AGENDA DOCUMENT NO. 11-62



FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION Washington, DC 20463

2011 OCT 17 P 3: 11

October 17, 2011

MEMORANDUM

TO: The Commission

Anthony Herman General Counsel FROM:

Rosemary C. Smith Associate General Cot

Robert M. Knop Assistant General Counsel

Anthony T. Buckley

Attorney

Draft Final Rules and Explanation and Justification for Standards of SUBJECT:

Conduct

The attached document contains draft Final Rules and an Explanation and Justification for Standards of Conduct. We request that this document be placed on the agenda for October 20, 2011.

Attachment

AGENDA ITEM

For Meeting of 10-20-11

SUBMITTED LATE

1		FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
2		5 CFR Chapter XXXVII
3		11 CFR Part 7
4		STANDARDS OF CONDUCT
5		RIN 3209-AA15
6		[NOTICE 2011-]
7	AGENCY:	Federal Election Commission.
8	ACTION:	Final Rules.
9	SUMMARY:	The Federal Election Commission ("Commission" or "FEC"), with
10		the concurrence of the Office of Government Ethics ("OGE"), is
11		revising the Commission's "Standards of Conduct," which are the
12		FEC rules that govern the conduct of Commissioners and
13		Commission employees. The new rules update the Commission's
14		regulations to reflect statutory changes enacted after the Standards
15		of Conduct were originally promulgated in 1986, and to conform
16		them to regulations issued by OGE and the Office of Personnel
17		Management ("OPM"). In addition to the revisions to the FEC's
18		Standards of Conduct, the Commission, with OGE's concurrence, is
19		issuing regulations that supplement the Standards of Ethical
20		Conduct for Employees of the Executive Branch issued by OGE.
21		These supplemental regulations address outside employment of
22		Commissioners and Commission employees. The new rules are

1		unchanged from the rules presented in the Notice of Proposed
2		Rulemaking.
3	EFFECTIVE	
4	DATE:	[INSERT DATE 30 DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF
5		PUBLICATION IN THE <u>FEDERAL</u> <u>REGISTER</u>].
6	FOR FURTHER	
7	INFORMATION	
8	CONTACT:	Mr. Robert M. Knop, Assistant General Counsel, or Mr. Anthony T
9		Buckley, Attorney, 999 E Street, NW, Washington D.C. 20463,
10		(202) 694-1650 or (800) 424-9530.
11	SUPPLEMENTAR	Y
12	INFORMATION:	
13	I. Background	
14	The Ethics R	eform Act of 1989 ¹ includes restrictions on gifts, travel, outside

activities, and outside employment. See Pub. L. No. 101-194, tit. III and VI, 15 103 Stat. 1716 (1989). It authorizes the Office of Government Ethics ("OGE") to 16 17 implement regulations concerning the conduct of executive branch employees. See 5 U.S.C. 7351(c). OGE issued a final rule setting forth uniform standards of ethical 18 conduct and an interim final rule on financial disclosure in 1992, followed by a final rule 19 20 on financial interests in 1996. These rules apply to all executive branch departments and agencies of the Federal Government and their employees. These three executive branch-21 22 wide regulations, as corrected and amended, are codified at 5 CFR parts 2634, 2635, and

¹ Pub. L. No. 101-194, 103 Stat. 1716 (1989).

1 2640.² The Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended, 2 U.S.C. 431 et seq.

2 ("the Act"), in part, restricts the activities of members of the Federal Election Commission

and the Commission's employees. See 2 U.S.C. 437c(a)(3) and 437g(a)(12(A).

The OGE Standards of Ethical Conduct regulations supersede any standards of conduct regulations previously issued by Federal agencies and therefore supersede, with some exceptions, the Commission's former regulations in 11 CFR part 7. Although agencies may still issue regulations to supplement OGE's Standards of Ethical Conduct in order to accommodate specific agency needs, any such regulations must be issued in accordance with OGE's rules, and must be submitted to OGE for prior approval.

See 5 CFR 2635.105(a) and (b). Agencies may, however, retain any regulations based on

See 5 CFR 2635.105(a) and (b). Agencies may, however, retain any regulations based on their own separate statutory authority or that address different, non-ethics matters.

OGE's Standards of Ethical Conduct regulations address gifts from outside sources, gifts between employees, conflicting financial interests, impartiality in performing official duties, pursuit of other employment, misuse of position, and outside employment and activities. See 5 CFR part 2635.

In addition to OGE's Standards of Ethical Conduct regulations, Commission employees are subject to certain rules issued by the Office of Personnel Management ("OPM") concerning employee responsibilities and conduct. See 5 CFR part 735. These rules address restrictions on certain gambling activities, conduct prejudicial to the government, and unauthorized examination training for individuals preparing to take civil and Foreign Service examinations. See 5 CFR part 735.

² Shortly before Congress passed the Ethics Reform Act of 1989, the President issued Executive Order 12674, which sets forth basic principles of ethical conduct for Federal employees and requires OGE to promulgate "regulations that establish a single, comprehensive, and clear set of executive-branch standards of conduct." E.O. 12674, 54 FR 15159, 15160 (Apr. 12, 1989). This Executive Order was later modified. E.O. 12731, 55 FR 42547 (Oct. 17, 1990). OGE's regulations also implement Executive Order 12674, as modified by Executive Order 12731.

The Commission and OGE have determined that the following supplemental regulations are necessary and appropriate in view of the FEC's programs and operations and to fulfill the purposes of the OGE standards. These supplemental regulations are being issued in new chapter XXXVII of title 5 of the Code of Federal Regulations. In addition, the FEC is revising its regulations at 11 CFR part 7 to conform to the OGE and OPM regulations, without compromising the Commission's independence in its core mission of administering Federal campaign finance laws.

On May 17, 2010, the Commission and OGE jointly published a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in the Federal Register. See Notice of Proposed Rulemaking on Standards of Conduct, 75 FR 27456 (May 17, 2010) ("NPRM"). The comment period closed on June 16, 2010. Two comments were received in response to the proposed rules. The Internal Revenue Service submitted a comment stating that it did not find any conflict between the Internal Revenue Code or Treasury Regulations and the proposed rules. One other commenter submitted comments addressing certain aspects of the proposed regulations. These comments are addressed in the discussion below.

Transmittal of Final Rules to Congress

Under the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 553(d), and the Congressional Review of Agency Rulemaking Act, 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1), agencies must submit final rules to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate, and publish them in the Federal Register at least thirty calendar days before they take effect. The final rules that follow were transmitted to Congress on [date].

³ Copies of submitted comments are available on the Commission's website. Go to http://sers.nictusa.com/fosers/ and search for REG number 2003-01.

II. Statement of Basis and Purpose

- The Commission, with the concurrence of OGE, is amending the rules that govern
- the conduct of members of the Commission ("Commissioners") and Commission
- 4 employees by adding supplemental regulations in a new chapter XXXVII of 5 CFR,
- 5 consisting of part 4701, and by revising the Commission's Standards of Conduct in
- 6 11 CFR part 7.

FEC Supplemental Regulations in 5 CFR Part 4701

<u> 5 CFR 4701.101 – Scope</u>

- New section 4701.101 sets forth the authority for the supplemental regulations, which includes 2 U.S.C. 437c(a)(3), 5 U.S.C. 7301, and 5 U.S.C. App. (Ethics in Government Act of 1978). Section 4701.101(a) indicates that the regulations in 5 CFR part 4701 apply to both Commissioners and employees of the Commission. The rules at 5 CFR 4701.101(b) list some of the other regulations in title 5 and 11 CFR part 7 that govern the ethical conduct of Commissioners and employees. No public comments were received on this section.
- 5 CFR 4701.102 Prior approval for certain outside employment and activities

 OGE's Standards of Ethical Conduct regulations supersede the Commission's

 former regulation at 11 CFR 7.9(f) concerning prior approval for outside employment and
 activities. OGE's regulations prohibit an employee from engaging in outside employment
 or any other outside activity that conflicts with their official duties. 5 CFR 2635.802. A

 Federal agency shall, by supplemental regulation, require employees or any category of
 employees to obtain prior approval before engaging in specific types of outside activities,
 including outside employment, if that agency determines that a prior approval requirement

is necessary or desirable for the purpose of administering the agency's ethics program.

5 CFR 2635.803.

The Commission has determined that an approval requirement for outside employment or activities is necessary, desirable and appropriate to the administration of its ethics program because the approval requirement has been effective in ensuring that the outside employment and activities of its employees conform to all applicable laws and regulations. Therefore, the Commission, with the concurrence of OGE, is renewing its requirement for prior approval of certain outside employment and activities by issuing this supplemental regulation at 5 CFR 4701.102 in accordance with 5 CFR 2635.803.

Section 4701.102 differs significantly from former 11 CFR 7.9(f). The major difference is in the far narrower scope of the outside employment and activities covered by the new regulation. Former 11 CFR 7.9(f) required Commission employees to obtain prior approval for all outside employment and activities. The term "outside employment or other outside activity" was defined broadly at former 11 CFR 7.2(h) to include "any work, service or other activity performed by an employee." In contrast, 5 CFR 4701.102 requires prior approval from the Designated Agency Ethics Official ("DAEO") only for outside activities that are related to the employee's official duties or that involve the application of the same specialized skills or the same educational background as used in the performance of the employee's official duties. This new rule, which draws on portions of prior approval regulations adopted by several other Federal agencies with OGE concurrence, is narrowly tailored to address agency concerns, while reducing the administrative burdens placed on employees. See, e.g., 5 CFR 3801.106 (Department of Justice); 5 CFR 4501.103 (OPM);

5 CFR 6301.102 (Department of Education); and 5 CFR 8601.102 (Federal Retirement

2 Thrift Investment Board).

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New 5 CFR 4701.102(a) sets out the definitions of the terms used in

5 CFR 4701.102(b). The definitions of "active participant," "employee," and "related to

the employee's official duties" refer back to the definitions of these terms used in the

general standards of conduct regulations issued by OGE.

Section 4701.102(a)(2) follows the definition of "employee" in OGE's regulation at

5 CFR 2635.102(h), which includes "any officer or employee of an agency." This

definition includes Commissioners. However, section 4701.102(b) excludes

10 Commissioners from its procedures. Section 437c(a)(3) of the Act itself restricts outside

activities of Commissioners. See 2 U.S.C. 437c(a)(3). ⁴ As discussed below, regulations

implementing Section 437c(a)(3) were located in former 11 CFR 7.9, and are being moved

to 11 CFR 7.6 as part of this rulemaking.

Section 4701.102(a)(3) defines "outside employment" to mean any form of non-Federal employment, business relationship or activity involving the provision of personal services, with or without compensation. The definition provides a non-exhaustive list of services such as serving as a lawyer, officer, director, trustee, agent, consultant, contractor, general partner, teacher, speaker, writer, or any other services provided by an individual. This definition of "outside employment" is similar to those adopted by other Federal agencies and covers a broad range of outside employment and activities in which a

Commission employee may seek to engage. See, e.g., 5 CFR 3801.106 (Department of

Justice) and 5 CFR 5701.101 (Federal Trade Commission). Notably, this definition of

⁴ Section 437c(a)(3) states that Commissioners "shall not engage in any other business, vocation, or employment."

"outside employment" includes unpaid activity which may not conform to the usual understanding of "employment."

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Section 4701.102(b) states that a Commission employee other than a special Government employee⁵ must obtain prior, written approval from the DAEO before engaging in outside employment or activities where the services provided are related to the employee's official duties or involve the application of the same specialized skills or the same educational background as used in the performance of the employee's official duties. Accordingly, Commission employees are required to obtain prior, written approval only when they seek to engage in outside employment or activities that are related, in one of those respects, to their official duties. For example, a Commission attorney wishing to engage in weekend employment as a salesperson for a retail organization need not seek prior approval because such employment would not be related to his or her official duties or involve the application of the same specialized skills or educational background as used in his or her position at the Commission. In contrast, a Commission attorney wishing to represent a relative in a lawsuit filed against a private party in State court would need to seek prior approval because such representation would involve the application of the same specialized skill or same educational background as used in his or her position with the Commission.

One comment argued that the prior approval requirement would be overbroad in that approval would be required for many activities that obviously do not conflict with Federal employment or law. Consequently, according to the comment, the requirement

⁵ "Special Government employee" is defined at 5 CFR 2635.102(l). Special Government employees are temporary or part-time employees hired to provide expertise about the industry in which they work. Such special Government employees are expected to have outside employment, and it is unnecessary to require them to seek prior approval for such outside employment.

may deter employees from participating in community activities or cause a greater
administrative burden in having to process so many requests. This comment also faulted
the rule for not specifying how the employer will determine if an outside activity involves
the same specialized skills or educational background. The comment suggested that the

requirement should be eliminated.

The Commission disagrees with the comment because the scope of activities in the revised rules for which prior approval is required is considerably narrower than the scope of activities in the former regulations, which required prior approval for any potential outside employment. Thus, there will likely be fewer requests for the DAEO to handle. Further, the requirement to seek prior approval is not intended to prevent Commission employees from engaging in outside activities; rather, it is merely intended to help employees avoid potential conflicts with their jobs at the Commission.

Finally, the Commission has determined that the "same specialized skills and educational background" standard is well suited for reviewing outside activities. The previous standard, in which all outside activities were reviewed, was overly broad and unduly burdensome. On the other hand, although the regulation also requires employees to seek approval for outside activities that "relate to their official duties," limiting the preapproval requirement to those activities would be too narrow. Such a limitation would exclude from the review and prior approval process activities that have little or nothing to do with an employee's work, but may nevertheless result in criminal or administrative

⁶ To this end, for example, the Commission's Office of the General Counsel has developed a Policy on Pro Bono Legal Activities. This Policy states, in part, that "it is the policy of the Office of General Counsel to encourage and support efforts by its employees to provide pro bono legal services within their communities that are consistent with applicable federal statutes and regulations governing conflicts of interest and outside activities." The Policy also provides for pre-approval of certain non-representational pro bono services, such as providing advice at walk-in legal clinics or assisting individuals with filling out governmental forms, which employees may engage in without prior approval (after notifying the Commission's ethics officer and their supervisor).

violations due to the employee's employment status. For instance, attorney employees

2 may not represent persons before Federal courts or other Federal agencies. See 18 U.S.C.

203 & 205 (prohibiting representation by Federal employees in matters involving the

4 United States or District of Columbia). Similarly, Audit staff may not communicate with

the Internal Revenue Service on behalf of persons being audited. See 18 U.S.C. 203. The

Commission has determined that requiring prior approval for those activities that use the

same specialized skills or educational background is the least burdensome standard for

employees and the Commission that still ensures that employees receive the guidance they

need to avoid potential conflicts with their jobs at the Commission.

Section 4701.102(c) establishes the procedure for the submission of approval requests to the DAEO. It requires that the request be submitted through all of the employee's supervisors. For purposes of this section, the Staff Director, the General Counsel, the Inspector General, the Chief Financial Officer, a Commissioner, or the Commission, respectively, are considered the final level of supervision for their subordinates. A request needs to provide certain information, including the identity of the person, group, or organization for which the employee intends to provide services.

One comment expressed concern that the new regulations would require employees to obtain the approval of all supervisors before commencing outside employment.

However, section 4701.102(c) requires only that employees <u>submit</u> their requests <u>through</u> all of their supervisors. The only person with the authority to approve or disapprove the request is the DAEO. <u>See</u> 5 CFR 4701.102(b). The purpose of having the employee submit the request through his or her supervisory chain is to alert these supervisors to the request so that they can provide the DAEO with relevant information, where necessary,

about the employee's present job duties and likely future assignments. Such additional

2 information is sometimes necessary for the DAEO to make an accurate determination

about the request pursuant to section 4701.102(d), and to provide appropriate guidance to

the employee for the purpose of avoiding potential conflicts with his or her job duties at

the Commission.

Section 4701.102(d) sets forth the standard for the DAEO's approval of an employee's request regarding outside employment or activity, which was not in former 11 CFR 7.9(f). Approval will be granted only upon a determination that the outside employment or activity is not expected to involve conduct prohibited by statute or Federal regulations. In making this determination, the regulations to be considered include those at 5 CFR part 2635. Therefore, the approval will depend on whether the outside employment or activity: (1) would create conflicting financial interests, (2) would result in a lack of impartiality in performing official duties or the misuse of Government position, and (3) would otherwise comply with 5 CFR part 2635. The Commission also intends to develop appropriate internal procedural guidelines, consistent with the regulations adopted here, to address the processing of requests for prior approval of outside employment or activities by agency employees.

The comment also objected to the use of the phrase "expected to," arguing that it is too broad and subjective, failing to specify an exact standard. The comment further proposed the standard that "approval shall be granted only upon a determination that the outside employment does not involve conduct prohibited by statute or Federal regulation including 5 CFR part 2635" as an alternative.

The language the Commission is adopting is an appropriate standard, having been 1 2 adopted by numerous other Federal departments and agencies. See, e.g., 5 CFR 3801.106(b)(3) (Department of Justice); 5 CFR 4501.103(c) (OPM); and 5 CFR 3 4 8601.102(b) (Federal Thrift Retirement Investment Board). Moreover, the phrase "expected to" is not intended to introduce any element of subjectivity or uncertainty. It 5 6 merely recognizes that the activity for which approval is sought has yet to take place, and 7 that a determination by the DAEO will be made based on the information as provided by 8 the employee, not on information that is not provided, or on subsequent changes to the 9 scope of an activity that occur after the employee enters into it. Cf. 5 CFR 2635.107(b) 10 (employee must make full disclosure of all relevant circumstances in order to invoke protection from disciplinary action based on good faith reliance on advice of agency ethics 11 official). Indeed, 5 CFR part 2635, in part, employs the "expected to" standard. See 5 12 CFR 2635.802(b), Example 2.⁷ 13

FEC Standards of Conduct in 11 CFR Part 7

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The Act authorizes the Commission to promulgate regulations addressing certain conduct of its members and its employees. Pursuant to this authority, the Commission is promulgating the following rules in 11 CFR part 7: 1) 11 CFR 7.1 (purpose and applicability), 2) 7.2 (definitions), 3) 7.3 (interpretation and advisory service), 4) 7.4 (reporting suspected violations), 5) 7.5 (corrective actions), 6) 7.6 (outside employment and activities of Commissioners), 7) 7.7 (prohibition against making complaints and investigations public), and 8) 7.8 (ex parte communications in enforcement actions). Details of these provisions are discussed below.

⁷ The Commission also notes that it received a request from the union that represents some agency employees seeking to bargain over certain aspects of the prior approval regulation at 5 CFR 4701.102.

1 Many of the Commission's former regulations in 11 CFR part 7 have been 2 supplanted by OGE's regulations. These regulations include: 1) portions of former

3 11 CFR 7.1 (purpose and applicability), former 11 CFR 7.3 (notification to employees and

- 4 special Commission employees), former 11 CFR 7.7 (prohibited conduct general),
- former 11 CFR 7.8 (gifts, entertainment, and favors), portions of former 11 CFR 7.9
- 6 (outside employment or activities), former 11 CFR 7.10 (financial interests), former
- 7 11 CFR 7.12 (membership in associations), former 11 CFR 7.13 (use of Government
- 8 property), former 11 CFR 7.16 (miscellaneous statutory provisions), and former 11 CFR
- 9 7.17-7.21 (comprising Subpart C, which addressed special Commission employees).
- 10 Accordingly, the Commission is removing the supplanted regulations from the
- 11 Commission's Standards of Conduct in 11 CFR part 7.
- The Commission's regulation at former 11 CFR 7.11 concerning political activity
- by Commissioners and Commission employees was supplanted by the Hatch Act Reform
- 14 Amendments of 1993. See Pub. L. No. 103-94, 107 Stat. 1001 (1993). Therefore, the
- 15 Commission is removing former section 7.11. See discussion below.
- The Commission's regulations at former 11 CFR Part 7, Subpart D (composed of
- sections 7.22-7.33), addressed post-employment conflicts of interest and procedures for
- administrative enforcement proceedings. The statutory authorization for these regulations
- has been removed. See 18 U.S.C. 216(j). Therefore, the Commission is removing 11 CFR
- 20 Part 7, Subpart D. See discussion below.

The regulations that the Commission is retaining and revising are redesignated.

2 The following chart lists the removals, revisions, and redesignations for 11 CFR part 7.

Former 11 CFR Section	Action	Redesignated 11 CFR Section	Supplanted by 5 CFR Section
7.1(a)	Removed as supplanted	Section	2635.101
$7.1(b)^{8} & (c)$	Removed as supplanted		2635.102(h)
$7.1(b)^9$	Revised	7.1(a) and (b)	
7.2	Revised	7.2	
7.3	Removed as supplanted		2638.701-2638.706
7.4	Revised and redesignated	7.3	
7.5	Revised and redesignated	7.4	
7.6	Revised and redesignated	7.5	
7.7	Removed as supplanted		2635.101
7.8	Removed as supplanted		2635.201-2635.205 ¹⁰
7.9(a)	Revised and redesignated	7.6	
7.9(b)-(f)	Removed as supplanted		2635.801-2635.809 ¹¹
7.10	Removed as supplanted		2635.401-2635.403 ¹²
7.11	Removed as supplanted		Hatch Act Amendments
7.12	Removed as supplanted		2635.402 ¹³
7.13	Removed as supplanted		2635.704
7.14	Revised and redesignated	7.7	
7.15	Revised and redesignated	7.8	
7.16	Removed as supplanted		2635.901-2635.902
7.17-7.21	Removed as supplanted		2635.102(h) ¹⁴
7.22-7.33	Removed as supplanted		18 U.S.C. 207

A. 11 CFR 7.1 – Scope

Section 7.1(a) states that the regulations in 11 CFR part 7 apply to all members and

employees of the Commission. Section 7.1(b) lists the other regulations in title 5 of the

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⁸ Part of former 11 CFR 7.1(b) included special Government employees. <u>See also</u> 11 CFR 7.2(d).

⁹ Part of former 11 CFR 7.1(b) explained that 11 CFR part 7 applies to Commission members and employees.

¹⁰ See also 5 CFR 2635.301-2635.304.

¹¹ See also 5 CFR part 4701.

¹² See also 5 CFR 2635.501-2635.503 and 2635.703.

¹³ See also 5 CFR 2635.502, 2635.704-2635.705, and discussion below.

¹⁴ See also 11 CFR 7.2(d) (including special Government employees).

- 1 Code of Federal Regulations, including new 5 CFR part 4701, that now govern the ethical
- 2 conduct of Commissioners and employees. Former 11 CFR 7.1(b), which stated that the
- regulations in 11 CFR part 7 apply to all employees and "special Commission employees,"
- 4 is being removed. As explained below, 11 CFR 7.2(d) includes "special Government
- 5 employees" in the definition of "employee." Although the Commission's former
- 6 regulations used the term "special Commission employee," the revised regulation uses the
- term "special Government employee" as defined at 5 CFR 2635.102(1) in order to better
- 8 conform to OGE terminology. Because revised 11 CFR 7.1(a) states that the regulations in
- 9 11 CFR part 7 apply to all Commission employees, which includes special Government
- employees, former paragraph (b) is no longer necessary and is being removed. Former
- 11 CFR 7.1(c), which stated that the regulations in 11 CFR part 7 must be construed in
- accordance with any applicable laws, regulations, and the Commission's
- 13 Labor-Management Agreement is being removed because it is unnecessary. No public
- comments were received on this section.

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B. 11 CFR 7.2 – Definitions

- Section 7.2 continues to set forth the definitions used in 11 CFR part 7. The
- definition of "Commission" in 11 CFR 7.2(a) remains unchanged. The definition of
- "Commissioner" in 11 CFR 7.2(b) is being revised slightly. Whereas former paragraph (b)
- of 11 CFR 7.2 defined "Commissioner," in part, as "a voting member of the Federal
- 20 Election Commission," revised 11 CFR 7.2(b) deletes the word "voting" from the
- definition. The word "voting" is not necessary because the Commission no longer

includes non-voting members.¹⁵ This definition includes a Commissioner who holds his or

2 her position by virtue of a recess appointment.

The definition of "conflict of interest" in former section 7.2(c) is being removed.

- 4 Instead, the Commission relies on OGE regulations and regulatory definitions regarding
- 5 conflicts of interest, except for the provisions in 11 CFR 7.6 governing outside
- employment and activities of Commissioners. See, e.g., 5 CFR 2635.801-2635.809.
- 7 Because section 7.6 does not use the term "conflict of interest," a definition of that phrase
- specific to 11 CFR part 7 is no longer needed.
- 9 The terms "Designated Agency Ethics Officer" and "Ethics Officer" in former
- 10 11 CFR 7.2(d) are being replaced with the term "Designated Agency Ethics Official" in
- section 7.2(c) and throughout part 7. See 11 CFR 7.3, 7.4, and 7.5. These changes make
- the Commission's regulations consistent with OGE's regulations at 5 CFR 2638.104.
- Section 7.2(c) also includes a provision from former 11 CFR 7.4 stating that the
- 14 Commission's General Counsel serves as the Designated Agency Ethics Official.
- In revised 11 CFR 7.2(d), the definition of "employee" is being moved from former
- 16 11 CFR 7.2(e) and is being amended to include a "special Government employee as
- defined in 18 U.S.C. 202(a)." OGE regulations at 5 CFR 2635.102(h) include "special
- 18 Government employee" within the general definition of "employee," thus subjecting
- special Government employees to the same Standards of Conduct as other employees, with
- certain limitations. Revised section 7.2(d) operates similarly.

¹⁵ Prior to 1993, the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives served as non-voting "ex-officio" members of the Commission. These positions were, however, found to be in violation of the Constitution's separation of powers doctrine in <u>FEC v. NRA Political Victory Fund</u>, 6 F.3d 821 (D.C. Cir. 1993), cert. dismissed for want of jurisdiction, 513 U.S. 88 (Dec. 6, 1994).

Section 7.2(e) defines "ex parte communication" for the purposes of 11 CFR part 7. 1 This definition is based on the definition of "ex parte communication" at 11 CFR 201.2(a) 2 applicable to non-enforcement situations. Like that definition, section 7.2(e) defines "ex 3 parte communication" as any written or oral communication by any person outside the 4 5 agency to any Commissioner or any member of any Commissioner's staff, but not to any 6 other Commission employee, that imparts information or argument regarding prospective Commission enforcement action or potential action concerning any pending enforcement 7 matter. Like Commission regulations at 11 CFR 111.22 and part 201, the definition in 8 section 7.2(e) is limited to Commissioners and their staff members because the 9 Commissioners are empowered to make decisions on enforcement matters, and their staff 10 members are their confidential assistants on these matters. The Commission notes that 11 "matter" as used in the revised rule includes enforcement Matters Under Review, 12 Administrative Fines, and Alternative Dispute Resolution cases ("ADR"). See also 13 discussion of 11 CFR 7.8 below. 14 Section 7.2(f) defines the term "Inspector General." The definitions of "former 15 employee," "official responsibility," "person," and "special Commission employee" at 16 former 11 CFR 7.2(f), (g), (i), and (j), respectively, are being removed from section 7.2 as 17 these definitions are no longer necessary. In addition, paragraph (h) of former 11 CFR 7.2 18 defining "outside employment or other outside activity" is being removed. Because the 19 Commission is replacing much of former 11 CFR 7.9 (outside employment or activities by 20 Commission employees) with a supplemental regulation at 5 CFR 4701.102, paragraph (h) 21

¹⁶ The treatment of <u>ex parte</u> communications in enforcement matters is addressed in 11 CFR 111.22. The treatment of <u>ex parte</u> communications in audits, rulemakings, advisory opinions, public funding cases, and litigation matters is covered by 11 CFR part 201.

- of former 11 CFR 7.2 defining "outside employment or other outside activity" is now superfluous.
- No public comments were received on this section.

4 <u>C. 11 CFR 7.3 – Interpretation and guidance</u>

- Section 11 CFR 7.3 is a revised version of former 11 CFR 7.4, which addressed the
- 6 provision of interpretation and guidance to Commissioners and employees. Specifically,
- 7 under section 7.3(a), Commissioners and employees may seek interpretation and guidance
- 8 related to 5 CFR parts 735, 2634, 2635, 2640, and 4701 from the DAEO. Paragraph (b)
- 9 clarifies that the DAEO, a Commissioner, or an employee may request an opinion from the
- Director of OGE concerning interpretations of 5 CFR parts 2634, 2635, or 2640. No
- public comments were received on this section.

D. 11 CFR 7.4 – Reporting suspected violations

- Section 7.4, which is a revised version of former 11 CFR 7.5, addresses the
- reporting of suspected violations of the FEC's Standards of Conduct and OGE's Standards
- of Ethical Conduct. Section 7.4 requires the reporting of suspected violations of 5 CFR
- parts 735, 2634, 2635, 2640, and 4701, and 11 CFR part 7 to the DAEO, the Inspector
- General, or other appropriate law enforcement authorities. No public comments were
- 18 received on this section.

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E. 11 CFR 7.5 – Corrective action

- Section 7.5 informs employees that a violation of the FEC's Standards of Conduct
- or OGE's Standards of Ethical Conduct may be cause for appropriate corrective action,
- disciplinary action, or adverse action, in addition to any penalty prescribed by law,
- 23 including criminal penalties. This section is based on former section 7.6(a). Procedures

- for taking corrective, disciplinary, and adverse actions are set forth in other authority.
- 2 Accordingly, the procedures in former section 7.6(b) and (c) are no longer necessary and
- are being deleted. No public comments were received on this section.
- 4 <u>F. 11 CFR 7.6 Outside employment and activities by Commissioners</u>
- Section 7.6 addresses outside employment and activities of Commissioners.¹⁷
- 6 FECA provides authority for additional restrictions on Commissioners' outside
- 7 employment and activities. See 2 U.S.C. 437c(a)(3).
- 8 Section 7.6, which retains the approach of the former rule at 11 CFR 7.9(a), states
- 9 that no Commissioner may devote a substantial portion of his or her time to any other
- business, vocation, or employment. This regulation retains the former rule's allowance of
- a ninety-day period for a Commissioner, following the start of Commission service, to
- limit such activity.
- As noted in the 1986 Explanation and Justification for the prior rule on
- 14 Commissioners' outside activities, the use of the words "substantial portion" of a
- 15 Commissioner's time to trigger the regulation's prohibitions is based on the legislative
- history of 2 U.S.C. 437c(a)(3). See Explanation and Justification for Final Rules on
- 17 Standards of Conduct for Agency Employees, 51 FR 34440, 34442 (Sept. 29, 1986). The
- 18 Conference Report that accompanied the 1976 amendments to FECA discusses
- 19 2 U.S.C. 437c(a)(3): "[T]he conferees agree that the requirement is intended to apply to
- 20 members who devote a substantial portion of their time to such business, vocation, or
- employment activities." H.R. Rep. No. 94-1057, at 34 (1976) (Conf. Rep.), reprinted in

¹⁷ Outside activities of all FEC employees are addressed in OGE's Standards of Ethical Conduct at 5 CFR 2635.801-2635.809, which, when the standards became effective in February 1993, superseded the Commission's former regulations at 11 CFR 7.9(b)-(f). Commissioners are subject to additional limitations on outside activities as described in 11 CFR 7.6 and 2 U.S.C. 437c(a)(3).

- 1 LEGISLATIVE HISTORY OF FEDERAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN ACT AMENDMENTS OF 1976,
- 2 at 1028 (1977). This rule continues this interpretation. No public comments were received
- on this section.
- 4 G. 11 CFR 7.7 Prohibition against making complaints and investigations
- 5 <u>public</u>
- Pursuant to section 111.21 of the Commission's rules, which implements section
- 7 437g(a)(12)(A) of the Act, and with the exception of Commission actions described in
- section 111.20, "no complaint filed with the Commission, nor any notification sent by the
- 9 Commission, nor any investigation conducted by the Commission, nor any findings made
- by the Commission shall be made public by the Commission or by any person or entity
- without the written consent of the respondent with respect to whom the complaint was
- filed, the notification sent, the investigation conducted, or the finding made." 11 CFR
- 13 111.21(a); 2 U.S.C. 437g(a)(12)(A). Section 7.7 derives its authority from 2 U.S.C.
- 437g(a)(12)(A). This rule follows former 11 CFR 7.14. The Commission is making one
- non-substantive change by removing the phrase "are warned that they" from paragraph
- 7.7(a). The language is unnecessary because the text of the paragraph itself serves as a
- warning.
- No public comments were received on this section.
- 19 <u>H. 11 CFR 7.8 Ex parte communications in enforcement actions</u>
- Section 7.8, which is a revised version of former 11 CFR 7.15, addresses ex parte
- communications made in the context of enforcement actions. In particular, section 7.8
- 22 prohibits the making or consideration of ex parte communications by Commissioners and

any member of a Commissioner's staff, except as otherwise required by law. 18 Former 11

2 CFR 7.15 applied to Commissioners and "employees involved in the decisional process."

The revisions to this section were made to conform 11 CFR 7.8 to the ex parte rules in

4 11 CFR 111.22 and part 201. See also discussion of 11 CFR 7.2(e), above. Section 7.8

also contains nonsubstantive revisions from paragraphs (a), (c), and (d) of former section

7.15. For clarity, the Commission has added new paragraph (e) of section 7.8, which

references the provisions of 11 CFR 111.22 governing ex parte communications made in

connection with Commission enforcement actions, and 11 CFR part 201, governing ex

9 parte communications made in connection with public funding, audits, litigation,

rulemakings, and advisory opinions. Paragraph 7.8(e) is intended to assist the reader in

locating additional rules regarding ex parte communications in enforcement actions, audits,

litigation, rulemakings, and advisory opinions.

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No public comments were received on this section.

I. Removal of 11 CFR 7.11 – Political and organization activity

imposed by the original Hatch Act on most Federal employees with regard to participation in political campaigns. However, Congress specifically addressed the FEC in the Hatch

The Hatch Act Reform Amendments of 1993¹⁹ lifted many of the restrictions

Act Amendments and left all of the original Hatch Act's restrictions in place for employees

of the Commission, other than Commissioners. See 5 U.S.C. 7323(b)(1) and (2). In

contrast to the Commissioners, Commission employees may not give a political

contribution to a Member of Congress, an employee of the Executive Branch (other than

¹⁸ Please note that this includes shared staff as described in Commission Directive 64. Directive 64 can be found here: http://www.fec.gov/directives/directive_64.pdf.

¹⁹ Pub. L. No. 103-94, 107 Stat. 1001 (1993) ("Hatch Act Amendments").

- the President or Vice President), or an officer of a uniformed service. 5 U.S.C. 7323(b)(1).
- Additionally, Commission employees may not "take an active part in political management
- or political campaigns." 5 U.S.C. 7323(b)(2)(A).
- 4 The Hatch Act, as amended, prohibits certain political activities by Commissioners
- such as (1) using official authority or influence to interfere with an election, (2) knowingly
- 6 soliciting or discouraging political activity by anyone subject to a Commission audit or
- 7 investigation, (3) soliciting or receiving political contributions (except in certain, narrowly
- 8 limited circumstances), or (4) being a candidate for public office in a partisan election.
- 9 5 U.S.C. 7323(a).
- OPM has authority to issue regulations regarding the Hatch Act Amendments, and
- the Office of Special Counsel ("OSC") interprets and enforces those regulations.
- 12 See 5 U.S.C. 1103(a)(5), 1212, 1216(a)(1) and 7325. No provision in the Hatch Act
- Amendments empowers any agency other than OPM to issue regulations pursuant to the
- Hatch Act Amendments, and no provision in FECA directly refers to the Hatch Act
- 15 Amendments or previous Hatch Act restrictions. OPM has issued a regulation expressly
- prescribing the extent to which the political activities of employees may be limited beyond
- the restrictions in the Hatch Act Amendments. See 5 CFR 734.104. This OPM regulation
- states: "No further proscriptions or restrictions may be imposed upon employees covered
- under this regulation except: (a) Employees who are appointed by the President by and
- with the advice and consent of the Senate; (b) Employees who are appointed by the
- President; (c) Non-career senior executive service members; (d) Schedule C employees, 5
- 22 CFR 213.3301, 213.3302; and (e) Any other employees who serve at the pleasure of the
- 23 President." 5 CFR 734.104.

The Commission requested and received an advisory opinion from the OSC as to 1 the scope of the Commission's authority to interpret the Hatch Act Amendments regarding 2 Commissioners and Commission employees.²⁰ The specific question asked was whether 3 the Commission may adopt a regulation that would forbid a Commissioner or a 4 Commission employee from publicly supporting, working for, or contributing to a 5 candidate, political party, or political committee subject to the jurisdiction of the FEC, 6 7 even if, in the case of public support, the activity is not done in concert with the candidate, 8 political party, or political committee. In its opinion, the OSC noted the OPM regulations 9 cited above and stated with respect to employees that "the FEC cannot further restrict the 10 political activity of its regular employees by forbidding them from publicly supporting or contributing to a candidate, political party, or political committee subject to the jurisdiction 11 of the Commission." U.S. Office of Special Counsel Advisory Opinion, OSC File 12 No. AD-03-0095, at 2 (Aug. 29, 2003). The OSC opinion also noted with respect to 13 14 Commissioners that "the FEC has no authority to adopt regulations that would forbid a 15 Commissioner from publicly supporting, working for, or contributing to a candidate, political party, or political committee subject to the jurisdiction of the FEC." Id. at 2-3. 16 Thus, the OSC concluded that "the FEC may not adopt regulations that would limit the 17 18 political activity of FEC employees or Commissioners beyond the restrictions set forth in the Hatch Act."²¹ Id. at 3. 19 Accordingly, former section 7.11 is being removed because it is inconsistent with 20

²⁰ A copy of the Office of Special Counsel's opinion is available on the Commission's website. Go to http://sers.nictusa.com/fosers/ and search for REG number 2003-01.

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the Hatch Act Amendments.

²¹ Under 5 U.S.C. 1212, the advisory opinion authority of the OSC is limited to matters related to the Hatch Act. Therefore, the conclusions of the opinion are also limited to interpretations of the Hatch Act and OPM regulations. They do not apply to any separate statutory authority under FECA.

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_1	Removal of 11	CER / 12 =	Membershin ii	n associations
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2	The Commission is removing former 11 CFR 7.12, which addressed employee and
3	Commissioner membership in associations. In 1991, OGE issued a Notice of Proposed
4	Rulemaking that included proposed regulations concerning participation in professional
5	associations. See Notice of Proposed Rulemaking on Standards of Ethical Conduct for
6	Employees of the Executive Branch, 56 FR 33778 (July 23, 1991). OGE decided,
7	however, to reserve action in its final rule on this topic as a result of the overwhelming
8	response to its request for comments. See Explanation and Justification for Final Rule on
9	Standards of Ethical Conduct for Employees of the Executive Branch, 57 FR 35006
10	(Aug. 7, 1992). Consistent with the OGE decision to reserve action on membership in
11	associations in its final rule, the Commission concludes that ethical concerns regarding
12	membership in nongovernmental associations or organizations are properly addressed
13	under the more general standards in 5 CFR part 2635. See 57 FR at 35035. Among those
14	general provisions that are applicable are 5 CFR 2635.402 (concerning disqualifying
15	financial interests), 5 CFR 2635.502 (concerning personal and business relationships), and
16	5 CFR 2635.704 and 2635.705 (concerning use of government property and official time).
17	K. Removal of 11 CFR Part 7, Subpart D (Post Employment Conflict of
18	Interest: Procedure for Administrative Enforcement Proceedings)
19	Former 11 CFR part 7, subpart D, concerned administrative procedures to be
20	followed for investigations of post-employment conflict-of-interest violations by
21	individuals who have left Commission employment. Subpart D was based on a prior
22	version of 18 U.S.C. 207 and 5 CFR parts 2637 and 2641. At the time that subpart D was
23	adopted, 18 U.S.C. 207(j) authorized agency proceedings against individuals who violated

- that section and required that "departments and agencies shall, in consultation with the
- 2 Director of the Office of Government Ethics, establish procedures to carry out this
- 3 subsection."
- Subsequently, however, 18 U.S.C. 207(j) was amended and the language
- 5 authorizing administrative procedures and providing the authority to promulgate
- 6 regulations establishing procedures was removed and replaced with language providing
- 7 exceptions to the restrictions on post-employment conflicts of interest.²² The Commission
- 8 has no pending post-employment situations concerning employees who left service before
- 9 the repeal of former 18 U.S.C. 207(j). Accordingly, the Commission is removing former
- 10 11 CFR part 7, subpart D in its entirety. Please note that former employees remain subject
- to Department of Justice criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 207 for post-employment
- conflict of interest violations. <u>See</u> 18 U.S.C. 216.

²² See Pub. L. No. 101-189, Div. A, Title VIII, Part B, sec. 814(d)(2), 103 Stat. 1352, 1499 (1989) (National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991).

1 Certification of No Effect Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 605(b)

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- The Commission certifies that the attached final rules will not have a significant
- 4 economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The basis of this certification
- 5 is that this rulemaking affects only the appointed members of the Federal Election
- 6 Commission and its employees. The members of the Commission and its employees are
- 7 individuals, and are not small entities under 5 U.S.C. 601.

8 List of Subjects

- 9 5 CFR Part 4701
- 10 Conflict of interests, Government employees, Outside activities.

11 <u>11 CFR Part 7</u>

- Administrative practice and procedure, Conflict of interests, Government
- employees, Political activities (government employees).
- 14 11 CFR Part 201

16

Ex parte communications.

- For the reasons set out in the preamble, title 5 of the Code of Federal Regulations
- 2 is amended as follows, and chapter I of title 11 of the <u>Code of Federal Regulations</u> is
- 3 further amended as follows:

4 TITLE 5 – GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATION AND EMPLOYEES

- 5 1. Chapter XXXVII, consisting of part 4701, is added to title 5 of the Code of
- 6 Federal Regulations to read as follows:
- 7 CHAPTER XXXVII FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
- 8 PART 4701 SUPPLEMENTAL STANDARDS OF ETHICAL CONDUCT FOR
- 9 EMPLOYEES OF THE FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
- 10 Sec.
- 11 4701.101 Scope.
- 12 4701.102 Prior approval for certain outside employment.
- 13 Authority: 2 U.S.C. 437c(a)(3); 5 U.S.C. 7301; 5 U.S.C. app. (Ethics in
- Government Act of 1978); E.O. 12674, 54 FR 15159, 3 CFR p. 215 (1989 Comp.), as
- modified by E.O. 12731, 55 FR 42547, 3 CFR p. 306 (1990 Comp.); 5 CFR 2635.105 and
- 16 2635.803.
- 17 § 4701.101 Scope.
- 18 (a) In accordance with 5 CFR 2635.105, the regulations in this part set forth standards
- of conduct that apply to members and other employees of the Federal Election
- 20 Commission ("Commission").
- 21 (b) In addition, members and other employees of the Commission are subject to the
- 22 following regulations:
- 23 (1) 5 CFR part 735 (Employee Responsibilities and Conduct);

- 1 (2) 5 CFR part 2634 (Executive Branch Financial Disclosure, Qualified Trusts, 2 and Certificates of Divestiture);
- (3) 5 CFR part 2635 (Standards of Ethical Conduct for Employees of the
 Executive Branch); and
- 5 (4) 11 CFR part 7 (Standards of Conduct for Members and Employees of the Federal Election Commission).

7 § 4701.102 Prior approval for certain outside employment.

8 (a) <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of this section:

- (1) Active participant has the meaning set forth in 5 CFR 2635.502(b)(1)(v).
- (2) Employee has the meaning set forth in 5 CFR 2635.102(h).
 - employment means any form of non-Federal employment, business relationship or activity involving the provision of personal services, whether or not for compensation. It includes, but is not limited to, services as an officer, director, agent, advisor, attorney, consultant, contractor, general partner, trustee, teacher, speaker, writer, or any other services provided by an individual. It includes writing when done under an arrangement with another person for production or publication of the written product. The definition does not include participation in the activities of a nonprofit charitable, religious, professional, social, fraternal, educational, recreational, public service or civic organization, unless:
 - (i) The activity provides compensation other than reimbursement of expenses;

(ii)	The activities of the non-Federal organization are devoted
	substantially to matters relating to the employee's official duties as
	defined in 5 CFR 2635.807(a)(2)(i)(B)-(E) and the employee will
	serve as officer or director of the non-Federal organization; or

- (iii) The activities will involve the provision of consultative or professional services. Consultative services means the provision of personal services, including the rendering of advice or consultation, which requires advanced knowledge in a field of science or learning customarily acquired by a course of specialized instruction and study in an institution of higher education, hospital, or similar facility. Professional services means the provision of personal services, including the rendering of advice or consultation, which involves application of the skills of a profession as defined in 5 CFR 2636.305(b)(1) or involves a fiduciary relationship as defined in 5 CFR 2636.305(b)(2).
- (4) Related to the employee's official duties means that the outside employment meets one or more of the tests described in 5 CFR 2635.807(a)(2)(i)(B)-(E). Outside employment related to the employee's official duties includes:
 - (i) Outside employment that an employee has been invited to participate in because of his or her official position rather than his or her expertise in the subject matter;

Outside employment in which an employee has been asked to

participate by a person that has interests that may be substantially

affected by the performance or nonperformance of the employee's

official duties;

- (iii) Outside employment that conveys information derived from nonpublic information gained during the course of government employment; and
- (iv) Outside employment that deals in significant part with any matter to which the employee is or has been officially assigned in the last year, or any ongoing or announced Commission policy, program, or operation.
- (b) <u>Prior approval requirement</u>. An employee of the Commission, including a member of a Commissioner's staff, but not a member of the Commission or a special Government employee, shall obtain written approval from the Designated Agency Ethics Official before engaging in outside employment where the services provided:
 - (1) Are related to the employee's official duties; or
- 17 (2) Involve the application of the same specialized skills or the same
 18 educational background as used in the performance of the employee's
 19 official duties.

- 1 (c) <u>Submission of requests for approval.</u>
- 2 (1) The request for approval shall be sent through all of the employee's
- supervisors and shall state the name of the person, group, or organization
- for whom the outside employment is to be performed; the type of outside
- employment to be performed; and the proposed hours of, and approximate
- 6 dates of, the outside employment.
- 7 (2) Upon a significant change in the nature or scope of the outside employment
- or in the employee's official position, the employee shall submit a revised
- 9 request for approval.
- 10 (d) Standard for approval. Approval shall be granted only upon a determination that
- the outside employment is not expected to involve conduct prohibited by statute or Federal
- regulation, including 5 CFR part 2635.

13 TITLE 11 – FEDERAL ELECTIONS

14 CHAPTER I – FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

2. Part 7 is revised to read as follows:

16 PART 7 – STANDARDS OF CONDUCT

17 Sec.

- 18 7.1 Scope.
- 19 7.2 Definitions.
- 20 7.3 Interpretation and advisory service.
- 7.4 Reporting suspected violations.
- 22 7.5 Corrective action.
- 7.6 Outside employment and activities by Commissioners.

- 1 7.7 Prohibition against making complaints and investigations public.
- 2 7.8 Ex parte communications in enforcement actions.
- 3 Authority: 2 U.S.C. 437c, 437d, and 438; 5 U.S.C. 7321 et seq. and app. 3.
- 4 § 7.1 Scope.
- 5 (a) The regulations in this part apply to members and employees of the Federal
- 6 Election Commission ("Commission").
- 7 (b) In addition, members and employees of the Commission are subject to the
- 8 following regulations:
- 9 (1) 5 CFR part 735 (Employee Responsibilities and Conduct);
- 10 (2) 5 CFR part 2634 (Executive Branch Financial Disclosure, Qualified Trusts,
- and Certificates of Divestiture);
- 12 (3) 5 CFR part 2635 (Standards of Ethical Conduct for Employees of the
- Executive Branch); and
- 14 (4) 5 CFR part 4701 (Supplemental Standards of Ethical Conduct for
- Employees of the Federal Election Commission).

16 § 7.2 Definitions.

- 17 As used in this part:
- (a) Commission means the Federal Election Commission, 999 E Street, NW.,
- 19 Washington, DC 20463.
- 20 (b) Commissioner means a member of the Federal Election Commission, in accordance
- 21 with 2 U.S.C. 437c.
- 22 (c) Designated Agency Ethics Official means the employee designated by the
- 23 Commission to administer the provisions of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978

- 1 (5 U.S.C. appendix), as amended, and includes a designee of the Designated Agency
- 2 Ethics Official. The General Counsel serves as the Commission's Designated Agency
- 3 Ethics Official.
- 4 (d) Employee means an employee of the Federal Election Commission and includes a
- special Government employee as defined in 18 U.S.C. 202(a).
- 6 (e) Ex parte communication means any written or oral communication by any person
- outside the agency to any Commissioner or any member of any Commissioner's staff, but
- 8 not to any other Commission employee, that imparts information or argument regarding
- 9 prospective Commission action or potential action concerning any pending enforcement
- 10 matter.
- 11 (f) <u>Inspector General</u> means the individual appointed by the Commission to administer
- the provisions of the Inspector General Act of 1978, as amended (5 U.S.C. appendix), and
- includes any designee of the Inspector General.
- 14 § 7.3 Interpretation and guidance.
- 15 (a) A Commissioner or employee seeking advice and guidance on matters covered by
- this part or 5 CFR parts 735, 2634, 2635, 2640, or 4701 may consult with the Designated
- 17 Agency Ethics Official. The Designated Agency Ethics Official should be consulted
- before undertaking any action that might violate this part or 5 CFR parts 735, 2634, 2635,
- 19 2640, or 4701 governing the conduct of Commissioners or employees.
- 20 (b) The Designated Agency Ethics Official, a Commissioner, or an employee may
- request an opinion from the Director of the Office of Government Ethics regarding an
- interpretation of 5 CFR parts 2634, 2635, or 2640.

§ 7.4 Reporting suspected violations.

- 2 Commissioners and employees shall disclose immediately any suspected violation
- of a statute or of a rule set forth in this part or of a rule set forth in 5 CFR parts 735, 2634,
- 4 2635, 2640, or 4701 to the Designated Agency Ethics Official, the Office of Inspector
- 5 General, or other appropriate law enforcement authorities.

6 § 7.5 Corrective action.

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- 7 A violation of this part or 5 CFR parts 735, 2634, 2635, 2640, or 4701 by an
- 8 employee may be cause for appropriate corrective, disciplinary, or adverse action in
- 9 addition to any penalty prescribed by law.

10 § 7.6 Outside employment and activities by Commissioners.

- No member of the Commission may devote a substantial portion of his or her time
- to any other business, vocation, or employment. Any individual who is engaging
- substantially in any other business, vocation, or employment at the time such individual
- begins to serve as a member of the Commission will appropriately limit such activity no
- later than 90 days after beginning to serve as such a member.

16 § 7.7 Prohibition against making complaints and investigations public.

- 17 (a) Commission employees are subject to criminal penalties if they discuss or
- otherwise make public any matters pertaining to a complaint or investigation under 2
- 19 U.S.C. 437g, without the written permission of the person complained against or being
- investigated. Such communications are prohibited by 2 U.S.C. 437g(a)(12)(A).
- 21 (b) Section 437g(a)(12)(B) of title 2 of the United States Code provides as follows:
- 22 "Any member or employee of the Commission, or any other person, who violates the
- provisions of [2 U.S.C. 437g(a)(12)(A)] shall be fined not more than \$2,000. Any such

- 1 member, employee, or other person who knowingly and willfully violates the provisions of
- [2 U.S.C. 437g(a)(12)(A)] shall be fined not more than \$5,000."

§ 7.8 Ex parte communications in enforcement actions.

- In order to avoid the possibility of prejudice, real or apparent, to the public interest
- in enforcement actions pending before the Commission pursuant to 2 U.S.C. 437g:
- 6 (a) Except to the extent required for the disposition of enforcement matters as required
- by law (as, for example, during the normal course of an investigation or a conciliation
- 8 effort), no Commissioner or member of any Commissioner's staff shall make or entertain
- 9 any <u>ex parte</u> communications.

- 10 (b) The prohibition of this section shall apply from the time a complaint is filed with
- the Commission pursuant to 2 U.S.C. 437g(a)(1) or from the time that the Commission
- determines on the basis of information ascertained in the normal course of its supervisory
- responsibilities that it has reason to believe that a violation has occurred or may occur
- pursuant to 2 U.S.C. 437g(a)(2), and such prohibition shall remain in force until the
- 15 Commission has concluded all action with respect to the enforcement matter in question.
- 16 (c) Any written communication prohibited by paragraph (a) of this section shall be
- delivered to the General Counsel, who shall place the communication in the case file.
- 18 (d) A Commissioner or member of any Commissioner's staff involved in handling
- enforcement actions who receives an offer to make an oral communication or any
- 20 communication concerning any enforcement action pending before the Commission as
- described in paragraph (a) of this section, shall decline to listen to such communication. If
- 22 unsuccessful in preventing the communication, the Commissioner or employee shall advise
- 23 the person making the communication that he or she will not consider the communication

- and shall prepare a statement setting forth the substance and circumstances of the
- 2 communication. Within 48 hours of receipt of the communication, the Commissioner or
- any member of any Commissioner's staff shall prepare a statement setting forth the
- 4 substance and circumstances of the communication and shall deliver the statement to the
- 5 General Counsel for placing in the file in the manner set forth in paragraph (c) of this
- 6 section.
- 7 (e) Additional rules governing <u>ex parte</u> communications made in connection with
- 8 Commission enforcement actions are found at 11 CFR 111.22. Rules governing ex parte
- 9 communications made in connection with public funding, Commission audits, litigation,
- rulemakings, and advisory opinions are found at 11 CFR part 201.

11 PART 201 – EX PARTE COMMUNICATIONS

- 12 3. The authority citation for Part 201 would continue to read as follows:
- 13 Authority: 2 U.S.C. 437d(a)(8), 2 U.S.C. 438(a)(8), 5 U.S.C. 553(e).

1	4. Section 201.1 is amended	by removing the citation "7.15" and adding in its place
2	the citation "7.8."	
		On behalf of the Commission,
3 4 5 6	DATED: BILLING CODE: 6715-01-P	Cynthia L. Bauerly Chair Federal Election Commission
7 8 9		Don W. Fox Acting Director, Office of Government Ethics
10	APPROVED:	