

Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority of Louisiana

Office of Coastal Protection and Restoration

2008/2009 Annual Inspection Report

for

CLEAR MARAIS SHORE PROTECTION PROJECT (CS-22)

State Project Number CS-22 Priority Project List 2

October 2, 2008 Cameron Parish

Prepared by:

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I. Introduction

The Clear Marais Shore Protection Project (State Project No. CS-22) is located in the Calcasieu-Sabine Basin on the northern bank of the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway in Calcasieu Parish. The 4,637 acre project area extends from the Alkali Ditch on the northern shore of the GIWW westward for approximately 35,375 linear feet. (See Appendix A).

The Clear Marais Shore Protection Project was authorized by Section 303(a) of Title III Public Law 101-646, the Coastal Wetlands Planning Protection and Restoration Act (CWPPRA) enacted on November 29, 1990 as amended and approved on the second Priority Project List. The Clear Marais Project has a twenty –year (20 year) economic life, which began in March 1997.

II. Inspection Purpose and Procedures

The purpose of the annual inspection of the Clear Marais Shore Protection Project (CS-22) is to evaluate the constructed project features to identify any deficiencies and prepare a report detailing the condition of project features and recommended corrective actions needed. Should it be determined that corrective actions are needed, OCPR shall provide, in the report, a detailed cost estimate for engineering, design, supervision, inspection, and construction contingencies, and an assessment of the urgency of such repairs (O&M Plan, 2002). The annual inspection report also contains a summary of maintenance projects, if any, which were completed since completion of constructed project features and an estimated projected budget for the upcoming three (3) years for operation, maintenance and rehabilitation. The three (3) year projected operation and maintenance budget is shown in Appendix C.

In 2003, the CWPPRA Task Force determined, due to the fact that OCPR was responsible for the operation and maintenance phase of the vast majority of CWPPRA projects, that OCPR would be the responsible party for all Post Storm/Hurricane Assessments. After Hurricane Ike, every project appeared to have been impacted by the storms; therefore, OCPR determined that all projects should be assessed for damages (Broussard, 2006). With concurrence from the federal sponsor, OCPR has decided to use the information obtained during this post hurricane assessment in this Annual Maintenance Inspection.

An inspection of the Clear Marais Shore Protection Project (CS-22) was held on October 2, 2008 under clear skies and mild temperatures. In attendance were Stan Aucoin, Mel Guidry, and Tommy McGinnis from OCPR; Bill Hicks from USACE and John Foret from NOAA (for other inspections). Parties left the Lafayette Field Office of CED, and proceeded to the CS-22 project area. The boat was launched at the park at the foot of the Ellender Bridge over the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway. The annual inspection began at approximately 10:30 am at the eastern end of the rock dike at its intersection with Alkali Ditch.

The field inspection included a complete visual inspection of all features. No staff gauge readings were available to determine approximate elevations of water, or rock dikes. Photographs were taken at each project feature (see Appendix B) and Field Inspection notes were completed in the field to record measurements and deficiencies (see Appendix D).

III. Project Description and History

Wetlands in their natural state are among the most productive areas on earth, and they are central to the culture and development of south Louisiana. The Coastal Wetlands Planning, Protection and Restoration Act provides a substantial federal commitment to help Louisiana save its coastal wetlands. The wetlands are a fragile environment, which is disappearing at a rate of over 25 square miles of marsh a year in Louisiana, which is 80 percent of the nation's annual coastal wetland loss. The wetlands provide many benefits including commercial and recreational value, wildlife habitat, wintering habitat for millions of the continent's migratory ducks and geese, nursery habitat for one of America's largest fish and shellfish harvests, erosion control, flood protection and acting as storm buffers. Additionally the wetlands help maintain water quality.

Due to navigational improvements on the Calcasieu River, the hydrology of the Calcasieu/Sabine Basin has changed. Salt water intrusion has resulted in an increase in salt and brackish wetlands as well as loss and/or conversion of fresh and intermediate wetlands.

The Clear Marais wetlands, which encompasses approximately 4,637 acres, is one of the few remaining tracts of freshwater wetlands located within the Calcasieu/Sabine Basin. As mentioned above, this area provides important nursery habitat for estuarine-dependent fish and shellfish species, wintering habitat for migratory waterfowl, and foraging habitat for wading birds. Although these wetlands are privately owned and not available for use by the general public, they are important to the wildlife and fisheries resources of surrounding water bodies in the Calcasieu/Sabine Basin.

The north bank of the GIWW was eroding adjacent to these wetlands to the extent that several of the Clear Marais wetland lakes were connected to the GIWW. The present levee served to protect interior freshwater wetlands from salinity fluctuations and wave erosion. Implementation of the proposed 6.7 miles of rock dike has ensured the stability of this levee thereby protecting these interior lakes and marshes.

Construction of the Clear Marais Shore Protection Project was completed in March 1997 and has a 20-year economic life.

The principal project features include:

• Site 1 - Foreshore Rock Dike (approximately 35,375 linear feet)

IV. Summary of Past Operation and Maintenance Projects

General Maintenance: Below is a summary of completed maintenance projects and operation tasks performed since March 1997, the construction completion date of the Clear Marais Shoreline Protection Project.

No maintenance has been necessary on this project.

<u>Structure Operations:</u> There are no active operations associated with this project.

V. Inspection Results

Site 1—Foreshore rock dike

The dike is in fairly good condition and does not appear to have suffered any damages from Hurricane Ike. Wrack deposition was observed on the bank of the GIWW and between the foreshore dike and shoreline. The organic portions of the wrack (vegetation and soil) may aide in the in-filling of open water area and expand land area. As observed from the GIWW, the vegetation appeared mildly stressed and recovering. As noted on previous inspections, approximately 4,000 to 5,000 linear feet of dike is slightly below constructed elevation. This Several of the appears to be the result of slight settlement rather than displacement. settlement plates placed during construction are broken/leaning/damaged/ etc. and are no longer useful. One section of dike, approximately 0.5 miles from the Alkali Ditch, has apparently been removed by hunters and or fishermen. This section is only about 4 feet wide with rock removed to an approximate +0.5 NAVD elevation. It has been noted in previous inspections and has not worsened. Three other sections appear to have been displaced by barges nosing up on the bank. This is a problem noted on several other rock dikes along the GIWW. A staff gauge will need to be installed in the vicinity. No apparent need for any other maintenance at this time. (Photos: Appendix B, Photos 1-2)

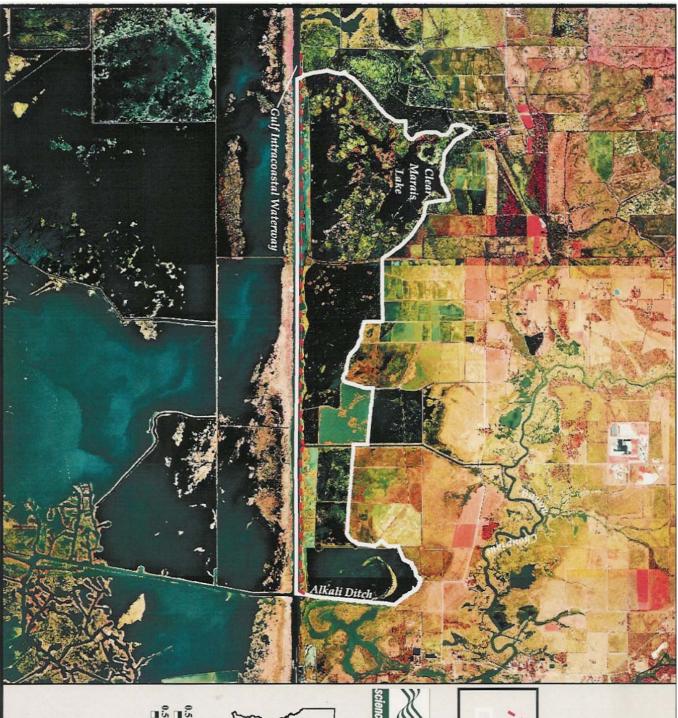
VI. Conclusions and Recommendations

Overall, the Clear Marais Shore Protection Project is in good condition and functioning as designed with only minor problems noted. Stand pipes on the settlement plates installed on future projects of this type should be much shorter in height. Damage to these plates has apparently been caused by barges or other similar type traffic running in to or tying up to these pipes making them useless for any post-construction settlement information. A much shorter pipe should serve to protect these pipes and/or discourage people from using them as mooring devices. Maintenance recommendations for FY 2009:

• Install staff gauge

Appendix A

Project Features Map



Clear Islarais Bank Protection (CS-22)



Shoreline Protection

Project Boundary







Map Produced By:
U.S. Department of the Interior
U.S. Geological Survey
National Wetlands Research Center
Coustal Restoration Field Station

0.5 1 Kilometers

Background Imagery; 1998 Digital Orthophoto Quarter Quadrangle

Map Date: August 20, 2002 Map ID: 2002-11-699 Data accurate as of: August 20, 2002

Appendix B

Photographs



Photo No. 1, Typical rock dike



Photo No. 2, Wrack deposition between dike and shoreline.

Appendix C

Three Year Budget Projection

CLEAR MARAIS SP / CS22 / PPL2 Three-Year Operations & Maintenance Budgets 07/01/2009 - 06/30/2012

Project Manager	O & M Manager	Federal Sponsor	Prepared By						
Pat Landry	Mel Guidry	COE	Mel Guidry						
_	2009/2010	2010/2011	2011/2012						
Maintenance Inspection	\$ 5,737.00	\$ 5,909.00	\$ 6,086.00						
Structure Operation			\$ -						
Administration		\$ -	\$ -						
Maintenance/Rehabilitation									
09/10 Description: Install staff gage.									
50 D	* 7.500.00								
E&D \$ 7,500.00									
Construction S -									
Construction Oversight \$ - Sub Total - Maint. And Rehab. \$ 7,500.00									
Sub Total - Wallit. And Nellab.	Ψ 7,300.00								
10/11 Description:									
E&D									
Construction									
Construction Oversight									
	Sub Total - Maint. And Rehab.	\$ -							
11/12 Description:									
E&D									
Construction									
Construction Oversight									
		Sub Total - Maint. And Rehab.	\$ -						
		2010/2011							
	2009/2010		2011/2012						
Total O&M Budgets	\$ 13,237.00	\$ 5,909.00	\$ 6,086.00						
O 9M Pudgot /2 vr Tota	51)		¢ 25.222.00						
O &M Budget (3 yr Tota Unexpended O & M Bud			\$ 25,232.00 \$ 727,883.00						

Appendix D

Field Inspection Form

MAINTENANCE INSPECTION REPORT CHECK SHEET

Project No. / Name: CS-22 Clear Marais Shoreline Protection Date of Inspection: October 2, 2008 Time: 10:30 am

Structure No. Inspector(s): Stan Aucoin, Mel Guidry, Tommy McGinnis (OCPR)

Bill Hicks (COE), John Foret (NOAA)

Structure Description: Rock Dike Water Level Water Level

Type of Inspection: Annual Weather Conditions: Clear & mild

Item	Condition	Physical Damage	Corrosion	Photo #	Observations and Remarks
	N/A				
Steel Bulkhead					
/ Caps					
Steel Grating	N/A				
a					
Stop Logs	N/A				
Handrian	N/A				
Hardware	IN/A				
Timber Piles	N/A				
	IN/A				
Timber Wales	N/A	1			
	1				
Galv. Pile Caps	N/A				
Cables	N/A				
Signage	N/A				
Signage /Supports					
Rip Rap (fill) (foreshore dike)	Good			1,2	
E. a	N//A	ļ			
Earthen Embankment	N/A				

What are the conditions of the existing levees? Are there any noticeable breaches? Settlement of rock plugs and rock weirs? Position of stoplogs at the time of the inspection? Are there any signs of vandalism?

Appendix E

Locations to be Monitored