Department of the Interior U.S. Geological Survey

LANDSAT THEMATIC MAPPER (TM) LEVEL 1 (L1) DATA FORMAT CONTROL BOOK (DFCB)

Version 4.0

August 2012



LANDSAT THEMATIC MAPPER (TM) LEVEL 1 (L1) DATA FORMAT CONTROL BOOK (DFCB)

August 2012

Prepared By:

Reviewed By:

C. Van Batavia

Landsat Work Manager

R. Junker Date LPGS Systems Engineer SGT

Reviewed By:

Approved By:

SGT

A. Goetz Date Landsat Maintenance Task Manager SGT K. Alberts Date Landsat Ground Segment Lead U.S. Geological Survey

Date

EROS Sioux Falls, South Dakota

Executive Summary

This Data Format Control Book (DFCB) presents detailed data formats of the output files that the Image Assessment System (IAS), the Level 1 (L1) Product Generation System (LPGS), and the National Land Archive Production System (NLAPS) generate. These L1 processing systems produce L1 output files from Level 0 Reformatted (L0R) images in the Geographic Tagged Image File Format (GeoTIFF), or NLAPS Data Format (NDF) format. IAS and LPGS do not generate products in NDF format. LS-DFCB-19 National Land Archive Production System (NLAPS) Systematic Format Description Document describes the NDF format (see References).

The Landsat Configuration Control Board (LCCB) maintains and controls this DFCB. Staff may update or revise this document only upon LCCB approval. Please direct comments and questions regarding this DFCB to the following:

Landsat Mission Management Officer U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) Earth Resources Observation and Science Center (EROS) 47914 252nd Street Sioux Falls, SD 57198

Document History

Document Number	Document Version	Publication Date	Change Number
LS-DFCB-20	Version 1.0	December 2007	CCR 4622, CCR 4671, CCR 4708, CCR 4819, CCR 4821
LS-DFCB-20	Version 2.0	August 2008	CCR 4622, CCR 4671, CCR 4708, CCR 4819, CCR 4821
LS-DFCB-20	Version 3.0	January 2009	CCR 5598, CCR 5623
LS-DFCB-20	Version 4.0	August 2012	DCR 403, LCCR 439

Contents

Executive	Summary	iii		
Document	Document Historyiv			
Contents.		. v		
List of Tak	les	vi		
Section 1	Introduction	.1		
1.1 P	Jrpose	. 1		
1.2 S	cope	. 1		
1.3 In	ended Users	. 1		
1.4 D	efinitions	. 1		
1.5 Le	evel 0 Pre-Archive Processing	. 2		
Section 2	Overview of Level 1 Output Files	.4		
2.1 G	eoTIFF	. 5		
2.1.1	Level 1 Image File	. 5		
2.1.2	Level 1 Metadata File	. 5		
2.1.3	Ground Control Points (GCP) File	.6		
2.2 N	_APS Data Format (NDF)	.6		
2.2.1		. /		
2.2.2	Header File	. /		
2.2.3	Work Order Poport File	. Ö o		
2.2.4	History Processing Parameters File	. ס פ		
Section 3	I evel 1 Output File Formats	. 0 9		
21 C	DoTIEE Filo Formats	0		
3.1 0	Level 1 Image File	. 9 0		
3.1.1	Level Timage Tile	. 9 . 9		
3.1.	2 GeoTIFF Kevs	10		
3.1.2	Level 1 Metadata File	11		
3.1.3	Ground Control Points (GCPs) File	11		
3.2 Le	evel 1 Metadata Files	11		
3.2.1	Ground Control Points (GCPs) File	41		
3.3 N	_APS Data Format (NDF)	42		
3.3.1	Level 1 Image File	42		
3.3.2	Header File	42		
3.3.3	Level 1 Metadata File	46		
3.3.4	Work Order Report File	46		
3.3.5	History Processing Parameters File	51		
Section 4	Product Packaging	52		
4.1 E	ectronic Transfer	52		
Section 5	Software Tools	53		
5.1 O	5.1 ODL Parser			
Appendix	A Projection Parameters	54		
Reference	S	56		

List of Tables

Table 2-1. GeoTIFF Product Components	4
Table 2-2. NDF Product Components	4
Table 2-3. GeoTIFF Product Naming Convention	5
Table 2-4. Example GCP Output File	6
Table 2-5. NDF Naming Convention	7
Table 3-1. GeoTIFF Keys	11
Table 3-2. Level 1 Metadata File	27
Table 3-3. Legacy Level 1 Metadata File	41
Table A-1. L1 Output Product Projection Parameters	54
Table A-2. USGS Projection Parameters – Projection Transformation Package	
Projection Parameters (Elements 1-8)	54
Table A-3. USGS Projection Parameters - Projection Transformation Package	
Projection Parameters (Elements 9-15)	54
Table A-4. USGS Projection Parameters Key	55

Section 1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This Data Format Control Book (DFCB) provides a high-level description of the Landsat Thematic Mapper (TM) Level 1 (L1) distribution product, output product packaging, and viewing tools.

1.2 Scope

This DFCB describes the formats and data contents of the L1 output files. The formats discussed include Geographic Tagged Image File Format (GeoTIFF) and National Land Archive Production System (NLAPS) Data Format (NDF). The NLAPS Precision and Terrain Formats Description Document at <u>http://eros.usgs.gov/#/Guides/nlapsgeo2</u> also describes NDF specifications.

The file formats contained in this DFCB are applicable to the product generated by L1 producing systems operated at the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) Earth Resources Observation and Science (EROS) Center.

1.3 Intended Users

This document is a guide for L1 product recipients. It provides detailed information on the L1 product packaging.

1.4 Definitions

Level 0Ra (L0Ra) product - Raw Computer Compatible (RCC) Data that have been reformatted to support data production and include individual band, Browse Data, a Mirror Scan Correction Data (MSCD) file, a Payload Correction Data (PCD) file, and Scene Metadata.

Level 0Rp (L0Rp) digital image— Spatially reformatted, demultiplexed, and unrectified interval data

Level 0Rp (L0Rp) product— L0Rp digital image plus radiometric, calibration, spacecraft attitude and ephemeris data, consisting of the following files in Hierarchical Data Format (HDF):

- LORp digital image (one file per band)
- Internal Calibrator (IC) data— Calibration data file containing all of the calibration data received on a major frame basis subset to the product size ordered
- MSCD— Scan direction and error information subset to the product size ordered
- PCD— Information on spacecraft attitude and ephemeris, including quality indicators for the entire subinterval from which the product is derived
- Metadata— Descriptive information about the LORp image and names of appended files associated with the image
- Calibration Parameter File (CPF)— Formatted file containing radiometric and geometric correction parameters

- Scan Line Offsets (SLO)— Information on actual starting and ending pixel positions for valid image data on a line-by-line basis
- Geolocation table— File containing scene corner coordinates and productspecific scene line numbers for bands
- HDF directory— File containing all of the pointers, file size information, and data objects required to process the L0Rp product

Level 1R (L1R) digital image— Radiometrically corrected but not geometrically resampled

Consensus File— A single file created from the two original files included with the LORp product, with errors corrected

Level 1 Geometrically Corrected (L1G) digital image— Radiometrically corrected and resampled for geometric correction and registration to a geographic map projection

Level 1G (L1G) product— L1 product distributed by the LPGS that includes, for all bands, GeoTIFF or NDF format L1G image and associated data accommodated by the format.

Level 1Gt (L1Gt) product— L1Gt Terrain Correction product that includes radiometric and geometric corrections, and uses a Digital Elevation Model (DEM) to correct parallax error due to local topographic relief. The accuracy of the terrain corrected product depends on the resolution of the best available DEM.

Level 1 Terrain (Corrected) (L1T) product— Includes radiometric, geometric, and precision correction, and uses a DEM to correct parallax error due to local topographic relief. The accuracy of the terrain-corrected product depends on the availability of Ground Control Points (GCPs), as well as the resolution of the best available DEM.

Interval— Time duration between the start and stop of an imaging operation (observation) of the Landsat TM instrument

Worldwide Reference System (WRS) scene— Digital image that covers an area equivalent to one of the 57,784 scene centers (233 paths by 248 rows areas) defined by the WRS structure

1.5 Level 0 Pre-Archive Processing

A basic knowledge of the pre-archive ground processing will enable the user to understand the L1 product.

The Landsat Ground System (LGS) acquires TM wideband data directly from the Landsat TM spacecraft. The Landsat Archive Conversion System (LACS) records all wideband data, at real-time rates, into its wideband data stores. A single channel represents a complete data set and holds Bands 1 through 7. The LACS retrieves and

processes raw wideband data, at lower than real-time rates, into separate accumulations of Earth image data, calibration data, MSCD, and PCD.

The LACS spatially reformats Earth imagery and calibration data into Level 0 Reformatted Archive (L0Ra) data. This involves shifting pixels by integer amounts to account for the alternating forward-reverse scanning pattern of the TM sensor, the oddeven detector arrangement within each band, and the detector offsets inherent to the focal plane array engineering design. All LACS OR corrections are reversible; the Image Assessment System (IAS) CPF documents the pixel parameters used.

During LACS processing, bands are duplicated, aligned, and used to assess cloud cover content and to generate scene-based browse data. Cloud cover scores are generated on a scene-by-scene and quadrant-by-quadrant basis. Metadata are generated for the entire subinterval and on a scene-by-scene basis. The image data, PCD, MSCD, calibration data, and metadata are structured into HDF for each format and sent to EROS for archiving in subinterval form. The browse files are sent to EROS search and order systems separately for use as an online aid to ordering.

Section 2 Overview of Level 1 Output Files

The L1G digital image is radiometrically and geometrically corrected and is available in GeoTIFF and NDF format. The L1T product includes radiometric, geometric, and precision correction, and uses DEM to correct parallax error due to local topographic relief. The L1Gt product is radiometrically and geometrically corrected and uses DEM to correct parallax error due to local topographic relief.

The on-demand Level 1 products now available for download at no charge are generated using a standard set of parameters. These are the only processing parameters available for the L1 output products through the external ordering interface(s). These products are output using the best available processing level for that particular scene (L1T, L1Gt, or L1G). The processing parameters and output product details used for all standard products are as follows:

•	Pixel Size	30 m / 60 m
•	Output Format	GeoTIFF
•	Resampling Method	Cubic Convolution (CC)
•	Map Projection	Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM)
		Polar Stereographic (PS) for Antarctica scenes
•	Datum	WGS84
•	Image Orientation	Map (North Up)
•	Distribution	File Transfer Protocol (FTP) and Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Download

Table 2-1 and Table 2-2 detail the L1 product components included with each format. The number of bands and optional data files that the user orders determines the number of components included with a specific product.

Component	L1G	L1Gt	L1T
L1 image file (for each requested band)	Х	Х	Х
L1 Metadata file (text [.txt] file)	Х	Х	Х
GCP File (text [.txt] file)			Х
3 Band Verification Browse Image (JPEG [.JPG] file)			Х
Geometric Verification Statistics file (text [.txt] file)			Х

Table 2-1.	GeoTIFF	Product	Components
------------	---------	---------	------------

Component	L1G	L1Gt	L1T
L1 image file (for each requested band)	Х	Х	Х
Header file (text [.txt] file)	Х	Х	Х
L1 Metadata file (text [.txt] file)	Х	Х	Х
Work order report file	Х	Х	Х
History and processing parameters file	Х	Х	Х

Table 2-2. NDF Product Components

2.1 GeoTIFF

The file-naming convention for the GeoTIFF product is as follows:

<LANDSAT_SCENE_ID>_BN.XXX, where LANDSAT_SCENE_ID is LMSPPPRRRYYYYDOYGSIVV, where

L	=	Landsat	
Μ	II	Mission:	
		T = Landsat TM	
S	=	Satellite	
		4 = Landsat 4	
		5 = Landsat 5	
PPP	=	3-digit starting path	
RRR	=	3-digit starting row	
		5 5	
YYYYDOY	=	4-digit acquisition year	
DOY	=	3-digit acquisition day of the year	
GSI	=	Ground Station Identifier	
VV	=	2-digit version	
BN	=	Band Number:	
		B1 = Band 1	
		B2 = Band 2	
		B3 = Band 3	
		B4 = Band 4	
		B5 = Band 5	
		B6 = Band 6	
		B7 = Band 7	
XXX	=	File type:	
		= TIF file extension for all image data	
		= JPG file extension for the verification browse	
		= .txt file extension for GCP. VER. and Level 1	
		Metadata (MTL) Files	

Table 2-3. GeoTIFF Product Naming Convention

2.1.1 Level 1 Image File

GeoTIFF defines a set of public domain TIFF tags that describe all cartographic and geodetic information associated with GeoTIFF imagery. GeoTIFF is a means for tying a raster image to a known model space or map projection and for describing those projections. A metadata format provides geographic information to associate with the image data, but the TIFF file structure allows both the metadata and the image data to be encoded into the same file. The GeoTIFF file is grayscale, scan line, uncompressed, and 8-bit unsigned integers.

2.1.2 Level 1 Metadata File

Please see 3.2 for L1 Metadata File details.

2.1.3 Ground Control Points (GCP) File

The GCP File included with an L1T product is written in American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) format and contains a header followed by records, one on each line. Each record corresponds to a single GCP. Each record has eight column headings and looks similar to the following example:

Example GCP Output File _____ LANDSAT 5 Fri. Apr. 4, 2008 Time: 13:03 Image Assessment System GCP Residual Report _____ _____ WOID: L8283 Path/Row: 038 / 038 LOR Reference Image: L51XXX1095175170100_HDF.073192111 Acquisition Date: Jun 24, 1995 Band Number: 5 GeoCover date for each WRS-2 path/row used: Path Row Date 037 038 2000-04-19 038 037 2000-04-26 038 038 2000-04-10 039 037 2000-05-03 Point_ID Latitude Longitude Height Across Along Residual Residual Scan Scan Iny inx Residual Residual dir dir (deg) (deg) (meters) (me (meters) (meters) (meters) (meters) 037038000832.110381 -113.562535209.67317.5767.04416.4019.487037038008931.875446 -113.446672362.987298.01815.641292.81858.151037038010531.944185 -113.532590322.535225.14411.095221.32743.193 037038014031.925680-113.645992155.878275.86217.675270.65656.972037038014532.298943-113.566317553.642-230.079-21.971-224.602-54.537037038016331.908490-113.681353116.652305.86617.318300.43060.920
 0370380170
 32.338204
 -113.594367
 295.843
 -278.135
 -17.096
 -272.971
 -56.564

 0370380198
 32.250792
 -113.519899
 516.905
 -181.500
 -25.727
 -175.997
 -51.348

Table 2-4. Example GCP Output File

2.2 NLAPS Data Format (NDF)

The product composition for geometrically and radiometrically corrected Landsat data includes up to eight file types. These types include one or more L1 image files, header files, a Work Order report file, a processing history, and some optional DEM header and data files. In Band Sequential (BSQ) format, each band of satellite imagery is stored in a separate file (i.e., scan lines are sequentially written to the same image file).

One or more Image Header Files describe the product delivered and provide necessary information for further processing. One or more image files contain the binary image data. In addition, each NDF product includes a Correction Processing Report file (formerly known as a Work Order Report) and a history file indicating the processing parameters.

The file-naming convention for the NDF product files is as follows:

LMPPPRRRSSYYDDDMV.XXX

L	=	L = Landsat
М	=	Mission:
		4 = Landsat 4
		5 = Landsat 5
PPP	=	Starting WRS path
RRR	I	Starting WRS row
SS	I	WRS row offset (used for "shifted" scenes) 00 = No shift
YY	I	Last two digits of the acquisition year
DDD	I	Day Of Year (DOY) of acquisition
М	II	Instrument mode: T = TM
V	I	0 = Multiplexer (MUX)
.XXX	=	I1 = TM band (1 – 7)
		01 = Band 1
		02 = Band 2
		03 = Band 3
		04 = Band 4
		05 = Band 5
		06 = Band 6
		07 = Band 7
		H1 = Product header $#$ (1,2, or 3)
		WO = Job report file
		HI = Job history file
		DH = DEM header (optional)
		DD = DEM data (optional)
		MTL = L1 metadata
.txt	=	Only the MTL File ends with .txt (e.g.,
		LMPPPRRRSSYYDDDMV.MTL.txt)

Table 2-5. NDF Naming Convention

2.2.1 Level 1 Image File

The L1 Image Files contain the raw image pixels. No header records are within the file, and there are not any prefix and / or suffix data to the individual image records. If the L1 Image File is part of a BSQ product, then it contains information for only one band, and the image lines for that band are stored sequentially.

2.2.2 Header File

The first file on each volume, a Read-Me-First file, contains header data. It is in ASCII, and complies with American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and International Standards Organization (ISO) standards. The Image Header Files contain information describing the image data in the image. The header is intended to be easy to read and uses only ASCII-text to represent information (i.e., the header does not contain binary information).

To accommodate multi-resolution products, one header file is written for each resolution in the output product. This is in contrast to previous versions of the NDF format in which all data files in the same volume (data set) were required to have the same pixel spacing and pixel format, with different resolutions requiring a separate volume set.

2.2.3 Level 1 Metadata File

Please see 3.2 for L1 Metadata File details.

2.2.4 Work Order Report File

The Work Order Report file is an ASCII-text file that contains information specific to the history and processing parameters used to process the NDF product.

2.2.5 History Processing Parameters File

Each NLAPS data product contains a processing history file. This ASCII-text file provides documentation about the original customer request and the processing parameters used to produce the NLAPS digital product.

Section 3 Level 1 Output File Formats

3.1 GeoTIFF File Formats

3.1.1 Level 1 Image File

The description of an image in GeoTIFF requires tags and keys as described at <u>http://www.remotesensing.org/geotiff/spec/geotiffhome.html</u> (URL also noted in References). The L1 Image Files include these tags and keys, which TIFF readers automatically detect and read. The following subsections describe the tags and keys.

Each Earth image band in the requested product is contained in a separate file. The data are laid out in a scan line sequential format in descending detector order (e.g., detector 16 followed by detector 15 and so forth for the 30 m bands). The L1R image is radiometrically corrected but not geometrically resampled. The L1G image is radiometrically corrected and resampled for geometric correction and registration to geographic map projections. The L1T image is radiometrically, geometrically, and precision corrected, and uses DEM to correct parallax error due to local topographic relief.

3.1.1.1 GeoTIFF Tags

TIFF tags convey metadata information about the image. The tags describe the image with information the TIFF reader needs to control the appearance of the image on the user's screen. The TIFF tags are in the same file as the TIFF image.

A complete description of the raster data requires georeferencing of the data, which uses tags. Landsat TM L1 production systems use the transformation raster and model space tie points and scaling parameters. ModelTiepointTag and ModelPixelScaleTag are used for this purpose.

ModelTiepointTag

Tag = 33922Type = DOUBLE N = 6*K, K = number of tiepoints Alias: GeoreferenceTag Owner: Intergraph

This tag stores the raster-to-model tiepoint pairs in the order.

ModelTiepointTag = (..., I, J, K, X, Y, Z...),

where (I, J, K) is the point at location (I, J) in raster space with pixel-value K, and (X, Y, Z) is a vector in model space.

The raster image is georeferenced by specifying its location, size, and orientation in the model coordinate space. Because the relationship between the raster space and the

model space often is an exact, affine transformation, the relationship can be defined using one set of tiepoints and the ModelPixelScaleTag, which gives the vertical and horizontal raster grid cell size.

ModelPixelScaleTag

Tag = 33550 Type = DOUBLE N = 3 Owner: SoftDesk

This tag is used to specify the size of raster pixel spacing in the model space units, when the raster space can be embedded in the model space coordinate system without rotation, and consists of the following three values:

ModelPixelScaleTag = (ScaleX, ScaleY, ScaleZ)

where ScaleX and ScaleY give the horizontal and vertical spacing of raster pixels and ScaleZ maps the pixel value of a DEM into the correct Z-scale. ScaleZ is not used for L1G data because it is only systematically corrected and not corrected for elevation.

A single tiepoint in the ModelTiepointTag, together with the ModelPixelScaleTag, completely determines the relationship between raster and model space.

3.1.1.2 GeoTIFF Keys

In addition to tags, the description of a projection in GeoTIFF requires using keys. Table 3-1 lists the keys necessary to define the projections supported by the L1 production systems, and their possible values.

Valid Keys	Possible Values	Meaning	
Uni	versal Transverse Me	rcator (UTM)	
GTModelTypeGeoKey	1	ModelTypeProjected (Projection Coordinate	
Gimodeli ypeGeokey	1	System)	
GTPastorTypoGooKoy	1	RasterPixellsArea	
Gillasteri ypeGeokey	2	RasterPixellsPoint	
GTCitationGeoKey	(ASCII, 17)	ASCII reference to public documentation	
Geogl inearl InitsGeoKey	9001	Linear_Meter	
GeogeniearonitsGeortey	9002	Linear_Foot	
GeogAngularUnitsGeoKey	9102	Angular_Degree	
		European Petroleum Survey Group (EPSG)	
ProjectedCSTypeGeoKey	20000 - 32760	Projection System Codes (see Applicable	
ribjectedeerypeeeentey		Document 7 for values)	
	32767	User-defined	
	Polar Stereograph	ic (PS)	
ProjCoordTransGeoKey	15	CT_PolarStereographic	
GTModelTypeGeoKey	1	ModelTypeProjected (Projection Coordinate	
		System)	
GTRasterTypeGeoKey	1	RasterPixellsArea	
	2	RasterPixellsPoint	
GTCitationGeoKey	(ASCII, 17)	ASCII reference to public documentation	
GeographicTypeGeoKey	4326	GCS_WGS_84	
Geogl inearl InitsGeoKey	9001	Linear_Meter	
	9002	Linear_Foot	
GeogAngularUnitsGeoKey	9102	Angular_Degree	
	20000 - 32760	EPSG Projection System Codes (see	
ProjectedCSTypeGeoKey	20000 02/00	Applicable Document 7 for values)	
	32767	User-defined	
		EPSG / Petrotechnical Open Software	
ProjectionGeoKey	10000 - 19999	Corporation (POSC) Projection Codes (see	
rejectioneeentey		Applicable Document 7 for values)	
	32767	User-defined	
Proil inearl InitsGeoKev	9001	Linear_Meter	
	9002	Linear_Foot	
ProjStraightVertPoleLongGeoKey		Value in units of GeogAngularUnits	
ProjNatOriginLatGeoKey		Value in units of GeogAngularUnits	
ProjFalseNorthingGeoKey		Value entered in units of ProjLinearUnits	
ProjFalseEastingGeoKey		Value entered in units of ProjLinearUnits	

Table 3-1. GeoTIFF Keys

3.1.2 Level 1 Metadata File

Please see 3.2 for L1 Metadata File details.

3.1.3 Ground Control Points (GCPs) File

Please see 2.1 for GCPs File details.

3.2 Level 1 Metadata Files

The L1 Metadata File is created during product generation and contains information specific to the product ordered. Table 3-2 lists the full contents of the L1 Metadata File. This file contains all applicable image description information from the L0Rp Metadata

File and the LPS metadata provided with the L0Rp product. The new MTL File introduced with LPGS version 12.1.0 complies with LS-DIR-05 Landsat Metadata Description Document (LMDD), Version 8.0 (see References).

The legacy MTL File (not fully LMDD compliant) is currently bundled with the product for reference. The old MTL File (MTLold) is created during product generation after the MTL File and will be bundled as part of the product for a user transition period for a period of time. The MTLold version will be retired at a future date. Table 3-3 lists the full contents of the old L1 Metadata File.

Vdata Name:
LMSPPPRRRYYYDDDGSIVV_MTL.txt
Vdata Class: LPGS_Metadata
Interlace Type: FULL_INTERLACE
Bytes Per Logical Record: 65535
Number of Records: One record.

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
GROUP	18	= L1_METADATA_FILE	Beginning of the first- level Object Description Language (ODL) group; it indicates the start of the L1 Metadata File level group
GROUP	18	= METADATA_FILE_INFO	Beginning of the metadata file information group
ORIGIN	47	= "Image courtesy of the U.S. Geological Survey"	Establishes the origin of the image from the USGS
REQUEST_ID	20	USGS products use: "NNNYYMMDDSSSS_UUUUU" format where: NNNYYMMDDSSSS = 13-digit TRAM order number NNN = Node indicator YY = Year MM = Month DD = Day SSSS = Sequence number for the day UUUUU = 5-digit TRAM unit number	Data producer-defined request number that uniquely identifies each product. USGS products use a unique product generation Tracking, Reporting, and Metrics (TRAM)-generated request ID.
LANDSAT_SCENE_ID	21	= LMSPPPRRRYYYYDDDGSIVV Where: L = Landsat M = Mission (T = TM)) S = Satellite (4 or 5) PPP = WRS Path RRR = WRS Row YYYY = Year of Acquisition DDD = Day of Acquisition Year GSI = Ground Station Identifier VV = Version	Unique Landsat scene identifier. (Earth- imaging), orbital Path/Row
FILE_DATE	20	= YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MI:SSZ where YYYY = 4-digit Julian year MM = the month number of the Julian year (01-12) DD = the day of the Julian month (01-31)F T = the start of time information in ODL ASCII time code format	L1 system date and time when the metadata file for the L1 product set was created.

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
		HH = hours (00-23) MI = minutes (00-59) SS = seconds (00-59) Z = Zulu time (same as Greenwich Mean Time (GMT))	
STATION_ID	3	= "NNN"	Ground Station that received the data
PROCESSING_SOFTWARE _VERSION	20	= "SYSTEM_VERSION" where SYSTEM = LPGS, IAS VERSION = version of software	"Software name, followed by version number(s) and separated by underscores. Example: "LPGS_8.2.3"
DATA_CATEGORY	11	= "NOMINAL" = "VALIDATION" = "EXCHANGE" = "TEST" or = "ENGINEERING"	"Current data category assigned to the data. Values: NOMINAL = Nominal data that exists within expected, acceptable limits. VALIDATION = Validation data obtained from an IGS in order to validate that the IGS data are of equivalent quality to those that the USGS maintains. EXCHANGE = Exchange data (between an IGS and the USGS) that require a quarantine period and have been successfully validated to be of equivalent quality to the corresponding USGS data. TEST = Test data. ENGINEERING = Engineering data that typically results from an inclination change to the spacecraft or Delta I Maneuver. Refer to LS-DIR-03 Landsat Data
END_GROUP	18	= METADATA_FILE_INFO	End of the metadata
GROUP	16	= PRODUCT_METADATA	Beginning of the product metadata group
DATA_TYPE	20	= "L1G" = "L1GT" = "L1T"	Identifier to inform the user of the data type

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
DATA_TYPE_L0RP	20	= "TMA_L0RP" = "TMR_L0RP"	Data type identifier string used to create the L0Rp product.
ELEVATION_SOURCE	7	= "NED" = "SRTM1" = "SRTM3" = "GTOPO30" = "GLS2000"	Identifies the digital elevation data set used to terrain correct the product.
OUTPUT_FORMAT	10	= "GEOTIFF"	The output format.
EPHEMERIS_TYPE	10	= "DEFINITIVE" = "PREDICTIVE"	Identifier to inform the user of the orbital ephemeris type used. If the field is not present, the user should assume PREDICTIVE in all cases (1G product only)
SPACECRAFT_ID	8	= "LANDSAT_4" = "LANDSAT_5"	Name of the satellite platform
SENSOR_ID	4	= "TM"	Name of the imaging sensor
SENSOR_MODE	6	= "SAM" = "BUMPER"	Scan Angle Monitor (SAM) Mode and Bumper (BUMPER) Mode
WRS_PATH	3	= NNN, where NNN = the path number (001-251)	WRS-defined nominal Landsat satellite track (path). (orbital)
WRS_ROW	3	= NNN, where NNN = the row of the first full or partial scene in the product (001-248)	WRS-defined nominal Landsat satellite row, based on the latitudinal center frame of a Landsat image. (orbital)
DATE_ACQUIRED	10	= YYYY-MM-DD	Date that this scene was imaged.
SCENE_CENTER_TIME	14	= HH:MI:SS.SSSSSSSZ where HH = Hour (00-23) MI = Minutes SS.SSSSSSS = Fractional seconds Z = constant (indicates ""Zulu"" time (same as GMT)).	Scene center time of the date the image was acquired.
CORNER_UL_LAT_PRODU CT	7	 = -90.00000 through +90.00000 degrees. Positive (+) value indicates north latitude; negative (-) value indicates south latitude 	Latitude value for the upper-left corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the 1G product).
CORNER_UL_LON_PRODU CT	8	 = -180.00000 through +180.00000 degrees. Positive (+) value indicates east longitude; negative (-) value 	Longitude value for the upper-left corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the 1G

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
		indicates west longitude	product).
CORNER_UR_LAT_PRODU CT	7	= -90.00000 through +90.00000 degrees.	Latitude value for the upper-right corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the 1G product).
CORNER_UR_LON_PRODU CT	8	= -180.00000 through +180.00000 degrees.	Longitude value for the upper-right corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the 1G product).
CORNER_LL_LAT_PRODU CT	7	= -90.00000 through +90.00000 degrees.	Latitude value for the lower-left corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the 1G product).
CORNER_LL_LON_PRODU CT	8	= -180.00000 through +180.00000 degrees.	Longitude value for the lower-left corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the 1G product).
CORNER_LR_LAT_PRODU CT	7	= -90.00000 through +90.00000 degrees.	Latitude value for the lower- right corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the 1G product).
CORNER_LR_LON_PRODU CT	8	= -180.00000 through +180.00000 degrees.	Longitude value for the lower-right corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the 1G product).
CORNER_UL_PROJECTION _X_PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection X coordinate for the upper-left corner of the product (the L1 systems calculated, 1G only).
CORNER_UL_PROJECTION _Y_PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection Y coordinate for the upper-left corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, 1G only).
CORNER_UR_PROJECTIO N_X_PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection X coordinate for the upper-right corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, 1G only).
CORNER_UR_PROJECTIO N_Y_PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection Y coordinate for the upper-right corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, 1G only)
CORNER_LL_PROJECTION _X_PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000	Projection X coordinate for the lower-left corner of

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
		Units are feet or meters	the product (L1 systems calculated, 1G only).
CORNER_LL_PROJECTION _Y_PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection Y coordinate for the lower-left corner of the product (L1 systems coloulated 1G only)
CORNER_LR_PROJECTION _X_PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection X coordinate for the lower-right corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, 1G only).
CORNER_LR_PROJECTION _Y_PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection Y coordinate for the lower-right corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, 1G only).
REFLECTIVE_LINES	5	= NNNNN	Number of product lines for the reflective bands.
REFLECTIVE_SAMPLES	5	= NNNNN	Number of product samples for the reflective bands.
THERMAL_LINES	5	= NNNNN	Product samples for the thermal band.
THERMAL_SAMPLES	5	= NNNNN	Product lines for the thermal band.
FILE_NAME_BAND_1	256	" <landsat_scene_id>_B1.TIF "</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 1, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_2	256	" <landsat_scene_id>_B2.TIF "</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 2, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_3	256	" <landsat_scene_id>_B3.TIF "</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 3, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_4	256	" <landsat_scene_id>_B4.TIF "</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 4, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_5	256	" <landsat_scene_id>_B5.TIF "</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 5, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_6	256	" <landsat_scene_id>_B6.TIF "</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 6, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_7	256	" <landsat_scene_id>_B7.TIF "</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 7, if part of the product.

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
GROUND_CONTROL_POIN T_FILE_NAME	256	" <landsat_scene_id>_GCP.t xt"</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for the GCP, if part of the product.
REPORT_VERIFY_FILE_NA ME	256	" <landsat_scene_id>_VER.tx t"</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name where information from the scoring of geometric verification will be located.
BROWSE_VERIFY_FILE_N AME		" <landsat_scene_id>_VER.jp g"</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for the 3 Band Browse file (JPEG file), if part of the product.
METADATA_ FILE_NAME	256	" <landsat_scene_id>_MTL.tx t"</landsat_scene_id>	Name of the metadata file.
CPF_NAME	256	LMCPFYYYYMMDD_YYYYMMD D.nn where L = Landsat M = Mission 4 = Landsat 4 5 = Landsat 5 YYYYMMDD = effective_date_begin and effective_date_end respectively nn = version (00-99)	Archive-generated external element file name for the IAS CPF.
END_GROUP	16	= PRODUCT_METADATA	End of the product
GROUP	17	= IMAGE_ATTRIBUTES	Beginning of the image attributes group.
CLOUD_COVER	5	0.00-100.00, -1	"Cloud coverage (percent) assigned to a WRS scene. Values: -1 = Cloud cover not calculated or assessed."
IMAGE_QUALITY	1	0-9, -1	"Composite image quality for the bands. Values: 9 = Best. 0 = Worst1 = Image quality not calculated or assessed."
SUN_AZIMUTH	11	 -180.00000000 through 180.00000000 degrees. A positive value indicates angles to the east or clockwise from the north. A negative value (-) indicates angles to the west or counterclockwise from the north. Leading zeros are not required. 	Sun azimuth angle in degrees for the image center location at the image center acquisition time.

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
SUN_ELEVATION	10	 = -90.00000000 through 90.00000000 degrees. A positive value indicates a daytime scene. A negative value (-) indicates a nighttime scene. Leading zeros are not required. 	Sun elevation angle in degrees for the image center location at the image center acquisition time.
GROUND_CONTROL_POIN TS_MODEL	3	= 1 - 999	Number of ground control points used in the precision correction process.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_MODE	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	Combined Root Mean Square Error (RMSE) of the geometric residuals (meters) in both across- track and along-track directions measured on the GCPs used in geometric precision correction.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_MODE L_Y	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	RMSE of the geometric residuals (meters) measured on the GCPs used in geometric precision correction.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_MODE L_X	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	RMSE of the geometric residuals (meters) measured on the GCPs used in geometric precision correction.
GROUND_CONTROL_POIN TS_VERIFY	4	= 1 - 9999	Number of ground control points used in the verification of the terrain- corrected product.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_VERIF Y	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	RMSE of the geometric residuals (pixels) in both line and sample directions measured on the terrain-corrected product independently using GLS2000.
END_GROUP	17	= IMAGE_ATTRIBUTES	End of the image attributes group.
GROUP	16	= MIN_MAX_RADIANCE	Beginning of the min/max radiance group (1G product only)
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAN D_1	6	= 0.000 - 999.999	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 1, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_ BAND 1.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAN D_1	6	= -999.999 through +999.999	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 1, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_ BAND 1.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAN D_2	6	= 0.000 - 999.999	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 2, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_ BAND_2.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAN D_2	6	= -999.999 through +999.999	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 2, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_ BAND_2.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAN D_3	6	= 0.000 - 999.999	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 3, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_ BAND_3.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAN D_3	6	= -999.999 through +999.999	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 3, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_ BAND_3.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAN D_4	6	= 0.000 - 999.999	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 4, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_ BAND_4.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAN D_4	6	= -999.999 through +999.999	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 4, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_ BAND_4.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAN D_5	6	= 0.000 - 999.999	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 5, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_ BAND_5.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAN D_5	6	= -999.999 through +999.999	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 5, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_ BAND 5.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAN D_6	6	= 0.000 - 999.999	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 6, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_ BAND_6.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAN D_6	6	= -999.999 through +999.999	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 6, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_ BAND_6.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAN D_7	6	= 0.000 - 999.999	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 7, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_ BAND_7.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAN D_7	6	= -999.999 through +999.999	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 7, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_ BAND_7.
END_GROUP	16	= MIN_MAX_RADIANCE	End of the min/max radiance group
GROUP	19	= MIN_MAX_PIXEL_VALUE	Beginning of the min/max pixel value group (1G product only)
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAN D_1	3	= 0 - 255	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 1, if part of the product (Digital Number (DN)).
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAN D_1	1	= 0 - 1	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 1, if part of the product (DN).
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAN D_2	3	= 0 - 255	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 2, if part of the product (DN).
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAN D_2	1	= 0 - 1	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 2, if part of the product (DN).
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAN D_3	3	= 0 – 255	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 3, if part of the product (DN).
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAN D_3	1	= 0 - 1	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 3, if part of the product (DN).
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAN D_4	3	= 0 – 255	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 4, if part of the product (DN).
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAN D_4	1	= 0 - 1	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 4, if part of the product (DN).
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAN D_5	3	= 0 - 255	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 5, if part of the product (DN).
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAN D_5	1	= 0 - 1	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 5, if part of the product (DN).
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAN D_6	3	= 0 - 255	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 6, if part of the product (DN).
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAN	1	= 0 - 1	Minimum possible pixel

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
D_6			value for Band 6, if part of the product (DN).
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAN D_7	3	= 0 – 255	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 7, if part of the product (DN).
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAN D_7	1	= 0 - 1	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 7, if part of the product (DN).
END_GROUP	19	= MIN_MAX_PIXEL_VALUE	End of the min/max pixel value group.
GROUP	18	= PRODUCT_PARAMETERS	Beginning of the product parameters group (both 1R and 1G products).
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND _1	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains)	Gain correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 1, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND _2	20	= "CPF"(for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains)	Gain correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 2, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND _3	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains)	Gain correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 3, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND _4	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains)	Gain correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 4, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND _5	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains)	Gain correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 5, if part of the product
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND _6	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains)	Gain correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 6, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND _7	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains)	Gain correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 7, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_BIAS_BAND _1	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains)	Bias correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 1, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_BIAS_BAND _2	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains)	Bias correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 2, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_BIAS_BAND _3	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains)	Bias correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 3, if part of the product

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
CORRECTION_BIAS_BAND	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains)	Bias correction method
_4		= "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION"	used by L1 in creating
		(for IC gains)	the image for Band 4, if
			part of the product.
CORRECTION_BIAS_BAND	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains)	Bias correction method
_5		= "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION"	used by L1 in creating
		(for IC gains)	the image for Band 5, if
			part of the product.
CORRECTION_BIAS_BAND	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains)	Bias correction method
_6		= "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION"	used by L1 in creating
		(for IC gains)	the image for Band 6, if
CORRECTION RIAS RAND	20	"ODE" (for ODE going)	Part of the product.
	20	= CPF (IOF CPF gains) = "INTERNAL CALIBRATION"	Bias correction method
_/		= INTERNAL_CALIBRATION (for IC going)	the image for Bond 7 if
		(IOFIC gains)	and 7, 11
	18		End of the product.
LIND_GROOP	10		parameters group
GROUP	21	= RADIOMETRIC, RESCALING	Beginning of the
61(661	21		radiometric rescaling
			parameters group
RADIANCE MULT BAND 1	23	-999999999999999999999999	Multiplicative rescaling
		through	factor used to convert
		+9999999999999999999999999999999	calibrated digital numbers
			to reflectance for Band 1
			(digital number-1).
RADIANCE_MULT_BAND_2	23	-999999999999999999999999999999	Multiplicative rescaling
		through	factor used to convert
		+999999999999999999999999999999	calibrated digital numbers
			to reflectance for Band 2
			(digital number-1).
RADIANCE_MULT_BAND_3	23	-9999999999999999999999999999	Multiplicative rescaling
		through	factor used to convert
		+999999999999999999999999999	calibrated digital numbers
			to reflectance for and 3
			(digital number-1).
RADIANCE_MULT_BAND_4	23	-999999999999999999999999999	Multiplicative rescaling
		through	factor used to convert
		+999999999999999999999999999	calibrated digital numbers
			to reflectance for Band 4
	22	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	(digital number-1).
RADIANCE_WULT_BAIND_5	23	-9999999999999999999999999999999999999	factor used to convert
			calibrated digital numbers
		+333333333333333333333333333	to reflectance for Band 5
			(digital number-1)
RADIANCE MULT BAND 6	23	-99999999999999999999999999999999999999	Multiplicative rescaling
	20	through	factor used to convert
		+99999999999999999999999999	calibrated digital numbers
			to reflectance for Band 6
			(digital number-1).
RADIANCE MULT BAND 7	23	-99999999999999999999999999999	Multiplicative rescaling
		through	factor used to convert

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
		+99999999999999999999999999999999999999	calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 7 (digital number-1).
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_1	7	-9999.999 through +9999.999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 1.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_2	7	-9999.999 through +9999.999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m ² sr um)) for Band 2.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_3	7	-9999.999 through +9999.999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 3.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_4	7	-9999.999 through +9999.999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 4.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_5	7	-9999.999 through +9999.999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 5.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_6	7	-9999.999 through +9999.999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 6.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_7	7	-9999.999 through +9999.999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 7.
END_GROUP	21	= RADIOMETRIC_RESCALING	End of the radiometric rescaling parameters group.
GROUP	21	= PROJECTION_PARAMETERS	Beginning of the projection parameters group (1G product only).
MAP_PROJECTION	4	= "PS" (Polar Stereographic) = "UTM" (Universal Transverse Mercator)	Map projection used in creating the image.
DATUM	5	= "WGS84"	Datum used in creating the image.
ELLIPSOID	5	= "WGS84"	Ellipsoid used in creating the image.
UTM_ZONE	2	= 1-60	UTM (Universal Transverse Mercator)

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			zone number in a map projection. A negative zone indicates that the
			false northing needs to be applied to the northing
			zone indicates that the
			applied.
VERTICAL_LON_FROM_PO	8	= -180.00000 through +180.00000	Vertical longitude (decimal degrees) from the pole.
TRUE_SCALE_LAT	7	= -90.00000 through +90.00000	Latitude of true scale in a map projection.
FALSE_EASTING	9	= -200000000 through +200000000	Value added to all "x" values in the rectangular coordinates for a map projection. Frequently assigned to eliminate negative numbers. Expressed in the unit of measure identified in Planar Coordinate Unit.
FALSE_NORTHING	9	= -200000000 through +200000000	Value added to all "y" values in the rectangular coordinates for a map projection. Frequently assigned to eliminate negative numbers. Expressed in the unit of measure identified in Planar Coordinate Unit.
GRID_CELL_SIZE_REFLEC	5	= 0.00 through 120.00 meters, in increments of 0.01 meters 25.00 - 60.00 (IAS / LPGS)	Grid cell size used in creating the image for the reflective band.
GRID_CELL_SIZE_THERMA L	5	= 0.00 through 120.00 meters, in increments of 0.01 meters 25.00 – 60.00 (IAS / LPGS)	Grid cell size used in creating the image for the thermal band, if part of the product
ORIENTATION	10	= "NORTH_UP"	Orientation used in creating the image.
RESAMPLING_OPTION	28	= "CUBIC_CONVOLUTION"	Resampling option used in creating the image.
MAP_PROJECTION_LORA	3	 "PS" (Polar Stereographic) "UTM" (Universal Transverse Mercator) "HOM" (Hotine Oblique Mercator) "SOM" (Space Oblique Mercator) "NA" (Not applicable) 	L0Ra map projection selectively applied to High Density Tapes (HDTs) based on geographic location. Used for processed archive data.
END_GROUP	21	= PROJECTION_PARAMETERS	End of projection parameters group.

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
END_GROUP	148	L1_METADATA_FILE	End of the Level 1 metadata file level group.
END			Required standalone parameter signifying the file end.

Table 3-2. Level 1 Metadata File

Vdata Name:
LMSPPPRRRYYYYDDDGSIVV_MTLold.txt
Vdata Class: LPGS_Metadata
Interlace Type: FULL_INTERLACE
Bytes Per Logical Record: 65535
Number of Records: One record.

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
GROUP	18	= L1_METADATA_FILE	Beginning of the first- level ODL group; it indicates the start of the L1 Metadata File level group.
GROUP	18	= METADATA_FILE_INFO	Beginning of the metadata file information group.
ORIGIN	47	= "Image courtesy of the U.S. Geological Survey"	Establishes the origin of the image from the USGS.
REQUEST_ID	20	USGS products use: "NNNYYMMDDSSSS_UUUUU" format where: NNNYYMMDDSSSS = 13-digit TRAM order number NNN = Node indicator YY = Year MM = Month DD = Day SSSS = Sequence number for the day UUUUU = 5-digit TRAM unit number	Data producer-defined request number that uniquely identifies each product. USGS products use a unique product generation TRAM- generated request ID.
PRODUCT_CREATION_TIM E	20	= YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MI:SSZ where YYYY = 4-digit Julian year MM = the month number of the Julian year (01-12) DD = the day of the Julian month (01-31) T indicates the start of time information in ODL ASCII time code format HH = hours (00-23)	L1 system date and time when the metadata file for the L1 product set was created. For ease of human readability, this date and time are presented in ODL ASCII format. Time is expressed as Universal Time Coordinated (UTC) (also known as GMT).

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
		MI = minutes (00-59) SS = seconds (00-59) Z indicates Zulu time (same as GMT)	Insertion of additional characters T and Z is required to meet ODL ASCII format.
STATION_ID	3	= "EDC"	Unique 3-letter code identifying the originating Ground Station.
LANDSAT5_XBAND	1	= "0", "1", "2", or "3" ("0" = unknown)	Landsat 5 (L5) X-band used to downlink data to the LGS.
GROUND_STATION	3	= "NNN"	Ground Station that received the data.
LPS_PROCESSOR_NUMBE R	1	= 1 through 9	LPS processor number.
DATEHOUR_CONTACT_PE RIOD	7	= "YYDOYHH"	Date and hour of the contact period.
SUBINTERVAL_NUMBER	2	= "00"–"99"	Subinterval number within the contact period.
END_GROUP	18	= METADATA_FILE_INFO	End of the metadata information group.
GROUP	16	= PRODUCT_METADATA	Beginning of the product metadata group.
PRODUCT_TYPE	4	= "L1G" = "L1Gt" = "L1T"	Identifier to inform the user of the product type.
ELEVATION_SOURCE	7	= "NED" = "SRTM1" = "SRTM3" = "GTOPO30" = "GLS2000"	Identifies the digital elevation data set used to terrain correct the product.
PROCESSING_SOFTWARE	15	= "SYSTEM_VERSION" where SYSTEM = IAS, LPGS, NLAPS VERSION = version of software	L1 processing system and software version. Examples: "IAS_4.5" "LPGS_4.3" "NLAPS_4.1.9"
EPHEMERIS_TYPE	10	= "DEFINITIVE" = "PREDICTIVE"	Identifier to inform the user of the orbital ephemeris type used. If the field is not present, the user should assume PREDICTIVE in all cases (1G product only).
SPACECRAFT_ID	8	= "Landsat5"	Name of the satellite platform.
SENSOR_ID	4	= "TM"	Name of the imaging sensor.
SENSOR_MODE	6	= "SAM" = "BUMPER"	Scan Angle Monitor (SAM) Mode and Bumper

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			(BUMPER) Mode.
ACQUISITION_DATE	10	= YYYY-MM-DD	Date the image was acquired.
SCENE_CENTER_SCAN_TI ME	17	= HH:MM:SS.FFFFFFZ format, where HH = Hour (00–23) MM = Minute (00–59) SS = Seconds (00–59) FFFFFFF = Fractional Second code format Z = Zulu time (same as GMT)	Time of day the center of the scene contact was captured.
REGISTRATION_ACQ_DAT E	10	= YYYY-MM-DD	Acquisition date of the scene used for registration (1 scene only).
WRS_PATH	3	= NNN, where NNN = the path number (001-233)	WRS path value for the product.
STARTING_ROW	3	= NNN, where NNN = row of the first full or partial scene in the product (001-248)	Starting WRS row.
ENDING_ROW	3	= NNN, where NNN = row of last full or partial scene in the product (001-248)	Ending WRS row.
BAND_COMBINATION	9	= "NNNNNNN", where "NNNNNNN" = e.g., "1234567" for all bands present, "1237" for Bands 1, 2, 3, 7. A '-' is a position holder for absent bands	L1-generated indicator of the bands present for the product ordered.
PRODUCT_UL_CORNER_L AT	11	 = -90.0000000 through +90.0000000 degrees (with 7-digit precision) Positive (+) value indicates north latitude; negative (-) value indicates south latitude 	Latitude value for the upper-left corner of the product (The L1 systems recalculate for the 1G product) (NLAPS Bands 1-5, 7 only).
PRODUCT_UL_CORNER_L ON	12	= -180.0000000 through +180.0000000 degrees (with 7- digit precision) Positive (+) value indicates east longitude; negative (-) value indicates west longitude	Longitude value for the upper-left corner of the product (The L1 systems recalculate for the 1G product) (NLAPS Bands 1-5, 7 only).
PRODUCT_UR_CORNER_L AT	11	= -90.0000000 through +90.0000000 degrees (with 7-digit precision)	Latitude value for the upper-right corner of the product (The L1 systems recalculate for the 1G product) (NLAPS Bands 1-5, 7 only).
PRODUCT_UR_CORNER_L ON	12	= -180.0000000 through +180.0000000 degrees (with 7- digit precision)	Longitude value for the upper-right corner of the product (The L1 systems recalculate for the 1G

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			product) (NLAPS Bands 1-5, 7 only).
PRODUCT_LL_CORNER_L AT	11	= -90.0000000 through +90.0000000 degrees (with 7-digit precision)	Latitude value for the lower-left corner of the product (The L1 systems recalculate for the 1G product). (NLAPS Bands 1-5, 7 only).
PRODUCT_LL_CORNER_L ON	12	= -180.0000000 through +180.0000000 degrees (with 7- digit precision)	Longitude value for the lower-left corner of the product (The L1 systems recalculate for the 1G product) (NLAPS Bands 1-5, 7 only).
PRODUCT_LR_CORNER_L AT	11	= -90.0000000 through +90.0000000 degrees (with 7-digit precision)	Latitude value for the lower- right corner of the product (The L1 systems recalculate for the 1G product) (NLAPS Bands 1-5, 7 only).
PRODUCT_LR_CORNER_L ON	12	= -180.0000000 through +180.0000000 degrees (with 7- digit precision)	Longitude value for the lower-right corner of the product (The L1 systems recalculate for the 1G product) (NLAPS Bands 1-5, 7 only).
PRODUCT_UL_CORNER_M APX	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection X coordinate for the upper-left corner of the product (The L1 systems calculated, 1G only) (NLAPS Bands 1-5, 7 only).
PRODUCT_UL_CORNER_M APY	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection Y coordinate for the upper-left corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, 1G only) (NLAPS Bands 1-5, 7 only).
PRODUCT_UR_CORNER_ MAPX	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection X coordinate for the upper-right corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, 1G only) (NLAPS Bands 1-5, 7 only).
PRODUCT_UR_CORNER_ MAPY	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000	Projection Y coordinate for the upper-right corner

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
		Units are feet or meters	of the product (L1 systems calculated, 1G only) (NLAPS Bands 1-5, 7 only).
PRODUCT_LL_CORNER_M APX	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection X coordinate for the lower-left corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, 1G only) (NLAPS Bands 1-5, 7 only).
PRODUCT_LL_CORNER_M APY	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection Y coordinate for the lower-left corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, 1G only) (NLAPS Bands 1-5, 7 only).
PRODUCT_LR_CORNER_M APX	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection X coordinate for the lower-right corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, 1G only) (NLAPS Bands 1-5, 7 only).
PRODUCT_LR_CORNER_M APY	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection Y coordinate for the lower-right corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, 1G only) (NLAPS Bands 1-5, 7 only).
PRODUCT_UL_CORNER_L AT_THM	11	= -90.0000000 through +90.0000000 degrees (with 7-digit precision) Positive (+) value indicates north latitude; negative (-) value indicates south latitude	NLAPS latitude value for the upper-left corner of the product Band 6 (Not included with IAS and LPGS).
PRODUCT_UL_CORNER_L ON_THM	12	= -180.0000000 through +180.0000000 degrees (with 7- digit precision) Positive (+) value indicates east longitude; negative (-) value indicates west longitude	NLAPS longitude value for the upper-left corner of the product Band 6 (Not included with IAS and LPGS).
PRODUCT_UR_CORNER_L AT_THM	11	= -90.0000000 through +90.0000000 degrees (with 7-digit precision)	NLAPS latitude value for the upper-right corner of the product Band 6 (Not included with IAS and LPGS).
PRODUCT_UR_CORNER_L ON_THM	12	= -180.0000000 through +180.0000000 degrees (with 7- digit precision)	NLAPS longitude value for the upper-right corner of the product Band 6

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			(Not included with IAS and LPGS)
PRODUCT_LL_CORNER_L AT_THM	11	= -90.0000000 through +90.0000000 degrees (with 7-digit precision)	NLAPS latitude value for the lower-left corner of the product Band 6 (Not included with IAS and LPGS)
PRODUCT_LL_CORNER_L ON_THM	12	= -180.0000000 through +180.0000000 degrees (with 7- digit precision)	NLAPS longitude value for the lower-left corner of the product Band 6 (Not included with IAS and LPGS).
PRODUCT_LR_CORNER_L AT_THM	11	= -90.0000000 through +90.0000000 degrees (with 7-digit precision)	NLAPS latitude value for the lower-right corner of the product Band 6 (Not included with IAS and LPGS).
PRODUCT_LR_CORNER_L ON_THM	12	= -180.0000000 through +180.0000000 degrees (with 7- digit precision)	NLAPS longitude value for the lower-right corner of the product Band 6 (Not included with IAS and LPGS)
PRODUCT_UL_CORNER_M APX_THM	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	NLAPS projection X coordinate for the upper- left corner of the product Band 6 (Not included with IAS and LPGS).
PRODUCT_UL_CORNER_M APY_THM	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	NLAPS projection Y coordinate for the upper- left corner of the product Band 6 (Not included with IAS and LPGS).
PRODUCT_UR_CORNER_ MAPX_THM	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	NLAPS projection X coordinate for the upper- right corner of the product Band 6 (Not included with IAS and LPGS).
PRODUCT_UR_CORNER_ MAPY_THM	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	NLAPS projection Y coordinate for the upper- right corner of the product Band 6 (Not included with IAS and LPGS).
PRODUCT_LL_CORNER_M APX_THM	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	NLAPS projection X coordinate for the lower- left corner of the product

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			Band 6 (Not included with IAS and LPGS).
PRODUCT_LL_CORNER_M APY_THM	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	NLAPS projection Y coordinate for the lower- left corner of the product Band 6 (Not included with IAS and LPGS).
PRODUCT_LR_CORNER_M APX_THM	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	NLAPS projection X coordinate for the lower- right corner of the product Band 6 (Not included with IAS and LPGS).
PRODUCT_LR_CORNER_M APY_THM	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	NLAPS projection Y coordinate for the lower- right corner of the product Band 6 (Not included with IAS and LPGS).
PRODUCT_SAMPLES_REF	6	NNNNN	Product samples for the reflective bands.
PRODUCT_LINES_REF	6	NNNNN	Product lines for the reflective bands.
PRODUCT_SAMPLES_THM	6	NNNNN	Product samples for the thermal band.
PRODUCT_LINES_THM	6	NNNNN	Product lines for the thermal band.
BAND1_FILE_NAME	29	" <landsat_scene_id>_B1.TIF "</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 1, if part of the product.
BAND2_FILE_NAME	29	" <landsat_scene_id>_B2.TIF "</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 2, if part of the product
BAND3_FILE_NAME	29	" <landsat_scene_id>_B3.TIF "</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 3, if part of the product.
BAND4_FILE_NAME	29	" <landsat_scene_id>_B4.TIF "</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 4, if part of the product.
BAND5_FILE_NAME	29	" <landsat_scene_id>_B5.TIF "</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 5, if part of the product.
BAND6_FILE_NAME	29	" <landsat_scene_id>_B6.TIF</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			Band 6, if part of the product.
BAND7_FILE_NAME	29	" <landsat_scene_id>_B7.TIF</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for band 7, if part of the product
GCP_FILE_NAME	29	"" <landsat_scene_id>_GCP.t xt"</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for the GCP, if part of the product.
METADATA_L1_FILE_NAM E	29	"" <landsat_scene_id>_MTL.t xt"</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for L1 metadata.
CPF_FILE_NAME	25	"LMCPFYYYYMMDD_YYYYMMD D_nn" where YYYYMMDD = effective start date and effective end date, respectively nn = incrementing version number within a 90-day period (00-99)	Archive-generated external element file name for the IAS CPF. NLAPS is populating the metadata file with the CPF used during processing.
END_GROUP	16	= PRODUCT_METADATA	End of the product metadata group.
GROUP	16	= MIN_MAX_RADIANCE	Beginning of the min/max radiance group (1G product only).
LMAX _BAND1	7	= NNN.NNN	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 1, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QCALMAX_BAND1.
LMIN_ BAND1	7	= NNN.NNN	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 1, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QCALMIN_BAND1.
LMAX_ BAND2	7	= NNN.NNN	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 2, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QCALMAX_BAND2.
LMIN_ BAND2	7	= NNN.NNN	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 2, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to
LMAX_ BAND3	7	= NNN.NNN	QCALMIN_BAND2. Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 3, if part of the
			product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QCALMAX_BAND3.
LMIN_ BAND3	7	= NNN.NNN	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 3, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QCALMIN_BAND3.
LMAX_ BAND4	7	= NNN.NNN	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 4, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QCALMAX_BAND4.
LMIN_ BAND4	7	= NNN.NNN	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 4, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QCALMIN_BAND4.
LMAX_ BAND5	7	= NNN.NNN	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 5, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QCALMAX_BAND5.
LMIN_ BAND5	7	= NNN.NNN	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 5, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QCALMIN_BAND5.
LMAX BAND6	7	= NNN.NNN	Maximum achievable

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			spectral radiance value for Band 6, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QCALMIN BAND6.
LMIN_ BAND6	7	= NNN.NNN	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 6, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QCALMAX_BAND6.
LMAX_ BAND7	7	= NNN.NNN	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 7, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QCALMAX BAND7.
LMIN_ BAND7	7	= NNN.NNN	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 7, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QCALMIN BAND7.
END_GROUP	16	= MIN_MAX_RADIANCE	End of the min/max radiance group.
GROUP	19	= MIN_MAX_PIXEL_VALUE	Beginning of the min/max pixel value group (1G product only).
QCALMAX_BAND1	5	= NNN.N	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 1, if part of the product (DN).
QCALMIN_BAND1	5	= NNN.N	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 1, if part of the product (DN).
QCALMAX_BAND2	5	= NNN.N	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 2, if part of the product (DN).
QCALMIN_BAND2	5	= NNN.N	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 2, if part of the product (DN).
QCALMAX_BAND3	5	= NNN.N	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 3, if part of the product (DN).
QCALMIN_BAND3	5	= NNN.N	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 3, if part

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description /
			Remarks
			of the product (DN).
QCALMAX_BAND4	5	= NNN.N	Maximum possible pixel
			value for Band 4, if part
			of the product (DN).
QCALMIN BAND4	5	= NNN.N	Minimum possible pixel
_			value for Band 4, if part
			of the product (DN).
QCALMAX BAND5	5	= NNN.N	Maximum possible pixel
_			value for Band 5, if part
			of the product (DN).
QCALMIN_BAND5	5	= NNN.N	Minimum possible pixel
			value for Band 5, if part
			of the product (DN).
QCALMAX_BAND6	5	= NNN.N	Maximum possible pixel
			value for Band 6, if part
			of the product (DN).
QCALMIN_BAND6	5	= NNN.N	Minimum possible pixel
			value for Band 6, if part
			of the product (DN).
QCALMAX_BAND7	5	= NNN.N	Maximum possible pixel
			value for Band 7, if part
			of the product (DN).
QCALMIN_BAND7	5	= NNN.N	Minimum possible pixel
			value for Band 7, if part
			of the product (DN).
END_GROUP	19	= MIN_MAX_PIXEL_VALUE	End of the min/max pixel
			value group
GROUP	18	= PRODUCT_PARAMETERS	Beginning of the product
			parameters group (1G
			products).
CORRECTION_METHOD_G	3	= "CPF" (for CPF gains)	Correction method used
AIN_BAND1		= "IC" (for IC gains)	by L1 in creating the
			image for Band 1, if part
			of the product.
CORRECTION_METHOD_G	3	= "CPF" (for CPF gains)	Correction method used
AIN_BAND2		= "IC" (for IC gains)	by L1 in creating the
			image for Band 2, if part
			of the product.
CORRECTION_METHOD_G	3	= "CPF" (for CPF gains)	Correction method used
AIN_BAND3		= "IC" (for IC gains)	by L1 in creating the
			image for Band 3, if part
			of the product
CORRECTION_METHOD_G	3	= "CPF" (for CPF gains)	Correction method used
AIN_BAND4		= "IC" (for IC gains)	by L1 in creating the
			Image for Band 4, if part
			of the product.
CORRECTION_METHOD_G	3	= "CPF" (for CPF gains)	Correction method used
AIN_BAND5		= "IC" (for IC gains)	by L1 in creating the
			Image for Band 5, if part
			of the product
CORRECTION_METHOD_G	3	= "CPF" (tor CPF gains)	Correction method used
AIN_BAND6		= "IC" (for IC gains)	by L1 in creating the
			Image for Band 6, if part

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			of the product.
CORRECTION_METHOD_G AIN_BAND7	3	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "IC" (for IC gains)	Correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 7, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_METHOD_BI AS	3	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "IC" (for IC gains)	Correction method used by L1 in creating the image.
SUN_AZIMUTH	12	 = -180.000000 through 180.0000000 degrees (with 7-digit precision) A positive value indicates angles to the east or clockwise from the north. A negative value (-) indicates angles to the west or counterclockwise from the north. Leading zeros are not required. 	Sun azimuth angle in degrees for the image center location at the image center acquisition time.
SUN_ELEVATION	11	 = -90.0000000 through 90.0000000 degrees (with 7-digit precision) A positive value indicates a daytime scene. A negative value (-) indicates a nighttime scene. Leading zeros are not required. 	Sun elevation angle in degrees for the image center location at the image center acquisition time.
OUTPUT_FORMAT	10	= "FORMAT", where FORMAT = NDF, GEOTIFF	The output format and output format version of the image. Examples: "NDF_2.00" "GEOTIFF."
END_GROUP	18	= PRODUCT_PARAMETERS	End of the product parameters group.
GROUP	19	= CORRECTIONS_APPLIED	Beginning of the corrections applied group.
STRIPING_BAND1	20	= "NONE" = "BAND_AVERAGE" = "REFERENCE_DETECTOR"	Indicator of the type of striping correction applied for the Band 1 image, if part of the product. <u>NLAPS:</u> BAND_AVERAGE = NASA REFERENCE_DETECT OR = CCRS.
STRIPING_BAND2	20	= "NONE" = "BAND_AVERAGE" = "REFERENCE_DETECTOR"	Indicator of the type of striping correction applied for the Band 2 image, if part of the product. <u>NLAPS:</u> BAND_AVERAGE = NASA

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks	
			REFERENCE_DETECT OR = CCRS.	
STRIPING_BAND3	20	= "NONE" = "BAND_AVERAGE" = "REFERENCE_DETECTOR"	Indicator of the type of striping correction applied for the Band 3 image, if part of the product. <u>NLAPS:</u> BAND_AVERAGE = NASA REFERENCE_DETECT OR = CCRS.	
STRIPING_BAND4	20	= "NONE" = "BAND_AVERAGE" = "REFERENCE_DETECTOR"	Indicator of the type of striping correction applied for the Band 4 image, if part of the product. <u>NLAPS:</u> BAND_AVERAGE = NASA REFERENCE_DETECT OR = CCRS.	
STRIPING_BAND5	20	= "NONE" = "BAND_AVERAGE" = "REFERENCE_DETECTOR"	Indicator of the type of striping correction applied for the Band 5 image, if part of the product. <u>NLAPS:</u> BAND_AVERAGE = NASA REFERENCE_DETECT OR = CCRS.	
STRIPING_BAND61	20	= "NONE" = "BAND_AVERAGE" = "REFERENCE_DETECTOR"	Indicator of the type of striping correction applied for the Band 6 format 1 image, if part of the product. <u>NLAPS:</u> BAND_AVERAGE = NASA REFERENCE_DETECT OR = CCRS.	
STRIPING_BAND62	20	= "NONE" = "BAND_AVERAGE" = "REFERENCE_DETECTOR"	Indicator of the type of striping correction applied for the Band 6 format 2 image, if part of the product. <u>NLAPS:</u> BAND_AVERAGE = NASA REFERENCE_DETECT OR = CCRS.	
STRIPING_BAND7	20	= "NONE" = "BAND_AVERAGE" = "REFERENCE_DETECTOR"	Indicator of the type of striping correction applied for the Band 7 image, if part of the product. <u>NLAPS:</u> BAND_AVERAGE =	

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			NASA
			REFERENCE DETECT
			OR = CCRS.
STRIPING BAND8	20		Indicator of the type of
	20		striping correction applied
			for the Band 8 image if
		= "NONF"	part of the product
		= "BAND AVERAGE"	NI APS [.]
		= "REFERENCE DETECTOR"	BAND AVERAGE =
			NASA
			REFERENCE DETECT
			OR = CCRS.
BANDING	1	= "Y" or "N"	Indicator of whether the
			image was corrected for
			banding.
COHERENT_NOISE	1	= "Y" or "N"	Indicator of whether the
			image was corrected for
			coherent noise.
MEMORY_EFFECT	1	= "Y" or "N"	Indicator of whether the
			image was corrected for
			memory effect.
SCAN_CORRELATED_SHIF	1	= "Y" or "N"	Indicator of whether the
Т			image was corrected for
			scan correlated shift.
INOPERABLE_DETECTORS	1	= "Y" or "N"	Indicator of whether the
			image was corrected for
			inoperable detectors.
DROPPED_LINES	1	= "Y" or "N"	Indicator of whether the
			image was corrected for
			dropped lines.
END_GROUP	19	= CORRECTIONS_APPLIED	End of the corrections
			applied group.
GROUP	21	= PROJECTION_PARAMETERS	Beginning of the
			projection parameters
	_		group (1G product only).
REFERENCE_DATUM	5	= "WGS84"	Datum used in creating
	_	** A/QQQ 4"	the image
REFERENCE_ELLIPSOID	5	= "WGS84"	Ellipsoid used in creating
	6	10.0 through 100.00 motors in	Crid coll cite upod in
GRID_CELL_SIZE_THM	0	= 10.0 infough 100.00 meters, in	Grid Cell Size used in
			thermal hand if part of
		10.00 100.00 (NIABS)	the product
	6	-10.00 - 100.00 (NLAFS)	Grid coll size used in
	0	increments of 0.001 meters	creating the image for
		25.00 - 60.00 (148 / 1 PGS)	VNIR/SWIR hands if nart
		10.00 - 50.00 (NLAPS)	of the product
	3	= "NOM" (Nominal Path)	Orientation used in
		= "NUP" (North Up)	creating the image
		= "TN" (True North*)	croating the intage.
		= "USR" (User*)	*NLAPS only
RESAMPLING OPTION	3	= "CC" (Cubic Convolution)	Resampling option used
	-	- (,	in creating the image.

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description /
MAP_PROJECTION	4	= "PS" (Polar Stereographic) = "UTM" (Universal Transverse Mercator)	Map projection used in creating the image.
END_GROUP	21	= PROJECTION_PARAMETERS	End of projection parameters group.
Projection parameters data (not a Level 1 metadata parameter)			The following parameters are included only with products that select a map projection of PS
GROUP	13	PS_PARAMETERS	Beginning of the PS parameters group.
VERTICAL_LONGITUDE_FR OM_POLE	12	= -180.0 to +180.0	Vertical longitude from the pole.
LATITUDE_OF_TRUE_SCA LE	11	= -90.0 to +90.0	Latitude of the true scale.
FALSE_EASTING	18	$= -1.0 \times 10^8$ to $+1.0 \times 10^8$	False easting.
FALSE NORTHING	18	$= -1.0 \times 10^8$ to $+1.0 \times 10^8$	False northing.
FALSE_EASTING_NORTHI NG_UNITS	6	= meters or feet	Units for false easting and northing for PS projection.
END_GROUP	13	PS_PARAMETERS	End of the PS parameters group.
Projection parameters data (not a Level 1 metadata parameter)			The following parameters are included only with products that select a map projection of UTM
GROUP	14	UTM_PARAMETERS	Beginning of the UTM parameters group.
ZONE_NUMBER	3	= 1 to 60 or -1 to -60	Value used to indicate the zone number.
END_GROUP	13	UTM_PARAMETERS	End of the UTM parameters group.
END_GROUP	148	L1_METADATA_FILE	End of the Level 1 metadata file level group.
END			Required standalone parameter signifying the file end.
*ASCII bytes			

Table 3-3. Legacy Level 1 Metadata File

3.2.1 Ground Control Points (GCPs) File

Please see 2.1.3 for GCPs File details.

3.3 NLAPS Data Format (NDF)

3.3.1 Level 1 Image File

Each Earth image band in the requested product is contained in a separate file. The data are laid out in a scan line sequential format in descending detector order (e.g., detector 16 followed by detector 15 and so forth for the 30 m bands). The L1G image is radiometrically corrected and resampled for geometric correction and registration to geographic map projections.

3.3.2 Header File

The Image Header File contains information describing image data. The header file is an ASCII text file. Information in the header file consists of keyword/value entries in the format: <keyword> = <value1> [,<value2>,<value3>,...,<valueN>];

The characters , and ; serve as value and entry delimiters, respectively, whereas = separates the keyword field from value field(s). These special characters are not to be used in keyword and value fields. In rare instances when these special characters are required in keyword and value fields, the desired field must be enclosed in double quotes (i.e., <field>, where the <field> contains the above-mentioned special character(s).

In the rare event that the double quote character is required in a field, it is represented by a backslash, followed by a double quote (e.g., $\)$. A backslash in a field is denoted by two consecutive backslashes (e.g., $\)$.

The first and last characters of keywords and values are non-blank characters. <Keywords> are unique and are single tokens. Words in keyword fields are connected by underscores. An example of a keyword is BITS_PER_PIXEL.

Where possible, each entry in the <value> field is a single token. The keyword in the first entry of the header is NDF_REVISION. All other header entries can appear in any order, except for the keyword END_OF_HDR, which has no parameters and presents the end of a header. A semicolon also terminates this entry.

Each keyword starts at the beginning of a new line. Any number, including zero, or white spaces may appear outside of the keyword and value fields. White spaces refer to space, tab, Carriage-Return (CR), and Line-Feed (LF) characters.

Only required parameters are entered in the file. The parameters that are not required may not be included. For example, NDF files containing mosaicked DEM data do not have BAND1-RADIOMETRIC_GAINS/BIAS entries. A parameter with a specified default value may not be included if it is to take on its default value.

 Within the parameter tables, the following notation is used: <type> specifies the type or format of data to be used as a keyword value [optional type] specifies the type or format of optional data for a keyword value | represents or, used for specifying alternative keyword values <character> specifies that the <character> must be included as part of the keyword value or value list, and the character set includes: _ , / = ; .

KEYWORD	DESCRIPTION
NDF_REVISION	Format version code <m>.<nn>. This document describes version 2.00.</nn></m>
DATA_SET_TYPE	The type of data. Format of data type: <company>_<sensor> <data type="">[FMT<nnn>] Valid types include: EDC_MSS, EDC_TM, EDC_ETM+, and NLAPS_DEM.</nnn></data></sensor></company>
PRODUCT_NUMBER	Product order number in <nnnyymmddssssdddd> format with NNN = Node, YY = year, MM = month, DD = day, SSSS = Sequence Number, and dddd = unit number.</nnnyymmddssssdddd>
PIXEL_FORMAT	The format of the pixel. Valid values include: BIT. BYTE, 2BYTEINT, 4BYTEINT, REAL, DOUBLE. Note that integers may be signed or unsigned.
PIXEL_ORDER	Valid values include: NOT_INVERTED, [<n>-]BYTE_INVERTED, [<n>-]BIT_INVERTED. An example is: BYTE_INVERTED. Default value is NOT_INVERTED.</n></n>
BITS_PER_PIXEL	Number of bits per pixel. Integer format.
PIXELS_PER_LINE	Number of pixels per line. Integer format.
LINES_PER_DATA_FILE	Number of data lines for each data/image file. For example, for a 3-band BIL imagery data file, the value of LINES_PER_DATA_FILE equals the number of lines in each band multiplied by 3. Integer format. For BSQ imagery, the value of LINES_PER_DATA_FILE equals the number of lines in each band.
DATA_ORIENTATION	Data orientation in <position>/ <direction> format. Valid values include the following: UPPER_LEFT/RIGHT, UPPER_LEFT/BOT, UPPER_RIGHT/LEFT, UPPER_RIGHT/BOT, BOTTOM_LEFT/RIGHT, BOTTOM_LEFT/TOP, BOTTOM_RIGHT/LEFT, BOTTOM_RIGHT/TOP.</direction></position>
NUMBER_OF_DATA_FILES	Total number of image / data files. Header, work order report, and history files are excluded. Integer format.
DATA_FILE_INTERLEAVING	Interleaving type. Valid values include: BSQ.
TAPE_SPANNING_FLAG	Tape-spanning flag for images that span multiple volumes in <n>/<m> format, where <n> is the current volume number and <m> is the total number of volumes.</m></n></m></n>
START_LINE_NUMBER	First data/image line number on this volume (for multiple volumes). Integer format.
START_DATA_FILE	First data file number on this volume (for multiple volumes). Integer format.
LINES_PER_VOLUME	Number of data lines on this volume (for multiple volumes). Integer format.
BLOCKING_FACTOR	Blocking factor. Number of data records per block. Integer format. Default is 1.
RECORD_SIZE	Length of physical record in bytes. Integer format.
UPPER_LEFT_CORNER	<longitude>, <latitude>, <easting>, <northing>, where Longitude and Latitude represent geodetic coordinates in <dddmmss>.<ssssc> format with DDD = degrees, MM = minutes, SS.SSSS = seconds, and C = N, S, E, or W. Easting and Northing are expressed in meters, in F13.3 format. These four measurements are taken at the center of the upper-left-most pixel. An example of longitude: 5 degrees, 13 min., 12.7 sec. west of prime meridian is expressed as 0051312.7000W. An example of latitude: 18 degrees, 12 min., 54.7 sec. north of the equator is expressed as 0181254.7000N.</ssssc></dddmmss></northing></easting></latitude></longitude>
UPPER_RIGHT_CORNER	<longitude>, <latitude>, <easting>,<northing>. The format is similar to that of UPPER_LEFT_CORNER. These four measurements are taken at the center of the upper-right-most pixel.</northing></easting></latitude></longitude>

LOWER_RIGHT_CORNER	<longitude>, <latitude>, <easting>,<northing>. The format is similar to that of UPPER_LEFT_CORNER. These four measurements are taken at the center of the lower-right-most pixel.</northing></easting></latitude></longitude>
LOWER_LEFT_CORNER	<longitude>, <latitude>, <easting>,<northing>. The format is similar to that of UPPER_LEFT_CORNER. These four measurements are taken at the center of the lower-left-most pixel.</northing></easting></latitude></longitude>
REFERENCE_POINT	Valid values include: SCENE_CENTER, NONE.
REFERENCE_POSITION	<longitude>,<latitude>, <easting>, <northing>, <pixel #="">,<line #="">. Used to geographically reference the image to the ground. The longitude, latitude, easting, and northing formats are the same as those in UPPER_LEFT_CORNER. Pixel # and Line # refer to reference point pixel and line numbers respectively, with the first pixel in the image being 1,1. They both have F9.2 formats and can be negative. Integer line/pixel numbers correspond to the center of a pixel.</line></pixel></northing></easting></latitude></longitude>
REFERENCE_OFFSET	<x-offset>,<y-offset>. Horizontal offset of the true reference point from the nominal WRS scene center in units of whole pixels. Both are F9.2 format.</y-offset></x-offset>
ORIENTATION	Orientation angle in degrees measured clockwise from grid (map) north. May be negative. F11.6 format.
MAP_PROJECTION_NAME	Map projection name, as specified in General Cartographic Transformation Package (GCTP) documentation.
USGS_PROJECTION_NUMBER	USGS-supported projection number, as specified in GCTP documentation.
USGS_MAP_ZONE	USGS map zone code, for UTM and State Plan Cartographic System. (Negative numbers are used to indicate the southern hemisphere for the UTM zone).
USGS_PROJECTION_ PARAMETERS	USGS map projection parameters. There are 15 PARAMETERS, all with the same format (D26.15).
HORIZONTAL_DATUM	Name of the horizontal datum used. Valid values include: NAD27, NAD83, WGS84, ELLIPSOID. See Appendix 6.
EARTH_ELLIPSOID_ SEMI-MAJOR_AXIS	Semi-major axis of Earth ellipsoid. F11.3 format, in meters.
EARTH_ELLIPSOID_ SEMI-MINOR_AXIS	Semi-minor axis of Earth ellipsoid. F11.3 format, in meters.
EARTH_ELLIPSOID_ ORIGIN_OFFSET	<pre><x-offset>,<y-offset>,<z-offset> x-, y- & z-offsets of Earth ellipsoid in meters. F11.3 format.</z-offset></y-offset></x-offset></pre>
EARTH_ELLIPSOID_ ROTATION_OFFSET	<pre><x-plane offset="">,<y-plane offset="">, <z-plane offset=""> Angular offset from x-plane, y-plane & z-plane of Earth ellipsoid in degrees. F9.6 format.</z-plane></y-plane></x-plane></pre>

WRS	WRS Path/Row in <ppp>/<rrr.n> format, where n is the fractional row value</rrr.n></ppp>
ACQUISITION_DATE/TIME	UTC date and time of acquisition of the reference point in ISO- compliant format: YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssZ. ©
SATELLITE	Satellite number. Valid values are LANDSAT_ <m>, where m is an integer 1 – 5 or 7.</m>
SATELLITE_INSTRUMENT	Instrument type: <ssssss>, where <ssssss> is the sensor type. Valid values include: MSS, TM, and ETM+.</ssssss></ssssss>
PRODUCT_SIZE	Valid values include: FULL_SCENE, SUBSCENE, MULTI_SCENE.
PIXEL_SPACING	<horizontal pixel="" size="">,<vertical pixel="" size="">. Horizontal and vertical pixel size in PIXEL_SPACING_UNITS. F9.4 format.</vertical></horizontal>
PIXEL_SPACING_UNITS	Units of measure: METERS
PROCESSING_LEVEL	Processing level. For ETM+, TM, and MSS, valid values include the following: 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, and 10. These correspond to the standard Landsat processing levels.
RESAMPLING	Resampling kernel. Valid values include the following: NN, BL, CC, KD16,SINC8, SINC16, NONE, <user-defined>, where <user-defined> is a unique name for a user-definable kernel.</user-defined></user-defined>
PROCESSING_DATE/TIME	Processing date, time in ISO-compliant format: YYYY-MM- DDThh:mm:ss. In local system time. ©
PROCESSING_SOFTWARE	Processing software version: NLAPS_ <xx>, where xx = the software version number.</xx>
SUN_ELEVATION	Sun elevation in degrees at the reference point (acquisition time). F6.2 format.
SUN_AZIMUTH	Sun azimuth in degrees at the reference point (acquisition time). F6.2 format.
NUMBER_OF_BANDS_ IN_VOLUME	Number of bands in the volume. Integer format.

3.3.3 Level 1 Metadata File

Please see 3.2 for L1 Metadata File details.

3.3.4 Work Order Report File

The Work Order Report File provides a record of the work executed into a TRAM Product Order. This file is in ASCII format and contains information relative to the processing performed and the parameters used (e.g., latitudes and longitudes specified in degrees, and heights specified in meters).

The Correction Processing Report File provides a record of the work executed in response to a TRAM Product Order. It is in ASCII format for easy readability, and contains the following information: (Notes describing units and / or formats are used for latitude, longitude, heights, dates, etc.)

- Product order information
- Processing stage reports:
 - Name of the processing stage
 - Start and completion date / time of the processing stage
 - o Summary / status information
- Processing stages may include the following:
 - o Ingest

- Precision Modeling
- o DEM Ingest
- DEM Processing
- Apply Despike Filter
- Apply Deband Filter
- Image Correction
- o Geometric Quality Assessment
- Radiometric Quality Assessment
- Product Formatting

• Summary Information (e.g., Work Order start and stop date / times and total Central Processing Unit (CPU) time)

NLAPS CORRECTION PROCESSING REPORT (Example)

NLAPS Version: Work Order: Satellite: Camera Number:	4_3_00e14 011040402008500001 Landsat-5 N/A	Priority: Sensor:	9 TM Sensor Mode:	N/A	
Input Data Ident: Input Media Type: Orbit Number:	/diskIngest2/temp/01104040 Disk 98151	200850001/L51EDC File Number:	1102226 N/A		
Processing Level: Map Projection: Earth Ellipsoid: Product Orient.:	Systematic Geocorrection UTM NAD83 Satellite	Resampling: Zone: Panel Effect:	CC 18 FALSE		
Projection Params: 6.37813700000000 0.000000000000000 0.0000000000	0e+06 6.356752314140000e+0 0e+00 0.00000000000000e+0 0e+00 0.000000000000000e+0 0e+00 0.0000000000000000e+0 0e+00 0.0000000000000000e+0 030.0 0	6 0.00000000000 0 0.00000000000 0 0.00000000	0000e+00 0000e+00 0000e+00 0000e+00 0000e+00 030.0		
Path/Strip no.:	014	Start Row no.: End Row no.:	029.0 N/A		
Image Lines: Image Orientation: Viewing Angle:	6000 10.46 deg from N 0.04 deg	Image Pixels: Output Bands:	6493 123456789		
Scene center lat: Sun Elevation: Scene center date:	44.606 deg 54.09 deg 2002 08 14	Scene center lo Sun Azimuth: Scene center ti	ng: -73.516 deg 139.84 deg me: 15:26:51.9275		
Output Media: Product Format: Catalogued:	Disk NDF FALSE	Output Product Interleaving :	Id: N/A BSQ		
Completion date:	2004 04 07	Completion time	: 10:59:52		
Termination Status:	Successful Completion				
	DETAILED PROCESSING RESUL	======================================			

RADIOMETRIC CORRECTION

Algorithm: NASA

Band	Ref	DN to Ra	adiance	Default
	Detector	gain	offset	Abs Calib?
1	15	0.778740	-6.97873	FALSE
2	12	0.798819	-7.19882	FALSE
3	8	0.621653	-5.62164	FALSE
4	7	0.969291	-6.06931	FALSE
5	14	0.126220	-1.12622	FALSE
6	8	0.067087	-0.06708	FALSE
7	10	0.043898	-0.39389	FALSE
8	27	0.975591	-5.67560	FALSE
9	8	0.037205	3.162800	FALSE

Band 1 Coefficients (Qcal = (Q - offset) / gain):

Gain Mode: HIGH

Detector	Forwai	rd	Backward		
	gain	offset	gain	offset	
1	0.960342	6.911600	0.960342	6.906810	
2	0.950054	7.094850	0.950054	7.090060	
3	0.950495	6.740320	0.950495	6.735530	
4	0.951127	6.574330	0.951127	6.569540	
5	0.948987	6.653630	0.948987	6.648840	
б	0.952194	6.498690	0.952194	6.493900	
7	0.962207	6.228640	0.962207	6.223850	
8	0.960842	6.117060	0.960842	6.112280	
9	0.957314	6.066810	0.957314	6.062020	
10	0.957566	5.990210	0.957566	5.985420	
11	0.958945	6.083820	0.958945	6.079030	
12	0.949041	6.329580	0.949041	6.324790	
13	0.955021	6.502640	0.955021	6.497850	
14	0.943699	6.743620	0.943699	6.738830	
15	0.953371	6.724250	0.953371	6.719460	
16	0.954400	6.630990	0.954400	6.626210	

Band 2 Coefficients (Qcal = (Q - offset) / gain):

Gain Mode: HIGH

Detector	Forwai	cd	Backward		
	gain	offset	gain	offset	
1	0.938977	6.804560	0.938977	6.794900	
2	0.949396	6.920310	0.949396	6.910650	
3	0.944009	7.010020	0.944009	7.000360	
4	0.950580	6.783130	0.950580	6.773470	
5	0.946023	6.838120	0.946023	6.828450	
б	0.948274	6.569570	0.948274	6.559910	
7	0.969289	6.107580	0.969289	6.097910	
8	0.949267	6.283690	0.949267	6.274020	
9	0.951517	6.304300	0.951517	6.294640	
10	0.956479	6.160860	0.956479	6.151200	
11	0.956445	6.198250	0.956445	6.188590	
12	0.951680	6.352280	0.951680	6.342620	
13	0.959374	6.442400	0.959374	6.432740	
14	0.941859	6.725560	0.941859	6.715900	
15	0.950497	6.748920	0.950497	6.739260	
16	0.954122	6.620250	0.954122	6.610590	

Band 3 Coefficients (Qcal = (Q - offset) / gain): Gain Mode: HIGH

Detector	Forwai	rd	Backward		
	gain	offset	gain	offset	
1	0.949206	6.226510	0.949206	6.220700	
2	0.943181	6.432940	0.943181	6.427130	
3	0.952270	6.269500	0.952270	6.263690	
4	0.951920	6.134450	0.951920	6.128640	
5	0.959897	5.942650	0.959897	5.936840	
6	0.950786	5.930450	0.950786	5.924640	
7	0.962914	5.731090	0.962914	5.725280	
8	0.953018	5.876670	0.953018	5.870860	
9	0.961008	5.718920	0.961008	5.713110	
10	0.971431	5.582900	0.971431	5.577090	
11	0.969670	5.563450	0.969670	5.557640	
12	0.956630	5.878110	0.956630	5.872300	
13	0.954672	6.059720	0.954672	6.053910	
14	0.950138	6.240570	0.950138	6.234760	
15	0.950500	6.094960	0.950500	6.089150	
16	0.956894	6.032850	0.956894	6.027040	

Band 4 Coefficients (Qcal = (Q - offset) / gain):

Gain Mode: LOW

Detector	Forwai	cd	Backward			
	gain	offset	gain	offset		
1	0.976442	3.720750	0.976442	3.717350		
2	0.957020	4.007190	0.957020	4.003790		
3	0.966064	3.901490	0.966064	3.898090		
4	0.964053	3.792050	0.964053	3.788660		
5	0.965949	3.866010	0.965949	3.862620		
б	0.957106	3.893960	0.957106	3.890560		
7	0.965585	3.907260	0.965585	3.903870		
8	0.958357	4.108360	0.958357	4.104960		
9	0.974503	3.687160	0.974503	3.683770		
10	0.964873	4.039750	0.964873	4.036360		
11	0.968608	3.921370	0.968608	3.917980		
12	0.971872	3.793350	0.971872	3.789950		
13	0.956386	3.873310	0.956386	3.869920		
14	0.975008	3.590030	0.975008	3.586640		
15	0.968432	3.918960	0.968432	3.915570		
16	0.972345	3.802490	0.972345	3.799090		

Band 5 Coefficients (Qcal = (Q - offset) / gain):

Gain Mode: HIGH

Detector	Forwar	rd	Backward		
	gain	offset	gain	offset	
1	0.956878	6.845350	0.956878	6.846000	
2	0.952391	6.580580	0.952391	6.581230	
3	0.953862	6.532760	0.953862	6.533410	
4	0.948992	6.581110	0.948992	6.581770	
5	0.950334	6.656560	0.950334	6.657210	
6	0.957422	6.291610	0.957422	6.292260	
7	0.969421	6.152000	0.969421	6.152650	
8	0.963388	6.262720	0.963388	6.263370	
9	0.963532	6.283690	0.963532	6.284340	
10	0.955747	6.487410	0.955747	6.488060	
11	0.958770	6.043970	0.958770	6.044620	
12	0.965507	6.331850	0.965507	6.332500	
13	0.957685	6.478740	0.957685	6.479390	
14	0.960680	6.491520	0.960680	6.492170	
15	0.957745	6.694090	0.957745	6.694740	
16	0.954045	6.535280	0.954045	6.535930	

Band 6 Coefficients (Qcal = (Q - offset) / gain):

Gain Mode: LOW

Detector	Forwar	cd	Backward		
	gain	offset	gain	offset	
1	0.870418	25.57510	0.870418	25.57510	
2	0.886202	23.79930	0.886202	23.79930	
3	0.866645	25.77130	0.866645	25.77130	
4	0.866342	25.80510	0.866342	25.80510	
5	0.848437	27.61710	0.848437	27.61710	
6	0.888179	23.53360	0.888179	23.53360	
7	0.844112	28.16340	0.844112	28.16340	
8	0.829109	29.72180	0.829109	29.72180	

DEM PROCESSING

Elevation Correction Applied: None

RADIOMETRIC QUALITY ASSESSMENT

NOTE:

Mean, Std.Dev, Striping are in DN's (Digital Numbers).

Band	Chip	Location	Chip	Size	Mean	Std Dev	Striping
	Line	Pixel	Lines	Pixels			
1	1197.60	1268.00	128	128	101.33	1.531	0.0812
1	2394.20	2535.00	128	128	83.59	0.670	0.0582
1	3590.80	3802.00	128	128	95.35	0.585	0.0615
1	4787.40	5069.00	128	128	82.55	0.452	0.0663
2	1197.60	1268.00	128	128	74.63	2.158	0.1624
2	2394.20	2535.00	128	128	60.67	0.381	0.0851
2	3590.80	3802.00	128	128	63.76	0.506	0.1104
2	4787.40	5069.00	128	128	57.97	0.337	0.0749
3	1197.60	1268.00	128	128	62.47	3.483	0.2812
3	2394.20	2535.00	128	128	45.47	0.577	0.1072
3	3590.80	3802.00	128	128	50.61	0.570	0.0931
3	4787.40	5069.00	128	128	43.27	0.435	0.1155
4	1197.60	1268.00	128	128	94.72	12.800	1.1561
4	2394.20	2535.00	128	128	97.79	2.287	0.1293
4	3590.80	3802.00	128	128	20.81	0.582	0.0597
4	4787.40	5069.00	128	128	96.79	2.788	0.2992
5	1197.60	1268.00	128	128	92.25	4.370	0.3518
5	2394.20	2535.00	128	128	77.51	2.278	0.3962
5	3590.80	3802.00	128	128	16.54	0.501	0.1131
5	4787.40	5069.00	128	128	72.43	1.233	0.1374
6	599.20	634.40	128	128	137.22	1.435	0.0872
6	1197.40	1267.80	128	128	134.95	1.371	0.1068
6	1795.60	1901.20	128	128	128.01	0.640	0.0911
б	2393.80	2534.60	128	128	132.40	0.397	0.0545
7	1197.60	1268.00	128	128	45.98	4.676	0.4085
7	2394.20	2535.00	128	128	34.81	1.049	0.1295
7	3590.80	3802.00	128	128	13.76	0.552	0.0429
7	4787.40	5069.00	128	128	32.09	0.605	0.0810

PRODUCT FORMATTING

Product Scene Center Location (lat/long) : 44.606 -73.516 Product Scene Center Date/Time (yyyy mm dd): 2002 8 14 15:26:51.9275

Product Extent:

Lat: Long: North: East: 	45.57 -74.51 5046390.96 538302.56	 Lat: Long: North: East:	45.22 -72.07 5011043.46 729828.04	
Lat:	43.98	Lat:	43.63	
Long:	-74.93	Long:	-72.56	
North:	4869409.85	North:	4834062.35	
East:	505639.33	 East:	697164.82	

EXECUTION INFORMATION

Stage	Start		End	CPU
Ingest ImCorr	Wed Apr Wed Apr	7 10:36:25 200 7 10:41:07 200	4 Wed Apr 7 10:4 4 Wed Apr 7 10:5	0:44 2004 137.74 8:31 2004 1366.28
RadQa	Wed Apr	7 10:58:32 200	4 Wed Apr 7 10:5	8:33 2004 0.67 9:46 2004 16 50
Catalog	Wed Apr Wed Apr	7 10:59:46 200	4 Wed Apr 7 10:5	9:47 2004 0.61

1521.80

3.3.5 History Processing Parameters File

See References (LS-DFCB-19) for detailed file format description.

Section 4 Product Packaging

L1 products are available for distribution via FTP or HTTP download. The following subsections provide information on each distribution method for the available L1 product formats.

4.1 Electronic Transfer

Products available via electronic transfer also include the L1 volume descriptor (readme file) with the same filenames as listed above. When data are packaged and ready to be distributed, they are stored in directories on the FTP server for retrieval.

The LPGS will GZip (compression) all Standard products for distribution. Each individual file within the scene will be GZipped.

Section 5 Software Tools

5.1 ODL Parser

The University of Colorado's Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics (LASP) originally implemented the ODL parser (Version 1.0) incorporated into the Science Data Processing (SDP) Toolkit. The Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL) enhanced the ODL parser in building their Planetary Data System. IAS modified this enhanced version, available at http://pds.nasa.gov/tools/. LPGS uses this IAS-modified version.

The IAS-modified version should be particularly useful to those operating in a non-HDF-EOS environment. The software stands alone and can be used to read the L0Rp or L1 metadata external elements and the CPF.

Appendix A **Projection Parameters**

This appendix contains the map projection parameters used in the L1 products and the USGS Projection Parameters (Table A-2).

Project Name	Mnemonic
Polar Stereographic	PS
Universal Transverse Mercator	UTM

Projection	Array Element							
Name	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Mnemonic								
PS	SMajor	SMinor			LongPol	TrueScale	FE	FN
UTM	Lon/Z	Lat/Z						

Table A-1. L1 Output Product Projection Parameters

 Table A-2. USGS Projection Parameters – Projection Transformation Package

 Projection Parameters (Elements 1-8)

Projection				Array Eleme	ent		
Name Mnemonic	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
PS							
UTM							

Table A-3. USGS Projection Parameters - Projection Transformation PackageProjection Parameters (Elements 9-15)

Where	Lon/Z	=	Longitude of any point in the UTM zone or zero.
	Lat/Z	=	Latitude of any point in the UTM zone or zero.
	SMajor	=	Semi-major axis of the ellipsoid. If zero, Clarke 1866 in meters is assumed.
	SMinor	=	Eccentricity squared of the ellipsoid if less than zero. If zero, a spherical form is
			assumed, or if greater than zero, the semi-major axis of the ellipsoid.
	Sphere	=	Radius of the reference sphere. If zero, 6370997 meters is used.
	Stdpar	=	Latitude of the standard parallel.
	Stdpr1	=	Latitude of the first standard parallel.
	Stdpr2	=	Latitude of the second standard parallel.
	CentMer	=	Longitude of the central meridian.
	OriginLat	=	Latitude of the projection origin.
	FE	=	False easting in the same units as the semi-major axis.
	FN	=	False northing in the same units as the semi-major axis.
	LongPol	=	Longitude down below the pole of the map.
	TrueScale	=	Latitude of the true scale.
	Factor	=	Scale factor at the central meridian (TM) or center of projection (Oblique Mercator
			Type A (OMA) / Oblique Mercator Type B (OMB)).
	CentLon	=	Longitude of the center of projection.
	CenterLat	=	Latitude of the center of projection.
	Height	=	Height of the perspective point.
	Long1	=	Longitude of the first point on the center line.
	Long2	=	Longitude of the second point on the center line.
	Lat1	=	Latitude of the first point on the center line.
	Lat2	=	Latitude of the second point on the center line.
	AziAng	=	Azimuth angle east of north of the center line.
	AzmthPt	=	Longitude of point on the central meridian where azimuth occurs.
	Satnum	=	Landsat satellite number.
	Path	=	Landsat path number (use WRS-1 for Landsat 1, 2, and 3, and WRS-2 for Landsat
			4, 5, 6, or 7).
	Shapem	=	Oval shape parameter m.
	Shapen	=	Oval shape parameter n.
	Angle	=	Oval rotation angle.

Table A-4. USGS Projection Parameters Key

NOTE: All array elements with blank fields are set to zero. All angles (latitudes, longitudes, azimuths, etc.) are entered in packed degrees / minutes / seconds (DDDMMMSSS.SS) format.

References

Please see <u>https://landsat.usgs.gov/tools_acronyms_ALL.php</u> for a list of acronyms.

The following documents provide additional detail and reference information regarding the format of the L1 output files.

USGS/EROS. LS-DFCB-12. Landsat Thematic Mapper (TM) Level 0 Reformatted Product (L0Rp) Data Format Control Book (DFCB). Version 5.0. May 2012.

USGS/EROS. LS-DFCB-19. National Land Archive Production System (NLAPS) Systematic Format Description Document. July 2000.

USGS/EROS. LS-DIR-03. Landsat Data Management Policy (DMP). Version 7.0. March 2012.

USGS/EROS. LS-DIR-05. Landsat Metadata Description Document. Version 8.0. August 2012.

USGS/EROS. IAS-226. Landsat 4-5 Thematic Mapper (TM) Calibration Parameter File (CPF) Definition. Version 6.0. July 2011.

505-10-36. Earth Science Data and Information System (ESDIS) Project Mission Specific Requirements for the Landsat 7 Mission L1 Processing. November 1998.

GeoTIFF Specification. Revision 1.0. (http://www.remotesensing.org/geotiff/spec/geotiffhome.html).

JPL D-7669, Part 2, Planetary Data System Standards Reference, Object Description Language Specification and Usage. Version 3.7. March 2006.

National Land Archive Production System (NLAPS) Systematic Format Description Document – U.S. Geological Survey Format Specifications for Geometrically Corrected Landsat L1 Digital Data Products. July 2000.