



# Technical Planning Bases: Planning for the Unexpected

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# Objectives

- Discuss updated NA-41 requirements, guidance & expectations re. emergency management program Technical Planning Bases.
- Explain the recommended (EMG) process for developing & documenting realistic and defensible Technical Planning Bases.

# Revised OE definition (O 151.1C)

*Major unplanned or abnormal events that...*

- involve or affect DOE/NNSA facilities*
- cause or have potential to cause serious health, safety or environmental impacts*

## Revised OE definition: (continued)

- *require resources from outside the immediate/affected area or local event scene to supplement initial response*

**AND**

- *require time-urgent notifications to initiate response activities at locations beyond the event scene*

# Hazardous material release OE

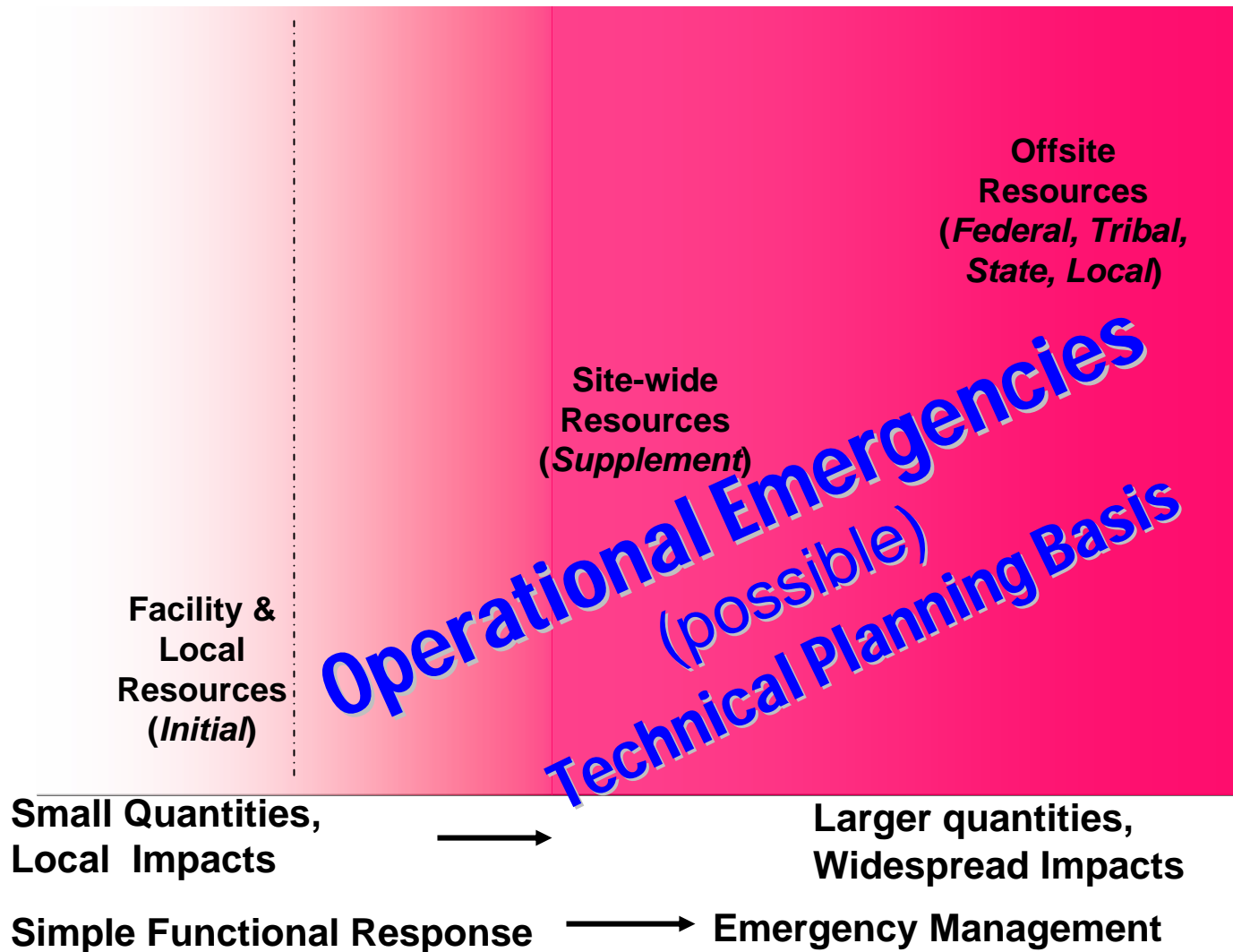
## ***Hazardous material release event must:***

- *endanger nearby personnel*
- *have potential to threaten persons beyond immediate vicinity of release,*

**AND**

- *require time-urgent response to implement protective actions*

# Hazardous material OEs and the Technical Planning Basis



# EMG Volume II, Section 2-2

## Technical Planning Basis Scenarios

- a manageable number.....
- systematically selected.....
- realistically analyzed.....
- representing the spectrum of..
  - materials
  - Initiators
  - consequences

# A working definition....

**Technical Planning Basis:** A set (group) of release scenarios and associated analysis results used to determine the actions, capabilities and resources needed to respond effectively to the full range of hazardous material events at a facility/site.



# How much is enough?

An adequate TPB....

- The number and diversity of analyzed cases is such that the actions, capabilities and resources needed to respond effectively to the full range of potential release events can be deduced from the analysis results.



# How do you build one?

1. Hazardous material screening
2. Analysis of scenarios (combinations of MARs, failure modes, initiators, release conditions, consequences, & indicators)
3. Selection of unique and/or representative scenarios for each material

# Hazardous material screening (O 151.1C)

- Required: A **screening process** to identify specific materials and quantities for detailed analysis
- Certain materials/quantities are excluded categorically because...
  - **Little or no potential** for impacts & response measures consistent with OE definition
  - Impacts routinely managed by ops & HazMat response -- no evidence that hazard-specific planning & preparedness is needed

# Analysis of Scenarios

Select EPHA cases by considering:

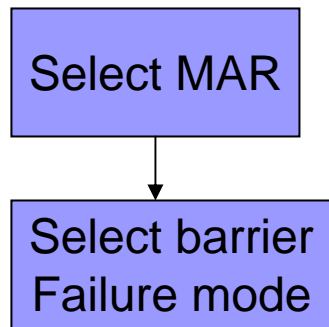
- MAR & barrier
- Barrier failure mode
- Initiating event
- Release path/release conditions
- Recognition factors (indications)
- Consequences

# Selecting EPHA Analysis Cases

Select MAR

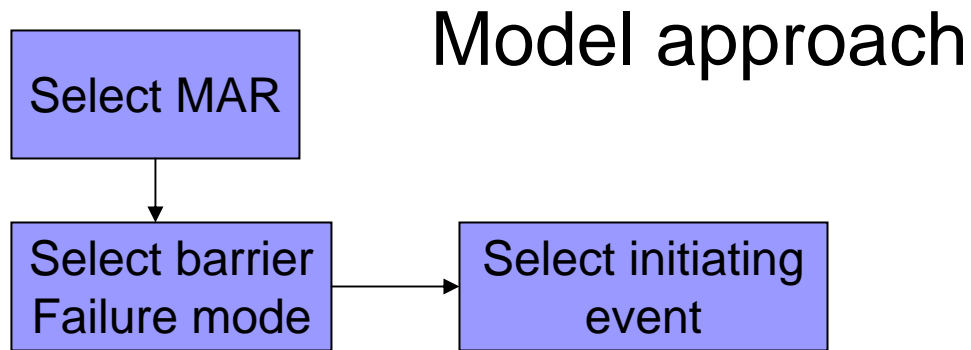
Model approach

# Selecting EPHA Analysis Cases

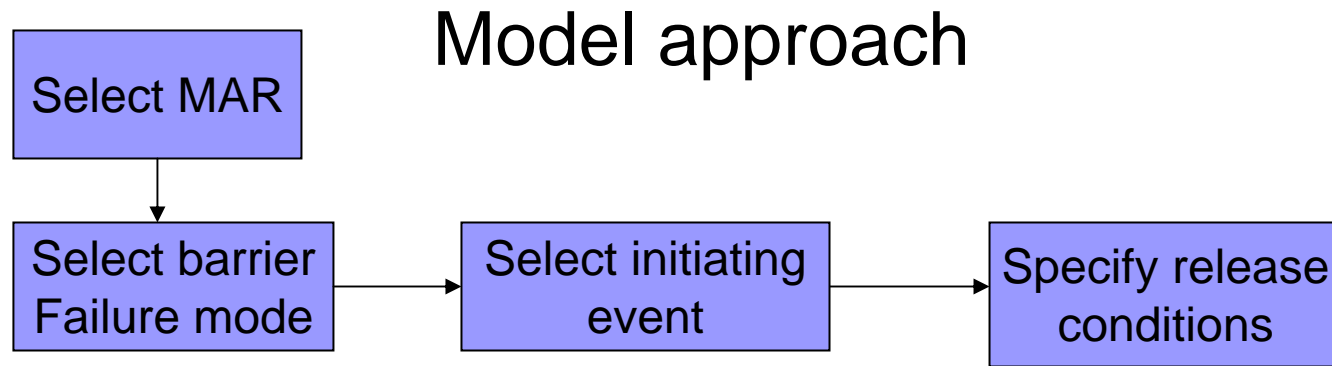


Model approach

# Selecting EPHA Analysis Cases

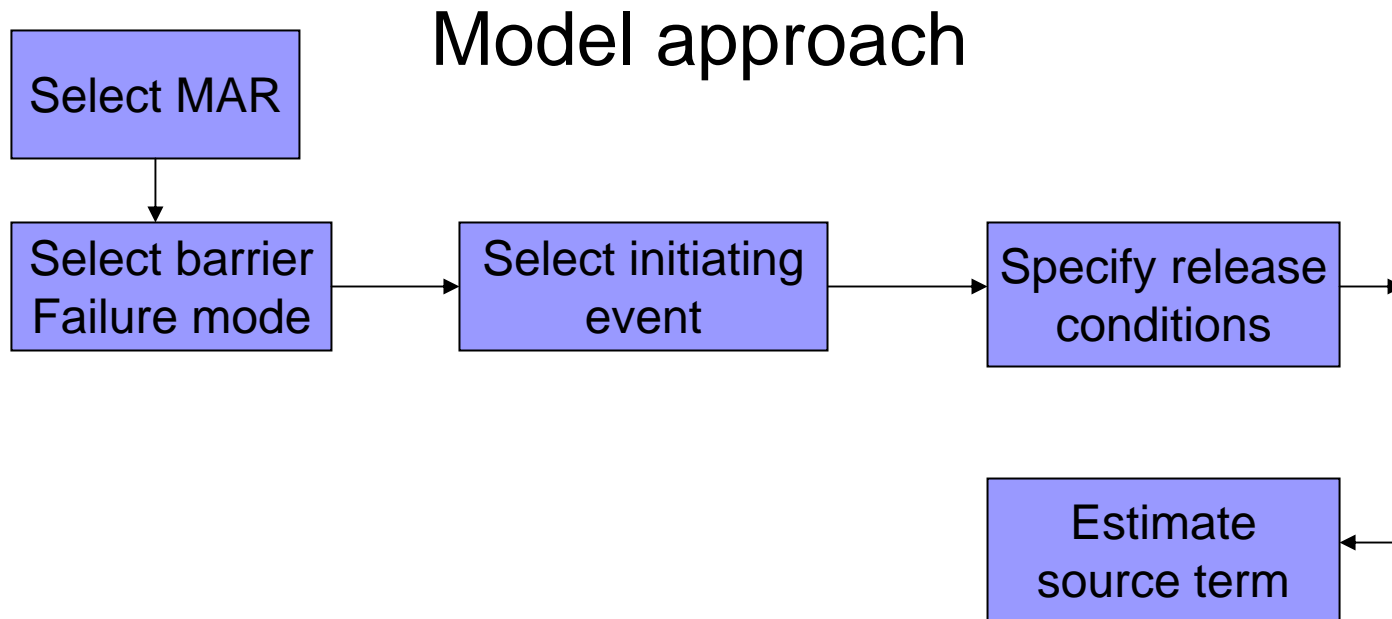


# Selecting EPHA Analysis Cases

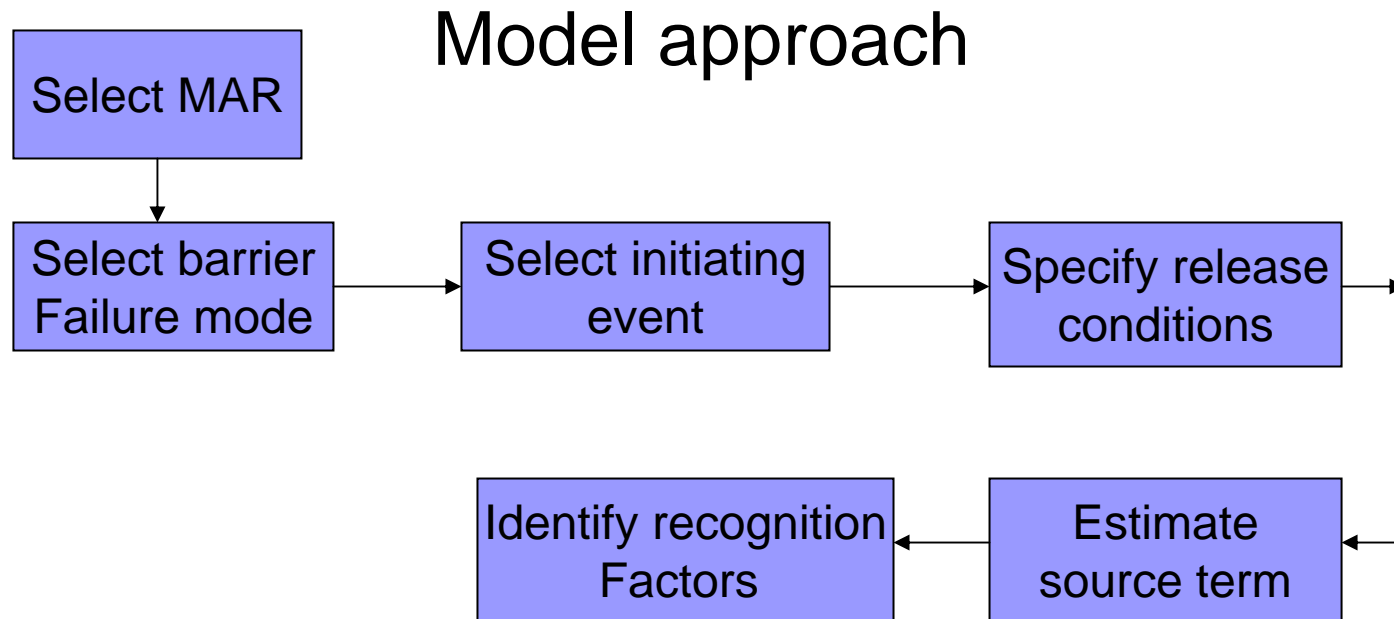




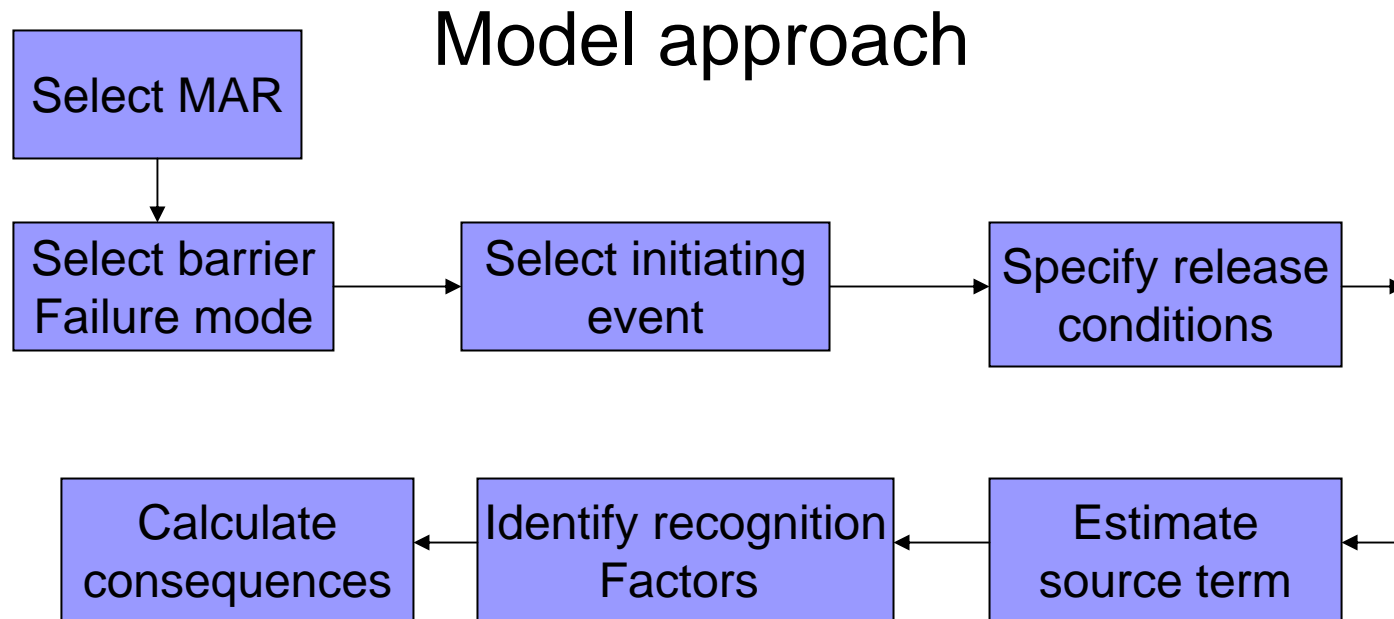
# Selecting EPHA Analysis Cases



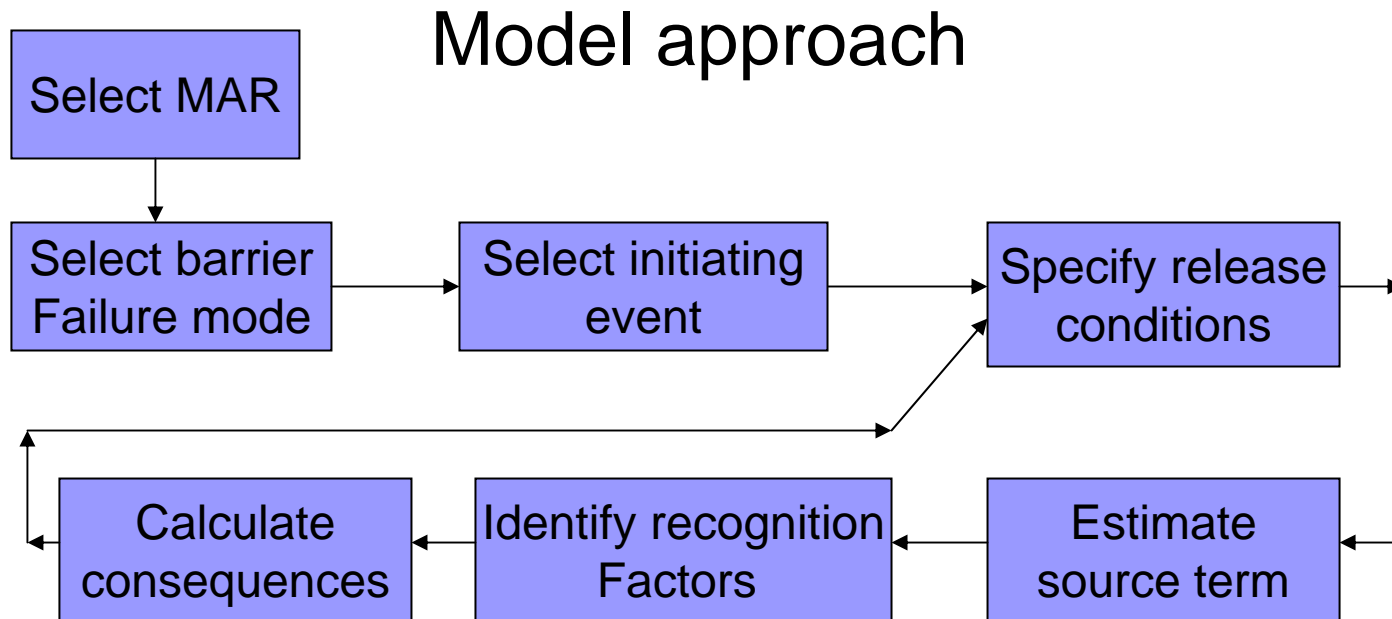
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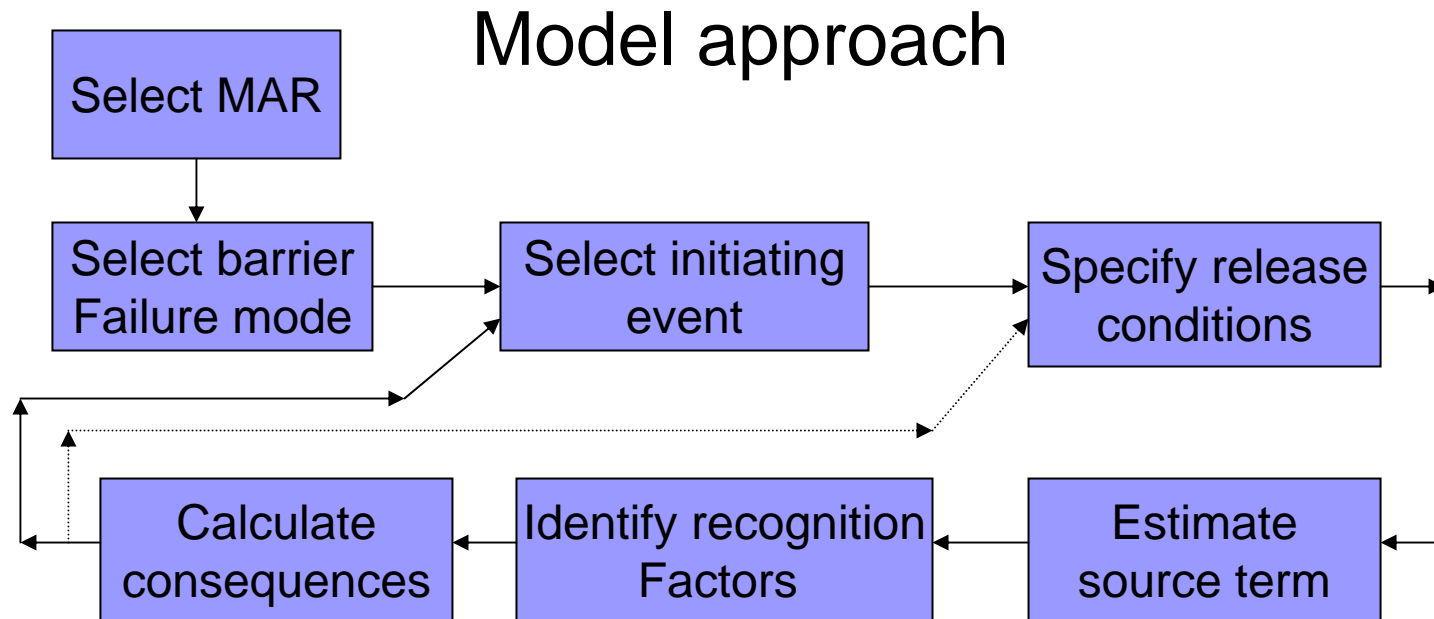
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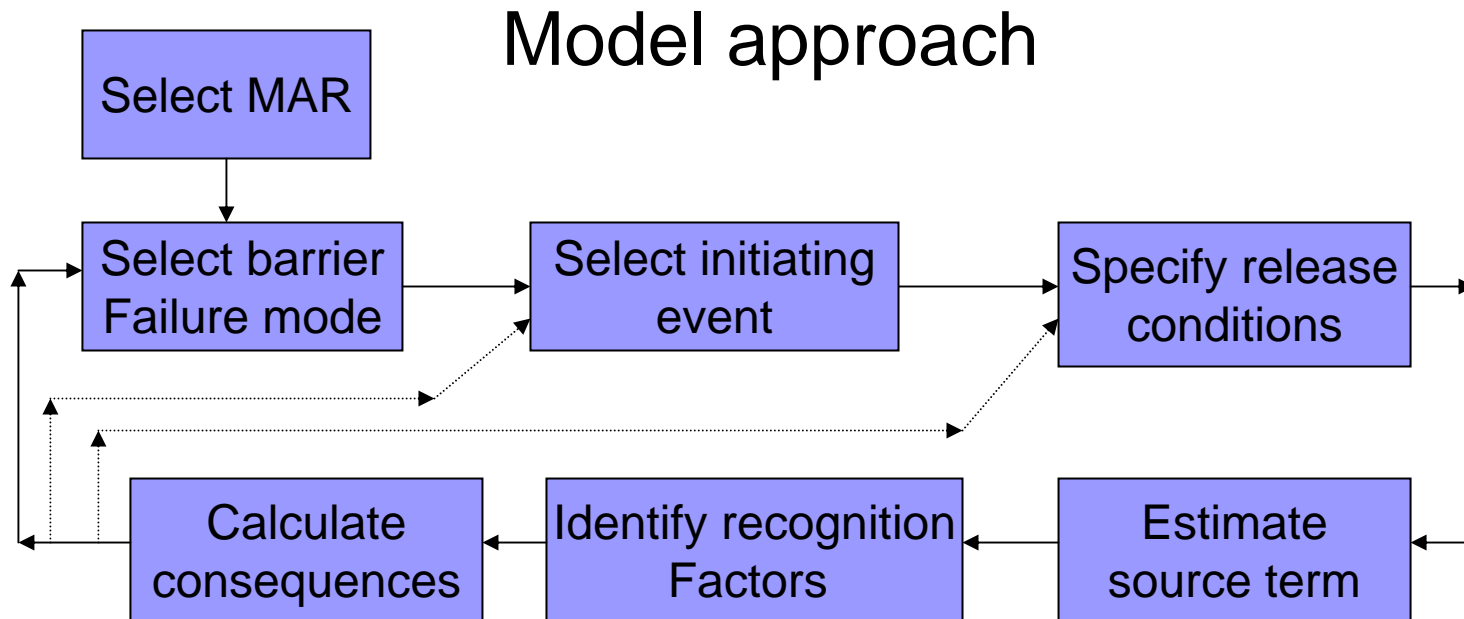
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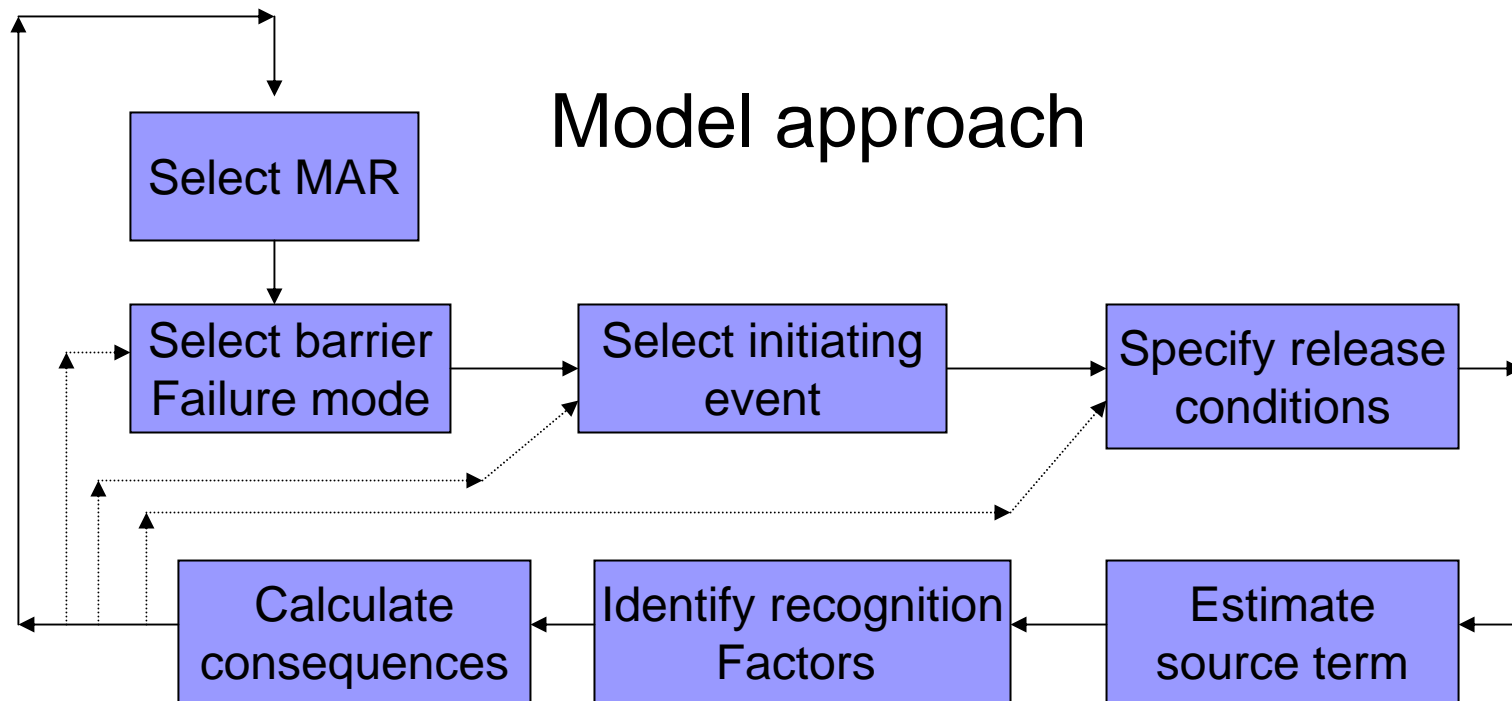
# Selecting EPHA Analysis Cases



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# Selecting EPHA Analysis Cases

The EMG “model” approach is...

- methodical and rigorous
- “pairs” each MAR with other factors
- Provides proof that TPB is adequate

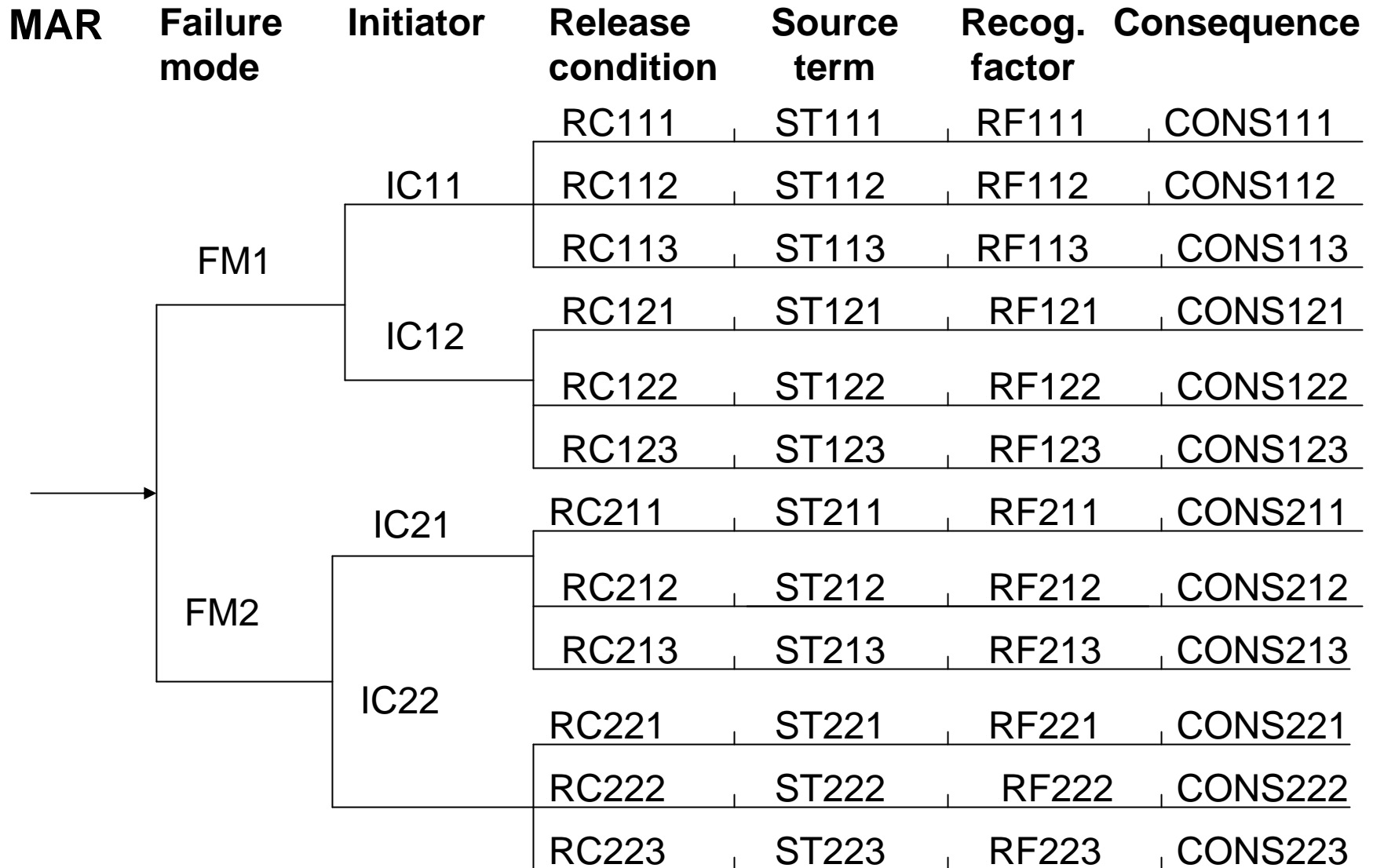


# Selecting EPHA Analysis Cases

But what if I can see that.....

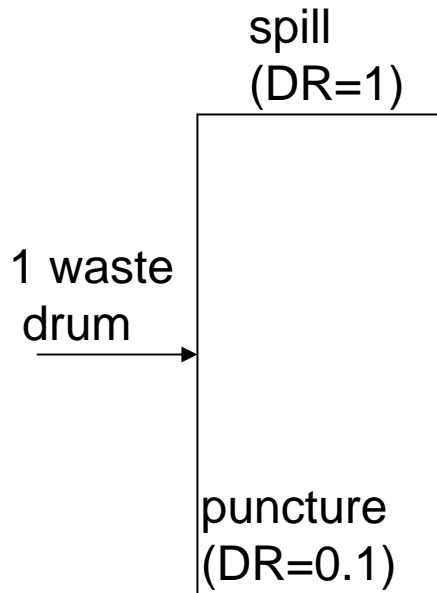
- source terms are the same, or
- consequences can be inferred (scaled) from another case, or
- indications would be the same, or
- won't be able to distinguish this from the other in real time, or.....

# Selecting EPHA Analysis Cases

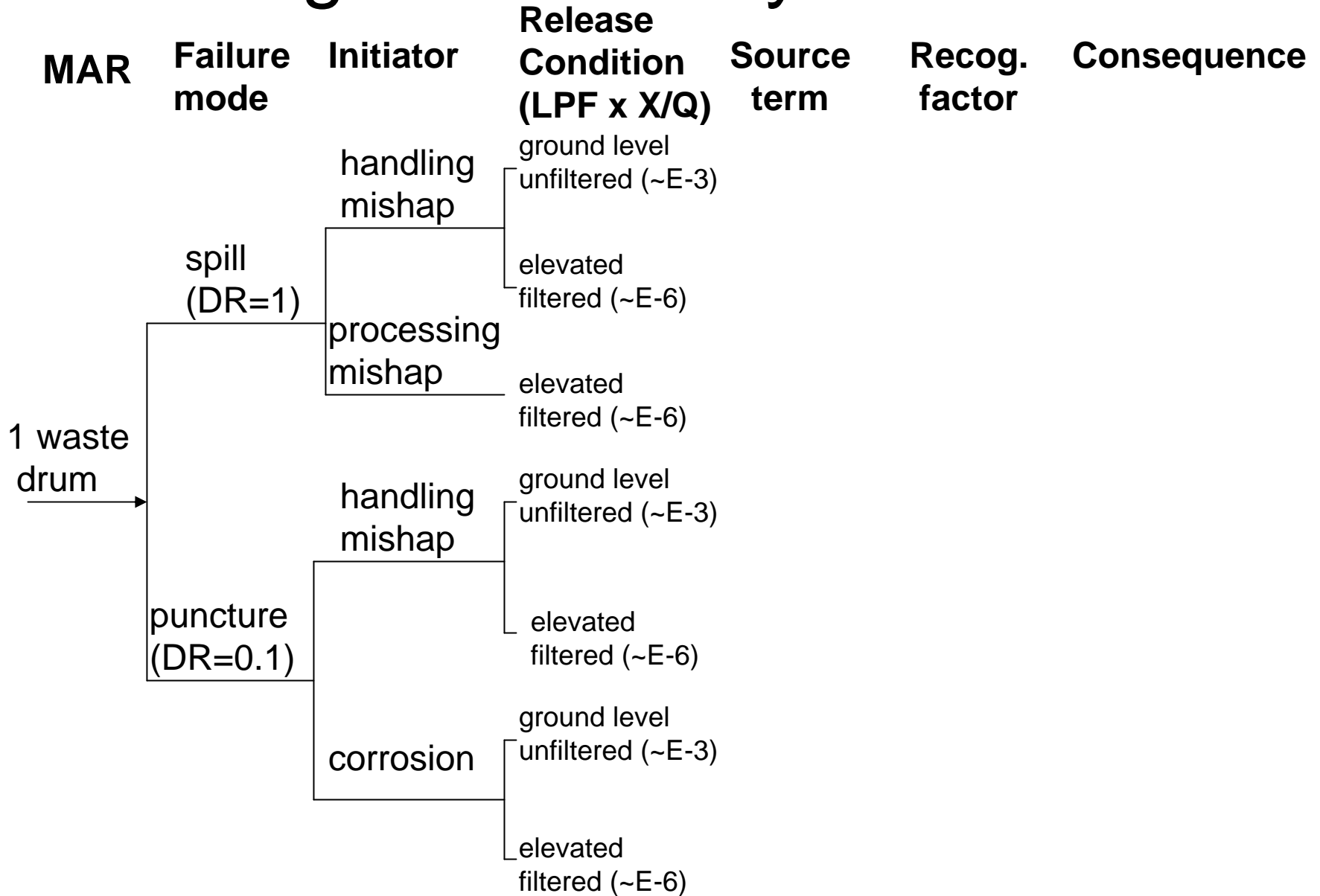


# Selecting EPHA Analysis Cases

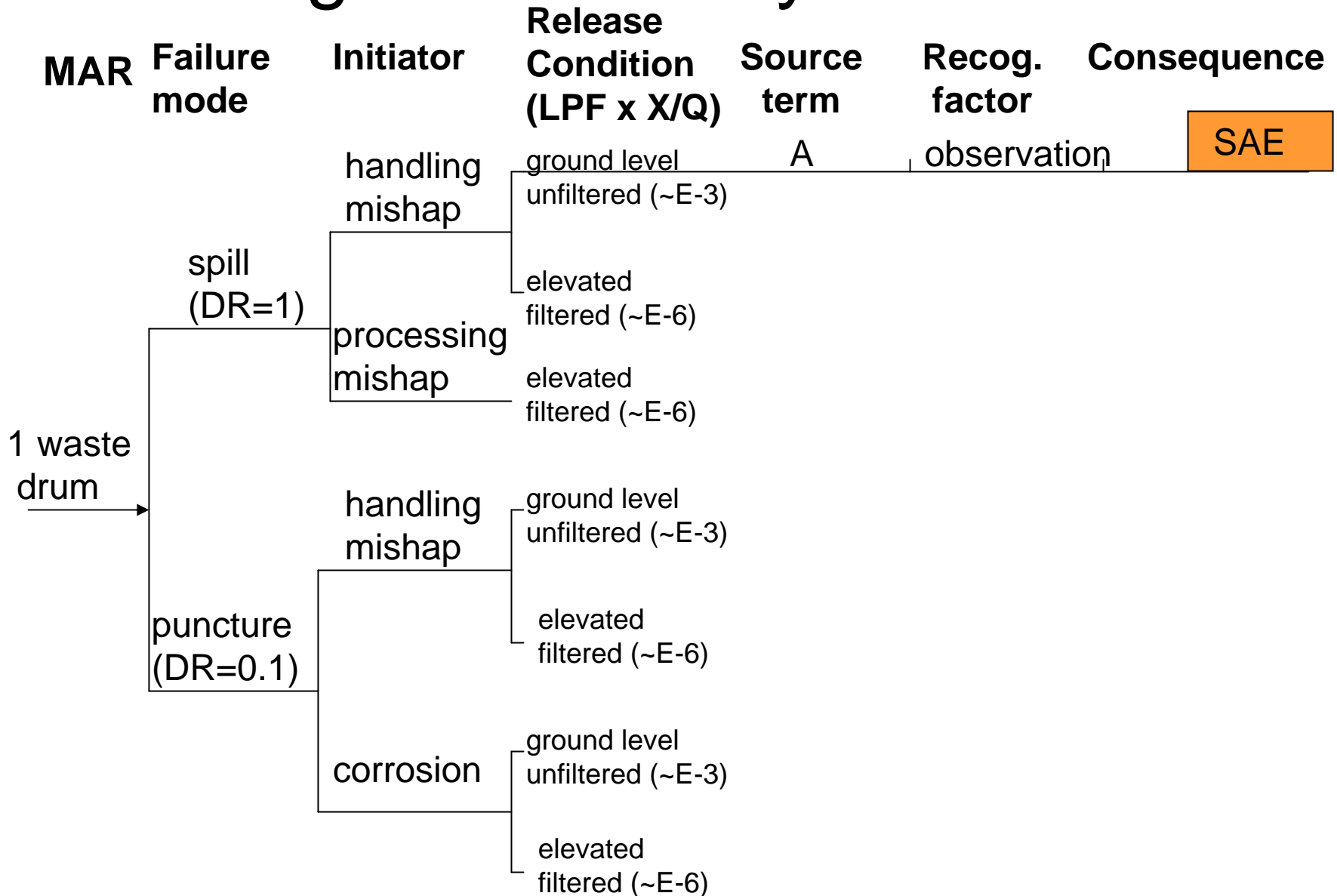
MAR	Failure mode	Initiator	Release Condition (LPF x X/Q)	Source term	Recog. factor	Consequence
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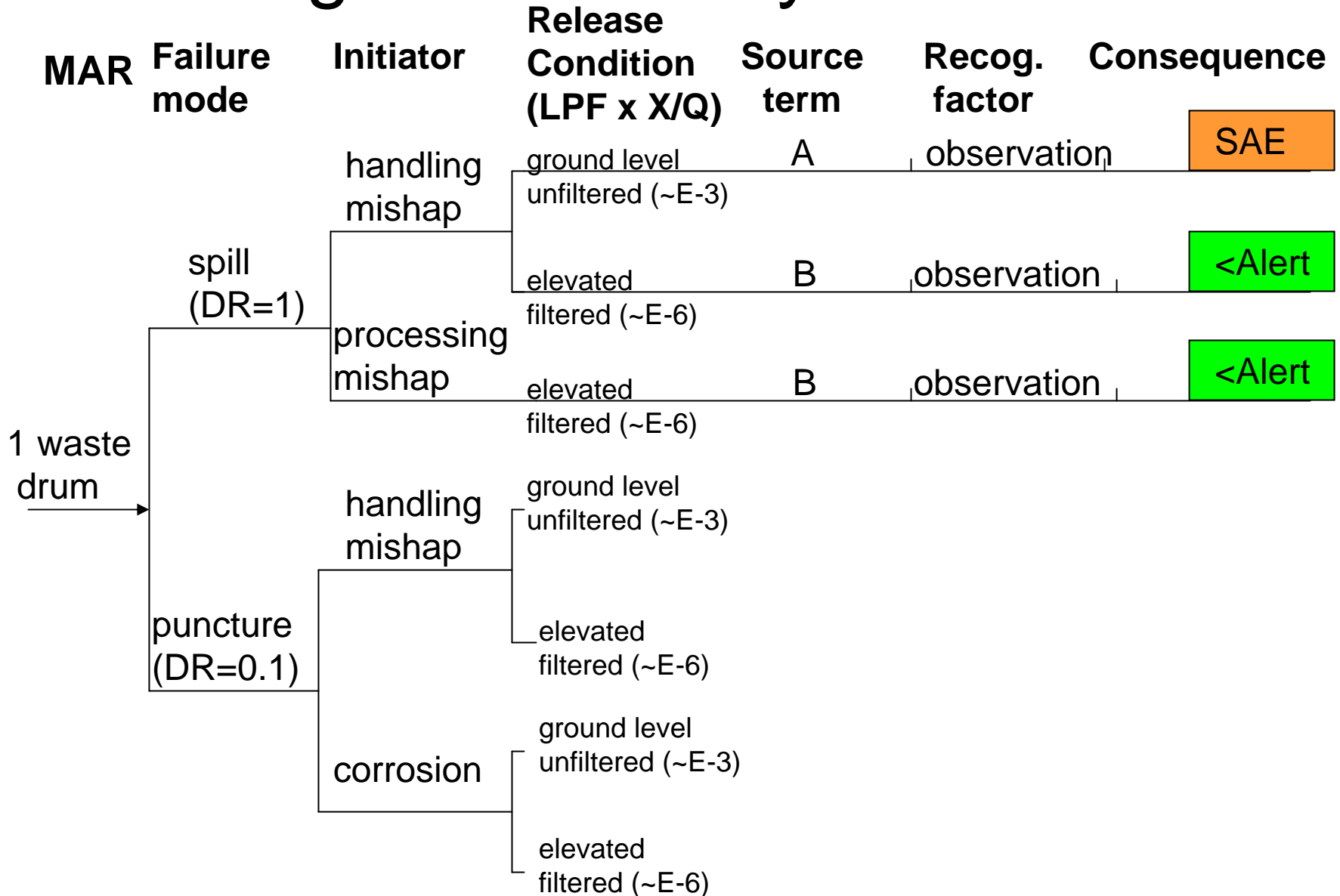
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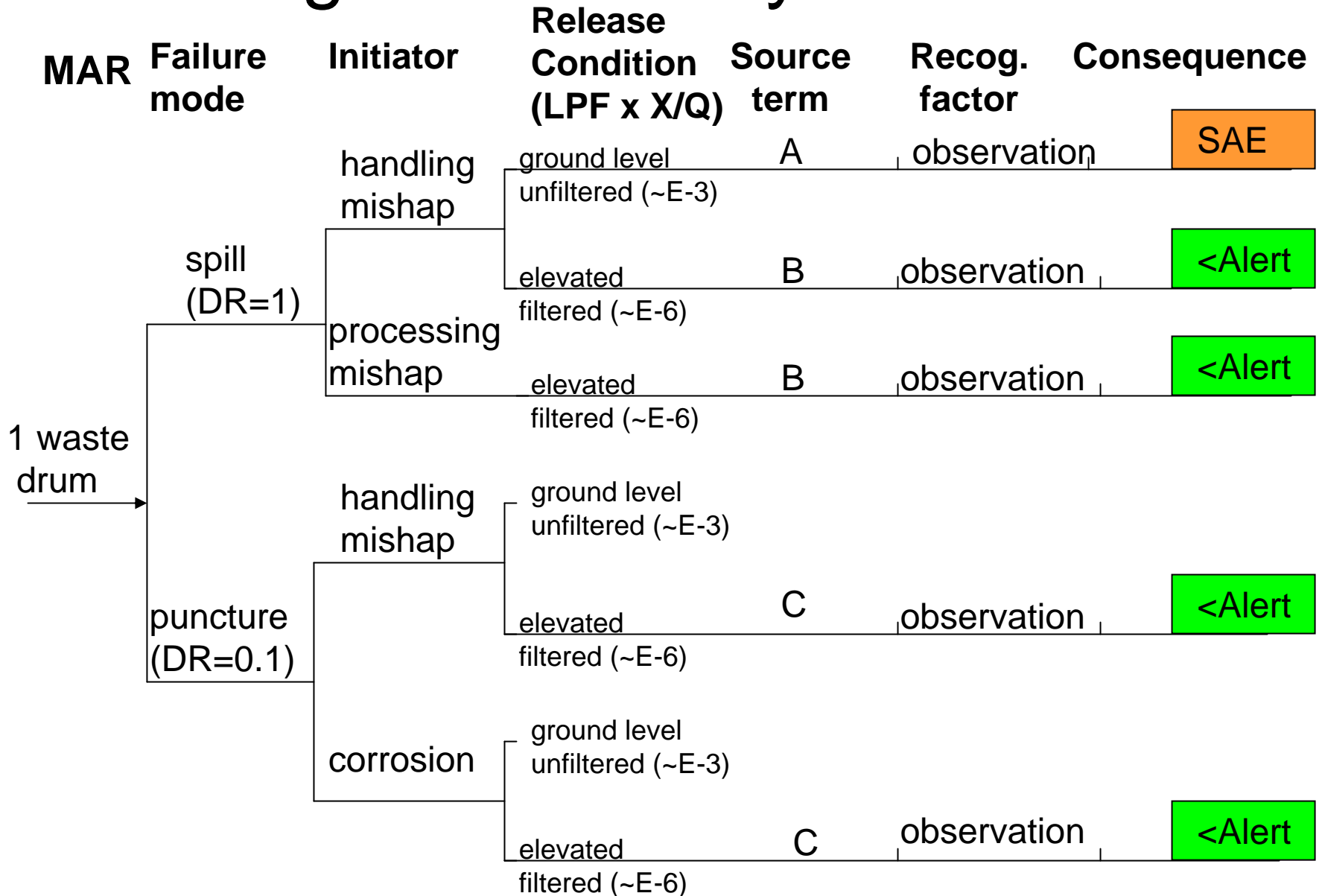
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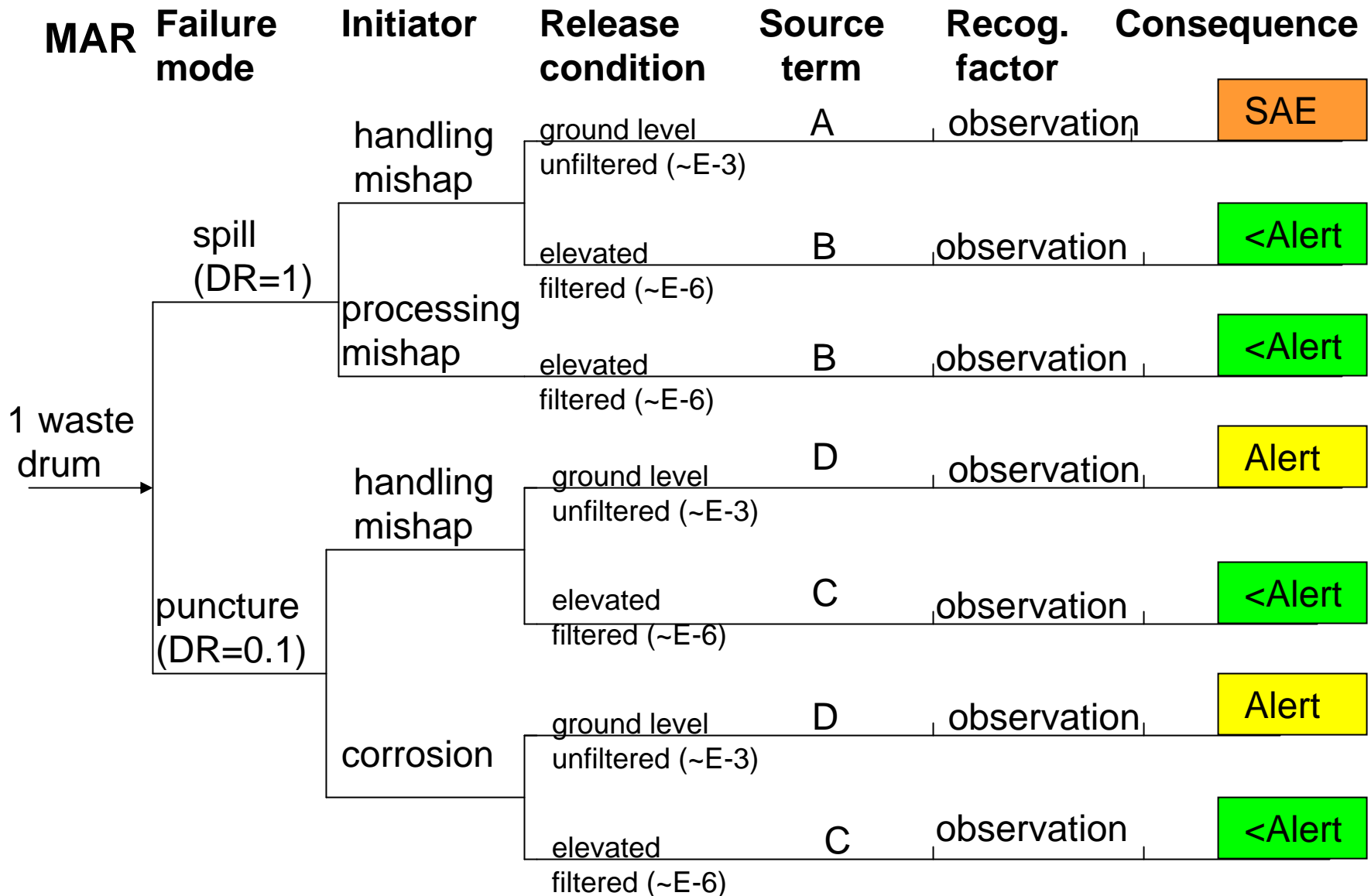
# Selecting EPHA Analysis Cases



# Selecting EPHA Analysis Cases



# Selecting EPHA Analysis Cases





# Is your TPB adequate?

New scenario??

1. Are consequences sufficiently different from cases already analyzed that it would be classified at a different level?
2. Could this case be distinguished from others already analyzed?
3. If so, how would it affect the program (would I planning/preparedness change in any way?)

# Summary

A Technical Planning Basis is:

- more than just the EPHA scenarios
- scenarios + results + insights gained from those cases
- adequate if actions, capabilities and resources needed to respond effectively to the full range of potential release events can be deduced from the analysis results.