816	209.270	203.877	204.273	204.442	204.329	204.468	205.024		
Size A—More than 1,500,000	M	208.556	208.912	209.253	209.182	209.344	209.936	203.363	203.593	203.946	203.906	204.064	204.731		
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	134.130	134.375	134.275	134.074	134.058	134.267	134.136	134.426	134.361	134.093	134.112	134.454		
Size D—Nonmetropolitan (less than 50,000)	M	203.992	204.985	205.100	205.565	206.014	206.136	201.950	202.896	203.086	203.548	203.937	204.132		
South urban	M	210.988	211.308	211.775	212.026	211.996	212.488	208.440	208.740	209.155	209.376	209.352	209.994		
Size A—More than 1,500,000	M	212.696	212.947	213.493	213.589	213.424	213.850	210.592	210.831	211.393	211.409	211.222	211.712		
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	134.130	134.335	134.658	134.890	134.892	135.240	133.227	133.420	133.680	133.923	133.927	134.405		
Size D—Nonmetropolitan (less than 50,000)	M	214.639	215.266	215.172	215.390	215.736	216.189	214.840	215.354	215.346	215.451	215.822	216.477		
West urban	M	221.331	221.523	221.384	221.708	221.671	222.081	215.824	216.048	215.804	216.273	216.267	216.847		
Size A—More than 1,500,000	M	225.574	225.790	225.726	226.058	225.847	226.112	218.499	218.784	218.524	219.017	218.817	219.273		
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	133.685	133.704	133.544	133.745	133.930	134.328	133.471	133.480	133.346	133.622	133.777	134.306		
Size classes:															
A ⁵	M	199.224	199.477	199.617	199.842	199.844	200.123	197.908	198.168	198.278	198.576	198.598	198.979		
B/C ³	M	134.753	134.908	134.987	135.174	135.289	135.579	134.420	134.581	134.644	134.840	134.969	135.379		
D	M	210.882	211.606	211.524	211.831	212.124	212.541	209.161	209.863	209.864	210.160	210.529	210.959		
Selected local areas ⁶															
Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI	M	212.535	212.784	213.339	213.332	213.066	213.778	206.307	206.338	206.897	206.894	206.632	207.479		
Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, CA	M	225.991	226.373	226.048	226.794	225.941	226.639	218.367	218.752	218.427	219.339	218.694	219.619		
New York, NY-Northern NJ-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT-PA	M	241.147	241.569	241.485	241.981	241.960	241.874	236.330	236.820	236.725	237.483	237.606	237.575		
Boston-Brockton-Nashua, MA-NH-ME-CT	1	236.132	_	236.474	_	238.103	_	236.657	_	236.844	_	238.891	_		
Cleveland-Akron, OH	1	203.989	_	205.492	_	206.168	_	195.477	_	196.787	_	197.530	_		
Dallas-Ft Worth, TX	1	200.227	-	201.882	_	201.168	_	203.537	_	205.602	_	204.918	_		
Washington-Baltimore, DC-MD-VA-WV 7	1	141.966	-	142.738	-	142.915	-	141.926	-	142.755	_	142.938	-		
Atlanta, GA	2	_	204.511	_	202.913	-	202.519	_	203.745	_	201.887	-	201.390		
Detroit-Ann Arbor-Flint, MI	2	_	205.412	_	205.824	-	206.384	_	201.359	_	201.864	_	202.280		
Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX	2	-	195.165	-	195.094	-	194.479	-	193.276	_	193.110	-	192.863		
Miami-Ft. Lauderdale, FL	2	-	222.803	_	223.631	-	224.907	-	220.790	_	221.497	-	222.510		
Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD	2	-	228.500	_	228.543	-	228.017	-	228.523	_	228.676	-	228.072		
San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA	2	-	227.954	_	228.107	-	227.658	-	224.195	_	224.352	-	224.152		
Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton, WA	2	_	227.645	_	227.251	_	226.862	_	223.444	_	223.112	_	222.853		

¹ Foods, fuels, and several other items priced every month in all areas; most other goods and services priced as indicated:

Report. Anchorage, AK; Cincinnatti, OH-KY-IN; Kansas City, MO-KS; Milwaukee-Racine, WI; Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI; Pittsburgh, PA; Port-land-Salem, OR-WA; St Louis, MO-IL; San Diego, CA; Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL.

7 Indexes on a November 1996 = 100 base.

NOTE: Local area CPI indexes are byproducts of the national CPI program. Each local index has a smaller sample size and is, therefore, subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error. As a result, local area indexes show greater volatility than the national index, although their long-term trends are similar. Therefore, the Bureau of Labor Statistics strongly urges users to consider adopting the national average CPI for use in their escalator clauses. Index applies to a month as a whole, not to any specific date. Dash indicates data not available.

M—Every month.
1—January, March, May, July, September, and November.

^{2—}February, April, June, August, October, and December.

Regions defined as the four Census regions.
 Indexes on a December 1996 = 100 base.

³ Indexes on a December 1996 = 100 Dase.
⁴ The "North Central" region has been renamed the "Midwest" region by the Census Bureau. It is composed of the same geographic entities.

Indexes on a December 1986 = 100 base.
 In addition, the following metropolitan areas are published semiannually and appear in tables 34 and 39 of the January and July issues of the CPI Detailed.

40. Annual data: Consumer Price Index, U.S. city average, all items and major groups

[1982–84 = 100]

Series	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers:											
All items:											
Index	172.2	177.1	179.9	184.0	188.9	195.3	201.6	207.342	215.303	214.537	218.056
Percent change	3.4	2.8	1.6	2.3	2.7	3.4	3.2	2.8	3.8	-0.4	1.6
Food and beverages:											
Index	168.4	173.6	176.8	180.5	186.6	191.2	195.7	203.300	214.225	218.249	219.984
Percent change	2.3	3.1	1.8	2.1	3.3	2.5	2.4	3.9	5.4	1.9	0.8
Housing:											
Index	169.6	176.4	180.3	184.8	189.5	195.7	203.2	209.586	216.264	217.057	216.256
Percent change	3.5	4.0	2.2	2.5	2.5	3.3	3.8	3.1	3.2	0.4	-0.4
Apparel:											
Index	129.6	127.3	124.0	120.9	120.4	119.5	119.5	118.998	118.907	120.078	119.503
Percent change	-1.3	-1.8	-2.6	-2.5	4	7	.0	-0.4	-0.1	1.0	-0.5
Transportation:											
Index	153.3	154.3	152.9	157.6	163.1	173.9	180.9	184.682	195.549	179.252	193.396
Percent change	6.2	0.7	9	3.1	3.5	6.6	4.0	2.1	5.9	-8.3	7.9
Medical care:											
Index	260.8	272.8	285.6	297.1	310.1	323.2	336.2	351.054	364.065	375.613	388.436
Percent change	4.1	4.6	4.7	4.0	4.4	4.2	4.0	4.4	3.7	3.2	
Other goods and services:											
Index	271.1	282.6	293.2	298.7	304.7	313.4	321.7	333.328	345.381	368.586	381.291
Percent change	5.0	4.2	3.8	1.9	2.0	2.9	2.6	3.6	3.6	6.7	3.4
Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners											
and Clerical Workers:											
All items:											
Index	168.9	173.5	175.9	179.8	184.5	191.0	197.1	202.767	211.053	209.630	213.967
Percent change	3.5	2.7	1.4	2.2	5.1	1.1	3.2	2.9	4.1	-0.7	2.1

41. Producer Price Indexes, by stage of processing

	Annual	average	2009						20	10					
Grouping	2009	2010	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept. ^p	Oct.p	Nov. ^p	Dec.p
Finished goods	172.5	179.9	176.0	178.0	177.0	179.1	179.5	179.8	179.0	179.5	179.9	180.2	181.2	181.9	183.0
Finished consumer goods		189.2	183.8	186.5	185.1	188.3	188.8	189.2	188.2	188.9	189.4	189.9	191.0	191.9	193.4
Finished consumer foods	175.5	182.5	179.8	180.1	180.9	185.6	184.2	184.1	179.5	180.5	180.1	182.8	182.0	184.0	186.1
Finished consumer goods															
excluding foods	179.4	190.5	184.2	187.7	185.6	188.2	189.4	190.0	190.1	190.8	191.6	191.3	193.0	193.5	194.9
Nondurable goods less food	194.1	210.3	200.9	205.9	202.8	206.8	208.7	209.6	210.1	211.2	212.3	211.9	213.8	214.4	216.7
Durable goods	144.3	144.9	144.9	145.4	145.2	145.0	144.8	145.0	144.3	144.2	144.3	144.3	145.5	145.7	145.3
Capital equipment	156.7	157.3	157.1	157.5	157.3	157.1	157.1	157.2	157.0	156.9	157.1	157.0	157.8	158.0	157.8
Intermediate materials,															
supplies, and components	172.5	183.6	176.6	179.4	179.2	181.2	183.2	184.3	183.3	183.1	183.9	184.4	185.7	187.1	188.1
Materials and components															
for manufacturing	162.7	174.0	167.5	169.4	171.0	172.6	175.0	175.4	173.6	172.6	173.1	174.1	175.6	177.2	178.2
Materials for food manufacturing	165.1	174.5	168.5	168.9	169.8	170.4	172.7	175.1	173.2	172.9	174.5	179.0	178.3	180.3	179.5
Materials for nondurable manufacturing	191.6	215.4	202.9	207.3	211.7	214.8	217.7	216.9	212.7	211.4	212.9	214.4	217.4	222.0	225.2
Materials for durable manufacturing	168.9	186.5	176.5	179.4	180.6	183.5	189.3	190.8	188.3	185.2	184.7	185.9	189.3	190.5	191.1
Components for manufacturing	141.0	142.2	141.0	141.1	141.3	141.6	142.2	142.4	142.5	142.4	142.6	142.7	142.7	142.6	142.7
Materials and components															
for construction	202.9	205.6	202.0	202.3	203.5	204.6	206.1	207.4	206.6	206.3	206.2	205.7	205.8	206.1	207.0
Processed fuels and lubricants	161.9	185.7	171.4	180.2	174.9	180.0	183.1	185.9	185.2	186.3	188.4	188.2	190.2	192.4	193.9
Containers	195.8	202.4	193.2	194.2	196.1	198.8	200.1	201.6	204.1	204.4	205.0	206.2	206.1	205.8	206.2
Supplies	172.2	174.9	172.5	172.9	173.1	173.3	173.8	174.7	174.5	174.8	175.1	175.6	176.4	177.3	177.9
Crude materials for further															
processing	175.2	212.0	195.5	212.8	208.5	212.7	211.0	208.3	203.7	208.7	211.8	208.7	215.2	216.7	225.8
Foodstuffs and feedstuffs	134.5	152.3	138.9	142.0	142.3	146.9	148.6	153.0	146.3	150.7	152.5	157.9	160.6	162.3	164.6
Crude nonfood materials	197.5	249.0	231.2	260.3	252.2	255.5	250.7	241.5	239.3	244.4	248.5	237.5	246.9	248.2	262.9
Special groupings:															
Finished goods, excluding foods	171.1	178.4	174.3	176.7	175.3	176.9	177.6	178.1	178.1	178.5	179.1	178.8	180.2	180.6	181.4
Finished energy goods	146.9	167.3	156.0	162.7	157.7	163.3	165.9	166.7	166.8	168.0	169.6	168.8	171.1	171.8	174.6
Finished goods less energy	172.3	175.5	174.0	174.6	174.7	175.8	175.5	175.7	174.6	174.9	174.9	175.5	176.1	176.7	177.2
Finished consumer goods less energy	179.2	183.9	181.6	182.3	182.6	184.4	184.0	184.2	182.6	183.1	183.1	184.1	184.5	185.4	186.3
Finished goods less food and energy	171.5	173.5	172.4	173.0	173.0	173.0	173.0	173.3	173.2	173.3	173.5	173.5	174.5	174.7	174.7
Finished consumer goods less food															
and energy	181.6	185.0	183.0	183.9	184.0	184.2	184.2	184.6	184.7	184.9	185.1	185.2	186.3	186.6	186.8
Consumer nondurable goods less food															
and energy	214.3	220.7	216.4	217.6	218.1	218.8	219.1	219.7	220.7	221.4	221.4	221.8	222.7	223.0	223.8
Intermediate materials less foods															
and feeds	173.0	184.5	177.2	180.2	180.1	182.3	184.4	185.4	184.4	184.2	184.9	185.2	186.5	187.8	188.9
Intermediate foods and feeds	166.0	171.8	168.0	168.7	168.3	167.7	168.5	170.8	169.7	170.0	171.2	174.5	175.5	178.1	178.4
Intermediate energy goods	162.5	188.4	173.8	183.2	177.4	182.9	185.8	188.5	187.3	188.4	190.8	190.5	192.8	195.2	197.5
Intermediate goods less energy	172.8	180.1	175.0	176.2	177.5	178.5	180.3	181.0	180.0	179.4	179.7	180.5	181.5	182.7	183.4
Intermediate materials less foods															
and energy	173.4	180.8	175.7	176.8	178.3	179.6	181.5	181.9	181.0	180.4	180.5	181.1	182.0	183.0	183.8
Crude energy materials	176.8	216.4	208.6	241.5	229.8	226.8	216.0	205.9	207.7	216.1	217.7	198.4	209.0	205.9	221.5
Crude materials less energy	164.8	196.9	176.3	183.0	183.7	191.5	195.2	197.6	189.4	192.1	196.0	202.9	206.3	210.3	214.9
Crude nonfood materials less energy	248.4	329.0	285.3	304.0	306.0	324.6	335.3	330.0	317.1	313.2	324.1	335.5	340.8	352.6	365.3

p = preliminary.

42. Producer Price Indexes for the net output of major industry groups

[December 2003 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

	her 2003 = 100, unless otherwise indicated	2009						20	10					
NAICS	Industry	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept. ^p	Oct.p	Nov. ^p	Dec. ^p
	Total mining industries (December 1984=100)	208.4	231.3	222.3	219.8	213.4	204.9	204.8	209.0	211.6	203.6	214.3	214.7	226.4
211	Oil and gas extraction (December 1985=100)	235.5	271.6	257.3	250.9	240.0	226.8	226.7	232.7	235.5	222.2	238.0	236.7	255.6
212	Mining, except oil and gas	194.2	196.9	195.8	200.5	201.3	200.1	199.0	200.1	203.9	204.8	208.0	212.9	213.3
213	Mining support activities	99.1	99.3	100.0	100.4	100.6	100.7	101.1	102.7	102.3	102.7	104.8	104.4	104.4
311	Total manufacturing industries (December 1984=100)	170.8 171.2	173.1 172.2	172.2 172.4	173.9 172.6	175.2 173.6	176.1 175.8	174.8 174.6	174.7 174.6	175.3 175.3	175.5 178.2	177.1 178.1	178.2 179.4	179.4 179.8
312	Beverage and tobacco manufacturing	121.3	121.8	122.0	122.4	122.1	123.5	123.9	123.6	123.4	123.5	124.9	124.7	125.7
313	Textile mills	112.4	112.6	113.2	114.1	114.6	115.3	115.7	116.0	116.2	116.6	117.0	117.0	117.8
315	Apparel manufacturing	103.6	103.5	103.4	103.3	103.6	103.5	103.5	103.5	103.6	103.2	103.6	103.5	103.5
316	Leather and allied product manufacturing (December 1984=100)		153.1	153.6	154.0	155.3	155.8	155.9	156.4	156.9	157.4	158.5	158.5	158.9
321	Wood products manufacturing	103.5	103.6	105.6	107.3	110.0	112.5	109.3	108.8	107.6	107.2	106.8	106.6	107.3
322 323	Paper manufacturing Printing and related support activities	122.0 109.4	121.9 109.2	122.8 109.3	124.2 109.4	125.1 109.5	126.7 109.5	128.0 109.8	128.7 110.0	128.8 109.9	130.0 109.9	129.7 110.3	129.7 110.5	129.9 110.8
323	Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	254.3	275.6	261.0	278.2	287.8	292.0	280.4	278.8	284.4	282.0	295.5	302.4	314.3
324	(December 1984=100)	20 110	2.0.0	201.0	2.0.2	207.0	202.0	200.1	2.0.0	20	202.0	200.0	002.1	01.10
325	Chemical manufacturing (December 1984=100)	227.3	228.7	231.3	232.0	234.1	233.4	232.6	233.5	233.7	234.5	236.6	238.7	238.0
326	Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	162.0	162.3	163.1	164.3	165.6	166.2	167.1	166.8	166.9	166.7	166.7	167.6	168.1
020		102.0	102.0			100.0	.00.2		.00.0	100.0	100.1		.07.0	
004	(December 1984=100)	400.0	400.5	400.4	404.0	400.7	000 5	100.0	4040	400.0	400.0	000 7	000.4	000.0
331 332	Primary metal manufacturing (December 1984=100)	182.2 174.2	186.5 174.4	188.1 175.0	191.8 175.6	198.7 176.3	200.5 177.0	198.8 177.1	194.3 177.2	193.6 177.7	196.2 177.3	200.7 177.2	202.4 177.5	203.3 177.9
333	Machinery manufacturing	120.3	120.2	120.2	120.2	120.4	120.4	120.3	120.5	120.6	120.8	120.9	120.9	121.0
334	Computer and electronic products manufacturing	91.7	91.5	91.5	91.6	91.4	91.3	91.1	91.1	90.9	90.8	90.2	90.0	90.0
335	Electrical equipment, appliance, and components manufacturing		130.7	131.1	131.1	131.7	131.9	131.8	131.6	131.8	131.2	132.4	133.2	133.8
336	Transportation equipment manufacturing	110.2	110.8	110.7	110.3	110.3	110.3	109.9	109.7	109.9	109.8	110.7	111.1	110.8
337	Furniture and related product manufacturing	176.4	176.2	176.0	176.4	176.9	176.7	177.3	177.6	177.6	177.5	177.6	178.0	177.8
	(December 1984=100)													
339	Miscellaneous manufacturing	112.0	112.1	112.1	112.5	112.6	112.6	112.7	113.2	113.3	113.1	113.3	113.6	113.3
	Retail trade													
441	Motor vehicle and parts dealers	121.5	123.9	123.8	123.9	124.4	123.9	123.9	124.6	125.1	125.4	125.7	125.5	125.2
442	Furniture and home furnishings stores	121.1	120.0	120.9	120.3	121.7	121.7	120.5	119.8	121.0	120.9	120.8	121.7	122.5
443	Electronics and appliance stores	92.3	103.2	105.8	101.0	105.4	104.1	105.3	105.8	104.2	104.4	101.8	99.1	95.6
446	Health and personal care stores	139.0	138.7	141.0	141.8	142.1	142.5	143.1	136.1	128.8	128.7	128.2	128.0	127.3
447 454	Gasoline stations (June 2001=100)	82.9 145.0	74.1 142.9	75.3 154.7	64.3 144.5	74.1 142.8	82.8 142.7	67.6 138.7	71.6 141.3	73.7 137.2	69.8 140.8	69.8 139.9	71.1 138.9	67.2 140.5
404		140.0	142.0	104.7	144.0	142.0	172.7	100.7	141.0	107.2	140.0	100.0	100.0	140.0
	Transportation and warehousing	4047	400.0	400.5	202.2	205.0	202.0	200.0	200.4	205.2	405.0	204.0	204.2	204.0
481	Air transportation (December 1992=100)	194.7 118.3	199.6 120.0	199.5 121.5	203.2 119.8	205.8 121.0	202.9 123.1	208.0 124.1	209.1 129.3	205.2 130.0	195.6 128.4	201.9 128.7	201.2 128.2	201.0 127.9
483 491	Water transportation	186.8	187.7	187.7	187.7	187.7	187.7	187.7	187.7	187.7	187.7	187.7	187.7	187.7
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,													
	Utilities													
221	Utilities	129.4	132.2	133.0	132.2	131.0	131.3	134.5	137.1	138.8	135.9	132.1	131.1	132.5
	Health care and social assistance													
6211	Office of physicians (December 1996=100)	127.6	128.5	128.6	128.9	129.0	129.0	129.7	129.9	130.2	130.0	130.6	130.5	130.5
6215	Medical and diagnostic laboratories	108.0	108.3	108.2	108.2	108.2	108.2	108.3	108.4	108.5	108.4	108.6	108.6	108.6
6216 622	Home health care services (December 1996=100)	128.8 171.5	129.2 172.4	129.3 172.7	129.3 172.9	129.3 173.0	129.3 172.8	129.3 172.9	129.3 173.1	129.5 173.2	129.6 173.4	129.9 173.9	129.9 174.4	130.0 175.2
6231	Nursing care facilities	124.4	125.3	125.2	125.4	125.4	125.4	125.0	125.3	125.1	125.8	126.2	126.2	126.3
62321	Residential mental retardation facilities	127.1	128.1	127.9	128.1	128.7	128.7	129.5	130.0	130.1	129.9	131.3	131.7	132.1
	Other services industries													
511	Publishing industries, except Internet	109.7	110.3	110.2	110.4	110.3	110.4	110.2	110.3	110.4	110.4	110.3	110.5	110.5
515	Broadcasting, except Internet	104.6	105.0	104.0	106.3	108.7	109.5	113.5	109.2	108.3	108.4	112.2	113.7	112.3
517	Telecommunications	100.9	100.8	100.6	100.5	100.2	100.8	100.9	101.0	101.3	101.3	101.5	101.4	101.4
5182	Data processing and related services	100.6	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.8	100.8	100.8	100.8	100.8	100.7	101.8	101.7	101.7
523	Security, commodity contracts, and like activity	116.5	117.2	115.7	116.1	117.6	121.2	119.7	118.5	119.5	119.7	122.0	124.4	123.8
53112	Lessors or nonresidental buildings (except miniwarehouse)	109.9	109.5	109.1	108.8	108.7	109.6	109.5	109.7	109.8	109.4	109.7	109.5	109.6
5312 5313	Offices of real estate agents and brokers	101.9 109.3	101.7 108.1	101.0 108.3	100.8 107.9	100.6 107.4	100.3 106.9	100.1 106.9	99.8 106.4	99.5 106.5	99.1 107.0	99.1 107.3	98.4 107.1	98.4 107.8
5321	Automotive equipment rental and leasing (June 2001=100)	129.8	130.2	134.3	132.2	133.1	128.9	134.2	144.4	136.6	135.4	134.7	133.4	129.4
5411	Legal services (December 1996=100)	166.8	169.6	170.0	170.0	171.5	171.5	171.5	171.9	173.1	172.2	172.3	172.3	173.3
541211	Offices of certified public accountants	114.0	113.6	114.3	113.6	113.7	112.9	112.7	112.9	113.4	114.0	113.6	113.8	113.5
5413	Architectural, engineering, and related services													
	(December 1996=100)	143.0	142.9	142.7	143.1	143.1	143.2	143.6	143.8	143.7	143.6	143.9	144.0	144.1
54181	Advertising agencies	104.7	104.8	104.8	104.8	104.8	104.8	104.8	105.4	105.4	105.1	105.0	105.5	105.5
5613	Employment services (December 1996=100)	122.8	123.9	123.6	123.7	124.5	124.9	125.2	125.7	125.8	125.8	126.0	125.6	125.3
56151 56172	Travel agencies.	98.1 110.5	98.1 110.6	100.3 110.2	100.4 110.4	100.4 110.5	100.4 110.6	100.6 110.6	100.6 110.8	100.5 110.8	100.8 111.2	100.5 111.1	101.0 110.9	100.8 111.3
56172	Janitorial services	110.5	116.0	110.2	117.1	117.9	118.7	118.6	110.8	110.8	111.2	111.1	118.8	117.9
721	Accommodation (December 1996=100)	137.2	139.3	140.6	140.3	140.5	140.8	141.2	141.8	141.2	140.1	142.0	141.1	139.6
	eliminary.													

p = preliminary.

43. Annual data: Producer Price Indexes, by stage of processing

[1982 = 100]

Index	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Finished goods											
Total	138.0	140.7	138.9	143.3	148.5	155.7	160.4	166.6	177.1	172.5	179.9
Foods	137.2	141.3	140.1	145.9	152.7	155.7	156.7	167.0	178.3	175.5	182.5
Energy	94.1	96.7	88.8	102.0	113.0	132.6	145.9	156.3	178.7	146.9	167.3
Other	148.0	150.0	150.2	150.5	152.7	156.4	158.7	161.7	167.2	171.5	173.5
Intermediate materials, supplies, and											
components											
Total	129.2	129.7	127.8	133.7	142.6	154.0	164.0	170.7	188.3	172.5	183.6
Foods	119.2	124.3	123.2	134.4	145.0	146.0	146.2	161.4	180.4	165.1	174.5
Energy	101.7	104.1	95.9	111.9	123.2	149.2	162.8	174.6	208.1	162.5	188.4
Other	136.6	136.4	135.8	138.5	146.5	154.6	163.8	168.4	180.9	173.4	180.8
Crude materials for further processing											
Total	120.6	121.0	108.1	135.3	159.0	182.2	184.8	207.1	251.8	175.2	212.0
Foods	100.2	106.1	99.5	113.5	127.0	122.7	119.3	146.7	163.4	134.5	152.3
Energy	122.1	122.3	102.0	147.2	174.6	234.0	226.9	232.8	309.4	176.8	216.4
Other	118.0	101.5	101.0	116.9	149.2	176.7	210.0	238.7	308.5	211.1	280.7

44. U.S. export price indexes by end-use category

[2000 = 100]

[2000 = 100]													
Category	2009						20	10					
Category	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
ALL COMMODITIES	119.7	120.7	120.3	121.2	122.5	123.1	122.2	122.0	123.0	123.7	124.7	126.6	127.5
Foods, feeds, and beverages Agricultural foods, feeds, and beverages Nonagricultural (fish, beverages) food products	165.1 167.9 140.9	167.6 170.6 140.9	160.8 162.9 144.8	163.4 165.7 145.9	162.6 164.6 147.8	165.1 167.4 147.3	164.5 166.7 147.2	164.0 166.1 147.7	171.1 173.9 147.2	174.6 177.6 149.4	178.8 181.9 152.8	189.4 193.4 153.3	190.7 194.2 160.5
Industrial supplies and materials	150.1	152.8	152.6	155.1	160.0	162.2	159.8	158.8	161.2	162.6	165.4	169.6	172.5
Agricultural industrial supplies and materials	152.5	152.1	150.4	155.7	157.1	159.1	162.5	163.9	166.6	173.2	181.5	206.4	222.4
Fuels and lubricants	189.6	200.0	190.4	197.0	209.2	215.2	208.0	203.7	214.7	213.1	219.6	227.3	232.6
Nonagricultural supplies and materials, excluding fuel and building materials Selected building materials	147.3 113.5	148.9 114.8	150.5 115.8	152.2 116.0	156.2 117.8	157.8 118.2	155.8 118.7	155.2 117.9	156.2 117.3	158.0 117.1	160.0 116.6	162.6 116.9	164.6 116.3
Capital goods Electric and electrical generating equipment Nonelectrical machinery	103.3 109.3 94.5	103.6 109.9 94.5	103.6 110.0 94.5	103.8 109.8 94.7	103.9 108.8 95.0	103.8 109.1 94.7	103.5 109.3 94.3	103.4 108.5 94.2	103.4 108.6 94.2	103.5 108.7 94.3	103.4 109.3 94.1	103.8 109.9 94.4	103.9 109.8 94.5
Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines	108.2	108.5	108.7	108.6	108.5	108.5	108.5	108.5	108.6	108.7	108.9	109.1	109.1
Consumer goods, excluding automotive	109.4 110.0 109.2	109.5 110.9 107.8	110.0 111.9 107.5	110.2 111.9 107.7	110.9 112.3 108.1	110.8 112.2 108.0	110.4 111.5 108.2	110.8 111.6 109.1	110.7 112.2 108.2	111.8 112.9 109.9	112.4 113.4 110.9	112.9 114.2 111.0	113.1 114.0 111.0
Agricultural commodities Nonagricultural commodities	164.7 116.5	166.8 117.3	160.2 117.4	163.3 118.1	162.7 119.6	165.3 120.0	165.3 119.1	165.0 118.9	172.0 119.5	176.1 120.0	181.0 120.7	194.7 121.7	198.0 122.4

45. U.S. import price indexes by end-use category

[2000 = 100]

Category	2009						20	10					
Category	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
ALL COMMODITIES	124.4	125.9	125.8	126.3	127.7	126.7	125.2	125.2	125.7	125.7	127.1	129.0	130.4
Foods, feeds, and beverages	143.7	145.6	145.3	147.4	149.0	151.1	148.7	149.2	152.4	153.3	156.5	160.4	162.5
Agricultural foods, feeds, and beverages	160.8	163.9	163.1	165.8	167.4	169.8	166.1	166.3	170.3	171.1	174.8	180.0	182.3
Nonagricultural (fish, beverages) food products	104.9	104.2	104.7	105.6	107.3	108.7	109.2	110.6	111.9	113.0	115.0	116.1	117.9
Industrial supplies and materials	196.2	202.7	202.8	205.0	210.7	205.6	199.5	199.7	201.0	200.1	206.5	213.7	219.7
Fuels and lubricants	249.7	260.6	258.8	262.4	269.3	255.6	245.8	248.2	250.8	247.1	257.7	268.4	279.5
Petroleum and petroleum products	269.3	279.6	277.4	284.2	294.5	278.9	267.4	269.6	273.4	269.8	282.4	294.7	306.1
Paper and paper base stocks	103.1	104.3	106.4	107.6	109.5	112.7	115.5	116.5	116.2	117.5	117.1	118.4	118.5
Materials associated with nondurable													
supplies and materials	140.6	142.6	142.9	144.6	147.8	148.4	146.2	146.0	146.5	147.7	150.4	154.1	156.3
Selected building materials	120.9	122.5	124.7	127.6	130.1	133.7	131.9	126.3	125.0	124.6	125.3	126.6	127.5
Unfinished metals associated with durable goods	221.5	227.8	233.7	233.4	246.5	253.8	244.6	238.8	239.2	244.2	251.3	262.7	265.2
Nonmetals associated with durable goods	105.4	106.0	106.7	107.1	107.4	107.5	107.2	107.5	107.6	107.7	107.9	108.6	108.4
Capital goods	91.9	91.9	91.7	91.4	91.5	91.6	91.5	91.4	91.6	91.8	91.9	92.0	92.1
Electric and electrical generating equipment	111.3	111.7	111.8	111.0	111.4	111.2	111.4	111.6	112.2	112.7	112.7	113.5	113.5
Nonelectrical machinery	86.4	86.2	86.1	85.9	85.9	86.1	86.0	85.8	86.0	86.1	86.3	86.2	86.4
Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines	108.8	108.4	108.3	108.2	108.5	108.5	108.5	108.9	109.1	109.3	109.6	110.0	110.0
Consumer goods, excluding automotive	104.3	104.4	104.3	104.5	104.5	104.6	104.4	104.2	104.1	104.2	103.7	104.0	104.0
Nondurables, manufactured	107.9	108.5	108.5	109.0	109.1	109.2	109.3	109.7	109.9	110.0	109.5	109.8	110.1
Durables, manufactured	100.8	100.5	100.3	100.1	100.2	100.3	99.8	99.1	98.6	98.7	98.1	98.4	98.1
Nonmanufactured consumer goods	102.1	102.1	102.4	102.5	102.0	103.0	102.4	101.9	103.1	103.0	103.6	103.6	103.7

46. U.S. international price Indexes for selected categories of services

[2000 = 100, unless indicated otherwise]

Category	2008		20	09			20	10	
Category	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.
Import air freight	138.5	132.9	132.8	134.8	163.9	158.3	162.5	163.2	169.2
Export air freight	135.0	124.1	117.4	121.6	122.9	124.0	126.3	125.7	127.9
Import air passenger fares (Dec. 2006 = 100)	157.3	134.9	147.3	137.9	152.3	149.8	175.3	160.9	169.9
Export air passenger fares (Dec. 2006 = 100)	164.6	141.7	138.2	141.3	156.1	157.7	176.3	172.2	166.7

47. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, and unit costs, quarterly data seasonally adjusted [2005 = 100]

Item	2007		20	08			20	09			20	10	
	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	1	II	Ш	IV
Business													
Output per hour of all persons	103.8	103.6	103.9	103.6	103.5	104.4	106.5	108.4	110.0	111.0	110.4	111.2	111.8
Compensation per hour	109.8	111.0	111.0	112.0	112.2	111.2	113.6	114.6	115.1	114.7	115.5	116.2	116.8
Real compensation per hour	101.9	101.8	100.6	99.9	102.5	102.1	103.9	103.9	103.6	102.9	103.8	104.1	103.9
Unit labor costs	105.7	107.1	106.8	108.1	108.4	106.5	106.6	105.8	104.6	103.4	104.6	104.6	104.4
Unit nonlabor payments	106.5	105.0	108.1	109.6	107.3	110.8	110.0	112.0	113.4	116.0	115.9	117.5	117.5
Implicit price deflator	106.1	106.3	107.3	108.7	108.0	108.2	108.0	108.2	108.1	108.4	109.1	109.7	109.6
Nonfarm business													
Output per hour of all persons	103.9	103.5	103.8	103.5	103.5	104.3	106.5	108.3	109.9	110.9	110.4	111.0	111.8
Compensation per hour	109.7	111.0	110.9	111.9	112.2	111.1	113.6	114.5	115.0	114.7	115.5	116.2	116.8
Real compensation per hour	101.8	101.8	100.5	99.8	102.5	102.1	103.9	103.8	103.5	102.9	103.8	104.0	103.9
Unit labor costs	105.6	107.2	106.8	108.1	108.4	106.5	106.7	105.8	104.7	103.4	104.7	104.6	104.5
Unit nonlabor payments	106.1	104.2	107.5	109.1	107.3	111.2	110.4	112.6	113.5	116.2	116.1	117.4	117.0
Implicit price deflator	105.8	106.0	107.1	108.5	108.0	108.4	108.2	108.5	108.2	108.5	109.2	109.7	109.4
Nonfinancial corporations													
Output per hour of all employees	102.6	101.8	101.4	102.5	102.8	101.7	102.7	104.2	107.4	109.7	109.7	108.7	_
Compensation per hour	108.2	108.9	109.4	110.6	111.5	110.5	112.3	113.5	113.9	113.7	114.2	114.9	_
Real compensation per hour	100.4	99.9	99.1	98.7	101.9	101.5	102.8	102.9	102.5	102.0	102.7	102.9	_
Total unit costs	107.0	108.6	109.9	110.3	111.4	112.2	112.4	111.4	108.6	106.2	106.3	107.6	_
Unit labor costs	105.4	107.0	107.9	108.0	108.5	108.7	109.3	108.9	106.0	103.6	104.1	105.7	_
Unit nonlabor costs	111.1	112.8	115.1	116.2	119.2	121.4	120.4	117.8	115.3	112.7	111.8	112.6	_
Unit profits	93.0	84.1	82.8	97.2	86.6	85.5	80.3	84.2	91.2	103.3	108.0	108.4	_
Unit nonlabor payments	104.9	103.0	104.1	109.7	108.0	109.1	106.6	106.3	107.0	109.5	110.5	111.2	_
Implicit price deflator	105.2	105.5	106.5	108.6	108.3	108.8	108.4	107.9	106.4	105.8	106.5	107.7	_
Manufacturing													
Output per hour of all persons	106.5	106.3	104.6	104.2	103.5	103.1	104.6	108.8	110.9	111.4	112.9	113.3	114.9
Compensation per hour	107.0	107.6	108.5	110.1	112.0	113.1	114.9	115.9	117.1	115.2	116.5	116.9	117.7
Real compensation per hour	99.3	98.7	98.3	98.2	102.4	103.9	105.1	105.0	105.4	103.3	104.7	104.7	104.7
Unit labor costs	100.5	101.2	103.8	105.7	108.2	109.8	109.9	106.5	105.6	103.4	103.2	103.2	102.4

NOTE: Dash indicates data not available.

48. Annual indexes of multifactor productivity and related measures, selected years

[2005 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

Item	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Private business													
Productivity:													
Output per hour of all persons	77.1	79.5	82.3	85.2	87.9	91.9	95.5	98.3	100.0	101.0	102.9	105.0	109.0
Output per unit of capital services	107.6	106.4	105.2	103.1	99.2	97.8	98.2	99.8	100.0	100.0	99.3	96.7	92.3
Multifactor productivity	86.6	87.9	89.5	91.0	91.7	93.9	96.4	99.0	100.0	100.5	101.0	101.1	101.9
Output	75.3	79.2	83.6	87.4	88.2	90.0	92.8	96.7	100.0	103.1	105.5	105.4	101.7
Inputs:													
Labor input	95.5	97.7	100.0	101.2	99.5	97.5	97.1	98.1	100.0	102.3	103.5	102.0	95.0
Capital services	70.0	74.4	79.5	84.8	89.0	92.0	94.5	96.9	100.0	103.1	106.2	109.1	110.3
Combined units of labor and capital input	87.0	90.1	93.4	96.0	96.2	95.8	96.2	97.7	100.0	102.6	104.4	104.3	99.9
Capital per hour of all persons	71.7	74.7	78.2	82.6	88.6	94.0	97.3	98.5	100.0	101.0	103.6	108.7	118.2
Private nonfarm business													
Productivity:													
Output per hour of all persons	77.6	80.0	82.6	85.4	88.1	92.2	95.7	98.4	100.0	101.0	102.9	105.0	109.0
Output per unit of capital services	108.7	107.3	105.9	103.5	99.5	98.0	98.2	99.9	100.0	99.8	98.9	96.1	91.6
Multifactor productivity	87.1	88.4	89.9	91.3	91.9	94.2	96.5	99.0	100.0	100.4	100.9	101.0	101.7
Output	75.3	79.3	83.7	87.5	88.4	90.1	92.8	96.7	100.0	103.2	105.6	105.5	101.6
Inputs:													
Labor input	94.9	97.2	99.8	101.0	99.4	97.4	97.0	98.1	100.0	102.5	103.7	101.9	94.9
Capital services	69.3	73.9	79.1	84.5	88.8	91.9	94.5	96.8	100.0	103.4	106.8	109.7	111.0
Combined units of labor and capital input	86.5	89.7	93.2	95.8	96.1	95.7	96.2	97.7	100.0	102.8	104.7	104.4	100.0
Capital per hour of all persons	71.4	74.5	78.0	82.5	88.6	94.1	97.4	98.5	100.0	101.2	104.0	109.3	119.1
Manufacturing [1996 = 100]													
Productivity:													
Output per hour of all persons	69.5	73.3	77.0	80.4	81.9	87.9	93.4	95.5	100.0	100.8	105.0	104.7	_
Output per unit of capital services	101.2	101.7	102.1	102.3	95.9	94.6	95.3	97.2	100.0	100.6	101.9	96.4	_
Multifactor productivity	104.6	107.3	110.5	110.0	105.9	102.3	99.8	97.9	100.0	99.3	96.8	93.2	_
Output	87.4	92.1	95.9	98.9	94.2	93.9	94.9	96.6	100.0	101.5	104.0	99.4	_
Inputs:													_
Hours of all persons	125.8	125.5	124.7	123.1	115.0	106.9	101.6	101.1	100.0	100.7	99.0	95.0	_
Capital services	86.4	90.5	93.9	96.7	98.3	99.2	99.6	99.3	100.0	100.7	102.1	103.2	_
Energy	68.7	72.1	75.4	78.6	85.4	92.9	98.0	98.3	100.0	100.2	103.1	108.6	_
Nonenergy materials	92.4	95.4	117.7	128.4	140.3	108.6	97.0	90.8	100.0	92.2	97.7	95.2	_
Purchased business services	96.1	102.3	108.7	106.7	100.0	101.0	99.3	98.5	100.0	98.3	91.3	86.4	_
Combined units of all factor inputs	104.5	104.1	105.1	103.7	102.0	98.7	98.1	91.8	100.0	98.4	97.6	92.3	_

NOTE: Dash indicates data not available.

49. Annual indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, selected years

[2005 = 100]

Item	1965	1975	1985	1995	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Business													
Output per hour of all persons	43.1	54.8	63.8	74.1	92.1	95.6	98.4	100.0	100.9	102.5	103.6	107.3	111.1
Compensation per hour	10.3	21.4	44.1	64.7	88.8	93.0	96.2	100.0	103.8	108.1	111.5	113.6	115.8
Real compensation per hour	58.2	70.8	76.3	82.3	96.3	98.7	99.5	100.0	100.5	101.8	101.1	103.4	103.7
Unit labor costs	23.9	39.0	69.1	87.4	96.4	97.3	97.8	100.0	102.8	105.4	107.6	105.9	104.2
Unit nonlabor payments	21.4	34.9	62.4	81.6	88.0	90.0	95.4	100.0	103.1	106.0	107.5	111.6	116.8
Implicit price deflator	22.9	37.4	66.4	85.1	93.1	94.4	96.9	100.0	102.9	105.7	107.6	108.1	109.2
Nonfarm business													
Output per hour of all persons	45.3	56.3	64.5	75.0	92.4	95.7	98.4	100.0	100.9	102.5	103.6	107.2	111.0
Compensation per hour	10.6	21.6	44.5	65.2	88.9	93.1	96.2	100.0	103.8	107.9	111.5	113.5	115.8
Real compensation per hour	59.7	71.6	76.9	82.9	96.5	98.8	99.4	100.0	100.5	101.6	101.1	103.3	103.7
Unit labor costs	23.3	38.4	68.9	87.0	96.2	97.2	97.8	100.0	102.8	105.3	107.6	105.9	104.3
Unit nonlabor payments	20.9	33.4	61.3	81.3	88.4	89.9	94.8	100.0	103.3	105.8	107.0	111.9	116.7
Implicit price deflator	22.4	36.4	65.9	84.8	93.1	94.3	96.6	100.0	103.0	105.5	107.4	108.3	109.2
Nonfinancial corporations													
Output per hour of all employees	46.0	54.5	64.2	74.2	91.7	95.3	98.3	100.0	101.5	101.8	102.1	104.0	_
Compensation per hour	12.1	24.0	48.2	67.8	90.7	94.7	96.9	100.0	102.8	106.4	110.1	112.5	_
Real compensation per hour	68.3	79.4	83.3	86.3	98.4	100.6	100.2	100.0	99.6	100.2	99.8	102.4	-
Total unit costs	24.6	43.0	74.1	89.9	98.4	98.7	97.8	100.0	101.8	105.7	110.0	111.1	-
Unit labor costs	26.2	44.1	75.0	91.5	98.9	99.5	98.6	100.0	101.3	104.5	107.8	108.2	-
Unit nonlabor costs	20.3	40.3	71.5	85.8	97.0	96.8	95.7	100.0	103.0	109.0	115.8	118.7	-
Unit profits	38.7	37.8	62.4	85.4	59.4	66.0	88.0	100.0	111.6	99.8	87.7	85.3	-
Unit nonlabor payments	26.6	39.4	68.4	85.7	84.1	86.2	93.1	100.0	105.9	105.9	106.2	107.3	-
Implicit price deflator	26.4	42.4	72.6	89.3	93.5	94.6	96.6	100.0	103.0	105.0	107.2	107.9	_
Manufacturing													
Output per hour of all persons	-	-	_	63.6	87.8	93.4	95.5	100.0	100.8	105.0	104.7	106.8	113.1
Compensation per hour	-	-	_	65.2	88.9	96.0	96.8	100.0	102.0	105.3	109.5	115.2	116.6
Real compensation per hour	-	_	_	83.0	96.5	101.9	100.0	100.0	98.8	99.2	99.3	104.9	104.4
Unit labor costs	-	-	_	102.6	101.2	102.8	101.4	100.0	101.2	100.3	104.6	107.9	103.0
Unit nonlabor payments	-	-	_	87.3	83.4	84.9	91.3	100.0	104.4	107.6	116.0	_	-
Implicit price deflator	-	_	-	91.5	88.2	89.8	94.1	100.0	103.6	105.6	112.9	_	_

Dash indicates data not available.

50. Annual indexes of output per hour for selected NAICS industries

[2002=100]

NAICS	Industry	1987	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
	Mining												
21	Mining	75.0	88.3	97.8	94.9	100.0	102.8	94.0	85.0	77.0	71.2	69.0	-
211	Oil and gas extraction	64.9	81.0	96.7	96.6	100.0	105.9	90.0	86.6	80.9	78.7	71.6	-
2111	Oil and gas extraction	64.9	81.0	96.7	96.6	100.0	105.9	90.0	86.6	80.9	78.7	71.6	-
212	Mining, except oil and gas	62.3	90.2	95.3	98.5	100.0	102.8	104.9	104.3	101.1	94.4	93.7	-
2121	Coal mining	51.7	89.7	103.9	102.5	100.0	101.7	101.6	96.7	89.5	90.6	85.4	-
2122	Metal ore mining	50.5	72.1	85.7	93.8	100.0	103.3	101.5	97.2	90.7	77.0	74.4	-
2123	Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying	84.3	96.0	92.1	96.5	100.0	104.3	109.4	115.2	116.8	103.8	103.9	-
213	Support activities for mining	76.1	97.0	99.7	104.5	100.0	121.9	141.6	104.1	87.1	117.7	145.7	-
2131	Support activities for mining	76.1	97.0	99.7	104.5	100.0	121.9	141.6	104.1	87.1	117.7	145.7	-
	Utilities												
2211	Power generation and supply	63.7	97.2	103.9	103.4	100.0	102.1	104.4	111.1	112.1	110.1	105.6	-
2212	Natural gas distribution	58.7	86.6	98.1	95.4	100.0	98.9	102.5	105.9	103.2	103.8	104.6	-
	Manufacturing												
311	Food	81.0	86.9	93.5	95.4	100.0	101.5	101.0	106.2	104.1	101.9	101.4	-
3111	Animal food	58.6	70.4	77.0	92.0	100.0	117.7	104.6	119.5	108.2	110.2	103.5	-
3112	Grain and oilseed milling	66.0	80.8	91.7	97.3	100.0	100.5	104.9	106.6	102.3	105.6	101.8	-
3113	Sugar and confectionery products	80.4	92.5	102.3	100.3	100.0	100.4	107.3	120.4	113.5	103.4	95.5	-
3114	Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty	73.1	78.7	88.7	95.7	100.0	97.2	99.5	103.3	98.0	105.5	103.1	-
2445	Deins are duete	77.4	04.4	00.0	00.0	400.0	1010	404.0	404.0	400.7	400.0	400.0	
3115 3116	Dairy products Animal slaughtering and processing	77.4 90.1	94.4 93.0	89.6 95.7	92.2 96.0	100.0 100.0	104.0 99.9	101.8 100.4	101.8 109.7	100.7 109.4	100.6 106.3	108.6 109.0	
3117	Seafood product preparation and packaging	72.5	58.9	82.7	89.8	100.0	101.8	96.5	110.5	122.0	100.3	87.8	1 :
3118	Bakeries and tortilla manufacturing	85.5	87.5	96.6	98.4	100.0	97.9	100.1	104.3	103.8	101.4	93.8	
3119	Other food products	87.5	89.7	100.8	94.5	100.0	104.8	106.1	102.9	102.8	95.1	96.4	_
312	Beverages and tobacco products	94.3	121.1	106.7	108.3	100.0	111.4	114.7	120.8	113.1	110.1	107.4	-
3121	Beverages	77.2	100.5	91.1	93.1	100.0	110.8	115.4	120.9	112.6	113.4	113.6	-
3122	Tobacco and tobacco products	107.2	149.3	143.0	146.6	100.0	116.7	121.5	136.5	138.1	137.7	119.8	-
313	Textile mills	59.8	81.3	86.3	89.4	100.0	111.1	113.0	122.9	122.2	126.0	124.0	-
3131	Fiber, yarn, and thread mills	50.0	75.2	75.6	82.5	100.0	112.1	116.7	108.8	105.5	116.4	117.9	-
0400	False wills	50.0	00.5	00.0	04.4	400.0	4440	445.0	133.0	140.7	442.0	450.0	
3132 3133	Fabric mills Textile and fabric finishing mills	56.0 76.5	82.5 83.6	90.2 87.2	91.4 91.0	100.0 100.0	114.0 104.1	115.3 104.5	113.3	102.4	143.2 101.2	150.8 86.4	· ·
314	Textile and fabric finishing finish	82.0	91.3	101.2	97.7	100.0	104.1	115.1	121.3	111.2	100.3	97.2	
3141	Textile furnishings mills	85.7	94.1	100.2	97.9	100.0	105.7	115.1	119.1	108.4	100.5	99.2	
3149	Other textile product mills	78.8	93.2	105.9	99.0	100.0	98.1	116.4	128.3	120.9	104.9	104.5	_
	· ·												
315	Apparel	73.1	100.3	116.9	117.2	100.0	106.7	94.2	94.4	86.0	56.5	55.4	-
3151	Apparel knitting mills	71.3	92.8	100.4	97.3	100.0	93.2	83.7	97.8	97.7	65.1	62.9	-
3152	Cut and sew apparel	70.4	99.6	119.2	119.7	100.0	109.7	96.4	91.9	82.4	52.9	52.1	-
3159	Accessories and other apparel	129.9	132.2	129.8	137.4	100.0	105.8	95.8	109.8	96.3	74.0	74.0	-
316	Leather and allied products	83.9	119.1	133.8	138.5	100.0	104.9	128.4	129.4	133.7	128.8	133.4	-
3161	Leather and hide tanning and finishing	138.4	153.7	135.8	140.1	100.0	103.1	135.7	142.4	127.8	165.0	160.6	
3162	Footwear	77.3	99.3	123.8	132.9	100.0	105.1	110.0	115.9	122.4	110.7	130.8	
3169	Other leather products	116.7	134.7	142.6	140.2	100.0	109.2	163.7	160.8	182.3	166.6	158.6	_
321	Wood products	83.1	87.5	90.2	91.7	100.0	101.6	102.2	107.6	110.9	111.9	109.6	_
3211	Sawmills and wood preservation	67.3	86.9	90.9	90.6	100.0	108.3	103.9	108.3	113.4	108.4	112.2	-
	·												
3212	Plywood and engineered wood products	90.3	90.4	89.6	95.1	100.0	96.7	92.3	99.6	105.5	109.0	104.7	-
3219	Other wood products	89.9	87.3	90.4	90.9	100.0	100.7	106.5	111.5	113.2	116.5	112.5	-
322	Paper and paper products	75.5	87.9	93.5	93.8	100.0	104.4	108.1	108.6	109.9	114.0	113.4	-
3221	Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills		75.6	88.2	90.4		106.2	110.4	110.2	110.9	114.0	114.6	-
3222	Converted paper products	84.4	94.8	96.0	95.3	100.0	104.0	107.5	108.8	110.5	115.7	114.3	-
323	Printing and related support activities	87.6	88.8	94.8	95.1	100.0	100.3	103.7	109.1	111.7	117.4	119.1	
3231	Printing and related support activities	87.6	88.8	94.8	95.1	100.0	100.3	103.7	109.1	111.7	117.4	119.1	
3231	Petroleum and coal products	60.8	85.6	96.8	94.9	100.0	100.3	105.7	109.1	104.3	106.3	103.2	
3241	Petroleum and coal products	60.8	85.6	96.8	94.9	100.0	102.0	105.9	106.2	104.3	106.3	103.2	
325	Chemicals	75.0	87.4	92.9	91.9	100.0	101.3	105.3	109.4	109.1	116.3	108.5	-
3251	Basic chemicals	76.1	80.2	94.6	87.6	100.0	108.5	121.8	129.6	134.1	156.0	132.4	-
3252	Resin, rubber, and artificial fibers	62.9	81.2	89.0	86.3	100.0	97.7	97.3	103.4	105.5	108.1	98.9	-
3253	Agricultural chemicals	80.8	100.6	92.8	89.9	100.0	110.4	121.0	139.2	134.7	140.0	138.5	-
3254	Pharmaceuticals and medicines	89.6	102.8	98.3	101.8	100.0	103.0	103.6	107.0	107.5	104.2	102.8	· ·
3255	Paints, coatings, and adhesives	81.6	91.4	90.5	97.3	100.0	106.1	109.7	111.2	106.7	105.5	101.3	-
3256	Soap, cleaning compounds, and toiletries	68.2	80.4	82.3	84.6	100.0	92.8	102.6	110.2	111.5	135.2	127.7	١.
3259	Other chemical products and preparations	62.3	82.6	98.1	90.9	100.0	98.6	96.2	96.0	91.5	102.3	103.1	
326	Plastics and rubber products	67.3	82.7	91.1	92.8	100.0	103.8	105.9	108.7	108.6	107.9	102.2	
3261	Plastics products	67.3	80.8	90.7	92.4	100.0	103.9	105.8	108.5	106.8	107.3	100.0	
	Rubber products	71.3	93.2	94.8	95.5	100.0	103.5	106.4	109.4	114.2	118.8	109.8	-
3262			i l		1		ı	1		1			ı
3262	· I												
3262 327 3271	Nonmetallic mineral products	83.6 90.6	95.1 102.7	98.6 108.5	95.6 99.1	100.0 100.0	107.1 109.5	105.3 116.0	111.6 122.0	110.7 122.2	112.7 119.9	107.6 118.2	-

50. Continued - Annual indexes of output per hour for selected NAICS industries [2002=100]

NAICS	[2002=10	0]												
2274 Lime and gypsum products.	NAICS	Industry	1987	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
2274 Lime and gypsum products.	3272	Glass and glass products.	75.6	91.1	100.2	94.1	100.0	106.7	105.7	111.8	119.2	119.0	114.2	_
2379 Lime and gypsum products.		ů .											99.0	-
3311 Iron and steel mills and ferroality production. 51.9 80.1 84.6 83.6 100.0 101.5 133.3 114.3 112.5 118.2 3311 Iron and steel mills and ferroality production. 51.9 80.1 84.6 83.6 100.0 106.1 136.5 136.1 76.1 68.0 70.7 73.3 31.3 Alumina and aluminum production. 72.7 80.3 77.5 77.2 100.0 101.0 110.5 125.3 76.1 68.0 70.7 73.3 Alumina and aluminum production. 90.8 83.7 96.2 93.4 100.0 108.7 109.4 105.7 94.8 137.3 73.3 100.0 108.7 109.4 105.7 94.8 137.3 73.3 100.0 108.7 109.4 106.8 111.4 112.3 112.2 122.2 123.9 123.3 123.2 123.9 123.3 123.2 123.9 123.3 123.2 123.9 123.3 123.2 123.9 123.3 123.2 123.3 123.2 123.9 123.3 123.2 123.9 123.3 123.2 123.9 123.2 123.9 123.3 123.2 123.9 123.2 123.9 123.2 123.2 123.9 123.2 1		Lime and gypsum products	89.3	101.2	99.8	103.1	100.0	109.3	107.2	121.9	119.3	112.6	110.6	-
Sample	3279	Other nonmetallic mineral products	79.4	94.9	90.3	95.2	100.0	105.7	106.8	118.5	112.8	111.8	113.2	-
Sample S	331	Primary metals	70.4	86.9	88.0	87.6	100.0	101.5	113.3	114.3	112.5	116.2	121.9	-
Sample S									400 =		400.0			
3313 Alumina and aluminum production. 72.7 80.3 77.5 77.2 100.0 101.8 110.5 125.3 123.2 123.9 3314 Other nonferrous metal production. 90.8 93.7 96.2 93.4 100.0 108.7 109.4 105.7 94.8 117.7 3315 Foundries. 69.4 85.5 88.7 91.2 100.0 100.4 106.8 111.4 114.1 112.3 332 Fabricated metal productis. 78.3 90.1 94.7 94.5 100.0 106.6 111.2 116.2 118.1 114.2 3322 Cutlery and handrolos. 76.1 88.8 80.4 97.8 97.3 100.0 106.6 107.0 106.8 111.3 116.2 118.1 124.2 3322 Cutlery and handrolos. 86.7 100.6 95.2 95.0 100.0 103.7 96.0 99.3 101.0 104.3 3323 Architectural and structural metals. 83.5 94.0 95.6 95.5 100.0 103.4 96.7 103.5 106.5 107.0 3324 Boilers, tanks, and shipping containers. 86.7 100.6 95.2 95.0 100.0 103.7 96.0 99.3 101.0 104.3 3325 Hardware. 77.0 86.8 99.4 99.4 99.4 100.0 105.7 104.4 106.7 107.1 3326 Spring and wire products. 65.4 79.6 89.7 89.0 100.0 105.7 104.4 106.7 107.1 3327 Machine shops and threaded products. 65.2 87.2 94.9 95.3 100.0 100.4 101.6 100.0 102.0 103.3 3328 Costing, engraving, and heat treating metals. 64.1 85.7 88.9 95.3 100.0 100.4 101.6 100.0 102.0 103.3 3329 Other fabricated metal products. 85.5 93.9 93.9 90.6 100.0 102.4 101.6 100.5 117.6 115.2 117.9 3331 Machiners. 70.8 70.													151.0 67.4	-
3316 Other nonferrous metal production. 90.8 93.7 90.2 93.4 100.0 100.8 100.7 94.8 111.4 111.3													122.0	
3315 Foundries Foundries													123.1	
Patricated metal products. 78.3 90.1 94.7 94.5 100.0 102.7 101.4 104.3 106.2 108.8 3321 Forging and stampling. 68.8 80.4 97.8 97.3 100.0 106.6 112.3 116.2 118.1 124.2 3323 Architectural and structural metals. 83.6 94.0 95.6 95.5 100.0 103.4 98.7 103.5 106.5 107.0 3324 80.16 80.4 97.8 95.5 95.5 100.0 103.7 96.0 99.3 101.0 104.3 106.2 107.0 107.3 108.8 95.2 95.0 100.0 103.7 96.0 99.3 101.0 104.7 107.1 33.0 3326 Forging and wire products. 65.4 79.6 89.7 89.0 100.0 105.7 104.4 106.7 107.1 33.0 3326 Spring and wire products. 65.2 87.2 94.9 95.3 100.0 106.0 104.4 111.0 110.7 111.5 3327 Machines hops and threaded products. 65.2 87.2 94.9 95.3 100.0 106.0 104.4 111.0 110.7 111.5 103.3 103.2 100.2 105.3 100.0 100.4 104.8 105.5 111.1 116.7 117.9 118.3 100.0 100.4 104.8 106.5 111.1 116.7 117.9 118.3 100.0 100.4 104.8 106.5 111.1 116.7 117.9 118.3 100.0 10													104.3	-
3322 Forging and stampling														
3322 Cultery and handtools		Fabricated metal products	78.3	90.1			100.0	102.7	101.4	104.3	106.2	108.8	110.3	-
3324 Architectural and structural metals													124.4	-
3324 Boilers, tanks, and shipping containers													102.0	-
Hardware													106.1	-
Spring and wire products	3324	Boilers, tanks, and shipping containers	86.7	100.6	95.2	95.0	100.0	103.7	96.0	99.3	101.0	104.7	102.5	-
Spring and wire products	3325	Hardware	77.0	86.8	99.4	98.4	100.0	105.7	104.4	106.7	107 1	93.0	100.2	
3322 Machine shops and threaded products. 65.2 87.2 94.9 95.3 100.0 100.4 101.6 100.9 102.0 105.3 133.9 100.0 100.2 105.9 100.0 100.2 105.9 117.6 115.2 117.9 118.3 133.9 100.0 100.2 105.9 100.0 100.5 111.1 116.7 117.9 118.3 133.3 Machinery. 69.1 96.1 96.1 96.1 96.1 96.1 96.3 100.0 100.7 108.7 114.7 117.9 119.8 133.3 100.0 100.													116.3	
3328 Coating, engraving, and heat treating metals													109.2	-
333 Machinery	3328	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		85.7	89.4	92.5	100.0	100.2	105.9	117.6	115.2	117.9	119.3	-
3313 Agriculturé, construction, and mining machinery 69.1 96.1 96.1 96.1 96.3 100.0 112.3 120.8 124.0 125.1 125.6 13322 Industrial machinery	3329	Other fabricated metal products	85.5	93.9	93.9	90.6	100.0	104.5	104.8	106.5	111.1	116.7	121.5	-
3313 Agriculturé, construction, and mining machinery 69.1 96.1 96.1 96.1 96.3 100.0 112.3 120.8 124.0 125.1 125.6 13322 Industrial machinery														1
3322 Industrial machinery. 63.4 84.8 109.9 89.6 100.0 107.5 109.6 118.4 127.4 115.7													118.1	-
3333 Commercial and service industry machinery													128.4	-
3334 HVAC and commercial refrigeration equipment													105.7 122.9	-
3335 Metalworking machinery		1											109.2	
3336 Turbine and power transmission equipment	3334	TrvAo and commercial remgeration equipment	70.0	04.1	30.0	35.5	100.0	103.0	112.0	110.1	115.1	103.0	103.2	
3339 Other general purpose machinery	3335	Metalworking machinery	75.8	89.6	96.2	94.2	100.0	103.9	102.9	110.9	111.8	118.2	118.3	-
3344 Computer and electronic products. 15.1 53.0 96.2 96.3 100.0 114.0 127.3 133.9 144.7 159.9	3336	Turbine and power transmission equipment	61.5	76.6	88.1	97.3	100.0	110.5	96.6	101.0	96.9	96.7	94.0	-
3341 Computer and peripheral equipment	3339	Other general purpose machinery	70.5	84.7	96.1	93.5	100.0	108.2	107.6	117.7	122.2	127.4	121.9	-
3342 Communications equipment													170.6	-
3343 Audio and video equipment. 41.6 67.0 84.9 86.7 100.0 112.6 155.8 149.2 147.1 110.8 3344 Semiconductors and electronic components. 6.4 37.8 87.5 87.1 100.0 121.0 133.8 140.7 137.7 160.1 3345 Electrical components. 59.3 84.4 98.4 100.4 100.0 106.1 122.4 124.4 128.8 142.9 3346 Magnetic media manufacturing and reproduction. 77.0 89.7 93.3 88.7 100.0 114.5 128.8 129.7 124.9 132.7 335 Electrical equipment and appliances. 66.0 88.1 98.3 98.2 100.0 103.5 109.2 114.3 114.7 118.3 3351 Electrical equipment. 80.6 88.6 89.2 94.3 100.0 103.5 109.2 114.3 114.7 118.3 3352 Household appliances. 53.5 76.0 89.3	3341	Computer and peripheral equipment	3.7	33.5	78.4	84.4	100.0	121.5	133.9	172.7	233.1	292.4	388.4	-
3343 Audio and video equipment. 41.6 67.0 84.9 86.7 100.0 112.6 155.8 149.2 147.1 110.8 3344 Semiconductors and electronic components. 6.4 37.8 87.5 87.1 100.0 121.0 133.8 140.7 137.7 160.1 3345 Electrical components. 59.3 84.4 98.4 100.4 100.0 106.1 122.4 124.4 128.8 142.9 3346 Magnetic media manufacturing and reproduction. 77.0 89.7 93.3 88.7 100.0 114.5 128.8 129.7 124.9 132.7 335 Electrical equipment and appliances. 66.0 88.1 98.3 98.2 100.0 103.5 109.2 114.3 114.7 118.3 3351 Electrical equipment. 80.6 88.6 90.2 94.3 100.0 103.5 109.2 114.3 114.7 118.3 3352 Household appliances. 53.5 76.0 89.3	00.40	O	04.0	70.0	400.4	400.4	400.0	440.4	400.0	440.5	440.0	440.0	400.0	1
Semiconductors and electronic components													139.3 93.5	· ·
Sample S													167.1	
3346 Magnetic media manufacturing and reproduction 77.0 89.7 93.3 88.7 100.0 114.5 128.8 129.7 124.9 132.7 335 Electrical equipment and appliances													146.1	
335 Electrical equipment and appliances 66.0 88.1 98.3 98.2 100.0 103.5 109.2 114.3 114.7 118.3 3351 Electric lighting equipment 80.6 88.6 90.2 94.3 100.0 98.5 108.1 112.7 121.6 122.5 1352 Household appliances 53.5 76.0 89.3 94.9 100.0 111.6 121.2 124.6 129.7 126.8 126.3 12													158.3	-
3351 Electric lighting equipment														
Household appliances													115.0	-
3353 Electrical equipment													125.0	-
3359 Other electrical equipment and components. 68.7 87.3 104.7 99.0 100.0 102.0 101.8 106.3 101.5 107.3 336 Transportation equipment. 65.5 78.7 85.7 89.2 100.0 109.0 108.3 113.8 114.8 125.5 3361 Motor vehicles. 60.4 79.5 87.1 87.3 100.0 112.0 113.2 118.5 130.6 135.1 3362 Motor vehicle bodies and trailers. 81.0 95.2 93.7 84.2 100.0 103.8 104.8 107.8 103.3 111.7 3363 Motor vehicle parts. 60.3 76.9 86.1 88.1 100.0 104.8 105.5 109.8 108.4 114.3 3364 Aerospace products and parts. 73.5 84.2 86.9 97.4 100.0 99.2 93.9 102.6 97.3 115.2 3365 Railroad rolling stock. 38.0 68.5 81.1 86.3 100.0 94.1 87.2 88.4 95.2 94.9 3366 Ship and boat building. 73.3 76.6 94.4 93.3 100.0 103.7 106.8 102.4 97.8 101.7 337 Furniture and related products. 75.9 88.7 91.3 92.0 100.0 100.0 103.3 107.5 109.2 108.2 3371 Household and institutional furniture. 77.3 89.3 92.7 94.7 100.0 106.3 110.4 112.4 107.2 105.7 3379 Other furniture related products. 74.0 86.3 86.9 84.7 100.0 99.4 109.4 115.5 120.5 121.4													121.9	-
336 Transportation equipment. 65.5 78.7 85.7 89.2 100.0 109.0 108.3 113.8 114.8 125.5 3361 Motor vehicles													120.7 104.8	
3361 Motor vehicles 60.4 79.5 87.1 87.3 100.0 112.0 113.2 118.5 130.6 135.1 3362 Motor vehicle bodies and trailers 81.0 95.2 93.7 84.2 100.0 103.8 104.8 107.8 103.3 111.7 3363 Motor vehicle parts 60.3 76.9 86.1 88.1 100.0 104.8 105.5 109.8 108.4 114.3 3364 Aerospace products and parts 73.5 84.2 86.9 97.4 100.0 99.2 93.9 102.6 97.3 115.2 3365 Railroad rolling stock 38.0 68.5 81.1 86.3 100.0 94.1 87.2 88.4 95.2 94.9 3366 Ship and boat building 73.3 76.6 94.4 93.3 100.0 194.1 87.2 88.4 95.2 94.9 3369 Other transportation equipment 48.7 65.5 83.3 83.4 100.0 110.0<	3333	Other electrical equipment and components	00.7	07.5	104.7	33.0	100.0	102.0	101.0	100.5	101.5	107.5	104.0	
3361 Motor vehicles 60.4 79.5 87.1 87.3 100.0 112.0 113.2 118.5 130.6 135.1 3362 Motor vehicle bodies and trailers 81.0 95.2 93.7 84.2 100.0 103.8 104.8 107.8 103.3 111.7 3363 Motor vehicle parts 60.3 76.9 86.1 88.1 100.0 104.8 105.5 109.8 108.4 114.3 3364 Aerospace products and parts 73.5 84.2 86.9 97.4 100.0 99.2 93.9 102.6 97.3 115.2 3365 Railroad rolling stock 38.0 68.5 81.1 86.3 100.0 94.1 87.2 88.4 95.2 94.9 3366 Ship and boat building 73.3 76.6 94.4 93.3 100.0 103.7 106.8 102.4 97.8 101.7 3369 Other transportation equipment 48.7 65.5 83.3 83.4 100.0 110	336	Transportation equipment	65.5	78.7	85.7	89.2	100.0	109.0	108.3	113.8	114.8	125.5	118.6	-
3363 Motor vehicle parts	3361			79.5	87.1	87.3	100.0	112.0	113.2	118.5	130.6	135.1	122.5	-
3364 Aerospace products and parts. 73.5 84.2 86.9 97.4 100.0 99.2 93.9 102.6 97.3 115.2 3365 Railroad rolling stock	3362	Motor vehicle bodies and trailers	81.0	95.2	93.7	84.2	100.0	103.8	104.8	107.8	103.3	111.7	105.3	-
3365 Railroad rolling stock		Motor vehicle parts											108.9	-
3366 Ship and boat building. 73.3 76.6 94.4 93.3 100.0 103.7 106.8 102.4 97.8 101.7 3369 Other transportation equipment. 48.7 65.5 83.3 83.4 100.0 110.0 110.4 112.8 122.9 187.0 337 Furniture and related products. 75.9 88.7 91.3 92.0 100.0 102.0 103.3 107.5 109.2 108.2 3371 Household and institutional furniture. 77.3 89.3 92.7 94.7 100.0 101.1 100.8 105.9 109.7 108.2 3372 Office furniture and fixtures. 74.0 86.3 86.9 84.7 100.0 106.3 110.4 112.4 107.2 105.7 3379 Other furniture related products. 77.4 89.6 90.2 94.8 100.0 99.4 109.4 115.5 120.5 121.4	3364	Aerospace products and parts	73.5	84.2	86.9	97.4	100.0	99.2	93.9	102.6	97.3	115.2	104.7	-
3366 Ship and boat building	2205	Dailread valling steels	20.0	CO F	04.4	00.0	400.0	04.4	07.0	00.4	05.0	04.0	440.7	
3369 Other transportation equipment. 48.7 65.5 83.3 83.4 100.0 110.0 110.4 112.8 122.9 187.0 337 Furniture and related products. 75.9 88.7 91.3 92.0 100.0 102.0 103.3 107.5 109.2 108.2 3371 Household and institutional furniture. 77.3 89.3 92.7 94.7 100.0 101.1 100.8 105.9 109.7 108.2 3372 Office furniture and fixtures. 74.0 86.3 86.9 84.7 100.0 106.3 110.4 112.4 107.2 105.7 3379 Other furniture related products. 77.4 89.6 90.2 94.8 100.0 99.4 109.4 115.5 120.5 121.4		1											110.7 114.8	
337 Furniture and related products													194.1	
3371 Household and institutional furniture. 77.3 89.3 92.7 94.7 100.0 101.1 100.8 105.9 109.7 108.2 3372 Office furniture and fixtures. 74.0 86.3 86.9 84.7 100.0 106.3 110.4 112.4 107.2 105.7 3379 Other furniture related products. 77.4 89.6 90.2 94.8 100.0 99.4 109.4 115.5 120.5 121.4													112.3	-
3379 Other furniture related products	3371			89.3	92.7	94.7	100.0			105.9	109.7	108.2	113.3	-
3379 Other furniture related products														
													106.6	-
													124.4	-
	339	Miscellaneous manufacturing		79.3	92.6	94.0	100.0	106.9	106.4	114.8	118.4	117.4	119.3	-
3391 Medical equipment and supplies													121.5 114.0	-
	3399		/1.0	03.1	96.0	94.7	100.0	103.6	104.6	113.0	117.0	114.7	114.0	
Wholesale trade								l					l	
42 Wholesale trade													108.5	104.9
423 Durable goods													121.5	113.5
4231 Motor vehicles and parts													98.9 99.5	84.4 102.4
4232 Furniture and furnishings													110.2	102.4
4233 Lumber and constitution supplies													193.0	196.5
	0.]]]	. 50.0		. 55.7				. 50.0	1 20.0
4235 Metals and minerals	4235	Metals and minerals	105.4	103.7	97.3	97.7	100.0	102.3	112.2	110.0	106.1	98.7	89.8	79.9
4236 Electric goods													151.5	155.0
4237 Hardware and plumbing													112.3	102.3
4238 Machinery and supplies	4238	Machinery and supplies	73.9	99.8	105.2	102.6	100.0	102.9	111.8	119.5	122.0	116.0	120.3	103.7

50. Continued - Annual indexes of output per hour for selected NAICS industries [2002=100]

NAICS	Industry	1987	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
4239	Miscellaneous durable goods	72.2	80.5	91.9	93.1	100.0	97.2	110.7	105.4	97.6	93.6	92.6	89.2
4239	Nondurable goods		94.1	99.4	99.3	100.0	104.9	108.3	109.3	107.2	106.7	104.8	105.5
4241	Paper and paper products		85.9	86.5	89.7	100.0	101.9	110.7	117.2	112.5	121.0	107.5	106.1
4242	Druggists' goods	78.7	111.3	95.7	94.6	100.0	112.0	118.7	126.6	125.4	117.3	120.5	131.1
4243	Apparel and piece goods	70.3	81.5	88.7	93.9	100.0	104.4	110.7	121.2	124.1	126.3	125.3	130.9
4244	Grocery and related products	89.3	101.6	103.9	103.4	100.0	106.7	106.4	106.3	106.4	108.6	105.1	105.2
4245	Farm product raw materials		100.8	106.7	104.3	100.0	96.4	103.4	100.0	102.3	100.8	103.5	112.0
4246	Chemicals	92.9	102.7	95.5	94.1	100.0	104.6	104.6	99.1	93.4	99.4	99.7	89.1
4247	Petroleum	55.7	66.0	92.0	92.0	100.0	101.9	113.4	109.5	104.8	99.6	97.9	92.5
4248	Alcoholic beverages	92.9	93.6	101.5	99.6	100.0	101.2	97.1	98.1	101.1	102.2	96.3	98.4
4249	Miscellaneous nondurable goods	105.2	94.6	108.7	105.5	100.0	102.0	110.9	113.1	110.4	103.8	100.0	105.5
425	Electronic markets and agents and brokers	60.2	93.7	110.5	101.9	100.0	95.4	81.4	71.6	76.4	77.4	73.1	68.2
4251	Electronic markets and agents and brokers	60.2	93.7	110.5	101.9	100.0	95.4	81.4	71.6	76.4	77.4	73.1	68.2
44.45	Retail trade	00.4	70.0	00.5	05.0	400.0	4040	440.4	440.7	440.0	400.0	447.0	440.0
44-45 441	Retail trade		79.6 83.4	92.5 95.3	95.6	100.0 100.0	104.9 103.8	110.1 106.6	112.7 106.1	116.8 108.1	120.0 109.5	117.6 99.3	119.3 97.6
4411	Motor vehicle and parts dealers Automobile dealers		85.3	97.0	96.7 98.5	100.0	103.6	106.6	106.1	108.1	110.5	100.7	99.7
4411	Other motor vehicle dealers		74.8	86.2	93.2	100.0	99.6	107.0	98.7	103.7	103.2	97.3	111.0
4413	Auto parts, accessories, and tire stores	66.7	92.9	100.7	94.1	100.0	106.8	102.0	106.1	105.4	103.2	99.1	96.6
442	Furniture and home furnishings stores	58.1	77.4	89.7	94.7	100.0	103.5	112.1	113.8	117.2	123.1	125.0	132.8
4421	Furniture and home furnishings stores Furniture stores		77.4	89.7 89.5	94.7	100.0	103.5	112.1	111.5	117.2	119.5	125.0	123.6
4422	Home furnishings stores.		74.1	89.7	93.5	100.0	105.0	114.5	116.4	118.1	127.4	132.4	143.8
443	Electronics and appliance stores		42.8	74.4	84.2	100.0	125.5	143.3	158.4	177.0	199.7	232.5	264.5
4431	Electronics and appliance stores	16.3	42.8	74.4	84.2	100.0	125.5	143.3	158.4	177.0	199.7	232.5	264.5
444	Building material and garden supply stores		82.8	93.7	96.7	100.0	105.1	110.9	110.0	111.0	112.2	112.0	107.3
4441	Building material and supplies dealers	64.0	82.5	94.9	96.2	100.0	105.1	110.4	110.6	111.5	111.0	108.8	102.9
4442 445	Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores Food and beverage stores	56.6 105.9	84.6 95.5	87.2 96.5	100.1 99.1	100.0 100.0	104.7 101.9	114.7 106.9	105.5 111.1	106.8 113.3	121.8 115.6	138.6 112.7	142.5 114.8
4451	Grocery stores		95.5	96.5	98.6	100.0	101.5	106.2	110.1	111.1	112.8	110.0	111.6
4452	Specialty food stores	131.5	95.0	93.6	102.8	100.0	105.1	111.3	113.8	123.9	130.9	127.9	145.7
4453	Beer, wine, and liquor stores		90.8	96.0	97.2	100.0	106.1	115.7	126.5	131.2	139.1	130.7	131.0
446	Health and personal care stores		81.3	91.3	94.6	100.0	105.5	109.7	109.2	112.7	112.5	112.8	116.5
4461	Health and personal care stores		81.3	91.3	94.6	100.0	105.5	109.7	109.2	112.7	112.5	112.8	116.5
447	Gasoline stations	67.1	79.9	86.1	90.2	100.0	96.4	98.4	99.8	99.4	102.4	101.4	101.0
4471	Gasoline stations	67.1	79.9	86.1	90.2	100.0	96.4	98.4	99.8	99.4	102.4	101.4	101.0
448	Clothing and clothing accessories stores		76.2	94.1	96.3	100.0	105.9	106.1	112.5	122.8	132.3	138.0	137.7
4481	Clothing stores	49.4	73.6	91.9	95.8	100.0	104.3	103.6	112.3	123.0	134.1	144.7	145.9
4482	Shoe stores	52.2	79.9	87.9	89.0	100.0	105.7	99.5	105.4	116.2	114.5	115.5	107.9
4483	Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores	54.4	84.3	110.0	104.4	100.0	112.3	122.4	118.2	125.9	137.3	126.3	127.2
451	Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	58.7	78.4	94.9	99.6	100.0	103.0	118.0	127.3	131.7	128.1	127.6	141.0
4511	Sporting goods and musical instrument stores	53.8	73.5	95.1	98.9	100.0	103.5	121.5	132.0	140.4	136.5	134.4	149.8
4512	Book, periodical, and music stores		89.6	94.7	101.2	100.0	101.9	110.4	117.1	113.1	109.5	112.3	121.4
452	General merchandise stores	57.0	77.4	93.2	96.7	100.0	106.3	109.7	113.5	117.3	118.4	117.4	120.4
4521	Department stores	86.0	97.9	104.0	101.6	100.0	104.3	107.8	109.2	111.8	105.2	101.9	100.5
4529	Other general merchandise stores		55.8	82.4	92.2	100.0	106.4	108.0	112.4	115.5	122.4	121.3	126.1
453	Miscellaneous store retailers		84.0	95.8	94.6	100.0	105.4	108.8	115.0	126.2	130.1	130.0	129.4
4531	Florists	68.2	87.9	101.3	90.3	100.0	99.7	97.3	112.6	126.1	113.6	130.9	151.8
4532 4533	Office supplies, stationery and gift stores	43.4 45.4	70.7 70.4	89.9 82.0	93.5 85.8	100.0 100.0	108.7 103.9	121.9 104.5	129.0 105.9	143.7 111.6	152.1 123.0	153.3 135.4	169.8 128.7
			400.0										
4539 454	Other miscellaneous store retailers	72.4	106.0	110.6	102.7	100.0	104.4	100.5	104.3	115.6	118.2	109.3	100.1
454 4541	Nonstore retailers.		54.9	83.6	89.9	100.0	108.6	121.1	126.2	148.8	163.3	167.7	179.6
4541 4542	Electronic shopping and mail-order houses Vending machine operators		47.0 109.6	75.3 121.7	84.4 104.9	100.0 100.0	116.9 118.2	133.4 121.0	145.2 118.1	175.5 122.7	196.1 115.8	187.4 136.5	197.2 123.9
4542 4543	Direct selling establishments	52.4	74.0	90.7	94.7	100.0	93.0	95.1	87.7	94.3	97.9	102.9	113.6
	Transportation and warehousing												
481	Air transportation	76.7	98.3	96.0	91.0	100.0	110.2	124.2	133.6	140.5	142.3	140.4	-
482111	Line-haul railroads		74.4	85.0	90.6	100.0	105.0	107.2	103.3	109.3	104.4	103.3	_
4841	General freight trucking		89.9	95.7	97.3	100.0	103.3	101.8	103.6	104.5	104.9	105.2	-
48411	General freight trucking, local		74.7	96.2	99.4	100.0	105.7	100.4	103.3	108.9	105.7	105.6	-
48412	General freight trucking, long-distance		93.5	95.3	96.4	100.0	102.8	102.0	103.7	102.9	104.4	104.2	-
48421	Used household and office goods moving		122.6	116.2	102.9	100.0	104.7	106.5	105.4	105.0	108.2	115.2	-
491 4911	U.S. Postal service	85.4 85.4	94.0 94.0	99.1 99.1	99.8 99.8	100.0 100.0	101.3 101.3	103.4 103.4	104.5 104.5	104.5 104.5	105.3 105.3	103.8 103.8	:
											103.3	103.0	
492	Couriers and messengers	103.6	69.8	90.0 89.5	92.6	100.0	102.9	97.9 101.6	97.0	100.2	95.6 95.2	100.2 95.4	-
493	Warehousing and storage		81.9 81.9	89.5 89.5	94.4 94.4	100.0 100.0	103.0 103.0	101.6 101.6	101.1 101.1	97.6 97.6	95.2 95.2	95.4 95.4	_
4931							100.0			. 31.0		33.4	

50. Continued - Annual indexes of output per hour for selected NAICS industries

[2002=100]

49312 Refriger 5111 Publish Newspr 51213 Motion Isroadca 5151 Radio a Cable a 6171 Wired to Wireles 52211 Comme 52211 Comme 52211 Comme 722 Ford State Israel Isr	eral warehousing and storagegerated warehousing and storage	-	73.5	85.1									
5111 Publish 5111 Softwar 51213 Motion 1 51213 Froadca 5151 Radio a 5152 Cable a Wired to 5151 Passent Froadca 5151 Cable a Wired to 51521 Comme 7 Saze 7 Sa	Information ishing industries, except internetspaper, book, and directory publishers	-		85.1	92.8	100.0	104.0	99.8	101.3	100.6	98.0	98.2	-
5111 Newspa 5112 Softwar 51213 Motion I 5151 Radio a 5152 Cable a 5172 Wired te Wired te Wireles 52211 Comme Fee Rei 53211 Passen 53221 Truck, t 53221 Truck, t 541213 Strick 541214 Architet 541213 Architet 541311 Architet 541213 Architet 541214 Architet 541215 Adorticat 561311 Finglow 56151 Medical 6215 Medical 6215 Medical 6215 Arcticat 72 Accom 72 Accom 721 Travele 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited 7222 Li	ishing industries, except internetspaper, book, and directory publishers		114.7	109.4	98.0	100.0	106.1	114.5	102.6	93.1	99.4	102.4	-
5111 Newspa 5112 Softwar 51213 Motion I 5151 Radio a 5152 Cable a 5172 Wired te Wired te Wireles 52211 Comme Fee Rei 53211 Passen 53221 Truck, t 53221 Truck, t 541213 Strick 541214 Architet 541213 Architet 541311 Architet 541213 Architet 541214 Architet 541215 Adorticat 561311 Finglow 56151 Medical 6215 Medical 6215 Medical 6215 Arcticat 72 Accom 72 Accom 721 Travele 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited 7222 Li	ishing industries, except internetspaper, book, and directory publishers												
5111 Newspa 5112 Softwar 51213 Motion I 5151 Radio a 5152 Cable a 5172 Wired te Wired te Wireles 52211 Comme Fee Rei 53211 Passen 53221 Truck, t 53221 Truck, t 541213 Strick 541214 Architet 541213 Architet 541311 Architet 541213 Architet 541214 Architet 541215 Adorticat 561311 Finglow 56151 Medical 6215 Medical 6215 Medical 6215 Arcticat 72 Accom 72 Accom 721 Travele 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited 7222 Li	spaper, book, and directory publishers	54.7	85.3	99.9	99.5	100.0	106.6	107.2	109.5	114.4	117.0	119.0	
51213 Motion Broadci 5151 Radio a Si52 Si171 Wireles 5171 Wireles 52211 Comme 753211 Passen 53212 Video ts 53223 Video ts 541213 Architec Enginee 541311 Stanta Advertis Si212 Si213 54131 Stanta Advertis Si212 Si213 561311 Fravel a Janitoni He (Si215 Medical Medica		100.3	95.6	102.9	101.1	100.0	104.2	98.0	97.6	101.3	102.2	100.1	-
515 Broadca 5151 Radio a 5152 Cable a 5171 Wirel ts 5172 Wirel ts 52211 Comme Re 52211 Passen 53221 Truck, t 53223 Video ts 53223 Video ts 541213 Satist 54131 Satist 541921 Photogy Advertist 56151 Employ 6215 Medical 562151 Medical 62151 Medical 71311 Amuser 72 Accomr 721 Accomr 721 Travel ts 6215 Fedod se 72 Accomr 721 Travel ts 722 Food se 722 Food se 7221 Food se 7222 Food se 7221 Full-ser	vare publishers	8.3	81.9	97.7	96.2	100.0	110.9	126.4	132.3	134.0	135.1	141.0	-
5151 Radio a 5152 Cable a 5171 Wireles 5171 Wireles 5171 Comme 52211 Comme 53211 Passen 53212 Video ta 53223 Video ta 54131 S4133 S4131 Engine 54131 Employ 56151 Employ 6215 Medical 62151 Diagnot 621511 Art 71311 Art 71395 Art 71311 Travel a 72 Accomr 721 Accomr 721 Accomr 721 Accomr 721 Travel a 722 Food se 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7221 Food se 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited	on picture and video exhibition	90.9	100.2	106.7	101.8	100.0	102.5	107.6	108.2	115.2	121.0	117.0	-
5152 Cable a Wired to Wireles Wireles Wireles Sazul Comme Re: 53211 Passen Truck, t Sazul	dcasting, except internet	95.7	96.2	99.6	95.5	100.0	103.3	108.1	112.4	119.8	130.0	133.1	-
5152 Cable a Wired to Wireles Wireles Wireles Sazul Comme Re: 53211 Passen Truck, t Sazul	o and television broadcasting	103.2	105.2	96.9	94.2	100.0	98.9	100.5	102.4	109.7	112.8	112.8	
5171 Wired th Wireles 52211 Comme Re. 532111 Passes 53212 Video te 53223 Video te 53223 Fax pre 541213 Tax pre 541313 Fax pre 541311 Enginee 6151 Janitori 62151 Medical 62151 Medical 62151 Medical 62151 Armuser 71311 Armuser 71311 Armuser 72 Accomr 721 Accomr 721 Accomr 721 Travele 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7221 Full-ser 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited	e and other subscription programming	81.3	77.0	108.7	94.2	100.0	112.1	123.9	131.0	137.9	160.8	170.9	-
5172 Wireles 52211 Comme Re 53211 Passen 53212 Truck, t 53223 Video ts Prof 541213 Tax pre 54131 Archited 54132 Advertis 541921 Medical 6215 Medical 62151 Medical 62151 Medical 62151 Medical 71311 Travel t 71311 Amuser 72 Accomr 721 Accomr 721 Travel 722 Food se 721 Travel 722 Food se 721 Food se 722 Food se 7221 Food se 7222 Food se 7221 Food se 7222 Food se 7221 Food se 7222 Food se 7223 Food se 724 Food se 725 Food se 726 Food se 727 Food se 728 Food se 729 Food se 720 Food se 720 Food se 721 Food se 722 Food se 722 Food se 722 Food se 723 Food se 724 Food se 725 Food se 726 Food se 727 Food se 728 Food se 729 Food se 729 Food se 720 Food se 721 Food se 722 Food se 723 Food se 724 Food se 725 Food se 726 Food se 727 Food se 728 Food se	d telecommunications carriers	51.8	84.5	94.9	92.0	100.0	105.7	110.4	112.3	116.6	122.8	126.7	-
532111 53212 Truck, t 53212 53223 Truck, t Video te Prof 541213 54131 54133 54181 Advertis 541921 Adl 561311 56172 Adl 56172 Berploy Adl 6215 Medical 62151 Medical 62151 Amuser 72 Accomr 721 7211 71310 Accomr 721 7221 Food se 722 7221 Food se 722 7221 Full-ser 722 Food se 722 Food	less telecommunications carriers	34.7	45.9	70.1	88.0	100.0	110.5	132.3	171.7	185.1	195.1	231.9	-
532111 53221 710ck, t 53223 710ck, t 53223 54131 54131 54133 54181 541921 6111 561311 56172 6215 62151 621512 Medical 621512 Medical 621512 Medical 621512 Medical 71311 71395 Medical 71311 71395 Medical 71311 71395 Medical 71311 71395 Medical 71311 71315 Medical 71311 71311 71395 Medical 71311 71311 71315 Medical 71311 71311 71315 Medical 71311 71311 71311 71311 71315 Medical 71311	Finance and insurance												
532111 53212 Truck, t 53212 53223 Truck, t Video te Prof 541213 54131 54133 54181 Advertis 541921 Adl 561311 56172 Adl 56172 Berploy Adl 6215 Medical 62151 Medical 62151 Amuser 72 Accomr 721 7211 71310 Accomr 721 7221 Food se 722 7221 Food se 722 7221 Full-ser 722 Food se 722 Food	mercial banking	54.2	96.9	99.4	97.8	100.0	101.8	105.9	105.9	109.8	110.5	110.7	_
532111 53212 7100 541213 54131 54131 54131 54131 54131 561311 56151 56172 6215 62151 621512 621512 621512 621512 621512 621512 621512 621512 621512 621512 71311 71395 6215 6215 62151 71311 71395 6215 6215 72 72 721 7211 7221 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7221 7222 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7222 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7222 7221 7221 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7221 7222 7221 7221 7222 7221 7222 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7222 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7221 7222 7221	=	04.2	30.5	33.4	37.0	100.0	101.0	100.5	100.5	100.0	110.0	110.7	
53212 Truck, to 53223 Video tr 541213 54131 54133 Engine 54181 541921 Photogram 62151 Employ 17 ravel a 62151 Diagno: Artification for 18 powers of	Real estate and rental and leasing senger car rental	80.9	87.3	98.0	97.0	100.0	105.3	102.5	94.8	95.8	111.7	4474	
53223 Video to Profit	k, trailer, and RV rental and leasing	52.9	87.3 87.7	106.8	97.0	100.0	98.1	111.3	114.0	124.2	111.7	117.1 114.3	-
Prof Tax pre Architet S4131 S4131 S4181 S41921 Photogram Far S41921 Photogram Pho	o tape and disc rental	59.1	76.7	103.5	102.3	100.0	112.6	115.1	104.6	124.2	151.3	140.9	
541213 Tax pre 54131 Architet 54132 Enginee 54181 Advertis 54182 Photogram 561311 Employ 6215 Medical 62151 Diagnos Art 71311 Amuser 71311 Amuser 71311 Amuser 721 Accomr 721 Accomr 721 Travele 722 Food se 722 Food se 722 Food Se 7221 Full-see 722 Food Se 7221 Full-see 722 Food Se 7221 Full-see 7222 Emilled 7222 Special	·	55.1	70.7	100.0	102.0	100.0	112.0	110.1	104.0	120.0	101.0	140.5	
54131 Architec 54131 Architec 541811 Advertis 541921 Photogi 56151 Employ Travel a Janitorio 6215 Medical 621511 Diagnos Art 71311 Arcs 71311 Arcs 72 Accomr 721 Accomr 721 Accomr 721 Travel a 722 Food se 722 Food se 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited 7222 Special	rofessional and technical services												
54133 Enginer Advertisis 541921 Advertisis 561311 Employo 56151 Janitoris 6215 Medical 62151 Medical 621512 Diagnos 72 Accomr 721 Accomr 721 Accomr 721 Travele 722 Food se 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited 74040votr	preparation services	74.4	89.8	90.6	84.8	100.0	95.8	84.3	84.7	81.4	89.9	86.9	-
54181 Advertis 541921 Photogy 561311 56151 Employ 56172 Janitori 62151 Medical 621512 Diagnor 71311 Amuser 71311 Amuser 721 Accomr 721 Accomr 721 Accomr 721 Travele 722 Food se 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limitser 7222 Special	itectural services	83.7 89.8	92.9 99.5	100.0 101.5	103.2 99.6	100.0 100.0	103.6 101.9	108.3 111.3	108.3 118.1	106.2 120.9	109.9 119.5	114.9 130.7	-
541921 Photogram 561311 Employ Travel e Janitori. 6215 Medical Medic	neering servicesertising agencies	89.8	99.5 88.5	95.1	99.6	100.0	101.9	117.5	116.1	120.9	122.3	130.7	
Adi 561311 Employ Travel a 6215 Medical 621511 Medical 621512 Diagnos Art: 71311 Amuser 71395 Bowling Accomr 721 Accomr 721 Travela 722 Food se 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited 7222 Special	ography studios, portrait	100.5	102.5	111.7	104.8	100.0	105.9	92.3	91.2	94.6	99.3	102.6	-
561311 Employ 56151 Travele 2 6215 Medical 621511 Medical 621512 Diagnos Art: 71311 Amuser 71395 Bowling Accomm 721 Accomm 721 Travele 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7221 Full-ser 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited- 7222 Special		100.0	102.0		101.0	100.0	100.0	02.0	01.12	0 1.0	00.0	102.0	
56151 Travel a Janitoria 56172 Janitoria 62151 Medical 621512 Diagnos Art 71311 Amuser 729 Accomr 721 Accomr 7211 Travele 722 Food se 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited 7222 Special	Administrative and waste services		05.0	70.0	05.0	400.0	400.4	4047	404.5	450.5	400.0	0400	
56172 Janitori. He 6215 Medical 621511 Diagno: 71311 Amuser 71395 Bowling 72 Accomr 721 Accomr 7211 Travele 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited 7223 Special	loyment placement agencies	70.0	85.6	76.9	85.2	100.0	109.4	124.7	131.5	152.5	180.6	210.8	-
6215 Medical 621511 Medical 621512 Diagnos Art: 71311 Amuser Bowling Accomm 721 Accomm 7211 Travele 722 Food st 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited 7222 Special	el agenciesorial services	70.0 71.1	78.4 94.7	93.6 95.7	90.3 96.7	100.0 100.0	130.8 110.8	162.3 107.0	190.2 108.9	206.7 103.1	244.8 109.2	248.1 112.0	-
6215 Medical 621511 Medical 621512 Diagnos Art: 71311 Amuser Bowling Accomm 721 Accomm 721 Travele 722 Food st 7221 Full-ser 7221 Full-ser 7221 Special Special 621511 Travele 7222 Limited 7223 Special 621511 Travele 7223 Special 621511 Travele 7224 Special 621511 Travele 7225 Speci		/ 1.1	34.7	33.1	30.7	100.0	110.0	107.0	100.5	103.1	105.2	112.0	-
621511 Medical Diagnots Art: 71311 Amuser Bowling Accomr 721 Accomr 7211 Travele T22 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7221 Limited 7222 Special	Health care and social assistance												
71311 Aruser Aruser Aruser Aruser Aruser Aruser Accomm 7211 Accomm 7211 Travele 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited 7223 Special	cal and diagnostic laboratories	-	72.7	95.9	98.3	100.0	104.0	105.6	105.0	108.2	106.8	119.3	-
71311 Amuser 71395 Bowling	ical laboratories	-	81.2	103.5	103.7	100.0	105.8	108.8	106.0	108.6	112.0	122.6	-
71311 Amuser 71395 Bowling Accom 72 Accomm 7211 Travele 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7222 Full-ser 7222 Limited 7223 Special	nostic imaging centers	-	61.2	85.7	90.8	100.0	100.1	98.2	100.6	104.5	94.2	108.8	-
71395 Bowling Acc 72 Accomr 721 Accomr 7211 Travele 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited 7223 Special	arts, entertainment, and recreation												
72 Accomr 721 Accomr 721 Travele 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited 7223 Special	sement and theme parks	105.4	94.1	99.5	87.4	100.0	108.3	99.0	109.3	99.0	106.4	107.1	-
72 Accomr 721 Accomr 7211 Travele 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited- 7223 Special	ling centers	110.0	103.8	96.9	97.9	100.0	104.6	108.4	105.3	99.7	117.3	119.1	-
721 Accomr 7211 Travele 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited 7223 Special	accommodation and food services												
7211 Travele 722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited- 7223 Special	mmodation and food services	88.1	94.6	100.1	99.1	100.0	102.5	105.2	105.8	106.9	107.0	106.1	-
722 Food se 7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited- 7223 Special	mmodation	76.6	89.3	98.5	96.4	100.0	103.6	111.6	109.7	109.2	109.7	108.7	-
7221 Full-ser 7222 Limited 7223 Special	eler accommodation	75.6	89.2	99.2	96.6	100.0	103.5	111.7	110.2	109.3	109.7	108.7	-
7222 Limited 7223 Special	services and drinking places	91.9	95.8	99.1	99.4	100.0	102.2	103.3	104.5	106.1	106.0	105.2	106.2
7223 Special	service restaurants	88.3	95.8	98.7	99.2	100.0	100.5	101.6	102.6	103.6	102.8	100.9	101.1
	ed-service eating places	94.0 78.2	97.4 87.0	99.4	99.8	100.0 100.0	102.6	104.1	104.7 110.1	106.4	106.7	107.2	109.2 111.4
7224 DIIIKIIQ	cial food services	132.8	97.0 97.2	100.1 97.8	100.3 94.8	100.0	104.5 113.9	107.1 106.3	110.1 112.4	110.8 122.5	113.1 123.3	111.6 120.9	111.4
	king places, alcoholic beverages	132.0	97.2	97.0	94.0	100.0	113.9	100.3	112.4	122.5	123.3	120.9	124.3
	Other services												
	motive repair and maintenance	82.8	96.4	105.5	105.0	100.0	99.6	106.3	105.6	104.0	102.4	101.9	-
	pholstery and furniture repairnail, and skin care services	103.3	98.0 90.6	103.4 98.0	102.9 103.8	100.0	95.3 108.0	97.8 112.4	99.3 116.2	98.0	102.8 119.5	99.2 122.2	-
	rall, and skin care services	75.7 109.7	105.8	100.3	103.8 97.1	100.0 100.0	108.0	98.4	98.6	115.5 105.2	119.5	122.2 97.7	-
	leaning and laundry services	86.3	88.9	95.7	97.1	100.0	92.9	98.4	109.8	105.2	102.9	105.1	
	operated laundries and drycleaners	58.6	73.8	88.0	95.5	100.0	82.6	94.6	115.2	99.1	91.0	87.0	
	leaning and laundry services	90.7	86.3	96.7	97.8	100.0	90.1	95.7	104.2	103.3	101.5	103.6	
	n and uniform supply	102.4	102.8	98.8	101.1	100.0	99.3	104.9	112.9	117.4	110.1	110.1	-
	ofinishing	95.3	99.5	73.4	80.8	100.0	98.8	99.2	108.1	105.9	102.7	109.8	-

NOTE: Dash indicates data are not available.

51. Unemployment rates adjusted to U.S. concepts, 10 countries, seasonally adjusted

[Percent]

				20	08			20	09		2010
Country	2008	2009	I	П	III	IV	1	=	III	IV	I
United States	5.8	9.3	5.0	5.3	6.0	6.9	8.2	9.3	9.7	10.0	9.7
Canada	5.3	7.3	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.7	6.9	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.4
Australia	4.2	5.6	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.5	5.3	5.7	5.8	5.6	5.3
Japan	3.7	4.8	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.8	4.2	4.8	5.1	4.9	4.6
France	7.4	9.1	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.8	8.6	9.1	9.1	9.6	9.7
Germany	7.5	7.8	7.8	7.6	7.4	7.4	7.5	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.7
Italy	6.8	7.9	6.6	6.8	6.8	7.1	7.5	7.6	7.9	8.3	8.7
Netherlands	2.8	3.4	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	4.1
Sweden	6.0	8.2	5.7	5.7	6.0	6.6	7.4	8.3	8.4	8.6	8.8
United Kingdom	5.7	7.7	5.3	5.3	5.9	6.4	7.1	7.8	7.9	7.9	-

Dash indicates data are not available. Quarterly figures for France, Germany, Italy, and the Netherlands are calculated by applying annual adjustment factors to current published data and therefore should be viewed as less precise indicators of unemployment under U.S. concepts than the annual figures. For further qualifications and historical annual data, see the BLS report International Comparisons of Annual Labor Force Statistics, Adjusted to U.S. Concepts, 10 Countries (on the internet at http://www.bls.gov/filc/fiscomparelf.htm).

For monthly unemployment rates, as well as the quarterly and annual rates published in this table, see the BLS report International Unemployment Rates and Employment Indexes, Seasonally Adjusted (on the Internet at http://www.bls.gov/ilc/intl_unemployment_rates_monthly.htm). Unemployment rates may differ between the two reports mentioned, because the former is updated annually, whereas the latter is updated monthly and reflects the most recent revisions in source data.

52. Annual data: employment status of the working-age population, adjusted to U.S. concepts, 10 countries

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status and country	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Civilian labor force											
United States	139.368	142,583	143,734	144,863	146,510	147,401	149,320	151,428	153,124	154,287	154.142
Canada	15,403	15,637	15,891	16,366	16,733	16,955	17,108	17,351	17,696	17,987	18,098
Australia	9,414	9,590	9,746	9,901	10,085	10,213	10,529	10,771	11,021	11,254	11,448
Japan	66,730	66,710	66,480	65,866	65,495	65,366	65,386	65,556	65,909	65,660	65,362
France	26,342	26,591	26,867	27,113	27,285	27,424	27,616	27,881	28,028	28,021	28,331
Germany	39,375	39,302	39,459	39,413	39,276	39,711	40,760	41,250	41,416	41,542	41,545
Italy	23,176	23,361	23,524	23,728	24,020	24,084	24,179	24,395	24,459	24,836	24,710
Netherlands	7,881	8,052	8,199	8,345	8,379	8,439	8,459	8,541	8,686	8,780	8,846
Sweden	4,429	4,490	4,530	4,545	4,565	4,579	4,693	4,746	4,822	4,875	4,888
United Kingdom	28,786	28,962	29,092	29,343	29,565	29,802	30,137	30,599	30,780	31,126	31,274
Participation rate ¹											
United States	67.1	67.1	66.8	66.6	66.2	66.0	66.0	66.2	66.0	66.0	65.4
Canada	65.9	66.0	66.1	67.1	67.7	67.7	67.4	67.4	67.7	67.9	67.3
Australia	64.0	64.4	64.4	64.3	64.6	64.6	65.4	65.8	66.2	66.6	66.5
Japan	62.0	61.7	61.2	60.4	59.9	59.6	59.5	59.6	59.8	59.5	59.3
France	57.4	57.6	57.7	57.8	57.7	57.5	57.4	57.5	57.4	57.1	57.3
Germany	56.9	56.7	56.7	56.4	56.0	56.4	57.6	58.2	58.4	58.5	58.6
Italy	47.9	48.1	48.3	48.5	49.1	49.1	48.7	48.9	48.6	49.0	48.4
Netherlands	62.5	63.4	64.0	64.7	64.6	64.8	64.7	65.1	65.9	66.2	66.4
Sweden	62.7	63.7	63.7	63.9	63.9	63.6	64.8	64.9	65.3	65.3	64.6
United Kingdom	62.8	62.8	62.7	62.9	62.9	63.0	63.1	63.5	63.3	63.5	63.3
Employed											
United States	133,488	136,891	136,933	136,485	137,736	139,252	141,730	144,427	146,047	145,362	139,877
Canada	14,331	14,681	14,866	15,223	15,586	15,861	16,080	16,393	16,767	17,025	16,769
Australia	8,762	8,989	9,088	9,271	9,485	9,662	9,998	10,255	10,539	10,777	10,809
Japan	63,920	63,790	63,460	62,650	62,510	62,640	62,910	63,210	63,509	63,250	62,242
France	23,712	24,326	24,792	24,976	24,990	25,016	25,187	25,446	25,806	25,951	25,755
Germany	36,042	36,236	36,350	36,018	35,615	35,604	36,185	36,978	37,815	38,406	38,324
Italy	20,617	20,973	21,359	21,666	21,972	22,124	22,290	22,721	22,953	23,144	22,765
Netherlands	7,605	7,813	8,014	8,114	8,069	8,052	8,056	8,205	8,408	8,537	8,542
Sweden	4,116	4,230	4,303	4,311	4,301	4,279	4,334	4,416	4,530	4,581	4,486
United Kingdom	27,058	27,375	27,604	27,815	28,077	28,380	28,674	28,929	29,129	29,346	28,880
Employment-population ratio ²											
United States	64.3	64.4	63.7	62.7	62.3	62.3	62.7	63.1	63.0	62.2	59.3
Canada	61.3	62.0	61.9	62.4	63.1	63.3	63.4	63.6	64.2	64.2	62.3
Australia	59.6	60.3	60.0	60.2	60.8	61.1	62.1	62.6	63.3	63.8	62.8
Japan	59.4	59.0	58.4	57.5	57.1	57.1	57.3	57.5	57.6	57.4	56.4
France	51.7	52.7	53.3	53.2	52.8	52.5	52.3	52.5	52.9	52.8	52.1
Germany	52.1	52.2	52.2	51.5	50.8	50.6	51.2	52.2	53.3	54.1	54.0
Italy	42.6	43.2	43.8	44.3	44.9	45.1	44.9	45.5	45.6	45.6	44.6
Netherlands	60.3	61.5	62.6	62.9	62.2	61.8	61.6	62.5	63.7	64.3	64.1
Sweden	58.3	60.1	60.5	60.6	60.2	59.5	59.9	60.4	61.3	61.4	59.3
United Kingdom	59.0	59.4	59.5	59.6	59.8	60.0	60.0	60.0	59.9	59.9	58.5
Unemployed											
United States.	5,880	5,692	6,801	8,378	8,774	8,149	7,591	7,001	7,078	8,924	14,265
Canada	1,072	956	1,026	1,143	1,147	1,093	1,028	958	929	962	1,329
Australia	652	602	658	630	599	551	531	516	482	477	638
Japan	2,810	2,920	3,020	3,216	2,985	2,726	2,476	2,346	2,400	2,410	3,120
France	2,630	2,265	2,075	2,137	2,295	2,408	2,429	2,435	2,222	2,070	2,576
Germany	3,333	3,065	3,110	3,396	3,661	4,107	4,575	4,272	3,601	3,136	3,222
Italy	2,559	2,388	2,164	2,062	2,048	1,960	1,889	1,673	1,506	1,692	1,945
Netherlands	277	239	186	231	310	387	402	336	278	243	304
Sweden	313	260	227	234	264	300	360	330	292	294	401
United Kingdom	1,728	1,587	1,489	1,528	1,488	1,423	1,463	1,670	1,652	1,780	2,395
Unemployment rate ³											
United States	4.2	4.0	4.7	5.8	6.0	5.5	5.1	4.6	4.6	5.8	9.3
Canada	7.0	6.1	6.5	7.0	6.9	6.4	6.0	5.5	5.3	5.3	7.3
Australia	6.9	6.3	6.8	6.4	5.9	5.4	5.0	4.8	4.4	4.2	5.6
Japan	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.9	4.6	4.2	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.7	4.8
France	10.0	8.5	7.7	7.9	8.4	8.8	8.8	8.7	7.9	7.4	9.1
Germany	8.5	7.8	7.9	8.6	9.3	10.3	11.2	10.4	8.7	7.5	7.8
Italy	11.0	10.2	9.2	8.7	8.5	8.1	7.8	6.9	6.2	6.8	7.9
Netherlands	3.5	3.0	2.3	2.8	3.7	4.6	4.8	3.9	3.2	2.8	3.4
Sweden	7.1	5.8	5.0	5.1	5.8	6.6	7.7	7.0	6.1	6.0	8.2
United Kingdom	6.0	5.5	5.1	5.2	5.0	4.8	4.9	5.5	5.4	5.7	7.7
			- 1			-	_		- 1		

¹ Labor force as a percent of the working-age population.

Comparisons of Annual Labor Force Statistics, Adjusted to U.S. Concepts, 10 Countries (on the internet at http://www.bls.gov/ilc/flscomparelf.htm). Unemployment rates may differ from those in the BLS report International Unemployment Rates and Employment Indexes, Seasonally Adjusted (on the Internet at Indexes, Seasonally Adjusted (on the Internet at http://www.bls.gov/ilc/intl_unemployment_rates_monthly.htm), because the former is updated annually, whereas the latter is updated monthly and reflects the most recent revisions in source date. revisions in source data.

 ² Employment as a percent of the working-age population.
 ³ Unemployment as a percent of the labor force.

NOTE: There are breaks in series for the United States (2000, 2003, 2004), Australia (2001), Germany (2005), the Netherlands (2000, 2003), and Sweden (2005). For further qualifications and historical annual data, see the BLS report *International*

53. Annual indexes of manufacturing productivity and related measures, 19 economies

[2002 = 100]

Measure and economy	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Output per hour																
United States	41.7	58.1	68.5	70.9	73.8	77.7	82.4	88.8	90.7	108.2	117.5	122.8	127.2	135.2	135.7	146.2
Australia	63.3	77.8	84.9	87.2	88.0	92.5	95.8	93.5	98.4	104.9	104.3	105.5	108.1	110.0	106.7	111.4
Belgium	50.3	74.5	86.7	88.0	93.5	94.7	94.0	97.8	97.3	101.8	105.6	107.5	108.2	113.0	114.1	115.8
Canada	55.2	70.7	83.4	83.0	87.2	91.3	95.1	100.7	98.3	100.3	101.3	104.8	106.2	106.6	104.0	105.0
Czech Republic	-	-	70.3	74.1	77.3	73.1	83.9	92.0	92.7	101.9	114.4	125.0	140.4	151.7	161.4	156.0
Denmark	66.1	79.3	90.8	87.8	94.8	94.3	95.8	99.2	99.4	104.2	110.2	113.7	119.5	122.1	125.2	123.4
Finland	29.4	48.4	66.1	67.9	71.5	75.7	81.0	90.4	94.1	106.0	112.9	118.0	131.4	143.4	145.1	132.8
France	42.9	63.6	75.2	75.5	80.0	84.1	87.8	94.0	95.9	104.5	107.3	112.3	114.9	116.2	115.1	106.8
Germany	54.5	69.8	80.6	82.8	87.7	88.1	90.2	96.5	99.0	103.6	107.5	112.1	120.9	122.7	122.4	111.0
Italy	56.8	78.1	94.2	94.6	96.5	95.2	95.9	100.9	101.2	97.9	99.3	100.8	102.6	103.1	99.4	93.5
Japan	47.9	70.9	83.4	87.2	90.3	91.2	93.6	98.5	96.5	106.8	114.3	121.7	122.9	127.6	127.9	113.3
Korea, Rep. of	-	33.3	52.1	57.6	65.6	73.6	82.7	90.8	90.1	106.8	117.0	130.6	145.6	156.1	157.2	160.1
Netherlands	48.0	68.3	82.1	83.9	84.1	86.6	90.1	96.6	97.1	102.1	109.0	113.9	118.2	124.3	121.5	116.1
Norway	70.1	87.8	88.1	90.8	91.0	88.7	91.7	94.6	97.2	108.7	115.1	119.1	116.7	116.1	117.2	118.1
Singapore	33.1	50.7	72.8	74.5	77.8	80.9	92.4	101.2	90.7	103.6	113.8	116.3	120.1	116.2	105.3	105.0
Spain	57.9	80.0 49.4	93.3 64.9	92.2	93.1	94.7 78.4	96.4	97.4	99.6	102.5 108.2	104.4 120.2	106.4 128.0	108.5	110.9	109.3	108.4
Sweden	40.1 28.6	52.5	65.4	67.1 69.9	73.6 73.1	76.4	85.4 80.7	91.6 85.6	89.4 89.9	100.2	112.6	120.0	138.8 132.1	141.7 143.2	137.5 145.5	127.5 152.4
Taiwan	44.7	70.1	81.7	80.9	82.5	83.4	87.7	93.5	96.9	107.2	110.8	115.8	119.8	123.8	124.0	119.8
United Kingdom	44.7	70.1	01.7	60.9	62.5	03.4	01.1	93.3	90.9	104.3	110.6	115.6	119.0	123.0	124.0	119.0
Output																
United States	49.8	67.6	79.4	82.0	86.9	91.2	96.1	102.3	97.6	102.9	111.2	114.8	119.9	125.2	120.7	113.6
Australia	70.8	81.8	86.5	88.2	90.1	92.2	93.5	94.9	96.9	102.6	102.6	101.9	102.7	105.7	104.6	102.2
Belgium	67.2	86.7	89.4	89.7	94.0	95.6	95.9	100.4	100.7	98.8	102.4	102.5	102.7	106.5	106.1	96.8
Canada	55.2	68.7	76.5	77.5	82.8	86.9	94.1	103.4	99.1	99.2	101.1	102.6	101.3	99.0	93.0	82.5
Czech Republic	-	-	73.4	80.2	84.1	78.5	87.0	95.4	94.9	99.0	112.1	125.5	143.8	157.0	169.4	149.3
Denmark	77.3	85.5	94.7	90.3	97.7	98.5	99.4	102.9	103.0	97.2	98.8	99.3	103.8	107.1	111.0	97.6
Finland	40.3	54.6	60.8	62.6	68.5	75.1	81.1	92.3	96.4	102.9	107.8	112.0	126.3	139.3	139.3	111.6
France	69.5	81.5	83.8	83.6	87.5	91.7	94.7	99.1	100.1	101.9	102.8	105.2	104.9	106.6	104.5	92.8
Germany	81.3	94.5	90.1	88.2	92.0	93.1	94.0	100.4	102.1	100.7	104.3	106.5	113.6	116.4	117.0	95.7
Italy	71.1 61.9	88.2 98.9	95.7 101.7	95.2 105.6	96.6 108.2	97.5 102.5	97.3 102.1	101.4 107.4	101.1 101.6	97.3 105.3	98.0 111.4	97.8 117.2	101.1 121.3	103.2 126.1	98.2 122.3	82.7 95.4
Japan	12.7	40.0	59.2	63.4	67.1	62.2	76.5	89.8	92.0	105.3	115.9	123.1	133.0	142.5	146.6	144.2
Korea, Rep. of	59.3	77.0	85.1	86.3	87.5	90.5	93.8	100.1	99.9	98.9	102.3	104.3	107.9	114.1	111.9	102.1
Netherlands	95.1	91.4	94.6	98.4	102.7	101.9	101.8	101.3	100.5	103.3	109.2	114.1	117.5	121.3	124.5	117.3
Norway	26.0	51.2	75.4	77.4	80.8	80.2	90.6	104.4	92.2	102.9	117.2	128.3	143.6	152.2	145.8	139.8
SingaporeSpain	58.8	73.7	76.0	77.9	82.9	87.9	92.9	97.0	100.1	101.2	101.9	103.1	105.0	105.8	103.0	88.9
Sweden	45.5	54.5	65.8	68.0	73.6	80.2	87.5	95.1	93.3	105.0	115.0	120.7	129.0	133.5	129.7	106.4
Taiwan	29.4	59.3	72.7	76.1	80.9	82.8	88.9	96.1	89.5	110.1	121.5	131.0	142.9	156.9	158.5	151.5
United Kingdom	78.5	94.8	97.1	97.8	99.6	100.3	101.3	103.6	102.2	99.7	101.9	101.8	103.3	103.8	100.8	90.0
Office Hingdom																
Total hours	440.4	440.5	445.0	445.7	447.7	447.4	440.0	445.4	407.0	05.4	04.0	00.5	04.0	00.0	00.0	77.7
United States	119.4	116.5	115.9	115.7	117.7	117.4	116.6	115.1	107.6	95.1	94.6	93.5	94.3	92.6	88.9	77.7
Australia	111.8	105.2	101.9	101.1	102.4 100.6	99.7 100.9	97.6	101.5	98.5	97.8 97.0	98.4 97.0	96.6 95.3	95.0	96.1	98.1 93.0	91.7 83.6
Belgium	133.5 100.0	116.4 97.2	103.1 91.8	102.0 93.4	94.9	95.2	102.0 98.9	102.7 102.7	103.6 100.8	99.0	99.8	95.3	94.9 95.4	94.2 92.9	89.4	78.6
Canada	-	-	104.4	108.3	108.8	107.4	103.6	102.7	100.8	97.2	98.0	100.4	102.4	103.5	104.9	95.7
Czech Republic	117.0	107.8	104.4	100.5	103.1	107.4	103.0	103.0	102.3	93.4	89.6	87.3	86.9	87.7	88.7	79.0
Denmark	137.0	112.9	92.0	92.3	95.8	99.3	100.1	103.7	102.5	97.1	95.4	95.0	96.1	97.1	96.0	84.0
Finland	161.9	128.2	111.3	110.7	109.4	109.0	108.0	105.4	104.4	97.5	95.8	93.7	91.3	91.8	90.7	86.8
France	149.3	135.4	111.7	106.4	104.9	105.8	104.2	104.0	103.1	97.3	97.1	95.0	93.9	94.9	95.6	86.2
Germany	125.2	113.0	101.6	100.7	100.1	102.5	101.5	100.5	99.9	99.4	98.7	97.0	98.5	100.1	98.8	88.4
Italy Japan	129.3	139.6	122.0	121.0	119.9	112.5	101.3	100.5	105.3	98.6	97.5	96.3	98.6	98.9	95.6	84.2
Korea, Rep. of	-	119.8	113.6	109.9	102.2	84.5	92.5	98.9	102.1	98.7	99.0	94.2	91.3	91.3	93.2	90.1
Netherlands	123.6	112.8	103.7	102.9	104.0	104.5	104.1	103.6	103.0	96.8	93.9	91.6	91.3	91.8	92.1	87.9
Norway	135.6	104.1	107.3	108.4	112.8	115.0	111.0	107.1	103.4	95.1	94.9	95.8	100.7	104.5	106.3	99.3
Singapore	78.6	101.1	103.6	104.0	103.9	99.1	98.0	103.1	101.7	99.3	103.0	110.4	119.6	131.0	138.4	133.1
Spain	101.6	92.1	81.4	84.5	89.0	92.8	96.4	99.7	100.5	98.8	97.6	96.8	96.8	95.4	94.2	82.0
Sweden	113.3	110.2	101.3	101.3	100.1	102.3	102.5	103.8	104.4	97.0	95.7	94.3	93.0	94.2	94.3	83.4
Taiwan	102.9	113.0	111.1	108.9	110.6	108.8	110.1	112.4	99.6	102.7	107.9	107.7	108.1	109.6	108.9	99.4
United Kingdom	175.7	135.2	118.9	120.9	120.7	120.3	115.5	110.8	105.4	95.6	91.9	87.8	86.2	83.9	81.3	75.1

53. Continued— Annual indexes of manufacturing productivity and related measures, 19 economies

Measure and economy	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Unit labor costs																
(national currency basis)	91.6	107.0	107.1	105.3	103.6	104.5	102.8	102.8	104.5	99.8	92.6	91.6	90.2	87.6	90.7	88.7
United States	91.6	82.1	91.6	94.1	94.3	94.8	95.4	96.8	97.6	101.0	105.5	111.0	115.8	118.7	124.1	130.1
Australia Belgium	80.9	93.8	97.2	97.5	95.2	95.4	97.4	95.3	99.0	100.3	98.0	98.0	100.5	100.2	102.5	107.6
Canada	65.8	96.6	97.9	99.9	97.3	97.8	95.8	93.5	98.4	103.7	106.6	107.6	110.3	113.9	117.0	115.7
Czech Republic	-	-	73.8	82.4	86.7	100.4	92.2	89.2	98.7	106.1	100.1	94.5	88.7	87.9	86.7	88.6
Denmark	49.4	86.4	87.3	94.0	90.0	92.9	93.7	92.3	96.5	102.5	100.6	103.0	101.8	105.1	104.7	109.2
Finland	75.4	124.4	117.5	118.2	114.2	112.5	108.8	101.5	104.3	97.0	94.5	94.4	87.7	82.6	85.3	97.2
France	65.8	101.2	106.1	107.7	104.8	100.4	99.3	97.6	98.3	97.9	98.3	97.4	98.9	100.2	103.9	114.0
Germany	65.7	85.5	100.8	102.7	98.9	99.9	99.7	98.1	98.6	98.7	95.7	92.9	89.6	89.3	91.8	106.3
Italy	34.5	78.6	87.7	92.0	94.4	94.0	95.6	93.2	96.1	106.0	108.1	110.0	110.3	112.9	121.0	135.5
Japan	105.4	109.2	110.8	106.9	106.8	108.3	105.4	99.5	102.9	91.6	86.4	81.8	80.1	76.0	77.2	86.3
Korea, Rep. of	40.4	72.4	109.2	115.1	110.7	107.8	96.2	93.8	98.8	98.8	102.7	107.0	105.2	104.6	104.8	108.8
Netherlands	85.6	90.5	93.8	93.5	95.7	96.9	96.2	94.1	97.6	101.8	99.5	96.6	95.7	93.8	99.6	108.0
Norway	35.3	66.6	78.5	79.4	82.7	89.9	91.8	94.1	97.0	95.8	93.4	94.5	102.4	107.7	112.8	118.0
Singapore	78.5	107.5 73.7	113.5 93.6	116.5 97.0	117.8 98.4	115.8 97.4	96.0 95.6	92.3 96.0	106.0 97.6	97.1 102.5	88.9 104.1	86.4 107.0	82.7 110.0	85.3 114.4	95.2 122.4	91.4 125.9
Spain	35.7 67.1	123.4	110.4	115.1	110.6	107.8	102.0	98.9	106.1	96.5	89.3	86.7	82.2	84.8	90.2	101.2
Sweden Taiwan	69.3	108.5	123.1	122.7	121.0	120.0	115.5	110.9	112.4	96.2	94.5	92.6	90.4	84.3	85.0	78.7
United Kingdom	52.8	83.2	87.6	88.3	90.4	96.3	97.3	96.5	97.6	100.7	98.9	100.2	102.2	102.4	104.3	110.9
Sinted Kingdom	02.0	00.2	07.0	00.0	00.1	00.0	01.0	00.0	01.0	100.7	00.0	.00.2	.02.2	.02.1	.0	110.0
Unit labor costs (U.S. dollar basis)																
United States	91.6	107.0	107.1	105.3	103.6	104.5	102.8	102.8	104.5	99.8	92.6	91.6	90.2	87.6	90.7	88.7
Australia	-	118.0	124.8	135.5	129.0	109.7	113.2	103.6	92.8	121.2	142.9	155.7	160.4	183.3	194.8	189.7
Belgium	118.1	119.7	140.7	134.4	113.4	112.1	109.8	93.0	93.8	120.2	128.9	129.1	133.5	145.3	159.6	158.5
Canada	88.4	130.1	112.1	115.0	110.4	103.5	101.3	98.8	99.8	116.3	128.6	139.5	152.8	166.7	172.4	159.2
Czech Republic	-	-	91.0	99.4	89.5	101.8	87.3	75.6	85.0	123.1	127.6	129.2	128.5	140.2	166.4	149.8
Denmark	69.1	110.1	123.0	127.8	107.4	109.3	105.8	89.9	91.4	122.9	132.5	135.5	135.1	152.3	162.3	160.8
Finland	127.1	204.6	169.2	161.8	138.4	132.4	122.6	99.2	98.8	116.2	124.3	124.3	116.6	119.8	132.9	143.2
France	108.0	128.9	147.6	146.1	124.5	118.1	111.9	95.3	93.1	117.2	129.3	128.2	131.4	145.3	161.9	168.1
Germany	74.7	109.4	145.6	141.2	117.9	117.4	112.4	95.8	93.3	118.2	125.9	122.3	119.1	129.4	143.0	156.7
Italy	82.6	134.3	110.2	122.1	113.5	110.8	107.7	91.0	91.0	126.9 98.9	142.2	144.8	146.5	163.7	188.5 93.5	199.8
Japan	58.2 83.1	94.3 127.3	147.7 176.7	123.1 178.8	110.4 146.1	103.6 96.2	116.1 101.1	115.6 103.7	106.0 95.6	103.6	100.1 112.1	93.0 130.6	86.3 137.8	80.8 140.8	119.2	115.4 106.7
Korea, Rep. of Netherlands	100.4	115.9	136.3	129.3	114.2	113.8	101.1	91.9	92.5	121.9	130.8	127.2	127.2	136.0	155.1	159.1
Norway	57.0	85.0	98.9	98.1	93.2	95.0	93.9	85.2	86.1	108.0	110.6	117.2	127.6	146.9	159.7	149.8
Singapore	65.7	106.2	143.4	148.0	142.0	124.0	101.4	95.8	105.9	99.7	94.2	93.0	93.3	101.5	120.6	112.5
Spain	87.6	127.3	132.2	134.8	118.1	114.8	107.7	93.8	92.4	122.7	136.9	140.9	146.2	165.9	190.7	185.6
Sweden	154.3	202.6	150.4	166.8	140.7	131.9	119.9	104.8	99.8	116.2	118.1	112.8	108.5	122.1	133.2	128.5
Taiwan	66.4	139.3	160.4	154.2	145.2	123.5	123.4	122.6	114.7	96.5	97.8	99.5	96.1	88.6	93.2	82.3
United Kingdom	81.7	98.8	92.1	91.7	98.5	106.2	104.7	97.3	93.5	109.5	120.7	121.4	125.4	136.5	128.7	115.6
Hourly compensation																
(national currency basis)	05.5	05 :	7 6 :		70-	0	0:-	0:-	0:-	1000	1000	445 -	44:-	445-	107.7	105 5
United States	38.2	62.1	73.4	74.6	76.5	81.2	84.8	91.3	94.8	108.0	108.9	112.5	114.7	118.5	123.2	129.6
Australia	- 40.7	63.9	77.8	82.1	83.0	87.7	91.4	90.5	96.0	106.0	110.1	117.1	125.2	130.7	132.4	145.0
Belgium	40.7	69.9 68.3	84.3 81.6	85.8 82.9	89.0	90.4	91.5	93.2	96.3 96.7	102.2	103.5 108.0	105.4	108.8	113.2	116.9	124.5
Canada	36.3	68.3	51.6	61.0	84.9 67.1	89.3 73.4	91.2 77.4	94.2 82.0	96.7	104.0 108.1	114.6	112.8 118.1	117.2 124.5	121.4 133.3	121.7 139.9	121.4 138.3
Czech Republic Denmark	32.6	68.5	79.3	82.5	85.3	87.6	89.8	91.6	95.9	106.1	110.9	117.2	124.5	128.3	131.2	134.9
Finland	22.2	60.2	77.6	80.2	81.7	85.1	88.2	91.8	98.1	100.8	106.7	111.4	115.3	118.5	123.8	129.0
France	28.2	64.3	79.8	81.3	83.8	84.4	87.2	91.8	94.3	102.3	105.5	109.3	113.6	116.5	119.7	121.8
Germany	35.8	59.7	81.2	85.1	86.7	88.0	90.0	94.7	97.6	102.2	102.8	104.1	108.4	109.5	112.3	118.0
Italy	19.6	61.3	82.5	87.0	91.1	89.4	91.7	94.1	97.2	103.8	107.4	110.8	113.2	116.4	120.3	126.7
Japan	50.4	77.4	92.4	93.2	96.4	98.8	98.6	98.0	99.3	97.8	98.8	99.6	98.5	97.0	98.8	97.8
Korea, Rep. of	-	24.1	56.9	66.3	72.6	79.3	79.5	85.2	89.0	105.5	120.2	139.7	153.2	163.4	164.7	174.2
Netherlands	41.1	61.8	77.0	78.4	80.5	83.9	86.7	90.9	94.8	104.0	108.4	110.0	113.1	116.6	121.0	125.4
Norway	24.7	58.5	69.2	72.1	75.3	79.7	84.2	89.0	94.4	104.1	107.5	112.6	119.5	125.0	132.1	139.4
Singapore	26.0	54.5	82.6	86.8	91.7	93.7	88.8	93.4	96.2	100.6	101.2	100.5	99.4	99.2	100.2	95.9
Spain	20.7	59.0	87.4	89.5	91.6	92.3	92.1	93.5	97.2	105.0	108.7	113.9	119.4	126.9	133.8	136.5
Sweden	27.0	61.0	71.7	77.3	81.4	84.5	87.2	90.6	94.9	104.5	107.3	111.0	114.2	120.2	124.0	129.0
Taiwan	19.8	57.0	80.5	85.7	88.5	91.4	93.3	94.9	101.0	103.1	106.4	112.7	119.5	120.7	123.7	119.9
United Kingdom NOTE: Data for Germany for ye	23.6	58.4	71.6	71.5	74.6	80.3	85.3	90.2	94.6	105	109.7	116.1	122.5	126.8	129.3	132.8

NOTE: Data for Germany for years before 1995 are for the former West Germany. Data for 1995 onward are for unified Germany. Dash indicates data not available.

54. Occupational injury and illness rates by industry, ¹ United States

Industry and type of case ²			1	Ir	ncidence				workers				
industry and type of case	1989 ¹	1990	1991	1992	1993 ⁴	1994 4	1995 ⁴	1996 ⁴	1997 4	1998 ⁴	1999 ⁴	2000 4	2001 4
PRIVATE SECTOR ⁵													
Total cases		8.8	8.4	8.9	8.5	8.4	8.1	7.4	7.1	6.7	6.3		5.7
Lost workday cases Lost workdays		4.1 84.0	3.9 86.5	3.9 93.8	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.8
·	76.7	04.0	00.5	93.0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁵ Total cases	10.9	11.6	10.8	11.6	11.2	10.0	9.7	8.7	8.4	7.9	7.3	7.1	7.3
Lost workday cases		5.9	5.4	5.4	5.0	4.7	4.3	3.9	4.1	3.9		3.6	
Lost workdays		112.2	108.3	126.9	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Mining													
Total cases		8.3	7.4	7.3	6.8	6.3	6.2	5.4	5.9	4.9		4.7	4.0
Lost workday cases Lost workdays		5.0 119.5	4.5 129.6	4.1 204.7	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.2	3.7	2.9	2.7	3.0	2.4
Construction	137.2	119.5	129.0	204.7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total cases	14.3	14.2	13.0	13.1	12.2	11.8	10.6	9.9	9.5	8.8	8.6	8.3	7.9
Lost workday cases		6.7	6.1	5.8	5.5	5.5	4.9	4.5	4.4	4.0			4.0
Lost workdays	143.3	147.9	148.1	161.9	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
General building contractors:													
Total cases Lost workday cases		13.4 6.4	12.0 5.5	12.2 5.4	11.5 5.1	10.9 5.1	9.8 4.4	9.0 4.0	8.5 3.7	8.4 3.9	8.0 3.7	7.8 3.9	
Lost workdays		137.6	132.0	142.7	5.1	5.1	4.4	4.0	3.7	3.9	3.7	3.9	3.5
Heavy construction, except building:		107.10	102.0										
Total cases	13.8	13.8	12.8	12.1	11.1	10.2	9.9	9.0	8.7	8.2	7.8	7.6	7.8
Lost workday cases		6.3	6.0	5.4	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.3	4.3	4.1	3.8	3.7	4.0
Lost workdays	147.1	144.6	160.1	165.8	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	-
Special trades contractors: Total cases	14.6	14.7	13.5	13.8	12.8	12.5	11.1	10.4	10.0	9.1	8.9	8.6	8.2
Lost workday cases		6.9	6.3	6.1	5.8	5.8	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.1	4.4		
Lost workdays	144.9	153.1	151.3	168.3	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
Manufacturing													
Total cases		13.2	12.7	12.5	12.1	12.2	11.6	10.6	10.3	9.7	9.2		
Lost workday cases		5.8	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.3	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.1
Lost workdays	113.0	120.7	121.5	124.6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Durable goods:													
Total cases		14.2 6.0	13.6 5.7	13.4	13.1	13.5 5.7	12.8 5.6	11.6	11.3	10.7	10.1	_	8.8 4.3
Lost workday cases Lost workdays		123.3	122.9	5.5 126.7	5.4	5.7	5.6	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.8	_	4.3
Lumber and wood products:	110.5	123.3	122.5	120.7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total cases	18.4	18.1	16.8	16.3	15.9	15.7	14.9	14.2	13.5	13.2	13.0	12.1	10.6
Lost workday cases		8.8	8.3	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.0	6.8	6.5	6.8		6.1	5.5
Lost workdays	177.5	172.5	172.0	165.8	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-
Furniture and fixtures:													
Total cases Lost workday cases		16.9 7.8	15.9 7.2	14.8 6.6	14.6 6.5	15.0 7.0	13.9 6.4	12.2 5.4	12.0 5.8	11.4 5.7	11.5 5.9		11.0 5.7
Lost workdays		7.0	- 7.2	128.4	0.5	7.0	- 0.4	- 3.4	- 3.0	J.7	5.5	J.5	J.7
Stone, clay, and glass products:													
Total cases		15.4	14.8	13.6	13.8	13.2	12.3	12.4	11.8	11.8		10.4	10.1
Lost workday cases		7.3	6.8	6.1	6.3	6.5	5.7	6.0	5.7	6.0	5.4	5.5	5.1
Lost workdays	149.8	160.5	156.0	152.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Primary metal industries: Total cases	18.7	19.0	17.7	17.5	17.0	16.8	16.5	15.0	15.0	14.0	12.9	12.6	10.7
Lost workday cases		8.1	7.4	7.1	7.3	7.2	7.2	6.8	7.2	7.0			5.3
Lost workdays	168.3	180.2	169.1	175.5	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	11.1
Fabricated metal products:	10.5	10.7	17.4	16.0	16.0	16.4	15.0	144	140	12.0	10.6	11.0	11.1
Total cases Lost workday cases		18.7 7.9	17.4 7.1	16.8 6.6	16.2 6.7	16.4 6.7	15.8 6.9	14.4 6.2	14.2 6.4	13.9 6.5			
Lost workdays		155.7	146.6	144.0		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industrial machinery and equipment:													
Total cases	. 12.1	12.0	11.2	11.1	11.1	11.6	11.2	9.9	10.0	9.5	8.5	8.2	11.0
Lost workday cases		4.7	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.0	4.1	4.0	3.7	3.6	6.0
Lost workdays	86.8	88.9	86.6	87.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electronic and other electrical equipment:	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	0.0		F 7	F 7	5.0
Total cases Lost workday cases		9.1 3.8	8.6 3.7	8.4 3.6	8.3 3.5	8.3 3.6	7.6 3.3	6.8 3.1	6.6 3.1	5.9 2.8			5.0 2.5
Lost workdays		79.4	83.0	81.2		-	-	-	-				
Transportation equipment:													
Total cases		17.8	18.3	18.7	18.5	19.6	18.6	16.3	15.4	14.6			12.6
Lost workdays		6.9	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.8	7.9	7.0	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.0
Lost workdays	138.6	153.7	166.1	186.6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Instruments and related products: Total cases	5.6	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.6	5.9	5.3	5.1	4.8	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.0
Lost workday cases		2.7	2.7	2.7	2.5	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.3	1.9			
	55.4	57.8	64.4	65.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lost workdays	00.4												1
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries:			4		44.0								
	11.1	11.3 5.1	11.3 5.1	10.7 5.0	10.0 4.6	9.9 4.5	9.1 4.3	9.5 4.4	8.9 4.2	8.1 3.9	8.4 4.0		

54. Continued—Occupational injury and illness rates by industry, United States

In disables and best of a 2					Incid	lence ra	tes per 1	00 work	ers 3				
Industry and type of case ²	1989 ¹	1990	1991	1992	1993 ⁴	1994 ⁴	1995 ⁴	1996 ⁴	1997 ⁴	1998 ⁴	1999 ⁴	2000 4	2001 4
Nondurable goods:													
Total cases	11.6	11.7	11.5	11.3	10.7	10.5	9.9	9.2 4.6	8.8	8.2 4.3	7.8	7.8	1
Lost workday cases	. 5.5 . 107.8	5.6 116.9	5.5 119.7	5.3 121.8	5.0	5.1	4.9	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.2	3.8
Food and kindred products:													
Total cases	18.5	20.0	19.5	18.8	17.6	17.1	16.3	15.0	14.5	13.6	12.7	12.4	10.9
Lost workday cases	9.3	9.9	9.9	9.5	8.9	9.2	8.7	8.0	8.0	7.5	7.3	7.3	6.3
Lost workdays	. 174.7	202.6	207.2	211.9	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	-
Tobacco products: Total cases	8.7	7.7	6.4	6.0	5.8	5.3	5.6	6.7	5.9	6.4	5.5	6.2	6.7
Lost workday cases	3.4	3.2	2.8	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.6		2.7	3.4	2.2	3.1	4.2
Lost workdays	. 64.2	62.3	52.0	42.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textile mill products: Total cases	10.3	9.6	10.1	9.9	9.7	8.7	0.0	7.0	6.7	7.4	6.4	6.0	5.2
Lost workday cases	4.2	4.0	4.4	9.9 4.2	9.7	4.0	8.2 4.1	7.8 3.6	6.7 3.1	3.4	6.4 3.2	3.2	
Lost workdays	81.4	85.1	88.3	87.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Apparel and other textile products:													
Total cases		8.8	9.2	9.5	9.0	8.9	8.2	7.4	7.0	6.2	5.8	1	5.0
Lost workday cases Lost workdays	. 3.8 . 80.5	3.9 92.1	4.2 99.9	4.0 104.6	3.8	3.9	3.6	3.3	3.1	2.6	2.8	3.0	2.4
Paper and allied products:	. 60.5	92.1	99.9	104.6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total cases	12.7	12.1	11.2	11.0	9.9	9.6	8.5	7.9	7.3	7.1	7.0	6.5	6.0
Lost workday cases	5.8	5.5	5.0	5.0	4.6	4.5	4.2		3.7	3.7	3.7	3.4	1
Lost workdays	. 132.9	124.8	122.7	125.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Printing and publishing: Total cases	6.9	6.9	6.7	7.3	6.9	6.7	6.4	6.0	5.7	E 4	5.0	5.1	4.6
Lost workday cases		3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.0	6.4 3.0	2.8	2.7	5.4 2.8	2.6		1
Lost workdays	63.8	69.8	74.5	74.8	- 0.1	- 0.0	0.0	2.0	2.7	2.0	2.0	2.0	2
Chemicals and allied products:													
Total cases		6.5	6.4	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.5	4.8	4.8	4.2	4.4	4.2	
Lost workday cases		3.1	3.1	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.1
Lost workdays Petroleum and coal products:	. 63.4	61.6	62.4	64.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Total cases	6.6	6.6	6.2	5.9	5.2	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.3	3.9	4.1	3.7	2.9
Lost workday cases	3.3	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.2	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.4
Lost workdays	. 68.1	77.3	68.2	71.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products:	. 16.2	16.2	15.1	14.5	13.9	14.0	12.9	12.3	11.9	11.2	10.1	10.7	8.7
Total cases Lost workday cases	8.0	7.8	7.2	6.8	6.5	6.7	6.5	6.3	5.8	5.8	5.5	5.8	1
Lost workdays	147.2	151.3	150.9	153.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leather and leather products:													
Total cases		12.1	12.5	12.1	12.1	12.0	11.4	10.7	10.6	9.8	10.3		
Lost workday cases Lost workdays	. 6.5 . 130.4	5.9 152.3	5.9 140.8	5.4 128.5	5.5	5.3	4.8	4.5	4.3	4.5	5.0	4.3	4.4
	. 130.4	102.0	140.0	120.5	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	-
Transportation and public utilities Total cases	9.2	9.6	9.3	9.1	9.5	9.3	9.1	8.7	8.2	7.3	7.3	6.9	6.9
Lost workday cases	5.3	5.5	5.4	5.1	5.4	5.5	5.2	5.1	4.8		4.4	4.3	1
Lost workdays	. 121.5	134.1	140.0	144.0	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-
Wholesale and retail trade													
Total cases	8.0	7.9	7.6	8.4	8.1	7.9	7.5	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.1	5.9	
Lost workday cases		3.5	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.2	2.9	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.5
Lost workdays Wholesale trade:	. 63.5	65.6	72.0	80.1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total cases	7.7	7.4	7.2	7.6	7.8	7.7	7.5	6.6	6.5	6.5	6.3	5.8	5.3
Lost workday cases	4.0	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.1	2.8
Lost workdays	. 71.9	71.5	79.2	82.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade: Total cases	8.1	8.1	7.7	8.7	8.2	7.9	7.5	6.9	6.8	6.5	6.1	5.9	5.7
Lost workday cases	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.3		3.0		2.9		2.5	1	1
Lost workdays	60.0	63.2	69.1	79.2	-	-	-						
Finance, insurance, and real estate													
Total cases	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.6		2.2	.7	1.8	1.9	1.8
Lost workday cases	9	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	.9	.9	.5	.8	.8	.7
Lost workdays	. 17.6	27.3	24.1	32.9	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Services													
Total cases	5.5 2.7	6.0 2.8	6.2	7.1	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.0 2.6	5.6		4.9		
Lost workday cases Lost workdays	. 51.2	2.8 56.4	2.8 60.0	3.0 68.6	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.2
200: 110:1100/0	. 01.2	00.4	00.0	00.0									

Data for 1989 and subsequent years are based on the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition. For this reason, they are not strictly comparable with data for the years 1985-88, which were based on the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1972 Edition, 1977 Supplement.

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year; and

200,000 = base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Dash indicates data not available.

² Beginning with the 1992 survey, the annual survey measures only nonfatal injuries and illnesses, while past surveys covered both fatal and nonfatal incidents. To better address fatalities, a basic element of workplace safety, BLS implemented the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries.

 $^{^{\}rm 3}\,$ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses or lost workdays per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as (N/EH) X 200,000, where:

N = number of injuries and illnesses or lost workdays;

⁴ Beginning with the 1993 survey, lost workday estimates will not be generated. As of 1992, BLS began generating percent distributions and the median number of days away from work by industry and for groups of workers sustaining similar work disabilities.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees since 1976.

55. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure, 1996-2005

Event or exposure ¹	1996-2000	2001-2005	200	₀₅ 3
Event or exposure	(average)	(average) ²	Number	Percent
All events	6,094	5,704	5,734	100
Transportation incidents	2,608	2,451	2,493	43
Highway	1,408	1,394	1,437	25
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment	685	686	718	13
Moving in same direction	117	151	175	3
Moving in opposite directions, oncoming	247	254	265	5
Moving in intersection	151	137	134	2
Vehicle struck stationary object or equipment on				
side of road	264	310	345	6
Noncollision	372	335	318	6
Jack-knifed or overturnedno collision	298	274	273	5
Nonhighway (farm, industrial premises)	378	335	340	6 5
Noncollision accident	321 212	277 175	281	3
Overturned Worker struck by vehicle, mobile equipment	212 376	369	182 391	7
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	370	309	391	'
Worker struck by vehicle, mobile equipment in roadway	129	136	140	2
Worker struck by vehicle, mobile equipment in	123	130	140	_
parking lot or non-road area	171	166	176	3
Water vehicle	105	82	88	2
Aircraft	263	206	149	3
Assaults and violent acts	1,015	850	792	14
Homicides	766	602	567	10
Shooting	617	465	441	8
Suicide, self-inflicted injury	216	207	180	3
Contact with objects and equipment	1,005	952	1,005	18
Struck by object	567	560	607	11
Struck by falling object	364	345	385	7
Struck by rolling, sliding objects on floor or ground				
level	77	89	94	2
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects	293	256	278	5
Caught in running equipment or machinery	157	128	121	2
Caught in or crushed in collapsing materials	128	118	109	2
Falls	714	763	770	13
Fall to lower level	636	669	664	12
Fall from ladder	106	125	129	2
Fall from roof	153	154	160	3
Fall to lower level, n.e.c.	117	123	117	2
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	535	498	501	9
Contact with electric current	290	265	251	4
Contact with electric current	132	118	112	2
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances	112	114	136	2
Oxygen deficiency	92	74	59	1
Fires and explosions	106	171	150	
Fires and explosions	196 103	174 95	159 93	3 2
Explosion	92	95 78	65	1
_λρισοίστι	34	10	03	'

¹ Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.
2 Excludes fatalities from the Sept. 11, 2001, terrorist attacks.
3 The BLS news release of August 10, 2006, reported a total of 5,702 fatal work injuries for calendar year. 2005. Since then, an additional 32 job-related fatalities were identified, bringing the total job-related fatality

count for 2005 to 5,734.

NOTE: Totals for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified."

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State, New York City, District of Columbia, and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries.