## Module 1: Introduction Knowledge Check ANSWER KEY

- 1. Which is **Not** one of the FMCSA Grants Management Objectives?
  - a. Implement checks and balances
  - b. Streamline business processes
  - c. Centralized Grants Management Office
  - d. Implement standard forms and documentation
  - e. Reduce risk
- 2. What are the key systems used for grants management at FMCSA?
  - a. Grants.gov
  - b. Paypal
  - c. GrantSolutions
  - d. Prism
- 3. The Grantee is responsible for the following activities: (please circle all that apply)
  - a. Maintaining equipment inventories and property records, as appropriate
  - b. Submitting quarterly reports, vouchers and responding to data requests
  - c. Conducting the Single Audit
  - d. Developing the grant close-out amendment
  - e. Providing programmatic subject matter expertise to the grant programs
- 4. The FMCSA Grant Program Manager is responsible for monitoring sub-grantees.
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 5. What are the two types of federal grants, referred to in this training?
  - a. Formula and Discretionary Grants
  - b. Procurement Contracts
  - c. FMCSA Contracts
- 6. Where do you find the Cost Principles for State, Local and Tribal Grantees?
  - a. OMB Circular A-123
  - b. 2 CFR Part 230 (OMB Circular A-122)
  - c. 49 CFR Part 21
  - d. 2 CFR Part 225 (OMB Circular A-87)
- 7. Where do you find the Administrative Requirements for State, Local and Tribal Grantees? (Circle all that apply)
  - a. OMB Circular A-102
  - b. 49 CFR Part 18
  - c. 49 CFR Part 19
  - d. 2 CFR Pat 215 (OMB Circular A-110)

- 8. The applicant is responsible to ensure the application contains proposed eligible activities and expenses consistent with the priorities in the announcement for the grant for which they are applying?
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 9. What are phases in the FMCSA Grants Management Lifecycle? (circle all that apply)
  - a. Close-out
  - b. Pre-Award
  - c. Funding Memo
  - d. Post Award: Grant Reporting and Oversight