

# Airmen, Civilian & Family Reintegration

A Guide to Strengthen Air Force Families



#### Reunions for Families

#### Objectives:

- Establish realistic expectations about your reunion
- Recognize symptoms of stress
- Identify reliable and helpful resources of assistance



## **Examples of Good Expectations**

- Quality Time
- Rekindled romance
- Affection
- Tenderness
- Help around the house
- Help with the children
- Companionship
- Return to "normalcy"
- Family routines





# Overall QoL Findings

- Examples of Fears & Concerns
  - Difficulty adjusting to each other
  - Another deployment
  - Personality changes
  - Emotional distress
  - Depression
  - Post traumatic distress order
  - Excessive use of alcohol





- Expectations and fantasies are important
- These are a part of every reunion
- They keep use entertained and interested
- They shouldn't be taken seriously





# Reunion Expectations

- Making Your Reunion Work
- CLICK VIDEO HERE





- What did you learn from the video?
- What coping and communications skills were used?
- What did you see in the video regarding expectations of reunions?
- Are you expectations realistic or not?





# Communications During Employment

- Email
- Letters/Cards
- Skyping
- Phone calls







- What have you been communicating
  - How the children are doing
  - Your daily activities and routines
     OR
  - Your expectations of the reunion
  - What your loved one expects





- Dealing negatively with change
  - Change viewed as a crisis or threat
  - Inappropriate coping strategies
    - Avoidance or escapism
    - Denial
    - Unproductive thinking
    - Blaming others and not accepting responsibility





- Dealing positively with change
  - Acknowledge the change
  - Accept change as part of life
  - View changes as hidden opportunity





- Dealing with Change:
  - Change takes time
  - Attitude determines altitude
  - Change is constant



Birth to one Year

#### Reactions

- Cries
- Fusses
- Pulls away
- Clings to spouse or caregiver
- Has problems with elimination
- Sleeping/eating habit changes
- Does not recognize Airmen

- Hold/hug baby lot
- Bathe and change your baby/feed and play with your child
- Relax and be patient, the child will warm up after awhile



One to Three Years

#### Reactions

- Shyness
- Clingy
- Does not recognize you
- Cries
- Has temper tantrums
- Regression- bed wetting, potty training, etc.

- Don't force hold, hug or kiss
- Give them space and time to warm up to you
- Be gentle and fun
- Sit and talk at their level



Three to Five Years

#### Reactions

- Demonstrates Anger
- Acts out to get your attention, needs proof that you are real
- Is demanding
- Feels guilty for making parent go away
- Talks a lot to bring you up to date

- Listen to them
- Accept their feelings
- Play with them
- Reinforce that you love them
- Learn about what interests them and what they are doing at preschool



Five to Twelve Years Old

#### Reactions

- Isn't good enough
- Dreads Airman's return due to discipline
- Boasts about Air Force and parent's role in services

- Spend time looking at pictures, scrapbooks, and school work
- Praise what they've done and their accomplishments
- Try not to criticize



Twelve to Eighteen Years Old

#### Reactions

- Is excited
- Feels guilty because they didn't live up to expectations
- Is concerned about changing rules and responsibilities
- Feels too old or is unwilling to change plans to accommodate new parent
- Is rebellious

- Share what has happened during deployment
- Listen with individual attention
- Don't be judgmental
- Respect privacy and friends
- Don't tease about fashion, music and friends



## Relationship Adjustments

- Intimacy and sexual relationships may be a major adjustment
- Re-establish this part of your relationship slowly and naturally
- Talk about how you feel
- Ask how your partner feels about intimacy and your sexual relationship



# Relationship Adjustments

#### Communications Barriers:

- Unrealistic fantasies and expectations
- Feeling anxiety about engaging in intimacy
- Feeling that your partner is a stranger
- Feelings of anger, stress, hostility or negative feelings about the separation
- Concerns about faithfulness to your relationship
- Feeling that sexual relationships need to be rushed to make for lost time



# Improving Communications

#### Communication Enhancers:

- Communication will help bring your closer together. It gives you time to get reacquainted and it helps let your partner know how you feel
- Understand that feelings of anxiety are a very normal part of the reunion process
- You have been a part from each other, and both of you have grown. Take time to get to know each other again.
- Communication will help bring you closer together. It gives you time to become reacquainted, and it helps to let your partner know how you feel.
- Don't assume the worst about your partner. If you have concerns about fidelity, talk about them engage help talking, if necessary.





Stress Symptoms

- General irritability, hyperexcitability, depression
- Pounding of the heart
- Dryness of mouth or throat
- Impulsive behavior, emotional instability
- Overpowering urge to cry or run
- Inability to concentrate flight of thoughts
- Feelings of unreality, weakness, dizziness, fatigue
- Floating anxiety, being afraid and not knowing why
- Emotional tensions and alertness

- Insomnia
- Hyperactivity, increased tendency to move
- Excessive sweating
- Indigestion and stomach agitation
- Migraine headaches, physical pain in neck, shoulders and lower back
- Loss/excessive appetite
- Increased use of prescribed drugs, alcohol or drug abuse
- Accident proneness

## Reunion Stress



#### Stressors:

- Emotional letdown
- Restlessness or sleeplessness
- No one understands what I've been through
- Was my spouse faithful
- Did my spouse miss me
- My friends seem different
- I didn't expect things to change
- Other's concerns seem petty
- · I feel like a stranger at home
- How will the children react
- Will the role I have filled change
- Were my children treated well by their guardian
- Did I handle things the right way
- · When will I feel normal again
- I am concerned about finances
- I am concerned about future deployment
- The children appear confused and uncertain

- Accept that things may be different
- Talk about your experiences
- Go slowly- don't try to make up for lost time
- Spend quality time with your children. Reassure them. Change often frightens them
- Curb your desire to take control or to spend money
- Accept that your partner may be different
- Take time to get reacquainted and to readjust
- Communicate with your partner and your family



## Coping Strategies:

- Expect to have a few doubts and worries
  - Your partner may think you don't need them anymore
  - Anxiety is a natural and normal part of reunions
- Forget about fantasies
  - Give up any fantasies or expectations you may have about what the reunion day should be
  - Take it easy and let things happen naturally
- Don't expect thing to be exactly they way they were before the separation
  - You've changed, your spouse has changed, and your children has changed
  - Anticipate additional changes to the routines you established during the deployment



## Coping Strategies:

- Accept and share your feelings
  - Talk about your feelings and let your partner talk too
  - Really listen. Make sure your fully understand what your partner is saying before you respond. Communication is the key
- See things from the other person's point of view
  - An awareness that the Airmen no longer feels a part of things us to understand why they can be upset by even small changes
  - Recognition of the pride a partner feels in the way the;ve managed everything alone helps to the Airman understand the importance of accepting changes made during the separation
  - Children are people too. Try to understand how they feel.
     Change and uncertainty is often very frightening for them; be patient



## Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD)

- Depression -chronic numb or flat feeling
- Isolation -feeling withdrawn from family and friends
- Alienation -absence of meaningful contact with others
- Rage -bouts of unexplained anger; may be internal or acted out
- Anxiety -unexplained nervousness, tension or hyper alert feelings
- Sleep disturbances insomnia, nightmares, etc
- Intrusive thoughts recollections of traumatic experience that appear for no apparent reason
- Startled responses -unusual, involuntary reactions to loud noises, i.e., loud toys or fireworks





- Squadron First Shirt/Supervisors
- Squadron Key Spouse
- Installation Airman & Family Readiness Center
- Installation Mental Health & Family Advocacy
- Military Family Life Consultant (Adult & Youth)
- Installation School Liaison Officer/School Counselor
- Military Chaplain or Civilian Religious Personnel
- Military OneSource (800) 342-9647