

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

HEADQUARTERS, III CORPS AND FORT HOOD 1001 761ST TANK BATTALION AVENUE FORT HOOD, TEXAS 76544-5000

COMMAND POLICY DFMWR 02

IMHD-MWA

1 7 JAN 2012

MEMORANDUM FOR SEE DISTRIBUTION

SUBJECT: Army Family Advocacy Program (AFAP)

- 1. REFERENCES.
 - a. AR 608-18, Army Family Advocacy Program (AFAP), 30 Oct 07.
- b. AR 608-1, Army Community Service Center, Rapid Action Revision (RAR), 21 Dec 10.
 - c. DoD Directive 6400.1, Family Advocacy Program (FAP), 23 Aug 04.
- 2. APPLICABILITY. This policy applies to all Fort Hood units and personnel.
- 3. POLICY. The Family Advocacy Program (FAP) is a commander's program designed to prevent spouse and child abuse, to encourage the reporting of all instances of abuse, to ensure the prompt assessment and investigation of abuse cases, to protect victims of abuse, and to treat all Family members affected by or involved in abuse.
- a. Army Regulation 608-18 encourages every Soldier and civilian member of the military community to report information about known or suspected incidents of child or spouse abuse to the Installation Reporting Point of Contact (RPOC), (254) 287-CARE (2273), available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Mandated personnel will report suspected child and domestic abuse to the FAP RPOC. Abuse allegations will be investigated by appropriate law enforcement authorities. Commanders will be notified when their Soldiers are involved in spouse abuse, child abuse, or child neglect. In addition to the corrective programs listed below, commanders are responsible for taking action they deem appropriate in accordance with the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ).
- b. Family violence, including child and spouse abuse, and violence perpetrated by a single Soldier against partners, adversely impacts morale, welfare, and mission readiness. Commanders are responsible to take immediate steps that alleviate Family violence:
- (1) Leaders, at all levels, must be alert to evidence of domestic violence, they must report it, and react promptly. Commanders and support agencies will ensure that the applicable rights of alleged victims and offenders are addressed. Commanders must take appropriate action to protect victims of abuse from further harm. Victim advocacy

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services are offered by the Army Community Service (ACS), AFAP, to address safety measures, restricted and unrestricted reporting, provide advocacy assistance, crisis intervention and support to victims of domestic violence. The victim services Crisis Line number is (254) 702-4953, available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Army Regulation 608-18 describes measures that a commander can initiate, such as pretrial restraint, restriction to barracks, and removal from government quarters. If an active duty Soldier is identified as the alleged offender, commanders will order the offender into government billeting. The offender will have no contact with the home/quarters or victim for a minimum of 72 hours. If an Emergency Protective Order (EPO) or Domestic Violence Order (DVO) is in place, commanders will monitor the Soldier's compliance with the orders. When the civilian spouse is the offender, commanders will make every effort to ensure the safety of the Soldier. Safety measures will include offering the victim/Soldier temporary living space in the unit's assigned billets or ensuring other suitable arrangements.

- (2) Department of Social Work (DSW) will provide treatment for Soldiers and Family members experiencing Family violence. The DSW will be responsible for incident assessment, notification to commanders, coordination and supervision of the Family Advocacy Case Review Committee (FACRC), establishment of treatment plans on substantiated cases, and provision of progress reports to the command.
- (3) Commanders will coordinate with the FAP Manager to obtain FAP training within 45 days of assuming command and ensure all Soldiers receive annual Spouse and Child Abuse Prevention Training as mandated by AR 608-18. Training will include restricted and unrestricted reporting options.
- (4) Unit, Battery, Troop, and Rear Detachment Commanders will attend FACRC meetings or designate an appropriate command level representative to attend when a case involving one of their Soldiers or Family members is being presented. The DSW will notify the Unit, Battery, Troop, or Rear Detachment Commander and the perspective Battalion Commander to schedule FACRC dates. If a Unit, Battery, Troop, Rear Detachment Commander fails to attend the FACRC or provide an appropriate representative, a report reflecting non-attendance will be forwarded to the Chief of Staff. The Unit, Battery, Troop, Rear Detachment Commander will be required to respond in writing to the Chief of Staff explaining basis for non-attendance/non-compliance.
- (5) Commanders will ensure that Soldiers involved in Family violence attend (immediate and uninterrupted) recommended treatment. The Soldier's place of duty will include scheduled appointments until treatment is completed.

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- (6) Commanders should contact the DSW to receive a monthly update of their Soldiers who are enrolled in FAP. Soldiers whom the DSW has assessed as high risk for homicidal behavior will not be considered deployable while enrolled in treatment. If the unit mission requires high risk Soldiers to deploy, approval by the first General Officer in the Chain of Command must be obtained. Soldiers enrolled in FAP must receive reunion training upon returning from a deployment.
- (7) The Family Advocacy Committee (FAC) is responsible for developing and implementing programs to address Family advocacy issues of redeploying Soldiers not enrolled in treatment. Mandated treatment does not preclude disciplinary and administrative actions against offenders in appropriate cases. Commanders should consult with the Staff Judge Advocate (SJA) when considering administrative and disciplinary action.
- (8) Commanders will ensure that junior leaders are actively engaged in the effective management of spouse/intimate partner and child abuse; high risk Soldiers are identified and referred for appropriate services; and offender accountability is addressed.
- c. Fort Hood's goal is to break the cycle of abuse by actively engaging in preventive strategies, encouraging early identification, and promoting effective treatment of abuse for Soldiers and affected Family members. The New Parent Support Program (NPSP) staff will promote the involvement/participation of parents in home visitation services. For further assistance, contact the Installation FAP Manager at 286-6775.
- d. Actions listed in Checklists at enclosures 1 and 2 are the minimum actions required in cases of spouse and child abuse.
- 4. EXPIRATION. This Command Policy Memorandum supersedes 2 Nov 09 policy and will remain in effect until superseded or rescinded.

2 Encls

1. Domestic Violence Checklist

2. Emergency Protection Order Checklist

DISTRIBUTION:

IAW FH Form 1853: A

DONALD M. CAMPBELL, JR.

Lieutenant General, USA

Commanding

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CHECKLIST

Date of Incident:
Upon the notification or discovery of any incident or credible report of domestic violence, commanders will immediately take the following steps:
1. Contact the unit Trial Counsel for legal guidance.
2. Report the incident to the Directorate of Emergency Services (DES) Desk Sergeant.
3. Advise the Soldier suspected of domestic violence of his/her Article 31, UCMJ, rights and, if he/she waives these rights, question the Soldier to ascertain the facts and potential for harm to self and/or others.
4. Contact the victim of the domestic violence to ascertain the facts and identify any immediate safety concerns.
5. Make contact with the Family Advocacy Victim Advocate Program for an Installation Victim Advocate who will work in close coordination with the command as well as on- and off post agencies to ensure that safety measures are in place for providing advocacy assistance and support to victims of domestic violence. Victim participation in the program is voluntary.
6. Provide billeting and order the Soldier to move into the alternate billeting for a minimum of 72 hours. If the 72-hour period ends on a weekend or holiday, then the Soldier will continue to reside in alternate billeting until the first duty day.
7. Order the Soldier to immediately turn in all privately owned firearms to the unit's arms room. Send a Non-Commissioned Officer in the grade of E-6 or higher to the Soldier's home to retrieve any firearms. Order the Soldier to have no contact with firearms unless in the course of normal duty.
8. If it is believed that a Soldier is suicidal or homicidal (i.e., previous threats, weapons involved, violence increasing, extreme jealousy, or offender obsessed with victim), he/she must be emergently referred for a psychiatric evaluation at the divisional or corps mental health unit serving the Soldier's unit. During non-duty hours, take the Soldier to the Emergency Room of the serving Medical Treatment Facility. Soldier must be advised of certain rights before being command referred for a mental health evaluation. Consult with trial counsel prior to involuntary referral to mental health.
9. Reassess the situation at the end of the 72-hour period, and determine if the above restrictions should be modified, continued, or cancelled.

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CHECKLIST	(Cont)		
10. Ensure the rights of the v	ictim and offender are respected and observed.		
Victim Advocate Program for cases id	with or receive contact from the Family Advocacy entified as "high risk" by Department Social Work ervention process to ensure safety and support for c violence.		
12. Address cases of domestic violence where victims are identified as intimat partners.			
13. Take any other addition prevent further incidents or Family ab measures, if any, were taken.	nal measure the commander deems necessary to use, injury, or death. Indicate below what other		
Other Measures (if applicable):			
NAME OF SOLDIER/RANK	COMMANDER		
SSN:	UNIT:		
EODWARDED TO TRIAL COUNSEL	ON:		

EMERGENCY PROTECTION ORDER CHECKLIST

Date of Incident:
When a Soldier is the subject of an Emergency Protection Order (EPO) issued by any court, commanders will immediately take the following steps:
1. Contact the Unit Trial Counsel for legal guidance.
2. The commander will review the EPO, consult with trial counsel, and explain its contents to the Soldier to ensure the Soldier fully understands the restrictions of the EPO and the penalties for failure to obey it. If, after advising the Soldier of his/her Article 31, USMJ, rights, the Soldier waives these rights, the commander will question the Soldier to ascertain the facts and potential for harm to self and/or others. A copy of the EPO will be provided to the trial counsel.
3. Provide billeting and order the Soldier to move into the alternate billeting for a minimum of 72 hours. If the 72-hour period ends on a weekend or holiday, then the Soldier will continue to reside in alternate billeting until the first duty day.
4. Contact the victim of the domestic violence named in EPO to ascertain the facts and identify any immediate safety concerns.
5. Make contact with the Family Advocacy Victim Advocate Program who will work in close coordination with the command as well as on and off post agencies to ensure that safety measures are in place for providing advocacy assistance and support to victims of domestic violence. Victim participation in the program is voluntary.
6. Consult with trial counsel and, if warranted, withdraw the Soldier's pass privileges for a minimum of 72 hours.
7. Order the Soldier to remain in the battalion area, unless escorted by a member of the chain of command in the grade of E-6 or higher, for a minimum of 72 hours. Coordinate with assigned trial counsel and give the Soldier a written "no contact" order. Should the EPO become a Domestic Violence Order (DVO), re-issue a written "no contact" order for the duration of the DVO.
8. Order the Soldier to immediately turn in all privately owned firearms to the unit's arms room. Send a Non-Commissioned Officer in the grade of E-6 or higher to the Soldier's home to retrieve any firearms. Order the Soldier to have no contact with firearms unless in the course of normal duty.
9. If it is believed that a Soldier is suicidal or homicidal, he/she must be emergently referred for a psychiatric evaluation at the divisional or corps mental health unit serving the Soldier's unit. During non-duty hours, take the Soldier to the

EMERGENCY PROTECTION ORDER CHECKLIST (Cont)

Emergency Room of the serving Medical Treatment local certain rights before being command referred for a mounth trial counsel prior to referral.	Facility. Soldier must be advised of ental health evaluation. Consult
above restrictions should be modified, continued, or decision the commander makes, the Soldier must be obligation to continue or comply with the terms of the	cancelled. Regardless of what counseled concerning his/her
11. Ensure the rights of the victim and offend	er are respected and observed.
12. Make immediate contact with or receive of Victim Advocate Program for cases identified as "hig (DSW) staff. Utilize the command intervention process military couples experiencing domestic violence.	h risk" by Department Social Work
13. Address cases of domestic violence whe partners.	re victims are identified as intimate
14. Take any other additional measure the confidence of prevent further incidents or Family abuse, injury, or of measures, if any, were taken.	ommander deems necessary to leath. Indicate below what other
Other Measures (if applicable):	
NAME OF SOLDIER/RANK COMM	MANDER
SSN: UNIT:	
FORWARDED TO TRIAL COUNSEL ON:	