15th Wing Emblem

Approved:5 October 1942

Description: On a bend azure, two terrestrial lightning flashes issuant from base of the first, overall a gun sight counterchanged.

Significance: Ultramarine blue and Air Force yellow are the Air Force colors. Blue alludes to the sky, the primary theater of Air Force operations. Yellow refers to the sun and the excellence required of Air Force personnel. The lightning flashes represent the speed of modern aviation. The gun sight represents the combat mission of the Wing's predecessors.

Motto: None: Original emblem for the 15th Fighter Group, reflected "PROSEQUOR ALIS" (I pursue with wings) instead of "15TH AIRLIFT WING" on scroll below shield. On 10 December 1992, the Air Force Historical Research Agency approved the 15th Air Base Wing (ABW) Commander's request to delete this motto from the wing's heraldry record since it was no longer applicable to the 15th Air Base Wing mission. When the 15 ABW redesignated as the 15th Airlift Wing on 28 April 2003 and again to the 15th Wing on 18 May 2010, the wording in the scroll changed to reflect the new designation.

Glossary:

Establish: To assign a newly designated unit to a higher headquarters.

Activate/Organize: To bring a unit into physical existence by assignment of personnel.

<u>Inactivate/Discontinue</u>: To withdraw all personnel from an organization and place it on the inactive list, from which it can in the future be activated again, if desired.

<u>Consolidate</u>: To combine two (or more) organizations, merging their lineage into a single line, thereby forming a single organization.

* As part of a larger effort to combine later wings with units of World War II heritage, the Air Force consolidated the 15th Pursuit Group's heritage with the 15th Tactical Wing (later the 15th 15 ABW, 15 AW, and 15 WG) in 1984.

15th Wing Heritage Pamphlet



Product of the:
15th Wing History Office
Current as of:
December 2010

1940-1946 Group Heritage

The Army Air Corps established the 15th Pursuit Group (Fighter), (later the 15th Pursuit Group (Interceptor) and then the 15th Fighter Group), as part of the 14th Pursuit Wing stationed at Wheeler Field in the Territory of Hawaii just one year before the United States entered World War II. The group served as part of the Hawaiian defense force from its activation in December 1940 until mid-1944.

When the Japanese attacked military installations on the island of Oahu on 7 December 1941, the unit suffered numerous casualties and lost a large number of aircraft. After the attacks, the group recovered and continued its mission to defend the Hawaiian Islands against further attacks while sending several squadrons to the Central and South Pacific for operations against the Japanese.

In 1944 the group, newly equipped with P-51s, began very -long range escort missions from the Hawaiian Islands. In early 1945 the unit moved to Iwo Jima, where it supported the landing of Allied troops on the Bonin Islands. In April and May 1945, its P-51s escorted B-29 raids over Japan and supported the Allied landing at Okinawa with fighter attacks on Japanese airfields in the area. The group continued a combination of fighter sweeps and escort missions over the main Japanese Islands until the end of the war. It returned to the Hawaiian Islands in November 1945 and inactivated in October 1946.

1955-1960 Group Heritage

The Air Force again activated the 15th Fighter Group in 1955, after redesignating it the 15th Fighter Group (Air Defense), based in New York as part of the Syracuse Air Defense Sector. The group flew F-86s and later F-102s as part of the air defense shield in the Northeastern United States during the early years of the Cold War, until the Air Force discontinued the unit in 1960.

15th Tactical Fighter Wing (continued)				
Col Charles J. Bowers				
Col James D. Catington				
Col Roy D. Carlson				
Col Clifford H. Meier				
Col Travis R. McNeil				
15th Air Base Wing				
Col Ernest W. Pate				
Col Howard R. Inks				
Col Wilmot E. Y. Paxton				
Col Richard L. Thompson				
Col Howard F. O'Neal				
Col Sharman R. Stevenson				
Col John A. Parrish, Jr.				
Col Charles F. Luigs				
Col Keith B. Connolly				
Col Wayne E. Clark				
Col Timothy D. Gill				
Col William J. Kennedy				
Col Don A. Lyon				
Col William C. Van Meter				
Brig Gen Dwight M. Kealoha				
Col Bruce A. Brown				
Col Ann M. Testa				
Brig Gen Steven J. Redmann				
Col Albert F. Riggle				
15th Airlift Wing				
Col Raymond G. Torres				
Col William J. Changose				
Col John J. Torres				
Col Giovanni K. Tuck				
Commanders: 15th Wing				
Col Sam C. Barrett				
2012 - present Col Johnny Roscoe				

Group/Wing Commanders

Commanders: 15th Pursuit Group (Fighter)					
1940-1940	Maj Clyde K. Rich				
1940-1941	Maj Lorry N. Tindal				
1941-1941	Maj Clarence F. Hegy				
1941-1941	Maj Lorry N. Tindal				
1941-1942	Lt Col Paul W. Blanchard				
Commanders: 15th Pursuit Group (Interceptor)					
1942-1943	Lt Col William S. Steele				
1943-1943	Lt Col Sherwood E. Buckland				
Commanders: 15th Fighter Group					
1943-1943	Lt Col Kenneth R. Powell				
1943-1943	Lt Col Sherwood E. Buckland				
1943-1943	Lt Col William A. Bowen				
1943-1943	Lt Col Sherwood E. Buckland				
1943-1945	Col James O Beckwith, Jr.				
1945-1945	Lt Col Dewitt S. Spain				
1945-1945	Lt Col Julian E. Thomas				
1945-1945	Lt Col Elmer E. Booth				
1945-1945	Col John W. Mitchell				
1945-1945	Col William Eades				
1945-1946	Col Oswald W. Lunde				
Commanders: 15th Fighter Group (Air Defense)					
1955-1956	Col Stanley E. Matthews				
1956-1957	Col Wayne B. Curren				
1957-1959	Col Thomas L. Wiper				
1959-1960	Col Vic L. Byers, Jr.				
Commanders: 15th Tactical Fighter Wing					
1962-1964	Col George L. Jones				
1964-1964	Col Francis J. Vetort				
1964-1965	Col Levi R. Chase				
1965-1965	Col Raymond A. Bradley				
1965-1966	Col Woodrow W. Ramsey				
1966-1966	Col Donald N. Stanfield				

1962-1970 Wing Heritage

The Air Force established the 15th Tactical Fighter Wing at MacDill Air Force Base (AFB), Florida in 1962. The wing conducted tactical fighter combat crew training, adding F-4 fighter aircrew training in 1965 and B-57 light-bomber aircrew training in 1968.

The wing also supported a number of real world missions including in 1962, for response to the Cuban Missile Crisis, in 1965 the wing deployed four squadrons to Southeast Asia, and in 1968 it deployed 16 F-4s during the Pueblo Crisis with North Korea. The Air Force inactivated the wing in 1970.

1971-Present Day Wing Heritage

The Air Force activated the newly redesignated 15th Air Base Wing (ABW) at Hickam AFB, Hawaii in 1971 with control over Hickam AFB, Wheeler AFB, Dillingham Field, Johnston Island, Bellows Air Force Station, Wake Island, and a number of other small island groups in the Central and South Pacific. Following the end of the Vietnam War in 1973, the wing and its units welcomed the returning Prisoners-of-War to American soil and sheltered over 93,000 evacuees from Southeast Asia as part of Operations Babylift and New Life in 1975.

Additionally, the wing's EC-135s provided airborne command and control for the Commander-in-Chief Pacific from 1971-1992. In 1992 the wing began flying C-135 executive aircraft that provided special air transport for many local military commanders. Today the wing operates similar executive airlift using a C-37 and a C-40.

In 2003, the Air Force redesignated the 15 ABW as the 15th Airlift Wing, in preparation for the new C-17 operations beginning in 2005, which continue today. In 2010, the Air Force redesignated the 15 AW as the 15th Wing to reflect its new missions operating KC-135s and F-22s with the Air National Guard.

Lineage and Honors

<u>1940-1946 Heritage</u>		<u>194</u>	<u>40-1946</u>	
Established 15th Pursuit Group (Fighter)	22 Nov 1940	A-12, A-24, A-26, 1	B-12, OA-9, P-26, P-36,	
Activated at Wheeler Field, Territory of Hawaii	01 Dec 1940	P-39, P-40, P-47, P-51, P-61, P-70.		
Redesignated 15th Pursuit Group (Interceptor)	12 Feb 1942			
Redesignated 15th Fighter Group	15 May 1942	<u>1955-1960</u>		
Moved to Bellows Field, Territory of Hawaii	03 Jun 1944	F-86, F-102.		
Moved to South Field, Iwo Jima	06 Mar 1945			
Moved to Bellows Field, Territory of Hawaii	25 Nov 1945	<u>1962-1970</u>		
Moved to Wheeler Field, Territory of Hawaii	09 Feb 1945	B-57, F-4, F-84, T-33.		
Inactivated	15 Oct 1946			
		<u>1971-current*</u>		
<u>1955-1960 Heritage</u>		C-135, EC-135, O-2, T-33,		
Redesignated 15th Fighter Group (Air Defense)	20 Jun 1955	C-17*, C-37*, C-40*, KC-135*, F-22*.		
Activated at Niagara Falls Municipal Airport,				
New York	18 Aug 1955	Campaign Streamers		
Discontinued	01 Jul 1960	World War II: Central Pacific		
		World War II: Air Offensive, Japan		
—Lineages and Honors Consolidated* on 31 Jan 1984 with:—				
		<u>Decorations</u>		
<u>1962-1970 Heritage</u>				
Established 15th Tactical Fighter Wing	17 Apr 1962	Distinguished Unit Ci	itation: Japan, 7 Apr 1945	
Activated (but not manned)	17 Apr 1962			
Organized at MacDill Air Force Base, Florida	01 Jul 1962	Air Force Outstanding Unit Awards:		
Inactivated	01 Oct 1970	-1 Jan 1965-1 Jun 1966	-1 Jan 1969-31 Dec 1969	
		-4 Apr 1975-3 Sep 1975	-25 Feb 1986-25 Mar 1986	
1971-Present Day Heritage		-1 Jul 1989-30 Jun 1991	-1 Jul 1991-30 Jun 1993	
Redesignated 15th Air Base Wing	20 Oct 1971	-1 Oct 1993-30 Sep 1995	-1 Oct 1995-1 Aug 1997	
Activated at Hickam Air Force Base, Hawaii	01 Nov 1971	-2 Aug 1997-1 Aug 1999	-29 Nov 1999-30 Nov 2001	
Redesignated 15th Airlift Wing	28 Apr 2003	-1 Nov 2002-31 Oct 2004	-1 Nov 2004-31 Oct 2006	
Redesignated 15th Wing	18 May 2010	-1Nov 2006-31 Oct 2007		

Aircraft Flown