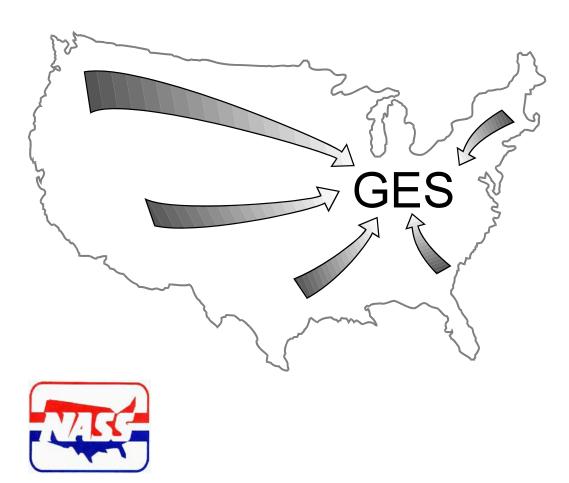




DOT HS 811 354 August 2010

# General Estimates System Coding and Editing Manual 2009





# 2009 FARS/NASS GES Standardization



or over 30 years, the Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS) has been the most referenced source for U.S. fatal crash data. Since 1988, the National Automotive Sampling System General Estimates System (NASS GES) has been an essential source for non-fatal injury crash data. Both systems have used fairly similar sets of data elements (variables) to describe crashes, but the differences in the systems' coding details have required separate software, documentation, coding, and analysis.

In 2009, the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) took a big step toward the goal of unifying the FARS and NASS GES data definitions and coding, simplifying crash data entry and analysis while also reducing costs and errors. The Data Standardization Work Group, consisting of representatives from NHTSA, the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), was chartered in 2006. The mission of the work group was to improve the compatibility of FARS and NASS GES and to bring both systems into alignment with the Model Minimum Uniform Crash Criteria (MMUCC), the guideline now used by nearly all States in the development and revision of their crash report forms and databases. After a thorough review of the data elements and attributes (variable values) in FARS and NASS GES and comparison to the recommended MMUCC data elements and attributes, the first phase of identified standardization changes were implemented in 2009, involving 45 common data elements, to include:

- ✓ Hit and Run
- Rollover / Location of Rollover
- ✓ Vehicle Removal
- Cargo Body Type
- Driver Presence
- Violations Charged

- ✓ Speed-Related
- Driver Vision Obscured by
- ✓ Air Bag Deployed
- ✓ Alcohol Test / Drug Test
- Number of Occupants
- ✓ Work Zone

Two phases remain to complete the standardization. The next phase of standardization changes will be introduced in 2010 data collection, to include even more affected elements, and adoption of one coding manual for both systems. The final phase, scheduled to be implemented in 2011, will result in one data entry system for both FARS and NASS GES.

For more detailed information on MMUCC:

2008 MMUCC Guideline



# **2009 CHANGES**

# **Deletions**

A05 Land Use

A27 EMS on Scene

V32 Number of Axles on Vehicle, Including Trailers

PV32 Parked/Working Vehicle Number Of Axles, Including Trailers

# FARS/GES Compatibility Changes and Additions (\*)

A01 Date

A02 Time

A19 Light Condition

A21 School Bus Related

A25 Work Zone

V02 Hit and Run

V07 Vehicle Identification Number

V08 Special Use

V09 Emergency Use

V10B Number of Occupants

V11 Travel Speed

V13 Vehicle Trailing

V14 Jackknife

V16 Fire Occurrence

V18 Extent of Damage

V19 Vehicle Removal

V30 Rollover

V30A Location of Rollover \*

V33 Cargo Body Type

V33A Hazardous Materials Involvement \*

V34 Hazardous Materials Placard

V35 4-Digit Hazardous Material Identification Number

V35A 1-Digit Hazardous Material Class Number \*

V36 Release of Hazardous Material From the Cargo Compartment

**D01 Driver Presence** 

D02 Violations Charged

D04 Driver's Vision Obscured By

D09 Speed Related

D10 Driver's License State

P03 Person Type

P04 Seating Position

P06 Ejection

P07 Age

# FARS/GES Compatibility Changes and Additions (\*), Continued

P11 Police Reported Alcohol Involvement

P11A Alcohol Test Status

P11B Alcohol Test Type \*

P11C Alcohol Test Result \*

P17 Police Reported Drug Involvement

P17A Drug Test Status

P17B Drug Test Type \*

P17C Drug Test Result \*

P21 Air Bag Deployed

PV07 Parked/Working Vehicle Identification Number

PV08 Parked/Working Vehicle Special Use

PV09 Parked/Working Vehicle Emergency Use

PV10B Parked/Working Vehicle Number of Occupants/Persons

PV13 Parked/Working Vehicle Trailing

PV16 Parked/Working Vehicle Fire Occurrence

PV18 Parked/Working Extent of Damage

PV19 Parked/Working Vehicle Removal

PV30 Parked/Working Vehicle Rollover

PV30A Parked/Working Vehicle Location of Rollover \*

PV33 Parked/Working Vehicle Cargo Body Type

PV33A Parked/Working Vehicle Hazardous Materials Involvement \*

PV34 Parked/Working Vehicle Hazardous Materials Placard

PV35 Parked/Working Vehicle 4-Digit Hazardous Material Identification Number

PV35A Parked/Working Vehicle 1-Digit Hazardous Material Class number \*

PV36 Parked/Working Veh. Release of Hazardous Materials From the Cargo Compartment

# Other Changes and Additions (\*)

A06 Harmful Event

A09 Relation To Junction

A16 Traffic Control Device

MB\_A16 Traffic Control Device - Cyclist

A24 Ped./Bike Accident Type

E04 Non-Collision Category or Object Contacted

V07A Vehicle License Plate Number \*

V07B Vehicle Registration State \*

V26 Critical Event - Precrash 2

V27 Corrective Action Attempted -Precrash 3

PV02 Parked/Working Vehicle Type

D07 Driver Distracted By

P09 Injury Severity

P19 Non-Motorist Action

PV07A Parked/Working Vehicle License Plate Number \*

PV07B Parked/Working Vehicle Registration State \*

# Other Indirect Changes

A03D Number of Parked/Working Vehicles A04 Number of Non-Motorists

V20 Most Harmful Event V20A Most Harmful Event Number V31 Carrier's Identification Number

P20 Non-Motorist Safety Equipment Used P23 Non-Motorist Parked/Working Vehicle Number

PV01 Parked/Working Vehicle Number PV03 Parked/Working Vehicle Make

PV04 Parked/Working Vehicle Model

PV05 Parked/Working Vehicle Body Type

PV06 Parked/Working Vehicle Model Year

PV10 Parked/Working Vehicle Number Of Occupants/Persons Coded

PV24 Parked/Working Vehicle Initial Point Of Impact

PV31 Parked/Working Vehicle Carrier's Identification Number

PV37 Parked/Working Vehicle Location

PE01 Parked/Working Vehicle Number

PE02 Parked/Working Vehicle Event Number

PE03 Parked/Working Vehicle Point Of Impact

# **ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

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# A01 DATE

Screen Heading: PAR

Screen Name: Crash Date (7-E)

**Long Name:** What is the crash date?

SAS Name: Accident.Month, Accident.DAY\_WEEK, Accident.Year

**Oracle Name:** GES.Crashdata.CrashDate

**Element Values:** 

Date Field (MM/DD/YYYY)

Month: 01-12 Day: 01-31

Year: [current four digit data year]

#### Remarks:

If the PAR indicates that the crash (usually a hit-and-run) occurred between some PM and AM time (e.g., 8:00 PM and 6:00 AM) on either a preceding or following day, code the crash as occurring on the following day. If a range of days is indicated (e.g., between Sunday and Friday), code the last date of the range (e.g., Friday).

The date of the crash is rolled up from the NASS sampling program.

If the date of the crash is unknown, use the date the crash was reported. If the time of the crash is unknown, record the time as 9999.

If the month cannot be determined from the PAR, enter the month of the Ending Contact Date from the Inventory Record.

If the crash date on the PAR does not match the crash date shown on the data entry screen and it is determined that the crash date on the PAR is correct, the crash date is corrected.

# A02 TIME

Screen Heading: PAR

Screen Name: Crash Time (8-E)

**Long Name:** What is the crash time?

SAS Name: Accident. Hour, Accident. Minute

Oracle Name: GES.Crashdata.CrashTime

#### **Element Values:**

Data Field (HH:MM)

Hour: 00-23, 99 Minute: 00-59, 99 Unknown 99:99

#### Remarks:

Enter time as shown on the PAR. All available information in the case materials should be used to determine Crash Time. If the hour cannot be determined, then enter **Unknown**.

If the PAR indicates the crash occurred during some time interval of greater than one hour (e.g., 8:00 PM to 6:00 AM, or 8:00 am to 5:00 PM), enter **Unknown**. However, if the interval is one hour or less, code the midpoint of the interval.

#### Examples:

- 8:00 PM to 9:00 PM, enter 2030
- 8:30 PM to 9:30 PM, enter 2100
- 8:50 PM to 9:30 PM, enter 2110

When the time is available but AM versus PM is not shown on the PAR, base the time on Light Condition (e.g. time is 10:00, Light Condition is Dark-Not Lighted; Code as 2200).

Midnight or 12 AM is coded as 0000 in military time and is the start of a new day. One minute after midnight or 12:01 is coded as 0001.

AM - Starts at 00:00 Midnight

PM - Starts at 12:00 Noon

If the case materials state the crash occurred at the beginning or early moments of the day, midnight is coded as 0000.

The time of the crash is rolled up from the NASS sampling program.

If the time on the PAR does not match the crash time shown on the data entry screen and it is determined that the crash time on the PAR is correct, the crash time is corrected.

# **A23 STRATUM**

Screen Heading: PAR

Screen Name: Category (9-N)

**Long Name:** What is the crash category?

**SAS Name:** Accident.Stratum

Oracle Name: NASS.PARdata.CategoryID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS		
n/a	1		1	Category 1-Stratum L
n/a	2		2	Category 2
n/a	3		3	Category 3
n/a	4		4	Category 4
n/a	5		5	Category 1-Stratum M
n/a	6		6	Category 1-Stratum N

#### Remarks:

Only NASS crashes are included in the GES. See the current <u>NASS GES Researcher's Manual</u>, section 3.0 for the definition of a NASS crash.

**Categories 1-Stratum L, M and N** apply if the NASS crash involves at least one "passenger vehicle" (i.e., a passenger car, sport utility vehicle, van, or pickup truck) which is "towed" (i.e., towed from the crash scene due to damage). Crashes involving medium or heavy trucks are excluded from these categories.

Category 1-Stratum L is used if an occupant of a towed, passenger vehicle is killed. Stratum L also applies when the crash involves one passenger vehicle, the passenger vehicle is towed and one of the occupants receives an A injury and is transported to a medical facility for treatment -or- the crash involves two or more passenger vehicles, at least two passenger vehicles are towed and one of the occupants of the towed passenger vehicles receives an A injury and is transported to a medical facility for treatment.

**Category 1-Stratum M** is used if the NASS crash does not qualify for Category 1-Stratum L, but at least one occupant of a towed passenger vehicle is injured and transported to a medical facility for treatment.

**Category 1-Stratum N** is used if the NASS crash does not qualify for Category 1-Stratum L or Category 1-Stratum M, but a passenger vehicle is towed and no medium or heavy trucks are involved.

**Category 2** applies if the NASS crash does not qualify for Category 1-Stratum L, M or N; but involves at least one medium or heavy truck and either a vehicle which is towed due to damage or at least one involved person which has a police reported injury of "K", "A", "B", or "C."

**Category 3** applies if the NASS crash does not qualify for Category 1-Stratum L, M or N or Category 2; none of the vehicles involved in the crash are medium or heavy trucks and at least one person involved in the crash has a police reported injury of "K", "A", or "B."

**Category 4** applies if the crash does not qualify for Category 1-Stratum L, M or N; Category 2 or Category 3. Further clarification: No one in the crash can receive a K, A or B injury. A person can receive a C injury only if there are no medium/heavy trucks involved in the crash.

#### Stabilization:

At times, one police report will contain more than one crash. This will happen when events constituting a crash have stabilized (ANSI D16.1-1996, Section 2.4.4) and units involved in the first sequence are subsequently involved in another crash sequence which is recorded on the same police report. If more than one crash is recorded on a police report, based on the ANSI definition of stabilized, then use the following protocol to determine which of the crashes to code.

First, identify all NASS crashes. Exclude from consideration those which are not NASS crashes.

Second, select the situation (A, B, or C below) which is applicable to the PAR under consideration and follow the protocol provided.

# Situation A

If exactly one crash qualifies for Category 1-Stratum L, M or N; choose this crash to code.

# Situation B

If more than one crash qualifies for Categories 1-Stratum L, M and N; follow the 2 steps below to select the crash to code. Ignore all crashes not applicable to Categories 1-Stratum L, M and N.

- (1) If more than one crash is classified as L, M or N; choose L over M, M over N.
- (2) If there are two or more crashes of the same classification (e.g., two crashes are classified in Category 1-Stratum N), then the criteria below apply:
  - (a) If injury is involved and the relative degree of injury between crashes can be determined, the crash with the highest injury severity is chosen.
  - (b) If injury is involved and the relative degree of injury between crashes is approximately equal, the first of the highest equal injury crashes is chosen.

# **Not Displayed On Summary Tab**

- (c) If injury is involved and the relative degree of injury between crashes cannot be determined, the first crash is chosen.
- (d) If there are no injuries, then the first crash is chosen.

# Situation C

If no crash qualifies for Category 1-Stratum L, M or N and there is more than one crash applicable to Categories 2, 3 or 4; follow the criteria in Situation B, step 2 above to select the crash to code.

# **A03 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES**

**Screen Heading:** PAR Configuration Questions

**Screen Name:** Number of In-Transport Motor Vehicles (10-R)

**Long Name:** How many in-transport motor vehicles are in the crash?

SAS Name: Accident.Veh\_Invl

Oracle Name: GES.Crashdata.Numvehs

**Element Values:** 

Range: 1 to 100

#### Remarks:

Each crash must have at least one in-transport motor vehicle involved. The value entered must equal the total number of in-transport motor vehicles involved in the crash. Vehicles not in transport are not included in this variable's count.

In order for a vehicle to be considered in transport, the motor vehicle must be either (1) on the roadway or (2) in motion. This includes driverless vehicles.

When one motor vehicle is towing another, the number of motor vehicles entered depends on the type of linkage between the vehicles. A fixed linkage is defined as one which has the property of keeping the towed unit separated from the power unit by a distance which is essentially constant. Included within this definition are cradle linkages where the towed unit has two or more wheels off the ground. A nonfixed linkage (such as a rope or a chain) requires the towed unit to be manually controlled.

If the PAR indicates (probably in the narrative section) the linkage between the units is fixed, consider the towed unit as cargo throughout the entire crash sequence, regardless of subsequent events/impacts sustained by the towed unit. In other words, a vehicle towed by a fixed linkage: (1) is never considered as an in-transport vehicle, and (2) will be considered as cargo associated with the power unit.

If the linkage between the units is nonfixed, each vehicle is considered to be in-transport, and only the vehicle(s) involved in the crash sequence can be counted. If no information is available regarding type of linkage, assume fixed linkage.

Hit-and-run crashes may cause some confusion on this variable. The count is increased for each in-transport motor vehicle involved in the crash independent of the amount of information collected on the vehicles by the police.

A vehicle stopped off the roadway, its door open over a roadway, is not in transport.

# A03D NUMBER OF PARKED/WORKING VEHICLES

**Screen Heading:** PAR Configuration Questions

**Screen Name:** Number of Parked/Working Vehicles (12-R)

**Long Name:** How many parked and working vehicles are in the crash?

SAS Name: Accident.PVH Invl

**Oracle Name:** GES.Crashdata.NumParkedVehs

**Element Values:** 

Range: 0 to 30

Remarks:

Enter the number of parked and working vehicles in the crash.

A parked vehicle is a motor vehicle which is stopped off the roadway, i.e., parked off the roadway.

A motor vehicle stopped off the roadway, its door open over a roadway, is not in transport and is counted as a parked vehicle.

**Working Vehicle** -- A motor vehicle is considered a working motor vehicle if and only if it is in the act of performing trafficway construction, maintenance or utility work when it is involved in a crash. This "work" may be located within or outside the trafficway boundaries, including portions of the trafficway closed for construction.

Working Motor Vehicle Inclusions:

- 1. Steam roller working in a highway construction zone.
- 2. State highway maintenance crew mowing grass on the roadside.
- 3. Utility truck performing maintenance on the power lines along the roadway.
- 4. Highway maintenance vehicle removing ice/snow from the roadway.
- 5. Private contractor responsible for removing ice/snow from the roadway.
- 6. Street sweeper sweeping the street.
- 7. Truck with cherry picker maintaining a traffic signal.
- 8. Maintenance vehicle painting lane lines on the road.
- 9. Highway maintenance vehicle performing non-routine work. This includes repairing potholes, removing debris from the roadway, mowing grass in the median, etc.

Working Motor Vehicle Exclusions:

- Vehicles performing a private construction/maintenance activity.
- 2. Law enforcement vehicles performing other work activities, such as traffic stops, accident investigation, patrolling, and traffic control which is not related to construction, maintenance or utility work on the trafficway.
- 3. Vehicles performing a work activity other than highway construction, maintenance, or utility work.

4. Construction, maintenance, utility vehicles while moving from one job site to another.

Working motor vehicles do not include personal motor vehicles performing 'neighborly' activity (such as plowing the neighborhood streets) and not contracted to perform highway construction, maintenance or utility work or motor vehicles such as garbage trucks, delivery trucks, taxis, police motor vehicles, emergency motor vehicles or tow trucks. When the motor vehicle is not in the act of performing "work" and involved in a crash, these highway construction, maintenance or utility vehicles are not working motor vehicles and can be:

- 1. In-transport when in motion or stopped on a roadway; or
- 2. Not in-transport when stopped off the roadway.

If the PAR is unclear whether the motor vehicle is actually in the act of performing work at the time of the crash, then consider the motor vehicle as not working. For example, if the crash involves a passenger car and a snow plow but the road conditions are clear, then assume the snow plow was not working.

When one parked/working vehicle is linked to another parked/working vehicle, the number of parked/working vehicles entered depends on the type of linkage. Fixed linkage is defined as one which has the property of keeping the towed unit separated from the power unit by a distance which is essentially constant. Included within this definition are cradle linkages where the towed unit has two or more wheels off the ground. Nonfixed linkage (such as a rope or a chain) requires the towed unit to be manually controlled. If the PAR indicates (probably in the narrative section) the linkage between the parked/working vehicles is fixed, consider the trailing parked/working vehicle as a towed unit. If the linkage is nonfixed, then count the trailing unit as another parked/working vehicle. If no information is available regarding type of linkage, assume fixed linkage.

# **A04 NUMBER OF NON-MOTORISTS**

**Screen Heading:** PAR Configuration Questions

**Screen Name:** Number of Non-Motorists (15-R)

**Long Name:** How many non-motorists are involved in the crash?

SAS Name: Accident.Non\_Invl

**Oracle Name:** GES.Crashdata.NumNonMotorists

**Element Values:** 

Range: 0-98

### Remarks:

The value entered must equal the number of non-motorists involved in the crash.

Non-Motorists are generally listed in the vehicle section on the PAR.

Non-Motorists include: occupants of a motor vehicle not in-transport, occupants of non-motor vehicle transport devices, pedestrians, bicyclists, other cyclists, persons on personal conveyances and persons in/on buildings. See P03, Person Type (Non-Motorists) for definitions.

The maximum number of non-motorists that can be coded is 98. If more than 98 non-motorists are involved code only the first 98.

# **E01 EVENT NUMBER**

Screen Heading: Events

Screen Name: Event Number (N)

Long Name: None

**SAS Name:** Event. Eventnum

Oracle Name: GES.Events.EventNumber

**Element Values:** 

Range: 1-98

Remarks:

This is a computer assigned number beginning with 1.

A "crash" is the total set of "harmful events" (one or more) resulting from an unstabilized situation. The "crash" is concluded in time when all harmful events which originate from the unstabilized situation are stabilized.

A harmful event is an occurrence of injury or damage involving an in-transport motor vehicle. It can result from an impact or non-collision event. An impact is defined as any vehicle to vehicle or vehicle to object (fixed or nonfixed, stationary or nonstationary) contact which results in damage or injury. Noncollision events such as fire/explosion, occupant fell from vehicle, occupant injury without vehicle impact, etc., involving an in-transport motor vehicle are harmful events if damage or injury result.

The NASS GES is only interested in harmful events that involve **in-transport** motor vehicles. Events that involve **only** not in-transport motor vehicles and/or pedestrians and/or non-motorists are not included in the coded crash sequence. Below are some examples of nonqualifying events.

Not in-transport vehicle impacts pedestrian, pedalcyclist, or other non-motorist

Not in-transport vehicle impacts an object (fixed or nonfixed)

Not in-transport vehicle impacts another not in-transport vehicle

Pedestrian (pedalcyclist, other non-motorist) impacts an object

Pedestrian (pedalcyclist, other non-motorist) impacts another not in-transport vehicle

Pedestrian, pedalcyclist, or other non-motorist inter-impact.

The crash events variables are designed to provide a coded description of all qualifying

events which occurred in the crash sequence. Events are encoded in chronological sequence. Two groups of variables are provided for each event. The first (or left) group always describes the in-transport motor vehicle with the lower vehicle number in the event. The second group describes either the other in-transport vehicle, the object involved in the event or the noncollision event associated with the in-transport motor vehicle described by the left group.

With this coded chronological sequence of qualified crash events on the GES database, analysts can review the entire series of events involving in-transport motor vehicles. Various areas of concern to the highway safety community will be easily assessed using these variables. For instance, the injury severity in accidents can be assessed relative to the number and type of impacts involved.

Likewise, certain collision configurations may create a greater hazardous condition for the occupants. A possible area of analysis would be the mix of vehicles sizes or the types of objects the different classes of vehicles impact.

Complete these variables based upon a reconstruction of the vehicular dynamics involved in the crash as described in the PAR. All of the injury or damage producing qualifying events or circumstances for the in-transport motor vehicle(s) are coded.

An example of a properly coded crash sequence is shown below.

Vehicle 1 (a compact passenger car) went out of control on a wet roadway and struck a median guardrail with its front. The vehicle was redirected by the guardrail and reentered the roadway, where it struck vehicle 2 (a large pickup truck) in the left side with its front. Vehicle 1 spun to a stop in the roadway, and the driver, due to the spinning, hit his head on the door pillar breaking his neck. Vehicle 2, out-of-control, ran off the roadway, struck a pedestrian with its front and rolled over.

E01 Event Number	E02 Vehicle Number (This Vehicle)	E03 Point of Impact (This Vehicle)	E06 Action	E04 Vehicle Number (Other Vehicle) or Object Contacted	E05 Point of Impact (Other Vehicle)	A07 Manner of Collision
1	1	Front	Collision With Fixed Object	Guardrail	1	Not Collision With Motor Vehicle in transport
2	1	Front	Strike Another Vehicle	2	Left Side	-
3	2	Front	Collision With Object Not Fixed	Pedestrian	-	-
4	2	Non-Collision	Non-Collision	Rollover or Overturn	-	-

Note: For the driver of vehicle 1, breaking his neck is not a separate codeable event. Rather, this injury, and almost all occupant injuries resulting from occupant interior contact, is a result of a collision event. Also, A07, Manner of Collision, applies only to the first harmful event in the crash.

# **E02/V01 VEHICLE NUMBER (THIS VEHICLE)**

Screen Heading: Events

Screen Name: Vehicle (100-R)

**Long Name:** What is the number of the "lower numbered" in-transport motor vehicle

involved in this event?

**SAS Name:** Event. Vehnum, Vehicle. Vehno

Oracle Name: GES.Events.VehicleID, GES.Vehicle.VehicleNumber

**Element Values:** 

Range: 1-30

#### Remarks:

The in-transport motor vehicles within a crash are numbered sequentially beginning with 1; no numbers are skipped. In-transport motor vehicles are assigned the PAR's vehicle number unless a number is skipped. The vehicle number entered is for the in-transport motor vehicle involved in this event with the <u>lower</u> vehicle number. However, if the event is an impact between a vehicle and an object set in motion by another vehicle, the number of the vehicle which set the object in motion is entered, even if it is the higher number.

# **E03/V24 POINT OF IMPACT (THIS VEHICLE)**

Screen Heading: Events

**Screen Name:** Point of Impact - This Vehicle (102-R)

**Long Name:** What is the point of impact for this vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Event.Gad, Vehicle.Impact

Oracle Name: GES.Events.VehiclePlaneID

# **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26859	0	Non-Collision
2	26860	1	Front
3	26861	2	Right Side
4	26862	3	Left Side
5	26863	4	Back
6	26864	5	Top
7	26865	6	Undercarriage
8	26866	11	Front Right Corner
9	26867	12	Front Left Corner
10	26868	13	Back Right Corner
11	26869	14	Back Left Corner
12	26870	99	Point of Impact Unknown
13	26871	15	Object Set in Motion

#### Remarks:

For this event, code the impact point that produced property damage or personal injury. The impact point is for the vehicle coded in variable E02/V01, Vehicle Number (This Vehicle).

If the event is a fixed/non-fixed object or vehicle impact with an object set in motion by a vehicle, then the number of the vehicle which set the object in motion is coded under E02/V01, Vehicle Number (This Vehicle), and E03/V24, Point of Impact (This Vehicle), is coded **Object Set in Motion**. The fixed/non-fixed object or vehicle impacted by the object set in motion is coded under E04, ...Object Contacted / Vehicle Number... The act of setting the object in motion and the impact with the object set in motion must be part of the same unstabilized situation, a set of events not under human control which originates when control is lost (e.g., an object is set in motion) and terminates when control is regained or, in the absence of persons who are able to regain control, when all persons and property are at rest.

**Non-collision** applies when the event involves rollover, fire, non-collision injury etc.

**Front** is used when it can be determined that the point of impact for this vehicle is the front plane. In crashes where two vehicles are involved in the first harmful event and the <u>initial</u> point of impact for both is front, A07, Manner of Collision, must be entered as head-on.

**Right Side** applies when the point of impact for this vehicle is known to be the right plane.

**Left side** applies when the point of impact for this vehicle is known to be the left plane.

**Back** is used when the point of impact for this vehicle is known to be the back plane.

**Front Right Corner** applies when the point of impact for this vehicle is either the front plane or right plane, but the plane can not be determined. In crashes where two vehicles are involved in the first harmful event and the <u>initial</u> point of impact for one vehicle is coded front right corner; A07, Manner of Collision, must not be entered as head-on or rear-end.

**Front Left Corner** is selected when the point of impact for this vehicle is either the front plane or left plane, but the plane can not be determined. In crashes where two vehicles are involved in the first harmful event and the <u>initial</u> point of impact for one vehicle is coded front left corner; A07, Manner of Collision, must not be entered as head-on or rear-end.

**Back Right Corner** applies when the point of impact for this vehicle is either the back plane or the right plane, but it is unknown if the point of impact is to the back or right plane. In crashes where two vehicles are involved in the first harmful event and the <u>initial</u> point of impact for one vehicle is coded back right corner; A07, Manner of Collision, must not be entered as rear-end or rear-to-rear.

**Back Left Corner** is used when the point of impact for this vehicle is either the back or left plane, but it is unknown if the point of impact is to the back or left plane. In crashes where two vehicles are involved in the first harmful event and the <u>initial</u> point of impact for one vehicle is coded back left corner; A07, Manner of Collision, must not be entered as rear-end rear-to-rear.

**Unknown** is selected when the lack of information prohibits the coding of any of the other element values.

**Object Set in Motion** is selected when the event involves an impact between a fixed/non-fixed object or vehicle and an object set in motion by a vehicle. The act of setting the object in motion and the impact with the object set in motion must be part of the same unstabilized situation.

# **E06 ACTION**

Screen Heading: Events

Screen Name: Action (105-R)

**Long Name:** What is the action for this event?

**SAS Name:** Event.E\_Action

Oracle Name: GES.Events.VehActionID

# **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	10228	1	Non-Collision
2	10229	2	Collision With Object Not Fixed
3	10230	3	Collision With Fixed Object
4	10231	4	Strike Another In-Transport Motor Vehicle
5	10232	5	Struck By An In-Transport Motor Vehicle

#### Remarks:

The attributes for this variable are the five major categories of A06, Harmful Event. The A06, Harmful Event, subcategories for each are listed below. The definitions of the subcategories are shown under variable A06, Harmful Event.

Example 1: If the event is a rollover involving an in-transport motor vehicle; E06, Action, is coded **Non-Collision** and A06, Harmful Event, is coded **Rollover/Overturn**.

Example 2: If the event involves an impact between an in-transport motor vehicle and a pedestrian or an object set in motion by an in-transport motor vehicle and a pedestrian; E06, Action, is coded **Collision With Object Not Fixed** and A06, Harmful Event, is coded **Pedestrian**.

Example 3: If the event involves an impact between two in-transport motor vehicles, where vehicle 1 strikes vehicle 2; E06, Action, is coded **Strike Another In-transport Motor Vehicle** and A06, Harmful Event, is coded **2** (vehicle 2).

Example 4: If the event involves an impact between an in-transport motor vehicle and an object set in motion by an in-transport motor vehicle, where the object set in motion by vehicle 1 impacts vehicle 2 (which is stopped); E06, Action, is coded Strike Another Intransport Motor Vehicle and A06, Harmful Event, is coded 2 (vehicle 2).

# Non-Collision

Rollover/Overturn

Fire/Explosion

**Immersion** 

Gas Inhalation

Jackknife

Non-Collision Injury (Injured In or Fell From Vehicle)

Pavement Surface Irregularity (ruts, potholes, grates, etc.)

Other Non-Collision

Non-Collision - No Details

Thrown Or Falling Object

# **Collision With Object Not Fixed**

Pedestrian

Cycle Or Cyclist (Pedalcycle/Pedalcyclist)

Railway train

Animal

**Motor Vehicle In Transport** 

Motor Vehicle Not In Transport

Other Type Non-Motorist

Other Object Not Fixed

Object Not Fixed - No Details

# **Collision with Fixed Object**

Ground

Building

Impact Attenuator/Crash Cushion

**Bridge Structure** 

Guardrail

Concrete Traffic Barrier Or Other Longitudinal Barrier Type

Sign Post, Utility Pole, Or Other Support

Culvert Or Ditch

Curb

**Embankment** 

Fence

Wall

Fire Hydrant

Shrubbery Or Bush

Tree

Boulder

Other Fixed Object

Fixed Object - No Details

Unknown

# **Strike Another In-transport Motor Vehicle**

Vehicle Number of the struck in-transport motor vehicle

# Struck By An In-Transport Motor Vehicle

Vehicle Number of the striking in-transport motor vehicle.

# E04/A06 Non-Collision Category or Object Contacted / Harmful Event

Screen Heading: Events

Screen Name: Vehicle/Other (115-R)

Long Name: What non-collision category or object (non-fixed or fixed) applies to this

event?

SAS Name: Event.Objcont, Accident.Event1

Oracle Name: GES.Events.ObjecthitID

**Element Values:** 

Screen	Oracle	SAS (Event.Objcont/Accident.Event1)	
Non-Collision			
1	10231	101/1	Rollover/Overturn
2	10232	102/2	Fire/Explosion
3	10233	103/3	Immersion
4	19433	104/4	Gas Inhalation
5	10234	105/5	Jackknife
6	10235	106/6	Non-Collision Injury (Injured In or Fell From Vehicle)
7	19434	107/7	Pavement Surface Irregularity (ruts, potholes, grates, etc.)
8	10236	108/8	Other Non-Collision
9	10237	109/9	Non-Collision - No Details
10	10238	110/10	Thrown Or Falling Object
Collision With Objec	t Not Fixed		
1	10239	121/21	Pedestrian
2	10240	122/22	Cycle Or Cyclist (Pedalcycle/Pedalcyclist)
3	10241	123/23	Railway train
4	10242	124/24	Animal
<del>5</del>	*	*/25	Motor Vehicle In Transport
6	10244	126/26	Parked Motor Vehicle (Or Other Motor Vehicle Not In Transport)
7	10245	127/27	Other Type Non-Motorist
8	10246	128/28	Other Object Not Fixed
9	10247	129/29	Object Not Fixed - No Details
10	10270	127/27	Other Type Non-Motorist - Ped./Bike Applicable

Vehicle Occupant

147/47

19435

11

# Collision with Fixed Object

1	10248	131/31	Ground
2	10249	132/32	Building
3	10250	133/33	Impact Attenuator/Crash Cushion
4	10251	134/34	Bridge Structure
5	10252	135/35	Guardrail
6	10253	136/36	Concrete Traffic Barrier Or Other Longitudinal
			Barrier Type
7	10254	137/37	Sign Post, Utility Pole, Or Other Support
8	10255	138/38	Culvert Or Ditch
9	10256	139/39	Curb
10	10257	140/40	Embankment
11	10258	141/41	Fence
12	10259	142/42	Wall
13	10260	143/43	Fire Hydrant
14	10261	144/44	Shrubbery Or Bush
15	10262	145/45	Tree
16	10263	146/46	Boulder
17	10265	158/58	Other Fixed Object
18	10266	159/59	Fixed Object - No Details
19	10267	999/99	Unknown

<sup>\*</sup> The Oracle value equals GES.Vehicle.VehicleID for the other in-transport motor vehicle involved in the event. The SAS value equals the other vehicle number.

#### Remarks:

Enter **Rollover/Overturn** when a motor vehicle rotates (rollover) at least one quarter turn in any nonhorizontal direction. This response does not apply if a trailing unit rolls over but the power unit does not. Use this code when an uncontrolled motorcycle first contacts the ground or pavement surface. All motor vehicles may rollover/overturn, with the exception of motorcycles, which can overturn but not roll over.

**Gas Inhalation** includes injury or death from carbon monoxide fumes leaking from a motor vehicle in transport.

Enter **Immersion** whenever an in-transport motor vehicle enters a body of water resulting in injury or damage.

Enter **Jackknife** whenever there is sufficient rotation (articulation) between a vehicle/trailing unit combination such that they contact each other. Jackknife applies to all articulated vehicle combinations. This category includes jackknife for light vehicles (e.g., light utility vehicle/trailing unit combination).

Enter **Non-Collision Injury (Injured In or Fell From Vehicle)** when a person falls from or is injured inside the vehicle. This includes persons jumping or stepping from moving vehicles, persons falling from pickup beds, persons falling after riding on vehicle exteriors, and persons colliding with the interior of a vehicle during a sudden stop. This attribute applies

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only to the first harmful event for this vehicle. If a vehicle becomes mired and results in injury, select this attribute.

Enter Other Non-Collision when there is a harmful event involving damage to a vehicle from it's own dislodged cargo. -It may be used in other situations as well.

Non-Collision - No Details when it is known that the event is a non-collision, but the details are unknown.

Enter Thrown Or Falling Object when any object (1) is thrown (intentionally or unintentionally) and impacts an in-transport vehicle, or (2) falls onto, into, or in the path of an in-transport motor vehicle. If a tree limb falls from a tree and is contacted by a car, enter Thrown Or Falling Object. If a child maliciously throws a tree limb off an overpass into traffic below, enter this Thrown Or Falling Object.

Pedestrian is used for all pedestrians except for those in/on personal conveyances and in buildings. A pedestrian pushing a vehicle should be coded Pedestrian. A personal conveyance is a device, other than a transport device, used by a pedestrian for personal mobility assistance or recreation. These devices can be motorized or human powered, but not propelled by pedaling. Examples of personal conveyance include rideable toys, motorized rideable toys, and devices for personal mobility assistance.

Enter Cycle or Cyclist (Pedalcycle/Pedalcyclist) when any occupant of a pedalcycle was involved in the harmful event.

Railway Train refers to any railway train, moving or not moving.

**Animal** is used for collisions with animals (domestic or wild) that are not themselves being used as transportation or to draw a wagon, cart or other transport device.

Motor Vehicle In Transport is computer generated. If the event involves an impact between 2 in-transport motor vehicles, the data entry system prompts for the vehicle number of the other in-transport motor vehicle and sets A06, Harmful Event (Non-Collision/Object), equal to the vehicle ID (see \* above) of the other in-transport motor vehicle. The event involves an impact between 2 in-transport motor vehicles if variable E02, Action, is coded Strike Another In-transport Motor Vehicle or Struck By An In-Transport Motor Vehicle.

Enter Parked Motor Vehicle (Or Other Motor Vehicle Not In Transport) when the impact occurred between a motor vehicle in-transport and a motor vehicle which is not in transport (i.e., parked or working motor vehicle). A vehicle stopped off the roadway, its door open over a roadway, is not in transport.

Enter Other Type Non-Motorist when the person impacted is not a pedestrian or a pedalcyclist and the person does not qualify for ped./bike typing. [NOTE: If the harmful event occurs with a motor vehicle not in-transport which contains a non-motorist (e.g., Occupant of vehicle not in-transport), enter Parked Motor Vehicle (Or Other Motor Vehicle Not In Transport).

**Vehicle Occupant** is used when the object contacted is any person who is an occupant of a motor vehicle in-transport. For Example, use this response for an occupant who falls from an in-transport vehicle and is subsequently run over before stabilization occurs. In addition, use this response for any motorcyclist who separates from his/her motorcycle during an impact and is subsequently involved in another impact before stabilization occurs.

Enter **Other Object Not Fixed** when the impact is between a motor vehicle in-transport and any other object that is moving or not anchored prior to the accident.

Enter Other Type Non-Motorist - Ped./Bike Applicable when the person impacted is not a pedestrian or a pedalcyclist <u>and</u> the person qualifies for ped./bike typing. Other type non-motorists who qualify for ped./bike typing are persons who are in or on the following non-motorist conveyances: ice skates, roller skates, roller blades, scooters, skateboards, wheelchairs or play vehicles (e.g., wagons and sleds). [NOTE: If the harmful event occurs with a motor vehicle not in-transport which contains a non-motorist (e.g., Occupant of vehicle not in-transport), enter Parked Motor Vehicle (Or Other Motor Vehicle Not In Transport).

Enter **Ground** when the impact is with the ground. This response is also used when the impact is with a pavement surface irregularity (e.g. ruts, potholes, grates) not on a roadway. If the pavement surface irregularity is on a roadway, the Non-Collision response **Pavement Surface Irregularity (ruts, potholes, grates, etc.)** applies. **Ground** is not to be entered when the harmful event is "Rollover/Overturn."

**Building** is used when the vehicle impacts a roofed and walled structure built for permanent use. The type of construction material used is not of interest, nor is the use of the building.

Enter **Impact Attenuator/Crash Cushion** when the harmful event is with any device described on the PAR as an impact attenuator or crash cushion.

Enter **Bridge Structure** when the contact is with any part of a bridge structure. This includes:

support structure overpass structure (not "front face") bridge rail bridge-pier abutment parapet end

For contact to the "front face" of an overpass structure (e.g., the top of the cargo area of a truck strikes the front of a bridge with a low clearance) enter **Other Fixed Object**. Included within the meaning of bridge structure are supports for railway underpasses, including those for mass transit type trains.

If the impact is with an impact attenuator protecting a bridge support, then enter **Impact Attenuator/Crash Cushion**. Contact with the underside of the bridge deck is coded **Other Fixed Object**.

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If the impact is with an impact attenuator protecting a bridge support, then enter **Impact** Attenuator/Crash Cushion. Contact with the underside of the bridge deck is coded Other Fixed Object.

Variable attributes Guardrail and Concrete Traffic Barrier Or Other Longitudinal Barrier **Type** are chosen based upon design and composition. Location is not considered when choosing a value.

Enter Guardrail whenever the impact occurs with any longitudinal barrier described on the PAR as a guardrail, regardless of its location.

Enter Concrete Traffic Barrier Or Other Longitudinal Barrier Type whenever the impact described on the PAR occurs with a concrete barrier (commonly referred to as a GM or Jersey barrier), regardless of its location. Enter this value for temporary (e.g., construction sites) and permanent installations. Concrete traffic barriers located on a bridge with a closed median are not considered Bridge Structure. Concrete traffic barriers located on the outer road edges of a bridge are considered Bridge Structure.

Enter Sign Post, Utility Pole, or Other Support when the impact occurs to: (1) a support for a highway or traffic sign, (2) anything that supports a sign under which vehicles travel, (3) a street light, (4) a support for utility lines, (5) a traffic signal pole, (6) any non-highway or non-traffic sign (e.g., a private sign), (7) a mail box post, (8) a delineator post, or (9) any other type post, pole, or support. This value should not be used when the impact was with any supporting structure of a bridge (see variable attribute **Bridge Structure**).

Enter Culvert or Ditch when the impact occurs with a culvert or ditch. A culvert is a man-made structure that allows passage over a drainage area and is that part of the structure which is intended to channel flow through the structure and maintain the stability/integrity of the road bed. If the structure has a portion above the road surface which is of sufficient height to engage above the wheels of an errant passenger vehicle and redirect it, that part of the structure is considered a **Bridge Structure**. A ditch is a man made structure for drainage purposes. A ditch ends where a culvert begins and resumes on the opposite side of the culvert.

**Curb** is used when the impact is with a concrete or asphalt structure up to 12 inches in height which borders the roadway. It provides drainage control and pavement edge delineation. The face of the curb may be sloped or vertical.

An **Embankment** is a raised structure to hold back water, to carry a roadway, or the result of excavation or washout (including erosion) which may be faced with earth or rock (sometimes called berm), stone or concrete. An embarkment can usually be differentiated from a wall by its incline, whereas a wall is usually vertical. However, there are exceptions: such as a retaining wall which may be inclined or a vertical embankment caused by a natural event such as a washout.

**Fence** includes the fence posts. A Fence can be made of wood, chain link, stone, etc.

A **Wall** is a primarily vertical (+15 degrees from vertical) structure comprise of concrete, metal, timber, or stone which is not part of a building or a fence but typically is used for retaining earth, abating noise, and separating areas (but not for containment as in the primary function of a fence). Also not included as walls are wing-walls which are attached to ends of bridge abutments and extend back at an angle from the roadway. Wing-walls are coded as **Bridge Structure**.

**Fire Hydrant** refers to the roadside device used by fire departments to provide water for fighting fires. Usually made of steel, these devices are also referred to as fireplugs or fire standpipes in some areas.

Enter **Tree** when the impact is with a tree. This includes impacts with overhanging branches. Do not use this code if the tree is not standing. Trees which have fallen and are struck should be coded **Other Object Not Fixed** for small trees or **Other Fixed Object** for large trees.

Enter **Boulder** when an in-transport motor vehicle contacts any large (not defined but at least larger than gravel) stationary rock.

Enter **Other Fixed Object** when the PAR describes the impact to any fixed object which is anchored and not moving and not specifically mentioned above. Collisions which may be classified using this code include (but are not limited to): (1) vehicles which sustain undercarriage damage by straddling the pavement and shoulder and impacting a prominent pavement lip, (2) free falls or vaults from the road surface to the ground or pavement without being listed on the PAR as rolling over or overturning, or (3) impacts with guy wires supporting utility pole, etc.

If the PAR indicates the impact was in a median, determine if the impact was with a longitudinal barrier (guardrail, concrete, or other). If a barrier was contacted, enter **Guardrail** or **Concrete Traffic Barrier or Other Longitudinal Barrier Type** based on the PAR description. If no longitudinal barrier was initially contacted but contact occurred to a nonraised paved surface, gravel, or grass, then enter **Ground**. If the PAR indicates that the harmful event is with a raised, paved area (concrete or asphalt), then enter **Curb**. This is true even if a barrier is anchored in the raised, paved area. If the median is depressed, select the element which best fits the PAR's impact description and enter **Ground**, **Embankment**, **Shrubbery Or Bush**, **Tree**, **Boulder**, **Other Fixed Object**, etc. whichever is most appropriate.

Tunnels are handled according to the following rules. If the PAR describes the impact as external (i.e., the impact is to the hill or mountainside), enter **Embankment**. If the impact is to the tunnel entrance (i.e., not protected by guardrails or bridge rails that lead into a tunnel or impact attenuators), then enter **Other Fixed Object**. Enter **Wall** if the plane of the tunnel is broad or wide enough that the tunnel entrance functions as a wall and contact is made with this wall. External impacts to impact attenuators are entered **Impact Attenuator/Crash Cushion**.

Internal or external impacts to: [a] median barriers should be entered **Guardrail** or **Concrete Traffic Barrier Or Other Longitudinal Barrier Type**; [b] curbs (raised, paved medians) or

walks should be entered **Curb**; or [c] the tunnel wall should be entered **Wall**. If contact is made with a bridge that leads into a tunnel, then enter **Bridge Structure**.

**Fixed Object - No Details** is used when it is known the impact is with a fixed object, but the specific type of object is unknown.

Enter **Unknown** when there is not enough information to determine the type of harmful event.

# **E04/V01 VEHICLE NUMBER (OTHER VEHICLE)**

Screen Heading: Events

Screen Name: Vehicle/Other (118-R)

**Long Name:** What is the number of the "higher numbered" in-transport motor

vehicle involved in this event?

**SAS Name:** Event.Objcont, Vehicle.Vehno

Oracle Name: GES.Events.ObjecthitID, GES.Vehicle.VehicleNumber

**Element Values:** 

Range: 1-30

#### Remarks:

The in-transport motor vehicles within a crash are numbered sequentially beginning with 1; no numbers are skipped. In-transport motor vehicles are assigned the PAR's vehicle number unless a number is skipped. The vehicle number entered is for the in-transport motor vehicle involved in this event with the <a href="https://distriction.org/linearing-number">https://distriction.org/linearing-number</a>. However, If the event is an impact between a vehicle and an object set in motion by another vehicle, the number of the vehicle involved in the impact with the object set in motion is entered, even if it is the lower vehicle number.

# **E05/V24 POINT OF IMPACT (OTHER VEHICLE)**

Screen Heading: Events

**Screen Name:** Point of Impact - Other Vehicle (120-R)

**Long Name:** What is the point of impact for the other vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.Impact, Event.Objgad

Oracle Name: GES.Events.ObjectPlaneID

# **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
n/a 1	null 26859	98 n/a	Not a Motor Vehicle in Transport Non-Collision
2	26860	1	Front
3	26861	2	Right Side
4	26862	3	Left Side
5	26863	4	Back
6	26864	5	Тор
7	26865	6	Undercarriage
8	26866	11	Front Right Corner
9	26867	12	Front Left Corner
10	26868	13	Back Right Corner
11	26869	14	Back Left Corner
12	26870	99	Point of Impact Unknown

#### Remarks:

For this event, code the impact point that produced property damage or personal injury. The impact point is for the vehicle coded in variable E04/V01, Vehicle Number (Other Vehicle).

**Non-collision** is not used. The other vehicle, it is always involved in a collision event.

**Front** is used when it can be determined that the point of impact for this vehicle is the front plane. In crashes where two vehicles are involved in the first harmful event and the <u>initial</u> point of impact for both is front, A07, Manner of Collision, must be entered as head-on.

**Right Side** applies when the point of impact for this vehicle is known to be the right plane.

**Left side** applies when the point of impact for this vehicle is known to be the left plane.

**Back** is used when the point of impact for this vehicle is known to be the back plane.

Front Right Corner applies when the point of impact for this vehicle is either the front plane

or right plane, but the plane can not be determined. In crashes where two vehicles are involved in the first harmful event and the <u>initial</u> point of impact for one vehicle is coded front right corner; A07, Manner of Collision, must not be entered as head-on or rear-end.

**Front Left Corner** is selected when the point of impact for this vehicle is either the front plane or left plane, but the plane can not be determined. In crashes where two vehicles are involved in the first harmful event and the <u>initial</u> point of impact for one vehicle is coded front left corner; A07, Manner of Collision, must not be entered as head-on or rear-end.

**Back Right Corner** applies when the point of impact for this vehicle is either the back plane or the right plane, but it is unknown if the point of impact is to the back or right plane. In crashes where two vehicles are involved in the first harmful event and the <u>initial</u> point of impact for one vehicle is coded back right corner; A07, Manner of Collision, must not be entered as rear-end or rear-to-rear.

**Back Left Corner** is used when the point of impact for this vehicle is either the back or left plane, but it is unknown if the point of impact is to the back or left plane. In crashes where two vehicles are involved in the first harmful event and the <u>initial</u> point of impact for one vehicle is coded back left corner; A07, Manner of Collision, must not be entered as rear-end or rear-to-rear.

**Unknown** is selected when the lack of information prohibits the coding of any of the other element values.

# **A07 MANNER OF COLLISION**

Screen Heading: Events

Screen Name: Manner (60-R)

**Long Name:** What is the manner of collision for this event?

SAS Name: Accident.Man Col

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.CollisionMannerID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26660	0	Not Collision With Motor Vehicle In Transport
2	26661	1	Rear-End
3	26662	2	Head-On
4	26663	3	Rear-To-Rear
5	26664	4	Angle
6	26665	5	Sideswipe, Same Direction
7	26666	6	Sideswipe, Opposite Direction
8	26668	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

Enter the manner of collision associated with the first harmful event.

Enter **Not Collision With Motor Vehicle In Transport** when the first harmful event is not an impact between two in-transport motor vehicles.

Enter **Rear-End** when a collision occurs between the rear of one vehicle and the front of another vehicle. If this attribute is selected, the points of impact for the vehicles involved in the first harmful event must be front to back (e.g., front right/left or back left/right corners are not allowed).

Enter **Head-On** when a collision occurs between the front end of one vehicle and the front end of another vehicle. If this attribute is selected, the points of impact for the vehicles involved in the first harmful event must both be front (e.g., front right/left corner is not allowed).

Enter **Rear-To-Rear** when a collision occurs between the rear of one vehicle and the rear of another vehicle. If this attribute is selected, the points of impact for the vehicles involved in the first harmful event must both be back (e.g., back right/left corner is not allowed).

Enter **Angle** when the impact configuration is known but cannot be classified with any other element. Included here, also, are endswipes. If this attribute is selected, the points of

impact for the vehicles involved in the first harmful event must not be front to front, front to back or back to back.

Enter **Sideswipe**, **Same Direction** when the PAR reports that a sideswipe occurred while the two vehicles were traveling in the same direction.

Enter **Sideswipe**, **Opposite Direction** when the PAR reports that a sideswipe occurred while the two vehicles were traveling in opposite directions.

#### **A25 WORK ZONE**

Screen Heading: Crash Data Questions

Screen Name: Work Zone (35-E)

**Long Name:** Is the first harmful event in or related to a work zone?

**SAS Name:** Accident.Wrk\_Zone

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.WorkZone

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	10	0	None
2	11	1	Construction
3	12	2	Maintenance
4	13	3	Utility
5	14	4	Work Zone, Type Unknown

#### Remarks:

This data element captures that this was a "Work Zone Accident" as defined in ANSI D-16. If the crash is a work zone crash, work zone type must be clearly distinguished within the case materials; otherwise Work Zone, Type Unknown should be used.

The use of these codes does not imply that the crash was caused by the construction, maintenance, or utility activity.

#### Work Zone:

A work zone is defined as an area of a trafficway where construction, maintenance, or utility work activities are identified by warning signs/signals/ indicators, including those on transport devices (e.g., signs, flashing lights, channelizing devices, barriers, pavement markings, flagmen, warning signs and arrow boards mounted on the vehicles in a mobile maintenance activity) that mark the beginning and end of a construction, maintenance or utility work activity. It extends from the first warning sign, signal or flashing lights to the END ROAD WORK sign or the last traffic control device pertinent for that work activity. Work zones also include roadway sections where there is ongoing, moving (mobile) work activity such as lane line painting or roadside mowing only if the beginning of the ongoing, moving (mobile) work activity is designated by warning signs or signals.

#### Work Zone Crash:

A work zone crash is a motor vehicle traffic crash in which the first harmful event occurs within the boundaries of a work zone or on an approach to or exit from a work zone, resulting from an activity, behavior, or control related to the movement of the traffic units through the work zone.

## See 7th Edition of ANSI D16.1 definitions of "Work Zone" and "Work Zone Accident" for inclusions and exclusions.

To determine which attribute is appropriate, the duration of the work must be considered. If the work is short-term (i.e., takes less than one period of daylight and is not performed during hours of darkness), Maintenance or Utility are applicable. If the maintenance or utility work is long-term, Construction must be used.

**None** is used when it is reasonably certain that the crash is not considered a work zone crash as defined above.

**Construction** is used when the available information indicates that there is long-term stationary construction such as building a new bridge, adding travel lanes to the roadway, extending an existing trafficway, etc. Highway construction includes construction of appurtenances such as guardrails or ditches, surveying activity, installation of utilities within the right-of-way, etc.

**Maintenance** is used when the available information indicates that there are work activities, including moving work activities, such as striping the roadway, median and roadside grass mowing/landscaping, pothole repair, snowplowing, etc., where there are warning signs or signals marking the beginning of the moving work area.

**Utility** is used when the available information indicates that there is short-term stationary work such as repairing/maintaining electric, gas, water lines or traffic signals. The utility company must perform the work.

**Work Zone, Type Unknown** is used when there is insufficient information to distinguish between construction, maintenance or utility.

## **A21 SCHOOL BUS RELATED**

Screen Heading: Crash Data Questions

Screen Name: School Bus (50-E)

**Long Name:** Was a school bus involved in the crash?

SAS Name: Accident.SCH BUS

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.School\_Bus

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	0	0	No
2	1	1	Yes

#### Remarks:

This data element indicates if a school bus, or motor vehicle functioning as a school bus, is related to the crash. The "school bus" can be:

- with or without a passenger(s) on board
- involved as a contact motor vehicle, or
- indirectly involved as a non-contact motor vehicle

No is used when there is no indication of a school bus, or motor vehicle functioning as a school bus, being involved in the crash.

Yes is used when there is any indication that a school bus, or vehicle functioning as a school bus, is involved in any component of the crash.

For directly involved or contacted vehicles, Yes must be selected if the Special Use data element equals "School bus".

To capture those instances where the vehicle is involved indirectly (non-contact vehicles) the following rules apply:

- If the case materials indicate "School Bus" the assumption is that the Law Enforcement agency conformed to the definition of school bus, thus "Yes" School bus related.
- If there is no indication that a school bus was indirectly involved "No" must be selected.

#### **Examples of School Bus Related (indirectly):**

1. A police reported "school bus" stops on the roadway. Subsequently an approaching motor vehicle swerves to avoid the stopped bus and contacts another motor vehicle

head-on.

- 2. A police report indicates that a "child" exited a "school bus" and was crossing in front of the stopped bus when a vehicle passed the bus on the left side and struck the child.
- 3. A line of cars is stopped for a school bus which is discharging passengers. A motor vehicle approaches and is unable to stop in time and strikes the last stopped motor vehicle in the line.

#### **Examples of NOT School Bus Related:**

- 1. An empty school bus, having completed its route, is parked along side the road. A motor vehicle approaching from the rear loses control and strikes the bus.
- 2. A "Bus" is reported as stopped in traffic and a vehicle swerves to avoid the bus and contacts another vehicle. In this example, there is no positive indication of a "school bus" being involved.

#### **A08 INTERSTATE HIGHWAY**

Screen Heading: Crash Data Questions

Screen Name: Interstate Highway (140-E)

**Long Name:** Is the first harmful event associated with an interstate highway?

SAS Name: Accident.Int\_Hwy

**Oracle Name:** GES.CrashData.Interstate

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	1	0	No
2	2	1	Yes
3	3	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

The Interstate Highway System includes those trafficways that are within the national system for interstate transport and defense purposes. Interstates typically have limited access and multiple lanes of travel.

Crashes which occur on ramps leading to or away from an Interstate should be coded **Yes**.

Enter **No** when the PAR indicates that the crash occurred on any of the following: US Highway, State Highway, County Road, Township Road or Municipal Road.

Enter **Yes** when the PAR indicates the crash occurred on an interstate highway. Some PARs use a specific block to indicate interstate. Interstate can also be identified by the prefix "I" used in the roadway name.

# A09 RELATION TO JUNCTION (NON-INTERCHANGE VERSUS INTERCHANGE)

Screen Heading: Crash Data Questions

**Screen Name:** Interchange Area (150-R)

**Long Name:** Is the first harmful event located in an interchange or non-interchange

area?

**SAS Name:** Accident.Rel\_Jct

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.JunctionRelID

**Element Values:** 

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	n/a	n/a	Non-Interchange
2	n/a	n/a	Interchange
3	26559	99	Unknown If Interchange

#### Remarks:

The element value selected is based on the location of the first harmful event. If the location of the first harmful event is within the boundaries of an interchange then select **Interchange**. If it occurs outside of the boundaries of an interchange, then select **Non-Interchange**.

**Unknown If Interchange** applies if it cannot be determined if the first harmful event is located in an interchange or non-interchange area.

See remarks under A09, Relation To Junction (Specific Location).

## A09 RELATION TO JUNCTION (SPECIFIC LOCATION)

Screen Heading: Crash Data Questions

**Screen Name:** Relation To Junction (155-R)

**Long Name:** Select the attribute which describes the location of the first harmful

event.

**SAS Name:** Accident.Rel\_Jct

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.JunctionRelID

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

### Non-Interchange Area

1	26542	0	Non-Junction
2	26543	1	Intersection
3	26544	2	Intersection Related
4	26545	3	Driveway, Alley Access, Etc
5	26546	4	Entrance/Exit Ramp
6	26547	5	Rail Grade Crossing
7	26548	6	On A Bridge
8	19435	7	Crossover Related
9	26549	8	Other, Non-Interchange
10	26550	9	Unknown, Non-Interchange

## Interchange Area

1	26551	10	Non-Junction
2	26552	11	Intersection
3	26553	12	Intersection Related
4	26554	13	Driveway, Alley Access, Etc.
5	26555	14	Entrance/Exit Ramp
6	26556	16	On A Bridge
7	19436	17	Crossover Related
8	26557	18	Other Location in Interchange
9	26558	19	Unknown, Interchange Area

## Unknown If Interchange or Non-Interchange

10 26559 99 Unknown if Interchange

#### Remarks:

The element value selected is based on the location of the first harmful event. If the location

of the first harmful event is within the boundaries of an interchange then use the interchange codes. If it occurs outside of the boundaries of an interchange, then use the non-interchange codes.

If the first harmful event occurs off the roadway, refer to the section at the point of departure to code this variable. In those off-roadway instances where the departure occurs from within a junction, enter either **Non-Junction** or **Intersection Related**. The latter element is used if the junction is also an intersection (see definition below).

#### **DEFINITIONS**

## **Alley Access**

An Alley Access is generally an unnamed roadway providing access, in general, to the rear of houses or buildings, some of which may be further served by a driveway access.

#### Crossover

A Crossover is a designated opening within a median used primarily for "U-turns". To be considered a crossover, the nearest lateral boundary line of the crossover must be greater than 10 meters from the nearest lateral boundary line of any roadway (highway, street, ramp, driveway or alley) which intersects with either side of the roadways which the median divides.

#### **Driveway Access**

A Driveway Access is a roadway providing access to property adjacent to a trafficway.

#### **Entrance or Exit Ramp**

An Entrance or Exit Ramp is a transition roadway: (1) which connects two roadways; (2) is used for entering or exiting through- traffic lanes; and (3) begins and ends at a gore or curb return. A ramp can connect two roadways which cross (either at-grade or with a grade separation) or two which do not cross (e.g., frontage roads). A ramp can form an intersection with a roadway as well as diverge from or merge into one. A ramp can form a channeled intersection. A ramp can also split into two ramps.

## **Interchange Area**

The Interchange Area is the area around a grade separation which involves at least two trafficways. Included within its boundaries are: (1) all ramps which connect the roadways and (2) each roadway entering or leaving the interchange to a point 30 meters beyond the gore or curb return at the outermost ramp connection for the roadway. One may find included within an interchange area intersections, driveway accesses, and, of course, roadway sections which are non-junctions.

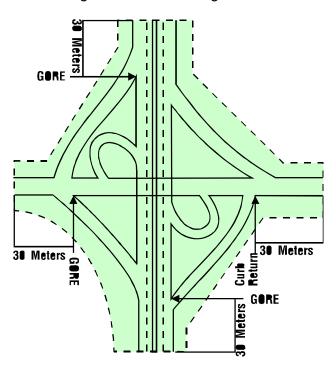


Figure A-1: Interchange Area

#### Intersection

An intersection is a type of junction which: (1) contains a crossing or connection of two or more roadways not classified as a driveway access or alley access, and (2) is embraced within the prolongation of the lateral curb lines or, if none, the lateral boundary lines of the roadways. Where the distance along a roadway between two areas meeting these criteria is less than 10 meters, the two areas and the roadway connecting them are considered to be parts of a single intersection. See the examples of intersections on the following pages.

Figure A-2: 3-Leg Intersections

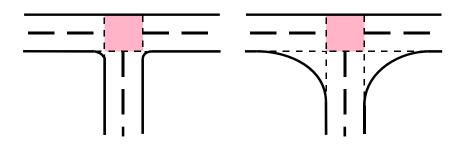


Figure A-3: 3-Leg Intersections

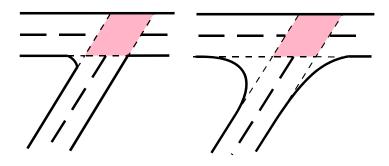


Figure A-4: 'Y' Intersection

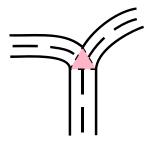


Figure A-5: 4-Leg Intersections

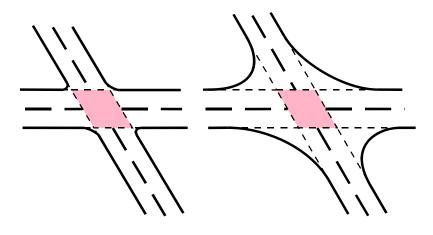


Figure A-6: 4-Leg Intersections

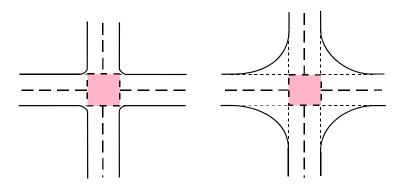


Figure A-7: 4-Leg Intersection

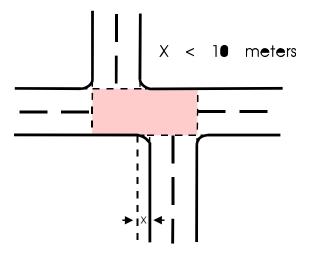
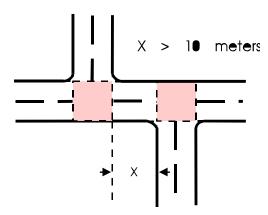


Figure A-8: Two 3-Leg Intersections



#### Intersection Related

Intersection Related means that the first harmful event: (1) occurs on an approach to or exit from an intersection, and (2) results from an activity, behavior or control related to the movement of traffic units through the intersection.

#### Junction

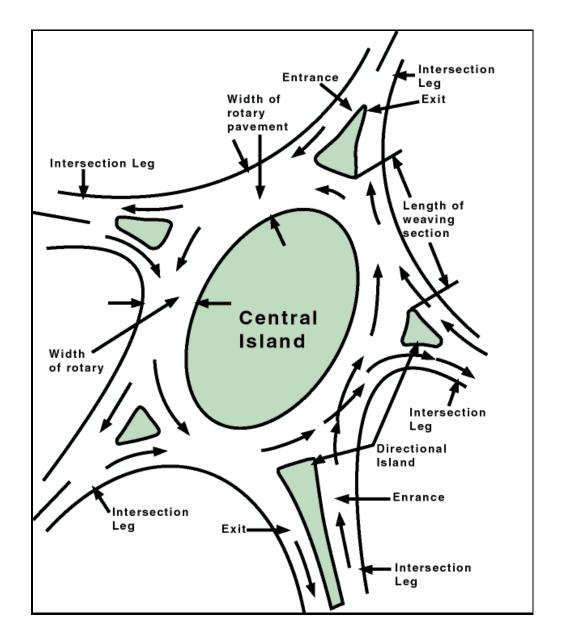
A Junction, in general, is the area formed by the connection of two roadways. It includes: (1) all at-grade intersections, (2) connections between a driveway access or alley access and a roadway which is not a driveway access or an alley access, (3) connections between two alley accesses or driveway accesses or (4) a connection between a driveway access and an alley access.

#### **Traffic Circle**

A rotary or traffic circle is a specialized form of at-grade intersection. It is one through which traffic passes by entering and leaving a one-way roadway connecting all intersection approach legs and running continuously around a central island. Rotary intersections are commonly called traffic circles, but proper design can result in central islands of various rounded shapes.

Enter **Intersection** when the first harmful event occurs within the area formed by the prolongation of curb or edge lines of the approach legs of the intersection, enter **Intersection** regardless of whether or not the collision was in any way related to an intersection.

Figure A-9: Traffic Circle



**Intersection** includes any two leg intersection, rotary intersection or traffic circle. To qualify for inclusion as a two-leg intersection, at least one of the two legs must be controlled by a regulatory sign (see A16, Traffic Control Device) or traffic signal; otherwise, treat the area as a sharp curve.

Use **Intersection** if the first harmful event occurs in the rotary roadway, but **Intersection Related** if the first harmful event occurs in the central island or any directional islands which serve the rotary intersection.

Enter **Intersection Related** if the first harmful event occurs outside but near an intersection and involves a vehicle which was engaged or should have been engaged in making an intersection related maneuver such as turning. However, if the loss of control is unrelated to the intersection, enter **Non-Junction**.

If a crash meets the criteria of Intersection Related but also meets the criteria for Driveway, Alley Access, Etc., Entrance or Exit Ramp or Rail Grade Crossing, then Driveway, Alley Access, Etc., Entrance or Exit Ramp or Rail Grade Crossing takes precedence. Remember, for Driveway, Alley Access, Etc. and Entrance or Exit Ramp, and Rail Grade Crossing to apply, a pedestrian, other non-motorist associated with a non-motorist conveyance or road vehicle must have been entering or exiting the appropriate area.

"Traffic units" means any traffic unit (involved or not involved in the crash). If the vehicle's environment just prior to the first harmful event occurs outside but near an intersection and involves a vehicle which was engaged or should have been engaged in making an intersection-related maneuver such as turning, then Intersection Related must be selected. However, if the loss of control is unrelated to the intersection, then select non-junction.

Enter **Driveway**, **Alley Access**, **Etc.** when the first harmful event occurs on a NASS roadway which approaches or exits from the driveway or alley access junction and at least one involved pedestrian, other non-motorist associated with a non-motorist conveyance, or road vehicle was entering or exiting from the driveway or alley. Included are exits/entrances of parking lots. Do not use this element if the accident was precipitated by the actions of a noncontact road vehicle or person.

**Driveway, Alley Access, Etc.** is also used when the first harmful event occurs outside but near a driveway, alley access and involves a vehicle which was engaged or should have been engaged in making a junction related maneuver such as turning (i.e., driveway, alley access related). If the loss of control is unrelated to the junction, enter **Non-Junction**.

When a controlled driveway/alley access junction overlaps (inside-to-inside of lateral boundary lines is less than or equal to 10 meters) a three leg intersection, enter **Intersection**.

When an uncontrolled driveway/alley access junction is within the prolongation of a three-leg intersection and the crash would meet the criteria of driveway, alley access related, enter **Intersection** if the first harmful event was within the intersection junction or **Intersection Related** if it was not.

For an uncontrolled driveway/alley access junction within ten (10) meters of a three or four leg intersection (inside-to-inside of lateral boundary lines), enter **Driveway**, **Alley Access**, **Etc.** only if the criteria above are met and the location of the first harmful event is not within the intersection.

Enter **Entrance/Exit Ramp** if the PAR has a specific element entitled similarly. If no specific PAR element matches, then use this element if according to the PAR diagram/sketch or narrative, the first harmful event occurred while going into, within or coming out of an entrance or exit ramp.

Enter **Rail Grade Crossing** when (1) the first harmful event occurred in the area formed by the at-grade connection of a railroad bed and a roadway or (2) an involved pedestrian, other non-motorist associated with a non-motorist conveyance or road vehicle was on an approach to or exit from the railroad grade crossing. Do not use this code if the crash was precipitated by the actions of a noncontact road vehicle or person.

Enter **On a Bridge** when the first harmful event occurs on a bridge. If the crash meets the criteria for **Intersection Related** and also meets the criteria for **On a Bridge**, then the **On a Bridge** takes precedence.

Use **Crossover Related** when the first harmful event occurred (1) in the junction of a crossover and a roadway, (2) on any leg of the roads which approach or exit from the crossover and which are just outside of the crossover junction itself (and subject to the provision below) or (3) in the crossover itself, and at least one conveyance or road vehicle was entering, in or exiting from the crossover. Do not use this code if the crash was precipitated by the actions of a noncontact road vehicle or person.

Median cuts which are directly across from or within 10 meters of the nearest lateral boundary line of any roadway (highway, street, ramp, driveway or alley) are considered extensions of the roadway. The area between the roadways which the median cut serves is considered part of the junction unless the roadways belong to separate trafficways. In this rare latter case, consider the area as a separate road segment. If the location of the first harmful event is in the median cut, enter the appropriate response: **Intersection** or **Driveway, Alley Access, Etc.**).

Enter **Other, Non-interchange** if the first harmful event occurs (1) while going into, within or coming out of a channel or (2) on a traffic island (when the PAR indicates the vehicle entered or struck the island from within the channel). A channel refers to any traffic lane that is directed into a path different than the through lanes by a traffic island. An island is defined as a raised or painted paved surface. The channel begins and ends at the extension

of the island's lateral boundaries unless the channel is preceded or followed by a merge area or divergence. See figures A-10 to A-13 for examples. A channelized intersection is an at-grade intersection in which traffic is diverted into definite paths by raised or painted traffic islands.

Figure A-10: Channel

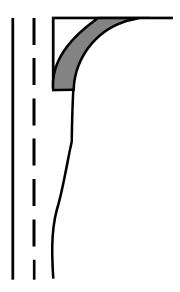


Figure A-11: Channel

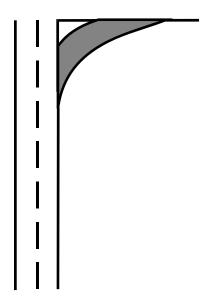


Figure A-12: Channel

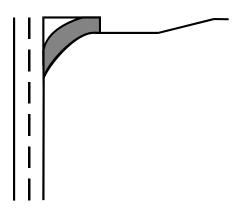


Figure A-13: Channel

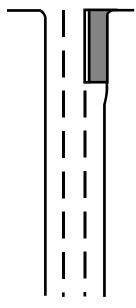


Figure A-14: Crossover

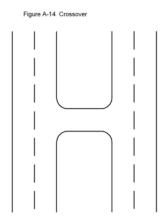
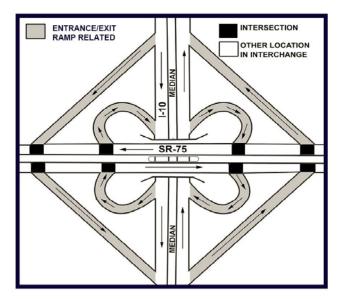


Figure A-15: Interchange



#### **A10 RELATION TO ROADWAY**

Screen Heading: Crash Data Questions

**Screen Name:** Roadway Relation (160-R)

**Long Name:** Select the attribute which best describes the location of the first harmful

event.

**SAS Name:** Accident.REL\_ROAD

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.RoadwayRelID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	10190	1	On Roadway
2	10191	2	On Shoulder
3	10192	3	On Median
4	10193	4	On Roadside
5	10194	5	Outside Trafficway
6	10195	6	Off Roadway - Location Unknown
7	19437	7	In Parking Lane
8	19438	8	Gore
9	19439	10	Separator
10	19440	99	Unknown
11	19441	9	Continuous Left Turn Lane

#### Remarks:

This element is coded as to the location of the First Harmful Event.

**On Roadway** - The roadway is that part of a trafficway designed, improved and ordinarily used for motor vehicle travel or, where various classes of motor vehicles are segregated, that part of a trafficway used by a particular class. Separate roadways may be provided for northbound and southbound traffic or for trucks and automobiles. The roadway and any shoulder alongside the roadway together make up the road.

A **Shoulder** is that part of a trafficway contiguous with the roadway for emergency use, for accommodation of stopped vehicles and for lateral support of the roadway structure.

A **Median** is defined as that area of a divided trafficway between parallel roads separating the travelways for traffic in opposite directions. The principal functions of a median are to provide the desired freedom from interference of opposing traffic, to provide a recovery area for out-of-control vehicles, to provide a stopping area in case of emergencies, and to minimize headlight glare. Medians may be depressed, raised or flush. Flush medians can be as little as 4-feet wide between roadway edgelines. Painted roadway edgelines four (4) or more feet

wide denote medians. Medians of lesser width must have a barrier to be considered a median.

**On Roadside** refers to a location off the roadway, but inside the right-of-way. It is the outermost part of the trafficway which lay between the outer property line or other barrier and the edge of the first road encountered in the trafficway. Use this element if the first harmful event occurs in a raised or painted island (directional or channeling).

Outside Trafficway is used when the first harmful event is outside the right-of-way.

**Off Roadway - Location Unknown** refers to a location off the roadway, but its relationship to the right-of-way is not known.

In Parking Lane refers to a strip of road located on the roadway or next to the roadway, on which parking is permitted. This includes curb-side and edge-of-roadway parking (for example, legal residential parking, city street parking, etc.). Sometimes a strip of roadway can be designated for parking at certain hours of the day (parking lane) and for regular travel at other hours (travel lane). This code should not be used during hours when parking is NOT permitted.

**Gore** is an area of land where two roadways diverge or converge. The area is bounded on two sides by the edges of the roadway, which join at the point of divergence or convergence. The direction of traffic must be the same on both of these roadways. The area includes SHOULDERS or marked pavement if any, between the roadways. The third side is 60 meters (approximately 200 feet) from the point of divergence or convergence or, if any other road is within 70 meters (230 feet) of that point, a line 10 meters (33 feet) from the nearest edge of such road.

#### Gore Inclusions:

- Areas at rest area or exit ramps
- Areas at truck weight station entry or exit ramps
- Areas where two main roadways diverge or converge
- Areas where a ramp and another roadway or two ramps, diverge or converge
- Areas where a frontage road and another roadway or two frontage roads diverge or converge
- And others.

#### Gore Exclusions:

- Islands for channelizing of vehicle movements
- Islands for pedestrian refuge
- And others.

A **Separator** is the area of a trafficway between parallel roads separating travel in the same direction or separating a frontage road from other roads. A Separator may be a physical barrier or a depressed, raised, flush or vegetated area between roads.

A **Continuous Left Turn Lane** is a two-way left turn lane positioned between opposing straight-through travel lanes.

#### **A19 LIGHT CONDITION**

Screen Heading: Crash Data Questions

Screen Name: Light (260-E)

**Long Name:** What are the light conditions at the time of the crash?

SAS Name: Accident.LGT\_COND

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.LightID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26646	1	Daylight
2	26647	2	Dark - Not Lighted
3	26648	3	Dark - Lighted
4	26649	4	Dawn
5	26650	5	Dusk
7	26700	6	Dark - Unknown Lighting
8	26701	7	Other
6	26652	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

This element records the type/level of light that existed at the time of the crash as reported in the case materials.

**Dark - Not Lighted** is used when the available information describes a condition where no "natural" light exists and no overhead "man-made" lighting is present on the roadway where the crash occurs.

**Dark - Lighted** is used when the available information describes a condition where no "natural" light exists but there is overhead "man-made" lighting on the roadway where the crash occurs. Lighted areas will generally include streets within cities or towns and some interchange areas. This does not include lighting from store fronts, houses, parking lots, etc.

**Dawn** describes the transition period going from "dark of night" to a daylight condition. This is typically the 30 minute period before the sun rises.

**Dusk** describes the transition period going from a daylight condition to the "dark of night". This is typically the 30 minute period after the sun sets.

Dark - Unknown Lighting is used if it cannot be determined if Dark - Not Lighted or Dark -

Lighted applies.

**Other** is used when the conditions above do not apply, such as in a tunnel.

**Unknown** is used when there is no information available on light condition at the time of the crash.

Sometimes the case materials will have conflicting information because more than one light condition is indicated in the coded boxes and/or the narrative. If necessary, use the crash time to aid in determining the "best" code.

Rules for determining applicable code:

- If Dawn and Dusk are marked then use the crash time to select either Dawn or Dusk
- 2. If Dark Lighted and Dawn are marked then use Dawn
- 3. If Dark Lighted and Dusk are marked then use Dusk
- 4. If Dark and Dusk are marked then use Dusk.
- 5. If Dark and Dawn are marked then use Dawn.
- 6. If more than 2 attributes are checked then use Unknown.

#### **A20 ATMOSPHERIC CONDITION**

Screen Heading: Crash Data Questions

**Screen Name:** Atmospheric (270-E)

**Long Name:** What are the atmospheric conditions at the time of the crash?

**SAS Name:** Accident.Weather

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.AtmosphereID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26466	1	No Adverse Atmospheric Conditions
2	26467	2	Rain
3	26653	3	Sleet
4	26654	4	Snow
5	26655	5	Fog
6	26656	6	Rain and Fog
7	26657	7	Sleet and Fog
8	26658	8	Other: Smoke, Blowing Sand/Snow/Dust/, Crosswind, Hail, Etc.
9	26659	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

Enter Other: Smog, Smoke, Blowing Sand/Snow/ Dust, Crosswind, Hail, Etc. when precipitation or particle dispersion has affected the driver's visual ability or the vehicle's controllability.

Enter **Rain** when the PAR indicates it is raining during the crash. This includes freezing rain.

Enter **Unknown** when the police report does not indicate an atmospheric condition or indicates the atmospheric condition is unknown.

#### **V07 VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER**

Screen Heading: Vehicle Data

Screen Name: VIN (365-E)

**Long Name:** What is the vehicle identification number?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.VIN

Oracle Name: GES. Vehicle. VIN

**Element Values:** 

Oracle values:

Enter the entire VIN. Left justify.

0000000000000000 No VIN Required

999999999999 Unknown

SAS values:

The first 12 characters of the 17 character VIN. Left Justify.

00000000000 No VIN Required

99999999999 Unknown

#### Remarks:

Vehicles manufactured after September 1980 conform to Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard 115. This standard requires that each VIN have 17 characters, not contain the letters "I", "O" or "Q", and pass a mathematical test (check digit). Vehicles older then 1980 may have VINs that are shorter.

Code the complete VIN. The VIN is always left-justified.

If the VIN is less than 17-characters long (pre-1981 VIN), leave the remaining characters blank. <u>Do not zero-fill.</u>

Enter (Unknown) when the entire VIN is unknown or missing.

Trailer VINs are not coded. If the VIN for the power unit is not available, code **Unknown**.

Enter all zero's or No VIN Required)-if the vehicle is not required to have a VIN as per FMVSS 115 or the vehicle does not require registration (farm tractors, go-carts, etc.)

NOTE: For any multi-stage manufactured vehicle (e.g., school bus, motor home, limousine,

tow truck, etc), enter the VIN for the vehicle's power unit/chassis. Do not code the secondary manufacturer's serial number which is not considered a VIN under FMVSS 115.

If the vehicle is manufactured by the Ford Motor Company and the VIN begins or ends with a script, "f", the "f" is not entered.

Proceed to the next character, as in the example below.

VIN: f 3U62S100932 f ENTER: 3U62S100932

In addition, if any hyphens or periods are contained in the string of alphanumeric characters, ignore them as in the example below.

VIN: SM-E.3076421 ENTER: SME3076421

For vehicles that require a VIN, enter UNKNOWN if the PAR does not provide the VIN.

Leave "Blank" any column which does not have a VIN character. If part of the VIN is missing or not decipherable, leave the column any such character would ordinarily occupy "Blank." In the special case where the first 11 columns of the VIN are blank, but part or all of columns 12 through 17 contain information, code unknown instead of the partial information contained in columns 12 through 17 of the VIN.

If the information from PC VINA or VINASSIST and the PAR are inconsistent, use the following guidelines.

Make and model on the PAR takes precedence over the make and model indicated by the VIN.

Model year - Use model year as indicated by VIN if the Vin Make and Model matches the make and model shown on the PAR .

Body type - Use body type indicated by the VIN if the VIN Make and Model matches the make and model shown on the PAR. If the VIN indicates an incomplete vehicle, use the body type indicated on the PAR.

If the information about make and model on the PAR is inconsistent, model takes precedence over the make.

## **V07A VEHICLE LICENSE PLATE NUMBER**

Screen Heading: Vehicle Data

Screen Name: License Plate (472-E)

**Long Name:** What is the vehicle license plate number?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.LicPlate

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.LicensePlateID

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

000000000 000000000 000000000 No License Plate Number

xxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx xxxxxxxx 10 Characters

999999999 999999999 Unknown

Remarks:

## **V07B VEHICLE REGISTRATION STATE**

Screen Heading: Vehicle Data

Screen Name: Registered State (474-E)

**Long Name:** What is the vehicle's registration state?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.RegState

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.RegistStateID

## **Element Values:**

2       AL       01 Alabama       33       NH       33 New Hampshire         1       AK       02 Alaska       34       NJ       34 New Jersey         4       AS       03 American Samoa       35       NM       35 New Mexico         5       AZ       04 Arizona       37       NY       36 New York         3       AR       05 Arkansas       30       NC       37 North Carolina         6       CA       06 California       31       ND       38 North Dakota         7       CO       08 Colorado       38       OH       39 Ohio         8       CT       09 Connecticut       39       OK       40 Oklahoma         10       DE       10 Delaware       40       OR       41 Oregon         9       DC       11 District of Columbia       41       PA       42 Pennsylvania         11       FL       12 Florida       42       PR       43 Puerto Rico	Screen	Oracle	SAS	Screen	Oracle	SAS
4       AS       03 American Samoa       35       NM       35 New Mexico         5       AZ       04 Arizona       37       NY       36 New York         3       AR       05 Arkansas       30       NC       37 North Carolina         6       CA       06 California       31       ND       38 North Dakota         7       CO       08 Colorado       38       OH       39 Ohio         8       CT       09 Connecticut       39       OK       40 Oklahoma         10       DE       10 Delaware       40       OR       41 Oregon         9       DC       11 District of Columbia       41       PA       42 Pennsylvania			01 Alabama	33		33 New Hampshire
5       AZ       04 Arizona       37       NY       36 New York         3       AR       05 Arkansas       30       NC       37 North Carolina         6       CA       06 California       31       ND       38 North Dakota         7       CO       08 Colorado       38       OH       39 Ohio         8       CT       09 Connecticut       39       OK       40 Oklahoma         10       DE       10 Delaware       40       OR       41 Oregon         9       DC       11 District of Columbia       41       PA       42 Pennsylvania			02 Alaska			34 New Jersey
3       AR       05 Arkansas       30       NC       37 North Carolina         6       CA       06 California       31       ND       38 North Dakota         7       CO       08 Colorado       38       OH       39 Ohio         8       CT       09 Connecticut       39       OK       40 Oklahoma         10       DE       10 Delaware       40       OR       41 Oregon         9       DC       11 District of Columbia       41       PA       42 Pennsylvania			03 American Samoa			35 New Mexico
6       CA       06 California       31       ND       38 North Dakota         7       CO       08 Colorado       38       OH       39 Ohio         8       CT       09 Connecticut       39       OK       40 Oklahoma         10       DE       10 Delaware       40       OR       41 Oregon         9       DC       11 District of Columbia       41       PA       42 Pennsylvania			04 Arizona			36 New York
7       CO       08 Colorado       38       OH       39 Ohio         8       CT       09 Connecticut       39       OK       40 Oklahoma         10       DE       10 Delaware       40       OR       41 Oregon         9       DC       11 District of Columbia       41       PA       42 Pennsylvania			05 Arkansas			37 North Carolina
8 CT 09 Connecticut 39 OK 40 Oklahoma 10 DE 10 Delaware 40 OR 41 Oregon 9 DC 11 District of Columbia 41 PA 42 Pennsylvania						
10 DE 10 Delaware 40 OR 41 Oregon 9 DC 11 District of Columbia 41 PA 42 Pennsylvania			08 Colorado	38	OH	39 Ohio
9 DC 11 District of Columbia 41 PA 42 Pennsylvania	8	CT	09 Connecticut	39	OK	40 Oklahoma
•	10	DE	10 Delaware	40	OR	41 Oregon
11 FL 12 Florida 42 PR 43 Puerto Rico	9	DC	11 District of Columbia	41	PA	42 Pennsylvania
	11	FL	12 Florida	42	PR	43 Puerto Rico
12 GA 13 Georgia 43 RI 44 Rhode Island	12	GA	13 Georgia	43	RI	44 Rhode Island
13 GU 14 Guam 44 SC 45 South Carolina	13	GU	14 Guam	44	SC	45 South Carolina
14 HI 15 Hawaii 45 SD 46 South Dakota	14	HI	15 Hawaii	45	SD	46 South Dakota
16 ID 16 Idaho 46 TN 47 Tennessee	16	ID	16 Idaho	46	TN	47 Tennessee
17 IL 17 Illinois 47 TX 48 Texas	17	IL	17 Illinois	47	TX	48 Texas
18 IN 18 Indiana 48 UT 49 Utah	18	IN	18 Indiana	48	UT	49 Utah
15 IA 19 Iowa 51 VT 50 Vermont	15	IA	19 Iowa	51	VT	50 Vermont
19 KS 20 Kansas 49 VA 51 Virginia	19	KS	20 Kansas	49	VA	51 Virginia
20 KY 21 Kentucky 50 VI 52 Virgin Islands	20	KY	21 Kentucky	50	VI	
21 LA 22 Louisiana 52 WA 53 Washington	21	LA	22 Louisiana	52	WA	53 Washington
24 ME 23 Maine 54 WV 54 West Virginia	24	ME	23 Maine	54	WV	54 West Virginia
23 MD 24 Maryland 53 WI 55 Wisconsin	23	MD	24 Maryland	53	WI	55 Wisconsin
22 MA 25 Massachusetts 55 WY 56 Wyoming	22	MA	25 Massachusetts	55	WY	56 Wyoming
25 MI 26 Michigan	25	MI	26 Michigan			, ,
26 MN 27 Minnesota 56 93 93 Indian Nation	26	MN	27 Minnesota	56	93	93 Indian Nation
28 MS 28 Mississippi 57 94 94 U.S. Government	28	MS	28 Mississippi	57	94	94 U.S. Government
27 MO 29 Missouri 58 95 95 Canada	27	MO	29 Missouri	58	95	95 Canada
29 MT 30 Montana 59 96 96 Mexico	29	MT	30 Montana	59	96	96 Mexico
32 NE 31 Nebraska 60 97 97 Other Foreign	32	NE	31 Nebraska	60	97	97 Other Foreign
36 NV 32 Nevada Country		NV	32 Nevada			
61 98 98 No Driver Present				61	98	
62 99 99 Unknown				62	99	99 Unknown

#### Remarks:

**U.S. Government** is used to indicate the license was issued by the U.S. Government, such as military or State Department Foreign Service.

If there is no license plate number, use the residence of the driver, no driver present or unknown if the residence of the driver is unknown.

## **V03 VEHICLE MAKE**

Screen Heading: Vehicle Data

Screen Name: Make (370-E)

**Long Name:** What is the vehicle make?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.Make

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.MakeID

## **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS
Passenger Vehicles/Light Trucks		
ACURA ALFA ROMEO AM GENERAL AMC ASTON MARTIN AUDI AUSTIN / AUSTIN HEALEY AVANTI	54 31 3 1 6901 32 33 2902	54 31 3 1 69 32 33 29
BERTONE BMW BRICKLIN BUICK	6918 34 6902 18	69 34 69 18
CADILLAC CHECKER CHEVROLET CHRYSLER CITREON CONSULIER	19 2903 20 6 6903 2909	19 29 20 6 69 29
DAEWOO DAIHATSU DELOREAN DESOTO DESTA DODGE	20212 60 6904 2904 6916 7	64 60 69 29 69 7
EAGLE EXCALIBER	10 2905	10 29

Vehicles	General/	General Vehicle Data
FERRARI	6905	69
FIAT	36	36
FORD	12	12
GMC	23	23
GRUMMAN	25	25
HILLMAN	6906	69
HONDA	37	37
HUDSON	2907	29
HYUNDAI	55	55
IMPERIAL	8	8
INFINITI	58	58
ISUZU	38	38
JAGUAR	39	39
JEEP / KAISER-JEEP	2	2
JENSEN	6907	69
KIA	63	63
LADA LAMBORGHINI LANCIA LAND ROVER LEXUS LINCOLN LOTUS	6919 6908 40 62 59 13 6909	69 69 40 62 59 13
MASERATI MAZDA MERCEDES BENZ MERCURY MERKUR MG MINI MITSUBISHI MORRIS	6910 41 42 14 56 43 143055 52 6911	69 41 42 14 56 43 69 52 69
NISSAN / DATSUN	35	35
OLDSMOBILE OTHER DOMESTIC MANUFACTURER (light vehicles) OTHER FOREIGN MANUFACTURER (light vehicles)	21 29 69	21 29 69
PEUGEOT	44	44
PLYMOUTH	9	9
PONTIAC	22	22

Vehicles	General/0	General Vehicle Data
PORSCHE	45	45
RELIANT RENAULT/AMC ROLLS ROYCE/BENTLEY	6917 46 6912	69 46 69
SAAB SATURN SIMCA SINGER SMART STERLING STUDEBAKER STUTZ SUBARU SUNBEAM SUZUKI	47 24 6913 6921 263032 61 2901 2906 48 6914 53	47 24 69 69 65 61 29 29 48 69 53
TOYOTA TRIUMPH TVR	49 50 6915	49 50 69
UNKNOWN DOMESTIC MANUFACTURER UNKNOWN FOREIGN MANUFACTURER	2999 6999	99 99
VOLKSWAGON VOLVO	30 51	30 51
YUGO	57	57
Motored Cycle/ATC/ATV		
BSA BUELL DUCATI HARLEY-DAVIDSON HYOSUNG INDIAN KAWASAKI KTM MOTO-GUZZI NORTON OTHER MAKE MOPED OTHER MAKE MOTORED CYCLE YAMAHA	70 104476 71 72 232974 67602 <b>73</b> 232985 74 75 78 79 76	70 79 71 72 79 79 79 79 73 79 74 75 78 79 76
Also See:		
BMW	34	34

Vehicles	General/	General Vehicle Data
HONDA PEUGEOT TRIUMPH SUZUKI	37 44 50 53	37 44 50 53
Trucks and Buses		
AUTO-UNION-DKW AUTOCAR	9802 9801	98 98
BROCKWAY	80	80
DIAMOND REO/REO DIVCO	81 9803	81 98
FREIGHTLINER/WHITE FWD	82 83	82 83
HINO	9806	98
INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER/NAVISTAR IVECO/MAGIRUS	84 88	84 88
KENWORTH	85	85
MACK MARMON	86 9808	86 98
NEOPLAN	9810	98
OSHKOSH OTHER MAKE (med./heavy truck/bus or "other")	9805 15691	98 98
PETERBILT	87	87
SCANIA STERLING TRUCKS UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCKS AND	9807 24428	98 98
BUSES	9899	99
WARD LAFRANCE WESTERN STAR WINNEBAGO	9809 9804 30189	98 98 98
Truck Based Motor Home (Model=850) Bus Based Motor Home (Model=950) Other Bus (Model=988) Unknown Bus (Model=989) Other Vehicle, e.g., Farm Vehicle, Go-Cart (Model=998)	n/a n/a n/a n/a	98 98 98

#### See Also:

AM GENERAL DODGE	3 7	3 7
FORD	12	12
CHEVROLET	20	20
GMC	23	23
GRUMMAN	25	25
NISSAN / DATSUN	35	35
FIAT	36	36
ISUZU	38	38
MERCEDES BENZ	42	42
VOLVO	51	51
MITSUBISHI	52	52

#### Unknown

UNKNOWN MANUFACTURER 99 99

#### Remarks:

Note that for both V03, Vehicle Make, and V04, Vehicle Model, the use of the terms "other" and "unknown" have very specific meanings. "Other" refers to a make or model which is known but is not explicitly listed. "Unknown" refers to the situation where no specific make or model is known.

Selection of the proper "other" or "unknown" code can only be made with consideration of the vehicle's body type. For example, if a medium/heavy truck or bus make is known and is not listed, V03, Vehicle Make, is coded **OTHER MAKE (med/heavy truck/bus or "other")** and the appropriate model code is used. If the make is unknown but the body type is known as a "school bus", for instance, V03, Vehicle Make, is coded **Unknown Manufacturer** and V04, Vehicle Model, is coded **Unknown Bus Type**.

**Unknown Manufacturer** is used for a "hit-and-run" vehicle unless reliable evidence indicates the vehicle's make.

#### **V04 VEHICLE MODEL**

Screen Heading: Vehicle Data

Screen Name: Model (380-E)

**Long Name:** What is the vehicle model?

SAS Name: Vehicle.Model

Oracle Name: GES. Vehicle. ModelID

#### **Element Values:**

Note that for both V03, Vehicle Make, and V04, Vehicle Model, the use of the terms "other" and "unknown" have very specific meanings. "Other" refers to a make or model which is known but is not explicitly listed. "Unknown" refers to the situation where no specific make or model is known.

Selection of the proper "other" or "unknown" code can only be made with consideration of the vehicle's body type. For example, if a medium/heavy truck or bus make is known and is not listed, V03, Vehicle Make, is coded **OTHER MAKE (med/heavy truck/bus or "other")** and the appropriate model code is used. If the make is unknown but the body type is known as a "school bus", for instance, V03, Vehicle Make, is coded **Unknown Manufacturer** and V04, Vehicle Model, is coded **Unknown Bus Type**.

If a vehicle make or vehicle model is encountered which is not listed, headquarters is notified.

## 54 ACURA

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
INTEGRA LEGEND	RS, LS, GS	1986-1998 1986-1995	19571	31 32
RL NSX VIGOR	NTX-T	1996-2000 1991-2000 1992-1994	440	32 33 34
CL TL RSX TSX OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE	Coupe	1996-1998 1996-1998	6849	35 35 38 39 398 399
SLX RDX MDX OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN TYPE LIGHT TRUCK		1996-1998	6851 232936 39814 6853 6854	401 402 421 498 499
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			479	999
31 ALFA ROMEO  MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
SPIDER SPORTS SEDAN	All roadsters, Veloce, 1750/2000 roadsters All 4 door sedans; Giulia, Super, Berlina, Alfetta, Milano,	1933-1994 1933-1989		31 32
SPRINT SPECIAL GTV-6 164 OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN VEHICLE	1750/2000 sedans All 2-door coupes; Alfetta GT, 1750/2000 sedans	1933-1980 1981-1986 1990-1995	6779	33 34 35 398 399 999
3 AM GENERAL MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
DISPATCHER HUMMER H3	Post Office (Jeep)	1965-1994	6195 233078	401 402
HUMMER H1/H2 DISPATCHER OTHER LIGHT TRUCK	DJ series Post Office Van	1965-1991	6197 6199 139	421 466 498
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY	Military off-road	1965-1994	140 6201 147	499 884 898
TRUCK UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)			27266	899
UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK			148	899
BUS - REAR ENGINE/FLAT FRONT OTHER BUS UNKNOWN BUS TYPE	Transit	1965-1994	152 153 154	983 988 989

UNKNOWN VEHICLE 155 999

#### 1 AMC/AMERICAN MOTORS

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
RAMBLER/AMERICAN	Rogue, Scambler, 220, 440	1954-1969	5821	1
REBEL/MATADOR	Matador: WB=115"	1900-1978	6148	2
REBEL/MATADOR	Barcelona, Classic, Brougham, 550, 660, 770, Marlin: WB=114"	1900-1998		2
REBEL/MATADOR	Barcelona, Classic, Brougham, 550, 660, 770, Marlin: WB=115"	1964-1978	6148	2
REBEL/MATADOR	Matador: WB=114"	1958-1974	6148	2
AMBASSADOR	Brougham, DPL, SST, DL, Limited, 880. 990	1900-1998	6153	3
PACER	Limited, DL	1975-1980	131	4
AMX	2-seater only	1968-1970	6156	5
JAVELIN	AMX	1971-1974	6158	6
JAVELIN	SST	1900-1998	6158	6
HORNET/CONCORD	Sportabout, limited, DL, SC-360, SST	1900-1998	6161	7
HORNET/CONCORD	AMX	1975-1978	6161	7
SPIRIT/GREMLIN	GT	1983-1998	132	8
SPIRIT/GREMLIN	AMX	1979-1998	132	8
SPIRIT/GREMLIN	Limited, DL. Custom,. X	1900-1998	132	8
EAGLE	Concord based	1980-1987	129	9
EAGLE SX-4	Spirit/Gremilin based	1981-1984	130	10
OTHER AUTOMOBILE	·		133	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			134	399
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			135	999
6901 ASTON MARTIN MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
LAGONDA		1968-2000	9595	31
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			239	31
SALOON		1968-2000	9601	31
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			240	31
VANTAGE		1968-2000		31
VOLANTE		1968-2000	9599	31
32 AUDI				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
SUPER 90		1970-1972	6795	31
100/A6	Quattro	1989-1994	797	32
100/A6	S, LS, GL	1970-1977	797	32
100/A6	A6	1995-1998	797	32
FOX		1974-1979	6797	33
4000	Quattro, Coupe GT, CS, S	1980-1988	803	34
5000	Quattro, CS, S, Turbo	1978-1988	16507	35
80/90	Quattro-80	1988-1992	809	36
80/90	Quattro-90	1988-1995	809	36
200	Quattro	1989-1992	802	37
V8 QUATTRO		1990-1994	817	38
COUPE QUATTRO		1990-1993	814	39
S4/S6	S6	1995-1998	816	40

S4/S6 CABRIOLET A4 A3 A8 TT S8 ALLROAD A5 R8 OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE Q7 Q5 OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE  33 AUSTIN / AUST	IN HEALEY	1996-1998 1996-1998 1996-1998 2000-2000 2 3 4 23 23	816 40 6799 41 6801 42 6803 43 6805 44 0200 45 9816 46 4656 47 2940 49 2942 50 818 398 819 399 0233 401 2948 402 0235 498 0237 499 820 999	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 9 0 8 9 1 2 8 9
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR ORA	ACLE SAS	3
MARINA AMERICA HEALEY SPRITE HEALY 3000 MINI OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN VEHICLE	GT Healy 100	1900-1998 1900-1998 1900-1998	6807 31 6809 32 6811 33 6813 34 6815 35 821 398 822 399 823 999	2 3 4 5 8
9802 AUTO-UNION-E				_
MODEL  MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/ENTRY POSITION MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/HIGH ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/LOW ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY - OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKNOWN ENGINE MEDIUM/HEAVY BASED MOTORHOME	INCLUDES	3	ACLE SAS 9753 802 9757 802 9755 802 2532 802 9758 802 9756 802 9752 802	2 2 2 2 2 2 2
9801 AUTOCAR				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR ORA	ACLE SAS	) •
MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/ENTRY POSITION	,		9745 801 9750 801	
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/HIGH ENTRY			9748 801	1

MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/LOW ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY - OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKOWN ENGINE LOCATION MEDIUM/HEAVY BASED MOTORHOME			9746 9751 9749 9744	801 801 801 801
2902 AVANTI				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			9546 9547	1
6918 BERTONE				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			284 285	52 52
34 BMW				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
1600, 2002 COUPE BAVARIA SEDAN 3 SERIES 5 SERIES 5 SERIES 6 SERIES 7 SERIES 8 SERIES 23 28 V5 24 1 SERIES X6 OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE X5 X3 OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK MOTORCYCLE (000-050CC) MOTORCYCLE (051-124CC) MOTORCYCLE (125-349CC) MOTORCYCLE (350-449CC) MOTORCYCLE (450-749CC) MOTORCYCLE (750CC-OVER) MOTORCYCLE (UNKNOWN	Tii, 1800i, 200CS 2800CS, 3.0CS 2500, 2800 318i, 318ti, 320i, 325e, 325es, 325i, 328, M3 525i (wagon), M5, 540iA, 540i 524i, 258i, 530i, 533i, 535i, TD 630, 633, 635, csi, M6 733i, 435i, L7, 740i, 750iL 850, 840ci M coupe (Brickland)	1900-1976 1969-1976 1969-1974 1977-1998 1993-1998 1977-1998 1978-1997 1996-1998	6 6824 4 6826 3 824 3 826 3 829 3 830 7 6828	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 398 399 401 402 498 499 701 702 703 704 705 706
CC) UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE			840	799

UNKNOWN VEHICLE			841	999
6902 BRICKLIN				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			241 242	32 32
80 BROCKWAY				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK BASED MOTORHOME MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE		1900-1998 1900-1998		850 881
MEDIUM/HEAVE - COE/LOW ENTRY		1900-1998	8 9680	882
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE HIGH ENTRY		1900-1998	8 9682	883
MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKNOWN ENGINE		1900-1998	8 9685	884
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/ENTRY POSITION		1900-1998	8 9687	890
MEDIUM/HEAVY - OTHER UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK		1900-1998	8 9689 32524	898 899
70 BSA				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MOTORCYCLE (000-050CC) MOTORCYCLE (051-124CC) MOTORCYCLE (125-349CC) MOTORCYCLE (350-449CC) MOTORCYCLE (450-749CC) MOTORCYCLE (750CC-OVER)			306 307 308 309 310 311	701 702 703 704 705 706
MOTORCYCLE (UNKNOWN			312	709
CC) OTHER MOTORED CYCLE UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE			313 314	798 799
104476 BUELL				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MOTORCYCLE (000-050CC) MOTORCYCLE (051-124CC) MOTORCYCLE (125-349CC) MOTORCYCLE (350-449CC) MOTORCYCLE (450-749CC) MOTORCYCLE (750CC OR GREATER) MOTORCYCLE (UNKNOWN CC) OTHER MOTORED CYCLE			104478 104479 104480 104481 104482 104483 104484 104485	701 702 703 704 705 706 709

UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE

104486 799

## 18 BUICK

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
SPECIAL/SKYLARK (thru 1972)	GS, GS-350, GS-400, GS-455, GS California, Sport wagon, Custom	1900-1972	6512	1
LESABRE/CENTURION/WILDC	Т-Туре	1986-1998	1140	2
LESABRE/CENTURION/WILDC AT	Wagon, Luxus, Invicta, Custom, Limited	1900-1976	1140	2
LESABRE/CENTURION/WILDC AT	Wagon, Luxus, Invicta, Custom, Limited	1977-1985	1140	2
ELECTRA/ELECTRA 225/PARK AVENUE (91-ON)	Limited, Park Avenue, Ultra	1977-1984	1145	3
ELECTRA/ELECTRA 225/PARK AVENUE (91-ON)	Limited, Park Avenue, Ultra	1900-1976	1145	3
ELECTRA/ELECTRA 225/PARK AVENUE (91-ON)	Llmited, Park Avenue, Ultra	1985-1998	1145	3
ROADMASTER	Estate Wagon, Limited	1991-1996	1163	4
RIVIERA	S-Type, T-Type	1977-1985	1161	5
RIVIERA	S-Type, T-Type	1986-1993	1161	5
RIVIERA	S-Type, T-Type	1994-1998	1161	5
RIVIERA	S-Type, T-Type	1966-1976	1161	5
RIVIERA	S-Type, T-Type	1963-1965	1161	5
CENTURY	Custom, FWD	1982-1998	1135	7
CENTURY	Luxus, Custom	1900-1977	1135	7
CENTURY	Luxus, Regal	1972-1977	1135	7
CENTURY	Custom	1978-1981	1135	7
APOLLO/SKYLARK (73-76)	Skylark (75), S/R	1973-1976	27310	8
REGAL	Turbo, Luxux, Gran National, GNX, T-Type	1978-1988	1153	10
SKYHAWK	S-Type, Roadhawk, T-Type, GT	1975-1981	1166	12
SKYHAWK	<b>71</b>	1982-1998	1166	12
SKYLARK (76-85)	S/R, S, Limited, Sport, T-Type	1980-1985	1168	15
SKYLARK (76-85)	S/R, S, Limited, Sprot, T-Type	1976-1979	1168	15
SOMERSET(85-87)/SKYLARK(8 6-ON)	Somerset, GS Regal, Custom, Limited, T-Type	1985-1987	1169	18
SOMERSET(85-87)/SKYLARK(8 6-ON)	Skylark ('86-on)	1986-1999	1169	18
REGAL (FWD)	Limited	1988-1998	1154	20
REATTA		1988-1991	1152	21
LACROSSE			174884	22
LUCERNE			210239	23
ENCLAVE			232958	24
OPEL KADETT		1900-1975	6514	31
OPEL MANTA	1900, Luxus, Rallye, Sports Coupe	1900-1975	6516	32
OPEL GT		1900-1975	6518	33
OPEL ISUZU	Deluxe, Sport	1976-1979	6521	34
OTHER AUTOMOBILE	•		1175	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			1176	399
RENDEZVOUS			40757	401
RAINIER			158105	402
TERRAZA			174886	441
OTHER LIGHT TRUCK			40760	498
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			40761	499
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			1177	999

# 19 CADILLAC

DEVILLE/FLEETWOOD         Coupe de Ville, Sedan de Ville, Fleetwood Brougham, Fleetwood 60 Special, d'Elegance         1900-1976         1195           DEVILLE/FLEETWOOD         FWD d'Elegance         1985-1998         1195           DEVILLE/FLEETWOOD         RWDCoupe de Ville, Sedan de Ville, Fleetwood Brougham, Fleetwood 60 Special, d'Elegance         1977-1996         1195           DEVILLE/FLEETWOOD         Concourse         1994-1998         1195           LIMOUSINE         Fleetwood 75, Formal, DeVille-Based         1900-1998         1183           ELDORADO         Biarritz, El-doro, Touring Coupe         1979-1985         1187           ELDORADO         Biarritz, El-doro, Touring Coupe         1900-1978         1187           ELDORADO         Biarritz, El-doro, Touring Coupe         1900-1978         1187           COMMERCIAL SERIES         Ambulance/Hearse         1900-1998         6537           ALLANTE         1987-1998         1178           SEVILLE         STS         1986-1998         1197           SEVILLE         Elegante         1976-1985         1197           CIMARRON         D'oro         1982-1988         1180           CATERA         RWD         1997-1998         6539           CTS         45079           XLR <th>SAS</th>	SAS
DEVILLE/FLEETWOOD         FWD d'Elegance         1985-1998         1195           DEVILLE/FLEETWOOD         RWDCoupe de Ville, Sedan de Ville, Fleetwood Brougham, Fleetwood 60 Special, d'Elegance         1977-1996         1195           DEVILLE/FLEETWOOD         Concourse         1994-1998         1195           LIMOUSINE         Fleetwood 75, Formal, DeVille-Based         1900-1998         1183           ELDORADO         Biarritz, El-doro, Touring Coupe         1979-1985         1187           ELDORADO         Biarritz, El-doro, Touring Coupe         1900-1978         1187           COMMERCIAL SERIES         Ambulance/Hearse         1900-1998         6537           ALLANTE         1986-1998         1178           SEVILLE         STS         1986-1998         1197           SEVILLE         Elegante         1976-1985         1197           CIMARRON         D'oro         1982-1988         1180           CATERA         RWD         1997-1998         6539           CTS         45079	3
Fleetwood 60 Special, d'Elegance   1994-1998   1195	3
LIMOUSINE       Fleetwood 75, Formal, DeVille-Based       1900-1998       1183         ELDORADO       Biarritz, El-doro, Touring Coupe       1979-1985       1187         ELDORADO       Biarritz, El-doro, Touring Coupe       1986-1998       1187         ELDORADO       Biarritz, El-doro, Touring Coupe       1900-1978       1187         COMMERCIAL SERIES       Ambulance/Hearse       1900-1998       6537         ALLANTE       1987-1998       1178         SEVILLE       STS       1986-1998       1197         SEVILLE       Elegante       1976-1985       1197         CIMARRON       D'oro       1982-1988       1180         CATERA       RWD       1997-1998       6539         CTS       45079	3
ELDORADO         Biarritz, El-doro, Touring Coupe         1979-1985         1187           ELDORADO         Biarritz, El-doro, Touring Coupe         1986-1998         1187           ELDORADO         Biarritz, El-doro, Touring Coupe         1900-1978         1187           COMMERCIAL SERIES         Ambulance/Hearse         1900-1998         6537           ALLANTE         1987-1998         1178           SEVILLE         STS         1986-1998         1197           SEVILLE         Elegante         1976-1985         1197           CIMARRON         D'oro         1982-1988         1180           CATERA         RWD         1997-1998         6539           CTS         45079	3
ELDORADO       Biarritz, El-doro, Touring Coupe       1986-1998       1187         ELDORADO       Biarritz, El-doro, Touring Coupe       1900-1978       1187         COMMERCIAL SERIES       Ambulance/Hearse       1900-1998       6537         ALLANTE       1987-1998       1178         SEVILLE       STS       1986-1998       1197         SEVILLE       Elegante       1976-1985       1197         CIMARRON       D'oro       1982-1988       1180         CATERA       RWD       1997-1998       6539         CTS       45079	4
ELDORADO         Biarritz, El-doro, Touring Coupe         1900-1978         1187           COMMERCIAL SERIES         Ambulance/Hearse         1900-1998         6537           ALLANTE         1987-1998         1178           SEVILLE         STS         1986-1998         1197           SEVILLE         Elegante         1976-1985         1197           CIMARRON         D'oro         1982-1988         1180           CATERA         RWD         1997-1998         6539           CTS         45079	5
COMMERCIAL SERIES         Ambulance/Hearse         1900-1998         6537           ALLANTE         1987-1998         1178           SEVILLE         STS         1986-1998         1197           SEVILLE         Elegante         1976-1985         1197           CIMARRON         D'oro         1982-1988         1180           CATERA         RWD         1997-1998         6539           CTS         45079	5
ALLANTE       1987-1998       1178         SEVILLE       STS       1986-1998       1197         SEVILLE       Elegante       1976-1985       1197         CIMARRON       D'oro       1982-1988       1180         CATERA       RWD       1997-1998       6539         CTS       45079	5
SEVILLE         STS         1986-1998         1197           SEVILLE         Elegante         1976-1985         1197           CIMARRON         D'oro         1982-1988         1180           CATERA         RWD         1997-1998         6539           CTS         45079	6
SEVILLE         Elegante         1976-1985         1197           CIMARRON         D'oro         1982-1988         1180           CATERA         RWD         1997-1998         6539           CTS         45079	9
CIMARRON         D'oro         1982-1988         1180           CATERA         RWD         1997-1998         6539           CTS         45079	14
CATERA       RWD       1997-1998       6539         CTS       45079	14
CTS 45079	16
	17
XLR 146514	18
	19
SRX 158107	20
STS 174888	21
DTS 210241	22
	398
	399
	421
	431
	481
	498
	499 999
2903 CHECKER	
MODEL INCLUDES YEAR ORACLE S	SAS
AEROBUS 1900-1982 9566	2
MARATHON 1900-1982 9548	2
OTHER AUTOMOBILE 1900-1982 9569	2
SUPERBA 1900-1982 9562	2
TAXI 1900-1982 9564	2
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE 1900-1982 9570	2
20 CHEVROLET	
MODEL INCLUDES YEAR ORACLE S	SAS
CHEVELLE/MALIBU (thru 83) Classic, Concours, S-3, Laguna, Nomad, 300, Greenbriar, 1964-1977 1024 Estate, Deluxe, SS 396/454	1
CHEVELLE/MALIBU (thru 83) Classic, Concours, S-3, Laguna, Nomad, 300, Greenbriar, 1978-1983 1024	1
Estate, Deluxe, SS 396/454  IMPALA/CAPRICE St. Wgn. Biscayne, Belair, Super sport, Classic Classic 1900-1976 1017  Brougham Tournamen	2
Brougham, Townsman  IMPALA/CAPRICE Brookwood, Kingswood 1977-1998 1017	2

IMPALA/CAPRICE	Biscayne, Belair, Super sport, Classic Classic Brougham, Townsman	1900-1976	1017	2
CORVETTE	Stingray	1953-1962	1001	4
CORVETTE	Stingray	1963-1998	1001	4
CORVAIR	Monza, Corsa, 500, Yenko	1960-1969	6574	6
EL CAMINO	Royal Knight, SS	1964-1977	6545	7
EL CAMINO	Royal Knight, SS	1959-1960	6545	7
EL CAMINO	Royal Knight, SS	1978-1998	6545	7
NOVA (-79)	Chevy II, LN, LE, Concours SS-350/396, Rally	1962-1979	6576	8
CAMARO	SS, RS, LT, Berlinetta, IROC-Z, Z28	1967-1998	979	9
MONTE CARLO ('70-'88) (RWD ONLY)	LS, SS, Aerocoupe, Landau	1970-1977	1025	10
MONTE CARLO ('70-'88) (RWD ONLY)	LS, SS, Aerocoupe, Landau	1978-1988	1025	10
VEGA	GT, Cosworth	1971-1977	6578	11
MONZA	Spyder, 2+2, Towne Coupe	1975-1980	1030	12
CHEVETTE	S, Scooter, CS2 door	1976-1987	996	13
CHEVETTE	S, Scooter, CS-4 door	1976-1987	996	13
CITATION	X-11, Citation II	1980-1985	997	15
CAVALIER	CS, RS, Z24, LS	1982-1998	989	16
CELEBRITY	CS, Eurosport, VR	1982-1998	994	17
BERETTA/CORSICA	GT	1988-1998	998	19
LUMINA	Z-34, Euro	1990-1998	1019	20
COBALT	2 0 1, 2 3 10	1000 1000	174890	22
HHR			210243	23
TRAVERSE	LS, LT, LTZ		268609	24
SPECTRUM	20, 21, 212	1985-1998	1032	31
NOVA/GEO PRIZM	CL, NUMMI-built vehicle	1985-1998	1007	32
SPRINT/GEO SPRINT	OL, NOMINI BUIL VOLIDIC	1985-1998	1010	33
GEO METRO	LSi, Xfi	1989-1998	1010	34
GEO STORM	Gsi	1985-1998	1004	35
MONTE CARLO (1995+) (FWD	Z34	1995-1998	6580	36
ONLY)		1007 1000	0500	07
MALIBU (1997+)		1997-1998	6582	37
SSR			157958	38
AVEO			158109	39
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			1036	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			1037	399
S-10 BLAZER, BLAZER	Blazer	1995-1998	6584	401
S-10 BLAZER, BLAZER	S-10 p/u baseed (100.5" WB)	1983-1994	6584	401
GEO TRACKER	Lsi	1989-1998	1014	402
TRAILBLAZER (2002 and later)			133074	403
EQUINOX			158113	404
FULLSIZE BLAZER (K, Tahoe)	K-series, fullsized p/u based	1969-1994	6587	421
FULLSIZE BLAZER (K, Tahoe)	Tahoe	1995-1998	6587	421
SUBURBAN		1900-1998	6590	431
ASTRO VAN	Minivan	1985-1998	6592	441
LUMINA APV/VENTURE	Venture,	1990-1998	6594	442
UPLANDER		.555 1550	174892	444
G-SERIES VAN	Beauville, Chevy Van, Sport Van, G10-G30, Express	1900-1998	6599	461
P-SERIES VAN	2000	1900-1998	6601	466
VAN DERIVATIVE	Hi-cube, Parcel Van	1900-1998	6603	470
S-10/T-10	4 X 4	1982-1998	6605	471
LUV	Imported pickup	1900-1998	6607	471
COLORADO	imported piokup	1500-1550	158111	473
COLONADO			100111	713

C, K, R, V-SERIES PICKUP	C10-C30, K10-K30, R10-R30, V10-V30, Silverado, C-K 1500, 2500, 3500	1900-1998	6609	481
AVALANCHE OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			44657 1038 1039	482 498 499
MEDIUM/HEAVY CBE	C50/60/65; M60/65; H70/80/90; J70/80/90; Bison 90; all other CBE	1900-1998	6611	881
MEDIUM/HEAVY COE LOW ENTRY	T60/65 - all other COE low entry	1900-1998	6613	882
MEDIUM/HEAVY COE HIGH ENTRY	Titan 90, all other COE hight entry	1900-1998	6615	883
MEDIUM/HEAVY; UNKNOWN ENGINE			6617	884
MEDIUM/HEAVY; UNKNOWN ENGINE	MKIII, 1500	1900-1979	6619	890
OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK			1040	898
UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)			27267	899
UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY			1041	899
BUS OTHER BUS UNKNOWN BUS TYPE OTHER VEHICLE UNKNOWN VEHICLE	S-60 series	1900-1998	1042 1043 6620 1044 1045	981 988 989 998 999

### 6 CHRYSLER

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR (	ORACLE	SAS
CORDOBA NEW YORKER FIFTH AVENUE	Crown, 300, LS	1975-1983	159 175	9 10
('89) NEWPORT RAMPAGE 2.2 (CAR BASED PICKUP)	GT, Sport	1982-1984	179 6274	10 13
NEW YORKER ('83-'90) NEW YORKER SALON			173 177	14 14
NEW YORKER/E CLASS/IMPERIAL/5TH	FWD vehicles, Turbo	1983-1993	163	14
NEW YORKER/E CLASS/IMPERIAL/5TH	Imperial	1990-1993	163	14
RWD ONLY-NEW YORKER/NEWPORT/5TH	300	1900-1971	160	14
RWD ONLY-NEW YORKER/NEWPORT/5TH	Custom, Royal, Brougham, Town and Country	1900-1978	160	14
RWD ONLY-NEW YORKER/NEWPORT/5TH	Custom, Royal, Brougham, Town and Country	1982-1989	160	14
RWD ONLY-NEW YORKER/NEWPORT/5TH	Custom, Royal, Brougham, Town and Country	1979-1981	160	14
LASER	Turbo, XE, XT	1984-1986	164	15
LEBARON	Medallion, Salon (RWD), Landau, LX	1977-1981	165	16
LEBARON	FWD except GTS or GTC Sport Coupe	1982-1998	165	16
LEBARON GTS/GTC	GTS-Turbo	1985-1998	166	17
LEBARON GTS/GTC	GTC-Sport Coupe	1987-1998	166	17
INTREPID (CANADIAN)			44198	18
NEON (EXPORT)			149626	19
TC (MASERATI SPORT)	Turbo Convertible	1988-1991	181	31
CONQUEST	TSI, Turbo	1987-1989	158	35

CONCORDE LHS SEBRING CIRRUS 300/300M/300C PT CRUISER PROWLER PACIFICA CROSSFIRE OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE ASPEN TOWN AND COUNTRY VOYAGER OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE	New Yorker  Minivan	1993-1998	41 42 43 44 51 52 53 54 55 398 399 421 441 442 498 499
6903 CITROEN MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR ORACLE	SAS
OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE  2909 CONSULIER		243 244	33 33
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR ORACLE	SAS
OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE 20212 DAEWOO		1900-1998 9589 1900-1998 9591	398 398
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR ORACLE	SAS
LANOS NUBIRA LEGANZA OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN VEHICLE  60 DAIHATSU		1999-2000 20213 20215 1999-2000 20217 31388 31389 31390	31 32 33 398 399 999
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR ORACLE	SAS
CHARADE OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE ROCKY OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE		1990-1992 458 460 461 1990-1992 459 462 463 464	499

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			245 246	34 34
2904 DESOTO				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE		1900-1998 1900-1998		398 398
6916 DESTA				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			280 281	48 48
81 DIAMOND REO/REO				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK		1900-199	8 9655	850
BASED MOTORHOME MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE		1900-199	8 9657	881
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/LOW ENTRY		1900-199	8 9666	882
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/HIGH ENTRY		1900-199	8 9668	883
MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKNOWN ENGINE		1900-199	8 9670	884
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/ENTRY			9672	890
POSITION MEDIUM/HEAVY - OTHER UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK		1900-199	8 9673 32525	898 899
9803 DIVCO				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/ENTRY POSITION			9760 9764	803 803
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/HIGH ENTRY			9762	803
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/LOW			9761	803
ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY - OTHER			9765	803
MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKNOWN ENGINE			9763	803
MEDIUM/HEAVY BASED MOTORHOME			9759	803
7 DODGE				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS

DART	Custom, Swinger, Sport, GT, Demon, Special, Special Edition, 170, 270, 340, 360: WB=108"	1962-1976	6259	1
DART	Custom, Swinger, Sport, GT, Demon, Special, Special Edition, 170, 270, 340, 360: WB=111"	1962-1976	6259	1
CORONET/CHARGER/MAGNU M	Charger	1900-1978	226	2
CORONET/CHARGER/MAGNU M	Brougham, Custom, Superbee, Crestwood, Deluxe, XE, R/t, SE 440, 500, Police	1900-1979	226	2
POLARA/MONACO/ROYAL MONACO	Custom, Special, Crestwood, Brougham, Police Taxi	1900-1976	6264	3
POLARA/MONACO/ROYAL MONACO	Custom, Special, Crestwood, Brougham, Police Taxi	1977-1978	6264	3
VIPER	RT/10, GTS	1992-1998	6268	4
CHALLENGER (1970-1974)	R/T, T/A, Rallye	1970-1974	6270	5
ASPEN	Custom, Special Edition, Police, R/T, Sport: WB=113"	1976-1980	195	6
ASPEN	Custom, Special Edition, Police, R/T, Sport: WB=109"	1976-1980	195	6
DIPLOMAT	Medallion, Salon, S	1977-1989	215	7
OMNI/CHARGER	O24, DeTomaso, Miser, GLH, GLHS, Shelby, America, Expo	1978-1990	124	8
OWN WON PARCELL	024, De l'olliaso, Misel, Gelli, Gello, Glieby, Alliellea, Expo	1370-1330	124	U
OMNI/CHARGER	Charger 2.2	1983-1990	124	8
MIRADA	5go. =:=	1980-1983	227	9
ST REGIS	Police, Taxi	1979-1981	9	10
ARIES (K)	Custom, SE, LE	1981-1989	192	11
400				
	LS	1983-1983	6272	12
RAMPAGE 2.2, GT, SPORT	50 T I	1000 1000	25735	13
600	ES, Turbo	1983-1988	191	14
DAYTONA	Turbo Z, Shelby Z, Pacifica, C/S Competition, IROC R/T	1984-1994	208	15
LANCER	Pacifica, Turbo, ES, Shelby	1985-1989	223	16
SHADOW	ES, Turbo	1987-1998	6276	17
DYNASTY		1988-1998	216	18
SPIRIT	ES, Shelby, R/T	1989-1994	5	19
NEON	Expresso	1994-1998	230	20
MAGNUM			174894	21
CHARGER (2006+)			174896	24
CALIBER			210245	25
AVENGER ('08 - on)			232965	26
JOURNEY	SE, SXT, R/T		260186	27
CHALLENGER (2008 - ON)	<u> </u>		263284	28
CHALLENGER (1978-1983)	all imported	1978-1983	200	33
(ALL IMPORTED)	an importou	1010 1000	200	00
COLT (EXCLUDES VISTA)	RS, Turbo, Custom, GTS, DL, E, Premier, Deluxe Carousel, GT: WB<93"	1977-1980	203	34
COLT (EXCLUDES VISTA)	RS, Turbo, Custom, GTS, DL, E, Premier, Deluxe Carousel, GT	1977-1980	203	34
COLT (EXCLUDES VISTA)	RS, Turbo, Custom, GTS, DL, E, Premier, Deluxe Carousel, GT	1980-1994	203	34
COLT (EXCLUDES VISTA)	RS, Turbo, Custom, GTS, DL, E, Premier, Deluxe Carousel, GT	1974-1976	203	34
CONQUEST	Turbo	1984-1986	206	35
STEALTH		1991-1998	10	39
MONACO		1990-1992	228	40
INTREPID		1993-1998	221	41
AVENGER ('95 - '98)		1995-1998	196	42
STRATUS		1995-1998	11	43
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			14	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			15	399
RAIDER	Sport	1986-1998	127	401
	οροιτ	1900-1990		
NITRO RAMCHARGER		1000 1000	232967	403
NAWOLIANGEN		1900-1998	6278	421

DURANGO VISTA CARAVAN CARAVAN B-SERIES VANS	4 X 4 Mini-Ram, SE, ES: WB=119" Mini-Ram, SE, ES: WB=112" Sportsman, Royal, Maxiwagon, Ram, B150-B350, Tradesman	1998-2000 1984-1991 1984-1998 1984-1998 1900-1998	18847 204 197 197 6280	422 441 442 442 461
SPRINTER VAN DERIVATIVE D50, COLT P/U, RAM 50/RAM 100	Kary Van Ram 50/Ram 100	1900-1998 1983-1998	158117 6282 126	462 470 471
D50, COLT P/U, RAM 50/RAM 100	D50, Colt P/U	1900-1982	126	471
DAKOTA DAKOTA D, W-SERIES PICKUP, W100-W350	WB=124" WB=112" Ram, Custom, Royal, Miser, D100-D350	1987-1998 1987-1998 1900-1998	6284 6284 6287	472 472 481
RAM OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK MEDIUM/HEAVY: CBE MEDIUM/HEAVY: COE LOW ENGRY	1500/2500/3500, P/U	1994-1998	6289 16 17 6291 6293	482 498 499 881 882
MEDIUM/HEAVY: COE HIGH			6294	883
ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY: UNKNOWN			6295	884
ENGINE MEDIUM/HEAVY: COE ENTRY POSITION			6296	890
OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK			18	898
UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY) UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY			27268 19	899 899
TRUCK MEDIUM BUS OTHER BUS UNKNOWN BUS TYPE OTHER VEHICLE UNKNOWN VEHICLE	not van based	1900-1998	20 21 6258 22 23	981 988 989 998 999
71 DUCATI MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MOTORCYCLE (000-050CC) MOTORCYCLE (051-124CC) MOTORCYCLE (125-349CC) MOTORCYCLE (350-449CC) MOTORCYCLE (450-749CC) MOTORCYCLE (750CC-OVER)  MOTORCYCLE (UNKNOWN CC) OTHER MOTORED CYCLE UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE			315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323	701 702 703 704 705 706 709 798 799

10 EAGLE

SUMMIT	MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
TALON	SUMMIT	DL, LX, ES	1989-199	8 65	34
MEDALLION   1983-1998   68   41     OTHER AUTOMOBILE   1982-199   62   24     OTHER AUTOMOBILE   1992-199   67   398     UNINNOWIN AUTOMOBILE   1992-199   66   41     OTHER LIGHT TRUCK   1992-199   67   499     UNINNOWIN VEHICLE   77   499     OTHER LIGHT TRUCK   7   7   499     OTHER LIGHT TRUCK   7   7   499     OTHER LIGHT TRUCK   7   7   499     OTHER AUTOMOBILE   1900-1998   9573   398     OTHER AUTOMOBILE   1900-1998   9573   398     OTHER AUTOMOBILE   1900-1998   9573   398     OTHER AUTOMOBILE   10CLUDES   YEAR   0RACLE   SAS     OTHER AUTOMOBILE   10CLUDES   1967-1973   6489   34     OTHER AUTOMOBILE   1967-1973   6489   34     OTHER MEDIUMHEAVY COE LOW   1967-1973   6489   34     OTHER MEDIUMHEAVY COE LOW   1967-1974   6495   38     OTHER MEDIUMHEAVY COE ENTRY   1967-1973   6495   39     OTHER MEDIUMHEAVY COE ENTRY   1967-1973   1967-1973   1967-1973   1967-1973   1967-1973   1967-1973   1967-1973   1967-1973   1967-1973   19	TALON		1990-199	8 67	37
MEDALLION   1988-1990   62   44   45   45   45   45   45   45   4	PREMIER	LX, ES	1988-199	2 63	40
DTHER AUTOMOBILE					
NAME   1992-1998   64 41		DL, LX	1988-199		
SUMBANDEL   INCLUDES   YEAR   ORACLE   SAS   ORACLE   SAS					
OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE         73         498           UNKNOWN VEHICLE         75         999           2905 EXCALIBER         MODEL         INCLUDES         YEAR         ORACLE         SAS           OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         1900-1998         9573         398           OTHER AUTOMOBILE SUPERAMERICA         1000-1998         9573         398           OTHER AUTOMOBILE SUPERAMERICA         21027         35           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE SUPERAMERICA         21027         35           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE SUPERAMERICA         21027         35           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE SUPERAMERICA         1967-1975         6487         31           124 (COUPE/SEDAN) SUPERAMERICA         1967-1975         6487         31           124 (COUPE/SEDAN) SUPERAMERICA         1967-1975         6487         35           124 (COUPE/SEDAN) SUPERAMERICA         1967-1975         6487         35           124 (COUPE/SEDAN) SUPERAMERICA         1967-1975         6487         35           124 (COUPE/SPYDER) SUPERAMERICA         1967-1975         6487         31           124 (COUPE/SPYDER) SUPERAMERICA         1967-1973         6489         34           128 (COUPE/SPYDER) SUPERAMERICA         1975-1		WB=99.2"	1992-199		
UNKNOWN VEHICLE 75 999  2905 EXCALIBER  MODEL INCLUDES YEAR ORACLE SAS  OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE  MODEL INCLUDES YEAR ORACLE SAS  OTHER AUTOMOBILE  SUPERAMERICA 210247 35 UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE 248 35  UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE 248 35  124 (COUPE/SEDAN) Sport 1967-1975 6487 31 124 SPIDER/RACER Spider 2000/1500 1966-1993 766 32 BRAVA 131 1975-1982 765 33 850 (COUPE/SPYDER) 1967-1973 6489 31 128 SUPERAMERICA 1975-1982 765 33 UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE 1975-1983 766 32 UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE 1975-1983 768 36 UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE 1979-1983 767 37 OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY COE ENTRY 1989 MEDIUM/HEAVY COE ENTRY 1989 UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TOE ENTRY 1989		2 00.2	.002 .00		
2905 EXCALIBER   MODEL   INCLUDES   YEAR   ORACLE   SAS	UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			74	499
MODEL         INCLUDES         YEAR         ORACLE         SAS           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         1900-1998         9573         398           LUNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         1900-1998         9574         398           6905         FERRARI         FERRARI         YEAR         ORACLE         SAS           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         247         35         35         SUPERAMERICA         210247         35           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         248         35         STAGE         36         STAGE         SAS           124 (COUPE/SEDAN)         Sport         1967-1975         6487         31         124 SPIDERRACER         Spider 2000/1500         1968-1983         766         32         32         35         35         350 (COUPE/SPYDER)         1967-1975         6487         31         35         350 (COUPE/SPYDER)         1967-1975         6489         34         36 <t< td=""><td>UNKNOWN VEHICLE</td><td></td><td></td><td>75</td><td>999</td></t<>	UNKNOWN VEHICLE			75	999
OTHER AUTOMOBILE         1900-1998         9573         398           6905 FERRARI           MODEL         INCLUDES         YEAR         ORACLE         SAS           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         247         35           SUPERAMERICA         210247         35           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         248         35           36 FIAT         YEAR         ORACLE         SAS           124 (COUPE/SEDAN)         Sport         1967-1975         6487         31           124 SPIDER/RACER         Spider 2000/1500         1968-1983         766         32           BRAVA - 131         1975-1982         765         33           850 (COUPE/SPYDER)         1967-1975         6487         34           128         1972-1979         6491         35           X-1/9         1975-1983         768         36           STRADA         1975-1983         768         36           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         709         398           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         709         398           MEDIUM/HEAVY COE HIGH         6493         882           ENTRY         6493         882           M	2905 EXCALIBER				
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE   S74   398   6905   FERRARI	MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE   INCLUDES   YEAR   ORACLE   SAS	OTHER AUTOMOBILE		1900-199	8 9573	398
MODEL         INCLUDES         YEAR         ORACLE         SAS           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         247         35           SUPERAMERICA         210247         35           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         248         35           36 FIAT           MODEL         INCLUDES         YEAR         ORACLE         SAS           124 (COUPE/SEDAN)         Sport         1967-1975         6487         31           124 SPIDER/RACER         Spider 2000/1500         1968-1983         766         32           BRAVA - 131         1975-1982         765         33           850 (COUPE/SPYDER)         1967-1973         6489         34           128         1972-1979         6491         35           X-1/9         1975-1983         768         36           STRADA         1975-1983         768         36           STRADA         1979-1983         768         36           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         770         399           MEDIUM/HEAVY COE LOW         6493         882           ENTRY         6495         890           MEDIUM/HEAVY COE ENTRY         771         898           TRUCK         772	UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE				
OTHER AUTOMOBILE         247         35           SUPERAMERICA         210247         35           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         248         35           36 FIAT           MODEL         INCLUDES         YEAR         ORACLE         SAS           124 (COUPE/SEDAN)         Sport         1967-1975         6487         31           124 SPIDER/RACER         Spider 2000/1500         1968-1983         766         32           BRAVA - 131         1975-1982         765         33           350 (COUPE/SPYDER)         1967-1973         6489         34           128         1972-1979         6491         35           X-1/9         1975-1983         768         36           STRADA         1979-1983         768         36           STRADA         1979-1983         769         38           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         770         399           MEDIUM/HEAVY COE LOW         6493         882           ENTRY         6493         882           ENTRY         6495         890           MEDIUM/HEAVY COE ENTRY         6495         890           OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY         771         898	6905 FERRARI				
SUPERAMERICA   210247   35   248   35   36   FIAT	MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
SUPERAMERICA   210247   35   248   35   36   FIAT	OTHER ALITOMORILE			247	25
NKNOWN AUTOMOBILE   1NCLUDES   YEAR   ORACLE   SAS   124 (COUPE/SEDAN)   Sport   1967-1975   6487   31   124 SPIDER/RACER   Spider 2000/1500   1968-1983   766   32   33   350 (COUPE/SPYDER)   1967-1973   6489   34   128   1972-1979   6491   35   37   37   3850 (COUPE/SPYDER)   1967-1973   6489   34   128   1972-1979   6491   35   37   37   3850 (COUPE/SPYDER)   1975-1983   768   36   36   37   37   37   3850 (COUPE/SPYDER)   1975-1983   768   36   36   37   37   37   37   38   38   38   38					
MODEL   INCLUDES   YEAR   ORACLE   SAS     124 (COUPE/SEDAN)   Sport   1967-1975   6487   31     124 SPIDER/RACER   Spider 2000/1500   1968-1983   766   32     BRAVA - 131   1975-1982   765   33     850 (COUPE/SPYDER)   1967-1973   6489   34     128   1972-1979   6491   35     X-1/9   1975-1983   768   36     STRADA   1975-1983   768   36     STRADA   1979-1983   767   37     OTHER AUTOMOBILE   769   398     UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE   769   398     UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE   769   398     UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE   770   399     MEDIUM/HEAVY COE LOW   6493   882     ENTRY   MEDIUM/HEAVY COE ENTRY   6495   890     OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY COE ENTRY   771   898     TRUCK   UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY   772   899     TRUCK   UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY   773   999     12 FORD					
MODEL         INCLUDES         YEAR         ORACLE         SAS           124 (COUPE/SEDAN)         Sport         1967-1975         6487         31           124 SPIDER/RACER         Spider 2000/1500         1968-1983         766         32           BRAVA - 131         1975-1982         765         33           850 (COUPE/SPYDER)         1967-1973         6489         34           128         1972-1979         6491         35           X-1/9         1975-1983         768         36           STRADA         1979-1983         767         37           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         769         398           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         6493         882           WEDIUM/HEAVY COE LOW         6493         882           ENTRY         6494         883           MEDIUM/HEAVY COE ENTRY POSITION         6495         890           OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK         771         898           UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY         772         899           TRUCK         773         999   12 FORD	36 FIAT				
124 SPIDER/RACER	MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
124 SPIDER/RACER	124 (COUPE/SEDAN)	Sport	1967-197	5 6487	31
BRAVA - 131 1975-1982 765 33 850 (COUPE/SPYDER) 1967-1973 6489 34 128 1972-1979 6491 35 X-1/9 1975-1983 768 36 STRADA 1979-1983 767 37 OTHER AUTOMOBILE 769 398 UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE 769 398 UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE 770 399 MEDIUM/HEAVY COE LOW ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY COE HIGH ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY COE ENTRY POSITION OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY COE ENTRY POSITION OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY COE ENTRY POSITION TRUCK UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE 773 999 TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE 773 999		•			
128       1972-1979       6491       35         X-1/9       1975-1983       768       36         STRADA       1979-1983       767       37         OTHER AUTOMOBILE       769       398         UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE       770       399         MEDIUM/HEAVY COE LOW       6493       882         ENTRY       6494       883         MEDIUM/HEAVY COE HIGH       6494       883         ENTRY       6495       890         POSITION       771       898         TRUCK       772       899         UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY       772       899         TRUCK       773       999		-p			
X-1/9	850 (COUPE/SPYDER)		1967-197	3 6489	34
STRADA       1979-1983       767       37         OTHER AUTOMOBILE       769       398         UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE       770       399         MEDIUM/HEAVY COE LOW       6493       882         ENTRY       6494       883         ENTRY       6495       890         POSITION       771       898         OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY       772       899         TRUCK       100       773       999         12 FORD       FORD       50 <t< td=""><td>128</td><td></td><td>1972-197</td><td>9 6491</td><td>35</td></t<>	128		1972-197	9 6491	35
OTHER AUTOMOBILE       769       398         UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE       770       399         MEDIUM/HEAVY COE LOW       6493       882         ENTRY       6494       883         MEDIUM/HEAVY COE HIGH       6495       890         POSITION       771       898         TRUCK       771       898         UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY       772       899         TRUCK       12       FORD       FORD					
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE       770       399         MEDIUM/HEAVY COE LOW       6493       882         ENTRY       6494       883         ENTRY       6495       890         POSITION       771       898         OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY       772       899         TRUCK       773       999         12       FORD       FORD       FORD			1979-198		
MEDIUM/HEAVY COE LOW ENTRY       6493       882         MEDIUM/HEAVY COE HIGH ENTRY       6494       883         ENTRY       6495       890         POSITION       771       898         TRUCK       772       899         UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK       773       999         12 FORD       FORD       5494       5494					
ENTRY  MEDIUM/HEAVY COE HIGH ENTRY  MEDIUM/HEAVY COE ENTRY POSITION  OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE  12 FORD					
MEDIUM/HEAVY COE ENTRY POSITION OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE  12 FORD				0.00	002
POSITION OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE  12 FORD				6494	883
OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE 773 999				6495	890
UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE 773 999	OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY			771	898
UNKNOWN VEHICLE 773 999  12 FORD	UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY			772	899
				773	999
	12 FORD				

FALCON   Sprint, GT, Futura   1900-1970   6377   21   FAIRLANG   Most, Assertion   1900-1970   6379   2   FAIRLANG   Most, Assertion   1900-1970   6379   2   MUSTANG/MUSTANG    Mach, Boss, Granada, Coto   1966-1973   100   03   THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1980-1980   118   44   THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1980-1981   118   44   THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1980-1983   118   44   THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1980-1983   118   44   THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1980-1983   118   44   THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1977-1979   118   44   THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1977-1979   118   44   THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1977-1979   118   44   THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1977-1979   118   44   THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1977-1979   118   44   THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1977-1979   118   44   THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1977-1979   118   44   THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1977-1979   118   45   TUDICUSTOMIGALAXIE (ALL XIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1977-1979   118   45   TUDICUSTOMIGALAXIE (ALL XIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1977-1979   118   45   TUDICUSTOMIGALAXIE (ALL XIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1977-1979   118   45   TUDICUSTOMIGALAXIE (ALL XIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1977-1979   118   45   TUDICUSTOMIGALAXIE (ALL XIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1977-1979   118   45   TUDICUSTOMIGALAXIE (ALL XIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1977-1979   118   45   TUDICUS					
MUSTANGMUSTANG II	FALCON	Sprint, GT, Futura	1900-1970	6377	1
MUSTANG/ILL SIZES)         Clandar, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila         1984-1998         100         3           THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)         Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila         1992-1996         118         4           THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)         Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila         1992-1996         118         4           THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)         Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila         1958-1971         118         4           THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)         Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila         1958-1971         118         4           THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)         Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila         1977-1979         188         4           LTD II         S. Squire, Brougham         1977-1979         188         4           LTD/LUSTOM/GALAXIE (ALL SIZES)         XL, Landau, Ranch Wagon, Country Squire, S. 500, Brougham         1900-1971         63         7           TLD/DUSTOM/GALAXIE (ALL SIZES)         XL, Landau, Ranch Wagon, Country Squire, S. 500, Brougham         1978-1982         9         6           LD/DUSTOM/GALAXIE (ALL SIZES)         XL, Landau, Ranch Wagon, Country Squire, S. 500, Brougham         1972-1979         6381         7           RANCHERO         Floor, Samana         1972-1979         6381         1			1900-1970		
THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)			1965-1973		
THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)		•			
THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)	` '	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1972-1976		
THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)   Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila   1978-1971   118   4   1   1   4   1   1   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5	•			118	4
THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)	THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1955-1957	118	4
LTD II         S, Squire, Brougham         1977-1979         308         5           LTDICUSTOM/GALAXIE (ALL SL. Landau, Ranch Wagon, Country Squire, S, 500, Brougham, SIZES)         1300-1977         794         6           LTDICUSTOM/GALAXIE (ALL SL. Landau, Ranch Wagon, Country Squire, S, 500, Brougham, SIZES)         1978-1982         7         6           LTDICUSTOM/GALAXIE (ALL SL. Landau, Ranch Wagon, Country Squire, S, 500, Brougham, SIZES)         1983-1986         7         6           RANCHERO         Torino/LTDI Ibased         1900-1971         6381         7           RANCHERO         Flacon/Fairlane based         1900-1977         6384         8           PINTO         Pony, MPG, ESS         1971-1976         6386         10           TORINO/GRAN TORINO/ELITE         GT, Cobra, Sport, Squire, Brougham         1971-1976         6386         10           GRANADA         ESS, Ghia         1971-1976         6386         10         10           GRANADA         ESS, Ghia         1978-1983         87         12           ESCORTIZEP         L, GL, GLX, SS, GT, LX, ZYZ         1981-199         10         10           TEMPO         L, GL, GLX, SS, GT, LX, ZYZ         1981-199         10         17         17           TIVE HUNDRED         TOTA	` ,	Landau, Heritage, Turbo coupe, Elan, Fila	1958-1971	118	4
LTD/CUSTOM/GALAXIE (ALL   XL. Landau, Ranch Wagon, Country Squire, S, 500, Brougham   1978-1982   1988-1985   19	THUNDERBIRD (ALL SIZES)		1977-1979	118	
SIZES   XL GT	LTD II	· · ·	1977-1979	98	5
SIZES			1900-1977	94	6
SIZES			1978-1982	94	6
RANCHERO         Torino/ITD II based         1972-1979         6381         7           RANCHERO         Flacon/Fairlane based         1900-1971         6381         7           RANCHEROK         Grabber         1970-1977         6381         8           PINTO         Pony, MPG, ESS         1971-1980         105         9           TORINO/GRAN TORINO/ELITE         GT, Cobra, Sport, Squire, Brougham         1971-1976         6388         10           GRANADA         ESS, Ghia         1978-1983         6381         17           FAIRMONT         Futura, Sport Coupe         1978-1983         687         12           ESCORT/EXP         L, GL, GLX, Sport, 4X4         1991-1999         101         15           TEMPO         L, GL, GLX, Sport, 4X4         1981-1999         110         17           TAURUS         Mt-S, L, GL, LX, SHO         1986-1989         110         17           FREESTYLE         1981-1991         120         12         12           FUSCION         10cludes SE, SEL, Limited         2029         22         22         22         22         22         22         22         22         22         22         22         22         22         22         22			1983-1986	94	6
RANCHERO         Flacon/Fairdane based         1900-1971         6381         7           MAVERICK         Grabber         1977-1977         6384         8           PINITO         Pony, MPG, ESS         1971-1976         6386         10           TORINO/GRAN TORINO/ELITE         GT, Cobra, Sport, Squire, Brougham         1971-1976         6386         10           GRANADA         ESS, Ghia         1975-1982         6388         11           FAIRMONT         Futura, Sport Coupe         1981-1991         80         13           ESCORT/EXP         L, GL, GLX, SS, GT, LX, ZX2         1981-1991         80         15           TEMPO         L, GL, GLX, SS, GT, LX, ZX2         1981-1991         10         15           TAURUS         Mt-5, L, GL, LX, SHO         1986-1999         110         17           PROBE         GL, LX, GT         1988-1998         6390         18           FIVE HUNDRED         GL, LX, GT         1988-1998         6390         18           FIVE HUNDRED         GL, LX, GT         1988-1998         6390         21         210-29         210-29         210-29         210-29         210-29         210-29         210-29         210-29         210-29         210-29         210-	,	•	1972-1979	6381	7
MAYERICK   Grabber   Pony, MPG, ESS   1971-1976   6384   8   PINTO   Pony, MPG, ESS   1971-1976   6386   70   70   70   70   70   70   70   7	RANCHERO	Flacon/Fairlane based			7
PINTO TORINO/GRAN TORINO/ELITE         Pony, MPG, ESS GT, Cobra, Sport, Squire, Brougham         1971-1980         105         30           GRANADA FAIRMONT         ESS, Ghia         1975-1982         6388         11           FAIRMONT         ESS, Ghia         1975-1982         6388         11           ESCORT/EXP         L, GL, GLX, SS, GT, LX, ZX2         1981-1991         80         13           TEMPO         L, GL, GLX, SS, GT, LX, ZX2         1981-1999         115         15           CROWN VICTORIA         1986-1998         110         17         16           TAURUS         Mt-5, L, GL, LX, SHO         1986-1998         100         18         17           PROBE         GL, LX, GT         1988-1998         609         18         17         18         20         18         18         19         19         19         19         19         19         19         19         19         19         19         19         19         18         19         18         19         18         19         19         19         19         19         19         19         19         19         20         22         12         19         19         20         22         12					
TORINO/GRAN TORINO/ELITE         GT, Cobra, Sport, Squire, Brougham         1971-1976         6386         10           GRANADA         ESS, Ghia         1975-1982         6388         11           FAIRMONT         Futura, Sport Coupe         1978-1983         87         12           ESCORT/EXP         L, GL, GLX, SS, GT, LX, ZX2         1981-1991         80         13           TEMPO         L, GL, GLX, Sport, 4X4         1992-1999         115         15           CROWN VICTORIA         1981-1989         719         16           TAURUS         Mt-5, L, GL, LX, SHO         1986-1989         110         17           PROBE         GL, LX, GT         1988-1998         6390         18           FIVE HUNDRED         174898         21         174898         21           FREESTYLE         174900         22         210249         22           FUSION         10cludes SE, SEL, Limited         26100         25           FLEX         Includes SE, SEL, Limited         1900-1998         6392         32           FIESTA         Sport, Ghia         1976-1980         6392         32           FESTIVA         1900-1998         6392         32           LASER         1990-1					
GRANADA         ESS, Ghia         1975-1982         6388         71           FAIRMONT         Futura, Sport Coupe         1978-1983         87         12           ESCORT/EXP         L, GL, GLX, SS, GT, LX, ZX2         1981-1991         80         13           TEMPO         L, GL, GLX, Sport, 4X4         1992-1999         115         15           CROWN VICTORIA         1986-1989         79         16           TAURUS         Mt-5, L, GL, LX, SHO         1986-1989         110         17           PROBE         GL, LX, GT         1988-1998         630         18           FIVE HUNDRED         174900         22         17489         22           FREESTYLE         174900         22	TORINO/GRAN TORINO/ELITE	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
FAIRMONT					
ESCORT/EXP         L, GL, GLX, SS, GT, LX, ZX2         1981-1991         80         13           TEMPO         L, GL, GLX, Sport, 4X4         1992-1999         115         15           CROWN VICTORIA         1981-1988         79         16           TAURUS         Mt-5, L, GL, LX, SHO         1988-1998         10         17           PROBE         GL, LX, GT         1988-1998         6390         18           FIVE HUNDRED         TY488         21         17480         22           FREESTYLE         17480         22         20         20         20         20         22         12         12         22         12         12         12         22         12         12         22         12         12         12         22         12 </td <td>GRANADA</td> <td>·</td> <td>1975-1982</td> <td>6388</td> <td>11</td>	GRANADA	·	1975-1982	6388	11
TEMPO         L, GL, GLX, Sport, 4X4         1992-1999         115         15           CROWN VICTORIA         1981-1989         79         16           TAURUS         Mt-5, L, GL, LX, SHO         1986-1989         170         17           PROBE         GL, LX, GT         1988-1989         6300         18           FIVE HUNDRED         174898         21           FREESTYLE         174900         22           FUSION         21049         23           EUSION         12069         22           FLEX         Includes SE, SEL, Limited         28100         25           EISTA         Sport, Ghia         1900-1998         639         24           FESTIVA         1988-1993         88         33           LASER         Sport, Ghia         1988-1993         88         33           ASPIRE         1990-1998         639         22         32           ASPIRE         1994-1999         77         36         36           FOCUS         1994-1998         77         36           GT         1512         37         35           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         190-197         6396         40           EXPL	FAIRMONT		1978-1983	87	12
CROWN VICTORIA         1981-1989         79         16           TAURUS         Mt-5, L, GL, LX, SHO         1986-1989         110         17           PROBE         GL, LX, GT         1988-1998         6309         18           FIVE HUNDRED         174898         22         124         22           FREESTYLE         174900         22         22         124         23         22         124         23         22         124         23         22         120         23         22         22         124         23         22         23         22         22         22         22         22         22         22         22         22         22         22         22         23         22         23         23         23         23         23         23         23         23         24         24         24         23         23         23         24	ESCORT/EXP		1981-1991	80	13
TAURUS         Mt-5, L, GL, LX, SHO         1986-1989         110         17           PROBE         GL, LX, GT         1988-1998         630         18           FIVE HUNDRED         174900         22           FREESTYLE         174900         22           FUSION         210249         23           EDGE         232969         24           FLEX         Includes SE, SEL, Limited         1900-198         6392         31           FIESTA         Sport, Ghia         1988-1993         88         33           FESTIVA         1988-1993         6392         32           FESTIVA         1994-1998         6392         32           CONTOUR         1994-1998         639         36           ASPIRE         1994-1998         76         36           FOCUS         1994-1998         76         36           FOCUS         28553         37           GT         1800-1998         76         36           FOCUS         1901-1998         636         36           GY         1901-1998         636         37           GT         1800-1994-1998         76         36           GY	TEMPO	L, GL, GLX, Sport, 4X4	1992-1999	115	15
PROBE         GL, LX, GT         1988-1998         6390         18           FIVE HUNDRED         174898         21           FREESTYLE         174900         22           FUSION         210249         23           EDGE         232969         24           FLEX         Includes SE, SEL, Limited         28100         25           ENGLISH FORD         Cortina         1900-1998         6392         23           FIESTA         Sport, Ghia         1978-1980         92         22           FESTIVA         1988-1993         88         33           LASER         1900-1998         6394         34           CONTOUR         1994-1998         77         35           ASPIRE         1994-1998         77         35           FOCUS         28553         37           GT         1994-1998         76         36           FOCUS         1994-1998         76         35           GT         1900-1997         636         40           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         1802         1900-1997         636         40           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         639         40         40 <td>CROWN VICTORIA</td> <td></td> <td>1981-1989</td> <td>79</td> <td>16</td>	CROWN VICTORIA		1981-1989	79	16
FIVE HUNDRED   17490   22   17490   22   17490   22   17490   22   17490   22   17490   22   17490   22   17490   23   23   23   23   23   23   23   2	TAURUS	Mt-5, L, GL, LX, SHO	1986-1989	110	17
FREESTYLE         174900         22           FUSION         210249         23           EDGE         232969         24           FLEX         Includes SE, SEL, Limited         268100         25           ENGLISH FORD         Cortina         1900-1998         6392         23           FIESTA         Sport, Ghia         1978-1980         92         32           FESTIVA         1988-1993         88         33           LASER         1900-1998         6394         34           CONTOUR         1994-1998         77         35           ASPIRE         1994-1998         77         35           FOCUS         28553         37           GT         158122         38           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         1084         39           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         1085         39           EXPLORER/BRONCO         Bronco         1900-1977         639         40           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-777)         EXPLORER/BRONCO         1990-1998         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-777)         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-777)         1983-1998         6409         421           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-777)         29         1997-1998 <td>PROBE</td> <td>GL, LX, GT</td> <td>1988-1998</td> <td>6390</td> <td>18</td>	PROBE	GL, LX, GT	1988-1998	6390	18
FUSION         210249         23           EDGE         232969         24           FLEX         Includes SE, SEL, Limited         268100         25           ENGLISH FORD         Cortina         1900-1998         6392         32           FIESTA         Sport, Ghia         1978-1980         92         23           FESTIVA         1988-1993         88         33           LASER         1900-1998         6394         34           CONTOUR         1994-1998         77         35           ASPIRE         1994-1998         76         35           ASPIRE         158122         38           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         158122         38           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         1085         39           EXPLORER/BRONCO         Bronco         1900-1977         639         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO         Explorer         1990-1978         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO         Bronco II-Eddie Bauer, XL, XLT, Limited         1983-1989         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         25         25         25         25         25           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         25         25         25	FIVE HUNDRED			174898	21
EDGE         232969         24           FLEX         Includes SE, SEL, Limited         268100         25           ENGLISH FORD         Cortina         1900-1998         6392         31           FIESTA         Sport, Ghia         1978-1980         92         32           FESTIVA         1988-1993         6394         33           LASER         1900-1998         6394         34           CONTOUR         1994-1998         77         35           ASPIRE         1994-1998         77         35           FOCUS         28553         37           GT         158122         38           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         1084         395           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         1090-1977         6395         390           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         Bronco         1900-1977         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         Explorer         1990-1998         6396         401           I/BRONCO (-77)         EXPLORER/BRONCO         Bronco IIEddie Bauer, XL, XLT, Limited         1983-1989         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         1979-1998         6402         421           EXPLORER/	FREESTYLE			174900	22
FLEX         Includes SE, SEL, Limited         268100         25           ENGLISH FORD         Cortina         1900-1998         6392         31           FIESTA         Sport, Ghia         1978-1980         92         32           FESTIVA         1988-1993         88         33           LASER         1900-1998         639         34           CONTOUR         1994-1998         77         35           ASPIRE         1994-1998         76         36           FOCUS         28553         37           GT         158122         38           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         108         398           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         108         398           EXPLORER/BRONCO         Bronco         1900-1977         6396         401           I/BRONCO (-77)         EXPLORER/BRONCO         Explorer         1990-1998         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         37078         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         37078         401           ESCAPE         37748         402           BRONCO (-71)         1997-1998         640         421           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77) <t< td=""><td>FUSION</td><td></td><td></td><td>210249</td><td>23</td></t<>	FUSION			210249	23
ENGLISH FORD         Cortina         1900-1998         6392         31           FIESTA         Sport, Ghia         1978-1980         92         32           FESTIVA         1988-1993         88         33           LASER         1900-1998         6394         34           CONTOUR         1994-1998         77         35           ASPIRE         1994-1998         76         36           FOCUS         28553         37           GT         158122         38           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         1084         398           EXPLORER/BRONCO         Bronco         1900-1977         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         Explorer         1900-1977         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         Explorer         1990-1998         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         1990-1998         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         EXCAPE         37748         402           BRONCO-FULLSIZE         Eddie Bauer, Custom, XL, XLT         197-1998         6402         422           EXPEDITION         1997-1998         6402         422           EXC	EDGE			232969	24
FIESTIA         Sport, Ghia         1978-1980         92         32           FESTIVA         1988-1993         88         33           LASER         1900-1998         6394         34           CONTOUR         1994-1998         77         35           ASPIRE         1994-1998         76         36           FOCUS         28553         37           GT         158122         38           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         1084         398           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         1085         399           EXPLORER/BRONCO (177)         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (177)         EXPLORER/BRONCO (177)         1990-1997         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (177)         Bronco III-Eddie Bauer, XL, XLT, Limited i/BRONCO (177)         1983-1989         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (177)         Bronco III-Eddie Bauer, XL, XLT, Limited i/BRONCO (177)         1978-1989         6402         421           EXPLORER/BRONCO (1977)         EXELER (1980)         401         401         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (1977)         37748         402         402         402         402           BRONCO (1977)         401         402         402	FLEX	Includes SE, SEL, Limited		268100	25
FESTIVA         1988-1993         88         33           LASER         1900-1998         6394         34           CONTOUR         1994-1998         77         35           ASPIRE         1994-1998         76         36           FOCUS         28553         37           GT         158122         38           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         108         399           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         1090-1977         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-777)         1900-1977         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-777)         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-777)         1983-1989         6396         401           ESCAPE         8 ronco IIEddie Bauer, XL, XLT, Limited (1984-1988)         1983-1989         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-777)         1983-1989         6400         421         422           ESCAPE         37748         402         421           EXPLOTION         1997-1998         6400         421           EXPLORER/BRONCO-FULLSIZE         Eddie Bauer, Custom, XL, XLT         1997-1998         6400         421           EXPLORER/BRONCO-FULLSIZE         Eddie Bauer, Custom, XL, XLT         1997-1998         6400         421	ENGLISH FORD	Cortina	1900-1998	6392	31
LASER       1900-1998       6394       34         CONTOUR       1994-1998       77       35         ASPIRE       1994-1998       76       36         FOCUS       28553       37         GT       158122       38         OTHER AUTOMOBILE       1084       398         UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE       1085       399         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)       590       401         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)       590       402         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)       590       401         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)       590       402         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)       590       402         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)       590       402         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)       590       <	FIESTA	Sport, Ghia	1978-1980	92	32
CONTOUR         1994-1998         77         35           ASPIRE         1994-1998         76         36           FOCUS         28553         37           GT         158122         38           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         1084         398           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         1085         399           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         1900-1977         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         Explorer         1990-1998         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         1983-1989         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         800         1993-1998         6400         421           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         900         1993-1998         6400	FESTIVA		1988-1993	88	33
ASPIRE FOCUS  GT  OTHER AUTOMOBILE  UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE  UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE  EXPLORER/BRONCO ii/BRONCO (-77)  EXPLORER/BRONCO bronco  EXPLORER/BRONCO ii/BRONCO (-77)  EXPLORER/BRONCO ii/BRONCO ii/BRONCO (-77)  EXPLORER/BRONCO bronco  EXPLORER/BRONCO ii/BRONCO ii/BRONCO ii/BRONCO (-77)  EXPLORER/BRONCO ii/BRONCO ii/BRONCO ii/BRONCO (-77)  EXPLORER/BRONCO ii/BRONCO ii/BRONCO ii/BRONCO ii/BRONCO (-77)  EXPLORER/BRONCO ii/BRONCO ii/BRONC	LASER		1900-1998	6394	34
FOCUS         28553         37           GT         158122         38           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         1084         398           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         1085         399           EXPLORER/BRONCO         Bronco         1900-1977         6396         401           ii/BRONCO (-77)         EXPLORER/BRONCO         1990-1998         6396         401           ii/BRONCO (-77)         EXPLORER/BRONCO         1983-1989         6396         401           ii/BRONCO (-77)         37748         402           BRONCO-FULLSIZE         Eddie Bauer, Custom, XL, XLT, Limited         1978-1998         6400         421           EXPEDITION         1997-1998         6402         422           EXCURSION         37078         431           AEROSTAR         XLT, Cargo Van         1984-1998         6404         441           WINDSTAR         1994-1998         6406         442	CONTOUR		1994-1998	77	35
GT       158122       38         OTHER AUTOMOBILE       1084       398         UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE       1085       399         EXPLORER/BRONCO ii/BRONCO (-77)       Bronco       1900-1977       6396       401         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)       Explorer       1990-1998       6396       401         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)       Bronco IIEddie Bauer, XL, XLT, Limited       1983-1989       6396       401         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)       ESCAPE       37748       402         BRONCO-FULLSIZE       Eddie Bauer, Custom, XL, XLT       1978-1998       6400       421         EXPEDITION       1997-1998       6402       422         EXCURSION       37078       431         AEROSTAR       XLT, Cargo Van       1984-1998       6404       441         WINDSTAR       1994-1998       6406       442	ASPIRE		1994-1998	76	36
OTHER AUTOMOBILE       1084       398         UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE       1085       399         EXPLORER/BRONCO ii/BRONCO (-77)       Bronco       1900-1977       6396       401         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)       Explorer       1990-1998       6396       401         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)       Bronco IIEddie Bauer, XL, XLT, Limited       1983-1989       6396       401         EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)       BRONCO (-77)       1978-1989       6402       421         ESCAPE       37748       402         BRONCO-FULLSIZE       Eddie Bauer, Custom, XL, XLT       1978-1998       6402       421         EXPEDITION       1997-1998       6402       422         EXCURSION       37078       431         AEROSTAR       XLT, Cargo Van       1984-1998       6404       441         WINDSTAR       1994-1998       6406       442	FOCUS			28553	37
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         1085         399           EXPLORER/BRONCO ii/BRONCO (-77)         Bronco         1900-1977         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO ii/BRONCO (-77)         Explorer         1990-1998         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         Bronco IIEddie Bauer, XL, XLT, Limited         1983-1989         6396         401           ii/BRONCO (-77)         SCAPE         37748         402           BRONCO-FULLSIZE         Eddie Bauer, Custom, XL, XLT         1978-1998         6400         421           EXPEDITION         1997-1998         6402         422           EXCURSION         37078         431           AEROSTAR         XLT, Cargo Van         1984-1998         6404         441           WINDSTAR         1994-1998         6406         442	GT			158122	38
EXPLORER/BRONCO ii/BRONCO (-77)         Bronco         1900-1977         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO ii/BRONCO (-77)         Explorer         1990-1998         6396         401           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         Bronco IIEddie Bauer, XL, XLT, Limited         1983-1989         6396         401           ii/BRONCO (-77)         37748         402           BRONCO-FULLSIZE         Eddie Bauer, Custom, XL, XLT         1978-1998         6400         421           EXPEDITION         1997-1998         6402         422           EXCURSION         37078         431           AEROSTAR         XLT, Cargo Van         1984-1998         6404         441           WINDSTAR         1994-1998         6406         442	OTHER AUTOMOBILE			1084	398
ii/BRONCO (-77)           EXPLORER/BRONCO (-77)         Explorer         1990-1998         6396         401           ii/BRONCO (-77)         Bronco IIEddie Bauer, XL, XLT, Limited         1983-1989         6396         401           ii/BRONCO (-77)         37748         402           BRONCO-FULLSIZE         Eddie Bauer, Custom, XL, XLT         1978-1998         6400         421           EXPEDITION         1997-1998         6402         422           EXCURSION         37078         431           AEROSTAR         XLT, Cargo Van         1984-1998         6404         441           WINDSTAR         1994-1998         6406         442	UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			1085	399
ii/BRONCO (-77)         EXPLORER/BRONCO (ii/BRONCO (-77)       Bronco IIEddie Bauer, XL, XLT, Limited       1983-1989       6396       401         ESCAPE       37748       402         BRONCO-FULLSIZE       Eddie Bauer, Custom, XL, XLT       1978-1998       6400       421         EXPEDITION       1997-1998       6402       422         EXCURSION       37078       431         AEROSTAR       XLT, Cargo Van       1984-1998       6406       442         WINDSTAR       1994-1998       6406       442		Bronco	1900-1977	6396	401
EXPLORER/BRONCO ii/BRONCO (-77)       Bronco IIEddie Bauer, XL, XLT, Limited       1983-1989       6396       401         ESCAPE       37748       402         BRONCO-FULLSIZE       Eddie Bauer, Custom, XL, XLT       1978-1998       6400       421         EXPEDITION       1997-1998       6402       422         EXCURSION       37078       431         AEROSTAR       XLT, Cargo Van       1984-1998       6404       441         WINDSTAR       1994-1998       6406       442		Explorer	1990-1998	6396	401
BRONCO-FULLSIZE         Eddie Bauer, Custom, XL, XLT         1978-1998         6400         421           EXPEDITION         1997-1998         6402         422           EXCURSION         37078         431           AEROSTAR         XLT, Cargo Van         1984-1998         6404         441           WINDSTAR         1994-1998         6406         442	EXPLORER/BRONCO	Bronco IIEddie Bauer, XL, XLT, Limited	1983-1989	6396	401
EXPEDITION     1997-1998     6402     422       EXCURSION     37078     431       AEROSTAR     XLT, Cargo Van     1984-1998     6404     441       WINDSTAR     1994-1998     6406     442				37748	402
EXCURSION       37078       431         AEROSTAR       XLT, Cargo Van       1984-1998       6404       441         WINDSTAR       1994-1998       6406       442	BRONCO-FULLSIZE	Eddie Bauer, Custom, XL, XLT	1978-1998	6400	421
AEROSTAR       XLT, Cargo Van       1984-1998       6404       441         WINDSTAR       1994-1998       6406       442			1997-1998	6402	422
WINDSTAR 1994-1998 6406 442				37078	431
	AEROSTAR	XLT, Cargo Van	1984-1998	6404	441
FREESTAR 158120 443	WINDSTAR		1994-1998		442
	FREESTAR			158120	443

E OEDIEO VANIO	Face l'accompany Obstant F450 F050	4000 4000	0.400	101
E-SERIES VANS	Econoline, Clubwagon, Chateau, E150-E350	1900-1998	6408	461
VAN DERIVATIVE	Parcel van	1900-1998	6411	470
RANGER	Supercab, 4X4, STX, Splash: WB=108"	1982-1998	6413	471
RANGER	Supercab, 4X4, STX, Splash: WB=108"	1982-1998	6413	471
COURIER	Imported pickup	1900-1998	6416	472
SPORT TRAC			44658	473
F-SERIES PICKUP	F100-F350	1900-1998	6418	481
OTHER LIGHT TRUCK			1086	498
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			1087	499
F450/550 PICKUP >4536 GVWR			39465	880
MEDIUM/HEAVY CBE	F-5 through F-8, L-series, FT-series	1900-1998	6420	881
MEDIUM/HEAVY COE LOW	C/Ct series	1900-1998	6422	882
ENGRY				
MEDIUM/HEAVY COE HIGH	C/CLT series	1900-1998	6424	883
ENTRY			0.400	004
MEDIUM/HEAVY: UNKNOWN ENGINE			6426	884
MEDIUM/HEAVY: COE			6427	890
ENTRY POSITION			0421	090
OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY			1088	898
TRUCK			1000	000
UNK TYPE TRUCK			27269	899
(LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)				
UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY			1089	899
TRUCK				
MEDIUM BUS	B-series (not van based)	1900-1998	1090	981
OTHER BUS			1091	988
UNKNOWN BUS TYPE			6428	989
OTHER VEHICLE			1092	998
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			1093	999

## 82 FREIGHTLINER/WHITE

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
SPRINTER/ADVANTAGE			104594	461
M-LINE WALK IN VAN			27457	470
OTHER LIGHT TRUCK			27455	498
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			27456	499
MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK BASED MOTORHOME		1900-1998	9691	850
MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE		1900-1998	9693	881
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/LOW ENTRY		1900-1998	9695	882
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/HIGH ENTRY		1900-1998	9697	883
MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKNOWN ENGINE		1900-1998	9699	884
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/ENTRY POSITION		1900-1998	9701	890
MEDIUM/HEAVY - OTHER		1900-1998	9703	898
UNKNOWN LIGHT/MEDIUM/HEAVY			27458	899
BUS CONVENTIONAL ENGINE OUT FRONT			39977	981
BUS FRONT ENGINE/FLAT FRONT			39978	982
BUS REAR ENGINE/FLAT FRONT			39979	983

OTHER BUS UNKNOWN BUS TYPE UNKNOWN VEHICLE			39980 39981 45156	988 989 999
83 FWD MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MEIDUM/HEAVY TRUCK			9705	850
MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/LOW ENTRY			9706 9707	881 882
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/HIGH ENTRY			9708	883
MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKNOWN ENGINE			9709	884
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/ENTRY POSITION			9710	890
MEDIUM/HEAVY - OTHER UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK			9711 32526	898 899
23 GMC				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
CABALLERO/SPRINT	Sierra Madre del Sur, SP	1900-1977	6687	7
CABALLERO/SPRINT	Sierra Madre del Sur, SP	1978-1998	6687	7
ACADIA			232971	8
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			914	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			915	399
JIMMY/TYPHOON/ENVOY	S15 based (100.5" WB)	1983-1998		401
FULLSIZE JIMMY/YUKON	fullsize pikup based	1900-1998		421
SUBURBAN	all models	1900-1998		431
SAFARI (MINIVAN)		1986-1998		441
G-SERIES VAN	Rally Van, Vandura, G15-G35	1900-1998		461
P-SERIES VAN		1900-1998		466
VAN DERIVATIVE		1987-1987		470
S15/T15/SONOMA	4X4, Cyclone	1982-1998		471
CANYON	CAE COE MAE MOE DAE DOE MAE MOE CIEDDA	1000 1000	158124	472
C, K, R, V-SERIES PICKUP	C15-C35, K15-K35, R15-R35, V15-V35, SIERRA	1900-1998		481
OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			916 917	498 499
MEDIUM/HEAVY CBE	W5000/6000/7000 series, Brigadier/General models	1900-1998		881
MEDIUM/HDAVY COE LOW ENTRY	W6000/W7000, all other COE, low entry	1900-1998		882
MEDIUM/HEAVY COE HIGH ENTRY	Astro 95, all other COE, high entry	1900-1998	6713	883
MEDIUM/HEAVY: UNKNOWN ENGINE		1900-1998	6715	884
MEDIUM/HEAVY: COE ENTRY POSITION			6717	890
OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK			918	898
UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)			27270	899
UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK			919	899

MEDIUM BUS OTHER BUS UNKNOWN BUS TYPE UNKNOWN VEHICLE	B6000	1900-1998	920 921 6718 922	981 988 989 999
25 GRUMMAN				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
LLV STEP-IN VAN OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK - CBE	Postal vehicles (see Chevrolet for VIN) Multi-stop, step van	1900-1998 1900-1998	926 927 6731	441 442 498 499 881
MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK - COE LOW ENTRY			6732	882
MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK - COE HIGH ENTRY			6733	883
MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK UNKNOWN ENGINE			6734	884
MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK ENTRY POSITION			6735	890
OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK			928	898
UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)			27271	899
UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY			929	899
TRUCK BUS-FLAT FRONT, REAR	Transit	1900-1998	6736	983
ENGINE OTHER BUS			930	988
UNKNOWN BUS TYPE UNKNOWN VEHICLE			6738 931	989 999
ONNINOWN VEHICLE			331	333
72 HARLEY-DAVIDS	NC			
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MOTORCYCLE (000-050CC) MOTORCYCLE (051-124CC) MOTORCYCLE (125-349CC) MOTORCYCLE (350-449CC) MOTORCYCLE (450-749CC) MOTORCYCLE (750CC-OVER)			324 325 326 327 328 329	701 702 703 704 705 706
MOTORCYCLE (UNKNOWN			330	709
CC) OTHER MOTORED CYCLE			331	798
UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE			332	799
6906 HILLMAN				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			249	36
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			250	36

## 9806 HINO

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/ENTRY POSITION			9781 9785	806 806
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/HIGH ENTRY			9783	806
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/LOW ENTRY			9782	806
MEDIUM/HEAVY - OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKNOWN ENGINE			9786 9784	806 806
MEDIUM/HEAVY BASED MOTORHOME			9780	806
37 HONDA				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
CIVIC/CRX/DEL SOL	1300, 1500, CVCC, DX, EX, VX, CRX, S, Si, HF, 4WD Wagon	1900-1998	775	31
CIVIC/CRX/DEL SOL	del Sol	1993-1998	775	31
ACCORD	LX, CVCC, SE-i, LX-i, EX, EX wagon	1900-1981	774	32
ACCORD	LX, CVCC, SE-i, LX-i, EX, EX wagon, 6 cylinder LX/EX	1987-1998	774	32
ACCORD	LX, CVCC, SE-i, LX-i, EX, EX wagon	1982-1986	774	32
PRELUDE	Si	1984-1998	651	33
PRELUDE	Si	1980-1983	651	33
600	Coupe, Sedan	1900-1998		34
S2000			31630	35
INSIGHT			37080	37
FCX			158126	38
FIT			210251	39
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			653	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE		1004 1009	654 6506	399
PASSPORT CR-V		1994-1998		401
ELEMENT		1997-2000	146526	402 403
PILOT			146528	421
ODYSSEY		1995-1998		441
RIDGELINE		.000 .000	174902	471
OTHER LIGHT TRUCK			655	498
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			656	499
MOTORCYCLE (000-050CC)			657	701
MOTORCYCLE (051-124CC)			658	702
MOTORCYCLE (125-349CC)			659	703
MOTORCYCLE (350-449CC)			660	704
MOTORCYCLE (450-749CC)			661	705
MOTORCYCLE (750CC-OVER)			662	706
MOTORCYCLE (UNKNOWN CC)			663	709
ATC/ATV (000-050CC)			664	731
ATC/ATV (051-124CC)			665	732
ATC/ATV (125-349CC)			666	733
ATC/ATV (350CC-OVER)			667	734
ATC/ATV (UNKNOWN CC)			668	739

OTHER MOTORED CYCLE UNKNOWN VEHICLE			46435 670	798 999
2907 HUDSON				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE		1900-1998 1900-1998		398 398
232974 HYOSUNG				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
OTHER MOTORED CYCLE UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE			232996 233002	798 799
55 HYUNDAI				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
PONY EXCEL SONATA SCOUPE ELANTRA ACCENT TIBURON XG300/350 AZERA EQUUS GENESIS OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE SANTA FE TUCSON VERACRUZ ENTOURAGE OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE	GL, GLS 3.8, 4.6	1984-1988 1984-1994 1989-1998 1991-1998 1995-1998 1997-1998	480 482 7880 7882 7884	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 398 399 401 402 403 441 498 499 999
8 IMPERIAL MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
IMPERIAL IMPERIAL OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN VEHICLE	Lebaron Mark Croww, Frank Sinatra editions	1900-1976 1981-1983	6297	10 10 398 399 999
67602 INDIAN				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS

MOTORCYCLE (000-050CC) MOTORCYCLE (051-124CC) MOTORCYCLE (125-349CC) MOTORCYCLE (350-449CC) MOTORCYCLE (450-749CC) MOTORCYCLE (750CC OR GREATER)	104455 104456 104457 104458 104459	701 702 703 704 705 706
MOTORCYCLE (UNKNOWN CC)	104466	709
OTHER MOTORED CYCLE UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE	104467 104471	798 799

## 58 INFINITI

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR (	ORACLE	SAS
M30		1990-1992	444	31
Q45		1990-1998	445	32
G20		1999-2000	442	33
G20		1991-1996	442	33
J30		1993-1998	443	34
130		1996-1998	7896	35
135			146530	36
G35/G37			146532	37
M35/M45			146534	38
FX35/45/50	FX50 (2009 - )		146536	39
EX35	Includes Journey		260573	40
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			446	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			447	399
QX4		1997-1998	7898	401
QX56			158128	421
OTHER LIGHT TRUCK			7900	498
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			7901	499
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			448	999

## 84 INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER/NAVISTAR

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
SCOUT	Scout II, Utility pu, SS-2, Roadstar, 800 series, Traveler, Terra Traveltop	1900-1998	9632	421
TRAVELALL	1010-1210, 100-200	1900-1998	9634	431
MULTISTOP VAN	Metro RM, 120-160, MS 1210, MS 1510	1900-1998	9636	466
PICKUP	R-100-500, 900A-1500C/D, 1010-1510	1900-1998	9638	481
OTHER LIGHT TRUCK			301	498
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			302	499
TRUCK BASED MOTORHOME			303	850
MEDIUM HEAVY - CBE	Loadstar/Fleetstar, Paystar, CBE Transtar, 4200, S-series Mixer	1900-1998	9641	881
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE LOW ENTRY	CO, VCO, DCO, 190-1950, Cargostar, LFM, 5370 (Garbage)	1900-1998	9643	882
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE HIGH ENTRY	DCO, DCOT, UCO, VCOT, 405-series, COE Transtar, Unistar, Conco 707B, 9600	1900-1998	9645	883
MEDIUM/HEAVY: UNKNOWN ENGINE			9647	884

MEDIUM/HEAVY: COE ENTRY POSITION			9648	890
OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK	Fire Truck - R140-R306, CO 8190-	1900-1998	231	898
UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)			27275	899
UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK			232	899
BUS BASED MOTOHOME CONVENTIONAL BUS	R153-1853 - Loadstar, 1603-1853	1900-1998	25907 9649	950 981
BUS-FLAT FRONT, FRONT	173FC, 183FC	1900-1998		982
ENGINE BUS-FLAT FRONT, REAR ENGINE	183RE, 193RD-transit	1900-1998	9653	983
OTHER BUS			234	988
UNKNOWN BUS TYPE			32531	989
OTHER VEHICLE			235	998
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			236	999
38 ISUZU				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
I-MARK	S, RS, Turbo	1985-1989	672	31
IMPULSE	Turbo, RS	1984-1998	673	32
STYLUS		1990-1998		33
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			680	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			681	399
TROOPER/TROOPER II	Deluxe, LS	1984-1998		401
RODEO		1991-1998		402
AMIGO		1989-1994		403
VEHICROSS		.000 .00 .	37454	404
AXIOM			44662	405
ASCENDER			146538	421
OASIS		1996-1998		441
P'UP (PICKUP) HOMBRE	Hombre	1996-1998		471
P'UP (PICKUP) HOMBRE	4x4	1900-1995		471
i-280/i-290	S, LS, Luxury	1000 1000	210258	473
i-350/i-370	LS, Limited, S		210260	474
OTHER LIGHT TRUCK	LO, Limitou, O		682	498
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			683	499
MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE			6517	
MEDIUM/HEAVY COE LOW ENTRY			6540	882
MEDIUM/HEAVY COE HIGH ENTRY			6519	883
MEDIUM/HEAVY UNKNOWN ENGINE LOCATION			6523	884
MEDIUM/HEAVY COE ENTRY POSITION			6524	890
OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK			684	898
UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)			27272	899
UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK			685	899
CONVENTIONAL FRONT ENGINE			6525	981
FRONT ENGINE/FLAT FRONT			6526	982

	6527 686 6528 687	983 988 989 999
INCLUDES YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
	9736	850
	9737 9738	881 882
	9739	883
	9740	884
	9742	890
	9743 32530	898 899
INCLUDES YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
XJ, C, 340/420 Sedan 1900-1998 2 1900-1998 2, Roadster, 120 1997-1998	688 20220 691 6531 6531 40034 6534 44661 693 694 695	31 32 33 33 34 34 35 398 399 999
	ORACLE	SAS
litary: WB=101" 1900-1966 litary: WB=81" 1900-1966 rambler, Bolde Eagle, Renegade, Laredo, Wrangler: 1967-1998 3=84" rambler, Bolde Eagle, Renegade, Laredo, Wrangler: 1967-1998 3=104" rangler 1986-1998 nited, Loredo, Pioneer, Briarwood 1984-1998 and 1992-1998	233015 233017 233018 6169 6169 6174 6174 6178 6180 45081	1 398 399 401 401 402 402 403 404 404 405 406
	NCLUDES  YEAR  1976-1998 1999-2000 XJ, C, 340/420 Sedan 2 1900-1998 2, Roadster, 120  1900-1998 1997-1998  NCLUDES  YEAR  (itary: WB=101" itary: WB=81" 1900-1966 itary: WB=81" 1900-1966 1967-1998 3=34" 1900-1966 1967-1998 3=104" 1967-1998 3=104" 1968-1998 3=104" 1968-1998 3=104" 1986-1998 3=104" 1986-1998 3=104" 1986-1998 3=104" 1986-1998 3=104" 1986-1998 3=104" 1986-1998 3=104" 1986-1998 3=104" 1986-1998 3=104" 1986-1998 3=104" 1986-1998 3=104" 1986-1998 3=104" 1986-1998 3=104" 1986-1998 3=104" 1986-1998	NCLUDES  YEAR  ORACLE  9736  9737  9738  9739  9740  9742  9742  9743  32530  NCLUDES  YEAR  ORACLE  1976-1998  688 1999-2000  20220 1900-1998 6531 22, Roadster, 120  1900-1998 6531 40034 1997-1998 6534 44661 44661 44661 4907-1998 6534 44661 4907-1998 6534 44661 4907-1998 6534 44661 4907-1998 6534 693 693 694 695  NCLUDES  YEAR  ORACLE  233015 23017 233017 233017 233018 693 694 695  NCLUDES  NCLUDES  YEAR  ORACLE  1900-1998 6531 2030-1998 6534 44661 44661 4907-1998 6534 44661 693 693 694 695  NCLUDES  NCLUDES  YEAR  ORACLE  1967-1998 6534 694 695  NCLUDES  1967-1998 6174 986-1998 6174 986-1998 6174 986-1998 6174 981-1998 6174 981-1998 981-1988 981-1998

PATRIOT CHEROKEE (1963 - 1983) GRAND WAGONEER GRAND WAGONEER PICKUP COMANCHE COMANCHE OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE	Wide Track, Chief, Commando, Jeepster Custom, Bougham Limited Wagoneer J-10, J-20, Honcho Chief: WB=119" Chief: WB=111"	1963-198 1971-199 1971-199 1900-199 1986-199	6186 6186 6189 62 6191	407 421 431 431 481 482 482 498 499 999
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
HEALY OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE  73 KAWASAKI		1900-199	9603 251 252	37 37 37
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MOTORCYCLE (000-050CC) MOTORCYCLE (051-124CC) MOTORCYCLE (125-349CC) MOTORCYCLE (350-449CC) MOTORCYCLE (350-449CC) MOTORCYCLE (450-749CC) MOTORCYCLE (750CC-OVER)  MOTORCYCLE (UNKNOWN CC) ATC/ATV (000-050CC) ATC/ATV (051-124CC) ATC/ATV (125-349CC) ATC/ATV (125-349CC) ATC/ATV (UNKNOWN CC) OTHER MOTORED CYCLE UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE			333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346	701 702 703 704 705 706 709 731 732 733 734 739 798 799
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK BASED MOTORHOME MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/LOW ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/HIGH ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKNOWN ENGINE MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/ENTRY POSITION MEDIUM/HEAVY - OTHER			9712 9713 9714 9718 9719 9720 9721	850 881 882 883 884 890

UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY 32527 899 TRUCK

63 KIA

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR ORACLE	SAS
SEPHIA SPECTRA RIO/RIO 5 OPTIMA AMANTI RONDO SOUL FORTE OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE SPORTAGE SORENTO SEDONA OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE		1900-1998 471 38480 38482 38484 158130 233021 269675 270415 473 474 1996-1998 472 146540 45083 475 304	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 398 399 401 402 441 498 499 999
232985 KTM MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR ORACLE	SAS
OTHER MOTORED CYCLE UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE 6919 LADA		233003 233004	798 799
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR ORACLE	SAS
OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE  6908 LAMBORGHINI		286 287	53 53
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR ORACLE	SAS
COUNTACH 5000S  JALPA  OTHER AUTOMOBILE  UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE		1900-1998 9605 1900-1998 9607 253 254	38 38 38 38
40 LANCIA MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR ORACLE	SAS
BETA SEDAN-HPE BETA COUPE - ZAGATO SCORPION OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE		1900-1980 696 1900-1982 697 1900-1978 6538 698 699	31 32 33 398

UNKNOWN VEHICLE 700 999

### 62 LAND ROVER

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR (	DRACLE	SAS
DISCOVERY (LR)		1994-1998	7914	401
COUNTY LWB (RR) / COUNT CLASSIC (RR)	Count Classic (RR)	1994-1998	7918	421
COUNTY LWB (RR) / COUNT CLASSIC (RR)	County LWB (RR)	1900-1994	7918	421
4.0 SE (RR)		1995-1998	7922	422
DEFENDER 90 (LR)		1994-1998	7916	422
FREELANDER			146542	422
LR3			174906	423
LR2			233023	424
OTHER LIGHT TRUCK			468	498
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			469	499
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			470	999

### 59 LEXUS

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
ES-250/300/330/350		1990-1998	449	31
LS	Includes 400/430/460/L/600h/L		452	32
SC-300/SC-400	2-door Coupe	1992-1998	453	33
GS-300/350/400/430/450h	Includes Hybrid		451	34
IS-250/300/350/500			37082	35
SC 430			133514	36
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			455	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			456	399
RX300		1999-2000	20801	401
GX470			146552	402
RX330/350/400h	Hybrid, Thundercloud, Mark Levinson Package		263711	403
LX 450/470			7906	421
OTHER LIGHT TRUCK			7908	498
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			7909	499
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			457	999

#### 13 LINCOLN

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR (	ORACLE	SAS
CONTINENTAL/TOWN CAR	Continental	1900-1979	1099	1
CONTINENTAL/TOWN CAR	Town Car	1982-1998	1099	1
CONTINENTAL/TOWN CAR	Continental	1980-1981	1099	1
MARK	VI	1980-1983	1096	2
MARK	VII	1993-1998	1096	2
MARK	VII	1984-1998	1096	2
MARK	LSC, all Signature/Designer Series	1971-1980	1096	2
MARK	I, II, III, IV, V	1900-1970	1096	2
CONTINENTAL (82-ON)	All Signature/Designer Series	1988-1998	6438	5
CONTINENTAL (82-ON)	All Signature/Designer Series	1982-1987	6438	5
VERSAILLES		1977-1980	1100	11
LS		2000-2000	20803	12
ZEPHYR / MKZ			210264	13

MKX MKS OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE AVIATOR NAVIGATOR BLACKWOOD MARK LT OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE		1997-1998	233036 233038 1101 1102 146554 3 6441 44663 174909 6443 6444 1103	14 15 398 399 401 421 481 482 498 499
6909 LOTUS	INCLUDES	VEAD	OBACLE	040
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
ELISE ESPRIT EUROPE OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE  86 MACK		1900-1998 1900-1998		39 39 39 39 39
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MEDIUM/HEAVY BASED MOTORHOME MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/LOW ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/HIGH ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKNOWN ENGINE MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/ENTRY POSITION MEDIUM/HEAVY - OTHER UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK			9722 9723 9724 9725 9726 9727 9728 32528	850 881 882 883 884 890 898
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/ENTRY POSITION MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/HIGH ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/LOW ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY - OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKNOWN ENGINE MEDIUM/HEAVY BASED MOTORHOME		-	9795 9799 9797 9796 9800 9798	898 898 898 898 898 898 898

## 6910 MASERATI

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
BITURBO OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE		1900-1998	9613 257 258	40 40 40
41 MAZDA				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
RX2		1972-1974	6553	31
RX3		1972-1978	6555	32
RX4		1974-1978		33
RX7	S, GS, GSL, SE	1979-1998		34
GLC/PROTEGE/323	Protege	1990-1998	701	35
GLC/PROTEGE/323	323	1977-1994	701	35
GLC/PROTEGE/323	DX	1977-1998	701	35
COSMO		1976-1978	6559	36
626	GT, GS, GSL, SE	1979-1998	702	37
808		1972-1977	6563	38
MIZER		1976-1976	6565	39
R-100		1900-1972	6567	40
616/618		1900-1972	6569	41
1800		1900-1972		42
929		1988-1996		43
MX-6	Turbo	1988-1998		44
MIATA		1990-1998		45
MX-3	GS	1992-1998		46
MILLENIA		1995-1998		47
MP3			45085	48
RX-8			146556	49
MAZDA 6			146558	50
MAZDA3			158132	51
MAZDA 5			210266	52
CX-7			210268	53
CX9			233040	54
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			715	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE		1001 1000	716	399
NAVAJO		1991-1998		401
TRIBUTE		1000 1000	31624	402
MPV	O   D   D   1000	1989-1998		441
MAZDA PICKUP	Cab Plus, B-4000	1994-1998		471
MAZDA PICKUP OTHER LIGHT TRUCK	B-2000, B-2200, B-2600, SE-5, LX	1900-1998	704 717	471 498
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE			718 719	499 999
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			719	999
42 MERCEDES BENZ	1			
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
200/220/230/240/250/260/280/3	Sedan and 5 passenger "C" only, SE, CD, D, SD, TD, TE, CE,	1900-1998	725	31
00/320 SE,CD,D,SD,E	E, (DOES NOT include 280 SE) (75 on)			
230/280 SL	2 seater only	1900-1998		32
300/350/380/450/500SL/560SL	300/500 SL	1990-1994	632	33

300360/380/450/500SL/560SL   2 seater only   1900-1994   632   33 530/380/420/5060/SLC   1900-1998   6353   34 520/380/380/540/500SC   1900-1998   6353   34 520/380/380/560SEL/500SE   1900-1998   6367   37 5300 SE/380/450 SE   280 SE   1900-1998   631   37 520 SE/380/450 SE   280 SE   1900-1998   632   38 190 SE/380/450 SE   1900-1998   632   48 190 SE/380/450 SE   1900-1998   632   48 190 SE/380/450 SE   2002/280/320/350 SE   2002/280/320 SE   2002/280/320/350 SE   2002/280/320 SE   2002/280/320 SE   200					
280300SEL         1900-1998         616         35           380420/450/5000/560SEL/500SE         1900-1998         621         37           300 SE/380/450 SE         280 SE         1975-1998         621         37           600 SE/380/450 SE         280 S, 300 SD Sedan/350 SD         1900-1998         621         37           600, 6.9 SEDAB         Pullman         1900-1998         623         38           190         DE, 2.3, 2,5         1900-1998         72         40           400/500 E         SE         1992-1998         647         41           5 CLASS         1992-1999         663         48         42           5 CLASS         2105         2105         48           5 CLAS         1994-199         69         49           6 CLAS         1907         49         49           7 CLAS         1997-200         69         49           8 CLASS         1998-299         49         49     <	300/350/380/450/500SL/560SL	2 seater only	1900-1994	632	33
1900-1908   631   361   365	350/380/420/450/560/ SLC		1900-1998	6593	34
C/560SEC/380SED/380SE         280 SE         1975-1998         621         37           300 SE/380/450 SE         280 S, 300 SD Sedan/350 SD         1900-1998         621         37           600, 6.9 SEDAB         Pullman         1900-1998         623         38           300         CE Cabriolet         1993-1998         621         40           400/500 E         SE         1993-1998         641         41           400/500 E         SE         1993-1998         642         42           5 CLASS         1993-1998         641         44           5 LC LASS         22154         44           5 LC LASS         22154         44           5 LK         21027         2158         46           5 LK         2107         2158         46           5 LK         2107         2158         46           6 LK         2107         210         47           6 LK         2107         21         47           6 LK         2107         40         42           6 LK         2107         5         42           6 LK         2107         5         42         42           7 LK	280/300SEL		1900-1998	616	35
300 SE/380/450 SE	380/420/450/500/560SEL/500SE		1900-1998	631	36
300 SE/380/450 SE         280 S, 300 SD Sedan/350 SD         1900-1998         621         37           600, 6.9 SEDAB         Pullman         1900-1998         623         38           190         D, E.2.3, 2.5         1900-1998         727         40           300         CE Cabriolet         1993-1998         644         44           400500 E         SE         1993-1998         644         44           400500 C         SE         1993-1998         644         44           5 CLASS         1993-1998         644         44           5 LC CLASS         2152         43           5 LC CLASS         2152         44           5 LK         2152         44           6 LK         2152         47           6 LK         2152         47           7 CLASS         21073         47           8 LR MCLAREN         17-4911         49           8 CLASS         1907-200         50           CLAS         1997-200         650         40           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         407         49         49           M CLASS         407         450         49         49           VAN DERIVA					
600, 6.9 SEDAB         Pullman         1900-1998         633         38           190         D. E., 23, 2,5         1900-1998         720         39           300         CE Cabriolet         1909-1998         727         40           400/500 E         SE         1992-1998         641         41           220/280/320/320/350 C         SE         1994-1900         636         42           220/280/320/320/350 C         SE         2152         43           SC CLASS         22152         43           SLK         22154         44           SLK         22158         45           CLK         22158         45           CLK         22158         47           E         22160         47           E         210270         50           CLASS         210270         50           CUS CLASS         1997-2000         6597         40           G CLASS         1997-2000         6597         40           G CLASS         1997-2000         47         4509         40           VAN DERIVATIVE         Kurbstar         1997-200         6607         48           WEDIUMHEAVE - CBE			1975-1998	621	37
190         D, E, 2.3, 2.5         1900-1998         720         30           300         CE Cabriolet         1939-1988         727         40           400/500 E         SE         1992-1998         624         44           202/280/320/350 C         2152         43           S CLASS         2152         43           SL CLASS         22156         45           SLK         22158         46           CLK         22163         48           SLR MCLAREN         17911         49           RC-LASS         210272         51           CLS S         1902-200         6597         401           GLASS         490         490           MC GLAS         490         490           MC GLAS         490         490           UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK         490         490           WINFLAM LIGHT TRUCK         490         490           WEDIUMHEAVY - COE	300 SE/380/450 SE	280 S, 300 SD Sedan/350 SD	1900-1998	621	37
300	600, 6.9 SEDAB	Pullman	1900-1998	633	38
MO/500 F	190	D, E, 2.3, 2,5	1900-1998	720	39
200/280/320/350 C   1994-1900   636   42   5	300	CE Cabriolet	1993-1998	727	40
SCLASS         22154         44           SLK         22156         45           CL         22158         46           CLK         22158         46           CLK         22158         46           CLK         22160         47           E         22160         47           SLR MCLAREN         174911         49           R-CLASS         210270         50           CLS CLASS         210270         50           CLS CLASS         490         39           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         639         38           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         498         49           UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK         498         49           VAN DERIVATIVE         498         49           UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK         498         49           UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK         498         49           WEDIUM/HEAVY - COE LOW         660         89           WEDIUM/HEAVY - COE HIGH         660         88           ENTRY         490         49           WEDIUM/HEAVY - LOW LIGHT TRUCK         290         49           WEDIUM/HEAVY - LOW LIGHT TRUCK         290         49           WILLIAM LI	400/500 E	SE	1992-1998	641	41
SL CLASS         22156         44           SLK         22156         46           CL         22158         46           CLK         22168         46           CLK         22163         48           E         22163         48           SLR MCLAREN         21027         5           R-CLASS         210272         5           CLS CLASS         210272         5           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         639         39           MK         1997-200         6597         40           G CLASS         1997-200         6690         49           UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK         1982-199         49         49           MEDIUMHEAVY - COE LOW         6602         82           ENTRY         6602         88           MEDIUMHEAVY - LOW ENGLISH         6612         89           MEDIUMHEAVY - LOW ENTRY         6612         89           POSITION         70         49         89	220/280/320/350 C		1994-1900	636	42
SLK         22156         45           CL         22168         46           CLK         22160         47           E         22163         48           SLR MCLAREN         174911         49           R-CLASS         210272         51           CLS CLASS         210272         51           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         495         398           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         495         399           M         1997-200         6597         410           9 CLASS         499         49         49           UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK         490         490         490           VAN DERIVATIVE         Kurbstar         1982-199         6600         470           OTHER LIGHT TRUCK         496         498 <td>S CLASS</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>22152</td> <td>43</td>	S CLASS			22152	43
CL         22158         46           CLK         22160         47           E         22163         48           SLR MCLAREN         1174911         49           R-CLASS         210270         50           CLS CLASS         210272         51           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         495         399           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         495         399           M         1997-200         507         401           G CLASS         490         490         402           VAN DERIVATIVE         Kurbstar         1982-1998         6600         490           UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK         496         498           UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK         497         499           MEDIUMHEAVE - CBE         6602         881           MEDIUMHEAVY - COE LOW         6602         881           ENTRY         6602         881           MEDIUMHEAVY: UNKNOWN         496         498           ENTRY         490         890           MEDIUMHEAVY: COE HIGH         5060         881           ENTRY         498         890           UNKYOE TRUCK         501         980           UNKYOE TRUCK <td>SL CLASS</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>22154</td> <td>44</td>	SL CLASS			22154	44
CLK         22160         47           E         22163         48           SLR MCLAREN         174911         49           R-CLASS         210272         51           CLS CLASS         210272         51           OTHER AUTOMOBILE         639         398           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         499         499           M         1997-200         6597         401           G CLASS         45087         402           VAN DERIVATIVE         Kurbstar         1982-1998         6600         470           OTHER LIGHT TRUCK         490         490           UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK         499         499           MEDIUMHEAVE - CBE         6602         881           MEDIUMHEAVY - COE LOW ENTRY         6602         883           ENTRY         6606         883           MEDIUMHEAVY; UNKNOWN         890         890           MEDIUMHEAVY; UNKNOWN         490         890           ENTRY         490         890           MEDIUMHEAVY; UNKNOWN         890         890           UNK TYPE TRUCK         490         890           UNKNOWN MEDIUMHEAVY         499         890	SLK			22156	45
E       22163       48         SLR MCLAREN       174911       49         R-CLASS       210270       50         CLIS CLASS       210272       51         OTHER AUTOMOBILE       639       398         UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE       495       399         M       1997-2000       6597       401         GC CLASS       45087       401       45087       401         VAN DERIVATIVE       Kurbstar       1982-1998       6600       470         OTHER LIGHT TRUCK       498       490       490         MKDIUM/HEAVE - CBE       6602       881         MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE LOW       6604       882         ENTRY       6604       882         MEDIUM/HEAVY; UNKNOWN       6610       884         ENTRY       6610       884         MEDIUM/HEAVY; UNKNOWN       6610       890         POSITION       27273       890         OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY       499       890         UNK TYPE TRUCK       27273       890         UNK TYPE TRUCK       27273       890         UNK TYPE TRUCK       27273       890         UNK TYPE TRUCK       500       891	CL			22158	46
SLR MCLAREN         174911         49           R-CLASS         210270         50           CLS CLASS         210272         50           CTHER AUTOMOBILE         639         398           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         495         399           M         1997-2000         6597         401           G CLASS         45087         401         45087         401           VAN DERIVATIVE         Kurbstar         1982-1998         6600         470           OTHER LIGHT TRUCK         496         499         499           UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK         497         499           MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE LOW         497         499           MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE HIGH         6604         882           ENTRY         6604         894           MEDIUM/HEAVY; UNKNOWN         6612         896           ENTRY         590         891           MEDIUM/HEAVY; COE ENTRY         6612         892           POSITION         70         499         893           UNK TYPE TRUCK         27273         896           UNK TYPE TRUCK         27273         896           UNK TYPE TRUCK         590         891	CLK			22160	47
R-CLASS CLS CLASS CLS CLASS CLS CLASS CLS CLASS CHER AUTOMOBILE CHER AUTOMOBIL	E			22163	48
CLS CLASS   210772   51     OTHER AUTOMOBILE   639   398     UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE   495   399     M	SLR MCLAREN			174911	49
OTHER AUTOMOBILE         639         398           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         495         399           M         1997-2000         6597         401           G CLASS         4508         4508         4508         470           VAN DERIVATIVE         Kurbstar         1982-1998         6600         470         498           UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK         496         498         498         499         4	R-CLASS			210270	50
OTHER AUTOMOBILE         639         398           UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         495         399           M         1997-2000         6597         401           G CLASS         4508         4508         4508         470           VAN DERIVATIVE         Kurbstar         1982-1998         6600         470         498           UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK         496         498         498         499         4				210272	
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE         495         399           M         1997-2000         6597         401           G CLASS         45087         402           VAN DERIVATIVE         Kurbstar         1982-1998         6600         470           OTHER LIGHT TRUCK         497         499           UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK         497         499           MEDIUM/HEAVE - CBE         6602         881           MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE LOW         6604         882           ENTRY         6605         884           MEDIUM/HEAVY; UNKNOWN         6610         884           ENTRY         6610         884           MEDIUM/HEAVY; UNKNOWN         5612         89           OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY         6612         89           UNK TYPE TRUCK         27273         89           UNK TYPE TRUCK         27273         89           UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY         499         89           TRUCK         501         98           UNKNOWN BUS TYPE         6618         98           UNKNOWN VEHICLE         502         99					
M         1997-2000         6597         401           G CLASS         45087         402           VAN DERIVATIVE         Kurbstar         1982-1998         6600         470           OTHER LIGHT TRUCK         496         498           UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK         497         499           MEDIUM/HEAVY - CDE         6602         881           MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE LIOW ENTRY         6604         882           ENTRY         6606         884           MEDIUM/HEAVY; UNKNOWN ENTRY         6610         884           ENDIUM/HEAVY; COE ENTRY POSITION         6612         89           OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK         498         89           UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)         27273         89           UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK         499         89           MEDIUM BUS         501         98           OTHER BUS         501         98           UNKNOWN BUS TYPE         6618         98           UNKNOWN VEHICLE         502         99					
G CLASS       45087       402         VAN DERIVATIVE       Kurbstar       1982-1998       6600       470         OTHER LIGHT TRUCK       498       498         UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK       497       499         MEDIUM/HEAVE - CBE       6602       881         MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE LOW ENTRY       6606       883         ENTRY       6606       883         MEDIUM/HEAVY; UNKNOWN ENGNE       6612       890         MEDIUM/HEAVY; COE ENTRY POSITION       498       898         OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)       27273       899         UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)       27273       899         UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK       500       981         MEDIUM BUS       501       988         OTHER BUS       501       988         UNKNOWN BUS TYPE       6618       989         UNKNOWN VEHICLE       502       999			1997-2000		
VAN DERIVATIVE         Kurbstar         1982-1998         6600         470           OTHER LIGHT TRUCK         498         498           UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK         497         499           MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE         6602         881           MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE HIGH         6606         882           ENTRY         6606         884           MEDIUM/HEAVY; UNKNOWN ENGINE         6610         884           ENGINE         6610         884           MEDIUM/HEAVY; COE ENTRY POSITION         498         898           OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)         27273         899           UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)         499         891           UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK         500         981           OTHER BUS         501         988           UNKNOWN BUS TYPE         6618         989           UNKNOWN VEHICLE         502         999					
OTHER LIGHT TRUCK         498         498           UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK         497         499           MEDIUM/HEAVE - CBE         6602         881           MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE LOW         6604         882           ENTRY         6606         883           MEDIUM/HEAVY; UNKNOWN         6610         884           ENGINE         6612         890           MEDIUM/HEAVY; COE ENTRY         6612         890           POSITION         498         898           TRUCK         27273         899           UNK TYPE TRUCK         27273         899           UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY         499         899           TRUCK         500         981           OTHER BUS         501         988           UNKNOWN BUS TYPE         6618         989           UNKNOWN VEHICLE         502         999		Kurbstar	1982-1998		
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK         497         499           MEDIUM/HEAVE - CBE         6602         881           MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE LOW         6604         882           ENTRY         6606         883           MEDIUM/HEAVY; UNKNOWN         6610         884           ENGINE         6612         890           MEDIUM/HEAVY: COE ENTRY POSITION         6612         890           OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK         27273         893           UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)         499         899           UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK         499         899           MEDIUM BUS         500         981           OTHER BUS         501         988           UNKNOWN BUS TYPE         6618         989           UNKNOWN VEHICLE         502         999			.002 .000		
MEDIUM/HEAVE - CBE         6602         881           MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE LOW ENTRY         6604         882           ENTRY         6606         883           MEDIUM/HEAVY; UNKNOWN ENGINE         6610         884           MEDIUM/HEAVY; COE ENTRY POSITION         6612         890           OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK         27273         898           TRUCK         27273         899           UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)         499         899           TRUCK         499         899           TRUCK         500         981           OTHER BUS         501         988           UNKNOWN BUS TYPE         6618         989           UNKNOWN VEHICLE         502         999					
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE LOW ENTRY         6604         882           MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE HIGH ENTRY         6606         883           ENTRY         6610         884           MEDIUM/HEAVY; UNKNOWN ENTRY ENDITOR         6612         890           MEDIUM/HEAVY COE ENTRY POSITION         498         898           OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)         27273         899           UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)         499         899           UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK         500         981           OTHER BUS         501         988           UNKNOWN BUS TYPE         6618         989           UNKNOWN VEHICLE         502         999					
ENTRY         MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE HIGH         6606         883           ENTRY         6610         884           MEDIUM/HEAVY; UNKNOWN         6610         884           ENGINE         6612         890           MEDIUM/HEAVY: COE ENTRY POSITION         498         898           OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK         27273         898           UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)         499         899           UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK         499         899           TRUCK         500         981           OTHER BUS         501         988           UNKNOWN BUS TYPE         6618         989           UNKNOWN VEHICLE         502         999					
ENTRY         MEDIUM/HEAVY; UNKNOWN         6610         884           ENGINE         6612         890           MEDIUM/HEAVY; COE ENTRY POSITION         6612         890           OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK         498         898           UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)         27273         899           UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK         499         899           MEDIUM BUS         500         981           OTHER BUS         501         988           UNKNOWN BUS TYPE         6618         989           UNKNOWN VEHICLE         502         999					002
MEDIUM/HEAVY; UNKNOWN ENGINE         6610         884           MEDIUM/HEAVY: COE ENTRY POSITION         6612         890           OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK         498         898           UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)         27273         899           UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK         499         899           MEDIUM BUS         500         981           OTHER BUS         501         988           UNKNOWN BUS TYPE         6618         989           UNKNOWN VEHICLE         502         999	MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE HIGH			6606	883
ENGINE         MEDIUM/HEAVY: COE ENTRY POSITION         6612         890           OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK         498         898           UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)         27273         899           UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK         499         899           MEDIUM BUS         500         981           OTHER BUS         501         988           UNKNOWN BUS TYPE         6618         989           UNKNOWN VEHICLE         502         999	ENTRY				
POSITION         498         898           TRUCK         27273         899           UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)         27273         899           UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK         499         899           MEDIUM BUS         500         981           OTHER BUS         501         988           UNKNOWN BUS TYPE         6618         989           UNKNOWN VEHICLE         502         999				6610	884
OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK       498       898         UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)       27273       899         UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK       499       899         MEDIUM BUS       500       981         OTHER BUS       501       988         UNKNOWN BUS TYPE       6618       989         UNKNOWN VEHICLE       502       999				6612	890
TRUCK       UNK TYPE TRUCK       27273       899         (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)       499       899         UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK       500       981         MEDIUM BUS       501       988         OTHER BUS       501       988         UNKNOWN BUS TYPE       6618       989         UNKNOWN VEHICLE       502       999				498	808
UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)       27273       899         UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK       499       899         MEDIUM BUS       500       981         OTHER BUS       501       988         UNKNOWN BUS TYPE       6618       989         UNKNOWN VEHICLE       502       999				430	030
UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK       499       899         MEDIUM BUS       500       981         OTHER BUS       501       988         UNKNOWN BUS TYPE       6618       989         UNKNOWN VEHICLE       502       999				27273	899
TRUCK         MEDIUM BUS       500       981         OTHER BUS       501       988         UNKNOWN BUS TYPE       6618       989         UNKNOWN VEHICLE       502       999	(LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)				
MEDIUM BUS       500       981         OTHER BUS       501       988         UNKNOWN BUS TYPE       6618       989         UNKNOWN VEHICLE       502       999				499	899
OTHER BUS       501       988         UNKNOWN BUS TYPE       6618       989         UNKNOWN VEHICLE       502       999				500	001
UNKNOWN BUS TYPE         6618         989           UNKNOWN VEHICLE         502         999					
UNKNOWN VEHICLE 502 999					
	ONINOVIN VEHICLE			233042	223
255042				200042	

## 14 MERCURY

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
CYCLONE	GT, CJ, Spoiler	1900-1971	6467	2
CAPRI-DOMESTIC	RS, Turbo, GS, Black Magic	1979-1986	1105	3
COUGAR/XR7	XR-7, RS, LS, GS, Eliminator, Brougham, Villager, (includes all body styles): WB=114"	1977-1979	1109	4

COUGAR/XR7	XR-7, RS, LS, GS, Eliminator, Brougham, Villager, (includes all	1967-1976	1109	4
COUGANARI	body styles)	1907-1970	1109	4
COUGAR/XR7	XR-7, RS, LS, GS, Eliminator, Brougham, Villager, (includes all body styles)	1980-1988	1109	4
COUGAR/XR7	XR-7, RS, LS, GS, Eliminator, Brougham, Villager, (includes all body styles)	1989-1998	1109	4
COUGAR/XR7	XR-7, RS, LS, GS, Eliminator, Brougham, Villager, (includes all body styles): WB=118"	1977-1979	1109	4
MARQUIS/MONTEREY	Marauder, X-100, Parklane, S-55, Custom, Brougham, Montclair, Grand Marquis: WB=106"	1982-1998	1108	6
MARQUIS/MONTEREY	Marauder, X-100, Parklane, S-55, Custom, Brougham, Montclair, Grand Marquis: WB=121"	1900-1978	1108	6
MARQUIS/MONTEREY	Marauder, X-100, Parklane, S-55, Custom, Brougham, Montclair, Grand Marquis: WB=124"	1900-1978	1108	6
MARQUIS/MONTEREY	Marauder, X-100, Parklane, S-55, Custom, Brougham, Montclair, Grand Marquis	1979-1982	1108	6
MARQUIS/MONTEREY	Marauder, X-100, Parklane, S-55, Custom, Brougham, Montclair, Grand Marquis: WB=114"	1982-1998	1108	6
COMET	Caliente, GT, Voyager, 202	1962-1967	6469	8
COMET	Capri	1966-1967	6469	8
COMET	Caliente, GT, Voyager, 202	1971-1977	6469	8
BOBCAT	Runabout, Villager	1975-1980	1104	9
MONTEGO	GT, MX, Villager, Brougham	1968-1973	6473	10
MONTEGO	GT, MX, Villager, Brougham: WB=114"	1972-1976	6473	10
MONTEGO	GT, MX, Villager, Brougham: WB=114"	1972-1976	6473	10
MONTEGO	Comet	1968-1970	6473	10
MONARCH	Ghia	1975-1980	1119	11
ZEPHYR	GS, Z-7	1978-1983	1131	12
LYNX/LN-7 (82-83)	L, LS, GS, RS, XR-3	1981-1987	1113	13
TOPAZ	L, LS, GS, 4 X 4	1984-1998	1124	15
SABLE	LS, GS	1986-1998	1121	17
MONTEGO (2005+)	,		174913	20
MILAN			210274	21
CAPRI-FOREIGN	2 + 2	1989-1994	1106	31
CAPRI-FOREIGN	Capri II	1970-1977	1106	31
PANTERA	deTomaso	1972-1974		33
TRACER	L, GL	1994-1998	1129	36
MYSTIQUE	2, 32	1994-1998	1120	37
COUGAR		1004 1000	22165	38
MARAUDER			146560	39
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			1132	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			1133	399
MOUNTAINEER		1996-1998	6480	401
MARINER		1000 1000	174915	402
VILLAGER	LS, GS	1993-1998	6482	443
MONTEREY (2004+)	20, 00	1333-1330	158134	444
OTHER LIGHT TRUCK			6484	498
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			6485	499
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			1134	999
CIVICIONIA VELITICEE			1104	555
56 MERKUR				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR (	ORACLE	SAS
	- 7			0
XR4Ti	Turbo	1985-1989	487	31
SCORPIO	Turbo	1987-1990	486	32
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			488	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			489	399

UNKNOWN VEHICLE		49	0 999
43 MG			
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR ORACL	E SAS
MIDGET MGB ('76-'79) MGB ('67-'75) MGA TA/TC/TD/TF MGC OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN VEHICLE	GT GT	1976-1979 662 1967-1975 662 1900-1998 662 1900-1969 662 50 50	1 32 3 33 5 34 7 35 9 36 3 398 4 399
143055 MINI			
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR ORACL	E SAS
COOPER,COOPER S		14305	6 54
52 MITSUBISHI			
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR ORACL	E SAS
STARION TREDIA CORDIA GALANT GALANT MIRAGE PRECIS ECLIPSE SIGMA 3000GT DIAMANTE LANCER OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE MONTERO OUTLANDER ENDEAVOR MINIVAN EXPO WAGON EXPO WAGON PICKUP RAIDER/DUROCROSS OTHER LIGHT TRUCK	2+2, LE, Turbo L, LS, Turbo L, Turbo ECS Sigma L, Turbo  Spyder, VR-4  Sport  LS LRV, Sport WB=107.1" LRV, Sport WB=99.2" Mighty Max, SPX, 4 X 4	1983-1990 39 1983-1988 39 1983-1988 38 1985-1998 38 1985-1998 38 1985-1998 38 1990-1998 38 1991-1998 38 1992-1998 681 4643 39 1985-1998 38 14656 15813 1987-1998 39 1992-1995 39 1992-1995 39 1990-1998 38 23304	3 32 33 34 4 34 5 35 7 36 3 37 0 38 1 39 9 40 4 46 7 398 8 399 6 401 2 402 6 403 5 441 6 442 9 471 3 472 9 498
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE LOW ENTRY OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)	FUSO FE	1900-1998 682 40 2727	1 882 1 898

			402	000
UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK CONVENTIONAL FRONT			6823	899 981
ENGINE				
FRONT ENGINE/FLAT FRONT			6825	982
REAR ENGINE/FLAT FRONT OTHER BUS			6827 403	983 988
UNKNOWN TYPE BUS			6829	989
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			6831	999
6911 MORRIS				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MINOR		1900-199	8 9615	41
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			259	41
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			260	41
74 MOTO-GUZZI				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MOTORCYCLE (000-050CC)			347	701
MOTORCYCLE (051-124CC)			348	702
MOTORCYCLE (125-349CC)			349 350	703 704
MOTORCYCLE (350-449CC) MOTORCYCLE (450-749CC)			351	704
MOTORCYCLE (750CC-OVER)			352	706
MOTORCYCLE (UNKNOWN CC)			353	709
ATC/ATV (000-050CC)			354	731
ATC/ATV (051-124CC)			355	732
ATC/ATV (125-349CC)			356	733
ATC/ATV (350CC-OVER) ATC/ATV (UNKNOWN CC)			357 358	734 739
OTHER MOTORED CYCLE			359	798
UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE			360	799
9810 NEOPLAN				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
BUS - CONVENTIONAL FRONT ENGINE			9810	902
BUS - FRONT ENGINE/FLAT			9811	902
FRONT BUS - REAR ENGINE/FLAT			9812	902
FRONT BUS BASED MOTORHOME			9809	902
OTHER BUS			9813	902
35 NISSAN / DATSUN				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS

F10		1977-1978	6855	31
200/240 SX		1984-1998	846	32
200/240 SX		1974-1983	846	32
1200/210/B210	Honeybee	1971-1982	842	33
Z-CAR, ZX	240/260/280Z, 300 ZX, Turbo	1970-1998	849	34
Z-CAR, ZX	2+2	1975-1978	849	34
Z-CAR, ZX	2+2	1979-1998	849	34
310		1979-1982	843	35
510	PL	1968-1973	844	36
510	PL	1978-1981	844	36
610	PL	1973-1976	6857	37
710	PL	1974-1977	6859	38
810/MAXIMA		1977-1998	738	39
	CDI 211 CDI 211 1600 2000 convertible			
ROADSTER	SPL 311, SRL 311, 1600, 2000, convertible	1900-1970	6861	40
PL411, RL411	V5	1900-1967	6863	41
STANZA	XE	1982-1992	756	42
SENTRA		1983-1998	750	43
PULSAR	NX	1983-1990	745	44
PULSAR	EXA	1986-1990	745	44
MICRA		1987-1998	6865	45
NX 1600/2000		1992-1998	742	46
ALTIMA		1993-1999	12227	47
350Z/370Z	370Z included on 11/17/09		158138	48
MURANO			158140	49
VERSA			210276	50
ROGUE	Includes S, SL.		261329	51
CUBE			271535	52
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			758	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			759	399
PATHFINDER		1986-1998	6867	401
		1900-1990		
XTERRA			31619	402
PATHFINDER ARMADA	VE 0VE	4000 4000	158142	421
VAN	XE, GXE	1988-1998	757	441
AXXESS		1989-1990	6833	442
QUEST		1993-1998	747	443
DATSUN/NISSAN	PL620, King Cab, Hardbody	1973-1998	743	471
PU/FRONTIER			450444	404
TITAN	D ( 1/4000)	4000 4000	158144	481
OTHER LIGHT TRUCK	Patrol (1960)	1900-1998	760	498
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			761	499
MEDIUM/HEAVY COE HIGH			6870	883
ENTRY			700	000
OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK			762	898
UNK TYPE TRUCK			27276	899
(LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)			21210	099
UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY			763	899
TRUCK				000
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			764	999
75 NORTON				
	INCLUDES	VEAD (		CAC
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR (	ORACLE	SAS
MOTORCYCLE (000-050CC)			361	701
MOTORCYCLE (051-124CC)			362	702
MOTORCYCLE (125-349CC)			363	703
			303	, 00

MOTORCYCLE (350-449CC) MOTORCYCLE (450-749CC)	364 365	704 705
MOTORCYCLE (750CC-OVER)	366	706
MOTORCYCLE (UNKNOWN CC)	367	709
OTHER MOTORED CYCLE	368	798
UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE	369	799

### 21 OLDSMOBILE

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
CUTLASS (RWD-ONLY)	Supreme, S, LS, Salon, Brougham, Vista Cruiser, Rallye 350, Hurst Olds, 442, Calais	1978-1988	1052	1
CUTLASS (RWD-ONLY)	Supreme, S, LS, Salon, Brougham, Vista Cruiser, Rallye 350, Hurst Olds, 442, Calais	1900-1977	1052	1
CUTLASS (RWD-ONLY)	F85	1900-1972	1052	1
CUTLASS (RWD-ONLY)	Classic	1988-1988	1052	1
DELTA 88	Royale, Custom, Delta, Jetstar 88, Delmont 88, Custom Cruiser	1900-1976	1051	2
DELTA 88	Royale, Custom, Delta, Jetstar 88, Delmont 88, Custom Cruiser	1977-1985	1051	2
DELTA 88	Royale, Custom, Delta, Jetstar 88, Delmont 88, Custom Cruiser	1985-1998	1051	2
DELTA 88	Starfire	1900-1966	1051	2
NINETY-EIGHT	Regency, Luxury	1900-1976	1071	3
NINETY-EIGHT	Regency, Luxury	1977-1984	1071	3
NINETY-EIGHT	Regency, Luxury	1986-1998		3
TORONADO-TROFEO	XSR, Trofeo, Brougham, Custom	1966-1978		5
TORONADO-TROFEO	XSR, Trofeo, Brougham, Custom	1979-1985		5
TORONADO-TROFEO	XSR, Trofeo, Brougham, Custom	1986-1992		5
COMMERCIAL SERIES	Ambulance/Hearse	1900-1998		6
STARFIRE	SX, GT	1975-1980		12
OMEGA	RWD	1975-1979		15
OMEGA	X-body type FWD	1980-1985		15
FIRENZA	S, LS, SX, Cruiser, GT	1982-1988		16
CIERA	Cutlass Ciera, Brougham, ES	1982-1998		17
CALAIS	GT, ES, 500	1985-1991		18
CUTLASS (FWD)	Supreme	1988-1998		20
ACHIEVA	SC	1992-1998		21
AURORA		1994-1998		22
INTRIGUE			22167	23
ALERO			22169	24
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			1081	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			1082	399
BRAVADA		1991-1994		401
SILHOUETTE		1990-1998		441
OTHER LIGHT TRUCK			1083	498
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			853	499
OTHER VEHICLE			854	998
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			855	999
9805 OSHKOSH				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS

MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/ENTRY		9774 9778	805 805
POSITION MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/HIGH		9776	805
ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/LOW		9775	805
ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY - OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKNOWN ENGINE		9779 9777	805 805
MEDIUM/HEAVY BASED MOTORHOME		9773	805
29 OTHER DOMESTIC MANUFACTURER (light			
MODEL INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
OTHER MAKE UNKNOWN MAKE OTHER LIGHT TRUCK OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK		932 933 12917 12919	398 399 498 898
OTHER BUS OTHER VEHICLE		12921 12923	988 998
69 OTHER FOREIGN MANUFACTURER (light			
MODEL INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
OTHER MAKE UNKOWN MAKE OTHER LIGHT TRUCK		12916 32533 12918	398 399 498
15691 OTHER MAKE (med/heavy truck/bus or "other")			
MODEL INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
TRUCK BASED MOTORHOME		26126	850
OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK		12914	898
		25908	950
BUS BASED MOTORHOME OTHER BUS OTHER VEHICLE		12912 12915	988 998
OTHER BUS			
OTHER BUS OTHER VEHICLE	YEAR		998

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
0-50cc 51-124cc 125-349cc 350-449cc 450-749cc 750c or greater Unknown cc ATC/ATV 0-50cc ATC/ATV 51-124cc ATC/ATV 125-349cc ATC/ATV 350cc OR GREATER ATV/ATC UNKNOWN cc		1900-1998 1900-1998 1900-1998 1900-1998 1900-1998	9626 9627 9628 9629 9630	701 702 703 704 705 706 709 731 732 733 734
OTHER MOTORED CYCLE UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE  87 PETERBILT			32516 32517	798 799
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MEDIUM/HEAVY BASED MOTORHOME			9729	850
MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/LOW ENTRY			9730 9731	881 882
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/HIGH ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKNOWN ENGINE			9732 9733	883 884
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/ENTRY POSITION			9734	890
MEDIUM/HEAVY - OTHER UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK			9735 32529	898 899
44 PEUGEOT				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
304 403 404 404 504/505 504/505 604 405 OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE MOTORCYCLE (000-050CC) MOTORCYCLE (051-124CC) MOTORCYCLE (UNKNOWN CC) UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE UNKNOWN VEHICLE	Station Wagon Station Wagon STI, STX, Turbo, S, GL GLS, Liberte SL, D	1971-1973 1900-1967 1900-1970 1900-1970 1970-1997 1977-1984 1989-1997	6637 6639 6639 6642 6642 6645	31 32 33 34 34 35 36 398 399 701 702 709 799

### 9 PLYMOUTH

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
VALIANT/DUSTER/SCAMP	100, 200, Brougham, Signet, Custom, Special, 340/360, Twister: WB=108"	1900-1976	6320	1
VALIANT/DUSTER/SCAMP	100, 200, Brougham, Signet, Custom, Special, 340/360, Twister: WB=111"	1900-1976	6320	1
SATELLITE/BELVEDERE	Belveder I/II, GTX, Roadrunner, Sebring, Sebring Plus, Superbird, Brougham	1900-1974	6323	2
FURY	Salon, VIP, Sport, Suburban	1975-1978	6325	3
FURY	I, II, III	1900-1974	6325	3
FURY	Roadrunner	1975-1975	6325	3
GRAN FURY	Sedan, Brougham, Custom Sport, Suburban	1982-1989	36	4
GRAN FURY	Sedan, Brougham, Custom Sport, Suburban	1975-1981	36	4
BARRACUDA	Formula, S, 340, AAR, 'Cuda, Gran Coupe	1965-1973	6329	5
VOLARE	Custom, Premier, Roadrunner, Police: WB=109"	1976-1980	53	6
VOLARE	Custom, Premier, Roadrunner, Police: WB=113"	1976-1980	53	6
CARAVELLE	Turbo, SE	1985-1989	29	7
HORIZON	Duster	1985-1990	40	8
HORIZON	TC-3, Miser, Turismo 2.2, Custom, SE, America Expo	1978-1990	40	8
RELIANT (K)	SE, LE	1981-1989	44	11
SCAMP (CAR BASED PICKUP)	GT, 2.2	1982-1984	6331	13
SUNDANCE	Turbo	1987-1998	47	17
ACCLAIM	LX, LE	1989-1998	27	19
NEON	Expresso	1994-1998	42	20
CRICKET		1971-1972	32518	31
ARROW	Fire Arrow, GS, GT	1976-1980	28	32
SAPPORO	all imported	1978-1983	46	33
CHAMP/COLT (EXCLUDES VISTA)	Station Wagon (WB=103")	1984-1994	30	34
CHAMP/COLT (EXCLUDES VISTA)	Turbo, Custom	1979-1994	30	34
CONQUEST	TSI	1984-1989	34	35
LASER	RS, Turbo	1989-1998	41	37
BREEZE		1996-1998	6333	38
PROWLER			6335	39
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			57	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			58	399
TRAILDUSTER	4.4.4	1900-1998		421
COLT VISTA	4 X 4	1987-1998	_	441
VOYAGER (MINIVAN)	SE, LX: WB=119"	1984-1998		442
VOYAGER (MINIVAN)	SE, LX: WB=112"	1984-1998		
VAN-FULLSIZE (B-SERIES)	Includes Voyager, Sport, Premier	1965-1995		461
ARROW PICKUP (FOREIGN) OTHER LIGHT TRUCK		1900-1998		471
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			59 60	498 499
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			61	999
ONNIOWN VEHICLE			01	333
22 PONTIAC				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
LEMANS/TEMPEST (THRU 79)	Safari, T-37, Luxury, Grand Sport, GT-37, Sprint, Grand Lemans	1976-1977	893	1

LEMANS/TEMPEST (THRU 79)	Safari, T-37, Luxury, Grand Sport, GT-37, Sprint, Judge Grand AM, Grand Lemans	1973-1975	893	1
LEMANS/TEMPEST (THRU 79)	Safari, T-37, Luxury, Grad Sport, GTO, GT-37, Sprint, Grand Lemans	1900-1973	893	1
LEMANS/TEMPEST (THRU 79)	Safari, T-37, Luxury, Grand Sport, GT-37, Sprint, Grand Lemans	1978-1979	893	1
BONNEVILLE/CATALINA/PARI SIENNE	Brougham, Gand Safari, Safari, Granville, 2+2 Executive, Starchief	1977-1981	895	2
BONNEVILLE/CATALINA/PARI SIENNE	SE, SSE, SSEi	1987-1998	895	2
BONNEVILLE/CATALINA/PARI SIENNE	Parisienne	1983-1984	895	2
BONNEVILLE/CATALINA/PARI SIENNE	Brougham, Gand Safari, Safari, Granville, 2+2 Executive, Starchief	1900-1968	895	2
BONNEVILLE/CATALINA/PARI SIENNE	Brougham, Gand Safari, Safari, Granville, 2+2 Executive, Starchief	1969-1976	895	2
BONNEVILLE/CATALINA/PARI SIENNE	Brougham, Gand Safari, Safari, Granville, 2+2 Executive, Starchief	1982-1984	895	2
FIERO	2M4, 2M6, GT, SE	1984-1988	873	5
VENTURA/GTO	GTO	2004-2006	6681	8
VENTURA/GTO	GTO	1974-1977	6681	8
VENTURA/GTO	II, SJ, Sprint, Custom	1971-1977	6681	8
FIREBIRD/TRANS AM	Esprit, Formula, GTA, Redbird, Yellowbird, Skybird, SE	1967-1981	875	9
FIREBIRD/TRANS AM	Esprit, Formula, GTA, Redbird, Yellowbird, Skybird, SE	1982-1998	875	9
GRAND PRIX (RWD)	J, LJ, SJ, Brougham, 2+2	1973-1977	885	10
GRAND PRIX (RWD)	J, LJ, SJ, Brougham, 2+2	1963-1972	885	10
GRAND PRIX (RWD)	J, LJ, SJ, Brougham, 2+2	1978-1987	885	10
ASTRE	Safari, SJ, Custom	1975-1977	6684	11
SUNBIRD (THRU 80)	Safari, Sport, Formula	1976-1980	897	12
· ·	• • •			
T1000/1000	4 door	1981-1987	905	13
T1000/1000	2 door	1981-1987	905	13
PHOENIX	LJ, SJ	1977-1979	896	15
PHOENIX	LJ, SJ	1980-1984	896	15
J2000/SUNBIRD/SUNFIRE	Sunfire-GT/SE	1995-1998	901	16
J2000/SUNBIRD/SUNFIRE	Le, Se, GT, Convertible	1982-1994	901	16
J2000/SUNBIRD/SUNFIRE	Sunbird	1984-1994	901	16
6000	STE, SE, LE	1982-1998	858	17
GRAND AM	SE, LE	1985-1998	881	18
GRAND AM	SE, LE	1980-1980	881	18
G5			233045	19
GRAND PRIX (FWD)	SE, McLaren Turbo, GTP	1988-1998	886	20
G6	02, 110241011 14120, 011	.000 .000	174917	22
SOLSTICE			210278	23
G8	Includes GT.		261331	24
	SE, Tempest (Canadian)	1000 1000		
LEMANS (88-on)		1988-1998	894	31
VIBE	Includes GT, AWD		45089	32
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			909	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			910	399
AZTEK			40755	401
TORRENT			210280	403
TRANS SPORT/MONTANA		1990-1998	906	441
OTHER LIGHT TRUCK			911	498
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			912	499
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			913	999
OTHER LIGHT			40759	

45 PORSCHE

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
911 911 912 914 924 928 930 944 959 968 986 BOXSTER CAYMAN OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE CAYENNE UNKNOWN VEHICLE	Panorama L, S, E, T, SC, Carrera, Slopenose, Speedstar E, T S, 1.8, 2.0, 914/6 Turbo, S S Turbo Turbo, S S Spyder, Speedster, 356	1996-1998 1900-1998 1970-1976 1977-1988 1978-1998 1989-1999 1989-1999 1992-1998	3 516 6 6654 6 6656 3 513 3 514 4 6658 2 515 4 6661 5 6663 22173 210282	31 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 398 399 421 999
6917 RELIANT	INCLUDES	VEAD	ODACLE	040
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			282 283	49 49
46 RENAULT/AMC				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
LECAR DAUPHINE/10/R-8/CARAVELLE	5	1976-1983 1900-197		31 32
12 15 16 17 R18I FUEGO ALLIANCE/ENCORE/GTA,	R12L, R12TL R14TL R16 R17, Gordini Coupe, R17TL Sportwagon TL, TS, GTL, GTS, Turbo L, DL, Limited, X-37	1972-1977 1973-1976 1969-1972 1973-1986 1981-1998 1982-1985 1983-1998	66676 6678 6680 6680 522 5555	33 34 35 36 37 38 39
CONVERTIBLE ALPINE MEDALLION PREMIER OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN VEHICLE	GT DL, LX	1987-1998 1987-198 1987-198	7 526	41 44 45 398 399 999
6912 ROLLS ROYCE/BI	ENTLEY			
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
CLOUD/SHADOW SERIES OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE		1900-1998	3 261 272	42 42 42

# 47 SAAB

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR C	DRACLE	SAS
99/99E/900 SONNETT 95/96/97 9000, CS 9000, CS 9 - 3 9 - 5 9-2X OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE 9-7X OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE	S, Turbo, Cabriolet II, III, V-4 CS S, Trubo	1900-1998 1968-1974 1900-1973 1993-1998 1985-1998	530 6707 6710 531 531 22175 22177 174919 533 534 174921 174923 174924 535	31 32 33 34 34 35 36 37 398 399 401 498 499 999
24 SATURN				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR C	DRACLE	SAS
SL SC SC SW EV LS/LS1/LS2/L100/L200/L300 LW/LW1/LW2/LW200/300 ION SKY AURA OUTLOOK ASTRA OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE VUE RELAY OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE  9807 SCANIA	SL1, SL2, SL3 includes 3 door coupe SC1, SC2 SW1, SW2 EV1 (electric vehicle)  XE, XR (Body Type = S/W) XE, XR, Sport (Body Types: 03 & 05)	1991-1998 1997-2000 1991-1996 1993-1998 1997-1998	6719 6721 6721 6723 6725 31617 37084 148360 210286 210284 260188 260190 923 924 45091 174925 45158 45159 925	1 2 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 398 399 401 441 498 499 999
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR C	DRACLE	SAS
MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/ENTRY POSITION MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/HIGH ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/LOW ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY - OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKNOWN ENGINE			9788 9792 9790 9789 9793 9791	807 807 807 807 807

MEDIUM/HEAVY BASED MOTORHOME	9787	807
6913 SIMCA		
MODEL INCLUDE	S YEAR ORACLE	SAS
OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE	274 275	44 44
263032 SMART		
MODEL INCLUDE:	S YEAR ORACLE	SAS
FORTWO Includes Pur OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE	e & Passion 263033 263038 263039	31 398 399
61 STERLING		
MODEL INCLUDE:	S YEAR ORACLE	SAS
827S Li OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN VEHICLE	1986-1991 7912 465 466 467	399
24428 STERLING TRUCKS		
MODEL INCLUDE	S YEAR ORACLE	SAS
MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/ENTRY POSITION MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/HIGH	24429 24437 24433	
ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/LOW	24431	808
ENTRY MEDIUM/HEAVY - OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKNOWN ENGINE	24439 24435	808 808
2901 STUDEBAKER		
MODEL INCLUDE:	S YEAR ORACLE	SAS
CRUISER GRAN TURISMO HAWK LARK OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE	1900-1966 9542 1900-1966 9538 1900-1966 9540 1900-1966 9536 9544 9545	1 1 1 1
MODEL INCLUDE:	S YEAR ORACLE	SAS
OTHER AUTOMOBILE	1900-1998 9575	398

UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE 1900-1998 9576 398

### 48 SUBARU

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
DL/FE/G/GF/GL/GLF/STD/LOYA LE	Loyale	1990-1994	543	31
DL/FE/G/GF/GL/GLF/STD/LOYA	4 wheel drive, Turbo	1972-1989	543	31
LE STAR 360 LEGACY XT/XT6 JUSTY SVX IMPREZA BRAT DL, GL BAJA OUTBACK OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE FORESTER B9 TRIBECA OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE	Brighton, Outback, Outback II 4WD Turbo, convertible, DL DL, GL Outback, Outback II	1970-197' 1969-1970' 1989-1998' 1986-1998' 1987-1998' 1993-1998' 1978-1998	6722 541 546 540 545 545 539	32 33 34 35 36 37 38 43 44 45 398 399 401 402 498 499 999
6914 SUNBEAM MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			276 277	45 45
53 SUZUKI				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
SA310 SWIFT ESTEEM AERIO FORENZA VERONA RENO SX4 OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE SAMURAI SIDEKICK/GRAND VITARA X-90/VITARA GRAND VITARA XL7 EQUATOR OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK	GLX GTi, GTX  Standard, Deluxe	1986-1998 1989-1998 1995-1998	3 411 3 405 147792 158152 158156 174927 233047 416 417	31 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 398 399 401 402 403 404 405 481 498

MOTORCYCLE (000-050CC)	420	701
MOTORCYCLE (051-124CC)	421	702
MOTORCYCLE (125-349CC)	422	703
MOTORCYCLE (350-449CC)	423	704
MOTORCYCLE (450-749CC)	424	705
MOTORCYCLE (750CC-OVER)	425	706
MOTORCYCLE (UNKNOWN	426	709
CC)		
ATC/ATV (000-050CC)	427	731
ATC/ATV (051-124CC)	428	732
ATC/ATV (125-349CC)	429	733
ATC/ATV (350CC-OVER)	430	734
ATC/ATV (UNKNOWN CC)	431	739
OTHER MOTORED CYCLE	175434	798
UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE	432	799
UNKNOWN VEHICLE	433	999

### 49 TOYOTA

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR (	ORACLE	SAS
CORONA	Mark II, Custom, 1900, 2000, Deluxe	1900-1982	561	31
COROLLA	FX-16	1986-1998	560	32
COROLLA	1100, 1200, 1600, SR-5, LE, Deluxe, Custom	1969-1985	560	32
CELICA	GTS	1972-1993	556	33
CELICA	1900, 2000, GT, ST	1972-1998	556	33
SUPRA	Celica Supra, Soarer	1979-1998	559	34
CRESSIDA		1978-1992	562	35
CROWN	2300, 2600	1900-1971	6746	36
CARINA	2000	1972-1973	6748	37
TERCEL	Corolla Tercel, 4WD Wagon	1980-1998	571	38
STARLET		1981-1984	568	39
CAMRY	LE, Deluxe, XLE, Coupe	1983-1998	555	40
MR-2		1985-1995	564	41
PASEO		1992-1998	565	42
AVALON		1995-1998	554	43
SOLARA			22182	44
ECHO			31612	45
PRIUS			44664	46
SCION XA			158160	48
SCION XB			158162	49
SCION TC			174929	50
YARIS			210292	51
SCION XD	Code as a 4 door hatchback		257690	52
VENZA			269179	53
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			608	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			607	399
4-RUNNER		1985-1998	553	401
RAV-4		1996-1998	6750	402
HIGHLANDER			44666	403
MATRIX			45093	404
FJ CRUISER			210290	405
LANDCRUISER		1976-1998	563	421
SEQUOIA	LE Occurs	4004 4000	40895	422
MINVAN/PREVIA	LE, Cargo	1984-1990	567	441

MINVAN/PREVIA SIENNA PICKUP TACOMA T-100 TUNDRA OTHER LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN VEHICLE	Previea  SR-5, Extra Cab, Sport, LN44, Chinook, Wonder Wagon	1991-1998 1974-1998 1993-1998	567 22184 566 6752 570 31615 610 611 612	441 442 471 472 481 482 498 499
50 TRIUMPH				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
SPITFIRE GT-6 TR4 TR6 TR7/8 HERALD STAG OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE MOTORCYCLE (000-050CC) MOTORCYCLE (051-124CC) MOTORCYCLE (125-349CC) MOTORCYCLE (350-449CC) MOTORCYCLE (450-749CC) MOTORCYCLE (750CC-OVER) MOTORCYCLE (UNKNOWN CC) UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE UNKNOWN VEHICLE	I, II, III, IV, 1500 MK3 TR2, TR3, TR4A Vitesse 2000, 1200 series	1900-1981 1967-1973 1900-1968 1969-1976 1975-1981 1900-1998 1971-1973 1900-1998	6754 6756 6758 6760 6762 6764 6766 572 573 574 575 576 577 578 579 580 581	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 398 399 701 702 703 704 705 706 709
6915 TVR MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR (	ORACLE	SAS
OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE 2999 UNKNOWN DOME	ESTIC MANUFACTURER		278 279	46 46
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR (	ORACLE	SAS
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK UNKNOWN BUS TYPE UNKNOWN VEHICLE			24515 732 728 734 730 736	399 499 799 899 989 999
6999 UNKNOWN FORE	IGN MANUFACTURER			

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE			293 733 729	399 499 799
UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY		1993-19	98 735	899
TRUCK UNKNOWN BUS TYPE			731	989
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			737	999
	UEA OTUBER			
99 UNKNOWN MAN		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	054015	
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			10351	399
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK			624	499
UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE			238	799
UNK TYPE TRUCK (LIGHT/MED/HEAVY)			27277	899
UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY			626	899
TRUCK UNKNOWN BUS TYPE			623	989
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			627	999
9899 UNKNOWN MED	IUM/HEAVY TRUCKS AND			
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
Unknown medium/heavy truck		1900-19		899
Unknown bus type		1900-199	99 12910	988
30 VOLKSWAGEN				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
KARMANN GHIA		1900-19 <sup>-</sup>	74 6759	31
BEETLE 1300/1500	flat windshield, 94.5" WB	1900-19		32
SUPER BEETLE	Distinguished by curved windshield, 95.3" W	B 1971-198	5820	33
411/412	Squareback/Fastback	1971-19		34
SQUAREBACK/FASTBACK	Type 3, 1600	1900-19		35
RABBIT	L, GTI, Sport, LS, Custom, DL, Deluxe	1975-198		36
DASHER	40)/	1974-198		37
SCIROCCO JETTA	16V GL, GLI	1975-198		38
QUANTUM	Synco	1981-199 1982-198		40 41
GOLF/CABRIOLET/GTI	Synco, GTI, Cabriolet, GT, GL	1985-198		42
RABBIT PICKUP	car/based pickup	1980-198		43
FOX	GL	1987-199		44
CORRADO		1989-19	98 937	45
PASSAT		1990-199	98 958	46
JETTA III		1993-199		47
GOLF III		1993-199		48
NEW BEETLE			22187	49
PHAETON			158164	50
EOS			210294	51

OTHER AUTOMOBILE UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE		968 969	398 399
THE THING (181)	1973-1975	6771	401
TIGUAN		233049	402
TOUAREG		158166	421
VANAGON/CAMPER	Bus, Kombi, Van 1900-1998	935	441
EUROVAN	1992-1998	940	442
ROUTAN	S, SE, SEL Premium/RSE	269695	443
OTHER LIGHT TRUCK		781	498
UNKNOWN LIGHT TRUCK		782	499
OTHER VEHICLE		783	998
UNKNOWN VEHICLE		784	999

## 51 VOLVO

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR (	JNACLL	SAS
122	S	1900-1968	6774	31
142/144/145	S, E, GL, GLS, Deluxe	1900-1974	6777	32
164	S, E	1969-1975	6780	33
240/242/244/245	DL. GL, GLE, GLT, Deluxe	1975-1998	583	34
262/264/265	GL	1976-1982	587	35
1800	E, S, ES	1900-1973	6782	36
760/780	GLE, Turbo	1983-1990	596	38
760/780	GLE, Turbo	1987-1992	596	38
740	GLE, GT, Turbo, GL	1986-1992	590	39
940	GLE, Turbo, SE	1991-1998	6784	40
960		1992-1998	6786	41
850	GLT, Wagon	1993-1998	6788	42
70 SERIES			24066	43
90 SERIES			24068	44
80 SERIES	S80		31610	45
40 SERIES	Includes S40, V40		31608	46
60 SERIES			44667	47
V50			174931	48
C30	1.0, 2.0, T5, R-Design		268607	49
OTHER AUTOMOBILE			600	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE			601	399
XC90			148083	401
MEDIUM/HEAVY CBE			6790	881
MEDIUM/HEAVY COE LOW ENTRY			6791	882
MEDIUM/HEAVY COE HIGH ENTRY			6792	883
MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKNOWN ENGINE			6793	884
MEDIUM/HEAVY: COE ENTRY POSITION			6794	890
OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK			602	898
UNKNOWN MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCK			603	899
MEDIUM BUS			604	981
OTHER BUS			379	988
UNKNOWN TYPE BUS			6796	989
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			6798	999

## 9809 WARD LAFRANCE

MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/ENTRY POSITION			9802 9806	898 898
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/HIGH ENTRY			9804	898
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/LOW ENTRY			9803	898
MEDIUM/HEAVY - OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKNOWN ENGINE			9807 9805	898 898
MEDIUM/HEAVY BASED MOTORHOME			9801	898
9804 WESTERN STAR				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MEDIUM/HEAVY - CBE MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/ENTRY POSITION			9767 9771	804 804
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/HIGH ENTRY			9769	804
MEDIUM/HEAVY - COE/LOW ENTRY			9768	804
MEDIUM/HEAVY - OTHER MEDIUM/HEAVY - UNKNOWN ENGINE			9772 9770	804 804
MEDIUM/HEAVY BASED MOTORHOME			9766	804
30189 WINNEBAGO				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
VAN BASED MOTORHOME LIGHT TRUCK BASED MOTORHOME			30250 30251	470 498
UNKNOWN TYPE LIGHT MOTORHOME			30252	499
MOTOR HOME MEDIUM / HEAVY OTHER MEDIUM / HEAVY UNKNOWN			30195 30198 30199	850 898 899
UNKNOWN VEHICLE			45160	999
76 YAMAHA				
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR	ORACLE	SAS
MOTORCYCLE (000-050CC) MOTORCYCLE (051-124CC)			370	701

MOTORCYCLE (750CC-OVER)		375	706
MOTORCYCLE (UNKNOWN CC)		376	709
ATC/ATV (000-050CC)		377	731
ATC/ATV (051-124CC)		378	732
ATC/ATV (125-349CC)		294	733
ATC/ATV (350CC-OVER)		295	734
ATC/ATV (UNKNOWN CC)		296	739
OTHER MOTORED CYCLE		297	798
UNKNOWN MOTORED CYCLE		298	799
OTHER VEHICLE		46436	998
57 YUGO			
MODEL	INCLUDES	YEAR ORACLE	SAS
GV	GVX, Cabriolet	1986-1992 7890	31
OTHER AUTOMOBILE	- · · · , - · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	491	398
UNKNOWN AUTOMOBILE		492	
UNKNOWN VEHICLE		441	999
5		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	550

# **V05 BODY TYPE**

Screen Heading: Vehicle Data

Screen Name: Body Type (395-E)

**Long Name:** What is the vehicle body type?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.Body\_Typ

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.BodyTypeID

## **Element Values:**

Licinoni	values.		
Screen	Oracle	SAS	
			AUTOMOBILES
*	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 17 8 9	01 02 03 04 05 06 07 17 08	Convertible (excludes sun-roof, t-bar) 2-Door Sedan, Hardtop, Coupe 3-Door/2-Door Hatchback 4-Door Sedan, Hardtop 5-Door/4-Door Hatchback Station Wagon (excluding van and truck based) Hatchback, Number of Doors Unknown 3-Door Coupe Other Automobile Type Unknown Automobile Type
			AUTOMOBILE DERIVATIVES
	10	10	Auto Based Pickup (includes El Camino, Caballero, Ranchero, Brat, and Rabbit Pickup)
	11	11	Auto Based Panel (Cargo Station Wagon, auto based Ambulance/Hearse)
	12	12	Large Limousine (More than four side doors or stretched chassis)
	13	13	Three Wheel Automobile or Automobile Derivative
			UTILITY VEHICLES
	14	14	Compact Utility (Jeep CJ-2 - CJ-7, Scrambler, Golden Eagle, Renegade, Laredo, Wrangler, Cherokee (84 and after), Dispatcher, Raider, Bronco II, Bronco (before 77), Explorer, S-10 Blazer, Geo Tracker, Bravada, S15 Jimmy, Thing, Pathfinder, Trooper, Trooper II, Rodeo, Amigo, Navajo, 4-Runner, Montero, Passport, Samurai, Sidekick, and Rocky)
	15	15	Large Utility (Jeep Cherokee (83 and before), Ramcharger, Trailduster, Bronco-full size (78 and after), full size Blazer, full size Jimmy, Hummer, Land Cruiser, Rover, Scout, and Yukon)
	16	16	Utility Station Wagon (Chevrolet Suburban, GMC Suburba, Travelall, Grand Wagoneer; also includes suburban limousine)

19 Utility Vehicle, Unknown Body Ty 19 VAN BASED LIGHT TRUCKS ( <= 4,536 KG GVWR) 20 20 Minivan (Chrysler Town and Country, Caravan, Grand Caravan, Voyager, Grand Voyager, Mini-Ram, Dodge/Plymouth Vista, Aerostar, Windstar, Villager, Lumina APV, Silhouette, Trans Sport, Astro, Safari, Vanagon/Camper, Toyota Van and Minivan, Previa, Nissan Minivan, Quest, Expo Wagon, and Mitsubishi Minivan) 21 21 Large Van (B150-350, Sportsman, Royal, Maxiwagon, Ram, Tradesman, Voyager (83 and before), E150-350, Econoline, Clubwagon, Chateau, G10-G30, Chevy Van, Beauville, Sport Van, G15-G35, Rally Van, and Vandura) Step Van or Walk-in Van ( <= 4,536 kg GVWR) 22 22 23 23 Van Based Motorhome Van Based School Bus 24 24 25 25 Van Based Other Bus 28 28 Other Van Type (Hi-Cube, Kary) Unknown Van Type 29 29 LIGHT CONVENTIONAL TRUCKS (pickup style cab <= 4,536 kg GVWR) 30 30 Compact Pickup (D50, Colt P/U, Ram 50, Ram 100, Dakota, Arrow Pickup (foreign), Ranger, Courier, S-10, T-10, LUV, S-15, T-15, Sonoma, Datsun/Nissan Pickup, P'up, Mazda Pickup, Toyota Pickup, Mitsubishi Pickup) Large Pickup (Jeep Pickup, Comanche, Ram Pickup, 31 31 D100-D350, W100-W350, F100-F350, C10-C35, K10-K35, R10-R35, V10-V35, Silverado, Sierra, R100-R500, T100) Pickup With Slide-In Camper 32 32 Convertible Pickup 33 33 Unknown (Pickup Style) Light Conventional Truck 39 39 OTHER LIGHT TRUCKS ( <= 4,536 kg GVWR) 40 40 Cab Chassis Based (includes Rescue Vehicle, Light Stake, Dump, and Tow Truck) 41 41 Truck Based Panel 42 42 Light Truck Based Motorhome (Chassis Mounted) 45 45 Other Light Truck Type 48 48 Unknown Light Truck Type (Utility, Van, Pickup or Other Light 49 49 Unknown Light Vehicle Type (Automobile, Utility, Van or Light Truck **BUSES** 50 50 School Bus (designed to carry students, not cross country or transit) 58 Other Bus Type (transit, intercity, bus based motorhome) 58 Unknown Bus Type 59 59

## MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCKS (>4,536 kg GVWR)

60	60	Step Van
64	64	Single Unit Straight Truck
65	65	Medium/Heavy Truck Based Motorhome
66	66	Truck-Tractor (Cab only or with any number of trailing units)
78	78	Unknown Medium/Heavy Truck Type
79	79	Unknown Truck Type (light/medium/heavy)

# MOTORED CYCLES (does not include all-terrain vehicle/cycles)

	KED C	TCLES (does not include all-terrain vehicle/cycles)
80	80	Motorcycle
81	81	Moped (motorized bicycle)
82	82	Three Wheeled Motorcycle or Moped
88	88	Other Motored Cycle Type (minibike, motorscooter)
89	89	Unknown Motored Cycle Type
		OTHER VEHICLES
90	90	ATV (All-Terrain Vehicle) and ATC (All-Terrain Cycle)
91	91	Snowmobile
92	92	Farm Equipment Other Than Trucks
93	93	Construction Equipment Other Than Trucks (includes graders)
97	97	Other Type Vehicle (includes go-cart, fork lift, city street sweeper)

<sup>\*</sup> The screen values displayed are determined by the make and model of vehicle selected. For example, if the make/model selected is Cadillac/Catera, only AUTOMOBILE body types are displayed. The screen values for the body types displayed are sequential numbers beginning with one (1).

Unknown Body Type

#### Remarks:

#### AUTOMOBILES

99

99

These attributes are used to classify different types of passenger cars. These type of light vehicles, referred to as automobiles, are designed primarily to transport passengers.

**Convertible (excludes sun-roof and t-bar)** refers to a passenger car equipped with a removable or retractable roof. To qualify for this code, the entire roof must open. Convertible roofs are generally fabric; however, removable hardtops are also included. This code takes priority over 2-door or 4-door codes.

- **2-door sedan, hardtop, coupe** refers to a passenger car equipped with two doors for ingress/egress and a separate trunk area for cargo (i.e., trunk lid hinged below the backlight). Folding rear seats do not necessarily violate the separate "trunk area" concept.
- **3-door/2-door hatchback** refers to a passenger car equipped with two doors for ingress/egress and a rear hatch opening for cargo (i.e., hinged above the backlight). The cargo area is not permanently partitioned from the passenger compartment area.
- **3-door coupe** refers to a passenger car equipped with three doors for ingress/egress in which 2 of the doors are located on the driver's side and a separate trunk area for cargo(i.e.,

trunk lid hinged below the backlight). Folding rear seats do not necessarily violate the separate "trunk area" concept.

**4-door sedan**, hardtop refers to a passenger car equipped with four doors for ingress/egress and a separate trunk area for cargo (i.e., trunk lid hinged below the backlight). Folding rear seats do not necessarily violate the separate "trunk area" concept.

**5-door/4-door hatchback** refers to a passenger car equipped with four doors for ingress/egress and a rear hatch opening for cargo (i.e., hinged above the backlight). The cargo area is not permanently partitioned from the passenger compartment area.

**Station wagon (excluding van and truck based)** refers to a passenger car with an enlarged cargo area. The entire roof covering the cargo area is generally equal in height from front to rear and full height side glass is installed between the C and D-pillars. The rearmost area is not permanently partitioned from the forward passenger compartment area (e.g., "horizontal window shades" to hide cargo do not constitute partitions).

**Hatchback**, number of doors unknown refers to a passenger car with an unknown number of doors for ingress/egress and a rear hatch opening for cargo (i.e., hinged above the backlight). The cargo area is not permanently partitioned from the passenger compartment area.

**Other Automobile Type** refers to any passenger car that cannot be described by other automobile codes.

**Unknown Automobile Type** is used when it is known that the vehicle is a passenger car, but there is insufficient data to determine the type.

### **AUTOMOBILE DERIVATIVES**

This describes certain passenger cars that have been modified to perform cargo-related tasks.

Auto based pickup (includes El Camino, Caballero, Ranchero, Brat, and Rabbit pickup) refers to a passenger car based, pickup type vehicle. The roof area (and side glass) rearward of the front seats on a station wagon have been removed and converted into a pickup-type cargo box.

**Auto based panel (cargo station wagon, auto based ambulance/hearse)** refers to an automotive station wagon that may have sheet metal rearward of the B-pillar rather than glass.

**Large Limousine** - more than four side doors or stretched chassis refers to an automobile that has sections added within its wheelbase to increase length and passenger/cargo carrying capacity.

Three-wheel automobile or automobile derivative refers to three-wheel vehicles with an enclosed passenger compartment. <u>UTILITY VEHICLES (<= 4,536 kg GVWR)</u>

**Multi-purpose vehicles (MPV)** are designed to have off-road capabilities. These vehicles are: generally four wheel drive (4 x 4), have increased ground clearance, and are equipped with a strong frame. Four wheel drive automobiles are not considered MPVs.

**Compact Utility** (Jeep CJ-2 - CJ-7, Scrambler, Golden Eagle, Renegade, Laredo, Wrangler, Cherokee (84 and after), Dispatcher, Raider, Bronco II, Bronco (before 77), Explorer, S-10 Blazer, Geo Tracker, Bravada, S-15 Jimmy, Thing, Pathfinder, Trooper,

Trooper II, Rodeo, Amigo, Navajo, 4-Runner, Montero, Passport, Samurai, Sidekick, and Rocky) refers to a short wheelbase and narrow tracked multi-purpose vehicle designed to operate in rugged terrain.

**Large Utility** (Jeep Cherokee (83 and before), Ramcharger, Trailduster, Bronco-full size (78 and after), full size Blazer, full size Jimmy, Hummer, Land Cruiser, Rover, Scout, and Yukon) refers to fullsize multi-purpose vehicles primarily designed around a shortened pickup truck chassis. Generally a station wagon style body, some model are equipped with a removable top.

**Utility Station Wagon** (Chevrolet Suburban, GMC Suburban, Travelall, Grand Wagoneer, includes suburban limousine) refers primarily to a pickup truck based chassis enlarged to a station wagon.

**Utility Vehicle, Unknown Body Type** is used when it is known that the vehicle is a utility vehicle, but there is insufficient data to determine the specific type.

### VAN BASED LIGHT TRUCKS (<= 4,536 kg GVWR)

Light trucks (<= 4,536 kg GVWR) are designed to maximize cargo/passenger area versus overall length. Basically a "box on wheels", these vehicles are identifiable by their enclosed cargo/passenger area and relatively short (or non-existent) hood.

**Minivan** (Town and Country, Caravan, Grand Caravan, Voyager, Grand Voyager, Mini-Ram, Vista, Aerostar, Windstar, Villager, Lumina APV, Trans Sport, Silhouette, Astro, Safari, Toyota Van, Toyota Minivan, Previa, Nissan Minivan, Quest, Mitsubishi Minivan, Expo Wagon, Vanagon/Camper) refers to down-sized cargo or passenger vans.

**Large Van** (B150-B350, Sportsman, Royal, Maxiwagon, Ram, Tradesman, Voyager (83 and before), E150-E350, Econoline, Clubwagon, Chateau, G10-G30, Chevy Van, Beauville, Sport Van, G15-G35, Rally Van, Vandura) refers to a standard cargo or passenger van. These vans will generally have a larger capacity in both volume and GVWR.

**Step Van or Walk-In Van** (<= 4,536 kg GVWR) refers to a multi-stop delivery vehicle with a GVWR less than or equal to 4,536 kilograms. Examples are the Grumman LLV used by the US Postal Service or the Aeromate manufactured by Utilimaster Motor Corporation.

**Van Based Motorhome** (<= 4,536 kg GVWR) refers to a van where the chassis and cab portions from the B-pillar forward of this vehicle are the same as in attributes minivans, large van, step van; however, a frame mounted recreational unit is added behind the driver/cab area. This code takes priority over attributes minivan and large van.

Van Based School Bus (<= 4,536 kg GVWR) is a passenger van designed to carry students (passengers) to and from educational facilities and/or related functions. The vehicles are characteristically painted yellow and clearly identified as school buses. Use this code regardless of whether the vehicle is owned by a school system or a private company. Van based school buses converted for other uses (e.g., church bus) also use this code.

**Van Based Other Bus** (<= 4,536 kg GVWR) is a van derivative (e.g., taxi, small local transit) designed to carry passengers for low occupancy functions or purposes. Van based school buses do not use this code.

**Other Van Type** (Hi-Cube Van, Kary) refers to a cargo or delivery van where the chassis and cab portions from the B-pillar forward of this vehicle are the same as in Minivans or Large Vans with a frame mounted cargo area unit added behind the driver/cab area or if the van cannot be described as a Minivan, Large Van, Step-van or a Van-based motorhome. Annotate the van type when using this code. This code takes priority over Minivans and Large Vans.

**Unknown Van Type** is used when it is known that this vehicle is a light van, but its specific type cannot be determined.

# <u>LIGHT CONVENTIONAL TRUCKS (Pickup Style Cab, <= 4,536 kg GVWR)</u>

Light Conventional Trucks are used to describe vehicles commonly referred to as pickup trucks and some of their derivatives. These light trucks are characteristically designed with a small cab containing a single row of seats (extended cabs with additional seats are available for some models), a large hood covering a conventional engine placement, and a separate open box area (approximately 180 to 240 centimeters long) for cargo.

**Compact Pickup** (D50, Colt P/U, Ram 50, Ram 100, Dakota, Arrow Pickup (foreign), Ranger, Courier, S-10, T-10, LUV, S-15, T-15, Sonoma, Datsun/Nissan Pickup, P'up, Mazda Pickup, Toyota Pickup, Mitsubishi Pickup) is used to describe a pickup truck having a width of 178 centimeters or less.

**Large Pickup** (Jeep Pickup, Comanche, Ram Pickup, D100-D350, W100-W350, F100-F350, C10-C35, K10-K35, R10-R35, V10-V35, Silverado, Sierra, R100-R500, T100) is used to describe a pickup truck having a width of greater than 178 centimeters.

**Pickup with Slide-in Camper** is used to describe any pickup truck that is equipped with a slide-in camper. A slide-in camper is a unit that mounts within a pickup bed. Pickup bed caps, tonneau covers or frame mounted campers are not applicable for this code.

**Convertible Pickup** refers to a pickup truck equipped with a removable or retractable roof. To qualify for this code, the entire roof must open. Convertible roofs are generally fabric; however, removable hardtops are also included. This code takes priority over compact and large pickups.

**Unknown Pickup Style Light Conventional Truck** is used when this vehicle is a Light Conventional Truck, but there is insufficient data to determine the specific code.

## OTHER LIGHT TRUCKS (<= 4,536 kg GVWR)

**Other Light Trucks** are used to describe vehicles that are based upon a conventional light pickup frame, but a commercial or recreational body has been affixed to the frame rather than a pickup box.

**Cab Chassis Based** (includes rescue vehicles, light stake, dump and tow truck) is used to describe a light vehicle with a pickup style cab and a commercial (non-pickup) body attached to the frame. Included are pickup based ambulances and tow trucks.

**Truck Based Panel** is used to describe a truck based station wagon that has sheet metal rather than glass above the beltline rearward of the B-pillars.

**Light Truck Based Motorhome** (chassis mounted) is used to describe a frame mounted recreational unit attached to a light van or conventional chassis.

**Other Light Conventional Truck Type** is used for light conventional trucks that cannot be described elsewhere.

**Unknown Light Truck Type** is used when it is known that the vehicle is a light truck chassis based vehicle but insufficient data exist to specify utility, van, pickup or other light vehicle.

**Unknown Light Vehicle Type** (automobile, utility, van or light truck) is used when it is known that the vehicle is a light vehicle, but insufficient data exists to specify what type of light vehicle it is.

### BUSES (Excludes Van Based)

**Buses** are defined as any medium/heavy motor vehicle designed primarily to transport large groups of passengers.

**School Bus** (designed to carry students, not cross country or transit) is a bus designed to carry passengers to and from educational facilities and/or related functions. The vehicles are characteristically painted yellow and clearly identified as school buses. Use this code regardless of whether the vehicle is owned by a school system or a private company. School buses converted for other uses (e.g., church bus) also take this code.

**Other Bus Type** (e.g., transit, intercity, bus based motorhome) is a transport device designed to carry passengers for longer periods of time. These vehicle may be classified as over-the-road, transit, intercity, bus related motorhome (other than school bus based) or other.

**Unknown Bus Type** is used when it is known the transport device is a bus but there is insufficient data to choose between attributes School Bus or Other Bus Type.

### MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCKS (>4,536 kg GVWR)

Medium/Heavy Trucks describe a single unit truck specifically designed for carrying cargo on the same chassis as the cab.

They pertain to a truck-tractor designed for towing trailers or semi-trailers. Although towing is their primary purpose, some truck-tractors are equipped with cargo areas located rearward of the cab.

**Step Van** (>4,536 kg GVWR) defines a single unit enclosed body with a GVWR greater than 4,536 kilograms and an integral driver's compartment and cargo area. Step vans are generally equipped with a folding driver seat mounted on a pedestal and a sliding door for easy ingress/egress.

**Single Unit Straight Truck** describes a non-articulated truck designed to carry cargo. The gross vehicle weight rating of the vehicle must exceed 4,536 kilograms. Ford F-450 and Ford F-550 super duty series are coded **Single Unit Straight Truck**.

**Medium/Heavy Truck Based Motorhome** describes a recreational vehicle mounted on a single unit medium/heavy truck chassis.

**Truck-Tractor** (Cab only or with any number of trailing units) describes a fifth wheel equipped tractor-trailer power unit. The number of trailing units is not a consideration.

**Unknown Medium/Heavy Truck Type** is used when it is unknown whether the medium/heavy truck is a single unit truck or a truck-tractor and/or trailer combination and it is known that the vehicle is either a medium or heavy truck with GVWR >4,536 kilograms. **Unknown Truck Type** (light/medium/heavy) is used when it is known that this vehicle is a truck, but there is insufficient data to classify the vehicle further.

## MOTORED CYCLES (Does Not Include All Terrain Vehicles/Cycles)

**Motorcycle** is used when the vehicle is a two-wheeled open (i.e., no enclosed body) vehicle propelled by an internal combustion engine. Motorcycles equipped with a side car also use this code.

**Moped** (motorized bicycle) is used when the vehicle is a motorized bicycle capable of moving either by pedaling or by an internal combustion engine.

**Three-Wheeled Motorcycle or Moped** is used when the vehicle is a three-wheeled open vehicle propelled by an internal combustion engine or a three-wheeled motorized bicycle capable of moving either by pedaling or by an internal combustion engine.

**Other Motored Cycle** (minibike, motor scooter) is used when the vehicle in question does not qualify for attributes motorcycle, moped, three-wheeled motorcycle or moped (e.g., motor scooter).

**Unknown Motored Cycle Type** is used when it is known that the vehicle is a motored cycle, but no further data is available.

## **OTHER VEHICLES**

Other Vehicles describes all motored vehicles that are designed primarily for off-road use.

**ATV** (All-Terrain Vehicle) and ATC (All-Terrain Cycle) is used for off-road recreational vehicles which cannot be licensed for use on public roadways. ATVs have 4 or more wheels and ATCs have 2 or 3 wheels. Generally, the tires have low pressure and wide profile (i.e., flotation/balloon).

**Snowmobile** refers to a vehicle designed to be operated over snow propelled by an internal combustion engine.

**Farm Equipment Other Than Trucks** refers to farming implements other than trucks propelled by an internal combustion engine (e.g., farm tractors, combines, etc.).

**Construction Equipment Other Than Trucks** refers to construction equipment other than trucks propelled by an internal combustion engine (e.g., bulldozer, roadgrader, etc.).

**Other Vehicle Type** is used when the motorized vehicle in question does not qualify for Construction equipment other than trucks, Farm equipment other than trucks, Snowmobile, ATV (All-Terrain Vehicle) and ATC (All-Terrain Cycle) (e.g., go-kart, dune buggy, "kit"car, etc.).

**Unknown Body Type** is used when there is no available information regarding the type of vehicle. This lack of information prohibits the accurate classification of this vehicle within one of the preceding codes.

# **V06 VEHICLE MODEL YEAR**

Screen Heading: Vehicle Data

Screen Name: Year (400-E)

**Long Name:** What is the vehicle model year?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.Model\_Yr

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.ModelYear

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

xxxx xxxx Four Digit Model Year

\* -9999 9999 Unknown

### Remarks:

Enter the 4 digit model year.

### V13 VEHICLE TRAILING

Screen Heading: Vehicle Data

Screen Name: Trailing Unit (460-E)

**Long Name:** Was this vehicle towing trailing units?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.TOW\_VEH

Oracle Name: GES. Vehicle. Trailing

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	11	0	No Trailing Units
2	12	1	One Trailing Unit
3	13	2	Two Trailing Units
4	14	3	Three or More Trailing Units
5	15	4	Yes, Number of Trailing Units Unknown
7	16	5	Vehicle towing another motor vehicle – fixed linkage
8	17	6	Vehicle towing another motor vehicle – non-fixed linkage
9	19	9	Unknown

### Remarks:

Trailing unit applies to any device connected to a motor vehicle by a hitch, including tractor-trailer combinations, a single-unit truck pulling a trailer (truck trailer), a boat trailer hitched onto a motor vehicle, etc.

If the case materials do not provide sufficient information if the linkage was fixed or not, consider the linkage as fixed.

A vehicle towing another motor vehicle is not considered to be a trailer but is considered to be a towed vehicle (see attribute "Vehicle towing another motor vehicle - fixed linkage" or "Vehicle towing another motor vehicle - non-fixed linkage").

A converter dolly is a device used to hitch a trailer to another semi-trailer or straight truck and is not counted as a separate trailing unit. For combination vehicles (medium/heavy trucks), count only the cargo-carrying units.

No Trailing Units is used when this vehicle was not pulling or towing a wheeled unit.

One Trailing Unit is used when one trailer was being pulled by this vehicle.

Two Trailing Units is used when this vehicle was pulling two trailers.

**Three or More Trailing Units** is used when this vehicle was pulling three or more trailers.

**Yes, Number of Trailing Units Unknown** is used when it is known that there was a trailer(s) but the number of trailers can not be determined.

Vehicle towing another motor vehicle - fixed linkage is used to identify that a vehicle was towing another motor vehicle(s) connected by a fixed linkage. The towed vehicle will have two or more wheels on the ground. This will most commonly apply to drive-away/tow-away tow trucks. These are vehicles equipped with a mechanism designed to be attached to a towed vehicle (e.g., hoist). This attribute would also be used for saddle-mounted towed vehicles. An example of a saddle-mount unit would be a bobtail towing one or more other bobtails. This attribute does not apply to vehicles towed by being loaded on a flatbed or auto transporter.

**Vehicle towing another motor vehicle - non-fixed linkage** is used to identify that a vehicle was towing another motor vehicle(s) connected by a non-fixed linkage. A non-fixed linkage includes ropes, chains or cables.

**Unknown** is used when it can not be determined from any information if a unit was being pulled or towed.

The intent of this data element is to determine if the vehicle was pulling a trailing unit. If the linkage is fixed, then the trailing unit is considered a towed unit. If the linkage is not fixed (e.g., one vehicle is pulling another using a rope), then each vehicle is considered to be separate.

### V14 JACKKNIFE

Screen Heading: Vehicle Data

Screen Name: Jackknife (470-R)

**Long Name:** Did a jackknife situation occur?

SAS Name: Vehicle.Jacknife

Oracle Name: GES. Vehicle. Jacknife

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	0	0	No Jackknife Noted on the PAR
2	1	1	Jackknife Occurred

#### Remarks:

Jackknife can occur at any time during the crash sequence. This element is applicable for all power unit/trailing unit combinations (e.g., truck tractor or single-unit truck with one or more trailers, articulated bus, car pulling a boat on a trailer, light utility vehicle/trailing unit combination, etc.).

Jackknife applies to a condition that occurs to an articulated vehicle, any vehicle with a trailing unit connected by a hitch (fixed linkage) while in motion. A jackknife occurs when there is an uncontrolled articulation between the power unit and the trailing unit in which the trailing unit does not follow directly behind the power unit (tracking), and the driver did not initiate the "non-tracking" situation. The condition reflects a loss of control of the vehicle by the driver in which the trailing units' normal straight-line path behind the power unit is not maintained.

If the final resting configuration of the vehicle in the diagram is in a jackknife position, it does not necessarily mean that the vehicle has jackknifed. Turning and backing are examples of driver initiated "non-tracking" controlled articulation and are not coded as a jackknife.

In the case materials the terms "tractor jackknife" or "trailer swing" may be used to describe particular incidences of uncontrolled articulation. Either incident shall be coded as Jackknife.

Jackknife is not likely to be a harmful event but may be part of an unstabilized condition just before the first harmful event.

**No Jackknife Noted on the PAR** is used when no uncontrolled articulation was reported between a vehicle and trailing unit. In addition, use this code when it is unknown if an uncontrolled articulation occurred.

**Jackknife Occurred** is used when an uncontrolled articulation between a vehicle and trailing unit occurred during the crash. The uncontrolled articulation (Jackknife) can occur at any time during the crash sequence.

### **A11 TRAFFICWAY FLOW**

Screen Heading: Environmental Conditions

Screen Name: Traffic Flow (170-E)

**Long Name:** What is the trafficway flow for this vehicle's trafficway?

SAS Name: A11-Accident.Traf\_Way, V\_A11-Vehicle.VTrafWay

Oracle Name: GES.Roadway.TrafficFlowID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	1	1	Not Physically Divided (two way traffic)
2	2	2	Divided Trafficway (Median Strip, Barrier, Etc.)
3	4	3	One way traffic
4	5	9	Unknown
5	0	0	Not Physically Divided (Center 2-way Left Turn Lane)

#### Remarks:

Enter the value indicated on the PAR which best represents the trafficway flow just prior to this vehicle's critical precrash event. The trafficway selected for classification is the one this vehicle departed if it is off the trafficway just prior to its critical precrash event. If this vehicle is in a junction just prior to its critical precrash event, the trafficway selected for classification is the one it is on before entering the junction.

Enter **Not Physically Divided (Two Way Trafficway)** when the PAR indicates that the trafficway was not divided and traffic travels in opposing directions.

Although gores separate roadways and traffic islands (associated with channels) separate travel lanes, neither is involved in the determination of trafficway flow.

Enter **Divided Highway**, (**Median Strip**, **Barrier**, **Etc.**) whenever a trafficway division is reported. It is presumed that the traffic travels in but one direction on this vehicle's roadway.

Enter **One Way Trafficway** whenever the trafficway is undivided and traffic flows in but one direction (e.g., one-way streets). However, this code can also be used where a division is present so long as all the traffic on the trafficway goes in the same direction. An example occurs where the opposing roadway of the same named trafficway had to be split by such a distance that the right-of-way divides to accommodate other property.

Use this code for entrance/exit ramps where traffic is permitted to flow in only one direction.

**Not Physically Divided (Center 2-way Left Turn Lane)** is used whenever the trafficway is physically divided by a two-way left turn lane which is designed to allow left turns to driveways, shopping centers, businesses, etc., while at the same time providing a separation of opposing straight-through travel lanes.

### **A12 NUMBER OF TRAVEL LANES**

**Screen Heading:** Environmental Conditions

**Screen Name:** Number Travel Lanes (180-E)

**Long Name:** What is the number of travel lanes for this vehicle's roadway?

SAS Name: A12-Accident.NO\_LANES, V\_A12-Vehicle.VNum\_Lan

**Oracle Name:** GES.Roadway.NumLanes

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	1	1	One Lane
2	2	2	Two Lanes
3	3	3	Three Lanes
4	4	4	Four Lanes
5	5	5	Five Lanes
6	6	6	Six Lanes
7	7	7	Seven or More Lanes
8	8	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

Enter the value indicated on the PAR which best represents the number of lanes just prior to this vehicle's critical precrash event. The roadway selected for classification is the one this vehicle departed if it is off the roadway just prior to its critical precrash event. If this vehicle is in a junction just prior to its critical precrash event, the roadway selected for classification is the one it is on before entering the junction.

If traffic flows in both directions and is undivided, code the total number of lanes in both directions. If the trafficway is divided into two or more roadways, code only the number of lanes for the roadway on which this vehicle was traveling. Be aware that the PAR may indicate the total number of lanes on the divided trafficway.

The number of lanes counted does not include any which are rendered unusable by restriction of the right-of-way (e.g., closed due to construction).

Enter **Unknown** when the PAR contains no information regarding the number of travel lanes.

### A13 ROADWAY ALIGNMENT

**Screen Heading:** Environmental Conditions

Screen Name: Alignment (190-E)

**Long Name:** What is the roadway alignment for this vehicle's roadway?

**SAS Name:** A13-Accident.ALIGNMNT, V\_A13-Vehicle.VAlign

Oracle Name: GES.Roadway.AlignmentID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	1	1	Straight
2	2	2	Curve
3	3	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

Enter the value indicated on the PAR which best represents the roadway alignment just prior to this vehicle's critical precrash event. The roadway selected for classification is the one this vehicle departed if it is off the roadway just prior to its critical precrash event. If this vehicle is in a junction just prior to its critical precrash event, the roadway selected for classification is the one it is on before entering the junction.

The PAR information is prioritized as follows:

- 1) Narrative
- 2) If a curved roadway section is shown in the diagram, code curved.
- 3) If the roadway section shown in the diagram is straight, but only a small roadway section is depicted, use check-box if it is filled out. If the check box is not filled out or does not exist, code straight.
- 4) If the roadway section on the diagram is straight and a large roadway section is depicted, code straight.
- 5) If the roadway is not described in the narrative or shown in the diagram, use the checkbox information.

Enter **Straight** if the PAR indicates this vehicle's roadway is straight.

Enter **Curve** if the PAR indicates this vehicle's roadway is curved or there is any curvature discernable on the diagram.

Enter **Unknown** if no information is contained on the PAR or the information on the PAR is inadequate for choosing one of the other elements.

#### **A14 ROADWAY PROFILE**

Screen Heading: Environmental Conditions

Screen Name: Profile (200-E)

**Long Name:** What is the roadway profile for this vehicle's roadway?

**SAS Name:** A14-Accident.Profile, V\_A13-Vehicle.VProfile

Oracle Name: GES.Roadway.ProfileID

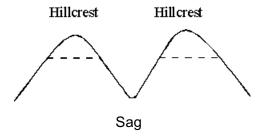
#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	1	1	Level
2	2	2	Grade
3	3	3	Hillcrest
4	8	8	Sag
5	9	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

Enter the value indicated on the PAR which best represents the roadway profile just prior to this vehicle's critical precrash event. The roadway selected for classification is the one this vehicle departed if it is off the roadway just prior to its critical precrash event. If this vehicle is in a junction just prior to its critical precrash event, the roadway selected for classification is the one it is on before entering the junction.

**Hillcrest** refers to the area of transition between an upgrade and a downgrade as in the following example:



Enter **Unknown** if no information is contained on the PAR or the information on the PAR is inadequate for choosing one of the other elements.

### A15 ROADWAY SURFACE CONDITION

Screen Heading: Environmental Conditions

Screen Name: Condition (210-E)

**Long Name:** What is the roadway surface condition for this vehicle's roadway?

SAS Name: A15-Accident.Sur\_Cond, V\_A15-Vehicle.VSurCond

Oracle Name: GES.Roadway.SurfaceID

#### **Element Values:**

Oracle	SAS	
1	1	Dry
2	2	Wet
3	3	Snow or Slush
4	4	lce
5	5	Sand, dirt or oil
6	8	Other
7	9	Unknown
	1 2 3 4 5	1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5

#### Remarks:

Enter the value indicated on the PAR which best represents the roadway surface condition just prior to this vehicle's critical precrash event. The roadway selected for classification is the one this vehicle departed if it is off the roadway just prior to its critical precrash event. If this vehicle is in a junction just prior to its critical precrash event, the roadway selected for classification is the one it is on before entering the junction.

A road made of sand or dirt would be coded Dry under normal conditions, not Sand, Dirt, Oil.

Enter **Unknown** if no information is contained on the PAR or the information on the PAR is inadequate for choosing one of the other elements.

#### **A18 SPEED LIMIT**

**Screen Heading:** Environmental Conditions

Screen Name: Speed Limit (250-E)

**Long Name:** What is the legal speed limit for this vehicle's roadway?

SAS Name: A18-Accident.SP\_LIMIT, V\_A18-Vehicle.VSpd\_Lim

**Oracle Name:** GES.Roadway.SpeedLimit

#### **Element Values:**

Scree	n	Oracle	SAS	
	0	0	0	No Statutory Limit
	5-75	5-75	5-75	Actual Speed Limit (MPH-in increments of 5)
	*	-9999	99	Unknown

#### Remarks:

Enter the value indicated on the PAR which best represents the speed limit just prior to this vehicle's critical precrash event. The roadway selected for classification is the one this vehicle departed if it is off the roadway just prior to its critical precrash event. If this vehicle is in a junction just prior to its critical precrash event, the roadway selected for classification is the one it is on before entering the junction.

Disregard advisory or other speed signs which do not indicate the legal speed limit.

Furthermore, do not confuse advisory signs on entrance/exit ramps or near intersections with the actual legal maximum speed limit.

If a state has a statute that uniformly reduces the maximum allowable speed within or near a construction zone, then code the indicated reduced limit.

Enter **No Statutory Limit** on roadways which have no statutory limit (e.g., parking lot roadways or entrance/exits, service station entrance/exits or driveways, etc.).

### **V02 HIT AND RUN**

**Screen Heading:** Vehicle Characteristics

Screen Name: Hit and Run (360-E)

**Long Name:** Is this a hit-and-run vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.Hit\_Run

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.HitRun

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	1	0	No
2	2	1	Yes
3	3	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

This element refers to cases where a vehicle is a contact vehicle in the crash and does not stop to render aid (this can include drivers who flee the scene on foot). In many states, the investigating officer will note this in the narrative or check the appropriate box on the PAR. In some cases, the driver can be cited for failing to render assistance. Review the case materials carefully for references to hit-and-run or failure to render aid.

It does not matter whether the hit-and-run vehicle was striking or struck. The hit-and-run vehicle(s) is (are) the one(s) that "departed prior to investigation by the police," or that vehicle which is "abandoned" at the scene "when its occupant(s) fled" from the area. If the police report indicates that the vehicle was involved in a collision which was investigated, but there is no information on that vehicle or the driver/owner because of departure prior to police arrival on-scene, then hit-and-run is indicated.

**No** is used when there is no reason to believe a hit-and-run occurred involving this vehicle or its driver. Example: If this vehicle is involved in a multi-vehicle collision and one of the other contact vehicles leaves the scene.

#### Examples include:

#1: if occupants of a vehicle are taken or go directly from the scene to a medical treatment facility or physician. However if doubt exists concerning the departure for treatment, assume hit-and-run.

#2: a driver who leaves the scene but furnishes name, address, vehicle make, model, and model year such that it is recorded in the available information and the available information does not indicate hit-and-run.

# 3: vehicles which set an object in motion such that (a) the object is contacted, before it stabilizes, by another in-transport motor vehicle, and (b) the vehicle which set the object in motion leaves the scene without providing the pertinent information (compare with exception two above), and (c) the available information does not indicate hit-and-run.

**Yes** is used when it has been determined that this vehicle's driver left the scene with or without their vehicle.

### Examples include:

A hit and run occurred when this vehicle's driver left the scene after: striking a pedestrian or other type of non-motorist. striking a parked/stopped off roadway motor vehicle (with or without occupants). being struck while parked or in-transport

If Hit and Run is **Yes**, Driver and Person Level information must be coded for the driver and occupants of this vehicle involved in the crash regardless of the fact that it was a hit-and-run.

When the presence of a hit-and- run vehicle is indicated and the available information does not provide the number of occupants, the number of occupants coded must equal 1 (the driver). In cases where the hit and run vehicle and its driver are not identified, code all the elements on the Vehicle and Person Level as Unknown. Otherwise, if some information is known about the vehicle and/or driver, code all the elements for which information exists and leave the rest as Unknown.

**Unknown** is used when it cannot be determined if the vehicle and/or driver left the scene of the crash or the available information indicates Unknown.

### **V08 SPECIAL USE**

**Screen Heading:** Vehicle Characteristics

**Screen Name:** Special Use (420-E)

**Long Name:** What special use category applies to this vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.Spec\_Use

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.SpecialUseID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26875	0	No special use
2	26876	1	Taxi
3	26877	2	Vehicle used as School Bus
4	26878	3	Vehicle used as Other Bus
5	26879	4	Military
6	26880	5	Police
7	26881	6	Ambulance
8	26882	7	Fire Truck
13	26890	8	<b>Emergency Services Vehicle</b>
14	26891	9	Unknown

### Remarks:

This data element refers to a motor vehicle that is being used for a function other than the primary function for that type of vehicle. That is, this element is entered using the attributes listed above in those cases where Body Type does not reflect how the vehicle was being used.

The special function served by this motor vehicle regardless of whether the function is marked on the vehicle.

**No Special Use** is used when the available information does not indicate or imply that this vehicle was applicable to any of the special uses listed above.

**Taxi** is used when this vehicle was being used during this trip (at the time of the crash) on a "fee-for-hire" basis to transport persons. Most of these vehicles will be marked and formally registered as taxis; however, vehicles which are used as taxis, even though they are not registered (e.g., "Gypsy Cabs"), are included here. Passengers do not have to be present at the time of the crash. <u>Taxis and drivers which are off-duty</u> at the time of the crash <u>are coded as No Special Use.</u> If it is unknown whether or not the taxi is on-duty, code as Taxi. This code also applies for limousines on a fee-for-hire basis..

**Vehicle used as School Bus** is used if this motor vehicle satisfies all of the following criteria:

Vehicles General/Travel Data

- externally identifiable to other traffic units as a school/pupil transport vehicle;
- operated, leased, owned or contracted by a public or private school-type institution;
- where the institution's students may range from pre-school through high school;
- whose occupants, if any, are associated with the institution; and
- the vehicle is in operation at the time of the crash to and from the school or on a school-sponsored activity or trip.

In addition, this code includes vehicles which are not externally identifiable as a school/pupil transport vehicle, but do meet all of the other criteria above are vehicles used as school buses. (For example, a transit bus, at the time of the crash, used exclusively [no other passengers except students] to transport students to/from the school or school-related activity).

In most cases, the decision to use this code will be based on a reference to the vehicle as a school bus on the PAR. In this situation, assume the criteria are met unless it is otherwise stated on the PAR.

**Vehicle used as Other Bus** is used when a motor vehicle is designed for transporting nine or more persons including the driver and does not satisfy the above "school bus" criteria. For example, BODY TYPE code "School Bus" transporting senior citizens to an activity.

**Military** is used for any vehicle which is owned by any of the Armed Forces regardless of body type. This code includes:

- military police vehicles;
- military ambulances;
- military hearses; and
- military fire vehicles.

**Police** is a vehicle equipped with police emergency devices (lights and siren) that is owned or subsidized by any local, county, state or federal government entity. The police vehicle is presumed to be in special use at all times, although not necessarily in "emergency use." Vehicles not owned by a government entity that are used by law enforcement officers (e.g., undercover) are excluded.

**Ambulance** is used for any readily identifiable (lights or markings) vehicles designed to transport sick or injured persons. The ambulance is presumed to be in special use at all times, although not necessarily in "emergency use."

**Fire Truck** is used for any readily identifiable (lights or markings) vehicles specially designed and equipped to respond to fire, hazmat, medical, and extrication incidents. This attribute includes medium and heavy vehicles such as engines, pumpers, ladder, platform aerial apparatus, heavy rescue vehicles, water tenders or tankers, brush or wilderness firefighting vehicles, etc.

**Emergency Services Vehicle** is used for any readily identifiable (lights or markings) vehicles that do not meet the criteria for Ambulance or Fire Truck and are specially designed and equipped to respond to fire, hazmat, medical, and extrication incidents. This attribute includes light vehicles such as sedans, vans, SUVs, pick-ups, trucks, motorcycles, etc.

**Unknown** is used when no information is available on the vehicle's special use for this trip (i.e., hit-and-run vehicle).

### **V09 EMERGENCY USE**

**Screen Heading:** Vehicle Characteristics

**Screen Name:** Emergency Use (430-E)

**Long Name:** Was this vehicle on an emergency run at the time of the crash?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.EMER\_USE

**Oracle Name:** GES.Vehicle.EmergencyUse

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	-1,0,1	0	No
2	2	1	Yes
3	3	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

Emergency Use indicates operation of any motor vehicle that is legally authorized by a government authority to respond to emergencies with or without the use of emergency warning equipment, such as a police vehicle, fire truck or ambulance while actually engaged in such response.

Emergency Use also refers to an official motor vehicle that is usually traveling with emergency signals in use; typically red light blinking, siren sounding, etc.

If Special Use is Military, Police, Ambulance, Fire Truck or Emergency Services Vehicle then refer to the case materials to determine if the vehicle was on an emergency response (i.e., red lights flashing, siren sounding, on route to hospital, etc.) at the time of the crash.

**No** is used when this motor vehicle is not on an emergency response.

**Yes** is used when this motor vehicle was on an emergency response, regardless of whether the emergency warning equipment was in use.

### **Unknown** is used when:

- The case materials are not clear as to whether the vehicle was on an emergency response.
- The case materials are not clear as to whether the vehicle is legally authorized by a government authority to respond to emergencies.

### **V11 TRAVEL SPEED**

Screen Heading: Vehicle Data

Screen Name: Travel Speed (440-E)

**Long Name:** What is this vehicle's travel speed (MPH)?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.TRAV\_SP

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.TravelSpeed

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
0 1-151	0 1-151	000	Stopped Motor Vehicle In-transport Reported Speed up to 151 mph
997	997	997	Greater than 151 mph
998	998	998	Not Reported
*	-9999	999	Unknown

#### Remarks:

This element refers to the speed the motor vehicle was traveling prior to the occurrence of the crash.

Code the travel speed as indicated by the investigating officer. Do not enter the "Speed Limit". Do not use estimates by drivers or witnesses reported in the case materials. If the police calculated a speed, please be aware that this may represent impact speed and not travel speed.

Code the nearest mph for this vehicle as reported on the case materials.

Examples:	Reported Speed	<u>Code</u>
•	40.2mph	40
	40.5mph	41

If the officer gives a range, code the median speed and, if necessary, round up to the next higher whole number. If the officer gives a minimum speed (e.g., "at least 55 mph" or "in excess of 60 mph,") then use that speed (e.g., code as "55" and "60" respectively).

Examples:	Reported Speed	<u>Code</u>
	40-50mph	45
	45-50mph	48

**Stopped Motor Vehicle In-Transport** is used when this vehicle is stopped on the roadway.

**Not Reported** is used when the officer did not mention Travel Speed or did not indicate Travel Speed within a field in the case materials.

**Unknown** is used when the officer indicates that Travel Speed is unknown.

NOTE: This element is not coded for Parked/Stopped off Roadway/Working Motor Vehicles.

### V16 FIRE OCCURRENCE

**Screen Heading:** Vehicle Characteristics

Screen Name: Fire (480-E)

**Long Name:** Does this vehicle sustain fire damage?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.FIRE\_EXP

Oracle Name: GES. Vehicle. Fire

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS

**n/a** 2 0 No or Not Reported

**n/a** 3 1 Yes

### Remarks:

For the purposes of this element, "vehicle" is defined to mean the power unit plus any and all trailing units associated with the power unit.

If it cannot be determined that a fire occurred in the vehicle during the crash, use **No or Not Reported**.

Yes is used when the case materials indicate that this vehicle sustained fire damage.

In a multi-vehicle crash where a fire occurs, only the vehicles sustaining fire damage should be coded as Yes.

Fires that begin in a vehicle before the first impact may be counted. If fire damage is produced, Fire/Explosion would be the First Harmful Event.

If the Most Harmful Event for this vehicle is Fire/Explosion, or a fire in the vehicle is produced by damage in the crash, code Yes. The involved vehicles may be at rest for a short period of time.

If the vehicles are at rest long enough to raise a question about the fire's relationship to the crash's damage-producing events, use No or Not Reported.

Examples For Fire Occurrence	Codes
1. Car (V#1) strikes tank truck (V#2) in rear, the car catches on fire with no fire occurring for the tank truck.	V#1 - Code 1 V#2 - Code 0
2. Vehicle #1 catches fire, causing driver to strike vehicle #2.	V#1 - Code 1 V#2 - Code 0
3. Vehicle #1 catches fire, causing driver to stop vehicle in roadway and all occupants exit vehicle. Two minutes later, a second car (V#2) rear-ends the stopped car and its driver is killed from collision. (Codes reflect the second crash.)	V#1 - Code 0 V#2 - Code 0

### **V18 EXTENT OF DAMAGE**

**Screen Heading:** Vehicle Characteristics

Screen Name: Extent of Damage (490-E)

**Long Name:** What is the damage severity for this vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.DEFORMED

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.DamageSeverityID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26831	0	No Damage
2	26832	<del>1</del> 2	Minor Damage
3	26833	<del>2</del> 4	Functional Damage
4	26834	<del>3</del> 6	Disabling Damage
5	26835	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

**No Damage** is used when there is no damage indicated in the available information for this vehicle.

**Minor Damage** is damage that does not disable or affect the operation of the motor vehicle. This attribute is used when the case materials indicate damage to the vehicle to be Minor or less than Functional and the vehicle is not towed due to damage.

Examples of Minor damage include: dented or bent fenders, bumpers, grills, body panels, and destroyed hubcaps.

**Functional Damage** is damage that is not disabling, but affects the operation of the motor vehicle or its parts. This attribute is used when the available information specifically indicates the damage is moderate or functional.

Examples of Functional damage include:

- ---- doors, windows, hood, and trunk lids that will not operate properly;
- ---- broken glass that obscures vision;
- ----- damage that would prevent the motor vehicle from passing an official motor vehicle inspection;
- ---- tire damage even though the tire may be changed at the scene;
- ---- bumpers that are loose;
- ----- headlamp or taillight damage that would make night driving hazardous but would not affect daytime driving; and,
- ---- damage to turn signals, horn or windshield wipers which makes them inoperative.

**Disabling Damage** is damage that precludes departure of the motor vehicle from the crash scene in its usual daylight-operating manner after simple repairs. As a result, the motor vehicle had to be towed, or carried from the crash scene, or assisted by an emergency motor vehicle. This attribute should be used when the available information specifically indicates disabling or severe damage. This attribute is also used when the damage is indicated to be of greater magnitude than Functional (moderate), e.g., major, extensive, totaled and the vehicle was towed from the scene.

**Unknown** is used when the available information specifically indicated the damage severity to be unknown or the information is inadequate to determine the level of severity. If the available information is blank or not reported, use this attribute unless the narrative states otherwise or a State-specific rule applies.

Note: There is a distinction between the cost to repair the damage and the degree to which the damage affects the vehicle's operability (totaled, under/over monetary threshold). Operational damage is recorded here. For example, if the available information indicates that the vehicle was totaled and the vehicle was towed away, use Disabling. However, if the available information indicates that the vehicle was totaled, but the vehicle was driven away, use Functional.

**Minor Damage** applies only when V19, Vehicle Removal, is Driven Away, Towed Not Due to Disabling Damage, Abandoned/Left at Scene or Unknown.

### V19 VEHICLE REMOVAL

**Screen Heading:** Vehicle Characteristics

Screen Name: Leave Scene (500-E)

**Long Name:** What is the disposition of this vehicle at the crash scene?

SAS Name: Vehicle.Towed

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.MannerLeftID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26836	1	Driven Away
2	26837	2	Towed Due to Disabling Damage
3	26838	3	Towed Not Due to Disabling Damage
4	26839	4	Abandoned/Left at Scene
5	26840	9	Unknown

### Remarks:

This data element describes the mode in which the vehicle left the scene of the crash. Towing includes vehicles carried from the scene on a flatbed tow truck.

If the vehicle is a combination vehicle (power unit and at least one trailer), the power unit and/or trailer(s) are considered when determining tow status. If the available information indicates the power unit, or trailer of a combination unit, sustained enough damage to require towing, consider this vehicle as towed due to damage.

**Driven Away** is used when the vehicle was driven from the scene of the crash. This attribute applies to a vehicle which is reported by the police as towed out of a ditch or snowbank and subsequently driven away. In addition, this attribute is used if a vehicle was driven from the scene and subsequently disabled.

**Towed Due to Disabling Damage** is used for any towing which is due to disabling damage caused by this crash which prohibits vehicle movement under its own power. Towed due to disabling damage includes any towing, when the reason for towing is unknown. In other words, if a vehicle is reported in the case materials as towed but it cannot be determined whether it was due to disabling damage or for other reasons, then the <u>default assumption</u> is that this vehicle was towed due to disabling damage - the data element Extent of Damage can still be Unknown.

If a vehicle was pushed by hand or by another vehicle after the crash because it was not driveable, then use **Towed Due to Disabling Damage**.

If a vehicle was towed due to damage <u>AND</u> for other reasons such as driver arrest, then code this vehicle as Towed Due to Disabling Damage.

**Towed Not Due to Disabling Damage** is used when the vehicle has been towed but the towing results from other than disabling damage (e.g., minor damage, functional damage, mired vehicles, driver arrested, injured driver, etc.).

**Abandoned/Left at Scene** is used when it is specifically indicated in the available information or when the preponderance of the information available indicates that the vehicle remained at the scene. Do not use this attribute if the vehicle was left at the scene because this location was the vehicle's destination at the time of the crash.

**Unknown** is used when the available information does not indicate the manner in which the vehicle left the scene of the crash.

NOTE: The PAR narrative may be used to supercede and/or clarify the above information.

### V20/V20A MOST HARMFUL EVENT / MOST HARMFUL EVENT NUMBER

Screen Heading: Vehicle Crash

Screen Name: Most Harmful Event (510-E)

What is the most harmful event for this vehicle? Long Name:

SAS Name: Vehicle.V\_Event, Vehicle.MHENum

GES.Vehicle.MostHarmfulID, GES.Events.ObjectHitID, **Oracle Name:** 

GES.Events.EventNumber

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle*	SAS*			
Non-Collision					
n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a	10231 10232 10233 19433 10234 10235 19434 10236 10237 10238	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Rollover/Overturn Fire/Explosion Immersion Gas Inhalation Jackknife Non-Collision Injury (Injured In or Fell From Vehicle) Pavement Surface Irregularity (ruts, potholes, grates, etc.) Other Non-Collision Non-Collision - No Details Thrown Or Falling Object		
Collision With Object Not Fixed					

- la	40000	24	Dadastrian
n/a	10239	21	Pedestrian
n/a	10240	22	Cycle Or Cyclist (Pedalcycle/Pedalcyclist)
n/a	10241	23	Railway train
n/a	10242	24	Animal
n/a	**	25	Motor Vehicle In Transport
n/a	10244	26	Parked Motor Vehicle (Or Other Motor Vehicle
			Not In Transport)
n/a	10245	27	Other Type Non-Motorist
n/a	10246	28	Other Object Not Fixed
n/a	10247	29	Object Not Fixed - No Details
10	10270	27	Other Type Non-Motorist - Ped./Bike Applicable
11	19435	47	Vehicle Occupant

Collision with Fixed Object

n/a	10248	31	Ground
n/a	10249	32	Building
n/a	10250	33	Impact Attenuator/Crash Cushion
n/a	10251	34	Bridge Structure
n/a	10252	35	Guardrail
n/a	10253	36	Concrete Traffic Barrier Or Other Longitudinal
			Barrier Type
n/a	10254	37	Sign Post, Utility Pole or Other Support
n/a	10255	38	Culvert Or Ditch
n/a	10256	39	Curb
n/a	10257	40	Embankment
n/a	10258	41	Fence
n/a	10259	42	Wall
n/a	10260	43	Fire Hydrant
n/a	10261	44	Shrubbery Or Bush
n/a	10262	45	Tree
n/a	10263	46	Boulder
n/a	10265	58	Other Fixed Object
n/a	10266	59	Fixed Object - No Details
n/a	10267	99	Unknown

\* The most harmful event identifier (GES.Events.EventID) is stored in GES.Vehicle.MostHarmfulID. This identifier indicates which event is the most harmful one for the vehicle. To obtain the most harmful event Oracle value shown above, the GES.Vehicle and GES.Events tables are joined "where ges.vehicle.parid=ges.events.parid and GES.Vehicle.MostHarmfulID = GES.Events.EventID"; the Oracle value for the most harmful event is stored in GES.Events.ObjectHitID of this table join.

The SAS Values listed are for SAS variable V20, Most Harmful Event (vehicle.V Event).

The SAS variable V20A, Most Harmful Event Number (Vehicle.MHENum) is the number of the event which produced the most severe injury or property damage for the vehicle. To obtain the most harmful event number associated with the vehicle, the Oracle events and vehicle tables are joined "where ges.vehicle.parid=ges.events.parid and GES.Vehicle.MostHarmfulID = GES.Events.EventID"; the Oracle value for the most harmful event number is stored in GES.Events.Eventnumber of this table join.

\*\* The Oracle value is set equal to the value of GES.Vehicle.VehicleID for the other intransport motor vehicle involved in the event.

#### Remarks:

The event number for this vehicle's most harmful event is entered. When a vehicle is involved in multiple harmful events, select the event which, for this vehicle, produced the most severe injury or property damage.

See A06, Harmful Event, for response definitions.

### **V21 MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (PRECRASH 1)**

Screen Heading: Vehicle Crash

Screen Name: Pre Movement (520-E)

**Long Name:** What is this vehicle's movement prior to the critical event?

SAS Name: Vehicle.P\_Crash1

Oracle Name: GES.PreCrash.PriorMovementID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS		
1	0		0	No driver present
2	1		1	Going straight
3	2		2	Decelerating in traffic lane
4	3		3	Accelerating in traffic lane
5	4		4	Starting in traffic lane
6	5		5	Stopped in traffic lane
7	6		6	Passing or overtaking another vehicle
8	7		7	Disabled or parked in travel lane
9	8		8	Leaving a parking position
10	9		9	Entering a parking position
11	10		10	Turning right
12	11		11	Turning left
13	12		12	Making a U-turn
14	13		13	Backing up (other than for parking position)
15	14		14	Negotiating a curve
16	15		15	Changing lanes
17	16		16	Merging
18	17		17	Successful avoidance maneuver to a previous critical event
19	18		97	Other
20	19		99	Unknown

### Remarks:

Enter the attribute which best describes this vehicle's activity prior to the driver's realization of an impending critical event or just prior to impact if the driver took no action or had no time to attempt any evasive maneuvers.

NOTE: Actions taken by the driver, of this vehicle, after realization of an impending danger are coded in Corrective Actions.

**No driver present** applies if no driver was in this vehicle when the accident occurred.

Enter **Going straight** when this vehicle's path was straight ahead on a straight stretch of roadway. The length need not be very long. For example, vehicles going straight in a left or right turn lane can be entered as "going straight".

Enter **Decelerating in traffic lane** when this vehicle was traveling straight ahead within the travel lane and was decelerating (slowing). If the driver was also involved in any other action (e.g., passing or overtaking, changing lanes etc) enter the appropriate movement.

Enter **Accelerating in traffic lane** When this vehicle was traveling straight ahead within the travel lane and was accelerating. If the driver was involved in any other action (e.g., starting in traffic, passing etc) enter the appropriate movement.

Enter **Starting in traffic lane** when this vehicle was in the process of starting forward from a stopped position within the traffic lane (e.g., start up from traffic signal).

Enter **Stopped in traffic lane** when this vehicle was stopped momentarily, with the motor running within the traffic lane (e.g., stopped for traffic signal).

Enter **Passing or overtaking another vehicle** when this vehicle was traveling straight ahead and was in the process of passing or overtaking another vehicle on the left or right.

Enter **Disabled or parked in travel lane** when this vehicle was parked in a travel lane with a driver present in the vehicle. If the driver was not in the vehicle when the accident occurred, enter **No driver present**.

Enter **Leaving a parking position** when this vehicle was entering the travel lane from a parking area (parallel or diagonal) adjacent to the traffic lanes. If the vehicle, leaving the parked position, is impacted while the driver is in the process of changing from reverse to forward gears, then enter this element value.

Enter **Entering a parking position** when this vehicle was leaving the travel lane to a parking area (parallel or diagonal) adjacent to the traffic lanes (i.e., in the process of parking). The vehicle can be in forward or reverse gear. If the driver is decelerating for the purpose of parking, enter this element value instead of "Decelerating in traffic lane".

Enter **Turning right** when this vehicle was moving forward and the driver turned right, changing from one roadway to a different roadway (e.g., from or to a driveway, parking lot or intersection).

Enter **Turning left** when this vehicle was moving forward and the driver turned left, changing from one roadway to a different roadway (e.g., from or to a driveway, parking lot or intersection).

Enter **Making a U-turn** when this vehicle was making a U-turn (i.e., 180 degree directional change, opposite the original direction of travel) on the roadway.

Enter **Backing up [other than for parking position]** when this vehicle was traveling backwards within the trafficway and the backing was not to enter or leave a parking position.

Enter **Negotiating a curve** when this vehicle was continuing along a roadway that curved to the right or left.

Enter **Changing lanes** when this vehicle was traveling straight ahead and changed travel lanes to the right or left while on the same roadway.

Enter **Merging** when this vehicle was moving forward and merging from the left or right into a traffic lane (e.g., roadway narrows exit/entrance ramps).

Enter Successful avoidance maneuver to a previous critical event when this vehicle responded to a previous critical event and successfully avoided an impact. However, this precipitated a subsequent critical crash envelope which resulted in an impact for this vehicle.

Enter **Other** when this vehicle's pre-event movement is known but none of the specified elements are applicable (e.g., A vehicle travels the wrong way on a one-way trafficway or A vehicle is pushed by another vehicle or pedestrian etc).

Enter **Unknown** when this vehicle's movement was unknown prior to its involvement in the crash. Also, enter unknown if the information is inadequate to determine which applicable element applies.

### **V22 VEHICLE ROLE**

Screen Heading: Vehicle Crash

Screen Name: Vehicle Role (530-E)

**Long Name:** What is the vehicle's role in the crash?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle. Veh Role

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.RoleID

**Element Values:** 

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26845	0	Non-collision
2	26846	1	Striking
3	26847	2	Struck
4	26848	3	Both
5	26849	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

**Non-collision** is used only when the non-collision occurred first, even if subsequent impacts occurred. Non-collision includes rollover/overturn (which includes overturning motorcycles), fire/explosion, jackknifed or immersion.

A vehicle that sets an object in motion (e.g., cargo, spewed gravel, etc.), striking another vehicle or object, receives this attribute. If another in-transport vehicle is struck by the object set in motion it would be coded as "Striking" unless it is stationary, in which case it is coded as "Struck", irrespective of the wording in the narrative.

**Striking** is used if a vehicle in motion contacts another vehicle, pedestrian, non-motorist or object with its leading end and/or side. A vehicle must be in motion to be a striking vehicle.

It is possible for both vehicles to be considered striking. This occurs in the cases of head-on collisions, and for sideswiping vehicles (including front or rear endswipes).

**Struck** is used if a vehicle is moving forward and is not in rotation and contacts another vehicle, pedestrian or non-motorist with other than its front. A vehicle not in motion is struck unless subsequent impacts result in which the vehicle is striking (use Both in these situations).

**Both** is used when a vehicle is both striking and struck. The two impacts can not occur with the same vehicle, object or person. For example, if the crash involves two events where event 1 is the front of moving vehicle (V1) impacting the side of stopped vehicle (V2) and event two is the side of V1 impacting the side of V2, V1 is coded **STRIKING** and V2 is coded **STRUCK**. The classic example of a vehicle which is both striking and struck is the chain reaction rear-end where the vehicle which is striking and struck is located within the chain.

The decision should be based on the above stated rules and not necessarily the wording in the narrative. The decision may; therefore, contradict the narrative in some cases (e.g., the narrative describes V1 as striking V2 yet the damage indicates that V2 was striking and V1 was struck).

### **V23 ACCIDENT TYPE (CATEGORY)**

Screen Heading: Vehicle Crash

Screen Name: Category (540-E)

**Long Name:** What is the crash type category for the first harmful event?

SAS Name: none

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.CrashCatID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	27790	n/a	Category I. Single Driver
2	27791	n/a	Category II. Same Trafficway, Same Direction
3	27792	n/a	Category III. Same Trafficway, Opposite Direction
4	27793	n/a	Category IV. Changing Trafficway, Vehicle Turning
5	27794	n/a	Category V. Intersecting Paths (Vehicle Damage)
6	27795	n/a	Category VI. Miscellaneous

#### Remarks:

Variables V23, Accident Type (Category); V23, Accident Type (Configuration); and V23, Accident Type (Crash Type), are used for categorizing the collisions of drivers involved in crashes. A collision is defined here as the first harmful event in a crash between a vehicle and some object, accompanied by property damage or human injury. The object may be another vehicle, a person, an animal, a fixed object, the road surface or the ground. The first harmful event may also involve plowing into soft ground, if severe vehicle deceleration results in damage or injury. A road departure without damage or injury is not defined as a collision.

A summary of the crash types is shown in figure 1.

To determine the proper crash type, refer to the three step decision process outlined below:

- Step 1 Determine the appropriate category-V23, Accident Type (Category).
- Step 2 Determine the appropriate configuration-V23, Accident Type (Configuration).
- Step 3 Determine the specific crash type-V23, Accident Type (Crash Type).

The attributes for this variable are the categories. The configuration and specific crash type attributes are further discussed under variables V23, Accident Type (Configuration), and V23, Accident Type (Crash Type).

Cate- gory	Configur- ation	ACCIDENT TYPES (Includes Intent)		
	A. Right Roadside Departure	DRIVE OFF CONTROL/ ROAD TRACTION LOSS WITH VEH., PED., ANIM.	04 SPECIFICS OTHER	05 SPECIFICS UNKNOWN
I. Single Driver	B. Left Roadside Departure	DRIVE OFF CONTROL/ ROAD TRACTION LOSS WITH VEH., PED., ANIM.	09 SPECIFICS OTHER	10 SPECIFICS UNKNOWN
	C. Forward Impact	PARKED STATIONARY PEDESTRIAN/ END DEPARTURE	15 SPECIFICS OTHER	16 SPECIFICS UNKNOWN
sway	D. Rear-End	22 24 26 28 (** 30 25 25 25 27 27 27 31 SLOWER 25, 26, 27 DECELERATING 29, 30, 31	(EACH - 32) SPECIFICS OTHER	(EACH - 33) SPECIFICS UNKNOWN
II. Same Trafficway Same Direction	E. Forward Impact	34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41  CONTROL/ CONTROL/ AVOID COLLISION WITH VEHICLE WITH OBJECT	(EACH - 42) SPECIFICS OTHER	(EACH - 43) SPECIFICS UNKNOWN
П	F. Sideswipe Angle	44 45 45 45 47	(EACH - 48) SPECIFICS OTHER	(EACH - 49) SPECIFICS UNKNOWN
y on	G. Head-On	50 LATERAL MOVE	(EACH - 52) SPECIFICS OTHER	(EACH - 53) SPECIFICS UNKNOWN
Same Trafficway Opposite Direction	H. Forward Impact	54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61  CONTROL/ CONTROL/ AVOID COLLISION WITH VEHICLE WITH OBJECT	(EACH - 62) SPECIFICS OTHER	(EACH - 63) SPECIFICS UNKNOWN
III.	I. Sideswipe/ Angle	65 LATERAL MOVE	(EACH - 66) SPECIFICS OTHER	(EACH - 67) SPECIFICS UNKNOWN
Change Trafficway Vehicle Turning	J. Turn Across Path	68 70 73 72 71 TO	(EACH - 74) SPECIFICS OTHER	(EACH - 75) SPECIFICS UNKNOWN
₹.	K. Turn Into Path	77 79 80 81 83 82  TURN INTO SAME DIRECTION TURN INTO OPPOSITE DIRECTIONS	(EACH - 84) SPECIFICS OTHER	(EACH - 85) SPECIFICS UNKNOWN
V. Intersecting Paths (Vehicle Damage)	L. Straight Paths	→ 87	(EACH - 90) SPECIFICS OTHER	(EACH - 91) SPECIFICS UNKNOWN
VI. Miscel- laneous	M. Backing Etc.	92 93 OTHER VEHICLE OR OBJECT BACKING VEHICLE	98 OTHER ACC 99 UNKNOWN A 00 NO IMPACT	IDENT TYPE ACCIDENT TYPE

### Questions to ask before selecting a category

### General

- How many in-transport vehicles were involved in the first Harmful Event (A06)?
- Were the in-transport vehicles on the same trafficway?
- In what direction were the vehicles headed, relative to each other?
- Was a vehicle backing?

### Category I: Single Driver

- Did the vehicle leave the roadway, and on what side?
- Is there insufficient information to choose between configurations? If so, see remarks under V23, Accident Type (Configuration) - Category VI. Miscellaneous.

### Right & Left Roadside Departure

- Was there a control or traction loss?
- Was there a successful avoidance maneuver?

### Forward Impact

- What was the object that was struck?
- Did the vehicle depart off the end of the roadway?

### Category II: Same Trafficway, Same Direction

- What was the plane of contact for each vehicle?
- Did a successful avoidance maneuver take place?
- Is there insufficient information to choose between configurations? If so, see remarks under V23, Accident Type (Configuration) - Category VI. Miscellaneous.

#### Rear End

- What was the plane of contact for each vehicle?
- Was the struck vehicle stopped, going slower, slowing?
- Which vehicle was the striking vehicle?

### Forward Impact

- What was the plane of contact for each vehicle?
- What was the object avoiding?
- Was there control or traction loss?
- Which vehicle was the striking vehicle?

### Sideswipe/Angle

- Did either vehicle intentionally change lanes, if so which one(s)?
- What side was each vehicle on, relative to the other vehicle?

### Category III: Same Trafficway, Opposite Direction

- What was the plane of contact for each vehicle?
- Did a successful avoidance maneuver take place?
- Is there insufficient information to choose between configurations? If so, see remarks under V23, Accident Type (Configuration) - Category VI. Miscellaneous.

#### Head-On

Which vehicle moved into the other vehicle's lane?

### Forward Impact

- Was there control or traction loss?
- What was the object avoiding?
- Which vehicle made the avoidance maneuver?

### Sideswipe/Angle

Which vehicle moved into the other vehicle's lane?

### Category IV: Changing Trafficway, Vehicle Turning

- Which way did the vehicle turn, relative to the other vehicle?
- Is there sufficient information to choose between configurations? If so, see remarks under V23, Accident Type (Configuration) - Category VI. Miscellaneous.

#### Turn Across Path

- What was each vehicle's direction of travel, relative to the other vehicle?
- In what direction was the turning vehicle turning?
- Which vehicle was turning?

### Category V: Intersecting Paths

### Straight Paths

- What was the plane of contact for both vehicles?
- Which vehicle was the striking vehicle?
- Is there sufficient information to choose between configurations? If so, see remarks under V23, Accident Type (Configuration) - Category

VI. Miscellaneous.

### Category VI: Miscellaneous

### Backing/Miscellaneous

- Which vehicle, if any, was backing?
- Is there sufficient information to choose between categories? If so, see remarks under V23, Accident Type (Configuration) - Category VI. Miscellaneous.

The definitions of each of the six categories are as follows:

**Category I. Single Driver** - The first harmful event involves a collision between an intransport vehicle and an object or an off roadway rollover. A harmful event involving two intransport vehicles is excluded from this category. Note, the impact location on the vehicle is not a consideration for crash types in this category.

**Category II. Same Trafficway, Same Direction** - The first harmful event occurred while both vehicles were traveling in the same direction on the same trafficway.

**Category III. Same Trafficway, Opposite Direction** - The first harmful event occurred while both vehicles were traveling in opposite directions on the same trafficway.

Category IV. Change Trafficway, Vehicle Turning - The first harmful event occurred when the vehicle is either turning or merging while attempting to change from one trafficway to another trafficway. Trafficway for this variable is loosely defined to include driveways, alleys and parking lots when a vehicle is either entering or exiting a trafficway.

**Category V. Intersecting Paths (Vehicle Damage)** - The first harmful event involves situations where vehicle trajectories intersect. It is important to note the location of damage to each vehicle for crash typing.

**Category VI. Miscellaneous** - The first harmful event involves a crash type which cannot be described in Categories I-V and thus is included in this category. Select this category, if there is insufficient information to choose between categories.

Each category is subdivided into crash configuration(s). The configurations are described under V23, Accident Type (Configuration).

# **V23 ACCIDENT TYPE (CONFIGURATION)**

Screen Heading: Vehicle Crash

Screen Name: Configuration (545-E)

**Long Name:** What is the crash type configuration?

SAS Name: none

Oracle Name: GES. Vehicle. Crash ConfigID

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

Category I. Single Driver

1	27796	n/a	Configuration A. Right Roadside Departure
2	27797	n/a	Configuration B. Left Roadside Departure
3	27798	n/a	Configuration C. Forward Impact

Category II. Same Trafficway, Same Direction

1	27799	n/a	Configuration D. Rear-End
2	27800	n/a	Configuration E. Forward Impact
3	27801	n/a	Configuration F. Sideswipe/Angle

Category III. Changing Trafficway, Vehicle Turning

1	27802	n/a	Configuration G. Head-On
2	27803	n/a	Configuration H. Forward Impact
3	27804	n/a	Configuration I. Sideswipe/Angle

Category IV. Same Trafficway, Opposite Direction

1	27805	n/a	Configuration J. Turn Across Path
2	27806	n/a	Configuration K. Turn Into Path

Category V. Intersecting Paths (Vehicle Damage)

1 27807 n/a Configuration L. Straight Paths

Category VI. Miscellaneous

1 27808 n/a Configuration M. Backing, Etc.

#### Remarks:

### Category I. Single Driver

### Configuration A. Right Roadside Departure

The vehicle departed the right side of the road with the first harmful event occurring off the road.

### Configuration B. Left Roadside Departure

The vehicle departed the left side of the road with the first harmful event occurring off the road.

### **Configuration C. Forward Impact**

The vehicle struck an object on the road or off the end of a trafficway while moving forward.

### Category II. Same Trafficway, Same Direction

### Configuration D. Rear-End

The front of the overtaking vehicle impacted the rear of the other vehicle. Note, even if the rear-impacted vehicle had started to make a turn, code here (not in Category IV).

### **Configuration E. Forward Impact**

The front of the overtaking vehicle impacted the rear of the other vehicle, following a steering maneuver around a noninvolved vehicle or object.

### Configuration F. Sideswipe/Angle

The two vehicles are involved in an impact involving the side of one or both vehicles.

### Category III. Same Trafficway, Opposite Direction

### Configuration G. Head-On

The frontal area of one vehicle impacted the frontal area of another.

### **Configuration H. Forward Impact**

The frontal area of one vehicle impacted the frontal area of another following a steering maneuver around a noninvolved vehicle or an object.

### Configuration I. Sideswipe/Angle

The two vehicles are involved in an impact involving the side of one or both vehicles.

### Category IV. Changing Trafficway, Vehicle Turning

### **Configuration J. Turn Across Path**

The two vehicles were initially on the same trafficway when one vehicle tried to turn onto another trafficway and pulled in front of the other vehicle. Vehicles making a "U" turn are identified in Category VI. Miscellaneous.

### **Configuration K. Turn Into Path**

The two vehicles were initially on different trafficways when one attempted to turn into the same trafficway as the other vehicle.

Note, the focus of this configuration is on the turning maneuver from one trafficway to another and not on the vehicles' plane of contact.

### Category V. Intersecting Paths (Vehicle Damage)

### **Configuration L. Straight Paths**

The two vehicles were proceeding (or attempting to proceed) straight ahead.

### Category VI. Miscellaneous

### Configuration M. Backing, Etc.

One of the two vehicles involved was a backing vehicle, regardless of its location on the trafficway or the damage location on the vehicles.

Any crash configuration which cannot be described in Category I. through V. is included here.

If there is insufficient information to determine the category or configuration, choose configuration M.

Each configuration is subdivided into crash type(s). The crash types are described under V23, Accident Type (Crash Type).

# **V23 ACCIDENT TYPE (CRASH TYPE)**

Screen Heading: Vehicle Crash

**Screen Name:** Crash Type (547-E)

**Long Name:** What is the most adequate description of the crash type for the first

harmful event?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.Acc\_Type

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.CrashTypeID

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

Category I. Single Driver

# Configuration A. Right Roadside Departure

1	1	01	Drive Off Road
2	2	02	Control/Traction Loss
3	3	03	Avoid Collision with Vehicle, Pedestrian, Animal
4	4	04	Specifics Other
5	5	05	Specifics Unknown

### Configuration B. Left Roadside Departure

6	6	06	Drive Off Road
7	7	07	Control/Traction Loss
8	8	80	Avoid Collision With Vehicle, Pedestrian, Animal
9	9	09	Specifics Other
10	10	10	Specifics Unknown

### Configuration C. Forward Impact

11	11	Parked Vehicle
12	12	Stationary Object
13	13	Pedestrian/Animal
14	14	End Departure
15	15	Specifics Other
16	16	Specifics Unknown
	12 13 14 15	12 12 13 13 14 14 15 15

## Category II. Same Trafficway, Same Direction

# Configuration D. Rear-End

# Configuration E. Forward Impact

34	34	34	This Vehicle's Frontal Area Impacts Another Vehicle
35	35	35	This Vehicle Is Impacted by Frontal Area of Another Vehicle
36	36	36	This Vehicle's Frontal Area Impacts Another Vehicle
37	37	37	This Vehicle Is Impacted by Frontal Area of Another Vehicle
38	38	38	This Vehicle's Frontal Area Impacts Another Vehicle
39	39	39	This Vehicle Is Impacted by Frontal Area of Another Vehicle
40	40	40	This Vehicle's Frontal Area Impacts Another Vehicle
41	41	41	This Vehicle Is Impacted by Frontal Area of Another Vehicle
42	42	42	Specifics Other
43	43	43	Specifics Unknown

# Configuration F. Sideswipe/Angle

44	44	44	Straight Ahead on Left
45	45	45	Straight Ahead on Left/Right
46	46	46	Changing Lanes to the Right
47	47	47	Changing Lanes to the Left
48	48	48	Specifics Other
49	49	49	Specifics Unknown

# Category III. Same Trafficway, Opposite Direction

# Configuration G. Head-On

50	50	Lateral Move (Left/Right)
51	51	Lateral Move (Going Straight)
52	52	Specifics Other
53	53	Specifics Unknown
	51 52	51 51 52 52

# Configuration H. Forward Impact

54	54	54	This Vehicle's Frontal Area Impacts Another Vehicle
55	55	55	This Vehicle Is Impacted by Frontal Area of Another Vehicle
56	56	56	This Vehicle's Frontal Area Impacts Another Vehicle
57	57	57	This Vehicle Is Impacted by Frontal Area of Another Vehicle
58	58	58	This Vehicle's Frontal Area Impacts Another Vehicle
59	59	59	This Vehicle Is Impacted by Frontal Area of Another Vehicle
60	60	60	This Vehicle's Frontal Area Impacts Another Vehicle
61	61	61	This Vehicle Is Impacted by Frontal Area of Another Vehicle
62	62	62	Specifics Other
63	63	63	Specifics Unknown

# Configuration I. Sideswipe/Angle

64	64	64	Lateral Move (left/Right)
65	65	65	Lateral Move (Going Straight)
66	66	66	Specifics Other
67	67	67	Specifics Unknown

# Category IV. Changing Trafficway, Vehicle Turning

# Configuration J. Turn Across Path

68	68	68	Initial Opposite Directions (Left/Right)
69	69	69	Initial Opposite Directions (Going Straight)
70	70	70	Initial Same Directions (Turning Right)
71	71	71	Initial Same Directions (Going Straight)
72	72	72	Initial Same Directions (Turning Left)
73	73	73	Initial Same Directions (Going Straight)
74	74	74	Specifics Other
75	75	75	Specifics Unknown

# Configuration K. Turn Into Path

76	76	76	Turn Into Same Direction (Turning Left)
77	77	77	Turn Into Same Direction (Going Straight)
78	78	78	Turn Into Same Direction (Turning Right)
79	79	79	Turn Into Same Direction (Going Straight)
80	80	80	Turn Into Opposite Directions (Turning Right)
81	81	81	Turn Into Opposite Directions (Going Straight)
82	82	82	Turn Into Opposite Directions (Turning Left)
83	83	83	Turn Into Opposite Directions (Going Straight)
84	84	84	Specifics Other
85	85	85	Specifics Unknown

### Category V. Intersecting Paths (Vehicle Damage)

### Configuration L. Straight Paths

86	86	86	Striking from the Right
87	87	87	Struck on the Right
88	88	88	Striking from the Left
89	89	89	Struck on the Left
90	90	90	Specifics Other
91	91	91	Specifics Unknown

### Category VI. Miscellaneous

### Configuration M. Backing, Etc.

92	92	92	Backing Vehicle
93	93	93	Other Vehicle or Object
98	98	98	Other Crash Type
99	99	99	Unknown Crash Type
00	00	00	No Impact

#### Remarks:

This variable specifies the crash types for each category/configuration.

The crash types in Category I. (Single Driver) involve an impact between a vehicle and an object. Categories II. through VI. identify specific collision combinations which must be coded in specified pairs (i.e., the pair code defines the crash type). As an example, the combination "20" (Rear-end, stopped) and "32" (Rear-end, specifics other) or "20" (Rear-end, stopped) and "25" (Slower, straight ahead) are not valid since "20" (Rear-end, stopped) only has meaning when linked to codes "21"-"23" (Stopped, ....). A crash involving a vehicle impacting a "driverless in-transport vehicle" is coded "..., specifics other" in the appropriate configuration-category. For example, a vehicle which impacts the rear of a driverless in-transport vehicle is encoded "32" (Rear-end, specifics other) and "32".

In crashes involving more than two vehicles or in collision sequences involving a combination of vehicle-to-object- to-vehicle impacts, code the crash type for the vehicle(s) involved in the first harmful event. All other vehicles are coded "98" (Other crash type).

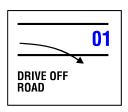
Keep in mind that intended actions play an important role in the coding scheme. For example, crash type "26" (Slower, turning left) is selected over type "25" (Slower, straight ahead) if the subject vehicle was traveling slower with the intention of turning left. Note, the turning action need not have occurred prior to the collision. The driver's intent to turn is the key.

# Category I. Single Driver

# Configuration A. Right Roadside Departure

The vehicle departed the right side of the road with the first harmful event occurring off the road.

### 01 Right Roadside Departure: Drive Off Road



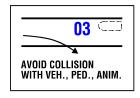
Enter "01" when the vehicle departed the road under a controlled situation (e.g., the driver was distracted, fell asleep, intentionally departed, etc.

### 02 Right Roadside Departure: Control/Traction Loss



Enter "02" when there is evidence that the vehicle lost traction or "got away" from the driver in some other way (e.g., the vehicle spun off the road as a result of surface conditions, oversteer phenomena or mechanical malfunctions). If doubt exists, code "01" (Right Roadside Departure, Drive Off Road).

### 03 Right Roadside Departure: Avoid Collision With Vehicle, Pedestrian, Animal



Enter "03" when the vehicle departed the road to avoid something on the road. Phantom vehicle situations, pedestrians, bicyclists, and other cyclists and non-motorist's are included here.

### 04 Right Roadside Departure: Specifics Other



Enter "04" if the vehicle departed the road to avoid something on the road other than a vehicle, pedestrian or animal. Also use "Specifics Other" for crashes involving a driverless in-transport vehicle.

### 05 Right Roadside Departure: Specifics Unknown



Enter "05" if the vehicle departed the right side of the road for unknown reasons.

# Configuration B. Left Roadside Departure

### 06 Left Roadside Departure: Drive Off Road



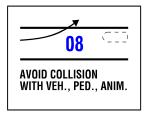
Enter "06" when the vehicle departed the road under a controlled situation (e.g., the driver was distracted, fell asleep, intentionally departed, etc.)

### 07 Left Roadside Departure: Control/Traction Loss



Enter "07" if there is evidence that the vehicle lost traction or "got away" from the driver in some other way (e.g., the vehicle spun off the road as a result of surface conditions, oversteer phenomena or mechanical malfunctions.) If doubt exists, code "06" (Left Roadside Departure, Drive Off Road).

### 08 Left Roadside Departure: Avoid Collision With Vehicle, Pedestrian, Animal



Enter "08" when the vehicle departed the road to avoid something on the road. Phantom vehicle situations, pedestrians, bicyclists, and other cyclists and non-motorists are included here.

### 09 Left Roadside Departure: Specifics Other



Enter "09" if the vehicle departed the road to avoid something on the road other than a vehicle, pedestrian or animal. Also, use "specifics Other" for crashes involving a driverless in-transport vehicle.

### 10 Left Roadside Departure: Specifics Unknown



Enter "10" if the vehicle departed the left side of the road for unknown reasons.

# Configuration C. Forward Impact

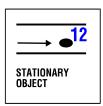
The vehicle struck an object on the road or off the end of a trafficway while moving forward.

### 11 Forward Impact: Parked Vehicle



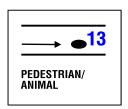
Enter "11" if the crash involves impact with a parked vehicle on either side of the road.

### 12 Forward Impact: Stationary Object



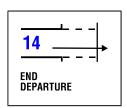
Enter "12" if the crash involves impact with a stationary object on either side of the road.

### 13 Forward Impact: Pedestrian/Animal



Enter "13" if the first harmful event involves impact with a pedestrian or animal on either side of the road. Pedestrians, bicyclists, and other cyclists and non-motorists are included here. Vehicle plane of contact is NOT a consideration.

### 14 Forward Impact: End Departure



Enter "14" when the vehicle ran off the end of the road and crashed into something.

### 15 Forward Impact: Specifics Other



Enter "15" for impacted (striking or struck) trains and nonstationary objects on the road. Also use "Specifics Other" for crashes involving a driverless in-transport vehicle.

### Forward Impact: Specifics Unknown



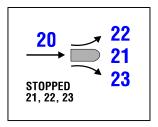
Enter "16" when the PAR indicates a single driver was involved in a forward impact collision, but no further classification is possible.

# Category II. Same Trafficway, Same Direction

# Configuration D. Rear-End

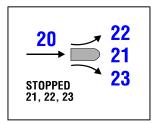
The front of the overtaking vehicle impacted the rear of the other vehicle. Note, even if the rear-impacted vehicle had started to make a turn, code here (not in Category IV - Change in Trafficway, Vehicle Turning).

### 20 Rear-End: Stopped



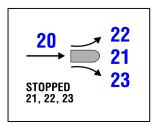
Enter "20" for a vehicle that impacts another vehicle from the rear when the impacted vehicle was stopped in the trafficway.

### 21 Rear-End: Stopped, Straight



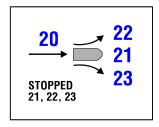
Enter "21" for a rear-impacted vehicle that was stopped in the trafficway, and was intending to proceed straight ahead.

### 22 Rear-End: Stopped, Left



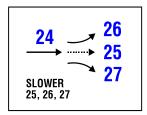
Enter "22" for a rear-impacted vehicle that was stopped in the trafficway, intending to make a left turn.

### 23 Rear-End: Stopped, Right



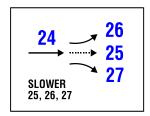
Enter "23" for a rear-impacted vehicle that was stopped in the trafficway, intending to make a right turn.

### 24 Rear-End: Slower



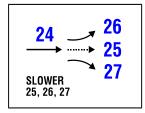
Enter "24" for a vehicle that impacts another vehicle from the rear when the impacted vehicle was going slower than the striking vehicle.

### 25 Rear-End: Slower, Going Straight



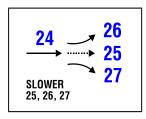
Enter "25" for a rear-impacted vehicle that was going slower than the other vehicle while proceeding straight ahead.

### 26 Rear-End: Slower, Going Left



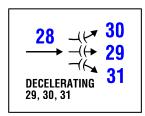
Enter "26" for a rear-impacted vehicle that was going slower than the other vehicle while intending to turn left.

### 27 Rear-End: Slower, Going Right



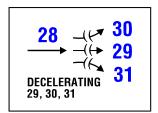
Enter "27" for a rear-impacted vehicle that was going slower than the other vehicle while intending to turn right.

### 28 Rear-End: Decelerating (Slowing)



Enter "28" for a vehicle which impacts another vehicle from the rear when the impacted vehicle was slowing down.

### 29 Rear-End: Decelerating (Slowing), Going Straight

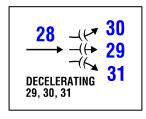


Enter "29" for a rear-impacted vehicle that was slowing down while proceeding straight ahead.

### 30 Rear-End: Decelerating (Slowing), Going Left

Enter "30" for a rear-impacted vehicle that was slowing down while intending to turn left.

### 31 Rear-End: Decelerating (Slowing), Going Right



Enter "31" for a rear-impacted vehicle that was slowing down while intending to turn right.

### 32 Rear-End: Specifics Other



Enter "32" for rear-end collisions which cannot be described in "20"-"31." Enter "Specifics Other" for crashes involving a driverless in-transport vehicle.

### 33 Rear-End: Specifics Unknown

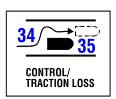


Enter "33" when the PAR indicates a rear-end collision occurred, but no further classification is possible.

# Configuration E. Forward Impact

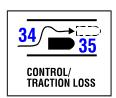
The front of the overtaking vehicle impacted the rear of the other vehicle, following a steering maneuver around a noninvolved vehicle or object.

### 34 Forward Impact: Control/Traction Loss



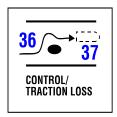
Enter "34" for a vehicle that's frontal area impacts another vehicle due to loss of control or traction (during a maneuver to avoid a collision with a non-involved vehicle) while both are traveling on the same trafficway in the same direction.

### 35 Forward Impact: Control/Traction Loss



Enter "35" for a vehicle which is impacted by the frontal area of another vehicle due to loss of control or traction (during a maneuver to avoid a collision with a non-involved vehicle) while both are traveling on the same trafficway in the same direction.

### 36 Forward Impact: Control/Traction Loss



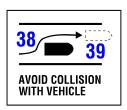
Enter "36" for a vehicle that's frontal area impacts another vehicle due to loss of control or traction (during a maneuver to avoid a collision with an object) while both are traveling on the same trafficway in the same direction.

### 37 Forward Impact: Control/Traction Loss



Enter "37" for a vehicle which is impacted by the frontal area of another vehicle due to loss of control or traction (during a maneuver to avoid a collision with an object) while both are traveling on the same trafficway in the same direction.

### 38 Forward Impact: Avoid Collision with Vehicle



Enter "38" for a vehicle that struck the rear of another vehicle with its front plane while maneuvering to avoid collision with a non-involved vehicle, when loss of control or traction was not a factor, and both were traveling on the same trafficway, in the same direction.

### 39 Forward Impact: Avoid Collision with Vehicle



Enter "39" for a vehicle that was impacted by the frontal area of another vehicle which was maneuvering to avoid a collision with a non-involved vehicle, when loss of control or traction was not a factor, and both were traveling on the same trafficway, in the same direction.

### 40 Forward Impact: Avoid Collision with Object



Enter "40" for a vehicle that struck the rear of another vehicle with its front plane while maneuvering to avoid collision with an object, when loss of control or traction was not a factor, and both were traveling on the same trafficway, in the same direction.

### 41 Forward Impact: Avoid Collision with Object



Enter "41" for a vehicle which was impacted by the frontal area of another vehicle which was maneuvering to avoid a collision with an object, when loss of control or traction was not a factor, and both were traveling on the same trafficway, in the same direction.

### 42 Forward Impact: Specifics Other



Enter "42" (for both vehicles) for a forward impact collision which occurred while both vehicles were traveling on the same trafficway, in the same direction, and the striking vehicle was attempting to avoid a vehicle or an object which cannot be described by "34" - "40."

Also, use this code for crashes involving a driverless in-transport vehicle which would otherwise qualify for this configuration.

### 43 Forward Impact: Specifics Unknown



Enter "43" when the PAR indicates that a forward impact collision occurred while both vehicles were traveling on the same trafficway and in the same direction, but no further classification was possible.

# Configuration F. Sideswipe/Angle

The two vehicles are involved in an impact involving the side of one or both vehicles.

The following four codes, "44" (Sideswipe/Angle, straight ahead on left), "45" (Sideswipe/Angle, straight ahead on left/right), "46" (Sideswipe/Angle, changing lanes to the right), "47" (Sideswipe/Angle, changing lanes to the left), identify relative vehicle positions (left versus right) and lane of travel intentions (straight ahead versus changing lanes). From these four codes, four combinations are permitted. They are:

- 1. "44" and "45"
- 2. "46" and "45"
- 3. "45" and "47"
- 4. "46" and "47".

When used in combination, these codes refer to a sideswipe or angle collision which involved a vehicle to the left of a vehicle to the right where:

- 1. neither vehicle (codes "44" and "45") intended to change its lane;
- 2. the vehicle on the left (code "46" was changing lanes to the right, and the vehicle on the right (code "45") was not intending to change its lane;
- 3. the vehicle on the left (code "45") was not intending to change its lane, and the vehicle on the right (code "47") was changing lanes to the left, and
- 4. the vehicle on the left (code "46") was changing lanes to the right, and the vehicle on the right (code "47") was changing lanes to the left.

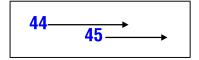
### In addition, when:

- 1. the right sides of the two vehicles impact following a 180 degree rotation of the vehicle on the right or
- 2. the left sides of the two vehicles impact following a 180 degree rotation of the vehicle on the left.

Select the appropriate combination depending upon:

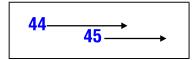
- 1. their positions (i.e., left versus right) and
- 2. the intended lane of travel (straight ahead versus changing lanes) of their drivers.

## 44 Sideswipe/Angle: Straight Ahead on Left



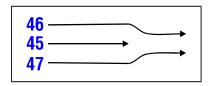
See discussion under Configuration F. Sideswipe/Angle, above for an explanation of when this attribute applies.

### 45 Sideswipe/Angle: Straight Ahead on Left/Right



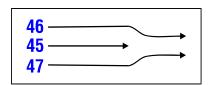
See discussion under Configuration F. Sideswipe/Angle, above for an explanation of when this attribute applies.

### 46 Sideswipe/Angle: Changing Lanes to the Right



See discussion under Configuration F. Sideswipe/Angle, above for an explanation of when this attribute applies.

### 47 Sideswipe/Angle: Changing Lanes to the Left



See discussion under Configuration F. Sideswipe/Angle, above for an explanation of when this attribute applies.

### 48 Sideswipe/Angle: Specifics Other



Enter "48" if one vehicle was behind the other prior to a sideswipe/angle collision occurring while both vehicles were traveling on the same trafficway and in the same direction.

For example, use this code when two vehicles are on the same trafficway and going the same direction, and one loses control and is struck in the side by the front of the other vehicle. However, if one vehicle rotates such that the impact is front to front, then use code "98" (Other crash type).

Use this code for crashes involving a driverless in-transport vehicle.

### 49 Sideswipe/Angle: Specifics Unknown



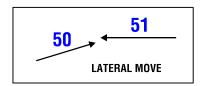
Enter "49" for sideswipe/angle collisions that occur while both vehicles are traveling on the same trafficway and in the same direction, when no further classification is possible.

# Category III. Same Trafficway, Opposite Direction

# Configuration G. Head-On

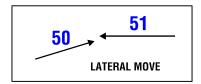
The frontal area of one vehicle impacted the frontal area of another.

### 50 Head-On: Lateral Move (Left/Right)



Enter "50" for a vehicle that LEAVES ITS LANE [moves laterally (sideways)] immediately before colliding head-on with another vehicle, when the vehicles are traveling on the same trafficway in opposite directions.

### 51 Head-On: Lateral Move (Going Straight)



Enter "51" for a vehicle that collides head-on with another vehicle which has IMMEDIATELY LEFT ITS LANE (moved laterally), when the vehicles are traveling on the same trafficway in opposite directions.

### 52 Head-On: Specifics Other



Enter "52" for a head-on collision that cannot be described by "50"-"51", when the vehicles are traveling on the same trafficway in opposite directions. Clarification: Enter "52" for both vehicles involved in a head-on collision when one is traveling the wrong way on a one way roadway.

Enter "Specifics Other" for crashes involving a driverless in-transport vehicle.

### 53 Head-On: Specifics Unknown

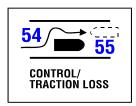


Enter "53" when the PAR indicates a head-on collision occurred between two vehicles traveling on the same trafficway in opposite directions, when no further classification is possible.

# Configuration H. Forward Impact

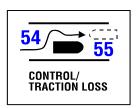
The frontal area of one vehicle impacted the frontal area of another following a steering maneuver around a noninvolved vehicle or an object.

#### **54 Forward Impact: Control/Traction Loss**



Enter "54" for a vehicle whose frontal area impacts another vehicle due to loss of control or traction (during a maneuver to avoid a collision with a third vehicle) while the vehicles are traveling on the same trafficway in opposite directions.

#### **55 Forward Impact: Control/Traction Loss**



Enter "55" for a vehicle which is impacted by the frontal area of another vehicle due to loss of control or traction (during a maneuver to avoid a collision with a third vehicle) while the vehicles are traveling on the same trafficway in opposite directions.

#### **56 Forward Impact: Control/Traction Loss**



Enter "56" for a vehicle whose frontal area impacts another vehicle due to loss of control or traction (during a maneuver to avoid a collision with an object) while the vehicles are traveling on the same trafficway in opposite directions.

#### **57 Forward Impact: Control/Traction Loss**



Enter "57" for a vehicle which is impacted by the frontal area of another vehicle due to loss of control or traction (during a maneuver to avoid a collision with an object) while the vehicles are traveling on the same trafficway in opposite directions.

# 58 Forward Impact: Avoid Collision with Vehicle



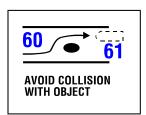
Enter "58" for a vehicle whose frontal area impacts another vehicle while maneuvering to avoid a collision with a non-involved vehicle, when loss of control or traction was not a factor, and the vehicles were traveling on the same trafficway, in opposite directions.

# 59 Forward Impact: Avoid Collision with Vehicle



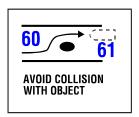
Enter "59" for a vehicle which was impacted by the frontal area of another vehicle which was maneuvering to avoid collision with a non-involved vehicle, when loss of control or traction was not a factor, and the vehicles were traveling on the same trafficway, in opposite directions.

#### 60 Forward Impact: Avoid Collision with Object



Enter "60" for a vehicle that struck the front of another vehicle with the frontal plane while maneuvering to avoid collision with an object, when loss of control or traction was not a factor, and the vehicles were traveling on the same trafficway, in opposite directions.

#### 61 Forward Impact: Avoid Collision with Object



Enter "61" for a vehicle which was impacted by the frontal area of another vehicle which was maneuvering to avoid collision with an object, when loss of control or traction was not a factor, and the vehicles were traveling on the same trafficway, in opposite directions.

#### **62 Forward Impact: Specifics Other**



Enter "62" for forward impact collisions occurring while the vehicles were traveling on the same trafficway in opposite directions which cannot be described by "54"-"61". Enter "Specifics Other" for crashes involving a "driverless in-transport vehicle."

#### 63 Forward Impact: Specifics Unknown



Enter "63" when the PAR indicates a forward impact collision occurred while the vehicles were traveling on the same trafficway in opposite directions, but no further classification is possible.

# Configuration I. Sideswipe/Angle

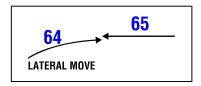
The two vehicles are involved in an impact involving the side of one or both vehicles.

# 64 Sideswipe/Angle: Lateral Move (Left/Right)



Code "64" identifies the vehicle which infringed upon the other vehicle (code "65") in a Category III, Configuration I collision; i.e., enter "64" for the vehicle which left its lane (moved laterally) leading to the collision.

## 65 Sideswipe/Angle: Lateral Move (Going Straight)



Enter "65" for the vehicle which was infringed upon by the other vehicle (code "64") in a Category III, Configuration I collision.

#### 66 Sideswipe/Angle: Specifics Other



Enter "66" for sideswipe/angle collisions occurring while both vehicles were traveling on the same trafficway in opposite directions which cannot be described by "64"-"65". Enter "Specifics Other" for crashes involving a "driverless in-transport vehicle."

### 67 Sideswipe/Angle: Specifics Unknown



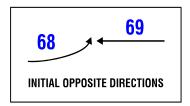
Enter "67" when the PAR indicates a sideswipe/angle collision occurred while both vehicles were traveling on the same trafficway in opposite directions, but no further classification is possible.

# Category IV. Changing Trafficway, Vehicle Turning

# Configuration J. Turn Across Path

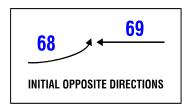
The two vehicles were initially on the same trafficway when one vehicle tried to turn onto another trafficway and pulled in front of the other vehicle. Vehicles making a "U" turn are identified in Category VI. Miscellaneous.

# 68 Turn Across Path: Initial Opposite Directions (Left/Right)



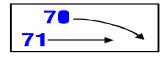
Code "68" identifies the vehicle which turned across the path of another vehicle (code) in a Category IV, Configuration J collision, in which the vehicles were initially traveling in opposite directions.

# 69 Turn Across Path: Initial Opposite Directions (Going Straight)



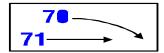
Enter "69" for a vehicle involved in a collision in which another vehicle (code "68" across its Path, and in which the vehicles were initially traveling in opposite directions.

#### 70 Turn Across Path: Initial Same Directions (Turning Right)



Enter "70" for a vehicle which turned right, across the path of another vehicle (code "71"), when both vehicles were initially traveling in the same direction.

# 71 Turn Across Path: Initial Same Directions (Going Straight)



Enter "71 " for a vehicle whose path was crossed by a vehicle turning right (code "70"), when both vehicles were initially traveling in the same direction.

## 72 Turn Across Path: Initial Same Directions (Turning Left)



Enter "72" for a vehicle which turned left, across the path of another vehicle (code "73"), when both vehicles were initially traveling in the same direction.

# 73 Turn Across Path: Initial Same Directions (Going Straight)



Enter "73" for a vehicle whose path was crossed by a vehicle turning left (code "72"), when both vehicles were initially traveling in the same direction.

#### 74 Turn Across Path: Specifics Other



Enter "74" for collisions in which one vehicle turned across another's path, which cannot be described by "68"-"72". Enter "Specifics Other" for crashes involving a driverless in-transport vehicle.

#### 75 Turn Across Path: Specifics Unknown

EACH: 75
SPECIFICS
UNKNOWN

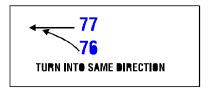
Enter "75" when the PAR indicates one vehicle turned across another's path, causing a collision, but no further classification is possible.

# Configuration K. Turn Into Path

The two vehicles were initially on different trafficways when one attempted to turn into the same trafficway as the other vehicle.

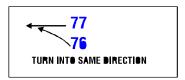
Note, the focus of this configuration is on the turning maneuver from one trafficway to another and not on the vehicles' plane of contact.

## 76 Turn Into Same Direction (Turning Left)



Enter "76" for a vehicle which turned left, into the path of another vehicle (code "77"), so that both vehicles were traveling in the same direction at the time of the collision.

# 77 Turn Into Same Direction (Going Straight)



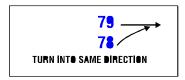
Enter "77" for a vehicle involved in a collision in which another vehicle (code "76") turned left, into its path, so that both vehicles were traveling in the same direction at the time of the collision.

#### 78 Turn Into Same Direction (Turning Right)



Enter "78" for a vehicle which turned right, into the path of another vehicle (code "79"), so that both vehicles were traveling in the same direction at the time of the collision.

## 79 Turn Into Same Direction (Going Straight)



Enter "79" for a vehicle involved in a collision in which another vehicle (code "78") turned right, into its path, so that both vehicles were traveling in the same direction at the time of the collision.

# **80 Turn Into Opposite Directions (Turning Right)**



Enter "80" for a vehicle which turned right, into the path of another vehicle (code "81"), so that the vehicles were traveling in opposite directions at the time of the collision.

## **81 Turn Into Opposite Directions (Going Straight)**



Enter "81" for a vehicle involved in a collision in which another vehicle (code "80") turned right, into its path, so that the vehicles were traveling in opposite directions at the time of the collision.

# 82 Turn Into Opposite Directions (Turning Left)



Enter "82" for a vehicle which turned left, into the path of another vehicle (code "83"), so that the vehicles were traveling in opposite directions at the time of the collision.

Code "82" is used when the driver's vehicle was in the act of making a left turn (e.g., from a driveway, parking lot or intersection). Do not confuse this situation with "Configuration L - Straight Paths." The driver's intended path is the prime concern.

## 83 Turn Into Opposite Directions (Going Straight)



Enter "83" for a vehicle involved in a collision in which another vehicle (code "82") turned left, into its path, so that the vehicles were traveling in opposite directions at the time of the collision.

# 84 Turn Into Path: Specifics Other



Enter "84" for collisions in which one vehicle turned across another's path, which cannot be described by "76"-"83". Enter "Specifics Other" for crashes involving a driverless in-transport vehicle.

## 85 Turn Into Path: Specifics Unknown

EACH: **85**SPECIFICS
UNKNOWN

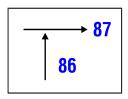
Enter "85" when the PAR indicates one vehicle turned into another's path, causing a collision, but no further classification is possible.

# Category V. Intersecting Paths (Vehicle Damage)

# Configuration L. Straight Paths

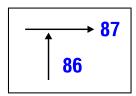
The two vehicles were proceeding (or attempting to proceed) straight ahead.

# 86 Straight Paths: Striking from the Right



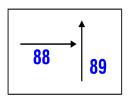
Enter "86" for a vehicle which strikes the right side of another vehicle (code "87") from the right when both vehicles were going straight at the time of the collision, i.e., right side damage to 87, front damage to 86.

# 87 Straight Paths: Struck on the Right



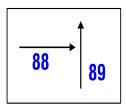
Enter "87" for a vehicle which is struck on the right side by another vehicle (code "86") from the right when both vehicles were going straight at the time of the collision, i.e., right side damage to 87, front damage to 86.

## 88 Straight Paths: Striking from the Left



Enter "88" for a vehicle which strikes another vehicle (code "89") from the left when both vehicles were going straight at the time of the collision, i.e., left side damage to 89, front damage to 88.

#### 89 Straight Paths: Struck on the Left



Enter "89" for a vehicle which is struck on the left side by another vehicle (code "88") from the left when both vehicles were going straight at the time of the collision, i.e., left side damage to 89, front damage to 88.

# 90 Straight Paths: Specifics Other



Enter "90" for collisions in which two vehicles, both going straight, collide when their paths intersect, which cannot be described by "86"-"89". Enter "Specifics Other" for crashes involving a driverless in-transport vehicle.

# 91 Straight Paths: Specifics Unknown



Enter "91" when the PAR indicates two vehicles, both going straight, collided when their paths intersected, but no further classification is possible.

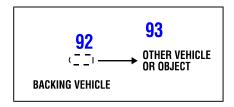
# Category VI. Miscellaneous

# Configuration M. Backing, Etc.

One of the two vehicles involved was a backing vehicle, regardless of its location on the trafficway or the damage location on the vehicles.

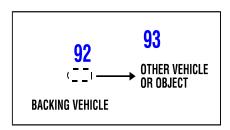
Any crash configuration which cannot be described in Category I. through V. is included here.

# 92 Backing, Etc.: Backing Vehicle



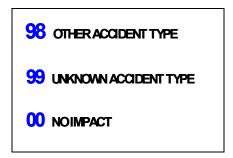
Enter "92" for a backing vehicle which was involved with another vehicle (code 93) or object.

#### 93 Backing, Etc.: Other Vehicle or Object



Enter "93" for the vehicle which was involved with the backing vehicle (code 92).

#### 98 Backing, Etc.: Other Crash Type



Code "98" is used for those events and collisions which do not reasonably fit any of the specified types. This code includes (but is not limited to): rollovers on the road; U-turns; crashes initiated by objects set in motion by an in-transport motor vehicle; third or subsequent vehicles involved in a crash; or the second involved vehicle, when the first harmful event involves a vehicle-to-object collision or a non-collision.

# 99 Backing, Etc.: Unknown Crash Type

- 98 OTHER ACCIDENT TYPE
- 99 UNKNOWN ACCIDENT TYPE
- 00 NOIMPACT

Code "99" when the crash category or configuration is unknown.

# 00 Backing, Etc.: No Impact

- 98 OTHER ACCIDENT TYPE
- 99 UNKNOWN ACCIDENT TYPE
- 00 NOIMPACT

Code "00" identifies non-collision events (i.e., fire, immersion, gas inhalation, jackknife, non-collision injury, other non-collision or non-collision - no details). Rollovers on the road should be coded "98" (Other Crash Type).

The following crash types require clarification:

Code "00" (**No impact**) identifies non-collision events (i.e., fire, immersion, gas inhalation, jackknife, non-collision injury, other non-collision or non-collision - no details). Rollovers on the road should be coded "98" (**Other crash type**).

Codes "01" (Right roadside departure, drive off road) and "06" (Left roadside departure, drive off road) are used when the vehicle departed the road under a controlled situation (i.e., the driver was distracted, fell asleep, intentionally departed, etc.).

Codes "02" (Right roadside departure, control/traction loss) and "07" (Left roadside departure, control/traction loss) are used if there is some evidence that the vehicle lost traction or in some other manner "got away" from the driver (i.e., the vehicle spun off the road as a result of surface conditions, oversteer phenomena or mechanical malfunctions). If doubt exists, code "01" (Right roadside departure, drive off road) or "06" (Left roadside departure, drive off road) respectively.

Codes "03" (Right roadside departure; avoid collision with vehicle, pedestrian, animal) and "08" (Left roadside departure; avoid collision with vehicle, pedestrian, animal) are used when the vehicle departed the road as a result of avoiding something in the road. "Phantom" situations are included here.

Codes "04" (Right roadside departure, specifics other) and "09" (Left roadside departure, specifics other) are used for any other stationary or nonstationary objects if the avoidance characteristics of codes "03" or "08" are present.

Codes "11" (Forward impact, parked vehicle), "12" (Forward impact, stationary object), and "13" (Forward impact, pedestrian/animal) involve an impact with an object which can be located on either side of the road.

Code "12" (**Forward impact, stationary object**) includes a hole in the road, an overhead object (e.g., overpass) or an object projecting over the road edge (e.g., support column of elevated railway).

Code "13" (**Forward impact, pedestrian/animal**) is used when a pedestrian, non-motorist or animal is involved with the first harmful event. Vehicle plane of contact is not a consideration.

Code "15" (**Forward impact, specifics other**) is used for impacted (striking or struck) trains and nonstationary objects on the road.

Codes "44" (Sideswipe/Angle, straight ahead on left), "45" (Sideswipe/Angle, straight ahead on left/right), "46" (Sideswipe/Angle, changing lanes to the right), and "47" (Sideswipe/Angle, changing lanes to the left) identify relative vehicle positions (left versus right) and lane of travel intentions (straight ahead versus changing lanes).

From these four codes, four combinations are permitted. They are:

- 1. "44" and "45".
- 2. "46" and "45".
- 3. "45" and "47", and
- 4. "46" and "47".

When used as a combination these codes refer to a sideswipe or angle collision which involved a vehicle to the left of a vehicle to the right where:

- 1. neither vehicle (codes "44" and "45") intended to change its lane;
- 2. the vehicle on the left (code "46") was changing lanes to the right and the vehicle on the right (code "45") was not intending to change its lane;
- 3. the vehicle on the left (code "45") was not intending to change its lane, and the vehicle on the right (code "47") was changing lanes to the left; and
- 4. the vehicle on the left (code "46") was changing lanes to the right, and the vehicle on the right (code "47") was changing lanes to the left.

#### In addition, when:

- 1. the right sides of the two vehicles impact following a 180 degree rotation of the vehicle on the right or
- 2. the left sides of the two vehicles impact following a 180 degree rotation of the vehicle on the left; select the appropriate combination ("44"-"45", "46"-"45", "45"-"47" or "46"-"47") depending upon:
- 3. their positions (i.e., left versus right) and
- 4. the intended lane of travel (straight ahead versus changing lanes) of their drivers.

Code "48" (**Sideswipe/Angle, specifics other**) is used if one vehicle was behind the other prior to their Category II, Configuration F collision. For example, use this code when two vehicles are on the same trafficway and going the same direction, and one loses control and is struck in the side by the front of the other vehicle. However, if one vehicle rotates such that the impact is front to front, then use code "98" (Other crash type).

Code "64" (**Sideswipe/Angle, lateral move--infringing vehicle**) identifies the vehicle which infringed upon the other (code "65") in a Category III, Configuration I collision.

Codes "68" through "85" (**Turn Across Path and Turn Into Path**) are used in Configurations J and K where the vehicle's action is the controlling factor, and the plane of contact is irrelevant.

Code "82" (**Left Turn Into Opposite Direction**) is used when the driver's vehicle was in the act of making a left turn (e.g., from a driveway, parking lot or intersection). Do not confuse this situation with Configuration L. Straight Paths. The driver's intended path is the prime concern.

Codes "86" through "89" (**Straight Paths**) must not be confused with crash types in Configuration K. Turn Into Path. For these codes the vehicles are proceeding (or attempting to proceed) straight ahead, usually at a junction.

Code "98" (**Other Crash Type**) is used for those events and collisions which do not reasonably fit any of the specified types. This code includes (but is not limited to): rollovers on the road; U-turns; crashes initiated by objects set in motion by an in-transport motor vehicle; third or subsequent vehicles involved in a crash; or the second involved vehicle when the first harmful event involved a vehicle-to-object collision.

# A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (PEDESTRIAN, ETC. VERSUS PEDALCYCLIST)

Screen Heading: "Ped./Bike" Crash Typing

**Screen Name:** Qualifying Non-Motorist Type (290-N)

**Long Name:** What Is the first qualifying non-motorist type involved in the crash?

SAS Name: Accident.Ped Acc

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.PedBikeID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
n/a	27475	0000	Not Applicable
1	n/a	n/a	Pedestrian or Qualifying Other Non-Motorist
2	n/a	n/a	Pedalcyclist
3	10333	9999	First Qualifying Non-Motorist is an Unknown Person Type

#### Remarks:

"Ped./BikeTyping" is completed only for qualifying non-motorists.

Qualifying non-motorists are either pedestrians, qualifying <u>other</u> non-motorists or pedalcyclists. See the discussion below under attribute **Pedestrian or Qualifying Other Non-Motorist** for the definition of qualifying other non-motorist.

If there are multiple qualifying non-motorists in the crash, code the first one involved.

**Not Applicable** applies if there are no qualifying non-motorists involved in the crash.

Select **Pedestrian or Qualifying Other Non-Motorist** if the first qualifying non-motorist in the crash is a pedestrian or qualifying other non-motorist.

A <u>pedestrian</u> is defined as any person, not part of a transport vehicle, who is not in a building nor on a non-motorist conveyance (P03, Person Type equals pedestrian). This includes persons who are in contact with the ground, roadway, etc., but who are holding onto a vehicle.



# **Not Displayed on Summary Tab**

<u>Qualifying other non-motorists</u> are defined as persons who are in or on the following nonmotorist conveyances: ice skates, roller skates, roller blades, scooters, skateboards, wheelchairs or play vehicles (e.g., wagons and sleds).

Select **Pedalcyclist** if the first qualifying non-motorist is a pedalcyclist. Pedalcyclists are bicyclists or other cyclists.

A bicyclist refers to only those pedalcyclists who were either a driver or passenger on a bicycle. This includes those bicyclists who hold onto a motor vehicle in motion.



Other cyclist refers to all other pedalcyclists (tricyclist, unicyclist, etc.). This includes those pedalcyclists who hold onto a motor vehicle in motion. A "Big Wheel" should be treated as a tricycle.

Select First Qualifying Non-Motorist Involved is an Unknown Person Type if P03, Person Type, for the first qualifying non-motorist is Unknown.

# A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (WHEELCHAIR)

Screen Heading: "Ped./Bike" Crash Typing

Screen Name: WheelChair (292-E)

**Long Name:** Is the person in a wheelchair?

SAS Name: None

**Oracle Name:** GES.CrashData.Wheelchair

**Element Values:** 

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	0	n/a	No
2	1	n/a	Yes
n/a	-1	n/a	Not Pedestrian or Qualifying Other Non-Motorist

#### Remarks:

Enter **No** if the person is <u>not</u> in a wheelchair.

Enter **Yes** if the person is in a wheelchair.

**Not Pedestrian or Qualifying Other Non-Motorist** applies if the person is a not a pedestrian or qualifying other non-motorist (i.e. the person is a pedalcyclist).

# A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (CATEGORY 1)

**Screen Heading:** Pedestrian or Qualifying Other Non-Motorist Crashes

Screen Name: Category 1 (294-E)

**Long Name:** Does the motorist strike a pedestrian or qualifying other non-motorist

going to/from or crossing near: a bus or bus stop, ice cream vendor, residential mail/newspaper box or exiting/entering a stopped or parked

vehicle?

SAS Name: Accident.Ped\_Acc

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.PedBikeID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS*	
1	27539	0110	Commercial Bus-Related
2	27540	0120	School Bus-Related
3	27602	0130	Vendor/Ice Cream Truck
4	27603	0140	Mail Box-Related
5	27604	0150	Exiting/Entering
6	47545	n/a	None of the Above Scenarios Apply

<sup>\*</sup> The SAS values apply to persons who are <u>not</u> in wheelchairs. If the person is in a wheelchair, the first digit of the four digit SAS value is set to "1." Example: if a person, struck while crossing in front of a commercial bus stopped at a marked bus stop, is in a wheelchair; the SAS value 1110 is assigned; 0110, otherwise.

#### Remarks:

In Category 1, the motorist strikes a pedestrian or qualifying other non-motorist going to/from or crossing near a bus or bus stop; ice cream vendor; rural residential mailbox; exiting/entering a stopped or parked vehicle.

Enter **Commercial Bus-Related** if the person is struck while crossing in front of a commercial bus which is stopped at a marked bus stop.

Includes only buses that stop periodically at marked or unmarked bus stops.
 Does not include church, YMCA or other buses not stopping at marked stops.

Enter **School Bus-Related** if the person is struck going to/from a school bus or school bus stop

This type includes the crash in which the person is struck by a school bus.

- The bus does not have to be present if the person was noted to have been crossing to, from or was at a school bus stop.
- Includes the person being at or near a school bus or school bus stop.

Select **Vendor/Ice Cream Truck** if the person is struck while going to/from an ice cream vendor and striking vehicle was on same street as vendor

A truck (not a pushcart or trailer) vending from curb or roadside.

Enter **Mail Box-Related** if the person is struck while going to/from a private residence mail/newspaper box

- Includes the pedestrian being at the box.
- "Private residence mailbox" does not include a US mail box in which letters are dropped to be mailed.

Enter **Exiting/Entering** if the person is in the process of exiting/entering a parked or stopped vehicle, and is struck in the traffic lane next to stopped/parked vehicle.

The following 3 conditions must apply.

- A pedestrian is only in the process of exiting/entering while in contact with vehicle or within 2-3 steps of the door.
- Pedestrian was struck in the roadway (e.g., not on sidewalk, in parking lot, etc.).
- The pedestrian was struck when entering or exiting the parked or stopped vehicle on the side of the vehicle that was adjacent to traffic.

# A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (CATEGORY 2)

**Screen Heading:** Pedestrian or Qualifying Other Non-Motorist Crashes

Screen Name: Category 2 (295-E)

**Long Name:** Is the striking motor vehicle: driverless, backing, in pursuit, being

pursued or a responding emergency vehicle?

SAS Name: Accident.Ped Acc

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.PedBikeID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS*	
1	27538	0210	Driverless Vehicle
2	27605	0220	Backing Vehicle
3	27606	0230	Hot Pursuit
4	47547	n/a	None of the Above Scenarios Apply

<sup>\*</sup> The SAS values apply to persons who are <u>not</u> in wheelchairs. If the person is in a wheelchair, the first digit of the four digit SAS value is set to "1." Example: if a person, struck by a vehicle that is backing up, is in a wheelchair; the SAS value 1220 is assigned; 0220, otherwise.

#### Remarks:

In Category 2, the vehicle which impacts the pedestrian or qualifying other non-motorist is: driverless; backing; in pursuit; being pursued; or an emergency vehicle.

**Driverless Vehicle** applies if the person is struck by a vehicle that is moving without a driver at the controls or is set into motion by the actions of a child.

Does not include vehicles set in motion as a result of a vehicle-vehicle collision.

**Backing Vehicle** applies if the person is struck by a vehicle that was backing up.

**Hot Pursuit** applies if the person is struck by a vehicle on an emergency/police mission or by a vehicle being pursued.

- Police or fire department car, ambulance or aid car or fire truck (but not a tow truck) that is responding to an emergency, official business or a disabled vehicle.
- Does not include a pedestrian who is pursuing or being pursued.

# A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (CATEGORY 3)

**Screen Heading:** Pedestrian or Qualifying Other Non-Motorist Crashes

Screen Name: Category 3 (296-E)

**Long Name:** Is the pedestrian or qualifying other non-motorist struck by a motorist

while walking to/from or while near/next to: a disabled vehicle, an active

police/emergency vehicle?

SAS Name: Accident.Ped\_Acc

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.PedBikeID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS*	
1	27608	0310	Walking To or From Disabled Vehicle
2	27609	0320	Disabled Vehicle-Related
3	27610	0330	Emergency/Police Vehicle-Related
4	47548	n/a	None of the Above Scenarios Apply

<sup>\*</sup> The SAS values apply to persons who are <u>not</u> in wheelchairs. If the person is in a wheelchair, the first digit of the four digit SAS value is set to "1." Example: if a person, struck while walking to or from a disabled vehicle (e.g., to get help, gas, etc.), is in a wheelchair; the SAS value 1310 is assigned; 0310, otherwise.

#### Remarks:

In Category 3, the pedestrian or qualifying other non-motorist is struck by a motorist while walking to/from or while near/next to: a disabled vehicle, an active police/emergency vehicle.

Use **Walking To or From Disabled Vehicle** if the person is struck while walking to or from a disabled vehicle (e.g., to get help, gas, etc.)

The pedestrian is not in immediate proximity of the disabled vehicle.

Select **Disabled Vehicle-Related** if the person is struck while working on or standing near a disabled vehicle in or along the roadway. (No emergency vehicle present.)

- In this type, "pedestrian or qualifying other non-motorist" does not include on-duty police or emergency personnel, but does include tow truck operators.
- A disabled vehicle is any vehicle stopped with a problem preventing normal driving. It doesn't necessarily have to be "broken down" but could have been in a crash.

Select **Emergency/Police Vehicle Related** if the person is struck while near an active emergency or police vehicle.

• Police or fire department car, ambulance or aid car or fire truck (but not a tow truck) that is responding to an emergency, official business or a disabled vehicle

# A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (CATEGORY 4)

**Screen Heading:** Pedestrian or Qualifying Other Non-Motorist Crashes

Screen Name: Category 4 (297-E)

**Long Name:** Is the pedestrian or qualifying other non-motorist struck while working

or playing in the roadway (prior to motorist's appearance) or on a play

vehicle?

SAS Name: Accident.Ped\_Acc

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.PedBikeID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS*	
1	27611	0410	Working on Roadway
2	27612	0420	Play Vehicle-Related
3	27613	0430	Playing in Roadway
4	47551	n/a	None of the Above Scenarios Apply

<sup>\*</sup> The SAS values apply to persons who are <u>not</u> in wheelchairs. If the person is in a wheelchair, the first digit of the four digit SAS value is set to "1." Example: if a person, struck while working on, in, over or under the roadway, is in a wheelchair; the SAS value 1410 is assigned; 0410, otherwise.

#### Remarks:

In Category 4, the pedestrian or qualifying other non-motorist is struck while working or playing in the roadway or on a play vehicle.

Enter **Working on Roadway** if the person (e.g., police/emergency personnel, flagman, traffic guard or member of a roadway/construction maintenance crew) is struck while working on, in, over or under the roadway.

- Person was present in the roadway because of the requirements of his or her job.
   Includes garbage collectors, construction crews, etc., but not people who are in the street voluntarily (e.g., a civilian directing traffic at the scene of a crash).
- That part of the road including through lanes, turn lanes, and parking lanes, but not including the shoulder.
- Alleys and driveways which are controlled by a traffic signal, are considered roadways.

Use **Play Vehicle-Related** if the person is struck while riding a play vehicle (e.g., wagon, sled, skateboard; NOT bicycle, "Big Wheel" type vehicle or tricycle).

- A play toy which may be ridden but is not a normal mode of transportation (such as wagons, sleds, scooters, roller skates, roller blades, and skateboards). Skateboards, while used by some people as a form of transportation, are to be considered play vehicles. Tricycles, "Big Wheel" type vehicles, and bicycles are not included as play vehicles for the purposes of pedestrian crash typing.
- The person does not need to be in the trafficway on the play vehicle for this type to apply, e.g., crashes occurring on the sidewalk, driveway or playground may be included.

Select **Playing in Roadway** if the person is struck while playing on foot in roadway. Pedestrian is playing in roadway prior to vehicle's appearance.

# A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (CATEGORY 5)

**Screen Heading:** Pedestrian or Qualifying Other Non-Motorist Crashes

Screen Name: Category 5 (298-E)

**Long Name:** Is the pedestrian or qualifying other non-motorist struck while:

hitchhiking; crossing limited access expressway; walking or running

along a road without sidewalks?

SAS Name: Accident.Ped\_Acc

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.PedBikeID

## **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS*	
1	27614	0510	Hitchhiking
2	27615	0520	Expressway Crossing
3	27616	0531	Walking/Running Along Road - With Traffic
4	27617	0532	Walking/Running Along Road - Against Traffic
5	27618	0539	Walking/Running Along Road - Can't Specify
6	47553	n/a	None of the Above Scenarios Apply

<sup>\*</sup> The SAS values apply to persons who are <u>not</u> in wheelchairs. If the person is in a wheelchair, the first digit of the four digit SAS value is set to "1." Example: if a person, struck while hitchhiking, is in a wheelchair; the SAS value 1510 is assigned; 0510, otherwise.

#### Remarks:

In Category 5, the pedestrian or qualifying other non-motorist is struck while: hitchhiking; crossing limited access expressway; walking or running along a road without sidewalks.

Select **Hitchhiking** if the person is was struck while hitchhiking.

Enter **Expressway Crossing** if the person is struck while attempting to cross a limited access expressway.

 A major thoroughfare without intersecting cross streets, having specific entrance and exit ramps. Includes superhighways, interstates, freeways, turnpikes, and parkways. Entrance and exit ramps are considered part of an expressway.

Enter Walking/Running Along Road - With Traffic if the person is walking or running along a road in the same direction as traffic.

 The person is not on the sidewalk but could have been walking on the shoulder or in the roadway. Enter **Walking/Running Along Road - Against Traffic** if the person is walking or running along a road facing traffic (i.e., against traffic).

• The person is not on the sidewalk but could have been walking on the shoulder or in the roadway.

Enter Walking/Running Along Road - Can't Specify if the person is walking or running along a road--direction with respect to traffic not specified.

• The person is not on the sidewalk but could have been walking on the shoulder or in the roadway.

# A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (CATEGORY 6)

**Screen Heading:** Pedestrian or Qualifying Other Non-Motorist Crashes

Screen Name: Category 6 (299-E)

**Long Name:** Is the pedestrian or qualifying other non-motorist struck: on/near curb or

roadway edge; on sidewalk; or on other nonroadway location?

SAS Name: Accident.Ped\_Acc

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.PedBikeID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS*	
1	27619	0610	Pedestrian Waiting to Cross At/Near Curb
2	27620	0620	Pedestrian Not In Roadway
3	47555	n/a	None of the Above Scenarios Apply

<sup>\*</sup> The SAS values apply to persons who are <u>not</u> in wheelchairs. If the person is in a wheelchair, the first digit of the four digit SAS value is set to "1." Example: if a person, struck while WAITING to cross a roadway or standing at or near a curb, is in a wheelchair; the SAS value 1610 is assigned; 0610, otherwise.

#### Remarks:

In Category 6, the pedestrian or qualifying other non-motorist is struck: on/near a curb or roadway edge; on sidewalk; or on other nonroadway location.

Enter **Pedestrian Waiting to Cross At/Near Curb** if the person is struck while WAITING to cross roadway, standing at or near curb.

Enter **Pedestrian Not In Roadway** if the person is struck when not in/near a roadway (e.g., in parking lot, driveway, private road, gas station, alley, sidewalk, yard, garage, ball field).

Includes standing off the roadway, but near the edge of the roadway, as well as
on the curb. For instance, standing on the shoulder or on the curb waiting to
cross the roadway.

# A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (CATEGORY 7 VERSUS CATEGORY 8)

**Screen Heading:** Pedestrian or Qualifying Other Non-Motorist Crashes

Screen Name: Category 7 Versus Category 8 (300-E)

**Long Name:** Does the crash occur at or within 50 feet of an intersection?

SAS Name: None

Oracle Name: None

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	n/a	n/a	No
2	n/a	n/a	Yes
3	n/a	n/a	Unknown or Categories 7 and 8 Do Not Apply

#### Remarks:

Select **No** if the crash does not occur at or within 50 feet of an intersection.

Select **YES** if the crash occurs at or within 50 feet of an intersection.

Select **Unknown or Categories 7 and 8 Do Not Apply** if there is insufficient information to determine if the crash occurs at or within 50 feet of an intersection or the crash types for categories 7 and 8 do not apply.

# A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (CATEGORY 7)

**Screen Heading:** Pedestrian or Qualifying Other Non-Motorist Crashes

Screen Name: Category 7 (302-E)

**Long Name:** Select the applicable category 7 crash type.

SAS Name: Accident.Ped\_Acc

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.PedBikeID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	$SAS^*$	
1	27621	0710	Multiple Threat - At Intersection
2	27622	0720	Vehicle Turn/Merge - at Intersection
3	27623	0730	Intersection Dash
4	27624	0740	Trapped
5	27625	0750	Pedestrian Walks Into Vehicle - At Intersection
6	27626	0760	Intersection - Driver Violation
7	27627	0790	Intersection - Other

<sup>\*</sup> The SAS values apply to persons who are <u>not</u> in wheelchairs. If the person is in a wheelchair, the first digit of the four digit SAS value is set to "1." Example: if a person, entering the roadway in front of standing/stopped traffic and struck by a vehicle heading in the same direction as stopped traffic, is in a wheelchair; the SAS value 1710 is assigned; 0710, otherwise.

#### Remarks:

In Category 7, the crash occurs at or within 50 feet of an intersection.

Enter **Multiple Threat - At Intersection** if the person enters the roadway in front of standing/stopped traffic, and is struck by a vehicle heading in the same direction as stopped traffic.

- A stopped vehicle has the engine running and a driver at the controls; it is not an empty parked vehicle.
- This type covers a crash in which the person enters the roadway in front of a vehicle that is stopped to allow the person to cross.
- The person crosses in front of the stopped vehicle, and then is struck by another vehicle traveling in the same direction as the stopped vehicle. The second vehicle is not aware that the person is crossing in front of the stopped vehicle.

- This type does not cover a person entering the roadway in front of stalled traffic or a disabled vehicle (see type under SAS value 0320).
- If the traffic light changes while the person is crossing, continue down to the "Trapped" type (SAS code 0740).

Enter **Vehicle Turn/Merge - at Intersection** if the person and vehicle collided while the vehicle is in the process of turning/merging, is preparing to turn/merge or just completes a turning/merging maneuver.

Enter **Intersection Dash** if the motorist's view of the person is blocked until an instant before impact and/or the person is running.

- The driver's view of the person is blocked by some obstruction until immediately before impact. The obstruction is documented in some part of the report as having impaired the driver's vision.
- Assume walking if the only indication of the person's speed is "crossing" or "staggering." Take the narrative literally (i.e., assume that the person is running if the report has a statement such as "The person ran in front of me.")

Enter **Trapped** if, at a signalized intersection, a person in the process of crossing is struck when the light changes and traffic starts moving.

Enter **Pedestrian Walks Into Vehicle - At Intersection** if the person walks into (i.e., struck) the vehicle.

• Person is walking, not running, and strikes the vehicle.

Enter Intersection - Driver Violation if the person is struck by a driver who is proceeding straight ahead and the report indicates that the driver committed one or more of the following violations: careless driving, failed to yield right-of-way, signal/sign violation, speeding/too fast for conditions, DWI/DUI.

#### Report Indicates

- Must be reported by policeman
  - 1. in narrative or
  - 2. in boxes or
  - 3. in charges, citations or arrests.

#### Careless Driving

• Is the same as "without due regard."

Enter **Intersection - Other** if the crash occurs at an intersection but is not covered by any of the above or there is insufficient information to code any of the above.

 The roadway up to and including 50 feet from the corner. Alleys and driveways are only considered intersections when they are controlled by a traffic signal. Assume intersection if no information is given other than an intersection drawn in the report.

# **A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (CATEGORY 8)**

**Screen Heading:** Pedestrian or Qualifying Other Non-Motorist Crashes

Screen Name: Category 8 (304-E)

**Long Name:** Select the applicable category 8 crash type.

SAS Name: Accident.Ped\_Acc

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.PedBikeID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS*	
1	27628	0810	Multiple Threat - At Midblock
2	27629	0821	Dart-Out - First Half
3	27630	0822	Dart-Out - Second Half
4	27631	0829	Dart-Out - Can't Specify
5	27632	0830	Midblock Dash
6	27633	0840	Pedestrian Walks Into Vehicle - Midblock
7	27634	0890	Midblock - Other

<sup>\*</sup> The SAS values apply to persons who are <u>not</u> in wheelchairs. If the person is in a wheelchair, the first digit of the four digit SAS value is set to "1." Example: if a person, entering the roadway in front of standing/stopped traffic and struck by a vehicle heading in the same direction as standing traffic (driver's vision is blocked by standing traffic), is in a wheelchair; the SAS value 1810 is assigned; 0810, otherwise.

#### Remarks:

In Category 8, the crash occurs midblock (i.e., more than 50 feet from an intersection). Use the following codes for the corresponding situations.

Enter **Multiple Threat - At Midblock** if the person enters the roadway in front of standing/stopped traffic, and is struck by a vehicle heading in same direction as standing traffic; driver's vision is blocked by standing traffic.

- A stopped vehicle has the engine running and driver at the controls; it is not an empty parked vehicle.
- This type covers a crash in which the person enters the roadway in front of a vehicle that is stopped to allow the person to cross. The person crosses in front of the stopped vehicle, and then is struck by another vehicle traveling in the same direction as the stopped vehicle. The second vehicle is not aware that the person is crossing in front of the stopped vehicle.

 This type does not cover a person entering the roadway in front of stalled traffic or a disabled vehicle.

Enter **Dart-Out - First Half** if the person is struck before crossing half of the roadway (in first half of roadway) and the motorist's view of the person is blocked until an instant before impact.

- Person is struck before reaching the center-line of the roadway.
- A dart-out (SAS codes 0821, 0822 or 0829) can only occur if there is some documented visual obstruction. If there is any indication in the report that a physical object, such as a bus, stopped or parked vehicle or building, is present (for example: "She came out from between two parked cars."), assume this object is an obstruction, unless the driver specifically mentions that the person is visible heading towards the roadway before the crash.
- Indications of parked vehicles in diagram qualify as obstructions even if not specifically mentioned in the narrative.
- Do not assume that, for instance, rain or darkness always constitutes an obstruction. They would only be an obstruction if the driver or officer mentions that the driver's view is impaired because of these factors.

Enter **Dart-out - Second Half** if the person is struck after crossing over half of the roadway (in second half of roadway) and the motorist's view of the person is blocked until an instant before impact.

- The person crosses one-half of the roadway and is struck at the centerline or after having crossed the centerline.
- A dart-out can only occur if there is some documented visual obstruction. If there is any indication in the report that a physical object, such as a bus, stopped or parked vehicle or building, was present (for example: "She came out from between two parked cars."), assume this object was an obstruction, unless the driver specifically mentions that the person is visible heading towards the roadway before the crash.
- Indications of parked vehicles in diagram qualify as obstructions even if not specifically mentioned in the narrative.
- Do not assume that, for instance, rain or darkness always constitutes an obstruction. They would only be an obstruction if the driver or officer mentioned that the driver's view was impaired because of these factors.

Enter **Dart-out - Can't Specify** if the person is struck after entering the roadway and the motorist's view of the person is blocked until an instant before impact (first or second half of roadway not specified).

- A dart-out can only occur if there is some documented visual obstruction. If there is any indication in the report that a physical object, such as a bus, stopped or parked vehicle or building, was present (for example: "She came out from between two parked cars."), assume this object was an obstruction, unless the driver specifically mentions that the person had been visible heading towards the roadway before the crash.
- Indications of parked vehicles in diagram qualify as obstructions even if not specifically mentioned in the narrative.
- Do not assume that, for instance, rain or darkness always constitutes an obstruction. They would only be an obstruction if the driver or officer mentioned that the driver's view was impaired because of these factors.

Enter **Midblock Dash** if the person is running and the motorist's view of the person is not obstructed.

- Assume walking if the only indication of the person's speed is "crossing" or "staggering." Take the narrative literally (i.e., assume that the person is running if the report has a statement such as "The person ran in front of me").
- No obstructions indicated in the report or driver indicates that there is no obstruction.

Enter **Pedestrian Walks Into Vehicle - Midblock** if the person walks into (i.e., struck) the vehicle.

Person is walking, not running, and struck the vehicle.

Enter **Midblock - Other** if the crash occurs midblock but is not covered by any of the above or insufficient information is given to code any of the above.

# A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (CATEGORY 9)

**Screen Heading:** Pedestrian or Qualifying Other Non-Motorist Crashes

Screen Name: Category 9 (306-E)

**Long Name:** Select the applicable category 9 crash type.

SAS Name: Accident.Ped\_Acc

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.PedBikeID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen Oracle SAS\*

1 27635 0910 Other - Weird
2 27636 0920 Inadequate Information

#### Remarks:

In Category 9, the crash is other type or has inadequate information. Use the following codes for the corresponding situations.

Enter **Other - Weird** if the crash situation is not covered by any of the types listed in categories 1-8.

Enter **Inadequate Information** if insufficient information is available to specify the crash type.

<sup>\*</sup> The SAS values apply to persons who are <u>not</u> in wheelchairs. If the person is in a wheelchair, the first digit of the four digit SAS value is set to "1." Example: if insufficient information is available to specify the crash type and the person is in a wheelchair; the SAS value 1920 is assigned; 0920, otherwise.

#### Overall Procedure for Classifying Pedalcycle Crashes

Use the procedures described below when the first qualifying non-motorist involved in the crash is a Pedalcyclist [P03, Person Type equals Non-occupant / Cyclist (Pedalcyclist)].

Code each police report as follows:

- 1. Read the police report carefully and completely:
  - First, read the narrative. In case of conflicting stories, give first priority to officer's conclusion, then the witness statement, and finally the pedalcyclist or driver statement.
  - Next, review the information in the specific information categories (i.e., the "check off" boxes), such as time, day, violations, weather, pedalcyclist's age, driver's age and roadway information.
  - Finally, examine the diagram. Remember that diagrams are seldom drawn to scale. Although a diagram might appear to show a crash occurs at an intersection, for example, check the report form for the actual measurement of the point of impact from the nearest intersection.
- 2. Read each of the three four Specific Circumstances crash types in order. The three Specific Circumstances are:
  - The cyclist is riding a child's vehicle, such as a "Big Wheel" type tricycle, other tricycle or a bicycle with training wheels. (But not an adult tricycle.)
  - The crash involves a motor vehicle which is backing.
  - The crash occurs in: a parking lot, etc.
- 3. If none of the Special Circumstances apply, determine whether the initial approach paths of the motorist and pedalcyclist are parallel or crossing.
- 4. Review each parallel or crossing path type <u>in order</u> and select the <u>first</u> one that applies.
- 5. Within the first parallel or crossing path type which applies, review each crash type description in order and select the <u>first</u> one that applies.
- 6. If no crash type description applies, continue with the next parallel or crossing path heading and repeat steps 4 and 5.
- 7. If you reach the Insufficient Information heading without finding a type that applies, enter Parallel Paths Unknown or Crossing Paths Unknown (SAS codes 0098 or 0099). Before using an Insufficient Information code, review the report to assure that you have not missed any information that would lead you to select another crash type.

As you code, refer to the diagram and label accompanying each crash for additional information. Remember that the diagrams are examples only, and do not represent all possible situations to which the type can be applied.

If more than one pedalcyclist is involved in a crash, the first pedalcyclist struck defines the crash. Consider only the circumstances surrounding the collision with the first pedalcyclist in determining the type.

# A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (SPECIFIC CIRCUMSTANCES - CHILDREN'S VEHICLE)

Screen Heading: Pedalcyclist Crashes

**Screen Name:** Specific Circumstances - Vehicle (312-E)

**Long Name:** Is the pedalcyclist riding a children's vehicle?

SAS Name: Accident.Ped\_Acc

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.PedBikeID

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

1 **n/a n/a** No 2 27472 0040 Yes

#### Remarks:

Enter **Yes** if the cyclist is riding a child's vehicle, such as a "Big Wheel" type tricycle, other tricycle or a bicycle with training wheels (but not an adult tricycle); **No**, otherwise.

# A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (SPECIFIC CIRCUMSTANCES - BACKING MOTOR VEHICLE)

**Screen Heading:** Pedalcyclist Crashes

**Screen Name:** Specific Circumstances - Backing (314-E)

**Long Name:** Does the crash involve a motor vehicle which is backing?

SAS Name: Accident.Ped\_Acc

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.PedBikeID

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

1 **n/a n/a** No 2 27473 0011 Yes

#### Remarks:

Enter **Yes** if the crash involves a motor vehicle which is backing; **No**, otherwise.

# A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (SPECIFIC CIRCUMSTANCES - NOT ON A ROADWAY)

**Screen Heading:** Pedalcyclist Crashes

**Screen Name:** Specific Circumstances - Non-Roadway (316-E)

**Long Name:** Does the crash occur in...?

SAS Name: Accident.Ped\_Acc

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.PedBikeID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
n/a	n/a	0029	Parking Lot, Open Area or Another Non-Roadway Location
1	27474	0029	A Parking Lot or Open Area
2	27585	0029	Another Non-Roadway Location, Such as a Gas Station
3	47630	n/a	None of These Items Describe the Crash Events

#### Remarks:

Enter **Yes** if the crash occurs in a parking lot or open area or another non-roadway location, such as a gas station, alley, lot, etc.; **No**, otherwise.

# A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (APPROACH PATHS--PARALLEL VERSUS CROSSING)

**Screen Heading:** Pedalcyclist Crashes

**Screen Name:** Initial Approach Paths (318-E)

**Long Name:** What are the initial approach paths of the motorist and cyclist?

SAS Name: Accident.Ped\_Acc

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.PedBikeID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	n/a	n/a	Parallel
2	n/a	n/a	Crossing
3	10332	0097	Unknown

#### Remarks:

Specify the initial approach paths (i.e., before any turns which cause the crash or turns to avoid it).

Enter **Parallel** if the cyclist and motor vehicle are approaching each other on parallel paths, heading either in the same direction or in opposing directions.











Enter **Crossing** if the cyclist and motor vehicle are on intersecting paths











Enter **Unknown** if there is no way of knowing whether the vehicles' initial approach paths are parallel or crossing.

### A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (PARALLEL PATH CATEGORY)

**Screen Heading:** Pedalcyclist Crashes

Screen Name: Parallel Paths (320-E)

**Long Name:** Choose the first parallel path which applies.

SAS Name: Accident.Ped\_Acc

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.PedBikeID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	n/a	n/a	Parallel Path 1 (Motorist Turns or Merges into the Path of the Cyclist)
2	n/a	n/a	Parallel Path 2 (Cyclist Turns or Merges into the Path of the Motorist)
3	n/a	n/a	Parallel Path 3 (Operator Is on the Wrong Side of the Street)
4	n/a	n/a	Parallel Path 4 (Motorist Is Overtaking the Cyclist)
5	n/a	n/a	Parallel Path 5 (Cyclist Is Overtaking a Motor Vehicle)
6	n/a	n/a	Parallel Path 6 (Operator Loses Control and Inadvertently
			Swerves into the Path of the Other Vehicle Because of:)
7	27554	0098	Parallel Path 7 (There Is No Way of Knowing Which of the above Is True)

#### Remarks:

Choose the first parallel path that applies.

Select Parallel Path 1 if the motorist turns or merges into the path of the cyclist.

Select Parallel Path 2 If the cyclist turns or merges into the path of the motorist.

Select Parallel Path 3 If the operator (motorist or cyclist) is on the wrong side of the street.

Select Parallel Path 4 if the motorist is overtaking the cyclist.

Select **Parallel Path 5** f the cyclist is overtaking a motor vehicle.

Select **Parallel Path 6** If the operator (motorist or cyclist) loses control and inadvertently swerves into the path of the other vehicle because of:

- mechanical failure, such as brakes, steering, tires or other vehicle problems
- road conditions, such as ice, potholes, mud, sand or other surface conditions.
- prior collision with moving or stationary object(s).
- operator impairment due to drugs or alcohol.
- operator error due to oversteering or improper braking.

Select Parallel Path 7 If there is no way of knowing which of the above scenarios is true.

### A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (CROSSING PATH CATEGORY)

**Screen Heading:** Pedalcyclist Crashes

Screen Name: Crossing Paths (322-E)

**Long Name:** Choose the first crossing path which applies.

SAS Name: Accident.Ped\_Acc

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.PedBikeID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	n/a	n/a	Crossing Path 1 (Cyclist Does Not Clear Intersection Before Light Turns Green for Cross Traffic)
2	n/a	n/a	Crossing Path 2 (Motorist Fails to Yield to the Cyclist)
3	n/a	n/a	Crossing Path 3 (Cyclist Fails to Yield to the Motorist, Midblock)
4	n/a	n/a	Crossing Path 4 (Cyclist Fails to Yield to the Motorist at an Intersection)
5	n/a	n/a	Crossing Path 5 (Motorist Is Turning)
6	n/a	n/a	Crossing Path 6 (Cyclist Is Turning)
7	n/a	n/a	Crossing Path 7 (Crash Occurs at an Intersection)
8	27601	0099	Crossing Path 8 (There Is No Way of Knowing Which of the above Is True)

#### Remarks:

Choose the first crossing path that applies.

Select **Crossing Path 1** if the cyclist does not clear intersection before light turns green for cross traffic.

Select Crossing Path 2 if the motorist fails to yield to the cyclist.

Select **Crossing Path 3** if the cyclist fails to yield to the motorist, midblock.

Select **Crossing Path 4** if the cyclist fails to yield to the motorist at an intersection.

Select Crossing Path 5 if the motorist is turning.

Select **Crossing Path 6** if the cyclist is turning.

Select **Crossing Path 7** if the crash occurs at an intersection.

Select Crossing Path 8 If there is no way of knowing which of the "Crossing Paths" is true.

### A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (PARALLEL/CROSSING PATH **CATEGORY CRASH TYPE)**

Screen Heading: Pedalcyclist Crashes

**Screen Name:** Specific Circumstances (330-E)

**Long Name:** Choose the first crash type which applies.

SAS Name: Accident.Ped\_Acc

Oracle Name: GES.CrashData.PedBikeID

Element Values:

Screen Oracle SAS

Parallel Path 1 (Motorist Turns or Merges into the Path of the Cyclist)

*	27476	0035	Drive out - on Street Parking
	27477	0022	Motorist Left Turn in Front of Cyclist
	27534	0023	Motorist Left Turn Facing Cyclist
	27535	0024	Motorist Right Turn in Front of Cyclist
	47652	0061	Motorist Changes Lanes into Cyclist

Parallel Path 2 (Cyclist Turns or Merges into the Path of the Motorist)

27536	0003	Ride-out from Sidewalk
27537	0018	Cyclist Left Turn, in Front of Traffic
27541	0019	Cyclist Left Turn, Facing Traffic
27542	0021	Cyclist Right Turn, from Wrong Side of Street
47653	0062	Cyclist Changes Lanes into Motorist

Parallel Path 3 (Operator Is on the Wrong Side of the Street)

27543	0030	Head-on, Counteractive Evasive Actions
27544	0028	Wrong Way Motorist
27545	0026	Wrong Way Cyclist

Parallel Path 4 (Motorist Is Overtaking the Cyclist)

27546	0013	Motorist Overtakes Undetected Cyclist
27547	0015	Motorist Overtaking, Counteractive Evasive Actions
27548	0016	Motorist Overtaking, Misjudges Passing Space
27549	0017	Motorist Overtaking Cyclist, Path Obstructed
27550	0039	Motorist Overtaking

Parallel Path 5 (Cyclist Is Overtaking a Motor Vehicle)

27551 0027 Cyclist Overtaking

Parallel Path 6 (Operator Loses Control and Inadvertently Swerves into the Path of the Other Vehicle Because of:)

27553 0014 Motorist Lost Control 10349 0020 Cyclist Lost Control

Crossing Path 1 (Cyclist Does Not Clear Intersection Before Light Turns Green for Cross Traffic)

27555 0006 Trapped 27556 0007 Multiple Threat

Crossing Path 2 (Motorist Fails to Yield to the Cyclist)

27557 0008 Drive Out, Driveway/Alley
27586 0012 Drive Through
27587 0009 Drive Out, Stop Sign
27588 0010 Right on Red
27589 0048 Drive Out, Intersection

Crossing Path 3 (Cyclist Fails to Yield to the Motorist, Midblock)

27590 0001 Ride Out, Residential Driveway
27591 0002 Ride Out, Commercial Driveway
27592 0004 Ride Out, Midblock
47654 0060 Ride Out, Unknown Driveway Type

Crossing Path 4 (Cyclist Fails to Yield to the Motorist at an Intersection)

27593 0005 Ride Out, Stop Sign 27594 0049 Ride Out, Intersection 47650 0050 Ride Through

Crossing Path 5 (Motorist Is Turning)

27595 0033 Motorist Cuts Corner27596 0034 Motorist Swings Wide

Crossing Path 6 (Cyclist Is Turning)

27597 0031 Cyclist Cuts Corner 27598 0032 Cyclist Swings Wide

Crossing Path 7 (Crash Occurs at an Intersection)

27599 0055 Controlled Intersection, Other
27600 0025 Uncontrolled Intersection, Other
47651 0090 Unknown if controlled or uncontrolled

<sup>\*</sup> Diagrams with labels describing the crash type are shown on the data entry screen.

Remarks:

### Parallel Path 1

The motorist turns or merges into the path of the cyclist.

Select **Drive out - on Street Parking** if the motorist is exiting or entering on-street parking.



Select **Motorist Left Turn in Front of Cyclist** if the motorist is turning left and going in the same direction as cyclist.



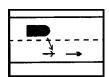
Select **Motorist Left Turn Facing Cyclist** if the motorist is turning left and the motorist and cyclist are facing each other as they approach.



Select **Motorist Right Turn in Front of Cyclist** if the motorist is turning right and the motorist and cyclist are going in either the same direction or opposite directions.



Select **Motorist Changes Lanes into Cyclist** if the motorist and cyclist are traveling in the same direction and the motorist changes lanes, entering the cyclist's path of travel. This code is also used when a collision occurs as a result of the motorist entering an area designated for pedalcyclists, such as a bike path/lane.



# The cyclist turns or merges into the path of the motorist.

Select **Ride-out from Sidewalk** if the cyclist turns or merges onto the street from a residential driveway or alley. Cyclist coming from sidewalk.



Select **Cyclist Left Turn**, **in Front of Traffic Left** if the cyclist turns or merges onto the street and is going the same direction as the motorist.



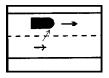
Select **Cyclist Left Turn**, **Facing Traffic Left** if the cyclist turns or merges onto the street and the cyclist and motorist are facing each other as they approach.



Select Cyclist Right Turn, from Wrong Side of Street Right if the cyclist turns or merges onto the street and the cyclist is riding on the wrong side of the street.



Select **Cyclist changes Lanes into Motorist** if the motorist and cyclist are traveling in the same direction and the cyclist changes lanes, entering the motorist's path of travel. This code is also used when a collision occurs as a result of the cyclist entering a traffic lane from an area designated for pedalcyclists, such as a bike path/lane.



The operator is on the wrong side of the street.

Select **Head-on, Counteractive Evasive Actions** if either the cyclist or motorist are going the wrong way, the approach is head-on, and the evasive actions are counteractive.



Select **Wrong Way Motorist** if the motorist is going the wrong way.



Select Wrong Way Cyclist if the cyclist is going the wrong way.



The motorist is overtaking the cyclist.

Select Motorist Overtakes Undetected Cyclist if the motorist fails to detect the cyclist.



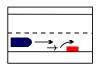
Select **Motorist Overtaking, Counteractive Evasive Actions** if the evasive actions are counteractive.



Select **Motorist Overtaking, Misjudges Passing Space** if the motorist misjudges the space, length or width required to pass the cyclist.



Select **Motorist Overtaking Cyclist**, **Path Obstructed** if the cyclist's path is obstructed. Cyclist strikes obstruction or overtaking motorist.



Select **Motorist Overtaking** for other situations involving a motorist overtaking a cyclist.



### The cyclist is overtaking a motor vehicle.

Select Cyclist Overtaking if the cyclist strikes a slow or stopped vehicle in a traffic lane.



### Parallel Path 6

The operator loses control and inadvertently swerves into the path of the other vehicle because of any of the following reasons:

- mechanical failure, such as brakes, steering, tires or other vehicle problems
- road conditions, such as ice, potholes, mud, sand or other surface conditions
- prior collision with moving or stationary objects
- operator impairment due to drugs or alcohol
- operator error due to oversteering or improper braking

Select Motorist Lost Control if the motorist loses control.



Select Cyclist Lost Control if the cyclist loses control.



The cyclist does not clear intersection before light turns green for cross traffic.

Select **Trapped** if the cyclist does not clear the intersection before the light turns green for cross traffic and the motorist's view of the cyclist is not obstructed.



Select **Multiple Threat** if the cyclist does not clear the intersection before the light turns green for cross traffic and the motorist's view of the cyclist is obstructed by standing traffic.



# The motorist fails to yield to the cyclist.

Select **Drive Out, Driveway/Alley** if the motorist fails to yield to the cyclist at a driveway, alley or other midblock location.



Select **Drive Through** if the crash occurs at a controlled intersection and the motorist runs a sign or signal.



Select **Drive Out, Stop Sign** if, at an intersection controlled by a stop sign or flashing light, the motorist obeys the sign but fails to yield to the cyclist.



Select **Right on Red** if, at an intersection controlled by a signal, the motorist obeys the signal but fails to yield to the cyclist when making a right turn when the signal is red.



Select **Drive Out, Intersection** if the crash occurs at an intersection and the situation is not covered above.



The cyclist fails to yield to the motorist, midblock.

Select **Ride Out, Residential Driveway** if the cyclist fails to yield to the motorist at a residential driveway or alley.



Select **Ride Out, Commercial Driveway** if the cyclist fails to yield to the motorist at a commercial driveway.



Select **Ride Out**, **Midblock** if the cyclist fails to yield to the motorist at a shoulder or curb -- midblock location. (Cyclist not using driveway.)



Select **Ride Out - Unknown Driveway Type** if the cyclist fails to yield to the motorist while entering or exiting a driveway or alley access and the Police Accident Report does not provide sufficient information to determine if the driveway is classified as residential or commercial.



The cyclist fails to yield to the motorist at an intersection.

Select **Ride Out**, **Stop Sign** if the cyclist fails to yield to the motorist at an intersection controlled by a stop sign or flashing red signal.



Select **Ride Out**, **Intersection** if the cyclist fails to yield to the motorist at an intersection and the situation is not covered above.



Select **0050 Ride Through** if the cyclist disregards a traffic signal and fails to yield to the motorist at a controlled intersection (excludes Stop Signs)..



# The motorist is turning.

Select Motorist Cuts Corner if the motorist is turning left and cuts the corner.



Select Motorist Swings Wide if the motorist is turning right and swings out too wide.



# The cyclist is turning.

Select Cyclist Cuts Corner if the cyclist is turning left and cuts the corner.



Select **Cyclist Swings Wide** if the cyclist is turning right and swings out too wide.



# Crossing Path 7

The crash occurs at an intersection.

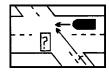
Select **Controlled Intersection**, **Other** if the intersection is controlled by stop signs or signals.



Select **Uncontrolled Intersection**, **Other** if the intersection has no signs or signals.



Select **Unknown if controlled or uncontrolled** when it is unknown if a traffic control device is present at the related intersection and the Police Accident Report provides no information about traffic signs or signals.



#### A16 TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE

Screen Heading: Regarding Vehicle # \_\_\_\_

Screen Name: Traffic Control Devices (245-E)

Long Name: What traffic control devices are applicable to this vehicle?

A16-Accident.Traf\_Con, V\_A16-Vehicle.VtrafCon, MV\_A16-SAS Name:

Trafcon.MTrafCon

**Oracle Name:** GES.TrafficDevices.DeviceID

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

00 n/a 26623 No Controls

#### NOT AT RAILROAD GRADE CROSSING

#### TRAFFICWAY TRAFFIC SIGNALS

1	26624	01	Traffic Control Signal (on colors Traffic Signal)
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- 2 26625 04 Flashing Traffic Control Signal or Flashing Beacon
- 3 Other Traffic Signal 26626 80
- Unknown Traffic Signal 4 26627 09

#### REGULATORY, SCHOOL ZONE SIGNS

- 1 26628 21 Stop Sign
- Yield Sign 2 26629 22
- 3 School Zone Related Sign 26630 23
- 4 26631 28 Other Sign
- 5 Unknown Sign 26632 29

#### WARNING SIGNS

- 1 26633 40 Advisory Speed Sign
- Warning Sign for Road Conditions (Hill, Steep Grade, etc.) 2 26634 41
- 3 26635 42 Warning Sign for Road Construction
- Warning Sign for Environment/Traffic (Fog ahead, Wind, Crash 4 26636 43 ahead)

Unknown Type Warning Sign

26637 49

#### MISCELLANEOUS NOT AT RAILROAD CROSSING

1 51 26638 Officer, Crossing Guard, Flagman, etc.

#### AT RAILROAD GRADE CROSSING

5

1	26639	61	Active Device at RR Crossing (e.g., Gates, Flashing Lights,

Traffic Signal)

2 Passive Device at RR Crossing (e.g., Stop Sign, Cross Bucks) 26640 62

#### **OTHER**

1	26641	97	Traffic Control Present - No Details
2	26642	98	Other Traffic Control (Whether or not at RR Grade Crossing)
3	26643	99	Unknown

#### Remarks:

This variable measures controls which regulate vehicular traffic. Excluded are any controls which solely regulate pedestrians (e.g., Walk/Wait signals).

Pavement markings are used to supplement the regulations or warnings of other devices such as traffic signs or signals. In other instances, they are used alone and produce results that can not be obtained by the use of any other device. Pavements markings can convey warnings or information to the driver without diverting his attention from the roadway. However, pavement markings are not considered as traffic control devices for the purposes of this variable and are not entered.

Guide signs do not constitute traffic controls.

Code the attribute indicated on the PAR if it directly matches.

Code **No Controls** is used if at the time of the crash there was no intent to control (regulate or warn) vehicle traffic. Use this attribute if statutory controls apply (e.g., state law requires that when two vehicles meet at an uncontrolled intersection, the one on the right has the right-of-way).

**Traffic Control Signal (Traffic Signal)** -- any highway traffic signal by which traffic is alternatively directed to stop and permitted to proceed. The source of actuation is of no concern.

**Flashing Traffic Control Signal or Flashing Beacon** is used if (1) the signal has green, amber, and red cycle capability but is being used to flash amber/red only or (2) the device is capable of only flashing amber/red signals.

**Other Traffic Signal** – should be coded for traffic signals that are not covered in the preceding attributes. A lane use control signal would be an example.

**Unknown Traffic Signal** – is used if the PAR indicates a traffic signal, but provides no information regarding the specific traffic signal type.

**Unknown Sign** – is used if the PAR indicates a regulatory sign, but the type of sign cannot be determined.

**School Zone Related Sign** is used when the first harmful event occurred during the time the sign was in effect. If the sign was in effect, it does not matter whether or not children were present.

**Other Sign** includes speed limit signs, movement signs (e.g., NO TURN, LEFT TURN ONLY, DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE, KEEP RIGHT, DO NOT ENTER, WRONG WAY, ONE WAY), parking signs (e.g., NO PARKING, EMERGENCY PARKING ONLY), and other miscellaneous signs (e.g., STOP HERE ON RED, NO TURN ON RED, ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC, WEIGHT LIMIT..., TRUCK ROUTE). There must be specific mention of the sign on the PAR.

**Warning Signs** include any black on orange diamond shaped sign or any black on yellow diamond shaped sign. Some black on yellow horizontal rectangular or vertical rectangular signs are also included. Warning signs call attention to unexpected conditions on or adjacent to a highway or street and to situations that might not be readily apparent to road users. Warning signs alert road users to conditions that might call for a reduction of speed or an action in the interest of safety and efficient traffic operations.

**Advisory Speed Sign** – is used if the PAR indicates a Speed Control sign or Special Speed zone.

**Warning Sign for Road Conditions (Hill, Steep Grade, etc.)** – is used if the PAR indicates warning signs that alert drivers to changes in roadway profile or alignment conditions.

**Warning Sign for Road Construction** – is used if the PAR indicates warning signs that alert drivers to construction, maintenance, utility work zones, and related lane closures. This code is also used to describe vehicles carrying sign boards alerting drivers to these work areas.

Warning Sign for Environment/Traffic (Fog Ahead, Wind, Crash Ahead) – is used if the PAR indicates warning signs, which alert the driver to changing environmental conditions.

**Unknown Type Warning Sign** – is used if the PAR indicates a warning sign is involved, but provides no information regarding the specific warning sign type.

**Officer, Crossing Guard, Flagman, etc.** – Officially designated person that controls both vehicular and pedestrian traffic.

**At Railroad Grade Crossing** should only be used when the first harmful event occurs in the area of a roadway and a railroad bed (i.e., Relation to Junction equals Railroad Grade Crossing). Attributes referring to **Trafficway Traffic Signals**, **Regulatory School Zone Signs**, and **Warning Signs** should be used when the first harmful event occurs anywhere else.

Active Device at RR Crossing (e.g., Gates, Flashing Lights, Traffic Control Signal) is used when the PAR reports that the railroad crossing was guarded by a gate, a flashing light, a traffic control signal, a bell or any combination thereof.

Passive Device at RR Crossing (e.g., Stop Sign, Cross Bucks, etc.) is used when the PAR indicates that no train activated devices were present. Cross bucks are a large "X", with the words RAILROAD CROSSING spelled out on the "X". A railroad advance warning sign is a circle with a black "X" on a yellow background.

**Traffic Control Present - No Details** – is used if the PAR indicates the presence of a traffic control device, but provides no information regarding the specific traffic control type.

Other Traffic Control (Whether or Not At RR Grade Crossing) includes: (1) a school bus with flashers activated where vehicles are required to stop or (2) any other device which (a) functions as a traffic control device which is not listed as an attribute of this variable and (b) is not excluded by the manual and (c) is related to the crash. Some examples are: barricades, cones, drums, and object markers.

When a traffic control is deactivated (e.g., traffic signal that emits no signals) during certain times of the day and was deactivated at the time of the crash, code **No Controls**. A traffic control that has just been installed and not yet activated is also coded **No Controls**.

However, a traffic control that is out (e.g., due to a power failure) and was reported as such on the PAR is coded, unless a temporary control (e.g., stop sign, police officer, etc.) has been inserted, in which case the temporary control should be coded.

**Unknown** is used if no information is contained on the PAR or the information on the PAR is inadequate for choosing one of the other attributes.

#### V12 VEHICLE CONTRIBUTING FACTORS

Screen Heading: Regarding Vehicle # \_\_\_\_

**Screen Name:** Vehicle Contributing Factors (450-E)

**Long Name:** Enter all contributing factors for this vehicle.

**SAS Name:** V12-Vehicle.Factor, M\_V12-Factor.MFactor

Oracle Name: GES.Contributors.ContributorID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26802	00	None
2	26803	01	Tires
3	26804	02	Brake System
4	26805	03	Steering System - Tie Rod, Kingpin, Ball Joint, etc.
5	26806	04	Suspension - Springs, Shock Absorbers, MachPherson Struts, Control Arms, etc.
6	26807	05	Power Train - Universal Joint, Drive Shaft, Transmission, etc.
7	26808	06	Exhaust System
8	26809	07	Headlights
9	26810	80	Signal Lights
10	26811	09	Other Lights
11	26812	10	Wipers
12	26813	11	Wheels
13	26814	12	Mirrors
14	26815	13	Driver Seating & Control
15	26816	14	Body, Doors
16	26817	15	Trailer Hitch
17	26818	50	Hit-and-Run Vehicle
18	26819	97	Vehicle Contributing Factors - No Details
19	26820	98	Other Vehicle Contributing Factors
20	26821	99	Unknown if Contributing Factors

#### Remarks:

Vehicle Contributing Factors are mechanical flaws that may have contributed to the cause of a crash. These factors can appear anywhere on the PAR - in the narrative section, in the space for violations, in a column entitled "Contributing Factors" or "Vehicle Defects", etc. It is not necessary that the PAR indicate this "factor" as a cause of the crash.

If more than one factor is indicated on the PAR, select all the responses which apply.

Code **None** is used if no vehicle defect or factor was indicated by the investigating officer.

Code **Tires** includes any defect of a tire. If the contributing factor is of the wheel (e.g., a lug nut comes off), then use code **"Wheels."** 

Code Brake System includes parking brakes.

Code **Power Train (Universal Joint, Drive Shaft, Transmission, etc.)** includes engine and differential. Stuck throttle is coded here.

Code **Exhaust System** includes exhaust manifold(s), headers, muffler, catalytic converter, tailpipe, etc.

Code Wheels includes loss of lug nuts.

Code **Body**, **Doors** includes trunk, hood, tailgate, rear doors of cargo vans, etc.

Code **Trailer Hitch** applies to a defective trailer hitch or an improper trailer hitch. If the PAR cites this attribute, then code it.

Code **Hit-and-Run Vehicle** is used for a hit-and-run vehicle unless the PAR indicates the presence of a "defect."

Code **Vehicle Contributing Factors - No Details** is used if a vehicle "factor" or "defect" is indicated on the PAR but no information is given concerning the nature of the "factor."

Code **Other Vehicle Contributing Factors** is used if a defect is cited but is not listed above.

Code **Unknown If Contributing Factors** is used only if the PAR specifically indicates an "unknown defect" or "unknown contributing factor."

#### **V25 DAMAGE AREAS**

Screen Heading: Regarding Vehicle # \_\_\_\_

Screen Name: Damage Areas (560-E)

**Long Name:** What specific areas of this vehicle are damaged?

SAS Name: Vehicle.Dam\_Area

Oracle Name: GES.DamageArea.ArealD

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26822	0	No Damage
2	26823	1	Front
3	26824	2	Right Side
4	26825	3	Left Side
5	26826	4	Back
6	26827	5	Тор
7	26828	6	Undercarriage
8	26829	7	All Areas Damaged
9	26830	9	Damage Areas Unknown

#### Remarks:

This variable reports this vehicle's specific areas damaged due to impact. The totality of the damage is used when determining the specific areas.

"Vehicle" as used in this variable includes the power unit plus all trailers connected by means of a fixed linkage at the time of impact. The six planes (front, right side, left side, back, top, and undercarriage) are measured with respect to the entire vehicle (capsule). In contrast, any trailer disconnected prior to impact is treated as an object.

Enter all areas of the vehicle which are damaged.

Example: A single vehicle crash involving a head-on impact with a brick wall results in damage to the vehicle's left side, front and right side. The correct coding for this is **Front**, **Left**, and **Right**. If this same impact had resulted in damage to the front and left side only, the correct coding would be **Front** and **Left**.

**No Damage** is used when the vehicle sustains no impact but is part of the crash due to a non-collision event such as: fire or explosion, immersion, gas inhalation, an occupant's fall from the vehicle, an injured occupant without an external impact or other non-impacts except most jackknife situations.

Front, Right Side, Left Side, Back, Top or Undercarriage are used whenever the PAR indicates that one or more (but not all) planes are damage in the crash.

All Damaged Areas is used whenever the PAR indicates that all planes received damage in the crash. This includes both the top and undercarriage planes. In order for All Damage Areas to be involved, the vehicle will usually have to have rolled over or sustained numerous impacts.

Damage Areas Unknown is used whenever the PAR does not indicate which area or areas received damage or when the information on the PAR is confusing or inadequate for the purposes of this determination. When some or all of the damage areas are unknown apply the following guidelines:

- 1. Code **Damage Areas Unknown** when the vehicle is damaged but no specific area is known.
- 2. When some damaged areas are known but uncertainty exists regarding possible damage to other areas, code all known damage areas in addition to entering Damage Areas Unknown.

Summary of Steps to Determine Code:

First Identify all known damaged areas.

Second Determine if any other areas may have been damaged but are not known with certainty because the PAR information is incomplete, contradictory, etc.

Third Code all known areas.

Fourth If no unknown areas exist do not enter **Damage Areas Unknown**. If one or more

other areas are unknown, enter **Damage Areas Unknown**.

Fifth If all areas are unknown, enter Damage Areas Unknown.

Coding of the precrash variables is completed for **each** in-transport motor vehicle in the crash. This means that the entire crash is first coded from the perspective of one vehicle, then coded from the perspective of the second vehicle, if any, and so forth. The precrash variables are:

D07, Driver Distracted By

V21, Movement Prior to Critical Event-Precrash 1

V26, Critical Event - Precrash 2 (Category)

V26, Critical Event - Precrash 2 (Event)

V27, Corrective Action Attempted - Precrash 3

V28, Vehicle Control - Precrash 4

V29, Precrash Location - Precrash 5

The precrash variables are designed to identify the following:

- what was this vehicle/driver doing just prior to the critical event,
- what made this vehicle's situation critical,
- what was the corrective action attempted, if any, to this critical situation, and
- what was the movement of the vehicle just prior to impact?

The most important determination that must be made for each in-transport motor vehicle is: what was this vehicle's Critical Event, (i.e., what action by this vehicle, another vehicle, person, animal or non-fixed object was critical to this vehicle's crash?). Once this determination is made, then determine the driver's corrective action to the event which made this vehicle's involvement critical.

Corrective Action Attempted, is defined as avoidance maneuver(s) taken by the driver, within a **critical crash envelope**, in response to a Critical Event.

Do not consider culpability as a factor for determining precrash data. Many crash scenarios will suggest fault, but this is considered coincidental rather than by design.

#### **Critical Crash Envelope**

The critical crash envelope begins at the point where:

- (1) the driver recognizes an impending danger (e.g.,.deer runs into the roadway) or
- (2) the vehicle is in an imminent path of collision with another vehicle, pedestrian, pedalcyclist, other non-motorist, object or animal.

The critical crash envelope ends when:

- (1) (a) the driver has made a successful avoidance maneuver
  - (b) has full steering control, and
  - (c) the vehicle is tracking; or
- (2) the driver's vehicle impacts another vehicle, pedestrian, pedalcyclist, other non-motorist, object or animal.

#### **Simple Single Critical Crash Envelope**

Most crashes involve only a single critical crash envelope in which the object contacted is captured under the Critical Event. An example: A vehicle traveling on a roadway strikes a deer that runs into the roadway. This crash type and similar ones are very straightforward and will not present many coding problems.

#### **Complex Single Critical Crash Envelope**

However, some single critical crash envelopes are more complex.

**Example A**: A driver avoids one obstacle and **immediately** impacts another vehicle, person, object or animal. Because **immediate** is defined as not having an opportunity or sufficient time to take any additional avoidance actions, the Critical Event is coded to the vehicle, person, object or animal which the driver successfully avoided instead of the vehicle's first harmful event (i.e., its first impact).

**Example B**: The driver avoids an obstacle only to (a) lose steering control and/or (b) have the vehicle stop tracking, and the vehicle subsequently impacts another vehicle, person, object or animal. Regardless of whether the driver attempted to regain steering control, or attempted to avoided the impacted vehicle, person, object or animal; the Critical Event is similarly coded to the vehicle, person, object or animal which the driver successfully avoided because the driver's critical crash envelope was never stabilized.

In both examples above, the Corrective Action Attempted records the successful action taken to avoid the Critical Event.

The coding order for a single critical crash envelope is illustrated below.

#### Typical Order of a Single Critical Crash Envelope

D07	V21	V26	V27	V28	V29	A06	
Driver	Movement	Critical	Corrective	Precrash	Precrash	First	
Distracted	Prior To	Event	Action	Vehicle	Location	Harmful	
Ву	Critical Event		Attempted	Control		Event	

#### **Multiple Critical Crash Envelopes**

Multiple critical crash envelopes are defined as events (i.e., at least two) which occur prior to impact where the driver has successfully avoided the impending danger, regained control of the vehicle, and subsequently encountered another impending danger. When a crash scenario involves multiple critical crash envelopes, code only the final critical crash envelope. The previous successfully avoided critical crash envelopes are captured under the variable Pre-event Movement where the attribute "successfully avoidance maneuver to a previous critical event " should be selected. The final critical crash envelope which resulted in this vehicle's first harmful event (i.e., its impact) should be coded under the appropriate variables as shown in the following illustration.

#### Typical Order of Multiple Critical Crash Envelopes

#### Prior Critical Crash Envelope Final Critical Crash Envelope **V29 V26** D07 V21 V26 **V27 V28** D07 V21 **V27 V28 V29** A06 Driver Move- Critical Corrective Precrash Pre-Driver Move-Critical Corrective Pre-Pre-First Crash Distracment Event Distrac- ment Harmful Vehicle Crash Event Action Crash ted Prior Attempted Control Located Prior Attempted Vehicle Loca-Event Tο Tο Control tion Ву tion By Critical Critical Event Event

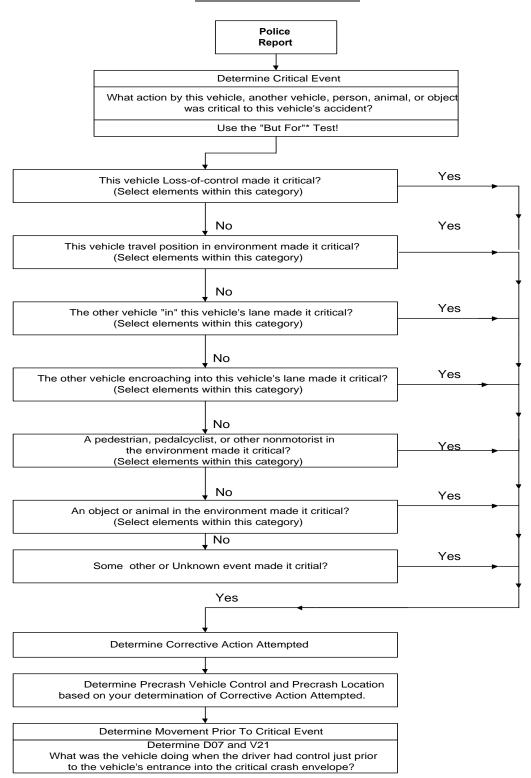
When there is doubt as to whether this vehicle had experienced multiple critical crash envelopes (i.e. unknown if the driver successfully avoided and regained control of the vehicle), default to a complex single critical crash envelope when coding the Critical Event.

The pages which follow contain a flowchart, method protocol, precrash general rules, and seven examples to aid in explaining the proper method for coding precrash data.

DO NOT CODE

CODE

#### Selection Method Flowchart



#### \* FOR EXAMPLE:

<u>"But for"</u> Vehicle # going left-of-center, this vehicle would not have been involved in this accident. <u>"But for"</u> having entered into the intersection, this vehicle would not have been involved in this accident.

#### **Method Protocol**

Review the entire Police Report for pre-impact information (e.g., written statements, encoded data, scene diagrams, etc) as inputs to your precrash decision making process.

1. Determine Critical Event - Precrash 2 (Event)

What reported action by this vehicle, another vehicle, person, animal or object was critical to this driver becoming involved in the crash (i.e., use the "BUT FOR" test)?

Ask yourself questions (a) through (f) below. Proceed through each question that applies to the crash you are researching. **When the answer to the question is "Yes"- Stop**,. This is the Critical Event - Precrash 2 (Category). Now you must determine the appropriate attribute within the category.

- (1) But for this vehicle's loss-of-control, would the crash have occurred?
- (b) But for this vehicle's travel position in the environment would the crash have occurred?
- (3) But for another vehicle <u>in</u> this vehicle's lane, would the crash have occurred?
- (4) But for another vehicle <u>encroaching</u> into this vehicle's lane, would the crash have occurred?
- (5) But for a pedestrian, pedalcyclist or other non-motorist in or approaching this vehicle's path, would the crash have occurred?
- (6) But for an animal in or approaching this vehicle's path or an object in this vehicle's path, would the crash have occurred?
- 2. Determine Corrective Action Attempted Precrash 3.

What does the PAR indicate the driver tried to do to avoid the crash?

3. Determine Vehicle Control - Precrash 4

What does the PAR indicate the vehicle was doing just prior to impact?

4. Determine the Precrash Location - Precrash 5

Where does the PAR indicate the vehicle was located just prior to impact?

Determine "Driver Distracted By."

Does the PAR indicate the driver was distracted or inattentive?

Determine Movement Prior to Critical Event - Precrash 1

What does the PAR indicate this vehicle was doing just prior to impact?

#### **Precrash General Rules**

- 7. Corrective Action Attempted Precrash 3 assesses what the vehicle did rather than what the PAR stated the driver tried to do.
- 8. A traffic control signal/sign can never make the situation critical when coding Critical Event Precrash 2 (Event).
- 9. When you know what sub-group of the "Critical Event Precrash 2 (Event)" applies but are unable to select a specific element within that group, default to "other" or Aunknown A in that sub-group rather than using "Other Critical Precrash event" or "unknown".
- 10. If control loss is due to driver illness such as heart attacks, diabetic comas, etc., then the Critical Event Precrash 2 (Event) category and element value are: "This Vehicle Loss of Control" Due to "Other cause of control loss".
- 11. In coding Critical Event Precrash 2 (Event), loss of control must have occurred prior to the driver attempting any avoidance maneuver. If the driver attempts a maneuver (i.e., brakes, steers, etc) as a result of the driver's perception of a vehicle, object, pedestrian or non-motorist, then code the vehicle, object, pedestrian or non-motorist as what made it critical. If the vehicle is in a yaw prior to the driver taking an avoidance action, then loss-of-control is what made it critical (e.g., critical; curve scuff, hydroplaning, etc.).
- 12. When it cannot be determined from the PAR which driver had the right-of-way at a controlled or uncontrolled intersection, then use the following guidelines for coding Critical Event Precrash 2 (Event):
  - 1. If the junction is controlled by a 3-way/4-way stop sign or is uncontrolled, then use the common rule that the vehicle on the right has the right-of-way for determining encroachment.
  - 2. If the junction is controlled by an on-colors traffic control device, and both drivers claim green light, then code both vehicles as being in an environmentally dangerous position, Critical Event Precrash 2 (Category/Event) category/event element value is: "This Vehicle Traveling/Crossing Over (Passing Through) Intersection".
- 13. For vehicles executing a left turn with the right-of-way, use **From opposite** direction-over left lane line or From opposite direction-over right lane line.
- 14. "Fixed" objects can not be in the roadway.
- 15. If a motor vehicle is stopped in a travel lane and is impacted by another motor vehicle ricocheting off a vehicle, then Critical Precrash Event for the vehicle struck by the ricocheting vehicle is **Other motor vehicle in lane** or **Other motor vehicle encroaching into lane**.

16.	If there are no skid marks present at the scene and the PAR doesn't indicate skidding and the vehicle did not rotate 30 degrees or more (either clockwise or counterclockwise), then Pre-Impact Stability should equal <b>Tracking</b> .

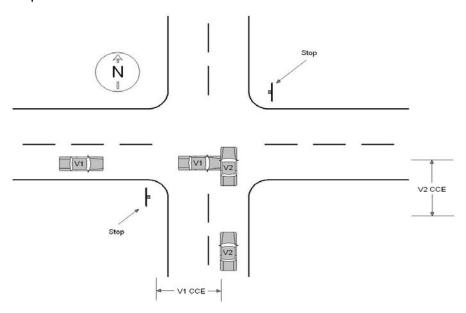
#### Example 1

Vehicle 2 is northbound and passing through an intersection on a roadway without traffic control. The driver of vehicle 1 is dialing on a cellular phone. Vehicle 1 is eastbound on a crossing roadway with a stop sign but did not stop or slow down. Vehicle 1 crashes into the side of vehicle 2. The driver of vehicle 2 was attentive, but did not see vehicle 1 approaching. Vehicle 1 braked (leaving skid marks) just prior to impact, without any steering.

	Vehicle 1	Vehicle 2
Driver's Distraction/Inattention to Driving	(Distracted) while dialing cellular phone	Looked but did not see
Pre-Event Movement	Going straight	Going straight
Critical Pre-Crash Category	This Vehicle Traveling	Other motor vehicle encroaching into lane
Critical Pre-Crash Event	Crossing over (passing through) intersection	From crossing street across path
Attempted Avoidance Maneuver	Braking (lockup)	No avoidance maneuver
Pre-Impact Stability	Skidding longitudinally - rotation less than 30 degrees	Tracking
Pre-Impact Location	Stayed in original travel lane	Stayed in original travel lane

In this example, vehicle 1 has one **critical crash envelope** ( $V_1CCE$ ), which begins at the point where driver 1 recognizes that vehicle 1 is in an imminent collision path with vehicle 2. Vehicle 1's critical crash envelope ends at the point of impact with vehicle 2.

Vehicle 2 has one **critical crash envelope** ( $V_2CCE$ ). Although the driver of vehicle 2 did not recognize the danger, vehicle 2's critical crash envelope begins at the point where vehicle 2 is in an imminent path of collision with vehicle 1. Vehicle 2's critical crash envelope ends at the point of impact with vehicle 1.



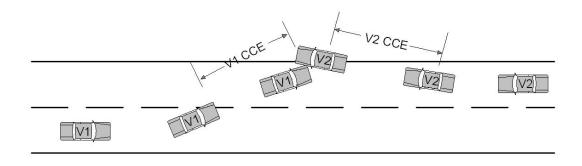
#### Example 2

Vehicle 1 and vehicle 2 are traveling in opposite directions on the same roadway. The driver of vehicle 1 falls asleep and crosses over the center line into the travel lane of vehicle 2. Vehicle 2 attempted to avoid vehicle 1 by steering right onto the shoulder and accelerating. Vehicle 1 impacted vehicle 2 in the side.

	Vehicle 1	Vehicle 2
Driver's Distraction/Inattention to Driving	Sleepy or fell asleep	Attentive or not distracted
Pre-Event Movement	Going straight	Going straight
Critical Pre-Crash Category	This Vehicle Traveling	Other motor vehicle encroaching into lane
Critical Pre-Crash Event	Over the lane on left side of travel lane	From opposite direction over left lane line
Attempted Avoidance Maneuver)	No avoidance maneuver	Accelerating and steering right
Pre-Impact Stability	Tracking	Tracking
Pre-Impact Location	Stayed on roadway, but left original travel lane	Departed roadway

In this example, vehicle 1 has one **critical crash envelope** ( $V_1CCE$ ) which begins at the point where vehicle 1 crosses over the lane line and ends at the point of impact with vehicle 2.

Vehicle 2 has one **critical crash envelope** (V<sub>2</sub>CCE) which begins at the poinr where driver 2 recognizes vehicle 1 encroaching into his/her travel lane. Vehicle 2's critical crash envelope ends at the point of impact with vehicle 1.



## Example 3

Vehicle 1 is traveling eastbound. A noncontact vehicle (NCV) is westbound and attempts to turn left in front of Vehicle 1 into an intersecting private driveway. Vehicle 1 braked (without lockup) and steered left to avoid the noncontact vehicle. The driver of Vehicle 1 successfully avoided the noncontact vehicle and maintained full control, but crossed into the westbound lane. Now traveling the wrong way in the westbound lane, Vehicle 1 attempted to steer right and return to the eastbound lane but struck Vehicle 2 head on. Vehicle 2 attempted to avoid the crash by braking and steering right.

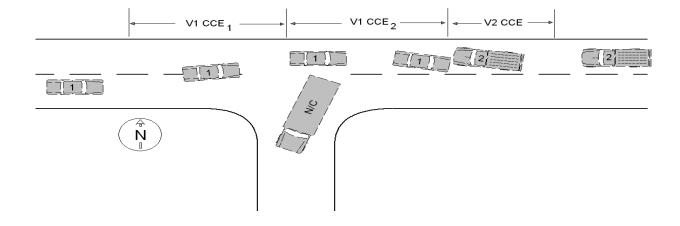
	Vehicle 1	Vehicle 2
Driver's Distraction/Inattention to Driving	Attentive or not distracted	Attentive or not distracted
Pre-Event Movement	Successful avoidance maneuver to a previous critical event	Going straight
Critical Pre-Crash Category	Other motor vehicle in lane	Other motor vehicle in lane
Critical Pre-Crash Event	Traveling in opposite direction	Traveling in opposite direction
Attempted Avoidance Maneuver	Steering right	Braking and steering right
Pre-Impact Stability	Tracking	Tracking
Pre-Impact Location	Stayed in original travel lane	Stayed in original travel lane

In this example, vehicle 1 has two critical crash envelopes ( $V_1CCE_1$  and  $V_1CCE_2$ ). Vehicle 1's first **critical crash envelope** ( $V_1CCE_1$ ) ends at the point where the driver of vehicle 1 made a successful avoidance maneuver and maintained full control of the vehicle. Vehicle 1's second **critical crash envelope** ( $V_1CCE_2$ ) begins immediately following the successful avoidance maneuver and ends at the point of impact with vehicle 2. Use the critical crash envelope which resulted in vehicle 1's first impact ( $V_1CCE_2$ ).

Vehicle 2 has one **critical crash envelope** (V<sub>2</sub>CCE) which begins at the point where driver 2 recognizes vehicle 1 in his/her travel lane and ends at the point of impact with vehicle 1.

The noncontact vehicle was not involved in an impact with a another vehicle, person, animal or object in the sequence of accident events and is therefore not included in the General Estimates System.

See diagram, next page.



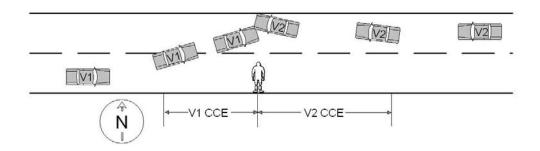
## Example 4

Vehicle 1 and vehicle 2 are traveling in opposite directions on the same roadway. The driver of vehicle 1 brakes (without lockup) and steers left to avoid a pedestrian who darted into his/her travel lane. Vehicle 1 crosses over the center line into the travel path of vehicle 2. The driver of vehicle 2 was talking with a passenger and not paying close attention to driving and at the last second attempted to avoid vehicle 1 by braking and steering right onto the shoulder. Vehicle 2 skids and rotates clockwise about 45 degrees before it is impacted in the side by vehicle 1.

	Vehicle 1	Vehicle 2
Driver's Distraction/Inattention to Driving	Attentive or not distracted	(Distracted) by other object, occupant or event
Pre-Event Movement	Going straight	Going straight
Critical Pre-Crash Category	Pedestrian, Pedacyclist, or other nonmotorist	Other Motor Vehicle encroaching into lane
Critical Pre-Crash Event	Pedestrian in roadway	From opposite direction over left lane line
Attempted Avoidance Maneuver	Braking and steering left	Braking and steering right
Pre-Impact Stability	Tracking	Skidding laterally - clockwise rotation
Pre-Impact Location	Stayed on roadway but left original travel lane	Stayed in original travel lane

In this example, vehicle 1 has one critical crash envelope ( $V_1CCE$ ). Vehicle 1's critical crash envelope involved a successful avoidance of a pedestrian [i.e., V26 (Critical Event) equals 2009 SAS value "80"] which resulted in an **immediate** impact to vehicle 2. Therefore, the pedestrian is coded as the critical precrash event for vehicle 1. Vehicle 1's corrective action is coded as the action taken to avoid the pedestrian.

Vehicle 2 has one critical crash envelope (V<sub>2</sub>CCE) which begins at the point where driver 2 recognized and reacted to vehicle 1 in his/her travel lane and ends at the point of impact with vehicle 1.



## Example 5

Vehicle 1 and vehicle 2 are traveling in the same direction in adjacent lanes on a divided highway (with a painted median). While the driver of vehicle 1 was using a razor, the vehicle has a blow out, driver 1 loses control, crosses the left lane line and impacts the right rear of vehicle 2. Vehicle 2 is redirected across the painted median, skidding and rotating clockwise, and subsequently impacts vehicle 3. Vehicle 3 attempted to avoid vehicle 2 by steering right and accelerating.

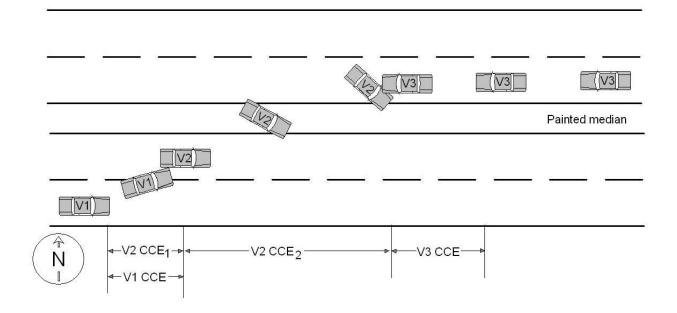
	Vehicle 1	Vehicle 2
Driver's Distraction/Inattention to Driving	[Distracted] while using or reaching for device/object brought into in vehicle	Attentive or not distracted
Pre-Event Movement	Going straight	Going straight
Critical Pre-Crash Category	This vehicle loss control due to	Other motor vehicle encroaching into lane
Critical Pre-Crash Event	Blow out or flat tire	From adjacent lane (same direction) - over right lane line
Attempted Avoidance Maneuver	No avoidance maneuver	No avoidance maneuver
Pre-Impact Stability	Tracking	Tracking
Pre-Impact Location	Stayed on roadway but left original travel lane	Stayed in original travel lane
	Vehicle 3	
Driver's Distraction/Inattention to Driving	Attentive or not distracted	
Pre-Event Movement	Going straight	
Critical Pre-Crash Category (GES: Critical Event)	Other motor vehicle encroaching into lane	
Critical Pre-Crash Event	From opposite direction - over left lane line	
Attempted Avoidance Maneuver	Accelerating and steering right	
Pre-Impact Stability	Tracking	

In this example, vehicle 1 has one critical crash envelope (V<sub>1</sub>CCE) which begins with control loss due to the blow out and ends at the point of impact with vehicle 2. The blow out is coded as the critical event (V26 equals 2009 SAS value 01).

Vehicle 2 has 2 critical crash envelopes ( $V_2CCE_1$  and  $V_2CCE_2$ ). Vehicle 2's first critical crash envelope ( $V_2CCE_1$ ) begins when vehicle 1 enters vehicle 2's travel lane and ends at the point of impact with vehicle 1. Vehicle 2's second critical crash envelope ( $V_2CCE_2$ )

begins immediately after the first impact and ends at the point of impact with vehicle 3. Code only the critical crash envelope which resulted in vehicle 2's first impact (V<sub>2</sub>CCE<sub>1</sub>), because the GES is only interested in coding the critical crash envelope which leads to a vehicle's first harmful event. Discussion continued on next page.

Vehicle 3 has one critical crash envelope ( $V_3CCE$ ) which begins when driver 3 recognizes and reacts to vehicle 2 which is in an imminent path of collision with vehicle 3 and ends at the point of impact with vehicle 2.



## Example 6

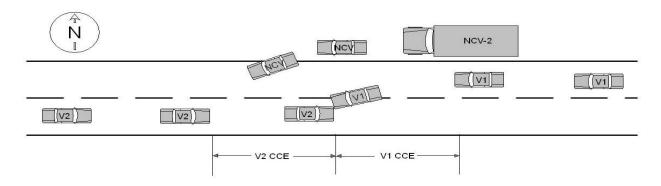
Vehicle 1 and vehicle 2 are traveling in opposite directions on the same roadway. A noncontact vehicle is parked in front of a noncontact truck-tractor (with a trailer) on the road shoulder and suddenly enters the roadway into vehicle 1's travel lane. The driver of vehicle 1 instantly brakes (with lockup) and steers left (with counterclockwise rotation) to avoid the noncontact vehicle. Vehicle 1 crosses over the center line and immediately impacts vehicle 2. Vehicle 2 had no corrective actions.

	Vehicle 1	Vehicle 2
Driver's Distraction/Inattention to Driving	Attentive or not distracted	Attentive or not distracted
Pre-Event Movement	Going straight	Going straight
Critical Pre-Crash Category	Other motor vehicle encroaching into lane	Other motor vehicle encroaching into lane
Critical Pre-Crash Event	From parking lane	From opposite direction over left lane line
Attempted Avoidance Maneuver	Braking and steering left	No avoidance maneuver
Pre-Impact Stability	Skidding laterally - counterclockwise rotation	Tracking
Pre-Impact Location	Stayed on roadway but left original travel lane	Stayed in original travel lane

In this example, vehicle 1 has one critical crash envelope ( $V_1CCE$ ). Vehicle 1's critical crash envelope involved a successful avoidance of a noncontact vehicle and resulted in an **immediate** impact to vehicle 2. Vehicle 1's critical crash envelope was initiated by the noncontact vehicle, afterwards there was no opportunity for subsequent avoidance actions. Therefore, the encroachment of the noncontact vehicle into vehicle 1's travel lane is coded as the critical precrash event for vehicle 1. Vehicle 1's corrective action is coded as the action taken to avoid the noncontact vehicle.

Vehicle 2 has one **critical crash envelope** (V<sub>2</sub>CCE) which begins at the point where vehicle 1 is in an imminent path of collision with vehicle 2 and ends at the point of impact with vehicle 1.

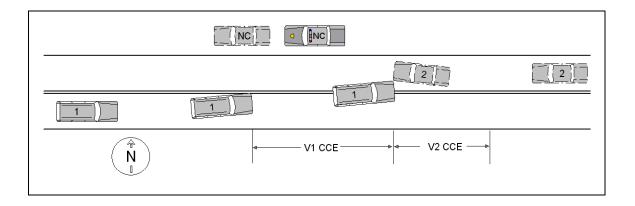
The noncontact vehicle and the noncontact truck were not involved in an impact in the sequence of accident events and are therefore not coded in the General Estimates System.



## Example 7

Vehicle 1 and vehicle 2 are traveling in opposite directions on the same roadway. A police car (with lights activated) is making a traffic stop on the side of the road. The driver of Vehicle 1 is looking at the activity on his left. Before he can react, Vehicle 1 crosses the centerline and strikes the front of Vehicle 2. The driver of Vehicle 2 also noticed the police activity, but he was attentive to the slowing traffic ahead. Vehicle 2 attempted to avoid the crash by braking and steering right.

	Vehicle 1	Vehicle 2
Driver's Distraction/Inattention to Driving	Distracted by outside person, object, or event	Attentive or not distracted
Pre-Event Movement	Going straight	Going straight
Critical Pre-Crash Category	This vehicle traveling	Other motor vehicle encroaching into lane
Critical Pre-Crash Event	Over the lane line on left side of travel lane	From opposite direction over left lane line
Attempted Avoidance Maneuver	No avoidance maneuver	Braking and steering right
Pre-Impact Stability	Tracking	Tracking
Pre-Impact Location	Stayed on roadway but left original travel lane	Stayed in original travel lane



## **V26 CRITICAL EVENT - PRECRASH 2 (CATEGORY)**

Screen Heading: Precrash Events

Screen Name: Critical Category (570-E)

**Long Name:** What is the critical event category for this vehicle's first impact?

SAS Name: none

Oracle Name: GES.Precrash.CrashCatEventID

## **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	1	n/a	This Vehicle Loss of Control Due To
2	2	n/a	This Vehicle Traveling
3	3	n/a	Other Motor Vehicle in Lane
4	4	n/a	Other Motor Vehicle Encroaching into Lane
5	5	n/a	Pedestrian, Pedalcyclist or Other Non-motorist
6	6	n/a	Object or Animal
7	7	n/a	Other
8	8	n/a	Unknown

#### Remarks:

See Precrash Data Overview and remarks under variable V26, Critical Event - Precrash 2 (Event), for coding procedures.

## This Vehicle Loss of Control Due To:

These attributes identify situations where the critical factor leading to the collision involved control loss of this vehicle. Control loss can be related to either mechanical failure or environmentally induced vehicle instability. When more than one condition applies and it cannot be determined which one had a greater effect, choose the attribute mentioned first in the list below (i.e., **Blow Out or Flat Tire** takes priority over **Stalled Engine**).

## This Vehicle Traveling

These attributes identify situations where the critical factor leading to the collision involved the travel path of this vehicle.

## Other Motor Vehicle In Lane

These attributes identify situations where the critical factor leading to the collision involved the travel of the other vehicle in the same lane as this vehicle.

## Other Motor Vehicle Encroaching Into Lane

## **Not Displayed On Summary Tab**

These attributes identify situations where the critical factor leading to the collision involves the other vehicle's movement into or across this vehicle's travel lane from another lane, intersection, driveway or ramp.

## Pedestrian or Pedalcyclist or Non-motorist

These attributes identify situations where the critical factor leading to the collision for this vehicle involved a pedestrian, pedalcyclist or other non-motorist. A pedalcyclist is defined as a person riding a pedal power conveyance (e.g., bicycle, tricycle, etc.). A non-motorist is defined as person riding on or in a conveyance which is not motorized or propelled by pedaling (e.g., baby carriage, skateboard, roller blades, etc.).

## Object or Animal

These attributes identify situations where the critical factor leading to the collision for this vehicle involved an object or animal.

### Other

Enter **Other critical event/No collision** when a critical factor not previously listed resulted in the collision for this vehicle. Previous impacts in the crash are not considered as other critical precrash events.

Use this code if the critical event developed from this vehicle's departure from a driveway.

This code is also used if the only events involved for this vehicle are fire/explosion or gas inhalation.

#### Unknown

Enter **Unknown Critical Event** when the critical event which resulted in the collision is not known.

# **V26 CRITICAL EVENT - PRECRASH 2 (EVENT)**

**Screen Heading:** Precrash Events

Screen Name: Critical Event (575-E)

**Long Name:** Enter the critical event for this vehicle's first impact.

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.P\_Crash2

Oracle Name: GES.Precrash.CriticalEventID

Element Values:

Screen Oracle SAS

## THIS VEHICLE LOSS OF CONTROL DUE TO:

1	10390	1	Blow out or flat tire
2	10391	2	Stalled Engine
3	10392	3	Disabling vehicle failure (e.g., wheel fell off)
4	10393	4	Non-disabling vehicle problem (e.g., hood flew up)
5	10394	5	Poor road conditions (puddle, pothole, ice, etc.)
6	10395	6	Traveling too fast for conditions
7	10396	8	Other cause of control loss
8	17547	9	Unknown cause of control loss

## THIS VEHICLE TRAVELING

1	10397	10	Over the lane line on left side of travel lane
2	10398	11	Over the lane line on right side of travel lane
3	10399	12	Off the edge of the road on the left side
4	10400	13	Off the edge of the road on the right side
5	10425	14	End departure
6	10426	15	Turning left at intersection
7	10427	16	Turning right at intersection
8	10428	17	Crossing over (passing through) intersection
9	10429	18	This vehicle decelerating
10	10430	19	Unknown travel direction

# OTHER MOTOR VEHICLE IN LANE

1	10401	50	Other vehicle stopped
2	10402	51	Traveling in same direction with lower steady speed
3	10403	52	Traveling in same direction while decelerating
4	10404	53	Traveling in same direction with higher speed
5	10405	54	Traveling in opposite direction

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6	10406	55	In crossover
7	10422	56	Backing
8	10423	59	Unknown travel direction of the other motor vehicle in lane

## OTHER MOTOR VEHICLE ENCROACHING INTO LANE

1	10407	60	From adjacent lane (same direction) over left lane line
2	10408	61	From adjacent lane (same direction) over right lane line
3	10409	62	From opposite direction over left lane line
4	10410	63	From opposite direction over right lane line
5	10411	64	From parking lane
6	10412	65	From crossing street, turning into same direction
7	10413	66	From crossing street, across path
8	10414	67	From crossing street, turning into opposite direction
9	10415	68	From crossing street, intended path not known
10	10416	70	From driveway, turning into same direction
11	10417	71	From driveway, across path
12	10418	72	From driveway, turning into opposite direction
13	10419	73	From driveway, intended path not known
14	10420	74	From entrance to limited access highway
15	10421	78	Encroachment by other vehicle details unknown

## PEDESTRIAN, PEDALCYCLIST OR OTHER NON-MOTORIST

1	10447	80	Pedestrian in roadway
2	10448	81	Pedestrian approaching roadway
3	10438	82	Pedestrian unknown location
4	10449	83	Pedalcyclist or other non-motorist in roadway
5	10450	84	Pedalcyclist or other non-motorist approaching roadway
6	10451	85	Pedalcyclist or other non-motorist unknown location

## **OBJECT OR ANIMAL**

1	10452	87	Animal in roadway
2	10453	88	Animal approaching roadway
3	10454	89	Animal unknown location
4	10455	90	Object in roadway
5	10456	91	Object approaching roadway
6	10457	92	Object unknown location

## <u>OTHER</u>

7 10445/58 98 Other critical event/No collision

## <u>UNKNOWN</u>

8 10446 99 Unknown critical event

#### Remarks:

This variable identifies the critical event which made the crash imminent (i.e., something occurred which made the collision possible). Responsive actions to this situation, if any, are coded under Attempted Avoidance Maneuver.

A precrash event is coded for each vehicle and identifies the circumstances leading to this vehicle's first impact in the accident.

Responses are grouped into six major categories and are prioritized as follows:

- This Vehicle Loss of Control Due to
- This Vehicle Traveling
- Other Motor Vehicle In Lane
- Other Motor Vehicle Encroaching Into Lane
- Pedestrian or Pedalcyclist or Other Non-motorist
- Object or Animal

Do not refer to culpability when determining the critical crash event. Many accident scenarios will suggest fault, but this should be coincidental rather than by design. As an example, Vehicle A was traveling too fast for conditions when Vehicle B crossed Vehicle A's path from a driveway. The event which made the situation critical was Vehicle B's movement across Vehicle A's path and not Vehicle A's speed. In this scenario, the proper code would be (Other motor vehicle encroaching into lane - from driveway across path).

## This Vehicle Loss of Control Due To:

These attributes identify situations where the critical factor leading to the collision involved control loss of this vehicle. Control loss can be related to either mechanical failure or environmentally induced vehicle instability. When more than one condition applies and it cannot be determined which one had a greater effect, choose the attribute mentioned first in the list below (i.e., **Blow Out or Flat Tire** takes priority over **Stalled Engine**).

<u>Use the But for Test: - But for</u> this vehicle's loss of control, the Critical Precrash Event would not have occurred.

Enter **Blow Out or Flat Tire** when a vehicle in motion loses control as the result of a tire "air out".

Enter **Stalled Engine** when a vehicle in motion loses engine power. A stalled engine situation must precipitate a collision to be coded in this variable. Do not use this code if a vehicle is stopped as the result of an engine malfunction (review codes under "Other Vehicle in Lane" and "Other Vehicle Encroaching in Lane").

Enter **Disabling Vehicle Failure (e.g., Wheel Fell Off)** when a mechanical malfunction, such as a component of the vehicle suspension or steering system leads to the critical reason for the collision.

Enter Non-disabling Vehicle Problem (e.g., Hood Flew Up) when some mechanical abnormality occurred to this vehicle which leads to the critical reason for the collision. The abnormality must not be disabling damage.

Enter **Poor Road Conditions** (**Puddle**, **Pot Hole**, **Ice**, **Etc.**) when control loss was due to environmental conditions of the roadway. These conditions must have initiated the precrash event which resulted in the collision. Additionally, this code identifies conditions which were suddenly encountered by the driver and were not on-going prior to the critical precrash event. These conditions would include; a puddle; a defect in the roadway surface (pothole); a patch of ice (especially "black" ice or ice covered bridges); etc.

Conditions which were on-going prior to the critical precrash event such as a snow/ice covered roadway, wet roadway surface or a roadway under construction and were attributed to the cause of the precrash event should be encoded under Code 6 "Traveling too fast for conditions".

Enter **Traveling Too Fast For Conditions** when this vehicles subsequent loss of control relative to its surroundings lead to the collision. An example is a roadway departure on a curve where the driver failed to negotiate and departed the roadway resulting in an impact. If the driver merely steered straight while in a curve and departed the roadway, then "This Vehicle Traveling" category codes "1" - "3" may apply.

On-going precrash weather conditions which contributed to the critical precrash event should be coded here. As an example, a vehicle which loses control on a snow covered roadway should be coded as "Traveling too fast for conditions".

Enter **Unknown Cause of Control Loss** when it is known control loss made the situation critical, but it is not known whether the vehicle or the environment caused the control loss.

Enter **Other Cause of Control Loss** when it was determined that this vehicle's loss of control was the primary reason which made the event critical and codes "1" - "6" do not adequately identify the control loss condition.

## This Vehicle Traveling

These attributes identify situations where the critical factor leading to the collision involved the travel path of this vehicle.

<u>Use the But for Test:</u> - <u>But for</u> this vehicle's traveling path in the environment, the Critical Event would not have occurred.

Enter **Over the Lane Line on Left Side of Travel Lane** when this vehicle departs its lane to the left and is entering or had entered the adjoining lane or shoulder.

To use this code, change of travel path by this vehicle must precipitate the critical event for the collision. As an example, this vehicle attempts to pass another vehicle on the other vehicle's left and is struck by a vehicle traveling within its travel lane in the opposite direction. The correct code for this vehicle would be "1" (Over the lane line on left side of travel lane).

By modifying the scenario slightly, however, the lane change may not always be the factor leading to the precrash event. Consider the same situation where this vehicle is passing to the left of the lead vehicle. If an animal runs into the roadway and is struck by this vehicle, then the correct choice would be "Object or Animal category" (Animal in roadway - code "1").

Enter **Over the Lane Line on Right Side of Travel Lane** is used when this vehicle departs its lane to the right and is entering or had entered the adjoining lane or shoulder.

To use this code, change of travel path by this vehicle must precipitate the critical event for the collision. As an example, this vehicle attempts to pass another vehicle on the other vehicle's right and is struck in the rear by a vehicle traveling in the adjacent travel lane.

Over the Lane Line on Right Side of Travel Lane would be the correct code for this situation.

By modifying the scenario slightly, however the lane change may not always be the factor leading to the precrash event. Consider the same situation where this vehicle is passing to the right of the lead vehicle. An animal runs into the roadway and is struck by this vehicle, the correct choice would be "Object or Animal" category (Animal in roadway).

Enter **Off the Edge of the Road on the Left Side** for situations where the initial precrash event occurred beyond the left side shoulder area. This also includes departure into a median.

Enter **Off the Edge of the Road on the Right Side** for situations where the initial precrash event occurred beyond the right side shoulder area.

Enter **End Departure** when the vehicle departs the end of the roadway (e.g., "T" intersection).

Enter **Turning Left at Intersection** when this vehicle attempts a left turn from its roadway to another roadway, driveway or ramp.

Enter **Turning Right at Intersection** when this vehicle attempts a right turn from its roadway to another roadway, driveway or ramp.

Enter Crossing Over (Passing Through) Intersection when this vehicle is proceeding through an intersection without any planned turning.

Enter **This Vehicle Decelerating** when the vehicle is decelerating or has just stopped and was immediately struck.

Enter **Unknown Travel Direction** for those occasions where this vehicle's travel made the situation critical, but it is unknown which travel direction this vehicle was moving.

### Other Motor Vehicle In Lane

These attributes identify situations where the critical factor leading to the collision involved the travel of the other vehicle in the same lane as this vehicle.

<u>Use the But for Test:</u> - <u>But for</u> the other motor vehicle in this vehicle's lane the Critical Event would not have occurred.

Enter **Other Vehicle Stopped** when the other vehicle is not in motion (i.e., stopped, parked, disabled) and in this vehicle's travel lane. Do not use this code if the other vehicle just stopped and was immediately struck. See "This Vehicle Traveling" Category - "This Vehicle Decelerating."

Enter **Traveling in Same Direction with Lower Steady Speed** when the other vehicle was the lead vehicle in the same travel lane, traveling in the same direction, and was traveling slower than this vehicle.

Enter **Traveling in Same Direction While Decelerating** when the other vehicle was the lead vehicle in the same travel lane, traveling in the same direction, and was decelerating.

Enter **Traveling in Same Direction With Higher Speed** when the speed of the other vehicle was higher than this vehicle or accelerating. The other vehicle must be overtaking this vehicle.

Enter **Traveling in Opposite Direction** when the other vehicle was in this vehicle's travel lane and traveling head-on in the opposite direction of this vehicle.

Enter **In Crossover** when the other vehicle enters a crossover already occupied by this vehicle. A crossover is defined as a designated opening within a median used primarily for "U-turns".

Enter **Backing** when the other vehicle was in the process of backing up while in this vehicle's travel lane.

Enter **Unknown travel direction of other motor vehicle in lane** for situations where the other vehicle's activity (while in the same lane as this vehicle) precipitated the precrash event, but the travel direction and/or speed could not be determined.

## Other Motor Vehicle Encroaching Into Lane

These attributes identify situations where the critical factor leading to the collision involves the other vehicle's movement into or across this vehicle's travel lane from another lane, intersection, driveway or ramp.

<u>Use the But for Test:</u> - <u>But for</u> the other motor vehicle encroaching into this vehicle's lane the Critical Event would not have occurred.

Enter From Adjacent Lane (Same Direction) — Over Left Lane Line when the other vehicle was traveling in the same direction as this vehicle and crossed the left lane line with respect to this vehicle's travel lane (i.e., other vehicle crosses its right lane line).

Enter From Adjacent Lane (Same Direction) — Over Right Lane Line when the other vehicle was traveling in the same direction as this vehicle and crosses the right lane line with respect to this vehicle's travel lane (i.e., other vehicle crosses its left lane line).

Enter From Opposite Direction — Over Left Lane Line when the other vehicle crosses the left lane line while traveling in the opposite direction from this vehicle.

Enter From Opposite Direction — Over Right Lane Line when the other vehicle crosses the right lane line while traveling in the opposite direction from this vehicle.

Enter **From Parking Lane** when the other vehicle was departing a parking lane and entering the travel lane of this vehicle.

Enter From Crossing Street, Turning Into Same Direction when the other vehicle was turning from another roadway onto this vehicle's roadway and attempted to travel in the same direction as this vehicle. Use this code for entrance ramps leading onto limited access highways.

Enter **From Crossing Street**, **Across Path** when the other vehicle was continuing straight through the intersection and attempted to cross over this vehicle's roadway.

Enter From Crossing Street, Turning Into Opposite Direction when the other vehicle was entering an intersection from another roadway and was turning or attempting to turn onto this vehicle's roadway in the opposite travel direction of this vehicle.

Enter From Crossing Street, Intended Path Not Known when the other vehicle's entrance into the intersection was the critical factor which led to the collision, however, the other vehicle's

travel direction could not be determined.

Enter **From Driveway, Turning Into Same Direction** when the other vehicle was turning from a driveway onto this vehicle's roadway and attempted to travel in the same direction as this vehicle.

Enter **From Driveway**, **Across Path** when the other vehicle was entering this vehicle's roadway form a driveway and was continuing straight across to another driveway or roadway.

Enter From Driveway, Turning Into Opposite Direction when the other vehicle was entering this vehicle's roadway from a driveway and was attempting to turn into the opposite travel direction of this vehicle.

Enter **From Driveway**, **Intended Path Not Known** to identify driveway related precrash events where details surrounding the other vehicle's intended path are not known.

Enter From Entrance to Limited Access Highway for entrance ramp situations where the other vehicle was attempting to enter (merge) onto the limited access highway which was being traveled by this vehicle.

Enter **Encroachment by Other Vehicle** — **Details Unknown** for situations where the other vehicle initiated the critical event, but circumstances surrounding the other vehicle's encroachment are not known.

### Pedestrian or Pedalcyclist or Non-motorist

These attributes identify situations where the critical factor leading to the collision for this vehicle involved a pedestrian, pedalcyclist or other non-motorist. A pedalcyclist is defined as a person riding a pedal power conveyance (e.g., bicycle, tricycle, etc.). A non-motorist is defined as person riding on or in a conveyance which is not motorized or propelled by pedaling (e.g., baby carriage, skateboard, roller blades, etc.).

<u>Use the But for Test:</u> - <u>But for</u> a pedestrian, pedalcyclist or other non-motorist in the environment the Critical Event would not have occurred.

Enter **Pedestrian in Roadway** when a pedestrian was present (e.g., sitting, standing, walking or running, etc.) in the roadway.

Enter **Pedestrian Approaching Roadway** for situations where a pedestrian was within the trafficway and moving toward the roadway or attempting to enter the roadway, but was not on the roadway.

Enter **Pedestrian** — **Unknown Location** when it was determined the presence or action of a pedestrian was the critical factor which lead to this vehicle's collision, but the location or action of the pedestrian was not known.

Enter **Pedalcyclist or Other Non-motorist in Roadway** when a pedalcyclist or other non-motorist was present in the roadway (irrespective of relative motion).

Enter **Pedalcyclist or Other Non-motorist Approaching Roadway** for situations where the pedalcyclist was within the trafficway and moving toward the roadway or attempting to enter the roadway, but was not on the roadway.

Enter **Pedalcyclist or Other Non-motorist** — **Unknown Location** when it was determined the presence or action of a pedalcyclist or other non-motorist was the critical factor which led to this vehicle's collision, but the action of the pedalcyclist or other non-motorist was not known.

## Object or Animal

These attributes identify situations where the critical factor leading to the collision for this vehicle involved an object or animal.

<u>Use the But for Test:</u> - <u>But for</u> an object or animal in the environment the Critical Precrash Event would not have occurred.

Enter **Animal in Roadway** when an animal was present (i.e., stationary or moving) in the roadway.

Enter **Animal Approaching Roadway** for situations where an animal was within the trafficway and moving toward the roadway or attempting to enter the roadway, but not on the roadway.

Enter **Animal - Unknown Location** when it was determined the presence or action of an animal was the critical factor which led to this vehicle's collision, but the action of the animal was not known.

Enter **Object in Roadway** when an object was present in the roadway. An object is defined as being either fixed or nonfixed.

Enter **Object Approaching Roadway** for situations where an object was within the trafficway and moving toward the roadway, but not on the roadway.

Enter **Object** — **Unknown Location** when it was determined the presence or movement of an object was the critical factor which led to this vehicle's collision, but details surrounding the location of the object were not known.

## **Other**

Enter **Other critical event/No collision** when a critical factor not previously listed resulted in the collision for this vehicle. Previous impacts in the crash are not considered as other critical precrash events.

Use this code if the critical event developed from this vehicle's departure from a driveway.

This code is also used if the only events involved for this vehicle are fire/explosion or gas inhalation.

## <u>Unknown</u>

Enter **Unknown Critical Event** when the critical event which resulted in the collision is not known.

# CODING MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT AND CRITICAL EVENT FOR DIFFERENT REAR END COLLISION SITUATIONS

## **Two Vehicle Collisions**

		Trailing Vehicle	Leading Vehicle
1)	Both vehicles in motion.	V21 Movement Prior to Critical Event	Movement Prior to Critical Event
	Leading vehicle traveling at steady speed is struck from	(Going Straight-01)	(Going straight)
	behind by trailing vehicle.	V26 Critical Event	Critical Event
		(Other Motor Vehicle in Lane - Other vehicle same direction with lower steady speed-51)	(Other Motor Vehicle in Lane - Other vehicle same direction with higher speed-53)
2)	Both vehicles traveling at	Movement Prior to Critical Event	Movement Prior to Critical Event
	same speed. Lead vehicle decelerates and trailing	(Going Straight)	(Going straight)
	vehicle continues at initial speed. Trailing vehicle eventually applies brakes	Critical Event	Critical Event
	before striking the lead vehicle	(Other Motor Vehicle in Lane - Other vehicle same direction while decelerating-52)	(This Vehicle Traveling - This vehicle decelerating-18)
3)	Both vehicles traveling at	Movement Prior to Critical Event	Movement Prior to Critical Event
	same speed. Lead vehicle stops and is immediately struck by trailing vehicle.	(Going Straight)	(Going straight)
	struck by trailing verticle.	Critical Event	Critical Event
		(Other Motor Vehicle in Lane - Other vehicle same direction while decelerating-52)	(Other vehicle same direction with higher speed-53)
4)	Lead vehicle is stopped on	Movement Prior to Critical Event	Movement Prior to Critical Event
	roadway and is struck by a trailing vehicle.	(Going Straight)	(Stopped in traffic-05)
		Critical Event	Critical Event
		(Other Motor Vehicle in Lane - Other vehicle is stopped in lane-50)	(Other Motor Vehicle in Lane - Other vehicle same direction with higher speed-53)
5)	Lead and trailing vehicle	Movement Prior to Critical Event	Movement Prior to Critical Event
	stopped on roadway. Lead vehicle backs into trailing vehicle.	(Stopped in traffic lane-05)	(Stopped in traffic lane-05)
	venicie.	Critical Event	Critical Event
		(Other Motor Vehicle in Lane - Other vehicle in lane backing-56)	(Other Motor Vehicle in Lane - Other vehicle stopped-50)

# CODING MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT AND CRITICAL EVENT FOR DIFFERENT REAR END COLLISION SITUATIONS (Cont'd.)

#### **Three Vehicle Collisions**

		Trailing Vehicle	Middle Vehicle	Leading Vehicle
6)	Two vehicles stopped in traffic, struck by	Movement Prior to Critical Event	Movement Prior to Critical Event	Movement Prior to Critical Event
	decelerating	(Decelerating-02)	(Stopped in traffic-05)	(Stopped in traffic-05)
	trailing vehicle.	Critical Event	Critical Event	Critical Event
		(Other Motor Vehicle in Lane - Other vehicle stopped in lane- 50)	(Other Motor Vehicle in Lane - Other vehicle same direction with higher speed-53)	(Other Motor Vehicle in Lane - Other vehicle same direction with higher speed-53}
7)	Lead vehicle stopped in traffic, middle vehicle	Movement Prior to Critical Event	Movement Prior to Critical Event	Movement Prior to Critical Event
	decelerating, trailing vehicle	(Going Straight)	(Decelerating-02)	(Stopped in traffic-05)
	strikes middle	Critical Event	Critical Event	Critical Event
	vehicle which strikes lead vehicle.	(Other Motor Vehicle in Lane - Other vehicle same direction while decelerating-52)	(Other Motor Vehicle in Lane - Other vehicle same direction with higher speed-53}	(Other Motor Vehicle in Lane - Other vehicle same direction with higher speed-53}

## **V27 CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED - PRECRASH 3**

**Screen Heading:** Precrash Events

Screen Name: Corrective Action (585-E)

**Long Name:** What corrective action(s) are attempted by this driver?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.P\_Crash3

Oracle Name: GES.CorrectiveAction.CorrectActionID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	17132	00	No driver present
2	26375	01	No avoidance maneuver
3	26376	02	Braking (no lockup)
4	26383	03	Braking (lockup)
5	17127	04	Braking (lockup unknown)
6	17128	05	Releasing brakes
7	26380	06	Steering left
8	26381	07	Steering right
9	26406	80	Braking and steering left
10	26620	09	Braking and steering right
11	26382	10	Accelerating
12	17130	11	Accelerating and steering left
13	17131	12	Accelerating and steering right
14	26621	98	Other actions, Specify:
15	26622	99	Unknown if driver attempted avoidance maneuver

#### Remarks:

Corrective actions attempted are movements/actions taken by the driver, within a critical crash envelope, in response to a Critical Event. Corrective actions attempted occur after the driver has realization of an impending danger but before the impact.

This variable assesses what the vehicle's action(s) were in response to the driver's realization.

Code the element which best describes the actions taken by the driver's vehicle in response to the Critical Event, within the Critical crash envelope that occurred just prior to this vehicle's impact. When there was a known action (e.g., braking), but you cannot determine whether there was more than one action (e.g., braking and steering left), default to the known action (e.g., braking).

Enter **No driver present** when no driver was in the vehicle when the accident occurred.

Enter **No avoidance maneuver** whenever the driver did not attempt any evasive (pre-impact) maneuvers. Use this code if the narrative states the driver did not have time to avoid the crash or never saw the other vehicle or object.

Enter **Other Actions**, **Specify** when the Police Accident Report indicates the driver took certain avoidance actions, but none of the specified attributes apply. This value also applies when there are reported movements / actions taken by the driver with no information provided about the driver's specific actions. (i.e: "The driver of Vehicle 2 attempted to avoid the collision, but was unsuccessful").

Enter **Unknown if driver attempted avoidance maneuver** when it can not be determined from any section of the PAR if the driver attempted an avoidance maneuver.

### V28 VEHICLE CONTROL - PRECRASH 4

Screen Heading: Regarding Vehicle # \_\_\_\_

Screen Name: Vehicle Control (590-E)

**Long Name:** What is the pre-impact stability of this vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.PCrash4

Oracle Name: GES.VehicleControl.ControlID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	10207	00	No Driver Present
2	10208	01	Tracking
3	10209	02	Skidding longitudinally — rotation less than 30 degrees
4	10210	03	Skidding laterally — clockwise rotation
5	10211	04	Skidding laterally — counterclockwise rotation
6	10215	07	Other vehicle loss-of-control (specify)
7	10216	09	Precrash stability unknown

#### Remarks:

The purpose of this variable is to assess the stability of the vehicle just prior to impact. Thus, this variable focuses upon this vehicle's dynamics just prior to impact.

Enter **No driver present** when no driver was present in the vehicle at the time it was involved in the accident.

Enter **Tracking** whenever vehicle continued along its intended path without rotation. Stopped, slowing, turning, constant speed, and backing are examples of tracking.

Enter **Skidding longitudinally – rotation less than 30 degrees** whenever the vehicle rotates less than 30 degrees clockwise or counterclockwise just prior to impact. If there is information about vehicle rotation but degree of rotation is unknown, then use this code.

Enter **Skidding laterally – clockwise rotation** whenever the vehicle rotates clockwise 30 degrees or more just prior to impact.

Enter **Skidding laterally – counterclockwise rotation** whenever the vehicle rotates counterclockwise 30 degrees or more just prior to impact.

Code **Other vehicle loss-of-control** is rarely used. Consult GES Supervisor before using this code. This code is used when the driver loses control of a vehicle prior to the critical event.

Enter **Precrash stability unknown** whenever the stability of the vehicle cannot be determined.

### V29 PRECRASH LOCATION - PRECRASH 5

Screen Heading: Regarding Vehicle # \_\_\_\_

Screen Name: Vehicle Location (600-E)

**Long Name:** What is the pre-impact location of this vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.PCrash5

Oracle Name: GES.PreCrash.LocationID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	1	0	No driver present
2	2	1	Stayed in original travel lane
3	3	2	Stayed on roadway, but left original travel lane
4	4	3	Stayed on roadway, not known if left original travel lane
5	5	4	Departed roadway
6	6	5	Remained off roadway
7	7	6	Returned to roadway
8	8	7	Entered roadway
9	9	99	Unknown

## Remarks:

This variable reports the location of the vehicle just prior to impact.

Enter **No driver present** when no driver was present in the vehicle at the time it was involved in the accident.

Enter **Stayed in original travel lane** whenever the vehicle remained within the boundaries of its initial lane. The perimeter of the vehicle is to be considered when determining the vehicle's status within its travel lane.

Enter **Stayed on roadway but left original travel lane** whenever the "majority" of the vehicle departed its initial travel lane; however, the "majority" of the vehicle remained within the boundaries of the roadway (travel lanes). The perimeter of the vehicle is to be considered when determining the vehicle's status within the roadway.

Enter **Stayed on roadway, not known if left original travel lane** whenever it cannot be ascertained whether the "majority" of the vehicle remained within its initial travel lane. To use this code, the "majority" of the vehicle must have remained within the boundaries of the roadway.

Enter **Departed roadway** whenever the "majority" of the vehicle departed the roadway just prior to impact.

Enter **Remained off roadway** whenever the pre-impact motion of the vehicle occurred outside the boundaries of the roadway and remained outside the boundaries at impact. This includes traveling on the shoulders, within the median, on the roadside or off the trafficway.

Enter **Returned to roadway** whenever the "majority" of the vehicle was on the roadway, went off the roadway and then returned to the same roadway during precrash motion. Select **Entered roadway** whenever the vehicle was not previously on the roadway and then the majority of the vehicle enters the roadway during precrash motion.

#### **V30 ROLLOVER**

Screen Heading: Regarding Vehicle # 1 \_\_\_\_

Screen Name: Rollover (610-R)

**Long Name:** What is the rollover type for this vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.Rollover

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.RolloverTypeID

**Element Values:** 

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26860	0	No Rollover
2	26861	1	Rollover, Tripped by Object/Vehicle
3	26862	2	Rollover, Untripped
4	26863	9	Rollover, Unknown Type

#### Remarks:

Rollover is defined as any vehicle rotation of 90 degrees or more about any true longitudinal or lateral axis. Rollover can also be referred to as overturn, and can occur at any time during the crash.

Rollover does <u>not</u> apply to motorcycles for this element (use **No Rollover**). However, in the First Harmful Event, Most Harmful Event, and Sequence of Events you may use **Rollover/Overturn** to record that this vehicle (motorcycle) overturned.

A rollover can be coded for 3- or 4-wheeled ATVs, snowmobiles, and go-karts.

**No Rollover** is used when there is no indication that a rollover occurred.

**Rollover, Tripped by Object/Vehicle** is used when the vehicles lateral motion is suddenly slowed or stopped by an opposing force, inducing a rollover. The opposing force may be produced by a curb, ditch, pot-hole, another vehicle, pavement or soil dug into by the vehicles wheels. This includes instances where a vehicle impacts a fixed object (i.e., tree, barrier, pole or post) then rolls over.

**Rollover, Untripped** is used when a rollover occurs, but not as a result of a collision with an object or a vehicle or generated by any other opposing force as referred to in **Rollover, Tripped** by **Object/Vehicle**. An untripped rollover is one for which there is no obvious cause other than normal surface friction. This is usually the result of vehicle instability and there is no evidence of furrowing or gouging on the pavement, gravel, grass or dirt surface.

**Rollover, Unknown Type** is used when a rollover occurred, but there is not sufficient information to determine tripped versus untripped status.

### **V30A LOCATION OF ROLLOVER**

Screen Heading: Regarding Vehicle #1 \_\_\_\_\_

Screen Name: Location of Roll (?)

**Long Name:** What is the location of the rollover for this vehicle?

SAS Name: Vehicle.ROLINLOC

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.RolloverLocID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	3
1	1	0	No Rollover
2	2	1	On Roadway
3	3	2	On Shoulder
4	4	3	On Median/Separator
5	5	4	In Gore
6	6	5	On Roadside
7	7	6	Outside of Trafficway
8	9	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

This element defines the location of the trip point or start of the vehicle's roll. Any rollover initiated by a fixed object (i.e, pole, tree, barrier, etc.) cannot be on a roadway or a shoulder.

On **Roadway** is used when the available information indicates the vehicle tripped or began its roll on the roadway. A **Roadway** is that part of a trafficway designed, improved and ordinarily used for motor vehicle travel. Where various classes of motor vehicles are segregated, that part of a trafficway used by a particular class is the roadway (i.e., travel lanes). Separate roadways may be provided for northbound and southbound traffic or for trucks and automobiles. This includes continuous left-turn lanes.

**On Shoulder** is used when the available information indicates the vehicle tripped or began its roll on the shoulder. A **Shoulder** is that part of a trafficway contiguous with the roadway for emergency use, for accommodation of stopped road vehicles and for lateral support of the roadway structure.

On Median/Separator is used when the available information indicates the vehicle tripped or began its roll on the median/separator. A **Median** is an area of a trafficway between parallel roads separating travel in opposite directions. Continuous left-turn lanes are not

considered painted medians. A **Separator** is the area of a trafficway between parallel roads separating travel in the same direction or separating a frontage road.

**In Gore** is used when the available information indicates the vehicle tripped or began its roll in the gore. The **Gore** is an area of land where two roadways diverge or converge. The area is bounded on two sides by the edges of the roadways, which join at the point of divergence or convergence. The direction of traffic must be the same on both of these roadways. The area includes shoulders or marked pavement, if any, between the roadways.

**On Roadside** is used when the available information indicates the vehicle tripped or began its roll on the roadside. **Roadside** is the outermost part of the trafficway from the property line or other boundary into the edge of the first road.

**Outside of Trafficway** is used when the available information indicates the vehicle tripped or began its roll on outside the right-of-way.

**Unknown** is used when the location of the trip point cannot be determined from available resources.

### V31 CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

Screen Heading: NGA Crash Data

Screen Name: Carrier ID (620-E)

**Long Name:** What is the carrier's identification number for this vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.CarlDNum

**Oracle Name:** GES.NGA\_Type.CarrierNumber (Character)

## **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS
--------	--------	-----

000000 0000000, 0 000000000 Not applicable 1-9999998 1-99999998 US DOT Number

#### Remarks:

The Carrier's ID is the unique number assigned to certain types of medium/heavy trucks and buses by the United States Department of Transportation.

The number is assigned only to motor vehicles of interstate for-hire or private carriers in the transportation business.

Code **Not Applicable** is used when the vehicle is not a medium/heavy truck or a bus. This code should also be used when the vehicle is a medium/heavy truck or a bus but the vehicle is not an interstate for-hire or private carrier.

Code **Unknown** is used when the vehicle is a medium/heavy truck or a bus but the Carrier ID is not known. Also, this code is used when the body type of the vehicle is unknown.

## **V33 CARGO BODY TYPE**

Screen Heading: NGA Crash Data

Screen Name: Cargo Body Type (640-E)

**Long Name:** What is the cargo body type for this vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.CARGO\_BT

Oracle Name: GES.NGA\_Type.CargoBodyTypeID

## **Element Values:**

Screen		Oracle	SAS	
	1	10217	00	Not Applicable (NA)
	2	10218	<del>01</del> 22	Bus
	3	10219	<del>02</del> 01	Van/Enclosed Box
	4	10220	<del>03</del> 02	Cargo Tank
	5	10221	<del>04</del> 03	Flatbed
	6	10222	<del>05</del> 04	Dump
	7	10223	<del>06</del> 05	Concrete Mixer
	8	10224	<del>07</del> 06	Auto Transporter
	9	10225	<del>08</del> 07	Garbage/Refuse
	12	10228	<del>09</del> 08	Grain/Chips/Gravel
	13	10229	<del>10</del> 09	Pole-Trailer
	14	10230	<del>11</del> 10	Log
	15	10231	<del>12</del> 11	Intermodal Container Chassis
	16	10232	<del>13</del> 12	Vehicle Towing Another Vehicle
	17	10233	96	No Cargo Body
	18	10234	97	Other
	19	10235	98	Unknown Cargo Body Type
	20	10236	99	Unknown

## Remarks:

This information should be available on the PAR or Truck and Bus Supplement with other elements required by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) for commercial vehicles.

You should expect to find cargo body types for the following commercial vehicles:

- 1. Light trucks pulling a trailer with gross combination weight rating (GCWR) greater than 10,000 lbs.
- 2. Medium/Heavy Trucks: vehicles with GVWR greater than 10,000 lbs.
- 3. Buses with 9 or more seats (including the driver).
- 4. Light Trucks, Vans and Passenger Vehicles displaying a hazardous materials placard.

**Not Applicable** is used for automobiles, motorcycles, passenger vans (with less than 9 seats, including driver) and single-unit light trucks or cargo vans (10,000 lbs. or less GVWR), not displaying hazardous materials placard.

**Bus** is a motor vehicle with seating for transporting nine or more persons, including the driver.

**Van/Enclosed Box** is used for all enclosed trailers and enclosed cargo vans. **Cargo Tank** when the cargo body is designed for the transport of bulk liquids or dry commodities such as petroleum, oil or grain.

**Flatbed** is used when the available information refers to a cargo body without sides or roof, with or without readily removable stakes which may be tied together with chains/slats or panels. This includes "stake trucks."

**Dump** is used when the available information refers to a cargo body designed to be tilted to discharge its load by gravity.

**Concrete Mixer** is used when the cargo body is designed and equipped to mix or agitate concrete.

**Auto Transporter** is used when the available information refers to a cargo body capable of transporting multiple, fully assembled automobiles on an "auto transporter" trailer. Do not use this code for flatbeds transporting vehicles (e.g., flatbed tow truck, or flatbed semi-trailer carrying wrecked/salvaged automobiles).

**Garbage/Refuse** is used when the available information refers to a cargo body that specifically designed to collect and transport garbage and refuse. This includes both conventional rear-loading and over-the-top bucket loading garbage trucks. Also included are recycling trucks and roll-off style garbage trucks.

**Grain/Chips/Gravel** is used when the available information refers to cargo body type used for hauling these or other similar bulk commodities. They may be referred to as "open hoppers" or "belly dumps."

**Pole-Trailer** is used when the available information refers to a cargo body type that consists of a trailer designed to be attached to a towing vehicle by a reach or pole or by being boomed and secured to the towing vehicle. These are ordinarily used to carry property of a long or irregular shape, such as telephone poles. The pole trailer extends or retracts to accommodate varying lengths of cargo.

**Log** is used when the available information refers to a cargo body type with a fixed middle beam and side support posts specifically designed for carrying logs. This includes single-unit log trucks.

Pole-Trailer and Log may be listed on a PAR as "Pole/Log." If the trailer can telescope to carry different log lengths, then it should be considered a Pole-Trailer.

**Intermodal Container Chassis** is used when the available information refers to a cargo body type used for a trailer specifically designed to have a rail or ship container mounted directly on the chassis. These should not be confused with van/enclosed box cargo body types. Intermodal containers may also be mounted on a flatbed trailer, in which case **Flatbed** is the cargo body type.

**Vehicle Towing Another Motor Vehicle** is used when the available information refers to vehicles that have no cargo carrying capability but are in the act of towing another motor vehicle where the towed vehicle has at least two wheels on the ground. These are often called "driveaway, tow-aways" and will be applicable to tow trucks and specially rigged truck tractors. This includes "saddlemount" configurations. Does not apply to vehicles "towed" by being loaded on a flatbed or auto transporter.

**No Cargo Body Type** is used for any medium heavy truck with no cargo carrying capability (bobtail); a truck chassis with a cab only (stripped chassis); and light trucks and passenger vehicles displaying a hazardous materials placard.

**Other** is used when the cargo body type is other than the body types listed above. This includes 2-axle, 6 tire pickups greater than 10,000 lb without a trailer. This does not include a pickup pulling a trailer (truck/trailer). Use the Cargo Body Type of the attached trailer in these situations. This attribute previously included "log trucks" which are now recorded under the attribute **Log**.

**Unknown Cargo Body Type** is used when the vehicle qualifies for this data element but the cargo body type is not known or when there is not enough information to distinguish one cargo body type from another. An example would be contradictory data on whether the truck is a van/enclosed box or a flatbed.

**Unknown** is used when there is not enough information to identify the vehicle.

**NOTE:** For truck/trailer vehicle configurations where the power unit and trailer have different cargo body types, code the cargo body type of the power unit. For example, a dump truck pulling a flatbed trailer should be coded as **Dump**.

For truck/trailer vehicle configurations where the power unit's Cargo Body Type would be coded **No Cargo Body** or **Other**, code the cargo body of the trailer. For example: a dual-rear-wheel pickup truck pulling a flatbed trailer should be coded as **Flatbed**.

### V33A HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INVOLVEMENT

Screen Heading: NGA Crash Data

Screen Name: HM Involvement

**Long Name:** Was this vehicle carrying hazardous materials?

SAS Name: HMINVOLV

**Oracle Name:** GES.NGA\_Type.HazardInvolve

## **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SA	SAS		
1	1	1	No		
2	2	2	Yes		

### Remarks:

**No** is used when there is no indication of hazardous materials for this vehicle in the case materials.

**Yes** is used when hazardous materials were indicated for this vehicle in the case materials. Examples for Yes:

- 1. The officer records any information about a placard, whether or not he indicates that the vehicle was carrying hazardous materials.
- 2. The officer does not record any information about a placard, however, you know that hazardous material was involved.
- 3. Information identifying hazardous material is blank, but you know that hazardous material was released.

## V34 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD

Screen Heading: NGA Crash Data

Screen Name: Hazardous Materials (650-E)

**Long Name:** Did this motor vehicle display a Hazardous Materials (HM) placard?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.Haz\_Mat

**Oracle Name:** GES.NGA\_Type.HazardPlak

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	3
3	7	0	Not Applicable
1	5	1	No
2	6	2	Yes
4	9	8	Not Reported

#### Remarks:

**Not Applicable** is used when there is no indication of hazardous materials for this vehicle in the case materials.

**No** is used when hazardous materials are involved, but the officer indicates there was no placard.

Yes is used when hazardous materials are involved, and the vehicle does have a placard.

**Not Reported** is used when hazardous materials are involved, but the crash report does not record any information about the presence of a placard.

### V35 4-DIGIT HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

Screen Heading: NGA Crash Data

Screen Name: Placard Number (660-E)

**Long Name:** What is the hazardous material identification number?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.Hazm\_No

**Oracle Name:** GES.NGA\_Type.HazardPlakNum

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

0 0000 Not Applicable

xxxx xxxx Actual 4-digit number

8888 8888 Not Reported

### Remarks:

**Not Applicable** - No indication of hazardous materials for this vehicle in your case documentation (Hazardous Material Involvement equals 1).

**Actual 4-digit Number** - Record the 4-digit Hazardous Materials Identification Number reported in your case documentation.

**Not Reported** - Hazardous materials involved, but the 4-digit number was not recorded or this field is not available on your crash report. If you are provided the name of the hazardous material on your report but not the 4-digit number, use this code and be sure to record the 1-digit class number if it is provided.

### V35A 1-DIGIT HAZARDOUS MATERIAL CLASS NUMBER

Screen Heading: NGA Crash Data

Screen Name: Class Number (680-E)

**Long Name:** What is the Hazardous Materials class number?

SAS Name: HMCLSNUM

Oracle Name: GES.NGA\_Type.HazardClassID

### **Element Values:**

Oracle	SAS	
1	0	Not Applicable
2	1	
3	2	
4	3	
5	4	
6	5	
7	6	
8	7	
9	8	
10	9	
88	88	Not Reported
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	1 0 2 1 3 2 4 3 5 4 6 5 7 6 8 7 9 8 10 9

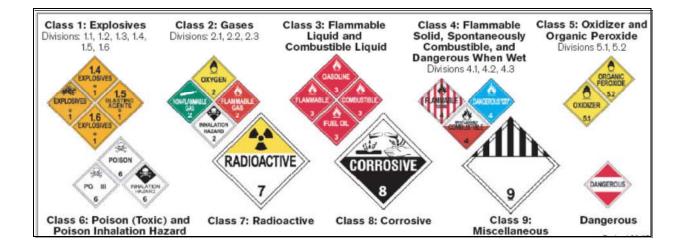
#### Remarks:

**Not Applicable** - No indication of hazardous materials for this vehicle in your case documentation (Hazardous Material Involvement equals 1).

2-digit Class Number (01-09) - Record the 1-digit Hazardous Materials Class Number recorded on your crash report with a leading zero (e.g., if the 1-digit class number is 5, enter "05". If you were given a two-digit number with decimal point, record only the first digit with a leading zero (e.g., if the class number is "1.3" you should record "01". See chart on nine classes of Hazardous Materials on following page.

**Not Reported** - Hazardous Materials involved, but the 1-digit number was not recorded or this field is not available on your crash report.

### 9 CLASSES OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS



# V36 RELEASE OF HAZARDOUS MATERIAL FROM THE CARGO COMPARTMENT

**Screen Heading:** NGA Crash Data

Screen Name: Hazardous Release (670-E)

**Long Name:** Was an hazardous cargo released from the vehicle cargo tank or

compartment?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.Haz\_Ma\_R

**Oracle Name:** GES.NGA\_Type.HazardRelease

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
3	7	0	Not Applicable
1	5	1	No
2	6	2	Yes
4	8	8	Not Reported

### Remarks:

**Not Applicable –** No indication of hazardous materials for this vehicle in your case documentation (Hazardous Material Involvement equals 1).

**No** – Hazardous Materials involved, and the officer indicates there was no release of the material(s) from the cargo compartment.

**Yes** – Hazardous Materials involved, and the officer indicates there was a release of the material(s) from the cargo compartment.

**Not Reported** – Hazardous Materials involved, and you can't determine from the crash report whether or not hazardous material was released from the cargo compartment. Do not include fuel or oil carried by the vehicle for its own use which has been released.

### **V10B NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS**

**Screen Heading:** Vehicle Occupants

Screen Name: Number Occupants (20-E)

**Long Name:** How many occupants are in vehicle #?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.NumOccs

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.NumOccs

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
0	0	00	None
1,	1,	01 -95	Total
96	96	96	Ninety-six or more
*	-9999	99	Unknown

### Remarks:

\*

This data element must be coded for each motor vehicle involved in the crash. Code the total number of occupants (injured and uninjured) in this motor vehicle.

In bus crashes, the total number of occupants, including the driver, must be entered.

None is used when this motor vehicle is unoccupied.

**Unknown** is used when the number of occupants for the motor vehicle is unknown. This code should also be used when this motor vehicle is a "hit-and-run" vehicle, unless evidence clearly establishes the number of occupants present.

### V10 NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED

**Screen Heading:** Vehicle Occupants

Screen Name: Coded Occupants (25-R)

**Long Name:** How many coded occupants in vehicle #?

SAS Name: Vehicle.Occ\_Invl

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.NumOccCoded

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

0 0 Zero Persons Coded

1,... 1,... Number of Occupants Coded for This vehicle

### Remarks:

Note: Some State PARs only list injured occupants.

However, additional data will be coded for injured bus occupants only.

Code 1 (one person) should be used when this motor vehicle is a "hit-and-run" vehicle, unless evidence clearly establishes the number of occupants present.

### **D01 DRIVER PRESENCE**

Screen Heading: Vehicle Occupants

**Screen Name:** Driver Presence (680-R)

**Long Name:** Was a Driver Present in the vehicle at the Time of the Crash?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.dr\_pres

Oracle Name: GES.Vehicle.DriverPresenceID

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26871	0	No Driver Present/Not Applicable
2	26872	1	Yes
4	26874	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

**No Driver Present/Not Applicable** is used when there is no person who was physically controlling this vehicle at the time of the crash

**Yes** is used when there is a person who was physically controlling the vehicle at the onset of the unstabilized situation for this crash. Do not use this attribute for a child sitting in the driver's seat unless the case materials indicate that the child was in control of the vehicle. Hit-and-run drivers are included in this attribute. A driver under medical distress would be included.

**Unknown** is used when it is unknown if there was a driver present in the vehicle at the time of the crash. This attribute includes when a person was in the vehicle, but it is unknown if the person was the driver.

# **P01 VEHICLE NUMBER (OCCUPANTS)**

Screen Heading: Regarding Vehicle # \_\_ Occupant # \_\_

Screen Name: None (N)

Long Name: None

**SAS Name:** Person.Vehno

Oracle Name: GES.Person.VehicleID, GES.Vehicle.VehicleNumber

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

1-30 1-30 Computer Assigned Number

### Remarks:

The in-transport motor vehicles within a crash are numbered sequentially by the computer beginning with 1; no numbers are skipped. Numbers are assigned in accordance with the PAR's assignment unless a number is skipped.

# **P02 PERSON NUMBER (OCCUPANTS)**

**Screen Heading:** Regarding Vehicle # \_\_ Occupant # \_\_

Screen Name: None (N)

Long Name: None

**SAS Name:** Person.Perno

Oracle Name: GES.Person.OccNumber

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

1, ... 1, ... Computer Assigned Number

### Remarks:

Occupants of each in-transport motor vehicle are numbered sequentially by the computer, beginning with "1"; no numbers are skipped. Numbers are assigned in accordance with the PAR's assignment unless a number is skipped. In most cases the numbering will follow the seat position, starting with the left front and moving left to right and front to back.

Persons appended to vehicle for motion (e.g., bicyclist holding onto vehicle) are non-motorists; they are not occupants.

Drivers do not have to be coded "1" (e.g., right hand drive vehicles containing left front occupant). However, code the assumed driver of a hit-and-run vehicle as "1." Assume only one occupant is in a hit-and-run vehicle (unless reliable evidence to the contrary exists), and assume this person is the driver.

### **P03 PERSON TYPE (OCCUPANTS)**

**Screen Heading:** Vehicle Occupants

**Screen Name:** Person Type (760-R)

**Long Name:** What is the person type of this occupant?

**SAS Name:** Person.PER\_TYP

Oracle Name: GES.Person.PersonTypeID

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26704	1	Driver of a Motor Vehicle In-Transport
2	26705	2	Passenger of a Motor Vehicle In-Transport
9	26711	9	Unknown Occupant Type in a Motor Vehicle
			In-Transport

### Remarks:

An involved person in an accident must maintain Person Type during the accident. Once the unstabilized situation begins, a driver, passenger or non-motorist/nonoccupant cannot change Person Type until the accident stabilizes.

If a person is entering or exiting a vehicle before the unstabilized situation begins, try to determine if the person has successfully changed type before control is lost. (i.e., a pedestrian getting into an automobile that begins to move, a passenger stepping off of a bus as it begins to pull away, etc.).

Codes 01, 02 and 09 are used for occupants of a motor vehicle in-transport. *This includes occupants of motor vehicles that are in motion outside the trafficway*.

Code 09 – "Unknown Occupant Type in a Motor Vehicle In-Transport" is used when it cannot be determined if the person was the driver or passenger, but it is known that the person was an occupant of a motor vehicle in-transport.

Hit-and-run vehicles are assumed to have only one occupant for the Person Type variable (unless reliable evidence to the contrary exists), and that person is assumed to be the driver.

Enter **Unknown Occupant Type In A Motor Vehicle In-Transport** when it is unknown whether this occupant was a driver or passenger.

# **P04 SEATING POSITION**

**Screen Heading:** Occupant Characteristics

**Screen Name:** Seat Position (770-R)

**Long Name:** What Is This Occupant's Seating Position?

**SAS Name:** Person.Seat\_pos

Oracle Name: GES.Person.SeatID

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
n/a	null	00	Not a Motor Vehicle Occupant
1	26726	11	Front Seat, Left Side
2	26727	12	Front Seat, Middle
3	26728	13	Front Seat, Right Side
4	26729	18	Front Seat, Other
5	26730	19	Front Seat, Unknown
6	26731	21	Second Seat, Left Side
7	26732	22	Second Seat, Middle
8	26733	23	Second Seat, Right Side
9	26734	28	Second Seat, Other
10	26735	29	Second Seat, Unknown
11	26736	31	Third Seat, Left Side
12	26737	32	Third Seat, Middle
13	26738	33	Third Seat, Right Side
14	26739	38	Third Seat, Other
15	26740	39	Third Seat, Unknown
16	26746	41	Fourth Seat, Left Side
17	26747	42	Fourth Seat, Middle
18	26748	43	Fourth Seat, Right Side
18	26749	48	Fourth Seat, Other
20	26750	49	Fourth Seat, Unknown
21	26741	50	Sleeper Section of Cab (Truck)
22	26742	51	Other Passenger in enclosed passenger or cargo
			Area
25	26751	52	Other Passenger in unenclosed passenger or
			cargo area
26	26753	53	Other Passenger in passenger or cargo area,
			unknown whether or not enclosed
23	26754	54	Trailing Unit
24	26755	55	Riding on Exterior of Vehicle
29	26745	99	Unknown

#### Remarks:

Seating position is determined by the location of the occupant in relation to the seat row and the forward longitudinal axis of the vehicle.

More than one person may be assigned the same seating position; however, this is allowed only when a person is sitting on someone's lap (e.g., child on mother's lap).

If the PAR does not specifically state that one person was on the lap of another, then see the discussion below under elements **Front Seat, Other**; **Second Seat, Other**; **Third Seat, Other** and **Fourth Seat, Other**.

In seating rows designated for only two passengers, use Front Seat, Left Side; Front Seat, Right Side; Second Seat, Left Side; Second Seat, Right Side; Third Seat, Left Side; Fourth Seat, Left Side; Fourth Seat, Right Side or Other Passenger in enclosed passenger or cargo Area.

**Front Seat, Left Side** is used if there is an assumed driver of a hit-and-run vehicle unless evidence indicates a different position for the person or persons.

Front Seat, Other; Second Seat, Other; Third Seat, Other and Fourth Seat, Other are used to record the position of someone sitting on the floor or lying across the seat. In addition, enter these elements when two or more persons are sitting abreast of one another in the same seating location (as opposed to on or in someone's lap), since only one occupant can be assigned the seat's position. If the PAR provides enough specific information, then assign the seat position to the person using the restraint; if no restraint was used, then assign the seat position to the older person.

**Front Seat, Other** is used if the only seat in the front seating area is a driver's seat (e.g., bucket, pedestal, etc.), and the occupant was in the area but not in the seat. This situation could occur because of vehicle design or seat removal. The same logic applies to other seat areas.

**Sleeper Section of Cab (Truck)** is used if the occupant's vehicle is a medium or heavy truck and has a cab sleeper, and this occupant is in the sleeper section at the time of the crash.

Other Passenger in enclosed passenger or cargo area is used when an occupant is in the fifth or higher numbered seat row, in an enclosed area where no defined seating exists or using a type seat in its folded down position. This attribute is also used for bus in undetermined seating (not driver).

Enter Other Passenger in unenclosed passenger or cargo area when an occupant is in the fifth or higher numbered seat area, in an unenclosed area where no defined seating exists or using a fold-down type seat in its folded-down position. This attribute is also used for bus passengers in undetermined seating (not driver). Examples include passenger riding in an open pickup bed, top of open double-decker bus, etc.

If seating in the vehicle is longitudinal rather than lateral, use the basic idea of a vehicle

interior being divided laterally into roughly equal thirds and visualize lateral rows of seats to determine what seat position is the best descriptor.

For rearward facing seats use the basic idea described above in the previous paragraph to describe the occupant's seat position.

If a seat row has more than three designated seat positions, the occupants should have their positions assigned as usual for the left and right positions, while the two center positions would be encoded as **Other** (i.e., **Front Seat, Other; Second Seat, Other; Third Seat, Other; Fourth Seat, Other** or **Other Passenger in enclosed passenger or cargo area**) depending upon the seat row.

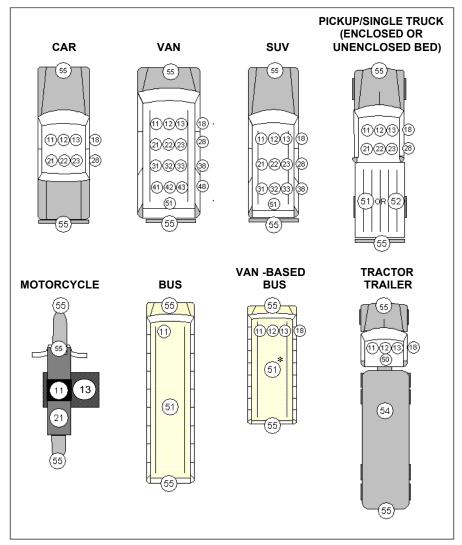
For motorcycles, enter the driver **Front Seat, Left**; sidecar passenger **Front Seat, Right**; passenger behind the driver **Second Seat, Left** and passenger on the lap of the driver (in front of ) **Front Seat, Left**.

**Trailing Unit** is used when an occupant is in or on a trailing unit (i.e., Vehicle Trailing (V13), for this occupant's vehicle must be coded > 'A1", one or more trailing units).

**Riding on Vehicle Exterior of Vehicle** is used when an occupant is riding on a fender, the boot of a convertible, the open cargo box of a light truck, etc.

Persons appended to the vehicle for motion are not considered to be occupants of the vehicle. For example, a bicyclist holding onto a motor vehicle for motion.

Diagram for seating position coding is on the following page.



\* For van-based buses, use the actual seating position if known, or use code "51" for the  $2^{nd},3^{rd}$  &  $4^{th}$  rows, if actual seating position is not known.

### **P06 EJECTION**

Screen Heading: Occupant Characteristics

**Screen Name:** Ejection (780-E)

**Long Name:** Was the occupant totally or partially thrown from the vehicle as a result

of the crash?

SAS Name: Person.EJECTION

Oracle Name: GES.Person.EjectionID

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26754	0	Not Ejected
2	26755	1	Totally Ejected
3	26756	2	Partially Ejected
6	26762	3	Ejected - Unknown Degree
7	26759	8	Not Applicable
4	26758	9	Unknown if Ejected

#### Remarks:

Ejection refers to occupants being totally or partially thrown from the vehicle (including the bed of pickup trucks) during the course of the crash. This includes occupants of jeeps, go carts, snowmobiles, and three or four-wheel ATVs. Note: This variable excludes occupants of motorcycles.

Partial ejection refers to those instances where some part but not all of an occupant's body is, at some time during the crash sequence, outside the occupant compartment.

**Not Ejected** is used if the case materials specifically so state for a given occupant. Use this attribute for occupants of a hit-and-run vehicle, unless the case materials specifically indicates that an ejection occurred. If the case materials do not show the ejection status of uninjured drivers or passengers and there is no other information about ejection, e.g., in the narrative/diagram; then enter **Not Ejected**.

**Totally Ejected** is used when the occupant's body is entirely outside the vehicle but may be in contact with the vehicle. This includes occupants who are not initially in the seating compartment of the vehicle (e.g., pickup beds, boot of a convertible, and persons riding on open tailgates).

**Partially Ejected** refers to those instances where some part but not all of an occupant's body is, at some time during the crash sequence, outside the occupant compartment. This does not apply to occupants who are not initially in the seating compartment of the vehicle

(e.g., pickup beds, boot of a convertible, and persons riding on open tailgates), since any ejection for them is coded as **Totally Ejected**.-

**Ejected - Unknown Degree** is used when the PAR indicates that an occupant is ejected but fails to discriminate between total and partial ejection.

**Not Applicable** is used for persons who are riding on the exterior of a vehicle, motorcycle occupants or non-motorists. Exterior of the vehicle includes running boards, roof, fenders and bumpers; but not the bed of pickup trucks, open tail gate or boot of a convertible.

Enter **Unknown** if **Ejected** when the case materials specifically indicate unknown.

### **P21 AIR BAG DEPLOYED**

Screen Heading: Occupant Characteristics

Screen Name: Bag Available (870-E)

**Long Name:** Did the air bag deploy for this occupant's seat position?

**SAS Name:** Person.AIR\_BAG

Oracle Name: GES.AirBag.AirbagavailID

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	10	0	Not Applicable
2	11	1	Deployed-Front
3	12	2	Deployed-Side (door, seatback)
4	13	3	Deployed-Curtain (roof)
5	14	<del>4</del> 7	Deployed-Other (knee, air belt, etc.)
6	15	<del>5</del> 8	Deployed-Combination
7	16	<del>6</del> 9	Deployment-Unknown Location
8	17	<del>7</del> 20	Not Deployed
9	18	<del>8</del> 28	Switched Off
10	19	<del>9</del> 99	Deployment Unknown

### Remarks:

This element is used to record air bag availability and deployment for this person. Code this element according to this person's Seating Position, regardless of the motor vehicle's Body Type or the age of the motor vehicle.

### Not Applicable is used for:

- Any person who is a non-motorist,
- Occupants in seat positions not equipped with an air bag, or
- Every seating position in vehicles that do not come equipped with air bags in any position (Examples are motorcycles, early model passenger cars, some mediumheavy trucks and buses).

**Not Deployed** is used only if the available information indicates the vehicle is equipped with an air bag (air bags) for this occupant's position, but it (they) did not deploy in this crash.

Deployed-Front, Deployed-Side, Deployed-Curtain, Deployed-Other, Deployed-Combination, and Deployment-Unknown Location are used only if you have indication in the available information that an air bag deployed for this occupant's seat position (not for

others in the vehicle.) There may be multiple air bags available for this occupant's seat position.

**Deployed-Front, Deployed-Side and Deployed-Curtain** are used if case materials indicate that at least one air bag deployed for this person from only one of these directions.

**Deployed-Combination** is used if case materials indicate that air bags deployed from more than one direction (e.g., SIDE and FRONT) for this seat position.

**Deployment-Unknown Location** is used if an air bag did deploy for this person, but the origin of the air bag is not known.

**Switched Off** is used when the case materials indicate that any air bag for this occupant's position was manually switched off and did not deploy. This attribute takes precedence over all other codes for this occupant's position.

**Deployment Unknown** is used if the case materials do not indicate whether an air bag was available or if an air bag (air bags) is (are) available for this occupant's position, but no indication on whether it deployed or not.

# P07 AGE (OCCUPANTS)

Screen Heading: Occupant Characteristics

Screen Name: Age (790-E)

**Long Name:** Enter the person's age.

**SAS Name:** Person.Age

Oracle Name: GES.Person.Age

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

0 0 Less Than One Year Old

xxx xxx 000-120 Actual Age

\* -9999 999 Unknown

### Remarks:

The person's age at the time of the crash is recorded with respect to the person's last birthday. Age is recorded in years.

# P08 SEX (OCCUPANTS)

**Screen Heading:** Occupant Characteristics

Screen Name: Sex (800-E)

**Long Name:** What is the person's sex?

**SAS Name:** Person.Sex

Oracle Name: GES.Person.SexID

**Element Values:** 

 Screen
 Oracle
 SAS

 1
 26712
 1 Male

 2
 26713
 2 Female

 3
 26714
 9 Unknown

Remarks:

Self-explanatory

### P09 INJURY SEVERITY (OCCUPANTS)

**Screen Heading:** Occupant Characteristics

Screen Name: Injury Severity (810-E)

**Long Name:** What is the police reported injury severity for this occupant?

SAS Name: Person.lnj\_Sev

Oracle Name: GES.Person.InjurySeverityID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SA	S
1	26746	0	No Injury (O)
2	26747	1	Possible Injury (C)
3	26748	2	Nonincapacitating Evident Injury (B)
4	26749	3	Incapacitating Injury (A)
5	26750	4	Fatal Injury (K)
6	26751	5	Injured, Severity Unknown
7	26752	6	Died Prior To Crash
8	26753	9	Unknown

### Remarks:

Enter the police reported injury severity for this person (i.e., occupant, pedestrian or non-motorist). Most jurisdictions use the KABCO injury coding scheme.

K = Killed

A = Incapacitating Injury

B = Nonincapacitating Injury

C = Possible Injury

O = No Injury

If the police report contains a detailed description of the injuries but does not translate the injuries into the KABCO codes, use the police method for doing so. For example, injuries which are considered to be of an incapacitating nature are classified as "A", Nonincapacitating-evident injuries are classified as "B", and possible injuries are "C". Property damage only (i.e., no injury) is classified as "O".

Enter **Injured**, **Severity Unknown** if the police report indicates a "U" or in any other way communicates the idea that the person was injured but the severity is unknown.

Enter **Died Prior to Crash** only if the police explicitly states the person died prior to the crash. This code is also used if the police report indicates the person died as a result of natural causes (e.g., heart attack), disease, drug overdose or alcohol poisoning. This code does not apply if the police report specifically states that the cause of death is a result of

crash-related injury or that on-set occurred after the crash. Further clarification: this code applies if the police report indicates that the person died as a result of natural causes (e.g., heart attack), disease, drug overdose or alcohol poisoning, but is silent about the time of on-set and if on-set is the result of injuries sustained in the crash.

As a general rule, if the PAR is "blank" where the injury severity is assessed and the person was at the scene during the police investigation, enter **No Injury (O)**. If the PAR is "blank" and the person was not present during the police investigation, enter **Unknown**. Listed below, by state, are alternative schemes; a mapping to the GES scheme is provided.

State	PAR Co	de/Definition	NASS Scheme/ Code
Alabama	K	= Killed	K - 4
	A B C Blank Blank	<ul> <li>Visible or carried from scene</li> <li>Bruise/abrasion/swelling</li> <li>Not visible - has pain/faint</li> <li>Occupant present</li> <li>Occupant not present</li> </ul>	A - 3 B - 2 C - 1 O - 0 - 9
Arizona	5 4 3	<ul><li>= Fatal Injury</li><li>= Incapacitating injury</li><li>= Non-incapacitating Evident</li></ul>	K - 4 A - 3 B - 2
	2 1 6	<ul><li>= Possible Injury</li><li>= No injury</li><li>= Unknown</li></ul>	C - 1 O - 0 U - 9
California	1	= Fatal	K - 4
	2 3 4 Blank Blank	<ul><li>Severe injury</li><li>Other visible injury</li><li>Complaint of pain</li><li>Occupant present</li><li>Occupant not present</li></ul>	A - 3 B - 2 C - 1 O - 0 - 9

Colorado*	5	5 = Fatal			
	4	= Evident - incapacitating	A - 3		
	3	= Evident - non-incapacitating	B - 2		
	2	= Possible injury	C - 1		
	1	= No injury	0 - 0		

\*There is a box at the top of the PAR indicating number of persons injured. If this box is marked 0 and the injury code is left "blank", assume "No injury". If the box is marked 1 (or more) pertaining to the vehicle occupants in question and the injury code is "blank", assume "Injured, severity unknown". If "blanks" are present in both the persons injured box and the injury code box, assume "Unknown".

Florida	5	= Fatal (within 30 days) injury	K - 4
	4 3 2 1	<ul> <li>Incapacitating</li> <li>Non-Incapacitating</li> <li>Possible</li> <li>None</li> <li>No set unknown code</li> <li>Non-traffic fatality</li> </ul>	A - 3 B - 2 C - 1 O - 0 - 9 - 9
Illinois	К	= Fatal	K - 4
	A B C O	<ul> <li>Incapacitating Injury</li> <li>Non-Incapacitating Injury</li> <li>Reported not evident</li> <li>No indication of injury</li> <li>No set unknown code</li> </ul>	A - 3 B - 2 C - 1 O - 0 - 9

#### Indiana

Injury Status:

- i. Code "refused" as no injury when "Nature of Most Severe Injury" is blank.
- ii. If the officer selects a code for "Nature of Most Severe Injury" that does not correspond to the code for "Victim's Injury Status,"
  - 1. Use the "Victim's Injury Status" to determine the crash stratum and injury severity.
  - 2. If "Victim's Injury Status" is blank, default to "Nature of Most Severe Injury."
  - 3. If "Victim's Injury Status" indicates a fatal injury, verify that someone was killed on the front of the PAR. Do not use the block on the front of the PAR showing number injured to verify other injuries.
  - 4. If the "Nature of Most Severe Injury" information reflects a more severe injury than that reflected by the "Injury Status" box, upgrade the injury to match.
- iii. Use the table below to determine injury status.

Nature of Most Severe Injury	Victim's Injury Status	NASS Scheme/Code
Any Entry	Fatal injury	K (see note ii above)
Severed	Incapacitating - Nonfatal Injury	А
Internal	Incapacitating Nonfatal Injury	А
Minor Burn	Non-incapacitating B Nonfatal Injury	В
Severe Burn	Incapacitating Nonfatal Injury	А
Abrasion	Non-incapacitating B Nonfatal Injury	В
Minor Bleeding	Non-incapacitating B Nonfatal Injury	В
Severe Bleeding (arterial)	Incapacitating Nonfatal Injury	А
Fracture/dislocation	Incapacitating Nonfatal Injury	А
Contusion/bruise	Non-incapacitating B Nonfatal Injury	В
Complaint of pain	Possible B Nonfatal Injury	С
None Visible	Not Reported B Nonfatal Injury	0
Other (explain in narrative)	Possible B Nonfatal Injury	С
Unknown	Unknown B Nonfatal Injury	U

<sup>\*</sup>There is a box at the top of the PAR indicating number of persons injured. If this box is marked 0 and the injury code is left "blank", assume "No injury". If the box is marked 1 (or more)

pertaining to the vehicle occupants in question and the injury code is "blank", assume "Injured, severity unknown". If "blanks" are present in both the persons injured box and the injury code box, assume "Unknown".

State	PAR Code/Definition		NASS Scheme/ Code
lowa	·	•	
1	= Fatal	K - 4	
2	= Incapacitating	A - 3	
3	= Non-incapacitating	B - 2	
4	= Possible	C - 1	
5	= Uninjured	O -0	
9	= Unknown	U - 9	
Kentucky			
1	= Fatal	K - 4	
2	= Incapacitating	A - 3	
3	= Non-Incapacitating	B - 2	
4	= Possible Injury	C - 1	
5	= None Detected	O - 0	

<sup>\*</sup>There is a box at the top of the PAR indicating number of persons injured. If this box is marked 0 and the injury code is left "blank", assume "No injury". If the box is marked 1 (or more) pertaining to the vehicle occupants in question and the injury code is "blank", assume "Injured, severity unknown". If "blanks" are present in both the persons injured box and the injury code box, assume "Unknown".

State	PAR Co	ode/Definition	NASS Scheme/ Code
Massachusetts			
	1 2 3 4 5 Blank 99	<ul> <li>= Fatal Injury</li> <li>= Incapacitating</li> <li>= Non-incapacitating</li> <li>= Possible</li> <li>= No Injury</li> <li>= No occupant documentation</li> <li>= unknown</li> </ul>	K - 4 A - 3 B - 2 C - 1 O - 0 O - 0
Maryland	05 04 03 02 01 01 Blank	= Fatal = Disabled (Incapacitated) = Injured (Not Incapacitated) = Possible Injury = Not Injured (& Present) = Not Known (If Left Scene) = No Occupant Documentation	K - 4 A - 3 B - 2 C - 1 O - 0 - 9 - 9
Michigan		=Fatal Injury: Any injury which results in death = Incapacitating Injury: Any injury, other than fatal, which prevents normal activities and generally requires hospitalization = Non-Incapacitating Injury: Any injury not incapacitating, but evident to others at the scene	K - 4 A - 3 B - 2

C = Possible Injury: No visible injury,

O = No Injury: No indication of injury

= No set unknown code

unconsciousness

but complaint of pain or momentary

C - 1

O - 0

- 9

### Missouri

1	= Fatal	K - 4
2	= Disabling	A - 3
3	= Evident-Not Disabling	B - 2
4	= Probable-Not Apparent	C - 1
5	= None Apparent	O - 0
6	= Unknown	U - 9

<sup>\*</sup> There is a box at the top of the PAR indicating number of persons injured. If this box is marked 0 and the injury code is left "blank", assume "no Injury". If the box is marked 1 (or more) pertaining to the vehicle occupants in question and the injury code is "blank", assume "injured, severity unknown". If "blanks" are present in both the persons injured box and the injury code box, assume "Unknown".

### Nebraska

1	= Killed	K - 4
2	= Disabling - cannot leave scene	A - 3
	without assistance	
3	= Visible but not disabling	B - 2
4	= Possible but not visible	C - 1
Blank	= Occupant present	O - 0

# New Jersey

Victim's Physical Condition [PAR Column 86]	Location of Most Severe Injury [PAR Column 89]	Type of Most Severe Physical Injury [PAR Column 90]	NASS Scheme/Code
01 Killed	01-12 Any Entry	01-08 Any Entry	K-4
02 Incapacitated	01-12 Any Entry	01-08 Any Entry	A-3
03 Moderate Injury or 04 Complaint of Pain	01-12 Any Entry	<ul><li>01 Amputation</li><li>02 Concussion</li><li>03 Internal</li><li>04 Fracture/Dislocation</li></ul>	A-3
03 Moderate Injury or 04 Complaint of Pain	03 Eye	04 Bleeding 06 Burn 08 Complaint of Pain	A-3
03 Moderate Injury	01-12 Any Entry	04 Bleeding 05 Contusion/Bruise/ Abrasion	B-2
04 Complaint of Pain	01, 02, 04-12 Any Entry (Except Eye)	08 Complaint of Pain	C-1
( - )	( - ) = N/A	( - )	O-0
Blank	Blank	Blank	O-0
00 = Unknown	00 = Unknown	00 = Unknown	-9

# **New York**

Location of Most Severe Physical Complaint [PAR Column 14]	Type of Physical Complaint [PAR Column 15]	Victim's Physical Condition [PAR Column 16]	NASS Scheme/Code
1-12 Any Entry	1-14 Any Entry	1 Apparent Death	K-4
1-12 Any Entry	Any Entry	<ul><li>2 Unconscious</li><li>3 Semi-Conscious</li><li>4 Incoherent</li></ul>	A-3
1-12 Any Entry	<ol> <li>Amputation</li> <li>Concussion</li> <li>Internal</li> <li>Severe Bleeding</li> <li>Moderate Burn</li> <li>Severe Burn,</li> <li>Fracture-Dislocation</li> </ol>	5 Shock 6 Conscious	A-3
3 Eye	<ul><li>4 Minor Bleeding</li><li>6 Minor Burn</li><li>12 Complaint of Pain</li></ul>	5 Shock 6 Conscious	A-3
1, 2, 4-12 Any Entry (Except Eye)	4 Minor Bleeding 6 Minor Burn	5 Shock 6 Conscious	B-2
1-12 Any Entry	10 Contusion-Bruise 11 Abrasion	5 Shock 6 Conscious	B-2
2, 4-12 Any Entry (Except Eye)	12 Complaint of Pain 13 None Visible 14 Whiplash	5 Shock 6 Conscious	C-1
1-12 Any Entry or (X) = Unknown	13 None Visible	6 Conscious or ( - )	C-1
1, 2, 4-12 Any Entry (Except Eye)	(X) = Unknown	6 Conscious	C-1
Blank or ( - )	13 None Visible or ( - )	6 Conscious	O-0
Blank or ( - )	Blank or ( - )	Blank or ( - )	O-0
(X) = Unknown	(X) = Unknown	(X) = Unknown	-9

# **New Mexico**

PAR Code/Definition	NASS Scheme/Code
K = Killed	K-4
A = Incapacitated – carried from scene	A-3
B = Visible injury	B-2
C = Complaint of injury	C-1
O = No apparent injury	O-0
= No Set Unknown Code.	-9

# **North Carolina**

	[PAR Column 32]		
PAR	Code/Definition	NASS Scheme/Code	
K-1	Killed	K-4	
A-2	A-Type Injury (Disabling)	A-3	
B-3	B-Type Injury (Evident)	B-2	
C-4	C-Type Injury (Possible)	C-1	
O-5	No Injury	O-0	
-6	Unknown	-9	

# Ohio

DAD.	1 No Joium	0 0
PAK.	1 -No Injury	O - 0
	2 -Possible Injury	C - 1
	3 -Non-Incapacitating	B - 2
	4 –Incapacitating	A - 3
	5 -Fatal Injury	K - 4
	6 –Unknown	U - 9

# Oklahoma

1 - No Injury	O - 0
2 - Possible Injury	C - 1
3 - Non-Incapacitating	B - 2
4 – Incapacitating	A - 3
5 - Fatal Injury	K - 4
	<ul><li>2 - Possible Injury</li><li>3 - Non-Incapacitating</li><li>4 - Incapacitating</li></ul>

Also codes for "Type of Injury"

- 1 Head
- 2 Trunk External
- 3 Trunk Internal
- 4 –Arm
- 5 -Leg

\*There is a box at the top of the PAR indicating number of persons injured. If this box is marked 0 and the injury code is left "blank", assume "No injury". If the box is marked 1 (or more) pertaining to the vehicle occupants in question and the injury code is "blank", assume "Injured, severity unknown". If "blanks" are present in both the persons injured box and the injury code box, assume "Unknown".

### Pennsylvania

PAR Code/Definition	NASS Scheme/Code
1 = Killed	K-4
2 = Major Injury	A-3
3 = Moderate Injury	B-2
4 = Minor Injury	C-1
0 = Not Injured	O-0
8 = Injury, Unknown Severity	-5
9 = Unknown if Injury	-9

### **Tennessee**

PAR Code/Definition	NASS Scheme/Code
4 = Fatal Injury	K-4
3 = Incapacitating Injury	A-3
2 = Non-Incapacitating Injury	B-2
1 = Possible Injury	C-1
0 = No Injury	O-0
= No Set Unknown Code.	-9

# Texas:

PAR Code/Definition	NASS Scheme/Code
4 = Killed	K-4
1 = Incapacitating Injury	A-3
2 = Non-Incapacitating Injury	B-2
3 = Possible Injury	C-1
5= Not Injured	O-0
= No Set Unknown Code.	-9

# Virginia

PAR Code/Definition	NASS Scheme/Code
1 = Dead Before Report Made	K-4
2 = Visible Signs of Injury, as bleeding wound or distorted member; or had to be carried from scene.	A-3
3 = Other Visible Injury, as bruises, abrasions, swelling limping, etc.	B-2
4 = No Visible Injury, but complaint of pain or momentary unconsciousness.	C-1
(X) = N/A	O-0
(U) = Unknown	-9
Blank	-9

### Washington

### PAR:

1	- No Injury	O - 0	
2	- Dead at Scene	K - 4	
3	- Dead on Arrival	K - 4	
4	- Died at Hospital	K - 4	
5	<ul><li>Disabling</li></ul>		A - 3
6	- Non Disabling (Evident Injury)	B - 2	
7	- Possible Injury	C - 1	
0	-Unknown	U - 9	

### Wisconsin

PAR Code/Definition	NASS Scheme/Code
K = Fatal Injury	K-4
A = Incapacitating Injury	A-3
B = Non-Incapacitating Injury	B-2
C = Possible Injury	C-1
N = No Apparent Injury	O-0
= No Set Unknown Code.	-9

<sup>\*</sup>There is a box at the top of the PAR indicating number of persons injured. If this box is marked 0 and the injury code is left "blank", assume "No injury". If the box is marked 1 (or more) pertaining to the vehicle occupants in question and the injury code is "blank", assume "Injured, severity unknown". If "blanks" are present in both the persons injured box and the injury code box, assume "Unknown".

### P10 TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (OCCUPANTS)

Screen Heading: Occupant Characteristics

Screen Name: Transported (820-E)

**Long Name:** Is this person transported to a hospital or another treatment facility?

SAS Name: Person. Hospital

Oracle Name: GES.Person.Treatment

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	1	0	No
2	2	1	Yes
3	3	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

This variable addresses transportation directly from the scene to a treatment facility. The means of transportation is not a consideration.

Enter **No** when the person is not transported directly from the scene to a hospital. Use this element when the person is pronounced dead-at-the-scene and is transported to a funeral home. Neither Injury severity nor treatment at the scene are a consideration.

Enter **Yes** when the PAR indicates that the person is transported directly from the scene to a hospital or treatment facility (hospital, clinic, doctor's office, etc.). The person need not have been injured. The means of transportation is not a consideration. If the person died on route to a hospital or medical facility or was pronounced dead-on-arrival at a hospital or medical facility, enter Yes. If the PAR states the person was transported but does not specifically state when, then consider the person transported directly from the scene of the crash.

Enter **Unknown** if it cannot be determined if the person is transported directly from the scene to a medical facility. Use this attribute if the police report indicates the person will "seek own medical treatment" and it cannot be determined if the person goes directly to a medical facility.

### **D08 DRIVER'S ZIP CODE**

Screen Heading: Driver Data

Screen Name: Zip Code (730-E)

**Long Name:** What is the driver's zip code?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.DZipCode

Oracle Name: GES.Driver.Zipcode

### **Element Values:**

Screen xxxxx	Oracle xxxxx	SAS xxxxx	Code actual 5-digit zip code
00000	00000	00000	Not resident of US or Territories
99998	99998	99998	No driver present
*	99999	99999	Unknown

### Range<sup>1</sup> (first, second, and third characters):

000, 004-098, 100-212, 214-268, 270-342, 344, 346-347, 349-352, 354-374, 376-398, 400-418, 420-427, 430-458, 460-508, 510-516, 520-528, 530-532, 534-535, 537-551, 553-567, 570-577, 580-588, 590-648, 650-658, 660-662, 664-681, 683-689, 690-693, 700-701, 703-708, 710-714, 716-731, 734-816, 820-838, 840-847, 850, 852-853, 855-857, 859-860, 863-865, 870-875, 877-884, 889-891, 893-895, 897-898, 900-928, 930-961, 963, 966-986, 988-999

1. Range is a compilation of Section 6 of the 1997 National Five Digit Zip Code & Post Office Directory with updates

### Remarks:

For the purposes of this variable, a driver is considered to reside at the address listed on the police crash report. This address was most likely taken from the driver's license given to the police officer and/or from the licensing state's drivers license file.

If the driver's address is present and the ZIP code is missing or not available, then determine the correct ZIP code by using the two volume National Five Digit Zip Code & Post Office Directory.

Code Not resident of US or Territories is used when the address found on the PAR indicates that the driver resides at an address which has not been assigned a ZIP code by the US Post Office.

**No driver present** is used when there is no driver in this vehicle.

Code **Unknown** is used whenever the ZIP cannot be determined. For example, use this code when no information is provided on the PAR about the driver (e.g., hit and run). In addition, use this code if the driver, licensed or not, has no permanent address. For example, the driver could be living out of his/her vehicle (camper, motor home, etc.) or the driver could be "homeless."

If a ZIP CODE is listed on the PAR but it is not a valid number use this code.

### **D09 SPEED RELATED**

Screen Heading: Driver Data

**Screen Name:** Speed Related (725-E)

**Long Name:** Is the driver's speed a factor in the crash?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.SpeedRel

Oracle Name: GES.Driver.SpeedRelated

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	1	0	No
2	2	1	Yes
3	3	9	Unknown
4	8	8	No Driver Present / Unknown if Driver Present

#### Remarks:

Speed can be indicated in the case materials by the police issuing a citation for a speed offense, by their indicating a related or contributing factor, or through a description in the narrative.

**No** is used if the case materials do not indicate any speed-related charges (violations, citations) and do not indicate any speed-related factors

**Yes** is used if the case materials indicate a speed-related factor or charge (violation, citation) for this driver. This includes information found in the PAR narrative. Do not use this value if the violation is "too slow" or equivalent. Factors, charges, and descriptions may include the following:

- Speed greater than reasonable or prudent (not necessarily over the limit)
- Driving too fast for conditions
- Speeding (above the speed limit)
- Exceeding special limit (e.g., for trucks, buses, cycles, on bridge, at night, in school zone, etc.)
- Racing

Do not compare an estimated travel speed to the posted speed limit for determining the correct attribute for this data element.

Enter Yes when excessive speed (this includes too fast for conditions) by this driver is noted as a contributing factor or a speeding violation has been issued to this driver. Mention of high rate of speed or racing in the narrative or as a contributing factor would also be included. "Evading police" is not sufficient to code speed related. Also do not use this value if the violation or contributing factor is "too slow" or an equivalent.

**Unknown** is used if the police state that the circumstances of the crash are unknown (i.e., it is unknown what factors, if any, may have been present at the time of the crash).

# **D10 DRIVER'S LICENSE STATE**

Screen Heading: Driver Data

Screen Heading: Driver Data

Screen Name: Driver License State (822-E)

**Long Name:** What is the driver license State?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.DLState

Oracle Name: GES.Driver.LicState

## **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	Screen	Oracle	SAS
2	AL	01 Alabama	33	NH	33 New Hampshire
1	AK	02 Alaska	34	NJ	34 New Jersey
4	AS	03 American Samoa	35	NM	35 New Mexico
	ΑZ	04 Arizona	37	NY	36 New York
3	AR	05 Arkansas	30	NC	37 North Carolina
	CA	06 California	31	ND	38 North Dakota
	CO	08 Colorado	38	OH	39 Ohio
8	CT	09 Connecticut	39	OK	40 Oklahoma
-	DE	10 Delaware	40	OR	41 Oregon
	DC	11 District of Columbia	41	PA	42 Pennsylvania
	FL	12 Florida	42	PR	43 Puerto Rico
	GA	13 Georgia	43	RI	44 Rhode Island
	GU	14 Guam	44	SC	45 South Carolina
	HI	15 Hawaii	45	SD	46 South Dakota
_	ID	16 Idaho	46	TN	47 Tennessee
	IL	17 Illinois	47	TX	48 Texas
	IN	18 Indiana	48	UT	49 Utah
	IA	19 Iowa	51	VT	50 Vermont
	KS	20 Kansas	49	VA	51 Virginia
	KY	21 Kentucky	50	VI	52 Virgin Islands
	LA	22 Louisiana	52	WA	53 Washington
	ME	23 Maine	54	WV	54 West Virginia
	MD	24 Maryland	53	WI	55 Wisconsin
	MA	25 Massachusetts	55	WY	56 Wyoming
	MI	26 Michigan			
	MN	27 Minnesota	56	93	93 Indian Nation
	MS	28 Mississippi	57	94	94 U.S. Government
	MO	29 Missouri	58	95	95 Canada
	MT	30 Montana	59	96	96 Mexico
	NE	31 Nebraska	60	97	97 Other Foreign Country
36	NV	32 Nevada	61	98	98 No Driver Present / Unknown if Driver Present
			62	99	99 Unknown

## Remarks:

If no license is required or driver is not licensed, use the resident State of the driver.

U.S. Government is used to indicate the license was issued by the U.S. Government, such as military or State Department Foreign Service.

# **D11 DRIVER LICENSE NUMBER**

Screen Heading: Driver Data

Screen Name: Driver License Number (825-E)

**Long Name:** What is the driver license number (DLN)?

**SAS Name:** Vehicle.DLNumber

Oracle Name: GES.Driver.LicNumber

## **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
0	Twenty 0's xxxxxxxxx 9 + Nineteen 8's Twenty 9's	n/a	No License
DLN		n/a	Driver License Number (DLN)
98		n/a	No driver present
*		n/a	Unknown

## Remarks:

Enter the driver license number.

# P11 POLICE REPORTED ALCOHOL INVOLVEMENT (OCCUPANTS)

Screen Heading: Occupant Characteristics

Screen Name: Alcohol (830-E)

**Long Name:** Did the police report alcohol presence or involvement for this person?

**SAS Name:** Person.Per\_Alch

Oracle Name: GES.Person.Police\_AlcoholID

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26730	0	No (Alcohol Not Involved)
2	26731	1	Yes (Alcohol Involved)
3	26732	8	Not Reported
4	26733	9	Unknown (Police Reported)

#### Remarks:

This data element reflects only the judgment of law enforcement as to whether alcohol was involved or not for this person.

The phrase "alcohol involved" means that alcohol is present in the person or presumed to be present by the police. Consequently, this data element may not agree with the alcohol test results for this person. Involvement is not an indication that alcohol was in any way a cause of the crash.

If the case materials indicate that open or unopened alcoholic beverages were found in the vehicle, then this information does not by itself constitute involvement unless the police indicate that this was the basis for a determination of involvement. If the case materials indicate that a preliminary breath test (PBT) was given and the officer's judgment contradicts the preliminary test, the officer's judgment will be the determining factor.

**No (Alcohol Not Involved)** applies if the judgment of law enforcement is that alcohol is not present.

In some circumstances it is possible for the police to give sufficient information in the report fields (such as contributing circumstances, driver/pedestrian condition, alcohol presence or use, alcohol test, etc.) or narrative to indicate that they believe alcohol is not involved without specifically mentioning "no" alcohol. In such cases, you may use "No (Alcohol Not Involved)." However, if there is any question that the officer's position on alcohol involvement is "no alcohol" because of a lack of information, then use "Not Reported."

**Yes (Alcohol Involved)** applies only if the judgment of law enforcement is that alcohol was present. For example the police indicate alcohol involvement via:

- a specific data element on the police report form such as Driver Condition,
- the police charge the driver with an alcohol-related offense,
- the police mention in the narrative section of the report that the person had been drinking
- the police report has a positive BAC test result (BAC >.00).

Some PARs have a block labeled "Alcohol/Drugs." If "use" is indicated, and it cannot be determined which was used (e.g., narrative, arrest/charged section, etc.), then assume alcohol is present. If the police report indicates that a driver was charged with DWI (driving while intoxicated or driving while impaired) and no clarification is offered to indicate if the DWI was alcohol related or other drug related (i.e., a specific data element; mentioned in the narrative section; BAC results), then assume alcohol presence.

**Not Reported** applies when law enforcement makes no mention of alcohol involvement in either narrative or data fields. For example, there is a specific location on the police report for assessment of alcohol but the investigating officer fails to make either a positive or negative assessment by leaving the field blank. Also use Not Reported if no block exists on the PAR for reporting alcohol presence and no other information is available.

There are instances when law enforcement does not indicate in the PAR whether alcohol was involved or not, but does mention that a test was given or ordered. For example, law enforcement may only say that an evidential test was ordered for a driver without indicating that they suspected alcohol or providing a result. The use of passive alcohol sensors (PAS) may also be mentioned as used by the police, without mention of the result. Use **Not Reported** for these instances.

**Unknown (Police Reported)** applies when law enforcement indicates in either narrative or data fields that alcohol involvement is "unknown" for this person. In general, crash reports have blocks to indicate either positive or negative alcohol involvement. However, if a crash report has a provision for the investigating officer to respond "unknown involvement," then enter this attribute. Also enter this attribute for hit-and-run drivers or passengers unless clear evidence to the contrary exists.

# P11A ALCOHOL TEST STATUS (OCCUPANTS)

**Screen Heading:** Occupant Characteristics

Screen Name: Alcohol Test Status (832-E)

**Long Name:** Did the police report indicate an alcohol test was given to this person?

**SAS Name:** Person.AlchTest

Oracle Name: GES.Person.AlcTestGiven

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	3
1	10	0	Test Not Given
2	11	1	Test Refused
3	12	2	Test Given
4	19	9	Unknown if Tested / Not Reported

### Remarks:

Alcohol Test Status indicates whether or not a test was performed on this person to detect the presence of alcohol.

**Test Not Given** is used when the case materials indicate an alcohol test was not given.

Test Refused is used when the case materials indicate an alcohol test was refused.

**Test Given** is used when the case materials indicate an alcohol test was given.

**Unknown if Tested/Not Reported** is used when the case materials specifically indicated "Unknown if Tested." Also, use this if no block exists on the report and no other information is available.

The GES data element Alcohol Test Status possesses the same attributes and definitions as the FARS and MMUCC data element Alcohol Test subfield 1, Alcohol Test Status. Note B If Alcohol Test Status is Test Not Given or Test Refused, then Alcohol Test Type and Alcohol Test Result will be Test Not Given.

# P11B ALCOHOL TEST TYPE (OCCUPANTS)

Screen Heading: Occupant Characteristics

**Screen Name:** Alcohol Test Type (834-E)

**Long Name:** Did the police report indicate the type of test given to this person?

**SAS Name:** Person.Altstype

**Oracle Name:** GES.Person.AlcTestType

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	0	00	Test Not Given
2	1	01	Blood
3	2	02	Breath (Breathalyzer "BAC")
4	3	03	Urine
5	8	80	Other Test Type
6	10	10	Preliminary Breath Test (PBT)
7	98	98	Unknown Test Type
8	99	99	Unknown if Tested / Not Reported

#### Remarks:

Alcohol Test Type identifies the type of test that was administered to this person as indicated in the case materials.

If more than one type of test is performed on the same person, a Blood test is preferred over other tests. The exception is if you have information that casts clear doubt on the validity or reliability of the Blood test when you have results from a test of another type. For example the blood test was spoiled or contaminated. In such a case record the Test Type for the test with the valid result. Other situations where this may occur include information that:

- the test was performed on a live victim unreasonably long after the accident; or
- the lab, coroner, or medical examiner expresses doubt in their result from a blood test.

**Blood** is used when the case materials indicate this was the type of test used to obtain a BAC.

**Breath** is used when the case materials indicate this was the type of test used to obtain a BAC.

Breath is used if you have a result from an evidential breath test (a breath test performed on a State-approved breath test device). Usually, results from a Preliminary Breath Test (PBT) device are not considered evidential. Some PBTs are of evidential quality in some States, but if the device was used only as a preliminary test and not an evidential test, do not use this attribute.

**Urine** is used when the case materials indicate this was the type of test used to obtain a BAC.

**Other Test Type** is used when the case materials indicate a type of test used to obtain a BAC was recorded as "Other" or is indicated to be of a type other than the available attributes.

Examples of Other Test Types include vitreous (fluid from the eye), liver, and blood plasma.

**Preliminary Breath Test (PBT)** is used when the case materials indicate this was the type of test used to obtain a BAC and no other test is available. Update Test Type and corresponding Result if a PBT is followed by an evidential test, other than a PBT. A breath, blood or urine test will take precedence over a PBT result unless you have information that casts clear doubt on the validity or reliability of the Evidential Test <u>AND</u> you have a valid PBT result to record.

- Example 1: You only receive a PBT with an actual value
  - -- Code Test Type "PBT" and Test Result "the actual value received."
- Example 2: You only receive a PBT with a "negative" result returned
  - -- Code Test Type "PBT" and Test Result "00."
- Example 3: You only receive a PBT with "positive" result, but no actual value
  - -- Code Test Type "PBT" and Test Result "Positive Reading with No Actual Value."
- Example 4: You receive a PBT with an actual value of .10% and a blood test from the lab of .08%
  - -- Code Test Type "Blood" and Test Result .08
- Example 5: You receive a PBT with an actual value of .10% and a breathalyzer test both from the police of .08%
  - -- Code Test Type "Breath" and Test Result .08
- Example 6: You receive a PBT with an actual value of .10% from the police and a whole blood test indicating a "contaminated" sample.
  - -- Code Test Type "PBT" and Test Result .10.

**Unknown Test Type** is used when the case materials indicate a test was given but do not specify the type of test.

**Unknown if Tested/Not Reported** is used when the case materials specifically indicated "Unknown if Tested." Also use this if no block exists on the report and no other information is available.

The GES data element Alcohol Test Type possesses the same attributes and definitions as the FARS and MMUCC data element Alcohol Test subfield 2, Alcohol Test Type.

Note -- If Alcohol Test Status is Test Not Given or Test Refused, then Alcohol Test Type and Alcohol Test Result will be "Test Not Given."

# P11C ALCOHOL TEST RESULT (OCCUPANTS)

**Screen Heading:** Occupant Characteristics

Screen Name: Alcohol Test Result (836-E)

**Long Name:** What is the BAC for this person?

**SAS Name:** Person.Altrsult

**Oracle Name:** GES.Person.AlcTestResult

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
00-93	00-93	00-93	Actual Value
94	94	94	.94 or Greater
96	96	96	Test Not Given
97	97	97	AC test Performed, Results Unknown
98	98	98	Positive Reading With No Actual Value
99	99	99	Unknown if Tested / Not Reported

#### Remarks:

Alcohol Test Result records the actual value reported from a test performed on this person to detect the presence of alcohol.

**ATTRIBUTE HIERARCHY**: When more than one alcohol test result exists, use the following hierarchy: Blood, Breath, Urine, Preliminary Breath Test, Other Test Type. If you receive a test result, followed by an unknown result from a higher ordered test (e.g., blood, urine), you may use the result from the initial test.

A TEST RESULT of .01 is a low probability and will raise an error flag. Any BAC test result reported in 3 decimal places should be truncated, not rounded. For example, a reported BAC of .099 becomes .09. The reason for truncating is that the accuracy of most testing devices is only reliable to two decimal places, so the third decimal place is meaningless.

**AC Test Performed, Results Unknown** refers to alcohol content tests that were performed but the results are reported as unknown or are unobtainable (including a "Contaminated Sample" or "Insufficient Sample"). AC Test Performed, Results Unknown can be used for any Test Type.

Positive Reading with No Actual Value can be used for any Test Type code where the result is indicated to be positive without a numeric value to record. This should only be used when a final test result is returned as "positive" with no actual result to record. This can occur when a screening test is used and it is the only test result available. Some PBTs only indicate whether alcohol is present in the breath by positive (green) or negative (red) lights. Other PBTs indicate the approximate BAC in numbers. Positive Reading with No Actual Value should be used when a PBT result only indicates "positive" for alcohol, with no actual BAC value. A negative PBT result should be interpreted as .00.

Before recording this value make sure that this is the <u>final</u> test result and no actual value was available from a follow-up confirmatory test.

**Unknown if Tested/Not Reported** is used when the case materials specifically indicated AUnknown if Tested. Also use this if no block exists on the report and no other information is available.

The GES data element Alcohol Test Result possesses the same attributes and definitions as the FARS and MMUCC data element Alcohol Test subfield 3, Alcohol Test Result. Note: If Alcohol Test Status is Test Not Given or Test Refused, then Alcohol Test Type and Alcohol Test Result will be "Test Not Given."

# P17 POLICE REPORTED DRUG INVOLVEMENT (OCCUPANTS)

**Screen Heading:** Occupant Characteristics

Screen Name: Drugs (835-E)

**Long Name:** Did the police report drug presence or involvement for this person?

SAS Name: Person.Per\_Drug

Oracle Name: GES.Person.Police\_DrugID

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26730	0	No (Drugs Not Involved)
2	26731	1	Yes (Drugs Involved)
3	26732	8	Not Reported
4	26733	9	Unknown (Police Reported)

#### Remarks:

This data element reflects only the judgment of law enforcement as to whether drugs were involved or not for this person.

The phrase "drug involvement" means that drugs are present in the person or presumed to be present by the police. This includes prescription and "over-the-counter" medications as well as "illicit" substances (e.g., marijuana, cocaine, heroin, etc.). It is not an indication that the drug usage was in any way a cause of the crash.

If case materials indicate that drugs were found in the vehicle, then this information does not by itself constitute involvement unless the police indicate that this was the basis for a determination of involvement.

Some PARs have a block labeled "Alcohol/Drugs." If use is indicated, and it cannot be determined which was used (e.g., narrative, arrest/charged section, etc.), then assume alcohol, not drugs. If the police report indicates that a driver was charged with DWI (driving while intoxicated or driving while impaired) and no clarification is offered to indicate if the DWI was alcohol related or drug related (i.e., a specific data element; mentioned in the narrative section; BAC results), then interpret as alcohol presence.

**No (drugs not involved)** applies if the judgment of law enforcement is that drugs are not present.

In some circumstances it is possible for the police to give sufficient information in the report fields (such as contributing circumstances, driver/pedestrian condition, substance use, drug test, etc.) or narrative to indicate that they believe drugs are not involved without specifically mentioning no drugs. In such cases, you may use "No." However, if there is any question that the officer's position on drug involvement is "No" because of a lack of information, then it is best to use "Not Reported."

**Yes (drugs involved)** applies only if the police assessment is that drugs were present. For example the police indicate drug involvement via:

- a specific data element on the police report form such as Driver Condition,
- the police charge the driver with an drug related offense,
- the police mention in the narrative section of the report that the person had been under the influence of a drug
- the police report has a positive test result reported for drugs

**Not Reported** applies when law enforcement makes no mention of drug involvement in either narrative or data fields. For example, there is a specific location on the police report for assessment of drugs but the investigating officer fails to make either a positive or negative assessment by leaving the field blank. Also use Not Reported if no block exists on the PAR for reporting drug presence and no other information is available.

There are instances when law enforcement do not indicate in the PAR whether drugs were involved or not, but they do mention that a test was given or ordered. For example, the police may only say that an evidential test was ordered for a driver without indicating that they suspected drugs or providing a result. Use **Not Reported** for these instances.

**Unknown (Police Reported)** applies when law enforcement indicate in either narrative or data fields that drug involvement is "unknown" for this person. In general, police reports have blocks to indicate either positive or negative drug involvement. However, if a crash report has a provision for the investigating officer to respond "unknown involvement," then enter this attribute. Also enter this attribute for hit-and-run drivers unless clear evidence to the contrary exists.

# P17A DRUG TEST STATUS (OCCUPANTS)

**Screen Heading:** Occupant Characteristics

Screen Name: Drug Test Given (837-E)

Long Name: driverperson?

Did the police report indicate a drug test was given to this

SAS Name: Person.DrugTest

Oracle Name: GES.Person.DrugTestGiven

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	10	0	Test Not Given
2	11	1	Test Refused
3	12	2	Test Given
4	19	9	Unknown If Tested / Not Reported

### Remarks:

Drug Test Status indicates whether or not a test was performed on this person to detect the presence of drugs.

The GES data element Drug Test Status possesses the same attributes and definitions as the FARS and MMUCC data element Drug Test subfield 1, Drug Test Status.

**Test Not Given** is used when the case materials indicate a drug test was not given. If Test Status is Test Not Given then elements Test Type and Test Results will also be Test Not Given.

**Test Refused** is used when the case materials indicate a drug test was refused. If Test Status is Test Refused then the elements Test Type and Test Results will be Test Not Given.

**Test Given** is used when the case materials indicate a drug test was given.

**Unknown if Tested/Not Reported** is used when the case materials specifically indicated "Unknown if Tested". Also use this if no block exists on the report and no other information is available. If Test Status is Unknown if Tested/Not Reported then the elements Test Type and Test Results will also be Unknown if Tested/Not Reported.

# P17B DRUG TEST TYPE (OCCUPANTS)

**Screen Heading:** Occupant Characteristics

Screen Name: DrugTest Type (839-E)

**Long Name:** Did the police report indicate the type of test given to this person?

**SAS Name:** Person.Drtstype

Oracle Name: GES.Person.DrugTestType

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	0	00	Test Not Given
2	1	01	Blood
3	2	02	Urine
4	3	03	Both: Blood and Urine
5	8	08	Other Test Type
6	98	98	Unknown Test Type
7	99	99	Unknown if Tested / Not Reported

#### Remarks:

Drug Test Type identifies the type of test that was administered to this person as indicated in the case materials.

The GES data element Drug Test Type possesses the same attributes and definitions as the FARS and MMUCC data element Drug Test subfield 2, Drug Test Type.

**Blood** is used when the case materials indicate this was the type of test used to detect the presence of drugs.

**Urine** is used when the case materials indicate this was the type of test used to detect the presence of drugs.

**Both: Blood and Urine Tests** is used when both tests appear in case materials. Typically, this would be found in a toxicology report.

**Other Test Type** is used when the case materials indicate a type of test used to detect the presence of drugs was recorded as "Other" or is indicated to be of a type other than the available attributes.

**Unknown Test Type** is used when the case materials indicate a test was given but do not specify the type of test.

**Unknown if Tested/Not Reported** is used when the case materials specifically indicated "Unknown if Tested." Also use this if no block exists on the report and no other information is available.

# P17C DRUG TEST RESULT (OCCUPANTS)

Screen Heading: Occupant Characteristics

Screen Name: Drug Test Result (840-E)

**Long Name:** Did the police report indicate the result of the drug test?

**SAS Name:** Person.Drtsrest

Oracle Name: GES.Person.DrugTestResult

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	0	0	Test Not Given
2	1	1	Negative
3	2	2	Positive
4	7	7	Tested for Drugs, Result Unknown
5	9	9	Unknown if Tested / Not Reported

#### Remarks:

Drug Test Result records the results of a test performed on this person to detect the presence of drugs. This element excludes Nicotine, Aspirin, and Alcohol. In addition, exclude drugs explicitly indicated to have been administered after the crash.

The GES data element Drug Test Result possesses the same attributes and definitions as the MMUCC data element Drug Test subfield 3, Drug Test Result. The FARS data element Drug Test subfield 3, Drug Test Result records the actual drug found if any.

**Test Not Given** is used when the case materials indicate a drug test was not given. If Test Status is Test Not Given then Test Type and Test Results will also be Test Not Given.

**Negative** is used when the case materials indicate that a test for the presence of drugs was "negative" or that no drugs were found.

**Positive** can be used for any Test Type code where drug presence is indicated.

**Tested for Drugs, Results Unknown** refers to drug tests that were performed but the results are reported as unknown or are unobtainable. Tested for Drugs, Results Unknown can be used for any Test Type.

Vehicles Driver/Violations

# **D02 VIOLATIONS CHARGED (CATEGORY)**

Screen Heading: Driver violations

**Screen Name:** Driver Violations (xxx-E)

**Long Name:** What driver violations are charged by the police?

SAS Name:

Oracle Name: GES.DriverViolation.ViolationID

## **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
n/a	n/a	n/a	Reckless/Careless/Hit-and-Run Type Offenses
n/a	n/a	n/a	Impairment Offenses
n/a	n/a	n/a	Speed-Related Offenses
n/a	n/a	n/a	Reckless Driving - Rules of the Road - Traffic Signs &
			Signals
n/a	n/a	n/a	Rules of the Road - Turning, Yielding, Signaling
n/a	n/a	n/a	Rules of the Road - Wrong Side, Passing & Following
n/a	n/a	n/a	Rules of the Road - Lane Usage
n/a	n/a	n/a	Non-Moving - License and Registration Violations
n/a	n/a	n/a	Equipment
n/a	n/a	n/a	Other Violations

Vehicles Driver/Violations

# **D02 VIOLATIONS CHARGED (SPECIFIC VIOLATION)**

Screen Heading: Driver violations

Screen Name: Driver Violations (690-E)

**Long Name:** What driver violations are charged by the police?

**SAS Name:** D02-Vehicle.Violatn, M\_D02-Violatn.MViolatn

Oracle Name: GES.DriverViolation.ViolationID

## **Element Values:**

Screen Oracle		SAS	
1 2	26710 <b>n/a</b>	0 <b>n/a</b>	None None on this tab
			Reckless/Careless/Hit-and-Run Type Offenses
3	26711	01	Manslaughter or homicide
4	26712	02	Willful reckless driving; driving to endanger; negligent driving
5	26713	03	Unsafe reckless (not willful, wanton reckless) driving
6	26714	04	Inattentive, careless, improper driving
7	26715	05	Fleeing or eluding police
8	26716	06	Fail to obey police, fireman, authorized person directing traffic
9	26717	07	Hit-and-run, fail to stop after crash
10	26718	80	Fail to give aid, information, wait for police after crash
11	26719	09	Serious violation resulting in death
			Impairment Offenses
12	26720	11	Driving while intoxicated (alcohol or drugs) or BAC above
40	00704	40	limit (any detectable BAC for CDLs)
13	26721	12	Driving while impaired
14	26722	13	Driving under influence of substance not intended to intoxicate
15	26723	14	Drinking while operating
16	26724	15	Illegal possession of alcohol or drugs
17	26725	16	Driving with detectable alcohol
18	26726	18	Refusal to submit to chemical test
19	26727	19	Alcohol, drug or impairment violations generally
			Speed-Related Offenses
20	26728	21	Racing
21	26729	22	Speeding (above the speed limit)
22	26730	23	Speed greater than reasonable & prudent (not necessarily over the limit)

Veh	icles		Driver/Violation
23	26731	24	Exceeding special limit (e.g.: for trucks, buses, cycles, or on bridge, in school zone, etc.)
24	26732	25	Energy speed (exceeding 55 mph, non-pointable)
25	26733	26	Driving too slowly
26	26734	29	Speed related violations, generally
			Rules of the Road Traffic Sign & Signals
27	26735	31	Fail to stop for red signal
28	26736	32	Fail to stop for flashing red
29	26737	33	Violation of turn on red (fail to stop & yield, yield to pedestrians before turning)
30	26738	34	Fail to obey flashing signal (yellow or red)
31	26739	35	Fail to obey signal, generally
32	26740	36	Violate RR grade crossing device/regulations
33	26741	37	Fail to obey stop sign
34	26742	38	Fail to obey yield sign
35	26743	39	Fail to obey traffic control device
			Rules of the Road Turning, Yielding, Signaling
36	26744	41	Turn in violation of traffic control (disobey signs, turn arrow or pavement markings; this is not a right-on-red violation)
37	26745	42	Improper method & position of turn (too wide, wrong lane)
38	26746	43	Fail to signal for turn or stop
39	26747	45	Fail to yield to emergency vehicle
40	26748	46	Fail to yield, generally
41	26749	48	Enter intersection when space insufficient
42	26750	49	Turn, yield, signaling violations, generally
			Rules of the Road Wrong Side, Passing & Following
2	26751	51	Driving wrong way on one-way road
3	26752	52	Driving on left, wrong side of road, generally
4	26753	53	Improper, unsafe passing
5	26754	54	Pass on right (drive off pavement to pass)
6	26755	55 50	Pass stopped school bus
7	26756	56	Fail to give way when overtaken
8 9	26757 26758	58 59	Following too closely Wrong side, passing, following violations, generally
			Rules of the Road Lane Usage
10	26759	61	Unsafe or prohibited lane change
11	26760	62	Improper use of lane (enter of 3-lane road, HOV designated
• •	20.00	02	lane)
12	26761	63	Certain traffic to use right lane (trucks, slow-moving, etc.)
13	· ·	66	Motorcycle lane violations (more than two per lane, riding
	26762		between lanes, etc.)
14	26763	67	Motorcyclist attached to another vehicle
15	26764	69	Lane violations, generally
		-	, 🗸

Vehicles Driver/Violations

			Non Moving License and Designation Violations
16	26765	71	Non-Moving License and Registration Violations Driving while license withdrawn (including violation of
10	20703	/ 1	provisions of work permit)
17	26766	72	Other driver license violations
18	26767	73	Commercial driver violations (log book, hours, permits
10	20101	73	carried)
19	26768	74	Vehicle registration violations
20	26769	75	Fail to carry insurance card
21	26770	76	Driving uninsured vehicle
22	26771	79	Non-moving violations, generally
			Equipment
23	26772	81	Lamp violations
24	26773	82	Brake violations
25	26774	83	Failure to require restraint use (by self or passengers)
26	26775	84	Motorcycle equipment violations (helmet, special equipment)
27	26776	85	Violation of hazardous cargo regulations
28	26777	86	Size, weight, load violations
29	26778	89	Equipment violations, generally
			License, Registration & Other Violations
30	26779	91	Parking
31	26780	92	Theft, unauthorized use of motor vehicle
32	26781	93	Driving where prohibited (sidewalk, limited access, off truck
			route)
33	26785	98	Other moving violation (coasting, backing, opening door)
34	26786	99	Unknown VIOLATION
35	26783	95	No driver present / unknown if driver present
		99	Unknown VIOLATION

## Remarks:

This variable refers to those violations to the Vehicle Code charged as noted on the police crash report. Code all the violations listed on the PAR for this driver.

Vehicles Driver/Vison

## **D04 DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY**

**Screen Heading:** Visual Obstructions

**Screen Name:** Visual Obstructions (700-E)

**Long Name:** What visual obstructions may contribute to the crash?

**SAS Name:** D04-Vehicle.Vis\_Obsc, M\_D04-Vision.MVisObsc

Oracle Name: GES.DriverVision.VisionID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS		
1	1		00	No Obstruction Noted
2	2		01	Rain, Snow, Fog, Smoke, Sand, Dust
3	3		02	Reflected Glare, Bright Sunlight, Headlights
4	4		03	Curve, Hill, or Other Roadway Design Feature
5	5		04	Building, Billboard or Other Structure
6	6		05	Trees, Crops, Vegetation
7	7		06	In-transport Motor Vehicle (Including Load)
8	8		07	Not In-transport Motor Vehicle (parked, working)
9	9		80	Splash or Spray of Passing Vehicle
10	10		09	Inadequate Defrost or Defog System
11	11		10	Inadequate Vehicle Lighting System
12	12		11	Obstruction Interior to the Vehicle
13	13		12	External Mirrors
17	17		13	Broken or Improperly Cleaned Windshield
18	18		14	Obstructing Angles on Vehicle
21	26460		97	Vision Obscured - No Details
22	26669		98	Other Visual Obstruction
23	26670		99	Unknown
24	26671		95	No Driver Present / Unknown if Driver Present

## Remarks:

This data element records impediments to a driver's visual field that were noted in the case materials. These visual obstructions-can appear anywhere in case materials. Examples include a field on the PAR (e.g., Contributing Factors), in the narrative section, in the violations section, or in witness statements.

**No Obstruction Noted** is used when the case materials give no indication of a visual obstruction for this driver.

Vehicles Driver/Vison

Rain, Snow, Fog, Smoke, Sand, Dust is used when one or more of these conditions exist AND are noted to have obstructed the view of the driver. Do not use this code when only the vehicle windshield is described as "fogged." (See "Inadequate Defrost or Defog System" or "Broken or Improperly Cleaned Windshield").

**Reflected Glare, Bright Sunlight, Headlights** is used when one or more of these conditions are noted to have obstructed the view of the driver.

**Curve, Hill or Other Roadway Design Feature** is used when any of these roadway features or design elements is noted to have obstructed the view of the driver (including embankment, sag, etc.).

**Building, Billboard or Other Structure** is used when any of these man-made structures are noted to have obstructed the view of the driver (including traffic signs, poles, signals, etc.).

**Trees, Crops, Vegetation** is used when any of these natural features are noted to have obstructed the view of the driver.

**In-transport Motor Vehicle** (Including Load) is used when a vehicle that is in motion or stopped on the roadway is noted to have obstructed the view of the driver. The vehicle may be but does not have to be a contact vehicle in the case.

**Not In-transport Motor Vehicle (parked, working)** is used when a vehicle that is parked in a designated parking area or space, stopped in an area off the roadway or is a working motor vehicle is noted to have obstructed the view of the driver. The vehicle may be but does not have to be a contact vehicle in the case.

**Splash or Spray of Passing Vehicle** is used when this condition is noted to have obstructed the view of the driver. The splash or spray can come from water or mud and the use of this code does not require it to be raining at the time of the crash.

**Inadequate Defrost or Defog System** is used when the presence of frost or fog on the windshield was noted as being due to an inadequate system. The case materials must state specifically that the system was not operating properly. If the case material states the presence of frost or fog alone on the windshield you should use code 13 - **Broken or Improperly Cleaned Windshield**.

**Inadequate Vehicle Lighting System** is used when the case materials indicat this driver's vision was impaired because the exterior lighting system (including head-lights, fog-lights, etc.) of the driver's vehicle was deficient in some way. This would include being turned off or not operating properly. This response should not be used to describe inadequate lighting systems of other vehicles (e.g., oncoming motor vehicles) or for inadequate highway lighting.

**Obstruction Interior to the Vehicle** is used when the case materials indicate this driver's vision was impaired because of a feature in the interior of their vehicle (including head restraint, rear-view mirror, window stickers, sun shades, ornaments, windshield tinting).

Vehicles Driver/Vison

**External Mirrors** is used when the case materials indicate that an exterior mirror on this driver's vehicle created a visual obstruction.

**Broken or Improperly Cleaned Windshield** is used when this condition is noted to have obstructed the view of the driver. The presence of frost or fog on the windshield would apply. For a "fogged" or "frosted" windshield due to an inadequate or inoperable system see code "09".

**Obstructing Angles on Vehicle** is used when the PAR indicates that the size or shape of a driver's own vehicle created a visual obstruction (including trailer, vehicle height, blind spot). Not to be confused with visual obstructions from other vehicles or a vehicle's interior components such as head restraints, sun shades, etc.

**Vision Obscured - No Details** is used when the case materials indicates that a vision impediment exists but does not clearly indicate the nature of the impediment.

**Other Visual Obstruction** is used when the case materials indicates a vision impediment that cannot be attributed to one of the other codes above. For example, an unattached trailer left on the road shoulder.

### **D06 DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID**

Screen Heading: What the Driver Maneuvered to Avoid

**Screen Name:** What the Driver Maneuvered to Avoid (710-E)

**Long Name:** Encode the attribute(s) which indicate what the driver attempted to

avoid.

SAS Name: D06-Vehicle.Drman Av, M D06-Maneuver.MDrmanAv

Oracle Name: GES.DriverManveuver.ManeuverID

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26240	00	Driver Did Not Maneuver To Avoid
2	26241	01	Object In Road
3	26242	02	Poor Road Conditions (Puddle, Ice, Pothole, Etc.)
4	26405	03	Animal In Road
5	26685	04	Vehicle In Road
6	26686	05	Pedestrian, Pedalcyclist or Other Non-Motorist In Road
7	26687	50	Hit & Run (And No Information)
8	n/a	n/a	Not Reported
9	26688	97	Avoidance Maneuver - No Details
10	26689	99	Unknown If Driver Maneuvered To Avoid
11	26690	95	No driver present
12	26691	93	Not on PAR
13	26692	94	Not Coded
14	26693	92	Phantom Vehicle

#### Remarks:

This variable identifies the thing(s) the driver attempted to avoid. The maneuver may have subsequently contributed to the cause of the crash. Code the thing(s) the driver tried to avoid whether the maneuver was successful or not (i.e., whether or not the driver was able to avoid the object, poor road condition, animal, vehicle or non-motorist).

If the person or object is off the road when the maneuver takes place, then this action should

not be coded here (a driver who leaves the road and swerves to avoid a pedestrian on the sidewalk would be coded as **Driver Did Not Maneuver To Avoid**).

Do not consider driver or witness statements (except an avoidance maneuver associated with a phantom vehicle) unless verified by the investigating police officer.

Enter **Driver Did Not Maneuver To Avoid** when the preponderance of the information on the PAR indicates that there were no avoidance type maneuvers made by the driver prior to the First Harmful Event. Use this code if (all) the thing(s) the driver tried to avoid are off the road.

Screen Element values "02" through "06" and A14" are selected if indicated on the PAR.

Enter **Poor Road Conditions (Puddle, Ice, Pothole, etc.)** when the driver maneuvered to avoid the location of a road condition. Treat the condition as if it were an object. Do not use this code if the driver lost control while traveling on/over the road condition but made no maneuver to avoid it.

Enter **Hit-And-Run** (**No Information**) if the PAR specifically indicates unknown in this driver's vehicle or environmental related section and the driver is coded [Hit & Run (Vehicle and/or Driver Left Scene)] for variable Driver Presence (D01). However, if the PAR reports a maneuver to avoid (subsequently determined by the police after the driver left the scene) for a hit-and-run driver, then enter the indicated element rather than this element. This includes entering **Driver Did Not Maneuver To Avoid** if the preponderance of the evidence on the PAR so indicates.

Enter **Avoidance Maneuver - No Details** when the PAR indicates that some action was taken by the driver to avoid something or someone in the road but does not clearly indicate what this person or thing was.

Enter **Unknown If Driver Maneuvered To Avoid** when the PAR indicates it is unknown whether or not a nonvisual environmentally related problem existed at the time of the crash <u>and</u> the driver did not leave the scene [i.e., Driver Presence (D01) encoded other than (Driver Left Scene)].

**No Driver Present** is used when there is no driver in this vehicle.

Enter **Not on PAR** if no block exists on the PAR for reporting what the driver maneuvered to avoid and no other information is available.

Enter **Not Coded** if there is a specific location on the police report for assessment of what the driver maneuvered to avoid but the investigating officer fails to make either a positive or negative assessment.

Enter **Phantom Vehicle** when the driver alleges there is an avoidance maneuver associated with an involved vehicle which the reporting officer cannot substantiate.

## **D07 DRIVER DISTRACTED BY**

**Screen Heading:** Driver Distractions

**Screen Name:** Driver Distractions (720-E)

**Long Name:** Encode the driver distraction(s).

**SAS Name:** D07-Vehicle.Dr\_Dstrd, M\_D07-Distract.MDrDstrd

Oracle Name: GES.DriverDistraction.DistractionID

## **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26268	0	Not Distracted
2	17133	1	Looked But Did Not See
3	26270	3	By Other Occupant(s)
4	26271	4	By moving object in vehicle
5	26398	5	While talking or listening to cellular phone
6	26690	6	While dialing cellular phone
7	26691	7	While adjusting climate controls
8	26692	8	While adjusting radio, cassette, CD
9	26693	9	While using other device/controls integral to vehicle
10	26694	10	While using or reaching for device/object brought into vehicle
11	16911	11	Sleepy or fell asleep
12	16912	12	Distracted by outside person, object or event
13	16913	13	Eating or drinking
14	16914	14	Smoking related
15	n/a	n/a	Not Reported
16	16910	97	Inattentive or lost in thought
17	16915	98	Other distraction
18	26695	99	Unknown if distracted
19	26696	95	No driver present
20	26697	93	Not on PAR
21	26698	94	Not Coded
22	26699	92	Distraction/Inattention, Details Unknown
23	26700	15	Other Cellular Phone Related
24	26701	50	Hit & Run (And No Information)

#### Remarks:

Record the attribute(s) which best describe this driver's attention to driving prior to the driver's realization of an impending critical event or just prior to impact if realization of an impending critical event does not occur. If this driver's vehicle has two critical crash envelopes, record the attribute(s) which best describe the driver's attention prior to the first Critical Precrash Event (i.e., prior to realization of the impending danger which the driver successfully avoided). Intoxication is not considered a distraction.

**Not distracted** is used when the driver is known to have been completely attentive to driving prior to realization of impending danger.

**Looked but did not see** is used when the driver is paying attention to driving, but does not see the relevant vehicle, object, etc. This code should be used when a driver has an opportunity to take some action prior to impact, but the driver takes no action and no other distractions apply. This situation frequently occurs when an overtaking vehicle is in the driver's "blind spot" or at intersections when a crossing vehicle is not noticed. If the driver sees the vehicle, object, etc., but does not consider it a danger, and no other distractions apply then code **Not distracted**.

**By other occupant(s)** is used when the driver was distracted by another occupant in this driver's vehicle prior to realization of impending danger. Examples of other occupant distraction include conversing with or looking at another occupant.

**By moving object in vehicle** is used when the driver was distracted by a moving object in this driver's vehicle prior to realization of impending danger. Examples included a dropped object, a moving pet, insect or cargo.

While talking or listening to cellular phone is used when the driver is talking or listening on a cellular phone.

While dialing cellular phone is used when the driver is dialing or text messaging (texting) a cellular phone. This includes dialing or text messaging on any wireless e-mail device.

While adjusting climate controls is used when someone is distracted from the driving task while adjusting the air conditioner heater, etc.

While adjusting radio, cassette, CD is used when someone is distracted from the driving task while adjusting or using the radio, cassette, CD which are mounted in the vehicle.

While using other device/controls integral to vehicle is used when the driver is distracted while using a device in the vehicle including adjusting windows (power or manual) adjusting door locks (power or manual, adjusting side view mirrors (power or manual), adjusting rear view manual, adjusting seat (power or manual), adjusting steering wheel, and adjusting seat belt, etc. (OEM equipment).

While using or reaching for device/object brought into vehicle is used when the driver is distracted while using or reaching for a device in the vehicle including a radar detector, CDs, razors, portable CD player, headphones, cigarette lighter, etc. The use of another device to light a cigarette other than the vehicle's cigarette lighter should be coded **smoking related**. This attribute is also used when it can not be determined if the involved device was OEM, brought into the vehicle, or a function of a cell phone (i.e. GPS).

**Sleepy or fell asleep** is used when the driver was sleeping or dozing prior to realization of impending danger or just prior to impact if realization did not occur.

**Distracted by outside person, object or event** is used when the driver was distracted by an outside person, object or event prior to realization of impending danger. Examples include animals on the roadside or a previous crash. Do not use this code for a person, object or event which the driver has recognized and for which the driver has taken some action (e.g. avoiding a pedestrian on the roadway)

**Eating or drinking** is used when the driver is eating or drinking or involved in an activity related to these actions (i.e. picking food from carton placed on passenger seat, reaching to throw out used food wrapper, etc.)

**Smoking related** is used when the driver is smoking or involved in an activity related to smoking, such as lighting his cigarette, putting his ashes in the ash tray, etc. The act of using the cigarette lighter of the vehicle, is coded **While using other device/object in vehicle**. Any other method of lighting the cigarette would be coded **Smoking related**.

**Inattentive or lost in thought** is used when the driver is thinking about items other than the driving task (daydreaming).

**Other distraction** is used when details regarding this driver's distraction are known but none of the specified codes are applicable (e.g., incapacitating illness).

**Unknown if distracted** is used when the PAR specifically indicates unknown and the narrative provides no information regarding driver distractions. Also use this response when hit and run drivers are involved, unless the PAR provides information about driver distraction/inattention.

**No driver present** is used when there is no driver in this vehicle.

Enter **Not on PAR** if no block exists on the PAR for reporting driver distraction/inattention and no other information is available.

Enter **Not coded** if there is a specific location on the police report for assessment of driver distraction/inattention but the investigating officer fails to make either a positive or negative assessment.

**Distraction/inattention, details unknown** is used when distraction and/or inattention are noted on the PAR, but the specifics are unknown.

**Other Cellular Phone Related** is used when the Police Report indicates the driver is distracted from the driving task due to cellular phone involvement, but none of the specified codes are applicable (e.g., reaching for cellular phone, etc.). This code is also applied when specific details regarding cellular phone distraction / usage are not provided.

Enter **Hit and Run (And No Information**) when the driver and/or vehicle left the scene and there is no information about driver attention.

# P15 RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (OCCUPANTS)

Screen Heading: Restraints Used

Screen Name: Restraints Used (845-E)

Long Name:

What restraints are being used by this occupant immediately prior to

the

crash?

**SAS Name:** Person.Rest\_Sys

Oracle Name: GES.Restraint.RestraintID

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	10313	0	None Used or N/A
2	10319	5	Motorcycle Helmet
3	10328	7	None Available
4	10327	9	Unknown If Used
5	10316	1	Lap/Shoulder Belt
6	10317	2	Lap Belt
7	10318	3	Shoulder Belt
8	10323	6	Child Safety Seat
9	10324	8	Restraint Used - Specifics Unknown or Other

### Remarks:

This variable encodes what was documented on the PAR regarding occupant use of available vehicle restraints (i.e., belts, child safety seat or helmet). There is no differentiation here regarding the type of restraint (i.e. manual or automatic).

Enter **None Used** when the PAR indicates that the occupant did not use a restraint. In order to code this value, the PAR first has to indicate that there was a restraint available and that the occupant of that seat position did not use the available restraint. **N/A** applies when the person type is non-motorist.

Enter **Lap/Shoulder Belt** when the PAR indicates that both a lap and a shoulder belt were used. Also, use this code if the PAR has a block which identifies Lap or Shoulder separately and "Lap/Shoulder" is checked.

Enter **Child Safety Seat** if a child restraint is used in conjunction with shoulder and/or lap belts.

Enter **None Available** when the PAR indicates that no restraint was available in the seat position of this occupant. Use this code for persons who are riding in the sleeper section of the cab of a truck and persons who are riding on the exterior of the vehicle--Seating Position (P04) coded [Sleeper Section of Cab (Truck)] or [Riding on Exterior of Vehicle].

Enter **Restraint Used - Specifics Unknown or Other** if the PAR indicates that some type of restraint was in use but the type of restraint is not clear.

Enter **Unknown If Used** if there is no area on the PAR for the officer to report restraint use or the information on the PAR is inadequate to determine restraint use.

Note: The presence of an air bag system does not mean that there are no active belts present. In fact, most if not all air bag equipped vehicles also have some belt restraint system installed in the seat positions protected by the air bags.

Persons such as children who are held by another person are not considered to be restrained, nor to have restraints available.

# P18 PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (DRIVERS)

**Screen Heading:** Physical Impairments

**Screen Name:** Physical Impairments (860-E)

**Long Name:** Did the police identify any contributory physical impairments?

SAS Name: P18-Person.Impairmt, M\_P18-Impair.MImpair

Oracle Name: GES.Impairment.ImpairID

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26791	00	None
2	26792	01	III, Blackout
3	26793	02	Drowsy, Sleepy, Fell Asleep, Fatigued
4	26794	03	Requires Cane Or Crutches
5	26795	04	Paraplegic Or Restricted To Wheelchair
6	26796	05	Impaired Due To Previous Injury
7	26797	06	Deaf
8	26798	07	Blind
9	26799	97	Physical Impairment-No Details
10	26800	98	Other Physical Impairment
11	26801	99	Unknown If Physically Impaired
12	26820	50	Hit & Run (And No Information)
13	26821	93	Not on PAR
14	26822	94	Not Coded

#### Remarks:

This question attempts to identify physical impairments of drivers which may have contributed to the cause of the crash. These impairments can appear anywhere on the PAR--in the narrative section, in the violations section, in a column entitled "Contributing Factors" or "Driver Action", etc. Do not consider pedestrian, non-motorist or witness statements unless verified by the investigating police officer.

Enter **None** when the PAR indicates that there were no physical impairments for this person.

Enter **III**, **Blackout** when indicated on the PAR. Enter this element even if the source of the illness or loss of consciousness is alcohol or drug related.

Enter **Drowsy**, **Sleepy**, **Fell Asleep**, **Fatigued** when indicated on the PAR. Alcohol or other drugs may be the source of this impairment.

Enter Requires Cane Or Crutches when indicated on the PAR.

Enter **Paraplegic or Restricted to Wheelchair** if this person has to use a wheelchair or is paraplegic (may or may not have used a wheelchair).

Enter **Impaired Due To Previous Injury** if the PAR specifically indicates this condition (e.g., pedestrian is involved in this crash subsequent to his/her involvement in a previous crash in which the pedestrian was injured). This element should be extremely rare.

Enter **Deaf** when indicated on the PAR.

Enter **Blind** when indicated on the PAR.

Enter **Physical Impairment - No Details** when the PAR indicates that "some" physical impairment exists but does not clearly indicate the nature of the impairment.

Enter **Other Physical Impairment** when the PAR indicates a physical impairment that cannot be attributed to one of the other elements above (Screen element values "2" through "8"), e.g., the driver is charged with DUIL.

Enter **Unknown If Physically Impaired** when the PAR indicates that the person's physical condition at the time of the crash is unknown.

Enter **Hit and Run (And No Information**) when the driver and/or vehicle left the scene and there is no information about driver impairment.

Enter **Not on PAR** if no block exists on the PAR for reporting physical impairment information and no other information is available.

Enter **Not Coded** if there is a specific location on the police report for physical impairment information, the investigating officer fails to make either a positive or negative assessment and no other information is available.

## **PV01 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER**

**Screen Heading:** Parked/Working Vehicle Number

Screen Name: None (N)

Long Name: None

**SAS Name:** Parked.PVehno

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.VehicleID, GES.Parked.VehicleNumber

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

1-30 1-30 Computer Assigned Number

#### Remarks:

Parked/Working vehicles within a crash are numbered sequentially by the computer beginning with 1; no numbers are skipped.

Parked vehicles are motor vehicles stopped off the roadway.

Working motor vehicles are motor vehicles which are in the act of performing trafficway construction, maintenance or utility work when involved in a crash.

### PV07 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

Screen Heading: Parked/Working Vehicle Data

Screen Name: Parked/Working Vehicle VIN (1260-E)

Long Name:

What is the vehicle identification number of this parked/working

vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PVIN

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.VIN

**Element Values:** 

Enter the entire VIN. Left justify.

000000000000000 No VIN Required

999999999999 Unknown

SAS values:

The first 12 characters of the 17 character VIN. Left Justify.

00000000000 No VIN Required

9999999999 Unknown

#### Remarks:

Vehicles manufactured after September 1980 conform to Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard 115. This standard requires that each VIN have 17 characters, not contain the letters "I", "O" or "Q", and pass a mathematical test (check digit). Vehicles older then 1980 may have VINs that are shorter.

Code the complete VIN. The VIN is always left-justified.

If the VIN is less than 17-characters long (pre-1981 VIN), leave the remaining characters blank. <u>Do not zero-fill.</u>

Enter **Unknown** when the entire VIN is unknown or missing.

Trailer VINs are not coded. If the VIN for the power unit is not available, code **Unknown**.

Enter all zero's or No VIN Required if the vehicle is not required to have a VIN as per FMVSS 115 or the vehicle does not require registration (farm tractors, go-carts, etc.)

NOTE: For any multi-stage manufactured vehicle (e.g., school bus, motor home, limousine, tow truck, etc), enter the VIN for the vehicle's power unit/chassis. Do not code the secondary manufacturer's serial number which is not considered a VIN under FMVSS 115.

If the vehicle is manufactured by the Ford Motor Company and the VIN begins or ends with a script, "f", the "f" is not entered.

Proceed to the next character, as in the example below.

VIN: f 3U62S100932 f ENTER: 3U62S100932

In addition, if any hyphens or periods are contained in the string of alphanumeric characters, ignore them as in the example below.

VIN: SM-E.3076421 ENTER: SME3076421

For vehicles that require a VIN, enter UNKNOWN if the PAR does not provide the VIN.

Leave "Blank" any column which does not have a VIN character. If part of the VIN is missing or not decipherable, leave the column any such character would ordinarily occupy "Blank." In the special case where the first 11 columns of the VIN are blank, but part or all of columns 12 through 17 contain information, code unknown instead of the partial information contained in columns 12 through 17 of the VIN.

If the information from PC VINA or VINASSIST and the PAR are inconsistent, use the following guidelines.

Make and model on the PAR takes precedence over the make and model indicated by the VIN.

Model year - Use model year as indicated by VIN if the Vin Make and Model matches the make and model shown on the PAR.

Body type - Use body type indicated by the VIN if the VIN Make and Model matches the make and model shown on the PAR.

If the information about make and model on the PAR is inconsistent, model takes precedence over the make.

# PV07A PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LICENSE PLATE NUMBER

Screen Heading: Vehicle Data

Screen Name: License Plate (472-E)

**Long Name:** What is the vehicle license plate number?

**SAS Name:** Parked. PLICPLATE

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.LicensePlateID

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

000000000 000000000 No License Plate Number

xxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxx xxxxxxxx 10 Characters \* 999999999 99999999 Unknown

Remarks:

# **PV07B PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE REGISTRATION STATE**

Screen Heading: Vehicle Data

Screen Name: Registered State (474-E)

**Long Name:** What is the vehicle's registration state?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PRegState

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.RegistStateID

# **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	Screen	Oracle	SAS
2	AL	01 Alabama	33	NH	33 New Hampshire
1	AK	02 Alaska	34	NJ	34 New Jersey
4	AS	03 American Samoa	35	NM	35 New Mexico
5	ΑZ	04 Arizona	37	NY	36 New York
3	AR	05 Arkansas	30	NC	37 North Carolina
	CA	06 California	31	ND	38 North Dakota
7	CO	08 Colorado	38	OH	39 Ohio
8	CT	09 Connecticut	39	OK	40 Oklahoma
10	DE	10 Delaware	40	OR	41 Oregon
9	DC	11 District of Columbia	41	PA	42 Pennsylvania
11	FL	12 Florida	42	PR	43 Puerto Rico
12	GA	13 Georgia	43	RI	44 Rhode Island
13	GU	14 Guam	44	SC	45 South Carolina
	HI	15 Hawaii	45	SD	46 South Dakota
16	ID	16 Idaho	46	TN	47 Tennessee
17	IL	17 Illinois	47	TX	48 Texas
18	IN	18 Indiana	48	UT	49 Utah
15	IA	19 Iowa	51	VT	50 Vermont
19	KS	20 Kansas	49	VA	51 Virginia
20	KY	21 Kentucky	50	VI	52 Virgin Islands
	LA	22 Louisiana	52	WA	53 Washington
	ME	23 Maine	54	WV	54 West Virginia
23	MD	24 Maryland	53	WI	55 Wisconsin
	MA	25 Massachusetts	55	WY	56 Wyoming
	MI	26 Michigan			
	MN	27 Minnesota	56	93	93 Indian Nation
	MS	28 Mississippi	57	94	94 U.S. Government
	MO	29 Missouri	58	95	95 Canada
	MT	30 Montana	59	96	96 Mexico
	NE	31 Nebraska	60	97	97 Other Foreign
36	NV	32 Nevada			Country
			61	98	98 No Driver Present
			62	99	99 Unknown

### Remarks:

**U.S. Government** is used to indicate the license was issued by the U.S. Government, such as military or State Department Foreign Service.

If there is no license plate number, use the residence of the driver, no driver present or unknown if the residence of the driver is unknown.

## **PV03 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MAKE**

**Screen Heading:** Parked/Working Vehicle Data

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Make (1220-E)

**Long Name:** What is the make of the parked/working vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PMake

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.Make

**Element Values:** 

See element values section under V03, Vehicle Make.

### Remarks:

Note that for both PV03, Parked/Working Vehicle Make, and PV04, Parked/Working Vehicle Model, the use of the terms "other" and "unknown" have very specific meanings. "Other" refers to a make or model which is known but is not explicitly listed. "Unknown" refers to the situation where no specific make or model is known.

Selection of the proper "other" or "unknown" code can only be made with consideration of the parked/working vehicle's body type. For example, if a medium/heavy truck or bus make is known and is not listed, PV03, Parked/Working Vehicle Make, is coded **OTHER MAKE** (med/heavy truck/bus or "other") and the appropriate model code is used. If the make is unknown but the body type is known as a "school bus", for instance, PV03,Parked/Working Vehicle Make, is coded **Unknown Manufacturer** and PV04, Parked/Working Vehicle Model, is coded **Unknown Bus Type**.

# **PV04 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL**

**Screen Heading:** Parked/working Vehicle Data

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Model (1230-E)

**Long Name:** What is the model of the parked/working vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PModel

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.Model

**Element Values:** 

See element values section under V04, Vehicle Model.

### Remarks:

Note that for both PV03, Parked/Working Vehicle Make, and PV04, Parked/Working Vehicle Model, the use of the terms "other" and "unknown" have very specific meanings. "Other" refers to a make or model which is known but is not explicitly listed. "Unknown" refers to the situation where no specific make or model is known.

Selection of the proper "other" or "unknown" code can only be made with consideration of the parked/working vehicle's body type. For example, if a medium/heavy truck or bus make is known and is not listed, PV03, Parked/Working Vehicle Make, is coded **OTHER MAKE** (med/heavy truck/bus or "other") and the appropriate model code is used. If the make is unknown but the body type is known as a "school bus", for instance, PV03, Parked/Working Vehicle Make, is coded **Unknown Manufacturer** and PV04, Parked/Working Vehicle Model, is coded **Unknown Bus Type**.

If a parked/working vehicle make or parked/working vehicle model is encountered which is not listed, headquarters is notified.

# PV05 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE

Screen Heading: Parked/Working Vehicle Data

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Body Type (1240-E)

**Long Name:** What is the body type of this parked/working vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PBodyTyp

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.BodyTypeID

**Element Values:** 

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
			AUTOMOBILES
*	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	01 02 03 04 05 06 07	Convertible (excludes sun-roof, t-bar) 2-Door Sedan, Hardtop, Coupe 3-Door/2-Door Hatchback 4-Door Sedan, Hardtop 5-Door/4-Door Hatchback Station Wagon (excluding van and truck based) Hatchback, Number of Doors Unknown  17 17 3-Door Coupe Other Automobile Type Unknown Automobile Type
		AU	TOMOBILE DERIVATIVES
	10	10	Auto Based Pickup (includes El Camino, Caballero, Ranchero, Brat, and Rabbit Pickup)
	11	11	Auto Based Panel (Cargo Station Wagon, auto based Ambulance/Hearse)
	12	12	Large Limousine (More than four side doors or stretched chassis)
	13	13	Three Wheel Automobile or Automobile Derivative
			UTILITY VEHICLES
	14	14	Compact Utility (Jeep CJ-2 - CJ-7, Scrambler, Golden Eagle, Renegade, Laredo, Wrangler, Cherokee (84 and after), Dispatcher, Raider, Bronco II, Bronco (before 77), Explorer, S-10 Blazer, Geo Tracker, Bravada, S15 Jimmy, Thing, Pathfinder, Trooper, Trooper II, Rodeo, Amigo, Navajo, 4-Runner, Montero, Passport, Samurai, Sidekick, and Rocky)
	15	15	Large Utility (Jeep Cherokee (83 and before),

16	16	Ramcharger, Trailduster, Bronco-full size (78 and after), full size Blazer, full size Jimmy, Hummer, Land Cruiser, Rover, Scout, and Yukon) Utility Station Wagon (Chevrolet Suburban, GMC Suburba, Travelall, Grand Wagoneer; also includes
19	19	suburban limousine) Utility Vehicle, Unknown Body Type
VAN BA	SED L	IGHT TRUCKS ( <= 4,536 KG GVWR)
20	20	Minivan (Chrysler Town and Country, Caravan, Grand Caravan, Voyager, Grand Voyager, Mini-Ram, Dodge/Plymouth Vista, Aerostar, Windstar, Villager, Lumina APV, Silhouette, Trans Sport, Astro, Safari, Vanagon/Camper, Toyota Van and Minivan, Previa, Nissan Minivan, Quest, Expo Wagon, and Mitsubishi Minivan)
21	21	Large Van (B150-350, Sportsman, Royal, Maxiwagon, Ram, Tradesman, Voyager (83 and before), E150-350, Econoline, Clubwagon, Chateau, G10-G30, Chevy Van, Beauville, Sport Van, G15-G35, Rally Van, and Vandura)
22	22	Step Van or Walk-in Van ( <= 4,536 kg GVWR)
23	23	Van Based Motorhome
24	24	Van Based School Bus
25	25	Van Based Other Bus
28	28	Other Van Type (Hi-Cube, Kary)
29	29	Unknown Van Type
LIGHT CONVENTI	ONAL	TRUCKS (pickup style cab <= 4,536 kg GVWR)
30	30	Compact Pickup (D50, Colt P/U, Ram 50, Ram 100, Dakota, Arrow Pickup (foreign), Ranger, Courier, S-10, T-10, LUV, S-15, T-15, Sonoma, Datsun/Nissan Pickup, P'up, Mazda Pickup, Toyota Pickup, Mitsubishi Pickup)
31	31	Large Pickup (Jeep Pickup, Comanche, Ram Pickup, D100-D350, W100-W350, F100-F350, C10-C35, K10-K35, R10-R35, V10-V35, Silverado, Sierra, R100-R500, T100)
32	32	Pickup With Slide-In Camper
33	33	Convertible Pickup
39	39	Unknown (Pickup Style) Light Conventional Truck
ОТН	ER LIG	SHT TRUCKS ( <= 4,536 kg GVWR)
40	40	Cab Chassis Based (includes Rescue Vehicle, Light Stake, Dump, and Tow Truck)
41	41	Truck Based Panel
42	42	Light Truck Based Motorhome (Chassis Mounted)
45	45	Other Light Truck Type

Parked/Working Vehicles			General/Parked/Working Vehicle
	48	48	Unknown Light Truck Type (Utility, Van, Pickup or Other Light Truck)
	49	49	Unknown Light Vehicle Type (Automobile, Utility, Van or Light Truck)
			BUSES
	50	50	School Bus (designed to carry students, not cross country or transit)
motorhome)	58	58	Other Bus Type (transit, intercity, bus based
motomomo	59	59	Unknown Bus Type
	ME	EDIUM/H	IEAVY TRUCKS (>4,536 kg GVWR)
	60	60	Step Van
	64	64	Single Unit Straight Truck
	65	65	Medium/Heavy Truck Based Motorhome
	66	66	Truck-Tractor (Cab only or with any number of trailing units)
	78	78	Unknown Medium/Heavy Truck Type
	79	79	Unknown Truck Type (light/medium/heavy)
МС	OTORED (	CYCLES	(does not include all-terrain vehicle/cycles)
	80	80	Motorcycle
	81	81	Moped (motorized bicycle)
	82	82	Three Wheeled Motorcycle or Moped
	88	88	Other Motored Cycle Type (minibike,
	89	89	motorscooter) Unknown Motored Cycle Type
			OTHER VEHICLES
	90	90	ATV (All-Terrain Vehicle) and ATC (All-Terrain Cycle)
	91	91	Snowmobile
	92	92	Farm Equipment Other Than Trucks
	93	93	Construction Equipment Other Than Trucks (includes graders)
	97	97	Other Type Vehicle (includes go-cart, fork lift, city street sweeper)
	99	99	Unknown Body Type

<sup>\*</sup> The screen values displayed are determined by the make and model of vehicle selected. For example, if the make/model selected is Cadillac/Catera, only AUTOMOBILE body types are displayed. The screen values for the body types displayed are sequential numbers beginning with one (1).

### Remarks:

### <u>AUTOMOBILES</u>

These attributes are used to classify different types of passenger cars. These type of light vehicles, referred to as automobiles, are designed primarily to transport passengers.

**Convertible (excludes sun-roof and t-bar)** refers to a passenger car equipped with a removable or retractable roof. To qualify for this code, the entire roof must open. Convertible roofs are generally fabric; however, removable hardtops are also included. This code takes priority over 2-door or 4-door codes.

**2-door sedan, hardtop, coupe** refers to a passenger car equipped with two doors for ingress/egress and a separate trunk area for cargo (i.e., trunk lid hinged below the backlight). Folding rear seats do not necessarily violate the separate "trunk area" concept.

**3-door/2-door hatchback** refers to a passenger car equipped with two doors for ingress/egress and a rear hatch opening for cargo (i.e., hinged above the backlight). The cargo area is not permanently partitioned from the passenger compartment area.

**3-door coupe** refers to a passenger car equipped with three doors for ingress/egress in which 2 of the doors are located on the driver's side and a separate trunk area for cargo(i.e., trunk lid hinged below the backlight). Folding rear seats do not necessarily violate the separate "trunk area" concept.

**4-door sedan**, hardtop refers to a passenger car equipped with four doors for ingress/egress and a separate trunk area for cargo (i.e., trunk lid hinged below the backlight). Folding rear seats do not necessarily violate the separate "trunk area" concept.

**5-door/4-door hatchback** refers to a passenger car equipped with four doors for ingress/egress and a rear hatch opening for cargo (i.e., hinged above the backlight). The cargo area is not permanently partitioned from the passenger compartment area.

**Station wagon (excluding van and truck based)** refers to a passenger car with an enlarged cargo area. The entire roof covering the cargo area is generally equal in height from front to rear and full height side glass is installed between the C and D-pillars. The rearmost area is not permanently partitioned from the forward passenger compartment area (e.g., "horizontal window shades" to hide cargo do not constitute partitions).

**Hatchback**, number of doors unknown refers to a passenger car with an unknown number of doors for ingress/egress and a rear hatch opening for cargo (i.e., hinged above the backlight). The cargo area is not permanently partitioned from the passenger compartment area.

**Other Automobile Type** refers to any passenger car that cannot be described by other automobile codes.

**Unknown Automobile Type** is used when it is known that the vehicle is a passenger car, but there is insufficient data to determine the type.

## AUTOMOBILE DERIVATIVES

This describes certain passenger cars that have been modified to perform cargo-related tasks.

Auto based pickup (includes El Camino, Caballero, Ranchero, Brat, and Rabbit pickup) refers to a passenger car based, pickup type vehicle. The roof area (and side glass) rearward of the front seats on a station wagon have been removed and converted into a pickup-type cargo box.

**Auto based panel (cargo station wagon, auto based ambulance/hearse)** refers to an automotive station wagon that may have sheet metal rearward of the B-pillar rather than glass.

**Large Limousine** - more than four side doors or stretched chassis refers to an automobile that has sections added within its wheelbase to increase length and passenger/cargo carrying capacity.

**Three-wheel automobile or automobile derivative** refers to three-wheel vehicles with an enclosed passenger compartment.

### UTILITY VEHICLES (<= 4,536 kg GVWR)

**Multi-purpose vehicles (MPV)** are designed to have off-road capabilities. These vehicles are: generally four wheel drive (4 x 4), have increased ground clearance, and are equipped with a strong frame. Four wheel drive automobiles are not considered MPVs.

**Compact Utility** (Jeep CJ-2 - CJ-7, Scrambler, Golden Eagle, Renegade, Laredo, Wrangler, Cherokee (84 and after), Dispatcher, Raider, Bronco II, Bronco (before 77), Explorer, S-10 Blazer, Geo Tracker, Bravada, S-15 Jimmy, Thing, Pathfinder, Trooper, Trooper II, Rodeo, Amigo, Navajo, 4-Runner, Montero, Passport, Samurai, Sidekick, and Rocky) refers to a short wheelbase and narrow tracked multi-purpose vehicle designed to operate in rugged terrain.

**Large Utility** (Jeep Cherokee (83 and before), Ramcharger, Trailduster, Bronco-full size (78 and after), full size Blazer, full size Jimmy, Hummer, Land Cruiser, Rover, Scout, and Yukon) refers to fullsize multi-purpose vehicles primarily designed around a shortened pickup truck chassis. Generally a station wagon style body, some model are equipped with a removable top.

**Utility Station Wagon** (Chevrolet Suburban, GMC Suburban, Travelall, Grand Wagoneer, includes suburban limousine) refers primarily to a pickup truck based chassis enlarged to a station wagon.

**Utility Vehicle, Unknown Body Type** is used when it is known that the vehicle is a utility vehicle, but there is insufficient data to determine the specific type.

## VAN BASED LIGHT TRUCKS (<= 4,536 kg GVWR)

Light trucks (<= 4,536 kg GVWR) are designed to maximize cargo/passenger area versus overall length. Basically a "box on wheels", these vehicles are identifiable by their enclosed cargo/passenger area and relatively short (or non-existent) hood.

**Minivan** (Town and Country, Caravan, Grand Caravan, Voyager, Grand Voyager, Mini-Ram, Vista, Aerostar, Windstar, Villager, Lumina APV, Trans Sport, Silhouette, Astro, Safari, Toyota Van, Toyota Minivan, Previa, Nissan Minivan, Quest, Mitsubishi Minivan, Expo Wagon, Vanagon/Camper) refers to down-sized cargo or passenger vans.

**Large Van** (B150-B350, Sportsman, Royal, Maxiwagon, Ram, Tradesman, Voyager (83 and before), E150-E350, Econoline, Clubwagon, Chateau, G10-G30, Chevy Van, Beauville, Sport Van, G15-G35, Rally Van, Vandura) refers to a standard cargo or passenger van. These vans will generally have a larger capacity in both volume and GVWR.

**Step Van or Walk-In Van** (<= 4,536 kg GVWR) refers to a multi-stop delivery vehicle with a GVWR less than or equal to 4,536 kilograms. Examples are the Grumman LLV used by the US Postal Service or the Aeromate manufactured by Utilimaster Motor Corporation.

**Van Based Motorhome** (<= 4,536 kg GVWR) refers to a van where the chassis and cab portions from the B-pillar forward of this vehicle are the same as in attributes minivans, large van, step van; however, a frame mounted recreational unit is added behind the driver/cab area. This code takes priority over attributes minivan and large van.

Van Based School Bus (<= 4,536 kg GVWR) is a passenger van designed to carry students (passengers) to and from educational facilities and/or related functions. The vehicles are characteristically painted yellow and clearly identified as school buses. Use this code regardless of whether the vehicle is owned by a school system or a private company. Van based school buses converted for other uses (e.g., church bus) also use this code.

**Van Based Other Bus** (<= 4,536 kg GVWR) is a van derivative (e.g., taxi, small local transit) designed to carry passengers for low occupancy functions or purposes. Van based school buses do not use this code.

**Other Van Type** (Hi-Cube Van, Kary) refers to a cargo or delivery van where the chassis and cab portions from the B-pillar forward of this vehicle are the same as in Minivans or Large Vans with a frame mounted cargo area unit added behind the driver/cab area or if the van cannot be described as a Minivan, Large Van, Step-van or a Van-based motorhome. Annotate the van type when using this code. This code takes priority over Minivans and Large Vans.

**Unknown Van Type** is used when it is known that this vehicle is a light van, but its specific type cannot be determined.

## LIGHT CONVENTIONAL TRUCKS (Pickup Style Cab, <= 4,536 kg GVWR)

Light Conventional Trucks are used to describe vehicles commonly referred to as pickup trucks and some of their derivatives. These light trucks are characteristically designed with a small cab containing a single row of seats (extended cabs with additional seats are available for some models), a large hood covering a conventional engine placement, and a separate open box area (approximately 180 to 240 centimeters long) for cargo.

**Compact Pickup** (D50, Colt P/U, Ram 50, Ram 100, Dakota, Arrow Pickup (foreign), Ranger, Courier, S-10, T-10, LUV, S-15, T-15, Sonoma, Datsun/Nissan Pickup, P'up, Mazda Pickup, Toyota Pickup, Mitsubishi Pickup) is used to describe a pickup truck having a width of 178 centimeters or less.

**Large Pickup** (Jeep Pickup, Comanche, Ram Pickup, D100-D350, W100-W350, F100-F350, C10-C35, K10-K35, R10-R35, V10-V35, Silverado, Sierra, R100-R500, T100) is used to describe a pickup truck having a width of greater than 178 centimeters.

**Pickup with Slide-in Camper** is used to describe any pickup truck that is equipped with a slide-in camper. A slide-in camper is a unit that mounts within a pickup bed. Pickup bed caps, tonneau covers or frame mounted campers are not applicable for this code.

**Convertible Pickup** refers to a pickup truck equipped with a removable or retractable roof. To qualify for this code, the entire roof must open. Convertible roofs are generally fabric; however, removable hardtops are also included. This code takes priority over compact and large pickups.

**Unknown Pickup Style Light Conventional Truck** is used when this vehicle is a Light Conventional Truck, but there is insufficient data to determine the specific code.

### OTHER LIGHT TRUCKS (<= 4,536 kg GVWR)

**Other Light Trucks** are used to describe vehicles that are based upon a conventional light pickup frame, but a commercial or recreational body has been affixed to the frame rather than a pickup box.

**Cab Chassis Based** (includes rescue vehicles, light stake, dump and tow truck) is used to describe a light vehicle with a pickup style cab and a commercial (non-pickup) body attached to the frame. Included are pickup based ambulances and tow trucks.

**Truck Based Panel** is used to describe a truck based station wagon that has sheet metal rather than glass above the beltline rearward of the B-pillars.

**Light Truck Based Motorhome** (chassis mounted) is used to describe a frame mounted recreational unit attached to a light van or conventional chassis.

**Other Light Conventional Truck Type** is used for light conventional trucks that cannot be described elsewhere.

**Unknown Light Truck Type** is used when it is known that the vehicle is a light truck chassis based vehicle but insufficient data exist to specify utility, van, pickup or other light vehicle.

**Unknown Light Vehicle Type** (automobile, utility, van or light truck) is used when it is known that the vehicle is a light vehicle, but insufficient data exists to specify what type of light vehicle it is.

## **BUSES** (Excludes Van Based)

**Buses** are defined as any medium/heavy motor vehicle designed primarily to transport large groups of passengers.

**School Bus** (designed to carry students, not cross country or transit) is a bus designed to carry passengers to and from educational facilities and/or related functions. The vehicles are characteristically painted yellow and clearly identified as school buses. Use this code regardless of whether the vehicle is owned by a school system or a private company. School buses converted for other uses (e.g., church bus) also take this code.

**Other Bus Type** (e.g., transit, intercity, bus based motorhome) is a transport device designed to carry passengers for longer periods of time. These vehicle may be classified as over-the-road, transit, intercity, bus related motorhome (other than school bus based) or other.

**Unknown Bus Type** is used when it is known the transport device is a bus but there is insufficient data to choose between attributes School Bus or Other Bus Type.

## MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCKS (>4,536 kg GVWR)

Medium/Heavy Trucks describe a single unit truck specifically designed for carrying cargo on the same chassis as the cab.

They pertain to a truck-tractor designed for towing trailers or semi-trailers. Although towing is their primary purpose, some truck-tractors are equipped with cargo areas located rearward of the cab.

**Step Van** (>4,536 kg GVWR) defines a single unit enclosed body with a GVWR greater than 4,536 kilograms and an integral driver's compartment and cargo area. Step vans are generally equipped with a folding driver seat mounted on a pedestal and a sliding door for easy ingress/egress.

**Single Unit Straight Truck** describes a non-articulated truck designed to carry cargo. The gross vehicle weight rating of the vehicle must exceed 4,536 kilograms. Ford F-450 and Ford F-550 super duty series are coded **Single Unit Straight Truck**.

**Medium/Heavy Truck Based Motorhome** describes a recreational vehicle mounted on a single unit medium/heavy truck chassis.

**Truck-Tractor** (Cab only or with any number of trailing units) describes a fifth wheel equipped tractor-trailer power unit. The number of trailing units is not a consideration.

**Unknown Medium/Heavy Truck Type** is used when it is unknown whether the medium/heavy truck is a single unit truck or a truck-tractor and/or trailer combination and it is known that the vehicle is either a medium or heavy truck with GVWR >4,536 kilograms. **Unknown Truck Type** (light/medium/heavy) is used when it is known that this vehicle is a truck, but there is insufficient data to classify the vehicle further.

## MOTORED CYCLES (Does Not Include All Terrain Vehicles/Cycles)

**Motorcycle** is used when the vehicle is a two-wheeled open (i.e., no enclosed body) vehicle propelled by an internal combustion engine. Motorcycles equipped with a side car also use this code.

**Moped** (motorized bicycle) is used when the vehicle is a motorized bicycle capable of moving either by pedaling or by an internal combustion engine.

**Three-Wheeled Motorcycle or Moped** is used when the vehicle is a three-wheeled open vehicle propelled by an internal combustion engine or a three-wheeled motorized bicycle capable of moving either by pedaling or by an internal combustion engine. **Other Motored Cycle** (minibike, motor scooter) is used when the vehicle in question does not qualify for attributes motorcycle, moped, three-wheeled motorcycle or moped (e.g., motor scooter).

**Unknown Motored Cycle Type** is used when it is known that the vehicle is a motored cycle, but no further data is available.

### OTHER VEHICLES

Other Vehicles describes all motored vehicles that are designed primarily for off-road use.

**ATV** (All-Terrain Vehicle) and ATC (All-Terrain Cycle) is used for off-road recreational vehicles which cannot be licensed for use on public roadways. ATVs have 4 or more wheels and ATCs have 2 or 3 wheels. Generally, the tires have low pressure and wide profile (i.e., flotation/balloon).

**Snowmobile** refers to a vehicle designed to be operated over snow propelled by an internal combustion engine.

**Farm Equipment Other Than Trucks** refers to farming implements other than trucks propelled by an internal combustion engine (e.g., farm tractors, combines, etc.).

**Construction Equipment Other Than Trucks** refers to construction equipment other than trucks propelled by an internal combustion engine (e.g., bulldozer, roadgrader, etc.).

**Other Vehicle Type** is used when the motorized vehicle in question does not qualify for Construction equipment other than trucks, Farm equipment other than trucks, Snowmobile, ATV (All-Terrain Vehicle) and ATC (All-Terrain Cycle) (e.g., go-kart, dune buggy, "kit"car, etc.).

**Unknown Body Type** is used when there is no available information regarding the type of parked/working vehicle. This lack of information prohibits the accurate classification of this parked/working vehicle within one of the preceding codes.

# PV06 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL YEAR

**Screen Heading:** Parked/Working Vehicle Data

Screen Name: Parked/Working Vehicle Model Year (1250-E)

**Long Name:** What is the parked/working vehicle model year?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PModelYr

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.ModelYear

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

xxxx xxxx Four Digit Model Year

### Remarks:

Enter the 4 digit model year of the parked/working vehicle.

# **PV13 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING**

Screen Heading: Parked/Working Vehicle Data

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Trailing Units (1310-E)

**Long Name:** Did this parked/working vehicle have trailing units?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PTrailer

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.Trailing

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	11	0	No Trailing Units
2	12	1	One Trailing Unit
3	13	2	Two Trailing Units
4	14	3	Three or More Trailing Units
5	15	4	Yes, Number of Trailing Units Unknown
7	16	5	Vehicle towing another motor vehicle - fixed linkage
8	17	6	Vehicle towing another motor vehicle - non-fixed linkage
9	19	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

Trailing unit applies to any device connected to a motor vehicle by a hitch, including tractor-trailer combinations, a single-unit truck pulling a trailer (truck trailer), a boat trailer hitched onto a motor vehicle, etc.

If the case materials do not provide sufficient information if the linkage was fixed or not, consider the linkage as fixed.

A vehicle towing another motor vehicle is not considered to be a trailer but is considered to be a towed vehicle (see attribute "Vehicle towing another motor vehicle - fixed linkage" or "Vehicle towing another motor vehicle - non-fixed linkage").

A converter dolly is a device used to hitch a trailer to another semi-trailer or straight truck and is not counted as a separate trailing unit. For combination vehicles (medium/heavy trucks), count only the cargo-carrying units.

No Trailing Units is used when this vehicle was not pulling or towing a wheeled unit.

One Trailing Unit is used when one trailer was being pulled by this vehicle.

**Two Trailing Units** is used when this vehicle was pulling two trailers.

**Three or More Trailing Units** is used when this vehicle was pulling three or more trailers.

**Yes, Number of Trailing Units Unknown** is used when it is known that there was a trailer(s) but the number of trailers can not be determined.

Vehicle towing another motor vehicle - fixed linkage is used to identify that a vehicle was towing another motor vehicle(s) connected by a fixed linkage. The towed vehicle will have two or more wheels on the ground. This will most commonly apply to drive-away/tow-away tow trucks. These are vehicles equipped with a mechanism designed to be attached to a towed vehicle (e.g., hoist). This attribute would also be used for saddle-mounted towed vehicles. An example of a saddle-mount unit would be a bobtail towing one or more other bobtails. This attribute does not apply to vehicles towed by being loaded on a flatbed or auto transporter.

**Vehicle towing another motor vehicle - non-fixed linkage** is used to identify that a vehicle was towing another motor vehicle(s) connected by a non-fixed linkage. A non-fixed linkage includes ropes, chains or cables.

**Unknown** is used when it can not be determined from any information if a unit was being pulled or towed.

The intent of this data element is to determine if the vehicle was pulling a trailing unit. If the linkage is fixed, then the trailing unit is considered a towed unit. If the linkage is not fixed (e.g., one vehicle is pulling another using a rope), then each vehicle is considered to be separate.

## PV37 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION

**Screen Heading:** Parked/Working Vehicle Data

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Location (1420-E)

**Long Name:** Select the attribute which best describes the location of the

parked/working vehicle.

**SAS Name:** Parked.PRel\_Rwy

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.RoadwayRelID

## **Element Values:**

Screen	Ora	icle	SAS
1	10190	1	On Roadway
2	10191	2	On Shoulder
3	10192	3	On Median
4	10193	4	On Roadside
5	10194	5	Outside Trafficway
6	10195	6	Off Roadway - Location Unknown
7	19437	7	In Parking Lane
8	19438	8	Gore
9	19439	10	Separator
10	19440	99	Unknown
11	19441	9	Continuous Left Turn Lane

#### Remarks:

This element is coded as to the location of the parked/working vehicle.

**On Roadway** - The roadway is that part of a trafficway designed, improved and ordinarily used for motor vehicle travel or, where various classes of motor vehicles are segregated, that part of a trafficway used by a particular class. Separate roadways may be provided for northbound and southbound traffic or for trucks and automobiles. The roadway and any shoulder alongside the roadway together make up the road.

A **Shoulder** is that part of a trafficway contiguous with the roadway for emergency use, for accommodation of stopped vehicles and for lateral support of the roadway structure.

A **Median** is defined as that area of a divided trafficway between parallel roads separating the travelways for traffic in opposite directions. The principal functions of a median are to provide the desired freedom from interference of opposing traffic, to provide a recovery area for out-of-control vehicles, to provide a stopping area in case of emergencies, and to minimize headlight glare. Medians may be depressed, raised or flush. Flush medians can be as little as 4-feet wide between roadway edgelines. Painted roadway edgelines four (4) or more feet wide denote medians. Medians of lesser width must have a barrier to be considered a median.

On Roadside refers to a location off the roadway, but inside the right-of-way. It is the outermost part of the trafficway which lay between the outer property line or other barrier and the edge of the first road encountered in the trafficway. Use this element if the parked/working vehicle is in a raised or painted island (directional or channeling).

**Outside Trafficway** is used when the parked/working vehicle is outside the right-of-way.

**Off Roadway - Location Unknown** refers to a location off the roadway, but its relationship to the right-of-way is not known.

In Parking Lane refers to a strip of road located on the roadway or next to the roadway, on which parking is permitted. This includes curb-side and edge-of-roadway parking (for example, legal residential parking, city street parking, etc.). Sometimes a strip of roadway can be designated for parking at certain hours of the day (parking lane) and for regular travel at other hours (travel lane). This code should not be used during hours when parking is NOT permitted.

**Gore** is an area of land where two roadways diverge or converge. The area is bounded on two sides by the edges of the roadway, which join at the point of divergence or convergence. The direction of traffic must be the same on both of these roadways. The area includes SHOULDERS or marked pavement if any, between the roadways. The third side is 60 meters (approximately 200 feet) from the point of divergence or convergence or, if any other road is within 70 meters (230 feet) of that point, a line 10 meters (33 feet) from the nearest edge of such road.

#### Gore Inclusions:

- Areas at rest area or exit ramps
- Areas at truck weight station entry or exit ramps
- Areas where two main roadways diverge or converge
- Areas where a ramp and another roadway or two ramps, diverge or converge
- Areas where a frontage road and another roadway or two frontage roads diverge or converge
- And others.

### Gore Exclusions:

- Islands for channelizing of vehicle movements
- Islands for pedestrian refuge
- And others.

A **Separator** is the area of a trafficway between parallel roads separating travel in the same direction or separating a frontage road from other roads. A Separator may be a physical barrier or a depressed, raised, flush or vegetated area between roads.

A **Continuous Left Turn Lane** is a two-way left turn lane positioned between opposing straight-through travel lanes.

### **PV02 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TYPE**

**Screen Heading:** Parked/Working Vehicle Characteristics

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Type (1210-E)

**Long Name:** What is the type of the parked/working vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PType

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.TypeID

**Element Values:** 

Screen	Oracle	SAS	SAS		
1	1	1	Parked Vehicle		
2	2	2	Working Vehicle		

#### Remarks:

**Parked Vehicle** is used when a motor vehicle is stopped off the roadway. A motor vehicle stopped off the roadway, its door open over a roadway, is classified as a parked vehicle.

**Working Vehicle** -- A motor vehicle is considered a working motor vehicle if and only if it is in the act of performing trafficway construction, maintenance or utility work when it is involved in a crash. This "work" may be located within or outside the trafficway boundaries, including portions of the trafficway closed for construction. Working Motor Vehicle Inclusions:

- 1. Steam roller working in a highway construction zone.
- 2. State highway maintenance crew mowing grass on the roadside.
- 3. Utility truck performing maintenance on the power lines along the roadway.
- 4. Highway maintenance vehicle removing ice/snow from the roadway.
- 5. Private contractor responsible for removing ice/snow from the roadway.
- 6. Street sweeper sweeping the street.
- 7. Truck with cherry picker maintaining a traffic signal.
- 8. Maintenance vehicle painting lane lines on the road.
- 9. Highway maintenance vehicle performing non-routine work. This includes repairing potholes, removing debris from the roadway, mowing grass in the median, etc.

## Working Motor Vehicle Exclusions:

- 1. Vehicles performing a private construction/maintenance activity.
- 2. Law enforcement vehicles performing other work activities, such as traffic stops, accident investigation, patrolling, and traffic control which is not related to construction, maintenance or utility work on the trafficway.
- Vehicles performing a work activity other than highway construction, maintenance, or utility work.
- 4. Construction, maintenance, utility vehicles while moving from one job site to another.

Working motor vehicles do not include personal motor vehicles performing 'neighborly' activity (such as plowing the neighborhood streets) and not contracted to perform highway construction, maintenance or utility work or motor vehicles such as garbage trucks, delivery trucks, taxis, police motor vehicles, emergency motor vehicles or tow trucks. When the motor vehicle is not in the act of performing "work" and involved in a crash, these highway construction, maintenance or utility vehicles are not working motor vehicles and can be:

- 1. In-transport when in motion or stopped on a roadway; or
- 2. Not in-transport when stopped off the roadway.

If the PAR is unclear whether the motor vehicle is actually in the act of performing work at the time of the crash, then consider the motor vehicle as not working. For example, if the crash involves a passenger car and a snow plow but the road conditions are clear, then assume the snow plow was not working.

### PV08 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE

**Screen Heading:** Parked/Working Vehicle Characteristics

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Special Use (1270-E)

**Long Name:** What special use category applies to this parked/working vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PSp\_Use

**Oracle Name:** GES.Parked.SpecialUseID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26875	0	No special use
2	26876	1	Taxi
3	26877	2	Vehicle used as School Bus
4	26878	3	Vehicle used as Other Bus
5	26879	4	Military
6	26880	5	Police
7	26881	6	Ambulance
8	26882	7	Fire Truck
13	26890	8	<b>Emergency Services Vehicle</b>
14	26891	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

This data element refers to a motor vehicle that is being used for a function other than the primary function for that type of vehicle. That is, this element is entered using the attributes listed above in those cases where Body Type does not reflect how the vehicle was being used.

The special function served by this motor vehicle regardless of whether the function is marked on the vehicle.

**No Special Use** is used when the PAR available information does not indicate or imply that this vehicle was applicable to any of the special uses listed above.

**Taxi** is used when this vehicle was being used during this trip (at the time of the crash) on a "fee-for-hire" basis to transport persons. Most of these vehicles will be marked and formally registered as taxis; however, vehicles which are used as taxis, even though they are not registered (e.g., "Gypsy Cabs"), are included here. Passengers do not have to be present at the time of the crash. <u>Taxis and drivers which are off-duty</u> at the time of the crash <u>are coded as No Special Use.</u> If it is unknown whether or not the taxi is on-duty, code as Taxi. This code also applies for limousines on a fee-for-hire basis..

**Vehicle used as School Bus** is used if this motor vehicle satisfies all of the following criteria:

- externally identifiable to other traffic units as a school/pupil transport vehicle;
- operated, leased, owned or contracted by a public or private school-type institution;
- where the institution's students may range from pre-school through high school;
- whose occupants, if any, are associated with the institution; and
- the vehicle is in operation at the time of the crash to and from the school or on a school-sponsored activity or trip.

In addition, this code includes vehicles which are not externally identifiable as a school/pupil transport vehicle, but do meet all of the other criteria above are vehicles used as school buses. (For example, a transit bus, at the time of the crash, used exclusively [no other passengers except students] to transport students to/from the school or school-related activity).

In most cases, the decision to use this code will be based on a reference to the vehicle as a school bus on the PAR. In this situation, assume the criteria are met unless it is otherwise stated on the PAR.

**Vehicle used as Other Bus** is used when a motor vehicle is designed for transporting more than ten nine or more persons including the driver and does not satisfy the above Aschool bus" criteria. For example, BODY TYPE code "School Bus" transporting senior citizens to an activity.

**Military** is used for any vehicle which is owned by any of the Armed Forces regardless of body type. This code includes:

- military police vehicles;
- military ambulances;
- military hearses; and
- military fire vehicles.

**Police** is a vehicle equipped with police emergency devices (lights and siren) that is owned or subsidized by any local, county, state or federal government entity. The police vehicle is presumed to be in special use at all times, although not necessarily in "emergency use." Vehicles not owned by a government entity that are used by law enforcement officers (e.g., undercover) are excluded.

**Ambulance** is used for any readily identifiable (lights or markings) vehicles designed to transport sick or injured persons. The ambulance is presumed to be in special use at all times, although not necessarily in "emergency use."

**Fire Truck** is used for any readily identifiable (lights or markings) vehicles specially designed and equipped to respond to fire, hazmat, medical, and extrication incidents. This attribute includes medium and heavy vehicles such as engines, pumpers, ladder, platform aerial apparatus, heavy rescue vehicles, water tenders or tankers, brush or wilderness firefighting vehicles, etc.

**Emergency Services Vehicle** is used for any readily identifiable (lights or markings) vehicles that do not meet the criteria for Ambulance or Fire Truck and are specially designed and equipped to respond to fire, hazmat, medical, and extrication incidents. This attribute includes light vehicles such as sedans, vans, SUVs, pick-ups, trucks, motorcycles, etc.

**Unknown** is used when no information is available on the vehicle's special use for this trip (i.e., hit-and-run vehicle).

### PV09 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE EMERGENCY USE

**Screen Heading:** Parked/Working Vehicle Characteristics

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Emergency Use (1280-E)

Long Name:

Was this parked/working vehicle on an emergency run at the time of

the

crash?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PEm\_Use

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.EmergencyUse

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	3
1	-1,0, 1	0	No
2	2	1	Yes
3	3	9	Unknown

### Remarks:

Emergency Use indicates operation of any motor vehicle that is legally authorized by a government authority to respond to emergencies with or without the use of emergency warning equipment, such as a police vehicle, fire truck or ambulance while actually engaged in such response.

Emergency Use also refers to an official motor vehicle that is usually traveling with emergency signals in use; typically red light blinking, siren sounding, etc.

If Special Use is Military, Police, Ambulance, Fire Truck or Emergency Services Vehicle then refer to the case materials to determine if the vehicle was on an emergency response (i.e., red lights flashing, siren sounding, on route to hospital, etc.) at the time of the crash.

**No** is used when this motor vehicle is not on an emergency response.

**Yes** is used when this motor vehicle was on an emergency response, regardless of whether the emergency warning equipment was in use.

#### **Unknown** is used when:

- The case materials are not clear as to whether the vehicle was on an emergency response.
- The case materials are not clear as to whether the vehicle is legally authorized by a government authority to respond to emergencies.

### PV16 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE FIRE OCCURRENCE

**Screen Heading:** Parked/Working Vehicle Characteristics

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Fire (1320-E)

**Long Name:** Does this parked/working vehicle sustain fire damage?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PFire

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.Fire

**Element Values:** 

Screen	Oracle	SAS	SAS		
1	2	0	No or Not Reported		
2	3	1	Yes		

### Remarks:

For the purposes of this element, "vehicle" is defined to mean the power unit plus any and all trailing units associated with the power unit.

If it cannot be determined that a fire occurred in the vehicle during the crash, use **No or Not Reported**.

**Yes** is used when the case materials indicate that this vehicle sustained fire damage.

In a multi-vehicle crash where a fire occurs, only the vehicles sustaining fire damage should be coded as Yes.

Fires that begin in a vehicle before the first impact may be counted. If fire damage is produced, Fire/Explosion would be the First Harmful Event.

If the Most Harmful Event for this vehicle is Fire/Explosion, or a fire in the vehicle is produced by damage in the crash, code Yes. The involved vehicles may be at rest for a short period of time.

If the vehicles are at rest long enough to raise a question about the fire's relationship to the crash's damage-producing events, use No or Not Reported.

# Examples for Fire Occurrence:

Examples For Fire Occurrence	Codes
1. Car (V#1) strikes tank truck (V#2) in rear, the car catches on fire with no fire occurring for the tank truck.	V#1 - Code 1 V#2 - Code 0
2. Vehicle #1 catches fire, causing driver to strike vehicle #2.	V#1 - Code 1 V#2 - Code 0
3. Vehicle #1 catches fire, causing driver to stop vehicle in roadway and all occupants exit vehicle. Two minutes later, a second car (V#2) rear-ends the stopped car and its driver is killed from collision. (Codes reflect the second crash.)	V#1 - Code 0 V#2 - Code 0

### PV18 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE EXTENT OF DAMAGE

**Screen Heading:** Parked/Working Vehicle Characteristics

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Extent of Damage (1330-E)

**Long Name:** What is the extent of damage for this parked/working vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PVeh\_Sev

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.DamageSeverityID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26831	0	No Damage
2	26832	<del>1</del> 2	Minor Damage
3	26833	<del>2</del> 4	Functional Damage
4	26834	<del>3</del> 6	Disabling Damage
5	26835	9	Unknown

### Remarks:

**No Damage** is used when there is no damage indicated in the available information for this vehicle.

**Minor Damage** is damage that does not disable or affect the operation of the motor vehicle. This attribute is used when the case materials indicate damage to the vehicle to be Minor or less than Functional and the vehicle is not towed due to damage.

Examples of Minor damage include: dented or bent fenders, bumpers, grills, body panels, and destroyed hubcaps.

**Functional Damage** is damage that is not disabling, but affects the operation of the motor vehicle or its parts. This attribute is used when the available information specifically indicates the damage is moderate or functional.

Examples of Functional damage include:

- ---- doors, windows, hood, and trunk lids that will not operate properly;
- ---- broken glass that obscures vision;
- ---- damage that would prevent the motor vehicle from passing an official motor vehicle inspection;
- ---- tire damage even though the tire may be changed at the scene;
- ---- bumpers that are loose;
- headlamp or taillight damage that would make night driving hazardous but would not affect daytime driving; and,
- ---- damage to turn signals, horn or windshield wipers which makes them inoperative.

**Disabling Damage** is damage that precludes departure of the motor vehicle from the crash scene in its usual daylight-operating manner after simple repairs. As a result, the motor vehicle had to be towed, or carried from the crash scene, or assisted by an emergency motor vehicle. This attribute should be used when the available information specifically indicates disabling or severe damage. This attribute is also used when the damage is indicated to be of greater magnitude than Functional (moderate), e.g., major, extensive, totaled and the vehicle was towed from the scene.

**Unknown** is used when the available information specifically indicated the damage severity to be unknown or the information is inadequate to determine the level of severity. If the available information is blank or not reported, use this attribute unless the narrative states otherwise or a State-specific rule applies.

Note: There is a distinction between the cost to repair the damage and the degree to which the damage affects the vehicle's operability (totaled, under/over monetary threshold). Operational damage is recorded here. For example, if the available information indicates that the vehicle was totaled and the vehicle was towed away, use Disabling. However, if the available information indicates that the vehicle was totaled, but the vehicle was driven away, use Functional.

**Minor Damage** applies only when V19, Vehicle Removal, is Driven Away, Towed Not Due to Disabling Damage, Abandoned/Left at Scene or Unknown.

### PV19 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE REMOVAL

**Screen Heading:** Parked/Working Vehicle Characteristics

Screen Name: Leave Scene (1340-E)

**Long Name:** What is the disposition of this parked/working vehicle at the crash

scene?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PTowed

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.MannerLeftID

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26836	1	Driven Away
2	26837	2	Towed Due to Disabling Damage
3	26838	3	Towed Not Due to Disabling Damage
4	26839	4	Abandoned/Left at Scene
5	26840	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

This data element describes the mode in which the vehicle left the scene of the crash. Towing includes vehicles carried from the scene on a flatbed tow truck.

If the vehicle is a combination vehicle (power unit and at least one trailer), the power unit and/or trailer(s) are considered when determining tow status. If the available information indicates the power unit, or trailer of a combination unit, sustained enough damage to require towing, consider this vehicle as towed due to damage.

**Driven Away** is used when the vehicle was driven from the scene of the crash. This attribute applies to a vehicle which is reported by the police as towed out of a ditch or snowbank and subsequently driven away. In addition, this attribute is used if a vehicle was driven from the scene and subsequently disabled.

**Towed Due to Disabling Damage** is used for any towing which is due to disabling damage caused by this crash which prohibits vehicle movement under its own power. Towed due to disabling damage includes any towing, when the reason for towing is unknown. In other words, if a vehicle is reported in the case materials as towed but it cannot be determined whether it was due to disabling damage or for other reasons, then the <u>default assumption</u> is that this vehicle was towed due to disabling damage - the data element Extent of Damage can still be Unknown.

If a vehicle was pushed by hand or by another vehicle after the crash because it was not driveable, then use **Towed Due to Disabling Damage**.

If a vehicle was towed due to damage <u>AND</u> for other reasons such as driver arrest, then code this vehicle as Towed Due to Disabling Damage.

**Towed Not Due to Disabling Damage** is used when the vehicle has been towed but the towing results from other than disabling damage (e.g., minor damage, functional damage, mired vehicles, driver arrested, injured driver, etc.).

**Abandoned/Left at Scene** is used when it is specifically indicated in the available information or when the preponderance of the information available indicates that the vehicle remained at the scene. Do not use this attribute if the vehicle was left at the scene because this location was the vehicle's destination at the time of the crash.

**Unknown** is used when the available information does not indicate the manner in which the vehicle left the scene of the crash.

NOTE: The PAR narrative may be used to supercede and/or clarify the above information.

# PV30 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE ROLLOVER

**Screen Heading:** Parked/Working Vehicle Characteristics

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Rollover (1350-R)

**Long Name:** What is the rollover type for this parked/working vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PRollovr

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.RolloverTypeID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26860	0	No Rollover
2	26861	1	Rollover, Tripped by Object/Vehicle
3	26862	2	Rollover, Untripped
4	26863	9	Rollover, Unknown Type

#### Remarks:

Rollover is defined as any vehicle rotation of 90 degrees or more about any true longitudinal or lateral axis. Rollover can also be referred to as overturn, and can occur at any time during the crash.

Rollover does <u>not</u> apply to motorcycles for this element (use **No Rollover**). However, in the First Harmful Event, Most Harmful Event, and Sequence of Events you may use **Rollover/Overturn** to record that this vehicle (motorcycle) overturned.

A rollover can be coded for 3- or 4-wheeled ATVs, snowmobiles, and go-karts.

No Rollover is used when there is no indication that a rollover occurred.

**Rollover, Tripped by Object/Vehicle** is used when the vehicles lateral motion is suddenly slowed or stopped by an opposing force, inducing a rollover. The opposing force may be produced by a curb, ditch, pot-hole, another vehicle, pavement or soil dug into by the vehicles wheels. This includes instances where a vehicle impacts a fixed object (i.e., tree, barrier, pole or post) then rolls over.

**Rollover, Untripped** is used when a rollover occurs, but not as a result of a collision with an object or a vehicle or generated by any other opposing force as referred to in **Rollover, Tripped by Object/Vehicle**. An untripped rollover is one for which there is no obvious cause other than normal surface friction. This is usually the result of vehicle instability and there is no evidence of furrowing or gouging on the pavement, gravel, grass or dirt surface.

**Rollover, Unknown Type** is used when a rollover occurred, but there is not sufficient information to determine tripped versus untripped status.

## PV30A PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION OF ROLLOVER

Screen Heading: Regarding Parked/Working Vehicle #1 \_\_\_\_\_

Screen Name: Location of Roll (?)

**Long Name**: What is the location of the rollover for this parked/working vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PROLINLOC

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.RolloverLocID

## **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	1	0	No Rollover
2	2	1	On Roadway
3	3	2	On Shoulder
4	4	3	On Median/Separator
5	5	4	In Gore
6	6	5	On Roadside
7	7	6	Outside of Trafficway
8	9	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

This element defines the location of the trip point or start of the vehicle's roll. Any rollover initiated by a fixed object (i.e, pole, tree, barrier, etc.) cannot be on a roadway or a shoulder.

**On Roadway** is used when the available information indicates the vehicle tripped or began its roll on the roadway. A Roadway is that part of a trafficway designed, improved and ordinarily used for motor vehicle travel. Where various classes of motor vehicles are segregated, that part of a trafficway used by a particular class is the roadway (i.e., travel lanes). Separate roadways may be provided for northbound and southbound traffic or for trucks and automobiles. This includes continuous left-turn lanes.

**On Shoulder** is used when the available information indicates the vehicle tripped or began its roll on the shoulder. A Shoulder is that part of a trafficway contiguous with the roadway for emergency use, for accommodation of stopped road vehicles and for lateral support of the roadway structure.

**On Median/Separator** is used when the available information indicates the vehicle tripped or began its roll on the median/separator. A Median is an area of a trafficway between parallel roads separating travel in opposite directions. Continuous left-turn lanes are not considered painted medians. A Separator is the area of a trafficway between parallel roads separating travel in the same direction or separating a frontage road.

**In Gore** is used when the available information indicates the vehicle tripped or began its roll in the gore. The Gore is an area of land where two roadways diverge or converge. The area is bounded on two sides by the edges of the roadways, which join at the point of divergence or convergence. The direction of traffic must be the same on both of these roadways. The area includes shoulders or marked pavement, if any, between the roadways.

**On Roadside** is used when the available information indicates the vehicle tripped or began its roll on the roadside. Roadside is the outermost part of the trafficway from the property line or other boundary into the edge of the first road.

**Outside of Trafficway** is used when the available information indicates the vehicle tripped or began its roll on outside the right-of-way.

**Unknown** is used when the location of the trip point cannot be determined from available resources.

# PV31 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

Screen Heading: Parked/Working Vehicle NGA Crash Data

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Carrier ID (620-E)

**Long Name:** What is the carrier's identification number for this parked/working

vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PCarlDNo

**Oracle Name:** GES.Parked.CarrierNumber (Character)

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

000000 000000, blank 000000000 Not applicable 1-9999998 1-9999998 US DOT Number

99999999 999999999 Unknown

#### Remarks:

The Carrier's ID is the unique number assigned to certain types of medium/heavy trucks and buses by the United States Department of Transportation.

The number is assigned only to parked/working vehicles of interstate for-hire or private carriers in the transportation business.

Code **Not Applicable** is used when the parked/working vehicle is not a medium/heavy truck or a bus. This code should also be used when the parked/working vehicle is a medium/heavy truck or a bus but the parked/working vehicle is not an interstate for-hire or private carrier.

Code **Unknown** is used when the parked/working vehicle is a medium/heavy truck or a bus but the Carrier ID is not known. Also, this code is used when the body type of the parked/working vehicle is unknown.

# PV33 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE

**Screen Heading:** Parked/Working Vehicle NGA Crash Data

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Cargo Body Type (640-E)

**Long Name:** What is the cargo body type for this parked/working vehicle?

SAS Name: Parked.PCargTyp

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.CargoBodyTypeID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen		Oracle	SAS	
	1	10217	00	Not Applicable (NA)
	2	10218	<del>01</del> 22	Bus
	3	10219	<del>02</del> 01	Van/Enclosed Box
	4	10220	<del>03</del> 02	Cargo Tank
	5	10221	<del>04</del> 03	Flatbed
	6	10222	<del>05</del> 04	Dump
	7	10223	<del>06</del> 05	Concrete Mixer
	8	10224	<del>07</del> 06	Auto Transporter
	9	10225	<del>08</del> 07	Garbage/Refuse
	12	10228	<del>09</del> 08	Grain/Chips/Gravel
	13	10229	<del>10</del> 09	Pole-Trailer
	14	10230	<del>11</del> 10	Log
	15	10231	<del>12</del> 11	Intermodal Container Chassis
	16	10232	<del>13</del> 12	Vehicle Towing Another Vehicle
	17	10233	96	No Cargo Body
	18	10234	97	Other
	19	10235	98	Unknown Cargo Body Type
	20	10236	99	Unknown

# Remarks:

This information should be available on the PAR or Truck and Bus Supplement with other elements required by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) for commercial vehicles.

You should expect to find cargo body types for the following commercial vehicles:

- 1. Light trucks pulling a trailer with gross combination weight rating (GCWR) greater than 10,000 lbs.
- 2. Medium/Heavy Trucks: vehicles with GVWR greater than 10,000 lbs.
- 3. Buses with 9 or more seats (including the driver).
- 4. Light Trucks, Vans and Passenger Vehicles displaying a hazardous materials placard.

**Not Applicable** is used for automobiles, motorcycles, passenger vans (with less than 9 seats, including driver) and single-unit light trucks or cargo vans (10,000 lbs. or less GVWR), not displaying hazardous materials placard.

**Bus** is a motor vehicle with seating for transporting nine or more persons, including the driver.

Van/Enclosed Box is used for all enclosed trailers and enclosed cargo vans.

**Cargo Tank** when the cargo body is designed for the transport of bulk liquids or dry commodities such as petroleum, oil or grain.

**Flatbed** is used when the available information refers to a cargo body without sides or roof, with or without readily removable stakes which may be tied together with chains/slats or panels. This includes "stake trucks."

**Dump** is used when the available information refers to a cargo body designed to be tilted to discharge its load by gravity.

**Concrete Mixer** when the cargo body is designed and equipped to mix or agitate concrete.

**Auto Transporter** is used when the available information refers to a cargo body capable of transporting multiple, fully assembled automobiles on an "auto transporter" trailer. Do not use this code for flatbeds transporting vehicles (e.g., flatbed tow truck, or flatbed semi-trailer carrying wrecked/salvaged automobiles).

**Garbage/Refuse** is used when the available information refers to a cargo body that specifically designed to collect and transport garbage and refuse. This includes both conventional rear-loading and over-the-top bucket loading garbage trucks. Also included are recycling trucks and roll-off style garbage trucks.

**Grain/Chips/Gravel** is used when the available information refers to cargo body type used for hauling these or other similar bulk commodities. They may be referred to as "open hoppers" or "belly dumps."

**Pole-Trailer** is used when the available information refers to a cargo body type that consists of a trailer designed to be attached to a towing vehicle by a reach or pole or by being boomed and secured to the towing vehicle. These are ordinarily used to carry property of a long or irregular shape, such as telephone poles. The pole trailer extends or retracts to accommodate varying lengths of cargo.

**Log** is used when the available information refers to a cargo body type with a fixed middle beam and side support posts specifically designed for carrying logs. This includes single-unit log trucks.

Pole-Trailer and Log may be listed on a PAR as "Pole/Log." If the trailer can telescope to carry different log lengths, then it should be considered a Pole-Trailer.

**Intermodal Container Chassis** is used when the available information refers to a cargo body type used for a trailer specifically designed to have a rail or ship container mounted directly on the chassis. These should not be confused with van/enclosed box cargo body types. Intermodal containers may also be mounted on a flatbed trailer, in which case **Flatbed** is the cargo body type.

**Vehicle Towing Another Motor Vehicle** is used when the available information refers to vehicles that have no cargo carrying capability but are in the act of towing another motor vehicle where the towed vehicle has at least two wheels on the ground. These are often called "driveaway, tow-aways" and will be applicable to tow trucks and specially rigged truck tractors. This includes "saddlemount" configurations. Does not apply to vehicles "towed" by being loaded on a flatbed or auto transporter.

**No Cargo Body Type** is used for any medium heavy truck with no cargo carrying capability (bobtail); a truck chassis with a cab only (stripped chassis); and light trucks and passenger vehicles displaying a hazardous materials placard.

# PV33A PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INVOLVEMENT

Screen Heading: NGA Crash Data

Screen Name: HM Involvement

**Long Name:** Was this vehicle carrying hazardous materials?

**SAS Name**: Parked.PHAZ\_INV

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.HazardInvolve

**Element Values:** 

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	1	1	No
2	2	2	Yes

#### Remarks:

**No** is used when there is no indication of hazardous materials for this vehicle in the case materials.

**Yes** is used when hazardous materials were indicated for this vehicle in the case materials. Examples for Yes:

- 1. The officer records any information about a placard, whether or not he indicates that the vehicle was carrying hazardous materials.
- 2. The officer does not record any information about a placard, however, you know that hazardous material was involved.
- 3. Information identifying hazardous material is blank, but you know that hazardous material was released.

# PV34 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD

Screen Heading: Parked/Working Vehicle NGA Crash Data

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Hazardous Materials (650-E)

**Long Name:** Did this parked/working motor vehicle display a Hazardous Materials

(HM) placard?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PHAZPLAC

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.HazardPlak

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
3	7	0	Not Applicable
1	5	1	No
2	6	2	Yes
4	9	8	Not Reported

#### Remarks:

**Not Applicable** is used when there is no indication of hazardous materials for this vehicle in the case materials.

**No** is used when hazardous materials are involved, but the officer indicates there was no placard.

Yes is used when hazardous materials are involved, and the vehicle does have a placard.

**Not Reported** is used when hazardous materials are involved, but the crash report does not record any information about the presence of a placard.

# PV35 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE 4-DIGIT HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

Screen Heading: Parked/Working Vehicle NGA Crash Data

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Placard Number (660-E)

**Long Name:** What is the hazardous material identification number for this

parked/working vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PHAZ\_ID

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.HazardPlakNum

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

0 0000 Not Applicable

xxxx xxxx xxxx Actual 4-digit number

8888 8888 Not Reported

## Remarks:

**Not Applicable** - No indication of hazardous materials for this vehicle in your case documentation (Hazardous Material Involvement equals 1).

**Actual 4-digit Number** - Record the 4-digit Hazardous Materials Identification Number reported in your case documentation.

**Not Reported** - Hazardous materials involved, but the 4-digit number was not recorded or this field is not available on your crash report. If you are provided the name of the hazardous material on your report but not the 4-digit number, use this code and be sure to record the 1-digit class number if it is provided.

# PV35A PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE 1-DIGIT HAZARDOUS MATERIAL CLASS NUMBER

Screen Heading: NGA Crash Data

Screen Name: Class Number (680-E)

**Long Name**: What is the parked /working vehicle hazardous material class number?

SAS Name: Parked.PHAZ\_CNO

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.HazardClassID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	1	0	Not Applicable
2	2	1	Explosives
3	3	2	Gases
4	4	3	Flammable / Combustible Liquid
5	5	4	Flammable Solid
6	6	5	Oxidizer and Organic Peroxide
7	7	6	Poison and Poison Inhalation Hazard
8	8	7	Radioactive
9	9	8	Corrosive
10	10	9	Miscellaneous
11	88	88	Not Reported

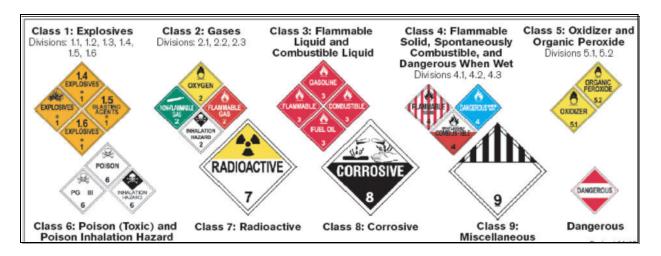
#### Remarks:

**Not Applicable** - No indication of hazardous materials for this vehicle in your case documentation (Hazardous Material Involvement equals 1).

2-digit Class Number (01-09) B Record the 1-digit Hazardous Materials Class Number recorded on your crash report with a leading zero (e.g., if the 1-digit class number is 5, enter "05"). If you were given a two-digit number with decimal point, record only the first digit with a leading zero (e.g., if the class number is "1.3" you should record "01"). See chart on nine classes of Hazardous Materials on following page.

**Not Reported** - Hazardous Materials involved, but the 1-digit number was not recorded or this field is not available on your crash report.

**9 CLASSES OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS** (see next page)



# PV36 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE RELEASE OF HAZARDOUS MATERIAL FROM THE CARGO COMPARTMENT

**Screen Heading:** Parked/Working Vehicle NGA Crash Data

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Hazardous Release (670-E)

**Long Name:** Was an hazardous cargo released from the parked/working vehicle

cargo tank or compartment?

**SAS Name:** Parked.PHAZ\_REL

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.HazardRelease

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	3
3	7	0	Not Applicable
1	5	1	No
2	6	2	Yes
4	8	8	Not Reported

## Remarks:

**Not Applicable** - No indication of hazardous materials for this vehicle in your case documentation (Hazardous Material Involvement equals 1).

**No** - Hazardous Materials involved, and the officer indicates there was no release of the material(s) from the cargo compartment.

**Yes** - Hazardous Materials involved, and the officer indicates there was a release of the material(s) from the cargo compartment.

**Not Reported** - Hazardous Materials involved, and you can't determine from the crash report whether or not hazardous material was released from the cargo compartment. Do not include fuel or oil carried by the vehicle for its own use which has been released.

# PV10B PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS

**Screen Heading:** Parked/Working Vehicle Occupants

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Number of Occupants (1290-E)

**Long Name:** How many occupants are associated with parked/working vehicle #?

SAS Name: Parked.PNumOccs

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.NumOccs

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
0	0	00	None
1,	1,	01 -95	Total
96	96	96	Ninety-six or more
*	-9999	99	Unknown

#### Remarks:

This data element must be coded for each motor vehicle involved in the crash. Code the total number of occupants (injured and uninjured) in this motor vehicle.

In bus crashes, the total number of occupants, including the driver, must be entered.

**Unknown** is used when the number of occupants for the motor vehicle is unknown. This code should also be used when this motor vehicle is a "hit-and-run" vehicle, unless evidence clearly establishes the number of occupants present.

# PV10 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED

**Screen Heading:** Parked/Working Vehicle Occupants

**Screen Name:** Coded Parked/Working Vehicle Occupants (1300-R)

**Long Name:** How many coded occupants are associated with parked/working

vehicle #?

SAS Name: Parked.POcclnvl

Oracle Name: GES.Parked.NumOccCoded

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
0 1,	0 1,	0 1,	Zero Occupants Coded Number of Occupants Coded for This Parked/Working Vehicle

## Remarks:

Enter **Zero Occupants** when the parked/working vehicle is unoccupied or when there are no occupants of the parked/working vehicle.

Count and enter the total number of coded occupants associated with this parked/working vehicle.

Some State PARs only list drivers and injured passengers of parked/working vehicles. For these States code only the drivers and injured passengers unless there is information elsewhere on the PAR, e.g., the narrative.

For parked buses, only the driver and injured passengers are coded.

# PE01 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER

**Screen Heading:** Parked/Working Vehicle Number

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Number (1425-R)

**Long Name:** Which parked/working vehicle is associate with the event?

**SAS Name:** Parkevnt.PVehno

Oracle Name: GES.Parkedevent.VehicleID

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

1-30 1-30 Computer Assigned Number

## Remarks:

Parked/working vehicles within a crash are numbered sequentially by the computer beginning with 1; no numbers are skipped.

## PE02 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE EVENT NUMBER

**Screen Heading:** Parked/Working Vehicle Events

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle Event Number (1430-R)

**Long Name:** What is(are) the event(s) associated with this parked/working vehicle?

**SAS Name:** Parkevnt.EventNum

Oracle Name: GES.Parkedevent.EventID

#### **Element Values:**

The events involving an in-transport motor vehicle and a parked/working vehicle are displayed. The event(s) in which this parked/working vehicle is involved is/are entered.

#### Remarks:

A "crash" is the total set of "harmful events" (one or more) resulting from an unstabilized situation. The "crash" is concluded in time when all harmful events which originate from the unstabilized situation are stabilized.

A harmful event is an occurrence of injury or damage involving an in-transport motor vehicle. It can result from an impact or non-collision event. An impact is defined as any vehicle to vehicle or vehicle to object (fixed or nonfixed, stationary or nonstationary) contact which results in damage or injury. Noncollision events such as fire/explosion, occupant fell from vehicle, occupant injury without vehicle impact, etc., involving an in-transport motor vehicle are harmful events if damage or injury result.

The NASS GES is only interested in harmful events that involve **in-transport** motor vehicles. Events that involve **only** not in-transport motor vehicles and/or pedestrians and/or non-motorists are not included in the coded crash sequence. Below are some examples of non-qualifying events.

Not in-transport vehicle impacts pedestrian, pedalcyclist, or other non-motorist (e.g., in-transport motor vehicle impacts a parked vehicle and then the parked vehicle impacts a pedestrian). The parked vehicle/pedestrian impact is a non-qualifying event.

Not in-transport vehicle impacts an object (fixed, e.g., tree, or nonfixed, e.g., parked/working vehicle)

Not in-transport vehicle impacts another not in-transport vehicle

Pedestrian (pedalcyclist, other non-motorist) impacts an object

Pedestrian (pedalcyclist, other non-motorist) impacts a not in-transport vehicle

Pedestrian, pedalcyclist, or other non-motorist inter-impact.

The crash events variables are designed to provide a coded description of all qualifying events which occurred in the crash sequence. Events are encoded in chronological sequence. Two groups of variables are provided for each event. The first (or left) group always describes the in-transport motor vehicle with the lower vehicle number in the event. The second group describes either the other in-transport vehicle, the object involved in the event or the noncollision event associated with the in-transport motor vehicle described by the left group.

With this coded chronological sequence of qualified crash events on the GES database, analysts can review the entire series of events involving in-transport motor vehicles. Various areas of concern to the highway safety community will be easily assessed using these variables. For instance, the injury severity in accidents can be assessed relative to the number and type of impacts involved.

Likewise, certain collision configurations may create a greater hazardous condition for the occupants. A possible area of analysis would be the mix of vehicles sizes or the types of objects the different classes of vehicles impact.

Complete these variables based upon a reconstruction of the vehicular dynamics involved in the crash as described in the PAR. All of the injury or damage producing qualifying events or circumstances for the in-transport motor vehicle(s) are coded.

An example of a properly coded crash sequence is shown below.

Vehicle 1 (a compact passenger car) went out of control on a wet roadway and struck a not in-transport motor vehicle with its front. The vehicle reentered the roadway, where it struck vehicle 2 (a large pickup truck) in the left side with its front. Vehicle 1 spun to a stop in the roadway, and the driver, due to the spinning, hit his head on the door pillar breaking his neck. Vehicle 2, out-of-control, ran off the roadway, struck a pedestrian with its front and rolled over.

E01 Event Number	E02 Vehicle Number (This Vehicle)	E03 Point of Impact (This Vehicle)	E06 Action	E04 Vehicle Number (Other Vehicle) or Object Contacted	E05 Point of Impact (Other Vehicle)	A07 Manner of Collision
1	1	Front	Collision With Object Not Fixed	Motor Vehicle Not in Transport	1	Not Collision With Motor Vehicle in transport
2	1	Front	Strike Another Vehicle	2	Left Side	-
3	2	Front	Collision With Object Not Fixed	Pedestrian	=	-
4	2	Non-Collision	Non-Collision	Rollover or Overturn	-	-

Note: For the driver of vehicle 1, breaking his neck is not a separate codeable event. Rather, this injury, and almost all occupant injuries resulting from occupant interior contact, is a result of a collision event. Also, A07, Manner of Collision, applies only to the first harmful event in the crash.

# PE03/PV24 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE POINT OF IMPACT/INITIAL POINT **OF IMPACT**

Screen Heading: Parked/Working Vehicle Events

Parked/Working Vehicle Point of Impact (1440-E) Screen Name:

What is the point of impact for this parked/working vehicle? Long Name:

Parkevnt.PGad, Parked.PImpact SAS Name:

GES.Parkedevent.VehiclePlaneID Oracle Name:

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26859	<del>0</del>	Non-Collision
2	26860	1	Front
3	26861	2	Right Side
4	26862	3	Left Side
5	26863	4	Back
6	26864	5	Тор
7	26865	6	Undercarriage
8	26866	11	Front Right Corner
9	26867	12	Front Left Corner
10	26868	13	Back Right Corner
11	26869	14	Back Left Corner
12	26870	99	Point of Impact Unknown

#### Remarks:

For this event involving a parked/working vehicle, code the parked/working vehicle impact point that produced property damage or personal injury. The impact point is for the parked/working vehicle coded in variable PE01, Parked/Working Vehicle Number, and the event coded in PE02, Parked/Working Vehicle Event Number.

Non-collision applies when the event involves rollover, fire, non-collision injury etc.

Front is used when it can be determined that the point of impact for this parked/working vehicle is the front plane.

Right Side applies when the point of impact for this parked/working vehicle is known to be the right plane.

Left side applies when the point of impact for this parked/working vehicle is known to be the left plane.

**Back** is used when the point of impact for this parked/working vehicle is known to be the back plane.

**Front Right Corner** applies when the point of impact for this parked/working vehicle is either the front plane or right plane, but the plane can not be determined.

**Front Left Corner** is selected when the point of impact for this parked/working vehicle is either the front plane or left plane, but the plane can not be determined.

**Back Right Corner** applies when the point of impact for this parked/working vehicle is either the back plane or the right plane, but it is unknown if the point of impact is to the back or right plane.

**Back Left Corner** is used when the point of impact for this parked/working vehicle is either the back or left plane, but it is unknown if the point of impact is to the back or left plane.

**Unknown** is selected when the lack of information prohibits the coding of any of the other element values.

# **Not Displayed On Summary Tab**

# **P01 VEHICLE NUMBER (NON-MOTORISTS)**

Screen Heading: Regarding Vehicle # \_\_ Occupant # \_\_

Screen Name: None (N)

Long Name: None

**SAS Name:** Person.Vehno

Oracle Name: GES.Person.VehicleID

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

**n/a** -1 0 Non-Motorist

## Remarks:

All Non-Motorists are assigned SAS element value 0 and Oracle element value -1. GES.Person.VehicleID is set to -1 for all non-motorists.

# P02 PERSON NUMBER (NON-MOTORISTS)

**Screen Heading:** Regarding Non-Motorist # \_\_\_

Screen Name: None(N)

Long Name: None

**SAS Name:** Person.Perno

Oracle Name: GES.Person.OccNumber

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

1, ... 1, ... Computer Assigned Number

## Remarks:

Non-motorists are numbered sequentially by the computer, beginning with "1"; no numbers are skipped. Numbers are assigned in accordance with the PAR's assignment unless a number is skipped.

Persons appended to vehicle for motion (e.g., bicyclist holding onto vehicle) are non-motorists; they are not occupants.

Vehicle Number (P01 - Non-motorists) is assigned the value -1 by the computer for all non-motorists.

# P03 PERSON TYPE (NON-MOTORISTS)

Screen Heading: Non-Motorist Data

**Screen Name:** Person Type (890-R)

**Long Name:** What is the person type of this non-motorist?

**SAS Name:** Person.PER\_TYP

Oracle Name: GES.Person.PersonTypeID

**Element Values:** 

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
NON-MOT	ORISTS		
1	26800	03	Occupant of a Motor Vehicle Not In-Transport
2	26801	04	Occupant of a Non-motor Vehicle Transport Device
Non-Occu	ıpants		
3	26802	05	Pedestrian
4	26803	06	Bicyclist
5	26804	07	Other Cyclist
6	26805	08	Persons on Personal Conveyances
7	26806	10	Persons in/on Buildings
8	26807	19	Unknown Type of Non-Motorist

## Remarks:

An involved person in an accident must maintain Person Type during the accident. Once the unstabilized situation begins, a driver, passenger or non-motorist/nonoccupant cannot change Person Type until the accident stabilizes.

If a person is entering or exiting a vehicle before the unstabilized situation begins, try to determine if the person has successfully changed type before control is lost. (i.e., a pedestrian getting into an automobile that begins to move, a passenger stepping off of a bus as it begins to pull away, etc.).

**Occupant Of A Motor Vehicle Not In-Transport** is used for occupants of parked/stopped off roadway/working motor vehicles.

Occupant of a Non-motor Vehicle Transport Device refers to persons riding in an animal-drawn conveyance, on an animal, or injured occupants of railway trains, etc.

**Pedestrian** is used for all pedestrians except for those in/on personal conveyances (See code "08" below) and in buildings. A pedestrian pushing a vehicle should be coded "05."

**Bicyclist** is used for a two-wheel, non-motorized cycle. Includes all persons (operator and passengers) on a bicycle.

Other Cyclist is used for unicycles and tricycles.

**Persons on Personal Conveyances**: This code should be used for pedestrians using personal conveyances. A personal conveyance is a device, other than a transport device, used by a pedestrian for personal mobility assistance or recreation. These devices can be motorized or human powered, but not propelled by pedaling. Inclusions:

- 1) Rideable toys
- -- Roller Skates, In-Line skates
- -- Skateboards
- -- Skates
- -- Baby carriage
- -- Scooters
- -- Toy Wagons
- 2) Motorized rideable toys
- -- Motorized skateboard
- -- Motorized toy car
- 3) Devices for personal mobility assistance
- -- Segway-style devices
- -- Motorized and non-motorized wheelchair
- -- Handicapped scooters

## **Exclusions:**

- -- Golf cart
- -- Low Speed Vehicles (LSVs)
- -- Go-carts
- -- Minibike
- -- "Pocket" motorcycles
- -- Motor scooters
- -- Moped

Wheelchair: Use the term "wheelchair" as follows:

"Wheelchair - A mobility aid, usable indoors, and designed for and used by individuals with mobility impairments, whether operated manually or powered." Therefore all wheelchair users, motorized or not, are "Persons on Personal Conveyances."

## **RATIONALE:**

Some states have passed legislation to classify operators of motorized wheelchairs as

"pedestrians" and others as "motor vehicles." Also, there seems to be an increase in the variety of forms these devices take (if not in the actual number in use). Some resemble 3-wheeled scooters; others small four-wheel carts; still others look like the typical human-powered wheelchair. They are in use by individuals who are unable to walk, who have limited walking ability, or who need to avoid walking for reasons of health or stamina. Since these devices simply supply a form of assisted "walking" for such persons, their legitimate users may be seen as "other persons on personal conveyances" just as other non-motorists moving along a sidewalk, walking with or against traffic on the edge of a road, crossing the roadway, or turning into a driveway.

**Persons In/On Buildings** is used for a person inside of or on a building who is struck by a motor vehicle. Code "10" takes precedence over codes "05-08."

**Unknown Type of Non-Motorist** is used only when it cannot be determined which code is applicable for persons not in motor vehicles (i.e., Person Type codes "04-10").

# **P07 AGE (NON-MOTORISTS)**

Screen Heading: Non-motorist Data

Screen Name: Age (900-E)

**Long Name:** Enter the person's age.

**SAS Name:** Person.Age

Oracle Name: GES.Person.Age

# **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
0	0	0	Less Than One Year Old
xxx	xxx	000-120	Actual Age
*	-9999	999	Unknown

# Remarks:

The person's age at the time of the crash is recorded with respect to the person's last birthday. Age is recorded in years.

# P08 SEX (NON-MOTORISTS)

Screen Heading: Non-motorist Data

Screen Name: Sex (910-E)

**Long Name:** What is the person's sex?

**SAS Name:** Person.sex

Oracle Name: GES.Person.SexID

# **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26712	1	Male
2	26713	2	Female
3	26714	9	Unknown

# Remarks:

Self-explanatory

# P09 INJURY SEVERITY (NON-MOTORISTS)

Screen Heading: Non-motorist Data

Screen Name: Injury Severity (920-E)

**Long Name:** What is the police reported injury severity for this person?

SAS Name: Person.lnj\_Sev

Oracle Name: GES.Person.InjurySeverityID

## **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26746	0	No Injury (O)
2	26747	1	Possible Injury (C)
3	26748	2	Nonincapacitating Evident Injury (B)
4	26749	3	Incapacitating Injury (A)
5	26750	4	Fatal Injury (K)
6	26751	5	Injured, Severity Unknown
7	26752	6	Died Prior To Crash
8	26753	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

Enter the police reported injury severity for this person (i.e., occupant, pedestrian or non-motorist). Most jurisdictions use the KABCO injury coding scheme.

K = Killed

A = Incapacitating Injury

B = Nonincapacitating Injury

C = Possible Injury

O = No Injury

If the police report contains a detailed description of the injuries but does not translate the injuries into the KABCO codes, use the police method for doing so. For example, injuries which are considered to be of an incapacitating nature are classified as "A", Nonincapacitating-evident injuries are classified as "B", and possible injuries are "C".

Property damage only (i.e., no injury) is classified as "O".

Enter **Injured**, **Severity Unknown** if the police report indicates a "U" or in any other way communicates the idea that the person was injured but the severity is unknown.

Enter **Died Prior to Crash** only if the police explicitly states the person died prior to the crash. This code also applies if the police report indicates that the person died as a result of natural causes (e.g., heart attack), disease, drug overdose or alcohol poisoning. This code does not apply if the police report specifically states that the cause of death is a result of crash-related injury or that on-set occurred after the crash. Further clarification: this code applies if the police report indicates that the person died as a result of natural causes (e.g., heart attack), disease, drug overdose or alcohol poisoning, but is silent about the time of on-set and if on-set is the result of injuries sustained in the crash.

As a general rule, if the PAR is "blank" where the injury severity is assessed and the person was at the scene during the police investigation, enter **No Injury (O)**. If the PAR is "blank" and the person was not present during the police investigation, enter **Unknown**. The following states use the KABCO injury coding scheme: Illinois (incl. Chicago), Michigan, New Mexico, North Carolina, Texas (incl. Dallas), Wisconsin, and the city of Los Angeles.

Not all states use the KABCO scheme. Listed below, by state, are alternative schemes; a mapping to the GES scheme is provided.

See State PAR Translation Tables Under P09 INJURY SEVERITY (OCCUPANTS).

# P10 TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (NON-MOTORISTS)

Screen Heading: Non-Motorist Data

Screen Name: Transported (930-E)

**Long Name:** Is this person transported to a hospital or another treatment facility?

**SAS Name:** Person. Hospital

Oracle Name: GES.Person.Treatment

## **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	3
1	1	0	No
2	2	1	Yes
3	3	9	Unknown

#### Remarks:

This variable addresses transportation directly from the scene to a treatment facility. The means of transportation is not a consideration.

Enter **No** when the person is not transported directly from the scene to a hospital or treatment facility. Use this element when the person is pronounced dead-at-the-scene and is transported to a funeral home. Neither Injury severity nor treatment at the scene are a consideration.

Enter **Yes** when the PAR indicates that the person is transported directly from the scene to a hospital or treatment facility (hospital, clinic, doctor's office, etc.). The person need not have been injured. The means of transportation is not a consideration. If the person died on route to a hospital or medical facility or was pronounced dead-on-arrival at a hospital or medical facility, enter **Yes**. If the PAR states the person was transported but does not specifically state when, then consider the person transported directly from the scene of the crash

Enter **Unknown** if it cannot be determined if the person is transported directly from the scene to a medical facility. Use this attribute if the police report indicates the person will "seek own medical treatment" and it cannot be determined if the person goes directly to a medical facility.

# P11 POLICE REPORTED ALCOHOL INVOLVEMENT (NON-MOTORISTS)

Screen Heading: Non-Motorist Data

Screen Name: Alcohol (940-E)

**Long Name:** Did the police report alcohol presence or involvement for this person?

SAS Name: Person.Per\_Alch

Oracle Name: GES.Person.Police\_AlcoholID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26730	0	No (Alcohol Not Involved)
2	26731	1	Yes (Alcohol Involved)
3	26732	8	Not Reported
4	26733	9	Unknown (Police Reported)

#### Remarks:

This data element reflects only the judgment of law enforcement as to whether alcohol was involved or not for this person.

The phrase "alcohol involved" means that alcohol is present in the person or presumed to be present by the police. Consequently, this data element may not agree with the alcohol test results for this person. Involvement is not an indication that alcohol was in any way a cause of the crash.

If the case materials indicate that open or unopened alcoholic beverages were found in the vehicle, then this information does not by itself constitute involvement unless the police indicate that this was the basis for a determination of involvement. If the case materials indicate that a preliminary breath test (PBT) was given and the officer's judgment contradicts the preliminary test, the officer's judgment will be the determining factor.

**No (Alcohol Not Involved)** applies if the judgement of law enforcement is that alcohol is not present.

In some circumstances it is possible for the police to give sufficient information in the report fields (such as contributing circumstances, driver/pedestrian condition, alcohol presence or use, alcohol test, etc.) or narrative to indicate that they believe alcohol is not involved without specifically mentioning "no" alcohol. In such cases, you may use "No (Alcohol Not Involved)." However, if there is any question that the officer's position on alcohol involvement is "no alcohol" because of a lack of information, then use "Not Reported."

**Yes (Alcohol Involved)** applies only if the judgment of law enforcement is that alcohol was present. For example the police indicate alcohol involvement via:

- a specific data element on the police report form such as Driver Condition,
- the police charge the person with an alcohol-related offense,
- the police mention in the narrative section of the report that the person had been drinking
- the police report has a positive BAC test result (BAC >.00).

Some PARs have a block labeled "Alcohol/Drugs." If "use" is indicated, and it cannot be determined which was used (e.g., narrative, arrest/charged section, etc.), then assume alcohol is present. If the police report indicates that a non-motorist was charged with DWI (driving while intoxicated or driving while impaired) and no clarification is offered to indicate if the DWI was alcohol related or other drug related (i.e., a specific data element; mentioned in the narrative section; BAC results), then assume alcohol presence.

**Not Reported** applies when law enforcement makes no mention of alcohol involvement in either narrative or data fields. For example, there is a specific location on the police report for assessment of alcohol but the investigating officer fails to make either a positive or negative assessment by leaving the field blank. Also use Not Reported if no block exists on the PAR for reporting alcohol presence and no other information is available.

**Unknown (Police Reported)** applies when law enforcement indicates in either narrative or data fields that alcohol involvement is "unknown" for this person. In general, crash reports have blocks to check either positive or negative alcohol involvement. However, if a crash report has a provision for the investigating officer to respond "unknown involvement", then enter this attribute. Also enter this attribute for hit-and-run drivers or passengers unless clear evidence to the contrary exists.

# P11A ALCOHOL TEST STATUS (NON-MOTORISTS)

Screen Heading: Non-Motorist Data

Screen Name: Alcohol Test Status (942-E)

**Long Name:** Did the police report indicate an alcohol test was given to this person?

**SAS Name:** Person.AlchTest

Oracle Name: GES.Person.AlcTestGiven

## **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	3
1	10	0	Test Not Given
2	11	1	Test Refused
3	12	2	Test Given
4	19	9	Unknown if Tested / Not Reported

#### Remarks:

Alcohol Test Status indicates whether or not a test was performed on this person to detect the presence of alcohol.

**Test Not Given** is used when the case materials indicate an alcohol test was not given.

Test Refused is used when the case materials indicate an alcohol test was refused.

**Test Given** is used when the case materials indicate an alcohol test was given.

**Unknown if Tested/Not Reported** is used when the case materials specifically indicated "Unknown if Tested." Also, use this if no block exists on the report and no other information is available.

The GES data element Alcohol Test Status possesses the same attributes and definitions as the FARS and MMUCC data element Alcohol Test subfield 1, Alcohol Test Status. Note B If Alcohol Test Status is Test Not Given or Test Refused, then Alcohol Test Type and Alcohol Test Result will be Test Not Given.

# P11B ALCOHOL TEST TYPE (NON-MOTORISTS)

Screen Heading: Non-Motorist Data

**Screen Name:** Alcohol Test Type (834-E)

**Long Name:** Did the police report indicate the type of test given to this person?

**SAS Name:** Person.Altstype

**Oracle Name:** GES.Person.AlcTestType

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	0	00	Test Not Given
2	1	01	Blood
3	2	02	Breath (Breathalyzer "BAC")
4	3	03	Urine
5	8	08	Other Test Type
6	10	10	Preliminary Breath Test (PBT)
7	98	98	Unknown Test Type
8	99	99	Unknown if Tested / Not Reported

#### Remarks:

Alcohol Test Type identifies the type of test that was administered to this person as indicated in the case materials.

If more than one type of test is performed on the same person, a Blood test is preferred over other tests. The exception is if you have information that casts clear doubt on the validity or reliability of the Blood test when you have results from a test of another type. For example the blood test was spoiled or contaminated. In such a case record the Test Type for the test with the valid result. Other situations where this may occur include information that:

- the test was performed on a live victim unreasonably long after the accident; or
- the lab, coroner, or medical examiner expresses doubt in their result from a blood test.

**Blood** is used when the case materials indicate this was the type of test used to obtain a BAC.

**Breath** is used when the case materials indicate this was the type of test used to obtain a BAC. Breath is used if you have a result from an evidential breath test (a breath test performed on a State-approved breath test device). Usually, results from a Preliminary Breath Test (PBT) device are not considered evidential. Some PBTs are of evidential quality in some States, but if the device was used only as a preliminary test and not an evidential test, do not use this attribute.

**Urine** is used when the case materials indicate this was the type of test used to obtain a BAC.

**Other Test Type** is used when the case materials indicate a type of test used to obtain a BAC was recorded as "Other" or is indicated to be of a type other than the available attributes.

Examples of Other Test Types include vitreous (fluid from the eye), liver, and blood plasma.

**Preliminary Breath Test (PBT)** is used when the case materials indicate this was the type of test used to obtain a BAC and no other test is available. Update Test Type and corresponding Result if a PBT is followed by an evidential test, other than a PBT. A breath, blood or urine test will take precedence over a PBT result unless you have information that casts clear doubt on the validity or reliability of the Evidential Test <u>AND</u> you have a valid PBT result to record.

- Example 1: You only receive a PBT with an actual value
  - -- Code Test Type "PBT" and Test Result "the actual value received."
- Example 2: You only receive a PBT with a "negative" result returned
  - -- Code Test Type "PBT" and Test Result "00."
- Example 3: You only receive a PBT with "positive" result, but no actual value
  - -- Code Test Type "PBT" and Test Result "Positive Reading with No Actual Value."
- Example 4: You receive a PBT with an actual value of .10% and a blood test from the lab
  of .08%
  - -- Code Test Type "Blood" and Test Result .08
- Example 5: You receive a PBT with an actual value of .10% and a breathalyzer test both from the police of .08%
  - -- Code Test Type "Breath" and Test Result .08
- Example 6: You receive a PBT with an actual value of .10% from the police and a whole blood test indicating a "contaminated" sample.
  - -- Code Test Type "PBT" and Test Result .10.

**Unknown Test Type** is used when the case materials indicate a test was given but do not specify the type of test.

**Unknown if Tested/Not Reported** is used when the case materials specifically indicated "Unknown if Tested." Also use this if no block exists on the report and no other information is available.

The GES data element Alcohol Test Type possesses the same attributes and definitions as the FARS and MMUCC data element Alcohol Test subfield 2, Alcohol Test Type. Note B If Alcohol Test Status is Test Not Given or Test Refused, then Alcohol Test Type and Alcohol Test Result will be "Test Not Given."

### P11C ALCOHOL TEST RESULT (NON-MOTORIST)

Screen Heading: Non-Motorist Data

**Screen Name:** Alcohol Test Result (836-E)

**Long Name:** What is the BAC for this person?

**SAS Name:** Person.Altrsult

**Oracle Name:** GES.Person.AlcTestResult

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS
00-93	00-93	00-93 Actual Value
94	94	94 .94 or Greater
96	96	96 Test Not Given
97	97	97 AC test Performed, Results Unknown
98	98	98 Positive Reading With No Actual Value
99	99	99 Unknown if Tested / Not Reported

#### Remarks:

Alcohol Test Result records the actual value reported from a test performed on this person to detect the presence of alcohol.

**ATTRIBUTE HIERARCHY**: When more than one alcohol test result exists, use the following hierarchy: Blood, Breath, Urine, Preliminary Breath Test, Other Test Type. If you receive a test result, followed by an unknown result from a higher ordered test (e.g., blood, urine), you may use the result from the initial test.

A TEST RESULT of .01 is a low probability and will raise an error flag. Any BAC test result reported in 3 decimal places should be truncated, not rounded. For example, a reported BAC of .099 becomes .09. The reason for truncating is that the accuracy of most testing devices is only reliable to two decimal places, so the third decimal place is meaningless.

**AC Test Performed, Results Unknown** refers to alcohol content tests that were performed but the results are reported as unknown or are unobtainable (including a "Contaminated Sample" or "Insufficient Sample"). AC Test Performed, Results Unknown can be used for any Test Type.

**Positive Reading with No Actual Value** can be used for any Test Type code where the result is indicated to be positive without a numeric value to record. This should only be used when a final test result is returned as "positive" with no actual result to record. This can occur when a screening test is used and it is the only test result available. Some PBTs only indicate whether alcohol is present in the breath by positive (green) or negative (red) lights. Other PBTs indicate the approximate BAC in numbers. Positive Reading with No Actual Value should be used when a PBT result only indicates "positive" for alcohol, with no actual BAC value. A negative PBT result should be interpreted as .00.

Before recording this value make sure that this is the <u>final</u> test result and no actual value was available from a follow-up confirmatory test.

**Unknown if Tested/Not Reported** is used when the case materials specifically indicated "Unknown if Tested." Also use this if no block exists on the report and no other information is available.

The GES data element Alcohol Test Result possesses the same attributes and definitions as the FARS and MMUCC data element Alcohol Test subfield 3, Alcohol Test Result.

Note: If Alcohol Test Status is Test Not Given or Test Refused, then Alcohol Test Type and Alcohol Test Result will be "Test Not Given."

### P17 POLICE REPORTED DRUG INVOLVEMENT (NON-MOTORISTS)

Screen Heading: Non-Motorist Data

Screen Name: Drugs (945-E)

**Long Name:** Did the police report drug presence or involvement for this person?

**SAS Name:** Person.Per\_Drug

Oracle Name: GES.Person.Police\_DrugID

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26730	0	No (Drugs Not Involved)
2	26731	1	Yes (Drugs Involved)
3	26732	8	Not Reported
4	26733	9	Unknown (Police Reported)

#### Remarks:

This data element reflects only the judgment of law enforcement as to whether drugs were involved or not for this person.

The phrase "drug involvement" means that drugs are present in the person or presumed to be present by the police. This includes prescription and "over-the-counter" medications as well as "illicit" substances (e.g., marijuana, cocaine, heroin, etc). It is not an indication that the drug usage was in any way a cause of the crash.

If case materials indicate that drugs were found in the vehicle, then this information does not by itself constitute involvement unless the police indicate that this was the basis for a determination of involvement.

Some PARs have a block labeled "Alcohol/Drugs." If use is indicated, and it cannot be determined which was used (e.g., narrative, arrest/charged section, etc.), then assume alcohol, not drugs. If the police report indicates that a driver was charged with DWI (driving while intoxicated or driving while impaired) and no clarification is offered to indicate if the DWI was alcohol related or drug related (i.e., a specific data element; mentioned in the narrative section; BAC results), then interpret as alcohol presence.

**No (drugs not involved)** applies if the judgment of law enforcement is that drugs are not present.

In some circumstances it is possible for the police to give sufficient information in the report fields (such as contributing circumstances, driver/pedestrian condition, substance use, drug test, etc.) or narrative to indicate that they believe drugs are not involved without specifically mentioning no drugs. In such cases, you may use "No." However, if there is any question that the officer's position on drug involvement is "No" because of a lack of information, then it is best to use "Not Reported."

**Yes (drugs involved)** applies only if the police assessment is that drugs were present. For example the police indicate drug involvement via:

- a specific data element on the police report form such as Driver Condition,
- the police charge the driver with an drug related offense.
- the police mention in the narrative section of the report that the person had been under the influence of a drug
- the police report has a positive test result reported for drugs

**Not Reported** applies when law enforcement makes no mention of drug involvement in either narrative or data fields. For example, there is a specific location on the police report for assessment of drugs but the investigating officer fails to make either a positive or negative assessment by leaving the field blank. Also use Not Reported if no block exists on the PAR for reporting drug presence and no other information is available.

There are instances when law enforcement do not indicate in the PAR whether drugs were involved or not, but they do mention that a test was given or ordered. For example, the police may only say that an evidential test was ordered for a driver without indicating that they suspected drugs or providing a result. Use **Not Reported** for these instances.

**Unknown (Police Reported)** applies when law enforcement indicate in either narrative or data fields that drug involvement is "unknown" for this person. In general, police reports have blocks to indicate either positive or negative drug involvement. However, if a crash report has a provision for the investigating officer to respond "unknown involvement," then enter this attribute. Also enter this attribute for hit-and-run drivers unless clear evidence to the contrary exists.

### P17A DRUG TEST STATUS (NON-MOTORISTS)

Screen Heading: Non-Motorist Data

Screen Name: Drug Test Given (947-E)

**Long Name:** Did the police report indicate a drug test was given to this person?

**SAS Name:** Person.DrugTest

Oracle Name: GES.Person.DrugTestGiven

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	3
1	10	0	Test Not Given
2	11	1	Test Refused
3	12	2	Test Given
4	19	9	Unknown If Tested / Not Reported

#### Remarks:

The GES data element Drug Test Status possesses the same attributes and definitions as the FARS and MMUCC data element Drug Test subfield 1, Drug Test Status.

**Test Not Given** is used when the case materials indicate a drug test was not given. If Test Status is Test Not Given then elements Test Type and Test Results will also be Test Not Given.

**Test Refused** is used when the case materials indicate a drug test was refused. If Test Status is Test Refused then the elements Test Type and Test Results will be Test Not Given.

**Test Given** is used when the case materials indicate a drug test was given.

**Unknown if Tested/Not Reported** is used when the case materials specifically indicated "Unknown if Tested". Also use this if no block exists on the report and no other information is available. If Test Status is Unknown if Tested/Not Reported then the elements Test Type and Test Results will also be Unknown if Tested/Not Reported.

### P17B DRUG TEST TYPE (NON-MOTORISTS)

Screen Heading: Non-Motorist Data

Screen Name: DrugTest Type (839-E)

**Long Name:** Did the police report indicate the type of test given to this person?

**SAS Name:** Person.Drtstype

**Oracle Name:** GES.Person.DrugTestType

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	0	00	Test Not Given
2	1	01	Blood
3	2	02	Urine
4	3	03	Both: Blood and Urine
5	8	08	Other Test Type
6	98	98	Unknown Test Type
7	99	99	Unknown if Tested / Not Reported

### Remarks:

Drug Test Type identifies the type of test that was administered to this person as indicated in the case materials.

The GES data element Drug Test Type possesses the same attributes and definitions as the FARS and MMUCC data element Drug Test subfield 2, Drug Test Type.

**Blood** is used when the case materials indicate this was the type of test used to detect the presence of drugs.

**Urine** is used when the case materials indicate this was the type of test used to detect the presence of drugs.

**Both: Blood and Urine Tests** is used when both tests appear in case materials. Typically, this would be found in a toxicology report.

**Other Test Type** is used when the case materials indicate a type of test used to detect the presence of drugs was recorded as "Other" or is indicated to be of a type other than the available attributes.

**Unknown Test Type** is used when the case materials indicate a test was given but do not specify the type of test.

**Unknown if Tested/Not Reported** is used when the case materials specifically indicated "Unknown if Tested.". Also use this if no block exists on the report and no other information is available.

### P17C DRUG TEST RESULT (NON-MOTORISTS)

Screen Heading: Non-Motorist Data

Screen Name: Drug Test Result (840-E)

**Long Name:** Did the police report indicate the result of the drug test?

**SAS Name:** Person.Drtsrest

**Oracle Name:** GES.Person.DrugTestResult

#### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	0	0	Test Not Given
2	1	1	Negative
3	2	2	Positive
4	7	7	Tested for Drugs, Result Unknown
5	9	9	Unknown if Tested / Not Reported

#### Remarks:

Drug Test Result records the results of a test performed on this person to detect the presence of drugs. This element excludes Nicotine, Aspirin, and Alcohol. In addition, exclude drugs explicitly indicated to have been administered after the crash.

The GES data element Drug Test Result possesses the same attributes and definitions as the MMUCC data element Drug Test subfield 3, Drug Test Result. The FARS data element Drug Test subfield 3, Drug Test Result records the actual drug found if any.

**Test Not Given** is used when the case materials indicate a drug test was not given. If Test Status is Test Not Given then Test Type and Test Results will also be Test Not Given.

**Negative** is used when the case materials indicate that a test for the presence of drugs was "negative" or that no drugs were found.

**Positive** can be used for any Test Type code where drug presence is indicated.

**Tested for Drugs, Results Unknown** refers to drug tests that were performed but the results are reported as unknown or are unobtainable. Tested for Drugs, Results Unknown can be used for any Test Type.

### P13 NON-MOTORIST LOCATION

Screen Heading: Non-motorist Data

Screen Name: Location (950-E)

**Long Name:** What is the person's location at the time of the impact?

SAS Name: Person.Locatn

Oracle Name: GES.NonMotorist.LocusID

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
n/a	null	00	Motorist (P03'sAS 1, 2 or 9)
1	10196	01	Intersection - In Crosswalk
2	10197	02	Intersection - On Roadway
3	10198	80	Intersection - Other
4	10199	09	Intersection - Unknown Location
5	10200	11	Nonintersection - In Crosswalk
6	10201	12	Nonintersection - On Roadway
7	10202	18	Nonintersection - Other
8	10203	19	Nonintersection - Unknown Location
9	10204	20	In Crosswalk - Unknown If Intersection
10	10205	98	Other Location
11	10206	99	Unknown Location

#### Remarks:

Select the value which best represents the location of the person (i.e., pedestrian or non-motorist) at the time of impact.

In order to use the "Intersection" elements (screen values "1", "2", "3", and "4") the pedestrian or non-motorist must have been struck in the area formed by the junction of two or more trafficways.

Enter **Intersection - In Crosswalk** if the PAR indicates that the person was in a designated crosswalk. A crosswalk is defined as a marked area (generally delineated by solid white lines) used by persons when crossing a roadway.

Enter **Intersection - On Roadway** if the person was struck in the intersection (of the roadways) or within the junction of the two trafficways outside the intersection of the two roadways but on one of the roadways. Use this element, for example, if no crosswalk is present.

Enter **Intersection - Other** if the person is on a sidewalk or island within the junction of the trafficways. Sidewalk is defined as any improved surface primarily constructed for the use of pedestrians.

Enter **Intersection - Unknown** if the person is within the junction of two trafficways but their exact location is unknown.

Screen elements values "5", "6", "7", and "8" are applicable to crashes occurring in a non-intersection area (i.e., not within the junction of two or more named trafficways but on the "road" of a named trafficway). The junction of a driveway/alley access and a named trafficway is a Non-intersection area.

Enter **Non-intersection - In Crosswalk** if the person is in a crosswalk not associated with the junction of two named trafficways (e.g., a mid-block crosswalk or a crosswalk across a named trafficway which connects a driveway).

Enter **Non-intersection - On Roadway** when the PAR indicates that the person is on a roadway and not in a crosswalk and not in the junction of two named trafficways.

Enter **Non-intersection - Other** when the person is struck on the "road" of a named trafficway but not on the roadway (i.e., in or out of a crosswalk). This element includes person-location areas commonly referred to as islands, shoulders or parking lanes. This element may also include some bicycle lanes if these lanes are adjacent to the travel lanes (i.e., the roadway).

Enter **Non-intersection - Unknown** if the person is not struck in the junction of two named trafficways nor on a roadway (in or out of a crosswalk).

Enter **In Crosswalk - Unknown If Intersection** when it is known that the person is in a crosswalk but it is unknown if the crosswalk is associated with the junction of two named trafficways.

Enter **Other Location** if the person is not struck in the junction of two named trafficways nor on the "road" of a trafficway. This element includes person-location areas commonly referred to as medians, sidewalks or "roadside" (i.e., within the trafficway but not on the "road" and not within the junction of two or more named trafficways).

Non-Motorists who are occupants of a motor vehicle not in transport are coded with respect to the location of the vehicle.

### P23 NON-MOTORIST PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER

Screen Heading: Non-Motorist Data

**Screen Name:** Parked/Working Vehicle # (895-R)

**Long Name:** Enter the non-motorist's parked/working vehicle number.

SAS Name: Person.PVehno

Oracle Name: GES.NonMotorist.ParkVehicleid, GES.Parked.VehicleNumber

#### **Element Values:**

Screen Oracle SAS

**n/a n/a** 00 Not Applicable

1-30 \* 1-30 Parked/Working Vehicle Number

#### Remarks:

This variable applies to non-motorists where P03, Person Type, equals "Occupant Of A Motor Vehicle Not In Transport."

This variable is the number of the parked/working vehicle this person is a part of.

**Not Applicable** applies when P03, Person Type, equals SAS values 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or 19.

<sup>\*</sup> The Oracle value is set equal to the value of GES.Parked.PVehicleID for the parked/working vehicle the non-motorist is associated with.

### P22 NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHICLE NUMBER

Screen Heading: Non-Motorist Data

**Screen Name:** Harming Vehicle # (1000-E?)

**Long Name:** Enter the non-motorist's striking vehicle number.

SAS Name: Person.Str\_Veh

Oracle Name: GES.NonMotorist.StrikeVehicleID

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
n/a	n/a	00	Not Applicable - Vehicle Occupant
1-30	*	1-30	Assigned Vehicle Number
?	?	99	Unknown

<sup>\*</sup> The Oracle value is set equal to the value of GES. Vehicle. VehicleID for the in-transport motor vehicle which comes in contact with the non-motorist.

#### Remarks:

This variable captures the vehicle which made contact with the non-motorist being coded. The value entered must match the vehicle number of the striking vehicle.

If the non-motorist made contact with more than one vehicle, code the number of the vehicle that caused the most significant injury. If it is not possible to determine which vehicle caused the most significant injury, code the number of the vehicle which made contact first.

Code **Unknown** is used when it cannot be determined which vehicle made contact.

## MB\_A16 TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE - CYCLIST

**Screen Heading:** Non-Motorist Data - Cyclists

Screen Name: Cyclist Traffic Control Devices (960-E)

**Long Name:** What traffic control devices are applicable to this cyclist?

**SAS Name:** Biketraf.BTrafCon

Oracle Name: GES.BiketrafficDevice.DeviceID

**Element Values:** 

Screen Oracle SAS

**n/a** 26623 00 No Controls

### NOT AT RAILROAD GRADE CROSSING

### TRAFFICWAY TRAFFIC SIGNALS

1	26624	01	Traffic Control Signal (Traffic Signal)
2	26625	04	Flashing Traffic Control Signal or Flashing Beacon
3	26626	80	Other Traffic Signal
4	26627	09	Unknown Traffic Signal

### REGULATORY, SCHOOL ZONE SIGNS

1	26628	21	Stop Sign
2	26629	22	Yield Sign
3	26630	23	School Zone Related Sign
4	26631	28	Other Sign
5	26632	29	Unknown Sign

### WARNING SIGNS

1	26633	40	Advisory Speed Sign
2	26634	41	Warning Sign for Road Conditions (Hill, Steep Grade, etc.)
2	26625	42	,
3	26635	42	Warning Sign for Road Construction
4	26636	43	Warning Sign for Environment/Traffic (Fog ahead, Wind,
			Crash ahead)
5	26637	49	Unknown Type Warning Sign

### MISCELLANEOUS NOT AT RAILROAD CROSSING

1 26638 51 Officer, Crossing Guard, Flagman, etc.

AT RAILROAD GRADE CROSSING					
1	26639	61	Active Device at RR Crossing (e.g., Gates, Flashing Lights, Traffic Signal)		
2	26640	62	Passive Device at RR Crossing (e.g., Stop Sign, Cross Bucks)		
OTHER	<u>OTHER</u>				
1	26641	97	Traffic Control Present - No Details		
2	26642	98	Other Traffic Control (Whether or not at RR Grade Crossing)		
3	26643	99	Unknown		

#### Remarks:

This variable measures controls which regulate vehicular traffic. Excluded are any controls which solely regulate pedestrians (e.g., Walk/Wait signals).

Pavement markings are used to supplement the regulations or warnings of other devices such as traffic signs or signals. In other instances, they are used alone and produce results that can not be obtained by the use of any other device. Pavements markings can convey warnings or information to the driver without diverting his attention from the roadway. However, pavement markings are not considered as traffic control devices for the purposes of this variable and are not entered.

Guide signs do not constitute traffic controls.

Code the attribute indicated on the PAR if it directly matches.

Code **No Controls** is used if at the time of the crash there was no intent to control (regulate or warn) vehicle traffic. Use this attribute if statutory controls apply (e.g., state law requires that when two vehicles meet at an uncontrolled intersection, the one on the right has the right-of-way).

**Traffic Control Signal (Traffic Signal)** -- any highway traffic signal by which traffic is alternatively directed to stop and permitted to proceed. The source of actuation is of no concern.

**Flashing Traffic Control Signal or Flashing Beacon** is used if (1) the signal has green, amber, and red cycle capability but is being used to flash amber/red only or (2) the device is capable of only flashing amber/red signals.

**Other Traffic Signal** B should be coded for traffic signals that are not covered in the preceding attributes. A lane use control signal would be an example.

**Unknown Traffic Signal** B is used if the PAR indicates a traffic signal, but provides no information regarding the specific traffic signal type.

**Unknown Sign** B is used if the PAR indicates a regulatory sign, but the type of sign cannot be determined.

**School Zone Related Sign** is used when the first harmful event occurred during the time the sign was in effect. If the sign was in effect, it does not matter whether or not children were present.

**Other Sign** includes speed limit signs, movement signs (e.g., NO TURN, LEFT TURN ONLY, DO NOT PASS, PASS WITH CARE, KEEP RIGHT, DO NOT ENTER, WRONG WAY, ONE WAY), parking signs (e.g., NO PARKING, EMERGENCY PARKING ONLY), and other miscellaneous signs (e.g., STOP HERE ON RED, NO TURN ON RED, ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC, WEIGHT LIMIT..., TRUCK ROUTE). There must be specific mention of the sign on the PAR.

**Warning Signs** include any black on orange diamond shaped sign or any black on yellow diamond shaped sign. Some black on yellow horizontal rectangular or vertical rectangular signs are also included. Warning signs call attention to unexpected conditions on or adjacent to a highway or street and to situations that might not be readily apparent to road users. Warning signs alert road users to conditions that might call for a reduction of speed or an action in the interest of safety and efficient traffic operations.

**Advisory Speed Sign** B is used if the PAR indicates a Speed Control sign or Special Speed zone.

Warning Sign for Road Conditions (Hill, Steep Grade, etc.) B is used if the PAR indicates warning signs that alert drivers to changes in roadway profile or alignment conditions.

**Warning Sign for Road Construction** B is used if the PAR indicates warning signs that alert drivers to construction, maintenance, utility work zones, and related lane closures. This code is also used to describe vehicles carrying sign boards alerting drivers to these work areas.

Warning Sign for Environment/Traffic (Fog Ahead, Wind, Crash Ahead) B is used if the PAR indicates warning signs, which alert the driver to changing environmental conditions.

**Unknown Type Warning Sign** B is used if the PAR indicates a warning sign is involved, but provides no information regarding the specific warning sign type.

**Officer, Crossing Guard, Flagman, etc**. B Officially designated person that controls both vehicular and pedestrian traffic.

At Railroad Grade Crossing should only be used when the first harmful event occurs in the area of a roadway and a railroad bed (i.e., Relation to Junction equals Railroad Grade Crossing). Attributes referring to Trafficway Traffic Signals, Regulatory School Zone Signs, and Warning Signs should be used when the first harmful event occurs anywhere else.

Active Device at RR Crossing (e.g., Gates, Flashing Lights, Traffic Control Signal) is used when the PAR reports that the railroad crossing was guarded by a gate, a flashing light, a traffic control signal, a bell or any combination thereof.

Passive Device at RR Crossing (e.g., Stop Sign, Cross Bucks, etc.) is used when the PAR indicates that no train activated devices were present. Cross bucks are a large "X", with the words RAILROAD CROSSING spelled out on the "X". A railroad advance warning sign is a circle with a black "X" on a yellow background.

**Traffic Control Present - No Details** B is used if the PAR indicates the presence of a traffic control device, but provides no information regarding the specific traffic control type.

Other Traffic Control (Whether or Not At RR Grade Crossing) includes: (1) a school bus with flashers activated where vehicles are required to stop or (2) any other device which (a) functions as a traffic control device which is not listed as an attribute of this variable and (b) is not excluded by the manual and (c) is related to the crash. Some examples are: barricades, cones, drums, and object markers.

When a traffic control is deactivated (e.g., traffic signal that emits no signals) during certain times of the day and was deactivated at the time of the crash, code **No Controls**. A traffic control that has just been installed and not yet activated is also coded **No Controls**. However, a traffic control that is out (e.g., due to a power failure) and was reported as such on the PAR is coded, unless a temporary control (e.g., stop sign, police officer, etc.) has been inserted, in which case the temporary control should be coded.

**Unknown** is used if no information is contained on the PAR or the information on the PAR is inadequate for choosing one of the other attributes.

### P18 PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (NON-MOTORISTS)

**Screen Heading:** Physical Impairments

**Screen Name:** Physical Impairments (970-E)

**Long Name:** Did the police identify any contributory physical impairments?

SAS Name: P18-Person.Impairmt, M P18-Impair.MImpair

Oracle Name: GES.Impairment.ImpairID

### **Element Values:**

Screen	Oracle	SAS	
1	26791	00	None
2	26792	01	III, Blackout
3	26793	02	Drowsy, Sleepy, Fell Asleep, Fatigued
4	26794	03	Requires Cane Or Crutches
5	26795	04	Paraplegic Or Restricted To Wheelchair
6	26796	05	Impaired Due To Previous Injury
7	26797	06	Deaf
8	26798	07	Blind
9	26799	97	Physical Impairment-No Details
10	26800	98	Other Physical Impairment
11	26801	99	Unknown If Physically Impaired
13	26821	93	Not on PAR
14	26822	94	Not Coded

### Remarks:

This question attempts to identify physical impairments of non-motorists which may have contributed to the cause of the crash. These impairments can appear anywhere on the PAR--in the narrative section, in the violations section, in a column entitled "Contributing Factors" or "Driver Action", etc. Do not consider pedestrian, non-motorist or witness statements unless verified by the investigating police officer.

Enter **None** when the PAR indicates that there were no physical impairments for this person.

Enter **III**, **Blackout** when indicated on the PAR. Enter this element even if the source of the illness or loss of consciousness is alcohol or drug related.

Enter **Drowsy**, **Sleepy**, **Fell Asleep**, **Fatigued** when indicated on the PAR. Alcohol or other drugs may be the source of this impairment.

Enter Requires Cane Or Crutches when indicated on the PAR.

Enter **Paraplegic or Restricted to Wheelchair** if this person has to use a wheelchair or is paraplegic (may or may not have used a wheelchair).

Enter **Impaired Due To Previous Injury** if the PAR specifically indicates this condition (e.g., pedestrian is involved in this crash subsequent to his/her involvement in a previous crash in which the pedestrian was injured). This element should be extremely rare.

Enter **Deaf** when indicated on the PAR.

Enter **Blind** when indicated on the PAR.

Enter **Physical Impairment - No Details** when the PAR indicates that "some" physical impairment exists but does not clearly indicate the nature of the impairment.

Enter **Other Physical Impairment** when the PAR indicates a physical impairment that cannot be attributed to one of the other elements above (screen element values "2" through "8").

Enter **Unknown If Physically Impaired** when the PAR indicates that the person's physical condition at the time of the crash is unknown.

Enter **Not on PAR** if no block exists on the PAR for reporting physical impairment information and no other information is available.

Enter **Not Coded** if there is a specific location on the police report for physical impairment information, the investigating officer fails to make either a positive or negative assessment and no other information is available

### P19 NON-MOTORIST ACTION

**Screen Heading:** Non-Motorists Actions

Screen Name: Non-Motorists Actions (980-E)

**Long Name:** What are the non-motorist's actions at the moment prior to the crash?

**SAS Name:** P19-Person.Action, M\_P19-Nmaction.MAction

Oracle Name: GES.NonMotoristAction.ActionID

### **Element Values:**

Screen		Oracle	SAS	
Non-Mo	otorist	<ul> <li>Pedalcyclist/0</li> </ul>	Operate	or
	1	26765	00	No Action
2	2	26766	01	Failing To Have Lights On When Required
(	3	26767	02	Operating Without Required Equipment
4	4	26768	03	Improper Or Erratic Lane Changing
į	5	26769	04	Failure To Keep In Proper Lane Or Running Off Road
(	6	26770	05	Making Improper Entry To Or Exit From Trafficway
7	7	26771	06	Operating The Vehicle In Other Erratic, Reckless, Careless Or Negligent Manner
}	8	26772	07	Failure To Yield Right Of Way
(	9	26773	80	Failure To Obey Traffic Signs, Traffic Control Devices Or Traffic Officers, Failure To Obey Safety Zone
•	10	26774	09	Making Other Improper Turn
•	11	26775	10	Driving On Wrong Side Of Road
•	12	26776	98	Other Action
•	13	26777	99	Unknown Action
Other N	lon-Mo	otorist		
•	1	26779	00	No Action
2	2	26780	21	Darting Or Running Into Road
(	3	26781	22	Improper Crossing Of Roadway Or Intersection (Jaywalking)
4	4	26782	24	Inattentive (Talking, Eating, Etc.)
į	5	26783	25	Jogging
6	6	26784	26	Non-Motorist Pushing A Vehicle
	7	26785	27	Walking With Traffic
8	8	26786	28	Walking Against Traffic
	9	26787	29	Playing, Working, Sitting, Lying, Standing, etc. In Roadway
•	10	26788	98	Other Action
•	11	26789	99	Unknown Action

#### Remarks:

This variable attempts to identify circumstances that may have contributed to the cause of the crash. These circumstances ("actions") can appear anywhere on the PAR--in the narrative section, in the violations section, in a column entitled "Contributing Factors" or "Driver Action", etc. Do not consider driver or witness statements unless verified by the investigating police officer.

Enter **No Action** if the PAR does not indicate (either specifically or by implication) that one of the elements listed below applies to this non-motorist. Use this code when Person Type (P03) = (Occupant Of A Motor Vehicle Not In-Transport) [P03 = SAS 3], except if the person is an occupant of a working motor vehicle (in which case Other Non-Motorist code Other Action [Oracle code 26788] applies). Also use this code when Person Type (P03) = (Occupant of a Non-Motor Vehicle Transport Device) or (Persons on Personal Conveyances) [P03 = SAS 4 or 8] <u>and</u> this non-motorist is not the operator.

### Non-Motorist - Pedalcyclist/Operator

SAS element values "01" through "10" and "98" apply to pedalcyclists [P03 = SAS 6 and 7] and operators (as opposed to passengers) of non-motor vehicle transport devices or Persons on Personal Conveyances [P03 = SAS 4 or 8]. Occupants Of Non-motor Vehicle Transport Devices or Persons on Personal Conveyances who are not the operator should be coded "00" (No Action).

**Improper Or Erratic Lane Changing** -- Pedalcyclist/operator (e.g., bicyclist, operator of horse-drawn vehicle, roller blader, skateboard rider) weaving in and out of traffic.

**Failure To Keep In Proper Lane Or Running Off Road** -- Pedalcyclist/operator fails to stay in proper lane. For example, bicyclist fails to keep in bicycle lane or operator of horse-drawn vehicle goes straight in a turn lane.

**Making Improper Entry To Or Exit From Trafficway** -- Pedalcyclist/operator entering trafficway from adjacent pasture, field, sidewalk, etc. For example, pedalcyclist entering a roadway from a midblock location (shoulder or curb). Pedalcyclist/operator is entering trafficway from exit ramp, exiting from entrance ramp, or entering a one-way trafficway against traffic.

Operating the Vehicle In Other Erratic, Reckless, Careless Or Negligent Manner -- Must be explicitly stated on police report to code. Examples include bicyclists doing wheelies or skateboard racing.

**Failure To Yield Right Of Way** -- When the PAR indicates the pedalcyclist/operator failed to yield right of way. Examples include failure to yield when exiting a driveway, not clearing intersection before light turns green for crossing traffic and failure to yield at an intersection not controlled by a stop sign or flashing red lights.

**Failure To Obey Traffic Signs, Traffic Control Devices, Traffic Officers, or Safety Zones** -- When the PAR indicates the pedalcyclist/operator does not obey traffic signs, traffic controls devices, traffic officers or safety zones. Includes passing around railroad gates.

**Making Other Improper Turn** -- This attribute is used when the PAR indicates the pedalcyclist/operator made an improper turn. Examples include too wide right or left turns, or unsafe u-turns.

**Driving On Wrong Side Of Road** -- The pedalcyclist/operator is driving against traffic.

**Unknown Action** -- is used if the PAR indicates that some "action" is noted for this pedalcyclist/operator, but the information on the PAR is insufficient or unclear to determine what action (element) to code.

Enter **Failing To Have Lights On When Required** if the PAR indicates that the pedalcycle, animal-drawn conveyance or person conveyance was equipped with lights but failed to have them on when required.

Enter **Operating Without Required Equipment** if the PAR indicates that this non-motorist operated the pedalcycle, animal-drawn conveyance or person conveyance, for example, without installation of the proper light equipment (e.g., headlights, taillights, etc.).

Enter **Other Action** if the PAR indicates that some "other action" (other than one of those listed in SAS elements "01" through "10" above), associated with the operation of the pedalcycle, animal-drawn conveyance or person conveyance, applies to this person.

SAS elements "21" through "29" and "98" apply to pedestrians, persons in/on buildings, occupants of working motor vehicles and unknown type nonmotorists Person Type (P03) = SAS 5 (Pedestrian), 10 (Persons in/on Buildings), 3 (Occupant of a Motor Vehicle Not in Transport / Working Motor Vehicle) and 19 (Unknown Type of Non-Motorist).

The intent of the non-motorist is crucial to the selection of the proper element. Determine the person's intent based upon the evidence available on the PAR.

### Other Non-Motorist

Enter **Darting or Running Into Road** when the person's activity just prior to impact can best be described as a sudden or impulsive dart, run, hurry, etc. movement across (as opposed to along) a road. For example, if a person's activity prior to the crash could best be described as jogging or running [see SAS element "25" (Jogging)], but just prior to the impact the non-motorist darted into the roadway, then enter this value.

Classic examples of this element include (1) children playing who suddenly run into the road to retrieve an object associated with their play (e.g. a ball), and (2) children who dash out from behind a parked car to cross the street.

Enter Improper Crossing Of Roadway Or Intersection (Jaywalking) if the person is engaged in crossing a road and was not in the continuation of jogging/running or did not engage in a "sudden or impulsive" dart, run, etc. Generally the crossing will be by walking; however crawling is included.

Enter **Inattentive** (**Talking**, **Eating**, **Etc.**) if a person is standing, sitting or lying, and perhaps waiting (e.g., chatting), but not a person walking, playing, working or jogging, and the PAR specifically indicates that the person was inattentive.

Enter **Jogging** if the person was engaged in running, jogging or moving quickly (hurrying) just prior to collision.

Enter **Walking With Traffic** is used if a person is on or over the road and is moving at a walking pace in the same direction as traffic prior to the collision; however, immediately before the impact, the person may have attempted to jump or run out of the path of the vehicle.

Enter **Walking Against Traffic** is used if a person is on or over the road and is moving at a walking pace in the opposite direction of traffic prior to the collision; however, immediately before the impact, the person may have attempted to jump or run out of the path of the vehicle.

Enter Playing, Working, Sitting, Lying, Standing, etc. in Roadway is used if a person is on or over the road and is:

Playing in the road before the vehicle arrived. The person must not have just run into the roadway after a ball, for example. Playing in the road includes ball games, fighting, grabbing hold of cars or playing "chicken" with vehicles;

Present in the road because of the requirement of his/her job. This includes police, emergency personnel, flagmen, traffic guards, roadway construction or maintenance crew, garbage men, etc., but not people who are in the street voluntarily, such as a civilian directing traffic at the scene of an crash; or

Standing, sitting, lying, etc. (but not moving) and the action does not fit in SAS element "24" [Inattentive (Talking, Eating, etc.)]

Joggers/runners can walk for a brief spell; walkers can run for short distances. When distinguishing joggers/runners (SAS element "25") from walkers (SAS elements "27" and "28") focus on the intent of the person's activity prior to their involvement in the crash.

Enter **Other Action** if the PAR indicates that an "action"--other than one which would "best fit" in the elements specifically described above, applies to this person. For example, use this element if a person is waiting to cross a road, loitering or waiting for a bus. The person can be anywhere off a road (e.g., sidewalk, median, traffic island, roadside, etc.). This element is also used when the person is in or on a working vehicle.

Enter **Unknown Action** if the PAR indicates that some "action" is noted for this non-motorist, but the information on the PAR is insufficient or unclear to determine what action (element) to code.

### P20 NON-MOTORIST SAFETY EQUIPMENT USED

Screen Heading: Non-Motorist Safety Equipment

Screen Name: Non-Motorist Safety Equipment (990-E)

**Long Name:** What safety equipment did this non-motorist use?

SAS Name: P20-Person.Saf\_Eqmt, M\_P20-Safetyeq.MSafEqmt

Oracle Name: GES.NonMotoristSafety.SafetyID

#### **Element Values:**

Screen		Oracle	SAS	
1		26759	0	Not Applicable
2		19430	1	None Used
3		26760	2	Bicycle Helmet
4		26761	3	Reflective Equipment
n/	a	n/a	4	Bicycle Helmet and Reflective Equipment
5		26763	8	Other Safety Equipment
6		26764	9	Unknown If Used

### Remarks:

This variable attempts to identify safety equipment worn or carried by the non-motorist [Person Type (P03) = SAS 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 or 19]

Enter **None Used** when the PAR specifically states that the non-motorist was not wearing or carrying any type of safety equipment.

N/A is used when the person is one of the following: Person Type (P03) = SAS 1, 2, 3 or 9.

Enter **Bicycle Helmet** when the PAR indicates that the non-motorist was wearing a bicycle safety helmet. The non-motorist does not have to be riding a bicycle at the time of the crash to use this code.

Enter **Reflective Equipment** when the PAR indicates that the non-motorist was wearing or carrying some type of reflective equipment. The emphasis is on the reflective property of the equipment and does not include devices which give off light under their own power (e.g. flashlights). The equipment can be reflective tape affixed to regular clothing, special reflective clothing, a reflective device which is worn or a reflective device which is carried. It can be made by the non-motorist and does not have to be specially designed as a safety device.

Enter Other Safety Equipment when the PAR indicates that the non-motorist was using safety equipment and it does not fit into elements: Bicycle Helmet or Reflective Equipment. Any device that produces a visual signal but is not reflective (e.g. flashlight) or any clothing that is non-reflective but considered to be safety equipment (hi-glo orange clothing) should be coded using this element.

Enter **Unknown If Used** if specifically stated on the PAR or there is no information on the PAR that the non-motorist was using safety equipment or clothing.

## **APPENDIX A**

**2009 General Estimates System Edit Checks** 

### **A01 DATE**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AA034A	there is a row in the ges.crashdata table	there must be a row in the nass.pardata table with a matching parid.
AA034B	NASS.PARWEIGHT.PARERROR must not equal incomplete missing pages, incomplete bad copy, incomplete specify, missing or non-NASS. Check your PAR and if it qualifies for coding, please update he PAR's status in the Zone PAR application.	

# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
AA034	DATE-MM (A01) equals 05-09	ATMOSPHERIC CONDITION (A20) should not equal 3 or 4.
AA035	DATE-MM (A01) equals 05-09	ROADWAY SURFACE CONDITION (A15) should not equal 3 or 4.

## **A02 TIME**

## **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AA003	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) equals 5	TIME (A02) must not equal 2200- 2400 2399, 0004 0-1400 or 1499.
AA062	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) equals 2, 3 or 6	TIME (A02) must not equal 1000- 1500 or 1599.
AA066	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) equals 1	TIME (A02) must not equal 2200- 2400 2399, 0004 0-0300 or 0399.
AA066A	TIME (a A02) must not equal 00:00 2 equal : (colon).	2400 or null. The third character must
AA079	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) equals 4	TIME (A02) must not equal 1000- 2400 2399, 0004 0-0300 or 0399.

# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
AA006	TIME (A02) equals 1000-1500	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) should equal 1 or 9.
AA057	TIME (A02) equals 2200-2399 or 0000-0300 or 0399	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) should equal 2, 3 or 9.
AA074	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) equals 1	TIME (A02) should equal 0500- 2100, 2199 or 9999.
AA078	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) equals 2	TIME (A02) should equal 1600- 2400 2399, 0100 000-0900, 0999 or 9999.
AA080	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) equals 4	TIME (A02) should equal 0400- 0900, 0999 or 9999.
AA082	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) equals 5	TIME (A02) should equal 1600- 2100, 2199 or 9999.

## **A23 STRATUM**

# Post Entry

	IF	THEN
PV188A	no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79 and INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 4 for at least one occupant of a vehicle where BODY TYPE (V05) equals 1-49 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2	STRATUM (A23) should equal 1.
PV188B	no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-49 for one and only one vehicle, MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2 for this vehicle, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) does not equal 4 for any occupants of this vehicle, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 3 and TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) equals 1 for at least one occupant of this vehicle	STRATUM (A23) should equal 1.
PV188C	no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-49 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2 for at least 2 vehicles, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) does not equal 4 for any occupant of the towed passenger vehicles, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 3 and TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) equals 1 for at least one occupant of the towed passenger vehicles	STRATUM (A23) should equal 1.

PV188K	no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, the crash does not qualify for category 1 stratum L and INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 1-5 and TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) equals 1 for at least one occupant of a vehicle where BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-49 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2	STRATUM (A23) should equal 5.
PV188P	no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, the crash does not qualify for category 1 stratum L or category 1 stratum M and there is at least one vehicle where BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-49 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2	STRATUM (A23) should equal 6.
PV188R	at least one BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, the crash does not qualify for category 1 stratum L, category 1 stratum M or category 1 stratum N and there is at least one vehicle where MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2 or one person where INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 1-5	STRATUM (A23) should equal 2.
PV188S	no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60- 79, the crash does not qualify for category 1 stratum L, category 1 stratum M, category 1 stratum N or category 2 and there is at least one person where INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 2-4	STRATUM (A23) should equal 3.
PV188T	the crash does not qualify for category 1 stratum L, category 1 stratum N, category 1 stratum N, category 2 or category 3	STRATUM (A23) should equal 4.

# **A03 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AA014	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 25	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) must be greater than 01.
AA014A	ACTION (E06) equals 4 or 5	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) must be greater than 01.
AA086	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) does not equal 0	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) must be greater than 01.
AV197	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 02 and one vehicle's VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 2	the other vehicle's VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must not equal 2.
AV213	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 02, MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 2, TRAVEL SPEED (V11) > 00 and MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) not equal to 13	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 1 or 3.
PA201	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3-8, 10 or 19 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01	NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHICLE NUMBER (P22) must equal 01.
<del>VA001</del>	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 25	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) must be greater than 01.
VA093	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 2 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must not equal 31-46, 58 or 59.
VA096	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 0 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) is not equal to 15	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 01-10.

VA096A  VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 0 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 15	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must not equal 01-10.
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# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
AV184	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 2, 4, 6, 7 or 8 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 01	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should equal 1-6, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14 or 19.

# Post Entry

		IF	THEN
(A03) is greater than 01 with TRAVEL SPEED (V11) > 00 or unknown.  AV097 RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equals 3 and NUMBER OF equal 06-10, 98 or 99.  MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01  PA200 NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHICLE NUMBER (P22) must equal one VEHICLE NUMBER (V01) in the crash unless it is equal to 99.  VA014 ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES 01-16 (A03) should equal 1.  VA015 ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) must be greater than 01.  VA120 Only ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) codes 01-16, 92, 98, 99, 00 can be used when the crash involves a single vehicle-NUMBER OF MOTOR	AP015		
equals 3 and NUMBER OF equal 06-10, 98 or 99.  MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01  PA200 NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHICLE NUMBER (P22) must equal one VEHICLE NUMBER (V01) in the crash unless it is equal to 99.  VA014 ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 01-16 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES 01-16 (A03) should equal 1.  VA015 ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 20-91 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) must be greater than 01.  VA120 Only ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) codes 01-16, 92, 98, 99, 00 can be used when the crash involves a single vehicle-NUMBER OF MOTOR	AV019		there should be at least one vehicle with TRAVEL SPEED (V11) > 00 or unknown.
VEHICLE NUMBER (V01) in the crash unless it is equal to 99.  VA014  ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 01-16  NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) should equal 1.  VA015  ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 20-91  NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) must be greater than 01.  VA120  Only ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) codes 01-16, 92, 98, 99, 00 can be used when the crash involves a single vehicle-NUMBER OF MOTOR	AV097	equals 3 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals	
01-16 (A03) should equal 1.  VA015 ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES 20-91 (A03) must be greater than 01.  VA120 Only ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) codes 01-16, 92, 98, 99, 00 can be used when the crash involves a single vehicle-NUMBER OF MOTOR	PA200		
VA120 Only ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) codes 01-16, 92, 98, 99, 00 can be used when the crash involves a single vehicle-NUMBER OF MOTOR	VA014	` , .	
when the crash involves a single vehicle-NUMBER OF MOTOR	VA015	` , .	
	VA120	when the crash involves a single vehi	

### A03D NUMBER OF PARKED/WORKING VEHICLES

**Errors** 

IF THEN

AA014P

The NUMBER OF PARKED/WORKING VEHICLES (A03D) must equal the number of parked plus working vehicles coded for the crash.

## **A04 NUMBER OF NON-MOTORISTS**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AA033	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27	NUMBER OF NON-MOTORISTS (A04) must not equal 00.
AA070	NUMBER OF NON-MOTORISTS (A04) equals 00	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 0000.

# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
PA065	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 22, NUMBER OF NON- MOTORISTS (A04) equals 01, and	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0001, 0002, 0003, 0004, 0005, 0018,
	NON-MOTORIST's ACTION (P19) equals 07	0019, 0021, 0026, 0040, 0049, 0050, 0060, 0062, 0097, 0098 or 0099.

## Post Entry

	IF	IHEN
AP135	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) equals 03 or 13 and NUMBER OF NON-MOTORISTS (A04) is greater than 00	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) should not equal 01, 02, 08 or 09.
AP135A	The PERSON NUMBERS (P02) of the non-motorists within a crash must be consecutively numbered. The number of non-motorists coded for a crash must equal NUMBER OF NON-MOTORISTS (A04).	

## **E01 EVENT NUMBER**

## **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AA009	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01-24, 26-46 7, 58 or 59	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) must not equal 1-6.
AA010	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 25 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) is not equal to 15	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) must not equal 0.
AA010A	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 25 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 15	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) must equal 0.
AA011	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) for this vehicle equals 23	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) must not equal 01-51or 98.
AA012	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 26	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) must not equal 1 or 9. Events involving working vehicles are excluded.
AA039	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0410 or 0430; EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) must equal 1 or 9.
AA051	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0610, 0620, EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1, and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) must not equal 1 or 9.
AA088	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 7	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) must equal 1 or 9.
AV022	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, EVENT NUMBER (E01) = 1 and PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0220	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 8, 9, 13 or 97.

AV073	MANNER OF COLLISION (A7) equals 2	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must equal 01 for the two vehicles involved in event 1.
AV073R	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 01 for the two vehicles involved in event 1.	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) must equal 2
AV074	MANNER OF COLLISION (A7) equals 3	I POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must equal 04 for the two vehicles involved in event 1.
AV075	MANNER OF COLLISION (A7) equals 1	one vehicle involved in event 1 must have POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equal to 01 and the other vehicle must have POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equal to 04.
AV132	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 08 or 09	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must equal 00.
AV215	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01-10	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must not equal 20-91.
PA127	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equals 11, 12, 18 or 19; EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) must not equal 01 or 11.
PVE700	PARKED VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) EQUALS 1 and PARKED VEHICLE EVENT NUMBER (PE02) equals EVENT NUMBER (E01)	NON-COLLISION CATEGORY OR OBJECT CONTACTED (E04) must equal 126.
PVE701	PARKED VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) EQUALS 2 and PARKED VEHICLE EVENT NUMBER (PE02) equals EVENT NUMBER (E01)	NON-COLLISION CATEGORY OR OBJECT CONTACTED (E04) must equal <del>128</del> 126.
VA081	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 13 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 21, 22, 24 or 27.
VA086	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 01-16 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must not equal 25.
VA093	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 2 and NUMBER OF MOTOR	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must not equal 31-46, 07, 58 or 59.

	VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	
VA096	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 0 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) is not equal to 15	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 01-10.
VA096A	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 0 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 15	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must not equal 01-10.
VA137	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 00 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 08 or 09.
VA219	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 20-91 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 25.
VV099A	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 87 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must not equal 0, 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 12 or 14.
VV100A	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 89 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must not equal 0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 11 or 13.

#### **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
AA023	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 99	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) should not equal 0-6.
AA024	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 31-46, 58 or 59	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should not equal 1 or 9.
AA025	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 23	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should equal 5.

AV070	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 26	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 01-11, 92, 98 or 99.
AV071	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 24 and MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) is not equal to 13	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 13.
AV072	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 28 or 58 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 1 or 9	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 12 or 15.
AV137A	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 02, 03, 04 or 06	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 00.
AV137B	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 08 or 09	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 00.
AV223	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 1-10, 98 or 99.
VA087	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 99 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) should equal 99.
VA198	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 00 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) should equal 01-10.
VA211	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 1 and ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) for the vehicle involved in the first harmful event equals 40 2	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should equal 1 or 9.

#### Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AP001	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 1	there must be at least one NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equal to 01-09, 11, 12, 19, 20 or 99.

AP002	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 2 or 7	there must be at least one NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equal to 08, 18, 98 or 99.
AP003	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 3	there must be at least one NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equal to 08, 18, 98 or 99.
AP004	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 99	there must be at least one NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equal to 09, 19 or 99.
AV011	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) is not equal to 02, 06, 10, 21, 22, 25, 27 or 28	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) should not equal 00.
AV011A	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 25 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) should not equal 00 for both vehicles.
PA049	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 0110- 0150, 0210-0230, 0310-0330, 0410-0430, 0510-0539, 0610, 0620, 0710-0790, 0810-0890, 0910 or 0920.
PA058	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 22 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 0001- 0044 0, 0048, 0049, 0050, 0055, 0060-0062, 0090, 0097, 0098 or 0099.
VA093	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 2 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must not equal 31-46, 58 or 59.

## **E02/V01 VEHICLE NUMBER (THIS VEHICLE)**

#### **Errors**

IF THEN

PP048A PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3, 4, VEHICLE NUMBER (V01) must

5, 6, 7, 8, 10 or 19 equal null.

EV215 All in-transport motor vehicles must be involved in at least one event.

**Warnings** 

IF THEN

AV215A The lower vehicle number should be entered first when entering the event

information.

# E03/V24 POINT OF IMPACT (THIS VEHICLE)

## **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AA010	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 25 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) is not equal to 15	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) must not equal 0.
AA010A	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 25 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 15	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) must equal 0.
AV069	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 1-6, 8 or 9	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must equal 00.
AV073	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 2	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must equal 01 for the two vehicles involved in event 1.
AV073R	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 01 for the two vehicles involved in event 1.	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) must equal 2
AV074	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 3	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must equal 04 for the two vehicles involved in event 1.
AV075	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 1	one vehicle involved in event 1 must have POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equal to 01 and the other vehicle must have POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equal to 04.
AV076	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 1	at least one vehicle must have POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equal to 04.
AV232	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21-99 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) is not equal to 15	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must not equal 0.
AV232A	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21-99 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 15	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 0.

VA096	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 0 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) is not equal to 15	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 01-10.
VA096A	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 0 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 15	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must not equal 01-10.
VV057	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 11, 12, 13 or 14	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must have at least two values other than 0, unless the first character is 7 or 0.
VV057B	This edit check applies to vehicles in	nvolved in one and only one event.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 1	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 1, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 2	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 2, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 3	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 3, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 4	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 4, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 5	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 5, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 6	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 6, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 11	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 1, 2, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 12	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 1, 3, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 13	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 4, 2, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 14	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 4, 3, 7 or 9.

VV064	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 1 and ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 92	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must not equal 01.
VV065	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 20, 24, 28, 34, 36, 38, 40, 50-54, 56, 58 or 60	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must equal 01.
VV066	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 31, 35, 37, 39 or 41	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must equal 04.
VV099A	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 87 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must not equal 0, 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 12 or 14.
VV100A	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 89 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must not equal 0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 11 or 13.

## <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
VA198	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 00 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) should equal 01-10.
VV058E	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 11	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should equal one of the following combinations:/values (1, 2), (7) or (0).
VV097	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 87	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) should equal 02.
VV098	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 89	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) should equal 03.
VV104	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 68, and VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 2	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) should not equal 03.
VV177	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 01 and TRAVEL SPEED (V11) is greater than 00	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) should not equal 2.
VV178	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 11	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should equal 7 or include values 1 and 2.
VV179	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 12	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should equal 7 or include values 1 and 3.

VV180	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 13	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should equal 7 or include values 2 and 4.
VV181	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 14	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should equal 7 or include values 3 and 4.
VV224	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 53	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) should not equal 01.
VV225	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 51 or 52	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) should not equal 04.

## **E06 ACTION**

**Errors** 

AA014A ACTION (E06) equals 4 or 5 NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) must be greater than 1.

# E04/A06 Non-Collision Category or Object Contacted / Harmful Event

#### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AA009	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01-24, 26-46 7, 58 or 59	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) must not equal 1-6.
AA010	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 25 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) is not equal to 15	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) must not equal 0.
AA010A	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 25 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 15	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) must equal 0.
AA011	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) for this vehicle equals 23	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) must not equal 01-51or 98.
AA012	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 26	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) must not equal 1 or 9. Events involving working vehicles are excluded.
AA014	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 25	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) must be greater than 01.
AA033	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27	NUMBER OF NON-MOTORISTS (A04) must not equal 00.
AA037	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21 or 22	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must not equal 0000.
AA039	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0410 or 0430; EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) must equal 1 or 9.
AA042	the HARMFUL EVENT (A06) involving a non-motorist equals 22	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 0001-0099.

AA051	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0610, 0620, EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1, and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) must not equal 1 or 9.
AA088	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 7	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) must equal 1 or 9.
AV022	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, EVENT NUMBER (E01) = 1 and PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0220	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 8, 9, 13 or 97.
AV057A	all HARMFUL EVENTs (A06) for a vehicle equal 2, 3, 4 or 6	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0.
AV062A	all HARMFUL EVENTs (A06) for a vehicle equal 2, 3, 4 or 6	MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) must not equal 2.
AV069	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 1-6, 8 or 9	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must equal 00.
AV105	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 05	JACKKNIFE (V14) for the involved vehicle must equal 1.
AV106	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 05	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) for the involved vehicle must not equal 4 0, 6 or 9.
AV131	the first HARMFUL EVENT (A06) for the vehicle equals 1-9	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 0.
AV132	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 08 or 09	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must equal 00.
AV149	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01 and BODY TYPE (V05) not equal to 80-89	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) must equal <del>10, 20-23, 28, 29 or 99</del> 1, 2 or 9.
AV149A	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) must equal 0.
AV215	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01-10	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must not equal 20-91.
AV232	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21-99 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) is not equal to 15	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must not equal 0.

AV232A	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21-99 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 15	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 0.
PA127	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equals 11, 12, 18 or 19; EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) must not equal 01 or 11.
PVE700	PARKED VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) EQUALS 1 and PARKED VEHICLE EVENT NUMBER (PE02) equals EVENT NUMBER (E01)	NON-COLLISION CATEGORY OR OBJECT CONTACTED (E04) must equal 126.
PVE701	PARKED VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) EQUALS 2 and PARKED VEHICLE EVENT NUMBER (PE02) equals EVENT NUMBER (E01)	NON-COLLISION CATEGORY OR OBJECT CONTACTED (E04) must equal <del>128</del> 126.
PVE704	NON-COLLISION CATEGORY OR OBJECT CONTACTED (E04) equals 126	there must be a corresponding parked/working vehicle event.
VA001	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 25	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) must be greater than 01.
VA081	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 13 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 21, 22, 24 or 27.
VA086	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 01-16 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must not equal 25.
VA093	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 2 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must not equal 31-46, 07, 58 or 59.
VA096	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 0 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) is not equal to 15	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 01-10.
VA096A	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 0 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 15	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must not equal 01-10.

VA137	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 00 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 08 or 09.
VA191	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 2 or 4 for all events involving this vehicle	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) must equal 98
VA219	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 20-91 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 25.
VA219A	The Oracle value for HARMFUL EVE	ENT (A06) must not equal 10243.
<del>VV091</del>	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 05	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) must not equal 1 or 6.
VV116	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01 and BODY TYPE (V05) does not equal 80-89	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) must not equal 00.

# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
AA023	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 99	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) should not equal 0-6.
AA024	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 31-46, 58 or 59	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should not equal 1 or 9.
AA025	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 23	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should equal 5.
AA030	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 2, 4, 6, 7 or 33	it is unlikely.

AV062	at least one HARMFUL EVENT (A06) for a vehicle equals 21, 22 or 27 and all other HARMFUL EVENTS (A06) for the vehicle equal 2, 3, 4, 6, 21, 22 or 27	MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) should not equal 2.
AV070	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 26	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 01-11, 92, 98 or 99.
AV071	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 24 and MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) is not equal to 13	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 13.
AV072	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 28 or 58 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 1 or 9	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 12 or 15.
AV214	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 38	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) should equal 0 or 22 1.
AV223	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 1-10, 98 or 99.
PA065	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 22, NUMBER OF NON- MOTORISTS (A04) equals 01, and NON-MOTORIST's ACTION (P19) equals 07	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0001, 0002, 0003, 0004, 0005, 0018, 0019, 0021, 0026, 0040, 0049, 0050, 0060, 0062, 0097, 0098 or 0099.
VA003	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 23	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) should not equal 1.
VA004	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 23	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should equal 05.
VA005	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 23	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) should not equal 01-51.
VA087	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 99 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) should equal 99.

VA	A198	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 00 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) should equal 01-10.
VA	A211	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 1 and ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) for the vehicle involved in the first harmful event equals 10 2	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should equal 1 or 9.
VV	057C	this vehicle is involved in one and only one event and NON-COLLISION CATEGORY, OBJECT or VEHICLE NUMBER CONTACTED (E04) is not equal to 101, 102 or 104	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should not equal 7.
VV	/081	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should not equal 0.

#### Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AP001	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 1	there must be at least one NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equal to 01-09, 11, 12, 19, 20 or 99.
AP002	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 2 or 7	there must be at least one NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equal to 08, 18, 98 or 99.
AP003	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 3	there must be at least one NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equal to 08, 18, 98 or 99.
AP004	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 99	there must be at least one NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equal to 09, 19 or 99.
AP005	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21	at least one person struck by the vehicle must have PERSON TYPE (P03) equal to 5.

AP006	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 22	at least one person must have PERSON TYPE (P03) equal to 6, 7 or 8 10.
AP006A	There is a row in the ges.person table for a non-motorist	there must be a corresponding row in the ges.nonmotorist table. Otherwise, there is no recorded striking vehicle number or non-motorist location for the non-motorist.
AP008	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 6	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equal to 1, 2 or 9 must have INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equal to 1-5.
AP128	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 27	at least one person must have PERSON TYPE (P03) equal 4, 8, 8 or 10.
AV009	a vehicle is involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 2	FIRE OCCURRENCE (V16) must equal 1.
AV009A	FIRE OCCURRENCE (V16) equals 1	at least one HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 2.
AV011	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) is not equal to 02, 06, 10, 21, 22, 25, 27 or 28	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) should not equal 00.
AV011A	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 25 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) should not be 00 for both vehicles.
PA049	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 0110-0150, 0210-0230, 0310-0330, 0410-0430, 0510-0539, 0610, 0620, 0710-0790, 0810-0890, 0910 or 0920.
PA058	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 22 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 0001-0044 0, 0048, 0049, 0050, 0055, 0060- 0062, 0090, 0097, 0098 or 0099.

PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 26.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 4	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals \$ 23, 27 or 28.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 22.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 8 8	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 27.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 10	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 19	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 28.
VP010	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) must be equal 5.
VP010A	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	at least one HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 21.
VP011	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 22	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) must be equal to 6, 7 or 10.
VP011A	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	at least one HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 22.
VP012	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 27	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) must equal 4, 8 or 10.

VP012A	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 4 or 8	at least one HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 23, 27 or 28.
VP012B	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3	at least one HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 26.
VP013	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 06	at least one occupant of this vehicle (PERSON TYPES (P03) 1-2 or 9) must have INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equal to 1-5.
VV116A	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) equals 10-99 1, 2 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) does not equal 80-89	at least one HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 01.

## **E04/V01 VEHICLE NUMBER (OTHER VEHICLE)**

#### **Errors**

IF THEN

PP048A PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3, 4, VEHICLE NUMBER (V01) must

5, 6, 7, 8, 10 or 19 equal null.

EV215 All in-transport motor vehicles must be involved in at least one event.

**Warnings** 

IF THEN

AV215A The lower vehicle number should be entered first when entering the event

information.

# E05/V24 POINT OF IMPACT (OTHER VEHICLE)

## **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AV069	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 1-6, 8 or 9	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must equal 00.
AV073	MANNER OF COLLISION (A7) equals 2	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must equal 01 for the two vehicles involved in event 1.
AV074	MANNER OF COLLISION (A7) equals 3	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must equal 04 for the two vehicles involved in event 1.
AV075	MANNER OF COLLISION (A7) equals 1	one vehicle involved in event 1 must have POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equal to 01 and the other vehicle must have POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equal to 04.
AV076	MANNER OF COLLISION (A7) equals 1	at least one vehicle must have POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equal to 04.
VV057	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 11, 12, 13 or 14	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must have at least two values other than 0, unless the first character is 7 or 0.
VV057B	This edit check applies to vehicles in	nvolved in one and only one event.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 1	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 1, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 2	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 2, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 3	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 3, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 4	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 4, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 5	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 5, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 6	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 6, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 11	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 1, 2, 7 or 9.

VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 12	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 1, 3, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 13	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 4, 2, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 14	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 4, 3, 7 or 9.
VV064	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 1 and ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 92	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must not equal 01.
VV065	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 20, 24, 28, 34, 36, 38, 40, 50-54, 56, 58 or 60	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must equal 01.
VV066	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 31, 35, 37, 39 or 41	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must equal 04.
VV099A	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 87 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must not equal 0, 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 12 or 14.
VV100A	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 89 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must not equal 0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 11 or 13.
<u>Warnings</u>		
	IF	THEN
VA198	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 00 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) should equal 01-10.
VV058E	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 11	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should equal one of the following combinations:/values (1, 2), (7) or (0).
VV097	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 87	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) should
		equal 02.
VV098	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 89	equal 02.  POINT OF IMPACT (V24) should equal 03.

VV104	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 68, and VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 2	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) should not equal 03.
VV177	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 01 and TRAVEL SPEED (V11) is greater than 00	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) should not equal 2.
VV178	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 11	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should equal 7 or include values 1 and 2.
VV179	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 12	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should equal 7 include values 1 and 3.
VV180	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 13	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should equal 7 or include values 2 and 4.
VV181	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 14	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should equal 7 or include values 3 and 4.
VV224	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 53	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) should not equal 01.
VV225	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 51or 52	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) should not equal 04.

# **A07 MANNER OF COLLISION**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AA009	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01-24, 26-46 7, 58 or 59	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) must not equal 1-6.
AA010	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 25 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) is not equal to 15	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) must not equal 0.
AA010A	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 25 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 15	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) must equal 0.
AA086	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) does not equal 0	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) must be greater than 01.
AV073	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 2	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must equal 01 for the two vehicles involved in event 1.
AV073R	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 01 for the two vehicles involved in event 1.	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) must equal 2
AV074	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 3	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must equal 04 for the two vehicles involved in event 1.
AV075	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 1	one vehicle involved in event 1 must have POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equal to 01 and the other vehicle must have POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equal to 04.
AV133	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 3 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must equal 92, 93 or 98.

AV213	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 02, MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 2, TRAVEL SPEED (V11) > 00 and MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) not equal to 13	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 1 or 3.
AV225	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 2	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must not equal 64-67.
AV226	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 4	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must not equal 20-43 or 50-53.
<u>Warnings</u>		
	IF	THEN
AA023	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 99	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) should not equal 0-6.
AA031	UNLIKELY: MANNER OF COLLISION	ON (A07) is equal to 3.
AV014	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 2	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) should equal 1 or 3.
AV203	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 5	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should not equal 20-33.
AV204	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 5	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 44-49, 98 or 99
AV205	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 6	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should not equal 50-53 ACCIDENT.
AV206	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 6	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 64-67, 98 or 99.
AV243	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 1	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should not equal 44-49.
Post Entry		
	IF	THEN
AV244	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 2 and TRAFFICWAY FLOW (All) equals 3	for at least one vehicle, MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should equal 00 or 97.

## **A25 WORK ZONE**

#### **Errors**

IF THEN

A25-RANGE WORK ZONE (A25) must equal 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4, 5, 6 or 9.

#### <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
AA097	WORK ZONE (A25) equals 1, 2, 3 or 4, 5 or 6	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) should equal 01-42, 51 or 98.
AA098	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) equals 42	WORK ZONE (A25) should equal 1, 2, 3 or 4 <del>, 5 or 6</del> .

## **A21 SCHOOL BUS RELATED**

#### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VA002	SPECIAL USE (V08) for any vehicle equals 02	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) must equal 1.
VA002P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) for any parked/working vehicle equals 02	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) must equal 1.
A21-RANGE	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) mus null.	t equal 0 or 1 and must not equal

#### <u>Warning</u>

	IF	THEN
AP024	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) equals 1 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0120.
AP027	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0120 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) should equal 1.
VA102	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 24 or 50	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) should equal 1.
VA102P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 24 or 50	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) should equal 1.

## Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AV210	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) equals 1	at least one SPECIAL USE (V08) or PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) should equal 02.
AV236	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) equals 1	at least one BODY TYPE (V05) or PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) should equal 24 or 50.

#### **A08 INTERSTATE HIGHWAY**

#### **Errors**

IF THEN

A08-RANGE INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) must equal 0,1 or 9 and must not equal

null.

#### **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
AA018	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) equals 1 and RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) is not equal to 14	NUMBER OF TRAVEL LANES (A12) should not equal 1.
AA019	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) equals 1 and RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) is not equal to 14	TRAFFICWAY FLOW (A11) should not equal 3.
AA020	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) equals 1	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should not equal 01-05, 07, 08, 09, 13 or 17.
AA021	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) equals 1	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) should not equal 01, 21, 23 or 61-97.
AA022	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) equals 1 and RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) is not equal to 14	SPEED LIMIT (A18) should not equal 01-40.
VA003	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 23	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) should not equal 1.

## Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AA071	NUMBER OF TRAVEL LANES (A12) equals 1 and RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) is not equal to 14	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) should not equal 1.
AA092	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) equals 01-03, 05 or 11-13	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) should not equal 1.

# **A09 RELATION TO JUNCTION (SPECIFIC LOCATION)**

#### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AA015	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) equals 01	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) must not equal 00 or 10.
AA038	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0810, 0821, 0822, 0829, 0830, 0840 or 0890	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) must not equal 01 or 11.
AA043	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0001, 0002 or 0008	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) must equal 03 or 13.
AA044	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0005, 0006, 0007, 0010, 0012, 0025, 0048, 0049 or 0055	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) must equal 01, 02, 04, 08, 11, 12, 14 or 18.
AA087A	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) equals 1 or 11	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) must equal 1
AA090	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0009	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) must not equal 00.
PA127	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equals 11, 12, 18 or 19; EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) must not equal 01 or 11.
VA139	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 14	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) must not equal 01 or 11.
<u>Warnings</u>		
	IF	THEN
AA018	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) equals 1 and RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) is not equal to	NUMBER OF TRAVEL LANES (A12) should not equal 1.

14

AA019	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) equals 1 and RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) is not equal to 14	TRAFFICWAY FLOW (A11) should not equal 3.
AA020	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) equals 1	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should not equal 01-05, 07, 08, 09, 13 or 17.
AA022	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) equals 1 and RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) is not equal to 14	SPEED LIMIT (A18) should not equal 01-40.
AA025	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 23	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should equal 05.
AA026	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) equals 05	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) should equal 61 or 62.
AA050	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0003, 0018, 0019, 0021, 0022, 0023 or 0024	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should not equal 00 or 10.
AA071	NUMBER OF TRAVEL LANES (A12) equals 1 and RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) is not equal to 14	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) should not equal 1.
AA085	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) equals 21 or 22	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should not equal 00 or 10.
AA087	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 4 or 8	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should not equal 01 or 11.
AA091	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0005, 0009, 0010, 0012, 0025, 0049, 0050, 0055 or 0090	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should <del>not</del> equal 01, 02, 11 or 12.
AA092	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) equals 01-03, 05 or 11-13	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) should not equal 1.
AA096	If TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) equals 61 or 62	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should equal 05.
PA130	NON MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equals 01, 02, 08 or 09	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should equal 01, 02, 11 or 12.

VA004	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 23	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should equal 05.
VA082	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 68-91	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should not equal 00.
VA140	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 14	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should equal 00, 02, 10 or 12.
VA189	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 65-68 or 70-73 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should not equal 00 or 10.
VA190	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 70-73 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should equal 03 or 13.
VA242	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 10 or 11	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should not equal 00 or 10.

## Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AP023	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) equals 01 or 11 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5 for the first non-motorist	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must not equal 0810, 0821, 0822, 0829, 0830, 0840 or 0890.
AP039	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) equals 01, 02, 11 or 12 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5 for the first non-motorist	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0710, 0720, 0730, 0740, 0750, 0760 or 0790.
AP135	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) equals 03 or 13 and NUMBER OF NON MOTORISTS (A04) is greater than 00	NON MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) should equal 01, 02, 08 or 09
AV134	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) equals 03 or 13	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) for the vehicles involved in the first harmful event should equal 10, 11, 13 or 97.

# **A10 RELATION TO ROADWAY**

#### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AA008	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 3 and the FHE involves 2 in-transport motor vehicles	TRAFFICWAY FLOW (A11) must equal 2 for at least one vehicle involved in the first harmful event.
AA008A	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 9	TRAFFICWAY FLOW (A11) must equal 0 for at least one vehicle involved in the first harmful event.
AA012	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 26	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) must not equal 1 or 9. Events involving working vehicles are excluded.
AA039	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0410 or 0430; EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) must equal 1 or 9.
AA051	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0610 or 0620, EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1, and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) must not equal 1 or 9.
AA087A	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) equals 1 or 11	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) must equal 1
AA088	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 7	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) must equal 1 or 9.
A10-RANGE	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) me equal null.	ust equal 1-10 or 99 and must not

## **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
AA008B	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 3 and the FHE involves 1 and only 1 in-transport motor vehicle	TRAFFICWAY FLOW (A11) should equal 2.
AA024	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06)	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should not equal 1 or 9.

	equals 31-46, 58 or 59	
AA087	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 4 or 8	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should not equal 01 or 11.
AV072	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 28 or 58 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 1 or 9	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 12 or 15.
AV097	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 3 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 06-10, 98 or 99.
AV184	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 2, 4, 6, 7 or 8 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 01	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should equal 1-6, 8, 9, 12-14 or 19.
AV186	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 4, 5, 6 or 8	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) of the vehicle(s) involved in the first harmful event should equal 00, 04, 05 or 99.
VA094	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 01-11or 14	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should not equal 1 or 9.
VA138	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 06-10 and TRAFFICWAY FLOW (A11) equals 2	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should equal 3.
VA181	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) of a vehicle involved in the first harmful event equals 04	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should not equal 1 or 9.
VA182	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) of a vehicle involved in the first harmful event equals 01, 02 or 03	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should equal 1 or 9.
VA211	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 1 and ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) for the vehicle involved in the first harmful event equals 10 2	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should equal 1 or 9.
VA216	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) of a vehicle involved in the first harmful event equals 05	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should not equal 1 or 9.

VA217	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) of a vehicle involved in the first harmful event equals 06	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should equal 1 or 9.
VA243	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 12	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should equal 1 or 9.

#### Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AP001	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 1	there must be at least one NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equal to 01-09, 11,12, 19, 20 or 99.
AP002	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 2 or 7	there must be at least one NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equal to 08, 18, 98 or 99.
AP003	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 3	there must be at least one NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equal to 08, 18, 98 or 99.
AP004	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 99	there must be at least one NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equal to 09, 19 or 99.
AP040	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) is not equal to 1 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0610, 0620, 0910 or 0920.

## **A19 LIGHT CONDITION**

#### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AA003	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) equals 5	TIME (A02) must not equal 2200- 2400 2399, 0004 0-1400 or 1499.
AA062	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) equals 2	TIME (A02) must not equal 1000- 1500 or 1599.
AA066	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) equals	TIME (A02) must not equal 2200- 2400 2399, 0004 0-0300 or 0399.
AA079	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) equals 4	TIME (A02) must not equal 1000- 2400 2399, 0004 0-0300 or 0399.
A19-RANGE	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) must equ	al 1-7, 9.

#### **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
AA006	TIME (A02) equals 1000-1500	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) should equal 1 or 9.
AA057	TIME (A02) equals 2200-2399 or 0000-0300 or 0399	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) should equal 2, 3 or 9.
AA068	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) equals 3	TIME (A02) should not equal 1000- 1500 or 1599.
AA074	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) equals 1	TIME (A02) should equal 0500- 2100, 2199 or 9999.
AA078	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) equals 2	TIME (A02) should equal 1600- 2400 2399, 0400 000-0900, 0999 or 9999.
AA080	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) equals 4	TIME (A02) should equal 0400-0900, 0999 or 9999.
AA082	LIGHT CONDITION (A19) equals 5	TIME (A02) should equal 1600- 2100, 2199 or 9999.

# **A20 ATMOSPHERIC CONDITION**

		IF	THEN
	AD150	ATMOSPHERIC CONDITION (A20) equals 1	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) must not equal 15.
<u>Warnings</u>			
		IF	THEN
	AA028	ATMOSPHERIC CONDITION (A20) equals 2-4 or 6-7	ROADWAY SURFACE CONDITION (A15) should not equal 1, 5, 8 or 9.
	AA034	DATE-MM (A01) equals 05-09	ATMOSPHERIC CONDITION (A20) should not equal 3 or 4.
	AA084	ROADWAY SURFACE CONDITION (A15) equals 1	ATMOSPHERIC CONDITION (A20) should not equal 2, 3, 4, 6 or 7.
	DA124	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) equals 01	ATMOSPHERIC CONDITION (A20) should not equal 1.
	DA159	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) equals 15	ATMOSPHERIC CONDITION (A20) should equal 5, 6, 7 or 9.

# **V07 VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER**

### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VV003A	MAKE (V03) equals 24 and MODEL (V04) equals 2 and the 4 <sup>th</sup> and 5 <sup>th</sup> characters of the VIN (V07) equal ZN, ZP, ZR or ZY	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 17.
VV300A	VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) is greater than 1980 and all 17 characters of the VIN (V07) are present	the VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) must match the 10 <sup>th</sup> character of the VIN (V07).
VV300B	VIN (V07) for 1981 and newer vehicle the characters I, O, or Q.	es must not contain
VV300C	An unknown VIN (V07) must be coded 99999999999999999999999999999999999	
VV300F	VIN (V07) passes the check digit test	BODY TYPE (V05) must be consistent with the VIN (V07) body type.
VV300G	VIN (V07) passes the check digit test	VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) must be greater than or equal to 1981.
VV300T	Columns 1 through 11 of the VIN (V07) must not all be blank.	
VV300V	VIN (PV07) must be alphanumeric (0-9, A-Z) or blank.	
V07-RANGE	VIN (V07) must not equal null.	

## **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
VV300A	VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) is greater than 1980	the VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) should match the 10 <sup>th</sup> character of the VIN (V07).
VV300D	VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) is greater than 1980 and all 17 characters of the VIN (V07) are present	VIN (V07) should pass the check digit test.

VV300E	VIN (V07) passes the check digit test	BODY TYPE (V05) and Model Year (V06) should be known.
VV300R	VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) is greater than 1980	VIN (V07) should contain 17 characters.

## **V07A VEHICLE LICENSE PLATE NUMBER**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VV500	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 90 or 91	VEHICLE LICENSE PLATE NUMBER (V07A) must equal 00000000000.
V07A-RANGE	VEHICLE LICENSE PLATE NUMBER (V07A) must be alphanumeric (0-9, A-Z) or blank and must not equal null.	

## **V07B VEHICLE REGISTRATION STATE**

	IF	THEN
V07B-RANGE	VEHICLE REGISTRATION STATE	(V07B) must equal 1-6, 8-56, 93-99.

# **V03 VEHICLE MAKE**

	IF	THEN
VV003A	MAKE (V03) equals 24 and MODEL (V04) equals 2 and the 4 <sup>th</sup> and 5 <sup>th</sup> characters of the VIN (V07) equal ZN, ZP, ZR or ZY	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 17.
V03-RANGE	MAKE (V03) and MODEL (V04) must be one of the make/model combinations specified in the Oracle nass.modellookup table.	

# **V04 VEHICLE MODEL**

	IF	THEN
VV003A	MAKE (V03) equals 24 and MODEL (V04) equals 2 and the 4 <sup>th</sup> and 5 <sup>th</sup> characters of the VIN (V07) equal ZN, ZP, ZR or ZY	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 17.
VV601	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 1-13, 17	MODEL (V04) must equal 1-399.
<del>VV602</del>	MODEL (V04) equals 1-399	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 1-13 or 17.
VV603	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 14	MODEL (V04) must equal 401-420, 498 or 499.
VV604	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 15	MODEL (V04) must equal 421-430, 498 or 499.
VV605	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 16	MODEL (V04) must equal 431-440, 498 or 499.
VV606	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 19	MODEL (V04) must equal 498 or 499.
VV607	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 20	MODEL (V04) must equal 441-460, 498 or 499.
VV608	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 21	MODEL (V04) must equal 461-470, 498 or 499.
VV609	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 22-29	MODEL (V04) must equal 441-470, 498 or 499.
VV611	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 30	MODEL (V04) must equal 471-480, 498 or 499.
VV612	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 31	MODEL (V04) must equal 481-490, 498 or 499.
VV613	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 32, 33 or 39	MODEL (V04) must equal 471-490, 498 or 499.
VV615	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 40-42 or 45	MODEL (V04) must equal 498.
VV616	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 48	MODEL (V04) must equal 499.
VV617	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 49	MODEL (V04) must equal 999.
VV618	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 50 or 59	MODEL (V04) must equal 902, 981-983, 988 or 989.

VV619	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 58	MODEL (V04) must equal 902, 950, 981-983, 988 or 989.
VV620	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60, 64 or 66	MODEL (V04) must equal 801-808, 881-890, 898 or 899.
VV621	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 65	MODEL (V04) must equal 850, 898, 899 or Oracle values 9744, 9752, 9759, 9766, 9773, 9780 or 9787.
VV622	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 78	MODEL (V04) must equal 801-808, 881-890, 898 or 899.
VV623	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 79	MODEL (V04) must equal 899.
VV624	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-82 or 89	MODEL (V04) must equal 701-706, 709 or 799.
VV625	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 88	MODEL (V04) must equal 798.
VV627	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 90	MODEL (V04) must equal 731-734, 739 or 799.
VV628	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 91-93 or 97	MODEL (V04) must equal 998.
VV629	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 99	MODEL (V04) must equal 999.
V04-RANGE	MAKE (V03) equals 29 or 69	MODEL, (V04) must not equal 498, 898, 988 or 998.
V04-RANGE	MAKE (V03) equals 98	MODEL (v04) must not equal 398 or 498
V04-RANGE	MODEL (V04) must not equal null.	

## **Notify NHTSA**

IF THEN

NOTIFY NHTSA Please notify NHTSA of the specific make and model when "other"

make/model is selected.

### **V05 BODY TYPE**

	IF	THEN
AV149	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01 and BODY TYPE (V05) not equal to 80-89	ROLLOVER <del>TYPE</del> (V30) must equal <del>10, 20-23, 28, 29 or 99</del> 1, 2 or 9.
PP074A	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 21, 23, 28, 29, 31, 33, 38 or 39 and BODY TYPE (V05) is between 50 and 97	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0.
PP074B	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 21, 23, 28, 29, 31, 33, 38 or 39 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) < 1998	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0.
PP074C	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 21, 23, 31 or 33 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) equals 1998 or newer	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal <del>1 or 9</del> 0-3, 5-7 or 9.
PP076A	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 28, 29, 38 or 39 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) equals 1998 or newer	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0 or 9.
PP080	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1 or 2.7 and (BODY TYPE (V05) is between 50 and 97 or (BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) < 1998))	SEATING POSITION (P04) must equal 11 or 13.
PP080A	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) equals 1998 or newer	SEATING POSITION (P04) must equal 11, 13, 21, 23, 31 or 33.
PP080B	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 2.7 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) equals 1998 or newer	SEATING POSITION (P04) must equal 11, 13, 21, 23, 31 or 33.
PV001	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 00, 12-53 5 or 99.

PV005	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 or 9, and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 13-19 or 22-53 5.
PV007	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 50-59	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 11-39 49, 50, 52 54 or 99.
PV010	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 50-59	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 12-50 or <del>52</del> 54.
PV011	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1 and AGE (P07) is less than 08	BODY TYPE (V05) must not equal 01-07, 09-60, 64-66, 78-79 or 93.
PV066	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) equals 1-3 or 6	BODY TYPE (V05) must not equal 80-89 or 90.
PV125	EJECTION (P06) equals 1, 2 or ₹ 3	BODY TYPE (V05) must not equal 80-89.
PV172	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1 or 2 1-8	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 01-39, 48 or 49; 60-79 [if MODEL YEAR (V06) is >1996] or 40-42, 45, 50, 58 or 59 [if MODEL YEAR (V06) is > 1993] and must not equal 80-99. Honda motorcycles manufactured with air bags are excluded from this edit check (2007 and later model year Honda motorcycles where characters 4-8 of the VIN equal SC478).
PV172B	VEHICLE MAKE (V03) equals 37, VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) is greater than 2006; VEHICLE BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80; VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (V07), characters 4-8, equals SC478 and SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 11;	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0, 1, 7 or 9.
PV172B	VEHICLE MAKE (V03) equals 37, VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) is greater than 2006; VEHICLE BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80; VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (V07), characters 4-8, equals SC478 and SEATING POSITION (P04) not equal to 11;	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0.

PV196A	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1, 2 1-8 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 1-9,17 or 49	MODEL YEAR (V06) must be greater than 1971.
PV196B	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1, 2 1-8 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 20-25, 28, 29 or 48	MODEL YEAR (V06) must be greater than 1990.
PV196C	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1, 2 1-8 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 14-16, 19, 30- 33, 39	MODEL YEAR (V06) must be greater than 1992 1.
VP002	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 or 9 and SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 50	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 64, 66 or 78.
VP002A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-02, 04, 10, 30-31, 90 or 91	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 51.
VP207	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89 and NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) is greater than 00	EJECTION (P06) must equal 8.
VP207A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89 and NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) is greater than 00	EJECTION (P06) must equal 8.
VP208	HIT AND RUN (V02) equals 1 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 1 and BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to 80-89	EJECTION (P06) must equal 0.
VV003	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 01	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 02-09, 12, 17, 20-29 or 49.
VV003A	MAKE (V03) equals 24 and MODEL (V04) equals 2 and the 4 <sup>th</sup> and 5 <sup>th</sup> characters of the VIN (V07) equal ZN, ZP, ZR or ZY	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 17.
VV006	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 02	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 14-16, 19, 20, 21, 24, 25, 28-29, 45, 48-49, 50, 58 or 59.
VV009	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89	SPECIAL USE (V08) must not equal 01-03, 06 or 07 <del>, 10, 11 or 12</del> .
VV010	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 03	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 14-16, 19, 20, 21, 24-25, 28-29, 45, 48, 49, 50-59 or 99.

VV012	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-05, 07-09 or 17	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) must not be greater than 15.
VV012A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-05, 07-09 or 17	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) must not be greater than 15.
VV013	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 06, 11, 14 or 15	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) must not be greater than 22.
VV013A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 06, 11, 14 or 15	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) must not be greater than 22.
VV015	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) must not be > 5.
VV015A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) must not be greater than 5.
VV025	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 06	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 08, 11, 12, 14-16, 19, 20-21, 28-29, 40-41, 48-49, 60, 64, 79, 97 or 99.
VV085	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 25 or 58	SPECIAL USE (V08) must not equal 00 or 02.
VV086	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 59	SPECIAL USE (V08) must = 99.
<del>VV101</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 92	SPECIAL USE (V08) must equal 11.
<del>VV102</del>	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 11	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 92.
VV110	BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to 50-64, 66-79 or 99	CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (V31) must equal 0.
VV110A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals <del>50-64,</del> <del>66-79 or 99</del> 1-99	the NGA variables must not equal null or Oracle value -1.
VV110B	BODY TYPE (V05) does not equal 50-64, 66-79 or 99	the NGA variables must equal null.
VV111	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) must equal 0.
<del>VV112</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 93	SPECIAL USE (V08) must equal 12.
<del>VV113</del>	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 12	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 93.
<del>VV115</del>	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) equals 5 or 6 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 50, 59-64 or 66-79	NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILERS (V32) must not equal 00.

VV116	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01 and BODY TYPE (V05) does not equal 80-89	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) must not equal 0.
VV145	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) equals <del>01</del> 22	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 28, 50, 58 or 59
VV153	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66 and VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) equals 4 0	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) must equal 0000.
<del>VV154</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to 60, 64, 66-79 or 99	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (V36) must equal 0.
<del>VV155</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 99	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (V36) must equal 9.
VV156	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66 and VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) equals 4 0	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (V36) must equal 0.
<del>VV157</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 99	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (V34) must equal 9.
VV160	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66 and VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) equals 4 0	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD <del>ED</del> (V34) must equal <mark>0</mark> .
<del>VV161</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 99	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) must equal 9999.
<del>VV162</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to 60, 64, 66-79 or 99	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) must equal 0000.
VV163	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 99	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must equal 99.
<del>VV164</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to 50-64, 66-79 or 99	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must equal 00.
<del>VV165</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to 50-64, 66-79 or 99	NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILERS, (V32) must equal 00.
<del>VV166</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 99	NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILERS, (V32) must equal 99.
VV167	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 99	CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (V31) must equal 9999999999.
<del>VV169</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (V34) must equal 0.

VV174	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) equals 4 0 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must equal 98 96.
<del>VV219</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 50, 59-64, 66-79 or 99	NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILERS (V32) must not equal 00.
VV220	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 50, 59-64, 66-79 or 99	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must not equal 00.
VV221	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60, 64 or 66-79 and SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 07	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must equal 98 7.
VV223	CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (V31) does not equal 000000 or 99999999	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 50-64, 66-79 or 99.
VV248	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 50 or 59	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must equal 0422.
VV249	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 58	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must equal 0422 or 98 7.
VV500	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 90 or 91	VEHICLE LICENSE PLATE NUMBER (V07A) must equal 0000000000.
VV601	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 1- 13, 17	MODEL (V04) must equal 1-399.
<del>VV602</del>	MODEL (V04) equals 1-399	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 1-13 or 17.
VV603	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 14	MODEL (V04) must equal 401-420, 498 or 499.
VV604	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 15	MODEL (V04) must equal 421-430, 498 or 499.
VV605	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 16	MODEL (V04) must equal 431-440, 498 or 499.
VV606	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 19	MODEL (V04) must equal 498 or 499.
VV607	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 20	MODEL (V04) must equal 441-460, 498 or 499.
VV608	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 21	MODEL (V04) must equal 461-470, 498 or 499.
VV609	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 22-29	MODEL (V04) must equal 441-470, 498 or 499.
VV611	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 30	MODEL (V04) must equal 471-480, 498 or 499.

Appendix A		Edit Checks
VV612	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 31	MODEL (V04) must equal 481-490, 498 or 499.
VV613	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 32, 33 or 39	MODEL (V04) must equal 471-490, 498 or 499.
VV615	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 40-42 or 45	MODEL (V04) must equal 498.
VV616	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 48	MODEL (V04) must equal 499.
VV617	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 49	MODEL (V04) must equal 999.
VV618	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 50 or 59	MODEL (V04) must equal 902, 981-983, 988 or 989.
VV619	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 58	MODEL (V04) must equal 902, 950, 981-983, 988 or 989.
VV620	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60, 64 or 66	MODEL (V04) must equal 801-808, 880-890, 898 or 899.
VV621	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 65	MODEL (V04) must equal 850, 898, 899 or Oracle values 9744, 9752, 9759, 9766, 9773, 9780 or 9787.
VV622	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 78	MODEL (V04) must equal 801-808, 881-890, 898 or 899.
VV623	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 79	MODEL (V04) must equal 899.
VV624	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-82 or 89	MODEL (V04) must equal 701-706, 709 or 799.
VV625	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 88	MODEL (V04) must equal 798.
VV627	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 90	MODEL (V04) must equal 731-734, 739 or 799.
VV628	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 91-93 or 97	MODEL (V04) must equal 998.
VV629	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 99	MODEL (V04) must equal 999.
V05-RANGE	BODY TYPE (V05) must not be nu	ıll.

## **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
PP045	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 2 or 9; RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) equals 1-3, 6, 8 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to 80-89	EJECTION (P06) should equal 0.

PV068	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) equals 5	BODY TYPE (V05) should equal 80-90.
PV166	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 31-49	BODY TYPE (V05) should not equal 01, 02, 03, 04 or 05.
PV172A	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1-or-2 1-8 and VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) > 1996	BODY TYPE (V05) should not equal 40, 41, 42, 45 or 50-99.
VA102	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 24 or 50	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) should equal 1.
VP173	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 40-45 or 50-97	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) should equal 0.
VP174D	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 1-9 or 17 and MODEL YEAR (V06) is greater than 1994 and SEAT POSITION (P04) equals 11	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) should equal 1, 2 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 9.
VP192	If SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 53 5 and BODY TYPE (V05) does not equal 01, 06 or 30-39	EJECTION (P06) should equal 0.
VV030	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) equals 2	BODY TYPE (V05) should not equal 50-58, 80-89, 90 or 91.
VV032	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-05, 07-09, 17 or 97	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) should not be greater than 8.
VV032A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-05, 07-09, 17 or 97	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) should not be greater than 8.
VV033	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 12	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) should not be greater than 15.
VV033A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 12	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) should not be > 15.
VV034	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 06, 14-15, 23, 42 or 60-79	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) should not be greater than 12.
VV034A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 06, 14-15, 23, 42 or 60-79	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) should not be > 12.

VV036	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89 or 91	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) should not be greater than 2.
VV036A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89 or 91	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) should not be > 2.
VV037	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 90	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) should not be greater than 6.
VV037A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 90	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) should not be greater than 6.
VV076	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) should not equal 4 0.
VV084	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 24 or 50	SPECIAL USE (V08) should equal 02.
VV109	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 50-64 or 66-79	CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (V31) should not equal 0 (Oracle value 000000).
<del>VV114</del>	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 10	BODY TYPE (V05) should equal 11.
<del>VV185</del>	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) equals 98 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) should equal 1.
<del>VV244</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66 or 78 and VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) equals 1	NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILER (V32) should equal 02, 03 or 99.
VV300E	VIN (V07) passes the check digit test	BODY TYPE (V05) and Model Year (V06) should be known.
ntry		

# Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AV236	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) equals 1	at least one BODY TYPE (V05) or PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) should equal 24 or 50.

PV188A no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-

79 and INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 4 for at least one occupant of a vehicle where BODY TYPE (V05) equals 1-49 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2

STRATUM (A23) should equal 1.

**PV188B** 

no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-49 for one and only one vehicle, MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2 for this vehicle, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) does not equal 4 for any occupants of this vehicle, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 3 and TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) equals 1 for at

least one occupant of this vehicle

STRATUM (A23) should equal 1.

PV188C

no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-49 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2 for at least 2 vehicles, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) does not equal 4 for any occupant of the towed passenger vehicles, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 3 and TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) equals 1 for at least one occupant of the towed passenger vehicles

STRATUM (A23) should equal 1.

**PV188K** 

no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, the crash does not qualify for category 1 stratum L and INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 1-5 and TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) equals 1 for at least one occupant of a vehicle where BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-49 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2

STRATUM (A23) should equal 5.

PV188P	no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, the crash does not qualify for category 1 stratum L or category 1 stratum M and there is at least one vehicle where BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-49 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2	STRATUM (A23) should equal 6.
PV188R	at least one BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, the crash does not qualify for category 1 stratum L, category 1 stratum M or category 1 stratum N and there is at least one vehicle where MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2 or one person where INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 1-5	STRATUM (A23) should equal 2.
PV188S	no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60- 79, the crash does not qualify for category 1 stratum L, category 1 stratum M, category 1 stratum N or category 2 and there is at least one person where INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 2-4	STRATUM (A23) should equal 3.
VP224	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-91 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1 or 2	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) must equal 0, 5 or 9.
VV116A	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) equals 10-99 1, 2 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) does not equal 80-89	at least one HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 01.

# **V06 VEHICLE MODEL YEAR**

	IF	THEN
PP074B	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 21, 23, 28, 29, 31, 33, 38 or 39 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) < 1998	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0.
PP074C	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 21, 23, 31 or 33 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) equals 1998 or newer	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 1 or 9 0-3, 5-7 or 9.
PP076A	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 28, 29, 38 or 39 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) equals 1998 or newer	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0 or 9.
PP080	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1 or 2 7 and (BODY TYPE (V05) is between 50 and 97 or (BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) < 1998))	SEATING POSITION (P04) must equal 11 or 13.
PP080A	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) equals 1998 or newer	SEATING POSITION (P04) must equal 11, 13, 21, 23, 31 or 33.
PP080B	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 2.7 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) equals 1998 or newer	SEATING POSITION (P04) must equal 11, 13, 21, 23, 31 or 33.
PV172	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1 or 2 1 8	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 01-39, 48 or 49; 60-79 [if MODEL YEAR (V06) is >1996] or 40-42, 45, 50, 58 or 59 [if MODEL YEAR (V06) is > 1993] and must not equal 80-99. Honda motorcycles manufactured with air bags are excluded from this edit check (2007 and later model year Honda motorcycles where characters 4-8 of the VIN equal SC478).

PV172B	VEHICLE MAKE (V03) equals 37, VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) is greater than 2006; VEHICLE BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80; VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (V07), characters 4-8, equals SC478 and SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 11;	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0, 1, 7 or 9.
PV172B	VEHICLE MAKE (V03) equals 37, VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) is greater than 2006; VEHICLE BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80; VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (V07), characters 4-8, equals SC478 and SEATING POSITION (P04) not equal to 11;	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0.
PV196A	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1, 2 1-8 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 1-9,17 or 49	MODEL YEAR (V06) must be greater than 1971.
PV196B	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1, 2 1-8 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 20-25, 28, 29 or 48	MODEL YEAR (V06) must be greater than 1990.
PV196C	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1, 2 1-8 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 14-16, 19, 30- 33, 39	MODEL YEAR (V06) must be greater than 1992 1.
VV300A	VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) is greater than 1980 and all 17 characters of the VIN (V07) are present	the VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) must match the 10 <sup>th</sup> character of the VIN (V07).
VV300G	VIN (V07) passes the check digit test	VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) must be greater than or equal to 1981.
V06-RANGE	VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) must and must not be greater than the cra	

## **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
PV172A	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals <del>1 or 2</del> 1-8 and VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) > 1996	BODY TYPE (V05) should not equal 40, 41, 42, 45 or 50-99.
VP174D	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 1-9 or 17 and MODEL YEAR (V06) is greater than 1994 and SEAT POSITION (P04) equals 11	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) should equal 1, 2 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 9.
VV300A	VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) is greater than 1980	the VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) should match the 10 <sup>th</sup> character of the VIN (V07).
VV300D	VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) is greater than 1980 and all 17 characters of the VIN (V07) are present	VIN (V07) should pass the check digit test.
VV300E	VIN (V07) passes the check digit test	BODY TYPE (V05) and Model Year (V06) should be known.

# **V13 VEHICLE TRAILING**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AV106	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 05	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) for the involved vehicle must not equal 4 0, 6 or 9.
PV006	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 52 54	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) must not equal 4 0.
VV005	JACKKNIFE (V14) equals 1	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) must not equal <del>1 or 6</del> 0, 8 or 9.
<del>VV115</del>	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) equals 5 or 6 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 50, 59-64 or 66-79	NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILERS (V32) must not equal 00.
<del>VV091</del>	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 05	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) must not equal 1 or 6.
VV153	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66 and VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) equals 4 0	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) must equal 0000.
VV156	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66 and VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) equals 4 0	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (V36) must equal 0.
VV160	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66 and VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) equals 4 0	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (V34) must equal 0.
VV174	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) equals 4 0 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must equal 98 96.
VV185A	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) equals 96 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) must equal 0.

# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
VV030	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) equals 2 1	BODY TYPE (V05) should not equal 50-58, 80-89, 90 or 91.
VV076	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) should not equal 4 0.

<del>VV185</del>	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33)	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) should
	equals 98 and BODY TYPE (V05)	equal 1.
	<del>equals 66</del>	
<del>VV244</del>	DODY TYPE (VOE) a minute CC an	NUMBER OF AXLES ON
<del>*************************************</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66 or	NUMBER OF AALES ON
<del>V V Z 1 1</del>	78 and VEHICLE TRAILING (V13)	VEHICLE, INCL TRAILER (V32)

# **V14 JACKKNIFE**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VV005	JACKKNIFE (V14) equals 1	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) must not equal <del>1 or 6</del> 0, 8 or 9.
VV008	JACKKNIFE (V14) equals 1	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) must not equal 0.
VV026	JACKKNIFE (V14) equals 1	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must not equal 4-5, 7-9 or 13.
VV193	JACKKNIFE (V14) equals 1	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must not equal 0.

# Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AV105	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 05	JACKKNIFE (V14) for the involved vehicle must equal 1.

# **A11 TRAFFICWAY FLOW**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AA008	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 3 and the FHE involves 2 in-transport motor vehicles	TRAFFICWAY FLOW (A11) must equal 2 for at least one vehicle involved in the first harmful event.
AA008A	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 9	TRAFFICWAY FLOW (A11) must equal 0 for at least one vehicle involved in the first harmful event.
A11-RANGE	TRAFFICWAY FLOW (A11) must ed	qual 0, 1, 2, 3 or 9.

# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
AA008B	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 3 and the FHE involves 1 and only 1 in-transport motor vehicle	TRAFFICWAY FLOW (A11) must equal 2.
AA019	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) equals 1 and RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) is not equal to 14	TRAFFICWAY FLOW (A11) should not equal 3.
AA027	TRAFFICWAY FLOW (A11) equals 1 or 2	NUMBER OF TRAVEL LANES (A12) should not equal 1.
AA102	NUMBER OF TRAVEL LANES (A12) equals 7	TRAFFICWAY FLOW (A11) should not equal 2.
VA138	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 06-10 and TRAFFICWAY FLOW (A11) equals 2	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should equal 3.

## Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AV244	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 2 and TRAFFICWAY FLOW (All) equals 3	for at least one vehicle, MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should equal 00 or 97.

# **A12 NUMBER OF TRAVEL LANES**

# **Consistency Checks:**

## **Errors**

IF THEN

A12-RANGE NUMBER OF TRAVEL LANES (A12) must equal 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 9.

## <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
AA018	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) equals 1 and RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) is not equal to 14	NUMBER OF TRAVEL LANES (A12) should not equal 1.
AA027	TRAFFICWAY FLOW (A11) equals 1 or 2	NUMBER OF TRAVEL LANES (A12) should not equal 1.
AA071	NUMBER OF TRAVEL LANES (A12) equals 1 and RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) is not equal to 14	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) should not equal 1.
AA102	NUMBER OF TRAVEL LANES (A12) equals 7	TRAFFICWAY FLOW (A11) should not equal 2.
VA183	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) equals 02	NUMBER OF TRAVEL LANES (A12) should not equal 1.

# **A13 ROADWAY ALIGNMENT**

	IF	THEN
VA090	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 14	ROADWAY ALIGNMENT (A13) must equal 2.
A13-RANGE	ROADWAY ALIGNMENT (A13) mus	st equal 1, 2 or 9.

# **A14 ROADWAY PROFILE**

**Errors** 

IF THEN

A14-RANGE ROADWAY PROFILE (A14) must equal 1, 2, 3, 8 or 9.

### **A15 ROADWAY SURFACE CONDITION**

#### **Errors**

IF	THEN
IF.	IHEN

A15-RANGE ROADWAY SURFACE CONDITION (A15) must equal 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8 or

9.

### **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
AA028	ATMOSPHERIC CONDITION (A20) equals 2-4, 6 or 7	ROADWAY SURFACE CONDITION (A15) should not equal 1, 5, 8 or 9.
AA035	MONTH (A01) equals 05-09	ROADWAY SURFACE CONDITION (A15) should not equal 3 or 4.
AA084	ROADWAY SURFACE CONDITION (A15) equals 1	ATMOSPHERIC CONDITION (A20) should not equal 2, 3, 4, 6 or 7.
AD091	ROADWAY SURFACE CONDITION (A15) equals 1	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) should not equal 08.

#### A18 SPEED LIMIT

#### **Errors**

IF	<b>:</b>	THEN	

VA245A SPEED LIMIT (A18) must equal 0-75 or 99 and be in 5 mile per hour

increments.

A18-RANGE SPEED LIMIT (A18) must not equal Oracle values -1 or null.

#### **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
AA022	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) equals 1 and RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) is not equal to 14	SPEED LIMIT (A18) should not equal 01-40.

### **V02 HIT AND RUN**

	IF	THEN
VP208	HIT AND RUN (V02) equals 1 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE-VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 1 and BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to 80-89	EJECTION (P06) must equal 0.
VP234	HIT AND RUN (V02) equals 1 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) must equal 0.
VV073	VEHICLE CONTRIBUTING FACTORS (V12) equals 50	HIT-AND-RUN (V02) must equal 1.
VV083	HIT-AND-RUN (V02) equals 1	VEHICLE CONTRIBUTING FACTORS (V12) must not equal 99.
VV197	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals <del>50</del> 7 or 8	HIT AND RUN (V02) must equal 1.
<del>VV198</del>	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 2	HIT-AND-RUN (V02) must equal 1.
<del>VV199</del>	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) equals 50	HIT-AND-RUN (V02) must equal 1.
VV200	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 50	HIT-AND-RUN (V02) must equal 1.
VV202	HIT-AND-RUN (V02) equals 1	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 2 1.
<del>VV203</del>	HIT-AND-RUN (V02) equals 1	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) must not equal 96 or 99.
<del>VV20</del> 4	HIT-AND-RUN (V02) equals 1	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) must not equal 93, 94 or 99.
VV205	HIT-AND-RUN (V02) equals 1	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) must not equal 93, 94 or 99.
VV260	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) equals	HIT AND RUN (V02) must equal 1.
VV265	HIT AND RUN (V02) equals 1	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) must not equal 93, 94 or 99.
VV290	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) equals 50	HIT AND RUN (V02) must equal 1.

VV295 HIT AND RUN (V02) equals 1 DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07)

must not equal 93, 94 or 99.

V02-RANGE HIT AND RUN (V02) must equal 0, 1 or 9.

**Warnings** 

IF THEN

VV073A HIT AND RUN (V02) equals 1 and VEHICLE CONTRIBUTING

MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE FACTORS (V12) should not equal

VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 0.

1

# **V08 SPECIAL USE**

	IF	THEN
VV003	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 01	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 02-09, 12, 17, 20-29 or 49.
VV006	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 02	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 14-16, 19, 20, 21, 24, 25, 28-29, 45, 48-49, 50, 58 or 59.
VV009	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89	SPECIAL USE (V08) must not equal 01-03, 06 or 07 <del>, 10, 11 or 12</del> .
VV010	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 03	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 14-16, 19, 20, 21, 24-25, 28-29, 45, 48, 49, 50-59 or 99.
VV025	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 06	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 08, 11, 12, 14-16, 19, 20-21, 28-29, 40-41, 48-49, 60, 64, 79, 97 or 99.
VV085	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 25 or 58	SPECIAL USE (V08) must not equal 00 or 02.
VV086	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 59	SPECIAL USE (V08) must equal 99.
VV087	EMERGENCY USE (V09) equals 1 or 9	SPECIAL USE (V08) must equal 04-07 8.
<del>VV101</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 92	SPECIAL USE (V08) must equal 11.
<del>VV102</del>	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 11	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 92.
<del>VV112</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 93	SPECIAL USE (V08) must equal 12.
<del>VV113</del>	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 12	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 93.
VV221	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60, 64 or 66-79 and SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 07	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must equal 98 7.
V08-Range	SPECIAL USE (V08) must equal 0, 1 equal null.	, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 and must not

## **Warnings**

	IF	THEN	
VV048	UNLIKELY: SPECIAL USE (V08) is	s equal to 02, 03, 04 or 06.	
VV084	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 24 or 50	SPECIAL USE (V08) should equal 02.	
VV114	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 10	BODY TYPE (V05) should equal 11.	
VV241	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 01	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) should be greater than 01.	
VV241A	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 01	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) should be greater than 01.	
Post Entry			
	IF	THEN	
AV210	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) equals 1	at least one SPECIAL USE (V08) or PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) should equal	

SPECIAL USE (V08) for any

vehicle equals 02

02.

must equal 1.

SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21)

VA002

### **V09 EMERGENCY USE**

#### **Errors**

IF THEN

VV087 EMERGENCY USE (V09) equals SPECIAL USE (V08) must equal

1 or 9 04-0<del>7</del> 8.

V09-RANGE EMERGENCY USE (V09) must equal 0, 1 or 9.

#### Post Entry

IF THEN

AV041 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT at least one EMERGENCY USE

TYPE (A24) equals 0230 (V09) should equal 1.

# **V11 TRAVEL SPEED**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
V11-RANGE	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) must equal 0	) -140, 998 or 999
AV213	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 02, MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 2, TRAVEL SPEED (V11) >00 and MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) <> 13	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 1 or 3.
VV008	JACKKNIFE (V14) equals 1	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) must not equal 0.
VV051	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 21, 22 or 23	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) must equal 0.
VV255	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) equals 00 and DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) not equal to 0 or 9	SPEED RELATED (D09) must equal 0.

## <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
VV031	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) equals 00	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) should not equal 1.
VV118	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 05 or 07	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) should equal 00.
VV177	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 01 and TRAVEL SPEED (V11) is greater than 00	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) should not equal 2.

# Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AV011	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) is not equal to 02, 06, 10, 21, 22, 25, 27 or 28	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) should not equal 00.
AV011A	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 25 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) should not equal 00 for both vehicles.

AV019

NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) is greater than 01

there should be at least one vehicle with TRAVEL SPEED (V11) > 00 or unknown.

# **V16 FIRE OCCURRENCE**

# Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AV009	a vehicle is involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 2	FIRE OCCURRENCE (V16) must equal 1.
AV009A	FIRE OCCURRENCE (V16) equals 1	at least one HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 2.
V16-RANGE	FIRE OCCURRENCE (V16) must equal 0 or 1.	

# **V18 DAMAGE SEVERITY EXTENT OF DAMAGE**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VV060A	EXTENT OF DAMAGE (V18) equals 36	VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) must not equal 1.
VV061	MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2	DAMAGE SEVERITY EXTENT OF DAMAGE (V18) must not equal 0, er-1 or 2.
VV088	DAMAGE SEVERITY EXTENT OF DAMAGE (V18) equals 0	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 00000.
VV089	DAMAGE SEVERITY EXTENT OF DAMAGE (V18) equals 3	MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) must not equal 3.
VV222	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) equals 00000 and VEHICLE ROLE (V22) is not equal to 0	DAMAGE SEVERITY EXTENT OF DAMAGE (V18) must equal 0.

## <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
VV059	DAMAGE SEVERITY EXTENT OF DAMAGE (V18) equals 36	MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) should equal 2.
<del>VV060</del>	DAMAGE SEVERITY (V18) is equal to 3	MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE (V19) should not equal 1.

# **V19 MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AV062A	all HARMFUL EVENTs (A06) for a vehicle equal 2, 3, 4 or 6	MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) must not equal 2.
VV060A	EXTENT OF DAMAGE (V18) equals 36	VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) must not equal 1.
VV061	MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2	DAMAGE SEVERITY EXTENT OF DAMAGE (V18) must not equal 0, er-1 or 2.
VP208	HIT AND RUN (V02) equals 1 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 1 and BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to 80-89	EJECTION (P06) must equal 0.
VV089	DAMAGE SEVERITY EXTENT OF DAMAGE (V18) equals 3	MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) must not equal 3.

## **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
AV062	at least one HARMFUL EVENT (A06) for a vehicle equals 21, 22 or 27 and all other HARMFUL EVENTS (A06) for the vehicle equal 2, 3, 4, 6, 21, 22 or 27	MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) should not equal 2.
VV058	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) equals 7	MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) should equal 2.
VV059	DAMAGE SEVERITY EXTENT OF DAMAGE (V18) equals 36	MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) should equal 2.
<del>VV060</del>	DAMAGE SEVERITY (V18) is equal to 3	MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE (V19) should not equal 1.
VV073A	HIT AND RUN (V02) equals 1 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 1	VEHICLE CONTRIBUTING FACTORS (V12) should not equal 0.

VV074 MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE

VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19)

greater than 00000.

equals 2

VV080 DAMAGE AREAS (V25) equals

00000 and MOST HARMFUL EVENT (V20) does not equal 1-6

or 8-10

MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) should

STRATUM (A23) should equal 1.

DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should be

not equal 2.

#### Post Entry

IF THEN

PV188A no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-

79 and INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 4 for at least one occupant of a vehicle where BODY TYPE (V05) equals 1-49 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2

io BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60- STRATUM (A23) should equal 1.

PV188B no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-49 for one and only one vehicle, MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL

Venicle, MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2 for this vehicle, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) does not equal 4 for any occupants of this vehicle, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 3 and TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) equals 1 for at

least one occupant of this vehicle

PV188C no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60- STRATUM (A23) should equal 1.

79, BODY TYPE (V05) equals
01-49 and MANNER OF LEAVING
SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL
(V19) equals 2 for at least 2
vehicles, INJURY SEVERITY
(P09) does not equal 4 for any
occupant of the towed passenger
vehicles, INJURY SEVERITY
(P09) equals 3 and TAKEN TO
HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT

FACILITY (P10) equals 1 for at least one occupant of the towed

passenger vehicles

PV188K no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-

79, the crash does not qualify for category 1 stratum L and INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 1-5 and TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) equals 1 for at least one occupant of a vehicle where BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-49 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2

STRATUM (A23) should equal 5.

PV188P

no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, the crash does not qualify for category 1 stratum L or category 1 stratum M and there is at least one vehicle where BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-49 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2

STRATUM (A23) should equal 6.

**PV188R** 

at least one BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, the crash does not qualify for category 1 stratum L, category 1 stratum M or category 1 stratum N and there is at least one vehicle where MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2 or one

STRATUM (A23) should equal 2.

person where INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 1-5

# V20/V20A MOST HARMFUL EVENT / MOST HARMFUL EVENT NUMBER

## **Errors**

	IF	THEN
PV103	EJECTION (P06) equals 1, 2 or 7	this person's vehicle's MOST HARMFUL EVENT (V20) must not equal 06.
V20A-RANGE	there must be an event involving this vehicle where MOST HARMFUL EVENT NUMBER (V20A) equals EVENT NUMBER (E01).	

#### **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
VV080	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) equals 00000 and MOST HARMFUL EVENT (V20) does not equal 1-6 or 8-10	MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) should not equal 2.

# **V21 MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (PRECRASH 1)**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AV022	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, EVENT NUMBER (E01) = 1 and PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0220	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 8, 9, 13 or 97.
AV213	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 02, MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 2, TRAVEL SPEED (V11) > 00 and MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) not equal to 13	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 1 or 3.
VA090	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 14	ROADWAY ALIGNMENT (A13) must equal 2.
VV026	JACKKNIFE (V14) equals 1	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must not equal 4-5, 7-9 or 13.
VV094	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 10	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must not equal 44-67, 68, 69, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 79, 81, 82, 83, 86-91 or 92.
VV095	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 11	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must not equal 44-67, 69, 70, 71, 73, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 83, 86-91 or 92.
VV106	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 50, 51, 52 or 53, MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 14, 15 or 16 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 0, 1, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 98 or 99	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 1 or 3.
VV213	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 00	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must not equal 17.
VV231	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 00.
VV232	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 00	CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) must equal 00.
VV232A	CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00.	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 00.

VV233	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 00	PRECRASH VEHICLE CONTROL (V28) must equal 00.
VV233A	PRECRASH VEHICLE CONTROL (V28) equals 00	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 00
VV235	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) equals 00	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 00.
VV235A	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 00	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) must equal 00.
VV236	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 00	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0.
VV243A	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 46 or 47 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 01 or 99	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must not equal 01.
VV250	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 0	SPEED RELATED (D09) must equal 8.

# **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
AV071	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 24 and MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) is not equal to 13	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 13.
VA242	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 10 or 11	RELATED TO JUNCTION (A09) should not equal 00 or 10.
VV049	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 05 or 07	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) should not equal 1.
VV053	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 68, 72, 76 or 82	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should equal 11 or 97.
VV054	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 70, 78 or 80	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should equal 10 or 97.
VV055	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 29, 30 or 31	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should equal 02.
VV063	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 12	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 98.

VV070	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 46 or 47	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should equal 06, 15 or 16.
VV071	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 92	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should equal 08, 09, 13, 97 or 99.
VV078	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 25, 26, 27, 29, 30 or 31	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should not equal 05 or 07.
VV096	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 13	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 92 or 98.
VV118	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 05 or 07	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) should equal 00.
VV243	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 46 or 47	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should not equal 01.

# Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AV030	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0011	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 8, 9, 13 or 97.
AV031	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0035	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 8 or 9.
AV032	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0022, 0023 or 0033	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 11 or 17.
AV033	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0010, 0024 or 0034	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 10 or 17.
AV042	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0720	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should equal 10, 11, 12, 16, 97 or 99.
AV055	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0003, 0018, 0019 or 0021	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should equal 01.
AV134	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) equals 03 or 13	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) for the vehicles involved in the first harmful event should equal 10, 11, 13 or 97.

AV244	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 2 and TRAFFICWAY FLOW (All) equals 3	for at least one vehicle, MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should equal 00 or 97.
VA218	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 00 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5, and, for this person, NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHICLE # (P22) equals the vehicle # for which V21 equals 00	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 0210, 310, 320 or 330.
VP046	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 13 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0220.
VP047	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 10-12 or 16 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0720.
VP056	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 11 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0005, 0009, 0010, 0012, 0022, 0023, 0033, 0048, 0049 or 050.
VP057	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 13 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0011.
VP136	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 10 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0005, 0008, 0009, 0010, 0012, 0024, 0034, 0048, 0049 or 050.

# **V22 VEHICLE ROLE**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AV131	the first HARMFUL EVENT (A06) for the vehicle equals 1-9	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 0.
AV213	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 02, MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 2, TRAVEL SPEED (V11) > 00 and MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) not equal to 13	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 1 or 3.
AV232	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21-99 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) is not equal to 15	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must not equal 0.
AV232A	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21-99 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 15	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 0.
VA093	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 2 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must not equal 31-46, 07, 58 or 59.
VA096	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 0 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) is not equal to 15	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 01-10.
VA096A	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 0 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 15	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must not equal 01-10.
VV064	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 1 and ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 92	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must not equal 01.
VV067	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 86 or 88	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must not equal 2.
VV068	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 87 or 89	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must not equal 1.

VV075	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 01-12, 14, 20, 24, 28, 34, 36, 38 or 40	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must not equal 2.
VV079	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30 or 31	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must not equal 1.
VV082	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 0	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 0.
VV106	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 50, 51, 52 or 53, MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 14, 15 or 16 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 0, 1, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 98 or 99	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 1 or 3.
VV222	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) equals 00000 and VEHICLE ROLE (V22) is not equal to 0	DAMAGE SEVERITY EXTENT OF DAMAGE (V18) must equal 0.
VV227	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 53	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must not equal 1.

# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
AV014	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 2	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) should equal 1 or 3.
VV028	UNLIKELY: VEHICLE ROLE (V22) is	s equal to 9.
VV031	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) equals 00	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) should not equal 1.
VV049	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 05 or 07	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) should not equal 1.
VV072	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 50, 51, 52 or 53	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) should equal 1.
VV104	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 68, and VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 2	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) should not equal 03.
VV177	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 01 and TRAVEL SPEED (V11) is greater than 00	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) should not equal 2.

VV190	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) should not equal 0 or 9.
VV228	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 51 or 52	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) should not equal 2.

# Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AV089	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0840	at least one VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 2.
AV197	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 02 and one vehicle's VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 2	the other vehicle's VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must not equal 2.

#### **V23 ACCIDENT TYPE**

## **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AV020	The combination of ACCIDENT TYP	E (V23) codes is incorrect.
AV020A	All Vehicles not involved in the FHE	must be coded "98."
AV132	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 08 or 09	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must equal 00.
AV133	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 3 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must equal 92, 93 or 98.
AV215	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01-10	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must not equal 20-91.
AV225	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 2	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must not equal 64-67.
AV226	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 4	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must not equal 20-43 or 50-53.
VA015	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 20-91	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) must be greater than 1.
VA081	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 13 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 21, 22, 24 or 27.
VA086	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 01-16 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must not equal 25.
VA120	Only ACCIDENT TYPE CODES 01-4 when the crash involves a single veh	· · · ·
VA137	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 00 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 08 or 09.
VA139	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 14	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) must not equal 01 or 11.
VA219	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 20-91 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 25.
VV051	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 21, 22 or 23	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) must equal 0.

VV064	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 1 and ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 92	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must not equal 01.
VV065	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 20, 24, 28, 34, 36, 38, 40, 50-54, 56, 58 or 60	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must equal 01.
VV066	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 31, 35, 37, 39 or 41	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must equal 04.
VV067	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 86 or 88	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must not equal 2.
VV068	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 87 or 89	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must not equal 1.
VV075	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 01-12, 14, 20, 24, 28, 34, 36, 38 or 40	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must not equal 2.
VV079	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30 or 31	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must not equal 1.
VV082	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 00	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 0.
VV094	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 10	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must not equal 44-67, 68, 69, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 79, 81, 82, 83, 86-91 or 92.
VV095	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 11	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must not equal 44-67, 69, 70, 71, 73, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 83, 86-91 or 92.
VV099A	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 87 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must not equal 0, 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 12 or 14.
VV100A	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 89 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) must not equal 0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 11 or 13.
VV106	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 50, 51, 52 or 53, MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 14, 15 or 16 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 0, 1, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 98 or 99	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 1 or 3.
VV122	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 03, 08, 38, 40, 58 or 60	CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) must not equal 00 or 1.

VV182	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 14 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 1	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must equal 14.
VV191	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must equal 00, 04, 09, 15, 32, 42, 48, 52, 62, 66, 74, 84, 90, 92, 93 or 98.
VV195	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 34, 36, 38, 40, 54, 56, 58 or 60	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) must not equal 00.
VV226	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) equals 10 2 and the first HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 1	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must equal 1-10, 14, 15 or 98.
VV243A	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 46 or 47 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 01 or 99	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must not equal 01.
VV245	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 01 or 06	PRECRASH CONTROL (V28) must not equal 02, 03, 04 or 07.

## **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
AV070	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 26	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 01-11, 92, 98 or 99.
AV071	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 24 and MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) is not equal to 13	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 13.
AV072	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 28 or 58 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 1 or 9	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 12 or 15.
AV097	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 4 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 06-10, 98 or 99.
AV203	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 5	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should not equal 20-33.
AV204	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 5	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 44-49, 98 or 99.

AV205	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 6	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should not equal 50-53.
AV206	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 6	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 64-67, 98 or 99.
AV223	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 01-10, 98 or 99.
AV243	MANNER OF COLLISION (A07) equals 1	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should not equal 44-49.
VA014	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 01-16	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) should equal 1.
VA082	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 68-91	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should not equal 00.
VA087	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 99 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) should equal 99.
VA094	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 01-11 or 14	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should not equal 1 or 9.
VA138	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 06-10 and TRAFFICWAY FLOW (A11) equals 2	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should equal 3.
VA140	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 14	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should equal 00, 02, 10 or 12.
VA243	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 12	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should equal 1 or 9.
VV053	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 68, 72, 76 or 82	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should equal 11 or 97.
VV054	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 70, 78 or 80	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should equal 10 or 97.
VV055	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 29, 30 or 31	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should equal 02.
VV063	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 12	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 98.
VV070	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 46 or 47	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should equal 06, 15 or 16.
VV071	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 92	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should equal 07, 08, 13, 97 or 99.
VV072	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 50, 51, 52 or 53	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) should equal 1.

VV078	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 25, 26, 27, 29, 30 or 31	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should not equal 04 or 06.
VV096	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 13	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 92 or 98.
VV097	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 87	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) should equal 02.
VV098	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 89	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) should equal 03.
VV104	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 68, and VEHICLE ROLE (V22) equals 2	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) should not equal 03.
VV175	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 20-49 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should not equal 12-14, 54, 66-68, 71-73 or 80-85.
VV176	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 50-67 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should not equal 12-14, 51-53, 60, 61, 65, 66, 70, 71, 80-85 or 87-92.
VV237	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 91 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 15.
VV238	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 90, CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 01 and the vehicle is involved in the first harmful event	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 12 or 15.
VV240	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 00	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should equal 98.
VV242	PRECRASH CONTROL (V28) equals 01	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should not equal 02, 07, 34, 36, 54 or 56.
VV243	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 46 or 47	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should not equal 01.
VV247	ROLLOVER <del>TYPE</del> (V30) equals 10 2	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 01-10, 14, 98 or 99.

#### **A24 PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AA037	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21 or 22	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must not equal 0000.
AA038	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0810, 0821, 0822, 0829, 0830, 0840 or 0890	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) must not equal 01 or 11.
AA039	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0410 or 0430; EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) must equal 1 or 9.
AA040	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0740	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) must not equal 00.
AA042	the HARMFUL EVENT (A06) involving a non-motorist equals 22	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 001-0099.
AA043	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0001, 0002 or 0008	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) must equal 03 or 13.
AA044	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0005, 0006, 0007, 0010, 0012, 0025, 0048, 0049 or 0055	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) must equal 01, 02, 04, 08, 11, 12, 14 or 18.
AA045	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0005, 0006, 0007, 0009, 0010, 0012 or 0055	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) must not equal 00.
AA046	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0006, 0007 or 0010	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) must equal 01, 04, 08 or 09.
AA047	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0005	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) must equal 04 or 21.
AA048	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0012 or 0055	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) must equal 01, 04, 08, 09, 21, 22, 28 or 29.
AA051	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0610, 0620, EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) must not equal 1 or 9.

AA070	NUMBER OF NON-MOTORISTS (A04) equals 00	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 0000.
AA090	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0009	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) must not equal 00.
AP021	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0000	PERSON TYPE (P03) must not equal 5, 6, 7 or 8.
AP061	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0520 and PERSON TYPE (P3) equals 5	NON MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal 21 or 22.
AP062	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0001, 0002, 0004, 0005, 0049, 0050 or 0060 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	at least one NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal 07.
AP129	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0750 or 0840	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must not equal 21.
AV022	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, EVENT NUMBER (E01) = 1 and PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0220	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 8, 9, 13 or 97.
PA064	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) equals 29	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must not equal 0610 or 0620.
PA083	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) equals 04 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 4	the first character of PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 1.
PA096	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5, er 6 or 7	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must not equal 0000.
A24-RANGE	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0 or null	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE - WHEELCHAIR (A24) must equal 1.

## **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
AA041	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0740	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) should equal 01, 04, 08, 09 or 99.
AA049	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0025	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) should equal 00.
AA050	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0003, 0018, 0019, 0021, 0022, 0023 or 0024	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should not equal 00 or 10.
AA091	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0005, 0009, 0010, 0012, 0025, 0049, 0050, 0055 or 0090	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should not equal 01, 02, 11 or 12.
AP024	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) equals 1 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0120.
AP027	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0120 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) should equal 1.
AP063	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0830	at least one NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) should equal 21.
PA051	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5 and NON MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equals 08, 18 or 98	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0610 or 0620.
PA053	NON MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equals 01, 02, 08 or 09 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0710, 0720, 0730, 0740, 0750, 0760 or 0790.
PA065	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 22, NUMBER OF NON- MOTORISTS (A04) equals 01, and NON-MOTORIST's ACTION (P19) equals 07	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0001, 0002, 0003, 0004, 0005, 0018, 0019, 0021, 0026, 0040, 0049, 0050, 0060, 0062, 0097, 0098 or 0099.
PA168	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) equals 27	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0531.
PA169	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) equals 28	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0532.

**Edit Checks** Appendix A

NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT

	PA170	equals 25	TYPE (A24) should equal 0531, 0532 or 0539.
Post Entry	Ĺ		
		IF	THEN
	AD026	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0210	at least one DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0.
	AD034	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0007	at least one DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) must equal 07 or 11 6.
	AD043	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0760	at least one-VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) for at least one driver should not equal 00.
	AD088	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0821, 0822 or 0829	at least one DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) must not equal 00.
	AD154	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0006	at least one DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) must equal 00.
	AP023	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) equals 01 or 11 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5 for the first non-motorist	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must not equal 0810, 0821, 0822, 0829, 0830, 0840 or 0890.
	AP039	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) equals 01, 02, 11 or 12 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5 for the first non-motorist	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0710, 0720, 0730, 0740, 0750, 0760 or 0790.
	AP040	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) is not equal to 1 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0610, 0620, 0910 or 0920.
	AP054	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) equals 01, 04, 08, 09, 21, 22, 28 or 29, and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0005, 0006, 0007, 0009, 0010, 0012, 0018, 0019, 0021-0024, 0048, 0049, 0050 or 0055.
	AP077	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0420	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) must equal 4 8.

PA170

AP155	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 9999	at least one person must have PERSON TYPE (P03) must equal-4 or 8 (P03) must equal to 8 19.
AP156	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0410 or 0430	at least one NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal 29.
AP157	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0531	at least one NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal 25 or 27.
AP158	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0532	at least one NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal 25 or 28.
AP235	First character of PED/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 1	at least one PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) should equal 04.
AV030	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0011	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 08, 09, 13 or 97.
AV031	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0035	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 08 or 09.
AV032	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0022, 0023 or 0033	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 11 or 17.
AV033	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0010, 0024 or 0034	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 10 or 17.
AV041	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0230	at least one EMERGENCY USE (V09) should equal 1.
AV042	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0720	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should equal 10, 11, 12, 16, 97 or 99.
AV055	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0003, 0018, 0019 or 0021	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) should equal 01.
AV089	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0840	at least one VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 2.
PA049	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 0110-0150, 0210-0230, 0310-0330, 0410-0430, 0510-0539, 0610, 0620, 0710-0790, 0810-0890, 0910 or 0920.
PA049A	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) wheelchair equals 1	at least one person must have PERSON TYPE (P03) equal 48.

PA058	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 22 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 0001-0044 0, 0048, 0049, 0050, 0055, 0060- 0062, 0090, 0097, 0098 or 0099.
VA218	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 00 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5, and, for this person, NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHICLE # (P22) equals the vehicle # for which V21 equals 00	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 0210, 310, 320 or 330.
VP045	at least one NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) equals 00 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0210 or 0320.
VP045A	at least one # OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) equals 00 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0210 or 0320.
VP046	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 13 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0220.
VP047	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 10-12 or 16 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0720.
VP056	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 11 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0005, 0009, 0010, 0012, 0022, 0023, 0033, 0048, 0049 or 050.
VP057	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 13 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0011.
VP136	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 10 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0005, 0008, 0009, 0010, 0012, 0024, 0034, 0048, 0049 or 050.

#### **A16 TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE**

#### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AA011	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) for this vehicle equals 23	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) must not equal 01-51or 98.
AA015	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) equals 01	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) must not equal 00 or 10.
AA040	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0740	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) must not equal 00.
AA045	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0005, 0006, 0007, 0009, 0010, 0012 or 0055	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) and TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE - CYCLIST (A16C) must not both equal 00.
AA046	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0006, 0007 or 0010	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) must equal 01, 04, 08 or 09.
AA048	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0012 or 0055	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) must equal 01, 04, 08, 09, 21, 22, 28 or 29.
A16-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) equals 00 or 99	there must be only one traffic control device coded.
A16-RANGE	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) 22, 23, 28, 29, 40, 41, 42, 43, 49, 51 equal null.	must equal 00, 01, 04, 08, 09, 21, 61, 62, 97, 98 or 99 and must not
<u>Warnings</u>		
	IF	THEN
AA021	INTERSTATE HIGHWAY (A08) equals 1	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) should not equal 01, 21, 23 or 61-97.
AA026	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) equals 05	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) should equal 61 or 62.
AA041	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0740	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) should equal 01, 04, 08, 09 or

99.

AA049	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0025	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) should equal 00.
AA085	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) equals 21 or 22	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should not equal 00 or 10.
AA096	If TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) equals 61 or 62	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should equal 05.
AA097	WORK ZONE (A25) equals 1, 2, 3 or 4, 5 or 6	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) should equal 01-42, 51 or 98.
AA098	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) equals 42	WORK ZONE (A25) should equal 1, 2, 3 or 4, 5 or 6.
VA005	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 23	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) should not equal 01-51.

# Post Entry

	IF	THEN
DA123	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals <del>07</del> 31, 32, 33, 34, 35 or 37	at least one TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) must equal 1-9, 21, 97, 98 or 99.
AP054	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) equals 01, 04, 08, 09, 21, 22, 28 or 29, and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0005, 0006, 0007, 0009, 0010, 0012, 0018, 0019, 0021-0024, 0048, 0049, 0050 or 0055.

# **V12 VEHICLE CONTRIBUTING FACTORS**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VV073	VEHICLE CONTRIBUTING FACTORS (V12) equals 50	HIT-AND-RUN (V02) must equal 1.
VV083	HIT-AND-RUN (V02) equals 1	VEHICLE CONTRIBUTING FACTORS (V12) must not equal 99.
VV124	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 1, 2, 3 or 4	VEHICLE CONTRIBUTING FACTORS (V12) must not equal 00.
V12-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	VEHICLE CONTRIBUTING FACTORS (V12) equals 00	no other vehicle contributing factor must be coded for this driver
V12-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	VEHICLE CONTRIBUTING FACTORS (V12) equals 97	no other vehicle contributing factor must be coded for this driver
V12-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	VEHICLE CONTRIBUTING FACTORS (V12) equals 99	no other vehicle contributing factor must be coded for this driver
V12-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	each VEHICLE CONTRIBUTING FA	ACTORS (V12) element value must
V12-RANGE	VEHICLE CONTRIBUTING FACTOR	RS (V12) must not equal null.

# **V25 DAMAGE AREAS**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AV057A	all HARMFUL EVENTs (A06) for a vehicle equal 2, 3, 4 or 6	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0.
VV057	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 11, 12, 13 or 14	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must have at least two values other than 0, unless the first character is 7 or 0.
VV057B	This edit check applies to vehicles in	nvolved in one and only one event.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 1	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 1, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 2	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 2, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 3	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 3, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 4	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 4, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 5	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 5, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 6	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 6, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 11	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 1, 2, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 12	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 1, 3, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 13	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 4, 2, 7 or 9.
VV057B	If POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 14	at least one DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 0, 4, 3, 7 or 9.
VV058A	all areas of the vehicle are damaged	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must be coded 7, not the combination 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.
VV058B	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) equals 7	no other DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must be coded for this vehicle.
VV058C	No DAMAGE AREAS (V25) respons	se must be selected more than once.
VV058D	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) equals 0	no other DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must be coded for this vehicle.

VV088	DAMAGE SEVERITY EXTENT OF DAMAGE (V18) equals 0	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) must equal 00000.
V25-RANGE	DAMAGE AREA (V25) must equal null.	0-7 or 9 and must not equal

## <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
VV057C	this vehicle is involved in one and only one event and NON-COLLISION CATEGORY, OBJECT or VEHICLE NUMBER CONTACTED (E04) is not equal to 101, 102 or 104	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should not equal 7.
VV058	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) equals 7	MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) should equal 2.
VV073A	HIT AND RUN (V02) equals 1 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 1	VEHICLE CONTRIBUTING FACTORS (V12) should not equal 0.
VV074	MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should be greater than 00000.
VV080	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) equals 00000 and MOST HARMFUL EVENT (V20) does not equal 1-6 or 8-10	MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) should not equal 2.
VV081	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should not equal 0.
VV138	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) is not equal to 0	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should have more than one value other than 0.
VV178	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 11	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should equal 7 or include values 1 and 2.
VV179	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 12	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should equal 7 or include values 1 and 3.
VV180	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 13	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should equal 7 or include values 2 and 4.
VV181	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) equals 14	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should equal 7 or include values 3 and 4.

VV222

DAMAGE AREAS (V25) equals 00000 and VEHICLE ROLE (V22) is not equal to 0

DAMAGE SEVERITY EXTENT OF DAMAGE (V18) must equal 0.

# **V26 CRITICAL EVENT - PRECRASH 2 (EVENT)**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VA191	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 02 or 04 for all events involving this vehicle	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) must equal 98.
VV124	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 1, 2, 3 or 4	VEHICLE CONTRIBUTING FACTORS (V12) must not equal 00.
VV182	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 14 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 1	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must equal 14.
VV227	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 53	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must not equal 1.
V26-RANGE	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) must equal one of the following values: 1-6, 8-19, 50-56, 59-68, 70-74, 78, 80-85, 87-92, 98 or 99. CRITICAL EVENT (V26) must not equal null.	

## <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
AV184	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 2, 4, 6, 7 or 8 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should equal 1-6, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14 or 19.
VA189	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 65-68 or 70-73 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) Should not equal 00 or 10.
VA190	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 70-73 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should equal 03 or 13.
VV175	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 20-49 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should not equal 12-14, 54, 66-68, 71-73 or 80-85.
VV176	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 50-67 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should not equal 12-14, 51-53, 60, 61, 65, 66, 70, 71, 80-85 or 87-92.

VV211	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 03	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should equal 87-89.
VV212	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 05	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should equal 80-85.
VV214	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 04	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should equal 50-56, 59-68, 70-74 or 78.
VV215	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 01	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should equal 90-92.
VV224	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 53	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) should not equal 01.
VV225	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 51 OR 52	POINT OF IMPACT (V24) should not equal 04.
VV228	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 51 or 52	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) should not equal 2.
VV237	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 91 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 15.
VV238	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 90, CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 01 and the vehicle is involved in the first harmful event	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 12 or 15.
VV240	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 00	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should equal 98.
VV251	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 6	SPEED RELATED (D09) should equal 1.

# **V27 CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED - PRECRASH 3**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VV106	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 50, 51, 52 or 53, MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 14, 15 or 16 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 0, 1, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 98 or 99	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) must equal 1 or 3.
VV122	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 03, 08, 38, 40, 58 or 60	CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) must not equal 00 or 1.
VV134	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) equals 00	CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) must equal 00.
VV134A	CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) must equal 00.
VV182	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 14 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 1	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must equal 14.
VV232	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 00	CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) must equal 00.
VV232A	CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00.	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 00.
VV243A	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 46 or 47 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 01 or 99	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must not equal 01.
V27-RANGE	CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) must not equal 94 (Oracle code 26407) or null.	
V27-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	No more than one response per vehicle must be coded for CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27)	

## **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
AV184	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 2, 4, 6, 7 or 8 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should equal 1-6, 8, 9, 12-14 or 19.
VA189	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 65-68 or 70-73 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should not equal 00 or 10.
VA190	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 70-73 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should equal 03 or 13.
VV175	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 20-49 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should not equal 12-14, 54, 66-68, 71-73 or 80-85.
VV176	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 50-67 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should not equal 12-14, 51-53, 60, 61, 65, 66, 70, 71, 80-85 or 87-92.
VV218	CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) should equal 00, 50 or 95.
VV237	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 91 and CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 15.
VV238	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 90, CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 01 and the vehicle is involved in the first harmful event	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 12 or 15.

# **V28 VEHICLE CONTROL - PRECRASH 4**

# **Errors**

ROL	
ICAL	
must	
PRECRASH CONTROL (V28) must equal 00-04, 07, 09. PRECRASH CONTROL (V28) must not equal null.	
multiple responses must not be selected for PRECRASH CONTROL (V28).	
) F	

# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
VV135	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) equals 01	PRECRASH VEHICLE CONTROL (V28) should equal 01 or 02.
VV242	PRECRASH CONTROL (V28) equals 01	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should not equal 02, 07, 34, 36, 54 or 56.

# **V29 PRECRASH LOCATION - PRECRASH 5**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VV134	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) equals 00	CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) must equal 00.
VV134A	CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) must equal 00.
VV170	PRECRASH VEHICLE CONTROL (V28) equals 00	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) must equal 00.
VV172	PRECRASH VEHICLE CONTROL (V28) is not equal to 00	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) must not equal 00.
VV235	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) equals 00	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 00.
VV235A	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 00	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) must equal 00.
V29-RANGE	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) must equal 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 99.	
V29-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	multiple responses must not be selected for PRECRASH LOCATION (V29).	

## <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
AV186	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 4, 5, 6 or 8	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) of the vehicle(s) involved in the first harmful event should equal 00, 04, 05 or 99.
VA181	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) of a vehicle involved in the first harmful event equals 04	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should not equal 1 or 9.
VA182	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) of a vehicle involved in the first harmful event equals 01, 02 or 03	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should equal 1 or 9.
VA183	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) equals 02	NUMBER OF TRAVEL LANES (A12) should not equal 1.
VA216	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) of a vehicle involved in the first harmful event equals 05	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should not equal 1 or 9.

VA217	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) of a vehicle involved in the first harmful event equals 06	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should equal 1 or 9.
VV135	PRECRASH LOCATION (V29) equals 01	PRECRASH VEHICLE CONTROL (V28) should equal 01 or 02.

# **V30 ROLLOVER TYPE**

# **Errors**

	IF	THEN
AV149	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01 and BODY TYPE (V05) not equal to 80-89	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) must equal <del>10, 20-23, 28, 29 or 99</del> 1, 2 or 9.
AV149A	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) must equal 0.
VV111	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) must equal 0.
VV116	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 01 and BODY TYPE (V05) does not equal 80-89	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) must not equal 0.
VV226	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) equals 10 2 and the first HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 1	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must equal 1-10, 14, 15 or 98.
VV700	ROLLOVER (V30) equals 0	LOCATION OF ROLLOVER (V30A) must equal 0
VV701	LOCATION OF ROLLOVER (V30A) equals 0	ROLLOVER (V30) must equal 0

# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
AV214	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 38	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) should equal 0 or 22 1.
VA211	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 1 and ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) for the vehicle involved in the first harmful event equals 40 2	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) should equal 1 or 9.
VV138	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) is not equal to 0	DAMAGE AREAS (V25) should have more than one value other than 0.
VV247	ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) equals 10 2	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) should equal 01-10, 14, 98 or 99.

#### Post Entry

IF THEN

VV116A ROLLOVER TYPE (V30) equals 10-99 1, 2 or 9 and BODY TYPE

(V05) does not equal 80-89

at least one HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 01.

# **V30A LOCATION OF ROLLOVER**

#### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VV700	ROLLOVER (V30) equals 0	LOCATION OF ROLLOVER (V30A) must equal 0
VV701	LOCATION OF ROLLOVER (V30A) equals 0	ROLLOVER (V30) must equal 0

#### **V31 CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER**

#### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VV110	BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to 50-64, 66-79 or 99	CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (V31) must equal 0.
<del>VV140</del>	CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (V31) is not equal to 0	NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILERS (V32) must not equal 00.
VV167	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 99	CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (V31) must equal 999999999.
VV223	CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (V31) does not equal 0 or 99999999	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 50-64, 66-79 or 99.
V31-RANGE	CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUM digits in length (including leading zero or strings of 9's or 0's (except 000000)	os) and must not contain letters, nulls

#### **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
VV109	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 50-64 or 66-79	CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (V31) should not equal 0 (Oracle value 000000).

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# **V33 CARGO BODY TYPE**

	IF	THEN
VV141	NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILERS (V32) equals 00	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must equal 00.
<del>VV142</del>	NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILERS (V32) is not equal to 00	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must not equal 00.
VV143	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) equals 00	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (V34) must equal 0 or 1.
VV145	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) equals 0422	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 28, 50, 58 or 59
VV163	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 99	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must equal 99.
VV164	BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to 50-64, 66-79 or 99	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must equal 00.
VV174	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) equals 4 0 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must equal 98 96.
VV185A	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) equals 96 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) must equal 0.
VV220	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 50, 59-64, 66-79 or 99	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must not equal 00.
VV221	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60, 64 or 66-79 and SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 07	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must equal 98 7.
VV248	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 50 or 59	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must equal 0422.
VV249	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 58	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) must equal 0422 or 98 7.
<u>Warnings</u>		
	IF	THEN
<del>VV185</del>	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) equals 98 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) should equal 1.

#### **V33A HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INVOLVEMENT**

#### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
V33A-RANGE	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INVOLY and must not equal null.	VEMENT (V33A) must equal 1 or 2
VV146A	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INVOLVEMENT (V33A) equals 1	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD (V34) must equal 0.
VV146B	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INVOLVEMENT (V33A) equals 1	1-DIGIT HAZARDOUS MATERIAL CLASS NUMBER (V35A) must equal 0.

#### **V34 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED**

	IF	THEN
VV143	CARGO BODY TYPE (V33) equals 00	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (V34) must equal 0 or 1.
VV146	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (V34) equals 0 or 2	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) must equal 0000.
VV146A	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INVOLVEMENT (V33A) equals 1	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD (V34) must equal 0.
VV152	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (V34) equals 4 2	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (V36) must not equal 0.
<del>VV157</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 99	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (V34) must equal 9.
VV158	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (V34) equals 4 2 or 9 8	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) must not equal 0000.
VV159	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (V34) equals 9 8	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) must equal 9999 8888.
VV160	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66 and VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) equals 4 0	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD <del>ED</del> (V34) must equal 0.

VV168	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (V36) equals 0	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (V34) must equal 0.
<del>VV169</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to 60, 64, 66-79 or 99	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (V34) must equal 0.

# V35 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER 4-DIGIT HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

#### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VV146	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (V34) equals 0 or 2	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) must equal 0000.
VV148A	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) equals 0000	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (V36) must equal 0.
VV149	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) is not equal to 0000	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (V36) must not equal 0.
VV153	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66 and VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) equals 4 0	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) must equal 0000.
VV158	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (V34) equals 4 2 or 9 8	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) must not equal 0000.
VV159	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (V34) equals 9 8	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) must equal 9999 8888.
<del>VV161</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 99	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) must equal 9999.
<del>VV162</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to 60, 64, 66-79 or 99	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) must equal 0000.
V35-RANGE	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACAR the valid range. <del>under the element va</del>	
ane		

#### **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
VV148	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) equals 0000	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (V36) should equal 0.

#### V35A 1-DIGIT HAZARDOUS MATERIAL CLASS NUMBER

#### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
V35A-RANGE	1-DIGIT HAZARDOUS MATERIAL 1-10 or 88 and must not equal null.	CLASS NUMBER (V35A) must equal
VV146B	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INVOLVEMENT (V33A) equals 1	1-DIGIT HAZARDOUS MATERIAL CLASS NUMBER (V35A) must equal 0.

# V36 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE OF HAZARDOUS MATERIAL FROM THE CARGO COMPARTMENT

	IF	THEN
VV148A	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) equals 0000	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (V36) must equal 0.
VV149	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (V35) is not equal to 0000	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (V36) must not equal 0.
VV152	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (V34) equals 4 2	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (V36) must not equal 0.
<del>VV154</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to 60, 64, 66-79 or 99	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (V36) must equal 0.
<del>VV155</del>	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 99	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (V36) must equal 9.
VV156	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 66 and VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) equals 4 0	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (V36) must equal 0.
VV168	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (V36) equals 0	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (V34) must equal 0.

#### **Warnings**

IF THEN

VV148 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

PLACARD NUMBER (V35) equals 0000

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (V36) should equal 0.

# **V10B NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS**

	IF	THEN
VP207A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89 and NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) is greater than 00	EJECTION (P06) must equal 8.
VV012A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-05, 07-09 or 17	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) must not be greater than 15.
VV013A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 06, 11, 14 or 15	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) must not be greater than 22.
VV015A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) must not be greater than 5.
VV192A	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) equals 00	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0.
VV196A	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) equals 3	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) must be greater than 01.
VV207A	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) equals 00	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) must equal 95.
VV208A	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) equals 00	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) must equal 95.
VV209A	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) equals 00	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) must equal 95.
VV210A	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) equals 00	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) must equal 95.
VV216C	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) equals 00	DRIVER'S ZIP CODE (D08) must equal 99998.
<u>Warnings</u>		
	IF	THEN
VV032A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-05, 07-09 or 97	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) should not be greater than 8.
VV033A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 12	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) should not be greater than 15.
VV034A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 06, 14-15, 23, 42 or 60-79	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) should not be greater than 12.

VV036A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89 or 91	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) should not be greater than 2.
VV037A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 90	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) should not be greater than 6.
VV241A	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 01	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) should be greater than 01.

# Post Entry

	IF	THEN
VP045A	at least one NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) equals 00 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0210 or 0320.
VP199A	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) is greater than 00	there must be only one occupant coded as the driver (P03=1).

#### **V10 NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED**

#### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VP207	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89 and NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) is greater than 00	EJECTION (P06) must equal 8.
VV012	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-05, 07-09 or 17	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) must not be greater than 15.
VV013	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 06, 11, 14 or 15	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) must not be greater than 22.
VV015	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) must not be greater than 5.
VV192	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) equals 00	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0.
VV207	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) equals 00	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) must equal 95.
VV208	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) equals 00	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) must equal 95.
VV209	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) equals 00	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) must equal 95.
VV210	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) equals 00	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) must equal 95.
VV216	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) equals 00	DRIVER'S ZIP CODE (D08) must equal 99998.
VV301A	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODE	O (V10) must be known.
VV301B	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED occupants coded for this vehicle.	O (V10) must equal the number of
<u>Warnings</u>		
	IF	THEN
VV032	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-05, 07-09 or 97	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) should not be

greater than 8.

VV033	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 12	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) should not be greater than 15.
VV034	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 06, 14-15, 23, 42 or 60-79	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) should not be greater than 12.
VV036	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89 or 91	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) should not be greater than 2.
VV037	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 90	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) should not be greater than 6.
VV241	SPECIAL USE (V08) equals 01	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) should be greater than 01.
Post Entry		

# <u>P</u>

	IF	THEN
VP045	at least one NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) equals 00 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0210 or 0320.
VP199	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) is greater than 00	there must be only one occupant coded as the driver (P03=1).

# **D01 DRIVER PRESENCE**

	IF	THEN
PP062	A previous occupant has been identified as the driver	this occupant cannot be coded as the driver.
VV186	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0 or 9	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) must equal 95.
VV186A	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) equals 95.	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0 or 9
VV187	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) must equal 95.
VV188	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0 or 9	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) must equal 95.
VV189	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) must equal 95.
VV189A	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 1 or 2	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) must not equal 95 or null.
VV189B	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) equals 95	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0.
VV189C	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 1	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) must not equal 95 or null.
VV191	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) must equal 00, 04, 09, 15, 32, 42, 48, 52, 62, 66, 74, 84, 90, 92, 93 or 98.
VV192	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) equals 00	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0.
VV192A	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) equals 00	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0.
VV193	JACKKNIFE (V14) equals 1	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must not equal 0.
<del>VV198</del>	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 2	HIT-AND-RUN (V02) must equal 1.
VV202	HIT-AND-RUN (V02) equals 1	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 2 1.
VV216B	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0	DRIVER'S ZIP CODE (D08) must equal 99998.
VV231	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must equal 00.
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VV236	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 00	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0.
VV255	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) equals 00 and DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) not equal to 0 or 9	SPEED RELATED (D09) must equal 0.
VV489	DRIVER'S LICENSE STATE (D10) equals 98	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0
D01-RANGE	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must eq	ual 0, 1 or 9.

#### **Warnings**

	IF	IHEN
VV190	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0	VEHICLE ROLE (V22) should not equal 0 or 9.

# Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AD026	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0210	at least one DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0.
DP001	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0 or 9	there must not be a Person Level form for that vehicle with PERSON TYPE (P03) equal to 1.
DP004	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 1	of the person records which exist for this vehicle, there must be one and only one where PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1.
DP141	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 9	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) must equal 9.

# **P03 PERSON TYPE**

	IF	THEN
AP021	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0000	PERSON TYPE (P03) must not equal 5, 6, 7 or 8.
AP061	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0520 and PERSON TYPE (P3) equals 5	NON MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal 21 or 22.
AP062	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0001, 0002, 0004, 0005, 0049, 0050 or 0060 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	at least one NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal 07.
PA083	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) equals 04 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 4	the first character of PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 1.
PA096	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5, or 6 or 7	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must not equal 0000.
PA201	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3-8, 10 or 19 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01	NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHICLE NUMBER (P22) must equal 01.
PP002	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 21-53.
PP002A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	there must not be another occupant of the same vehicle where PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 9.
PP012	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	AGE (P07) must not be less than 02.
PP034	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) must not equal 6.
PP040	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 4, 6, 7 or 8	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must not equal 21-29.
PP041	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3, 5 7 or 8 or 19	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must not equal 01-10.

PP045A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 2 or 9 and INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 0	EJECTION (P06) must not equal 5 or 6.
PP046A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 or 19	SEATING POSITION (P04) must equal 0 and EJECTION (P06) must equal 8.
PP047	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 or 3	POLICE REPORTED ALCOHOL INVOLVEMENT (P11) must equal $\theta$ 0, 1, 8 or 9.
PP048	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 or 3	POLICE REPORTED DRUG INVOLVEMENT (P17) must equal $\theta$ 0, 1, 8 or 9.
PP048A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8	VEHICLE NUMBER (V01) must equal null.
PP068	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3	NON MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal 00 or 98.
PP072	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 2 or 9	NON MOTORIST SAFETY EQUIPMENT USE (P20) must equal 0.
PP073	PERSON TYPE (P3) equals 3	NON MOTORIST SAFETY EQUIPMENT USE (P20) must equal 0.
PP077	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 2 or 9	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 0.
PP082	NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHICLE NUMBER (P22) is null	PERSON TYPE (P03) must not equal 3-8, 10 or 19.
PP083	NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHICLE NUMBER (P22) is equal to 01-30 or 99	PERSON TYPE (P3) must not equal 1, 2 or 9.
PV001	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 00, 12-53 5 or 99.
PV005	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 13-19 or 22-53 5.
PV007	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 50-59	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 11-39 49, 50, 52 54 or 99.

PV010	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 50-59	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 12-50 or <del>52</del> 54.
PV011	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1 and AGE (P07) is less than 08	BODY TYPE (V05) must not equal 01-07, 09-60, 64-66, 78-79 or 93.
VP002	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 or 9 and SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 50	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 64, 66 or 78.
VP002A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-02, 04, 10, 30-31, 90 or 91	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 51.
VP234	HIT AND RUN (V02) equals 1 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) must equal 0.

#### <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
AP024	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) equals 1 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0120.
AP027	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0120 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) should equal 1.
PA051	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5 and NON MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equals 08, 18 or 98	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0610 or 0620.
PA053	NON MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equals 01, 02, 08 or 09 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0710, 0720, 0730, 0740, 0750, 0760 or 0790.
PP009	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 or 9	SEATING POSITION (P04) should not equal 11.
PP018	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	SEATING POSITION (P04) should not equal 12-19.

PP045	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 2 or 9; RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) equals 1-3, 6, 8 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to 80-89	EJECTION (P06) should equal 0.
PP061	NON MOTORIST SAFETY EQUIPMENT USE (P20) equals 2	PERSON TYPE (P03) should equal 6 or 7.
PP081	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) equals 1	NON MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) should not equal 01, 02, 11 or 12.
PP085	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) equals 07	PERSON TYPE (P03) should not equal 1.
Post Entry		
	IF	THEN
AP005	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21	at least one person struck by the vehicle must have PERSON TYPE (P03) equal to 5.
AP006	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 22	at least one person must have PERSON TYPE (P03) equal to 6, 7 or 8 10.
AP008	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 6	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equal to 1-2 or 9 must have INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equal to 1-5.
AP015	NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) is greater than 00	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) should equal 1, 2 or 9.
AP023	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) equals 01 or 11 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5 for the first non-motorist	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must not equal 0810, 0821, 0822, 0829, 0830, 0840 or 0890.
AP039	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) equals 01, 02, 11 or 12 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5 for the first non-motorist	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0710, 0720, 0730, 0740, 0750, 0760 or 0790.
AP040	RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) is not equal to 1 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0610, 0620, 0910 or 0920.

AP054	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) equals 01, 04, 08, 09, 21, 22, 28 or 29, and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0005, 0006, 0007, 0009, 0010, 0012, 0018, 0019, 0021-0024, 0048, 0049, 0050 or 0055.
AP077	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0420	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) must equal 4 8.
AP128	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 27	at least one person must have PERSON TYPE (P03) equal 4, 8, 8 or 10.
AP155	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 9999	at least one person must have PERSON TYPE (P03) must equal-4 or 8 (P03) must equal to 8 19.
DP001	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0 or 9	there must not be a Person Level form for that vehicle with PERSON TYPE (P03) equal to 1.
DP004	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 1	of the person records which exist for this vehicle, there must be one and only one where PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1.
DP095	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals 4 14 or 16 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	POLICE REPORTED ALCOHOL INVOLVEMENT (P11) must equal 2.
DP095	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals 2 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	POLICE REPORTED DRUG INVOLVEMENT (P17) must equal 2.
DP141	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 9	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) must equal 9.
PA049	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 0110-0150, 0210-0230, 0310-0330, 0410-0430, 0510-0539, 0610, 0620, 0710-0790, 0810-0890, 0910 or 0920.
PA049A	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) wheelchair equals 1	at least one person must have PERSON TYPE (P03) equal 48.
PA058	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 22 and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 0001-0044 0, 0048, 0049, 0050, 0055, 0060- 0062, 0090, 0097, 0098 or 0099.

PP062	A previous occupant has been identified as the driver	this occupant cannot be coded as the driver.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 26.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 4	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals § 23, 27 or 28.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 22.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 8 8	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 27.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 10	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 19	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 28.
PP082AP	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3 3	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) must equal 1 or 2.
PP082AP2	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) equals 1	PERSON TYPE (P03) must equal 3
PP082AP1	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 7	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) must equal 2.
PP082AP3	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) equals 2	PERSON TYPE (P03) must equal 7

VA218	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 00 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5, and, for this person, NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHICLE # (P22) equals the vehicle # for which V21 equals 00	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 0210, 310, 320 or 330.
VP010	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) must be equal 5.
VP010A	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	at least one HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 21.
VP011	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 22	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) must be equal to 6, 7 or 10.
VP011A	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	at least one HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 22.
VP012	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 27	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) must equal 4, 8 or 10.
VP012A	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 4 or 8	at least one HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 23, 27 or 28.
VP012B	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3	at least one HARMFUL EVENT (A06) must equal 26.
VP013	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 06	at least one occupant of this vehicle (PERSON TYPES (P03) 1-2 or 9) must have INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equal to 1-5.
VP045	at least one NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) equals 00 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0210 or 0320.
VP045A	at least one NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) equals 00 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0210 or 0320.
VP046	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 13 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0220.

VP047	at least one MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 10-12 or 16 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0720.
VP056	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 11 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0005, 0009, 0010, 0012, 0022, 0023, 0033, 0048, 0049 or 050.
VP057	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 13 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0011.
VP136	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 10 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0005, 0008, 0009, 0010, 0012, 0024, 0034, 0048, 0049 or 050.
VP199	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) is greater than 00	there must be only one occupant coded as the driver (P03=1).
VP199A	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) is greater than 00	there must be only one occupant coded as the driver (P03=1).
VP224	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-91 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1 or 2	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) must equal 0, 5 or 9.

# **P04 SEATING POSITION**

	IF	THEN
PP002	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 21-53.
PP046A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 or 19	SEATING POSITION (P04) must equal 0 and EJECTION (P06) must equal 8.
PP074	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 12, 22, 32, 41-53 1 or 52-55	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0.
PP074A	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 21, 23, 28, 29, 31, 33, 38 or 39 and BODY TYPE (V05) is between 50 and 97	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0.
PP074B	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 21, 23, 28, 29, 31, 33, 38 or 39 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) < 1998	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0.
PP074C	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 21, 23, 31 or 33 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) equals 1998 or newer	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal <del>1 or 9</del> 0-3, 5-7 or 9.
PP075	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 22, 23, 31-53 1 or 52-55	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) must not equal 5.
<del>PP076</del>	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 18, 19 or 99	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0 or 9.
PP076A	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 28, 29, 38 or 39 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) equals 1998 or newer	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0 or 9.
PP077	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 2 or 9	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 0.
PP080	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1 or 2.7 and (BODY TYPE (V05) is between 50 and 97 or (BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) < 1998))	SEATING POSITION (P04) must equal 11 or 13.

PP080A	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) equals 1998 or newer	SEATING POSITION (P04) must equal 11, 13, 21, 23, 31 or 33.
PP080B	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 2.7 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) equals 1998 or newer	SEATING POSITION (P04) must equal 11, 13, 21, 23, 31 or 33.
PP084	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 50 or 55	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) must equal 7.
PV001	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 00, 12-53 5 or 99.
PV005	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 13-19 or 22-53 5.
PV006	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 52 54	VEHICLE TRAILING (V13) must not equal 4 0.
PV007	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 50-59	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 11-39 49, 50, 52 54 or 99.
PV010	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 50-59	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 12-50 or <del>52</del> 54.
VP002	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 or 9 and SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 50	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 64, 66 or 78.
VP002A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-02, 04, 10, 30-31, 90 or 91	SEATING POSITION (P04) must not equal 51.

# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
PP009	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 or 9	SEATING POSITION (P04) should not equal 11.
PP018	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	SEATING POSITION (P04) should not equal 12-19.

	PP033	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) equals 1	SEATING POSITION (P04) should not equal 12, 22, 32, 42 or 50-53 5.
	PV166	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 31-49	BODY TYPE (V05) should not equal 01, 02, 03, 04 or 05.
,	VP174D	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 1-9 or 17 and MODEL YEAR (V06) is greater than 1994 and SEAT POSITION (P04) equals 11	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) should equal 1, 2 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 9.
	VP192	If SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 53 5 and BODY TYPE (V05) does not equal 01, 06 or 30-39	EJECTION (P06) should equal 0.

# **P06 EJECTION**

#### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
PV103	EJECTION (P06) equals 1, 2 or 7	this person's vehicle's MOST HARMFUL EVENT (V20) must not equal 06.
PV125	EJECTION (P06) equals 1, 2 or 7	BODY TYPE (V05) must not equal 80-89.
PP045A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 2 or 9 and INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 0	EJECTION (P06) must not equal 5 or 6.
PP046A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 or 19	SEATING POSITION (P04) must equal 0 and EJECTION (P06) must equal 8.
PP070	EJECTION (P06) equals 1, 2 or 7 3 and BODY TYPE (V05) not equal to 90, 91 or 97	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) must not equal 5.
VP207	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89 and NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) is greater than 00	EJECTION (P06) must equal 8.
VP207A	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-89 and NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) is greater than 00	EJECTION (P06) must equal 8.
VP208	HIT AND RUN (V02) equals 1 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 1 and BODY TYPE (V05) not equal to 80-89	EJECTION (P06) must equal 0.
P06-RANGE	EJECTION (P06) must equal 0, 1, 2,	<del>5, 6, 7</del> , 3, 8 or 9.

# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
PP037	EJECTION (P06) equals 1, 2 or 3	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) should equal 0, 7 or 9.

PP045	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 2 or 9; RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) equals 1-3, 6, 8 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to 80-89	EJECTION (P06) should equal 0.
PP069	EJECTION (P06) equals 1, 2 or 7	INJURY SEVERITY (P09) should not equal 0.
VP192	If SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 53 5 and BODY TYPE (V05) does not equal 01, 06 or 30-39	EJECTION (P06) should equal 0.

#### **P21 AIR BAG AVAILABILITY/FUNCTION**

	IF	THEN
PP074	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 12, 22, 32, 41-53 1 or 52-55	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0.
PP074A	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 21, 23, 28, 29, 31, 33, 38 or 39 and BODY TYPE (V05) is between 50 and 97	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0.
PP074B	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 21, 23, 28, 29, 31, 33, 38 or 39 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) < 1998	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0.
PP074C	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 21, 23, 31 or 33 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) equals 1998 or newer	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal <del>1 or 9</del> 0-3, 5-7 or 9.
PP076	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 18, 19 or 99	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0 or 9.
PP076A	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 28, 29, 38 or 39 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) equals 1998 or newer	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0 or 9.
<del>PP080</del>	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1 or 2.7 and (BODY TYPE (V05) is between 50 and 97 or (BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) < 1998))	SEATING POSITION (P04) must equal 11 or 13.
PP080A	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) equals 1998 or newer	SEATING POSITION (P04) must equal 11, 13, 21, 23, 31 or 33.
PP080B	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 2 7 and BODY TYPE (V05) <= 49 and MODEL YEAR (V06) equals 1998 or newer	SEATING POSITION (P04) must equal 11, 13, 21, 23, 31 or 33.

PV172	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1 or 2 1-8	BODY TYPE (V05) must equal 01-39, 48 or 49; 60-79 [if MODEL YEAR (V06) is >1996] or 40-42, 45, 50, 58 or 59 [if MODEL YEAR (V06) is > 1993] and must not equal 80-99. Honda motorcycles manufactured with air bags are excluded from this edit check (2007 and later model year Honda motorcycles where characters 4-8 of the VIN equal SC478).
PV172B	VEHICLE MAKE (V03) equals 37, VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) is greater than 2006; VEHICLE BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80; VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (V07), characters 4-8, equals SC478 and SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 11;	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0, 1, 7 or 9.
PV172B	VEHICLE MAKE (V03) equals 37, VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) is greater than 2006; VEHICLE BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80; VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (V07), characters 4-8, equals SC478 and SEATING POSITION (P04) not equal to 11;	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0.
PV196A	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1, 2 1-8 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 1-9,17 or 49	MODEL YEAR (V06) must be greater than 1971.
PV196B	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1, 2 1-8 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 20-25, 28, 29 or 48	MODEL YEAR (V06) must be greater than 1990.
PV196C	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals 1, 2 1-8 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) equals 14-16, 19, 30- 33, 39	MODEL YEAR (V06) must be greater than 1992 1.
P21-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 2 or 9	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must equal 0, 4, 2 1-8 or 9 and must not equal null.

P21-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 or 19	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) must not equal 0, <del>1, 2</del> 1-8 or <del>9</del> .
P21-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	There must only one response per of FUNCTION (P21)	ccupant for AIR BAG AVAILABILITY/

# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
PV172A	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) equals <del>1 or 2</del> 1-8 and VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (V06) > 1996	BODY TYPE (V05) should not equal 40, 41, 42, 45 or 50-99.
VP173	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 40-45 or 50-97	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) should equal 0.
VP174D	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 1-9 or 17 and MODEL YEAR (V06) is greater than 1994 and SEAT POSITION (P04) equals 11	AIR BAG DEPLOYED (P21) should equal 1, 2 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 9.

# P07 AGE

#### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
PP012	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	AGE (P07) must not be less than 02.
PV011	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1 and AGE (P07) is less than 08	BODY TYPE (V05) must not equal 01-07, 09-60, 64-66, 78-79 or 93.
PP013A	AGE (P07) must equal 0-105 or 999 and must not equal null.	

# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
PP013	UNLIKELY: AGE (P07) is greater that	an 92 and not equal to 999.
PP036	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) equals 6	AGE (P07) should equal 00-10 or 999.

# **P09 INJURY SEVERITY**

	IF	THEN
PP045A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 2 or 9 and INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 0	EJECTION (P06) must not equal 5 or 6.
<u>Warnings</u>		
	IF	THEN
PP011	TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) equals 1	INJURY SEVERITY (P09) should not be blank, 0 or 9.
PP015	UNLIKELY: INJURY SEVERITY (PO	9) is equal to 6.
PP069	EJECTION (P06) equals 1, 2 or ₹ 3	INJURY SEVERITY (P09) should not equal 0.
Post Entry		
	IF	THEN
AP008	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 06	at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equal to 1-2 or 9 must have INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equal to 1-5.
PV188A	no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60- 79 and INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 4 for at least one occupant of a vehicle where BODY TYPE (V05) equals 1-49 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2	STRATUM (A23) should equal 1.

PV188B no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-

79, BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-49 for one and only one vehicle, MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2 for this vehicle, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) does not equal 4 for any occupants of this vehicle, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 3 and TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) equals 1 for at least one occupant of this vehicle

STRATUM (A23) should equal 1.

PV188C

no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-49 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2 for at least 2 vehicles, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) does not equal 4 for any occupant of the towed passenger vehicles, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 3 and TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) equals 1 for at least one occupant of the towed

STRATUM (A23) should equal 1.

PV188K

no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, the crash does not qualify for category 1 stratum L and INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 1-5 and TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) equals 1 for at least one occupant of a vehicle where BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-49 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2

passenger vehicles

STRATUM (A23) should equal 5.

PV188R	at least one BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, the crash does not qualify for category 1 stratum L, category 1 stratum M or category 1 stratum N and there is at least one vehicle where MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2 or one person where INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 1-5	STRATUM (A23) should equal 2.
PV188S	no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60- 79, the crash does not qualify for category 1 stratum L, category 1 stratum M, category 1 stratum N or category 2 and there is at least one person where INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 2-4	STRATUM (A23) should equal 3.
VP013	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 06	at least one occupant of this vehicle (PERSON TYPES (P03) 1-2 or 9) must have INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equal to 1-5.

#### P10 TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY

#### **Errors**

		IF	THEN
VP23	34	HIT AND RUN (V02) equals 1 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) must equal 0.

#### Post Entry

	IF	THEN
PP011	TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) equals 1	INJURY SEVERITY (P09) should not be blank, 0 or 9
PV188B	no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-49 for one and only one vehicle, MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2 for this vehicle, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) does not equal 4 for any occupants of this vehicle, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 3 and TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) equals 1 for at least one occupant of this vehicle	STRATUM (A23) should equal 1.
PV188C	no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-49 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2 for at least 2 vehicles, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) does not equal 4 for any occupant of the towed passenger vehicles, INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 3 and TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) equals 1 for at least one occupant of the towed passenger vehicles	STRATUM (A23) should equal 1.

PV188K

no BODY TYPE (V05) equals 60-79, the crash does not qualify for category 1 stratum L and INJURY SEVERITY (P09) equals 1-5 and TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) equals 1 for at least one occupant of a vehicle where BODY TYPE (V05) equals 01-49 and MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE VEHICLE REMOVAL (V19) equals 2

STRATUM (A23) should equal 5.

## **D08 DRIVER'S ZIP CODE**

	IF	THEN
VV216	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) equals 00	DRIVER'S ZIP CODE (D08) must equal 99998.
VV216A	DRIVER'S ZIP CODE (D08) must be values section, above.	in the range specified in the element
VV216B	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0	DRIVER'S ZIP CODE (D08) must equal 99998.
VV216C	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) equals 00	DRIVER'S ZIP CODE (D08) must equal 99998.
D08-RANGE	DRIVER'S ZIP CODE (D08)equals 99998	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0
D08-RANGE	The first character of DRIVER'S ZIP CODE (D08) must not be blank.	
D08-RANGE	DRIVER'S ZIP CODE (D08) must not equal null based on a right outer join of the ges.vehicle and ges.driver tables.	
D08-RANGE	DRIVER'S ZIP CODE (D08) must be 5 characters in length.	

## **D09 SPEED RELATED**

## **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VV250	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 00	SPEED RELATED (D09) must equal 8.
VV253	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals -03 21-25 or 29	SPEED RELATED (D09) must equal 1.
VV255	TRAVEL SPEED (V11) equals 00 and DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) not equal to 0 or 9	SPEED RELATED (D09) must equal 0.
D09-RANGE	SPEED RELATED (D09) equals 8	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0.
D09-RANGE	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0.	SPEED RELATED (D09) must equal 8.
D09-RANGE	SPEED RELATED (D09) must equa	0, 1, 8 or 9 and must not equal null.

# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
VV251	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) equals 6	SPEED RELATED (D09) should equal 1.

## **D10 DRIVER LICENSE STATE**

	IF	THEN
VV489	DRIVER'S LICENSE STATE (D10) equals 98	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0
D10-RANGE	DRIVER LICENSE STATE (D10) must outer join of the ges.vehicle and ges.	
D10-RANGE	DRIVER LICENSE STATE (D10) mus	st equal 1-6, 8-56, 93-99.

#### **D11 DRIVER LICENSE NUMBER**

#### **Errors**

## P11 POLICE REPORTED ALCOHOL INVOLVEMENT

## **Errors**

	IF	THEN
PP047	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 or 3	POLICE REPORTED ALCOHOL INVOLVEMENT (P11) must equal $\theta$ 0, 1, 8 or 9.
RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1 or 4-8	POLICE REPORTED ALCOHOL INVOLVEMENT (P11) must not equal 0.
RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 9	POLICE REPORTED ALCOHOL INVOLVEMENT (P11) must equal 0.
P11-RANGE	POLICE REPORTED ALCOHOL INV 2, 6, 7 or 9 0, 1, 8 or 9 and must not	

## Post Entry

	IF	THEN
DP095	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals 4 14 or 16 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	POLICE REPORTED ALCOHOL INVOLVEMENT (P11) must equal 2 1.
<del>DP095</del>	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals 2 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	POLICE REPORTED DRUG INVOLVEMENT (P17) must equal 2.

#### P11A ALCOHOL TEST GIVEN STATUS

#### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1 or 4-8	ALCOHOL TEST GIVEN (P11A) must not equal 8.
RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2, 3 or 9	ALCOHOL TEST GIVEN (P11A) must equal 8.
P11A-RANGE	ALCOHOL TEST STATUS (P11A) m	nust equal 0, 1, 2 or 9.

#### **P11B ALCOHOL TEST TYPE**

**Errors** 

IF THEN

P11B-RANGE ALCOHOL TEST TYPE (P11B) must equal 0, 1, 2, 3, 8,10, 98 or 99.

#### P11C ALCOHOL TEST RESULT

**Errors** 

IF THEN

P11C-RANGE ALCOHOL TEST RESULT (P11C) must equal 0-55, 96, 97, 98 or 99.

## P17 POLICE REPORTED DRUG INVOLVEMENT

## **Errors**

	IF	THEN
PP048	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 or 3	POLICE REPORTED DRUG INVOLVEMENT (P17) must equal $\theta$ 0, 1, 8 or 9.
RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1 or 4-8	POLICE REPORTED DRUG INVOLVEMENT (P17) must not equal 0.
RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 9	POLICE REPORTED DRUG INVOLVEMENT (P17) must equal 0.
P17-RANGE	POLICE REPORTED DRUG INVOL 7 0, 1, 8 or 9 and must not equal null	VEMENT (P17) must equal <del>0, 1, 2, 6,</del> l.

#### Post Entry

	IF	THEN
DP095	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals 4 14 or 16 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	POLICE REPORTED ALCOHOL INVOLVEMENT (P11) must equal 2
<del>DP095</del>	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals 2 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	POLICE REPORTED DRUG INVOLVEMENT (P17) must equal 2.

#### P17A DRUG TEST GIVEN STATUS

#### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1 or 4-8	DRUG TEST GIVEN (P17A) must not equal 8.
RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2, 3 or 9	POLICE REPORTED DRUG INVOLVEMENT (P17) must equal 8.
P17A-RANGE	DRUG TEST STATUS (P17A) must	equal 0, 1, 2 or 9.

#### **P17B DRUG TEST TYPE**

**Errors** 

IF THEN

P17B-RANGE DRUG TEST TYPE (P17B) must equal 0, 1, 2, 3, 8, 98 or 99.

#### **P17C DRUG TEST RESULT**

**Errors** 

IF THEN

P17C-RANGE DRUG TEST RESULT (P17C) must equal 0, 1, 2, 7 or 9.

## **D02 VIOLATIONS CHARGED**

	IF	THEN
VV188	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0 or 9	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) must equal 95.
VV189C	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 1	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) must not equal 95 or null.
VV197	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals 50 7 or 8	HIT AND RUN (V02) must equal 1.
<del>VV203</del>	HIT-AND-RUN (V02) equals 1	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) must not equal 96 or 99.
VV207	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) equals 00	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) must equal 95.
VV207A	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) equals 00	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) must equal 95.
VV253	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals -03 21-25 or 29	SPEED RELATED (D09) must equal 1.
D02-RANGE	* *	st equal 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11- 45, 46, 48, 49, 51-56, 58, 59, 61-63, 93, <del>50,</del> 95, <del>96, 97,</del> 98, 99.
RANGE	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) must equal 95.
RANGE	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 1 or 2	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) must not equal null.
D02-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals 0	no other violations must be coded for this driver
D02-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals 95	no other violations must be coded for this driver
MULTIPLE RESPONSE	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals 96	no other violations must be coded for this driver
MULTIPLE RESPONSE	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals 50	no other violations must be coded for this driver
MULTIPLE RESPONSE	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals 99	no other violations must be coded for this driver
D02-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	each VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02 once per driver.	2) element value must be coded only
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## <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
PP046B	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals 4 11-16, 18 or 19	at least one PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) should equal 98.

#### Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AD043	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0760	at least one-VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) for at least one driver should not equal 00.
DA123	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals <del>07</del> 31, 32, 33, 34, 35 or 37	at least one TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) must equal 1-9, 21, 97, 98 or 99.
DP095	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals 4 14 or 16 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	POLICE REPORTED ALCOHOL INVOLVEMENT (P11) must equal 2 1.
<del>DP095</del>	VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals 2 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	POLICE REPORTED DRUG INVOLVEMENT (P17) must equal 2.

## **D04 DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY**

	IF	THEN
AD150	ATMOSPHERIC CONDITION (A20) equals 1	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) must not equal 15.
VV186	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0 or 9	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) must equal 95.
VV186A	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) equals 95.	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0 or 9
<del>VV199</del>	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) equals 50	HIT-AND-RUN (V02) must equal 1.
<del>VV204</del>	HIT-AND-RUN (V02) equals 1	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) must not equal 93, 94 or 99.
VV208	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) equals 00	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) must equal 95.
VV208A	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) equals 00	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) must equal 95.
D04-RANGE		(D04) must equal 00, 01, 02, 03, 04, , 15, 50, 93, 94, 95, 97, 98, 99 or null.
D04-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) equals 00	no other visual obstruction must be coded for this driver
MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) equals 50	no other visual obstruction must be coded for this driver
D04-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) equals 95	no other visual obstruction must be coded for this driver
MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) equals 93	no other visual obstruction must be coded for this driver
MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) equals 94	no other visual obstruction must be coded for this driver
D04-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) equals 99	no other visual obstruction must be coded for this driver
D04-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	each DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURE be coded more than once per driver.	` ,

# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
AD091	ROADWAY SURFACE CONDITION (A15) equals 1	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) should not equal 08.
DA124	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) equals 01	ATMOSPHERIC CONDITION (A20) should not equal 1.
DA159	DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) equals 15	ATMOSPHERIC CONDITION (A20) should equal 5, 6, 7 or 9.

## Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AD034	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0007	at least one DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) must equal <del>07 or 11</del> 6.
AD088	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0821, 0822 or 0829	at least one DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) must not equal 00.
AD154	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0006	at least one DRIVER'S VISION OBSCURED BY (D04) must equal 00.

#### **D06 DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID**

	IF	THEN
VV187	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) must equal 95.
VV187A	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 95	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0.
VV195	ACCIDENT TYPE (V23) equals 34, 36, 38, 40, 54, 56, 58 or 60	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) must not equal 00.
VV200	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 50	HIT AND RUN (V02) must equal 1.
VV205	HIT AND RUN (V02) equals 1	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) must not equal 93, 94 or 99.
VV209	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) equals 00	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) must equal 95.
VV209A	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) equals 00	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) must equal 95.
VV213	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 00	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) must not equal 17.
D06-RANGE	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID 05, 50, 92, 93, 94, 95, 97, 99 or null.	(D06) must equal 00, 01, 02, 03, 04,
D06-RANGE1	PSU equals 64	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) must not equal 93.
D06-RANGE2	PSU equals 28, 29, 30, 31, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 62, 63, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) must not equal 94.
D06-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 00	no other D06 response must be coded for this driver
D06-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 50	no other D06 response must be coded for this driver
D06-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 93	no other D06 response must be coded for this driver
D06-MULTIPLE	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO	no other D06 response must be

RESPONSE	AVOID (D06) equals 94	coded for this driver
D06-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 95	no other D06 response must be coded for this driver
D06-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 99	no other D06 response must be coded for this driver
D06-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	each DRIVER MANEUVERED TO coded only once per driver.	O AVOID (D06) element value must be

## <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
VV211	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 03	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should equal 87-89.
VV212	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 05	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should equal 80-85.
VV214	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 04	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should equal 50-56, 59-68, 70-74 or 78.
VV215	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) equals 01	CRITICAL EVENT (V26) should equal 90-92.
VV218	CORRECTIVE ACTION ATTEMPTED (V27) equals 00 or 1	DRIVER MANEUVERED TO AVOID (D06) should equal 00, 50 or 95.

## **D07 DRIVER DISTRACTED BY**

	IF	THEN
VV189	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 0	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) must equal 95.
VV189A	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) equals 1 or 2	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) must not equal 95 or null.
VV189B	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) equals 95	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0.
VV196A	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) equals 3	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) must be greater than 01.
VV210	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (V10) equals 00	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) must equal 95.
VV210A	NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (V10B) equals 00	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) must equal 95.
VV290	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) equals 50	HIT AND RUN (V02) must equal 1.
VV295	HIT AND RUN (V02) equals 1	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) must not equal 93, 94 or 99.
D07-RANGE	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) m 11, 12, 13, 14, 92, 93, 94, 95, 97, 98	•
D07-RANGE	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) equals 95	DRIVER PRESENCE (D01) must equal 0.
D07-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) equals 00	no other driver distraction must be coded for this driver
D07-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) equals 1	no other driver distraction must be coded for this driver
D07-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) equals 50	no other driver distraction must be coded for this driver
D07-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) equals 93	no other driver distraction must be coded for this driver
D07-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) equals 94	no other driver distraction must be coded for this driver

D07MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) equals 95	no other driver distraction must be coded for this driver
D07-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (D07) equals 99	no other driver distraction must be coded for this driver
D07-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	each DRIVER DISTRACTED BY (Donly once per driver.	07) element value must be coded

## **P15 RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE**

## **Errors**

	IF	THEN
PP034	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) must not equal 6.
PP070	EJECTION (P06) equals 1, 2 or ₹ 3 and BODY TYPE (V05) not equal to 90, 91 or 97	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) must not equal 5.
PP075	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 22, 23, 31-5 <del>3</del> 1 or 52-55	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) must not equal 5.
PP084	SEATING POSITION (P04) equals 50 or 55	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) must equal 7.
PV066	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) equals 1-3 or 6	BODY TYPE (V05) must not equal 80-89 or 90.
P15-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 2 or 9	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) must equal 0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 and must not be null.
P15-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3, 4, 5, 6, 8 or 9 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 or 19	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) must equal null.
P15-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	Only one element value must be cod (P15) per occupant.	led for RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE

#### **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
PP033	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) equals 1	SEATING POSITION (P04) should not equal 12, 22, 32, 42 or 50-53 5.
PP036	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) equals 6	AGE (P07) should equal 00-10 or 999.
PP037	EJECTION (P06) equals 1, 2 or 3	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) should equal 0, 7 or 9.
PP045	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 2 or 9; RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) equals 1-3, 6, 8 or 9 and BODY TYPE (V05) is not equal to 80-89	EJECTION (P06) should equal 0.

PP049	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) equals 3	RESTRAINT TYPE (P16) should not equal 2.
PV068	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) equals 5	BODY TYPE (V05) should equal 80-90.
Post Entry		
	IF	THEN
VP224	BODY TYPE (V05) equals 80-91 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1 or 2	RESTRAINT SYSTEM USE (P15) must equal 0, 5 or 9.

## P18 PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT

	IF	THEN
PA083	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) equals 04 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 4	the first character of PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 1.
P18-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) must equal 00, 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 50, 93, 94, 97, 98 or 99 and must not equal null.
P18-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8 7, 8, 10 or 19	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) must equal 00, 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 93, 94, 97, 98 or 99 and must not equal null.
P18-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2 or 9	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) must equal null.
VV260	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) equals 50	HIT AND RUN (V02) must equal 1.
VV265	HIT AND RUN (V02) equals 1	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) must not equal 93, 94 or 99.
P18-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) equals 00	no other physical impairments must be coded for this driver
P18-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) equals 50	no other physical impairments must be coded for this driver
P18-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) equals 93	no other physical impairments must be coded for this driver
P18-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) equals 94	no other physical impairments must be coded for this driver
P18-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) equals 97	no other physical impairments must be coded for this driver
P18-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) equals 99	no other physical impairments must be coded for this driver

P18-MULTIPLE
RESPONSE

each PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) element value must be coded only once per driver.

## <u>Warnings</u>

IF	THEN
PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) equals 07	PERSON TYPE (P03) should not equal 1.
VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals 4 11-16, 18 or 19	at least one PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) should equal 98.
IF	THEN
First character of PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 1	at least one PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) should equal 04.
	PERSON'S PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT (P18) equals 07  VIOLATIONS CHARGED (D02) equals 4 11-16, 18 or 19  IF  First character of PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT

## **PV07 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER**

## **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VV003AP	PARKED/WORKING MAKE (PV03) equals 24 and PARKED/WORKING MODEL (PV04) equals 2 and the 4 <sup>th</sup> and 5 <sup>th</sup> characters of the PARKED/WORKING VIN (PV07) equal ZN, ZP, ZR or ZY	PARKED/WORKING BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 17.
VV300AP	PARKED/WORKING MODEL YEAR (PV06) is greater than 1980 and all 17 characters of the PARKED/WORKING VIN (PV07) are present	the PARKED/WORKING MODEL YEAR (PV06) must match the 10 <sup>th</sup> character of the PARKED/WORKING VIN (PV07).
VV300BP	PARKED/WORKING VIN (PV07) for 1981 and newer vehicles must not contain the characters I, O, or Q.	
VV300CP	An unknown PARKED/WORKING VIN (PV07) must be coded 9999999999999. There must be no unusual characters [., -, `, (, **, d* or =] which are part of the PARKED/WORKING VIN (PV07). Parked trailer VIN's are not allowed.	
VV300FP	PARKED/WORKING VIN (PV07) passes the check digit test	PARKED/WORKING BODY TYPE (PV05) must be consistent with the PARKED/WORKING VIN (PV07) body type.
VV300TP	Columns 1 through 11 of the PARKED/WORKING VIN (PV07) must not all be blank.	
VV300VP	The PARKED/WORKING VIN (PV07) must be alphanumeric (0-9, A-Z) or blank.	
PV07-RANGE	PARKED/WORKING VIN (PV07) must not equal null.	

#### **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
VV300AP	PARKED/WORKING MODEL YEAR (PV06) is greater than 1980	the PARKED/WORKING MODEL YEAR (PV06) should match the 10 <sup>th</sup> character of the PARKED/WORKING VIN (PV07).

VV300DP	PARKED/WORKING MODEL YEAR (PV06) is greater than 1980 and all 17 characters of the PARKED/WORKING VIN (PV07) are present	PARKED/WORKING VIN (PV07) should pass the check digit test.
VV300EP	PARKED/WORKING VIN (PV07) passes the check digit test	PARKED/WORKING BODY TYPE (PV05) and PARKED/WORKING Model Year (PV06) should be known.
VV300RP	PARKED/WORKING MODEL YEAR (PV06) is greater than 1980	PARKED/WORKING VIN (PV07) should contain 17 characters.

#### PV07A PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LICENSE PLATE NUMBER

#### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VV500P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 90 or 91	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LICENSE PLATE NUMBER (PV07A) must equal 0000000000.
PV07A-RANGE	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LICENSE PLATE NUMBER (PV07A) must be alphanumeric (0-9, A-Z) or blank and must not equal null. 0 or contain leading blanks.	

#### **PV07B PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE REGISTRATION STATE**

	IF	THEN
PV07B-RANGE		GISTRATION STATE (PV07B) must
	equal 1-6, 8-56, 93-99.	

## **PV03 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MAKE**

	IF	THEN
VV003AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MAKE (PV03) equals 24 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) equals 2 and the 4 <sup>th</sup> and 5 <sup>th</sup> characters of the PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE VIN (PV07) equal ZN, ZP, ZR or ZY	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 17.
PV03-RANGE	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MAKE (PV03) and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must be one of the make/model combinations specified in the Oracle nass.modellookup table.	

## **PV04 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL**

	IF	THEN
VV003AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MAKE (PV03) equals 24 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) equals 2 and the 4 <sup>th</sup> and 5 <sup>th</sup> characters of the PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE VIN (PV07) equal ZN, ZP, ZR or ZY	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 17.
VV601P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 1-13, 17	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 1-399.
VV603P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 14	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 401-420, 498 or 499.
VV604P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 15	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 421-430, 498 or 499.
VV605P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 16	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 431-440, 498 or 499.
VV606P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 19	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 498 or 499.
VV607P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 20	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 441-460, 498 or 499.
VV608P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 21	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 461-470, 498 or 499.
VV609P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 22-29	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 441-470, 498 or 499.
VV611P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 30	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 471-480, 498 or 499.

VV612P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 31	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 481-490, 498 or 499.
VV613P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 32, 33 or 39	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 471-490, 498 or 499.
VV615P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 40-42 or 45	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 498.
VV616P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 48	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 499.
VV617P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 49	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 999.
VV618P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 50 or 59	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04 must equal 902, 981-983, 988 or 989.
VV619P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 58	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 902, 950, 981-983, 988 or 989.
VV620P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 60, 64 or 66	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 801- 808, 881-890, 898 or 899.
VV621P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 65	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 850, 898, 899 or Oracle values 9744, 9752, 9759, 9766, 9773, 9780 or 9787.
VV622P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 78	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 801- 808, 881-890, 898 or 899.
VV623P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 79	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 899.
VV624P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 80-82 or 89	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 701- 706, 709 or 799.
VV625P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 88	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 798.

VV627P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 90	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 731- 734, 739 or 799.
VV628PP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 91-93 or 97	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 998.
VV629P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 999.
PV04-RANGE	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MAKE (PV03) equals 29 or 69	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL, (PV04) must not equal 498, 898, 988 or 998.
PV04-RANGE	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MAKE (PV03) equals 98	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must not equal 398 or 498
PV04-RANGE	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MOI	DEL (PV04) must not equal null.

#### Notify NHTSA

IF THEN

NOTIFY NHTSA

Please notify NHTSA of the specific parked/working vehicle make and model when "other" make/model is selected.

## **PV05 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE**

	IF	THEN
VV003P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 01	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 02-09, 12, 17, 20-29 or 49.
VV003AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MAKE (PV03) equals 24 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) equals 2 and the 4 <sup>th</sup> and 5 <sup>th</sup> characters of the PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE VIN (PV07) equal ZN, ZP, ZR or ZY	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 17.
VV006P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 02	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 14-16, 19, 20, 21, 24, 25, 28-29, 45, 48-49, 50, 58 or 59.
VV009P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 80-89	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) must not equal 01-03, 06, 07, <del>10, 11 or 12</del> .
VV010P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 03	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 14-16, 19, 20, 21, 24-25, 28-29, 45, 48, 49, 50-59 or 99.
VV012P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 01-05, 07-09 or 17	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (PV10) must not be greater than 15.
VV012AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 01-05, 07-09 or 17	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (PV10B) must not be greater than 15.
VV013P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 06, 11, 14 or 15	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (PV10) must not be greater than 22.

VV013AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 06, 11, 14 or 15	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (PV10B) must not be greater than 22.
VV015P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 80-89	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (PV10) must not be > 5.
VV015AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 80-89	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (PV10B) must not be greater than 5.
VV025P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 06	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 08, 11, 12, 14-16, 19, 20-21, 28-29, 40-41, 48-49, 60, 64, 79, 97 or 99.
VV085P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 25 or 58	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) must not equal 00 or 02.
VV086P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 59	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) must = 99.
<del>VV101P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 92	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) must equal 11.
<del>VV102P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 11	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 92.
VV110AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals <del>50-64,</del> <del>66-79 or 99-</del> 1-99	the NGA variables must not equal null or Oracle value -1. There are two exceptions. PV31 may equal null and PV33 may equal -1.
VV110BP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) does not equal 50-64, 66-79 or 99	the NGA variables must equal null or Oracle -1.
VV111P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 80-89	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE ROLLOVER TYPE (PV30) must equal 0.
VV112P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 93	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) must equal 12.

VV113P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 12	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 93.
<del>VV115P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 5 or 6 and BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 50, 59-64 or 66-79	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILERS (PV32) must not equal 00.
VV145P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) equals 0422	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 28, 50, 58 or 59.
VV153P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 4 0	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) must equal 0000.
VV154P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) is not equal to 60, 64, 66-79 or 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (PV36) must equal 0.
₩155P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (PV36) must equal 9.
VV156P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66 and VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 4 0	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (PV36) must equal 0.
<del>VV157P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) must equal 9.
VV160P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 4 0	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) must equal 0.
VV161P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) must equal 9999.

<del>VV162P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) is not equal to 60, 64, 66-79 or 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) must equal 0000.
VV163P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must equal 99.
<del>VV164P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) is not equal to 50-64, 66-79 or 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must equal 00.
<del>VV165P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) is not equal to 50-64, 66-79 or 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILERS, (PV32) must equal 00.
<del>VV166P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILERS, (PV32) must equal 99.
VV167P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (PV31) must equal 9999999999.
<del>VV169P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) is not equal to 60, 64, 66-79 or 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) must equal 0.
VV174P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 4 0 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must equal 98 96.
VV185AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) equals 96 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) must equal 0.
VV219P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 50, 59-64, 66-79 or 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILERS (PV32) must not equal 00.

VV220P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 50, 59-64, 66-79 or 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must not equal 00.
VV221P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 60, 64 or 66-79 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 07	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must equal 98 7.
VV248P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 50 or 59	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must equal 0122.
VV249P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 58	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must equal 0122 or 98 7.
VV300FP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE VIN (PV07) passes the check digit test	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must be consistent with the PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE VIN (PV07) body type.
VV500P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 90 or 91	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LICENSE PLATE NUMBER (PV07A) must equal 0000000000.
VV601P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 1-13, 17	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 1-399.
VV603P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 14	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 401-420, 498 or 499.
VV604P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 15	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 421-430, 498 or 499.
VV605P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 16	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 431-440, 498 or 499.
VV606P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 19	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 498 or 499.

VV607P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 20	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 441-460, 498 or 499.
VV608P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 21	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 461-470, 498 or 499.
VV609P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 22-29	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 441-470, 498 or 499.
VV611P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 30	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 471-480, 498 or 499.
VV612P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 31	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 481-490, 498 or 499.
VV613P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 32, 33 or 39	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 471-490, 498 or 499.
VV615P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 40-42 or 45	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 498.
VV616P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 48	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 499.
VV617P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 49	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 999.
VV618P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 50 or 59	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 902, 981-983, 988 or 989.
VV619P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 58	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 902, 950, 981-983, 988 or 989.
VV620P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 60, 64 or 66	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 801- 808, 880-890, 898 or 899.

VV621P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 65	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 850, 898, 899 or Oracle values 9744, 9752, 9759, 9766, 9773, 9780 or 9787.
VV622P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 78	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 801- 808, 881-890, 898 or 899.
VV623P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 79	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 899.
VV624P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 80-82 or 89	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 701- 706, 709 or 799.
VV625P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 88	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 798.
VV627P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 90	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 731- 734, 739 or 799.
VV628P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 91-93 or 97	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 998.
VV629P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL (PV04) must equal 999.
PV05-RANGE	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BOD	DY TYPE (PV05) must not be null.

#### **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
VA102P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 24 or 50	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) should equal 1.
VV030P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 2 1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) should not equal 50-58, 80-89, 90 or 91.
VV032P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 01-05, 07-09, 17 or 97	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (PV10) should not be greater than 8.

VV032AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 01-05, 07-09, 17 or 97	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (PV10B) should not be greater than 8.
VV033P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 12	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (PV10) should not be greater than 15.
VV033AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 12	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (PV10B) should not be > 15.
VV034P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 06, 14-15, 23, 42 or 60-79	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (PV10) should not be greater than 12.
VV034AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 06, 14-15, 23, 42 or 60-79	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (PV10B) should not be > 12.
VV036P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 80-89 or 91	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (PV10) should not be greater than 2.
VV036AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 80-89 or 91	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (PV10B) should not be > 2.
VV037P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 90	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (PV10) should not be greater than 6.
VV037AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 90	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (PV10B) should not be greater than 6.
VV076P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) should not equal 4 0.

VV084P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 24 or 50	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) should equal 02.
VV109P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 50-64 or 66-79	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (PV31) should not equal 0 (Oracle value 000000).
<del>VV114P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 10	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) should equal 11.
<del>VV185P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) equals 98 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) should equal 1.
VV244P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66 or 78 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILER (PV32) should equal 02, 03 or 99.
VV300EP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE VIN (PV07) passes the check digit test	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE Model Year (PV06) should be known.

### Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AV236	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) equals 1	at least one BODY TYPE (V05) or at least one PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) should equal 24 or 50.

### **PV06 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL YEAR**

	IF	THEN
VV300AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (PV06) is greater than 1980 and all 17 characters of the PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE VIN (PV07) are present	the PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (PV06) must match the 10 <sup>th</sup> character of the PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE VIN (PV07).
<u>Warnings</u>		
	IF	THEN
VV300AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (PV06) is greater than 1980	the PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (PV06) should match the 10 <sup>th</sup> character of the VIN (PV07).
VV300DP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (PV06) is greater than 1980 and all 17 characters of the PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE VIN (PV07) are present	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE VIN (PV07) should pass the check digit test.
VV300EP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE VIN (PV07) passes the check digit test	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE Model Year (PV06) should be known.
VV300RP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MODEL YEAR (PV06) is greater than 1980	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE VIN (PV07) should contain 17 characters.

### **PV13 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING**

	IF	THEN
<del>VV115P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 5 or 6 and BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 50, 59-64 or 66-79	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILERS (PV32) must not equal 00.
VV153P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 4 0	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) must equal 0000.
VV156P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66 and VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 4 0	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (PV36) must equal 0.
VV160P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 4 0	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) must equal 0.
VV174P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 4 0 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must equal 98 96.
VV185AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) equals 96 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) must equal 0.
PV13-RANGE	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAI	LING (PV13) must equal 0-6 or 9.

## <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
VV030P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 2 1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) should not equal 50-58, 80-89, 90 or 91.
VV076P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) should not equal 4 0.
<del>VV185P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) equals 98 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) should equal 1.
₩244P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66 or 78 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILER (PV32) should equal 02, 03 or 99.

### **PV37 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION**

	IF	THEN
PV082CP-1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION (PV37) equals 1 or 9	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) MUST equal 02 or 12
PV082CP-1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION (PV37) equals 2 or 7	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) MUST equal 18
PV082CP-1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION (PV37) equals 3, 5, 8 or 10	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) MUST equal 98
PV082CP-1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION (PV37) equals 4	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) MUST equal 8, 18 or 98
PV082CP-1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION (PV37) equals 6	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) MUST equal 09 or 19
PV082CP-1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION (PV37) equals 99	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) MUST equal 9, 19 or 99
PV350	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) equals 1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION (PV37) must not equal
PV37-RANGE	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOC	CATION (PV37) must equal 1-10, 99

### **PV02 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TYPE**

### Post Entry

	IF	THEN
PP082AP	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3 3	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) must equal 1 or 2.
PP082AP1	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 7	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) must equal 2.
PP082AP2	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) equals 1	PERSON TYPE (P03) must equal 3
PP082AP3	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) equals 2	PERSON TYPE (P03) must equal 7 3
PV350	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) equals 1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION (PV37) must not equal 1 or 9
PVE700	PARKED VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) EQUALS 1 and PARKED VEHICLE EVENT NUMBER (PE02) equals EVENT NUMBER (E01)	NON-COLLISION CATEGORY OR OBJECT CONTACTED (E04) must equal 126.
PVE701	PARKED VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) EQUALS 2 and PARKED VEHICLE EVENT NUMBER (PE02) equals EVENT NUMBER (E01)	NON-COLLISION CATEGORY OR OBJECT CONTACTED (E04) must equal <del>128</del> 126.

### PV08 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE

	IF	THEN
VV003P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 01	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 02-09, 12, 17, 20-29 or 49.
VV006P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 02	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 14-16, 19, 20, 21, 24, 25, 28-29, 45, 48-49, 50, 58 or 59.
VV009P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 80-89	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) must not equal 01-03, 06, 07, <del>10, 11 or 12</del> .
VV010P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 03	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 14-16, 19, 20, 21, 24-25, 28-29, 45, 48, 49, 50-59 or 99.
VV025P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 06	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 08, 11, 12, 14-16, 19, 20-21, 28-29, 40-41, 48-49, 60, 64, 79, 97 or 99.
VV085P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 25 or 58	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) must not equal 00 or 02.
VV086P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 59	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) must equal 99.
VV087P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE EMERGENCY USE (PV09) equals 1 or 9	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) must equal 04-07 8.
<del>VV101P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 92	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) must equal 11.
<del>VV102P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 11	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 92.
<del>VV112P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 93	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) must equal 12.

<del>VV113P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 12	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 93.
VV221P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 60, 64 or 66-79 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 07	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must equal 98 7.
PV08-RANGE	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPE and must not equal null.	CIAL USE (PV08) must equal 0-9

### <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
VV048P	UNLIKELY: PARKED/WORKING VI equal to 02, 03, 04 or 06.	EHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) is
VV084P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 24 or	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) should equal
VV114P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 10	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) should equal 11.
VV241P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 01	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS CODED (PV10) should be greater than 01.
VV241AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 01	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (PV10B) should be greater than 01.

### Post Entry

	IF	THEN
VA002P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) for any parked/working vehicle equals 02	SCHOOL BUS RELATED (A21) must equal 1.

### **PV09 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE EMERGENCY USE**

	IF	THEN
VV087P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE EMERGENCY USE (PV09) equals 1 or 9	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) must equal 04-07 8.
PV09-RANGE	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE EME 1 or 9.	ERGENCY USE (PV09) must equal 0,

### **PV16 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE FIRE OCCURRENCE**

**Errors** 

IF THEN

PV16-RANGE PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE FIRE OCCURRENCE (PV16) must equal

0 or 1.

### PV18 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE EXTENT OF DAMAGE-SEVERITY

	IF	THEN
VV060AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE EXTENT OF DAMAGE (PV18) equals 36	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE REMOVAL (PV19) must not equal 1.
VV061P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE REMOVAL (PV19) equals 2	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE EXTENT OF DAMAGE SEVERITY (PV18) must not equal 0, er 1 or 2.
VV089P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE EXTENT OF DAMAGE SEVERITY (PV18) equals 3	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE REMOVAL (PV19) must not equal 3.
PV18-RANGE	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE EXT (PV18) must equal 0, 1, 2, 3 or 9.	ENT OF DAMAGE SEVERITY

## <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
VV059P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE EXTENT OF DAMAGE SEVERITY (PV18) equals 36	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE REMOVAL(PV19) should equal 2.
VV060P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE DAMAGE SEVERITY (PV18) is equal to 3	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE (PV19) should not equal 1.

### PV19 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE

	IF	THEN
VV061P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE REMOVAL (PV19) equals 2	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE EXTENT OF DAMAGE SEVERITY (PV18) must not equal 0, er 1 or 2.
VV089P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE EXTENT OF DAMAGE SEVERITY (PV18) equals 3	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE REMOVAL (PV19) must not equal 3.
PV19-RANGE	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MAN must equal 1, 2, 3, 4 or 9 and must n	` ,
Warnings		
	IF	THEN
VV059P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE EXTENT OF DAMAGE SEVERITY (PV18) equals 36	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE REMOVAL(PV19) should equal 2.
VV060P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE DAMAGE SEVERITY (PV18) is equal to 3	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE MANNER OF LEAVING SCENE (PV19) should not equal 1.

### **PV30 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE ROLLOVER TYPE**

### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VV111P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 80-89	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE ROLLOVER TYPE (PV30) must equal 0.
VV700P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE ROLLOVER (V30) equals 0	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION OF ROLLOVER (V30A) must equal 0
VV701P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION OF ROLLOVER (V30A) equals 0	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE ROLLOVER (V30) must equal 0
PV30-RANGE	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE ROL 20, 21, 22, 23, 28, 29 or 99 0, 1, 2 or	LOVER <del>TYPE</del> (PV30) must equal <del>00,</del> 9.

#### PV30A PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION OF ROLLOVER

	IF	THEN
VV700P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE ROLLOVER (V30) equals 0	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION OF ROLLOVER (V30A) must equal 0
VV701P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION OF ROLLOVER (V30A) equals 0	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE ROLLOVER (V30) must equal 0

### **PV31 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER**

### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
<del>VV140P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (PV31) is not equal to 000000000	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILERS (PV32) must not equal 00.
VV167P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (PV31) must equal 999999999999999999999999999999999999
PV31-RANGE	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (PV31) must not be more than 9 digits in length (including leading zeros) and must not contain letters, nulls or strings of 9's or 0's (except 999999999 or 000000000).	

### **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
VV109P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 50-64 or 66-79	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARRIER'S IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (PV31) should not equal 0 (Oracle value 000000).

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### **PV33 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE**

	IF	THEN
<del>VV141P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILERS (PV32) equals 00	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must equal 00.
<del>VV142P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF AXLES ON VEHICLE, INCL TRAILERS (PV32) is not equal to 00	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must not equal 00.
VV143P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) equals 00	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) must equal 0 or 1.
VV145P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) equals 0422	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) must equal 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 28, 50, 58 or 59.
VV163P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must equal 99.
VV164P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) is not equal to 50-64, 66-79 or 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must equal 00.
VV174P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 4 0 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must equal 98 96.
VV185AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) equals 96 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) must equal 0.
VV220P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 50, 59-64, 66-79 or 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must not equal 00.

	VV221P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 60, 64 or 66-79 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 07	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must equal 98 7.
	VV248P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 50 or 59	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must equal 0422.
	VV249P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 58	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) must equal 0422 or 98 7.
arning	<u>s</u>		

# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
VV185P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE
	CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33)	TRAILING (PV13) should equal 1.
	equals 98 and	
	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE	
	BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66	

### **PV33A PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INVOLVEMENT**

	IF	THEN
PV33A-RANGE	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZINVOLVEMENT (PV33A) must equ	
VV146AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INVOLVEMENT (PV33A) equals 1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD (PV34) must equal 0.
VV146BP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INVOLVEMENT (PV33A) equals 1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE 1-DIGIT HAZARDOUS MATERIAL CLASS NUMBER (PV35A) must equal 0.

### PV34 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD

	IF	THEN
VV143P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE CARGO BODY TYPE (PV33) equals 00	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) must equal 0 or 1.
VV146P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) equals 0 or 2	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) must equal 0000.
VV146AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INVOLVEMENT (PV33A) equals 1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD (PV34) must equal 0.
VV152P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) equals 4 2	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (PV36) must not equal 0.
<del>VV157P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) must equal 9.
VV158P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) equals 4 2 or 9 8	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) must not equal 0000.
VV159P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) equals 9 8	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) must equal 9999 8888.
VV160P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 4 0	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) must equal 0.
VV168P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (PV36) equals 0	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) must equal 0.

**VV169P** 

PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE
BODY TYPE (PV05) is not equal
to 60, 64, 66-79 or 99

PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS
PLACARDED (PV34) must equal 0.

# PV35 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER

	IF	THEN
VV146P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) equals 0 or 2	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) must equal 0000.
VV148AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) equals 0000	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (PV36) must equal 0.
VV149P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) is not equal to 0000	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (PV36) must not equal 0.
VV153P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 4 0	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) must equal 0000.
VV158P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) equals 4 2 or 9 8	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) must not equal 0000.
VV159P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) equals 9 8	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) must equal 9999 8888.
<del>VV161P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) must equal 9999.
<del>VV162P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) is not equal to 60, 64, 66-79 or 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) must equal 0000.

PV35-RANGE PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD

NUMBER (PV35) must be within valid range specified under the element

values section, above.

**Warnings** 

VV148P

PARKED/WORKING-VEHICLE
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS
PLACARD NUMBER (PV35)
equals 0000

PARKED/WORKING-VEHICLE
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS
RELEASE (PV36) should equal 0.

# PV35A PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE 1-DIGIT HAZARDOUS MATERIAL CLASS NUMBER

	IF	THEN
PV35A-RANGE	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE 1-DI CLASS NUMBER (PV35A) must equ null.	
VV146BP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INVOLVEMENT (PV33A) equals 1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE 1-DIGIT HAZARDOUS MATERIAL CLASS NUMBER (PV35A) must equal 0.

# PV36 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE OF HAZARDOUS MATERIAL FROM THE CARGO COMPARTMENT

	IF	THEN
VV148AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) equals 0000	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (PV36) should equal 0.
VV149P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) is not equal to 0000	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (PV36) must not equal 0.
VV152P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) equals 4 2	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (PV36) must not equal 0.
<del>VV154P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) is not equal to 60, 64, 66-79 or 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (PV36) must equal 0.
<del>VV155P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 99	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (PV36) must equal 9.
VV156P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 66 and VEHICLE TRAILING (PV13) equals 4 0	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (PV36) must equal 0.
VV168P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (PV36) equals 0	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARDED (PV34) must equal 0.
<u>Warnings</u>		
	IF	THEN
<del>VV148P</del>	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PLACARD NUMBER (PV35) equals 0000	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE (PV36) should equal 0.

### PV10B PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS

### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VV012AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 01-05, 07-09 or 17	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS (PV10B) must not be greater than 15.
VV013AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 06, 11, 14 or 15	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS (PV10B) must not be greater than 22.
VV015AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 80-89	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS (PV10B) must not be greater than 5.

# <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
VV032AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 01-05, 07-09 or 97	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS (PV10B)
VV033AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 12	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS (PV10B) should not be greater than 15.
VV034AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 06, 14-15, 23, 42 or 60-79	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS (PV10B) should not be greater than 12.
VV036AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 80-89 or 91	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS (PV10B) should not be greater than 2.

VV037AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 90	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS (PV10B) should not be greater than 6.
VV241AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 01	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (PV10B) should be greater than 01.

# PV10 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS CODED

### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
VV012P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 01-05, 07-09 or 17	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS CODED (PV10) must not be greater than 15.
VV013P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 06, 11, 14 or 15	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS CODED (PV10) must not be greater than 22.
VV015P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 80-89	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS CODED (PV10) must not be greater than 5.
VV301AP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS CODED (PV10) must be known.	
VV301BP	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS CODED (PV10) must equal the number of persons coded for this parked/working vehicle.	

### <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
VV032P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 01-05, 07-09 or 97	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS CODED (PV10) should not be greater than 8.
VV033P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 12	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS CODED (PV10) should not be greater than 15.

VV034P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 06, 14-15, 23, 42 or 60-79	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS CODED (PV10) should not be greater than 12.
VV036P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 80-89 or 91	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS CODED (PV10) should not be greater than 2.
VV037P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE BODY TYPE (PV05) equals 90	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS CODED (PV10) should not be greater than 6.
VV241P	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE SPECIAL USE (PV08) equals 01	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS/PERSONS CODED (PV10) should be greater than 01.

### PE02 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE EVENT NUMBER

	IF	THEN
PVE700	PARKED VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) EQUALS 1 and PARKED VEHICLE EVENT NUMBER (PE02) equals EVENT NUMBER (E01)	NON-COLLISION CATEGORY OR OBJECT CONTACTED (E04) must equal 126.
PVE701	PARKED VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) EQUALS 2 and PARKED VEHICLE EVENT NUMBER (PE02) equals EVENT NUMBER (E01)	NON-COLLISION CATEGORY OR OBJECT CONTACTED (E04) must equal 428 126.
PVE702	Parked/working vehicles must be involved in at least one event.	
PVE703	Parked/working vehicle events must	include an in-transport motor vehicle.
PVE704	NON-COLLISION CATEGORY OR OBJECT CONTACTED (E04) equals 126	there must be a corresponding Parked/working vehicle event.
PVE704A	There must be at most one parked/w	orking vehicle involved in an event.
PVE705	There is a row in the Oracle ges.parkedevent table	there must exist a corresponding parked/working vehicle row in the Oracle ges.parked table.

# PE03/PV24 PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE POINT OF IMPACT/INITIAL POINT OF IMPACT

**Errors** 

IF THEN

PE03-RANGE PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE POINT OF IMPACT (PE03) must equal 1-

6, 11-14 or 99.

### P02 PERSON NUMBER (NON-MOTORISTS)

### Post Entry

IF THEN

AP135A The PERSON NUMBERS (P02) of the non-motorists within a crash must

be consecutively numbered. The number of non-motorists coded for a

crash must equal NUMBER OF NON-MOTORISTS (A04).

#### **Warnings**

	IF	THEN
PP011	TAKEN TO HOSPITAL OR TREATMENT FACILITY (P10) equals 1	INJURY SEVERITY (P09) should not be blank, 0 or 9.
PP015	UNLIKELY: INJURY SEVERITY (PO	9) is equal to 6.
PP069	EJECTION (P06) equals 1, 2 or 7	INJURY SEVERITY (P09) should not equal 0.

### **P13 NON-MOTORIST LOCATION**

### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
PA127	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equals 11, 12, 18 or 19; and EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) must not equal 01 or 11.
PV082CP-1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION (PV37) equals 1 or 9	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) MUST equal 02 or 12
PV082CP-1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION (PV37) equals 2 or 7	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) MUST equal 18
PV082CP-1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION (PV37) equals 3, 5, 8 or 10	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) MUST equal 98
PV082CP-1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION (PV37) equals 4	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) MUST equal 8, 18 or 98
PV082CP-1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION (PV37) equals 6	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) MUST equal 09 or 19
PV082CP-1	PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE LOCATION (PV37) equals 99	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) MUST equal 9, 19 or 99
P13-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3, 4, 5, 6 or 8 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 or 19	NON-MOTORIST'S LOCATION (P13) must equal 01, 02, 08, 09, 11, 12, 18, 19, 20, 98 or 99 and must not equal null.
P13-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 2 or 9	NON-MOTORIST'S LOCATION (P13) must equal null.
<u>Warnings</u>		
	IF	THEN
AP135	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) equals 03 or 13 and NUMBER OF NON-MOTORISTS (A4) is greater	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) should not equal 01, 02, 08 or 09.

than 00

PA051	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5 and NON MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equals 08, 18 or 98	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0610 or 0620.
PA053	NON MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equals 01, 02, 08 or 09 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0710, 0720, 0730, 0740, 0750, 0760 or 0790.
PA130	NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equals 01, 02, 08 or 09	RELATION TO JUNCTION (A09) should equal 01, 02, 11 or 12.
PP081	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3 and PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE TYPE (PV02) equals 1	NON MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) should not equal 01, 02, 11 or 12.

### Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AP001	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 1	there must be at least one NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equal to 01-09, 11, 12, 19, 20 or 99.
AP002	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27, and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 2 or 7	there must be at least one NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equal to 08, 18, 98 or 99.
AP003	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 3	there must be at least one NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equal to 08, 18, 98 or 99.
AP004	EVENT NUMBER (E01) equals 1 and HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27 and RELATION TO ROADWAY (A10) equals 99	there must be at least one NON-MOTORIST LOCATION (P13) equal to 09, 19 or 99.

### P23 NON-MOTORIST PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER

	IF	THEN
P23-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3 er 7	NON-MOTORIST PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER (P23) must be greater than 0 and must not equal null.
P23-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8 7, 8, 9, 10 or 19	NON-MOTORIST PARKED/WORKING VEHICLE NUMBER (P23) must equal -1 or null.

### P22 NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHICLE NUMBER

### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
PA201	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3-8, 10 or 19 and NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES (A03) equals 01	NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHICLE NUMBER (P22) must equal 01.
PP082	NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHICLE NUMBER (P22) is null	PERSON TYPE (P03) must not equal 3-8, 10 or 19.
PP083	NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHICLE NUMBER (P22) is equal to 01-30 or 99	PERSON TYPE (P03) must not equal 1, 2 or 9.
P22-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3, 4, 5, 6 or 8 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 or 19	NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHICLE NUMBER (P22) must be greater than 0 and must not equal null.
P22-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 2 or 9	NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHICLE NUMBER (P22) must equal null.

## Post Entry

	IF	THEN
PA200	NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHI of the NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHI equal to 99.	CLE NUMBER (P22) must equal one CLES (A03) in the case unless it is
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 26.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 4	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 8 23, 27 or 28.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21.

PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 22.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 8 8	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 27.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 10	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 21, 22 or 27.
PP082A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 19	the NON-MOTORIST'S STRIKING VEHICLE (P22) must be involved in an event where HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 28.
VA218	MOVEMENT PRIOR TO CRITICAL EVENT (V21) equals 00 and at least one PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5, and, for this person, NON-MOTORIST STRIKING VEHICLE # (P22) equals the vehicle # for which V21 equals 00	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must equal 0210, 310, 320 or 330.

# MB\_A16 TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE - CYCLIST

	IF	THEN
AA045	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0005, 0006, 0007, 0009, 0010, 0012 or 0055	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE (A16) and TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE - CYCLIST (MB_A16) must not both equal 00.
AA047	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0005	at least one TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE - CYCLIST (MB_A16) must equal 04 or 21.
A16_MB-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE - CYCLIST (MB_A16) equals 00 or 99	there must be only one traffic control device coded.
A16_MB-RANGE	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE - CYCLIST (MB_A16) equals 00, 01, 04, 08, 09, 21, 22, 23, 28, 29, 40, 41, 42, 43, 49, 51, 61, 62, 97, 98 or 99	PERSON TYPE (P03) must equal 6, 7 or 8.
A16_MB-RANGE_A	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6, 7 or 8	TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE - CYCLIST (MB_A16) must equal 00, 01, 04, 08, 09, 21, 22, 23, 28, 29, 40, 41, 42, 43, 49, 51, 61, 62, 97, 98 or 99 and must not equal null.

### P19 NON-MOTORIST ACTION

	IF	THEN
AP061	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0520 and PERSON TYPE (P3) equals 5	NON MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal 21 or 22.
AP062	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0001, 0002, 0004, 0005, 0049, 0050 or 0060 and PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	at least one NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal 07.
AP129	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0750 or 0840	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must not equal 21.
PA064	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) equals 29	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) must not equal 0610 or 0620.
PP040	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 4, 6, 7 or 8	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must not equal 21-29.
PP041	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3, 5 7 or 8 or 19	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must not equal 01-10.
PP068	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3	NON MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal 00 or 98.
P19-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 6 or 7	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal one of the following non-motorist - vehicle operator responses: 00, 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 98 or 99 and must not be null.
P19-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 4 or 8	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal one of the following non-motorist - vehicle operator responses: 00, 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 98, 99; the other non-motorist response 00 or null.

P19-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 5 8	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal one of the following other non-motorist responses: 00, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 98 or 99 and must not be null.
RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 7	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must other non-motorist response 98 and must not be null.
P19-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal the non-motorist - vehicle operator response 00 or null.
P19-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 2	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal the <u>other non-motorist</u> response 00 or null.
P19-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 3-or 9	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal the non-motorist - vehicle operator response 00, other non-motorist response 00 or null.
P19-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) equals 00	no other non-motorist action must be coded for this non-motorist-vehicle operator.
Non-Motorist-Vehicle Operator	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) equals 99	no other non-motorist action must be coded for this non-motorist-vehicle operator.
P19-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) equals 00	no other non-motorist action must be coded for this other non-motorist.
Other Non-Motorist	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) equals 99	no other non-motorist action must be coded for this other non-motorist.
<u>Warnings</u>		
	IF	THEN
AP063	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0830	at least one NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) should equal 21.

PA065	HARMFUL EVENT (A06) equals 22, NUMBER OF NON- MOTORISTS (A04) equals 01, and NON-MOTORIST's ACTION (P19) equals 07	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0001, 0002, 0003, 0004, 0005, 0018, 0019, 0021, 0026, 0040, 0049, 0050, 0060, 0062, 0097, 0098 or 0099.
PA168	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) equals 27	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0531.
PA169	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) equals 28	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0532.
PA170	NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) equals 25	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) should equal 0531, 0532 or 0539.

### Post Entry

	IF	THEN
AP156	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0410 or 0430	at least one NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal 29.
AP157	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0531	at least one NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal 25 or 27.
AP158	PEDESTRIAN/BIKE ACCIDENT TYPE (A24) equals 0532	at least one NON-MOTORIST'S ACTION (P19) must equal 25 or 28.

### P20 NON-MOTORIST SAFETY EQUIPMENT USED

### **Errors**

	IF	THEN
PP072	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 2 or 9	NON-MOTORIST SAFETY EQUIPMENT USE (P20) must equal 0.
PP073	PERSON TYPE (P3) equals 3	NON MOTORIST SAFETY EQUIPMENT USE (P20) must equal 0.
P20-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 6, 7, 8, 10, or 19	NON-MOTORIST SAFETY EQUIPMENT USE (P20) must equal 1, 2, 3, 8 or 9 and must not equal null.
P20-RANGE	PERSON TYPE (P03) equals 1, 2, 3 or 9	NON-MOTORIST SAFETY EQUIPMENT USE (P20) must equal 0 or null.
P20-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	NON-MOTORIST SAFETY EQUIPMENT USE (P20) equals 0	no other safety equipment must be coded for this non-motorist
P20-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	NON-MOTORIST SAFETY EQUIPMENT USE (P20) equals 1	no other safety equipment must be coded for this non-motorist
P20-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	NON-MOTORIST SAFETY EQUIPMENT USE (P20) equals 9	no other safety equipment must be coded for this non-motorist
P20-MULTIPLE RESPONSE	each NON-MOTORIST SAFETY EQUIPMENT USE (P20) element value must be coded only once per non-motorist.	

### <u>Warnings</u>

	IF	THEN
PP061	NON MOTORIST SAFETY EQUIPMENT USE (P20) equals 2	PERSON TYPE (P03) should equal 6 or 7.

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