

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009

Connecticut

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2009 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including State and local government⁶		1,629.3	4.6	2.5	1.6	0.9	2.1
Private industry⁶		1,421.4	4.2	2.3	1.4	0.9	1.9
Goods-producing⁶		243.3	4.7	2.6	1.6	1.0	2.1
Natural resources and mining^{6,7}		4.7	8.3	4.3	1.9	2.4	4.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting⁶	11	4.0	9.0	4.6	2.0	2.6	4.4
Mining⁷	21	0.7	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Construction		60.3	5.3	3.1	2.3	0.8	2.2
Construction	23	60.3	5.3	3.1	2.3	0.8	2.2
Construction of buildings	236	12.2	5.7	4.2	3.9	--	1.5
Nonresidential building construction	2362	5.3	4.8	2.9	2.7	--	1.9
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	5.3	7.9	4.1	2.1	2.0	3.8
Specialty trade contractors	238	42.9	4.8	2.7	1.9	0.8	2.1
Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors	2381	7.3	9.2	6.0	2.8	3.2	3.2
Building equipment contractors	2382	20.9	4.5	2.2	1.8	0.4	2.3
Electrical contractors	23821	9.2	5.8	2.9	2.7	0.2	3.0
Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors	23822	10.4	3.6	1.9	1.3	0.6	1.7
Building finishing contractors	2383	7.4	3.8	2.3	2.2	(¹⁰)	1.5
Other specialty trade contractors	2389	7.3	3.1	1.5	1.0	--	1.6
Manufacturing		178.2	4.4	2.4	1.4	1.0	2.0
Manufacturing	31-33	178.2	4.4	2.4	1.4	1.0	2.0
Food manufacturing	311	7.1	6.3	3.7	2.2	1.5	2.6
Paper manufacturing	322	4.2	4.4	2.4	1.5	0.9	2.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 -- Continued

Connecticut

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2009 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Printing and related support activities	323	6.6	2.0	1.4	0.6	0.8	0.6
Chemical manufacturing	325	13.3	2.6	1.8	1.1	0.8	0.8
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	3254	7.7	1.5	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.7
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	326	6.0	4.8	2.7	1.8	0.9	2.1
Plastics product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	3261	5.3	4.6	2.8	2.1	0.7	1.8
Primary metal manufacturing	331	3.7	7.9	4.4	2.5	1.9	3.5
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	31.3	6.5	3.1	1.6	1.5	3.3
Forging and stamping	3321	4.5	7.8	3.5	1.8	1.6	4.3
Hardware manufacturing	3325	2.3	6.2	3.3	1.3	2.1	2.8
Machine shops; turned product; and screw, nut, and bolt manufacturing	3327	7.8	5.0	2.6	1.9	0.7	2.4
Coating, engraving, heat treating, and allied activities	3328	3.7	5.9	2.2	0.7	1.5	3.7
Other fabricated metal product manufacturing	3329	5.3	7.9	4.1	1.9	2.3	3.8
Machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	333	16.8	3.8	2.3	1.5	0.8	1.4
Commercial and service industry machinery manufacturing	3333	3.7	2.6	1.8	1.5	(¹⁰)	0.8
Metalworking machinery manufacturing	3335	4.4	5.0	3.2	1.6	1.6	1.7
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	14.0	3.4	1.6	0.8	0.8	1.8
Semiconductor and other electronic component manufacturing	3344	4.2	3.2	1.6	0.8	0.8	1.6
Navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	3345	7.6	4.1	1.9	0.9	1.0	2.2
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	10.4	3.9	2.3	1.2	1.1	1.6
Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	336	43.5	3.5	1.9	1.0	0.8	1.6
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	3.5	6.3	3.9	2.1	1.7	2.4
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	31.7	2.3	1.1	0.6	0.5	1.2
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	33641	31.7	2.3	1.1	0.6	0.5	1.2
Aircraft manufacturing	336411	--	1.6	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.8
Aircraft engine and engine parts manufacturing	336412	16.9	3.1	1.4	0.8	0.7	1.6
Ship and boat building (scope changed in 2009)	3366	--	7.0	4.0	2.2	1.8	3.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	10.8	2.4	0.9	0.6	0.3	1.5
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	3391	7.5	2.0	0.6	0.4	0.2	1.3
Service-providing		1,178.1	4.0	2.2	1.4	0.8	1.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁹		294.1	5.1	3.0	1.8	1.2	2.1
Wholesale trade	42	67.9	4.3	3.0	1.8	1.2	1.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 -- Continued

Connecticut

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2009 Average annual employment (000's) ⁴	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Retail trade	44-45	179.3	4.9	2.5	1.5	1.0	2.4
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	19.8	5.5	3.0	2.3	0.7	2.5
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	6.5	4.3	3.7	--	0.7	0.6
Electronics and appliance stores	443	6.3	3.1	1.5	1.0	--	1.6
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	15.0	6.0	3.6	1.8	1.8	2.4
Food and beverage stores	445	38.8	6.5	3.6	2.0	1.6	2.9
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	20.9	3.6	0.5	0.3	--	3.0
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	8.5	4.0	0.6	--	--	3.4
General merchandise stores	452	25.8	6.3	3.7	1.8	1.9	2.6
Transportation and warehousing⁹	48-49	40.2	7.4	4.9	3.1	1.8	2.5
Truck transportation	484	6.5	9.5	4.7	4.0	0.7	4.8
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	11.7	6.2	4.0	2.7	1.3	2.2
Couriers and messengers	492	6.7	9.9	8.0	4.7	3.2	1.9
Warehousing and storage	493	8.3	9.3	6.4	3.4	3.1	2.8
Utilities	22	6.7	5.4	4.1	1.1	3.0	1.2
Information		36.5	2.5	1.7	1.3	0.4	0.8
Information	51	36.5	2.5	1.7	1.3	0.4	0.8
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	10.3	2.7	1.2	0.9	0.3	1.5
Telecommunications (scope changed in 2009)	517	12.6	4.1	3.3	2.6	0.7	0.7
Financial activities		140.7	1.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	1.1
Finance and insurance	52	120.6	1.2	0.2	0.2	--	1.1
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	20.1	2.0	1.0	0.7	0.3	0.9
Real estate (scope changed in 2009)	531	14.4	1.6	0.7	0.4	--	1.0
Rental and leasing services	532	5.0	3.0	2.2	1.4	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 -- Continued

Connecticut

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2009 Average annual employment (000's) ⁴	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Professional and business services		200.3	2.0	1.1	0.8	0.3	0.9
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	91.4	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.1	0.5
Management of companies and enterprises	55	28.4	1.7	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.7
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	80.5	3.1	1.7	1.2	0.4	1.4
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	74.5	2.8	1.5	1.1	0.4	1.4
Education and health services		292.7	6.5	3.6	2.1	1.6	2.9
Educational services	61	52.0	3.7	1.6	1.3	0.3	2.2
Educational services	611	52.0	3.7	1.6	1.3	0.3	2.2
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	16.2	3.4	2.1	1.5	0.5	1.3
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	26.5	4.6	1.5	1.4	0.2	3.1
Health care and social assistance	62	240.7	7.1	4.1	2.2	1.9	3.0
Ambulatory health care services	621	77.3	4.7	2.0	1.3	0.7	2.7
Hospitals	622	60.4	8.0	3.9	2.0	1.9	4.2
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	60.2	11.2	8.0	4.1	3.9	3.2
Social assistance	624	42.8	4.3	2.8	1.7	1.1	1.5
Leisure and hospitality		155.9	4.0	1.8	1.2	0.5	2.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	44.0	5.2	2.2	0.9	1.2	3.1
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	38.0	4.4	1.8	0.9	0.8	2.6
Accommodation and food services	72	111.8	3.4	1.6	1.3	0.3	1.9
Accommodation	721	11.6	5.5	2.8	2.0	0.8	2.8
Food services and drinking places	722	100.2	3.2	1.5	1.2	0.2	1.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 -- Continued

Connecticut

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2009 Average annual employment (000's) ⁴	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Other services		58.0	3.0	1.5	1.2	0.4	1.5
Other services, except public administration	81	58.0	3.0	1.5	1.2	0.4	1.5
Repair and maintenance	811	13.8	1.6	1.1	0.8	--	0.6
Personal and laundry services	812	18.9	2.7	1.4	0.9	--	1.4
State and local government		207.9	7.8	4.3	3.3	1.0	3.5
State government		70.5	5.3	3.7	3.4	0.3	1.6
Service-providing		--	--	--	--	--	--
Education and health services		40.5	6.4	4.3	3.8	0.5	2.1
Educational services	61	24.4	2.8	1.7	1.3	0.4	1.1
Educational services	611	24.4	2.8	1.7	1.3	0.4	1.1
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	16.4	2.4	1.4	1.2	0.2	1.0
Health care and social assistance	62	16.1	9.8	6.8	6.2	0.6	3.0
Hospitals	622	4.3	15.3	10.0	9.3	0.7	5.3
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	5.3	10.9	9.9	9.0	0.9	1.0
Public administration		28.7	4.1	3.0	3.0	(¹⁰)	1.1
Public administration	92	28.7	4.1	3.0	3.0	(¹⁰)	1.1
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	15.3	5.9	4.6	4.6	(¹⁰)	1.3
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	15.3	5.9	4.6	4.6	(¹⁰)	1.3
Police protection	92212	1.7	6.0	4.8	4.6	--	1.2
Correctional institutions	92214	7.0	10.7	9.0	9.0	(¹⁰)	1.7
Local government		137.4	9.2	4.6	3.2	1.4	4.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 -- Continued

Connecticut

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2009 Average annual employment (000's) ⁴	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Goods-producing⁶		4.3	24.7	15.8	10.0	5.8	8.9
Construction		4.3	24.7	15.8	10.0	5.8	8.9
Construction	23	4.3	24.7	15.8	10.0	5.8	8.9
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	4.3	24.7	15.8	10.0	5.8	8.9
Service-providing		133.1	8.5	4.0	2.9	1.1	4.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁹		2.4	11.2	7.5	4.8	2.7	3.7
Transportation and warehousing⁹	48-49	0.4	8.6	4.7	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Utilities	22	1.9	11.7	8.1	5.0	3.1	3.7
Utilities	221	1.9	11.7	8.1	5.0	3.1	3.7
Water, sewage and other systems	2213	1.6	10.5	6.9	4.6	--	3.6
Professional and business services		1.7	26.2	16.4	8.3	8.1	9.8
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	1.4	31.9	20.0	10.2	9.8	11.9
Waste management and remediation services	562	0.8	42.5	31.3	16.0	15.3	11.1
Education and health services		94.6	5.6	2.6	1.8	0.8	3.0
Educational services	61	92.1	5.7	2.6	1.8	0.8	3.0
Educational services	611	92.1	5.7	2.6	1.8	0.8	3.0
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	91.6	5.7	2.6	1.8	0.8	3.0
Health care and social assistance	62	2.5	4.2	1.5	1.5	(¹⁰)	--
Leisure and hospitality		5.3	9.1	4.9	3.4	--	4.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 -- Continued

Connecticut

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2009 Average annual employment (000's) ⁴	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	5.0	9.1	4.8	3.2	--	4.3
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	5.0	8.8	4.6	3.1	--	4.2
Other amusement and recreation industries	7139	--	8.8	4.6	3.1	--	4.2
Public administration		25.5	14.6	6.5	5.2	1.3	8.1
Public administration	92	25.5	14.6	6.5	5.2	1.3	8.1
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	14.8	22.3	10.4	8.4	2.0	11.9
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	14.8	22.3	10.4	8.4	2.0	11.9
Police protection	92212	9.6	20.9	10.6	8.2	2.4	10.3
Fire protection	92216	4.9	26.3	10.8	9.3	1.5	15.5

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

- N = number of injuries and illnesses
- EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
- 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* 2007 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Data too small to be displayed.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.