

*“(11)(A) The Secretary may furnish eligible commodities under this subsection in connection with (i) concessional sales agreements entered into under title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 or other statutes, or (ii) agricultural export bonus or promotion programs carried out under the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act or other statutes.*

*“(B) Eligible commodities may be furnished by the Secretary under this subsection in connection with agreements by recipient countries to acquire additional agricultural commodities from the United States through commercial arrangements.*

*“(C) The amount of any commodity furnished under subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph in any fiscal year shall not be considered for the purpose of determining whether the requirements of paragraph (10)(A) of this subsection have been met during such fiscal year.”*

#### FOOD FOR PROGRESS

*SEC. 1110. (a) This section may be cited as the “Food for Progress Act of 1985”.*

*(b) In order to use the food resources of the United States more effectively in support of countries that have made commitments to introduce or expand free enterprise elements in their agricultural economies through changes in commodity pricing, marketing, input availability, distribution, and private sector involvement, the President is authorized to enter into agreements with developing countries to furnish commodities made available pursuant to subsections (e) and (f) of this section. Such agreements may provide for commodities to be furnished on a multiyear basis.*

*(c) As used in this section, the term “commodities” means agricultural commodities and the products thereof.*

*(d) In determining whether to enter into an agreement with countries under this section, the President shall consider whether a potential recipient country is committed to carry out, or is carrying out, policies that promote economic freedom, private, domestic production of food commodities for domestic consumption, and the creation and expansion of efficient domestic markets for the purchase and sale of such commodities. Such policies may provide for, among other things—*

*(1) access, on the part of farmers in the country, to private, competitive markets for their product;*

*(2) market pricing of commodities to foster adequate private sector incentives to individual farmers to produce food on a regular basis for the country’s domestic needs;*

*(3) establishment of market-determined foreign exchange rates;*

*(4) timely availability of production inputs (such as seed, fertilizer, or pesticides) to farmers;*

*(5) access to technologies appropriate to the level of agricultural development in the country; and*

*(6) construction of facilities and distribution systems necessary to handle perishable products.*

*(e)(1) The Commodity Credit Corporation shall make available to the President such commodities determined to be available under*

section 401 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 as the President may request for purposes of furnishing commodities under this section.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Commodity Credit Corporation may use funds appropriated to carry out title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 in carrying out this section with respect to commodities made available under that Act.

(3) The Commodity Credit Corporation may finance the sale and exportation of commodities, made available under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, which are furnished to a developing country under this section. Payment by a developing country for commodities made available under that Act which are purchased on credit terms under this section shall be on the same basis as the terms provided in section 106 of that Act.

(4) In the case of commodities made available under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 for purposes of this section, section 203 of that Act shall apply to commodities furnished on a grant basis to a developing country under this section and section 401(b) of that Act shall apply to all commodities furnished to a developing country under this section.

(f)(1) Commodities made available under section 416(b) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 for use in carrying out this section shall be provided to developing countries on a grant basis.

(2) Not less than 75,000 metric tons shall be made available pursuant to section 416(b)(10)(C) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 to carry out this section unless the President determines there are an insufficient number of eligible recipients.

(3) In carrying out section 416(b) of the Agricultural Act of 1949, the Commodity Credit Corporation may purchase commodities for use under this section if—

(A) the Commodity Credit Corporation does not hold stocks of such commodities; or

(B) Commodity Credit Corporation stocks are insufficient to satisfy commitments made in agreements entered into under this section and such commodities are needed to fulfill such commitments.

(4) No funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation in excess of \$30,000,000 (exclusive of the cost of commodities) may be used to carry out this section with respect to commodities made available under section 416(b) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 unless authorized in advance in appropriation Acts.

(5) The cost of commodities made available under section 416(b) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 which are furnished under this section, and the expenses incurred in connection with furnishing such commodities, shall be in addition to the level of assistance programmed under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 and may not be considered expenditures for international affairs and finance.

(g) Not more than 500,000 metric tons of commodities may be furnished under this section in each of the fiscal years 1986 through 1990.

(h) An agreement entered into under this section shall prohibit the resale or transshipment of the commodities provided under the agreement to other countries.

(i) In entering into agreements under this section, the President shall take reasonable steps to avoid displacement of any sales of United States commodities that would otherwise be made to such countries.

(j) Within 90 days after the end of each fiscal year in which an agreement entered into with a country under this section is in effect, the President shall report to the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate on the status of such agreement and the progress being made to implement private, free enterprise agricultural policies for long-term agricultural development in such country.

(k) This section shall be effective during the period beginning October 1, 1985, and ending September 30, 1990.

#### SALES FOR LOCAL CURRENCIES; PRIVATE ENTERPRISE PROMOTION

SEC. 1111. (a) The first sentence of section 2 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1691) is amended by inserting "to use foreign currencies accruing under this Act to foster and encourage the development of private enterprise in developing countries; to enhance food security in developing countries through local food production;" after "agricultural production;"

(b) The Congress finds that additional steps should be taken to use the agricultural abundance produced by American farmers—

(1) to relieve hunger and promote long-term food security and economic development in developing countries in accordance with the development assistance policy established under section 102 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151-1); and

(2) to promote United States agricultural trade interests.

(c) Section 101 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1701) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 101. (a) In order to carry out the policies and accomplish the objectives set forth in section 2 of this Act, the President is authorized to negotiate and carry out agreements with friendly countries to provide for the sale of agricultural commodities—

"(1) for dollars on credit terms;

"(2) to the extent that sales for dollars under the terms applicable to such sales are not possible, for foreign currencies on credit terms and on terms that permit conversion to dollars at the exchange rate applicable to the sales agreement; or

"(3) for foreign currencies for use under section 108 on terms that permit conversion to dollars.

"(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), for each of the fiscal years 1986 through 1990 sales for foreign currencies for use under section 108 under agreements entered into under this title shall be made at an annual level of not less than 10 percent of the aggregate value of all sales of agricultural commodities under this title.

"(2) The President may reduce the minimum level of sales for foreign currencies required under paragraph (1) during any fiscal year