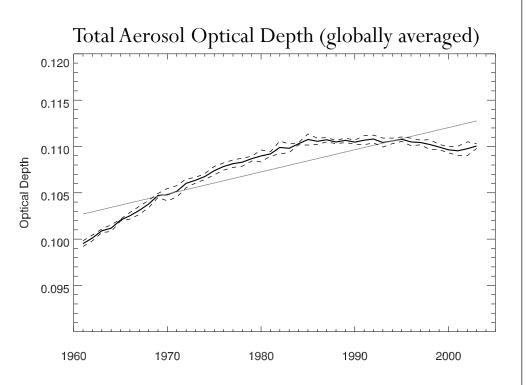
Direct and Semi-direct Effects of Aerosols on the Climate System

Salil Mahajan¹, Kate J. Evans¹, James J. Hack¹, John E. Truesdale²

¹Oak Ridge National Laboratory ²National Center for Atmospheric Research

Motivation and Outline

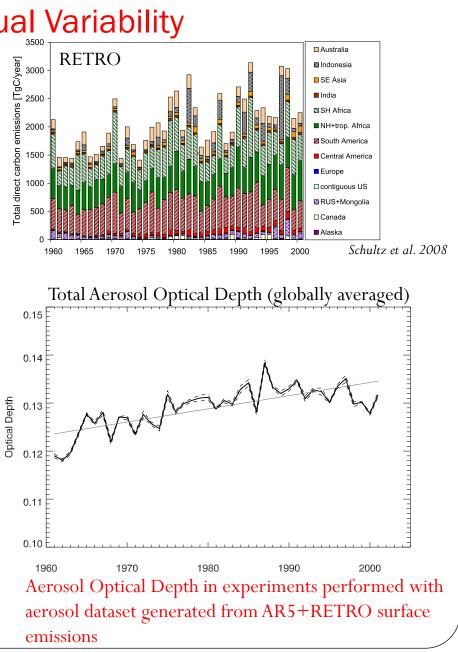
- Studies show aerosol-induced inter-annual variability in regional climate, e.g. Indian Monsoons, West African Monsoons [e.g. Huang et al. 2009]
- AR5 Surface Emissions:
 - Decadal temporal resolution
 - No inter-annual variability
- Outline:
 - Generate a high-resolution aerosol data with monthly temporal resolution
 - Realistic aerosol-induced radiative forcing
 - Study impacts of aerosol-induced variability in experiments using the new dataset
 - Tropical Atlantic
 - Role of thermodynamic feedbacks



Aerosol Optical Depth in experiments performed with aerosol dataset generated from AR5 surface emissions

Generating a High Resolution Tropospheric Aerosols Dataset, with Inter-annual Variability

- **RETRO** Emissions Dataset: (REanalysis of the TROpospheric chemical composition over the past 40 years, *Schultz et al. 2007*)
 - Wildfire emissions
 - Black Carbon, Organic Carbon
 - Sulfate
 - 0.5x0.5 resolution
- AR5 + RETRO Wildfire Emissions
 - Monthly surface emissions data from 1960-2000
- - Sulfur chemistry, wet and dry deposition, etc.
 - Forced with AR5+RETRO emissions
 - Global 3D tropospheric aerosol dataset
 - 0.9x1.25 resolution

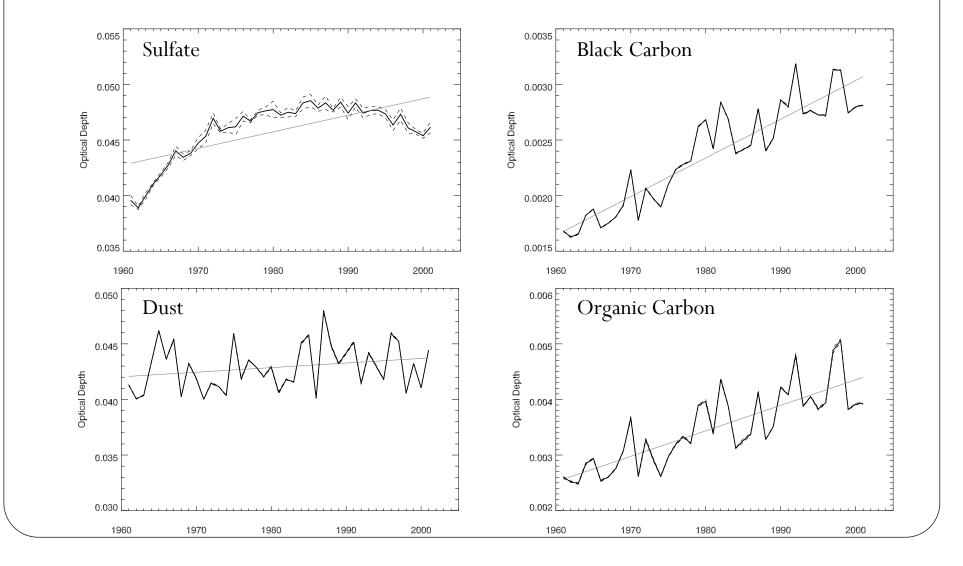


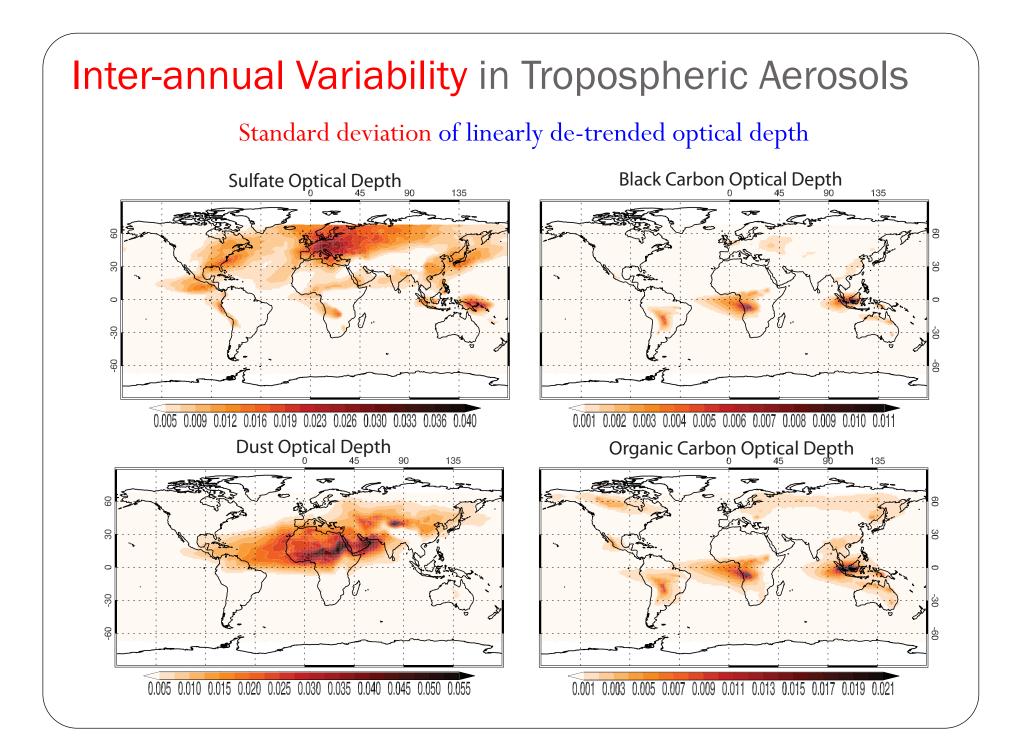
AMIP Simulations: High Resolution Tropospheric Aerosols Dataset

- Community Atmosphere Model (CAM4):
 - Spectral Dynamical Core
 - T85 spatial resolution
 - CAM4 Physics
 - Direct and Semi-direct aerosol effects
 - Sulfates, black carbon, organic carbon, dust and sea-salt
 - Hygroscopic growth
 - No aerosol-cloud micro-physics
- CAM4 AMIP Experiments:
 - Set 1: CAM4 prescribed with new AR5+RETRO dataset
 - CAM4-AMIP-20AERO (4 runs, 1960-2000)
 - Set 2: CAM4 prescribed with preindustrial estimate of aerosols
 - CAM4-AMIP-1850AERO (4 runs, 1960-2000)

Inter-annual Variability in Tropospheric Aerosols

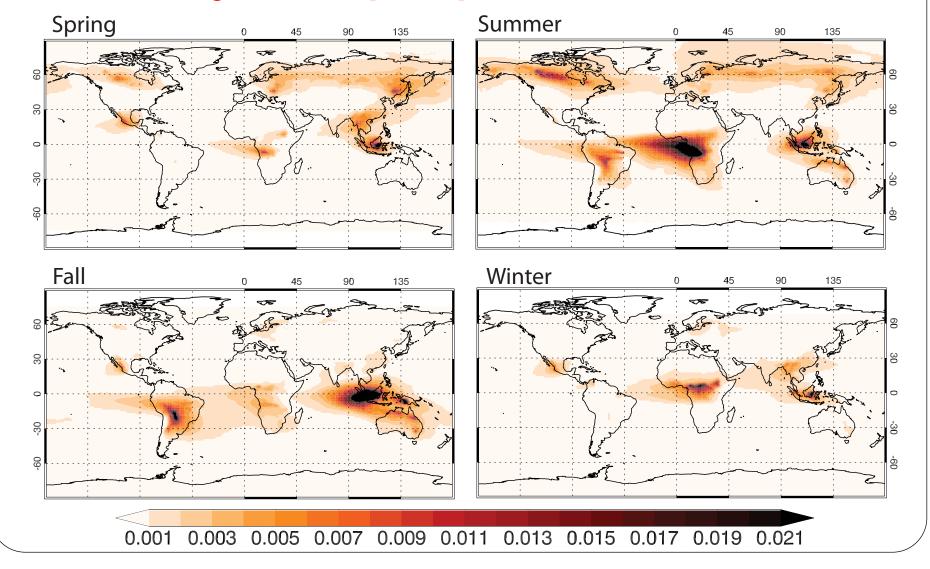
Optical Depth: Contributions from individual Aerosol species (CAM4-AMIP-2000AERO)





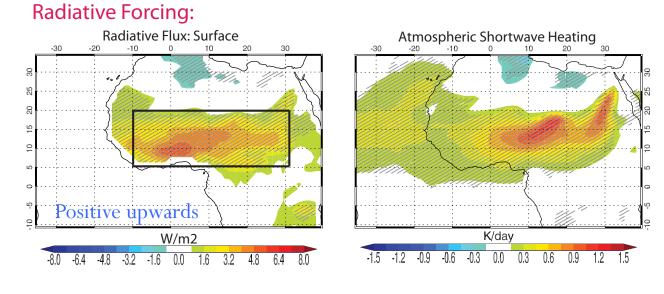
Inter-annual Variability in Tropospheric Aerosols

Standard deviation of linearly de-trended Organic Carbon optical depth for different seasons

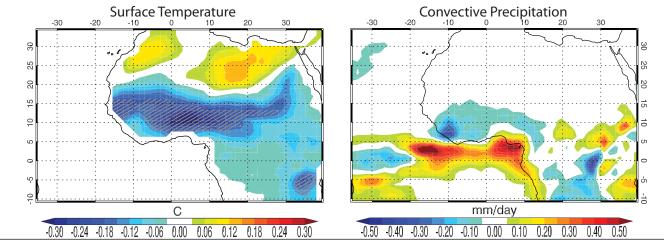


West Africa: Aerosol-induced Variability

Regression: West African Radiative Forcing and Surface Response on West African Dust Index time-series

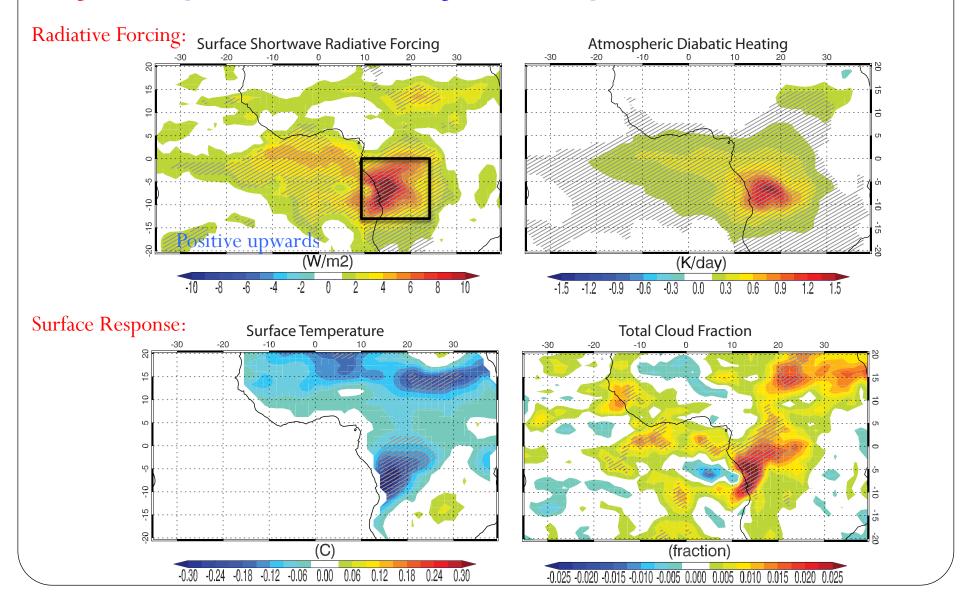


Surface Response:



South Tropical Atlantic: Aerosol-induced Variability

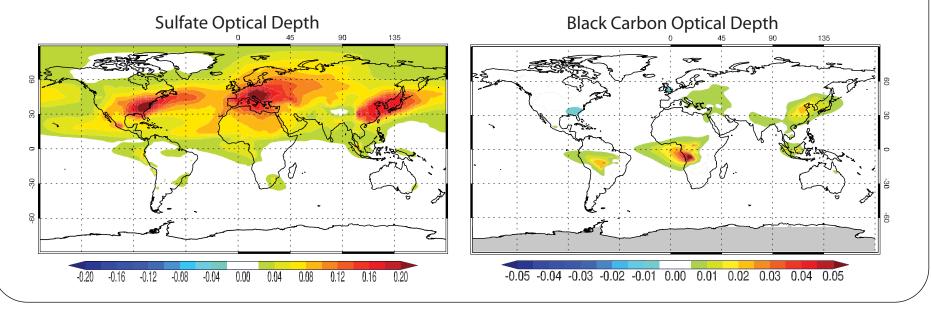
Regression: Tropical Atlantic Radiative Forcing and Surface Response on Black Carbon Index

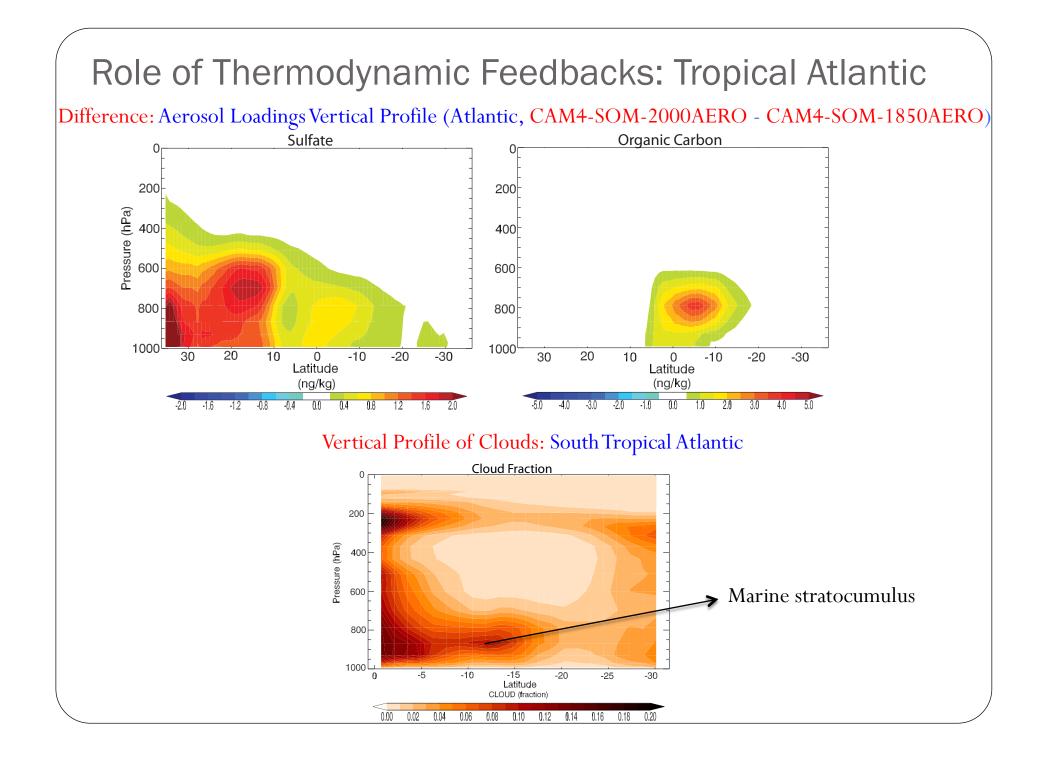


Role of Thermodynamic Feedbacks: Tropical Atlantic

- Experiments with CAM4-SOM (Slab Ocean Model)
 - CAM4-SOM-2000AERO:
 - Prescribed with present day tropospheric aerosol climatology (1981-2001)
 - CAM4-SOM-1850AERO:
 - Prescribed with 1850 aerosol climatology

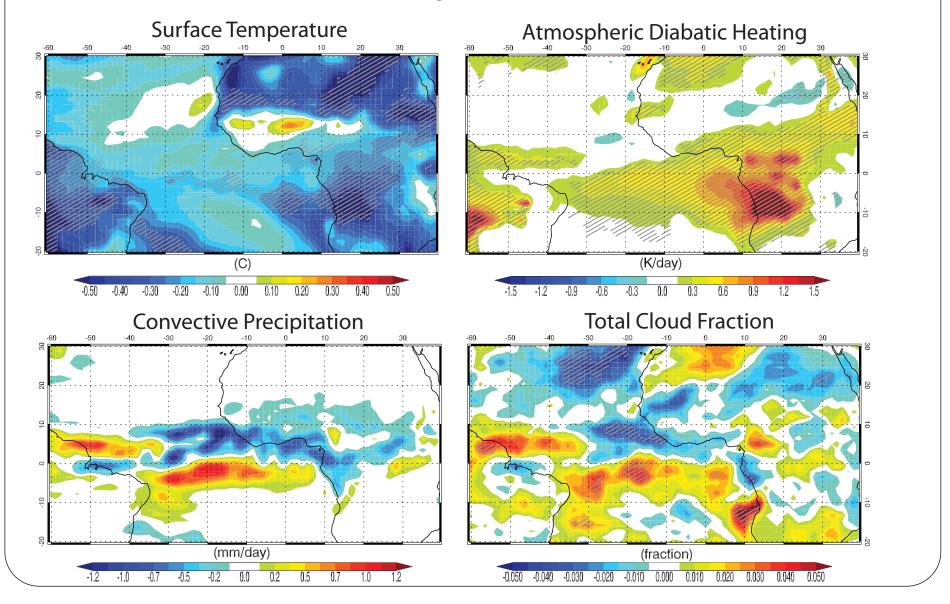
Difference: Aerosol optical depth (CAM4-SOM-2000AERO - CAM4-SOM-1850AERO)

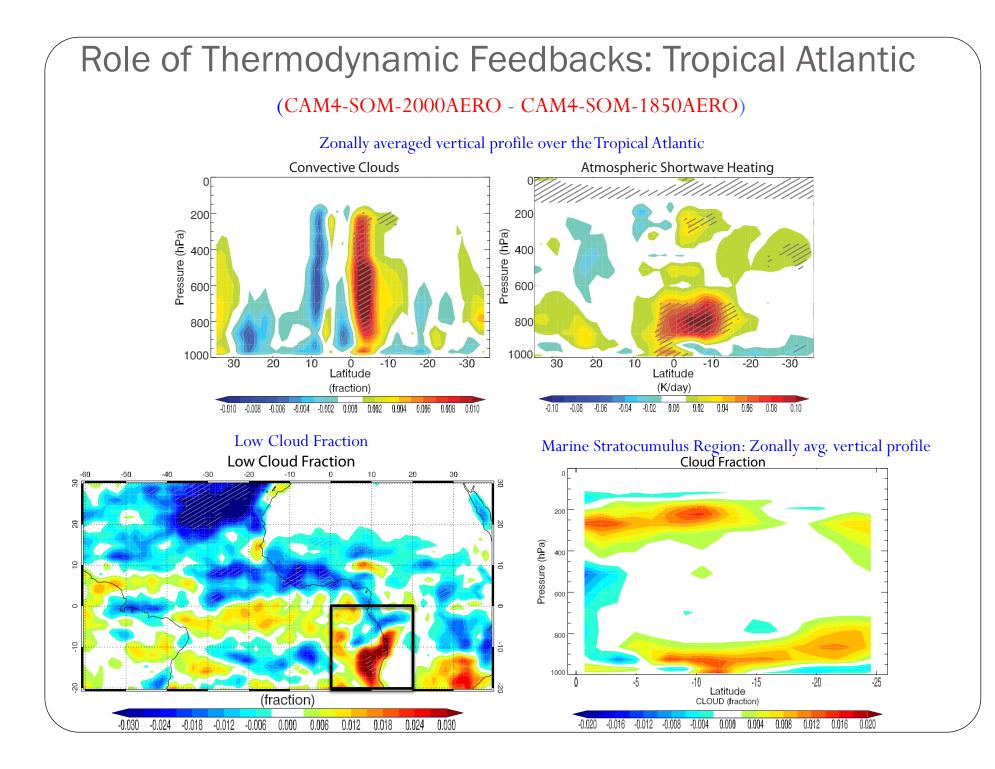




Role of Thermodynamic Feedbacks: Tropical Atlantic

Response of CAM4-SOM to Aerosol Forcing: (CAM4-SOM-2000AERO - CAM4-SOM-1850AERO)





Summary

- Generated a new monthly high resolution tropospheric aerosol dataset, derived from AR5 and RETRO surface emissions
- Inter-annual variability in aerosol distribution induces significant variability in regional climate on inter-annual timescales
- Cooling of the North African landmass associated with an increase in aerosols also related to a southwards shift of the ITCZ there, impacting the West African Monsoon
- Absorbing carbonaceous aerosol over Central Africa are associated with an increase in marine stratocumulus clouds off the west coast of Africa
- Thermodynamics air-sea feedbacks amplify the formation of marine stratocumulus induced by the carbonaceous aerosols and also reduce the SST there.

