



USAID
DEL PUEBLO DE LOS ESTADOS
UNIDOS DE AMÉRICA

USAID **50** ANIVERSARIO

United States Agency for International Development



On November 3, 1961, President John F. Kennedy formally launched USAID to help developing countries create transparent government systems, achieve economic independence, improve food security, combat disease, and respond to natural disasters.

Did you know that ...

USAID has collaborated with Paraguay in the following areas since 1961:

- ◆ The creation of the first Regional Education Centers (1962 - 1976) in San Lorenzo, Encarnación, Villa Rica, Concepción, Ciudad del Este and Pedro Juan Caballero
- ◆ The construction of many of the key highways such as the Trans Chaco to Pozo Colorado and the one from Asunción to Ciudad del Este.
- ◆ The introduction and improvement of crops such as wheat and sorghum.
- ◆ The development of the first family planning program and the campaign to eradicate malaria.

Our current program supports



DEMOCRACY

- ◆ Rule of law and anti-corruption, Threshold Program.
- ◆ The development of the Ethics System in the Supreme Court.
- ◆ Contributed to the creation of the Office of "Declaracion Jurada" in the Police Department.
- ◆ The Municipal Organic Law



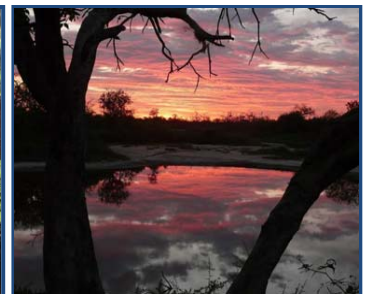
HEALTH

- ◆ The creation of the health decentralization process.
- ◆ The creation of the first 200 social pharmacies in the country.
- ◆ The strengthening of the family planning systems in the Ministry of Health.



ECONOMIC GROWTH

- ◆ Partnerships with over 100 private companies to create jobs through more than \$150 million in sales to domestic and export markets.
- ◆ Facilitate credit access to more than 2,200 entrepreneurs.
- ◆ The introduction of improved farming practices.



ENVIRONMENT

- ◆ The creation of the Mbaracaju Reserve.
- ◆ The "Debt for Nature Swap" to invest in environment projects.
- ◆ The creation of biological corridors in the Atlantic Forest.