Carbon Sequestration – Public Meeting



Programmatic Environmental
Impact Statement
Public Meeting
May 18, 2004

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Carbon Sequestration Program Overview

- What is Carbon Sequestration
- The Fossil Energy Situation
- Greenhouse Gas Implications
- Pathways to Greenhouse Gas Stabilization
- Sequestration Program Overview
- Program Requirements & Structure
- Regional Partnerships
- FutureGen
- Sources of Information



What is Carbon Sequestration?

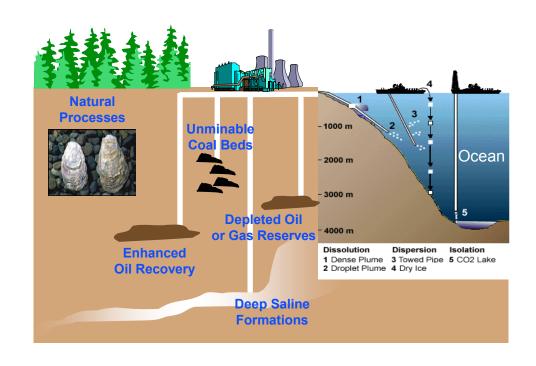
Capture and storage of CO₂ and other Greenhouse Gases that would otherwise be emitted to the atmosphere

Capture can occur:

- at the point of emission
- when absorbed from air

Storage locations include:

- underground reservoirs
- dissolved in deep oceans
- converted to solid materials
- trees, grasses, soils, or algae

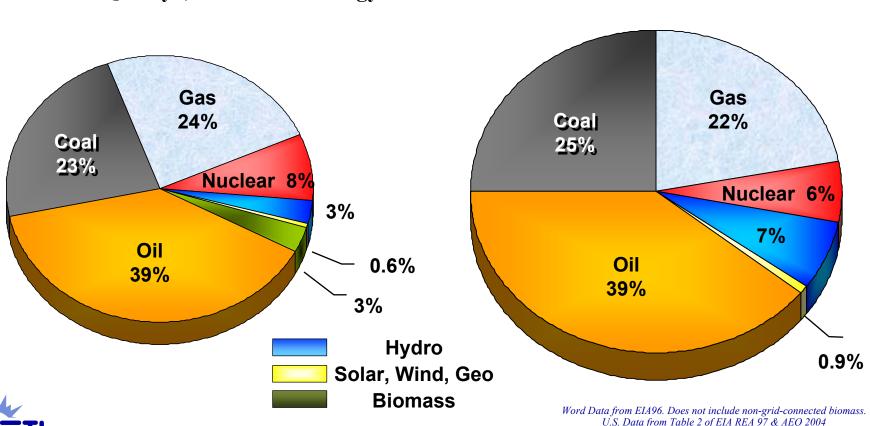




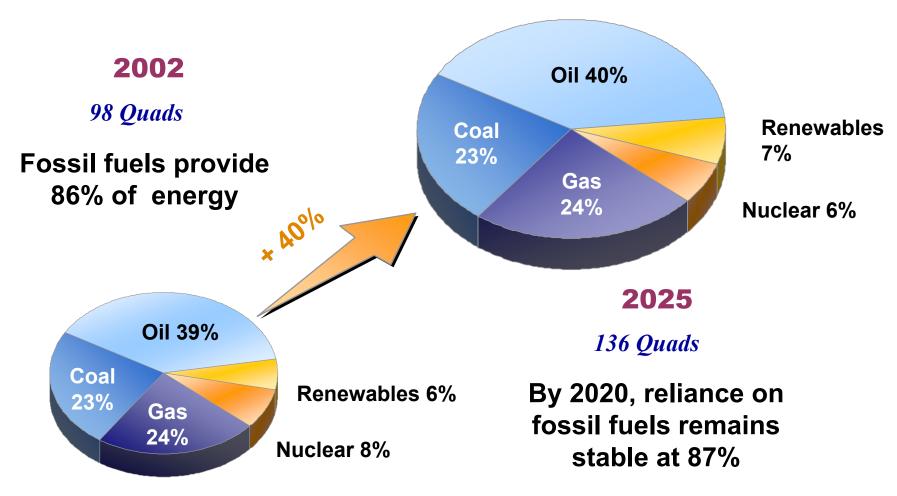
Fossil FuelsWorld's Dominant Energy Source



World 382 Quads/yr; 86% Fossil Energy



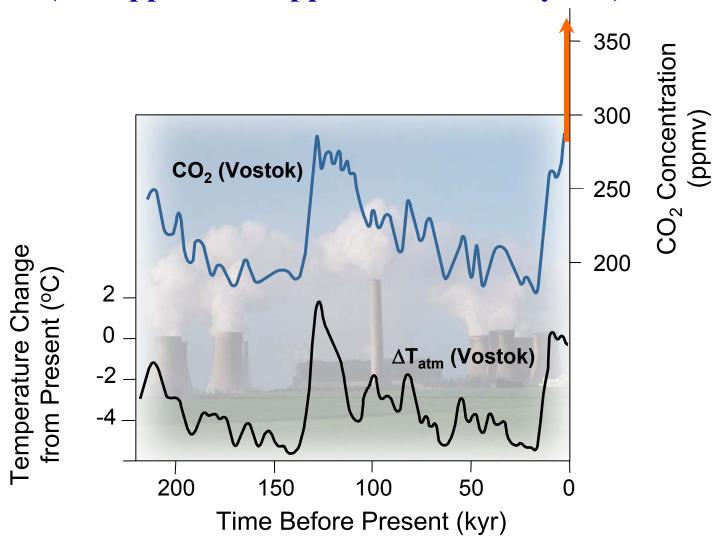
Fossil Energy - America's Energy Foundation





Source: AEO 2004

CO₂ Concentrations On The Rise (~280 ppm to 370 ppm over last 100 years)

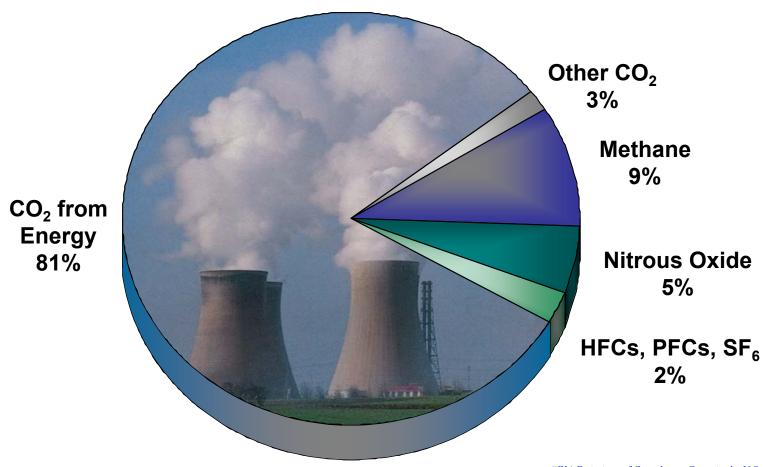




CO₂ & CH₄ - The Primary GHG Contributors

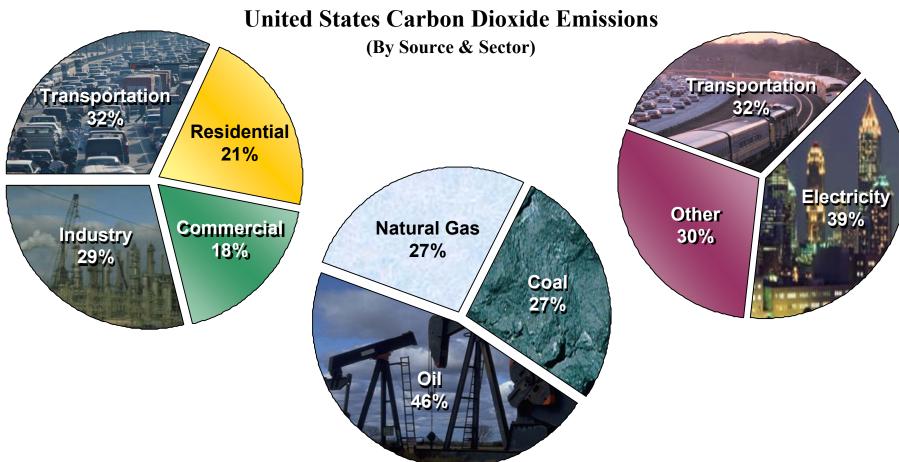
United States Greenhouse Gas Emissions

(Equivalent Global Warming Basis)





All Fossil Fuels & Energy Sectors Contribute CO₂ Emissions





Technological Carbon Management Options

Reduce Carbon Intensity

- Renewables
- Nuclear
- Fuel Switching

Improve Efficiency

- Demand Side
- Supply Side

Sequester Carbon

- Capture & Store
- Enhance Natural Sinks

All options needed to:

- Affordably meet energy demand
- Address environmental objectives





Presidential Direction

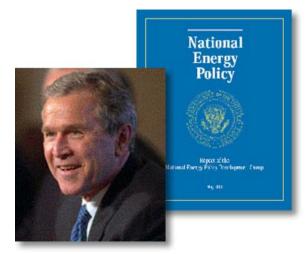
Current Drivers for Carbon Sequestration

National Climate Change Technology Initiative
June 11, 2001

- Third option for global climate change
- Enables continued use of domestic energy resources and infrastructure
- Geologic formations have potential for essentially unlimited storage capacity
- Demonstrated industry interest, participation, and cost-sharing in public/private partnerships
- "We all believe technology offers great promise to significantly reduce emissions -- especially carbon capture, storage and sequestration technologies."

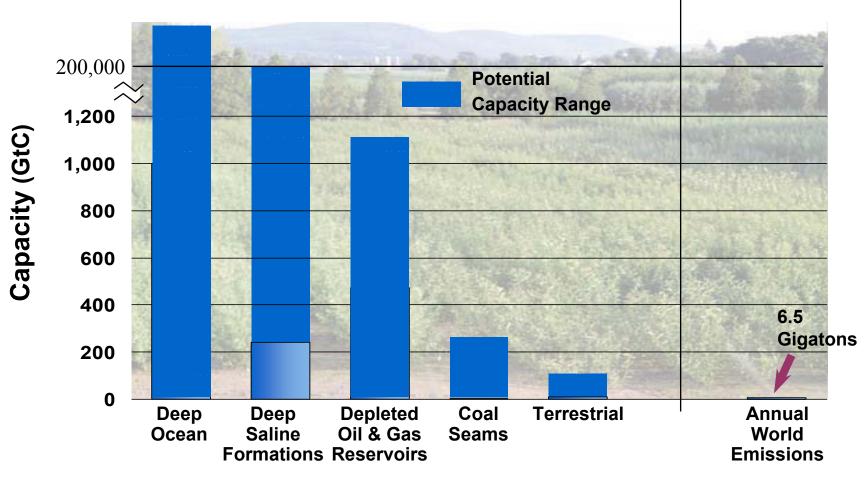
Global Climate Change Initiative February 14, 2002

- Sustain economic growth
- Reduce GHG intensity by 18% in next 10 years
- Reevaluate science & path in 2012



White House photo: Paul Morse

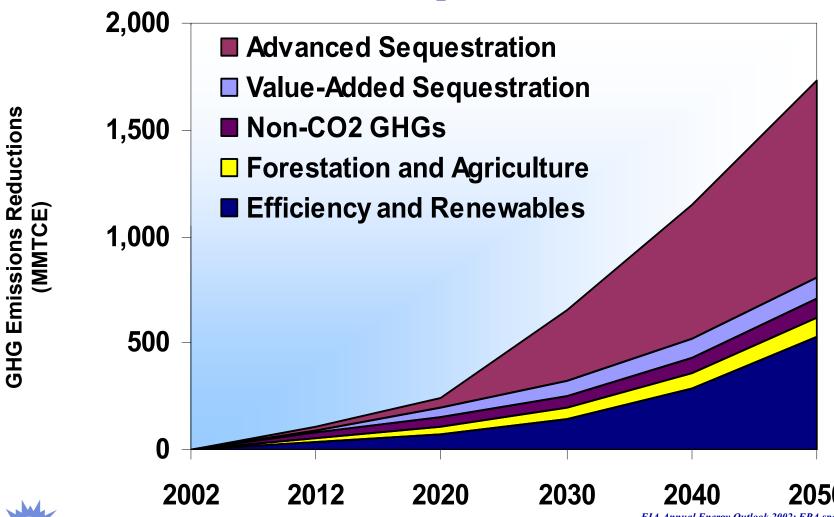
Large Potential Worldwide Storage Capacity





Storage Options: IEA Technical Review (TR4), March 23, 2004 Carbon Capture & Sequestration Program @MIT World Emissions: DOE/EIA, International Energy Outlook 2003, Table A10

Sequestration = Stabilization Plausible Scenario to Stop GHG Emissions Growth





EIA Annual Energy Outlook 2002; EPA special studies; DOE/FE/NETL Sequestration Benefits Model

Requirements for Sequestration

Environmentally acceptable

- No legacy for future generations
- Respect existing ecosystems

Safe

No sudden large-scale CO₂
 discharges

Verifiable

Ability to verify amount of CO₂ sequestered

Economically viable





Sequestration at DOE

Climate Change Technology Program

Coordination



Office of Fossil Energy

Applied R&D

Office of Science

Basic Science



Agencies Conducting Sequestration-Related Research

USGS

Geologic sequestration research

NASA

Space-based studies of earth as integrated system

EPA

Non-CO₂ Greenhouse Gas mitigation

OSM

Carbon sequestration on abandoned mine sites

Senson Se

USAID

Tropical reforestation in developing countries

NOAA

Atmospheric and oceanic global observations

NSF

Science of CO₂ and N₂ cycles in oceans

USDA

Terrestrial sequestration, soil carbon database, sequestration models

U.S. Dept. of State

Facilitate International collaboration and activities



Carbon Sequestration Program Structure

Core R&D

Capture of CO₂

Sequestration

- Direct CO₂
 storage
- Enhanced natural sinks

Breakthrough Concepts

Measurement, Monitoring & Verification

> Non-CO₂ GHG Mitigation



Carbon
Sequestration
Leadership
Forum

Integration FutureGen

- First-of-kind integrated project
- Verify large-scale operation
- Highlight best technology options
- Verify performance & permanence
- Develop accurate cost/ performance data
- International showcase

Initiated FY 2004

Infrastructure

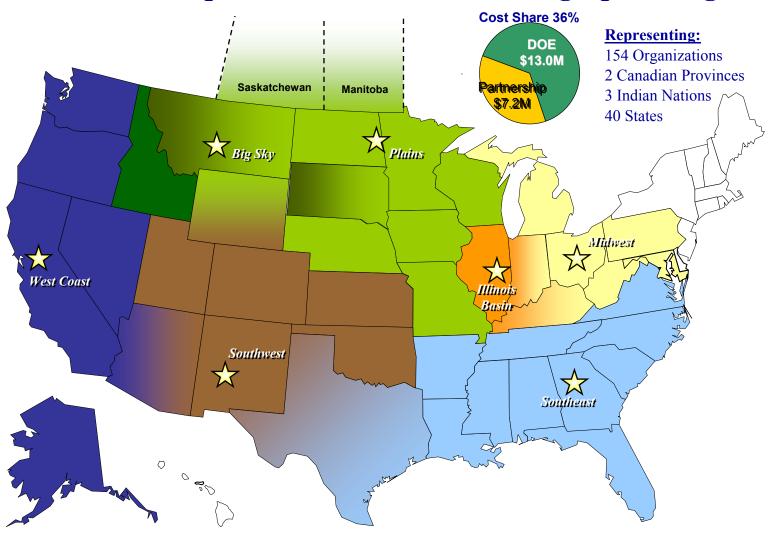
7 Regional Partnerships

- Engage regional, state, local governments
- Determine regional sequestration benefits
- Baseline region for sources and sinks
- Establish monitoring and verification protocols
- Address regulatory, environmental, & outreach issues
- Test sequestration technology at small scale

Initiated FY 2003



Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnerships Seven Partnerships Established in Five Geographic Regions



Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnerships Developing Infrastructure for Wide Scale Deployment

- Baseline region for sources and sinks
- Address regulatory, environmental, outreach issues
- Establish monitoring and verification protocols
- Validating sequestration technology & infrastructure
 - Phase 1 design
 - Phase 2 testing
- Determine benefits of sequestration to region

These partnerships - 4 to 10 across the country, each made up of private industry, universities, and state and local governments - will become the centerpiece of our sequestration program. They will help us determine the technologies, regulations, and infrastructure that are best suited for specific regions of the country.

Energy Secretary Spencer Abraham November 21, 2002

FutureGen . . .

- Produce electricity and hydrogen from coal using advanced technology
- Emit virtually no air pollutants
- Capture and permanently sequester CO₂

Address three Presidential initiatives:

- FreedomCar
- Clear Skies
- Climate Change





Visit the NETL Sequestration Website

www.netl.doe.gov/coalpower/sequestration/

NATIONAL ENERGY TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY CARBON SEQUESTRATION WEBSITE



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January 13, 2003

What's New Events Overview Capture Geologic Ocean. Terrestrial Conversion -Modeling In-House RaD Ref. Shelf Kids Only! Links Contacts

GHG Facts

Carbon Sequestration

Pathways to Sustainable Use of Fossil Fuels-enabling the removal and permanent storage of carbon dioxide from fossil-energy systems

Welcome to NETL's Carbon Sequestration Product webpage. We seek to define carbon sequestration's role in stabilizing atmospheric carbon dioxide levels by developing a scientific understanding and environmentally acceptable technologies. Our research areas include capture & storage, geologic, ocean, and terrestrial sequestration, advanced CO2 conversion & reuse, and modeling & analysis.

Our site is designed to answer your questions about carbon sequestration—

Regional Partnerships Capture & Storage Geologic Sequestration Ocean Sequestration Terrestrial Sequestration Adv. CO₂ Conversion & Reuse

Modeling & Analysis



Carbon Sequestration E-mail Newsletter

Subscribe for The Carbon Sequestration Newsletter

Each month, NETL publishes a short newsletter describing significant events related to carbon sequestration that have taken place over the past month. This newsletter is posted here on our website's Reference Shelf and distributed by e-mail. If you'd like to join the e-mail distribution list, please refer to the Subscription Directions page for more information as to "Subscribing" and "Unsubscribing" to our mailing list.





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- Sequestration in the News
- Events/ Announcements from NETL's Carbon Sequestration Program
- Publications
- Legislative Activity

www.netl.doe.gov/products/sequestration/refshelf.html

Sequestration in the News

Congress Shifts Focus Due to the terrorist attacks of September 11, the agenda in congress has been radically simplified to focus on national

A Greener Greenhouse NASA Satellites show plant growth in northern regions has been more vigorous over the past two decades. The

