# IMPACT OF DEPLOYMENT ON THE HEALTH OF SERVICE MEMBERS AND THEIR FAMILIES – WHY CLINICIANS SHOULD ASK

Clinician Outreach and Communication Activity (COCA)
Conference Call
September 21, 2010



### Objectives

### At the conclusion of this hour, each participant should be able to:

- Describe at least three ways in which impending deployment may impact a patient's health.
- Describe at least three ways in which impending deployment may impact a patient's family's health
- Describe at least three ways in which a past deployment may impact a patient's health
- Describe at least three ways in which a past deployment may impact the health of patient's family's health
- State at least two strategies clinicians may use that incorporate the assessment of deployment-related health issues

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#### **TODAY'S PRESENTERS**

Marc A. Safran, MD, MPA (Moderator)
CAPT, U.S. Public Health Service
Chair, CDC Mental Health Work Group

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

### David S. Riggs, Ph.D.

Executive Director, Center for Deployment Psychology Research Associate Professor Department of Medical and Clinical Psychology Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences

### Vikas Kapil, DO, MPH, FACOEM

**Associate Director of Science, Division of Injury Response Centers for Disease Control and Prevention** 

#### Ruth Perou, PhD

**Child Development Studies Team Leader Centers for Disease Control and Prevention** 

### **Agenda**

Introduction – Why Clinicians Should Ask - Dr. Marc Safran (moderator)

**Behavioral Health Issues Related to Deployment - Dr. David Riggs** 

**Traumatic Brain Injury – Dr. Vikas Kapil** 

Family and Child Issues - Dr. Ruth Perou

**Discussion, Questions, and Answers – Presenters and audience** 

### Impact of Deployment on the Health of Service Members and Their Families

### Why Clinicians Should Ask

Marc Safran, MD, MPA

CAPT, U.S. Public Health Service
Chair, CDC Mental Health Work Group



Clinician Outreach Communication Activity, September 21, 2010

Introduction

Why clinicians should ask if a patient or family member has been or may be deployed.

### **Examples of How Deployment may impact Health**

- Behavioral health issues
- Traumatic brain injury
- Other injuries
- Infectious diseases
- Toxic exposures
- Nutritional changes
- Medication side effects
- Other general medical issues
- Family and child Issues

If the clinician doesn't ask...

A lot may be missed.





### The Impact of Deployment on Service Members and Their Family Members

David Riggs, Ph.D.

Executive Director

Center for Deployment Psychology



The findings and conclusions in this presentation are those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention



### The Impact of Deployment



Approximately
4 Million
Parents have had a child
Deployed

Approximately
2 Million
Service Members
Deployed

Approximately
2 Million
People with a
Sibling
Who has Deployed

Approximately
1 Million
Spouses Coping with
Deployment

Approximately
2 Million
Children have had
a Parent Deployed

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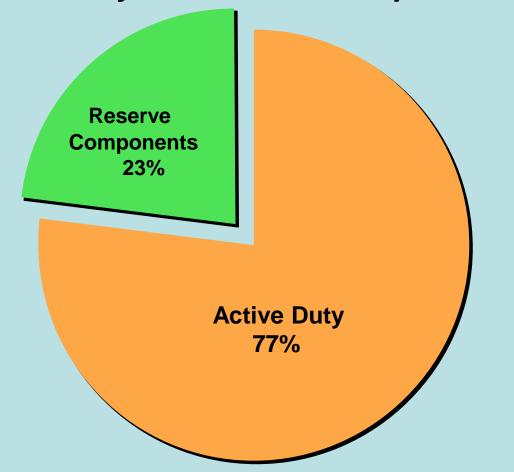


### **Total Deployed to OIF & OEF**



1,991,578 as of 31 AUG 2009

### **Active Duty vs Reserve Components**

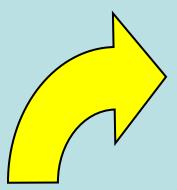






### Pre-Deployment



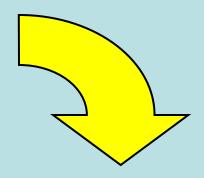


## Return from Deployment

Reunion Reintegration

### **Pre-deployment**

Notification Preparation Training



### **Deployment**

Departure
Sustainment
Combat and conflict



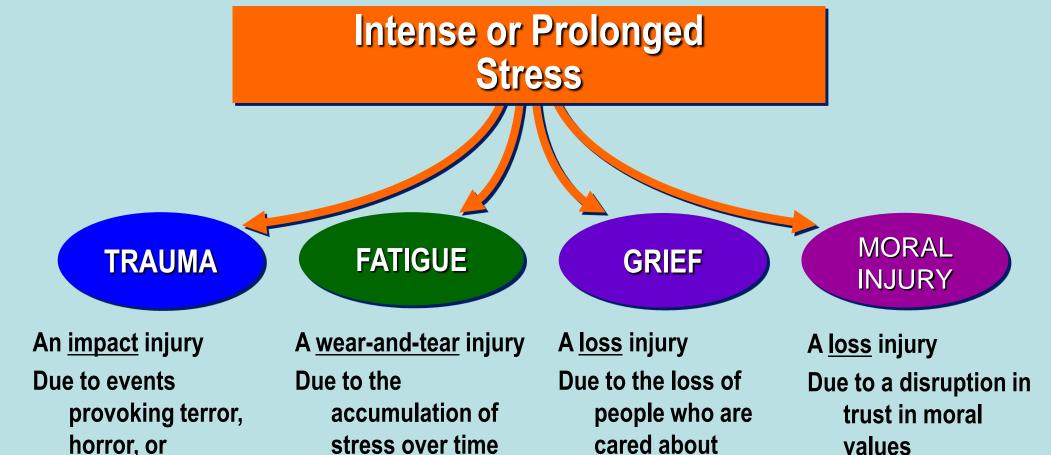


helplessness

### Stress Injury Mechanisms

US

(Briefing by Capt Koffman, 2008)

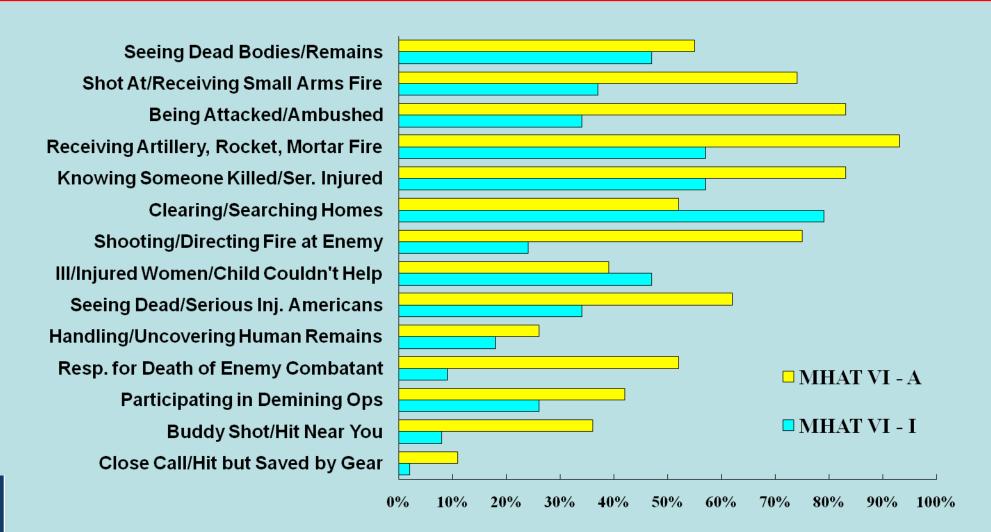




## Combat Exposure in Iraq and Afghanistan



Reports from MHAT-VI

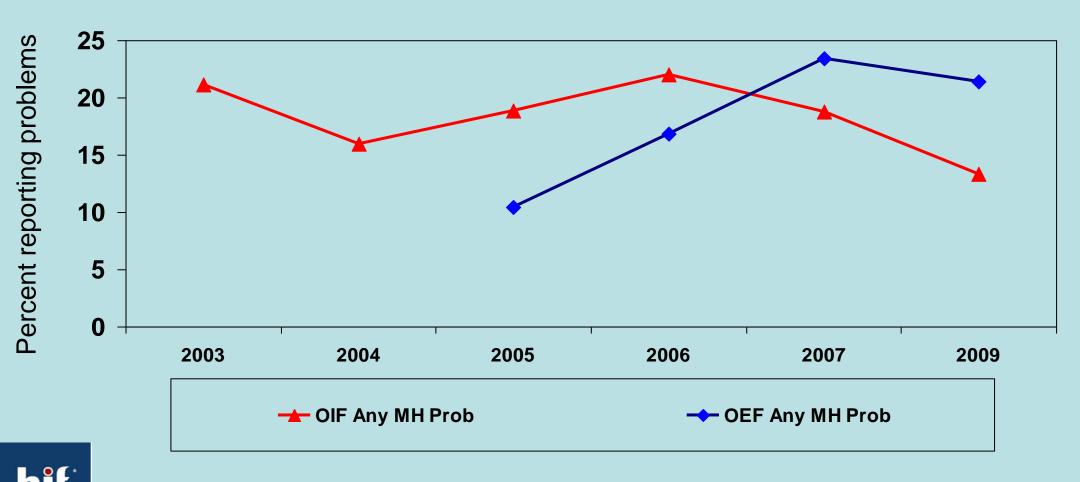






## Behavioral Health Data from MHAT-VI Report







### Reintegration



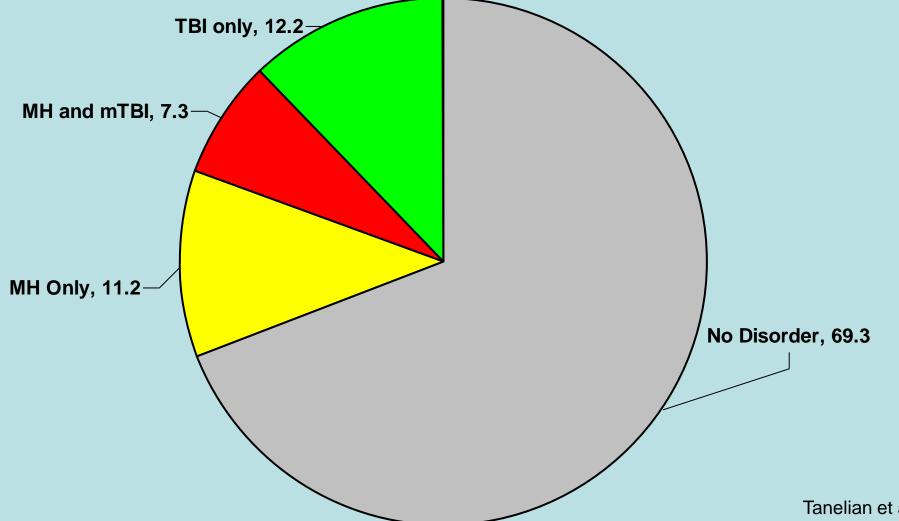
- 5 critical challenges / tasks service member needs to master
  - 1. Overcome alienation
  - 2. Move from simplicity to complexity
  - 3. Replace war with another form of high
  - 4. Move beyond war and find meaning in life
  - 5. Come to peace w/self, God, and others





### **Emotional Distress Reported** from RAND Report



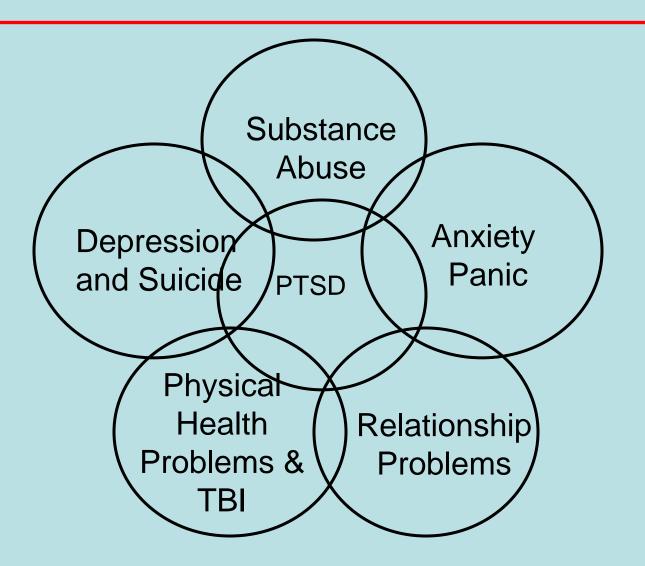






### Co-Occurring Problems



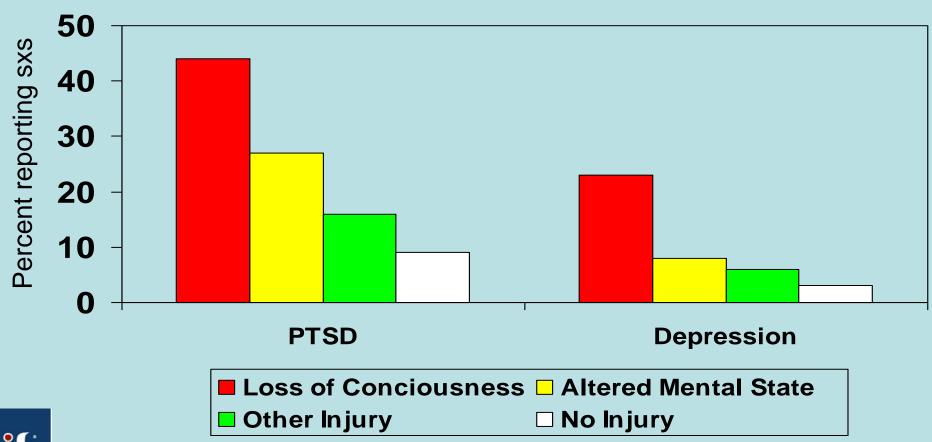






### PTSD and TBI







## There is substantial symptom overlap in mTBI, pain, PTSD, SUD, depression

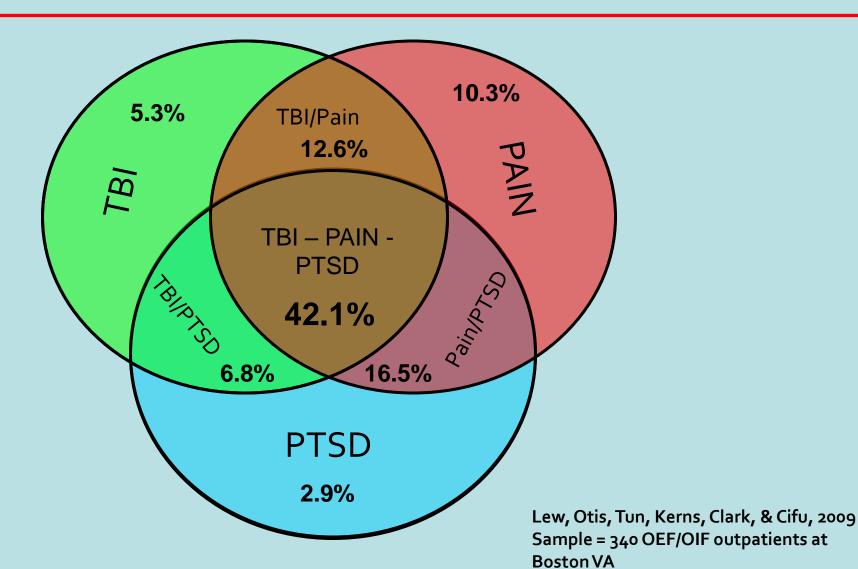


PCS Symptoms*	Mild TBI	PTSD	Chronic Pain	SUD	Depression
Memory impairment	√	V	V	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$
Concentration problems	√	V	V	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$
Irritability	√	V	V	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$
Insomnia/Sleep Problems	√	V	V	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$
Fatigue	√	V	V	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$
Headache	√	?	V	<b>√</b>	-
Dizziness	√	-	V	?	-
Intolerance of stress, emotion	√	√	√	<b>V</b>	√
Affective disturbance	√	V	V	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$
Personality change	√	V	V	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$
Apathy	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	√
Hypervigilence	-	√	-	?	-
Nightmares	-	V	-	-	?
Intrusive memories	-	V	-	-	-
Sensitivity to light or noise	√	-	?	?	-
Nausea or vomiting	√	-	?	?	-



### **Post-Deployment Disorders**









## Primary Care in the Military It's where Soldiers get their care



- Mean primary care use is 3.4 visits per year
- 88-94% have one or more visits per year
- Opportunity to...
  - Reduce stigma
  - Reduce barriers & unmet needs
  - Intervene early



### **Overview of Traumatic Brain Injury**

Vikas Kapil, DO, MPH, FACOEM
Associate Director for Science
Division of Injury Response
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention



### **Traumatic Brain Injury**

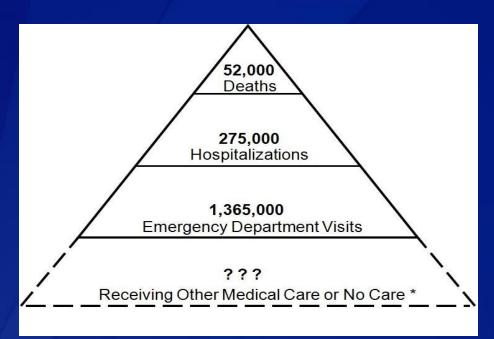
 A TBI is a bump, blow or jolt to the head or a penetrating head injury that disrupts the normal brain function

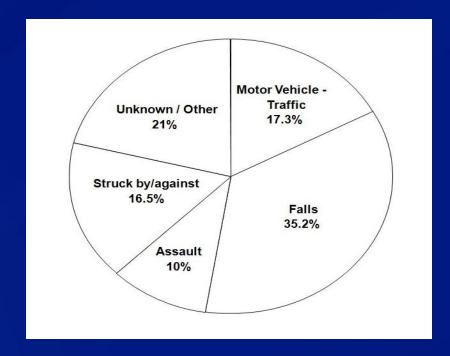
Does NOT require direct impact to the head

 Most cases recover fully without treatment however some may have longer lasting sequelae

### **TBI in the United States**

 Approx. 1.7 million TBIs annually Causes of TBI





CDC Report (2010): Traumatic Brain Injury in the United States, 2002-2006

### Some Signs and Symptoms of TBI

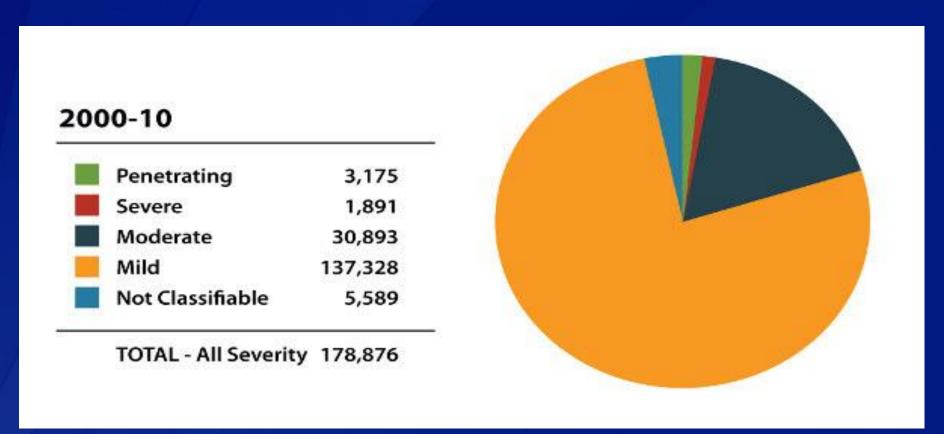
- Headache
- Nausea, vomiting
- Balance complaints
- Vision disturbance
- Memory complaints
- Irritability
- Difficulty concentrating
- Sleep disturbance

### **TBI in the Military**

 TBI has been called the "signature injury" of the current conflicts in Iraq and Afghanistan

 Since 2001, approximately 1.6 million military personnel have been deployed to OIF and OEF

## Confirmed TBI among Military Members



Source: Defense Medical Surveillance System (DMSS) and Theater Medical Data Store (TMDS)/ Armed Forces Health Surveillance Center (AFHSC)

## Important Causes of TBI in the US Military

- Blast injury (primary, secondary or tertiary)
- Other penetrating head injury
- Falls
- Motor vehicle crashes
- Assaults

Source: DVBIC.ORG/TBI

### Challenges in Management of TBI Among Military Personnel

- Accuracy of diagnosis (overlapping symptoms)
- Remote history of injury, cognitive impairment
- Desire to return to active duty
- Risk of repetitive mTBI or recurrent impact while still symptomatic

## Key Summary Points in the Care of Patients

- Ask patients about history of military service and potential TBI (including possible primary blast injury)
- Be alert for overlapping and sometimes long duration of varying s/s which may be confused with a variety of other conditions
- Seek appropriate imaging, specialty consultation, neuropsychological assessment etc. if TBI and/or sequelae suspected

### Thank You!

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#### For more information please contact Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

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The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.



## Impact of Deployment on the Health of Service Members and Their Families – Why Clinicians Should Ask: Family and Child Issues

Ruth Perou, PhD

Child Development Studies Team Leader

Clinician Outreach Communication Activity (COCA) Teleconference Centers for Disease Control and Prevention September 21, 2010, 1:00 PM to 2:00 PM EST



#### "If you want to honor a service member, the best way to accomplish this is to honor and support their legacy, their children."

COL Elisabeth Stafford, MD, FAAP, FSAM, Career-long Military Child Advocate, Pediatrician, and Adolescent Medicine Specialist











## Military Families Demographics

- Almost 2 million children living in military families
- 43% of Active Duty Military Families with children:
  - 35.1% Married to civilian
  - 5.2% Single
  - 2.9% Dual military with children
- Largest percent of children are between birth and five years of age (41.0%)
  - 31.4% 6-11 yrs
  - 23.8% -12-18 yrs
  - 3.8% 19-23 yrs

## Impact of Deployment on Families

- Deployed primary caretaker is most stressful event for children
- Strain on parent left behind
- Exposure to life-changing stressors challenging ability to reintegrate on return
- Disruptive to civilian life
- Family functioning is affected by combat exposure
- Rates of child neglect (twofold increase) and maltreatment are elevated especially for young families
- Wives of deployed soldiers have higher rates of mental health issues

# Impact of Deployments on Children's Health & Well-being

- Emotional and behavioral difficulties
  - Sadness, Anxiety, Anger, Symptoms consistent with depression, Loneliness, Numbness, Feeling overwhelmed, poor coping
- School performance/academic problems
- Peer-related difficulties
- Disrespecting parents and authority figures
- Sleep disturbances
- Health complaints
  - higher heart rates and systolic blood pressures

# Response of Children to Stress and Separation

- Infants (Birth 12 months) may respond to disruptions with decreased appetite, weight loss, irritability and/or apathy.
- Toddlers (one-three yrs.) may become sullen, tearful, throw temper tantrums or develop sleep problems.
- Preschoolers (three-six yrs.) their behavior may regress in areas such as toilet training, sleep, separation fears, physical complaints, or thumb sucking.
- School age children (6-12 yrs.) may show irritable behavior, aggression or whininess. And may become more regressed and fearful about parents' safety
- Teenagers (13-18 yrs.) may be rebellious, irritable or more challenging of authority. Parents need to be alert to high-risk behaviors such as problems with the law, sexual acting out, and drug/alcohol abuse.

\*http://www.aacap.org/cs/military\_families/faqs#question4; Copyright ©2009 - American Academy of Child Adolescent Psychiatry

### Transitions: Protective Factors

- Resilience plays major factor in deployment
  - Most families "rise to the occasion"
  - Family readiness is a key factor
  - Feeling connected and supported
- Family preparedness for deployment
- Mental health status of at-home parent
- Active Coping Style
  - Accept military life style
  - Are optimistic and self reliant
  - Adopt to flexible gender roles

### Transitions: Risk Factors

- History of rigid coping styles
- Family dysfunction
- Young families (especially first military separation)
- Families recently moved to new duty station
- Foreign born spouse
- Families with young children
- Families without unit affiliation
- Pregnancy
- Dual career/single parents

## What can you do?

- Develop awareness of the presence of military children and families within your communities and practices
- Consider screening children at check-in to see if they are members of a military family
- Develop knowledge about the culture of military
  - Engage youth and families in a way that will allow them to share their true concerns

## What can you do?

- Child health issues may be the entry point for Family health
  - Consider screening the non-deployed parent for psychosocial stressors and functional impairment
  - Consider discussing Service-member health issues
- Monitor mental health pre, during, and post deployment
- Discuss resources with the family

#### **Resources: Overarching**

- U. S. Department of Veterans Affairs
  - Mental Health home page <a href="http://www.mentalhealth.va.gov/Services.asp">http://www.mentalhealth.va.gov/Services.asp</a>
  - National Center for PTSD <a href="http://www.ptsd.va.gov">http://www.ptsd.va.gov</a>
  - Vet Centers <a href="http://www2.va.gov/directory/guide/vetcenter.asp">http://www2.va.gov/directory/guide/vetcenter.asp</a>
- U.S. Department of Defense Military Health System Mental Health home page http://www.health.mil/Themes/Mental\_Health.aspx
- Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration Veterans home page <a href="http://www.samhsa.gov/vets">http://www.samhsa.gov/vets</a>
- Defense Centers of Excellence For Psychological Health and Traumatic Brain Injury (DCoE)
   <a href="http://www.dcoe.health.mil/Default.aspx">http://www.dcoe.health.mil/Default.aspx</a>
- Real Warriors Campaign <a href="http://www.realwarriors.net">http://www.realwarriors.net</a>
- Wounded Warrior Project <a href="https://www.woundedwarriorproject.org/content/view/415/876/">https://www.woundedwarriorproject.org/content/view/415/876/</a>
- AAP Section on Uniformed Services (Deployment)
   http://www.aap.org/sections/uniformedservices/deployment/index.html

#### **Additional Resources**

- U.S. Army Medical Department Resilience Training <a href="https://www.resilience.army.mil/">https://www.resilience.army.mil/</a>
- Department Of Defense Deployment Health Clinical Center <a href="http://www.pdhealth.mil/clinicians/scp\_trackII.asp">http://www.pdhealth.mil/clinicians/scp\_trackII.asp</a>
- Understanding Military Culture When Treating PTSD, information for clinicians <a href="http://www.ptsd.va.gov/professional/ptsd101/flash-files/Military\_Culture/player.html">http://www.ptsd.va.gov/professional/ptsd101/flash-files/Military\_Culture/player.html</a>
- Military OneSource <u>www.militaryonesource.com</u>
- Iraq and Afghanistan Veterans of America <a href="http://iava.org">http://iava.org</a>
- Vets4Vets <a href="http://www.vets4vets.us">http://www.vets4vets.us</a>
- Vietnam Veterans of America <a href="http://vva.org">http://vva.org</a>
- Veterans Suicide Prevention Hotline 1-800-273-TALK, Veterans Press 1

## Resources: Family and Children

- National Military Family Association <a href="http://www.militaryfamily.org">http://www.militaryfamily.org</a>
- Blue Star Military Families <a href="http://www.bluestarfam.org">http://www.bluestarfam.org</a>
- Families Overcoming Under Stress <a href="http://www.focusproject.org">http://www.focusproject.org</a>
- Military Wives Network <a href="http://www.MilitaryWives.com">http://www.MilitaryWives.com</a>
- Tragedy Assistance Program for Survivors, Inc. <a href="http://www.taps.org">http://www.taps.org</a>
- Our Military Families, an organization for children of National Guard and Military Reserve families <a href="http://www.ourmilitarykids.org">http://www.ourmilitarykids.org</a>
- Operation Enduring Families, free, online family education curriculum for OIF/OEF families <a href="www.ouhsc.edu/oef">www.ouhsc.edu/oef</a>

## Resources: Family and Children

- Sesame Workshop Talk, Listen, Connect http://archive.sesameworkshop.org/tlc
- Seeds of Hope Books offers materials for teenagers in military families <a href="http://www.seedsofhopebooks.com">http://www.seedsofhopebooks.com</a>
- Zero To Three: Coming Together Around Military Families® (CTAMF)
   <a href="http://www.zerotothree.org/about-us/funded-projects/military-families/">http://www.zerotothree.org/about-us/funded-projects/military-families/</a>
- This Emotional Life <a href="http://www.pbs.org/thisemotionallife/military-families">http://www.pbs.org/thisemotionallife/military-families</a>

# Thank you. Ruth Perou rperou@cdc.gov

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#### Deployment Stages and Children's Responses

(Amen et al., 1988; Murray, 2002; Pincus et al., 2001; Stafford & Grady, 2003)

#### **Pre-Deployment**

Infants Fussy, changes in eating habits

Preschoolers Confused, saddened

School-Aged Saddened, angry or anxious

Adolescents Withdrawn, deny feelings about pending separation

**Deployment** 

Infants No research

Preschoolers Sadness, tantrums, changes in eating/elimination habits,

symptoms of separation anxiety may appear

School-Aged Increased somatic complaints, mood changes, decline in

school performance

Adolescents Angry, aloof, apathetic, acting out behaviors may increase,

loss of interest in normal activities, decline in school performance

**Post-Deployment** 

Infants May not recognize returning service member and be fearful

Preschoolers Happy and excited, but also experience anger at separation

School-Aged Happy and angry, often leading to acting out behaviors

Adolescents Defiant, disappointed if their contributions at home are not acknowledged

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