



# National Institute of Standards & Technology

## Certificate of Analysis

Standard Reference Material® 1663a

Sulfur Dioxide in Nitrogen

(Nominal Amount-of-Substance Fraction, 1500  $\mu\text{mol/mol}$ )

This Standard Reference Material (SRM) is a primary gas mixture to which the amount-of-substance fraction, expressed as concentration [1], of secondary working standards may be related. The SRM is intended for the calibration of instruments used for sulfur dioxide determinations and for other applications including the analysis of chemical and combustion process streams.

This SRM mixture is supplied in a DOT 3AL specification aluminum (6061 alloy) cylinder with a water volume of 6 L. Mixtures are shipped with a nominal pressure exceeding 12.4 MPa (1800 psi) which provides the user with 0.73 m<sup>3</sup> (25.8 ft<sup>3</sup>) of useable mixture. The cylinder is the property of the purchaser and is equipped with a CGA-660 stainless steel valve which is the recommended outlet for this sulfur dioxide mixture. NIST recommends that this cylinder not be used below 0.7 MPa (100 psi).

**Certified Value:** This SRM mixture has been certified for sulfur dioxide concentration. The certified value, given below, applies to the identified cylinder and NIST sample number.

Sulfur Dioxide Concentration = 1475.4  $\mu\text{mol/mol}$   $\pm$  7.5  $\mu\text{mol/mol}$

Cylinder Number:

NIST Sample Number:

The uncertainty of the certified value includes the estimated uncertainties of the gravimetrically prepared primary standards, the imprecision of measurements intercomparing the primary standards to the lot standard (LS), and the imprecision of intercomparing the LS with each of the mixtures comprising the lot. The uncertainty is expressed as an expanded uncertainty,  $U = ku_c$ , with  $u_c$  determined from experimental standard deviations and the coverage factor  $k = 2$ . Since the concentration values of gaseous SRMs are assumed to be normally distributed with an experimental standard deviation of  $u_c$ , the true value for the sulfur dioxide concentration is asserted to lie in the interval defined by the certified value  $\pm U$  with a level of confidence of approximately 95 % [2].

**Expiration of Certification:** This certification is valid until **01 June 2006** within the measurement uncertainties specified, provided the SRM is handled and stored in accordance with the instructions given in this certificate. However, the certification will be nullified if the SRM is contaminated or modified.

**Cylinder and Gas Handling Information:** NIST recommends the use of a high-purity, stainless steel, two-stage pressure regulator with a stainless steel diaphragm and CGA-660 outlet to safely reduce the pressure and to deliver this SRM mixture to the instrument. The regulator should be purged several times to prevent accidental contamination of the sample.

The support aspects involved in the preparation, certification, and issuance of this SRM were coordinated through the NIST Standard Reference Materials Program by J.C. Colbert.

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Gaithersburg, MD 20899  
Certificate Issue Date: 11 August 2000  
SRM 1663a

Nancy M. Trahey, Chief  
Standard Reference Materials Program

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The analytical measurements leading to the certification of this current SRM lot were performed by G.D. Mitchell of the NIST Analytical Chemistry Division.

The overall direction and coordination of the technical work required for certification of this SRM were performed by F.R. Guenther of the NIST Analytical Chemistry Division.

**Mixture Preparation:** The gas mixtures comprising this SRM lot were prepared in accordance with NIST technical specifications by a commercial specialty gas vendor under contract to NIST. The specifications stipulate that each SRM mixture be identical in sulfur dioxide concentration and stable with time.

**Analytical Methods:** Analyses of the sulfur dioxide concentration for this lot of cylinders were conducted by intercomparing each cylinder mixture to a representative cylinder chosen from the lot, the LS, using a pulsed fluorescence analyzer. Assignment of the sulfur dioxide concentration to the LS was accomplished by intercomparison to primary gravimetric standards using the pulsed fluorescence analyzer.

**Homogeneity Analysis:** Each of the sulfur dioxide mixtures, which comprise this SRM lot, was compared to the LS using the pulsed fluorescence analyzer. An analysis of variance indicated that sample-to-sample sulfur dioxide concentration differences were not statistically significant. This indicates that within the precision of the NIST measurements, all of the cylinders comprising this SRM lot have identical sulfur dioxide concentrations. Therefore, a single concentration has been assigned to the entire SRM lot.

**Sulfur Dioxide Concentration Value Assignment:** The certified sulfur dioxide concentration for this SRM lot was computed from the assigned concentration for the lot standard and the homogeneity analysis.

**Stability:** Periodic analyses of SRM units from this lot are performed by NIST to monitor stability. If significant changes in the sulfur dioxide concentration are observed, the purchaser will be notified. Refer to the Cylinder and Gas Handling Information section for proper handling of this SRM.

#### REFERENCES

- [1] Taylor, B.N., "Guide for the Use of the International System of Units (SI)," NIST Special Publication 811, 1995 Ed., (April 1995).
- [2] *Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement*, ISBN 92-67-10188-9, 1st Ed. ISO, Geneva, Switzerland, (1993); see also Taylor, B.N. and Kuyatt, C.E., "Guidelines for Evaluating and Expressing the Uncertainty of NIST Measurement Results," NIST Technical Note 1297, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC (1994); available at <http://physics.nist.gov/Pubs/>.

<p><b>Certificate Revision History:</b> 11 August 2000 (This technical revision reports a change in the expiration date); 19 February 1997 (editorial revision) 21 January 1997 (original certificate date).</p>
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*Users of this SRM should ensure that the certificate in their possession is current. This can be accomplished by contacting the SRM Program at: telephone (301) 975-6776; fax (301) 926-4751; e-mail [srminfo@nist.gov](mailto:srminfo@nist.gov); or via the Internet <http://www.nist.gov/srm>.*