#### **November 2007 Electrical Safety Occurrences**

There were 5 electrical safety occurrences for November 2007:

- 1 resulted in a shock to a worker
- 1 involved excavation
- 1 involved drilling into an electrical conduit
- 1 involved electrical workers and 4 involved non-electrical workers
- 2 involved subcontractors

In compiling the monthly totals, the search initially looked for occurrence discovery dates in this month (excluding Significance Category R reports), and for the following ORPS "HQ keywords":

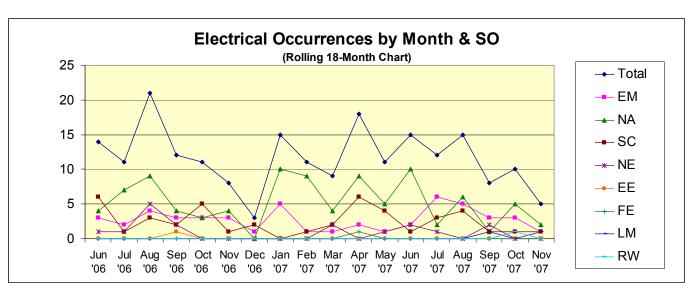
- 01K Lockout/Tagout Electrical, 01M Inadequate Job Planning (Electrical),
- 08A Electrical Shock, 08J Near Miss (Electrical), 12C Electrical Safety

The initial search yielded 7 occurrences. However, one occurrence (EM-CAFO--WTS-WIPP-2007-0013) involved a lockout to prevent movement of a crane rather than an electrical hazard, and another (NE-ID--BEA-ATR-2007-0025) involved a loss of facility power from a lack of planning rather than an electrical hazard. Culling out these two occurrences yielded 5 electrical safety occurrences for the month.

Below is the current summary of 2007 electrical safety occurrences:

	Electrical Safety			
Period	Occurrences	Shocks	Burns	Fatalities
Jan-07	15	1	0	0
Feb-07	11	3	0	0
Mar-07	9	1	0	0
Apr-07	18	3	1	0
May-07	11	1	0	0
Jun-07	15	5	0	0
Jul-07	12	3	1	0
Aug-07	15	5	0	0
Sep-07	8	0	0	0
Oct-07	10	2	0	0
Nov-07	5	1	0	0
2007 total	129 (avg. 11.7/month)	25	2	0
2006 total	166 (avg. 13.8/month)	26	3	0
2005 total	165 (avg. 13.8/month)	39	5	0
2004 total	149 (avg. 12.4/month)	25	3	1

The average rate of electrical safety occurrences in 2007 is now 11.7 per month, which remains less than the average rate of 13.8 per month experienced in 2006.



# **Electrical Safety Occurrences – November 2007**

No	Report Number	Subject/Title	$\mathbf{EW}^{(1)}$	$N-EW^{(2)}$	SUB <sup>(3)</sup>	SHOCK	BURN	ARCF <sup>(4)</sup>	LOTO <sup>(5)</sup>	EXCAV <sup>(6)</sup>	<b>CUT/D</b> <sup>(7)</sup>	<b>VEH</b> <sup>(8)</sup>
1	EM-OROBJC- X10WSTEMRA- 2007-0004	Electrical Hazard Found in Abandoned Trailer		X								
2	LMSTOL- MOUND-2007-0001	Unexpected Discovery of an Uncontrolled Hazardous Energy Source at OU-1 Project		X	X	X						
3	NALASO-LANL- TA55-2007-0039	Management Concern: Configuration Management of Switchgear Upgrade Project	X		X							
4	NALSO-LLNL- LLNL-2007-0052	Unexpected Discovery of a 480- Volt Energy Source During Backhoe Operation Near West Gate Drive		X						X		
5	SCPNSO-PNNL- PNNLBOPER-2007- 0012	Worker Drills Into an Electrical Conduit (120V)		X							X	
	TOTAL		1	4	2	1				1	1	

# <u>Key</u>

(1)EW = electrical worker, (2)N-EW = non-electrical worker, (3)SUB = subcontractor, (4)ARCF = significant arc flash, (5)LOTO = lockout/tagout, (6)EXCAV = excavation, (7)CUT/D = cutting or drilling, (8)VEH = vehicle event

# ORPS Operating Experience Report 2 Production GUI - New ORPS

ORPS contains 53633 OR(s) with 56951 occurrences(s) as of 3/6/2008 7:53:14 AM Query selected 5 OR(s) with 5 occurrences(s) as of 3/6/2008 10:25:28 AM

	Do	wnload this report in M	icrosoft Word format. 🕙	
1)Report Number:	EM-OROBJC-X10WSTEMRA-2007-0004 After 2003 Redesign			
Secretarial Office:	Environmental Management			
Lab/Site/Org:	Oak Ridge National Laborat	ory		
Facility Name:	Bethel Valley/BOPCP			
Subject/Title:	Electrical Hazard Found in A	Abandoned Trailer		
<b>Date/Time Discovered:</b>	11/29/2007 13:00 (ETZ)			
Date/Time Categorized:	11/29/2007 13:30 (ETZ)			
Report Type:	Final			
Report Dates:	Notification	12/03/2007	14:17 (ETZ)	
	Initial Update	01/15/2008	15:21 (ETZ)	
	Latest Update	01/15/2008	15:21 (ETZ)	
	Final	01/15/2008	15:21 (ETZ)	
Significance Category:	3			
Reporting Criteria:	2C(2) - Failure to follow a prescribed hazardous energy control process (e.g., lockout/tagout) or a site condition that results in the unexpected discovery of an uncontrolled hazardous energy source (e.g., live electrical power circuit, steam line, pressurized gas). This criterion does not include discoveries made by zero-energy checks and other precautionary investigations made before work is authorized to begin.			
Cause Codes:	A3B1C07 - Human Performance Less Than Adequate (LTA); Skill Based Errors; Omission/repeating of steps based on assumptions for completion>couplet - A4B4C05 - Management Problem; Supervisory Methods LTA; Emphasis on schedule exceeded emphasis on methods/doing a good job			
ISM:	2) Analyze the Hazards			
Subcontractor Involved:	Yes SEC			
Occurrence Description:	Two Radiation Control Technicians (RCTs) entered abandoned Trailer 3627 on 11/27/07 at approximately 12 noon to perform a survey for release to the land fill. A portion of the roof of the trailer had been partially lifted off previously, and an electrical wire was hanging from the ceiling and resting on the table. The floor was damp. Ceiling tiles and roofing material had fallen inside the trailer on the southeast side. One RCT assumed there was no power to the trailer. That RCT moved to the northwest corner of the			

	trailer where he saw a light switch and a breaker box. He flipped the light switch to the on position and the lights came on. He flipped the lights off, de-energized power in the trailer by flipping the breaker switch, exited the trailer, and notified his supervisor.
	The trailer was in this deteriorated state prior to being turned over to the current Facility Manager. Under normal circumstances power would have been de-energized to the trailer following the wind event that lifted the trailer roof. All individuals involved, assumed that was the case, although no one actually verified the status of electrical power prior to sending the RCTs to perform the task.
	The end of the wire that was hanging from the ceiling was found to be wrapped in electrical tape in a manner consistent with that of a trained electrician. Since the end of the wire was hidden in insulation, the RCT was not aware of this. However, the wire was not secured out of the way nor terminated by a more permanent means.
Cause Description:	The Facility Manager failed to confirm that electrical power to the building had been secured prior to releasing it for work. Due to the poor condition of the building, he assumed there was no power to the building.
<b>Operating Conditions:</b>	Shutdown and undergoing surveillance and maintenance (S&M)
<b>Activity Category:</b>	Inspection/Monitoring
Immediate Action(s):	All breakers for trailer 3627 were opened to de-energize power to the trailer.
FM Evaluation:	The electrical wire hanging from the ceiling was fully insulated with wire casing intact and the ends wrapped with electrical tape. The site power operations group has de-energized power to the facility.
	A critique was performed on 11/29/07.
DOE Facility Representative Input:	
DOE Program Manager Input:	
Further Evaluation is Required:	No
Division or Project:	Balance of Program Completion
Plant Area:	Central
System/Building/Equipment:	Bldg. 3627
Facility Function:	Environmental Restoration Operations
Corrective Action 01:	Target Completion Date: 11/29/2007 Tracking ID: I0066848
	De-energize and air gap electrical power to the 3627 Trailer.
Corrective Action 02:	Target Completion Date: 12/12/2007 Tracking ID: I0066848
	Remind Surveillance & Maintenance (S&M) Facility Managers of their
	the state of their

responsibilities regarding the protection of workers prior to releasing facilities for work.
Target Completion Date: 02/29/2008 Tracking ID: I0066848
Remind all S&M Workers of their responsibility to back away from work that does not present as expected and inform their supervisor.
Target Completion Date:02/29/2008 Tracking ID:I0066848
Remind and re-enforce to all S&M employees including, subcontractors, that communications for project problems must follow the project chain of command before functional chain of command.
Target Completion Date: 04/30/2008 Tracking ID: I0066848
Identify trailers and sea-land containers that have been abandoned or are not currently occupied and for which there is no eminent plans for occupancy or other use requiring electricity. For each facility perform one of the following:  1) De-energize and Air-gap 2) De-energize 3) Justify leaving the facility energized.
Target Completion Date:02/29/2008 Tracking ID:I0066848
Issue a Lessons Learned that discusses the events and causes for EM-ORO-BJC-X10WSTEMRA-2007-0004.
1) Leaders need to ensure the facility is safe for work or that workers are provided proper Personnel Protection Equipment (PPE) to remain safe before asking them to work in facilities.
2) Workers need to understand that if conditions are not as expected when they arrived at a job, they should back away and call their supervisor. They should not be expected to move forward and work in an unreasonable situation.
3) Communication through the project chain of command is key to obtaining proper resolution and ensuring all reporting requirements are met.
01AInadequate Conduct of Operations - Inadequate Conduct of Operations (miscellaneous) 01MInadequate Conduct of Operations - Inadequate Job Planning (Electrical) 01PInadequate Conduct of Operations - Inadequate Oral Communication 01RInadequate Conduct of Operations - Management issues 07DElectrical Systems - Electrical Wiring 08HOSHA Reportable/Industrial Hygiene - Safety Noncompliance 11GOther - Subcontractor 12CEH Categories - Electrical Safety 14EQuality Assurance - Work Process Deficiency

HQ Summary:	Two Radiation Control Technicians were performing a survey of abandoned Trailer 3627 for release to the land fill. The roof of the trailer had been partially lifted off previously, and an electrical wire was hanging from the ceiling and resting on a table. The technicians discovered that the trailer had not been de-energized when one flipped a light switch and the lights came on. He flipped the lights off, de-energized power in the trailer by flipping the breaker switch, exited the trailer, and notified his supervisor. All breakers to the trailer were opened to fully de-energize it.				
Similar OR Report Number:	1. NANVSO-NST-NLV-2	007-0003			
Facility Manager:	Name Steve Smith Phone (865) 241-6226 Title Manager of Projects				
Originator:	Name SMITH, MILDRED Phone (865) 241-1703 Title QUALITY ENGINE				
HQ OC Notification:	DateTimePerson NotifiedNANANA	Organization NA			
Other Notifications:	Date         Time           11/29/2007         13:00 (ETZ)         Sy           11/29/2007         13:00 (ETZ)           11/29/2007         13:00 (ETZ)		Organization BJC-PM DOE-FR BJC-MOP		
Authorized Classifier(AC):	Dennis Smith Date: 01/14	4/2008			
2)Report Number:	LMSTOL-MOUND-2007-0001 After 2003 Redesign				
Secretarial Office:	Legacy Management				
Lab/Site/Org:	Legacy Management Site				
Facility Name:	Mound Site				
Subject/Title:	Unexpected Discovery of an Uncontrolled Hazardous Energy Source at OU-1 Project				
Date/Time Discovered:	11/06/2007 08:00 (ETZ)				
Date/Time Categorized:	11/06/2007 09:00 (ETZ)				
Report Type:	Notification				
Report Dates:	Notification 11/07/2007 16:59 (ETZ)				
	Initial Update				
	Latest Update				

Final

Significance Category:	3
Reporting Criteria:	2C(2) - Failure to follow a prescribed hazardous energy control process (e.g., lockout/tagout) or a site condition that results in the unexpected discovery of an uncontrolled hazardous energy source (e.g., live electrical power circuit, steam line, pressurized gas). This criterion does not include discoveries made by zero-energy checks and other precautionary investigations made before work is authorized to begin.
Cause Codes:	
ISM:	
Subcontractor Involved:	Yes Accelerated Remediation Corporation (EM contractor)
Occurrence Description:	At approximately 0800 on November 6 a DOE-EM contractor employee experienced a "tingle" from a wire as level sensors were being removed from a well location at OU-1, Mound Project. The pump had been turned off, and a LOTO applied by DOE-LM contractor personnel, since the wells and pumps are the responsibility of DOE-LM. The lines to the pump had been verified as having zero energy. A further check of the system revealed that the sensors on the pump inside the well were not part of the same wiring circuit used for the pumpthus the sensors remained live (120 volt line). That wire was located, traced and de-energized. The system was checked once again, and was verified to be de-energized. However, work was stopped until the incident could be reported to management and evaluated.
Cause Description:	
<b>Operating Conditions:</b>	Does not apply
<b>Activity Category:</b>	Normal Operations (other than Activities specifically listed in this Category)
Immediate Action(s):	Worked was stopped and the power source identified and turned off.  A debrief was conducted with LM and EM contractor personnel to obtain as many facts as possible about the incident. It was determined that work would not restart until the entire electrical system to these pumps is checked and verified. This will be accomplished with participation from both LM and EM contractors and involve a certified electrician. This activity is being conducted right now.  An agreement was reached in the debrief that any future de-energizing of systems or equipment in the OU-1 Project area involving both LM and EM contractors will be accomplished using this joint process.
FM Evaluation:	
DOE Facility Representative Input:	
DOE Program Manager Input:	
Further Evaluation is	Yes.

Required:	Before Further Operation? No By Whom: LM contractor By When:				
Division or Project:	Mound Site, Miamisburg, Ohio				
Plant Area:	OU-1 Project				
System/Building/Equipment:	OU-1 Pump and Treat System, Well #449				
<b>Facility Function:</b>	Balance-of-Plant - Site/outside utilities				
<b>Corrective Action:</b>					
Lessons(s) Learned:					
HQ Keywords:	01BInadequate Conduct of Operations - Loss of Configuration Management/Control 01MInadequate Conduct of Operations - Inadequate Job Planning (Electrical) 08AOSHA Reportable/Industrial Hygiene - Electrical Shock 11GOther - Subcontractor 12CEH Categories - Electrical Safety 14DQuality Assurance - Documents and Records Deficiency 14EQuality Assurance - Work Process Deficiency				
HQ Summary:	A DOE-EM contractor employee experienced a "tingle" from a wire while removing level sensors from a well. The well pump had been turned off, and a lockout/tagout applied and the lines to the pump had been verified as having zero energy. A further check of the system revealed that the sensors on the pump inside the well were not part of the same wiring circuit used for the pump, thus the sensors remained energized at 120 volts. That wire was located, traced and de-energized. Work was stopped until the incident could be reported to management and evaluated.				
Similar OR Report Number:	1. None				
Facility Manager:	Name WEIDENBACH, GARY L Phone (937) 847-8350 Title FACILITY MANAGER				
Originator:	Name WEIDENBACH, GARY L Phone (937) 847-8350 Title FACILITY MANAGER				
HQ OC Notification:	Date     Time     Person Notified     Organization       NA     NA     NA				
Other Notifications:	DateTimePerson NotifiedOrganization11/06/200709:30 (ETZ)Art KleinrathDOE-LM11/06/200709:30 (ETZ)Don PfisterDOE-EM				
Authorized Classifier(AC):					

3)Report Number:	NALASO-LANL-TA55-2007-0039 After 2003 Redesign				
Secretarial Office:	National Nuclear Security Administration				
Lab/Site/Org:	Los Alamos National Laboratory				
Facility Name:	Plutonium Proc & Handling	Fac			
Subject/Title:	Management Concern: Conf Project	iguration Management	of Switchgear Upgrade		
Date/Time Discovered:	11/13/2007 20:00 (MTZ)				
Date/Time Categorized:	11/14/2007 14:45 (MTZ)				
Report Type:	Notification/Final				
Report Dates:	Notification	11/16/2007	15:13 (ETZ)		
	Initial Update	11/16/2007	15:13 (ETZ)		
	Latest Update	11/16/2007	15:13 (ETZ)		
	Final	11/16/2007	15:13 (ETZ)		
	Revision 1	11/28/2007	18:22 (ETZ)		
Significance Category:	4				
Reporting Criteria:	10(2) - An event, condition, or series of events that does not meet any of the other reporting criteria, but is determined by the Facility Manager or line management to be of safety significance or of concern to other facilities or activities in the DOE complex. One of the four significance categories should be assigned to the occurrence, based on an evaluation of the potential risks and the corrective actions taken. (1 of 4 criteria - This is a SC 4 occurrence)				
<b>Cause Codes:</b>					
ISM:	4) Perform Work Within Controls				
Subcontractor Involved:	Yes B&D Electric and KSL				
Occurrence Description:	MANAGEMENT SYNOPSIS: At Technical Area 55 (TA-55), an ongoing project has been focused on upgrading the two main power feeds to the main facility. One power feed, EA-9, was nearly completed in its upgrade. However, some final parts were needed and their arrival date had been delayed by the supplier. In trying to utilize time appropriately, project personnel made a decision to temporarily switch power for the main facility to EA-9 and perform upgrades to the S-10 power feed, while waiting for the parts. When preparing to make this switch on the evening of November 13, 2007, the under voltage relay signal for EA-9 was not received at the TA-55 Operations Center, indicating that something was not connected correctly. Project personnel decided to call a pause to the work at approximately 2000 that evening. Project personnel regrouped the next morning to discuss options. The LANL Project Manager informed the Facilities Operations				

Director (FOD) of the situation, who called a critique the afternoon of November 14, 2007. At the critique it became clear that on-site project personnel on November 13, 2007 did not use the correct configuration management tools to document their deviation from the accepted Design Change Plan for the upgrade project. In light of this information, the FOD declared this a Management Concern, Significance Category 4.

BACKGROUND: The Switchgear Upgrade Project has been focused on installation and upgrades of TA-55's secondary power feed, EA-9. Currently, the main facility, PF-4, is running off of a single power feed, S-10. PF-4 is a Hazardous Category 2 facility, and therefore, any work affecting the facility must go through rigorous documentation in accordance with configuration management. The upgrades and installations for EA-9 had been approved in an appropriate DCP. The plan included that once EA-9 was upgraded, power would be switched to it while similar upgrades were performed on S-10.

The improvements of EA-9 included upgrading from a single phase under voltage relay to a three phase under voltage relay. However, some critical materials to complete this part of the upgrade had not arrived. Project personnel decided to make as much use of their time as possible. It was decided that power would be transferred to EA-9 temporarily, using the single phase under voltage relay, while upgrades were performed on S-10. Then power would be switched back to EA-9 once the essential materials were received. This proposed temporary power shift to EA-9 deviated from the accepted DCP.

This proposed deviation from the accepted DCP was not documented, as required by configuration management and Conduct of Operations. Proper documentation would have included a Facility Change Request (FCR), which would have to undergo an Unreviewed Safety Question (USQ) screening. The KSL Project Manager, when tasked with this proposed temporary switch of power, should have used the Request For Information (RFI) process. Also, KSL should have used the Engineering Change Request (ECR) process, which would be needed for the FCR. Due to the lack of proper documentation, the LANL Project Manager was not aware of this proposed deviation from the DCP, indicating a break down in communication between the personnel in the field and the LANL Project Manager.

On November 13, 2007, KSL was tasked with assisting in transferring power from EA-9 to S-10. Utilities Line Crew personnel performed the actual power transfer, being the properly trained personnel. The new Potential Transformer (PT) cabinets in building PF-6 were checked and found to be in the correct configuration to perform energizing. The EA-9 grounds were removed and the fuses closed. At this point, the TA-55 Operations Center should have been able to see power feed from both S-10

and EA-9. Project personnel called the Operations center to confirm this and discovered that the Operations Center could not see power from EA-9.

Some basic power tracings were performed at this point. The PT cabinets were operating correctly. The programmable logic controller (PLC) cabinets had the correct voltage. It was discovered that the under voltage system was not working. The drawings were not readily available to project personnel to perform further checks. However, it was obvious to personnel that something was not connected properly. Project personnel at this time, 2000, decided to pause work until the following day. EA-9 and associated work was left in a safe configuration. TA-55 was still on S-10 power feed. There was no power interruption to any of the PF-4 and PF-6 systems.

Having discussed all this in detail at the critique held on November 14, 2007, the FOD had concerns that communication to the LANL Project Manager from the KSL Project Manager and the LANL Design Authority was not as complete as it could have been. The LANL Project Manager is the designated authority for moving ahead on any deviation from the DCP. The FOD also had concerns that personnel in the field were so focused on working efficiently, that this was not seen as a deviation from the DCP, but seen as unfinished work.

At the critique, further details about the delayed materials came to light. The sub-contractor B&D Electric ordered the parts from General Electric. General Electric had to order the parts from a supplier out of country. However, the parts were missed in the listing by General Electric, causing a delay in ordering the materials. This was known by project personnel the middle of October 2007. On November 13, 2007, project personnel had received a target delivery date of November 15, 2007 for the needed materials. However, project personnel felt that moving ahead with the proposed temporary power switch would be time efficient for the project as a whole.

Cause Description:	
<b>Operating Conditions:</b>	Normal
<b>Activity Category:</b>	Maintenance
Immediate Action(s):	<ol> <li>Work was left in a safe configuration, with S-10 as the power feed on November 13, 2007.</li> <li>Critique was held on November 14, 2007 to discuss communication and documentation issues in detail.</li> <li>Project personnel instigated on November 14, 2007 a daily teleconference between LANL Project Manager, KSL Project Manager, and Design Authority personnel, specifically covering planned outages and material/parts status.</li> <li>The LANL Project Manager will work with the Issues Management</li> </ol>

Coordinator (IMC) to issue a Lessons Learned.

	5) The Design Authority and KSL Project Manager will work with the LANL Project Manager to review and document where the Switchgear Upgrade Project currently stands. This will include reviewing the work package, specifically the Integrated Work Document (IWD), for B&D Electric.
FM Evaluation:	
DOE Facility Representative Input:	
DOE Program Manager Input:	
Further Evaluation is Required:	No
Division or Project:	TA-55
Plant Area:	TA-55
System/Building/Equipment:	Switchgear Upgrade Project
Facility Function:	Plutonium Processing and Handling
<b>Corrective Action:</b>	
Lessons(s) Learned:	
HQ Keywords:	01AInadequate Conduct of Operations - Inadequate Conduct of Operations (miscellaneous) 01BInadequate Conduct of Operations - Loss of Configuration Management/Control 01EInadequate Conduct of Operations - Operations Procedure Noncompliance 01MInadequate Conduct of Operations - Inadequate Job Planning (Electrical) 01PInadequate Conduct of Operations - Inadequate Oral Communication 07BElectrical Systems - Electrical Distribution 11GOther - Subcontractor 12BEH Categories - Conduct of Operations 14DQuality Assurance - Documents and Records Deficiency 14EQuality Assurance - Work Process Deficiency
HQ Summary:	During an upgrade of two main power feeds to the main facility, project personnel temporarily switched power for the main facility to one feed which had been successfully upgraded, while waiting for parts for the second feed. When preparing to make this switch, the expected under voltage relay signal for EA-9 was not received at the TA-55 Operations Center, indicating that something was not connected correctly. Work was paused and a critique was held. During the critique, it was determined that on-site project personnel did not use the correct configuration management tools to document their deviation from the accepted Design Change Plan for the upgrade project.
Similar OR Report Number:	

Facility Manager:	N. C. AMIZ				
Tuesday ividinger.	Name Stuart McKernan				
	Phone (505) 667-7501				
	Title Facilities Ooperations Director Designee				
Originator:	Name CORDOVA, LUANNA M				
	Phone (505) 667-0598				
	Title DATA ANALYST				
HO OC Notification					
<b>HQ OC Notification:</b>	Date Time Person Notified Organization				
	NA NA NA NA				
Other Notifications:	Date Time Person Notified Organization				
	11/14/2007 08:39 (MTZ) Lily Reese PAAA				
	11/14/2007 10:54 (MTZ) Hot Line NNSA				
	11/14/2007 10:56 (MTZ) Lloyd Gordon LANL ESO				
	11/14/2007 10:59 (MTZ) Chuck Keilers DNSFB				
Authorized Classifier(AC):	Susan J. Voss Date: 11/16/2007				
Authorized Classifier (AC).	Susuit 3. Voss Date. 11/10/2007				
4)Report Number:	NALSO-LLNL-LLNL-2007-0052 After 2003 Redesign				
Secretarial Office:	National Nuclear Security Administration				
Lab/Site/Org:	Lawrence Livermore National Lab.				
Facility Name:	Lawrence Livermore Nat. Lab. (BOP)				
Subject/Title:	Unexpected Discovery of a 480-Volt Energy Source During Backhoe Operation Near West Gate Drive				
<b>Date/Time Discovered:</b>	11/05/2007 09:30 (PTZ)				
Date/Time Categorized:	11/05/2007 10:30 (PTZ)				
Report Type:	Update				
Report Dates:	Notification 11/06/2007 16:22 (ETZ)				
	Initial Update 12/19/2007 19:52 (ETZ)				
	Latest Update 02/01/2008 17:07 (ETZ)				
	Final				
Significance Category:	3				
Reporting Criteria:	2C(2) - Failure to follow a prescribed hazardous energy control process				
reporting Orienta.	(e.g., lockout/tagout) or a site condition that results in the unexpected discovery of an uncontrolled hazardous energy source (e.g., live electrical power circuit, steam line, pressurized gas). This criterion does not include discoveries made by zero-energy checks and other precautionary investigations made before work is authorized to begin.				

Cause Codes:	
ISM:	
Subcontractor Involved:	No
Occurrence Description:	On Saturday, November 3, 2007, at 1430 an LLNL worker operating a backhoe struck a conduit containing live 480 volt electrical wiring that controlled that motor for the perimeter fence on West Gate Drive. There was no injuries, flash, spark, or any other indication of a live electrical wiring strike.  Background: The backhoe operator was excavating soil for the installation
	of a storm drain and catch basin system in a landscaping area near West Gate Drive. The area was previously located for buried utilities by LLNL utility locators, but this particular conduit was not identified, nor marked. At the time of the incident, the disrupted conduit (PVC pipe approximately 7 feet below grade) was thought to be landscape irrigation control wiring.
	On Monday, November 5, 2007 at approximately 0530, Security Department personnel attempted to open the LLNL West Gate and found it to be inoperable. LLNL electricians responded to assist with the gate and found the broken conduit to be the reason for why the gate was unable to function.
	A review was has been initiated in response to this event WSH Citation Selection: 1926.651 851.20(a)(8)
Cause Description:	w 511 Citation Selection. 1720.031 831.20(a)(8)
Operating Conditions:	no
• 0	na Construction
Activity Category:	
Immediate Action(s):	<ol> <li>On 11-5-07 work on the West Gate pathway project was immediately stopped.</li> <li>The damaged conduit was locked out and tagged out.</li> <li>The damaged was repaired by LLNL electricians on 11/05/07.</li> <li>LLNL locators were requested to re-scan the West gate pathway job site.</li> <li>LLNL line management initiated a critique/review to be performed on the event.</li> </ol>
FM Evaluation:	This report has been extended. The justification for the extension is as follows:  Additional time is needed to distribute the final draft critique to F&I line management for review and comment so that corrective actions can be developed.  Please extend the due date 45 days.  Update 2/1/2008: This report has been extended. The justification for the extension is as follows:  Additional time is needed for F&I line management to review, comment, and ensure that effective corrective actions are developed.

	The final report is due on 3/17/2008.							
DOE Facility Representative Input:								
DOE Program Manager Input:								
Further Evaluation is Required:	Yes. Before Further Operation? No By Whom: Kevin Akey By When: 02/01/2008							
Division or Project:	O&B / F&I							
Plant Area:	Site 200							
System/Building/Equipment:	: Outside West Gate Drive Area							
Facility Function:	Balance of Plant - Infrastructure (Other Functions not specifically listed in this Category)							
Corrective Action:								
Lessons(s) Learned:								
HQ Keywords:  HQ Summary:	01BInadequate Conduct of Operations - Loss of Configuration Management/Control 07DElectrical Systems - Electrical Wiring 08FOSHA Reportable/Industrial Hygiene - Industrial Operations Issues 08JOSHA Reportable/Industrial Hygiene - Near Miss (Electrical) 12CEH Categories - Electrical Safety 14DQuality Assurance - Documents and Records Deficiency 14EQuality Assurance - Work Process Deficiency While installing a storm drain and catch basin system a backhoe struck a PVC conduit containing energized 480-volt electrical wiring that controlled the motor for the perimeter fence on West Gate Drive. There were no injuries or indication of an energized electrical wiring strike. The area had been surveyed for buried utilities, but this particular conduit was not identified, nor marked. At the time of the incident, the conduit was thought to be landscape irrigation control wiring. Work on the West Gate pathway project was immediately stopped; the damaged conduit was locked out and							
Similar OR Report Number:								
Facility Manager:	Name Harold Conner Phone (925) 422-5786 Title Facilities & Infrastructure Associate Director							
Originator:	Name Freeman, Jeffrey W Phone (925) 424-6787 Title OCCURRENCE REPORTING							

HQ OC Notification:	Date	Time	Person Notifi	ed Organization				
		NA	NA NA	NA				
Other Notifications:								
Other Nouncations.		ate	Time	Person Notified	Organization			
			10:45 (PTZ)	Ellen Raber	LEDO			
	11/05	5/2007	10:50 (PTZ)	Allen Macenski	ESH&Q			
	11/05	5/2007	10:53 (PTZ)	Steve McConnell fo Tl	L ES&H TL			
	11/05	5/2007	11:00 (PTZ)	Roy Kearns	NNSA/LSO			
<b>Authorized Classifier(AC):</b>								
5)Report Number:	SCP	NSO-	PNNL-PNNL	BOPER-2007-0012 Aft	ter 2003 Redesign			
Secretarial Office:	Scien	ce						
Lab/Site/Org:	Pacifi	c Nort	hwest Nationa	l Laboratory				
Facility Name:	Energ	y Rese	earch Program	s (PNNL)				
Subject/Title:	Work	er Dril	ls Into an Elec	etrical Conduit (120 V)				
Date/Time Discovered:	11/08	/2007	15:45 (PTZ)					
Date/Time Categorized:		/2007	17:48 (PTZ)					
Report Type:	Final							
Report Dates:	Notification 11/12/2007 11:24 (ETZ)							
	Initia	l Upda	ate	12/19/2007	12:50 (ETZ)			
	Lates	st Upda	ate	12/19/2007	12:50 (ETZ)			
	Final			12/19/2007	12:50 (ETZ)			
Significance Category:	3							
Reporting Criteria:	2C(2)	- Fail	ure to follow a	prescribed hazardous	energy control process			
	` /			site condition that resul	2, 1			
					ource (e.g., live electrical			
	-				eriterion does not include			
	discoveries made by zero-energy checks and other precautionary investigations made before work is authorized to begin.							
		U			8			
Cause Codes:				ons Less Than Adequat				
	Communications LTA; Communication between work groups LTA A5B2C08 - Communications Less Than Adequate (LTA); Written							
				TA; Incomplete / situa				
ISM:				Continuous Improveme				
<b>Subcontractor Involved:</b>	No			1				
Occurrence Description:		ovemb	er 8, 2007, at	1545 hours, a worker so	ecuring a storage cabinet to			
	a shee	etrock	wall in the EM	ISL 1011 corridor drille	ed into an electrical			
	condu	it. The	e 3/4" conduit	provided 120V, 15 amp	o, AC power to a duplex			

receptacle located in the corridor. There was no visible arc, the worker did not receive an electrical shock, and the circuit breakers did not trip. The worker utilized a cordless drill to drill into the sheetrock wall to the depth of the sheetrock. The worker then stopped as required by procedure and inspected the penetration. The worker observed what was believed to be a galvanized sheet-metal wall stud, but was actually a conduit routed up against the sheetrock. The worker proceeded to drill a 1/8" pilot hole and realized after inspecting the hole that he had drilled into the conduit.

No staff were injured.

## **Cause Description:**

 $A5B4C01-Verbal\ Communications\ LTA-Communications\ between\ work\ groups\ LTA$ 

Storage cabinets were delivered to EMSL and placed along the wall in the 1011 corridor where they were would later be secured to the sheetrock. One of the storage cabinets was placed in front of a floor level receptacle hiding it from view. Therefore, the Carpenter and he did not see the receptacle before starting the installation of the cabinets. Consequently, a 1/8" hole was drilled in a 3/4" conduit containing energized 120V power that was located in the wall behind the sheetrock. (See corrective action # 3.)

A5B2C08 – Written Communications Content LTA -- Incomplete / Situation not Covered

SBMS requirements for blind penetrations were inadequate. The requirements do not adequately address situations where the intent is to penetrate a structural member in a hollow wall, ceiling or floor. The procedure did not specify to stop work if metal was encountered. In this event, the worker assumed he was drilling into a metal wall stud which is common and may be a preferred method of anchoring. Additional controls and review are needed when the penetration is intended to penetrate structural members in hollow walls, floors or ceilings. (See corrective action # 2.)

Note: the methodology used to determine causal factors was DOE Guide 231.1-2, Occurrence Reporting Causal Analysis Guide.

**Operating Conditions:** 

N/A

**Activity Category:** 

Maintenance

**Immediate Action(s):** 

Work was immediately stopped and the incident was reported to the work supervisor. The Building Engineer and Building Manager were notified and the circuit was locked and tagged out of service. A critique was held on November 9, 2007 and concluded existing procedures for Class I blind penetrations were less than adequate to prevent this event. Facility Operations and Engineering issued a Standing Order to require additional

review whenever metallic materials are identified with hollow wall Class I blind penetrations.

### **FM Evaluation:**

Numerous storage cabinets (50+) had been installed and anchored in this hallway in the past without incident. The staff member had been trained to the appropriate procedures and work practices and had installed most of the cabinets in this hallway in the past, using both metal stud, and hollow wall anchoring devices in the performance of this activity.

Although the staff member was not injured, the potential for harm and the possibility of damage caused by drilling into conduits containing energized conductors is a serious concern. The existing procedure does not adequately address a situation where the worker intends to penetrate a structural member in a hollow wall, cavity or floor. Appropriate controls for this situation, including adequate verification that the contacted metal object was indeed a metal stud and free of other hazards are needed.

Review of Similar Occurrences (see Item 37):

#### SC-RL--PNNL-PNNLBOPER-2004-0001

In this occurrence, the staff member was drilling a blind penetration in a solid concrete floor and a 110 volt electrical lighting circuit was cut causing the circuit breaker to trip. A floor scan had been performed for this activity and the embedded material was believed to be rebar. While similar in some respects, specific methodologies and work controls for blind penetrations of the nature described in this occurrence (solid concrete floor versus hollow sheetrock wall) are very different, requiring development of a formal permit, scanning, increased PPE, and very clear steps for verifying exact identity of metallic objects contacted during penetration.

## SC-RL--PNNL-PNNLBOPER-2004-0013

In this occurrence, a worker severed a de-energized electrical conduit while using a circular saw to cut a hole in a hollow wall cavity. In this instance, the worker did not set the saw to the depth of the surface material and did not remove insulation material which blocked view of the conduit. Current controls for this type of activity would preclude the event if followed.

<b>DOE Facility Representative</b>	
Input:	
DOE Program Manager	
Input:	
Further Evaluation is	No
Required:	
Division or Project:	Facilities & Operations/Operational Systems
Plant Area:	RCHN Area

System/Building/Equipment:	EMSL					
Facility Function:	Laboratory - Research & Development					
Corrective Action 01:	Target Completion Date: 12/31/2007 Tracking ID: ATS # 20243.17.1					
	Evaluate wall scanning technology to distinguish studs from electrical conduit or other energized system.					
Corrective Action 02:	Target Completion Date:03/31/2008 Tracking ID:ATS # 20243.17.2					
	Review the SBMS Procedure for Blind Penetrations for applicable requirements and revise the Subject Area as necessary.					
Corrective Action 03:	Target Completion Date:01/31/2008 Tracking ID:ATS # 20243.17.3					
	Develop and issue Lessons Learned for sharing with Maintenance and Fabrication Services staff.					
Lessons(s) Learned:	While performing blind penetrations further verification of metallic objects should be investigated before proceeding. Anchoring into metal studs is a common and sometimes preferred anchoring method and positive verification is needed while performing these types of activities. To err on the side of caution to protect the worker's safety is paramount.					
HQ Keywords:	<ul> <li>01GInadequate Conduct of Operations - Inadequate Procedure</li> <li>01MInadequate Conduct of Operations - Inadequate Job Planning</li> <li>(Electrical)</li> <li>07DElectrical Systems - Electrical Wiring</li> <li>12CEH Categories - Electrical Safety</li> <li>13EManagement Concerns - Facility Call Sheet</li> <li>14DQuality Assurance - Documents and Records Deficiency</li> <li>14EQuality Assurance - Work Process Deficiency</li> </ul>					
HQ Summary:	A worker securing a storage cabinet to sheetrock wall in the EMSL 1011 Corridor drilled into an electrical conduit containing energized conductors. The "ú-inch conduit provided 120V, 15 AMP, AC power to a duplex receptacle located in the corridor. There was no visible arc; the worker did not receive an electrical shock; and the circuit breakers did not trip. The worker observed what was believed to be a galvanized sheet-metal wall stud that was actually a conduit routed up against the sheetrock. The worker proceeded to drill a "û-inch pilot hole and realized after inspecting the hole he had drilled into a conduit. Work was immediately stopped, notifications were made, and a critique was held.					
Similar OR Report Number:	1. SC-RLPNNL-PNNLBOPER-2004-0001					
Facility Managary	2. SC-RLPNNL-PNNLBOPER-2004-0013					
Facility Manager:	Name Berger, J. E. Phone (509) 371-7959					
	Title Mgr., Maintenance and Fabrication Services					
Originator:	Name POLLARI, ROGER A					

	Phon Title	Phone (509) 376-2200 Title				
<b>HQ OC Notification:</b>	Date	Time	Person Notifi	ed (	Organization	
	NA	NA	NA		NA	
Other Notifications:	Date		Time	Pers	son Notified	Organization
	11/08	3/2007	17:52 (PTZ)	Hig	ggins, R. L.	PNSO
<b>Authorized Classifier(AC):</b>	Pollar	i, R. A	. Date: 12/	19/2	2007	

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Please include detailed information when reporting problems.