Why are NASA and California Air Resources Board Collaborating during ARCTAS?

- Sacramento (21 September 2007) CARB, NOAA, and other interested parties meet to discuss an air quality field study planned for 2010.
- NASA participation in 2010 is prevented by fiscal limitations; however, it was recognized that NASA aircraft could perform flights out of Palmdale, CA in summer 2008 for little additional cost.

NASA's commitment:

25 flight hours for the DC-8 and P-3B in support of CARB interests

CARB's commitment:

Joint funding of ARCTAS investigators within the University of California system.

Rationale:

- The ARCTAS payloads are ideally suited to the Air Quality observations required by CARB
- Conditions in California during summer will provide a greater dynamic range for measurement intercomparisons (e.g., HOx, NMHCs, AMS, SP2)
- Flights will provide valuable contrast and planning information for the more extensive field study planned by NOAA in 2010

Expectations:

- CARB scientists will be heavily involved in the planning and implementation of flight hours
- Since ARCTAS data will be openly shared within the POLARCAT community, NOAA will be able to take advantage of these observations for modeling and advance planning for 2010.

Schedule:

- Meet CARB representatives at Palmdale during integration/test flights (exact dates TBD)
- CARB flights currently scheduled for 18-25 June with the Cold Lake deployment to follow (26 June to 14 July).
- Based on boreal fire conditions, we are still examining whether we have the flexibility to move the Cold Lake deployment forward to 18 June and perform CARB flights afterward.

Key points of contact for NASA-CARB collaboration:

- Hanwant Singh NASA Science Lead
- Eileen McCauley CARB Science Lead
- Don Blake UC Principal Investigator

ARB's Interests and a 2008 NASA Effort in California

Science Issues

Eileen McCauley, Research Division



California Air Resources Board

AB 32 requires CARB to:

- Establish a statewide GHG emissions cap for 2020 based on 1990 emissions by January 1, 2008
- Adopt mandatory reporting rules for significant sources of GHGs by January 1, 2009
- Adopt a plan by January 1, 2009 indicating how emission reductions will be achieved from significant GHG sources via regulations, market mechanisms, and other actions
- Adopt regulations by January 1, 2011 to achieve the maximum technologically feasible and cost-effective reductions in GHGs, including provisions for using both market mechanisms and alternative compliance mechanisms
- Convene an Environmental Justice Advisory Committee and an Economic and Technology Advancement Committee to advise CARB
- Ensure public notice and opportunity for comment for all CARB actions

ARB's Interests

- Climate Change and GHGs
- Non-NO₃ Secondary PM
- Conditions Aloft
- Chemistry and Sources in the Marine Environment

Climate Change

- ARB's Long Term Interests include:
 - Improving the emissions inventory
 - Kyoto gases, ozone depleting substances, aerosols
 - Indentifying statewide and regional contributions
 - Biogenic contributions
 - Collecting data useful for regional climate modeling

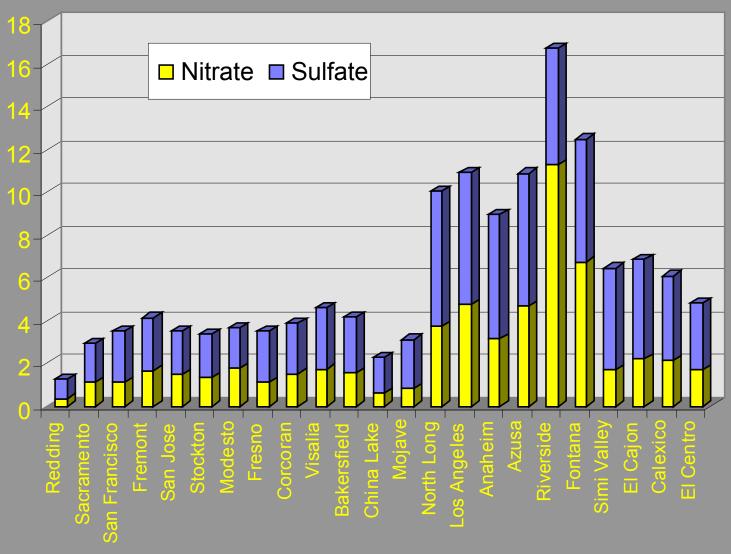
Emission Inventory

- How to improve the emissions inventory for GHG and O₃ & aerosol precursors?
- How important are natural emissions?
- What measurements can help validate the use of satellite data to construct inventories?

Secondary PM

- Particulate matter is the criteria pollutant with the greatest health impacts
- More information is needed on sources and processes which contribute to secondary PM

PM10 Nitrate and Sulfate Jun-Sep 1998-2000



Motallebi et al. JAWMA. 53: 1517-1530

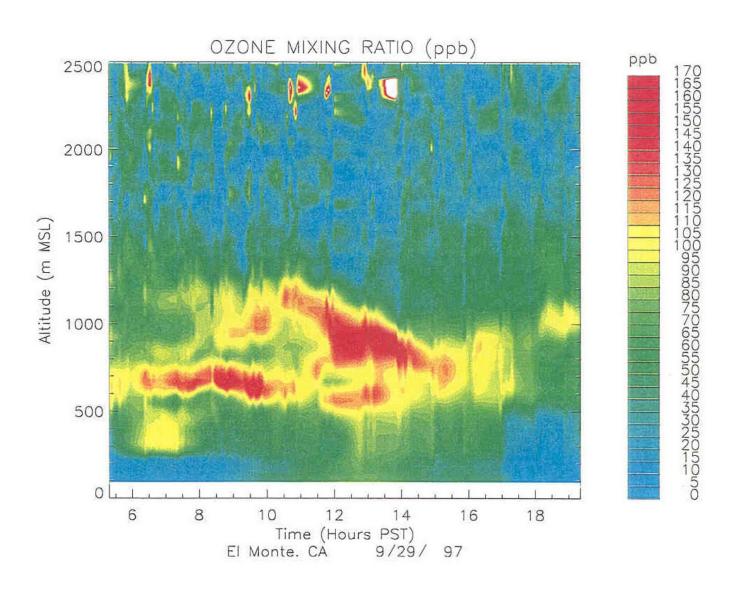
Sulfate

- To what extent do natural emissions contribute to sulfate concentrations?
- Are there differences between northern and southern California?
- Are there sources and processes important to sulfate formation which are not in our inventory and models?

Aloft

- Data collected during SCOS97 suggest significant reservoirs of ozone aloft.
 - What are the characteristics of the atmosphere at 500 2000 m?
 - Are there significant reservoirs of important species?

Ozone Vertical Profile



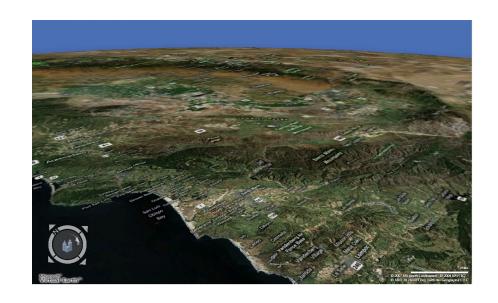
Oceanic Boundary Conditions

- What are proper oceanic boundary conditions?
- Are there differences between northern and southern California?
- How important are ship emissions on marine boundary layer composition?
- What are the important physical and chemical changes which occur as a parcel of air moves from off-shore through the shore zone?



Model Air Flow

- How to characterize & model air flow in SoCAB & SJVAB?
- What are the characteristics of air flow between them?
- What role does recirculation north along the Sierra Nevada and Coastal ranges play in the SJVAB?



Flight 7: California's Central Valley

- One leg North of Sacramento (first C.V. run)
- One leg between Fresno and Bakersfield (second C.V. run).
- Urban and agricultural pollution

