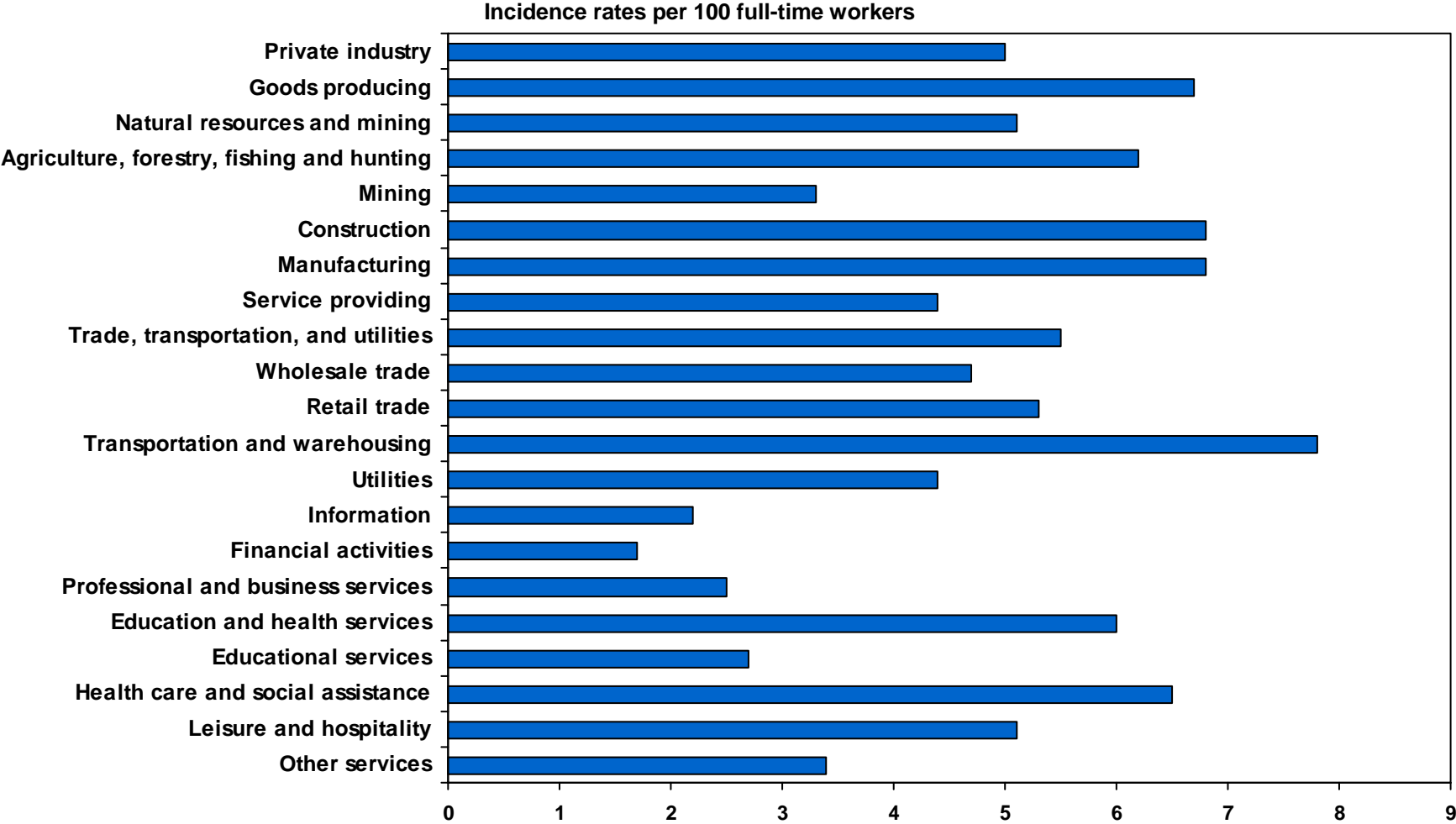


***2003 SOII SUMMARY ESTIMATES***

***CHART PACKAGE***

***December 14, 2004***

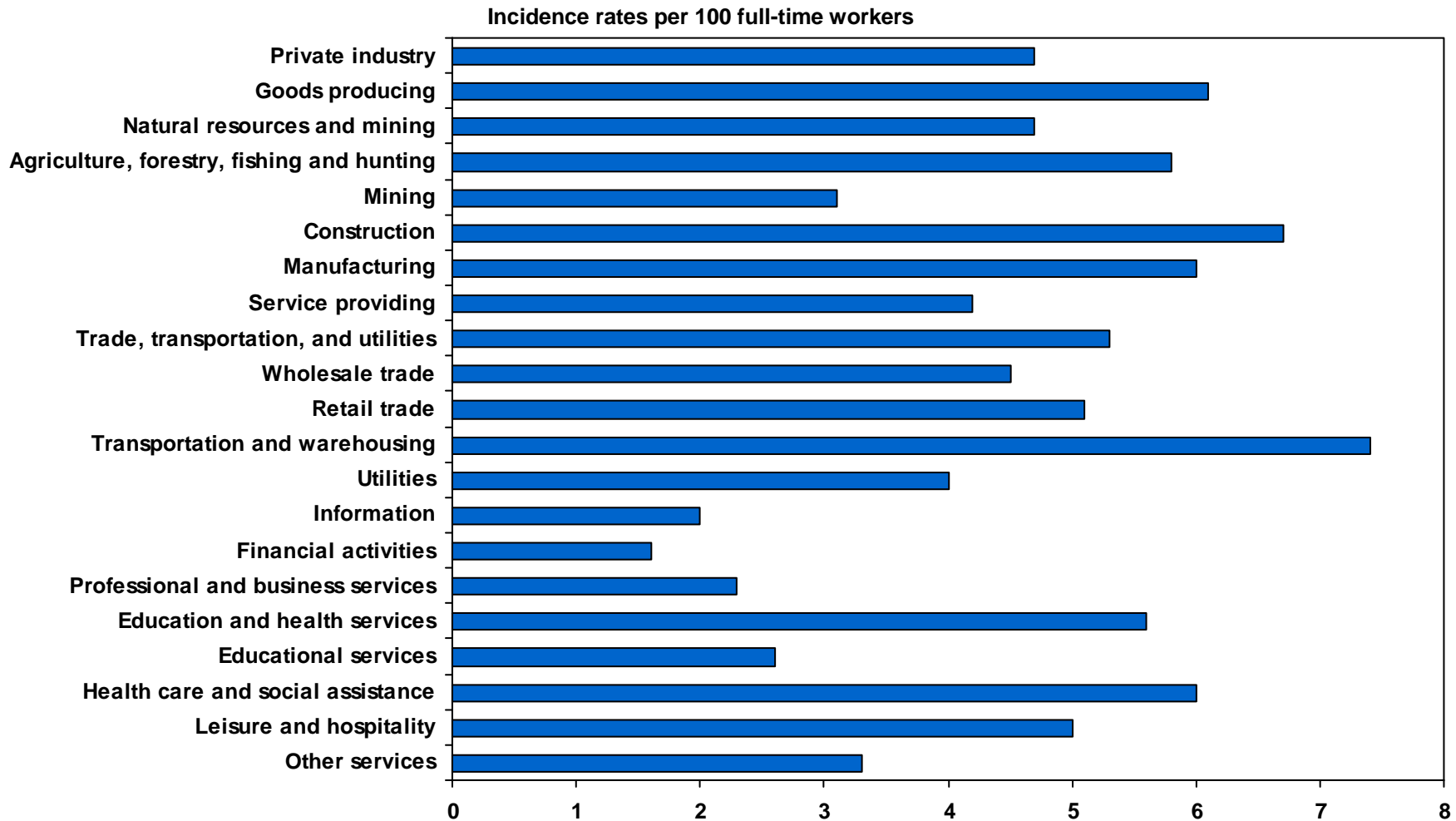
# Nonfatal workplace total recordable injury and illness incidence rates by industry, 2003



Incidence rates for injuries and illnesses ranged from 1.7 per 100 full-time workers in financial activities to 7.8 per 100 full-time workers in transportation and warehousing.

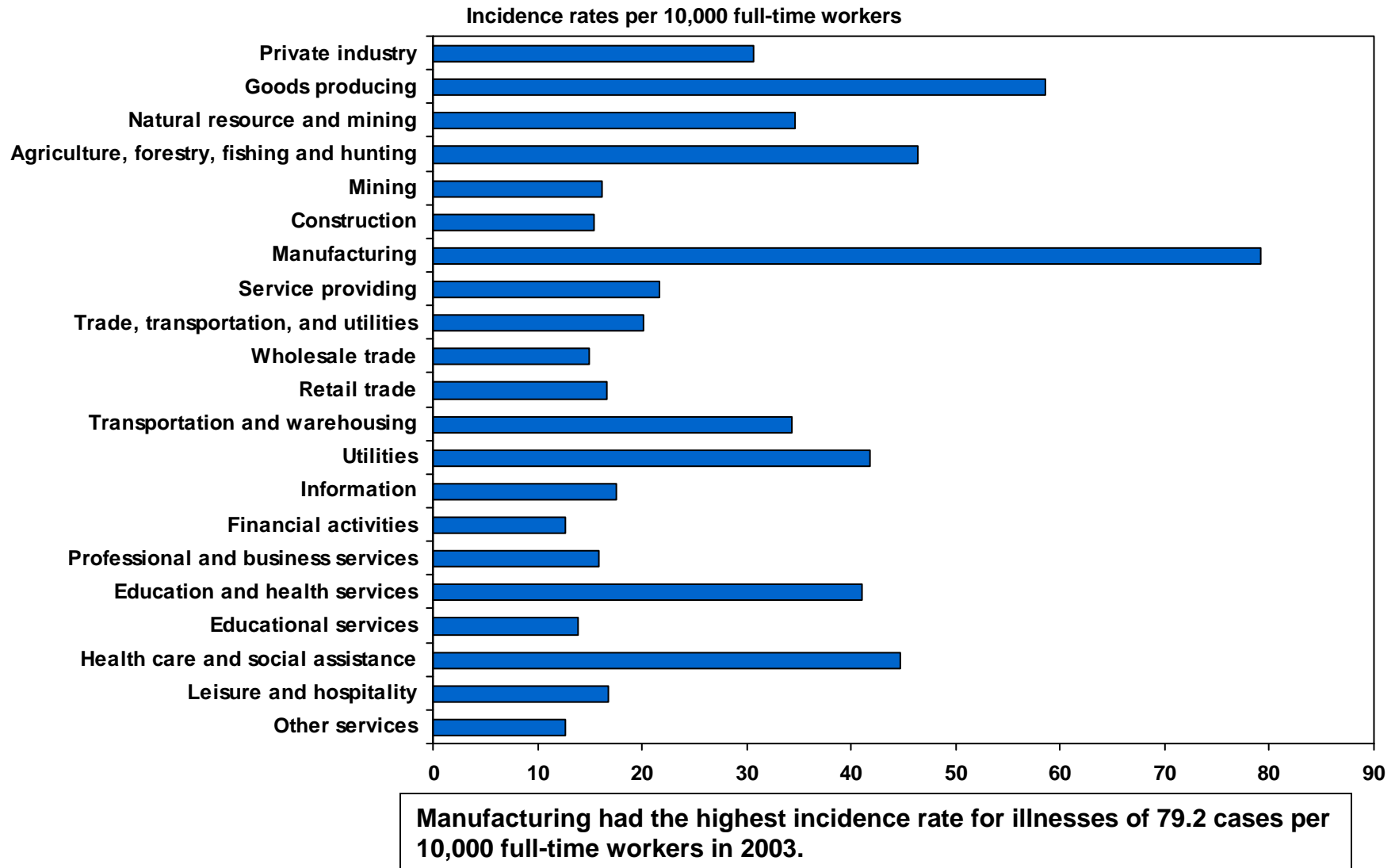
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor  
December 2004

## Nonfatal workplace total recordable injury incidence rates by industry, 2003



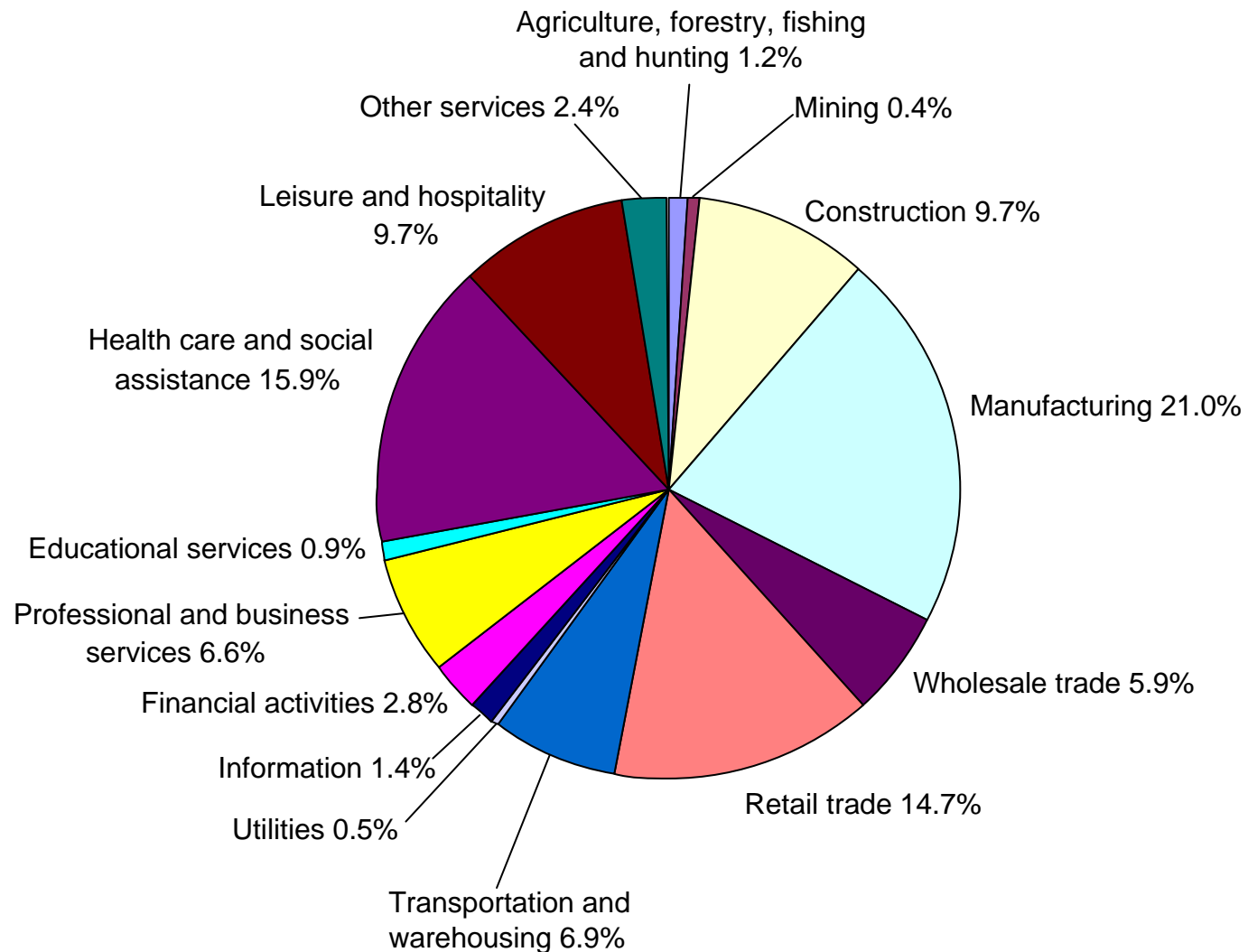
Incidence rates for injuries ranged from 1.6 per 100 full-time workers in financial activities to 7.4 per 100 full-time workers in transportation and warehousing.

# Nonfatal workplace total recordable illness incidence rates by industry, 2003



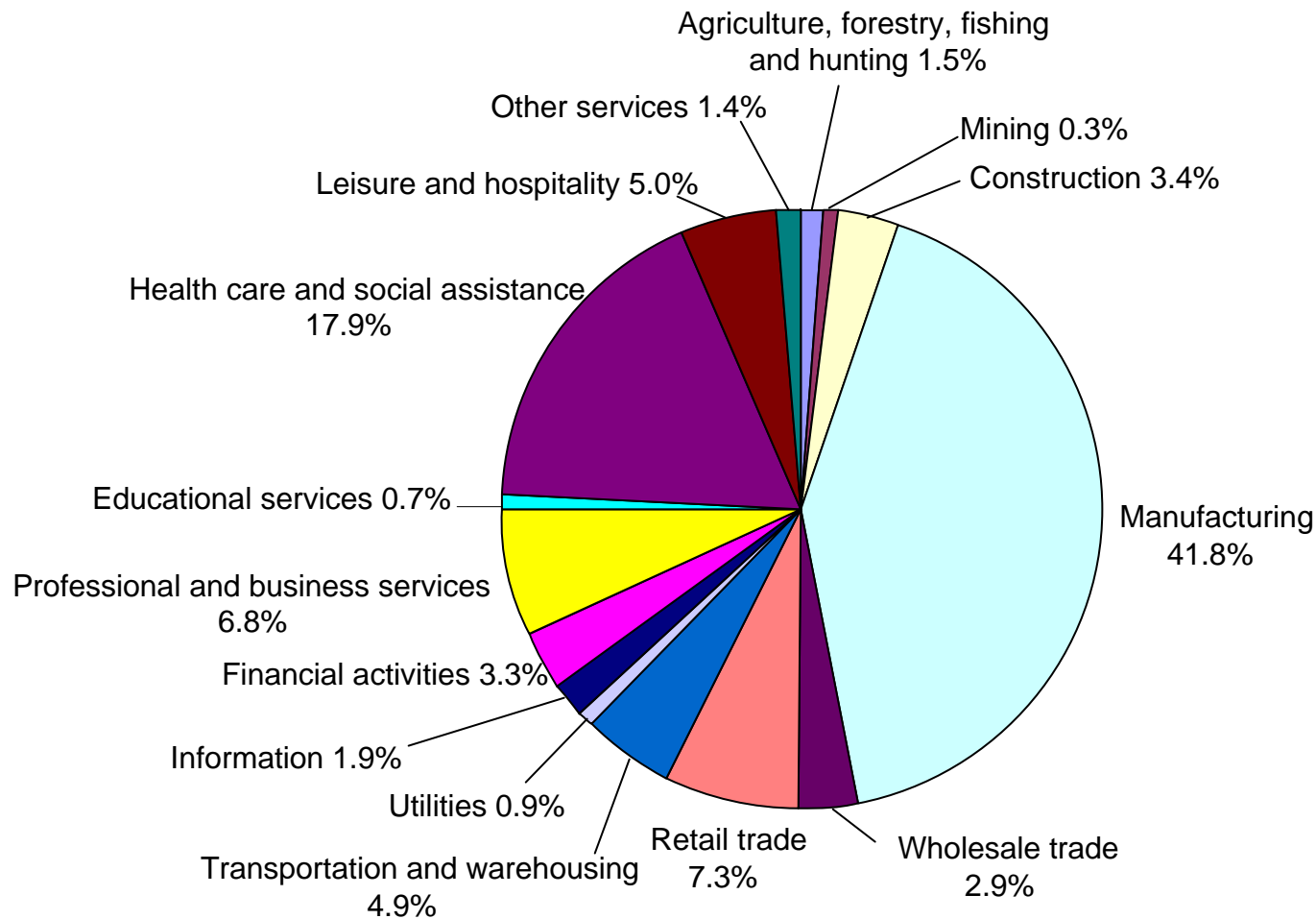
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor  
December 2004

## Percent of nonfatal workplace injuries by industry, 2003



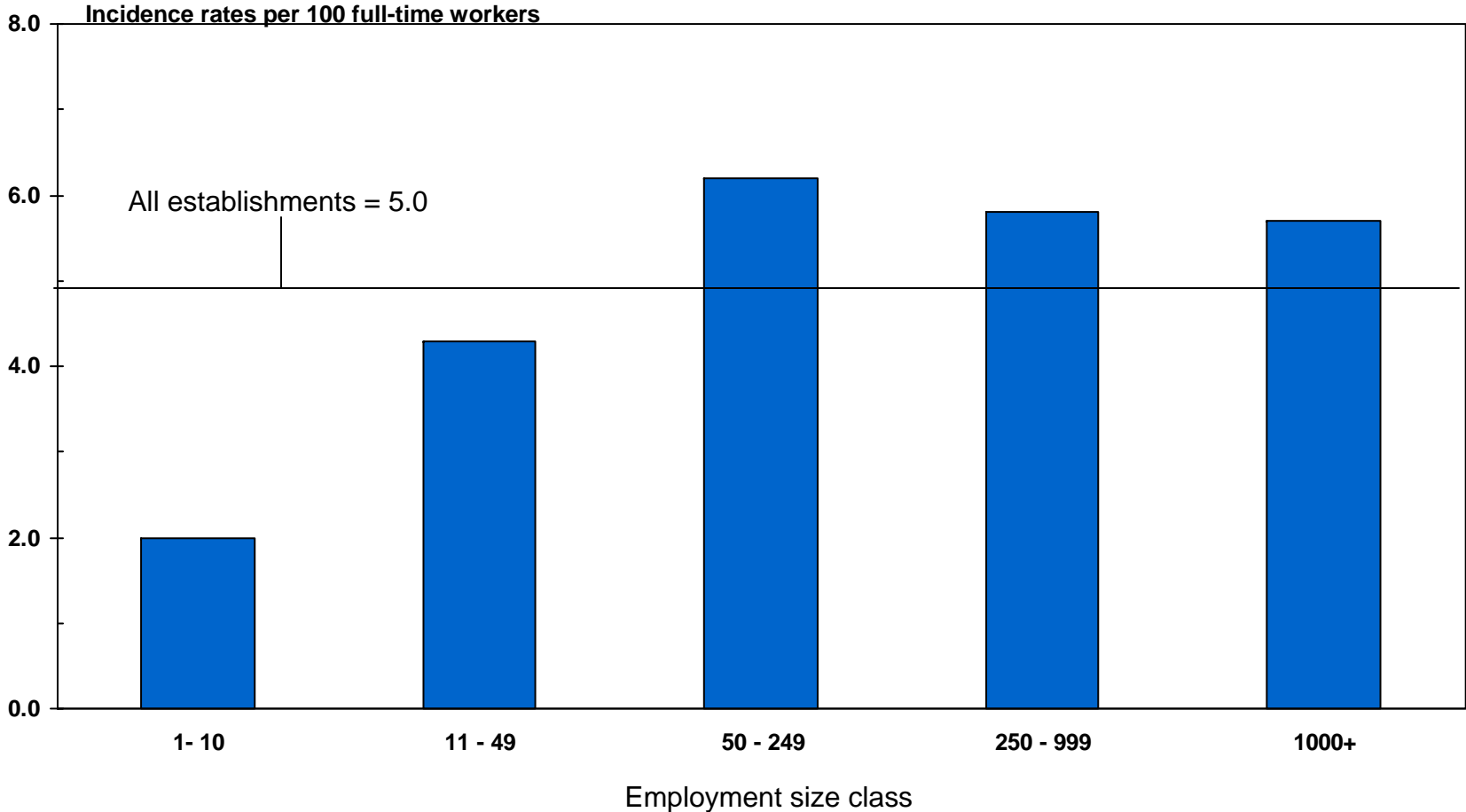
**Manufacturing, health care and social assistance, and retail trade combined accounted for nearly 52 percent of all reported occupational injuries for private industry in 2003.**

## Percent of nonfatal workplace illnesses by industry, 2003



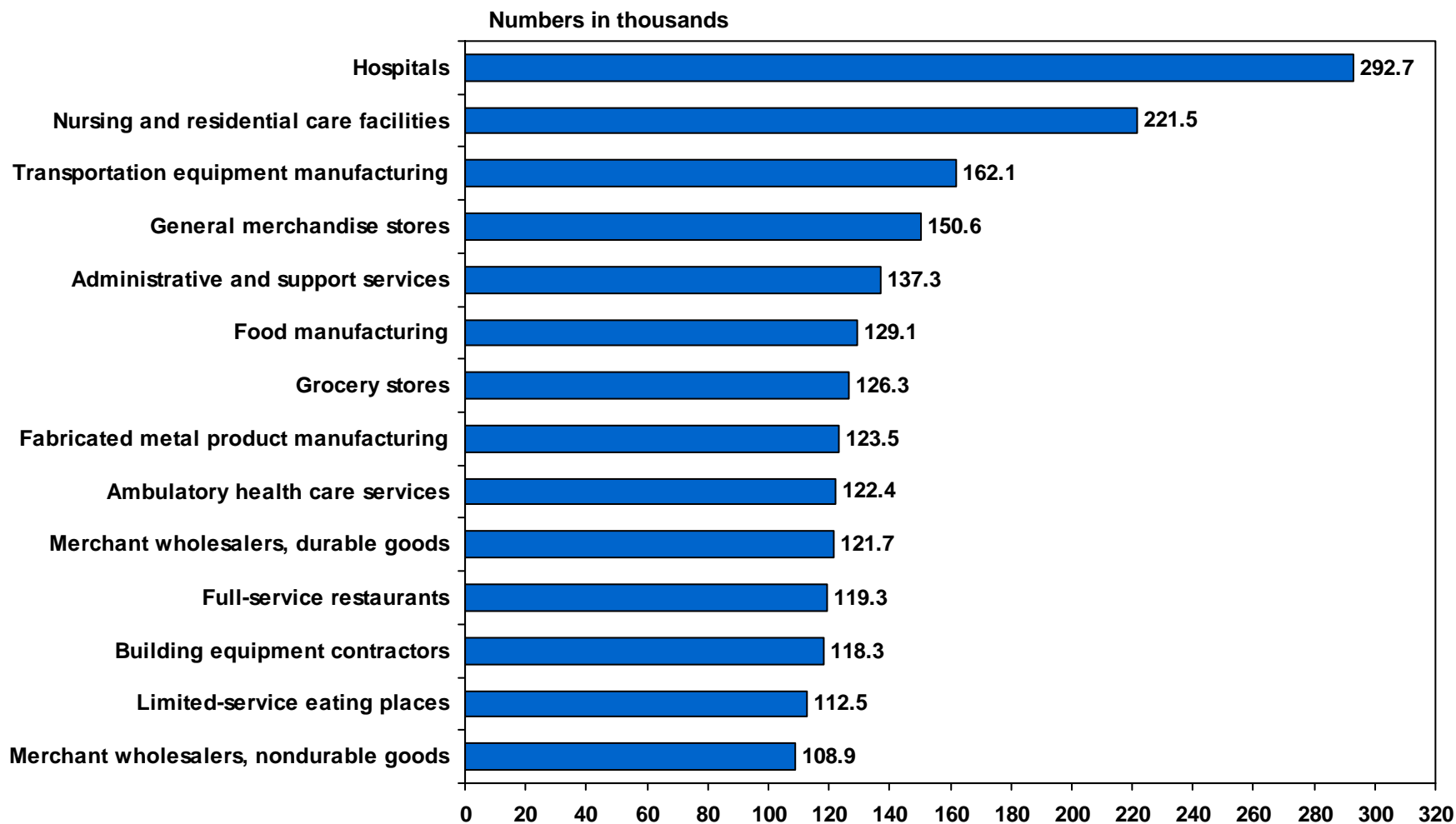
**Manufacturing and health care and social assistance combined accounted for nearly 60 percent of all reported occupational illnesses for private industry in 2003.**

# Total recordable case incidence rates for injuries and illnesses by employment size class, private industry, 2003



Nationwide, incidence rates for injuries and illnesses combined ranged from 2.0 cases per 100 workers for small establishments (those employing 1 to 10 workers) to 6.2 for mid-size establishments (those employing 50 to 249 workers).

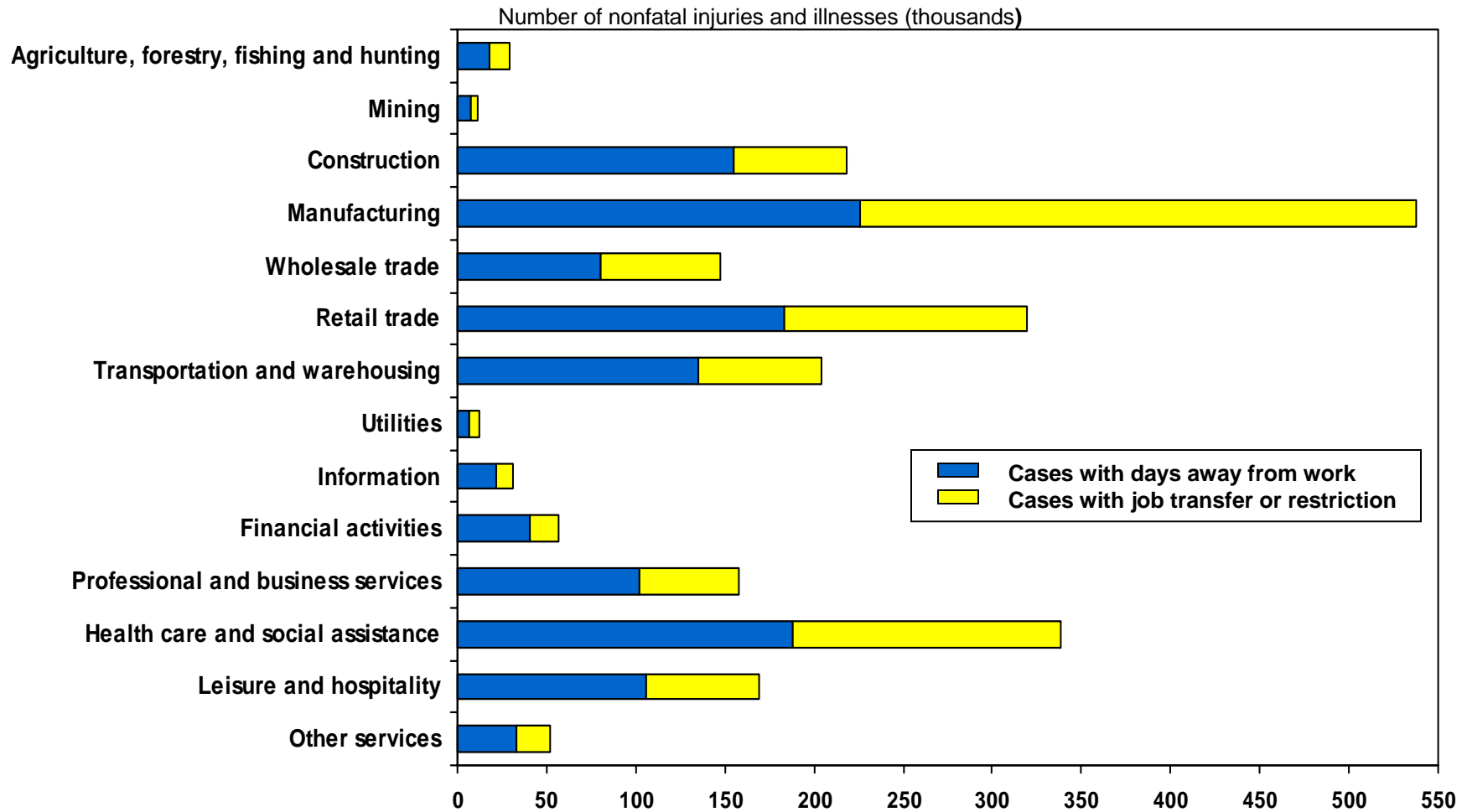
## Industries with at least 100,000 nonfatal workplace injuries and illnesses, 2003



Fourteen industries, each having at least 100,000 injuries and illnesses, accounted for about 2.0 million injuries and illnesses, or 47 percent of the 4.4 million total cases in 2003.



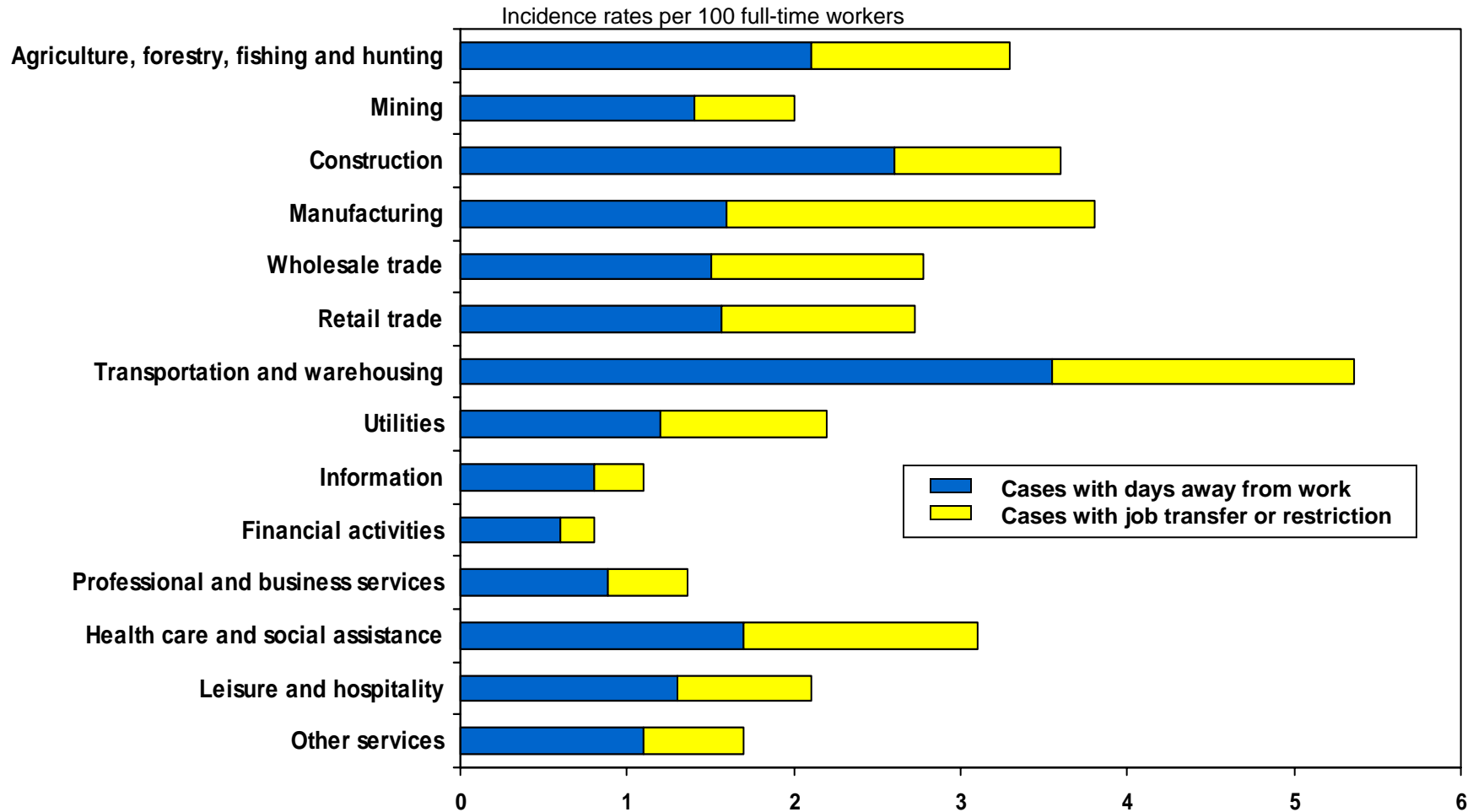
## Number of cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction, by case type and industry, 2003



**Among industry sectors, only manufacturing had more cases with job transfer or restriction than cases with days away from work in 2003.**

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor  
December 2004

## Incidence rates for cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction, by case type and industry, 2003

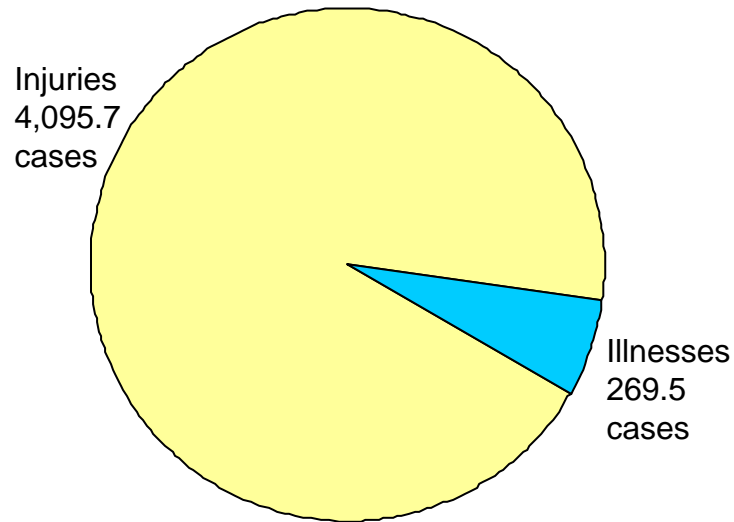


Transportation and warehousing accounted for the highest incidence rate for days away from work, job transfer, or restriction (DART) of 5.4 per 100 full-time workers in 2003.

## Injuries versus illnesses, 2003

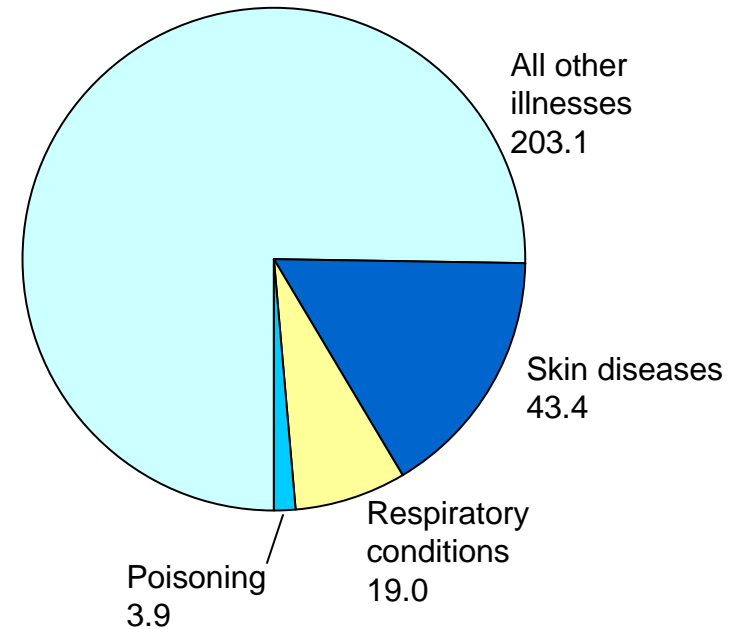
### Total nonfatal cases in private industry, 2003: injuries versus illnesses

4,365.2 total injury and illness cases (in thousands)



### Nonfatal illness cases by selected categories, private industry, 2003

269.5 total cases (in thousands)



Of the nearly 4.4 million nonfatal injuries and illnesses reported in 2003, 4.1 million were injuries. The remainder of these private industry cases (269.5 cases in thousands) were work-related illnesses. About three-fourths of the illness cases were reported in the “all other illnesses” category.