

KIF Dredge Cell - Material Unit Weights

SHEET 1 OF

Data from Singleton Labs report (9/29/94)

Eqns from "Essentials of Soil Mechanics & Foundations" by D.F. McCarthy

COMPUTED BY E DATE 4/3/95

CHECKED DATE

Rolled, Compacted Earth

$$\gamma_{wet} = \frac{(G_s + Se)\gamma_w}{1+e}$$

$$\gamma_{wet} = \frac{(2.53 + (0.8)(0.679))62.4}{1 + 0.679}$$

$$\gamma_{wet} = 114.2 \text{ pcf}$$

$$G_s = 2.53$$

$$S = 80\% \leftarrow \text{Assumed}$$

$$e = 0.679$$

$$\gamma_{SAT} = \frac{(G_s + e)\gamma_w}{(1+e)}$$

$$\gamma_{SAT} = \frac{(2.53 + 0.679)62.4}{(1 + 0.679)}$$

$$\gamma_{SAT} = 119.3 \text{ pcf}$$

Residual Material

$$\gamma_{wet} = \frac{(2.72 + (0.929)(0.445))62.4}{(1 + 0.445)}$$

$$\gamma_{wet} = 133.4 \text{ pcf}$$

$$G_s = 2.72$$

$$S = 82.9\%$$

$$e = 0.445$$

$$\gamma_{SAT} = \frac{(2.72 + 0.445)62.4}{(1 + 0.445)}$$

$$\gamma_{SAT} = 136.7 \text{ pcf}$$

Bottom Ash

$$\gamma_{wet} = \frac{(2.37 + (0.8)(0.633))62.4}{1 + 0.633}$$

$$\gamma_{wet} = 109.9 \text{ pcf}$$

$$G_s = 2.37$$

$$S = 80\% \text{ Assumed}$$

$$e = 0.633$$

$$\gamma_{SAT} = \frac{(2.37 + 0.633)62.4}{(1 + 0.633)}$$

$$\gamma_{SAT} = 114.8 \text{ pcf}$$

$$\gamma_{wet} = \frac{[2.25 + (0.743)(0.757)](62.4)}{1 + 0.757}$$

$$\gamma_{wet} = 199.9 \text{ pcf}$$

$$\gamma_{SAT} = \frac{(2.25 + 0.757)(62.4)}{1 + 0.757}$$

$$\gamma_{SAT} = 106.8 \text{ pcf}$$

$$\gamma_{wet} = \frac{[2.25 + (0.832)(0.757)](62.4)}{1 + 0.757}$$

$$\gamma_{wet} = 102.3 \text{ pcf}$$

Fly Ash (from Hole 7 samples)

$$G_s = 2.25$$

$$\Sigma = 74.3\%$$

$$\gamma_{dry} = 79.9 \text{ pcf}$$

solve for void ratio

$$\gamma_{dry} = \frac{G_s \gamma_w}{1 + e}$$

$$e = \frac{G_s \gamma_w}{\gamma_{dry}} - 1 = \frac{(2.25)(62.4)}{79.9} - 1$$

$$e = 0.757$$

solve for saturation %

$$S_e = w G_s$$

w = 25% = avg of class I & class II w's

$$S = \frac{w G_s}{e} = \frac{(25\%)(2.25)}{0.757}$$

$$S = 74.3\%$$

Remolded Fly Ash (3% wet of optimum & 83% of max wt)

$$G_s = 2.25$$

$$\gamma_{dry} = 79.9 \text{ pcf}$$

$$\Sigma =$$

$$S = \frac{w G_s}{e} = \frac{28\% (2.25)}{0.757}$$

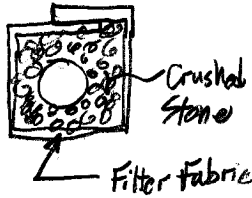
$$S = 83.2\%$$

SUBJECT STAGE B PARTNER QTY'SPROJECT KIF DREDGE CELLCOMPUTED BY BKEDATE 8/9/95

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DATE

NO.	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	PRICE	AMOUNT	TOTAL
	<u>Base Preparation</u>					
	Woven Slit Film Geotextile (Synthetic Ind. Type 300g)	27,700	SY			
	<u>Toe Drain System</u>					
	6" ϕ Perforated HDPE pipe	2,800	LF			
	6" ϕ Non-perforated HDPE pipe	1,850	LF			
	6" ϕ HDPE "Tee" section	14	EA			
	#1081 Crushed Stone	480	TN			
	Filter Fabric (Trevira Spun-Bound Type 1135 Non-Woven, Needle-punched)	2,300	SY			
	<u>Cover System (Option B)</u>					
	9" Intermediate Earth Cover	5,050	CY			
	Geosynthetic Clay Liner (Claymax 800SP or equiv.)	19,000	SY			
	Geonet (Gundly Fabmnet or equiv.)	19,000	SY			
	12" Final Earth Cover	6,650	CY			
	Seed/Mulch	19,000	SY			
	<u>Spillway/Skimmer</u>					
	Extension (See Dwg 10W425-12)	1	EA			
	<u>Cover Drainage System</u>					
	4" ϕ Perforated HDPE pipe	2800	LF			
	Concrete Collars (36"x12"x3")	14	EA			
	#1081 Crushed Stone	775	TN			
	Riprap	250	TN			



From Singleton Labs report, $>50\%$ of ash passes the No. 200 sieve,
so AOS of fabric should be \geq No. 50 sieve. (From "Designing
With Geosynthetics" by R.M. noerner).

Use Trevira Spunbound Type 1145.

$$AOS = 100 \text{ to } 140$$

$$O_{95} = 0.149 \text{ to } 0.105$$

Soil Retention (For fly ash)

From Singleton grain size analysis of hole 7 - 11' to 13' depth

$$d_{10} = 0.003 \text{ mm}$$

$$d_{50} = 0.010 \text{ mm}$$

$$d_{100} = 0.013 \text{ mm}$$

$$CU = \frac{d_{60}}{d_{10}} = \frac{0.013 \text{ mm}}{0.003 \text{ mm}}$$

$$CU = 4.33 \leftarrow$$

Assume relative density is between 50% to 80%

From "Designing With Geosynthetics" by R.M. Koerner, p 122, Table Z.14

$$O_{95} < \frac{13.5 d_{50}}{CU}$$

$$O_{95} < \frac{13.5 (0.010 \text{ mm})}{4.33}$$

$$O_{95} < 0.031 \text{ mm}$$

Closest sieve to this is the #400 (=0.037 mm openings)

AOS must be #400

This is very strict. The fly ash is too finely graded. Try placing the toe drain in the bottom ash (dike) material.

Singleton grain size analysis of hole 6 - 13' to 15' depth

$$d_{10} = 0.0035 \text{ mm}$$

$$d_{10} = 0.004 \text{ } \begin{matrix} 15' \text{ to } 17' \\ \swarrow \end{matrix}$$

$$d_{50} = 0.040 \text{ mm}$$

$$d_{50} = 0.035$$

$$d_{60} = 0.095 \text{ mm}$$

$$d_{60} = 0.060$$

$$CU = \frac{d_{60}}{d_{10}} = \frac{0.095 \text{ mm}}{0.0035 \text{ mm}} = 27.1$$

$$CU = \frac{0.060}{0.004} = 15.0$$

Assume relative density is greater than 80%

$$O_{95} < \frac{1.8 d_{50}}{20} \quad (\text{From R. M. Keener, p 122, Table 2.14})$$

$$O_{95} < \frac{1.8 (0.04 \text{ mm})}{27.1} \quad \frac{1.8 (0.035)}{15} = 0.042$$

$$O_{95} < 0.027 \text{ mm}$$

Closest sieve is again #400 (= .037 mm openings)

$$d_{10} = 0.037 \text{ mm}$$

23.75

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SUBJECT Dredge Cells - Qty calc's for ditch across ash pond PROJECT KIFCOMPUTED BY BKEDATE 10/2/96

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These calc's are typical for ditch of section A-A in drawing 10W426-2.

Area of dredge stack draining to head of ditch

$$Q_{up} = C i A$$

Assume $C = 0.25$ [From Hydraulic Engineering, Roberson, Cassidy, Chaudry, 1998, p 67, Table 2-9, grass-covered clay soil 2% to 8% slope]

$$Q_{up} = (0.25)(0.2 \text{ in/hr})(10.06 \text{ acres})$$

$$i = \frac{4.9 \text{ in}}{24 \text{ hr}} = 0.20 \text{ in/hr} \text{ [Tech Paper 40 - 10 yr, 24 hr storm]}$$

$$Q_{up} = 0.51 \text{ cfs}$$

$$A = \frac{(600)(680) + (100)(600)(1/2)}{43,560}$$

$$A = 10.06 \text{ acres}$$

Area both sides of ditch (to point at bottom of ditch)

$$Q_T = Q_{up} + Q_{sides}$$

$$Q_{sides} = C i A$$

Assume $C = 0.25$ (see above)
 $i = 0.20 \text{ in/hr}$ (see above)

$$Q_{sides} = (0.25)(0.2 \text{ in/hr})(16.2 \text{ acres})$$

$$Q_{sides} = 0.81 \text{ cfs}$$

$$A = \frac{(400)(1700)}{43,560}$$

$$A = 16.2 \text{ acres}$$

$$Q_T = 0.51 + 0.81$$

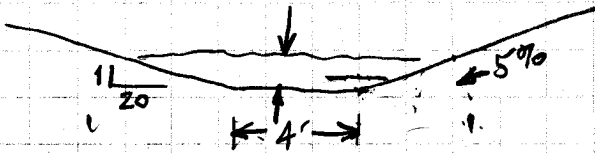
$$Q_T = 1.32 \text{ cfs}$$

Assume no backwater due to pipe discharging into stilling pool.

Calculate depth of water at bottom of ditch

SUBJECT Dredge Cells - Qty calc's for ditch across ash pond PROJECT KIF

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Slope = 1% = 0.01 ft/ft
 $n = 0.030$ [From Open Channel Hydraulics, French, p. 127, vegetated lined channel]

Use Manning's formula

$$Q = \frac{1.49}{n} AR^{2/3} S_0^{1/2}$$

$$AR^{2/3} = \frac{nQ}{1.49 S_0^{1/2}}$$

$$\left[\frac{(4+20y)y}{1+2y\sqrt{1+20^2}} \right]^{2/3} = \frac{(0.030 \times 1.37)}{1.49 \times 0.01^{1/2}}$$

Use Hausted Methods Flanmaster to get depth

Assume

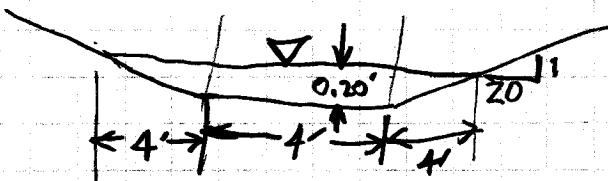
$$n = 0.030$$

$$Q = 2.0 \text{ cfs}$$

$$z = 20$$

$$\text{bottom width} = 4 \text{ ft}$$

This gives $y = 0.20 \text{ ft}$



Will need to use 13 ft wide roll of turf reinforcement matrix to prevent erosion.

KIF Ash Pond Closure/Ditch over ash pond
Worksheet for Trapezoidal Channel

Project Description	
Project File	untitled.fm2
Worksheet	Kingston closure ditch over ash pond
Flow Element	Trapezoidal Channel
Method	Manning's Formula
Solve For	Channel Depth

Input Data	
Mannings Coefficient	0.030
Channel Slope	0.010000 ft/ft
Left Side Slope	20.000000 H : V
Right Side Slope	20.000000 H : V
Bottom Width	4.00 ft
Discharge	2.00 cfs

Results	
Depth	0.20 ft
Flow Area	1.56 ft ²
Wetted Perimeter	11.88 ft
Top Width	11.87 ft
Critical Depth	0.15 ft
Critical Slope	0.027677 ft/ft
Velocity	1.28 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.03 ft
Specific Energy	0.22 ft
Froude Number	0.62
Flow is subcritical.	

Flat area around toe of Stage A dike:

East & West Ends

$$A = A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + A_4 = 4.65 + 3.85 + 8.09 + 6.69$$

$$A_{ends} = 23.28 \text{ in}^2 \left(\frac{10693 \text{ ft}}{17} \right)^2 = 261,200 \text{ ft}^2$$

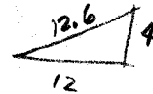
$$Vol_{ends} = (1 \text{ ft})(261,200 \text{ ft}^2) = 261,200 \text{ ft}^3 = 9670 \text{ CY}$$

Compacted Clay \rightarrow Assume 15% shrink for clay

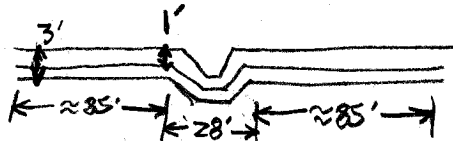
$$Vol_{EC1} = \frac{9670 \text{ CY}}{0.85} = 11,380 \text{ CY} \quad \boxed{\text{SAY } 11,400 \text{ CY}}$$

Earth Cover \rightarrow Assume 5% shrink for earth

$$Vol_{EE} = \frac{9670 \text{ CY}}{0.95} = 10,180 \text{ CY} \quad \boxed{\text{SAY } 10,200 \text{ CY}}$$



North Ditch Area



Compacted Clay

$$Vol = [(85')(1')(2) + 4'(1') + 2(12.6)(1')] 1377'$$

$$Vol = 274,300 \text{ ft}^3 = 90,160 \text{ CY}$$

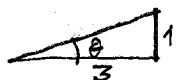
Assume 15% shrink (clay) $\rightarrow Vol = \frac{90,160}{0.85} = 11,950 \text{ CY} \quad \boxed{\text{SAY } 12,000 \text{ CY}}$

Earth Cover

$$Vol = [(85')(1')(2) + 4'(1') + 2(12.6)(1') + 2(1/2)(85')(1')] 1377'$$

$$Vol = 391,340 \text{ ft}^3 = 14,490 \text{ CY}$$

Assume 5% shrink (earth) $\rightarrow Vol = \frac{14,490}{0.95} = 15,250 \text{ CY} \quad \boxed{\text{SAY } 15,300 \text{ CY}}$

STAGE A outer slope

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\theta = 18.43^\circ$$

By planimeter

$$A' = 2.24 + 0.36 + 2.69 + 3.60 + 2.41 + 0.81$$

$$A' = 12.11 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A = \frac{12.11 \text{ in}^2}{\cos 18.43^\circ} \quad [\text{Adjust for 3:1 slope}]$$

$$A = 12.76 \text{ in}^2 \left(\frac{105.71 \text{ ft}}{\text{in}} \right)^2$$

$$A = 143,200 \text{ ft}^2$$

Intermediate Cover

$$V_{\text{int}} = (143,200 \text{ ft}^2) \left(\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft} \right)$$

$$V_{\text{int}} = 107,400 \text{ ft}^3 = 3978 \text{ yd}^3$$

$$\text{Assume 5\% shrink} \rightarrow V_{\text{int}} = \frac{3978 \text{ yd}^3}{0.95} = 4187 \text{ cy} \quad \boxed{\text{SAY } 4200 \text{ cy}}$$

Final Cover (Clay)

$$V_{\text{FC}} = (143,200 \text{ ft}^2) (1 \text{ ft})$$

$$V_{\text{FC}} = 143,200 \text{ ft}^3 = 5303 \text{ yd}^3$$

$$\text{Assume 15\% shrink} \rightarrow V_{\text{FC}} = \frac{5303 \text{ yd}^3}{0.85} = 6239 \text{ cy} \quad \boxed{\text{SAY } 6300 \text{ cy}}$$

STAGE A outer slope (cont'd)

Final Cover (Earth)

$$V_{FE} = (143,200 \text{ ft}^2)(1 \text{ ft})$$

$$V_{FE} = 143,200 \text{ ft}^3 = 5303 \text{ yd}^3$$

Assume 5% shrink $\rightarrow V_{FE} = \frac{5303 \text{ yd}^3}{0.95} = 5582 \text{ yd}^3$ say 5000 cy

STAGE B outer slope

$$A' = 2.32 + 0.30 + 1.73 + 3.32 + 2.17 + 1.00$$

$$A' = 10.84 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A = \frac{10.84 \text{ in}^2}{\cos 18.43^\circ} \quad [\text{Adjust for 3:1 slope}]$$

$$A = 11.43 \text{ in}^2 \left(\frac{105.93 \text{ ft}}{17} \right)^2$$

$$A = 128,300 \text{ ft}^2$$

Intermediate Cover

$$V_{int} = (128,300 \text{ ft}^2)(\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft})$$

$$V_{int} = 64,150 \text{ ft}^3 = 2320 \text{ yd}^3$$

Assume 5% shrinkage $\rightarrow V_{int} = \frac{2320 \text{ yd}^3}{0.95} = 2442 \text{ yd}^3$ say 2000 cy

STAGE B outer slope (cont'd)

Final Cover (Clay)

$$V_{FC} = (128,300 \text{ ft}^2)(1 \text{ ft})$$

$$V_{FC} = 128,300 \text{ ft}^3 = 4751 \text{ yd}^3$$

Assume 15% shrink $\rightarrow V_{FC} = \frac{4751 \text{ yd}^3}{0.85} = 5589 \text{ CY}$ **SAY 5600 CY**

Final Cover (Earth)

$$V_{FE} = (128,300 \text{ ft}^2)(1 \text{ ft})$$

$$V_{FE} = 128,300 \text{ ft}^3 = 4751 \text{ yd}^3$$

Assume 5% shrink $\rightarrow V_{FE} = \frac{4751 \text{ yd}^3}{0.95} = 5001 \text{ CY}$ **SAY 5000 CY**

Berm Between STAGE A & STAGE B

$$A = L W$$

$$A = (2786.04 \text{ ft})(15 \text{ ft})$$

$$A = 41,790 \text{ ft}^2$$

Intermediate Cover

$$V_{int} = (41,790 \text{ ft}^2)(\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft})$$

$$V_{int} = 20,895 \text{ ft}^3 = 1161 \text{ yd}^3$$

Assume 5% shrink $\rightarrow V_{int} = \frac{1161 \text{ yd}^3}{0.95} = 1222 \text{ CY}$ **SAY 1250 CY**

Berm Between STAGE A & STAGE B (cont'd)

Final Cover (Clay)

$$V_{FC} = (41,790 \text{ ft}^2)(1 \text{ ft})$$

$$V_{FC} = 41,790 \text{ ft}^3 = 1548 \text{ CY}$$

$$\text{Assume 15\% shrink} \rightarrow V_{FC} = \frac{1548 \text{ CY}}{0.85} = 1822 \text{ CY} \quad \boxed{\text{SAY } 1850 \text{ CY}}$$

Final Cover (Earth)

$$V_{FE} = (41,790 \text{ ft}^2)(1 \text{ ft})$$

$$V_{FE} = 41,790 \text{ ft}^3 = 1548 \text{ CY}$$

$$\text{Assume 5\% shrink} \rightarrow V_{FE} = \frac{1548 \text{ CY}}{0.95} = 1629 \text{ CY} \quad \boxed{\text{SAY } 1650 \text{ CY}}$$

STAGE C Outer Slope & Berm

$$A_{berm} = P_c W_{berm}$$

$$A_{berm} = (7207 \text{ ft})(15 \text{ ft})$$

$$A_{berm} = 108,105 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_c = P W_c$$

$$A_c = (7207 \text{ ft})(63 \text{ ft})$$

$$A_c = 454,041 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_{slope} = A_c \cdot A_{berm}$$

$$A_{slope} = 454,041 - 108,105$$

$$A_{slope} = 345,936 \text{ ft}^2$$

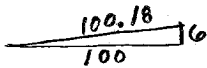


$$\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} = \frac{W}{X}$$

$$W = 1.054X$$

$$A'_{slope} = 345,936 (1.054)$$

$$A'_{slope} = 364,648 \text{ ft}^2$$



$$\frac{100}{100.18} = \frac{W}{X}$$

$$W = 1.002X$$

$$A'_{berm} = 108,105 \text{ ft}^2 (1.002)$$

$$A'_{berm} = 108,300 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_c = 472,947 \text{ ft}^2$$

Intermediate Cover (9")

$$V_{int} = (9/2 \text{ ft})(472,950 \text{ ft}^2)(\frac{1 \text{ yd}^3}{27 \text{ ft}^3})$$

$$V_{int} = 13,137 \text{ cy} \rightarrow \text{Assume } 5\% \text{ shrink} \rightarrow V_{int} = \frac{13,137 \text{ cy}}{0.95}$$

$$V_{int} = 13,829 \text{ cy}$$

Say $V_{int} = 13,200 \text{ cy}$

Final Cover (Earth)

$$V_{FCE} = (472,947 \text{ ft}^2)(1 \text{ ft})(\frac{1 \text{ cy}}{27 \text{ ft}^3})$$

$$V_{FCE} = 17,517 \text{ cy} \rightarrow \text{Assume } 5\% \text{ shrink} \rightarrow V_{FCE} = \frac{17,517}{0.95} = 18,439 \text{ cy}$$

Say $V_{FCE} = 18,500 \text{ cy}$

STAGE C (Cont'd)

Final Cover (Clay)

$$V_{FCC} = 17,517 \text{ CY} \rightarrow \text{Assume 15\% shrink} \rightarrow V_{FCC} = \frac{17,517}{0.85}$$

$$V_{FCC} = 20,608$$

Say $V_{FCC} = 20,700 \text{ CY}$

STAGE D

$$A_D = A_{CS} - A_{BS} \quad (\text{Areas @ } \phi \text{ of stages as computed by GCL})$$

$$A_D = 2,764,233 - 2,319,495$$

$$A_D = 444,738$$

$$A_{berm} = P_D (W_{berm})$$

$$A_{berm} = (6807 \text{ ft})(15 \text{ ft})$$

$$A_{berm} = 102,105 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_{slope} = A_D - A_{berm}$$

$$A_{slope} = 444,738 - 102,105$$

$$A_{slope} = 342,633 \text{ ft}^2$$

Correct for slope

$$A'_{slope} = (342,633 \text{ ft}^2)(1.054)$$

$$A'_{slope} = 361,167 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A'_{berm} = (102,105 \text{ ft}^2)(1.002)$$

$$A'_{berm} = 102,309 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A'_D = 463,476 \text{ ft}^2$$

STAGED (cont'd)Intermediate Cover

$$V_{int} = (9/2 \text{ ft})(463,476 \text{ ft}^2)(1/27)$$

$$V_{int} = 12,874 \text{ cy} \rightarrow \text{Assume 5\% shrink} \rightarrow V_{int} = \frac{12,874}{0.95}$$

$$V_{int} = 13,552 \text{ cy}$$

$$\text{Say } V_{int} = \underline{13,500 \text{ cy}}$$

Final Cover (Earth)

$$V_{FCE} = (463,476 \text{ ft}^2)(1 \text{ ft})(1/27)$$

$$V_{FCE} = 17,166 \text{ cy} \rightarrow \text{Assume 5\% shrink} \rightarrow V_{FCE} = \frac{17,166 \text{ cy}}{0.95}$$

$$V_{FCE} = 18,069 \text{ cy}$$

$$\text{Say } V_{FCE} = \underline{18,400 \text{ cy}}$$

Final Cover (Clay)

$$V_{FCC} = 17,166 \text{ cy} \rightarrow \text{Assume 15\% shrink} \rightarrow V_{FCC} = \frac{17,166 \text{ cy}}{0.85}$$

$$V_{FCC} = 20,195 \text{ cy}$$

$$\text{Say } V_{FCC} = \underline{20,200 \text{ cy}}$$

STAGE E

$$A_E = A_{ES} - A_{EBS} \text{ (From GCL calcs)}$$

$$A_E = 2,319,495 - 1,901,788$$

$$A_E = 417,707 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_{berm} = P_E (W_{berm})$$

$$A_{berm} = (607 \text{ ft})(15 \text{ ft})$$

$$A_{berm} = 96,105 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_{slope} = A_E - A_{berm}$$

$$A_{slope} = 417,707 - 96,105$$

$$A_{slope} = 321,602 \text{ ft}^2$$

Correct for slope

$$A'_{slope} = (321,602 \text{ ft}^2)(1.054)$$

$$A'_{slope} = 338,998 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A'_{berm} = (96,105 \text{ ft}^2)(1.002)$$

$$A'_{berm} = 96,277 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A'_E = 435,276 \text{ ft}^2$$

Intermediate Cover

$$V_{int} = (435,276 \text{ ft}^2)(\frac{9}{12} \text{ ft})(\frac{1}{27})$$

$$V_{int} = 12,091 \text{ cy} \rightarrow \text{Assume 5\% shrink} \rightarrow V_{int} = \frac{12,091 \text{ cy}}{0.95}$$

$$V_{int} = 12,727 \text{ cy}$$

$$\text{Say } V_{int} = 12,800 \text{ cy}$$

Final Cover (Earth)

$$V_{FCE} = (435,276 \text{ ft}^2)(1 \text{ ft})(\frac{1}{27})$$

$$V_{FCE} = 16,121 \text{ cy} \rightarrow \text{Assume 5\% shrink} \rightarrow V_{FCE} = \frac{16,121 \text{ cy}}{0.95}$$

$$V_{FCE} = 16,969 \text{ cy}$$

$$\text{Say } V_{FCE} = 17,000 \text{ cy}$$

Final Cover (Clay)

$V_{FCC} = 16,121 \text{ cy} \rightarrow \text{Assume } 15\% \text{ shrink} \rightarrow V_{FCC} = \frac{16,121 \text{ cy}}{0.85}$

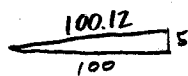
$V_{FCL} = 18,965 \text{ cy}$

Say $V_{FCL} = 19,000 \text{ cy}$

Top of Cells

$A = 1,901,788 \text{ ft}^2$ (From GCL calc's)

Correct for slope



$\frac{100}{100.12} = \frac{x}{w}$
 $w = 1.001x$

$A' = (1,901,788 \text{ ft}^2)(1.001)$

$A' = 1,904,164 \text{ ft}^2$

Intermediate Cover

~~$V_{int} = (1,904,164 \text{ ft}^2)(1/2 \text{ ft})(1/2)$~~

~~$V_{int} = 52,893 \text{ cy}$~~

~~$\rightarrow \text{Assume } 5\% \text{ shrink} \rightarrow$~~

~~$V_{int} = 55,677 \text{ cy}$~~

~~Say $V_{int} = 55,700 \text{ cy}$~~

Final Cover (Earth)

$V_{FCE} = (1,904,164 \text{ ft}^2)(1 \text{ ft})(1/2)$

$V_{FCE} = 70,525 \text{ cy} \rightarrow \text{Assume } 5\% \text{ shrink} \rightarrow V_{FCE} = 74,236 \text{ cy}$

Say $V_{FCE} = 74,300 \text{ cy}$

KIF DREDGE CELLS - COVER CALCULATIONS

SHEET

6

OF

COMPUTED

~~FHE~~

DATE

7/26/95

CHECKED

DATE

Top of Cell

Final Cover (Clay)

$$V_{FCC} = 70,525 \text{ CY} \rightarrow \text{Assume } 15\% \text{ shrink} \rightarrow V_{FCC} = 82,970 \text{ CY}$$

$$\text{Say } V_{FCC} = \underline{\underline{83,000 \text{ CY}}}$$

Kingston Foss: 1 Plant 7/19/95
Stacking (These are taken along & of berms.)

STAGE "A"

$$\text{Area} = 956692.0235 \text{ sq. ft.}$$

$$\text{Perimeter} = 2788.7273 \text{ sq. ft.}$$

STAGE "B"

$$\text{Area} = 884822.1486$$

$$\text{Perimeter} = 2765.6279$$

STAGE "C"

$$\text{"C1" Area} = 3059153.0925, \text{ Perimeter} = 7462.5821$$

$$\text{"C2" Area} = 2947312.1467, \text{ Perimeter} = 7366.9399$$

$$\text{"C3" Area} = 2764233.2111, \text{ Perimeter} = 7206.9723$$

STAGE "D"

$$\text{"D1" Area} = 2598725.9568, \text{ Perimeter} = 7063.8533$$

$$\text{"D2" Area} = 2493462.8802, \text{ Perimeter} = 6970.4499$$

$$\text{"D3" Area} = 2319494.6992, \text{ Perimeter} = 6807.4211$$

STAGE "E"

$$\text{"E1" Area} = 2164266.9839, \text{ Perimeter} = 6663.5236$$

$$\text{"E2" Area} = 2064888.0730, \text{ Perimeter} = 6568.8872$$

$$\text{"E3" Area} = 1901788.1894, \text{ Perimeter} = 6407.5628$$

842 — Area = 1901788.1894 Length = 6404.1475

844 — " = 1650512.2263 " = 6156.2354

846 — " = 1409766.6732 " = 5839.1773

848 — " = 1187363.3462 " = 5296.2759

848⁵⁰ — " = 983391.3284 " = 4879.9570

850² — " = 795449.4549 " = 4513.1974

852⁴ — " = 622196.7299 " = 4150.3713

~~854 — " = 622196.7299 " = 4150.3713~~

856 — " = 463208.4427 " = 3800.8689

858 — " = 318002.8380 " = 3460.7434

860 — " = 196209.6184 " = 2602.7697

862 — " = 105662.0462 " = 1921.7459

864 — " = 42772.5401 " = 1222.7294

866 — " = 5604.3642 " = 299.7218

**SUMMARY - KINGSTON DREDGE CELL DIKE STABILITY
CONSTRUCION OF DIKES WITH 100% FLY ASH**

We were asked to evaluate the stability of the dredge cell dikes should they be constructed with 100% fly ash. Construction to this date (el. 805.0) has been with a mixture of fly and bottom ash. An opportunity/need to market the bottom ash has been presented and the question asked of engineering "can this be done?"

Existing Plan:

Soil Parameters for the mixed dike material were obtained from undisturbed samples taken by Singleton in 1994 and used in developing the permit for the stack. These parameters are:

			Shear Strength						
Unit Weight (pcf)			Q		R		Rbar		
	moist	sat	c (tsf)	(deg)	c (tsf)	(deg)	c (tsf)	(deg)	
Mixed bottom ash/ fly ash	109.9	114.8	0.0	37.4	0.95	15.9	0.49	29.1	

The factor of safety for long term stability using these parameters is 1.75. The earthquake factor of safety is 1.17. These were presented to the state in the permit. Figure 1 shows the failure plan for this condition as analyzed using UTexas3.

Proposed Plan:

It was not necessary to submit fly ash sample for lab testing. In 1994 we had Singleton perform tri-axle testing on samples of Kingston's fly ash.

			Shear Strength						
Unit Weight (pcf)			Q		R		Rbar		
	moist	sat	c (tsf)	(deg)	c (tsf)	(deg)	c (tsf)	(deg)	
Fly ash (95% Standard Proctor)	99.9	106.8	1.04	23.7	0.19	17.9	0.27	28.3	25% moisture content

At face value the fly ash parameters are lighter in weight and weaker than the mixed ash. The analysis was performed by replacing these values for the previous values in the dike section above elevation 805.0, the current dike height. The factor of safety for

long term stability using these parameters is 1.80. The earthquake factor of safety remains the same at 1.17. Figure 2 shows the failure plan for this condition as analyzed using UTexas3.

Studying the difference between Figures 1 and 2 shows how the factor of safety went up slightly after substituting the apparently weaker material in the dikes. The weakest failure plane remains thru the base of the stack. The reduction in the cohesion values (mixed ash to fly ash) does not play a significant role in the stack's long term Factor of Safety. The lighter weight of the material applied at the upper driving wedge of the failure circle has the most influence in the static force computations to increase factor of safety. Had pure fly ash been used at the lower levels of the dredge cell construction there could have been a dramatic reduction in the factor of safety.

Consequently, we concur that it is acceptable to construct the remaining lifts of the dredge cell using fly ash compacted to at least 95% Standard Proctor density.

An increase in localized sloughing of the dikes is likely to occur. We expect this to be tolerable and to best be handled by daily inspections and rapid attention to small rills before they expand.

We understand the field forces will add clay to the mix to help reduce dusting.

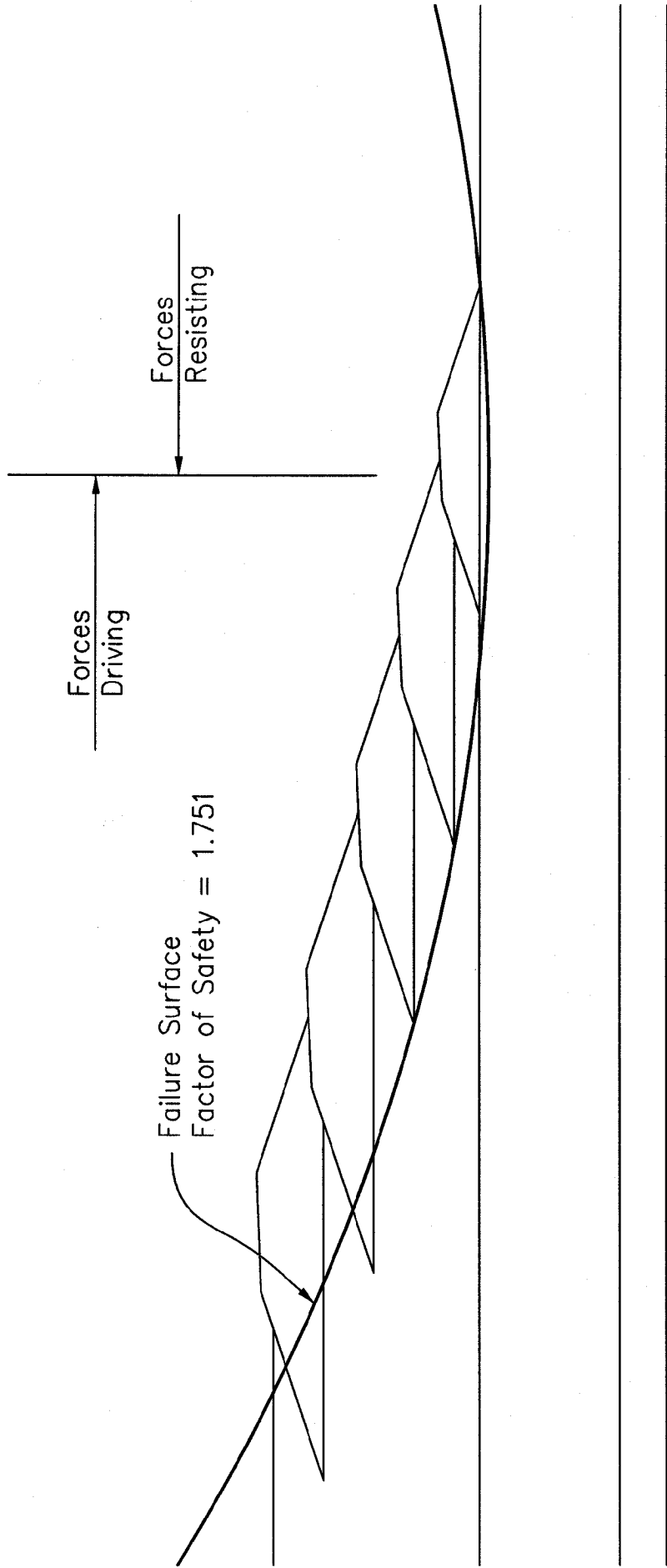


Figure 1 – Original Materials

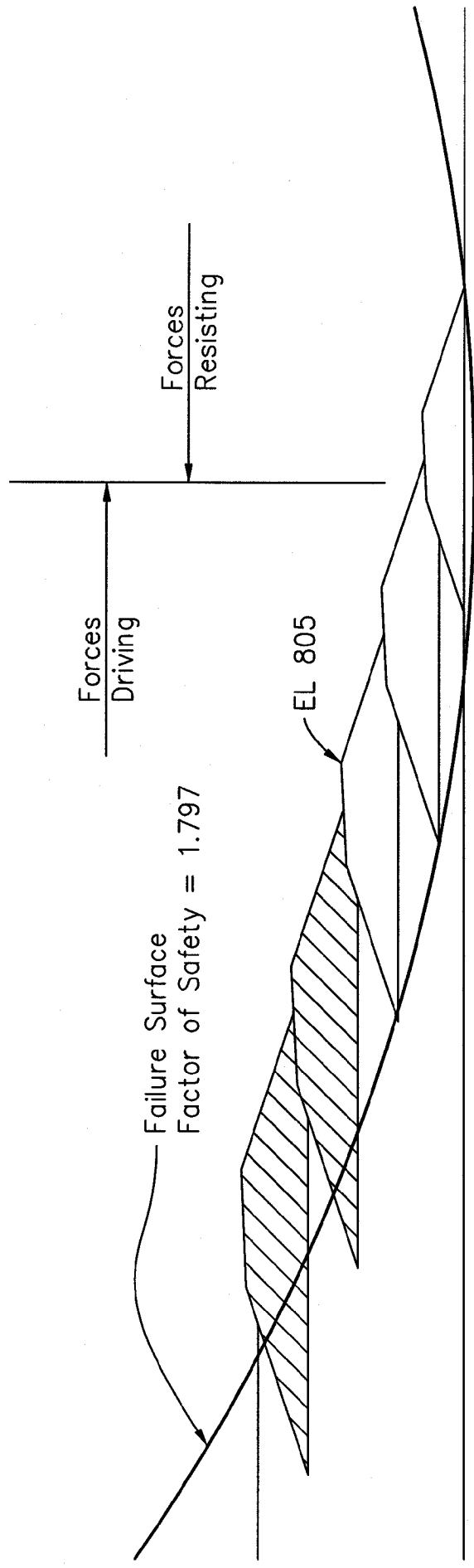


Figure 2 - Revised Materials

9-25-2001

HLP-KYR1.DAT

Factor of Safety - - - - - 1.002
 Side Force Inclination - - - - - -14.98
 Number of Iterations - - - - - 9

1 UTEXAS3 - VER. 1.200 - 12/16/92 - (C) 1985-1992 S. G. WRIGHT
 Date: 9:25:2001 Time: 13:54:38 Input file: HLP-KYR1.DAT
 KIF dredge cell design
 Spencer's Method
 Search for critical shear surface

FS FOR
DISPLACEMENT
COMPUTATIONS

*FOR HLP-TIC.DAT

Factor of Safety - - - - - 1.797
 Side Force Inclination - - - - - -9.97
 Number of Iterations - - - - - 22

1 UTEXAS3 - VER. 1.200 - 12/16/92 - (C) 1985-1992 S. G. WRIGHT
 Date: 9:24:2001 Time: 16:21: 3 Input file: hlp-tic.dat
 KIF dredge cell design
 Spencer's Method
 Search for critical shear surface

STATIC
LONG
TERM
F.S.

FOR HLP-SHT1.DAT

Factor of Safety - - - - - 3.204
 Side Force Inclination - - - - - -8.12
 Number of Iterations - - - - - 17

1 UTEXAS3 - VER. 1.200 - 12/16/92 - (C) 1985-1992 S. G. WRIGHT
 Date: 9:25:2001 Time: 10:47:19 Input file: HLP-sht1.dat
 KIF dredge cell design
 Spencer's Method
 Search for critical shear surface

SHORT TERM
FS

FOR HLP-MHEA.DAT

Factor of Safety - - - - - 1.167
 Side Force Inclination - - - - - -12.92
 Number of Iterations - - - - - 5

1 UTEXAS3 - VER. 1.200 - 12/16/92 - (C) 1985-1992 S. G. WRIGHT
 Date: 9:25:2001 Time: 11: 0:15 Input file: hlp-mhea.dat
 KIF dredge cell design
 Spencer's Method
 Search for critical shear surface

EARTHQUAKE
F.S.

9-25-2001

HLP-KYR1.DAT

Factor of Safety - - - - - 1.002
 Side Force Inclination - - - - - -14.98
 Number of Iterations - - - - - 9

1 UTEXAS3 - VER. 1.200 - 12/16/92 - (C) 1985-1992 S. G. WRIGHT
 Date: 9:25:2001 Time: 13:54:38 Input file: HLP-KYR1.DAT
 KIF dredge cell design
 Spencer's Method
 Search for critical shear surface

FS FOR
DISPLACEMENT
COMPUTATIONS

*FOR HLP-TIC.DAT

Factor of Safety - - - - - 1.797
 Side Force Inclination - - - - - -9.97
 Number of Iterations - - - - - 22

1 UTEXAS3 - VER. 1.200 - 12/16/92 - (C) 1985-1992 S. G. WRIGHT
 Date: 9:24:2001 Time: 16:21: 3 Input file: hlp-tic.dat
 KIF dredge cell design
 Spencer's Method
 Search for critical shear surface

STATIC
LONG
TERM
F.S.

FOR HLP-SHT1.DAT

Factor of Safety - - - - - 3.204
 Side Force Inclination - - - - - -8.12
 Number of Iterations - - - - - 17

1 UTEXAS3 - VER. 1.200 - 12/16/92 - (C) 1985-1992 S. G. WRIGHT
 Date: 9:25:2001 Time: 10:47:19 Input file: HLP-sht1.dat
 KIF dredge cell design
 Spencer's Method
 Search for critical shear surface

SHORT TERM
F.S.

FOR HLP-MHEA.DAT

Factor of Safety - - - - - 1.167
 Side Force Inclination - - - - - -12.92
 Number of Iterations - - - - - 5

1 UTEXAS3 - VER. 1.200 - 12/16/92 - (C) 1985-1992 S. G. WRIGHT
 Date: 9:25:2001 Time: 11: 0:15 Input file: hlp-mhea.dat
 KIF dredge cell design
 Spencer's Method
 Search for critical shear surface

EARTHQUAKE
F.S.

DIKE CONSTRUCTION /DREDGE OPERATIONS SEQUENCE

DIKE CONSTRUCTION (BOTTOM ASH)

LIFTS BY LAYER DESIGNATION:

A	B	B	C1	C2	C2	C2	C3	C3	D1	D2	D3	D3	E1	E1	E2	E3	STORE
B	C1	C2	C3	D1	D2	D3	E1	E2	E3	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE

1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------



CELLS 1 & 3	A	B	A	B	B	C1	C1	C1	C2	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	D1	D2	D2	D2	D3	D3	D3	D3	E1	E2	E2	E3	E3	E3	STORE
A	B	C1	C1	C2	C2	C3	D1	D2	D3	D3	E1	E2	E3	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE	STORE

DREDGE OPERATIONS (FLY ASH)

KIF DREDGE CELL
 CHRONOLOGY FOR DIKE CONSTRUCTION
 AND DREDGING

Sheet 1 of

Computed:
 Checked:

BKE

Date: 7/20/95

Date:

YEAR	BOT. ASH PROD. (CY)	DIKE STAGE	B. A. REQD FOR DIKE (CY)	YEAR	FLY ASH PROD. (CY)	DREDGE STAGE	VOL. AVAIL. FOR F. A. (CY)
Present	131,000	A	135,000	Present	281,823	CELLS 1&3	531,600
1996	70,864	A	4,000	1996	291,557	A	332,300
		B	160,000				
1997	70,176	B	93,136	1997	288,724	A	290,520
1998	71,535	B	22,960	1998	294,317	B	356,800
		C1	101,752				
1999	71,482	C1	53,177	1999	294,099	B	64,279
		C2	99,761	2000	290,830	C1	587,497
2000	70,688	C2	81,456				
2001	69,858	C2	10,678	2001	287,416	C1	66,847
		C3	156,652	2002	297,295	C2	565,065
2002	72,259	C3	97,562				
2003	72,347	C3	25,303	2003	297,658	C2	47,201
		D1	96,312	2004	297,222	C3	517,696
2004	72,241	D1	49,268			D1	495,131
		D2	94,385				
2005	72,771	D2	71,412	2005	299,401	D1	465,148
		D3	147,958	2006	303,905	D2	466,758
2006	73,866	D3	146,599				
2007	74,431	D3	72,733	2007	306,229	D2	328,600
		E1	90,859	2008	311,459	D3	429,137
2008	75,702	E1	89,161				
2009	74,625	E1	13,459	2009	307,028	D3	140,049
		E2	88,955	2010	307,246	E1	407,978
2010	74,678	E2	27,789			E2	381,426
		E3	139,285				
2011	74,678	E3	92,396	2011	307,246	E2	315,179
2012	74,678	E3	17,718	2012	307,246	E3	345,826
		STORE*	56,960				
2013	74,678	STORE*	74,678	2013	307,246	E3	46,513
2014	74,678	STORE*	74,678	2014	307,246	STORE*	567,979
TOTAL TO BE STORED*:			206,316				567,979

* EXCESS ASH TO BE DREDGED/SLUICED INTO A FUTURE ADJACENT CELL AND DRIED FOR STACKING ON TOP OF THE DREDGE CELLS. CELLS WILL BE CAPPED AT END OF FISCAL YEAR 2014.

STAGE A

<u>ELEVATION</u>	<u>AREA (IN²)</u>	<u>*AREA (FT²)</u>	<u>VOLUME (YD³)</u>
768	66.12	741,970	54,960
770	66.12	741,970	56,590
772	70.03	785,850	59,370
774	72.83	817,270	62,590
776	77.77	872,710	65,560
778	79.98	897,510	
			<u>299,100 CY</u>

STAGE B

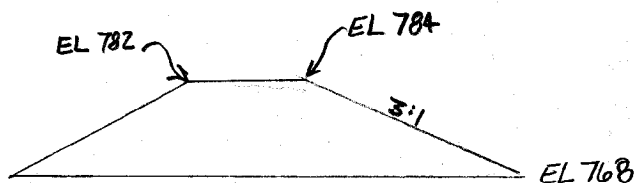
778	57.84	649,020	48,710
780	59.37	666,230	50,650
782	62.49	701,240	52,970
784	64.97	729,070	54,750
786	66.76	749,160	56,230
788	68.54	769,130	57,770
790	70.45	790,560	

321,110 CY

Assume 10% shrinkage during consolidation.

$VOL_A = 332,300 \text{ CY}$ $VOL_B = 356,800 \text{ CY}$

* Areas taken from a 1" = 105.93' scale map.

STAGE AX-Section Area

$$A = 2\left[\frac{1}{2}(42)(14)\right] + 30(14) + \frac{1}{2}(30)(2) + \frac{1}{2}(6)(2)$$

$$A = 588 + 420 + 30 + 6$$

$$A = 1044 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$V = AL$$

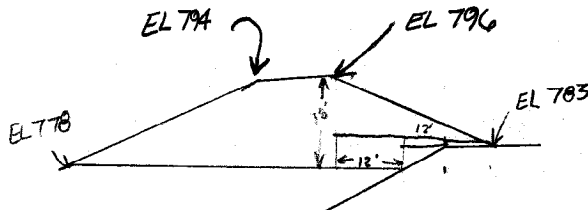
$$V = (1044 \text{ ft}^2)(2786.04 \text{ ft})$$

$$V = 107,730 \text{ CY}$$

Assume 20% shrink

$$V = \frac{107,730}{0.80}$$

$$V = 135,000 \text{ CY}$$

STAGE B

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(48)(16) + 30(16) + \frac{1}{2}(30)(2) + \frac{1}{2}(39)(13) + \frac{1}{2}(15)(1) + \frac{1}{2}(12)(4) + 12(1) + 12(5)$$

$$A = 384 + 480 + 30 + 253.5 + 7.5 + 24 + 12 + 60$$

$$A = 1251 \text{ ft}^2$$

Assume 20% shrink

$$V = (1251 \text{ ft}^2)(2761.16 \text{ ft})$$

$$V = \frac{127,930 \text{ CY}}{0.80}$$

$$V = 127,930 \text{ CY}$$

$$V = 160,000 \text{ CY}$$

KIF DREDGE CELL
STORAGE VOLUME (TOP OF STACK)

Sheet 1 of

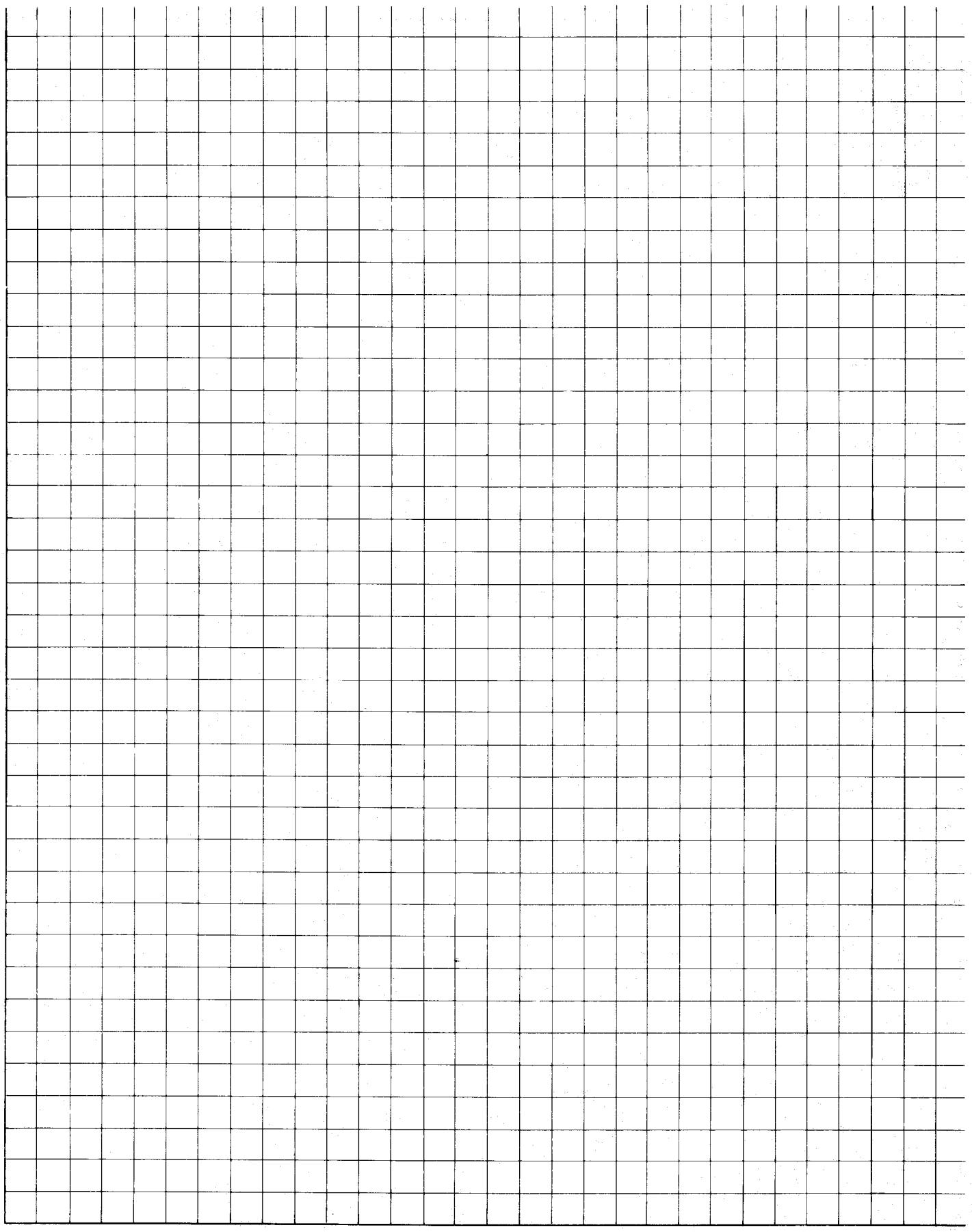
Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 7/21/95
Date:

ELEVATION (ft MSL)	AREA (ft ²)	VOLUME (CY)
840	1,901,788	131,567
842	1,650,512	113,344
844	1,409,767	96,190
846	1,187,363	80,398
848	983,391	65,883
850	795,449	52,505
852	622,197	40,200
854	463,208	28,934
856	318,003	19,045
858	196,209	11,180
860	105,662	5,498
862	42,773	1,792
864	5,604	
	TOTAL	646,536

Assume 15% shrink

Total = 760,630



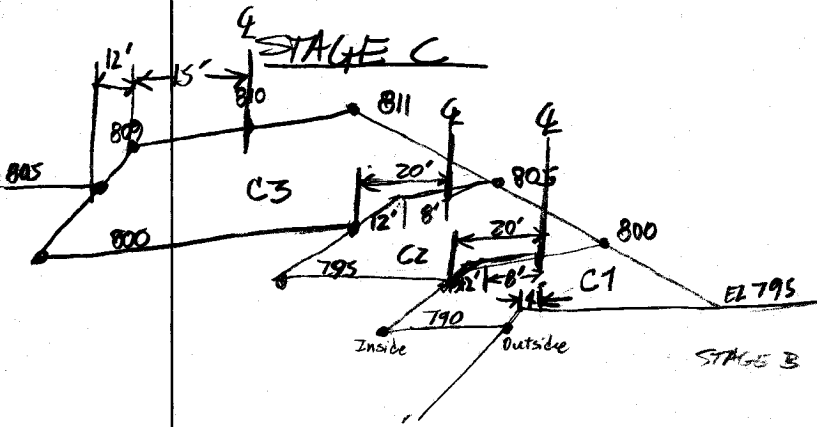
KIF DREDGE CELL - STORAGE VOLUME
(FLY ASH)

SHEET 1 OF

COMPUTED BKE DATE 7/19/95

CHECKED _____ DATE _____

See attached sheet from GCL containing areas & perimeters calculated via AutoCAD. See cross-section plots for geometry



A_{c1} = area at Q of stock C1
 P_{c1} = perm.

To get area at elevation 790, take area at Q of C1 and subtract area between el. of Q & el. 790

790 outside

$$A_{790} = A_{c1} - P_{c1}(4)$$

$$A_{790} = 3,059,153 - (7463)(4)$$

$$A_{790} = 3,029,301 \text{ ft}^2$$

Inside

$$A_{790} = A_{c2} - P_{c2}(20)$$

$$A_{790} = 2,947,312 - (7366)(20)$$

$$A_{790} = 2,799,992 \text{ ft}^2$$

795

$$A_{795} = A_{c2} - P_{c2}(5)$$

$$A_{795} = 2,947,312 - (7366)(5)$$

$$A_{795} = 2,910,477$$

$$A_{795} = A_{c3} - P_{c3}(10)$$

$$A_{795} = 2,764,233 - (7207)(10)$$

$$A_{795} = 2,692,163$$

800

$$A_{800} = A_{c3} + P_{c3}(5)$$

$$A_{800} = 2,764,233 + 7207(5)$$

$$A_{800} = 2,800,268$$

$$A_{800} = A_{c3} - P_{c3}(42)$$

$$A_{800} = 2,764,233 - (7207)(42)$$

$$A_{800} = 2,461,539$$

805

$$A_{805} = A_{c1} - P_{c1}(4)$$

$$A_{805} = 2,598,726 - 7064(4)$$

$$A_{805} = 2,570,470$$

$$A_{805} = A_{c2} - P_{c2}(20)$$

$$A_{805} = 2,493,463 - 6970(20)$$

$$A_{805} = 2,354,063$$

TVA 11030 (WM-7-75)

810

$$AO_{810} = A_{D2} - P_{D2}(5)$$

$$AO_{810} = 2,493,463 - 6970(5)$$

$$AO_{810} = 2,458,613$$

$$AI_{810} = A_{D3} - P_{D3}(10)$$

$$AI_{810} = 2,319,495 - 6807(10)$$

$$AI_{810} = 2,251,425$$

815

$$AO_{815} = A_{D3} + P_{D3}(5)$$

$$AO_{815} = 2,319,495 + 6807(5)$$

$$AO_{815} = 2,285,460$$

$$AI_{815} = A_{D3} - P_{D3}(42)$$

$$AI_{815} = 2,319,495 - 6807(42)$$

$$AI_{815} = 2,033,601$$

820

$$AO_{820} = A_{E1} - P_{E1}(4)$$

$$AO_{820} = 2,164,267 - 6664(4)$$

$$AO_{820} = 2,137,611$$

$$AI_{820} = A_{E2} - P_{E2}(20)$$

$$AI_{820} = 2,064,888 - 6569(20)$$

$$AI_{820} = 1,933,508$$

825

$$AO_{825} = A_{E2} - P_{E2}(5)$$

$$AO_{825} = 2,064,888 - 6569(5)$$

$$AO_{825} = 2,032,043$$

$$AI_{825} = A_{E3} - P_{E3}(10)$$

$$AI_{825} = 1,901,788 - 6408(10)$$

$$AI_{825} = 1,837,708$$

830

$$AO_{830} = A_{E3} + P_{E3}(5)$$

$$AO_{830} = 1,901,788 + 6408(5)$$

$$AO_{830} = 1,869,748$$

$$AI_{830} = A_{E3} - P_{E3}(42)$$

$$AI_{830} = 1,901,788 - 6408(42)$$

$$AI_{830} = 1,632,652$$

835

$$AO_{835} = A_{E3} - P_{E3}(27)$$

$$AO_{835} = 1,901,788 - 6408(27)$$

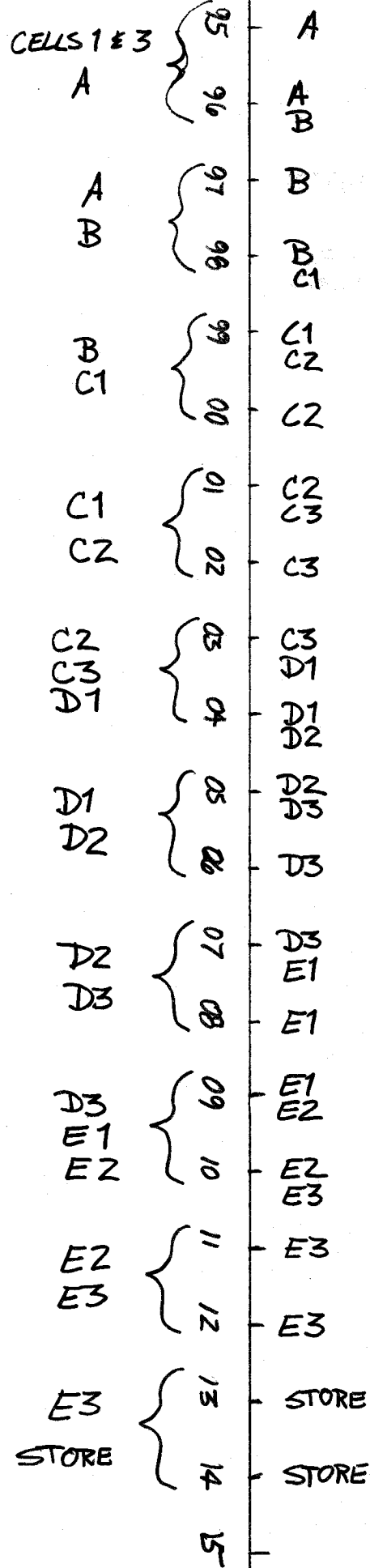
$$AO_{835} = 1,728,772$$

<u>YR</u>	<u>FA PROD.</u>	<u>BA PROD</u>	<u>DIKE STAGE</u>	<u>BA Req'd for DiKe</u>	<u>Dodge Storage</u>	<u>Vol. for FlyAsh</u>
↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓
Present	281,823	131,000*	A	135,000	Cells 1+3	531,600
1996	291,557	70,864	A	4,000	"	(41,780)
			B	160,000		
1997	288,724	70,176	B	93,136		
1998	294,317	71,535	B	22,960		
			C1	101,752		
1999	294,099	71,482	C1	53,177		
			C2	99,761		
2000	290,830	70,688	C2	81,456		
2001	287,416	69,858	C2	10,678		
			C3	156,652		
2002	297,295	72,259	C3	97,562		
2003	297,658	72,347	C3	25,303		
			D1	96,312		
2004						

* Includes 63,000 CY presently stored in cell **Z**.

DREDGE OPERATIONS

DIKE CONSTRUCTION



KIF DREDGE CELL
TOE DRAINAGE SYSTEM
QUANTITY CALCULATIONS

Sheet 1 of 7

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 7/28/95
Date:

LIFT	PERIMETER (ft)	# OUTLETS	6" DIA PERF. HDPE (ft)	6" DIA NON-PERF. HDPE (ft)	6" DIA TEE SECTIONS (EA)	#1081 CR STONE (tons)	FILTER FABRIC* (sf)
A	2,786	14	3276 2,786 3251	910 1,400 1330	14	481 590	20,895
B	2,761	14	2,761 8793	1,820 1330	14	476	20,708
C1	7,463	38	7,463 8662	2,660 740	38	1287	55,973
C2	7,367	37	7,367 8502	2,035 1295	37	1271	55,253
C3	7,207	37	7,207 8324	2,590 1260	37	1243	54,053
D1	7,064	36	7,064 8195	2,520 700	36	1219	52,980
D2	6,970	35	6,970 8032	1,925 1225	35	1202	52,275
D3	6,807	35	6,807 7854	2,450 1190	35	1174	51,053
E1	6,664	34	6,664 7724	2,380 660	34	1150	49,980
E2	6,569	33	6,569 7563	1,815 1155	33	1133	49,268
E3	6,408	33	6,408 80,176	2,310 11,795	33	1105	48,060
		TOTALS	58,006	23,905	346	11,741	510,495

* Trevira Spunbound Type 1135 non-woven, needlepunched geotextile specified in the plans.

** Revised to account for 35 feet of perforated HDPE extending as lateral pipes from the drain to connect with non-perforated HDPE.

KIF DREDGE CELL
 DIKE BASE REINFORCEMENT
 QUANTITY CALCULATIONS

Sheet 1 of 1

Computed:
 Checked:

BKE

Date: 7/31/95
 Date:

LIFT	PERIMETER (ft)	WIDTH (ft)	# ROLLS WIDE	# ROLLS LONG	# ROLLS REQUIRED
A	2,786	120	7	9	63
B	2,761	90	6	9	54
C1	7,463	31	2	25	50
C2	7,367	30	2	24	48
C3	7,207	47	3	24	72
D1	7,064	31	2	23	46
D2	6,970	30	2	23	46
D3	6,807	47	3	22	66
E1	6,664	31	2	22	44
E2	6,569	30	2	22	44
E3	6,408	47	3	21	63
TOTALS			34	224	596

NOTE: SYNTHETIC INDUSTRIES TYPE 300 ST WOVEN SLIT FILM GEOTEXTILE
 ASSUMED. ROLL DIMENSIONS ARE 17.5' X 309'.

g
 (500 sq ft per
 roll of 300ST)

KIF DREDGE CELL
COVER DRAINAGE SYSTEM (OPTION B)
QUANTITY CALCULATIONS

Sheet 1 of 1

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 7/31/95
Date:

LIFT	PERIMETER (ft)	# OUTLETS	4" DIA PERF. HDPE (ft)	CONCRETE COLLARS* (ea)	#1081 CR STONE** (tons)
A	2,786	8	2,786	14	772
B	2,761	8	2,761	14	765
C3	7,207	14	7,207	28	1997
D3	6,807	13	6,807	26	1887
E3	6,408	13	6,408	26	1776
		TOTALS	25,969	108	7,197

* Collars are ^{36"}12" x 12" x 3" with no steel.

** Assumed weight of 115 pcf.

KIF DREDGE CELL
RIPRAP
QUANTITY CALCULATIONS

Sheet 1 of 1

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 8/03/95
Date:

LIFT	DOWNDRAIN LENGTH (ft)	VOLUME FOR DOWNDRAINS (ft ³)	# OF ENERGY DISSIPATORS	VOLUME FOR EN. DIS.	WEIGHT** (tons)
A	540	4,860	1	315	298
B	480	4,320	0	0	248
C	1,390	12,510	7	2,205	846
D	780	7,020	0	0	404
E	780	7,020	0	0	404
				TOTAL	2,199

** Assumed unit weight of 115 pcf.

KIF DREDGE CELL
COVER SYSTEM (OPTION A)
QUANTITY CALCULATIONS

Sheet 1 of 1

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 7/31/95
Date:

LIFT	INT. EARTH COVER (9") (CY)	FIN. CLAY COVER (12")* (CY)	FIN. EARTH COVER (12") (CY)
A	4,200	29,700	31,100
B	5,050	7,500	6,650
C	13,900	20,700	18,500
D	13,500	20,200	18,100
E	12,800	19,000	17,000
TOP	55,700	83,000	74,300
TOTAL	105,150	180,100	165,650

* COMPACTED TO ACHIEVE HYD. CONDUCTIVITY OF 1×10^{-7} CM/SEC.

KIF DREDGE CELL
COVER SYSTEM (OPTION B)
QUANTITY CALCULATIONS

Sheet 1 of 1

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 7/31/95
Date:

LIFT	INT. EARTH COVER (9") (CY)	GCL* (ft^2)	GEONET** (ft^2)	FIN. EARTH COVER (12") (CY)
A	4,200	185,000	185,000	31,100
B	5,050	170,000	170,000	6,650
C	13,900	473,000	473,000	18,500
D	13,500	464,000	464,000	18,100
E	12,800	436,000	436,000	17,000
TOP	55,700	1,905,000	1,905,000	74,300
TOTAL	105,150	3,633,000	3,633,000	165,650

* CLAYMAX 500 SP OR EQUIVALENT.

** GUNDLE FABRINET OR EQUIVALENT.

KIF ASH POND
 TOTAL VOLUME REQ'D FOR CLOSURE

Computed: BKE
 Checked:

Date: 8/08/95
 Date:

ELEVATION (ft MSL)	AREA (in^2)	AREA (ft^2)	VOLUME (CY)
758	103.31	4,132,400	295,600
760	96.22	3,848,800	268,430
762	84.97	3,398,800	233,926
764	72.93	2,917,200	195,481
766	59.02	2,360,800	155,156
768	45.71	1,828,400	114,000
770	31.24	1,249,600	75,052
772	19.42	776,800	46,356
774	11.87	474,800	26,844
776	6.25	250,000	12,711
778	2.33	93,200	4,548
780	0.74	29,600	1,437
782	0.23	9,200	370
784	0.02	800	

TOTAL 1,429,911

+ 71,496 (5% Shrink)

1,501,407

Volume For Cap

1,501,407

- 1,191,026

310,381 CY

KIF ASH POND
 VOLUME REQ'D FOR FINAL GRADE MINUS TWO FEET

Sheet 1 of 1

Computed: BKE
 Checked:

Date: 8/08/95
 Date:

ELEVATION (ft MSL)	AREA (in^2)	AREA (ft^2)	VOLUME (CY)
758	96.22	3,848,800	268,430
760	84.97	3,398,800	233,926
762	72.93	2,917,200	195,481
764	59.02	2,360,800	155,156
766	45.71	1,828,400	114,000
768	31.24	1,249,600	75,052
770	19.42	776,800	46,356
772	11.87	474,800	26,844
774	6.25	250,000	12,711
776	2.33	93,200	4,548
778	0.74	29,600	1,437
780	0.23	9,200	370
782	0.02	800	

TOTAL 1,134,311

+ 56,715 (5% shrink)
1,191,026

STAGE

	A	B	C	D	E	UNIT
CHANNEL (C 3x4.1 MIN)	42	36	36	48	44	LF
ANGLE (L 3x3x 3/4 MIN)	20	16	16	24	20	LF
STEEL PLATE (1/4" MIN)	114	-	114	-	114	LB
48" φ CMP	11	6	10	8	12	LF
30" φ CMP "Cross" Section	1	-	1	-	1	EA
30" φ CMP "Tee" Section	-	-	1	-	1	EA
30" φ CMP	312	12	134	16	62	LF
2" x 6" BOARD	96	96	80	128	96	LF

Plates

Bottom of 48" φ 1/2 pipe
 $A = \frac{\pi r^2}{2}$
 $A = \frac{\pi (24)^2}{2}$
 $A = 6.283 \text{ ft}^2$
 $V = (6.283 \text{ ft}^2) \times (1/4 \text{ in}) \times (1/12 \text{ in})$
 $V = 0.1309 \text{ ft}^3$

Assume $\gamma_{STEEL} = 490 \text{ lb/ft}^3$

$W = \gamma V$
 $W = (490 \text{ lb/ft}^3) \times (0.1309 \text{ ft}^3)$
 $W = 64 \text{ lb}$

Bottom of 30" φ pipe
 $A = \frac{\pi r^2}{2}$
 $A = \pi (1.25 \text{ ft})^2$
 $A = 4.909 \text{ ft}^2$
 $V = (4.909 \text{ ft}^2) \times (1/48 \text{ ft})$
 $V = 0.1023 \text{ ft}^3$

$W = (490 \text{ lb/ft}^3) \times (0.1023 \text{ ft}^3)$
 $W = 50 \text{ lb}$

KIF Dredge Cell - Qty Calculation for
geotextile reinforcement for Stage A

SHEET _____ OF _____

COMPUTED BKE DATE 6/2/95

CHECKED _____ DATE _____



Synthetic Industries Type 300 ST slit film woven geotextile was specified in the plans. This comes in rolls of 17.5' x 309'.

of rolls wide

$$n_w = \frac{\text{width of area}}{\text{width of roll}}$$

$$n_w = \frac{120'}{17.5'} = 6.8$$

Say 7 rolls wide (=122.5')

of rolls in length

$$n_l = \frac{\text{length of area}}{\text{length of roll}}$$

$$n_l = \frac{2786.04'}{309'} = 9.02$$

$$n_l = 9$$

$$\text{Total} = (n_w)(n_l)$$

$$\text{Total} = (7)(9) = 63$$

Say 65 rolls needed

SUBJECT STAGE A PARTNER QTY'SPROJECT KIF DREDGE CELLSCOMPUTED BY BKEDATE 8/9/95

CHECKED BY

DATE

NO.	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	PRICE	AMOUNT	TOTAL
	<u>Base Preparation</u>					
	Stripping (6" from surface)	6200	CY			
	Woven Slit Film Geotextile (Synthetic Ind. Type 300ST)	57,200	SY			
	<u>Toe Drain System</u>					
	6" ϕ Perforated HDPE pipe	2,800	LF			
	6" ϕ Non-perforated HDPE pipe	1,400	LF			
	6" ϕ HDPE "Tee" section	14	EA			
	#1081 Crushed Stone	480	TN			
	Filter fabric (Trenva Spunbond Type 1135 Non-woven, Needlepunched)	2,325	SY			
	<u>Cover System (Option B)</u>					
	9" Intermediate earth cover	4,200	CY			
	Geosynthetic Clay Liner (Gymax 500SP or equiv)	30,000	SY			
	Geonet (Gundle Fibrinet or equiv)	30,000	SY			
	12" Clay Cover (Ditch Area)	23,500	CY			
	12" Final Earth cover	31,100	CY			
	Seed/Mulch	90,000	SY			
	<u>Spillway/Skimmer</u>					
	Spillway (See Dwg 10W425-12)	1	EA			
	<u>Cover Drainage System</u>					
	4" ϕ Perforated HDPE pipe	2,800	LF			
	Concrete Collars (36"x12"x3")	14	EA			
	#1081 Crushed Stone	775	TN			
	Riprap	300	TN			

KIF DREDGE CELL
RIPRAP
QUANTITY CALCULATIONS

Sheet 1 of 1

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 8/03/95
Date:

LIFT	DOWNDRAIN LENGTH (ft)	VOLUME FOR DOWNDRAINS (ft ³)	# OF ENERGY DISSIPATORS	VOLUME FOR EN. DIS.	WEIGHT** (tons)
A	540	4,860	1	315	298
B	480	4,320	0	0	248
C	1,390	12,510	7	2,205	846
D	780	7,020	0	0	404
E	780	7,020	0	0	404
				TOTAL	2,199

** Assumed unit weight of 115 pcf.

KIF DREDGE CELL
 CHRONOLOGY FOR DIKE CONSTRUCTION
 AND DREDGING

Sheet 1 of

Computed:
 Checked:

BKE

Date: 7/20/95
 Date:

YEAR	BOT. ASH PROD. (CY)	DIKE STAGE	B. A. REQD FOR DIKE (CY)	YEAR	FLY ASH PROD. (CY)	DREDGE STAGE	VOL. AVAIL. FOR F. A. (CY)
Present	131,000	A	135,000	Present	281,823	CELLS 1&3	531,600
1996	70,864	A	4,000	1996	291,557	A	332,300
		B	160,000				
1997	70,176	B	93,136	1997	288,724	A	290,520
1998	71,535	B	22,960	1998	294,317	B	356,800
		C1	101,752				
1999	71,482	C1	53,177	1999	294,099	B	64,279
		C2	99,761	2000	290,830	C1	587,497
2000	70,688	C2	81,456				
2001	69,858	C2	10,678	2001	287,416	C1	66,847
		C3	156,652	2002	297,295	C2	565,065
2002	72,259	C3	97,562				
2003	72,347	C3	25,303	2003	297,658	C2	47,201
		D1	96,312	2004	297,222	C3	517,696
2004	72,241	D1	49,268			D1	495,131
		D2	94,385				
2005	72,771	D2	71,412	2005	299,401	D1	465,148
		D3	147,958	2006	303,905	D2	466,758
2006	73,866	D3	146,599				
2007	74,431	D3	72,733	2007	306,229	D2	328,600
		E1	90,859	2008	311,459	D3	429,137
2008	75,702	E1	89,161				
2009	74,625	E1	13,459	2009	307,028	D3	140,049
		E2	88,955	2010	307,246	E1	407,978
2010	74,678	E2	27,789			E2	381,426
		E3	139,285				
2011	74,678	E3	92,396	2011	307,246	E2	315,179
2012	74,678	E3	17,718	2012	307,246	E3	345,826
		STORE*	56,960				
2013	74,678	STORE*	74,678	2013	307,246	E3	46,513
2014	74,678	STORE*	74,678	2014	307,246	STORE*	567,979
TOTAL TO BE STORED*:			206,316				567,979

* EXCESS ASH TO BE DREDGED/SLUICED INTO A FUTURE ADJACENT CELL AND DRIED FOR STACKING ON TOP OF THE DREDGE CELLS. CELLS WILL BE CAPPED AT END OF FISCAL YEAR 2014.

KIF Ash Pond Area Closure - Fill Qty's

0.51

SHEET

OF

COMPUTED

DATE

CHECKED

DATE

Assume Fly ash will be sluiced to elevation 758' over the entire pond area.

Areas by planimeter

Final Cover

Final Cover	EL (ft)	Area (in ²)	Area (ft ²)
	758	103.31	3.11 + 11.50 + 15.25 + 17.06 + 17.33 + 17.92 + 12.57 + 8.57
	760	96.22	- (Difference from 758) -(0.40 + 1.01 + 1.02 + 1.03 + 0.90 + 1.33 + 0.90 + 0.50)
	762	84.97	-(1.02 + 1.52 + 1.55 + 1.55 + 1.44 + 1.52 + 1.45 + 1.20)
	764	72.93	-(1.23 + 1.81 + 1.83 + 1.76 + 1.74 + 1.83 + 1.55 + 1.01 + 0.52) + 1.24
	766	59.02	-(0.92 + 2.02 + 2.15 + 2.05 + 2.15 + 2.24 + 1.85 + 1.33 + 1.24) + 0.44
	768	45.71	-(2.12 + 2.13 + 2.23 + 2.25 + 2.56 + 1.94 + 1.32) + 1.24
	770	31.24	-(2.45 + 2.44 + 2.44 + 2.44 + 2.74 + 2.02 + 1.20) + 1.24
	772	19.42	-(2.08 + 2.10 + 2.02 + 2.04 + 2.21 + 1.62 + 0.99) + 1.24
	774	11.87	-(0.86 + 1.73 + 1.94 + 2.02 + 1.71 + 1.23 + 0.10) + 1.24
	776	6.25	-(1.04 + 1.60 + 1.89 + 1.49 + 0.84) + 1.24
	778	2.33	-(0.81 + 1.24 + 1.49 + 1.22 + 0.40) + 1.24
	780	0.74	-(0.45 + 0.72 + 1.00 + 0.62 + 0.04) + 1.24
	782	0.23	-(0.33 + 0.58 + 0.42) + 0.82
	784	0.02	

TVA 11030 (WM-7-75)

<u>Well #</u>	<u>Plant Coords</u>		<u>TN Coords</u>	
	<u>N</u>	<u>W</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>E</u>
4B	6144	2407	558,118	2,440,564
6A	4296	1568 E	554,403	2,442,891
13B	3104	734	554,657	2,440,311
16A	4008	2787	556,533	2,439,082

Plant Origin

N 551,654.16
E 2,439,236.03

Angle
N 33° 00' 00" E

Young, S.G., R. Schmidt-Petersen, M. Arkeny and D.B. Stephens, 1993 "Physical and Hydraulic Properties of Fly-Ash and Other By-Products From Coal Combustion," EPRI Report TR-101999, Project 2485-05.

KIF DREDGE CELL
TERRACE DITCH CAPACITY CALC'S

Comp by: BKE
Chkd by:

Date: 08/03/95
Date:

Manning's Equation

$$A \cdot R^{(2/3)} \quad Q \cdot n / \phi \cdot S_o^{(1/2)}$$

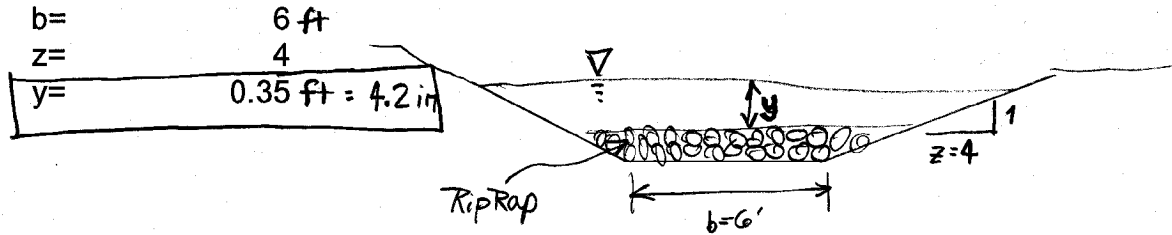
n= 0.04

S_o= 0.33

Q= 24.2 cfs

phi= 1.49

1.138655 1.130921



These calc's are for a 25-yr, 30 min storm event using Rational Method for a 6 acre area with C=1.0 (We are using a GCL, so assume all of runoff goes to ditch).

KIF DREDGE CELL
TERRACE DITCH CAPACITY CALC'S

Comp by: BKE
Chkd by:

Date: 08/03/95
Date:

Manning's Equation

$$A \cdot R^{(2/3)} \quad Q \cdot n / \phi \cdot S_o^{(1/2)}$$

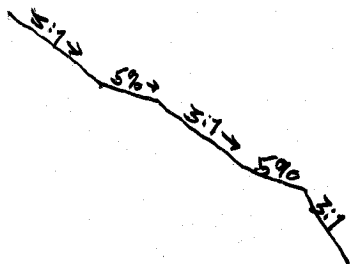
n= 0.04
So= 0.05
Q= 24.2
phi= 1.49

2.913577 2.905388

b= 6
z= 4

y= 0.59 $\frac{6}{4}$ = 7.1 in

These calc's are the same as previous page except slope is 5%, which models the terrace ditch at the berm. Depth will be greater here due to lesser slope.



KIF DREDGE CELL
TERRACE DITCH CAPACITY CALC'S

Comp by: BKE
Chkd by:

Date: 08/03/95
Date:

Manning's Equation

		$A \cdot R^{(2/3)}$	$Q \cdot n / \phi \cdot S_o^{(1/2)}$
n=	0.04		
S _o =	0.05	4.205895	4.205609
Q=	35.03 cfs		
phi=	1.49		

b= 6 ft
z= 4

y= 0.719 ft = 8.6 in

These calc's are for the bottom of the stack, taking into account the runoff from the top, stage C slope, stage D slope, & stage E slope.

For slopes

$$Q = CIA$$

$$Q = 1.0 (4.0 \text{ in/hr}) (600 \text{ ft}) (65 \text{ ft}) \left(\frac{1 \text{ ft}}{2 \text{ in}}\right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ hr}}{3600 \text{ sec}}\right)$$

$$Q = 3.61 \text{ cfs}$$

$$Q_{\text{total}} = \underset{\text{top}}{24.2 \text{ cfs}} + \underset{\text{slopes}}{3(3.61 \text{ cfs})}$$

$$Q_{\text{total}} = 35.03 \text{ cfs}$$

The largest drainage area on the top of the stack is 6.0 acres. Using Tech Paper 40, assume a 25yr, 30 minute storm event (4.0 in/hr). Use Rational Method to estimate runoff from the area ($Q = CIA$)

$(1.0) \times (261,360 \text{ ft}^2) \times \left(\frac{1 \text{ hr}}{3600 \text{ sec}}\right)$
 $= 21,780 \text{ ft}^3$

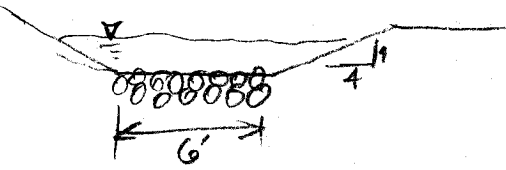
Assume $C = 1.00$ (Roberson et al. recommends a value of 0.17 to 0.25 for grass covered clay soils on a 2% to 8% slope) This area will be underlain by a GCL, so more runoff will be produced out the ditch (from the surface and from the perforated down pipes in the ditch)

$$Q = CIA$$

$$Q = (1.0) \times (4.0 \text{ in/hr}) \times (261,360 \text{ ft}^2) \times \left(\frac{1 \text{ ft}}{12 \text{ in}}\right) \times \left(\frac{1 \text{ hr}}{3600 \text{ sec}}\right)$$

$$Q = 24.2 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$$

Use Manning's eqn to find depth of flow in ditch



$$S_0 = 0.333$$

Assume $n = 0.040$

$$Q = \frac{Q}{n} AR^{2/3} S_0^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{Q}{n} S_0^{1/2} = (b + zy)y \left[\frac{(b + zy)y}{b + 2y\sqrt{1+z^2}} \right]^{2/3}$$

$$\frac{(12.1)(0.040)}{1.49(0.333)^{1/2}} = (6 + 4y)y \left[\frac{(6 + 4y)y}{6 + 2y\sqrt{17}} \right]^{2/3}$$

$$0.5655 = (6 + 4y)(y) \left[\frac{(6 + 4y)y}{6 + 2y\sqrt{17}} \right]^{2/3}$$

Distances between PI'sSTA 0+00 to PI ①

$$d = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2}$$

$$d_1 = \sqrt{(556,448 - 556,547)^2 + (2,440,965 - 2,441,014)^2}$$

$$d_1 = 110.46$$

Similar calc's can be made for other PI's

	<u>N. Lamb. Coord</u>	<u>E. Lamb. Coord</u>	<u>Distance</u>
Sta 0+00	556,448	2,440,965	110.46
PI ①	556,547	2,441,014	331.39
PI ②	556,398	2,441,310	582.90
PI ③	556,891	2,441,621	1507.83
PI ④	557,867	2,440,394	649.33
End Sta.	557,272	2,440,134	

STA 0+00 to PI ①

$$b_1 + m_1(2,440,965) = 556,448$$

$$b_1 + m_1(2,441,014) = 556,547$$

$$> N = -4,375,298 + 2.0201082 E$$

PI ① to PI ②

$$b_2 + m_2(2,441,014) = 556,547$$

$$b_2 + m_2(2,441,310) = 556,398$$

$$> N = 1,785,801 - 0.5035784 E$$

PI ② to PI ③

$$b_3 + m_3(2,441,310) = 556,398$$

$$b_3 + m_3(2,441,621) = 556,891$$

$$> N = -3,313,589 + 1.5852090 E$$

PI ③ to PI ④

$$b_4 + m_4(2,441,621) = 556,891$$

$$b_4 + m_4(2,440,394) = 557,867$$

$$> N = 2,499,044 - .7954560 E$$

PI ④ to End Sta

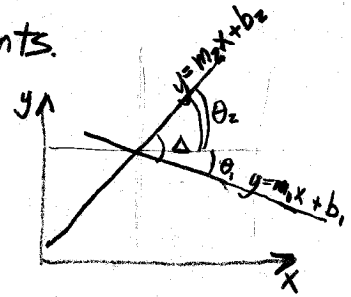
$$b_5 + m_5(2,440,394) = 557,867$$

$$b_5 + m_5(2,440,134) = 557,272$$

$$> N = -5,026,881 + 2.2884615 E$$

Need external angle, Δ , of all intersection points.

$\tan \theta = \text{slope} = m$. So for two intersecting lines,
 $\Delta = \theta_2 - \theta_1$
 $\Delta = \arctan(m_2) - \arctan(m_1)$



PI ①

$\Delta_1 = \arctan(2.0204082) - \arctan(-0.5033784)$

$\Delta_1 = 90.387^\circ$

PI ②

$\Delta_2 = \arctan(1.5852090) - \arctan(-0.5033784)$

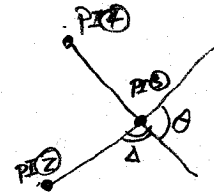
$\Delta_2 = 84.475^\circ$

PI ③

$\theta = \arctan(0.7954360) - \arctan(1.5852090)$

$\theta = 96.255$

$\Delta_3 = 180 - \theta = 83.745^\circ$



PI ④

$\Delta_4 = \arctan(2.2884615) - \arctan(-0.7954360)$

$\Delta_4 = 104.896^\circ$

Tangent Distances

$$T = R \tan\left(\frac{\Delta}{2}\right)$$

Length of Curve

$$L = 100 \frac{\Delta}{D}$$

$$D = \frac{5729.58}{R}$$

<u>PI</u>	<u>R (ft)</u>	<u>Δ</u>	<u>T (ft)</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>L (ft)</u>
①	50 90	90.387'	50.34 90.61	114.59 63.66	78.88 141.98
②	300 250	84.475	272.38 226.98	19.10 22.92	442.28 368.56
③	300	83.743	268.91	19.10	438.46
④	300	104.896	390.23	19.10	549.19

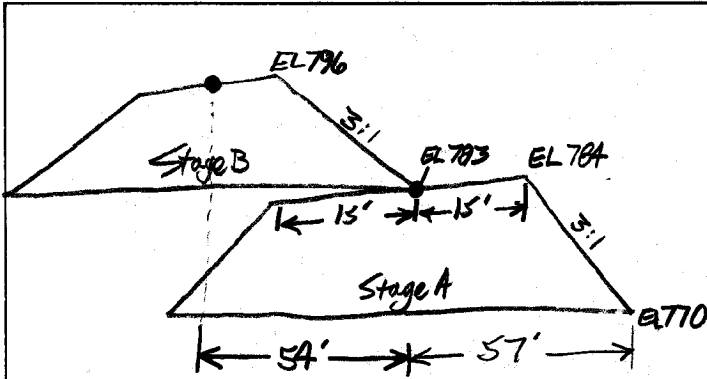
KIF Dredge Cell - Stage B Hor. Alignment

SHEET 1 OF

Determine new PI's for Stage B
based on Stage A

COMPUTED DNE DATE 5/5/95

CHECKED _____ DATE _____



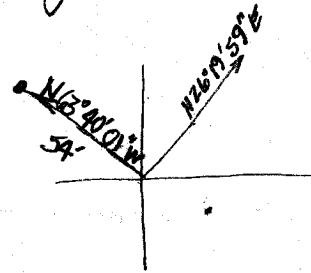
Need a 54' offset from ϵ of stage A.

Line 1 (Sta 0+00 to PI ①)

$N26^{\circ}19'59'' E$

Base Point (556,448 ; 2,440,965)

Offset Point (556,518 ; 2,441,000)



Use Program SY-02 on TI-59

N - 556,571
E - 2,440,966

> Coordinates of point 54' offset from line 1

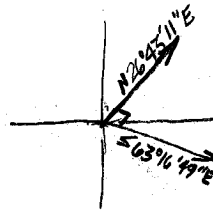
Line 2 (PI ① to PI ②)

$S63^{\circ}16'49'' E$

Base Point (556,547 ; 2,441,014)

Offset Point (556,502 ; 2,441,103)

100' distance
along line 2 →



N - 556,595
E - 2,441,038

> Coordinates of point 54' offset from line 2

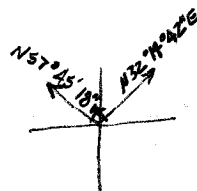
Line 3 (PI ② + PI ③)

$N32^{\circ}14'42'' E$

Base Point (556,398 ; 2,441,310)

Offset Point (556,483 ; 2,441,363)

100' distance
along line 3 →



N - 556,427
E - 2,441,264

> Coordinates of point 54' offset from line 3

Determine new PI's for Stage B
based on Stage A

COMPUTED BKG DATE 5/8/95

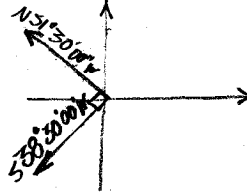
CHECKED _____ DATE _____

Line 4 (PI 3 to PI 4)

N 51° 30' 00" W

Base Point (556, 891; 2,441, 621)

Offset Point (556, 953; 2,441, 543)



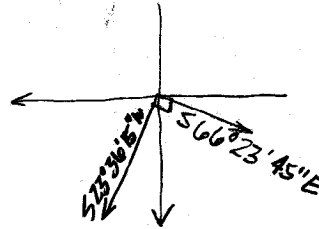
N - 556, 849
E - 2,441, 587 > Coordinates of point SA' offset from line 4

Line 5 (PI 4 to End Sta)

S 23° 36' 15" W

Base Point (557, 867; 2,440, 394)

Offset Point (557, 715; 2,440, 354)



N - 557, 845
E - 2,440, 443 > Coordinates of point SA' offset from line 5

Determine New PI's using TI-59 program SY-16

<u>PI</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>E</u>
1B	556, 619	2,440, 990
2B	556, 468	2,441, 290
3B	556, 879	2,441, 549
4B	557, 781	2,440, 415

To compute begin station (sta 0+00), then traverse 240' along line 1 (S 26° 19' 59" W). Use TI 59 program 02 to get coords:

N - 556, 404
E - 2,440, 884

To compute end station, traverse 660' along line 5 (S 23° 36' 15" W). Use TI 59 program 02 to get coords:

N - 557, 176
E - 2,440, 151

Now, compute total distances between PI's

	<u>N Lambert</u>	<u>E Lambert</u>	<u>Distance (ft)</u>
Sta 0+00	556,404	2,440,884	239.71
PI (1B)	556,619	2,440,990	335.86
PI (2B)	556,468	2,441,290	485.80
PI (3B)	556,879	2,441,549	1448.99
PI (4B)	557,781	2,440,415	660.09
End Sta	557,176	2,440,151	

Since these coords are based on lines that parallel those from Stage A, then external angles are the same as those already computed.

$$T = R \tan\left(\frac{\Delta}{2}\right) \quad L = 100 \frac{\Delta}{B} \quad D = \frac{5729.58}{R}$$

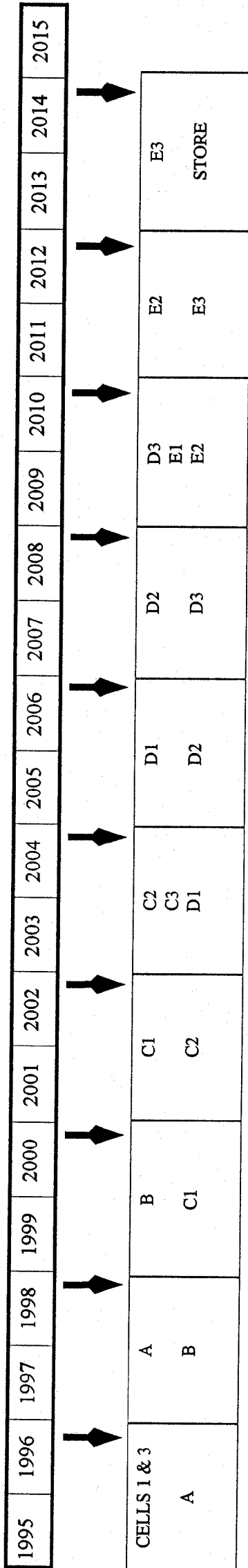
<u>PI</u>	<u>R (ft)</u>	<u>Δ</u>	<u>T (ft)</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>L (ft)</u>
(1B)	100 250	90.387	100.68 226.98	57.30 22.92	157.74 368.56
(2B)	250 250	84.475	226.98 224.10	22.92 22.92	368.56 365.38
(3B)	250	83.745	224.10	22.92	365.38
(4B)	250	104.896	325.19	22.92	457.66

DIKE CONSTRUCTION /DREDGE OPERATIONS SEQUENCE

DIKE CONSTRUCTION (BOTTOM ASH)

LIFTS BY LAYER DESIGNATION:

A	B	B	C1	C2	C2	C3	C3	D1	D2	D3	D3	D3	E1	E1	E2	E3	E3	E3	STORE	STORE
B	C1	C2	C3	D1	D2	D3	D3	E1	E2	E3	E3	E3	E3	E3	E3	E3	E3	E3	STORE	STORE



DREDGE OPERATIONS (FLY ASH)

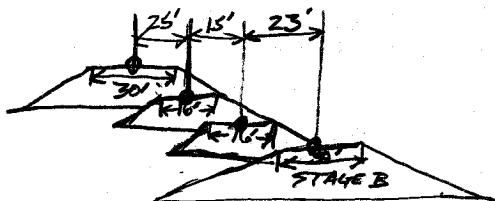
CURVE DATA

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 6/27/95
Date:

PI	Lambert Coordinates		R (ft)	Δ (deg)	T (ft)	D	L (ft)	PC (sta)	PT (sta)
	North	East							
1C	556,650	2,440,980	125	90.387	125.85	45.84	197.19	0.00	197.19
2C	556,498	2,441,282	225	84.475	204.29	25.46	331.73	205.15	536.88
3C	556,873	2,441,518	225	83.745	201.69	25.46	328.87	573.99	902.86
4C	557,744	2,440,424	225	104.896	292.68	25.46	411.93	1806.88	2218.80
5C	557,213	2,440,192	500	23.399	103.54	11.46	204.19	2402.05	2606.25
6C	556,264	2,439,174	500	16.902	74.29	11.46	147.50	3820.15	3967.65
7C	555,643	2,438,814	225	97.980	258.74	25.46	384.77	4352.42	4737.18
8C	555,104	2,440,140	250	83.235	222.10	22.92	363.18	5687.71	6050.89
9C	556,422	2,440,867	500	2.554	11.15	11.46	22.29	7322.85	7345.14
10C	556,670	2,440,973	140	90.387	140.95	40.93	220.86	0	220.86
11C	556,517	2,441,276	210	84.475	190.67	27.28	309.62	228.68	538.3
12C	556,869	2,441,499	210	83.745	188.24	27.28	306.94	576.08	883.02
13C	557,719	2,440,430	210	104.896	273.16	27.28	384.46	1787.37	2171.83
14C	557,205	2,440,205	515	23.399	106.65	11.13	210.32	2353.11	2563.43
15C	556,255	2,439,187	485	16.902	72.06	11.81	143.07	3777.15	3920.22
16C	555,650	2,438,836	210	97.98	241.49	27.28	359.12	4306.12	4665.23
17C	555,123	2,440,133	235	83.235	208.77	24.38	341.39	5614.95	5956.34
18C	556,425	2,440,852	485	2.554	10.81	11.81	21.62	7224.09	7245.71
19C	556,703	2,440,962	165	90.387	166.12	34.72	260.3	0	260.3
20C	556,550	2,441,267	185	84.475	167.97	30.97	272.76	267.43	540.19
21C	556,864	2,441,465	185	83.745	165.83	30.97	270.4	577.6	848
22C	557,679	2,440,440	185	104.896	240.64	30.97	338.69	1751.04	2089.74
23C	557,192	2,440,227	540	23.399	111.82	10.61	220.53	2268.81	2489.34
24C	556,241	2,439,207	460	16.902	68.35	12.46	135.7	3703.73	3839.43
25C	555,663	2,438,872	185	97.98	212.74	30.97	316.36	4226.4	4542.76
26C	555,155	2,440,121	210	83.235	186.56	27.28	305.07	5491.82	5796.89
27C	556,457	2,440,840	460	2.554	10.25	12.46	20.5	7087.41	7107.91

7208



Need a 23' offset from \mathcal{C} of STAGE B

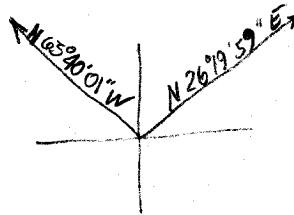
Line 1 (Sta 0+00 to PI (1B))

$N 26^{\circ} 19' 59'' E$

Base Point (556,404 ; 2,440,884)

100 ft along line 1 \rightarrow Offset Point (556,494 ; 2,440,928)

N - 556,504 > Coord's of pt 23' offset from line 1
E - 2,440,908



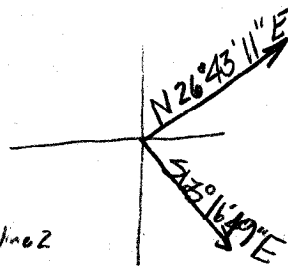
Line 2 (PI (1B) to PI (2B))

$S 63^{\circ} 16' 49'' E$

Base Point (556,619 ; 2,440,990)

100 ft along line 2 \rightarrow Offset Point (556,574 ; 2,441,079)

N - 556,595 > Coord's of pt 23' offset from line 2
E - 2,441,090



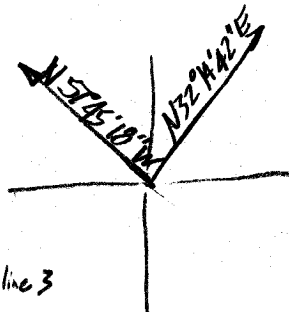
Line 3 (PI (2B) to PI (3B))

$N 32^{\circ} 14' 42'' E$

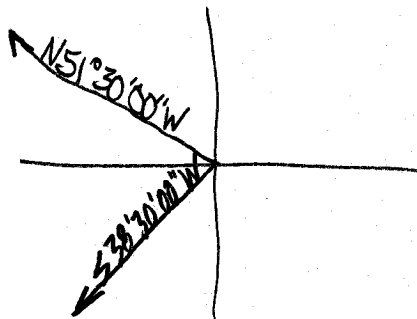
Base Point (556,468 ; 2,441,290)

Offset Point (556,553 ; 2,441,343)

N - 556,565 > Coord's of pt 23' offset from line 3
E - 2,441,324

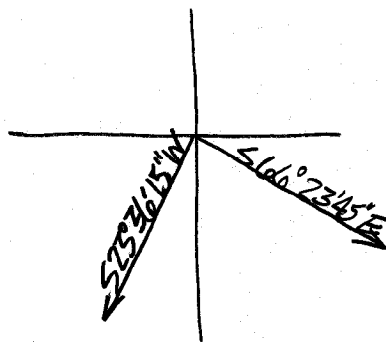


Line 4 (PI 3B to PI 4B)
 N 51°30'00" W
 Base Point (556,879 ; 2,441,549)
 Offset Point (556,941 ; 2,441,471)



N - 556,923
 E - 2,441,456 > coords of pt 23' offset from line 4

Line 5 (PI 4B to End Sta.)
 S 23°36'15" W
 Base Point (557,781 ; 2,440,415)
 Offset Point (557,689 ; 2,440,375)



N - 557,680
 E - 2,440,396 > coords of pt 23' offset from line 5

Determine new PI's using TI-59 program SY-16

PI	N	E
A 1C	556,650	2,440,980
B 2C	556,498	2,441,282
C 3C	556,873	2,441,518
D 4C	557,744	2,440,424

Determine PI's around remainder of stack by scaling,

PI	N	E	Corrected N	Corrected E
E * 5C	557,216	2,440,195	557,213	2,440,192
F 6C	556,264	2,439,174		
G 7C	555,643	2,438,814		
H 8C	555,104	2,440,140		
I * 9C	556,380	2,440,844	556,422	2,440,867

* Preliminary

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE C HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 3 of

Total Distance Between PI's

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 6/22/95
Date:

Point	N Lambert Coord.	E Lambert Coord.	Distance (ft)
PI 9C	556,422	2,440,867	254.47
PI 1C	556,650	2,440,980	338.09
PI 2C	556,498	2,441,282	443.08
PI 3C	556,873	2,441,518	1,398.38
PI 4C	557,744	2,440,424	579.47
PI 5C	557,213	2,440,192	1,391.73
PI 6C	556,264	2,439,174	717.80
PI 7C	555,643	2,438,814	1,431.36
PI 8C	555,104	2,440,140	1,505.21
PI 9C	556,422	2,440,867	

8059.59

External angles have already been calculated for PI's 1C, 2C, 3C, & 4C. Need to calculate them for remaining PI's.

PI 4C to PI 5C

line 1C $b_1 + m_1(2,440,424) = 557,744$
 $b_1 + m_1(2,440,195) = 557,216$ $\rightarrow N = -5,069,085 + 2.3056769E$

↑ The slope here does not match the slope calc'd for earlier line (line 5 in stage A - slope = 2.2884615)

PI 5C to PI 6C

line 2C $b_2 + m_2(2,440,195) = 557,216$
 $b_2 + m_2(2,439,174) = 556,264$ $\rightarrow N = -1,718,069 + 0.9324192E$

PI 6C to PI 7C

line 3C $b_3 + m_3(2,439,174) = 556,264$
 $b_3 + m_3(2,438,814) = 555,643$ $\rightarrow N = -3,651,511 + 1.7250000E$

PI 7C to PI 8C

line 4C $b_4 + m_4(2,438,814) = 555,643$
 $b_4 + m_4(2,440,140) = 555,104$ $\rightarrow N = 1,546,986 - 0.4064857 E$

PI 8C to PI 9C

line 5C $b_5 + m_5(2,440,140) = 555,104$
 $b_5 + m_5(2,440,844) = 556,380$ $\rightarrow N = -3,867,650 + 1.8125000 E$

TVA 11030 (WM-7-75)

PI 90^I to PI 12^A

line 6a $b_6 + m_6(2,440,844) = 556,380$ $\rightarrow N = -4,289,413 + 1.9852941 E$
 $b_6 + m_6(2,440,980) = 556,650$

↑
 the slope here does not exactly match slope calculated for stage A line. (line 1 in stage A slope = 2.0204082)

Equations have already been calculated for the line from PI 10 to PI 50 and for the line from PI 90 to PI 12 in the calculations for stage A (PI 9 to End Sta and Sta 0+00 to PI 1). The bearings of these lines are:

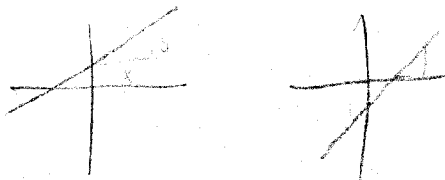
Sta 0+00 to PI 1 (line 1)
 N26°19'59"E

PI 9 to End Sta (line 5)
 S23°36'15"W

To maintain consistency, the bearings of these lines will be used rather than the newly calculated bearings from scale. The intersection point of each of these lines with adjoining lines scaled from pond III must be found.

PI 9 to PI 10 (line 2)
 S47°00'11"W

PI 90 to PI 9 (line 5a)
 N28°53'12"E



Now, line 1 & line 5a should intersect

Use TI-59 Program SY-16

N 556,422
 E 2,440,867 \rightarrow PI 90

Similarly, line 2 & line 20 should intersect

N 557,213
 E 2,440,192 \rightarrow PI 50

TVA 11030 (WM-7-75)

Compute external angle of all intersection points

External angle has already been computed for PI (10) thru PI (14)

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta_{14} &= 90.387^\circ \\ \Delta_{20} &= 84.475^\circ \\ \Delta_{30} &= 83.745^\circ \\ \Delta_{40} &= 104.896^\circ\end{aligned}$$

PI (5)

$$\Delta_{50} = \arctan(2.2884615) - \arctan(0.9324192)$$

$$\Delta_{50} = 23.399^\circ$$



PI (6)

$$\Delta_{60} = \arctan(1.7250000) - \arctan(0.9324192)$$

$$\Delta_{60} = 16.902^\circ$$

PI (7)

$$\theta = \arctan(1.7250000) - \arctan(-0.1064857)$$

$$\theta = 82.020^\circ$$

$$\Delta_{70} = 180 - \theta = 97.980^\circ$$

PI 80

$$\Delta_{gc} = \arctan(1.8125000) - \arctan(-0.4064857)$$

$$\Delta_{gc} = 83.235^\circ$$

PI 90

$$\Delta_{gc} = \arctan(2.0204082) - \arctan(1.8125000)$$

$$\Delta_{gc} = 2.554^\circ$$

$$T = R \tan\left(\frac{\Delta}{2}\right)$$

$$L = 100 \frac{A}{B}$$

$$D = \frac{5729.58}{R}$$

PI	R(ft)	Δ	T(ft)	D	L(ft)
1C	175	90.387	176.19	32.74	276.08
2C	175	84.475	158.89	32.74	258.02
3C	225	83.745	201.69	25.46	328.93
4C	225	104.896	292.68	25.46	412.00
5C	500	23.399	103.54	11.46	204.18
6C	500	16.902	74.29	11.46	147.49
7C	200	97.980	229.99	28.65	341.99
8C	250	83.235	222.10	22.92	363.15
9C	500	2.554	11.14	11.46	22.29

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE C HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 7A of

FIRST LIFT CURVE DATA

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 6/27/95
Date:

PI	R (ft)	Δ (deg)	T (ft)	D	L (ft)	PC (sta)	PT (sta)
1C	125	90.387	125.85	45.84	197.19	0.00	197.19
2C	225	84.475	204.29	25.46	331.73	205.15	536.88
3C	225	83.745	201.69	25.46	328.87	573.99	902.86
4C	225	104.896	292.68	25.46	411.93	1806.88	2218.80
5C	500	23.399	103.54	11.46	204.19	2402.05	2606.25
6C	500	16.902	74.29	11.46	147.50	3820.15	3967.65
7C	225	97.980	258.74	25.46	384.77	4352.42	4737.18
8C	250	83.235	222.10	22.92	363.18	5687.71	6050.89
9C	500	2.554	11.15	11.46	22.29	7322.85	7345.14

For next spiral, need a 15' offset from 1st spiral.

^{9C} PI A to ^{1C} PI A
N 26° 19' 59" E

Base Point (556,422 ; 2,440,867)

Offset Point (556,512 ; 2,440,911)

N - 556,518 > Coord's of pt 15' offset from line
E - 2,440,898

^{1C} PI A to ^{2C} PI B
S 63° 16' 49" E

Base Point (556,650 ; 2,440,980)

Offset Point (556,605 ; 2,441,069)

N - 556,618 > Coord's of pt 15' offset from line
E - 2,441,076

^{2C} PI B to ^{3C} PI C
N 32° 14' 42" E

Base Point (556,498 ; 2,441,282)

Offset Point (556,583 ; 2,441,335)

N - 556,591 >
E - 2,441,323

^{3C} PI C to ^{4C} PI D
N 51° 30' 00" W

Base Point (556,873 ; 2,441,518)

Offset Point (556,935 ; 2,441,440)

N - 556,923 >
E - 2,441,431

^{4C} PI D to ^{5C} PI E

S 23° 36' 15" W

Base Point (557, 744; 2,440, 424)

Offset Point (557, 652; 2,440, 384)

N - 557, 646 > Pt. offset 15' from line
E - 2,440, 398

^{5C} PI E to ^{6C} PI F

S 47° 00' 11" W

Base Point (557, 213; 2,440, 192)

Offset Point (557, 145; 2,440, 119)

N - 557, 134 >
E - 2,440, 129 >

^{6C} PI F to ^{7C} PI G

S 30° 06' 05" W

Base Point (556, 264; 2,439, 174)

Offset Point (556, 177; 2,439, 124)

N - 556, 256 >
E - 2,439, 187 >

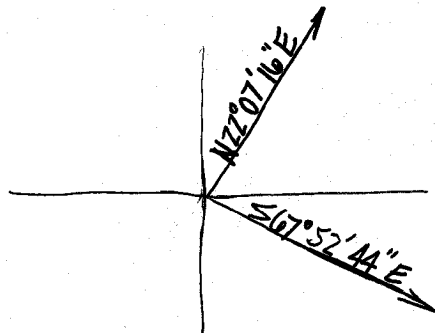
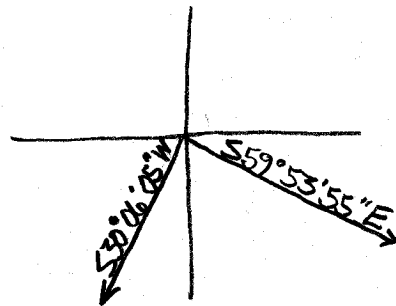
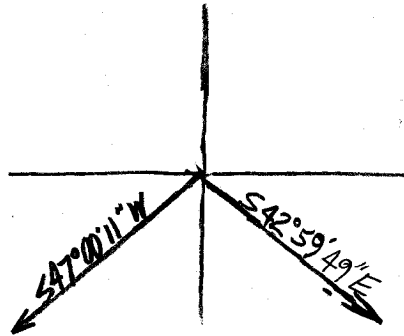
^{7C} PI G to ^{8C} PI H

S 67° 52' 44" E

Base Point (555, 143; 2,438, 84)

Offset Point (555, 65; 2,438, 90)

N - 555, 619
E - 2,438, 912

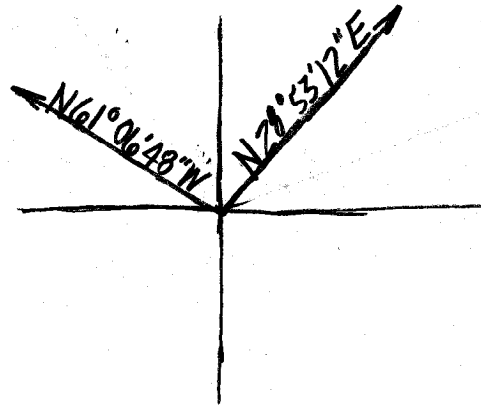


8C
 PI (H) to PI (I)
 N 28° 53' 12" E

Base Point (555, 104; 2,440, 190)

Offset Point (555, 192; 2,440, 188)

N - 555, 111
 E - 2,440, 127



Determine New PI's by using TI-89 program SP-16

<u>PI</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>E</u>
10C	556,670	2,440,973
11C	556,517	2,441,276
12C	556,869	2,441,499
13C	557,719	2,440,430
14C	557,205	2,440,205
15C	556,255	2,439,187
16C	555,650	2,438,836
17C	555,123	2,440,133
18C	556,425	2,440,852

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE C HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 11 of

Total Distance Between PI's

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 6/27/95
Date:

Point	N Lambert Coord.	E Lambert Coord.	Distance (ft)
PI 10C	556,670	2,440,973	339.44
PI 11C	556,517	2,441,276	416.69
PI 12C	556,869	2,441,499	1,365.75
PI 13C	557,719	2,440,430	561.09
PI 14C	557,205	2,440,205	1,392.42
PI 15C	556,255	2,439,187	699.45
PI 16C	555,650	2,438,836	1,399.98
PI 17C	555,123	2,440,133	1,487.33
PI 18C	556,425	2,440,852	273.25
PI 10C	556,670	2,440,973	
		TOTAL	7935.392

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE C HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 12 of

SECOND LIFT CURVE DATA

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 6/27/95
Date:

PI	R (ft)	Δ (deg)	T (ft)	D	L (ft)	PC (sta)	PT (sta)
10C	140	90.387	140.95	40.93	220.86	0.00	220.86
11C	210	84.475	190.67	27.28	309.62	228.68	538.30
12C	210	83.745	188.24	27.28	306.94	576.08	883.02
13C	210	104.896	273.16	27.28	384.46	1787.37	2171.83
14C	515	23.399	106.65	11.13	210.32	2353.11	2563.43
15C	485	16.902	72.06	11.81	143.07	3777.15	3920.22
16C	210	97.980	241.49	27.28	359.12	4306.12	4665.23
17C	235	83.235	208.77	24.38	341.39	5614.95	5956.34
18C	485	2.554	10.81	11.81	21.62	7224.09	7245.71

For next spiral, need a 25' offset from 2nd spiral

PI (18C) to PI (19C)
N 26°19'59" E

Base Point (556,425; 2440,852)

Offset Point (556,515; 2,440,896)

N - 556,526

E - 2,440,874

PI (19C) to PI (11C)
S 63°16'49" E

Base Pt (556,670; 2,440,973)

Offset Pt. (556,625; 2,441,062)

N - 556,647

E - 2,441,074

PI (11C) to PI (12C)
N 32°14'42" E

Base Pt (556,517; 2,441,276)

Offset Pt (556,602; 2,441,309)

N - 556,615

E - 2,441,308

PI (12C) to PI (13C)
N 51°30'00" W

Base Pt (556,869; 2441,499)

Offset Pt (556,931; 2441,421)

N - 556,912

E - 2,441,405

COMPUTED ENE DATE 6/27/95

CHECKED _____ DATE _____

PI 13C to PI 14C
 $S 23^{\circ} 36' 15'' W$

Base Pt (557,719; 2,440,430)

Offset Pt (557,627; 2,440,390)

N - 557,617
 E - 2,440,413

PI 14C to PI 15C
 $S 47^{\circ} 00' 11'' W$

Base Pt (557,205; 2,440,205)

Offset Pt (557,137; 2,440,132)

N - 557,119
 E - 2,440,149

PI 15C to PI 16C
 $S 30^{\circ} 06' 05'' W$

Base Pt (556,205; 2,439,107)

Offset Pt (556,108; 2,439,137)

N - 556,156
 E - 2,439,158

PI 16C to PI 17C
 $S 67^{\circ} 52' 44'' E$

Base Pt (555,630; 2,438,836)

Offset Pt (555,612; 2,438,929)

N - 555,636
 E - 2,438,938

PI 179 to PI 184
 N 28°53'12" E

Base Pt (555,123; 2,440,133)

Offset Pt (553,211; 2,440,101)

N - 555,223
 E - 2,440,159

Determine New PI's by using T.I.S. program SY-16

<u>PI</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>E</u>
19C	556,703	2,440,962
20C	556,550	2,441,267
21C	556,864	2,441,465
22C	557,679	2,440,440
23C	557,192	2,440,227
24C	556,241	2,439,207
25C	555,663	2,438,872
26C	555,155	2,440,121
27C	556,457	2,440,840

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE C HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 16 of

Total Distance Between PI's

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 6/27/95
Date:

Point	N Lambert Coord.	E Lambert Coord.	Distance (ft)
PI 19C	556,703	2,440,962	341.22
PI 20C	556,550	2,441,267	371.21
PI 21C	556,864	2,441,465	1,309.52
PI 22C	557,679	2,440,440	531.54
PI 23C	557,192	2,440,227	1,394.56
PI 24C	556,241	2,439,207	668.06
PI 25C	555,663	2,438,872	1,348.36
PI 26C	555,155	2,440,121	1,487.33
PI 27C	556,457	2,440,840	274.59
PI 19C	556,703	2,440,962	
		TOTAL	7726.411

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE C HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 17 of

THIRD LIFT CURVE DATA

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 6/27/95
Date:

PI	R (ft)	Δ (deg)	T (ft)	D	L (ft)	PC (sta)	PT (sta)
19C	165	90.387	166.12	34.72	260.30	0.00	260.30
20C	185	84.475	167.97	30.97	272.76	267.43	540.19
21C	185	83.745	165.83	30.97	270.40	577.60	848.00
22C	185	104.896	240.64	30.97	338.69	1751.04	2089.74
23C	540	23.399	111.82	10.61	220.53	2268.81	2489.34
24C	460	16.902	68.35	12.46	135.70	3703.73	3839.43
25C	185	97.980	212.74	30.97	316.36	4226.40	4542.76
26C	210	83.235	186.56	27.28	305.07	5491.82	5796.89
27C	460	2.554	10.25	12.46	20.50	7087.41	7107.91

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE D HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 1 of

CURVE DATA

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 6/29/95
Date:

PI	Lambert Coordinates		R (ft)	Δ (deg)	T (ft)	D	L (ft)	PC (sta)	PT (sta)
	North	East							
1D	556,734	2,440,952	190	90.387	191.29	30.16	299.73	0.00	299.73
2D	556,580	2,441,259	160	84.475	145.27	35.81	235.90	306.64	542.54
3D	556,858	2,441,434	160	83.745	143.42	35.81	233.86	582.34	816.20
4D	557,642	2,440,449	160	104.896	208.12	35.81	292.92	1723.58	2016.50
5D	557,178	2,440,246	565	23.399	117.00	10.14	230.74	2197.84	2428.58
6D	556,226	2,439,225	435	16.902	64.63	13.17	128.32	3642.92	3771.24
7D	555,674	2,438,905	160	97.980	183.99	35.81	273.61	4160.66	4434.28
8D	555,185	2,440,111	185	83.235	164.35	30.97	268.75	5387.30	5656.05
9D	556,488	2,440,830	435	2.554	9.70	13.17	19.39	6970.22	6989.61
10D	556,754	2,440,945	205	90.387	206.39	27.95	323.4	0	323.4
11D	556,599	2,441,253	145	84.475	131.65	39.51	213.78	330.16	543.94
12D	556,855	2,441,415	145	83.745	129.98	39.51	211.94	585.26	797.2
13D	557,618	2,440,455	145	104.896	188.61	39.51	265.46	1704.89	1970.35
14D	557,171	2,440,260	580	23.399	120.11	9.88	236.87	2149.31	2386.18
15D	556,217	2,439,238	420	16.902	62.4	13.64	123.9	3601.74	3725.64
16D	555,681	2,438,927	145	97.98	166.74	39.51	247.96	4116.18	4364.14
17D	555,203	2,440,103	170	83.235	151.03	33.7	246.96	5315.8	5562.77
18D	556,506	2,440,822	420	2.554	9.36	13.64	18.72	6890.59	6909.31
19D	556,788	2,440,933	230	90.387	231.56	24.91	362.84	0	362.84
20D	556,633	2,441,241	120	84.475	108.95	47.75	176.92	367.13	544.05
21D	556,851	2,441,379	120	83.745	107.57	47.75	175.4	585.54	760.94
22D	557,579	2,440,465	120	104.896	156.09	47.75	219.69	1665.77	1885.46
23D	557,157	2,440,281	605	23.399	125.28	9.47	247.08	2064.45	2311.53
24D	556,203	2,439,259	395	16.902	58.69	14.51	116.52	3525.63	3642.15
25D	555,694	2,438,963	120	97.98	138	47.75	205.21	4034.28	4239.48
26D	555,235	2,440,092	145	83.235	128.82	39.51	210.65	5191.41	5402.06
27D	556,529	2,440,805	395	2.554	8.81	14.51	17.61	6741.87	6759.47

Total → 6809.47

Need a 23' offset from Stage C.

PI 27C to PI 19C

N 26°19'59"E

Base (556,457 ; 2,440,840)

Offset (556,547 ; 2,440,884)

N - 556,557

E - 2,440,864

PI 19C to PI 20C

S 63°16'49"E

Base (556,703 ; 2,440,962)

Offset (556,658 ; 2,441,051)

N - 556,679

E - 2,441,062

PI 20C to PI 21C

N 32°14'42"E

Base (556,580 ; 2,441,267)

Offset (556,635 ; 2,441,320)

N - 556,647

E - 2,441,301

PI 21C to PI 22C

N 51°30'00"W

Base (556,864 ; 2,441,465)

Offset (556,926 ; 2,441,587)

N - 556,908

E - 2,441,372

PI 22C to PI 23C

S 23° 36' 15" W

Base (557,679; 2,440,440)

Offset (557,587; 2,440,400)

N - 557,578

E - 2,440,421

PI 23C to PI 24C

S 47° 00' 11" W

Base (557,192; 2,440,227)

Offset (557,124; 2,440,154)

N - 557,107

E - 2,440,170

PI 24C to PI 25C

S 30° 06' 05" W

Base (556,241; 2,439,207)

Offset (556,154; 2,439,157)

N - 556,143

E - 2,439,177

PI 25C to PI 26C

S 07° 52' 44" E

Base (555,665; 2,438,872)

Offset (555,625; 2,438,965)

N - 555,647

E - 2,438,973

PI 26C to PI 27C

N 28°53'12" E

Base (555, 155 ; 2,440, 121)

Offset (555, 245 ; 2,440, 169)

N - 555, 254

E - 2,440, 149

USE PI-89 PROGRAM SK-16 to get new PI's

<u>PI</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>E</u>
1D	556, 734	2,440, 952
2D	556, 580	2,441, 259
3D	556, 858	2,441, 434
4D	557, 642	2,440, 449
5D	557, 178	2,440, 246
6D	556, 226	2,439, 225
7D	555, 674	2,438, 905
8D	555, 185	2,440, 111
9D	556, 488	2,440, 830

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE D HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 4 of

Total Distance Between PI's

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 6/28/95
Date:

Point	N Lambert Coord.	E Lambert Coord.	Distance (ft)
PI 1D	556,734	2,440,952	343.46
PI 2D	556,580	2,441,259	328.50
PI 3D	556,858	2,441,434	1,258.92
PI 4D	557,642	2,440,449	506.46
PI 5D	557,178	2,440,246	1,395.97
PI 6D	556,226	2,439,225	638.05
PI 7D	555,674	2,438,905	1,301.37
PI 8D	555,185	2,440,111	1,488.21
PI 9D	556,488	2,440,830	274.59
PI 1D	556,734	2,440,952	
		TOTAL	7535.529

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE D HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 5 of

FIRST LIFT CURVE DATA

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 6/28/95
Date:

PI	R (ft)	Δ (deg)	T (ft)	D	L (ft)	PC (sta)	PT (sta)
1D	190	90.387	191.29	30.16	299.73	0.00	299.73
2D	160	84.475	145.27	35.81	235.90	306.64	542.54
3D	160	83.745	143.42	35.81	233.86	582.34	816.20
4D	160	104.896	208.12	35.81	292.92	1723.58	2016.50
5D	565	23.399	117.00	10.14	230.74	2197.84	2428.58
6D	435	16.902	64.63	13.17	128.32	3642.92	3771.24
7D	160	97.980	183.99	35.81	273.61	4160.66	4434.28
8D	185	83.235	164.35	30.97	268.75	5387.30	5656.05
9D	435	2.554	9.70	13.17	19.39	6970.22	6989.61

Now, need a 15' offset from 1st spiral.

PI 1D to PI 1D

N 26° 19' 59" E

Base (556,488 ; 2,440,830)

Offset (556,578 ; 2,440,874)

N - 556,584

E - 2,440,861

PI 1D to PI 2D

S 63° 16' 49" E

Base (556,734 ; 2,440,852)

Offset (556,689 ; 2,441,041)

N - 556,702

E - 2,441,048

PI 2D to PI 3D

N 32° 14' 42" E

Base (556,580 ; 2,441,259)

Offset (556,665 ; 2,441,312)

N - 556,673

E - 2,441,300

PI 3D to PI 4D

N 51° 30' 00" W

Base (556,858 ; 2,441,434)

Offset (556,920 ; 2,441,356)

N - 556,909

E - 2,441,346

PI 4D to PI 5D

S 23° 36' 15" W

Base (557,642 ; 2,440,449)

Offset (557,550 ; 2,440,409)

N - 557,544

E - 2,440,423

PI 5D to PI 6D

S 47° 00' 11" W

Base (557,178 ; 2,440,246)

Offset (557,110 ; 2,440,173)

N - 557,099

E - 2,440,183

PI 6D to PI 7D

S 30° 06' 05" W

Base (556,226 ; 2,439,225)

Offset (556,139 ; 2,439,175)

N - 556,132

E - 2,439,188

PI 7D to PI 8D

S 67° 52' 44" E

Base (555,674 ; 2,438,925)

Offset (555,636 ; 2,438,998)

N - 555,650

E - 2,439,003

PI 8D to PI 9D
N 28°53'12" E

Base (555,185 ; 2,440,111)

Offset (555,273 ; 2,440,159)

N - 555,280

E - 2,440,146

USE TISSY PROGRAM SY-16 to get new PI's

<u>PI</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>E</u>
10D	556,754	2,440,945
11D	556,599	2,441,253
12D	556,856	2,441,415
13D	557,618	2,440,455
14D	557,171	2,440,260
15D	556,217	2,439,238
16D	555,681	2,438,927
17D	555,203	2,440,103
18D	556,506	2,440,822

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE D HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 8 of

Total Distance Between PI's

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 6/29/95
Date:

Point	N Lambert Coord.	E Lambert Coord.	Distance (ft)
PI 10D	556,754	2,440,945	344.80
PI 11D	556,599	2,441,253	302.95
PI 12D	556,855	2,441,415	1,226.28
PI 13D	557,618	2,440,455	487.68
PI 14D	557,171	2,440,260	1,398.07
PI 15D	556,217	2,439,238	619.69
PI 16D	555,681	2,438,927	1,269.43
PI 17D	555,203	2,440,103	1,488.21
PI 18D	556,506	2,440,822	276.83
PI 10D	556,754	2,440,945	
		TOTAL	7413.951

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE D HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 9 of

SECOND LIFT CURVE DATA

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 6/29/95
Date:

PI	R (ft)	Δ (deg)	T (ft)	D	L (ft)	PC (sta)	PT (sta)
10D	205	90.387	206.39	27.95	323.40	0.00	323.40
11D	145	84.475	131.65	39.51	213.78	330.16	543.94
12D	145	83.745	129.98	39.51	211.94	585.26	797.20
13D	145	104.896	188.61	39.51	265.46	1704.89	1970.35
14D	580	23.399	120.11	9.88	236.87	2149.31	2386.18
15D	420	16.902	62.40	13.64	123.90	3601.74	3725.64
16D	145	97.980	166.74	39.51	247.96	4116.18	4364.14
17D	170	83.235	151.03	33.70	246.96	5315.80	5562.77
18D	420	2.554	9.36	13.64	18.72	6890.59	6909.31

Now, need a 25' offset from 2nd spiral

PI 18D to PI 10D

N 26° 19' 59" E

Base (556, 506; 2, 440, 822)

Offset (556, 596; 2, 440, 846)

N - 556, 607

E - 2, 440, 844

PI 10D to PI 11D

S 63° 16' 49" E

Base (556, 754; 2, 440, 945)

Offset (556, 709; 2, 441, 034)

N - 556, 731

E - 2, 441, 046

PI 11D to PI 12D

N 32° 14' 42" E

Base (556, 599; 2, 441, 253)

Offset (556, 684; 2, 441, 306)

N - 556, 697

E - 2, 441, 282

PI 12D to PI 13D

N 51° 30' 00" W

Base (556, 855; 2, 441, 415)

Offset (556, 917; 2, 441, 357)

N - 556, 898

E - 2, 441, 321

PI 13D to PI 14D

S 23° 36' 15" W

Base (557, 618; 2, 440, 455)

Offset (557, 526; 2, 440, 415)

N - 557, 516

E - 2, 440, 438

PI 14D to PI 15D

S 47° 00' 11" W

Base (557, 171; 2, 440, 260)

Offset (557, 103; 2, 440, 187)

N - 557, 085

E - 2, 440, 204

PI 15D to PI 16D

S 30° 06' 05" W

Base (556, 217; 2, 439, 238)

Offset (556, 180; 2, 439, 188)

N - 556, 118

E - 2, 439, 209

PI 16D to PI 17D

S 67° 52' 44" E

Base (555, 681; 2, 438, 927)

Offset (555, 643; 2, 439, 820)

N - 555, 667

E - 2, 439, 029

PI 17D to PI 18D
N 28°53'12" E

Base (555,203; 2,440,103)

Offset (555,291; 2,440,151)

N - 555,303

E - 2,440,129

USE TISSY PROGRAM SY-110 to get new PIS

<u>PI</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>E</u>
19D	556,788	2,440,933
20D	556,653	2,441,241
21D	556,851	2,441,379
22D	557,579	2,440,465
23D	557,157	2,440,281
24D	556,203	2,439,259
25D	555,694	2,438,963
26D	555,235	2,440,092
27D	556,529	2,440,805

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE D HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 12 of

Total Distance Between PI's

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 6/29/95
Date:

Point	N Lambert Coord.	E Lambert Coord.	Distance (ft)
PI 19D	556,788	2,440,933	344.80
PI 20D	556,633	2,441,241	258.01
PI 21D	556,851	2,441,379	1,168.49
PI 22D	557,579	2,440,465	460.37
PI 23D	557,157	2,440,281	1,398.07
PI 24D	556,203	2,439,259	588.81
PI 25D	555,694	2,438,963	1,218.74
PI 26D	555,235	2,440,092	1,477.43
PI 27D	556,529	2,440,805	288.90
PI 19D	556,788	2,440,933	
		TOTAL	7203.628

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE D HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 13 of

THIRD LIFT CURVE DATA

Computed: BKE

Date: 6/29/95

Checked:

Date:

PI	R (ft)	Δ (deg)	T (ft)	D	L (ft)	PC (sta)	PT (sta)
19D	230	90.387	231.56	24.91	362.84	0.00	362.84
20D	120	84.475	108.95	47.75	176.92	367.13	544.05
21D	120	83.745	107.57	47.75	175.40	585.54	760.94
22D	120	104.896	156.09	47.75	219.69	1665.77	1885.46
23D	605	23.399	125.28	9.47	247.08	2064.45	2311.53
24D	395	16.902	58.69	14.51	116.52	3525.63	3642.15
25D	120	97.980	138.00	47.75	205.21	4034.28	4239.48
26D	145	83.235	128.82	39.51	210.65	5191.41	5402.06
27D	395	2.554	8.81	14.51	17.61	6741.87	6759.47

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE E HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

CURVE DATA

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 7/05/95
Date:

PI	Lambert Coordinates		R (ft)	Δ (deg)	T (ft)	D	L (ft)	PC (sta)	PT (sta)
	North	East							
1E	556,819	2,440,923	255	90.387	256.73	22.47	402.28	0.00	402.28
2E	556,663	2,441,233	95	84.475	86.25	60.31	140.06	406.33	546.40
3E	556,846	2,441,348	95	83.745	85.16	60.31	138.85	591.12	729.97
4E	557,541	2,440,474	95	104.896	123.57	60.31	173.92	1637.89	1811.82
5E	557,142	2,440,299	630	23.399	130.46	9.09	257.29	1993.47	2250.76
6E	556,190	2,439,279	370	16.902	54.97	15.49	109.15	3460.56	3569.71
7E	555,705	2,438,997	95	97.980	109.25	60.31	162.46	3966.51	4128.97
8E	555,264	2,440,082	120	83.235	106.61	47.75	174.33	5084.31	5258.64
9E	556,532	2,440,781	370	2.554	8.25	15.49	16.49	6591.69	6608.18
10E	556,839	2,440,916	270	90.387	271.83	21.22	425.94	0	425.94
11E	556,682	2,441,227	80	84.475	72.64	71.62	117.95	429.85	547.8
12E	556,842	2,441,329	80	83.745	71.71	71.62	116.93	593.21	710.14
13E	557,517	2,440,480	80	104.896	104.06	71.62	146.46	1618.99	1765.46
14E	557,135	2,440,314	645	23.399	133.57	8.88	263.41	1944.34	2207.75
15E	556,183	2,439,293	355	16.902	52.74	16.14	104.72	3417.41	3522.13
16E	555,712	2,439,019	80	97.98	92	71.62	136.81	3922.29	4059.09
17E	555,283	2,440,075	105	83.235	93.28	54.57	152.54	5013.63	5166.16
18E	556,537	2,440,767	355	2.554	7.91	16.14	15.82	6497.23	6513.05
19E	556,872	2,440,905	295	90.387	297	19.42	465.38	0	465.38
20E	556,715	2,441,218	55	84.475	49.94	104.17	81.09	468.61	549.7
21E	556,837	2,441,295	55	83.745	49.3	104.17	80.39	594.73	675.12
22E	557,477	2,440,490	55	104.896	71.54	104.17	100.69	1582.69	1683.38
23E	557,120	2,440,334	670	23.399	138.74	8.55	273.62	1862.7	2136.32
24E	556,167	2,439,312	330	16.902	49.03	17.36	97.35	3345.93	3443.28
25E	555,725	2,439,056	55	97.98	63.25	104.17	94.05	3841.78	3935.84
26E	555,315	2,440,063	80	83.235	71.07	71.62	116.22	4888.79	5005
27E	556,560	2,440,751	330	2.554	7.36	17.36	14.71	6349.03	6363.74

COMPUTED DKE DATE 6/30/95
 CHECKED _____ DATE _____

Need a 23' offset from Stage D

PI 27D to PI 19D

N 26° 19' 59" E

Base (556,529; 2,440,805)

Offset (556,619; 2,440,819)

N - 556,629

E - 2,440,829

PI 19D to PI 20D

S 63° 16' 49" E

Base (556,788; 2,440,933)

Offset (556,743; 2,440,022)

N - 556,764

E - 2,441,033

PI 20D to PI 21D

N 32° 14' 42" E

Base (556,635; 2,441,241)

Offset (556,718; 2,441,294)

N - 556,730

E - 2,441,275

PI 21D to PI 22D

N 51° 30' 00" W

Base (556,851; 2,441,379)

Offset (556,913; 2,441,301)

N - 556,895

E - 2,441,286

PI 22D to PI 23D

S 23° 36' 15" W

Base (557,579; 2,440,466)

Offset (557,487; 2,440,425)

N - 557,478

E - 2,440,446

PI 23D to PI 24D

S 47° 00' 11" W

Base (557,157; 2,440,281)

Offset (557,089; 2,440,208)

N - 557,072

E - 2,440,224

PI 24D to PI 25D

S 30° 06' 05" W

Base (556,203; 2,439,259)

Offset (556,116; 2,439,209)

N - 556,105

E - 2,439,229

PI 25D to PI 26D

S 67° 52' 44" E

Base (555,694; 2,438,963)

Offset (555,656; 2,439,056)

N - 555,678

E - 2,439,064

PI 20D to PI 27D
N 28°53'12" E

Base (555, 235; 2,440, 092)

Offset (555, 323; 2,440, 140)

557,541

2,440,474

N - 555, 334

E - 2,440, 120

USE TISED PROGRAM SY-16 to get new PIs

<u>PI</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>E</u>
1E	556, 819	2,440, 923
2E	556, 665	2,441, 233
3E	556, 846	2,441, 348
4E	557, 541	2,440, 474
5E	557, 142	2,440, 299
6E	556, 190	2,439, 279
7E	555, 705	2,438, 997
8E	555, 264	2,440, 082
9E	556, 532	2,440, 781

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE E HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 3 of

Total Distance Between PI's

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 6/30/95
Date:

Point	N Lambert Coord.	E Lambert Coord.	Distance (ft)
PI 1E	556,819	2,440,923	347.04
PI 2E	556,663	2,441,233	216.13
PI 3E	556,846	2,441,348	1,116.65
PI 4E	557,541	2,440,474	435.69
PI 5E	557,142	2,440,299	1,395.24
PI 6E	556,190	2,439,279	561.02
PI 7E	555,705	2,438,997	1,171.20
PI 8E	555,264	2,440,082	1,447.90
PI 9E	556,532	2,440,781	320.21
PI 1E	556,819	2,440,923	
		TOTAL	7011.089

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE E HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 4 of

FIRST LIFT CURVE DATA

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 6/30/95
Date:

PI	R (ft)	Δ (deg)	T (ft)	D	L (ft)	PC (sta)	PT (sta)
1E	255	90.387	256.73	22.47	402.28	0.00	402.28
2E	95	84.475	86.25	60.31	140.06	406.33	546.40
3E	95	83.745	85.16	60.31	138.85	591.12	729.97
4E	95	104.896	123.57	60.31	173.92	1637.89	1811.82
5E	630	23.399	130.46	9.09	257.29	1993.47	2250.76
6E	370	16.902	54.97	15.49	109.15	3460.56	3569.71
7E	95	97.980	109.25	60.31	162.46	3966.51	4128.97
8E	120	83.235	106.61	47.75	174.33	5084.31	5258.64
9E	370	2.554	8.25	15.49	16.49	6591.69	6608.18

15' offset from 1st spiral

PI 9E to PI 1E

N 26°19'59"E

Base (556,532; 2,440,781)

Offset (556,622; 2,440,825)

N - 556,628

E - 2,440,812

PI 1E to PI 2E

S 63°16'49"E

Base (556,819; 2,440,923)

Offset (556,774; 2,441,012)

N - 556,787

E - 2,441,019

PI 2E to PI 3E

N 32°14'42"E

Base (556,663; 2,441,233)

Offset (556,748; 2,441,286)

N - 556,756

E - 2,441,274

PI 3E to PI 4E

N 51°30'00"W

Base (556,846; 2,441,348)

Offset (556,908; 2,441,270)

N - 556,897

E - 2,441,260

PI 4E to PI 5E

S 23°36'15"W

Base (557,541; 2,440,474)

Offset (557,449; 2,440,434)

N - 557,443

E - 2,440,448

PI 5E to PI 6E

S 47°00'11"W

Base (557,142; 2,440,299)

Offset (557,074; 2,440,226)

N - 557,063

E - 2,440,236

PI 6E to PI 7E

S 30°06'05"W

Base (556,190; 2,439,279)

Offset (556,103; 2,439,229)

N - 556,096

E - 2,439,242

PI 7E to PI 8E

S 67°52'44"E

Base (555,705; 2,438,997)

Offset (555,607; 2,439,090)

N - 555,681

E - 2,439,095

PI 8E to PI 9E
N 28°53'12"E

Base (555,204; 2440,082)
 Offset (555,352; 2,440,130)

N - 555,359
 E - 2,440,117

USE TIES9 PROGRAM ~~21-16~~ to get new PI's

<u>PI</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>E</u>
10E	556,839	2,440,916
11E	556,682	2,441,227
12E	556,842	2,441,329
13E	557,517	2,440,480
14E	557,135	2,440,314
15E	556,183	2,439,293
16E	555,712	2,439,019
17E	555,283	2,440,075
18E	556,537	2,440,767

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE E HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 7 of

Total Distance Between PI's

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 6/30/95
Date:

Point	N Lambert Coord.	E Lambert Coord.	Distance (ft)
PI 10E	556,839	2,440,916	348.38
PI 11E	556,682	2,441,227	189.75
PI 12E	556,842	2,441,329	1,084.63
PI 13E	557,517	2,440,480	416.51
PI 14E	557,135	2,440,314	1,395.97
PI 15E	556,183	2,439,293	544.90
PI 16E	555,712	2,439,019	1,139.81
PI 17E	555,283	2,440,075	1,432.26
PI 18E	556,537	2,440,767	336.76
PI 10E	556,839	2,440,916	
		TOTAL	6888.981

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE E HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 8 of

SECOND LIFT CURVE DATA

Computed: BKE

Date: 6/30/95

Checked:

Date:

PI	R (ft)	Δ (deg)	T (ft)	D	L (ft)	PC (sta)	PT (sta)
10E	270	90.387	271.83	21.22	425.94	0.00	425.94
11E	80	84.475	72.64	71.62	117.95	429.85	547.80
12E	80	83.745	71.71	71.62	116.93	593.21	710.14
13E	80	104.896	104.06	71.62	146.46	1618.99	1765.46
14E	645	23.399	133.57	8.88	263.41	1944.34	2207.75
15E	355	16.902	52.74	16.14	104.72	3417.41	3522.13
16E	80	97.980	92.00	71.62	136.81	3922.29	4059.09
17E	105	83.235	93.28	54.57	152.54	5013.63	5166.16
18E	355	2.554	7.91	16.14	15.82	6497.23	6513.05

25' offset from 2nd lift

PI 18E to PI 10E
N 26° 19' 59" E

Base (556,537; 2,440,767)
Offset (556,627; 2,440,811)

N - 556,638
E - 2,440,789

PI 10E to PI 11E
S 63° 16' 49" E

Base (556,839; 2,440,916)
Offset (556,794; 2,441,025)

N - 556,816
E - 2,441,017

PI 11E to PI 12E
N 32° 14' 42" E

Base (556,682; 2,441,227)
Offset (556,767; 2,441,280)

N - 556,780
E - 2,441,259

PI 12E to PI 13E
N 51° 30' 00" W

Base (556,842; 2,441,329)
Offset (556,904; 2,441,251)

N - 556,885
E - 2,441,235

PI 13E to PI 14E
S 23° 36' 15" W

Base (557,517; 2,440,480)
Offset (557,425; 2,440,440)

N = 557,415
E = 2,440,463

PI 14E to PI 15E
S 47° 00' 11" W

Base (557,135; 2,440,314)
Offset (557,067; 2,440,291)

N - 557,049
E - 2,440,258

PI 15E to PI 16E
S 30° 06' 05" W

Base (556,183; 2,439,293)
Offset (556,096; 2,439,343)

N - 556,084
E - 2,439,264

PI 16E to PI 17E
S 67° 52' 44" E

Base (555,712; 2,439,019)
Offset (555,674; 2,439,112)

N - 555,698
E - 2,439,121

COMPUTED BKE DATE 7/5/95

CHECKED _____ DATE _____

PI 17E to PI 18E

N 28°53'12"E

Base (555,283; 2,440,073)

Offset (355,371; 2,440,123)

N - 555,383

E - 2,440,101

USE TI-59 PROGRAM SY-16 to get new PI's

<u>PI</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>E</u>
19E	556,872	2,440,905
20E	556,715	2,441,218
21E	556,837	2,441,295
22E	557,477	2,440,490
23E	557,120	2,440,334
24E	556,167	2,439,312
25E	555,725	2,439,056
26E	555,315	2,440,063
27E	556,560	2,440,751

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE E HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 11 of

Total Distance Between PI's

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 7/05/95
Date:

Point	N Lambert Coord.	E Lambert Coord.	Distance (ft)
PI 19E	556,872	2,440,905	350.17
PI 20E	556,715	2,441,218	144.27
PI 21E	556,837	2,441,295	1,028.41
PI 22E	557,477	2,440,490	389.60
PI 23E	557,120	2,440,334	1,397.39
PI 24E	556,167	2,439,312	510.78
PI 25E	555,725	2,439,056	1,087.27
PI 26E	555,315	2,440,063	1,422.45
PI 27E	556,560	2,440,751	347.94
PI 19E	556,872	2,440,905	
		TOTAL	6678.267

KIF DREDGE CELL
STAGE E HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

Sheet 12 of

THIRD LIFT CURVE DATA

Computed: BKE
Checked:

Date: 7/05/95
Date:

PI	R (ft)	Δ (deg)	T (ft)	D	L (ft)	PC (sta)	PT (sta)
19E	295	90.387	297.00	19.42	465.38	0.00	465.38
20E	55	84.475	49.94	104.17	81.09	468.61	549.70
21E	55	83.745	49.30	104.17	80.39	594.73	675.12
22E	55	104.896	71.54	104.17	100.69	1582.69	1683.38
23E	670	23.399	138.74	8.55	273.62	1862.70	2136.32
24E	330	16.902	49.03	17.36	97.35	3345.93	3443.28
25E	55	97.980	63.25	104.17	94.05	3841.78	3935.84
26E	80	83.235	71.07	71.62	116.22	4888.79	5005.00
27E	330	2.554	7.36	17.36	14.71	6349.03	6363.74

Assumed 657B Pan for haul road design

600

CATERPILLAR WHEEL TRACTOR-SCRAPERS

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Features, all models:

- Semi-automatic power shift transmissions with eight speeds forward. (613B has four speed conventional power shift, and 615 six speeds.)
- Differential lock . . . operator controlled, rigidly connects both tractor drive wheels for positive traction.
- Cushion Hitch (except 613B and 615) absorbs haul road shocks, stabilizes machine travel, substantially increases usable working speeds.
- Double-acting hydraulics supply positive cutting edge penetration, apron closure and material ejection. Positive bulldozer-type ejection (633D and 639D scraper floor pivots). Automatic ejector return kickout.
- Quick-drop valves for pump loading. Carry check valves isolate bowl cylinders to carry load rather than hydraulic lines.
- Hydraulic retarder standard on 651B up, optional on 621B through 639D. Not available on 613B or 615.

Tandem Powered:

- Push-Pull arrangement allows two 627B, 637D or 657B scrapers to assist one another in self-loading.

Elevating:

- Variable capacity torque converter (623B, 633D and 639D) provides four different loading ranges to suit different conditions.
- Two-speed elevator allows operator to match elevator speed to material conditions.

157

920

	kg	lb
0	5330	11,750
00	3515	7,750
00	2495	5,500
00	1928	4,250
00	1588	3,500
in		
%		
l/min	15.25 m/min	50 ft/min
5 ft	24.4 m	80 ft
25"	10 mm	.375"

80C

	lb	kg
0	33,000	18,598
0	29,000	11,431
0	22,000	8210
0	18,000	6305
0	15,000	4944
0	12,000	
0	10,000	
l/min	68 ft/min	19 m/min
in	150 ft	62 ft/min
mm	.625"	16 mm
		.625"

977*

* Capacities shown are with optional counterweight.

Wheel Tractor-Scrapers

- Specifications
- Tandem Powered
- Push-Pull

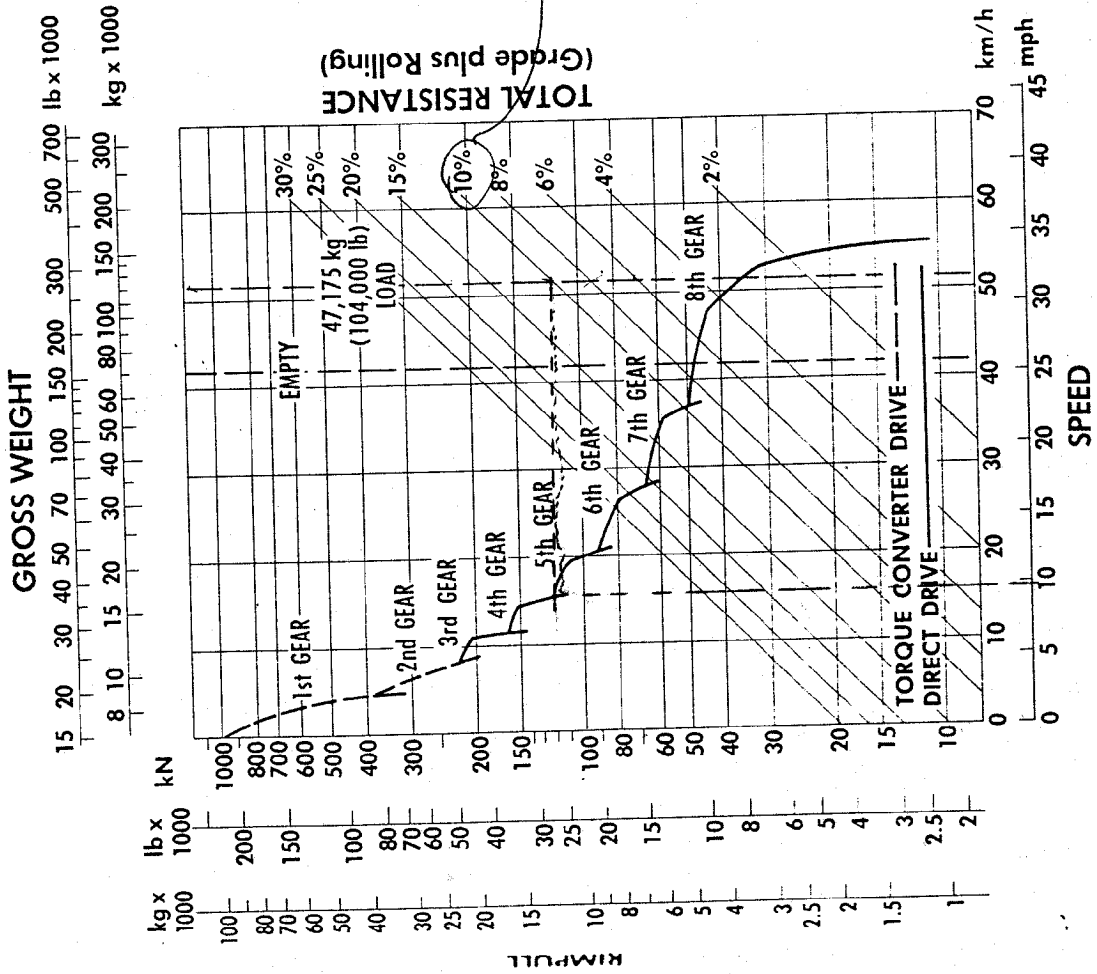


	651B	627B	637D	657B
Flywheel power: Tractor	410 kW	168 kW	336 kW	410 kW
Scraper	550 HP	225 HP	450 HP	550 HP
Operating weight (empty)*	128,550 lb	75,910 lb	107,200 lb	152,830 lb
Scraper capacity: Struck	32 yd ³	14 yd ³	21 yd ³	32 yd ³
Heaped	44 yd ³	20 yd ³	31 yd ³	44 yd ³
Rated load	104,000 lb	48,000 lb	75,000 lb	104,000 lb
Weight distribution — Empty: Drive	67%	58%	61%	59%
Rear	33%	42%	39%	41%
Weight distribution — Loaded: Drive	33%	49%	50%	49%
Rear	52%	51%	50%	51%
Engine model: Tractor	D346	3306	3408	D346
Scraper	1900	3306	3306	D343
Rated engine RPM: Tractor	1900	2100	2000	1900
Scraper	1900	2200	2200	1900
Displacement: Tractor	19.5 L	10.5 L	18.0 L	19.5 L
Scraper	1190 in ³	638 in ³	638 in ³	1190 in ³
Top speed (loaded)	50 km/h	10.5 L	10.5 L	14.6 L
Non-stop turning circle	13.5 m	55 km/h	53 km/h	893 in ³
With ROPS restriction	16.4 m	11.1 m	12.2 m	33 mph
Tires: Tractor drive	37.5-39, 36 PR (E-3)	—	—	40'1"
Scraper	37.5-39, 36 PR (E-3)	29.5-29, 28 PR (E-3)	33.25-35, 38 PR (E-3)	55'1"
Width of cut	3.63 m	29.5-29, 28 PR (E-3)	33.25-35, 38 PR (E-3)	—
Maximum depth of cut	405 mm	3.02 m	3.49 m	37.5-39, 44 PR (E-3)
Maximum depth of spread	510 mm	340 mm	483 mm	37.5-39, 44 PR (E-3)
Fuel tank refill capacity: Tractor	280 gal	460 mm	425 mm	3.63 m
Scraper	280 gal	511 L	946 L	406 mm
GENERAL DIMENSIONS:		492 L	643 L	510 mm
Height to top of scraper	14'1"	3.63 m	4.17 m	1060 L
Wheelbase	31'11"	7.72 m	8.74 m	757 L
Overall length	50'4"	13.3 m	14.8 m	280 gal
Shipping width	14'2"	3.45 m	3.96 m	200 gal
(draft arms on inside of bowl)				200 gal
Scraper tread	12'6"	2.18 m	3.66 m	
Tractor tread	8'11"	2.21 m	2.46 m	
PUSH-PULL GENERAL DIMENSIONS:				
Operating weight (empty)*	71,320 kg	35,990 kg	50,140 kg	71,320 kg
Overall length	17.63 m	14.91 m	16.53 m	17.63 m
Weight distribution — Empty: Drive	60%	60%	63%	60%
Rear	40%	40%	38%	40%
Weight distribution — Loaded: Drive	49%	51%	51%	49%
Rear	51%	49%	49%	51%

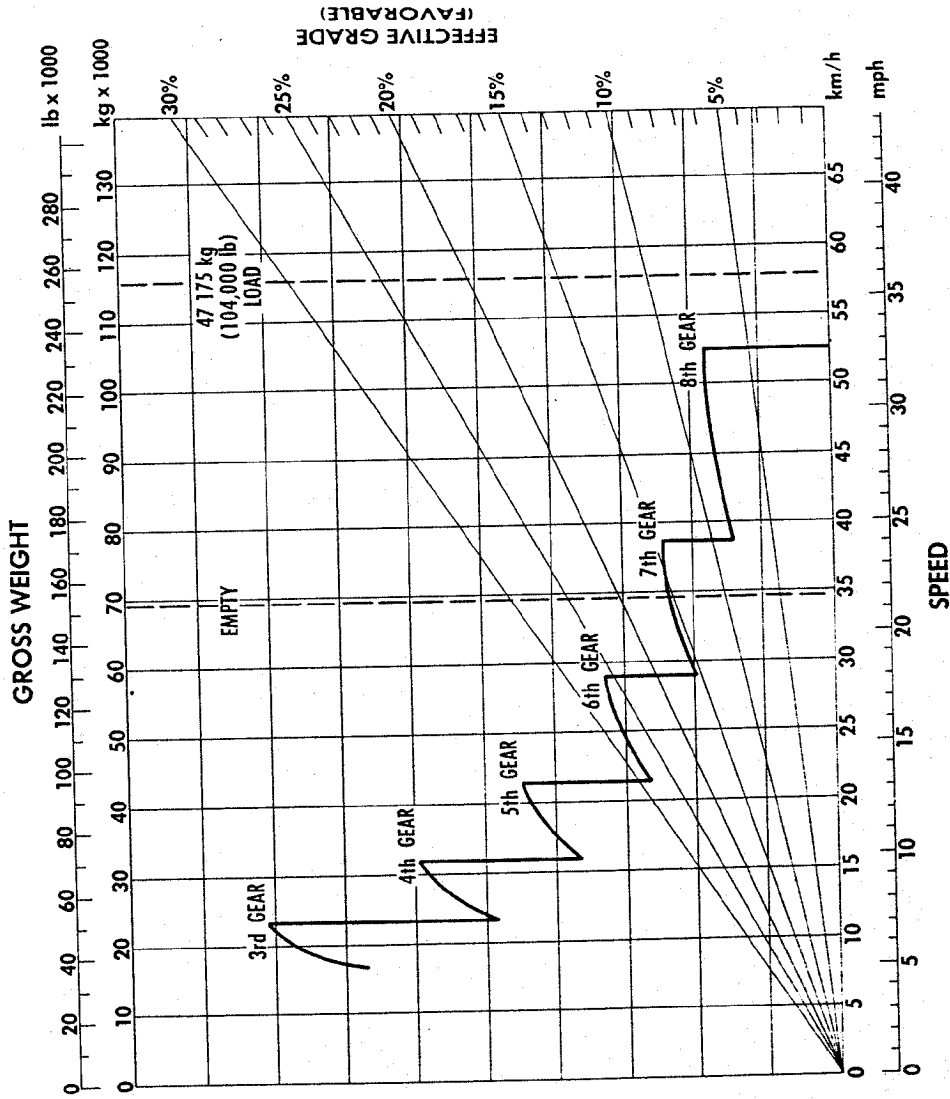
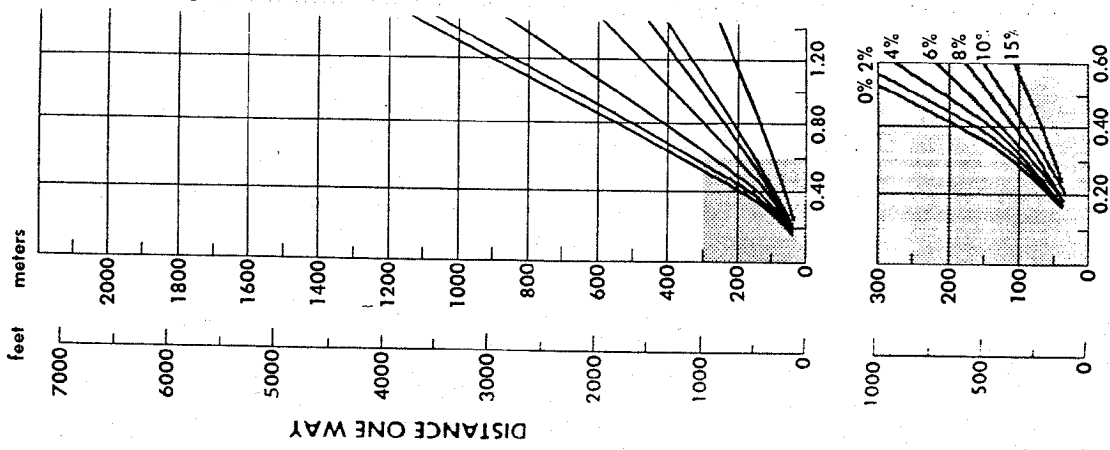
*Operating weight includes coolant, lubricants, full fuel tank, ROPS and operator.

657B Rimpull

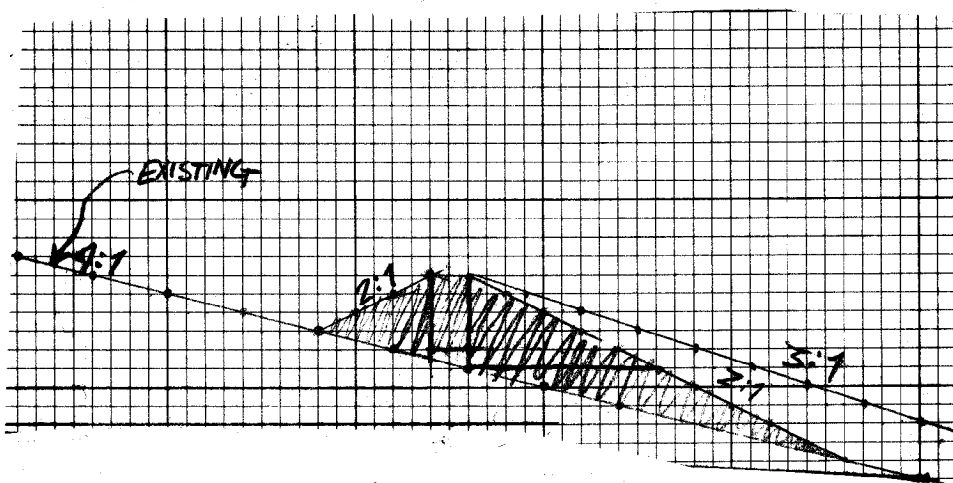
Wheel Tractor-Scrapers



Wheel Tractor-Scrapers 657B Retarding



COMPUTED EME DATE 7/19/95
 CHECKED _____ DATE _____



X-Sectional Area

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(4.5)(6) + 2(4) + \left(\frac{0.5+1}{2}\right)(2) + \frac{1}{2}(5)(10) + \frac{1}{2}(20.8)(2.4)$$

$$A = 72.90 = 73 \text{ ft}^2$$

For 2:1 side slopes

$$\text{Vol} = (\text{Length})(A)$$

$$\text{Vol} = (2800' + 2300')(73')$$

$$\text{Vol} = 13,800 \text{ cy} \quad \text{Assume 5\% shrink} \rightarrow \text{Say Vol} = 14,500 \text{ cy}$$

<u>Line</u>	<u>Bearing</u>	<u>Perpendicular</u>
1	N 26° 19' 59" E	N 63° 40' 01" W
2	S 63° 16' 49" E	N 26° 43' 11" E
3	N 32° 14' 42" E	N 57° 45' 18" W
4	N 51° 30' 00" W	S 38° 30' 00" W
5	S 23° 36' 15" W	S 66° 23' 45" E
6	S 47° 00' 11" W	S 42° 59' 49" E
7	S 30° 06' 05" W	S 59° 53' 55" E
8	S 67° 52' 44" E	N 22° 07' 16" E
9	N 28° 53' 12" E	N 61° 06' 48" W

EXHIBIT A

EL 890

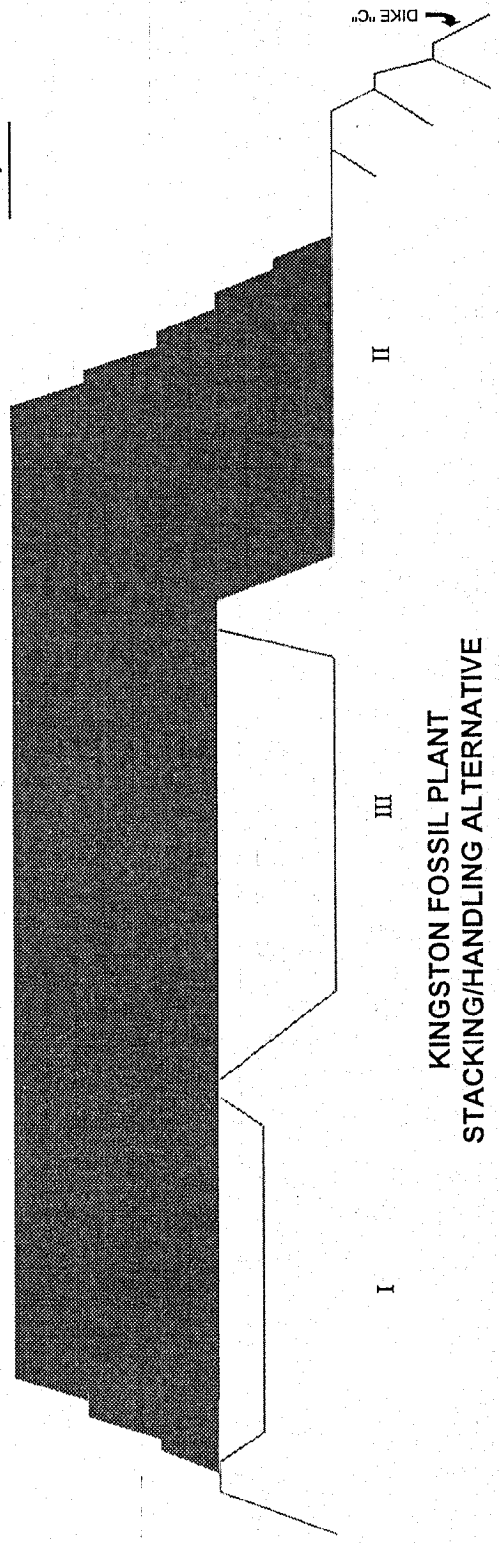
EL 860

EL 830

EL 800

EL 770

+23 yrs

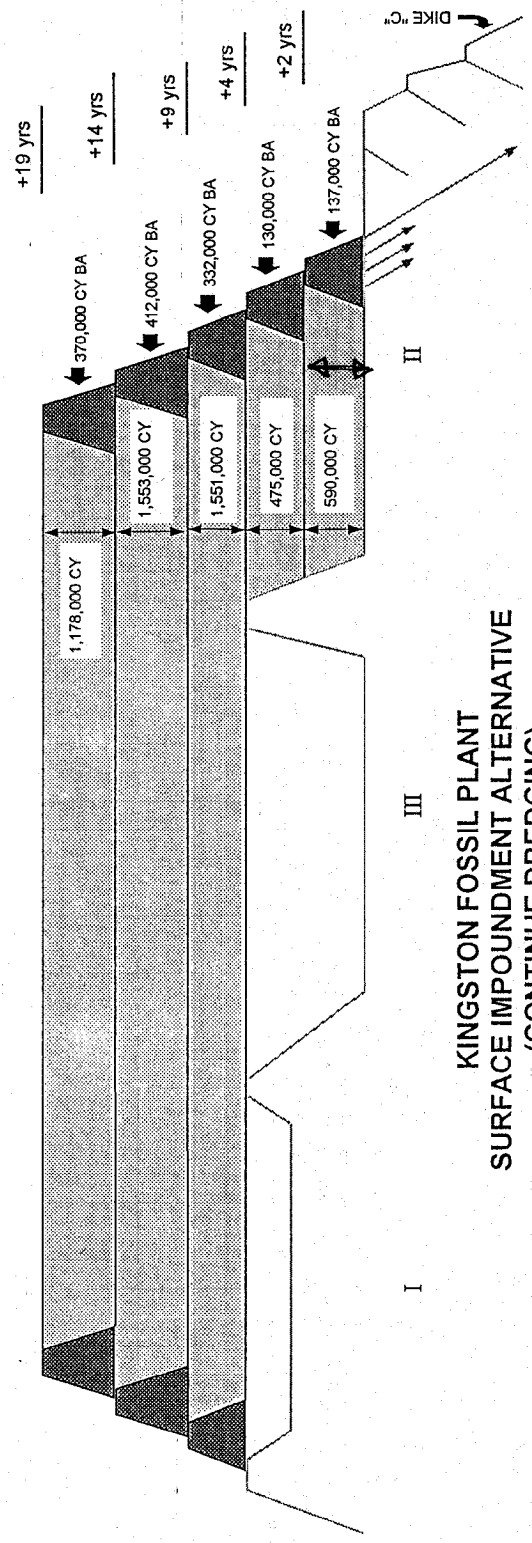


KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT
STACKING/HANDLING ALTERNATIVE

0000
05/09
545

EXHIBIT B

EL. 890
EL. 860
EL. 830
EL. 800
EL. 770



KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT
SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT ALTERNATIVE
(CONTINUE DREDGING)

**KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT
SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT ALTERNATIVE
ESTIMATED QUANTITIES**

STAGE	BOT. ASH (FOR DIKE) (yd ³)	FLY ASH (yd ³)	UNDERDRAIN PIPE (ft)	COVER SURFACE AREA (ft ²)	DIKE PERIMETER (ft)	INTERMEDIATE EARTH FILL (6" THICK) (yd ³)	FINAL EARTH FILL (12" THICK) (yd ³)
A	137,000	590,000	4,400	208,700	3,600	3,900	7,800
B	130,000	475,000	4,200	197,100	3,400	3,700	7,300
C	332,000	1,551,000	10,700	504,200	8,700	9,400	18,700
D	412,000	1,553,000	11,000	526,000	7,800	9,800	19,500
E	370,000	1,178,000	9,800	3,282,900	7,000	60,800	121,600

ENGINEERING
UPTO 30%
FA WITH BOTTOM ASH
FOR DIKES
BUDGET PLAN
V.503 203

ASSUMPTIONS:

1. All dike slopes are 3 to 1.
2. 50,000 square yards of Tensar-type geogrid will be required for Stage A foundation.
3. The toe of the Stage A dike will be offset 200 feet from the top of Dike C.
4. Stages A, B, and C will have a depth of 12 feet and Stages D and E will be 15 feet deep.

KIF Dredge Cells

SHEET _____ OF _____

Areas by Planimeter
(Calculated for use by Norris Lab in the
hydrogeologic model of the area)

COMPUTED BKE DATE 5/23/95

CHECKED _____ DATE _____

Area at top of finished stack

$$A_1 = 14.57$$

$$A_2 = 12.50$$

$$A_3 = 10.03$$

$$A_4 = 13.52$$

$$A_5 = 13.32$$

$$A_6 = 10.82$$

$$A_7 = 16.92$$

$$A_8 = 12.02$$

$$A_9 = 8.13$$

$$A_{10} = 13.55$$

$$A_{11} = 16.01$$

$$A_{12} = 15.65$$

$$A = 157.04 \text{ in}^2 \left(\frac{100 \text{ ft}}{1 \text{ in}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{1 \text{ acre}}{43,560 \text{ ft}^2} \right)$$

$$A = 36.05 \text{ acres}$$

Area of slopes (hor. projection)

$$A_{13} = (315')(700') = 220,500 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_{14} = (335')(1010') = 338,350 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_{15} = (375')(790') = 296,250 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_{16} = (490')(370') = 181,300 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_{17} = (360')(1100') = 396,000 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_{18} = 11.57 \text{ in}^2 = 115,700 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_{19} = 14.45 \text{ in}^2 = 144,500 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_{20} = 18.35 \text{ in}^2 = 183,500 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_{21} = 13.82 \text{ in}^2 = 138,200 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_{22} = 33.65 \text{ in}^2 = 336,500 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_{23} = 19.35 = 193,500 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A = 2,561,050 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A = 58.79 \text{ acres}$$

True value (projected on slope)

$$A = (1.05)(58.79) = 61.97 \text{ acres}$$

Area of Ash Pond (from dng 10N420)Active

$$A = 13.59 \text{ in}^2 \left(\frac{606 \text{ ft}}{\text{in}} \right)^2 = 4,990,737 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A = 114.57 \text{ acres}$$

Stilling Pool

$$A = 4.07 \text{ in}^2 \left(\frac{606 \text{ ft}}{\text{in}} \right)^2 = 1,494,650 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A = 34.31 \text{ acres}$$

From UTEXASS computer simulation the factor of safety equals 0.99 for a seismic factor of 0.062.

$$K_y = 0.062$$

Failure surface is: $X = 250.0$
 $Y = 434.5$
 $R = 374.5$

Check for deformation at the bottom of the stack.

From Fig 3

$$\frac{y}{H} = \frac{117ft}{117ft} = 1.0$$

$$U_{max} = 0.57g \text{ (see previous calc's)}$$

$$\frac{K_{max}}{U_{max}} = 0.33$$

$$K_{max} = 0.33(0.57g)$$

$$K_{max} = 0.188g$$

From Fig 4

$$\frac{K_y}{K_{max}} = \frac{0.062g}{0.188g} = 0.33$$

Assume $M = 7.5 \rightarrow \frac{U}{K_{max} T_0} = 0.10s$

$$U = (0.10s)(0.188)(32.2ft/s^2)(0.6s)$$

$$U = 0.36 \text{ ft} = 4.4 \text{ in}$$

KIF Dredge Cells - Displacement due to seismic load

SHEET 2 OF

COMPUTED BKE DATE 6/12/95

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Now check for deformation at top of stack (Assume a depth of 2 feet just below top cap).

$$\frac{y}{h} = \frac{z}{117} = 0.02$$

Figure 3
 $\frac{K_{max}}{U_{max}} = 0.99$

$$K_{max} = 0.99(0.57g)$$

$$K_{max} = 0.564g$$

Figure 4

Assume $M=7.5$

$$\frac{U}{K_{max} T_0} = 0.775s$$

$$U = (0.775s)(0.564)(32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2)(0.6s)$$

$$U = 8.4 \text{ ft}$$

NEWMARK PROCEDURE (CONTINUED)

STEP 6. Determine the maximum value of average acceleration (k_{max}) for any level within the embankment using the maximum crest acceleration (u_{max}) determined in Step 5 and entering Figure 3.

[NOTE : THE NUMBER 0 IN THE y/h COLUMN IS THE CREST OF THE EMBANKMENT.]

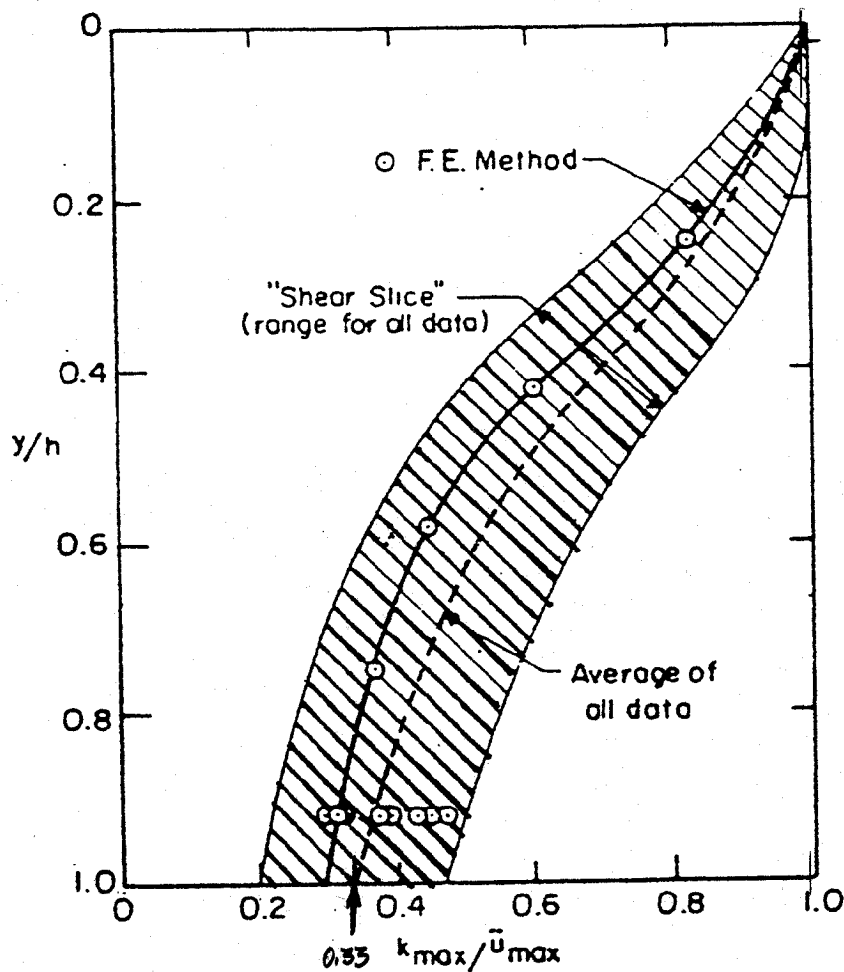


FIGURE 3: VARIATION OF " MAXIMUM ACCELERATION RATIO " WITH DEPTH OF SLIDING MASS

NEWMARK PROCEDURE (CONTINUED)

STEP 7. Determine the permanent displacements (U) for the yield acceleration (K_y) by entering Figure 4 with the appropriate values of k_{max} and T_0 .

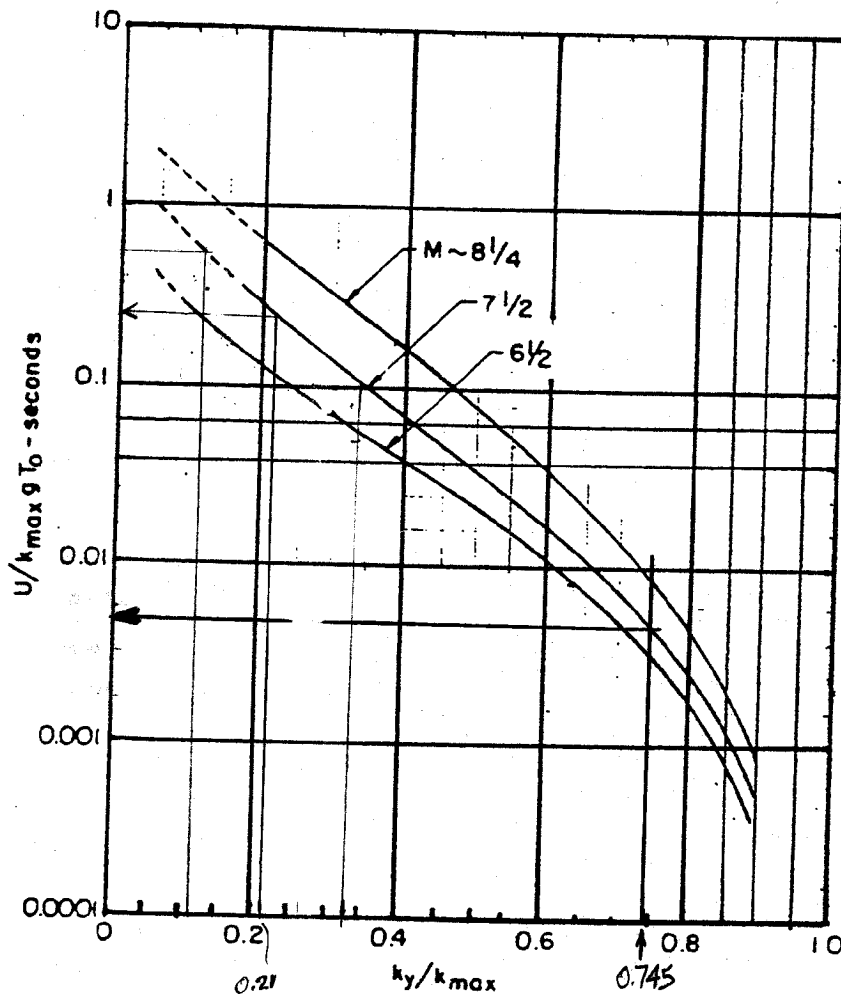


FIGURE 4: VARIATION OF AVERAGE NORMALIZED DISPLACEMENT WITH YIELD ACCELERATION

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crack depth = 14

<u>SEISFAC</u>	<u>Failure Surface</u>			<u>FS</u>	<u>#trial</u>	<u>#calc</u>	<u>Initial</u>
	<u>X</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>R</u>				
0.061	359.5	526.0	483.0	1.287	355	357	
0.062	250.0	434.5	374.5	0.993	165	161	Tangent 0.0
0.062	355.5	1029.5	970.9	1.13	322	275	Point 408, 60
0.062	255.0	388.0	328.0	0.992	100	99	Tangent 60.0
0.062	362.5	1063.0	1004.6	1.13	256	208	Point 420, 60

HOLE 1

INITIAL CONSTRUCTION
ROLLED EARTH FILL

0'-10' CLAY (over water table)

(8-10') $\gamma = 107.3$

10'-28' CLAY (under water table)

(22-24') $\gamma = -94.2$ ← use

\bar{R} $\phi = 22.6$

$c = .40$

use for both sections

why are others so high?

HOLE 4

I. C. R. E. F.

0'-10' CLAY (over water table)

$\gamma = 103.6$ ← use (100% saturation)

10'-28' CLAY (under water table)

(22-24') $\gamma = -106.8$

(24-26') $\gamma = 116.9$ (not sat.?)

Overburden CLAY

$\gamma = 105.6$ (not sat.?)

HOLE 3

3-WT = 10'
6-WT = 17'

0'-24' DREDGE CELL DIKE

- { 0'-10' over water table
- { 10'-24' under water table
- 24'-51' ex ash
- 51'-57' clay overburden
- 57'-63' sandy (FA) overburden

(15-17') Dredge cell Dike under water table

$\gamma = 77.9$ (why not (-)?)

test $\phi =$
 $c =$

(33-35) Existing Ash

$\gamma = 97.8$ (why not (-)?)

$\phi =$ use γ_{sat}
 $c =$ MEAL CORNS

Hole C water table 16'7"

(13'-15') $\gamma = 87.1$

(15'-17') $\gamma = 82.8$

ex. ash || (30-32') $\gamma = 84.9$ $\phi = 9.2$ $c = 2.91$ ||

VA: COMMITTED TO SERVICE, QUALITY, AND CHANGE.

↑
USE
MCP

Maximum Crest Acceleration Calculations

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Data

$$N = 24 \quad (\text{Avg. SPT of site soils from Singleton Tests})$$

$$a_{\max} = 0.2g \quad (\text{From USGS Map MF-2120})$$

$$h = 117 \text{ ft}$$

$$\gamma_g = 100 \text{ pcf} \quad (\text{From Singleton test})$$

$$\gamma_{\text{soil}} = 133 \text{ pcf} \quad (\text{From Singleton test})$$

$$\rho_{\text{soil}} = \frac{\gamma_{\text{soil}}}{g} = \frac{133 \text{ pcf}}{32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2} = 4.13 \text{ sl}$$

$$\text{Approximate } G_{\max} = 65N$$

$$G_{\max} = 65(24) = 1560 \text{ tsf}$$

$$V_{\max} = \sqrt{\frac{G_{\max}}{\rho}} = \sqrt{\frac{1560 \text{ tsf} \times (2000 \text{ lb/ton})}{4.13 \text{ sl}}} = 869 \text{ ft/s}$$

1st Iteration

$$\text{Assume } v_s = 500 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$\frac{G}{G_{\max}} = \left(\frac{v_s}{V_{\max}}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{500}{869}\right)^2 = 0.33$$

From Fig 1

$$\epsilon = 0.08\%$$

$$\lambda = 15\%$$

Natural Frequencies & Periods

$$\omega_1 = 2.4 \left(\frac{v_s}{h}\right) = 2.4 \left(\frac{500}{117}\right) = 10.26 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\omega_2 = 5.52 \left(\frac{v_s}{h}\right) = 5.52 \left(\frac{500}{117}\right) = 23.59 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\omega_3 = 8.65 \left(\frac{v_s}{h}\right) = 8.65 \left(\frac{500}{117}\right) = 36.97 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$T_1 = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_1} = \frac{2\pi}{10.26} = 0.61 \text{ sec}$$

$$T_2 = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_2} = \frac{2\pi}{23.59} = 0.27 \text{ sec}$$

$$T_3 = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_3} = \frac{2\pi}{36.97} = 0.17 \text{ sec}$$

Maximum Crest Acceleration Calc's

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From Fig 2

$$\frac{S_{a1}}{a_{max}} = 1.21 \rightarrow S_{a1} = 1.21(0.2g) = 0.24g$$

$$\frac{S_{a2}}{a_{max}} = 1.53 \rightarrow S_{a2} = 1.53(0.2g) = 0.31g$$

$$\frac{S_{a3}}{a_{max}} = 1.38 \rightarrow S_{a3} = 1.38(0.2g) = 0.28g$$

Maximum Crest Accelerations ($\phi_1 = 1.6$, $\phi_2 = 1.06$, $\phi_3 = 0.86$)

$$U_{1max} = \phi_1 S_{a1} = 1.6(0.24g) = 0.38g$$

$$U_{2max} = \phi_2 S_{a2} = 1.06(0.31g) = 0.33g$$

$$U_{3max} = \phi_3 S_{a3} = 0.86(0.28g) = 0.24g$$

$$U_{rmax} = \sqrt{U_{1max}^2 + U_{2max}^2 + U_{3max}^2} = \sqrt{(0.38g)^2 + (0.33g)^2 + (0.24g)^2} = 18.0 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

Average shear strain

$$(\epsilon)_{ave} = 0.65 \times 0.3 \times \frac{h}{V_s^2} \times S_{a1} = (0.65)(0.3) \left(\frac{117}{500^2} \right) \sqrt{(0.24)(32.2)} = 0.071\%$$

Assumed shear strain does not match calculated ($\epsilon \neq (\epsilon)_{ave}$)2nd IterationAssume $\epsilon = 0.071\%$

From Fig 1

$$\frac{\epsilon}{\epsilon_{max}} = 0.346$$

$$\lambda = 14.4\%$$

Maximum Crest Acceleration Calculations

COMPUTED BKE DATE 4/25/95

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$$\frac{G}{G_{max}} = \left(\frac{V}{V_{max}}\right)^2$$

$$V_s = V_{max} \sqrt{\frac{G}{G_{max}}} = 869 \sqrt{0.346} = 511 \text{ ft/s}$$

Natural Frequencies & Periods

$$\omega_1 = 2.4 \left(\frac{511}{117}\right) = 10.48 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\omega_2 = 5.52 \left(\frac{511}{117}\right) = 24.11 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\omega_3 = 8.65 \left(\frac{511}{117}\right) = 37.78 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$T_1 = \frac{2\pi}{10.48} = 0.60 \text{ sec}$$

$$T_2 = \frac{2\pi}{24.11} = 0.26 \text{ sec}$$

$$T_3 = \frac{2\pi}{37.78} = 0.17 \text{ sec}$$

From Fig. 2

$$\frac{S_{a1}}{a_{max}} = 1.25 \rightarrow S_{a1} = 0.25g$$

$$\frac{S_{a2}}{a_{max}} = 1.55 \rightarrow S_{a2} = 0.31g$$

$$\frac{S_{a3}}{a_{max}} = 1.39 \rightarrow S_{a3} = 0.28g$$

Maximum Crest Accelerations

$$U_{1max} = 1.6(0.25g) = 12.88 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

$$U_{2max} = 1.06(0.31g) = 10.58 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

$$U_{3max} = 0.86(0.28g) = 7.75 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

$$U_{max} = \sqrt{(12.88)^2 + (10.58)^2 + (7.75)^2} = 18.4 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

Average Equivalent Shear Strain

$$(\gamma_{ave})_{eq} = (0.65)(0.3) \left(\frac{117}{511}\right) [(0.25)(32.2)] = 0.070\%$$

The assumed strain was 0.071%, so iterate one more time.

Maximum Crest Acceleration Calculations

COMPUTED

BKE

DATE

4/25/95

CHECKED

DATE

3rd IterationAssume $\epsilon = 0.070\%$

From Fig. 1

$$\frac{G}{G_{max}} = 0.342$$

$$\lambda = 14.3\%$$

$$\frac{G}{G_{max}} = \left(\frac{V_s}{V_{max}}\right)^2$$

$$V_s = V_{max} \sqrt{\frac{G}{G_{max}}} = 869 \sqrt{0.342} = 508 \text{ ft/s}$$

Natural Frequencies & Periods

$$\omega_1 = 2.4 \left(\frac{508}{117}\right) = 10.42 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\omega_2 = 5.52 \left(\frac{508}{117}\right) = 23.97 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\omega_3 = 8.65 \left(\frac{508}{117}\right) = 37.55 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$T_1 = \frac{2\pi}{10.42} = 0.60 \text{ sec}$$

$$T_2 = \frac{2\pi}{23.97} = 0.26 \text{ sec}$$

$$T_3 = \frac{2\pi}{37.55} = 0.17 \text{ sec}$$

From Fig 2

$$\frac{S_{a1}}{a_{max}} = 1.25 \rightarrow S_{a1} = 0.25g$$

$$\frac{S_{a2}}{a_{max}} = 1.55 \rightarrow S_{a2} = 0.31g$$

$$\frac{S_{a3}}{a_{max}} = 1.39 \rightarrow S_{a3} = 0.28g$$

Maximum Crest Accelerations

$$U_{1max} = 1.6 (0.25g) = 12.88 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

$$U_{2max} = 1.06 (0.31g) = 10.58 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

$$U_{3max} = 0.86 (0.28g) = 7.75 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

Maximum Crest Acceleration Calculations

COMPUTED BKE DATE 4/25/95

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$$u_{\max} = \sqrt{(12.88)^2 + (10.58)^2 + (7.75)^2} = 18.4 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

Average Shear Strain

$$(\gamma_{\text{ave}})_{\text{eq}} = (0.65)(0.3)\left(\frac{117}{508^2}\right)[(0.25)(32.2)] = 0.070\%$$

Assumed shear strain matches calculated value ($\epsilon = \gamma_{\text{ave}}$), so maximum crest acceleration is

$$u_{\max} = 18.4 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

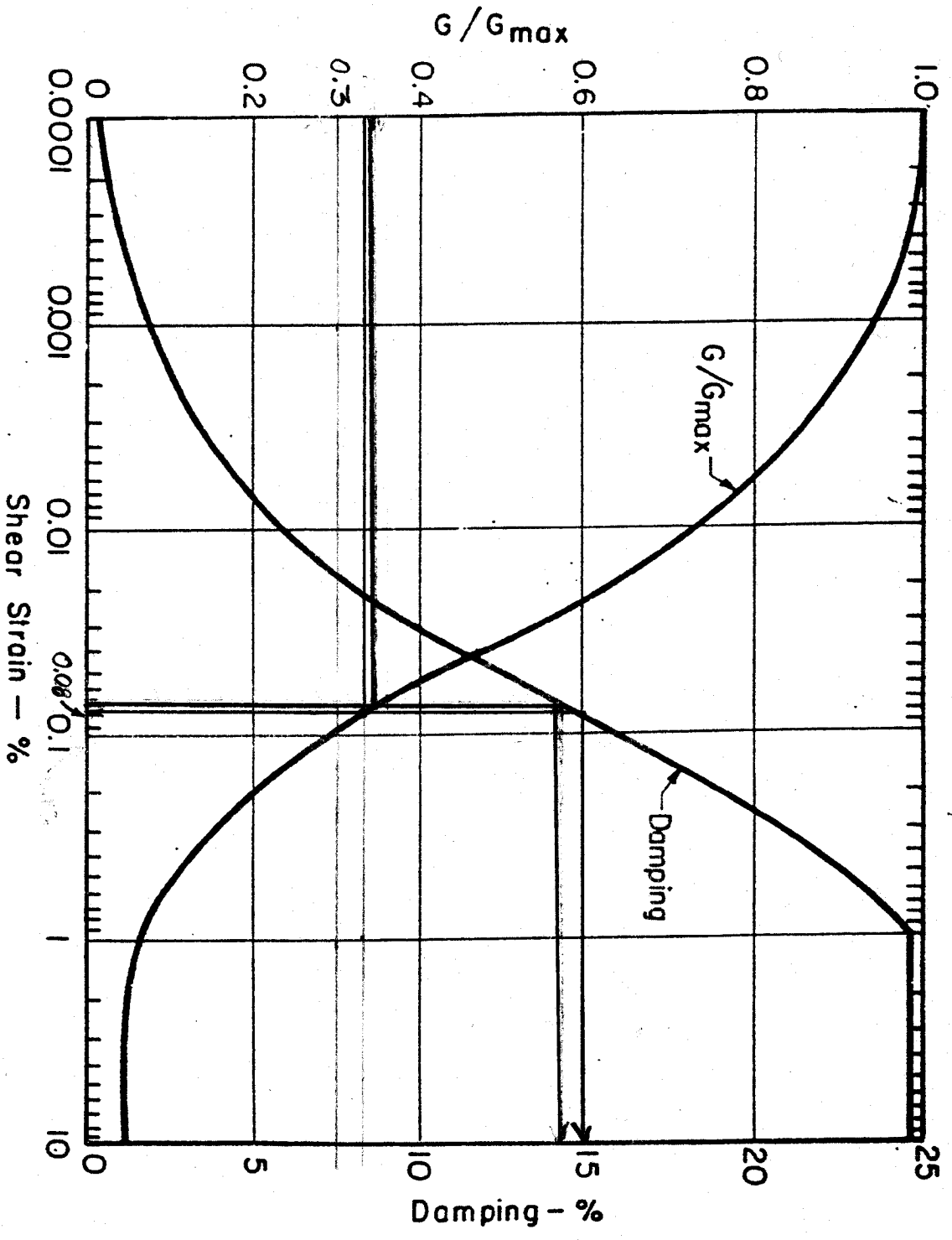


FIGURE 1: SHEAR MODULUS AND DAMPING CHARACTERISTICS USED IN RESPONSE CALCULATIONS

1st Iteration

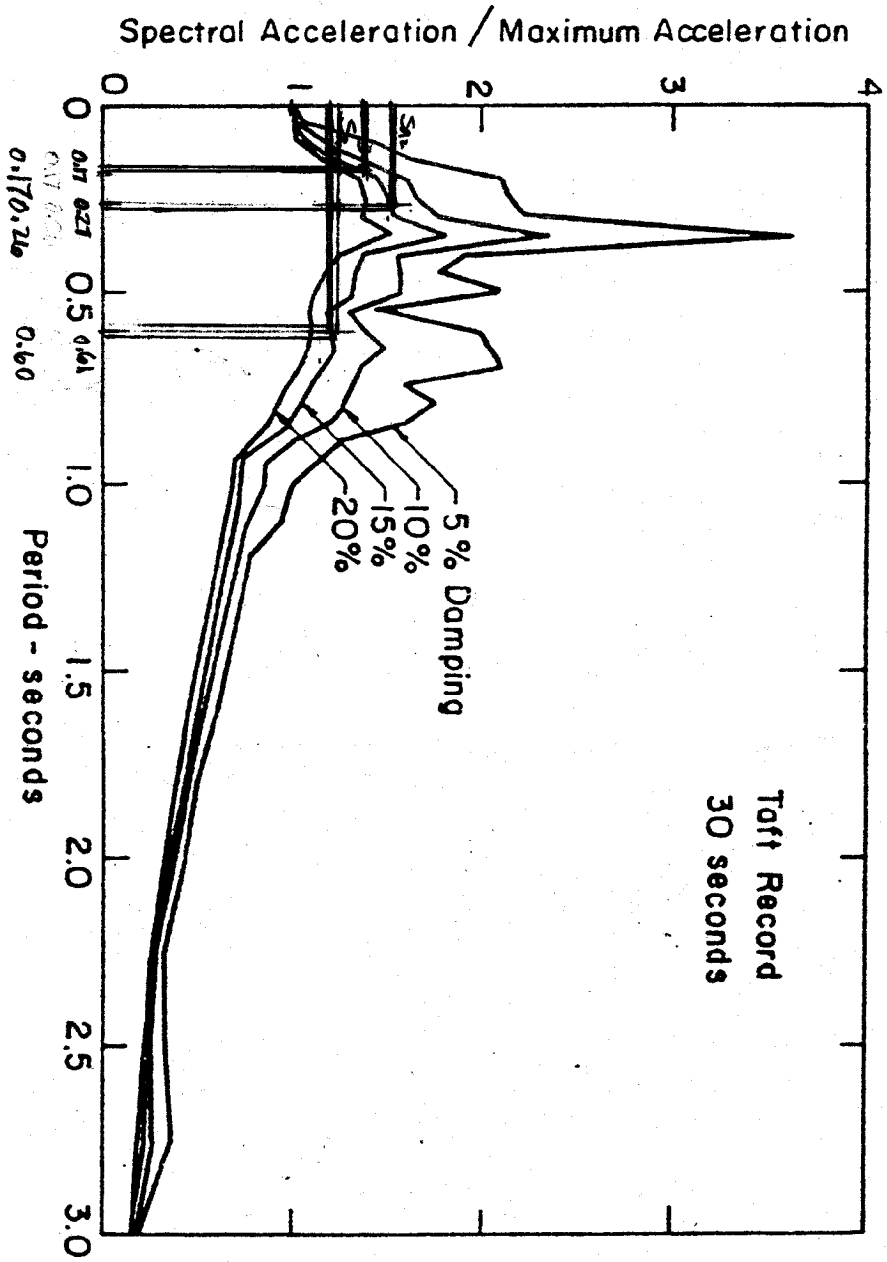


FIGURE 2: NORMALIZED ACCELERATION RESPONSE SPECTRA - TAFT RECORD
(NORTH - SOUTH COMPONENT)

File	data file	Failure Surface		R	FS
		X	Y		
KIFSEIS1.OUT	KIFSEIS.DAT	347.0	391.5	376.5	1.003
KIFSEIS2.OUT	KIFSEIS	348.5	404.0	389.0	0.974
KIFSEIS3.OUT	"	347.0	391.5	376.5	1.003
KIFSEIS4.OUT	"	347.0	391.5	376.5	1.003
KIFSEIS5.OUT	"	347.0	391.5	376.5	1.003

Initial Search	Comments
Circle x=330 y=310 Tangent Y=1.0	Seismic Factor = 0.14
same x=330 y=200 Tangent Y=1.0	Seismic Factor = 0.15 (some points did not converge)
x=220 y=200 Tangent Y=1.0	Seismic Factor = 0.14 New initial location
x=330 y=310 Tangent Y=1.0	same as above
	same as above

217 187
 208 171
 233
 220
 13
 228
 226
 12
 15
 603 tried
 538 calculated
 45
 20
 557
 503
 4
 17
 236
 178
 58
 30
 208
 158
 50
 598
 490
 178
 545
 44
 14
 236
 192
 44
 13
 222
 178
 12
 904
 886

<u>OUTPUT FILE</u>	<u>INPUT FILE</u>	<u>ES</u>	<u>Failure Circle</u>			<u>Initial Try</u>	
			X	Y	R	Circle	Tangent
RUN1.OUT	RUN1.DAT	2.361	345.0	325.5	317.0	x=350 y=310	r=1.0
RUN2.OUT	RUN2.DAT	1.762	345.0	657.0	600.3	x=330 y=310	Point x=408 y=60
RUN3.OUT	RUN3.DAT	1.771	342.5	601.0	544.95	x=250 y=30	Point x=408 y=60
RUN4.OUT	RUN4.DAT	1.751	347.5	714.0	656.8	x=330 y=600	Point x=408 y=60

→
STATIC

File	.dat file	Proc	Failure Surface		R	FS	Initial Search	Comments
			X	Y				
KIF1.OUT		Spencer	330.5	309.5	283.09	1.566	X=330 Y=310 Point w/ X=408 Y=60	R values for strength c assumed = 0 for all $\phi = 34^\circ$ for BA $\phi = 20^\circ$ for FA
KIF2.OUT		Corps	328.0	305.5	277.07	1.561	Same	Same / Angle of force = 10°
KIF3.OUT		Bishop	330.0	307.5	281.85	1.568	Same	Same / Hor force ^{side}
KIF4.OUT		Spencer	330.0	307.5	281.00	1.566	X=330 Y=310 Radius = 290	
KIF5.OUT		Spencer	774.0	102.5	88.0	1.179	X=740 Y=140 Tangent to y=-1.0	Increased c value of Rolled compacted earth to 50 lb/ft ²
KIF6.OUT		Spencer	765.5	168.0	154.08	1.409	Same	Increased c value to c=100
KIF7.OUT		Spencer	770.5	96.0	82.0	1.268	Same	Make c = 75
KIF8.OUT		Spencer	330.0	308.5	282.34	1.566	X=330 Y=310 Point w/ X=408 Y=60	Kitecella.dat except FS = 1.0 ^{9.0} instead of 3.0 initially
KIF9.OUT		Spencer	751.5	137.5	122.5	1.423	X=735 Y=135 Tangent to 15.0	Same as above but with different starting coords c=100 for rolled earth (groups 4&5)
KIF10.OUT		Spencer	330.0	308.5	282.34	1.566	Same as KIF8	Same as KIF6 but corrected of residual material & of rolled earth
KIF11.OUT	Kitecell	Spencer	302.0	331.5	316.35	1.332	Circle w/ X=330 Y=310 Point w/ X=408 Y=60	Kitecell, dat w/ initial values From tests (r strength) assumed strength for fly ash
KIF12.OUT	Kitecell	Spencer	705.0	305.0	290.0	2.917	Circle w/ X=735, Y=135, Tan to 15.0	Same as KIF11 w/ different starting point
KIF13.OUT	KIF3EIS	Spencer	325.0	294.0	276.24	1.657	Circle X=330 Y=310 Point X=408 Y=60	SEISMIC run w/ seismic coeff equal to zero
KIF14.OUT	Kitecell	Spencer	320.5	351.0	308.0	1.280	Circle X=330 Y=310 tan to y=1.0	Used new values for fly ash from Singleton Labs

This
is
work

1.167
W/4-20

SEK5FAC = 0.14

~~Initial FS = 15.0~~

FS = 1,003 Iter = 40

tried = 257

calc = 239

SEK5FA = 0.135

Initial FS = 9.0

Initial B = 12.0

Iter. = 40

FS = 1,018

tried 264

tried 259

calc. 256

calc 253

Changed initial BC from Point @ 400, 60
to Tangent @ 1.0

Initial FS = 9.0

SEK5FAC = 0.14

391.00
- 375.824
15.176

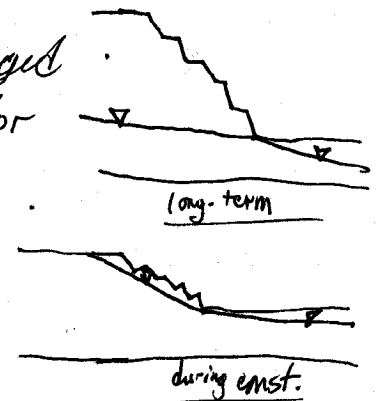
X = 346.50
Y = 391.00
R = 375.824

Kifcella.dat - uses \bar{R} -values w/ $c = 0$ - used $\phi = 34^\circ$ for bottom ash & $\phi = 20^\circ$ for fly ash based on Cumberland stability analysis. Got $FS \approx 1.56$ for new dike & $FS \approx 0.84$ for existing dike.

Kifcellb.dat - same as above but increased the c value of the rolled, compacted earth

Kifcelld.dat - same as Kifcella.dat with a factor of safety initially set to ~~1.0~~ 9.0

Kifcelld.dat - same as Kifcellc except the piezometric line and ~~a~~ material property data was changed to reflect a higher water level ~~during~~ for just-constructed conditions



Mark
555-8626

SOIL IDENTIFICATION	UNIT WEIGHT (pcf)		SHEAR STRENGTH										REMARKS
			Q			R			Rbar				
			c (tsf)	ϕ (deg)	ϕ (deg)	c (tsf)	ϕ (deg)	ϕ (deg)	cbar (tsf)	ϕ bar (deg)			
Rolled, compacted earth dike	γ_{moist} 114.2	γ_{sat} 119.3	0.0	12.7	0.69	6.1	0.40	22.6	0.40	22.6	0.40	22.6	Values from Singleton Lab test (Sep. 94)
Residual material	133.4	136.7	1.16	11.0	1.24	14.7	0.60	29.6	0.60	29.6	0.60	29.6	"
Bottom ash	109.9	114.8	0.0	37.4	0.95	15.9	0.49	29.1	0.49	29.1	0.49	29.1	"
Fly ash	110.1	114.4	1.30	22.3	0.32	35.8	0.0	37.5	0.0	37.5	0.0	37.5	"
Bottom ash (CUF'86)	108	124			0.75	24	0	34	0	34	0	34	CUF Ash and Dike Stability Analysis - 12/86
Fly ash (CUF'86)					0.10	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	"

Plant: **Kingston Fossil**
 Project: **Dredge Cell Design**
 Description: **Liquefaction Calculations (At x=90 on the calc. grid)**
Vertical slice through top of dike
 Computed: **B K Elder**
 Date: **5/2/95**

Depth (ft)	Ptot (psf)	Po (psf)	Cn	N	N1	rd	Ri	Rf	FS
10	1099	1099	1.31	30	39.30	0.98	0.127	0.476	3.74
20	2198	2198	0.97	30	29.10	0.95	0.124	0.312	2.53
30	3197	3197	0.80	5	4.00	0.92	0.120	0.044	0.37
40	4227	3946	0.72	5	3.60	0.85	0.118	0.040	0.34
50	5295	4390	0.67	5	3.35	0.75	0.118	0.038	0.32
60	6363	4834	0.63	5	3.15	0.66	0.113	0.033	0.29
70	7431	5278	0.60	5	3.00	0.59	0.108	0.032	0.30
80	8499	5722	0.57	10	5.70	0.55	0.106	0.066	0.62
90	9567	6166	0.54	10	5.40	0.52	0.105	0.061	0.58
100	10635	6610	0.52	10	5.20	0.49	0.102	0.058	0.57

Liquefaction Calculations (At $x=90$ on calc. grid)

COMPUTED BKE DATE 5/2/95

CHECKED _____ DATE _____

As an example, calculations are presented for a depth of 50 feet. Calculations were made for depths from 10 to 100 feet and are presented in the accompanying table.

$$\text{Depth} = 50 \text{ ft}$$

$$P_{tot} = \sum \gamma_i d_i$$

$$P_{tot} = (20 \text{ ft})(109.9 \text{ pcf}) + (15.5 \text{ ft})(99.9 \text{ pcf}) + (14.5 \text{ ft})(106.8 \text{ pcf})$$

$$P_{tot} = 5295 \text{ psf}$$

$$P_o = \sum \gamma_i d_i + \sum (\gamma_i - \gamma_{mo}) d_i$$

$$P_o = (20 \text{ ft})(109.9 \text{ pcf}) + (15.5 \text{ ft})(99.9 \text{ pcf}) + (14.5 \text{ ft})(106.8 \text{ pcf} - 62.4 \text{ pcf})$$

$$P_o = 4390 \text{ psf}$$

Use Fig 5

$$C_n = 0.67$$

 $N = 5$ for this depth

$$N_i = C_n \cdot N = 0.67(5) = 3.35$$

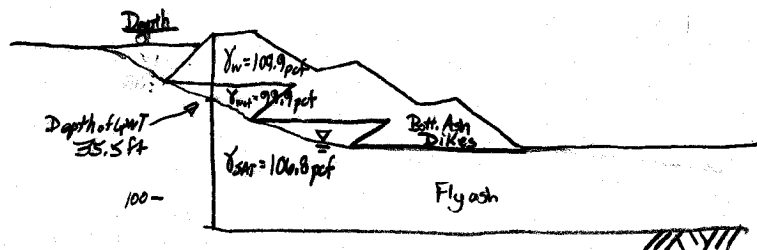
Use Fig 6

$$\tau_d = 0.75$$

$$R_i = 0.65 a_{max} \frac{P_{tot}}{P_o} \tau_d$$

$$R_i = 0.65(0.2) \left(\frac{5295}{4390} \right) (0.75)$$

$$R_i = 0.118$$



Liquefaction Calculations (At x=90 m cell grid)

COMPUTED BJE DATE 5/2/95

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Use Fig 7 (Assume $M=7.5$)

$$R_f = 0.038$$

$$FS = \frac{R_f}{R_d}$$

$$FS = \frac{0.038}{0.118}$$

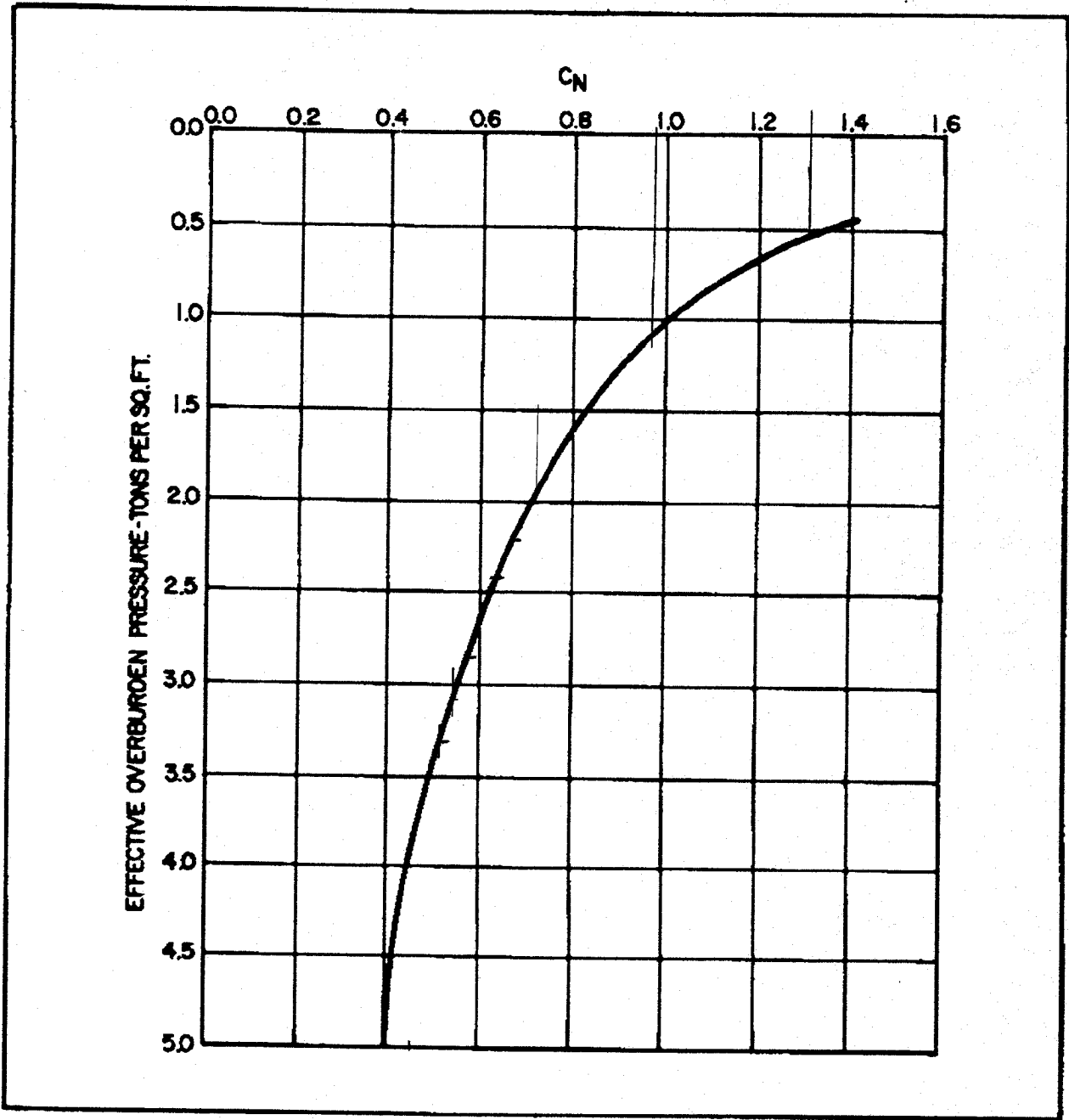
$$FS = 0.32 < 1.0 \text{ so liquefaction may occur}$$

Use Fig 8 to determine if damage will occur to surface

$$\text{Surface layer thickness} = 20 \text{ ft} = 6.1 \text{ m}$$

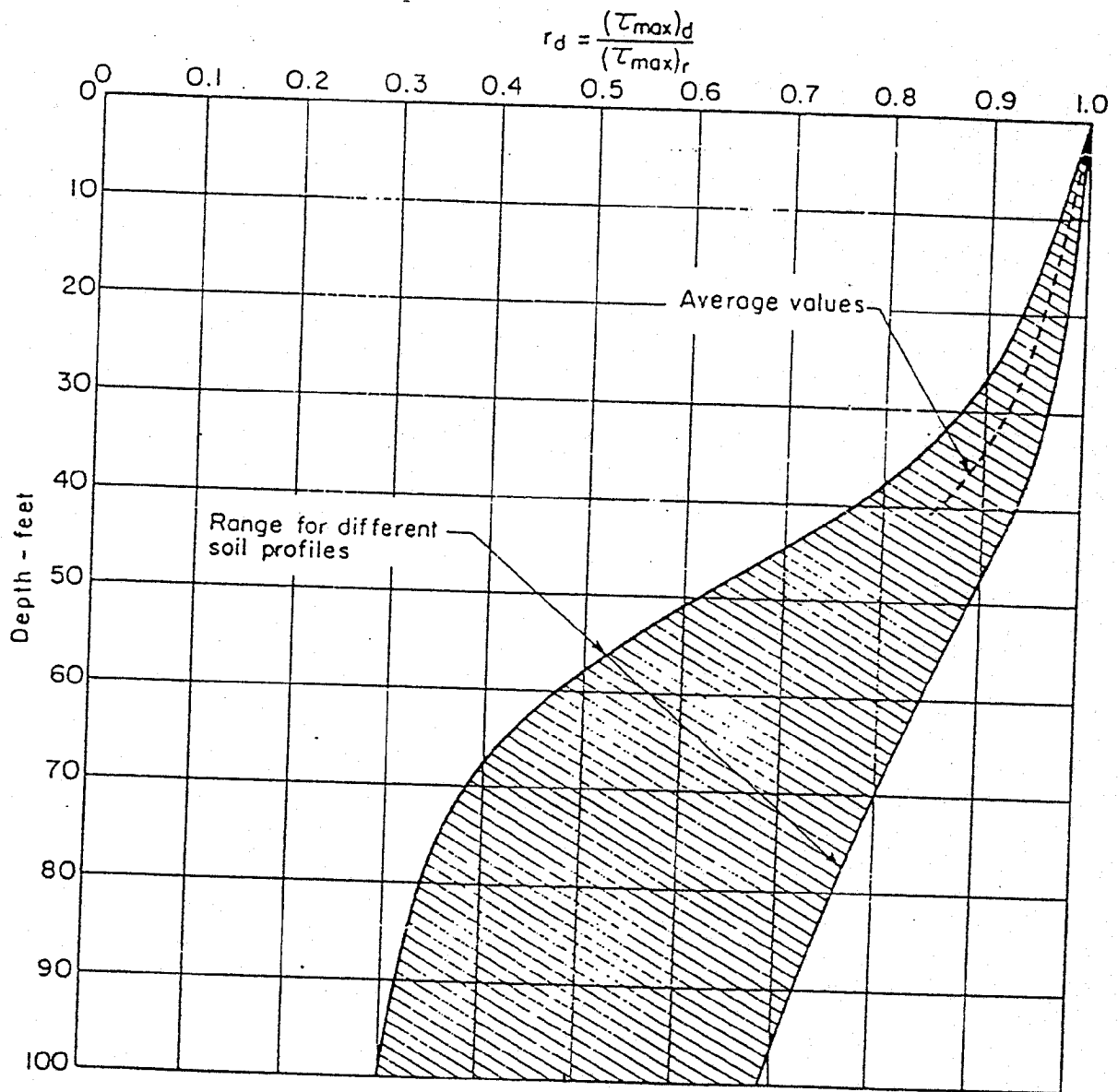
$$\text{Thickness of liquefiable layer} = 30 \text{ ft} = 9.1 \text{ m}$$

No damage will occur to the dikes for any depth of fly ash that liquefies according to Fig 8. The surface layer thickness is greater than the minimum thickness required to prevent damage for a maximum acceleration of $0.2g$.



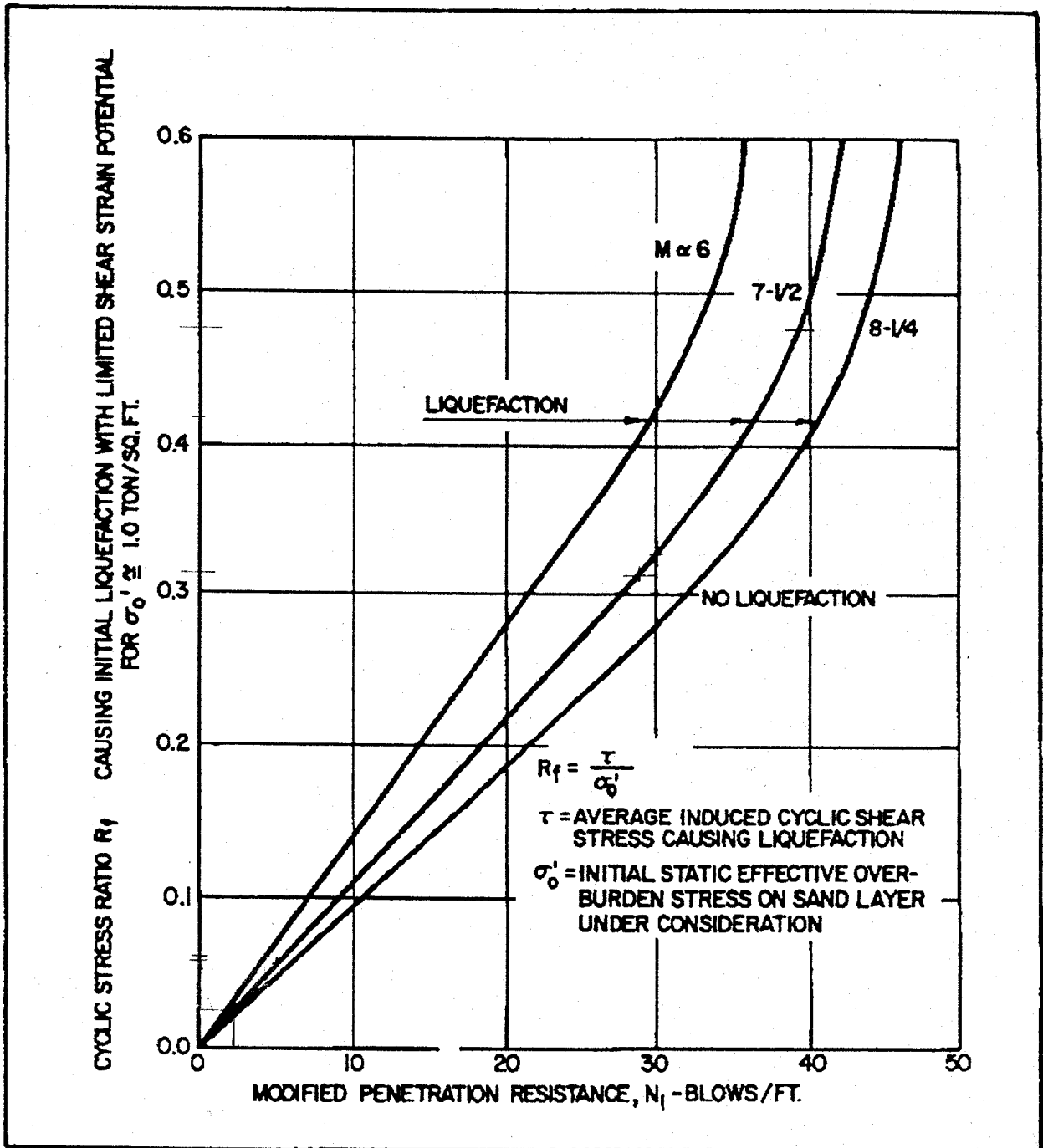
Correlation Between C_N and Effective Overburden Pressure

FIGURE 5
(FROM NAVFAC 7.3)



—RANGE OF VALUES OF r_d FOR DIFFERENT SOIL PROFILES

FIGURE 6
(FROM H. B. SEED)



Correlation Between Field Liquefaction Behavior
 of Sands for Level Ground Conditions and Modified
 Penetration Resistance

FIGURE 7
 (FROM NAVFAC 7.3)

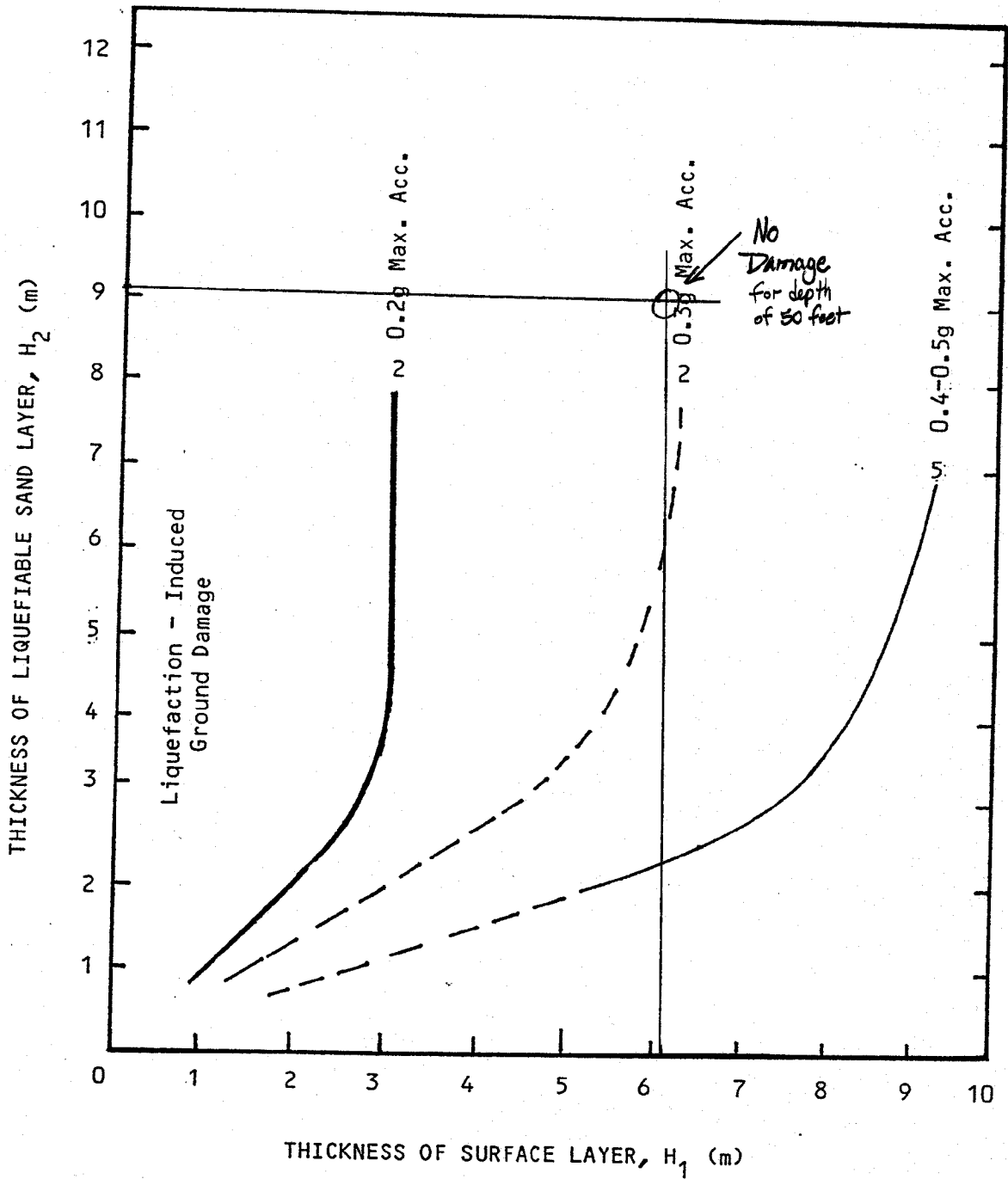


FIGURE 8

BOUNDARY CURVES FOR LIQUEFACTION SURFACE EVENT
(Ishihara, 1985)

Maximum Surface Acceleration = 0.22g

Assume
N=5

Depth	P_{tot}	P_o	C_N	N_1	$\bar{\sigma}_d$	R_i	R_c	FS
0	0	0	-	-	-	-		
10	999	999	1.35	6.75	0.98	0.127	0.078	0.614
20	1998	1998	1.0	5	0.95	0.124	0.055	0.444
30	2997	2997	0.83	4.15	0.92	0.120		
40	3996	3996	0.72	3.6	0.85	0.111		
50	4995	4995	0.62	3.1	0.75	0.0975		
60	5994	5994	0.55	2.75	0.66	0.086		
70	6993	6681	0.51	2.55	0.59	0.080		
80	7992	7056	0.50	2.50	0.55	0.081		
90	8991	7431	0.48	2.40	0.52	0.082		
100	9990	7806	0.45	2.25	0.49	0.082		
110	10,989	8181	0.43	2.15				

$FS < 1$ for
all cases !!!

Liquofaction Calcs

$$a_{max} = 0.20g$$

Assume $N = 5$

Assume pt. @ EL 735 in center of area (beyond influence of dikes)

$$P_o = (99.9 \text{ pcf})(65') + 35'(99.9 - 62.4)$$

$$P_o = 7806 \text{ psf} = 3.90 \text{ tsf}$$

$$P_{tot} = 99.9 \text{ pcf} (100 \text{ ft})$$

$$P_{bot} = 9990 \text{ psf}$$

Use Fig 5 to get C_N

$$C_N = 0.46$$

$$N_i = C_N \cdot N = 0.46(5) = 2.3$$

Fig 6 $\rightarrow \Gamma_d = 0.49$

$$R_i = 0.65 a_{max} \frac{P_{tot}}{P_o} \Gamma_d$$

$$R_i = 0.65(0.2) \left(\frac{9990}{7806} \right) (0.49)$$

$$R_i = 0.0815$$

If $N = 10$

$$N_i = 4.6$$

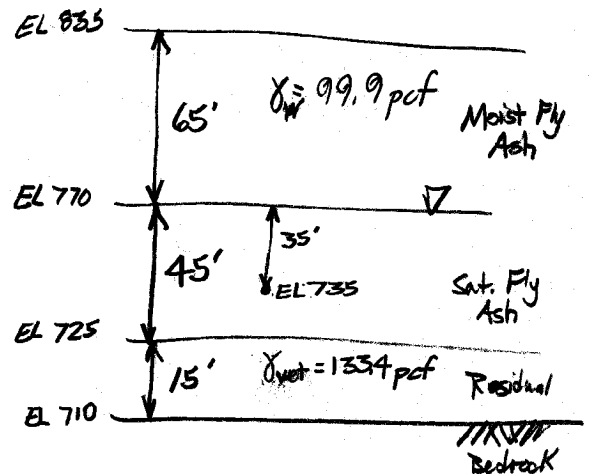
Fig 7 (Assume $M = 7.5$)

$$R_f = 0.025$$

$$F_s = \frac{R_f}{R_i}$$

$$F_s = \frac{0.025}{0.0815}$$

$$F_s = 0.31 \leftarrow$$



KIF Dredge Cell Design

SHEET 1 OF

Liquefaction Calc's (At x=90 on the calc. grid.)

COMPUTED **BKE** DATE **5/1/95**

CHECKED _____ DATE _____

Depth	P_{tot}	P_o	C_u	N^*	N_1	r_d	R_v	R_f^{\oplus}	FS
10	1099	1099	1.35	30	40.50	0.98	0.127	0.418	3.29
20	2198	2198	1.00	30	30.0	0.95	0.124	0.325	2.62
30	3866	3866	0.83	5	4.15	0.92	0.120	0.047	0.39
40	4896	4615	0.72	5	3.60	0.85	0.117	0.041	0.35
50	5964	5059	0.62	5	3.10	0.75	0.115	0.035	0.30
60	7032	5503	0.55	5	2.75	0.66	0.110	0.029	0.26
70	8100	5947	0.51	5	2.55	0.59	0.104	0.027	0.26
80	9168	6391	0.50	10	5.0	0.55	0.103	0.056	0.54
90	10,236	6835	0.48	10	4.80	0.52	0.101	0.053	0.52
100	11,304	7279	0.45	10	4.50	0.49	0.099	0.050	0.51
110	12,372	7723	0.43	10	4.30	?			

$\gamma_{wet} = 107.9$ pcf

Depth 3#5 ∇

4#5

$\gamma_{wet} = 99.9$ pcf
 $\gamma_{sat} = 106.8$ pcf

$\gamma_{wet} = 133.4$ pcf

$\gamma_{sat} = 136.7$ pcf

- * 0 to 20 ft - avg of BA dike values for hole 8 & 9 = 44
- 20 to 70 ft - SPT of 5 assumed based on FA data
- 70+ ft - SPT of 10 assumed due to consolidation & data from hole 9

\oplus Assume $M=7.5$

TVA 11030 (WM-7-75)

For $SEISFAC = 0.14$, $FS = 1.003$

So $K_y = 0.14$

Failure Surface - $X = 347.0$
 $Y = 391.5$
 $R = 376.5$

For Figure 3

$H = 117 \text{ ft}$
 $y = 117 \text{ ft}$ $\rightarrow \frac{y}{H} = 1.0$

$U_{max} = 18.4 \text{ ft/s}^2 = 0.57g$

Use Fig 3 $\rightarrow \frac{K_{max}}{U_{max}} = 0.33$

$K_{max} = 0.33(0.57g)$

$K_{max} = 0.188g$

Fig. 4 Displacements

$\frac{K_y}{K_{max}} = \frac{0.14g}{0.188g} = 0.745$

Assume $M = 7.5$

$\frac{U}{K_{max} T_0} = 0.0071 =$

$U = (0.0071)(0.188)(32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2)(0.6s)$

$U = 0.026 \text{ ft} = 0.3 \text{ in}$

$\frac{12.8}{X} = \frac{19}{0.2}$

$X = 0.1347$

$\frac{K_{max}}{U_{max}} = 0.2 + 0.13$
 $= 0.33$

Fig 4 - abscissa
Using tenths of an inch on scale

$\frac{77}{0.2} = \frac{X}{0.145}$

$X = 56$

Fig 4 - ordinate
Using tenths of an inch on scale

$\frac{96}{0.009} = \frac{65}{X}$

$X = 0.0061$

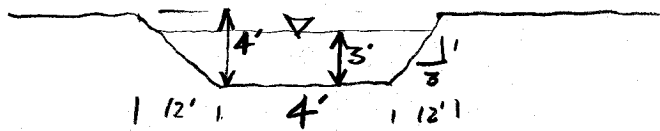
$\frac{U}{K_{max} T_0} = 0.001 + 0.0061$
 $= 0.0071$

There is not enough vertical clearance to construct a grass lined (natural) ditch along the north side & achieve an adequate slope to drain. From previous runoff calc's, approximately 90 cfs will be delivered to the ditch by a 25 yr, 30 min storm.

Assume a slope of 0.25%, or 0.0025 ft/ft

Assume a Manning's $n = 0.012$ (for concrete)

Assume a trapezoidal channel as follows:



$$R = \frac{(b+zy)y}{b+2y\sqrt{1+z^2}}$$

$$A = (b+zy)y$$

$$Q = \frac{\phi}{n} AR^{2/3} S_0^{1/2}$$

$$R = \frac{(4+(3)3)3}{4+2(3)\sqrt{1+3^2}}$$

$$A = (4+3(3))3$$

$$Q = \frac{1.49}{0.012} (39)(1.70)^{2/3} (0.0025)^{1/2}$$

$$R = 1.70 \text{ ft}$$

$$A = 39.7 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$Q = 345 \text{ cfs}$$

Area draining to north ditch

from calculations for Norris Lab on 6/25/95

$$A_1 + A_2 + A_{18} + A_{19} + A_{13} + A_{20} + A_4 + A_6 + \frac{1}{2}A_{17} =$$

$$14.57 + 12.50 + 11.57 + 14.45 + 22.05 + 18.35 + 13.52 + 10.82 + \frac{1}{2}(39.6) = 137.63 \text{ in}^2$$

$$A = 137.63 \text{ in}^2 \left(\frac{100 \text{ ft}}{1 \text{ in}} \right)^2$$

$$A = 1,376,300 \text{ ft}^2$$

Assume $i = 4.0$ in/hr (25 yr, 1/2 hr rainfall = 2.0 in from Tech Paper 40)
 Assume $C = 0.7$

$$Q = CiA$$

$$Q = (0.7)(4.0 \text{ in/hr})(1,376,300 \text{ ft}^2) \left(\frac{1 \text{ ft}}{12 \text{ in}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ hr}}{3600 \text{ sec}} \right)$$

$$Q = 89.2 \text{ cfs} = \text{capacity needed for north ditch}$$

0.57% = 0.005 (700)
8.5 ft

$$V = \frac{\phi}{\pi} R^{2/3} S_0^{1/2}$$

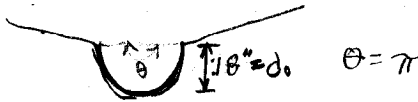
Assume

$$V = 1 \text{ fps}$$

$$n = 0.01$$

$$\phi = 1.49$$

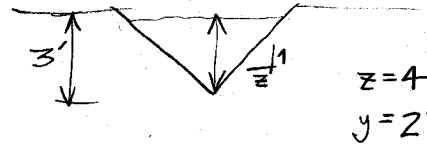
(ADS 36" corrugated N-12 polyethylene pipe)



$$R = \frac{1}{4} \left(1 - \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta}\right) d$$

$$R = \frac{1}{4} \left(1 - \frac{\sin \pi}{\pi}\right) (3')$$

$$R = \frac{3}{4}'$$



$$n = 0.012$$

$$V = \frac{\phi}{\pi} R^{2/3} S_0^{1/2}$$

$$S_0 = \left(\frac{V \pi}{\phi R^{2/3}}\right)^2$$

$$S_0 = \left(\frac{(1)(0.01)}{1.49(0.75)^{2/3}}\right)^2$$

$$S_0 = 0.000066 = 0.007 \%$$

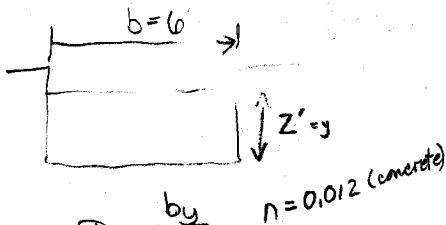
$$R = \frac{zy}{2\sqrt{1+z^2}}$$

$$R = \frac{4(2)}{2\sqrt{1+4^2}}$$

$$R = 0.97 \text{ ft}$$

$$S_0 = \left(\frac{(1)(0.012)}{1.49(0.97)^{2/3}}\right)^2$$

$$S_0 = 6.8 \times 10^{-5} \text{ ft/ft} = 0.0068 \%$$



$$R = \frac{by}{b+2z}$$

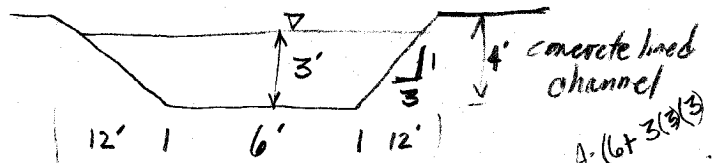
$$R = \frac{(6)(3)}{6+2(3)}$$

$$R = 1.2'$$

$$S_0 = \left(\frac{V \pi}{\phi R^{2/3}}\right)^2$$

$$S_0 = \left(\frac{(1)(0.012)}{1.49(1.2)^{2/3}}\right)^2$$

$$S_0 = 5.1 \times 10^{-5} = 0.0051 \%$$



$$R = \frac{(b+zy)y}{b+2y\sqrt{1+z^2}}$$

$$R = \frac{(6+3(3))(3)}{6+2(3)\sqrt{1+3^2}}$$

$$R = 1.80'$$

Assume $v = 3 \text{ fps}$

$$S_0 = \left(\frac{3(0.012)}{1.49(1.8)^{2/3}}\right)^2$$

$$S_0 = 2.7 \times 10^{-4} = 0.027 \%$$

$Q = AV$
 $Q = (5 \text{ ft}^2)(3 \text{ fps})$
 $Q = 15 \text{ cfs}$

TVA 11030 (WM-7-75)

$$\begin{array}{r} 42 \\ 27 \overline{)15,000} \\ \underline{108} \\ 420 \\ \underline{378} \\ 420 \\ \underline{420} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 104 \\ 5 \overline{)5,200} \\ \underline{104} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

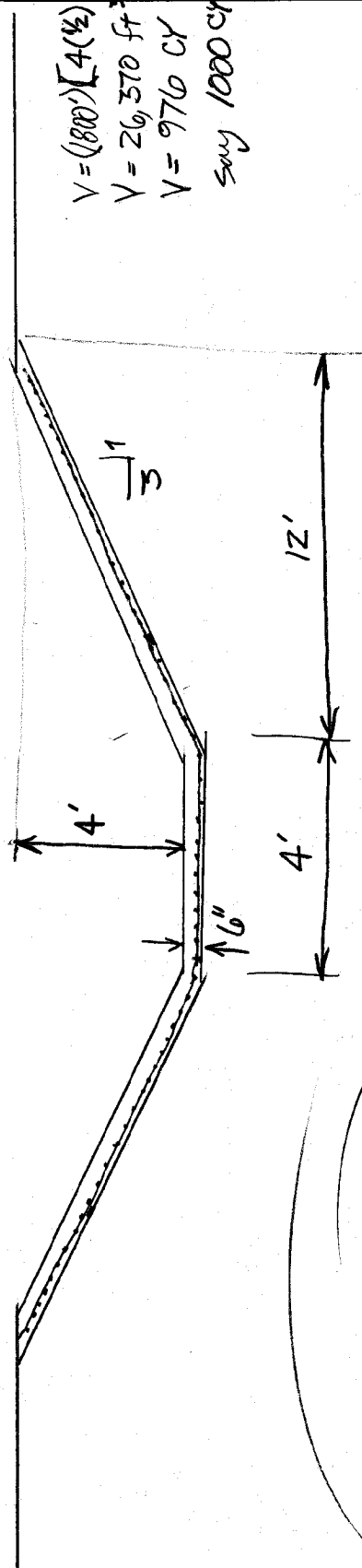
$$\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ 08 \overline{)128} \\ \underline{16} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$V = (800') [4(\frac{1}{2}) + 12.65(\frac{1}{2} \times 2)]$$

$$V = 26,570 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$V = 9760 \text{ CY}$$

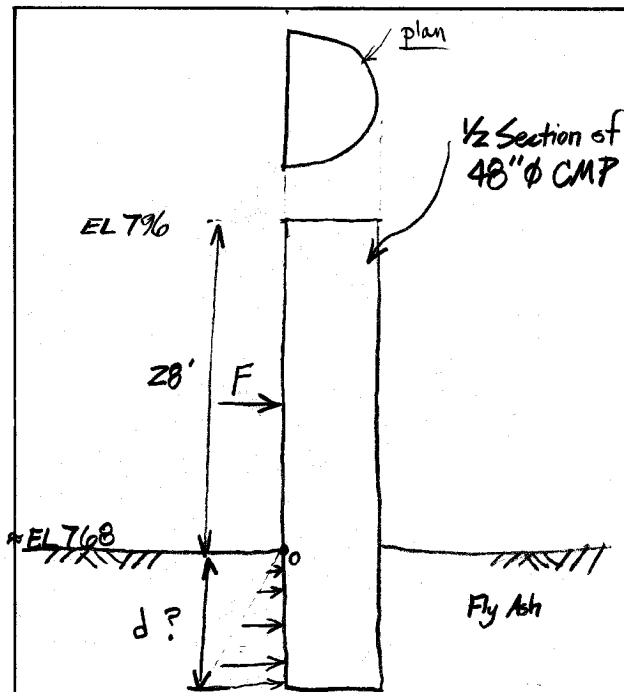
say 1000 CY



2.50 SF ft
 from Jim Short
 5/31/95

~~\$12,615.00~~

1000 CY CLASS B CONC
 53,000 SF WWF



How deep to bury the foundation?

$$\gamma_{FA} = 75 \text{ pcf}$$

Assume that pipe is a flat plane.

$$W_{FA} = \frac{1}{2}(d)(\gamma_{FA}d)(4') = 2\gamma_{FA}d^2$$

See next page for wind load calc's

$$F = p_o A = (11.18 \text{ psf})(28 \text{ ft})(4 \text{ ft})$$

$$F = 1252 \text{ lb} = 1.252 \text{ K}$$

Balance the moment (According to "Minimum Design Loads for Buildings & Other Structures", overturning moment can only be 2/3 of resisting moment.)

$$\sum M_o = 0$$

$$\frac{2}{3}[2\gamma_{FA}d^2(\frac{2}{3}d)] - 28F = 0$$

$$\frac{8}{9}\gamma_{FA}d^3 = 28F$$

$$d = \sqrt[3]{\frac{28F}{8\gamma_{FA}}}$$

$$d = \sqrt[3]{0.42F}$$

$$d = \sqrt[3]{0.42(1252)}$$

$$\boxed{d = 8.07 \text{ ft}}$$

SUBJECT KIF Dredge Cell - Spillway Stability Calc's PROJECT _____CEL5/11/85

COMPUTED BY

DATE

CHECKED BY

DATE

KINGSTON

$$q_z = 0.00256 K_z (V)^2$$

$$I = 0.95$$

$$V = 70 \text{ MPH}$$

$$K_z = 0.98$$

$$q_z = 0.00256 (0.98) \left[(0.95)(70) \right]^2$$

$$q_z = 11.09$$

$$G_H = 1.26$$

$$C_p = 0.8$$

$$P = q G_H C_p$$

$$P = (11.09)(1.26)(0.8) = 11.18 \text{ psf}$$

$$P = 11.18 \text{ psf}$$

AVG SPT of Site Soils $\rightarrow N = 24$

$a_{max} = 0.2g$ (from USGS map)

Determine crest acceleration $h = 117$ ft

$$D_g = \frac{\gamma_g}{32.2} = \frac{100}{32.2} = 3.11$$

$\gamma_g = 100$ pcf (from samples)

$$D_{soil} = \frac{\gamma_{soil}}{32.2} = \frac{133}{32.2} = 4.13 \text{ sl} = 4.13 \frac{\text{lb}\cdot\text{s}^2}{\text{ft}^4}$$

$\gamma_{soil} = 133$ pcf (from samples)

$$G_{max} = 65N = 65(24) \frac{\text{lb}/\text{ft}^3}{\text{ft}/\text{s}^2} = 1560 \frac{\text{lb}\cdot\text{s}^2}{\text{ft}^4}$$

$$G_{max} = 1560 \text{ TSF}$$

$$V_{max} = \sqrt{\frac{G_{max}}{D}} = \sqrt{\frac{1560 \frac{\text{lb}\cdot\text{s}^2}{\text{ft}^4}}{4.13 \frac{\text{lb}\cdot\text{s}^2}{\text{ft}^4}}} = 869 \text{ fps}$$

1st Iteration

Assume $V_s = 500$ fps

$$\frac{G}{G_{max}} = \left(\frac{V_s}{V_{max}}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{500}{869}\right)^2 = 0.33$$

from Fig 1

$$\epsilon = 0.08\%$$

$$\lambda = 15\%$$

Natural Frequencies

$$\omega_1 = 2.4(V_s/h) = 2.4\left(\frac{500}{117}\right) = 10.26 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$T_1 = 0.61 \text{ sec}$$

$$\omega_2 = 5.52(V_s/h) = 5.52\left(\frac{500}{117}\right) = 23.59 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$T_2 = 0.27 \text{ sec}$$

$$\omega_3 = 8.65(V_s/h) = 8.65\left(\frac{500}{117}\right) = 36.97 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$T_3 = 0.17 \text{ sec}$$

From Fig 2

②

$$\frac{S_{a1}}{a_{max}} = 1.21 \rightarrow S_{a1} = 1.21(0.2g) = 0.24g$$

$$\frac{S_{a2}}{a_{max}} = 1.53 \rightarrow S_{a2} = 1.53(0.2g) = 0.31g$$

$$\frac{S_{a3}}{a_{max}} = 1.38 \rightarrow S_{a3} = 1.38(0.2g) = 0.28g$$

Max crest accelerations $\phi_1 = 1.6$ $\phi_2 = 1.06$ $\phi_3 = 0.86$

$$U_{1max} = \phi_1 S_{a1} = 1.6(0.24g) = 0.38g$$

$$U_{2max} = \phi_2 S_{a2} = 1.06(0.31g) = 0.33g$$

$$U_{3max} = \phi_3 S_{a3} = 0.86(0.28g) = 0.24g$$

$$U_{max} = \sqrt{(0.38g)^2 + (0.33g)^2 + (0.24g)^2}$$

$$U_{max} = 0.56g = 18.0 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

Average Equiv. Shear Strain

$$(\gamma_{ave})_{eq} = 0.65 \times 0.3 \times \frac{h}{V_s^2} (S_{a1}) = (0.65)(0.3) \left(\frac{117}{500^2}\right) [(0.24)(32.2)]$$

$$(\gamma_{ave})_{eq} = 0.071\%$$

Assumed shear strain was $\epsilon = 0.08\%$

2nd Iteration

$$\epsilon = 0.071\% \rightarrow \text{From Fig 1} \rightarrow \frac{G}{G_{max}} = 0.396 \quad \lambda = 14.4\%$$

$$\frac{G}{G_{max}} = \left(\frac{V_s}{V_{max}}\right)^2 \rightarrow V_s = V_{max} \sqrt{\frac{G}{G_{max}}}$$

$$V_s = 869 \sqrt{0.396}$$

$$V_s = 511 \text{ fps}$$

3

$$\omega_1 = 2.4 \left(\frac{511}{117} \right) = 10.48 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$T_1 = \frac{2\pi}{10.48} = 0.60 \text{ sec}$$

$$\omega_2 = 5.52 \left(\frac{511}{117} \right) = 24.11 \text{ ''}$$

$$T_2 = \frac{2\pi}{24.11} = 0.26 \text{ sec}$$

$$\omega_3 = 8.65 \left(\frac{511}{117} \right) = 37.78 \text{ ''}$$

$$T_3 = \frac{2\pi}{37.78} = 0.17 \text{ sec}$$

From Fig 2

$$\frac{S_{a1}}{a_{max}} = 1.25 \rightarrow \zeta_{a1} = 0.25g$$

$$\frac{S_{a2}}{a_{max}} = 1.55 \rightarrow \zeta_{a2} = 0.31g$$

$$\frac{S_{a3}}{a_{max}} = 1.39 \rightarrow \zeta_{a3} = 0.28g$$

$$U_{1max} = 1.6 (0.25g) = 12.88 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

$$U_{2max} = 1.06 (0.31g) = 10.58 \text{ ''}$$

$$U_{3max} = 0.86 (0.28g) = 7.75 \text{ ''}$$

$$U_{max} = \sqrt{12.88^2 + 10.58^2 + 7.75^2}$$

$$U_{max} = 18.4 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

Avg Eq. Shear Strain

$$(\gamma_{ave})_{eq} = (0.65) \left(0.3 \left(\frac{117}{511} \right) \right) \left[0.25 (32.2) \right]$$

$$(\gamma_{ave})_{eq} = 0.070\%$$

3rd Iteration

$$\epsilon = 0.070\% \rightarrow \text{Fig 1 } \frac{\zeta}{\zeta_{max}} = 0.342 \quad \lambda = 14.3\%$$

$$\frac{G}{G_{\max}} = \left(\frac{V_s}{V_{\max}}\right)^2 \rightarrow V_s = V_{\max} \sqrt{\frac{G}{G_{\max}}}$$

$$V_s = 869 \sqrt{0.342}$$

$$V_s = 508 \text{ fps}$$

$$\omega_1 = 2.4 \left(\frac{508}{117}\right) = 10.42 \text{ rad/sec} \quad T_1 = \frac{2\pi}{10.42} = 0.60 \text{ sec}$$

$$\omega_2 = 5.52 \left(\frac{508}{117}\right) = 23.97 \text{ " } \quad T_2 = \frac{2\pi}{23.97} = 0.26 \text{ sec}$$

$$\omega_3 = 8.65 \left(\frac{508}{117}\right) = 37.55 \text{ " } \quad T_3 = \frac{2\pi}{37.55} = 0.17 \text{ sec}$$

From Fig 2

$$\frac{S_{a1}}{a_{\max}} = 1.25 \rightarrow S_{a1} = 0.25g$$

$$\frac{S_{a2}}{a_{\max}} = 1.55 \rightarrow S_{a2} = 0.31g$$

$$\frac{S_{a3}}{a_{\max}} = 1.39 \rightarrow S_{a3} = 0.28g$$

$$U_{1\max} = 1.6(0.25g) = 12.88 \text{ ft/sec}^2$$

$$U_{2\max} = 1.06(0.31g) = 10.58 \text{ ft/sec}^2$$

$$U_{3\max} = 0.86(0.28g) = 7.75 \text{ ft/sec}^2$$

$$U_{\max} = \sqrt{12.88^2 + 10.58^2 + 7.75^2}$$

$$U_{\max} = 18.4 \text{ ft/sec}^2$$

Ave eq. shear strain

$$(\theta_{\text{ave}})_{\text{eq}} = (0.65)(0.3) \left(\frac{117}{508^2}\right) [(0.25)(32.2)]$$

$$(\theta_{\text{ave}})_{\text{eq}} = 0.070\%$$

Same as assumed strain $\rightarrow U_{\max} = 18.4 \text{ ft/sec}^2$

Determine max avg acceleration (Fig 5)

At top

$$K_{max} = U_{max} = 17.8 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

<u>Depth</u>	<u>y/h</u>	<u>K_{max}/U_{max}</u>	<u>$K_{max} \text{ (ft/s}^2\text{)}$</u>
23.4	0.2	0.88	15.7
46.8	0.4	0.70	12.5
70.2	0.6	0.52	9.26
93.6	0.8	0.42	7.48

Assume $N=5$ for fly Ash

$$G_{\max} = 65(5) = 325 \text{ tsf}$$

$$V_{\max} = \sqrt{\frac{G_{\max}}{D}} = \sqrt{\frac{(325)(2000)}{3.11}}$$

$$V_{\max} = 457 \text{ fps}$$

SPT of Site Soils

Hole	N N (@ elev 718)
1	NA
2	28 718
3	NA
4	36 715
5	30 713
6	NA
7	NA 718
8	13 721
9	19 719
10	18 717

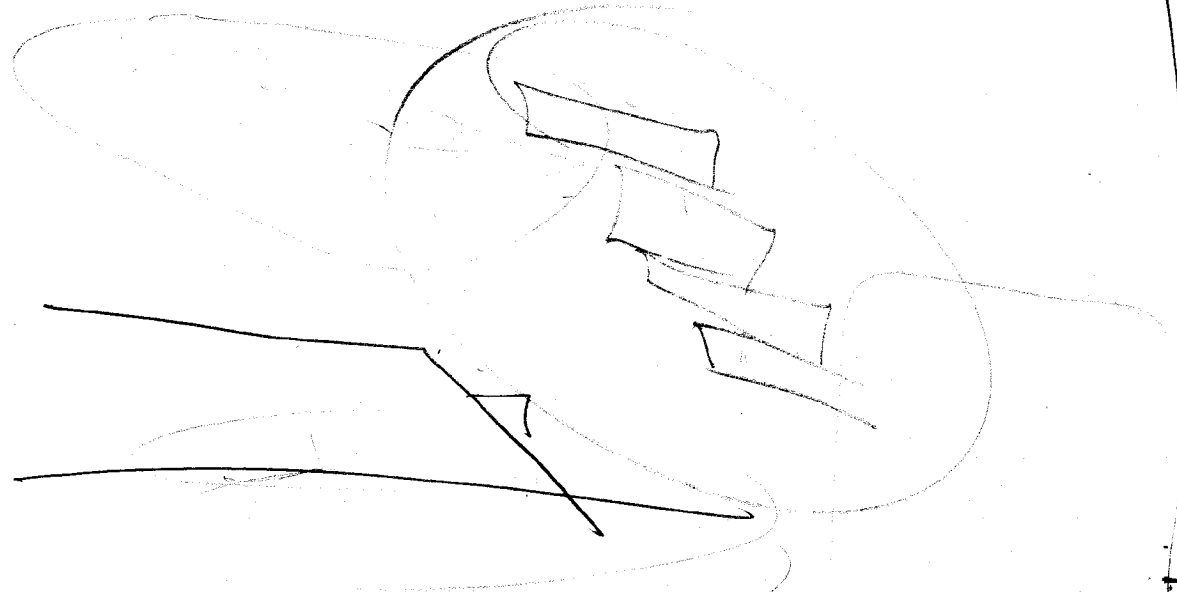
AVG = 24.0

131.5
- 15

116.5

ASCE Fax
212-705-7300
Name Address
Telephone #
Fax #

- EXISTING (Plan)
- STAGE A Design (Profile)
- STAGE B Design (Profile)
- STAGE A & B Details (Spillway, drainage pipe) etc
- STAGES C, D, E Design (Plan)
- STAGES C, D, E Design (Profiles/Details)



Fly Ash $w = 25\%$ $\rightarrow S = 74.3\%$

~~$LC_s = 2.25$~~
 ~~$S = 74.3\%$~~
 ~~25.4~~

$$\gamma_{wet} = \frac{(LC_s + Se)\gamma_w}{1+e}$$

$$\gamma_{wet} = \frac{[2.25 + (0.743)(0.757)]62.4}{1 + 0.757}$$

$$\gamma_{wet} = 99.9 \text{ pcf}$$

$$\gamma_{SAT} = \frac{(2.25 + 0.757)62.4}{1 + 0.757} = 106.8 \text{ pcf}$$

$$Se = wLC_s$$

$$Se = (25)(2.25)$$

$$S = \frac{(25)(2.25)}{0.757}$$

$$S = 74.3\%$$

$$\gamma_{dry} = \frac{G_s \gamma_w}{1+e}$$

$$1+e = \frac{G_s \gamma_w}{\gamma_{dry}}$$

$$e = \frac{(2.25)(62.4)}{79.9} - 1$$

$$e = 0.757$$

HEADING

KIF - New Dredge Cell Design

Long-term analysis using r-bar strengths

3:1 side slopes and 200' offset from current dike

PROFILE LINES

1	1	Drained fly ash	
	0	126	
	75	126	
2	1	Drained fly ash	
	27	110	
	141	110	
3	1	Drained fly ash	
	93	94	
	211	94	
4	1	Drained fly ash	
	172	81	
	268	81	
5	1	Drained fly ash	
	229	68	
	327	68	
6	2	Bottom ash - dike	
	27	110	
	87	130	
	124.5	131.5	
	174.75	114.75	
	189.75	115.5	
	240	98.75	
	255	99.5	
	296.25	85.75	
	311.25	86.5	
	352.5	72.75	
	367.5	73.5	
	408	60	
7	2	Bottom ash - dike	
	93	94	
	141	110	
8	2	Bottom ash - dike	
	172	81	
	211	94	
9	2	Bottom ash - dike	
	229	68	
	268	81	
10	2	Bottom ash - dike	
	303	60	
	327	68	
11	2	Bottom ash - lower dike	
	566.8	50	
	592	62.6	
	608	63.4	
	650	52.6	

Get MHEA at top of stack

$$MHEA = \frac{V_{H_0}}{V_{H_2}}$$

$$MHEA = \frac{(115.15 \text{ psf}) \cdot g}{(110 \text{ pcf})(2 \text{ ft})}$$

$$MHEA = 0.523 \text{ g}$$

Use infinite slope analysis to get K_y for cover

$$F = A \frac{\tan \phi'}{\tan \beta} + B \frac{c'}{\gamma H} \quad (\text{assume no cohesion in cover})$$

$$F = A \frac{\tan \phi'}{\tan \beta}$$

$$A = 1 - \frac{\gamma_w H_w}{\gamma H \cos^2 \beta}$$

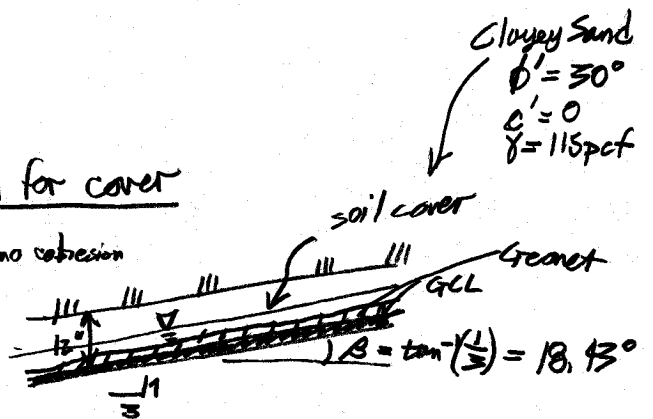
Assume β water running over surface of GCL (Geonet is aiding in drainage).

$$A = 1 - \frac{(62.4) \left(\frac{3}{12}\right) \cos(18.43)}{(115 \text{ pcf})(1') \cos(18.43) \cos^2(18.43)}$$

$$A = 0.849$$

$$F = 0.849 \left(\frac{\tan 30^\circ}{\tan 18.43} \right) = 1.471$$

Now, when seismic factor causes $F=1.0$, then $K_y = \text{seismic factor}$.



12	3	Fly ash - wet	
	303		60
	586.8		60
13	3	Fly ash - wet	
	600		50
	644.8		50
14	4	Rolled, compacted earth - wet	
	616.8		36
	652		53.6
	668		54.4
	700		41.55
	718		42.45
	740.9		31
15	5	Rolled, compacted earth - saturated	
	670		36
	740.9		31
	744		29.45
	783.25		15
16	5	Rolled, compacted earth - saturated	
	646		15
	682		30
17	6	Fly ash - saturated	
	0		126
	27		110
	93		94
	172		81
	229		68
	303		60
	566.8		50
	600		50
	616.8		36
	670		36
	682		30
18	7	Residual material - saturated	
	0		15
	783.25		15
	824		0
19	8	Rock	
	0		0
	824		0
	850		0

HEADING

Case 2 - Short term post-construction (R strength)
 Piezometric defined pore pressure
 Surface water at el 741

MATERIAL PROPERTY

1 Drained fly ash at 82% saturation
 109.1 = moist unit weight
 Conventional shear strength
 200.0 15.0

- ✓ NO pore pressures
- 2 Bottom ash (dike material)
 - 109.9 = moist unit weight
 - Conventional shear strength
 - 1500.0 24.0
- NO pore pressures
- 3 Fly ash at 95% saturation
 - 112.9 = moist unit weight
 - Conventional shear strength
 - 200.0 15.0
- NO pore pressures
- ✓ 4 Rolled, compacted earth - moist
 - 114.2 = moist unit weight
 - Conventional shear strength
 - 1380.0 6.1
- NO pore pressures
- ✓ 5 Rolled, compacted earth - saturated
 - 119.3 = saturated unit weight
 - Conventional shear strength
 - 1380.0 6.1
 - Piezometric Line
 - 1 Piez line for groundwater
- ✓ 6 Saturated fly ash
 - 114.4 = saturated unit weight
 - Conventional shear strength
 - 200.0 15.0
 - Piezometric Line
 - 1 Piez line for groundwater
- ✓ 7 Residual material - saturated
 - 136.7 = saturated unit weight
 - Conventional shear strength
 - 2480.0 14.7
 - Piezometric Line
 - 1 Piez line for groundwater
- ✓ 8 Rock
 - 165 = saturated unit weight
 - Conventional shear strength
 - 0.0 45
 - Piezometric Line
 - 1 Piez line for groundwater

PIEZOMETRIC LINE DATA

1	62.4	Groundwater table
	0	126
	27	110
	93	94
	172	81
	229	68
	303	60
	566.8	50
	600	50
	616.8	36
	670	36
	740.9	31
	850	31

SURFACE PRESSURE

740.9	31	0	0
744	29.45	96.72	0

824	0	1934.4	0
850	0	1934.4	0

HEADING

KIF dredge cell design
Spencer's Method
Search for critical shear surface

PLOT

ANALYSIS/COMPUTATION

Circular Search
330 310 0.5 -10

POINT

408 60

FACTOR OF SAFETY

9.0

PROCEDURE

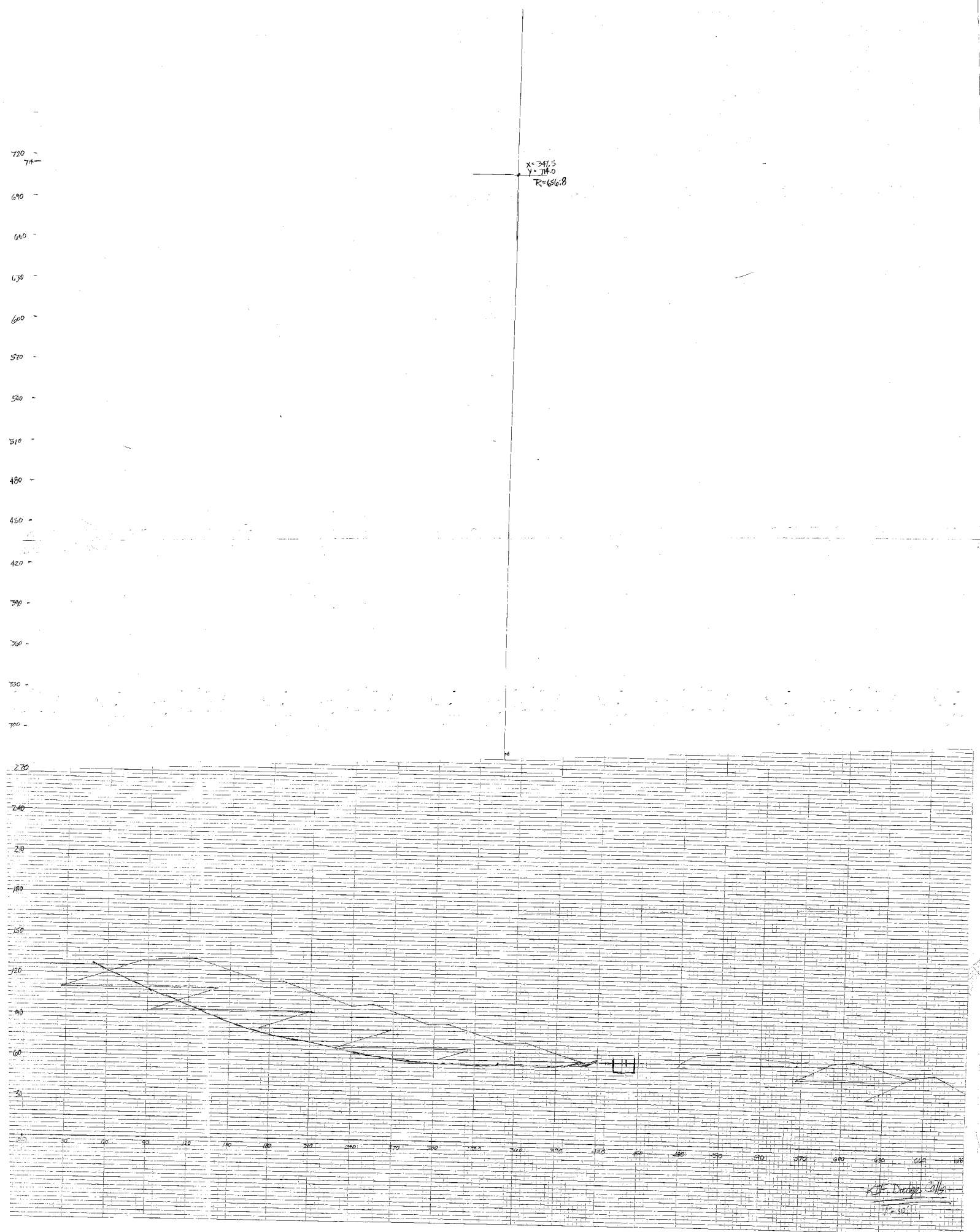
Spencer

COMPUTE

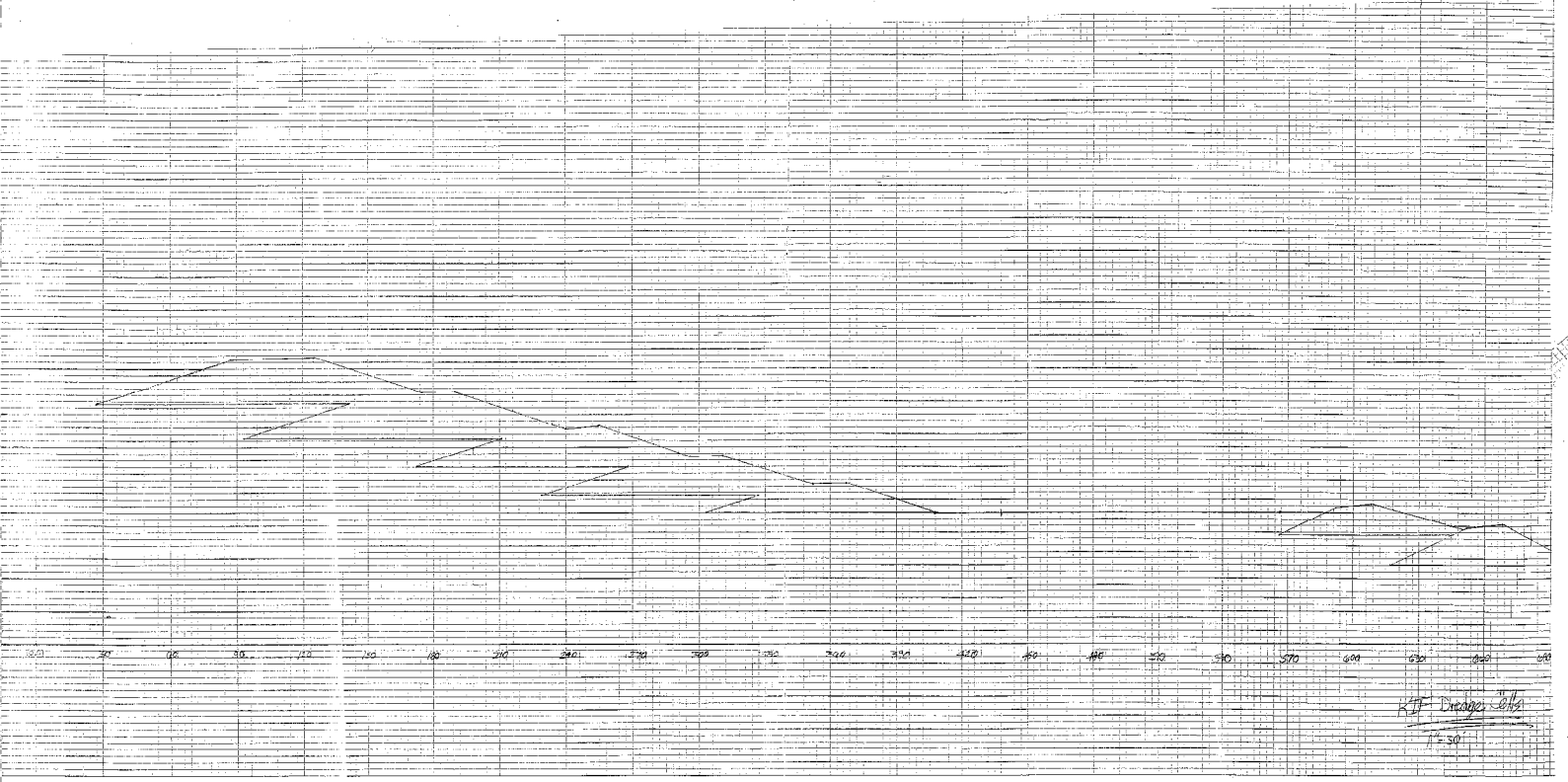
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200
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160
150
140
130
120
110
100
90
80
70
60
50

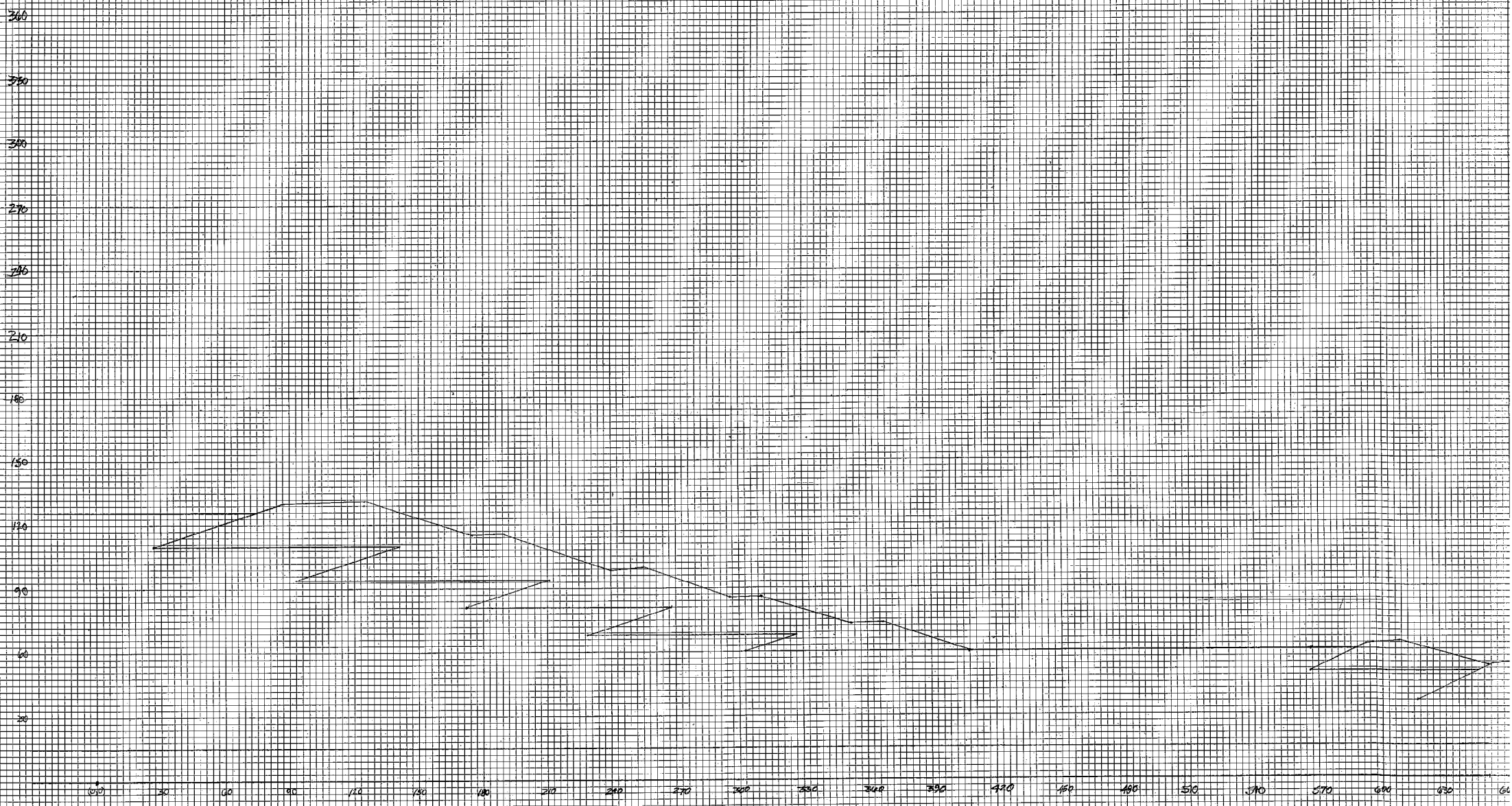
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1/50

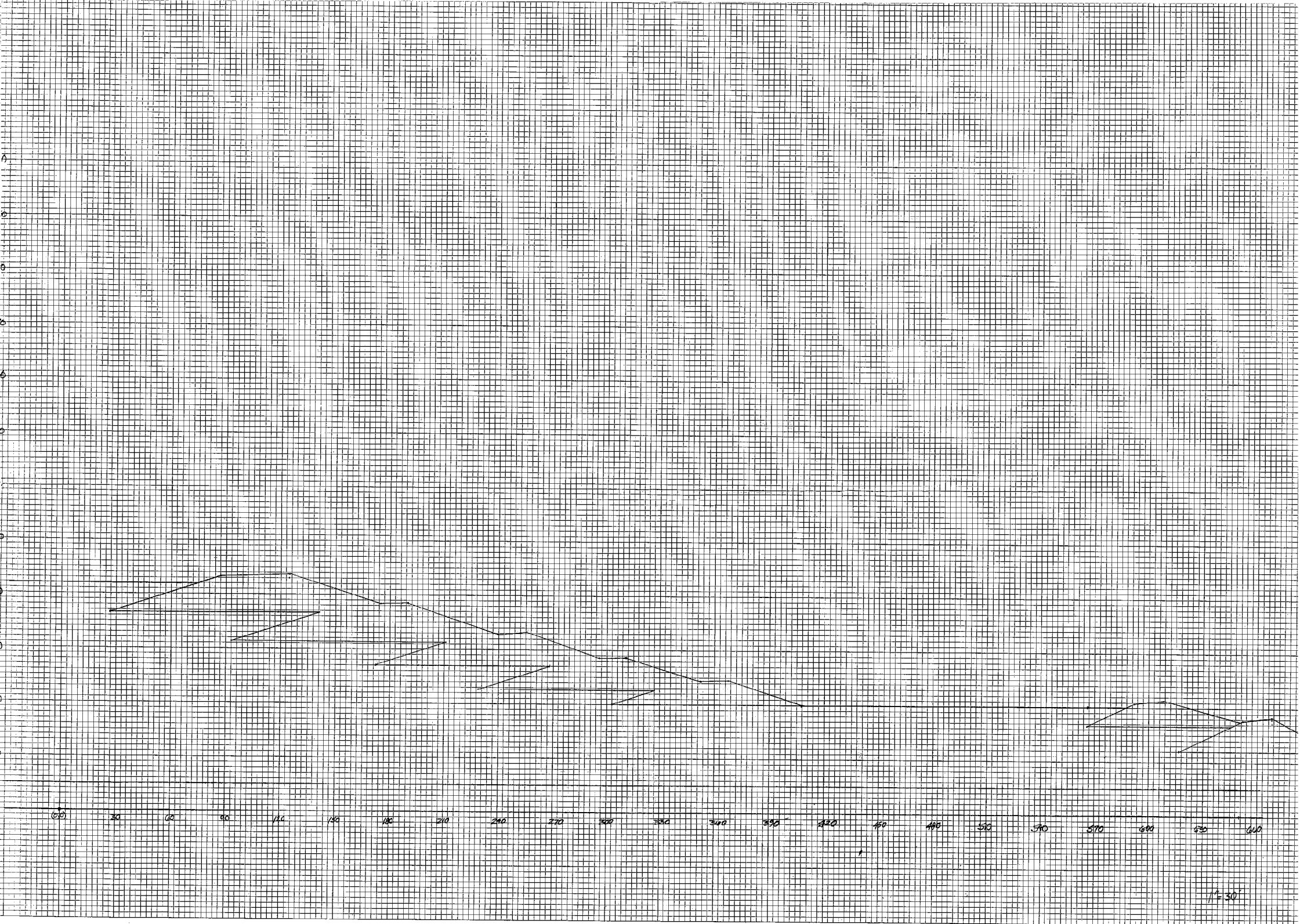


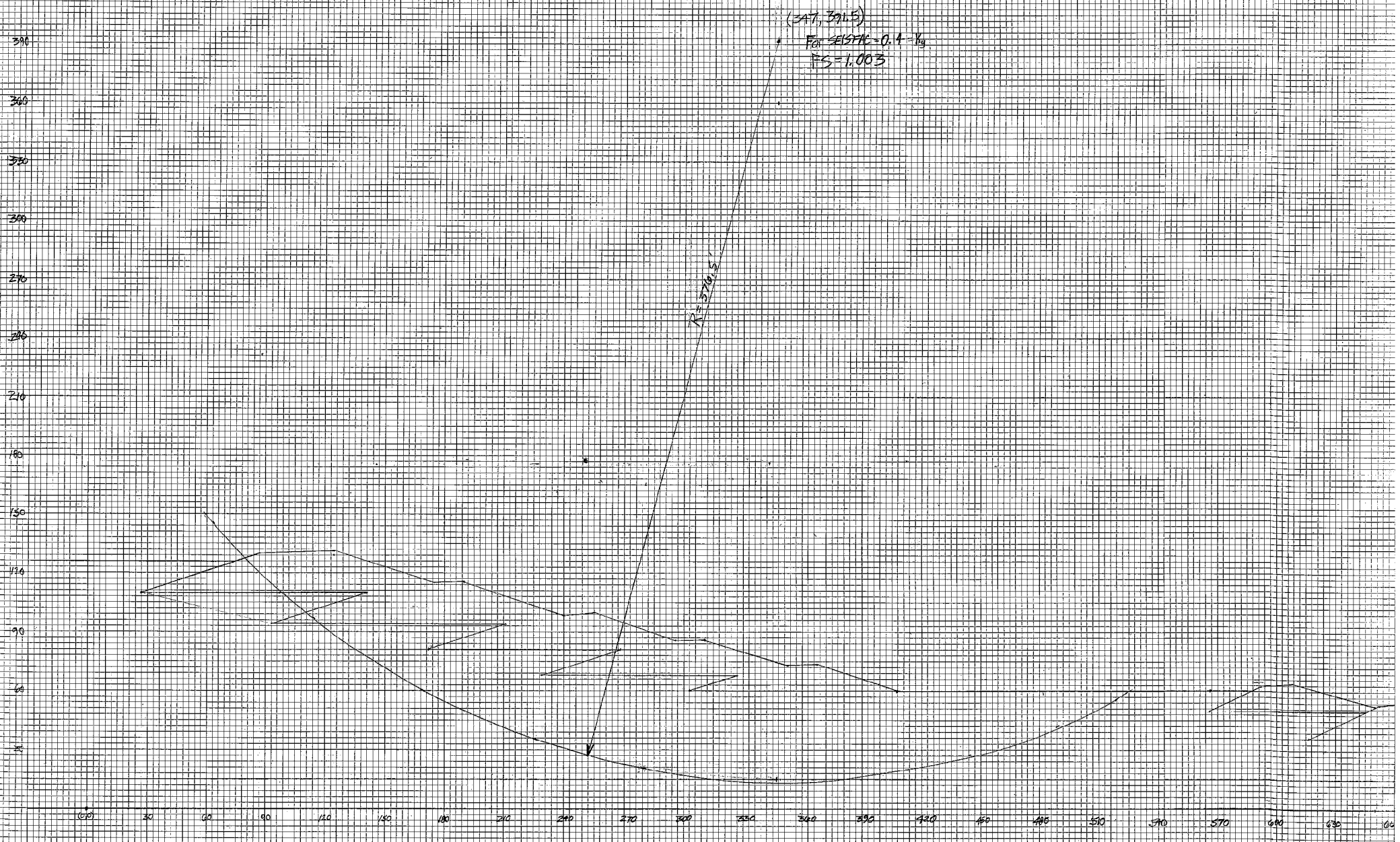
KJE Dredges, Inc.
 1/20/11





1/2 30





1" = 30'

