

## DRAFT Commemorative Works by Proposed Theme for Public Comment

February 18, 2010



Note: This database is part of a joint study, Washington as Commemoration, by the National Capital Planning Commission and the National Park Service. Contact Lucy Kempf (NCPC) for more information: 202-482-7257 or lucy@ncpc.gov.

### CURRENT DATABASE

This DRAFT working database includes major and many minor statues, monuments, memorials, plaques, landscapes, and gardens located on federal land in Washington, DC. Most are located on National Park Service lands and were established by separate acts of Congress. The authorization law is available upon request. The database can be mapped in GIS for spatial analysis. Many other works contribute to the capital's commemorative landscape.

A Supplementary Database, found at the end of this list, includes selected works:

- Within interior courtyards of federal buildings;
- On federal land in the National Capital Region;
- Within cemeteries;
- On District of Columbia lands, private land, and land outside of embassies;
- On land belonging to universities and religious institutions
- That were authorized but never built

### Explanation of Database Fields:

- A. Lists the subject of commemoration (person, event, group, concept, etc.) and the title of the work. Alphabetized by Major Themes ("Achievement...", "America...", etc.).
- B. Provides address or other location information, such as building or park name.
- C. Descriptions of subject may include details surrounding the commemorated event or the contributions of the group or individual being commemorated. The purpose may include information about why the commemoration was established, such as a symbolic gesture or event.
- D. Identifies the type of land where the commemoration is located such as public, private, religious, academic; federal/local; and management agency.
- E. Includes notes about the sponsor, groups supporting the development of the commemoration and how it was funded (private/public dollars).
- F & G. Year of authorization and dedication, respectively.
- H. Draft Major Themes are the broadest categories of subjects represented in Washington's commemorative landscape. *Many commemorations fall into two theme categories, which are equal in weight.* Example: Taras Shevchenko / Arts & Sciences and America and the World.  
The commemorations are placed in a maximum of two theme categories, with two exceptions: President George Washington and President Abraham Lincoln.
- I. Other subthemes and keywords offer more specific and detailed information about the commemoration.

For a complete list of themes and subthemes, go to [www.ncpc.gov](http://www.ncpc.gov).

Sources Include: the authorizing law, if available; James M. Goode's *Washington Sculpture: A Cultural History of Outdoor Sculpture in the Nation's Capital* (Johns Hopkins University Press, 2008); *Sculpture in the Parks* (NPS); and other online research.

### FUTURE DATABASE

A future database will reflect public comments on this draft and may include a more comprehensive list of the selected works found in the Supplementary Database.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
SUBJECT & TITLE	LOCATION	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF SUBJECT (MAY INCLUDE INFO ABOUT PURPOSE)	LAND TYPE	SPONSOR & FUNDRAISING INFO., IF AVAILABLE	AUTHORIZ. YEAR	DEDICATION YEAR	CROSS-REFERENCES (Most commemorations fall into multiple categories)	
							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS
<b>ACHIEVEMENT IN THE ARTS AND SCIENCES</b>								
Arts								
Architecture / Landscape Architecture								
<b>Downing, Andrew Jackson (Andrew Jackson Downing Urn)</b>	East side of the Smithsonian Castle	(1815 – 1852) American landscape designer and editor of The Horticulturist magazine. Prepared a plan (1851) for the Mall that would transform it into a landscaped public park of circular drives and plantings, which was only partially executed due to financial and political obstacles. Later, the McMillan Plan revived the L'Enfant concept of the Mall as a broad and open vista, which shapes the basis for the Mall today.	FEDERAL - NPS	Given by the American Pomological Society and paid for with private funds	1850	1856		

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							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS
<b>ACHIEVEMENT IN THE ARTS AND SCIENCES (cont.)</b>								
<b>Literature / Poetry</b>								
<b>Alighieri, Dante (Dante)</b>	Meridian Hill Park, 16th & Euclid Sts, NW	(1265 – 1321) Italian poet of the Middle Ages. Wrote <i>Divina Commedia</i> , one of the great literary works composed in the Italian language and a significant work of world literature. The statue stands on a pedestal of sea green granite and represents Dante in the robe of a scholar, wearing a crown of laurel.	FEDERAL - NPS	Given to the U.S. on behalf of Italian Americans by Carlo Barsotti	1922	1922	<b>WORLD</b>	International
<b>Gibran, Khalil</b>	Normanstone Pkwy & Mass Ave, NW	(1883 –1931) Lebanese-American poet and artist. Most famous literary work is <i>The Prophet</i> .	FEDERAL - NPS	Paid for by Private Donations and Lebanese Americans	1984	1991	<b>WORLD</b>	Visual Art
<b>Key, Francis Scott</b>	34th & M Sts, NW near Key Bridge	(1779-1843) American lawyer, author, and amateur poet. Famous for writing the words to "Star-Spangled Banner".	FEDERAL - NPS	<i>TBD (Staff Seeking Input)</i>	1986	1993		
<b>Longfellow, Henry Wadsworth</b>	Connecticut Ave & M St. NW	(1807 - 1882) Poet, scholar and professor at Harvard; first American to translate Dante Alighieri's <i>The Divine Comedy</i> and was one of the 5 members of the group known as the Fireside Poets; statue of Longfellow shown wearing academic robes.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Longfellow Memorial Association and paid for with public and private funds	1906	1909	<b>SOCIETY-CULTURE</b>	Education
<b>Shevchenko, Taras</b>	22nd, 23rd & P Sts, NW	(1814 –1861) Ukrainian poet who is symbolic of an emerging national identity and language.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Shevchenko Memorial Committee of America, Inc.	1960	1964	<b>WORLD</b>	Foreign Leader, Pursuit of Freedom in Foreign Country
<b>Visual Art</b>								
<b>Butt-Millet (Butt Millet Memorial Fountain)</b>	Ellipse	Commemorates two men who died in the Titanic. Butt (1865 – 1912) was a military aide to Presidents Roosevelt and Taft. Millet (1846-1912) was a painter and member of the Fine Arts Commission.	FEDERAL - NPS	Paid for by private contributions of Friends of Butt and Millet	1912	1913	<b>WORLD</b>	Advisor or Cabinet, Victims of Man-made or Natural disaster
<b>Sciences</b>								
<b>Engineering</b>								
<b>Ericsson, John</b>	West Potomac Park	(1803 – 1889) Swedish-American inventor of the screw propeller, mechanical engineer and designer of the iron-clad monitor.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by Scandinavian descendants organizations, paid for with public and private contributions	1916	1926		Sciences, Invention
<b>Health and Medicine</b>								
<b>Hahnemann, Samuel</b>	Scott Circle, Massachusetts Ave. & 16th St., NW	(1755-1843) German founder of the science of homeopathy and leader of the medical reformation in the 19th Century. Developed the "law of similars": diseases are cured by drugs that produce a similar effect when injected in healthy humans.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the American Institute of Homeopathy	1900	1900	<b>WORLD</b>	International - Other
<b>Nuns of the Battlefield</b>	Rhode Island Ave. & M St, NW	Represents nuns of different orders who nursed the sick during the Civil War. Inscription reads: (upper) "They comforted the dying, Nursed the wounded, carried hope to the imprisoned, gave in His name a drink of water to the thirsty."...(lower) "To the memory and in honor of / The Various Orders of Sisters / who gave their services as nurses on battlefields / and in hospitals during the Civil War."	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Ladies' Auxiliary of Ancient Order of Hibernians in America	1918	1924	<b>MILITARY</b>	Military Support Services, Civil War
<b>Reed, Major Walter</b>	Walter Reed Army Medical Center, 16th St & Alaska Ave, NW	(1851 - 1902) U.S. Army physician, confirmed theory that yellow fever is transmitted by mosquitoes, rather than direct contact. This insight gave impetus to new fields of epidemiology and biomedicine and led to development of serum to eradicate disease.	FEDERAL - DOD	<i>TBD (Staff Seeking Input)</i>	<i>TBD (Staff Seeking Input)</i>	<i>TBD (Staff Seeking Input)</i>	<b>MILITARY</b>	Military Support Services, Education
<b>Rush, Dr. Benjamin</b>	Navy Bur. of Medicine, 23rd & E Sts NW	(1745 – 1813) Founding Father, physician and surgeon-general, opened first public health clinic. Helped to draft Pennsylvania Constitution and found Dickinson College.	FEDERAL - DOD	Sponsored by the American Medical Association	N/A	1904	<b>FOUNDING</b>	Education, Medicine
<b>Stephenson, Dr. Benjamin (Grand Army of the Republic)</b>	7th & C Sts, NW	(1823-1871) Founder of the Grand Army of the Republic, first veterans' organization in the U.S. Composed of veterans of the Union Army in the Civil War, the society that provided assistance to disabled veterans, widows, and orphans.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the G.A.R. Memorial Association	1907	1909	<b>MILITARY</b>	Military Support Services, Civil War

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							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS
<b>ACHIEVEMENT IN THE ARTS AND SCIENCES (cont.)</b>								
<b>Invention</b>								
<b>Ericsson, John</b>	West Potomac Park	(1803 – 1889) Swedish-American inventor of the screw propeller, mechanical engineer and designer of the iron-clad Monitor.	FEDERAL - NPS	U.S. Government and private contributions (through Scandinavian descendants organizations)	1916	1926		Sciences, Engineering
<b>Marconi, Guglielmo</b>	16th & Lamont Sts, NW	(1874–1937) Italian inventor, best known for his development of a radiotelegraph system. Shared the 1909 Nobel Prize in Physics with Karl Ferdinand Braun, "in recognition of their contributions to the development of wireless telegraphy."	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Marconi Memorial Foundation	1938	1941	<b>WORLD</b>	International - Other
<b>Franklin, Benjamin</b>	12th St & Pennsylvania Ave, NW	(1706-1790) Founding Father, author, satirist, political theorist, politician, scientist, inventor, statesman and diplomat. A major figure in the Enlightenment for his work in physics and electricity. Depicted as he appeared at the court of Louis XVI at Versailles on the occasion of the first treaty between the U.S. and a foreign power.	FEDERAL - NPS	Donated by Stilson Hutchins	1888	1889	<b>FOUNDING</b>	Founding Fathers, Diplomacy, Physics
<b>Technology</b>								
<b>First Airmail Flight Marker</b>	East Potomac Park	Commemorates 40th anniversary of Air Mail service at the field where scheduled flight service began, first connecting Washington, Philadelphia and New York.	FEDERAL - NPS	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1958		
<b>AMERICA AND THE WORLD</b>								
<b>Foreign Leaders</b>								
<b>Burke, Edmund</b>	Massachusetts Ave bet 11th & 12th Sts, NW	(1729-1797) British statesman, orator and political thinker. Advocated fair treatment of the American colonies.	FEDERAL - NPS	Offered by Sir Charles Wakefield, former Mayor of London, on behalf of the Sulgrave Institution	1922	1922	<b>FOUNDING</b>	
<b>Emmet, Robert</b>	Massachusetts Ave & 24th St, NW	(1778-1803) Irish patriot and early leader in the cause of Irish Independence. Inscription includes excerpts from Emmet's speech during the trial where he was sentenced to death: "I wish to procure for my country the guarantee which Washington procured for America...I have parted from everything that was dear to me in this life for my country's cause..."	FEDERAL - NPS	On indefinite loan from the Smithsonian Institution. Commissioned by American citizens of Irish ancestry; given to the Smithsonian; rededicated in 1966 to celebrate Irish independence.	N/A	1966		
<b>Joan of Arc</b>	Meridian Hill Park, 16th & Euclid Sts, NW	(1412-1431) National heroine of France, one of the country's patron Catholic saints. Young woman who led the French armies against the British forces, the siege of Orleans during the 100 Years' War.	FEDERAL - NPS	Given by the Société des Femmes de France of New York to the women of the United States	1922	1922		Religion, Recognition of Women, Other Military*
<b>Pursuit of Freedom in Foreign Country</b>								
<b>Artigas, General Jose</b>	18th St & Constitution Ave, NW	(1764-1850) Sometimes called "The Father of Uruguayan independence." Led Gauchos to fight for Uruguayan state separate from Argentina/free of Spanish domination. Engraved at base of statue: "From the people of Uruguay to the People of the United States. Liberty of America is my dream and its attainment my only hope."	FEDERAL - NPS	Gift from the Republic of Uruguay to the U.S.; funded in large part from contributions of Uruguayan school children and the Chamber of Deputies (Goode, 172)	1948	1950		Other Military*
<b>Bolivar, General Simon</b>	Virginia Ave @ 18th & C Sts, NW	(1783 -1830) Leader of South America's struggle for independence from Spain. According to Goode, the statue is a symbol of the bond between the U.S. and its Latin neighbors (p. 198).	FEDERAL - NPS	Given by the Government of Venezuela	1949	1959		Other Military*
<b>Gandhi, Mahatma</b>	Massachusetts Ave & Q St @ 21st St, NW	(1869-1948) Political and spiritual leader of India during the Indian independence movement. Pioneer of resistance through peaceful mass civil disobedience. After assuming leadership of the Indian National Congress in 1921, Gandhi led nationwide campaigns to ease poverty and build religious and ethnic amity.	FEDERAL - NPS	Given by the Government of India	1998	2000		Religion
<b>Juarez, Benito Pablo</b>	Virginia & New Hampshire Aves, NW	(1806-1872) Served 5 terms (1865-1872) as President of Mexico. Regarded as a strong leader for resisting and overthrowing French occupation to restore the republic; sometimes referred to as the "Mexican George Washington."	FEDERAL - NPS	Given by the Government of Mexico	1968	1970		

\* Other Military includes military figures from the America and the World Theme that are not included in the American Military and Military Conflicts theme.

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<b>AMERICA AND THE WORLD (cont.)</b>								
<b>Masaryk, Tomas</b>	Massachusetts Ave & 22nd St, NW	(1850-1937) Philosopher turned political leader, Czechoslovakia's first president. Advocate of Czechoslovak independence during WWI. Statue shows him holding the Declaration of Czech Independence.	FEDERAL - NPS	Given by the Czech Republic and Organizations to the U.S.	2001	2005		
<b>San Martin, General Jose de</b>	Virginia Ave & 20th St, NW	(1778 – 1850) General credited for Argentinean independence from Spain. Led liberating army across the Andes to give freedom to Chile and Peru.	FEDERAL - NPS	Given by the Government of Argentina.	1924	1925		Other Military*
<b>Shevchenko, Taras</b>	22nd, 23rd & P Sts, NW	(1814 –1861) Ukrainian poet who is symbolic of an emerging national identity and language.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Shevchenko Memorial Committee of America, Inc.	1960	1964	<b>ARTS-SCIENCES</b>	Arts, Poetry
<b>Diplomacy</b>								
<b>Cuban Friendship Urn</b>	East Potomac Park @ 14th St Bridges	Memorial to the Victims of the USS Maine. It had been sent to protect American interests during the long-standing revolt of the Cubans against the Spanish government; preceded the Spanish-American War.	FEDERAL - NPS	Gift from the Government of Cuba to the U.S. (Cuban President Gerardo Machado presented the monument to US President Coolidge)	1928	1928		Spanish-American War
<b>Discus Thrower (Discobolus)</b>	Virginia Ave @ 21st St, NW	Gift of appreciation from Italy to U.S. honoring American efforts to return Italian sculpture (including the original Mirone "Discobolus" statue) to Italy after it was seized by the Nazis. "Discobolus" is an Italian copy of the Greek original and portrays an athlete in motion.	FEDERAL - NPS	Given by the Government of Italy	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1956		World War II
<b>Galvez, Bernardo de</b>	22nd & Virginia Ave., NW	(1746-1786) Spanish ally to American colonies during the American Revolution. Fought for colonies. Captain-general and governor of Cuba. Given in recognition of the U.S. Bicentennial.	FEDERAL - NPS	Given by King Juan Carlos of Spain to the U.S. in celebration of the Bicentennial.	1976	2007		Other Military*, Bicentennial
<b>German-American Friendship Garden</b>	Wash Mon Grd, Const. bet 17th & 15th Sts	Honors the 300th anniversary of German immigration to America. Not constructed as an official commemorative work.	FEDERAL - NPS	Commissioned by the U.S. Government under President Reagan.	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1988		
<b>Japanese Lantern</b>	Tidal Basin	Commemorates Commodore Perry's historic visit to Japan. These lanterns were used to honor the Shoguns of the Tokugawa period. The Tokugawa period (1603–1867) was the final period of traditional Japan, a time of internal peace, political stability, and economic growth under the shogunate (military dictatorship) founded by Tokugawa Ieyasu.	FEDERAL - NPS	Given by the Governor of Tokyo	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1958		
<b>Jusserand, Jules</b>	Rock Creek Park (South of Pierce Mill)	(1855-1932) French ambassador to the U.S. during WW I, friend of Pres. T.Roosevelt. First memorial erected on federal property to a foreign diplomat.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Jusserand Memorial Committee	1935	1936		
<b>Strauss, Oscar</b>	14th Between Const. & Pa. Aves	(1850-1926) One of America's first career diplomats, first Jewish cabinet officer, attorney, served as Sec'y of Commerce and Labor under Pres. Theodore Roosevelt and was active in supporting America's entry into the League of Nations.	FEDERAL - OTHER	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1927	1947		Advisor or Cabinet Member
<b>Buchanan, President James</b>	Meridian Hill Park, 16th & Florida Ave	(1791 – 1868) 15th U.S. President, diplomat and attorney. Served in the War of 1812 and was later Representative in Congress, U.S. Minister to Russia and to Great Britain and Sec'y of State. Shown with 2 figures representing Law and Diplomacy.	FEDERAL - NPS	Given by Mrs. Harriett Lane Johnson, Buchanan's niece	1918	1930	<b>STATESMANSHIP</b>	American Political Leader, American President, War of 1812, Congress, Attorney
<b>Exploration</b>								
<b>Columbus, Christopher (Columbus Fountain)</b>	Union Station Plaza	(1451 – 1506) Genoese navigator, colonizer and explorer whose voyages across the Atlantic Ocean initiated widespread contact between Europeans and indigenous Americans. Commemoration features statue and prow of the ship symbolizing Discovery (Goode 14). Other elements represent the old and new worlds.	FEDERAL - NPS	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1907	1912		
<b>Schuetze, Lt. Commander William Henry (Serenity)</b>	Meridian Hill Park, 16th & Florida Ave	Given in memory of Lt. Commander William Henry Schuetze, US Navy. (1853-1902) Led expedition to retrieve bodies of American explorers who died in the Arctic, also served in Siberia during the Spanish-American War.	FEDERAL - NPS	Given and paid for by Charles Deering	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	<b>MILITARY</b>	Military Leader, Spanish-American War

\* Other Military includes military figures from the America and the World Theme that are not included in the American Military and Military Conflicts theme.

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							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS
<b>AMERICA AND THE WORLD (cont.)</b>								
<b>International - Other</b>								
<b>Butt-Millet (Butt Millet Memorial Fountain)</b>	Ellipse	Commemorates two men who died in the Titanic. Butt (1865 – 1912) was a military aide to Presidents Roosevelt and Taft. Millet (1846-1912) was a painter and member of the Fine Arts Commission.	FEDERAL - NPS	Paid for by private contributions of Friends of Butt and Millet	1912	1913	<b>ARTS-SCIENCES</b>	
<b>Titanic Memorial</b>	Waterfront Park, P St., SW	Memorial to the men who perished in the wreck of the Titanic to save the lives of women and children aboard.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Women's Titanic Memorial Association	1917	1931		
<b>Victims of the Ukrainian Manmade Famine Memorial (planned)</b>	Massachusetts Ave, N. Capitol & F, NW	From Authorizing Law: "establish a memorial on Federal land in the District of Columbia to honor the victims of the Ukrainian famine..." (1932-1933)	FEDERAL - NPS	A gift from The Government of Ukraine (planning to pay for privately)	2006	PLANNED	<b>SOCIETY-CULTURE</b>	Ethnic and Cultural Heritage, Ukraine-American
<b>Victims of Communism</b>	Massachusetts & New Jersey Ave NW	From Authorizing Law (paraphrased): Since 1917, communist rulers led by Lenin and Mao have been responsible for 100 million deaths in an "unprecedented imperial communist holocaust" in 40 captive nations... there is danger that the heroic sacrifices may be forgotten...should be permanently memorialized so that never again will nations and people allow so evil a tyranny to terrorize the world."	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by The Victims of Communism Memorial Foundation	1993	2007		
<b>Alighieri, Dante (Dante)</b>	Meridian Hill Park, 16th & Florida Ave	(1265 – 1321) Italian poet of the Middle Ages. Wrote <i>Divina Commedia</i> , one of the great literary works composed in the Italian language and a significant work of world literature. The statue stands on a pedestal of sea green granite and represents Dante in the robe of a scholar, wearing a crown of laurel.	FEDERAL - NPS	Given to the U.S. on behalf of Italian Americans by Carlo Barsotti	1922	1920	<b>ARTS-SCIENCES</b>	Poetry
<b>Gibran, Khalil</b>	Normanstone Pkwy & Mass Ave, NW	(1883 –1931) Lebanese-American poet and artist. Most famous literary work is <i>The Prophet</i> .	FEDERAL - NPS	Paid for by Private Donations and Lebanese Americans	1984	1991	<b>ARTS-SCIENCES</b>	Poetry
<b>Hahnemann, Samuel</b>	Scott Circle, Massachusetts Ave. & 16th	(1755-1843) German founder of the science of homeopathy and leader of the medical reformation in the 19th Century. Developed the "law of similars": diseases are cured by drugs that produce a similar effect when injected in healthy humans.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the American Institute of Homeopathy	1900	1900	<b>ARTS-SCIENCES</b>	Medicine
<b>Marconi, Guglielmo</b>	16th & Lamont Sts, NW	(1874–1937) Italian inventor, best known for his development of a radiotelegraph system. He shared the 1909 Nobel Prize in Physics with Karl Ferdinand Braun, "in recognition of their contributions to the development of wireless telegraphy."	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Marconi Memorial Foundation	1938	1941	<b>ARTS-SCIENCES</b>	
<b>THE AMERICAN MILITARY AND MILITARY CONFLICTS</b>								
<b>Note: does not include military leaders from other countries commemorated in Washington, such as Joan of Arc or General Artigas.</b>								
<b>Conflicts / Wars (see also Veterans on page 10, which includes additional works that honor specific groups)</b>								
<b>D.C. Residents World War I Memorial</b>	West Potomac Park	Honors DC residents who served in WWI. It is inscribed with the name of the war dead. According to the DC Preservation League it was the first memorial on the Mall to list all D.C. residents who lost their lives in the war, regardless of their race, class, or gender.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the D.C. War Memorial Commission, District residents	1924	1931	<b>LOCAL HISTORY</b>	
<b>Fort Stevens G.A.R. Plaque</b>	13th & Rittenhouse Sts, NW	Fort Stevens is one of the ring of fortifications built to safeguard Washington, D.C. during the Civil War. The Grand Army of the Republic (G.A.R) became an important Civil War veterans organization for Union veterans.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Daughters of Union Veterans of the Civil War	1936	1936	<b>LOCAL HISTORY</b>	
<b>Fort Stevens Monument and Marker</b>	13th & Rittenhouse Sts, NW	Commemorates the place where President Lincoln stood under enemy fire during the Battle of Ft. Stevens.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by Associated Survivors, 6th Army Corps	N/A	1920	<b>LOCAL HISTORY</b>	
<b>Korean War Veterans Memorial</b>	West Potomac Park	From Authorizing Law: "to honor members of the Armed Forces of the United States who served in the Korean war, particularly those who were killed in action, are still listed as missing in action, or were held as prisoners of war."	FEDERAL - NPS	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1986	1995		

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<b>THE AMERICAN MILITARY AND MILITARY CONFLICTS (cont.)</b>								
<b>Three Servicemen of the Vietnam Veterans Memorial</b>	West Potomac Park	Designed by Frederick Hart, the three servicemen are a part of the Vietnam Memorial landscape on the Mall. The soldiers are dressed in attire worn on the field, and the memorial honors those who fought in the Vietnam War.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Vietnam Veterans Memorial Fund		1984		
<b>Vietnam Veterans Memorial</b>	West Potomac Park	From Authorizing Law: "in honor and recognition of the men and women of the Armed Forces of the United States who served in the Vietnam War."	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Vietnam Veterans Memorial Fund	1980	1984		
<b>World War II Memorial</b>	West Potomac Park	From Authorizing Law: "to honor members of the Armed Forces who served in World War II and to commemorate United States participation in that conflict." Honors the 16 million who served in the armed forces of the U.S., the more than 400,000 who died, and all who supported the war effort from home.	FEDERAL - NPS	Public Law 103-32 authorized the American Battle Monuments Commission (ABMC) to establish a World War II Memorial in Washington, D.C., or its environs; paid for primarily with private funds.	1993	2004		
<b>Foreign Fighters in the American Revolution</b>								
<b>Barry, Commodore John</b>	Franklin Park, 14th St between I & K, NW	(1745-1803) Sometimes called "the father of the U.S. Navy." Sea captain born in Ireland & emigrated to American colonies, joined the American Colonial Navy and was first officer to capture enemy war vessel in the American Revolution.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Ancient Order of Hibernians in America and other Irish organizations	1906	1914		
<b>Jones, Commodore John Paul</b>	West Potomac Park	(1747-1792) Scotsman who immigrated to the U.S. in 1775 and joined the fledgling U.S. Navy. First to raise the new American flag on an American war vessel and the first to compel a man-of-war to surrender to the U.S. vessel.	FEDERAL - NPS	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1906	1912		
<b>Kosciuszko, General Thaddeus</b>	Lafayette Park, Pennsylvania Ave & 16th St., NW	(1747-1798) Polish patriot who fought for freedom in America and Poland. His skill in building fortifications in key places, including West Point and Saratoga, contributed to success in the American Revolution.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by Polish Nat'l Alliance of American and Polish Citizens	1904	1910		Engineering
<b>Lafayette, General Gilbert du Motier</b>	Lafayette Park, Pennsylvania Ave & 16th St., NW	(1757-1834) French nobleman who petitioned the French National Assembly for assistance for the Americans during the American Revolution. Eventually sailed his own ship to America to assist colonists and brought a number of French soldiers (including Pierre L'Enfant). Statue was in part a gesture to reestablish French-American relations after Spanish-American War.	FEDERAL - NPS	Commissioned by Congress	1885	1891		
<b>Pulaski, Count Casimir</b>	E & 13th Sts, NW	(1745-1779) Polish nobleman who fought to defend Poland against European invaders. Came to U.S. to serve in Continental Army and declared his intention to become a citizen. Called "father of the American cavalry."	FEDERAL - NPS	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1903	1910		
<b>Rochambeau, Count Jean Baptiste</b>	Lafayette Park, Pennsylvania Ave & 16th St., NW	(1725-1807) French aristocrat and soldier, commanded French force dispatched in 1780 to aid the Americans in the American Revolution. Joined Washington's forces at White Plains, NY and assisted in forcing Cornwallis' surrender at Yorktown.	FEDERAL - NPS	Commissioned by Congress	1901	1902		
<b>Von Steuben, General Frederick (Baron)</b>	Lafayette Park, Pennsylvania Ave & 16th St., NW	(1730-1794) Aide-de-Camp to Frederick the Great and joined the American colonies in the Revolution to train the citizen-soldiers of America.	FEDERAL - NPS	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1903	1910		
<b>Military Institutions</b>								
<b>Branches</b>								
<b>Peace Monument</b>	Pennsylvania Ave @ 1st St, NW	Memorial to officers, sailors and marines in the U.S. Navy who fell in defense of the Union and "Liberty of their country" during the Civil War. "They died so their country might live." Figures represent America weeping on the shoulder of History, Peace, Victory, Neptune, and Mars.	FEDERAL - AOC	Paid for by U.S. Government and contributions from Navy personnel	1876	1877		Civil War
<b>United States Navy Memorial</b>	Market Square 8th & Pennsylvania Ave, NW	Honors those who have served or are currently serving in the Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, and the Merchant Marine	FEDERAL - NPS	U.S. Navy	1980	1987		

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<b>THE AMERICAN MILITARY AND MILITARY CONFLICTS (cont.)</b>								
<b>Units</b>								
<b>First Division Memorial</b>	Presidents Park	From Authorizing Law: "Authorizing...a memorial to the dead of the First Division, American Expeditionary Forces in the World War." Later authorizations permitted additions to the monument in memory of the dead of the Division in WWII and Vietnam.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by Memorial Association of the 1st Division	1921	1924		WWI, WWII, Vietnam
<b>National Cemetery Markers at Battleground National Cemetery - 4 Monuments</b>	6625 Georgia Ave NW, bet Whitter & Van B	1) Erected by State of NY in honor of war dead from the 25th NY Volunteers who died in the defense of Washington in 1864; 2) erected by the State of NY in honor of the war dead from 122nd NY Volunteers (Onondaga Co.) who died in defense of Washington 3) erected by the State of Ohio for the 150th Ohio National Guard Infantrymen who took part in the defense of Washington at Ft. Stevens; 4) erected by State of Pennsylvania to honor war dead and wounded who fought in defense of Washington.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the States of New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania	N/A	1914		Civil War
<b>Second Division Memorial</b>	Ellipse @ 17th St. & Constitution Ave.	Honors those of the U.S. Army's Second Division who gave their lives in WWI in 1917-1919. Wings have been added since construction to represent efforts in WWII and Korean War.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Second Division	1931	1936		WWI, WWII, Korean War
<b>American Military Leaders</b>								
<b>American Revolution</b>								
<b>Greene, General Nathanael</b>	Stanton Park, 5th & C Sts, NE	(1742 – 1786) A major general of the Continental Army in the American Revolutionary War; Commander of the Army of the South who drove British forces from Georgia and the Carolinas in 1782.	FEDERAL - NPS	TBD: Staff Seeking Input	1874	1877		
<b>Hale, Captain Nathan</b>	Justice Department (Grounds)	(1755 – 1776) Officer for the Continental Army during the American Revolutionary War. Widely considered America's first spy, he volunteered for an intelligence-gathering mission, but was captured by the British. At his execution, Hale famously said, "I only regret that I have but one life to give for my country."	FEDERAL - NPS	Given by George Dudley Seymour, a biographer of Hale	N/A	1945		
<b>Marion, Gen. Francis (planned)</b>	TBD	(1732-1795) Known as "the swamp fox," Military officer in the American Revolutionary War. Served with Continental Army and South Carolina militia commissions, known for his guerilla tactics of surprising the enemy with quick attacks and retreats.	FEDERAL - NPS	The Marion Park Project, a committee of the Palmetto Conservation Foundation	2008	PLANNED		
<b>Muhlenberg, Peter</b>	Conn. Ave @ 36th & Ellicott Sts, NW	(1746-1807) Statesman, clergyman, and soldier of the Revolutionary War era. Fought in major battles of the American Revolution. "in the language of Holy Writ there is a time for all things there is a time to pray and a time to fight... and that time has now come." 300 men from his congregations joined the Army.	FEDERAL - NPS	St. Paul's Lutheran Church (donated land and raised money).	1928	1980	<b>SOCIETY-CULTURE</b>	Religion, Congress
<b>Ward, General Artemas</b>	Ward Circle	(1727-1800) Resigned post as Massachusetts governor to be first Commander-in-Chief of the Continental Army in the Revolutionary War.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by Harvard University	1928	1938		Congress
<b>Washington, President George</b>	Washington Circle, Penn. Ave., 23rd & K Sts NW	From Authorizing Law: "To Erect at the Capital of the Nation an Equestrian Statue of Washington;" shown in the uniform as Commander-in-Chief of the Continental Army at the Battle of Princeton so near the front lines that his horse refused to advance. (1732-1799) 1st U.S. President, Founding Father, and the commander of the Continental Army in the American Revolutionary War (1775-1783). For his central role in the formation of the United States, he is often referred to as "the father of his country". One of two equestrian statues of Washington in the city	FEDERAL - NPS	According to Goode, Congress commissioned this statue in 1853 because of the popularity of Mills' equestrian statue of Andrew Jackson in Lafayette Park, unveiled the same year (p. 480).	1853	1860	<b>STATESMANSHIP FOUNDING</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Founding Fathers
<b>Washington, President George</b>	Washington Monumen Grounds	Built between 1848 and 1884 as a tribute to George Washington; construction took place in two major phases. Lack of funds and political turmoil caused delays. Plans for a national monument began as early as 1783 when Congress proposed that an equestrian statue of George Washington be erected. (1732-1799) 1st U.S. President, Founding Father, and the commander of the Continental Army in the American Revolutionary War (1775-1783). For his central role in the formation of the United States, he is often referred to as "the father of his country". Sponsored by the Washington National Monument Society.	FEDERAL - NPS	U.S. Gov't/Washington Monument Society	(multiple authorizations) 1783 - 1876	1885	<b>STATESMANSHIP FOUNDING</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Founding Fathers

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<b>THE AMERICAN MILITARY AND MILITARY CONFLICTS (cont.)</b>								
<b>War of 1812</b>								
<b>Jackson, President Andrew</b>	Lafayette Park, Pennsylvania Ave & 16th St., NW	(1767-1845) 7th U.S. President who achieved his greatest military fame at the Battle of New Orleans in 1815, which was the final major battle of the War of 1812. This statue depicts Jackson as he appeared at the Battle of New Orleans.	FEDERAL - NPS	Commissioned by the Jackson Monument Committee and sponsored by the Jackson Democratic Association (Democratic Party)	1848	1853	<b>STATESMANSHIP</b>	American Political Leader, American President
<b>Scott, Lt General Winfield</b>	U.S. Armed Forces Retirement Home 2nd & Upshur Sts, NW	(1786 - 1866) General who served in American military for 50 years; including the War of 1812, Mexican-American War and Civil War. Considered national hero primarily for service in Mexican-American War. Influential in establishing the U.S. Armed Forces Retirement Home.	FEDERAL - DOD	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1873		
<b>Scott, Lt General Winfield</b>	Scott Circle, Massachusetts Ave., Rhode Island Ave., & 16th St., NW	(1786 - 1866) Served in American military for 50 years; including the War of 1812, Mexican-American War and Civil War; considered national hero primarily for service in Mexican-American War.	FEDERAL - NPS	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1867	1874	<b>MILITARY</b>	Military Leader, Mexican-American War, Civil War
<b>Mexican-American War</b>								
<b>Scott, Lt General Winfield</b>	Scott Circle, Massachusetts & Rhode Island Aves., & 16th St., NW	(1786 - 1866) Served in American military for 50 years; including the War of 1812, Mexican-American War and Civil War; considered national hero primarily for service in Mexican-American War.	FEDERAL - NPS	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1867	1874	<b>MILITARY</b>	Military Leader, Mexican-American War, Civil War
<b>Civil War</b>								
<b>Dupont, Samuel Francis (Dupont Memorial Fountain)</b>	Dupont Circle, Mass. & Conn Aves., P & 19th Sts., NW	(1803-1865) Samuel Francis Dupont was a Civil War naval commander for the U.S. Fountain honors Dupont with three statues, representing "Sea, Wind and Sky."	FEDERAL - NPS	Given by the Dupont Family	1917	1921		
<b>Farragut, Admiral David G.</b>	Farragut Square, 17th, K & I Sts., NW	(1801-1870) First Admiral in the U.S. Navy, a title created for him during the Civil War; captured New Orleans and controlled the Mississippi River. Remembered in popular culture for his order at Battle of Mobile Bay, paraphrased: "Damn the torpedoes, full speed ahead!"	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by Mrs. Farragut, with public contributions	1872	1881		
<b>Garfield, President James</b>	Maryland Ave SW & 1st St	(1831 – 1881) 20th U.S. President, Brigadier General in the Civil War, House Representative, state senator, professor and president of Hiram College. His death, 2 mo. after being shot and 6 mo. after his inauguration, made his tenure the 2nd shortest in U.S. history.	FEDERAL - AOC	Sponsored by the Society of Army of Cumberland; paid for by U.S. Government and private contributions	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1887	<b>STATESMANSHIP</b>	Civil War, Congress, Education
<b>Grant, President Ulysses S.</b>	The Mall & 1st Street	(1822 – 1885) 18th U.S. President and General-in-Chief of the Union Army during the American Civil War. Fought for key victories at Vicksburg and Chattanooga; secured the Mississippi River. Accepted the surrender of the Confederacy.	FEDERAL - NPS	Proposed by the Society of the Army of Tennessee; Congress authorized the Grant Memorial Commission to establish the commemoration and the U.S. Government contributed to the expense	1901	1922	<b>STATESMANSHIP</b>	American Political Leader, American President
<b>Hancock, General Winfield Scott</b>	Pennsylvania Ave @ 7th St, NW	(1824 -1886) Union Civil War general and fought in the Mexican American War. Noted for his leadership during the battle of Gettysburg.	FEDERAL - NPS	U.S. Government	1889	1896		
<b>Lincoln, President Abraham (Emancipation Monument)</b>	Lincoln Park, East Capitol & 11th St., NE	The statue features President Lincoln in his characteristic frock coat, holding the Emancipation Proclamation before a kneeling black man. Modeled after Archer Alexander, the last person captured under the Fugitive Slave Act, the man's arms are extended to show his shackles have been broken. The Emancipation Proclamation consists of two executive orders issued by President Lincoln during the Civil War. The first one, issued in 1862, declared the freedom of all slaves in any state of the Confederate States of America that did not return to Union control by January 1, 1863. The second order, issued January 1, 1863, named ten specific states where it would apply.	FEDERAL - NPS	Erected by the Western Sanitary Commission of Saint Louis, paid for with funds contributed by emancipated slaves	1874	1876	<b>STATESMANSHIP</b> <b>SOCIETY - CULTURE</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Civil War, Congress, Attorney
<b>Lincoln, President Abraham (Lincoln Memorial)</b>	West Potomac Park	(1809 – 1865) 16th U.S. President. Inscribed: "In this temple, as in the hearts of the people for whom he saved the Union, the memory of Abraham Lincoln is enshrined forever." Led country through its greatest internal crisis, the American Civil War. Introduced measures that resulted in the abolition of slavery, issuing his Emancipation Proclamation in 1863 and promoting the passage of the Thirteenth Amendment to the Constitution. The first American president to be assassinated.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the U.S. Government through the Lincoln Monument Commission in 1867	1867 (formal authorization: 1911)	1922	<b>STATESMANSHIP</b> <b>SOCIETY - CULTURE</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Civil War, Congress, Attorney



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<b>THE AMERICAN MILITARY AND MILITARY CONFLICTS (cont.)</b>								
<b>Logan, General John A.</b>	Logan Circle	(1826- 1886) General in Union Army during Civil War; also served as soldier, diplomat, Congressman, and Presidential candidate.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Society of Tennessee, paid for with private and public contribution (U.S. Government)	1889	1901		Military Leader, Civil War, Diplomacy, Congress
<b>McClellan, General George B.</b>	Connecticut Ave. & California St., NW	(1826 – 1885) Major General during Civil War who distinguished himself at the battle of Antietam and as head of the Army of the Potomac.	FEDERAL - NPS	Paid for with funding from the U.S. Government	1901	1907		
<b>McPherson, Major General James</b>	15th between K & I Sts NW	(1828 – 1864) Career U.S. Army officer who served as a general in the Union Army during the Civil War; distinguished himself at the battle of Atlanta and was chief engineer on General Grant's staff.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Society of the Army of Tennessee	1875	1876		
<b>Meade, Major-General George C.</b>	Pennsylvania Ave & 3rd St, NW	(1815 – 1872) General during the Civil War. Known for leading defense of Gettysburg while commanding Union forces. Commanded the Army of the Potomac in 1863.	FEDERAL - NPS	State of Pennsylvania and the Meade Monument Commission	1915	1927		Engineering
<b>Pike, General Albert</b>	3rd & D Sts, NW	(1809-1891) A freemason, soldier, author, philosopher, and Confederate General in the Civil War. A high Masonic official and interpreter of Masonic rite. The statue depicts Pike with the Goddess of Freemasonry.	FEDERAL - NPS	Supreme Council 33rd Degree, Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry for the Southern Freemasonry for the Southern Jurisdiction	1898	1901		Social-Civic Organizations
<b>Rawlins, General John A.</b>	E St. @ 18th, NW	(1831 – 1869) Union officer from Illinois, was a close friend of General Grant and served as Sec'y of War in Grant's first administration.	FEDERAL - NPS	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1872	1874		
<b>Scott, Lt General Winfield</b>	Scott Circle	(1786 - 1866) Served in American military for 50 years; including the War of 1812, Mexican-American War and Civil War; considered national hero primarily for service in Mexican-American War.	FEDERAL - NPS	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1867	1874		Military Leader, Mexican-American War, Civil War
<b>Sheridan, General Philip</b>	Sheridan Circle, 23rd & Mass Ave., NW	(1831-1888) Leader of Union cavalry during Civil War and commander of the Army of the Potomac. Engaged in numerous battles and helped force Lee's surrender to Grant at Appomattox.	FEDERAL - NPS	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1889	1908		
<b>Sherman, General William Tecumseh</b>	E St. @ 15th, NW	(1820 – 1891) General in the Union Army during the American Civil War, most noted for his march through Georgia and capture of Savannah; commanded the Army of Tennessee and succeeded Grant as Commander of the U.S. Army. This site was chosen because General Sherman was reported to have stood here while reviewing returning Civil War troops in May 1865 (NPS).	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Army of Tennessee, with support from the U.S. Government	1892	1903		Education
<b>Thomas, Major General George</b>	Thomas Circle	(1816 – 1870) U.S. Army officer and Union General during the American Civil War (despite his heritage as a Virginian). Gained fame as the "Rock of Chickamauga" by his defense of the position in 1863.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Army of the Cumberland Society	1876	1879		
<b>Spanish-American War</b>								
<b>Schuetze, Lt. Commander William Henry (Serenity)</b>	Meridian Hill Park, 16th & Florida Ave	Given in memory of Lt. Commander William Henry Schuetze, US Navy. (1853-1902) Led expedition to retrieve bodies of American explorers who died in the Arctic, also served in Siberia during the Spanish-American War.	FEDERAL - NPS	Donated by Charles Deering	1924	1925	<b>WORLD</b>	Exploration
<b>Roosevelt, President Theodore</b>	Theodore Roosevelt Island	(1858 –1919) 26th U.S. President. A leader of the Rough Riders during the Spanish-American War, also Governor of New York. Ardent lover of nature; memorial's location on T.R. Island is set aside as a wildlife refuge and natural preserve.	FEDERAL - NPS	Commissioned by Congress (established the Theodore Roosevelt Memorial Commission); paid for by the U.S. Government and private contributions	1932	1967	<b>STATESMANSHIP</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Governor
<b>WWI</b>								
<b>Pershing, General John J.</b>	Pershing Park, Pennsylvania Ave & 15th St	(1860-1948) Commander of American troops in France during World War I, Congress honored him with a new title: general of the armies. Founded the American Battle Monuments Commission, which was established to maintain cemeteries of American cemeteries abroad. Inscription reads: "In their devotion, their valor, and in the loyal fulfillment of their obligations, the officers and men of the American Expeditionary forces have left a heritage of whom those who follow may ever be proud."	FEDERAL - NPS	American Battle Monuments Commission (Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation, sponsor: Staff seeking input)	1954	1981		

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<b>THE AMERICAN MILITARY AND MILITARY CONFLICTS (cont.)</b>								
<b>WWII</b>								
<b>Eisenhower, President Dwight D. (National Eisenhower Memorial) (planned)</b>	Independence Ave bet 4th & 6th Sts	From the Authorizing Law: "Congress finds that- The people of the United States feel a deep debt of gratitude to Dwight D. Eisenhower, who served as Supreme Commander of the Allied Forces in Europe in World War II and subsequently as 34th President of the United States; and an appropriate permanent memorial to Dwight D. Eisenhower should be created to perpetuate his memory and his contributions to the United States." (1890-1969) Oversaw cease-fire of the Korean War, launched the Space Race, began the Interstate Highway System, enlarged Social Security.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Dwight D. Eisenhower Memorial Commission	2002	PLANNED	<b>STATESMANSHIP</b>	American Political Leader, American President
<b>Roosevelt, President Franklin Delano</b>	9th St & Pennsylvania Ave, NW	Memorial with a short inscription "In Memory of Franklin Delano Roosevelt 1882 – 1945." Congress later established a commission to construct a much more complex memorial, which detailed his contributions.	FEDERAL - NPS	Private Contributors	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1965	<b>STATESMANSHIP</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Governor
<b>Roosevelt, President Franklin Delano</b>	West Potomac Park	(1882 – 1945) 32nd U.S. President. Elected to unprecedented 4 terms in office and leader during Great Depression and WWII. Complex memorial depicts the various contributions he made, including inscriptions and sculptures related to the New Deal and Tennessee Valley Authority. Sculptures depicting Roosevelt in a wheelchair and featured with his pet are also included.	FEDERAL - NPS	Commissioned by Congress (established the FDR Memorial Commission); paid for by U.S. Government and private contributions	1955	1997	<b>STATESMANSHIP</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Governor
<b>Military Support Services</b>								
<b>Nuns of the Battlefield</b>	RI Ave. & M St, NW	Represents nuns of different orders who nursed the sick and weak during Civil War. Inscription reads: (upper) "They comforted the dying, Nursed the wounded, carried hope to the imprisoned, gave in His name a drink of water to the thirsty."...(lower) "To the memory and in honor of / The Various Orders of Sisters / who gave their services as nurses on battlefields / and in hospitals during the Civil War."	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Ladies' Auxiliary of Ancient Order of Hibernians in America	1918	1924	<b>ARTS-SCIENCES</b>	Sciences, Medicine, Civil War
<b>Stephenson, Dr. Benjamin (Grand Army of the Republic)</b>	7th & C Sts, NW	(1823-1871) Founder of the Grand Army of the Republic, first veterans' organization in the U.S.. Composed of veterans of the Union Army in the Civil War, the society provided assistance to disabled veterans, widows, and orphans.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the G.A.R. Memorial Association	1907	1909	<b>ARTS-SCIENCES</b>	Sciences, Medicine, Civil War
<b>Reed, Major Walter</b>	WRAMC, 16th St & Alaska Ave, NW	(1851 - 1902) U.S. Army physician, confirmed theory that yellow fever is transmitted by mosquitoes, rather than direct contact. This insight gave impetus to new fields of epidemiology and biomedicine and led to development of serum to eradicate disease.	FEDERAL - DOD	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	<b>ARTS-SCIENCES</b>	Sciences, Medicine, Education
<b>Veterans</b>								
<b>African-American Civil War Memorial ("The Spirit of Freedom")</b>	U St & Vermont Ave, NW	Commemorates the service of 209,145 African-American soldiers and sailors - both free and slave - who fought for the Union in the American Civil War. According to the Washington Post, the memorial is the first in the country to honor all African American Union troops and their white officers and is part of a new recognition of the role played by African Americans in the war.	FEDERAL - NPS	Commissioned by the District of Columbia Commission on the Arts and Humanities; "monitored" by The African American Civil War Freedom Foundation, Inc.; transferred to NPS. Paid for through private fundraising and the descendants of African Americans who fought in the Civil War.	1992	1998	<b>SOCIETY-CULTURE</b>	Ethnic and Cultural Heritage, African American history, Civil War
<b>American Veterans Disabled for Life (planned)</b>	2nd & I-395, SW	From Authorizing Law: "to honor veterans who became disabled while serving in the Armed Forces of the United States." According to the foundation, it will honor more than 3 million living disabled American veterans in the U.S. as well as disabled veterans throughout American history.	FEDERAL - NPS	The Disabled Veterans' LIFE Memorial Foundation plan to establish memorial with private funds.	2000	PLANNED		Disability
<b>D.C. Residents World War I Memorial</b>	West Potomac Park	Honors DC residents who served in WWI. It is inscribed with the name of the war dead. According to the DC Preservation League it was the first memorial on the Mall to list all D.C. residents who lost their lives in the war, regardless of their race, class, or gender.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the D.C. War Memorial Commission, District residents	1924	1931	<b>LOCAL HISTORY</b>	WWI
<b>In Memory Plaque</b>	Vietnam Veterans Memorial Grounds	From Authorizing Law: "to authorize...a plaque to honor those Vietnam veterans who died after their service in the Vietnam War, but a direct result of that service."	FEDERAL - NPS	Public Law 106-214 directs the American Battle Monuments Commission to solicit private contributions for the plaque, and to place it in consultation with the Vietnam Women's Memorial Project, Inc. and the Vietnam Veterans Memorial Fund, Inc. Sponsored by Friends of the Vietnam Veterans Memorial.	2000	2004		Vietnam

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<b>THE AMERICAN MILITARY AND MILITARY CONFLICTS (cont.)</b>								
<b>Japanese American Patriotism in World War II</b>	New Jersey & Louisiana Aves & D St	From Authorizing Law: "to honor Japanese American patriotism in World War II." According to the National Japanese American Memorial Foundation, the Mission is to "tell our story of service and sacrifice in protecting the Constitutional rights of all Americans."	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the National Japanese American Memorial Foundation	1992	2000		WWII
<b>Pershing, General John J.</b>	Pershing Park, Pennsylvania Ave & 15th St	(1860-1948) Commander of American troops in France during World War I, Congress honored him with a new title: general of the armies. Founded the American Battle Monuments Commission, which was established to maintain cemeteries of American cemeteries abroad. Inscription reads: "In their devotion, their valor, and in the loyal fulfillment of their obligations, the officers and men of the American Expeditionary forces have left a heritage of whom those who follow may ever be proud."	FEDERAL - NPS	American Battle Monuments Commission (Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation, sponsor: Staff seeking input)	1954	1981		WWII
<b>Three Servicemen of the Vietnam Veterans Memorial</b>	Adjacent to the Lincoln Memorial.	Designed by Frederick Hart, the three servicemen are a part of the Vietnam Memorial landscape on the Mall. The soldiers are dressed in attire worn on the field, and the memorial honors those who fought in the Vietnam War.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Vietnam Veterans Memorial Fund, Inc.		1984		Vietnam
<b>Vietnam Veterans Memorial</b>	Constitution Gardens	From Authorizing Law: "in honor and recognition of the men and women of the Armed Forces of the United States who served in the Vietnam War."	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Vietnam Veterans Memorial Fund, Inc.	1980	1984		Vietnam
<b>Women Who Served in Vietnam</b>	West Potomac Park	From Authorizing Law: "to honor women of the Armed Forces of the United States who served in the Republic of Vietnam during the Vietnam era"	FEDERAL - NPS	Vietnam Women's Memorial Project	1988	1993		Recognition of Women, Vietnam
<b>World War II Memorial</b>	West Potomac Park	From Authorizing Law: "to honor members of the Armed Forces who served in World War II and to commemorate United States participation in that conflict." Honors the 16 million who served in the armed forces of the U.S., the more than 400,000 who died, and all who supported the war effort from home.	FEDERAL - NPS	Public Law 103-32 authorized the American Battle Monuments Commission (ABMC) to establish a World War II Memorial in Washington, D.C., or its environs; paid for primarily with private funds.	1993	2004	<b>MILITARY</b>	War, WWII
<b>AMERICAN SOCIETY AND CULTURE</b>								
<b>Domestic Security</b>								
<b>Law Enforcement Officers Memorial</b>	Judiciary Sq, 4th 5th bet E & F St NW	Honors more than 18,000 federal, state and local law enforcement officers killed in the line of duty. Inscription includes each officer's name, and new names are added to the work each spring, in conjunction with National Police Week.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the National Law Enforcement Officers Memorial Fund	1984	1991		
<b>Education</b>								
<b>Bethune, Mary McLeod</b>	Lincoln Park, East Capitol & 11th St., NE	(1875 - 1955) American educator and civil rights leader. Founded the Daytona Normal and Industrial Institute for Negro Girls (now Bethune-Cookman College) in 1904, and served as president from 1904-1942 and from 1946-47. A leader in the black women's club movement and served as president of the National Association of Colored Women. Founder of the National Council of Negro Women. Vice-president of the NAACP.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the National Council of Negro Women, Inc. Paid for privately and with funds from the U.S. Government (Govt provided a grant when fundraising efforts stalled)	1960	1974	<b>SOCIETY-CULTURE</b>	Social Movements, African American history, Civil Rights, Recognition of women, Advisor or Cabinet
<b>Longfellow, Henry Wadsworth</b>	Connecticut Ave & M St. NW	(1807 - 1882) Poet, scholar and professor at Harvard; first American to translate Dante Alighieri's The Divine Comedy and was one of the 5 members of the group known as the Fireside Poets; statue of Longfellow shown wearing academic robes.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Longfellow Memorial Association	1906	1909	<b>ARTS-SCIENCES</b>	Arts, Poetry
<b>Ethnic and Cultural Heritage</b>								
<b>African-American (see also Social Movements / Civil Rights on page 13)</b>								
<b>African-American Civil War Memorial ("The Spirit of Freedom")</b>	U St & Vermont Ave, NW	Commemorates the service of 209,145 African-American soldiers and sailors - both free and slave - who fought for the Union in the American Civil War. According to the Washington Post, the memorial is the first in the country to honor all African American Union troops and their white officers and is part of a new recognition of the role played by African Americans in the war.	FEDERAL - NPS	Commissioned by the District of Columbia Commission on the Arts and Humanities; "monitored" by The African American Civil War Freedom Foundation, Inc.; transferred to NPS. Paid for through private fundraising and the descendants of African Americans who fought in the Civil War.	1992	1998	<b>MILITARY</b>	Veterans, Civil War

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							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS
<b>AMERICAN SOCIETY AND CULTURE (cont.)</b>								
<b>Bethune, Mary McLeod</b>	Lincoln Park, East Capitol & 11th St., NE	(1875 - 1955) American educator and civil rights leader. Founded the Daytona Normal and Industrial Institute for Negro Girls (now Bethune-Cookman College) in 1904, and served as president from 1904-1942 and from 1946-47. A leader in the black women's club movement and served as president of the National Association of Colored Women. Founder of the National Council of Negro Women. Vice-president of the NAACP.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the National Council of Negro Women, Inc. Paid for privately and with funds from the U.S. Government (Govt provided a grant when fundraising efforts stalled)	1960	1974		Social Movements, African American history, Civil Rights, Recognition of women, Advisor or Cabinet
<b>King, Dr. Martin Luther (under construction)</b>	West Potomac Park (Tidal Basin)	(1929 - 1968) American clergyman, activist, prominent leader in the Civil Rights movement. Left a significant legacy, including progress on civil rights and is widely considered a human rights icon. Led 1955 Montgomery Bus Boycott and helped found the Southern Christian Leadership Conference in 1957, serving as its first president. Led the 1963 March on Washington, where he delivered his "I Have a Dream" speech. He was assassinated in 1968, which led to a nationwide wave of riots.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the National Memorial Project Foundation, Inc.; paid for with private funds with a contribution of \$10 million for the U.S. Government	1996	PLANNED		
<b>Lincoln, President Abraham (Emancipation Monument)</b>	Lincoln Park, East Capitol & 11th St., NE	The statue features President Lincoln in his characteristic frock coat, holding the Emancipation Proclamation before a kneeling black man. Modeled after Archer Alexander, the last person captured under the Fugitive Slave Act, the man's arms are extended to show his shackles have been broken. The Emancipation Proclamation consists of two executive orders issued by President Lincoln during the Civil War. The first one, issued in 1862, declared the freedom of all slaves in any state of the Confederate States of America that did not return to Union control by January 1, 1863. The second order, issued January 1, 1863, named ten specific states where it would apply.	FEDERAL - NPS	Erected by the Western Sanitary Commission of Saint Louis, paid for with funds contributed by emancipated slaves	1874	1876	<b>MILITARY STATESMANSHIP</b>	
<b>Lincoln, President Abraham (Lincoln Memorial)</b>	West Potomac Park	(1809 - 1865) 16th U.S. President. Inscribed: "In this temple, as in the hearts of the people for whom he saved the Union, the memory of Abraham Lincoln is enshrined forever." Led country through its greatest internal crisis, the American Civil War. Introduced measures that resulted in the abolition of slavery, issuing his Emancipation Proclamation in 1863 and promoting the passage of the Thirteenth Amendment to the Constitution. The first American president to be assassinated.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the U.S. Government through the Lincoln Monument Commission in 1867	1867 (formal authorization: 1911)	1922	<b>MILITARY STATESMANSHIP</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Civil War
<b>Other</b>								
<b>Japanese American Patriotism in World War II</b>	New Jersey & Louisiana Aves & D St	From Authorizing Law: "to honor Japanese American patriotism in World War II." According to the National Japanese American Memorial Foundation, the Mission is to "tell our story of service and sacrifice in protecting the Constitutional rights of all Americans." According to the NJAM, the Memorial serves as a reminder of the loyalty and patriotism of Japanese American veterans during the War and as an apology on behalf of the United States for the unlawful internment of Japanese Americans.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the National Japanese American Memorial Foundation	1992	2000	<b>MILITARY</b>	WWII
<b>Ukraine Famine Memorial (planned)</b>	Massachusetts Ave, N. Capitol & F, NW	From Authorizing Law: "establish a memorial on Federal land in the District of Columbia to honor the victims of the Ukrainian famine..." (1932-1933)	FEDERAL - NPS	Government of Ukraine	2006	PLANNED	<b>WORLD</b>	Ethnic and Cultural Heritage, Victims of political, manmade or natural disaster
<b>Shevchenko, Taras</b>	22nd, 23rd & P Sts, NW	(1814 - 1861) Ukrainian poet who is symbolic of an emerging national identity and language.	FEDERAL - NPS	Shevchenko Memorial Committee of America, Inc.	1960	1964		
<b>TBD: staff seeking input on additional categories</b>								
<b>Philanthropy</b>								
<b>Mellon, Andrew W. (Andrew W. Mellon Memorial Fountain)</b>	Constitution Ave @ 6th St, NW	(1855-1937) Industrialist, financier, philanthropist and noted statesman who was American Ambassador to Great Britain and Secy. Treasury. Founder of the National Gallery of Art.	FEDERAL - NPS	Andrew Mellon Memorial Committee, paid for with private funds	1947	1952	<b>STATESMANSHIP</b>	Advisor or Cabinet
<b>Religion</b>								

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							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS
<b>AMERICAN SOCIETY AND CULTURE (cont.)</b>								
<b>Asbury, Francis</b>	16th & Mt Pleasant St, NW	(1745-1810) Pioneer Bishop of Methodist Episcopal Church. Known as "The Prophet of the Long Road," Asbury is honored for promoting patriotism, education, morality, and religion.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Francis Asbury Memorial Association	1919	1924		
<b>Gibbons, Cardinal James</b>	16th St & Park Road, NW	(1834 - 1921) Priest, bishop, and chaplain at Ft. McHenry, was instrumental in establishing Catholic University in Washington.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Knights of Columbus	1928	1932		Education
<b>Early Christianity in the US</b>								
<b>Muhlenberg, Peter</b>	Connecticut Ave @ 36th & Ellicott Sts, NW	(1746-1807) Statesman, clergyman, and soldier of the Revolutionary War era. Fought in major battles of the American Revolution. "in the language of Holy Writ there is a time for all things there is a time to pray and a time to fight... and that time has now come." 300 men from his congregations joined the Army.	FEDERAL - NPS	St. Paul's Lutheran Church (donated land and raised money).	1928	1980	<b>MILITARY</b>	Military Leader, American Revolution, Congress
<b>Witherspoon, John</b>	Connecticut Ave & N St, NW	(1723 – 1794) Presbyterian minister and patriot of the new country. Signed Declaration of Independence and served as president of Princeton. One of the organizers of the Presbyterian Church in America.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Witherspoon Memorial Association	1908	1909	<b>FOUNDING</b>	Founding Fathers, Education, Congress
<b>Social and Civic Organizations</b>								
<b>Boy Scouts of America (Boy Scout Memorial)</b>	Ellipse	Stands on the site of 1st Boy Scout Jamboree (1937), figures represent Manhood and Womanhood. From the inscription: "In grateful tribute to the men and women whose generosity, devotion, and leadership have brought Scouting to the nation's youth and to honor all members of the Boy Scouts of America who in days of peace and times of peril have done their duty to God and their country...in recognition of the fiftieth anniversary of the Boy Scouts of America."	FEDERAL - NPS	Paid for by contributions from Boy Scouts and private funds	1959	1964		
<b>Social Movements</b>								
<b>20th Century Civil Rights (see also African American History on page 11).</b>								
<b>Bethune, Mary McLeod</b>	Lincoln Park	(1875 - 1955) American educator and civil rights leader. Founded the Daytona Normal and Industrial Institute for Negro Girls (now Bethune-Cookman College) in 1904, and served as president from 1904-1942 and from 1946-47. A leader in the black women's club movement and served as president of the National Association of Colored Women. Founder of the National Council of Negro Women. Vice-president of the NAACP.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the National Council of Negro Women, Inc. Paid for privately and with funds from the U.S. Government (Govt provided a grant when fundraising efforts stalled)	1960	1974		Social Movements, African American history, Civil Rights, Recognition of women, Advisor or Cabinet
<b>King, Dr. Martin Luther (under construction)</b>	West Potomac Park (Tidal Basin)	(1929 – 1968) American clergyman, activist, prominent leader in the Civil Rights movement. Left a significant legacy, including progress on civil rights and is widely considered a human rights icon. Led 1955 Montgomery Bus Boycott and helped found the Southern Christian Leadership Conference in 1957, serving as its first president. Led the 1963 March on Washington, where he delivered his "I Have a Dream" speech. He was assassinated in 1968, which led to a nationwide wave of riots.	FEDERAL - NPS	National Memorial Project Foundation, Inc.; paid for with private funds with a contribution of \$10 million for the U.S. Government.	1996	PLANNED		Ethnic and Cultural Heritage, African-American history, Civil Rights
<b>I Have a Dream Speech Marker/Plaque</b>	Lincoln Memorial Steps	Commemorates Dr. Martin Luther King's historic "I Have a Dream" speech on the steps of the Lincoln Memorial during the 1963 March on Washington for Jobs and Freedom, a defining moment of the Civil Rights Movement.	FEDERAL - NPS	Commissioned by Congress, paid for by the U.S. Government and private contributions	2000	2003		Civil Rights, African American history
<b>Labor</b>								
<b>Gompers, Samuel</b>	Massachusetts Ave & 10th St	(1850-1924) An American labor union leader and a key figure in American labor history. Founded the American Federation of Labor (AFL).	FEDERAL - NPS	American Federation of Labor (AFL)	1928	1933		
<b>Prohibition</b>								
<b>Temperance Fountain</b>	Pennsylvania Ave & 7th St, NW	Donated to the city by Henry D. Cogswell, a dentist, who was a crusader in the temperance movement. Fountain is one of a series commissioned in a belief that easy access to cool drinking water would keep people from consuming alcohol.	FEDERAL - NPS	Donated to the City by Henry D. Cogswell	N/A	1882		

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							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS
<b>AMERICAN STATESMANSHIP</b>								
<b>American Political Leaders</b>								
<b>American Presidents</b>								
<b>Adams, President John; President John Quincy; and Abigail; (Adams Family Memorial) (planned)</b>	TBD	John Adams (1735-1826) 2nd U.S. President, John Quincy Adams (1767-1848) 6th U.S. President and their wives and children. In general, commemoration for their patriotism, diplomacy, service and convictions against slavery. From Authorizing Law: "...members of this illustrious family have enriched the Nation through their profound civic consciousness, abiding belief in the perfectibility of Nation's democracy, and commitment to service for common good;" honoring 200th anniv. of end of Adams' presidency.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by The Adams Family	2001	PLANNED	<b>FOUNDING</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Founding Father, American Revolution
<b>Buchanan, President James</b>	Meridian Hill Park, 16th & Euclid Sts, NW	(1791 – 1868) 15th U.S. President, diplomat and attorney. Served in the War of 1812 and was later Representative in Congress, U.S. Minister to Russia and to Great Britain and Sec'y of State. Shown with 2 figures representing Law and Diplomacy,	FEDERAL - NPS	Given by Mrs. Harriett Lane Johnson, Buchanan's niece	1918	1930	<b>WORLD</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Diplomacy, War of 1812, Congress
<b>Eisenhower, President Dwight D. (National Eisenhower Memorial) (planned)</b>	Independence Ave bet 4th & 6th Sts	From the Authorizing Law: "Congress finds that- The people of the United States feel a deep debt of gratitude to Dwight D. Eisenhower, who served as Supreme Commander of the Allied Forces in Europe in World War II and subsequently as 34th President of the United States; and an appropriate permanent memorial to Dwight D. Eisenhower should be created to perpetuate his memory and his contributions to the United States." (1890-1969) Oversaw cease-fire of the Korean War, launched the Space Race, began the Interstate Highway System, enlarged Social Security.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Dwight D. Eisenhower Memorial Commission	2002	PLANNED	<b>MILITARY</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Military Leader, WWII
<b>Garfield, President James</b>	Maryland Ave SW & 1st St	(1831 – 1881) 20th U.S. President, Brigadier General in the Civil War, House Representative, state senator, professor and president of Hiram College. His death, 2 mo. after being shot and 6 mo. after his inauguration, made his tenure the 2nd shortest in U.S. history.	FEDERAL - AOC	Sponsored by the Society of Army of Cumberland; paid for by U.S. Government and private contributions	N/A	1887	<b>MILITARY</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Military Leader, Civil War, Congress, Education
<b>Grant, President Ulysses S.</b>	Mall @ 1st Street	(1822 – 1885) 18th U.S. President and General-in-Chief of the Union Army during the American Civil War. Fought for key victories at Vicksburg and Chattanooga; secured the Mississippi River. Accepted the surrender of the Confederacy.	FEDERAL - NPS	Proposed by the Society of the Army of Tennessee; Congress authorized the Grant Memorial Commission to establish the commemoration and the U.S. Government contributed to the expense.	1901	1922	<b>MILITARY</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Military Leader, Civil War
<b>Jackson, President Andrew</b>	Lafayette Park	(1767-1845) 7th U.S. President who achieved his greatest military fame at the Battle of New Orleans in 1815, which was the final major battle of the War of 1812. This statue depicts Jackson as he appeared at the Battle of New Orleans.	FEDERAL - NPS	Commissioned by the Jackson Monument Committee and sponsored by the Jackson Democratic Association (Democratic Party)	1848	1853	<b>MILITARY</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Military Leader, War of 1812
<b>Jefferson, President Thomas (The Jefferson Memorial)</b>	West Potomac Park	(1743 – 1826) 3rd U.S. President. The principal author of the Declaration of Independence (1776) and one of the most influential Founding Fathers for his promotion of the ideals of republicanism in the U.S. Honors the political philosopher, architect, musician, book collector, scientist, horticulturist, diplomat and inventor.	FEDERAL - NPS	U.S. Government (through the administration of the Thomas Jefferson Memorial Commission)	1934	1943	<b>FOUNDING</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Founding Fathers, Architect, Governor, Congress
<b>Kennedy, President John F. (The John F. Kennedy Center for Performing Arts)</b>	26th St. & New Hampshire Ave, NW	(1917 – 1963) 35th U.S. President, serving from 1961 until his assassination in 1963. His assassination had a profound impact on Americans, and its coverage was one of the first major television news events of its kind, with all-news coverage from November 22 through November 25, 1963. Kennedy's state funeral procession and the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald were all broadcast live in America and in other places around the world. Other events during his Presidency include: establishing the Peace Corps, Bay of Pigs, Space Race and Cuban Missile Crisis. Commander during WWII, served in the House of Representatives and Senate.	FEDERAL - OTHER	Two months after President Kennedy's assassination, Congress designated the National Cultural Center as a "living memorial" to Kennedy. Congress authorized \$23 million; private fundraising came from the Friends of the Kennedy Center volunteers. Other nations donated funds, building materials, and artworks to assist in the project's completion.	1963	1965		American Political Leader, American President, WWII, Congress
<b>Lincoln, President Abraham (Emancipation Monument)</b>	Lincoln Park, East Capitol & 11th St., NE	The statue features President Lincoln in his characteristic frock coat, holding the Emancipation Proclamation before a kneeling black man. Modeled after Archer Alexander, the last person captured under the Fugitive Slave Act, the man's arms are extended to show his shackles have been broken. The Emancipation Proclamation consists of two executive orders issued by President Lincoln during the Civil War. The first one, issued in 1862, declared the freedom of all slaves in any state of the Confederate States of America that did not return to Union control by January 1, 1863. The second order, issued January 1, 1863, named ten specific states where it would apply.	FEDERAL - NPS	Erected by the Western Sanitary Commission of Saint Louis, paid for with funds contributed by emancipated slaves	1874	1876	<b>MILITARY SOCIETY-CULTURE</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Military Leader, Civil War

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							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS
<b>AMERICAN STATESMANSHIP (cont.)</b>								
<b>Lincoln, President Abraham (Lincoln Memorial)</b>	West Potomac Park	(1809 – 1865) 16th U.S. President. Inscribed: "In this temple, as in the hearts of the people for whom he saved the Union, the memory of Abraham Lincoln is enshrined forever." Led country through its greatest internal crisis, the American Civil War. Introduced measures that resulted in the abolition of slavery, issuing his Emancipation Proclamation in 1863 and promoting the passage of the Thirteenth Amendment to the Constitution. The first American president to be assassinated.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the U.S. Government through the Lincoln Monument Commission in 1867	1867 (formal authorization: 1911)	1922	<b>MILITARY SOCIETY-CULTURE</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Ethnic and Cultural Heritage, African-American history, Civil War
<b>Roosevelt, President Franklin Delano</b>	Pennsylvania Ave, NW & 9th St	Memorial with a short inscription "In Memory of Franklin Delano Roosevelt 1882 – 1945." Congress later established a commission to construct a much more complex memorial, which detailed his contributions.	FEDERAL - NPS	Private Contributors	N/A	1965	<b>MILITARY</b>	Military Leader, WWII, Governor
<b>Roosevelt, President Franklin Delano</b>	West Potomac Park	(1882 – 1945) 32nd U.S. President. Elected to unprecedented 4 terms in office and leader during Great Depression and WWII. Complex memorial depicts the various contributions he made, including inscriptions and sculptures related to the New Deal and Tennessee Valley Authority. Sculptures depicting Roosevelt in a wheelchair and featured with his pet are also included.	FEDERAL - NPS	Commissioned by Congress (established the FDR Memorial Commission); paid for by U.S. Government and private contributions	1955	1997	<b>MILITARY</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Military Leader, WWII, Governor
<b>Roosevelt, President Theodore</b>	Theodore Roosevelt Island	(1858 –1919) 26th U.S. President. A leader of the Rough Riders during the Spanish-American War, also Governor of New York. Ardent lover of nature; memorial's location on T.R. Island is set aside as a wildlife refuge and natural preserve.	FEDERAL - NPS	Commissioned by Congress (established the Theodore Roosevelt Memorial Commission); paid for by the U.S. Government and private contributions	1932	1967	<b>MILITARY</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Military Leader, Spanish-American War, Governor
<b>Washington, President George</b>	Washington Circle	From Authorizing Law: "To Erect at the Capital of the Nation an Equestrian Statue of Washington," shown in the uniform as Commander-in-Chief of the Continental Army at the Battle of Princeton so near the front lines that his horse refused to advance. (1732-1799) 1st U.S. President, Founding Father, and the commander of the Continental Army in the American Revolutionary War (1775–1783). For his central role in the formation of the United States, he is often referred to as "the father of his country". One of two equestrian statues of Washington in the city	FEDERAL - NPS	According to Goode, Congress commissioned this statue in 1853 because of the popularity of Mills' equestrian statue of Andrew Jackson in Lafayette Park, unveiled the same year (p. 480).	1876	1885	<b>MILITARY FOUNDING</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Military Leader, American Revolution, Founding Fathers
<b>Washington, President George (Washington Monument)</b>	Washington Monumen Grounds	Built between 1848 and 1884 as a tribute to George Washington; construction took place in two major phases. Lack of funds and political turmoil caused intermittent hiatus. Plans for a national monument began as early as 1783 when Congress proposed that an equestrian statue of George Washington be erected. (1732-1799) 1st U.S. President, Founding Father, and the commander of the Continental Army in the American Revolutionary War (1775–1783). For his central role in the formation of the United States, he is often referred to as "the father of his country". Sponsored by the Washington National Monument Society.	FEDERAL - NPS	U.S. Gov't/Washington Monument Society	(multiple authorizations) 1783 - 1876	1885	<b>MILITARY FOUNDING</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Military Leader, American Revolution, Founding Fathers
<b>U.S. Congress</b>								
<b>Newlands, Senator Francis</b>	Chevy Chase Circle	(1846-1917) Senator from Nevada. Established Chevy Chase, wrote the legislation to add Hawaii as a territory, and was associated with mediation and conciliation in labor disputes.	FEDERAL - NPS	Given by Mrs. Newlands	1932	1933		American Political Leader
<b>Taft, Senator Robert A.</b>	U.S. Capitol Grounds between Constitution, & New Jersey & Louisiana Aves.	(1889-1953) U.S. Senator, son of President William H. Taft, attorney; conservative leader who opposed New Deal and U.S. involvement in WWII.	FEDERAL - OTHER - AOC	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	N/A	1959		American Political Leader
<b>Webster, Daniel</b>	Massachusetts Ave & 16th St, NW	(1782-1852) American statesman, attorney, Secretary of State and Senator, orator. Believed in a strong federal government and sought numerous compromises to preserve the Union despite the increasing hostilities between North and South.	FEDERAL - NPS	U.S. Government/Stilson Hutchins	1898	1900	<b>STATESMANSHIP</b>	Advisor or Cabinet
<b>Presidential Advisors / Cabinet Members</b>								
<b>Baruch, Bernard (Baruch Bench of Inspiration)</b>	Lafayette Park	(1870 – 1965) American financier, stock-market speculator, statesman, and political consultant. After his success in business, became advisor for Presidents Wilson and Franklin Roosevelt on economic matters. Dedicated on his 90th birthday.	FEDERAL - OTHER	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	N/A	1960		

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							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS
<b>AMERICAN STATESMANSHIP (cont.)</b>								
<b>Butt-Millet (Butt Millet Memorial Fountain)</b>	Ellipse	Commemorates two men who died in the Titanic. Butt (1865 – 1912) was a military aide to Presidents Roosevelt and Taft. Millet (1846-1912) was a painter and member of the Fine Arts Commission.	FEDERAL - NPS	Paid for by private contributions of Friends of Butt and Millet	1912	1913	<b>WORLD</b>	Arts, Visual Art, Victims of Political, Manmade and Natural Disaster
<b>Gallatin, Albert</b>	Pennsylvania Ave & 15th St	(1761 – 1849) Swiss-born and long-serving Secretary of Treasury, first to effect a Treasury Dept. surplus; also diplomat to Great Britain and France, Senator, Congressman and co-founder of New York University.	FEDERAL - OTHER	Paid for by private funds and supported by Democrats in Congress. According to Goode, the Democrats wanted to provide balance to a commemoration that had been erected honoring Alexander Hamilton, with one that honored Jefferson's secretary, Gallatin (p. 461).		1947		Education, Diplomacy, Congress
<b>Hamilton, Alexander</b>	East Executive Ave & 15th St., NW	(1755 – 1804) First Secretary of Treasury, Founding Father, attorney, economist and political philosopher. Established national currency, U.S. mint and national bank. Balanced national budget and co-wrote Federalist Papers.	FEDERAL - OTHER	Anonymous, never revealed	1909	1923	<b>FOUNDING</b>	Founding Fathers
<b>Mellon, Andrew W. (Andrew W. Mellon Memorial Fountain)</b>	Constitution Ave @ 6th St, NW	(1855-1937) Industrialist, financier, philanthropist and noted statesman who was American Ambassador to Great Britain and Secy. Treasury. Founder of the National Gallery of Art.	FEDERAL - NPS	Andrew Mellon Memorial Committee, paid for with private funds	1947	1952	<b>SOCIETY-CULTURE</b>	Philanthropist
<b>Strauss, Oscar</b>	14th Between Const. & Pa. Aves	(1850-1926) One of America's first career diplomats, first Jewish cabinet officer, attorney, served as Sec'y of Commerce and Labor under Pres. Theodore Roosevelt and was active in supporting America's entry into the League of Nations.	FEDERAL - OTHER	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1927	1947		
<b>Webster, Daniel</b>	Massachusetts Ave & 16th St, NW	(1782-1852) American statesman, attorney, Secretary of State and Senator, orator. Believed in a strong federal government and sought numerous compromises to preserve the Union despite the increasing hostilities between North and South.	FEDERAL - NPS	Given by Stilson Hutchins	1898	1900	<b>STATESMANSHIP</b>	American Political Leader, Congress
<b>Supreme Court Justice</b>								
<b>Douglas, Justice William O.</b>	Chesapeake & Ohio Canal 30th St	(1898 – 1980) U.S. Supreme Court Associate Justice. With a term lasting 36 years, he is the longest-serving justice in the history of the Supreme Court. He was honored for saving the C & O Canal.	FEDERAL - NPS	Given in recognition of his support of the C&O.	1977	1977		
<b>Marshall, Chief Justice John</b>	Marshall Park	(1755-1835) American statesman and jurist who shaped American constitutional law and made the Supreme Court a center of power.	FEDERAL - NPS	PADC sponsored the replica.	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1985 (replica) 1884		Congress
<b>FOUNDING OF THE NATION</b>								
<b>Founding Documents</b>								
<b>56 Signers of the Declaration of Independence</b>	Constitution Gardens	To commemorate the bicentennial of the signing of the Declaration of Independence and honor the signers. The Declaration was adopted by the Second Continental Congress on July 4, 1776, and it announced that the 13 American colonies were independent states. Written primarily by Thomas Jefferson, it is a formal explanation of why Congress declared independence from Great Britain. The birthday of the United States of America — Independence Day — is celebrated on July 4, the day the wording of the Declaration was approved.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the American Revolution Bicentennial Administration	1978	1984	<b>FOUNDING</b>	Founding Fathers, Bicentennial
<b>American Legion Freedom Bell</b>	Columbus Plaza	"On behalf of the children of America, the memorial in honor of the Bicentennial Celebration." The American Legion is a congressionally chartered mutual-aid veterans organization of the U.S. armed forces founded to benefit those veterans who served during a wartime period as defined by the U.S. Congress.	FEDERAL - NPS	Conceived by members of the American Freedom Train Association who approached The American Legion with a proposal of sponsoring the bell (Goode).	1976	1977		Bicentennial
<b>Blackstone, Sir William</b>	Constitution Ave & 3rd St, NW	(1723 – 1780) British judge and professor who produced historical and analytic treatise entitled <i>Commentaries on the Laws of England</i> , which became an important source for drafters of the U.S. Constitution.	FEDERAL - OTHER	Intended to be gift from the American Bar Association to English Bar Association but it was too big to fit in the Hall of Courts in London. Donated to US gov't and a smaller copy was made for British.	N/A	cast 1920, erected 1943		Law-Jurisprudence



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							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS
<b>FOUNDING OF THE NATION (cont.)</b>								
<b>Founding Fathers</b>								
<b>56 Signers of the Declaration of Independence</b>	Constitution Gardens	To commemorate the bicentennial of the signing of the Declaration of Independence and honor the signers. The Declaration was adopted by the Second Continental Congress on July 4, 1776, and it announced that the 13 American colonies were independent states. Written primarily by Thomas Jefferson, it is a formal explanation of why Congress declared independence from Great Britain. The birthday of the United States of America — Independence Day — is celebrated on July 4, the day the wording of the Declaration was approved.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the American Revolution Bicentennial Administration	1978	1984	<b>FOUNDING</b>	Founding Documents, Bicentennial
<b>Adams, President John; President John Quincy; and Abigail; (Adams Family Memorial) (planned)</b>	TBD	John Adams (1735-1826) 2nd U.S. President, John Quincy Adams (1767-1848) 6th U.S. President and their wives and children. In general, commemoration for their patriotism, diplomacy, service and convictions against slavery. From Authorizing Law: "...members of this illustrious family have enriched the Nation through their profound civic consciousness, abiding belief in the perfectibility of Nation's democracy, and commitment to service for common good;" honoring 200th anniv. of end of Adams' presidency.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by The Adams Family	2001	PLANNED	<b>STATESMANSHIP</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Founding Father, American Revolution
<b>Franklin, Benjamin</b>	12th St & Pennsylvania Ave, NW	(1706-1790) Founding Father, author, satirist, political theorist, politician, scientist, inventor, statesman and diplomat. A major figure in the Enlightenment for his work in physics and electricity. Depicted as he appeared at the court of Louis XVI at Versailles on the occasion of the first treaty between the U.S. and a foreign power.	FEDERAL - NPS	Donated by Stilson Hutchins	1888	1889	<b>ARTS-SCIENCES</b>	Founding Father, American Revolution, Sciences, Invention, Diplomacy
<b>Hamilton, Alexander</b>	East Executive Ave & 15th St., NW	(1755 – 1804) First Secretary of Treasury, Founding Father, attorney, economist and political philosopher. Established national currency, U.S. mint and national bank. Balanced national budget and co-wrote Federalist Papers.	FEDERAL - OTHER	Anonymous, never revealed	1909	1923	<b>STATESMANSHIP</b>	Advisor or Cabinet
<b>Jefferson, President Thomas (The Jefferson Memorial)</b>	West Potomac Park	(1743 – 1826) 3rd U.S. President. The principal author of the Declaration of Independence (1776) and one of the most influential Founding Fathers for his promotion of the ideals of republicanism in the U.S. Honors the political philosopher, architect, musician, book collector, scientist, horticulturist, diplomat and inventor.	FEDERAL - NPS	U.S. Government /The Thomas Jefferson Memorial Commission	1934	1943	<b>STATESMANSHIP</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Architect, Governor, Congress
<b>Mason, George</b>	Tidal Basin @ 14th St Bridge (Fountain 4)	(1725-1792) Considered a Founding Father because he signed the Declaration of Independence, Mason is described as the "Forgotten Founder" because he did not sign the U.S. Constitution.	FEDERAL - NPS	Funds were privately raised by the Board of Regents of Gunston Hall, Mason's plantation home in Fairfax County, VA.	1990	2002	<b>STATESMANSHIP</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Founding Father, American Revolution
<b>Rush, Dr. Benjamin</b>	23rd & E Sts NW, Nav. Bur. of Medicine	(1745 – 1813) Founding Father, physician and surgeon-general, opened first public health clinic. Helped to draft Pennsylvania Constitution and found Dickinson College.	FEDERAL - OTHER	Sponsored by the American Medical Association	N/A	1904	<b>ARTS-SCIENCES</b>	Education, Medicine
<b>Witherspoon, John</b>	Connecticut Ave & N St, NW	(1723 – 1794) Presbyterian minister and patriot of the new country. Signed Declaration of Independence and served as president of Princeton. One of the organizers of the Presbyterian Church in America.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Witherspoon Memorial Association	1908	1909	<b>SOCIETY-CULTURE</b>	Religion, Early Christianity in US, Education, Congress
<b>Washington, President George</b>	Washington Circle	From Authorizing Law: "To Erect at the Capital of the Nation an Equestrian Statue of Washington;" shown in the uniform as Commander-in-Chief of the Continental Army at the Battle of Princeton so near the front lines that his horse refused to advance. (1732-1799) 1st U.S. President, Founding Father, and the commander of the Continental Army in the American Revolutionary War (1775–1783). For his central role in the formation of the United States, he is often referred to as "the father of his country". One of two equestrian statues of Washington in the city	FEDERAL - NPS	According to Goode, Congress commissioned this statue in 1853 because of the popularity of Mills' equestrian statue of Andrew Jackson in Lafayette Park, unveiled the same year (p. 480).	1876	1885	<b>MILITARY STATESMANSHIP</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Military Leader, Founding Father American Revolution
<b>Washington, President George (Washington Monument)</b>	Washington Monumen Grounds	Built between 1848 and 1884 as a tribute to George Washington; construction took place in two major phases. Lack of funds and political turmoil caused intermittent hiatus. Plans for a national monument began as early as 1783 when Congress proposed that an equestrian statue of George Washington be erected. (1732-1799) 1st U.S. President, Founding Father, and the commander of the Continental Army in the American Revolutionary War (1775–1783). For his central role in the formation of the United States, he is often referred to as "the father of his country". Sponsored by the Washington National Monument Society.	FEDERAL - NPS	U.S. Gov't/Washington Monument Society	(multiple authorizations) 1783 - 1876	1885	<b>MILITARY STATESMANSHIP</b>	American Political Leader, American President, Military Leader, Founding Father American Revolution

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							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS
<b>FOUNDING OF THE NATION (cont.)</b>								
Other								
<b>Burke, Edmund</b>	Massachusetts Ave bet 11th & 12th Sts, NW	(1729-1797) British statesman, orator and political thinker. Advocated fair treatment of the American colonies.	FEDERAL - NPS	Offered by Sir Charles Wakefield, former Mayor of London, on behalf of the Sulgrave Institution	1922	1922	<b>WORLD</b>	Foreign Leader
<b>LOCAL HISTORY</b>								
<b>D.C. Residents World War I Memorial</b>	West Potomac Park	Honors DC residents who served in WWI. It is inscribed with the name of the war dead. According to the DC Preservation League it was the first memorial on the Mall to list all D.C. residents who lost their lives in the war, regardless of their race, class, or gender.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the D.C. War Memorial Commission, District residents	1924	1931	<b>MILITARY</b>	Veterans, WWI
<b>Fort Stevens G.A.R. Plaque</b>	13th & Rittenhouse Sts, NW	Fort Stevens is one of the ring of fortifications built to safeguard Washington, D.C. during the Civil War. The Grand Army of the Republic (G.A.R) became an important Civil War veterans organization for Union veterans.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Daughters of Union Veterans of the Civil War	1936	1936	<b>MILITARY</b>	Civil War
<b>Fort Stevens Monument and Marker</b>	13th & Rittenhouse Sts, NW	Commemorates the place where President Lincoln stood under enemy fire during the Battle of Ft. Stevens.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by Associated Survivors, 6th Army Corps	N/A	1920	<b>MILITARY</b>	Civil War
<b>Rittenhouse, Sarah</b>	Montrose Park, R St. & Avon Pl., NW	(1845-1943) Considered the founder of Montrose Park in Georgetown and is given credit for saving the park from a housing development planned in the early 1900's.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Georgetown Garden Club	1953	1956		Recognition of Women
<b>Settlers of the District of Columbia</b>	15th St bet E & Constitution Ave	From Authorizing Law: "Authorizing...a memorial to the early settlers whose land grants embrace the site of the Federal City" (original 18 patentees prior to 1700).	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the National Society of Daughters of American Colonists	1936	1936		
<b>OTHER</b>								
<b>Maine Lobstermen</b>	Southwest Waterfront Park	Original statue intended to honor lobstermen and highlight importance of lobster industry to the State of Maine.	FEDERAL - NPS	Camp Fire Girls of Cundys Harbor placed copy of original sculpture (original done for an exhibit in the Hall of States at 1939-40 NY Worlds Fair) as its way of celebrating the International Year of the Child	1980	1983		
<b>National Grange Marker/Plaque</b>	Madison Ave & 4th St., NW	From Auth Law: "To permit the National Grange to erect a marker on Federal land in [DC];" oldest private national agricultural organization in the U.S., lists the names of the 7 founders.	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the National Grange	1950	1950		
<b>Zero Milestone</b>	Ellipse Grounds (South of White House)	Intended as the initial milestone from which all road distances in the United States should be reckoned when it was built	FEDERAL - NPS	Sponsored by the Lee Highway Association	1920	1923		

<b>SUPPLEMENTARY DATABASE: Other Works and Outdoor Sculpture for Consideration</b>								
Staff Comment: There are a number of other works and outdoor sculpture that may contribute to the themes represented in Washington's commemorative landscape. Some projects have been identified below for discussion.								
<b>PART A. SELECTED WORKS LOCATED IN WASHINGTON'S CEMETERIES</b>								
Staff Comment: Cemeteries are places of commemoration. Many gravesites in Washington mark nationally significant events and people. Some include outdoor sculpture that may be considered commemorative elements. In a recent study, Arlington National Cemetery (ANC) drew a distinction between "memorial monuments" that contained remains or marked the location of remains in close proximity and "commemorative monuments" that were dedicated to events in history, individuals or units of the armed forces.								
<b>American Armored Force</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	From Authorizing Law: "to honor members of the American Armored Force who have served in armored units. The memorial shall commemorate the exceptional professionalism of the members of the American Armored Force and their efforts to maintain peace worldwide."	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1986	1991	to be determined	
<b>Argonne Cross (WW1)</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	During the period from April 1920 through July 1921, the remains of many servicemen buried in Europe during World War I were disinterred. Through the efforts of the Argonne Unit American Womens Legion, the remains of about 2100 soldiers were reinterred in Arlington National Cemetery.	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)			to be determined	

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							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS	
<b>Canadian Cross of Sacrifice Memorial</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	It was in this spirit of friendship (America and Canada) that in 1925 Canadian Prime Minister MacKenzie King first proposed a memorial to the large number of United States citizens who enlisted in the Canadian Armed Forces, and lost their lives during World War I. Inscriptions were added for subsequent wars (arlingtoncemetery.org)	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1925	1927	to be determined		
<b>Chaplains Hill Monument</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	A memorial to 134 Protestant Chaplains who died in World Wars I and II, "To The Glory of God And The Memory Of The Chaplains Who Died In Services Of Their Country." (A monument to 83 Catholic Chaplains who died in World War II, Korea, and Vietnam was dedicated on May 21, 1989 in the Memorial Amphitheater).	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1981	to be determined		
<b>Coast Guard Memorial</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	Prompted by 2 tragedies in 1918: (1) cutter Seneca lost while attempting to salvage a British steamer that had been torpedoed in the Bay of Biscay; (2) cutter Tampa was sunk by an enemy submarine in the British Channel names of all Coast Guard personnel lost during the Great War are inscribed on the monument	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1928	to be determined		
<b>Confederate (Confederate Soldiers Memorial)</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	In 1900, as a gesture of goodwill 35 years after the Civil War, the U.S. government agreed to reinter Confederate dead buried in gravesites scattered in the Washington area in a consolidated Confederate section at Arlington National Cemetery. Later, President Taft authorized the United Daughters of the Confederacy to erect this statue.	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	United Daughters of the Confederacy		1913	to be determined		
<b>Dill, Field Marshal Sir John</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	(1881 - 1944) Prominent British general in WWII, senior British officer of the British Chiefs of Staff who formed a joint staff with the American Chiefs of Staff in Washington; major player in development of plans to form the UN.	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	An act of Congress authorized his burial at Arlington National Cemetery		1940	to be determined		
<b>Iranian Rescue Mission (Operation Eagle Claw)</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	Commemorates 8 fallen soldiers who died during a failed military operation attempting to rescue 52 American hostages from the U.S. Embassy in Tehran, Iran in 1980.	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1995	to be determined		
<b>Kearny, Major General Philip</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	(1814 – 1862) US Army officer, notably in the Mexican-American War and American Civil War where he was killed in battle during the Second Battle of Bull Run. One legacy that resulted from his death: "Kearney's Cross" was presented to soldiers who demonstrated exceptional valor. This medal evolved to the Medal of Honor.	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1951	to be determined		
<b>Korean War Contemplative Bench</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	Inscription reads: "The beginning of the end of war lies in remembrance" (Herman Wouk). Given in memory of Americans who died in the Korean War	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	Korean War Veterans Association		1987	to be determined		
<b>L'Enfant, Pierre</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	(1754 – 1825) French-born American architect and civil engineer, laid out original plan of Washington, which has remained at the foundation of the city's development of parks, streets, and public space.	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	In 1908 the Board of Commissioners of the City of Washington requested the Secretary of War to make available a burial site in Arlington Cemetery. Secretary of War Luke Wright approved a site in the cemetery for the reinterment of L'Enfant's remains (moved from the original site). arlingtoncemetery.org		1911	to be determined		
<b>Mast of the USS Maine</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	The Spanish-American War began in 1898 when the battleship, the U.S.S. Maine, sank in Havana, Cuba. The cause of the explosion was never officially determined, but 163 sailors and marines died and the U.S. declared war against Spain. The mast of the ship was removed and brought to Arlington National Cemetery to serve as a memorial in honor of those who lost their lives.	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1915	to be determined		
<b>Military Nurses Memorial</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	Honors the nurses who served in the U.S. armed forces in World War I, many of whom rest among the hundreds of nurses buried in Section 21 -- also called the "Nurses Section." Rededicated in 1971 to commemorate Army, Navy and Air Force Nurses.	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	Colonel Anita Newcomb McGee, founder of the Army Nurse Corps.		1938	to be determined		
<b>Netherlands Carillon</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	Expresses the gratitude of the Dutch people for American aid received during and after World War II. The carillon itself symbolizes the friendship between the people of the Netherlands and the U.S..	FEDERAL - VA	Gift from the Netherlands	1954	1954	to be determined		
<b>Rough Riders</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	Honors members of the 1st US Volunteer Cavalry. That this regiment, commanded by Theodore Roosevelt, played a major role in the storming of San Juan Hill, Cuba, during the Spanish-American War.	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1906	to be determined		

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<b>Space Shuttle Challenger</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	Memorializes Challenger space shuttle explosion in January 1986.	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1987	to be determined		
<b>Spanish-American War Memorial</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	From inscription: "To the glory of God and in grateful remembrance of the men and women of the armed forces who in this century gave their lives for our country that freedom might live." The Spanish-American War is the name most commonly used by English-speaking historians to describe the 1898 conflict between the Spanish Empire and the United States. Many routinely include the indigenous struggles for independence in Cuba, Puerto Rico and the Philippine archipelago under this heading.	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1902	to be determined		
<b>Spanish-American War Nurses</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	Honors Nurses who died in the Spanish-American War, the first war where nurses were organized. The Maltese cross, which serves as the insignia of the Spanish American War Nurse Society, rests atop a large granite megalith dedicated to the memory of their "brave comrade."	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	Society of Spanish-American War Nurses			to be determined		
<b>Taft, President William Howard</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	(1857 – 1930) 27th U.S. President. Served a single term from 1909 - 1913. He later became Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	The Taft Family. The Commission of Fine Arts submitted plans and request for authority to erect the monument in 1931. The request was approved by Maj. Gen. John L. DeWitt, the quartermaster general, War Department. The authority to erect the monument was hand delivered to the Commission of Fine Arts Oct. 30, 1931. (www.arlingtoncemetery.org)		1931	to be determined		
<b>Tomb of the Unknowns</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	Dedicated to American servicemen who have died without their remains being identified. "Here rests in honored glory an American soldier known but to God."	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1921	1925	to be determined	
<b>USS Serpens Monument</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	The largest single disaster suffered by the United States Coast Guard in World War II was the destruction of the USS Serpens (AK-97). The 14,250-ton ammunition ship exploded off Lung Beach, Guadalcanal, British Solomon Islands on the night of January 29, 1945.	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)			1950	to be determined	
<b>Victims of Pan Am Flight 103 Memorial Cairn — Lockerbie Cairn</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	From Authorizing Law: "honor the 270 victims of the terrorist bombing of Pan Am Flight 103;" the commercial aircraft exploded midair over Lockerbie, Scotland.	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1993	1999	to be determined	
<b>Women in Military Service for America</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	From Authorizing Law: "to honor women who have served in the Armed Forces of the United States"	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1986		to be determined	
<b>Woodhull Memorial Flagstaff</b>	Arlington National Cemetery	Dedicated to the memory of Commander Maxwell Woodhull, who served in the United States Navy from 1813 to 1863	OTHER - ARMY - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)			1924		
<b>25th New York Cavalry Regiment Monument</b>	Battlefield National Cemetery	Commemorates the Battle of Fort Stevens, where forty soldiers buried at Battlefield National Cemetery were killed. Depicts a Union soldier.	OTHER - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)			1914	to be determined	
<b>Adams Memorial</b>	Rock Creek Cemetery	A Family memorial that honors Marian "Clover" Adams (1843-1885), who committed suicide and Henry Adams, the great grandson of President John Adams.	OTHER - CEMETERY	Paid for by Henry Adams			1890	to be determined	
<b>Arsenal Memorial</b>	Congressional cemetery, 18th & E St, SE	Honors and marks the grave of the 21 people who died in the explosion of the Washington Arsenal, which was the worst civil disaster in the city during the Civil War.	OTHER - CEMETERY	Citizens of the District of Columbia			1865	to be determined	
<b>General Alexander Macomb Monument</b>	Congressional cemetery, 18th & E St, SE	(1782-1841) A General who fought in the War of 1812, fought the Seminole Indians in Florida (1830s)	OTHER - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)			1841	to be determined	
<b>Gerry, Elbridge</b>	Congressional cemetery, 18th & E St, SE	(1744 – 1814) Statesman who was active in the Second Constitutional Congress, was one of the first drawn into the opposition to British taxation measures.	OTHER - CEMETERY	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)			1823	to be determined	

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<b>Grenup, Benjamin C</b>	Glenwood Cemetery 2219 Lincoln Rd., NE	A volunteer fireman from Capitol Hill, killed in duty 1856.	OTHER - CEMETERY	Columbia Engine #1		1858	to be determined		
<b>PART B. SELECTED WORKS LOCATED IN WASHINGTON'S INTERIOR COURTYARDS</b>									
Staff Comment: There are a number of works located on federal land inside interior courtyards. Many of these are less well-known, given their location, but often reflect subjects of national interest. A question for future study: how/whether to evaluate less-accessible works, including works in courtyards or on army installations.									
<b>"Fidelity, Bravery, Integrity"</b>	J. Edgar Hoover FBI Building	Honors the FBI as a symbol, J. Edgar Hoover, and all past and present agents	FEDERAL - OTHER	Society of Former Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation		1979	to be determined		
<b>Lincoln, President Abraham ("Abe Lincoln, Rail Joiner")</b>	Dept. of Interior Building, C St (18th & 19th), NW	According to Goode, the least well-known statue of Lincoln is this portrait of a young farm hand. Lincoln (1809 – 1865) 16th U.S. President and seminal figure in American history (p.202). Successfully led country through its greatest internal crisis, the American Civil War. Introduced measures that resulted in the abolition of slavery, issuing his Emancipation Proclamation in 1863 and promoting the passage of the Thirteenth Amendment to the Constitution. The first American president to be assassinated.	FEDERAL - OTHER	Commissioned by the section of Fine Arts, Treasury Department, U.S. Government.			to be determined		
<b>"Negro Mother and Child"</b>	Dept. of Interior Building, C St (18th & 19th), NW	One of the first monuments to African Americans in Washington.	FEDERAL - OTHER	U.S. Government (Public Works of Art Project, WPA)		1934	to be determined		
<b>PART C. SELECTED WORKS NEAR WASHINGTON'S EMBASSIES</b>									
Staff Comment: Some outdoor sculpture located in the space around embassies and related offices relay important stories associated with that country's history. Many of these are permitted by the District of Columbia's public space committee.									
<b>Ataturk, Mustafa Kemal</b>	Turkish Embassy Consular Section, 2525 Massachusetts Ave	(1881-1938) Known as the Father of Modern Turkey. Military leader that drove foreign powers out of Turkey by 1922. As president of Turkey, modernized the country and pushed reforms that changed the cultural, social and economic areas of Turkish life.	OTHER - EMBASSIES	Gift of General H. Ibrahim Firtina, commander of the Turkish Air Force		2004	to be determined		
<b>Australian Seal</b>	Australian Embassy, 1601 Massachusetts Ave	An artistic version of the National Seal of Australia and tells the history of Australia.	OTHER - EMBASSIES	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1969	to be determined		
<b>Belgrano, General Manuel</b>	Argentina Military Ataché Office	(1778-1820) General who helped win Argentina's freedom from Spain.	OTHER - EMBASSIES	Given by the Government of Argentina			to be determined		
<b>Churchill, Winston</b>	The British Embassy, 3100 Massachusetts Ave., NW	(1874-1965) 20th century international leader and British Prime Minister during World War II and from 1951 to 1955. Sought American entrance in the conflict. A noted statesman and orator, he is also the only British Prime Minister to receive the Nobel Prize for Literature.	OTHER - EMBASSIES	English-Speaking Union of the United States		1966	to be determined		
<b>Colonel Michael Kovats De Fabricy</b>	Hungarian Embassy, 3110 Shoemaker St, NW	Hungarian Patriot, who died fighting in the American Revolution	OTHER - EMBASSIES	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		2003	to be determined		
<b>Crown Princess Martha of Norway</b>	Embassy of Norway 3401 Massachusetts Ave	(1901-1954) Roosevelt gave the Crown Princess and her children asylum during World War II. She was trained as a pediatric nurse and worked with the Red Cross during her stay in Washington.	OTHER - EMBASSIES	Gift to Norway from the Norwegian American Foundation to commemorate a century of Norwegian independence. U.S. was one of the first to recognize the new republic.		2005	to be determined		
<b>Levsky, Vassil</b>	Bulgarian Embassy 1621 22nd St, NW	(1837-1873) Sometimes referred to as "The George Washington of Bulgaria" ** Fought for Bulgarian freedom from Turkish rule.	OTHER - EMBASSIES	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1996	to be determined		
<b>St. Jerome</b>	Embassy of the Republic of Croatia, 2343 Massachusetts Ave	AD 341 Born in the Roman Province of Dalmatia, in the present-day Republic of Croatia, he was an important Biblical Scholar and theological figure.	OTHER - EMBASSIES	The Croatian Franciscan Fathers		1954	to be determined		
<b>"The Golden Warrior Prince"</b>	Embassy of Kazakhstan, 1401 16th St, NW	The figure is based on an archeological find in 1970, dating from 4th century B.C. It has become a symbol of Kazakhstan's culture.	OTHER - EMBASSIES	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		2006	to be determined		

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							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS	
"The Spirit of Haida Gwaii"	Canadian Embassy, Pennsylvania Ave & 2nd, NW	The Statue represents the original Indians who lived in North America and the ancestors of many Canadians.	OTHER - EMBASSIES	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1991	to be determined		
Von Steuben, General Frederick (Baron)	German Embassy 4645 Reservoir Rd, NW	(1730-1794) Aide-de-Camp to Frederick the Great and joined the American colonies in the Revolution to train the citizen-soldiers of America. Although he spoke no English, it is said that Frenchman Pierre L'Enfant drew pictures of what von Steuben wanted the troops to do, which led to L'Enfant's introduction to Gen. Washington.	OTHER - EMBASSIES	Donated to the German Embassy by the German Orphan Home Board of Directors		1870 (donated 2002)	to be determined		
Zapata, Emiliano	Consular Office of the Embassy of Mexico, 2827 16th St, NW	(1877-1919) 20th century Mexican revolutionary who fought to return common lands taken from villages and to reduce the size of large ranches. "Land and Liberty" was his slogan.	OTHER - EMBASSIES	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1992	to be determined		
<b>PART D. SELECTED OTHER SCULPTURE IN WASHINGTON</b>									
Staff Comment: The following list captures a diverse selection of additional outdoor sculpture and other works for discussion purposes. In general, these include: works located on District, private or selected other lands; selected named infrastructure, such as bridges; and other outdoor sculpture. While sculpted pediments, relief panels, and other detailed carvings are not included, several examples of larger-scaled statuary that adorns the facade of buildings at street-level are included. These are organized by "land category."									
"Guns into Plowshares"	Judiciary Square, 4th & D Sts, NW	According to Goode, offers a message about ending handgun violence and was built when the DC government purchased 3,000 privately-owned handguns in the name of ending violence (p. 239).	DISTRICT	The police department donated the guns.		1997	to be determined		
"Here I Stand: The Spirit of Paul Robeson"	Georgia Ave & Kansas Ave, NW	An admired figure among 20th century African Americans: athlete, singer, scholar, author and activist. According to Goode, the sculptor hopes his work will inspire self esteem among African Americans and form a bridge between African and Western cultures (Goode 550).	DISTRICT	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1997	to be determined		
"The Extra Mile"	Sidewalks of 15th St between Pennsylvania & G, etc.	24 bronze medallions honors volunteers in the U.S. who have changed the country by "going the extra mile" for others. The founder of the "Points of light" argued that there were too many commemorations in DC to military and political figures. Those honored in points of light are from diverse backgrounds including major leaders in philanthropic organizations, health care reformers, social workers, etc.	DISTRICT	The Points of Light Foundation		2005	to be determined		
Darlington, Joseph (Joseph Darlington Fountain)	Judiciary Square	(1849-1920) Prominent D.C. attorney. Fountain features life-size nymph and fawn.	DISTRICT	Washington Bar Association		1923	to be determined		
Lincoln, President Abraham	D.C. Courts	According to Goode, this statue was the first public monument to Lincoln and Washingtonians began to raise funds for it immediately after the assassination (p. 246). Statue shows Lincoln as an attorney and a statesman. (1809 – 1865) 16th U.S. President; successfully led country through its greatest internal crisis, the American Civil War, preserving the Union and ending slavery.	DISTRICT	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1868	to be determined		
Shepherd, Alexander Robey	District of Columbia Building, 14th & E Streets, NW	(1835-1902) Executive Officer of the Board of Public Works, oversaw the building and improvement of Washington's streets. The Statue was moved 4 times. The Association of Oldest Inhabitants lobbied to move the statue to its current locations.	DISTRICT	Washington residents		1909	to be determined		
Arlington Memorial Bridge	Memorial Bridge Plaza	Symbolizes the binding together of the North and South in one great Union.	FEDERAL - OTHER	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1925	1932	to be determined		
Professor Joseph Henry	Smithsonian Grounds (North)	(1797 – 1878) American scientist, 1st Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution. While building electromagnets, discovered the electromagnetic phenomenon of self-inductance; work on the electromagnetic relay was the basis of the electrical telegraph.	FEDERAL - OTHER	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1880	1882	to be determined		
Baird, Spencer	Smithsonian Building 1000 Jefferson Drive, SW	(1823-1887) Smithsonian's second Secretary and a leading Naturalist in the U.S. Founded the U.S. National Museum, U.S. Commission of Fish and Fisheries, and built the first Museum Building (Art and Industries).	FEDERAL - OTHER	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1978	to be determined		
Baruch, Bernard (Baruch Bench of Inspiration)	Lafayette Park	(1870 – 1965) American financier, stock-market speculator, statesman, and political consultant. After his success in business, became advisor for Presidents Wilson and Franklin Roosevelt on economic matters. Dedicated on his 90th birthday.	FEDERAL - OTHER	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1960	to be determined		

SUBJECT & TITLE	LOCATION	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF SUBJECT (MAY INCLUDE INFO ABOUT PURPOSE)	LAND TYPE	SPONSOR & FUNDRAISING INFO., IF AVAILABLE	AUTHORIZ. YEAR	DEDICATION YEAR	CROSS-REFERENCES (Most commemorations fall into multiple categories)		
							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS	
<b>Daguerre, Louise J.M.</b>	National Portrait Gallery, F St between 7th & 9th Sts, NW	(1787-1851) Inventor of the earliest practical system of photography, the daguerreotype	FEDERAL - OTHER	Sponsored by the Photographers Association of America		1890	to be determined		
<b>Kutz Memorial Bridge</b>		(1870-1945?) Brigadier General, Engineering Commissioner of D.C.; supervised building of bridge named after him; Note: NPS does not recognize this as a memorial because funding was authorized for the bridge but not as a memorial.	FEDERAL - OTHER	U.S. Government		1943	to be determined		
<b>McMillan, Senator James (McMillan Fountain)</b>	McMillan Reservoir Park	Honors Senator James McMillan (1838-1902) A popular Senator from Michigan and member of the Senate Committee that oversaw Washington. In that capacity, he made many contributions to the city, including development of a water filtration system and new streets.	FEDERAL - OTHER	Citizens from Michigan		1913	to be determined		
<b>St. Dunstan</b>	Smithsonian Building 1000 Jefferson Drive, SW	(909 - 988) The only Catholic Saint found on a government building in DC (Goode 302). He was trained as a blacksmith, but devoted his life to the church. Was originally located in Westminster Abbey, but was damaged due to pollution. The statue was restored and donated to the Smithsonian.	FEDERAL - OTHER	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1980	to be determined		
<b>The Arts of Peace</b>	West Potomac Park	Statuary fronting the entrance to Rock Creek Pkway	FEDERAL - OTHER	construction and some materials, a gift from the Italian Government		1951	to be determined		
<b>The Arts of War</b>	West Potomac Park	Statuary fronting the entrance to Arlington Memorial Bridge	FEDERAL - OTHER	construction and some materials, a gift from the Italian Government		1951	to be determined		
<b>The Chess Players</b>	John Marshall Park	Located near the John Marshall statue, it features a favorite pastime of John Marshall.	FEDERAL - OTHER	Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation		1983	to be determined		
<b>Trylon of Freedom</b>	Federal District Court Building, Constitution Ave, between 3rd & 4th Sts	Marked the completion of the new courthouse and represents the separation of powers in the U.S. Government	FEDERAL - OTHER	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1954	to be determined		
<b>Vaquero</b>	National Portrait Gallery, F St between 7th & 9th Sts, NW	The Mexican-American "cowboy" is a part of popular culture. This is a replica of the original, which was installed in Moody Park in Houston, Texas.	FEDERAL - OTHER	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1980 (original), 1990 (replica)	to be determined		
<b>Carroll, Bishop John</b>	Georgetown University, 37th & O St, NW	(1735 - ?) Founder of Georgetown University. Trained as a Jesuit and first bishop of Baltimore. According to Goode "the statue is the focal point of the University" (587).	OTHER - ACADEMIC	The Georgetown Alumni Association		1912	to be determined		
<b>Gallaudet, Edward Miner</b>	Florida & 8th St, NE	Son of Thomas Gallaudet, President of Gallaudet for 53 years. Gallaudet University is a federally chartered institution for education of the deaf.	OTHER - ACADEMIC	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1969	to be determined		
<b>Gallaudet, Thomas Hopkins</b>	Florida & 6th St. NE	(1787 - 1851) A renowned American pioneer in the education of the deaf; helped found and was for many years the principal of the first institution for the education of the deaf in North America.	OTHER - ACADEMIC	Individual contributors from the deaf community.		1889	to be determined		
<b>Pushkin, Alexander</b>	The George Washington University	(1799-1837) Considered Russia's greatest poet and founder of modern Russian poetry.	OTHER - ACADEMIC	American-Russian Cultural Cooperative Foundation		2000	to be determined		
<b>Washington, President George</b>	The George Washington University	(1732-1799) Depicted standing. 1st American President, led country to independence during the American Revolution. The statue is a copy of the original 1796 statue in the Virginia state capitol in Richmond, VA.	OTHER - ACADEMIC	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1932	to be determined		
<b>Washington, President George (Bust)</b>	The George Washington University	(1732-1799) 1st American President, led country to independence during the American Revolution; Donated to GW in celebration of the bicentennial	OTHER - ACADEMIC	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1975	to be determined		

SUBJECT & TITLE	LOCATION	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF SUBJECT (MAY INCLUDE INFO ABOUT PURPOSE)	LAND TYPE	SPONSOR & FUNDRAISING INFO., IF AVAILABLE	AUTHORIZ. YEAR	DEDICATION YEAR	CROSS-REFERENCES (Most commemorations fall into multiple categories)		
							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS	
<b>Dario, Ruben</b>	Organization of American States Bldg, Const. & 17th St., NW	(1867 – 1916) Nicaraguan poet and literary critic whose work marks the first significant change from the traditional to the modern poetry style in Latin America; also known as The Father of Modernism.	OTHER - OAS	Council of the Organization of American States		1967	to be determined		
<b>Del Valle, Jose Cecilio</b>	Organization of American States Bldg, Const. & 17th St., NW	(1777 – 1834) Central American statesman, lawyer, and newspaper reporter who called for the unification of Central America under a single legislative body; served in the Guatemalan legislature and was elected president. Sought cooperation and unity among nations. According to Goode, it was commissioned to celebrate the 26th anniversary of the inter-American system designed to promote peace within the Western Hemisphere and to encourage trade and commerce among member nations.	OTHER - OAS	Council of the Organization of American States		1950	to be determined		
<b>Hull, Cordell</b>	Organization of American States Bldg, Const. & 17th St., NW	(1871– 1955) Politician, judge, House Representative, longest-serving Sec'y of State (11 years under FDR); received Nobel Peace Prize in 1945 for his role in establishing U.N., FDR called him "Father of the United Nations"	OTHER - OAS	Council of the Organization of American States		1956	to be determined		
<b>Queen Isabella I</b>	Organization of American States Bldg, Const. & 17th St., NW	(1451-1504) Isabella was the prime supporter of Christopher Columbus's voyages to develop a new route to the Orient. Those voyages led to his discovery of the Americas for Europe.	OTHER - OAS	The Organization of American States		1966	to be determined		
<b>The Prophet Daniel</b>	Organization of American States Bldg, Const. & 17th St., NW	Replica of statue given to Pan Am Union by the Brazilian government in 1962 to celebrate the Old Testament figure and his ability to interpret dreams, visions and destinies	OTHER - OAS	Gift of the government of Brazil.		1962	to be determined		
<b>Alighieri, Dante (Dante)</b>	Casa Italiana 595 1/2 3rd St, NW	(1265 – 1321) Italian poet of the Middle Ages; wrote Divina Commedia, one of the greatest literary works composed in the Italian language and a masterpiece of world literature.	OTHER - PRIV/NON-PROF	The Italian Government donated the marble; Father Caesar Donanzan, pastor of Holy Rosary's Catholic Church was responsible for Casa Italiana and chief fundraiser. Guiseppe Cecchi and Dominick Antonelli, Jr. supported the project.		2002	to be determined		
<b>America and War and Peace</b>	Kennedy Center (26th St & New Hampshire)	Allegories on a variety of subjects related to the condition of the world. Allegories include city life, music, politics, violence and sex (Kennedy Center)	OTHER - PRIV/NON-PROF	Gift from Germany to the Kennedy Center		1969	to be determined		
<b>American Legion Soldier</b>	American Legion Building 1608 K St, NW	The statue memorializes the American Veteran. The American Legion is a congressionally chartered mutual-aid veterans organization of the U.S. armed forces founded to benefit those veterans who served during a wartime period as defined by the U.S. Congress.	OTHER - PRIV/NON-PROF	The American Legion		1951	to be determined		
<b>Buonarotti, Michelangelo (Michelangelo)</b>	Casa Italiana 595 1/2 3rd St, NW	(1475 -1564) One of the greatest artists of the Italian Renaissance. Painter, sculptor, architect, poet, and engineer.	OTHER - PRIV/NON-PROF	The Italian Government donated the marble; Father Caesar Donanzan, pastor of Holy Rosary's Catholic Church was responsible for Casa Italiana and chief fundraiser. Guiseppe Cecchi and Dominick Antonelli, Jr. supported the project.			to be determined		
<b>Delano, Jane ("Jane A. Delano and the Nurses of World War I Who Died in Service")</b>	Red Cross Hqts, 17th & D Sts, NW	(1862-1919) Chairman of Committee of Red Cross Nursing Services during WWI. Died in a barracks hospital in France in 1919 while on an inspection tour after the end of the war; memorial also lists the 296 nurses who died in WWI.	OTHER - PRIV/NON-PROF	Sponsored and paid for by friends.			to be determined		
<b>Don Quixote</b>	Kennedy Center (26th St & New Hampshire)	Taken from Cervante's Don Quixote de La Macha, one of the most significant novels written. The statue is shown of a charging character, who is known for fighting for an ideal, according to Goode (p. 212). It was given in celebration of the American Bicentennial.	OTHER - PRIV/NON-PROF	Gift from the Government of Spain to the U.S. in celebration of the Bicentennial.		1976	to be determined		
<b>Einstein, Albert</b>	National Academy of Sciences Building, 22nd & Constitution Ave.	(1879-1955) German-born theoretical physicist; best known for his theory of relativity and mass-energy equivalence (E = mc <sup>2</sup> ). Einstein received the 1921 Nobel Prize in Physics for his work, especially his discovery of the law of the photoelectric effect. One of the greatest scientists in history.	OTHER - PRIV/NON-PROF	National Academy of Sciences and Senator Harrison Williams (New Jersey)		1974	to be determined		



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							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS	
<b>Founders of the DAR</b>	Admin. Bldg Garden, 17th & C Sts NW	Honors the four women who founded the Daughter of the American Revolution in 1890; the sculptor was a member of the DAR. According to the DAR, the organization was founded in 1890 and is a non-profit, non-political volunteer women's service organization dedicated to promoting patriotism, preserving American history, and securing America's future through better education for children.	OTHER - PRIV/NON- PROF	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1929	to be determined		
<b>Man Helping Man</b>	American College of Cardiology, 2400 N St NW	Commissioned by the American College of Cardiology, the work "celebrates man's upward climb, overcoming obstacles and providing a better quality of life."	OTHER - PRIV/NON- PROF	Donated by Leonard and Seline Dreyfus		1979	to be determined		
<b>Marconi, Guglielmo</b>	Casa Italiana 595 1/2 3rd St, NW	(1874–1937) Italian inventor, best known for his development of a radiotelegraph system. He shared the 1909 Nobel Prize in Physics with Karl Ferdinand Braun, "in recognition of their contributions to the development of wireless telegraphy."	OTHER - PRIV/NON- PROF	The Italian Government donated the marble; Father Caesar Donanzan, pastor of Holy Rosary's Catholic Church was responsible for Casa Italiana and chief fundraiser. Guiseppe Cecchi and Dominick Antonelli, Jr. supported the project.			to be determined		
<b>Motherland</b>	National Red Cross Headquarters Building	Statue of a mother holding a child. The sculptor, Friederich Sogoyan, lived through the Armenian earthquake of 1988. According to Goode, Motherland tells of one mother who was buried for several days with her infant son before they could be rescued. With no food, the mother cut her hand and fed her baby her blood; they both survived (p. 191).	OTHER - PRIV/NON- PROF	Given to the Red Cross by the sculptor, Friederich Sogoyan, to show appreciation for the help the American people provided to Armenia following the earthquake in 1988.		1990	to be determined		
<b>Pope John Paul II</b>	Pope John Paul II Cultural Center 3900 Harewood Rd, NE	Elected Pope in 1978 and was the first non-Italian Pope in over 400 years.	OTHER - PRIV/NON- PROF	Given by the Bishops of Poland		2001	to be determined		
<b>Red Cross Men &amp; Women Killed in Service</b>	Red Cross Hqts, 17th & D Sts, NW	Inscription reads: "In honor and memory of the men and women of the American Red Cross who have given their lives in the service of mankind."	OTHER - PRIV/NON- PROF	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1959	to be determined		
<b>Rubens, Peter Paul</b>	Renwick Building	(1577-1822) Prolific seventeenth-century Flemish Baroque painter, and a proponent of an extravagant Baroque style that emphasized movement, color, and sensuality. He is well-known for his Counter-Reformation altarpieces, portraits, landscapes, and history paintings of mythological and allegorical subjects. Rubens was a classically-educated humanist scholar, art collector, and diplomat who was knighted by both Philip IV, King of Spain, and Charles I, King of England.	OTHER - PRIV/NON- PROF	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)			to be determined		
<b>Sakharov, Andrei</b>	Russia House 1800 Connecticut Ave, NW	(1921-1989) Leading Physicist of the Soviet Union, Father of the Soviet Hydrogen Bomb, but later attacked the arms race.	OTHER - PRIV/NON- PROF	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)			to be determined		
<b>Verdi, Giuseppe</b>	Casa Italiana 595 1/2 3rd St, NW	(1813 - 1901) One of the greatest composers of Italian opera.	OTHER - PRIV/NON- PROF	The Italian Government donated the marble; Father Caesar Donanzan, pastor of Holy Rosary's Catholic Church was responsible for Casa Italiana and chief fundraiser. Guiseppe Cecchi and Dominick Antonelli, Jr. supported the project.		2002	to be determined		
<b>Victims of the Holocaust "Loss and Reconstruction"</b>	U.S. Holocaust Memorial Museum	Honors the children that died during the Holocaust	OTHER - PRIV/NON- PROF	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1993	to be determined		
<b>Du Pont, Eleuthere (Garth Fountain)</b>	Washington National Cathedral 3101 Wisconsin Ave	Given in memory of Eleuthere Irenee du Pont (1771-1834), who founded the gunpowder manufacturing company, E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company, which later became one of the largest chemical companies in the world.	OTHER - RELIGIOUS	Given by descendents of du Pont and the Delaware National Cathedral Association			to be determined		
<b>Father Godfrey Schilling</b>	Franciscan Monestary, 14th & Quincy Sts, NE	Established institutions in the U.S. To preserve and maintain the Holy Shrines of Palestine (as entrusted by the Catholic Church).	OTHER - RELIGIOUS	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1955	to be determined		
<b>Luther, Martin</b>	Thomas Cir., Mass Ave & 14th St. NW	(1483-1546) Theologian who initiated Protestant Reformation, believed salvation is gift from God received only by grace through faith in Jesus rather than from good works. 95 Theses challenged selling indulgences and authority of Pope, translated Bible into German which established basis for modern German language.	OTHER - RELIGIOUS	Martin Luther Society of New York		1884	to be determined		

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							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS	
<b>Saint Francis and the Turtle Doves</b>	Franciscan Monastery, 14th & Quincy Sts, NE	Honors St. Francis of Assisi, who dedicated his life to poverty and simplicity.	OTHER - RELIGIOUS	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1924	to be determined		
<b>Saint Michael</b>	Franciscan Monastery, 14th & Quincy Sts, NE	Archangel and defender of the church.	OTHER - RELIGIOUS	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1924	to be determined		
<b>Sousa, John Philip</b>	Congressional cemetery, 18th & E St, SE	(1854 – 1932) An American composer and conductor of the late Romantic era, known particularly for American military and patriotic marches. Because of his mastery of march composition and resultant prominence, he is known as "The March King."	OTHER - RELIGIOUS	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1933	to be determined		
<b>Washington, President George</b>	Washington National Cathedral 3101 Wisconsin Ave	(1732-1799) Depicted on his way to church, riding the famous race horse, Man O' War. One of two equestrian statues of Washington.	OTHER - RELIGIOUS	Donated by James Sheldon, who wrote in his will that he would provide the money to build the central tower at the Cathedral on the condition that they also place an equestrian statue of Washington at the west entrance to the Cathedral.			to be determined		
<b>Wesley, John</b>	Wesley Theological Seminary 4400 Mass. Ave	(1703 – 1791) Anglican minister and Christian theologian who was an early leader in the Methodist movement	OTHER - RELIGIOUS	Wesley Theological Seminary		1961	to be determined		
<b>PART E. SELECTED COMMEMORATION AND OUTDOOR SCULPTURE IN VIRGINIA</b>									
Staff Comment: In addition to Arlington National Cemetery, VA contains many commemorations and other sculpture that are an important part of the memorial landscape.									
<b>101st Army Airborne Division Monument</b>	Memorial Drive, Arlington, VA	From Authorizing Law: "in honor and in commemoration of the 'Screaming Eagles'...who have served their country in WWII, Vietnam and maintaining peace." The 101st is one of the most prestigious and decorated divisions in the U.S. Army.	FEDERAL - VA	101 Army Airborne		1976	to be determined		
<b>Air Force Memorial</b>	One Air Force Drive, Arlington, VA	From Authorizing Law: "to honor the men and women who have served in the United States Air Force and its predecessors."	FEDERAL - VA	U.S. Air Force		1993	2006	to be determined	
<b>Byrd, Admiral Richard Evelyn</b>	Memorial Drive, Arlington, VA	(1888–1957) A graduate of the Naval Academy, Byrd distinguished himself as an explorer of the North and South Poles. A recipient of the Congressional Medal of Honor. From the inscription: "Upon the bright globe he carved his signature of courage."	FEDERAL - VA	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1959	1961	to be determined	
<b>Forrestal, James</b>	Pentagon Building	(1892 – 1949) Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of Defense.	FEDERAL - VA	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)				to be determined	
<b>Fourth Infantry Division</b>	Memorial Drive, Arlington, VA	Honors the 4th Infantry, organized as part of the U.S. buildup following the declaration of war in 1917. Participated in the last great confrontation of WWI (Meuse-Argonne Campaign). Division also active in WWII, where it lost 5,000 men at Utah Beach. The 4th also fought in Korea, Vietnam, and Desert Storm.	FEDERAL - VA	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1935	1935	to be determined	
<b>Franklin, Benjamin</b>	Foreign Service Institute, State Dept. 4000 Arlington Blvd. Arlington, VA	(1706-1790) Founding Father, leading author and printer, satirist, political theorist, politician, scientist, inventor, statesman and diplomat. A major figure in the Enlightenment for his work in physics and with electricity. Depicted in seated position. Location at State Dept. appropriate given Franklin's diplomatic successes (securing French aid during American Revolution). Originally located at the State Dept. building in Foggy Bottom (Goode 669).	FEDERAL - VA	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)			original design (1917); cast 1981	to be determined	
<b>Johnson, President Lyndon Baines</b>	Lady Bird Johnson Park	(1908 – 1973) 36th U.S. President. Became president following the assassination of President Kennedy. Responsible for designing the "Great Society" legislation that included laws that upheld civil rights, Medicare, Medicaid, aid to education, and his attempt to help the poor in his "War on Poverty." Simultaneously, he escalated American involvement in the Vietnam War.	FEDERAL - NPS	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)		1973	1974	to be determined	

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							OTHER MAJOR THEME	SUBTHEMES & KEYWORDS	
<b>Arlington House (The Robert E. Lee Memorial)</b>		Arlington House was the home of Robert E. Lee and his family for 30 years and is associated with the Washington and Custis families. George Washington Parke Custis built the house to be his home and a memorial to George Washington, his step-grandfather. It is now preserved as a memorial to General Lee. Lee (1807-1870) Career Army officer and general-in-chief of Confederate forces. Lincoln invited him command the entire Union Army, but Lee declined because his home state of Virginia was seceding.	FEDERAL - VA	U.S. Government	1925	1930	to be determined		
<b>Marine Corps War Memorial (Iwo Jima)</b>	Arlington Boulevard & Ridge Road	From Authorizing Law: "Authorizing...a memorial to the Marine Corps dead of all wars." Design is based on the famous Rosenthal photograph of a small group of Marines raising the American Flag during battle at Iwo Jima. While the statue depicts one of the most famous incidents of World War II, the memorial is dedicated to all Marines who have given their lives in the defense of the United States since 1775.	FEDERAL - VA	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1947	1947	to be determined		
<b>Navy and Merchant Marine Memorial</b>	Lady Bird Johnson Park	From Authorizing Law: "Authorizing...a memorial to the Navy and Marine services, to be known as Navy and Marine Memorial Dedicated to Americans Lost at Sea" during World War I.	FEDERAL - VA	U.S. Navy	1924	1924	to be determined		
<b>Seabees Monument</b>	Memorial Drive, Arlington, VA	Honors the Seabees, the U.S. Naval Construction Battalions (CBs) of the Navy. Memorial depicts Seabees as builder, fighter and "Ambassador of Goodwill." During WWII, the Seabees built: 111 airports, 441 piers, 2558 ammunition magazines, and hospital space for 70,000 patients...(Goode 681). From inscription: "With compassion for others we build - we fight for peace with freedom."	FEDERAL - VA	U.S. Navy	1972	1972	to be determined		
<b>Spanish War Veterans Memorial (The Hiker)</b>	Memorial Drive, Arlington, VA	Honors veterans of the Spanish-American War (who called themselves "hikers") and the Philippine Insurrection (1898-1902). The pedestal has a bas-relief that represents the America coming to the aid of Spanish colonies.	FEDERAL - VA	TBD (Staff Seeking Input)	1964	1964	to be determined		
<b>The Pentagon Memorial</b>	Pentagon Reservation, 1 Rotary Road, Arlington	Honors 184 people who died at the Pentagon on September 11, 2001.	FEDERAL - VA	U.S. Government		2008	to be determined		

**PART F. RECENT COMMEMORATIVE WORKS THAT WERE AUTHORIZED BUT NEVER BUILT (AUTHORITIES HAVE EXPIRED)**

National Peace Garden	1987 - 1994	6/30/2002 [expired]
Thomas Paine Memorial	1992 - 1999	12/31/2003 [expired]
Black Revolutionary War Patriots	1986 - 1993	10/27/2005 [expired]
Benjamin Banneker Memorial	1998 - 2005	11/6/2005 [expired]
<u>Selected Others (Introduced only)</u>		
Fair Housing Memorial (2009)		
H.R. 196, Slavery Memorial (1/7/2003)		
S. 268 (1/30/2003) & H.R. 422 (1/28/2003), Pyramid of Remembrance		
H.R. 3501 (11/17/03) Thomas Paine Memorial, extension of authority		
Ronald Reagan Memorial Act of 2001 - H.R. 452		
Native American Memorial - H.R. 2918		
Middle Passage National Monument - H.R. 4581 (6/6/00)		
Ralph David Abernathy Memorial - H.J. Res. 57 (2/10/97)		
Cold War Memorial - H.R. 2885 (11/7/97)		
Memorial to Sportsmen - H.R. 4077 (6/16/98); S. 2398 (7/31/98)		
Replacement of 50 U.S. flags at Washington Monument with 50 State Flags - H.R. 990 (2/16/95)		