Creating a Hub and Satellite Heart Failure Providers Network A New Model Of Community-Based Heart Failure Care

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The Challenge of Providing Optimum Care for Patients with Heart Failure

- Too many heart failure patients
- Too few HF providers
- Gulf between practice guidelines and clinical practice "real world"
- No single intervention has been shown to result in sustained performance improvement
- Need to develop new paradigms of care



Creating a Hub and Satellite Heart Failure Providers Network

Hypothesis:

That training primary care providers in HF management, to function as HF provider Satellites, with support and services from a central "Hub" – the regional HF center, will improve care to HF patients

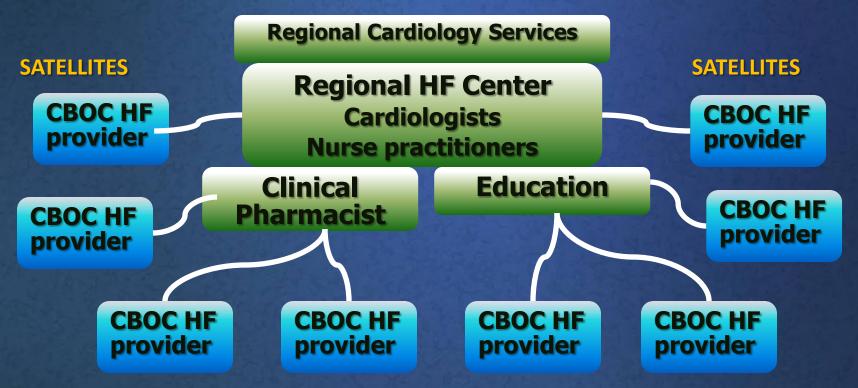
Objective:

Pilot program to establish feasibility of a HF Hub and Satellite Network, and collect data on performance measures



New Model of Heart Failure Care

HUB





Creating a Hub and Satellite Heart Failure Providers Network A multifaceted, collaborative intervention

- Intensive, dedicated time for HF education
- Provision of textbook and materials
- Continuing education
- Patient education materials
- Support/collaboration from disease experts
- Performance feedback
- Access to clinical pharmacist for medication titration



Nashville VA Medical Center VISN 9



- VISN 9: 250,000 veterans
- Tennessee Valley Healthcare System: 70,000 veterans
- HF Program
 - 490+ patients
 - Inpatient and outpatient services
 - 3 cardiologists
 - 2 full-time NPs, part-time clinical pharmacist

- Heart transplant program
- Affiliates: Vanderbilt University, Meharry Medical College



Methods

- Primary care providers recruited from Community Based Outpatient Clinics (CBOCs) across TVHS
- 3 days intensive training on HF management
- Knowledge test pre- and post-training
- DSS data their patients with HF ICD code identified
- Patients with LVEF < 40% identified through CPRS review</p>
- Randomly selected patients with LVEF < 40% from panels of providers in the same CBOCs who did not receive HF provider training – Control group



- 9 objective performance measures (expanded from National Quality Forum Consensus Standards for Ambulatory Care, 2007).
- Data collected for each patient and provider prior to Training (May 2010), and after one year of follow-up (May 2011).
- Serial provider interviews for formative analysis
- Primary Outcome: Improvement of at least 20% in 3 of the 9 performance measures



<u>Day 1</u>		
8.00 a.m.	Breakfast and welcome	
8.20	Introduction to training module	Henry Ooi
8.35	Start-up interviews	Beth Donaghey
8.35	Heart failure knowledge test	Eccur Boundary
10.00	Lecture 1: Heart Failure: A Survival Guide Part 1	Henry Ooi
10.50	Break	
11.10	Lecture 2: Heart Failure: A Survival Guide Part 2	Henry Ooi
12.00	Lunch	100
1.00 p.m.	Lecture 3: Ischemia and Heart Failure	Joseph Salloum
1.50	Lecture 4: Hypertension and Heart Failure	John Nadeau
2.40	Break	
3.00	Lecture 5: Arrhythmias in Heart Failure	Shane Rowan
3.50	Heart Failure – Clinical Rounds	Henry Ooi
4.50	End	
Day 2		
8.00 a.m.	Breakfast	
8.20	Lecture 6: Heart Failure: A Survival Guide Part 3	Henry Ooi
9.10	Lecture 7: An introduction to echocardiography	Lisa Mendes
10.00	Break	
10.20	Lecture 8: An introduction to stress testing	Marvin Kronenberg
11.10	Case Presentations and Discussions I	Henry Ooi
12.00 p.m.	Lunch	
1.00	Lecture 9: The Pharmacology of Treating Heart Failure	Cassandra Benge
1.50	Heart Failure Disease Management	Linda Howerton
2.40	Break	
3.00	Cardiac Physical Exam Skills - Rounds	Bart Campbell
4.00	The EKG in Heart Failure	Bart Campbell
5.00	End	
<u>Day 3</u>		
8.00 a.m.	Breakfast	
8.20	Lecture 10: Devices in Heart Failure	Brad Hardin
9.10	Case Presentations and Discussions 2	Henry Ooi
10.00	Break	
10.20	Heart Failure Providers Network – How it'll Work	Henry Ooi
11.10	Lecture 11: Heart Transplantation	Mark Wigger
12.00 p.m.	Lunch	
1.00	Close-out interviews	Beth Donaghey
1.00	Heart failure knowledge test	
2.35	Break	
2.50	Discussion of questions	Henry Ooi
3.30	Interactive question and answer session	Henry Ooi
4.20	End	A CONTRACT OF



- Direct access to HF Program members
 - Pager, cell phone, HF cardiologist as cosigner on notes
- Exclusive referral rights to a Nashville Clinical Pharmacist for beta-blocker and ACEI/ARB titration
- Continued education updates on HF literature
- Performance feedback



RESULTS

- 7 Primary care providers (6 MD, 1 NP) recruited from 3 Community Based Outpatient Clinics (CBOCs) across TVHS. 9 attended training
- 27 Control providers from same CBOCs

Providers	Intervention Group	Control Group
Age (years, range)	50 (42-68)	51 (32-65)
Gender (M/F)	3/3	17/10
Years in practice (years, range)	16 (4-33)	14 (1-34)
Years in VHA (years, range)	5.8 (3-10)	3.0 (1-17)



Training Program

	Pre-Training	Post-Training	P-value
HF Knowledge Test Score /35 ± SD (range)	21 ± 4 (15-27)	25 ± 3 (21-29)	P < 0.001

	Very satisfied	Satisfied	Satisfied	Not satisfied
Objectives met?	8	1	-	-
Content	8	1	-	-
Clear?	8	1	-	-
Teaching methods	8	1	-	-
Facilities	8	1	-	-

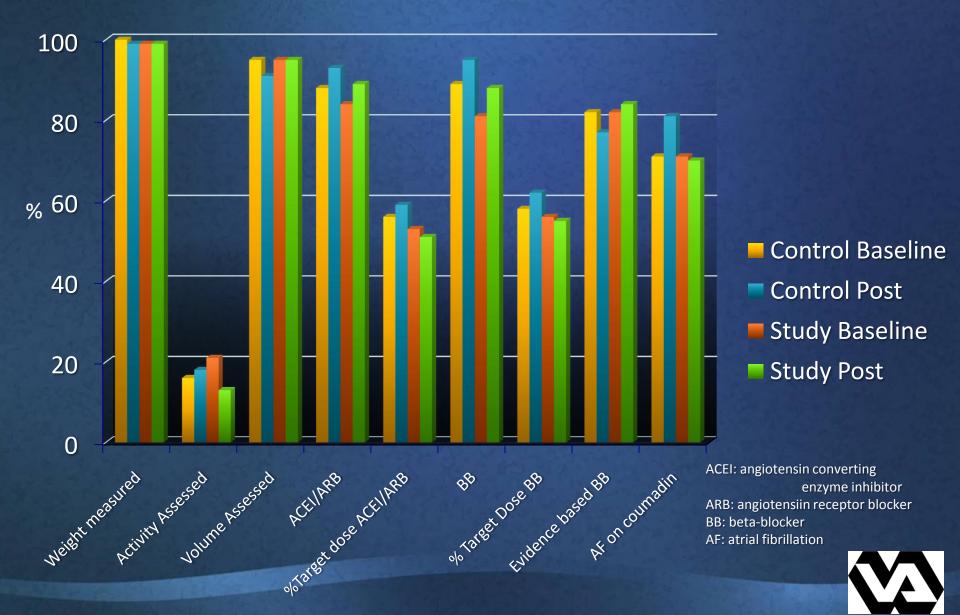


Patient Characteristics

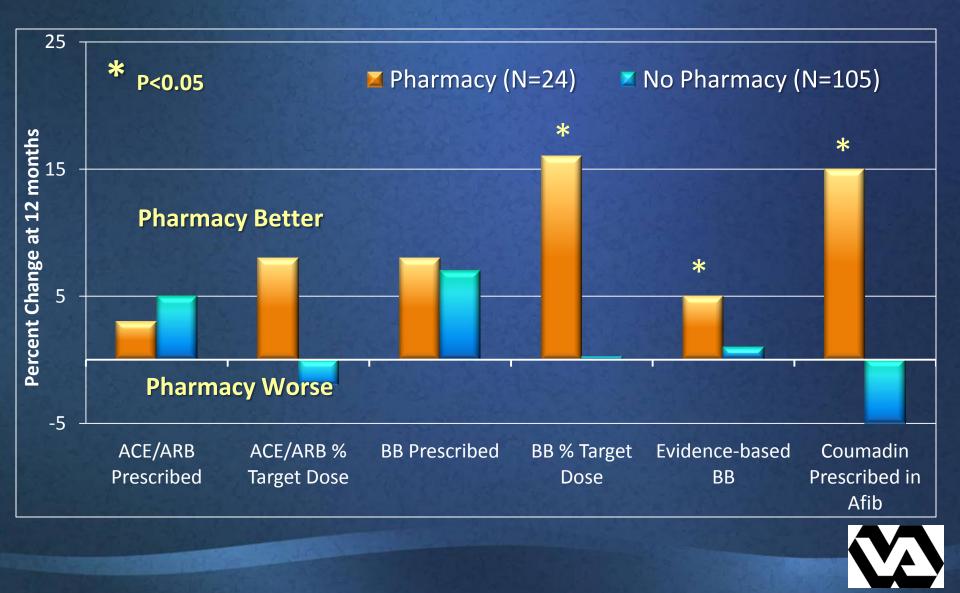
Characteristic	Control	Intervention
Characteristic	N=129	N=129
Median Age, years (IQR)	65 (59-72)	65 (62-74)
Male (%)	97	99
Non-white race (%)	20	19
Coronary Artery Disease (%)	78	75
Hypertension (%)	92	92
Diabetes (%)	56	50
Median ejection fraction (%)(IQR)	30 (25-35)	30 (23-35)
Followed by Cardiology (%)	90	84
Followed in Advanced HF Clinic (%)	20	29
CHF Hospitalization past year (%)	20	12



Performance Measures



Pharmacist Led Medication Titration



Provider Satisfaction with Program

	Pre-Program	Exit interview
Ability to manage HF	6.8	8.5
Coordination of care	6.8	8.5
Time to manage HF	6.6	7.5
Communication	7.1	8.6
Expert availability	8	10

Scores (/10) One year follow-up



Providers – Barriers and Suggestions

Insufficient time during encounters

Patients already "plugged in"

More refresher training



Summary

- Despite high, sustained provider satisfaction, no change in objective performance measures
- Limitations include:
 - Ceiling effect (5 of 9 measures > 80% at baseline)
 - High penetration of Cardiology/HF Program care
 - Provider perception of inadequate encounter time
- Some success in clinical pharmacist driven medication titration
- Refinement of this approach will be needed to improve outcomes

