

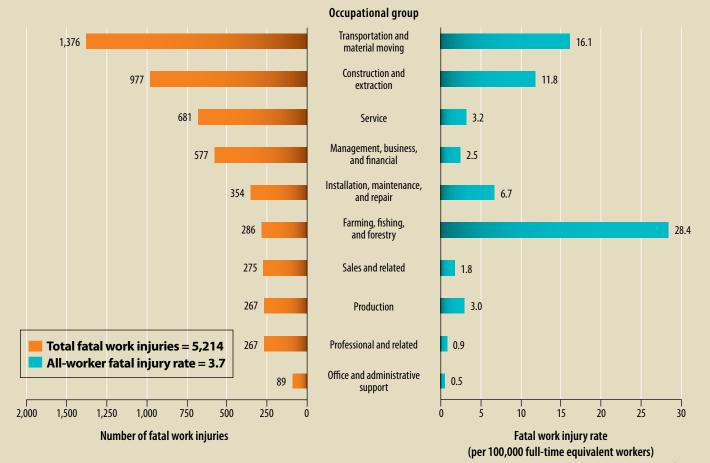
Among major occupation groups, transportation and material moving occupations recorded the highest number of fatal injuries in 2008, followed by construction and extraction occupations.

The fatal injury rate for farming, fishing, and forestry occupations, the highest of any occupational group, was more than 7 times the overall rate of 3.7 fatal work injuries per 100,000 full-time equivalent workers.

In 2008, the Bureau implemented a new methodology, using hours worked, rather than employment, for fatal work injury rate calculations.

Rates are expressed per 100,000 full-time equivalent workers. Additional information on changes in the fatal work injury rate methodology is found on the Internet at http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshnotice10.htm.

Number and rate of fatal occupational injuries, by major civilian occupation group, 2008



 $SOURCE: Bureau\ of\ Labor\ Statistics,\ U.S.\ Department\ of\ Labor,\ April\ 2010.$



Previous Chart