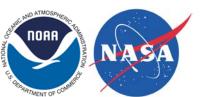


# 2012 Hazardous Weather Testbed Spring Experiment

**Chris Siewert** 





#### 2012 Goals in the HWT

- Demonstrate products and capabilities available on GOES-R within an operational warning environment
  - Severe Weather and Convective Initiation
- Build connections with non-satellite research community
  - Radar (dual-pol, MRMS), NWP, and Lightning (LMA)
- Define product training requirements
- Define AWIPS II display requirements
- Accelerate the R2O (and O2R) process for current satellite decision support tools
  - Expose the satellite research community to operational challenges
- Expose broad user community to GOES-R capabilities







## 2012 Changes

#### AWIPS II

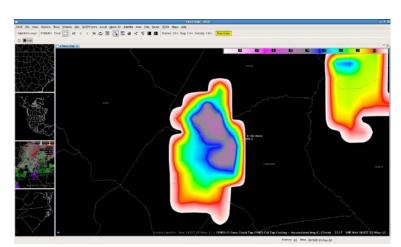
- Demonstrate products in AWIPS II for the first time within the HWT
- Many thanks to Darrel Kingfield (NSSL / OU-CIMMS)
- WES case and training material
  - Forecaster participants receive prior to arrival
  - Forecasters take one admin shift to review material
  - No death by PowerPoint on Mondays
- "Tales from the Testbed" weekly webinars
- New products
  - Simulated satellite imagery (new to EWP)
  - Sounder RGB airmass
  - Significant upgrades to CI products

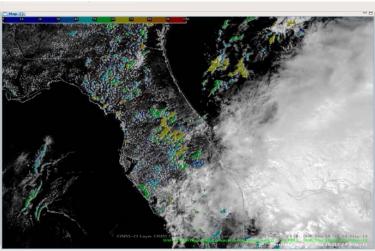






#### Convective Initiation





#### UWCI Cloud-top Cooling Rate

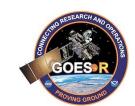
- Box-averaged 15-minute cloud-top cooling rates
- GOES-E/W, rapid-scan and nighttime capable
- New ability to capture cooling rates under thin cirrus

#### SATCAST (aka UAHCI)

- Object-based 0-1 hour "Strength of Signal" probabilistic nowcast of convective initiation
- Utilizes IR BT cooling rates and multispectral information
- GOES-E, rapid-scan and nighttime capable



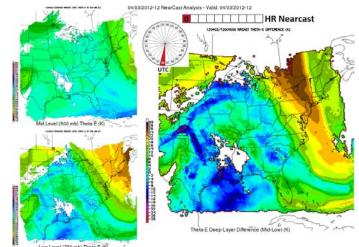


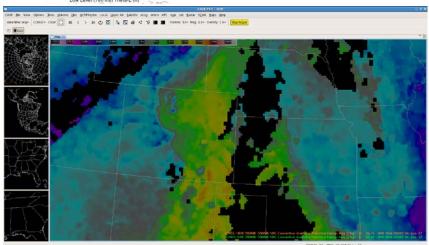


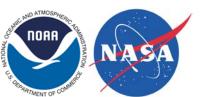


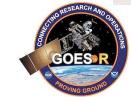
#### **Nearcast**

- GOES sounder observed PW / theta-e fields advected using a Lagrangian model
  - Up to 9-hour forecast
  - 30-minute intervals
- Multi-layer PW difference / gradient
  - 900-300mb, 900-700mb and 700-300mb
- Level theta-e and multi-layer theta-e difference
  - 500 mb and 780 mb level
  - 780-500 mb difference
- NEW convective available potential energy field
  - Formulate output in format familiar to forecasters







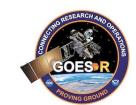




## Simulated Satellite Imagery

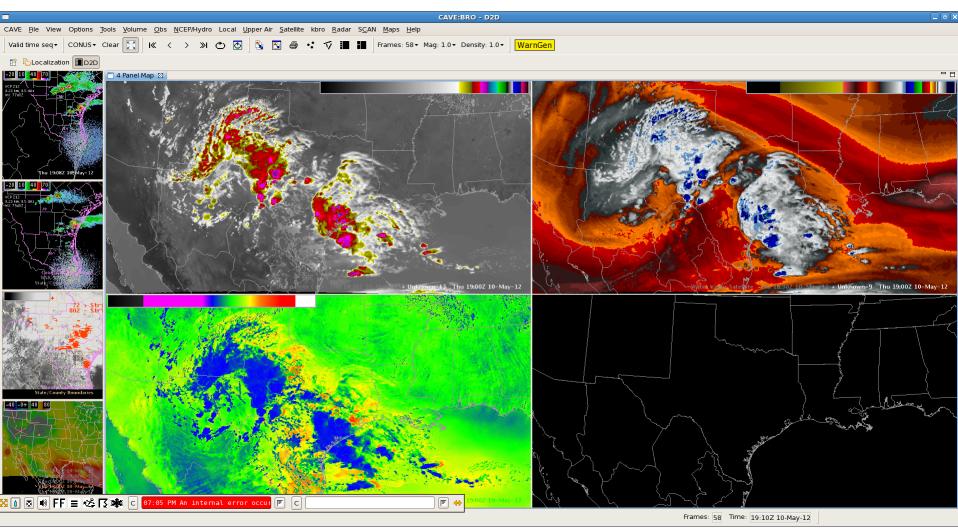
- Produced from the 0Z 4km NSSL-WRF
  - All 9 non-solar IR bands and visible band available from UW-CIMSS/CIRA/NSSL
  - Hourly output available for 12-36 hr forecast periods
  - Ability to simply produce unique GOES-R band differences
  - EWP demonstration focused on:
    - WV channel
    - Standard window IR
    - Band differencing (10-12 μm)
  - EFP demonstration focused on:
    - Utilizing simulated satellite in an ensemble to evaluation model microphysics







# Simulated Satellite Imagery

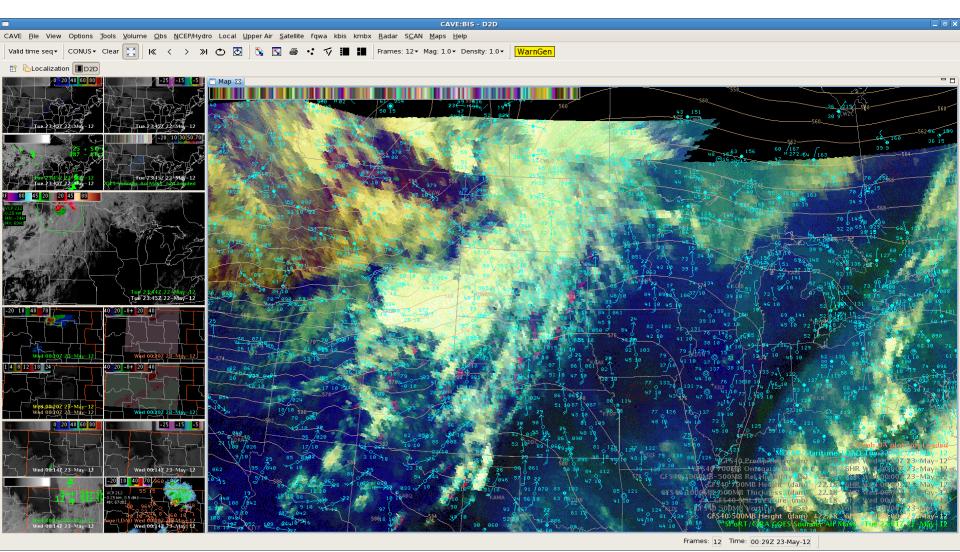


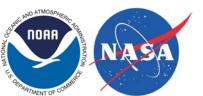






## Sounder Airmass RGB

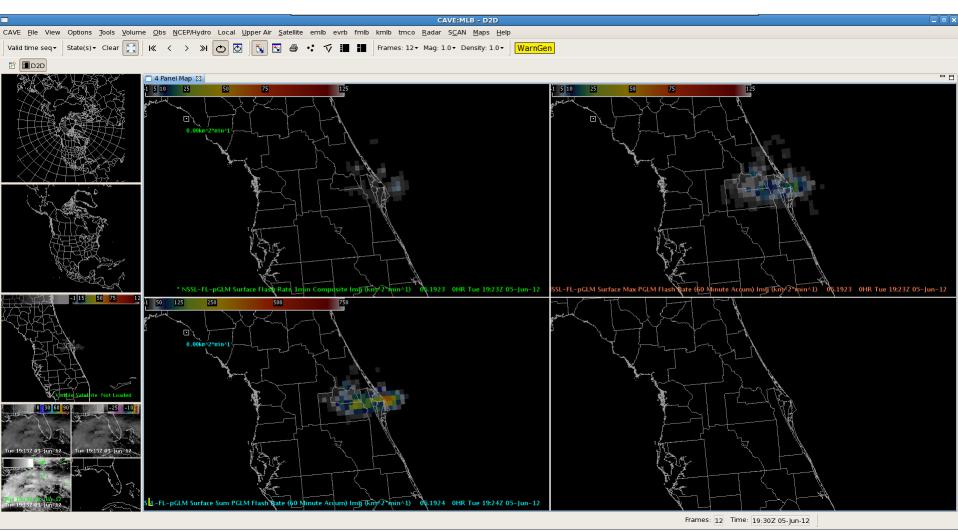


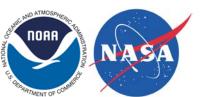


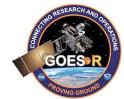




### Pseudo-GLM







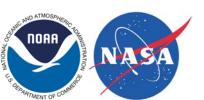


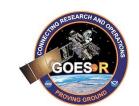
# Capturing Feedback

- Real-time blogging http://goesrhwt.blogspot.com/
  - During forecast/warning exercises
  - Participants are also encouraged to blog following forecast/warning exercises
- Web-based surveys
  - Immediately following forecast/warning operations
- Daily post-mortem discussions
  - Between visiting scientists and forecasters
- Weekly "Tales from the Testbed" webinars http://www.wdtb.com.noaa.gov/ resources/HWT-EWP











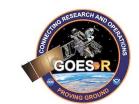
# 2012: By the numbers...

- 6-week period (7 May 15 June)
  - No EWP operations Memorial Day week
- 28 NWS forecasters
  - WFO and CWSU
- 18 visiting scientists
  - CIMSS, CIRA, SPORT, UAH, DWD, AFWA
- 6 products demonstrated
- 225 blog posts
  - Most from NWS forecasters
- 109 completed surveys
- 5 weekly webinars











## Thanks for your attention!

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#### **HWT Websites:**

http://goesrhwt.blogspot.com/ (blog)

<u>http://www.wdtb.com.noaa.gov/resources/HWT-EWP</u> (archived webinars)





