

Scalable Data Servers for Large Multivariate Volume Visualization

Presented by

Markus Glatter, Colin Mollenhour,
Jian Huang, and Jinzhu Gao

The University of Tennessee

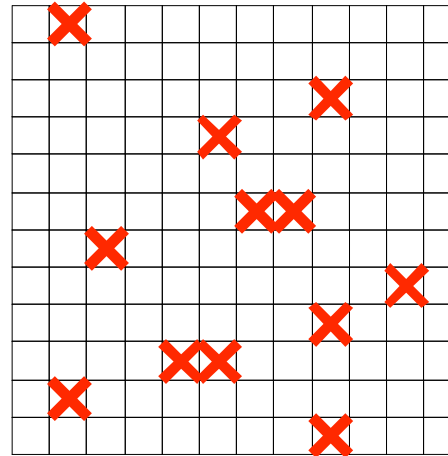


Motivation

- Volumetric multivariate time-varying datasets are often complex and massive in size.
- Efficient and interactive selection and visualization of subsets is not easily done, as datasets will not fit in core.
- Real-world example: astrophysics simulation of supernova generates 300 time steps of a spatial resolution of $864 \times 864 \times 864$ with multiple attributes stored at each voxel.
- Few systems can adequately support (interactive) visualization of such enormous datasets.

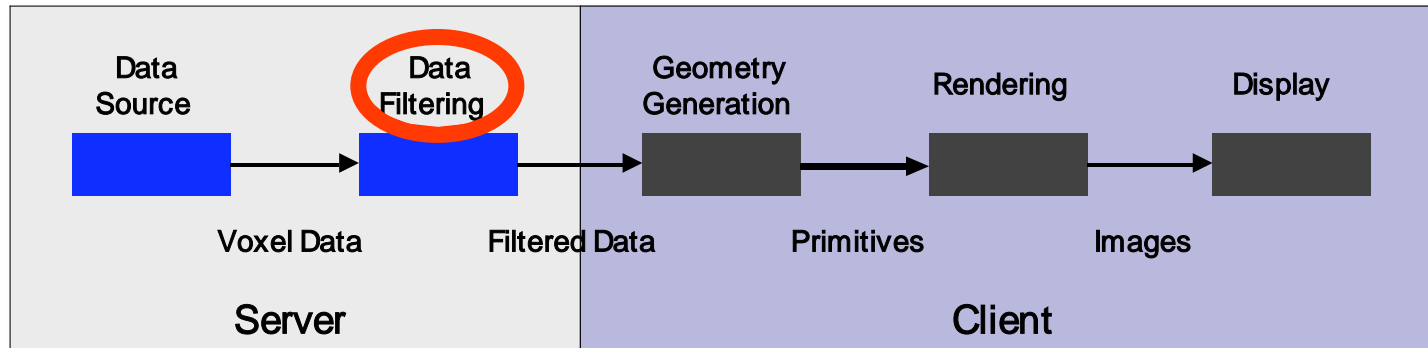
Our approach: Overview

Parallel data management and effective data culling



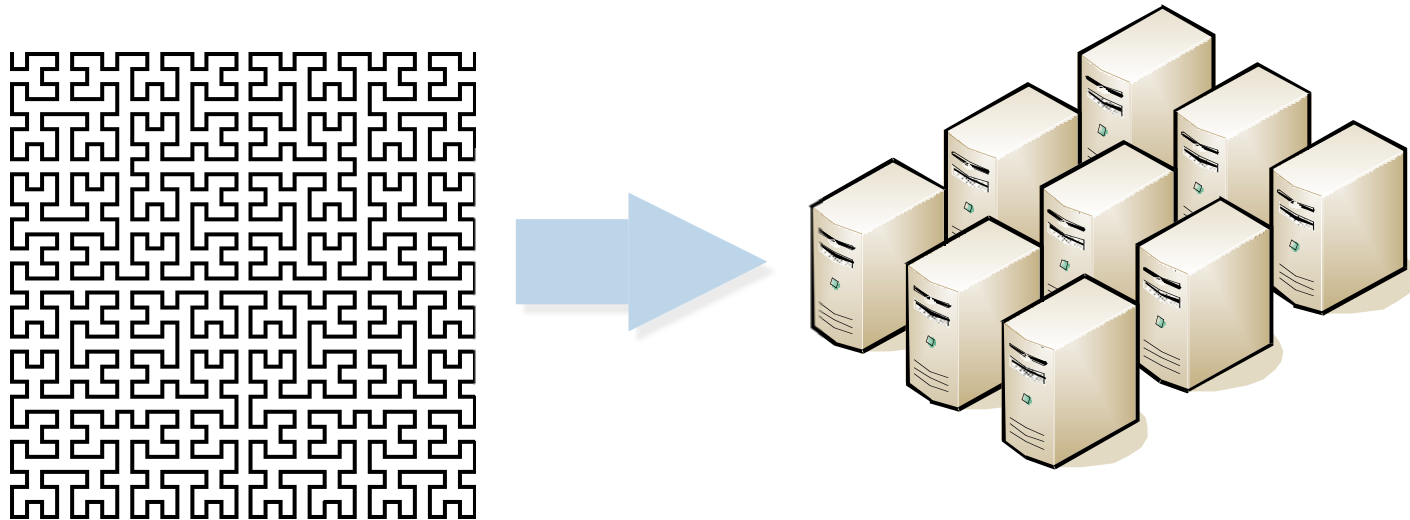
Data culling

- Parallel data culling on the granularity of individual voxels.
- Process is driven by compound boolean range queries.
- Cull unnecessary voxels as early in the visualization pipeline as possible, i.e., on the server side.



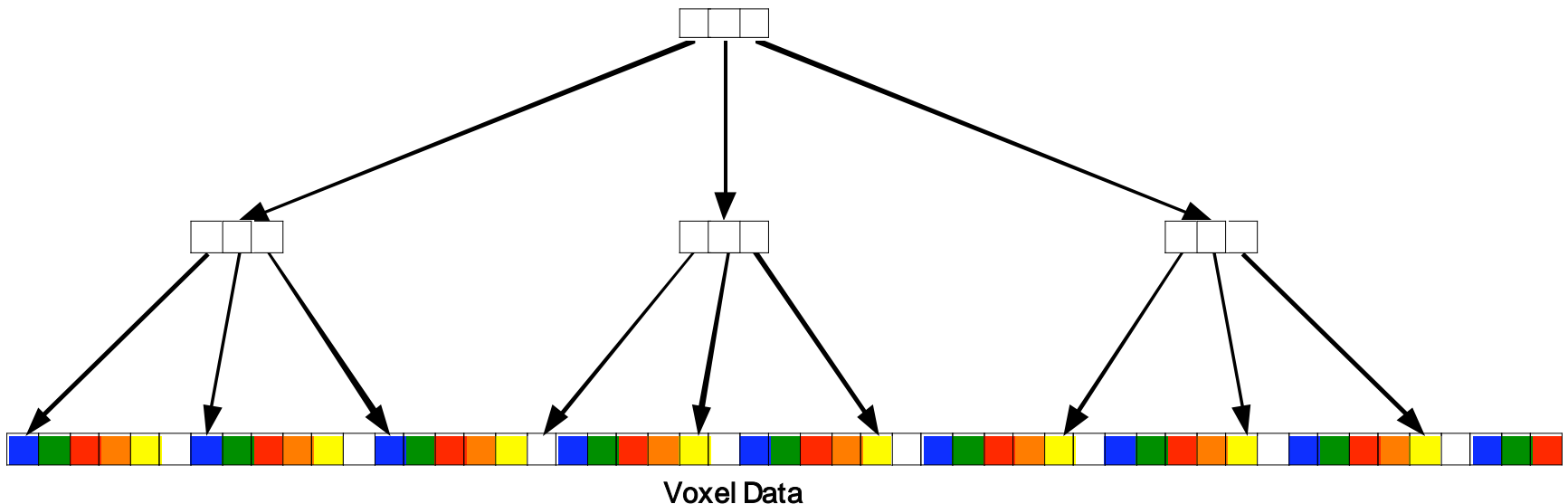
Parallel data management

- The entire dataset is distributed among a number of networked independent computers according to space filling curve order in the high-dimensional attribute space.
- Load-balancing can be achieved among data servers, independent of the range queries.



Parallel data management

- Each data server leverages a very compact data structure similar to B-tree to maintain all voxels distributed to it.
- Queries to a server can be responded to quickly with a query rate of 4.2 million relevant voxels per second across a local area network.

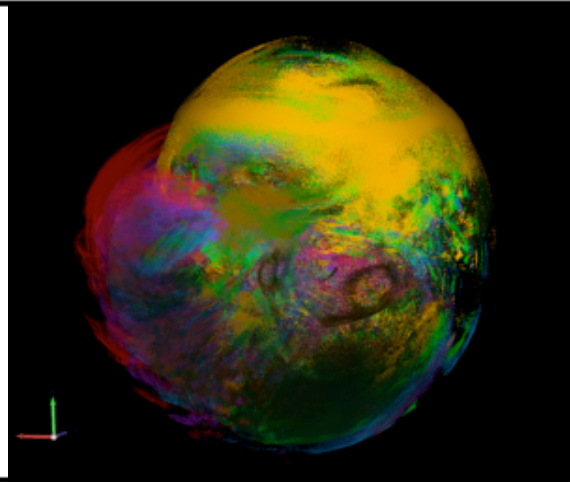


Requirements

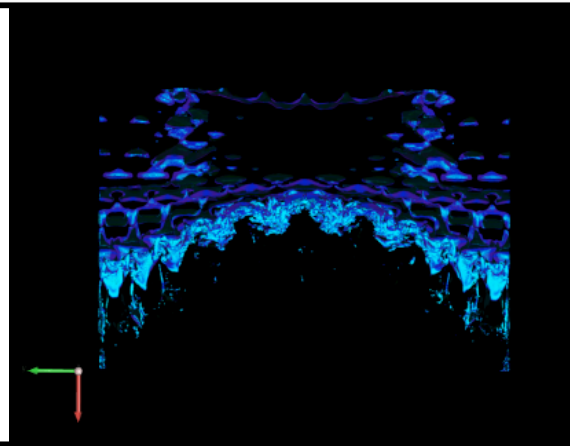
- **System of networked workstations without any special hardware or software.**
- **All data servers combined need to hold the entire dataset in main memory in a compressed form.**
- **Queries will need to fit into client's main memory to render.**
- **If requirements cannot be met, the system will still be operational, but performance will be hampered.**

Results—Datasets

**TSI—Time-varying (6 time steps),
Multivariate (11 attributes),
864x864x864
105 GB of raw data**



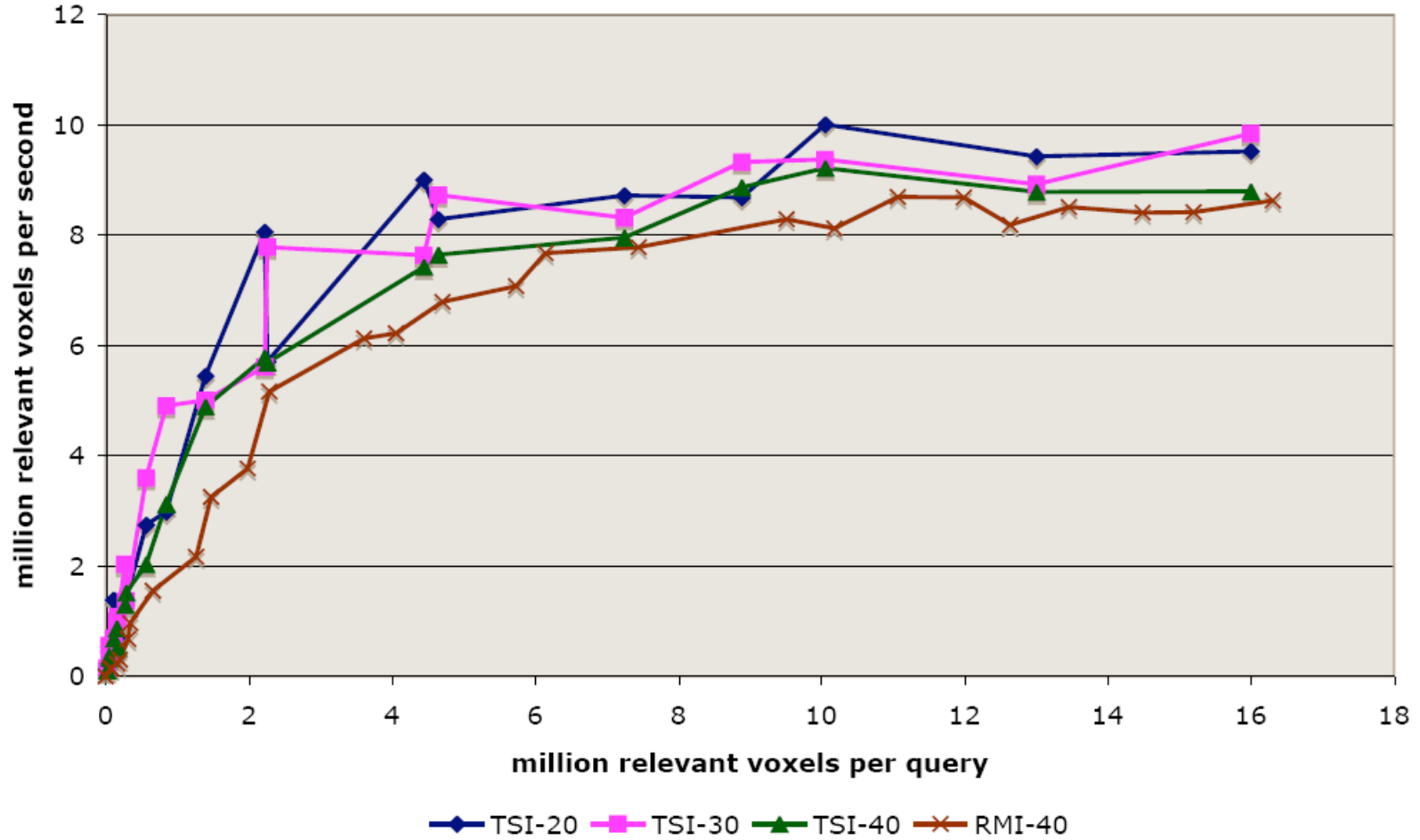
**RMI—Time-varying (3 time steps),
Multivariate (11 attributes),
1024x1024x960
82 GB of raw data**



Tests run with 20, 30, and 40 servers

Results

Querying Rates

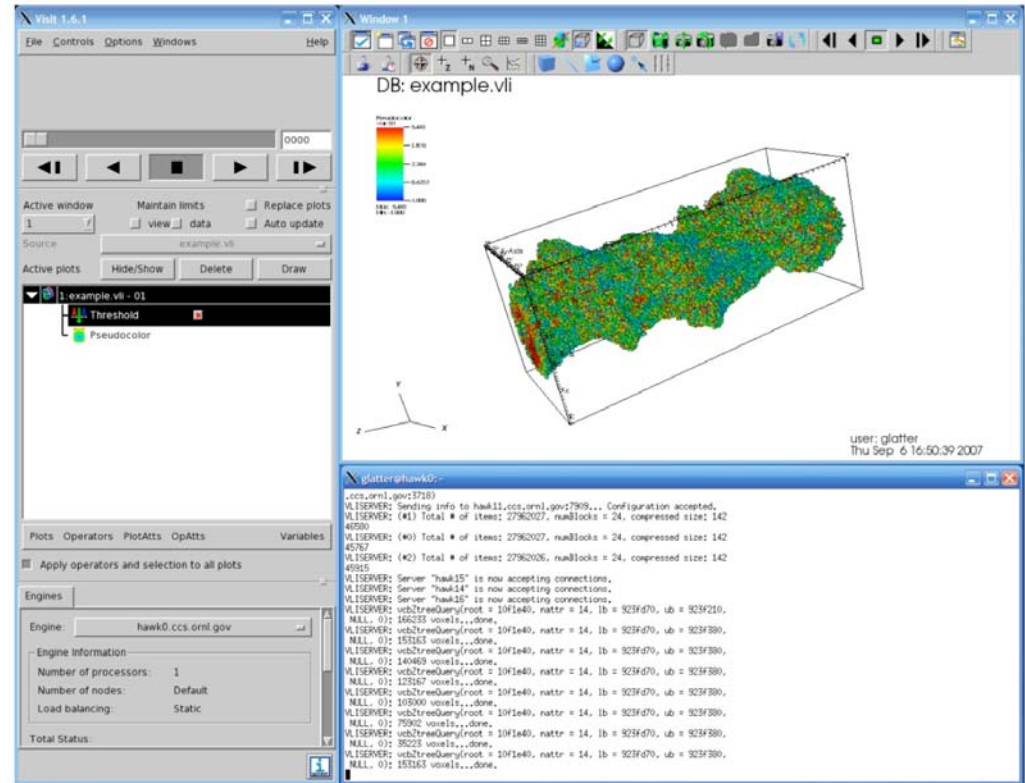


Results

- **Network seems to be the bottleneck of the system:**
 - Even with a Quadrics Elan3 network (single-direction bandwidth of 400 MB per second).
- **We can query at 144 MB/s or about 9 million voxels per second in parallel.**
- **The load imbalance among servers ranged between a mere 0.012% to 0.155% for medium and large queries.**

Integration into VisIt

Scalable data servers have been integrated into the free interactive parallel visualization tool VisIt as a module in version 1.7



<http://www.llnl.gov/visit>

Contact

Markus Glatter

The University of Tennessee, Knoxville

(865) 974-5400

glatter@cs.utk.edu

