

# Heat Transfer from Rotating Blade Platforms with and without Film Cooling

*Texas A&M University*



**J.C. Han and M.T. Schobeiri**

**SCIES Project 03-01-SR113**

**DOE COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT DE-FC26-02NT41431**

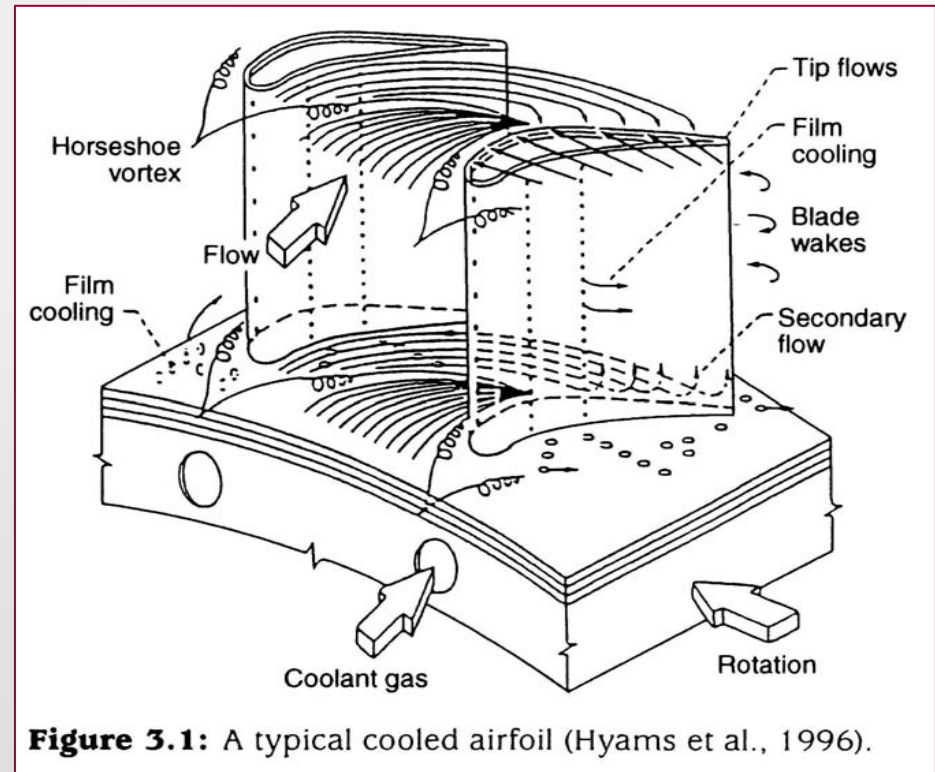
Tom J. George, Program Manager, DOE/NETL  
Richard Wenglarz, Manager of Research, SCIES

Project Awarded 07/01/2003 (36 Month Duration)

\$461,024 Total Contract Value (\$361,024 DOE)

# Gas Turbine Needs

- **Improved Turbine Power Efficiency by Increasing Turbine Blade Cooling Performance**
  - Increase Turbine Inlet Temperature while Minimizing Coolant Flow
- Need Detailed Heat Transfer Data on Rotating Blade Platforms
  - Improve Current Rotor Blade Cooling Schemes
  - Provide Options for New Rotor Blade Cooling Designs
- Need Accurate and Efficient CFD Codes to Improve Flow and Heat Transfer Predictions and Guide Rotor Blade Cooling Designs



# Project Objectives

## □ Provide Designers with New Rotating Blade Platform Heat Transfer and Film Cooling Data and Numerical Predictions

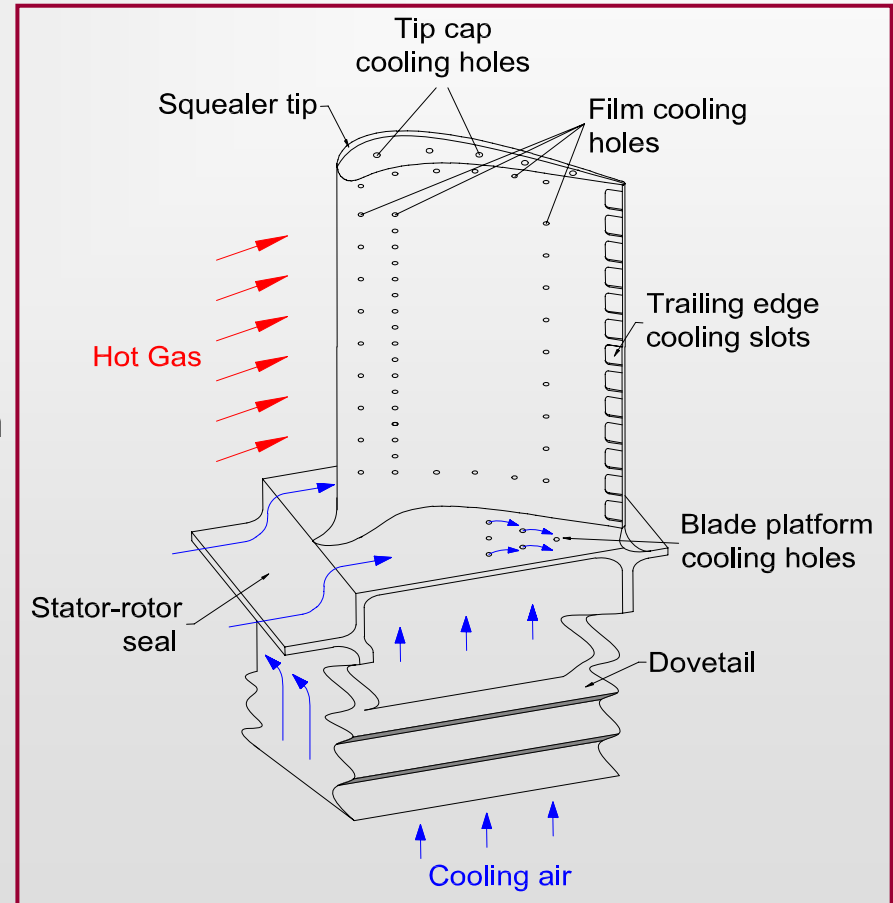
- Improve Cooling Performance and Thermal Efficiency of Gas Turbine Engines

## □ Part I: Experimental Rotating Heat Transfer

- Pressure, Heat Transfer Coefficient, and Film Cooling Effectiveness Distributions on Rotating Blade Platforms with Stator-Rotor Seal Ejection and Film Cooling

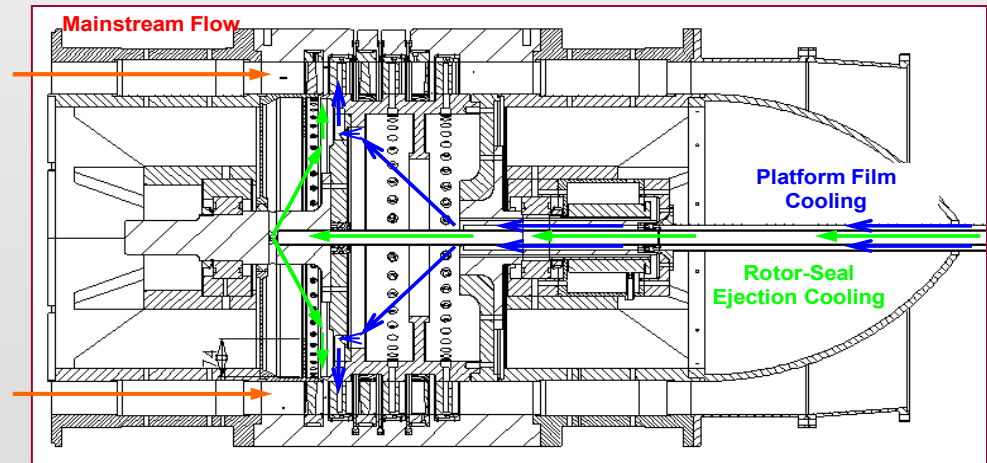
## □ Part II: Flow Measurements and Numerical Predictions

- Detailed Flow Measurements and Surface Heat Transfer Predictions on Rotating Blade Platforms under Rotating Conditions



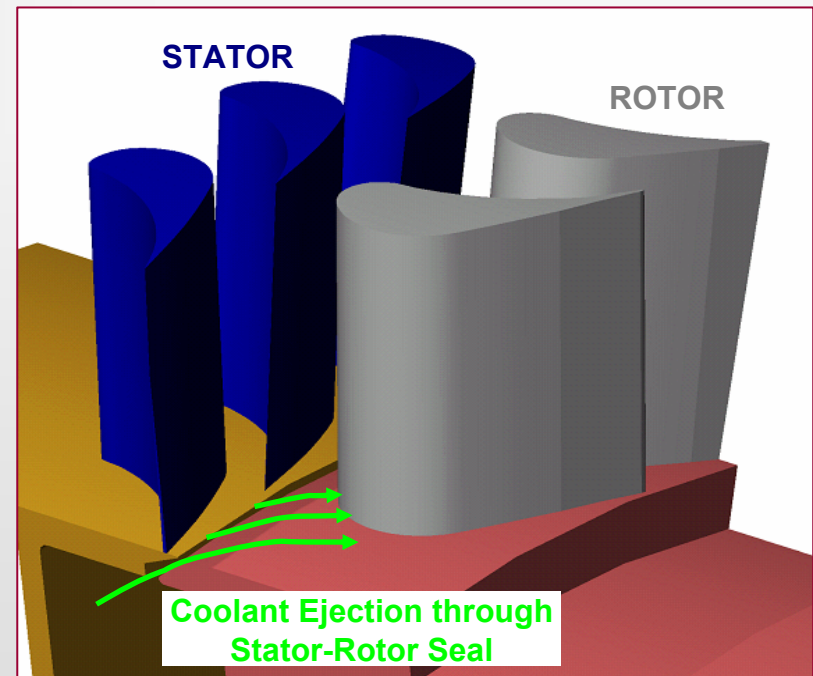
# Project Approach

- **This Project Contains Three Tasks for Rotating Blade Platforms Using Experimental and Computational Methods**
- **Task 1: Rotor Platform Modification and Measurement Technique Development**
  - Design, Fabrication, Installation, and Instrumentation of Modified Rotor with Coolant Ejection from Stator-Rotor Seal and Film Cooling for Platform
  - Design and Calibration of Several Miniature Five-Hole Probes and Preliminary Flow Measurements
  - Development of Pressure Sensitive Paint (PSP) and Temperature Sensitive Paint (TSP) Techniques
  - Preliminary Flow and Heat Transfer Predictions using FLUENT Code (secondary effort)



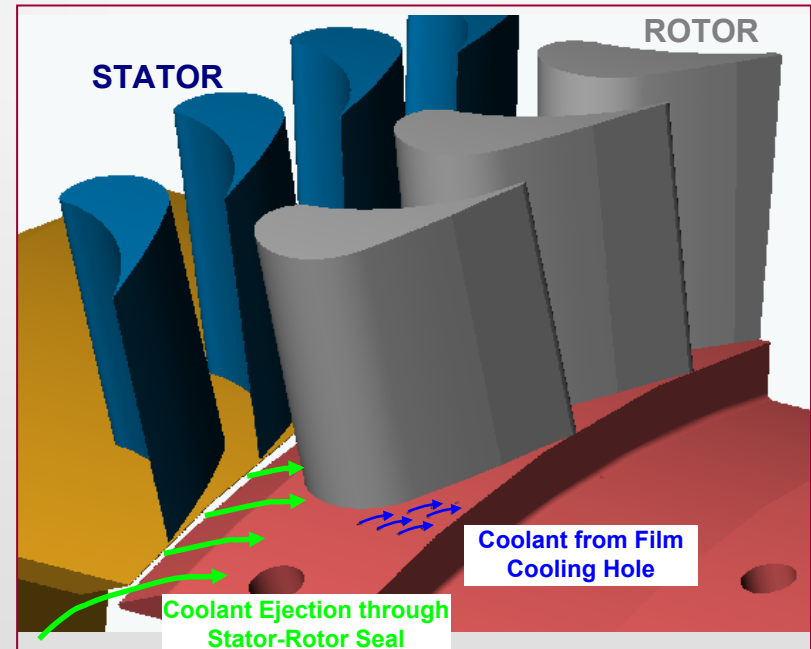
# Project Approach

- ❑ **This Project Contains Three Tasks for Rotating Blade Platforms Using Experimental and Computational Methods**
- ❑ **Task 2: Rotor Blade Platforms with Stator-Rotor Seal Ejection**
  - Detailed Flow Measurements Using Miniature Five-Hole Probes
  - Detailed Pressure and Film Effectiveness Distributions using Pressure Sensitive Paint (PSP)
  - Detailed Heat Transfer Coefficient Distributions using Temperature Sensitive Paint (TSP)
  - Predicted Flow and Heat Transfer Distributions using FLUENT code (a secondary effort)



# Project Approach

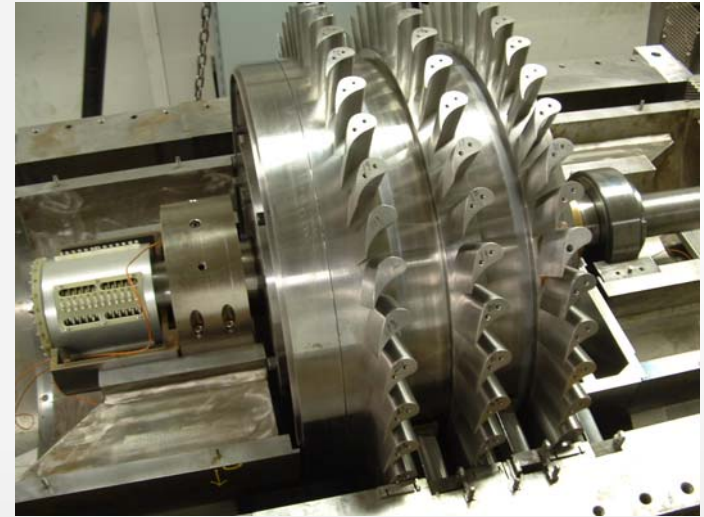
- **This Project Contains Three Tasks for Rotating Blade Platforms Using Experimental and Computational Methods**
- **Task 3: Rotor Blade Platforms with Stator-Rotor Seal Ejection and Film Cooling Holes**
  - Detailed Flow Measurements Using Miniature Five-Hole Probes
  - Detailed Pressure and Film Effectiveness Distributions using PSP
  - Detailed Heat Transfer Coefficient Distributions using TSP
  - Predicted Flow and Heat Transfer Distributions using FLUENT code (a secondary effort)



# Project Accomplishments

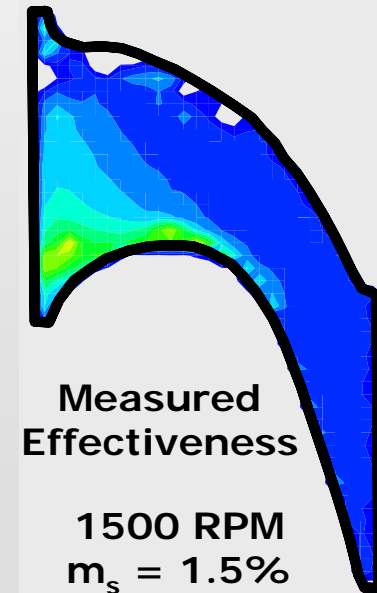
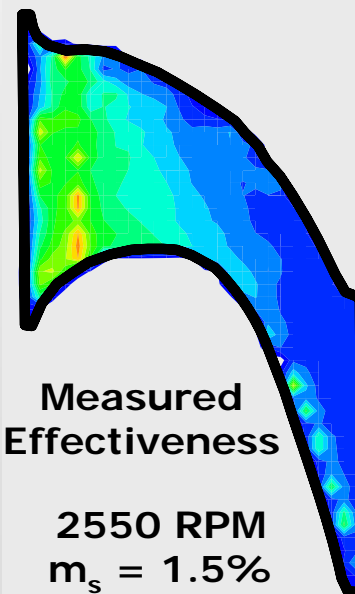
## □ Task 1 (Year 1) – Rotor Platform Modification

- Rotor Fabrication, Installation, & Instrumentation is Complete
- PSP and TSP Measurement Techniques have been Successfully Developed



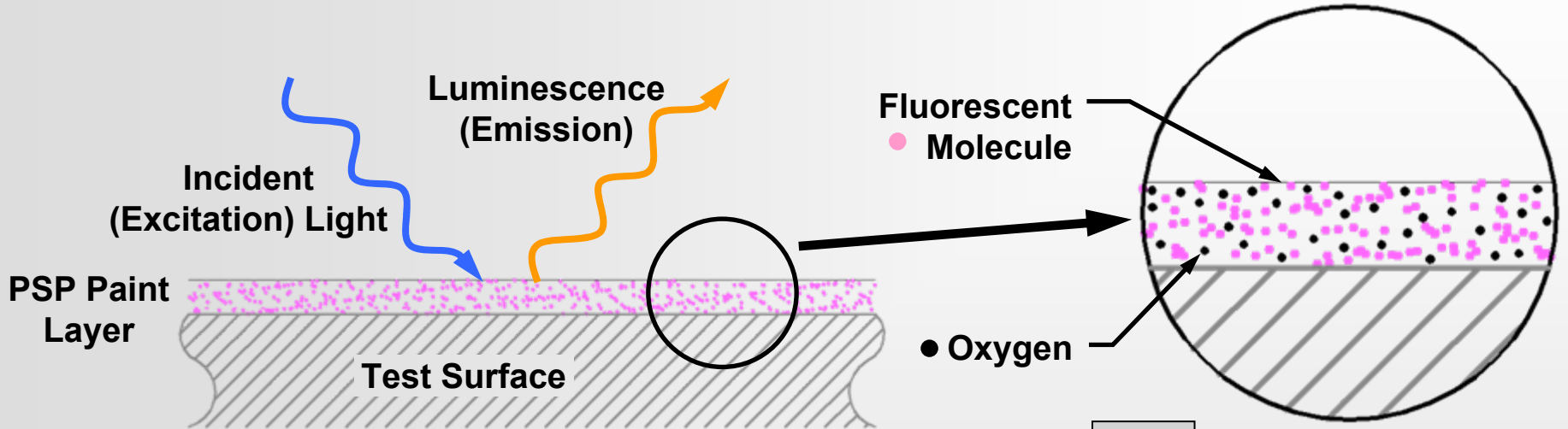
## □ Task 2 (Year 2) – Film Cooling Effectiveness and Heat Transfer Measurement on the Rotating Platform with Seal Leakage

- Film Cooling Effectiveness has been Measured on the Rotating Platform with Seal Ejection
- Numerical Predictions for both the Film Effectiveness and Heat Transfer Coefficients have been Obtained

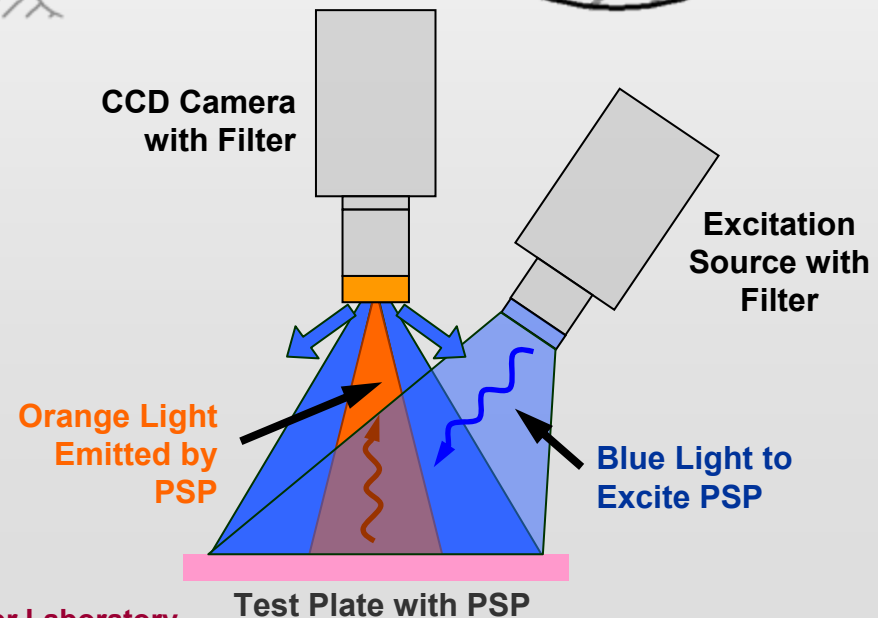


# Project Technical Results

## Part I – Measurement Techniques – Pressure Sensitive Paint (PSP) Technique Used to Measure the Pressure Distribution and Film Cooling Effectiveness



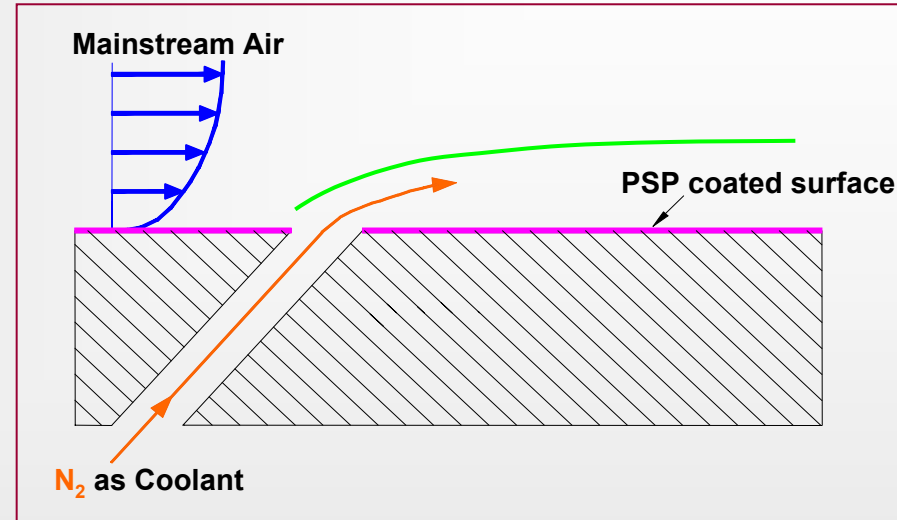
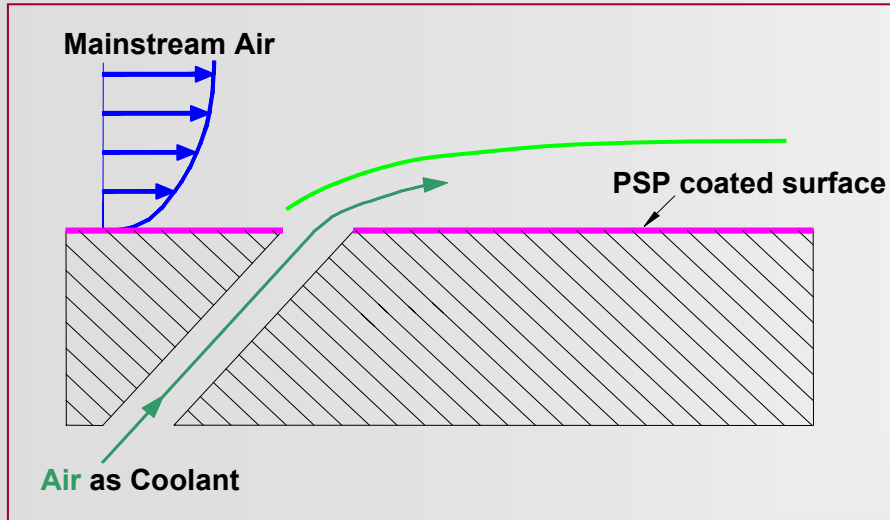
- Luminescence Material
  - Luminescent Molecules
  - Permeable, Polymer Binder
- Luminescent Intensity Decreases with the Increasing Partial Pressure of Oxygen (*Oxygen Quenching*)





# Project Technical Results

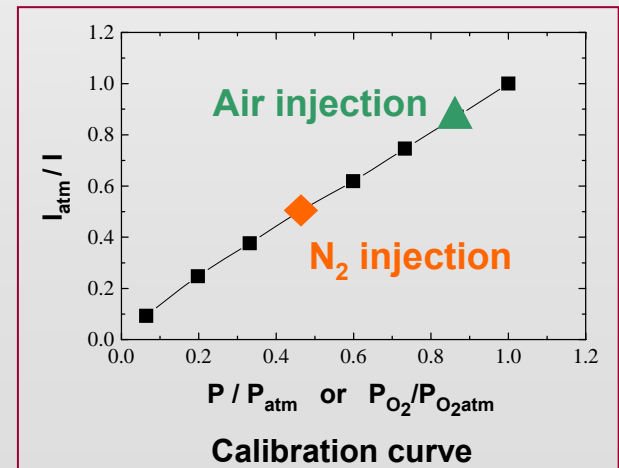
## Part I – Measurement Techniques – Pressure Sensitive Paint (PSP) Technique Used to Measure the Film Cooling Effectiveness



### Film Cooling Effectiveness

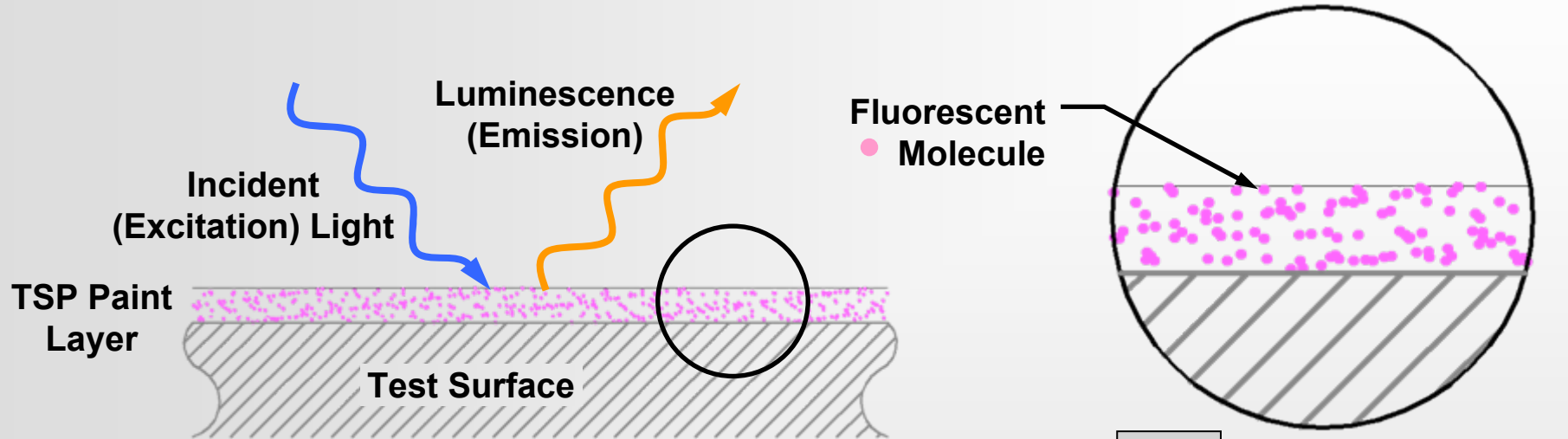
$$\eta = \frac{C_{\infty} - C_{\text{mix}}}{C_{\infty}} = \frac{(P_{O_2})_{\text{air injection}} - (P_{O_2})_{N_2 \text{ injection}}}{(P_{O_2})_{\text{air injection}}}$$

$$\eta \approx 1 - \frac{(I)_{\text{air injection}}}{(I)_{N_2 \text{ injection}}}$$

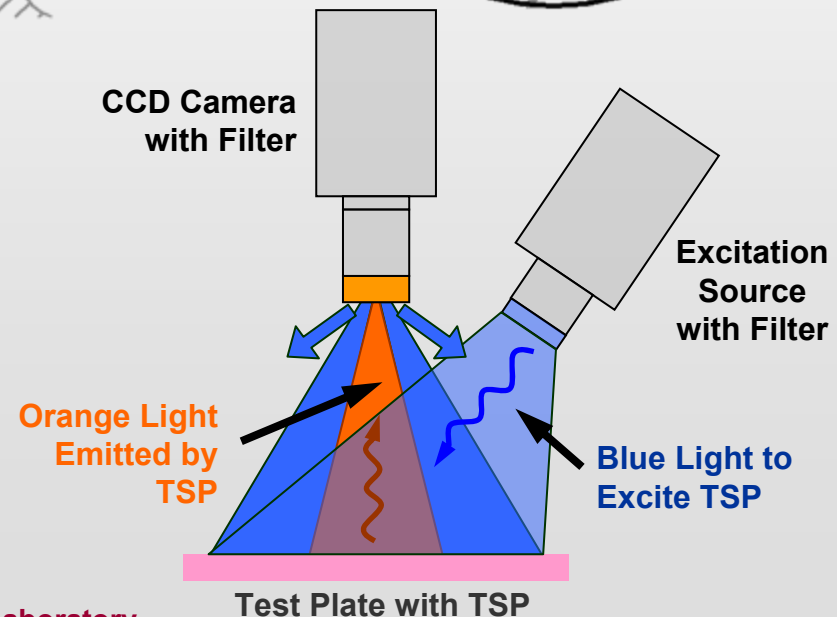


# Project Technical Results

## Part I – Measurement Techniques – Temperature Sensitive Paint (TSP) Technique Used to Measure the Heat Transfer Coefficient Distribution

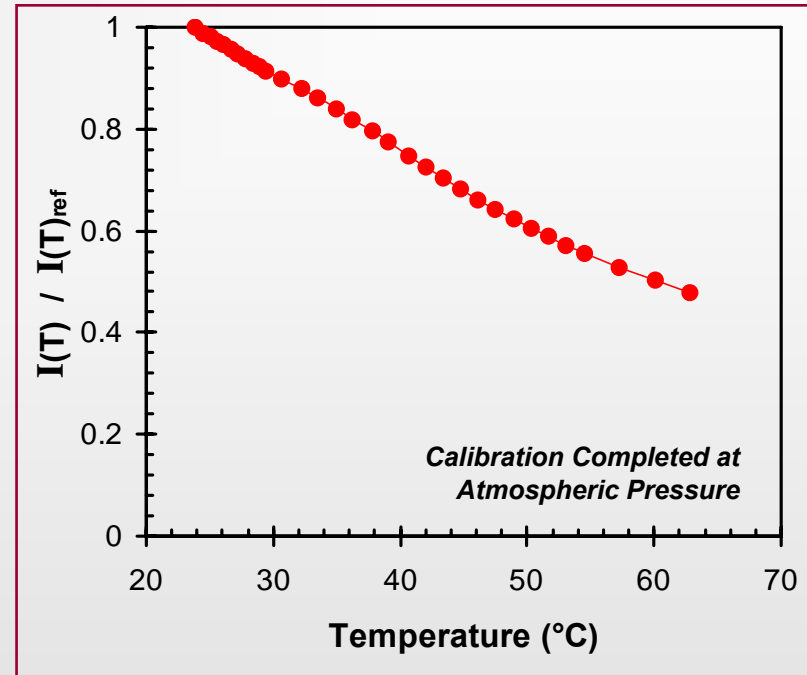
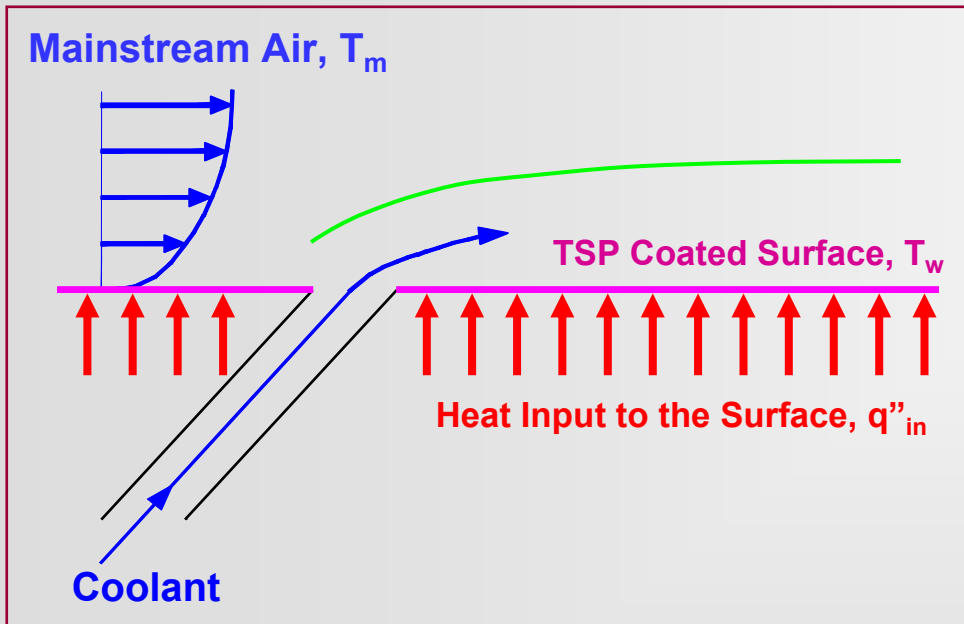


- Luminescence Material
  - Luminescent Molecules
  - Impermeable, Polymer Binder
- Luminescent Intensity Decreases with the Increasing Molecule Temperature (*Temperature Quenching*)



# Project Technical Results

## Part I – Measurement Techniques – Temperature Sensitive Paint (TSP) Technique Used to Measure the Heat Transfer Coefficient Distribution

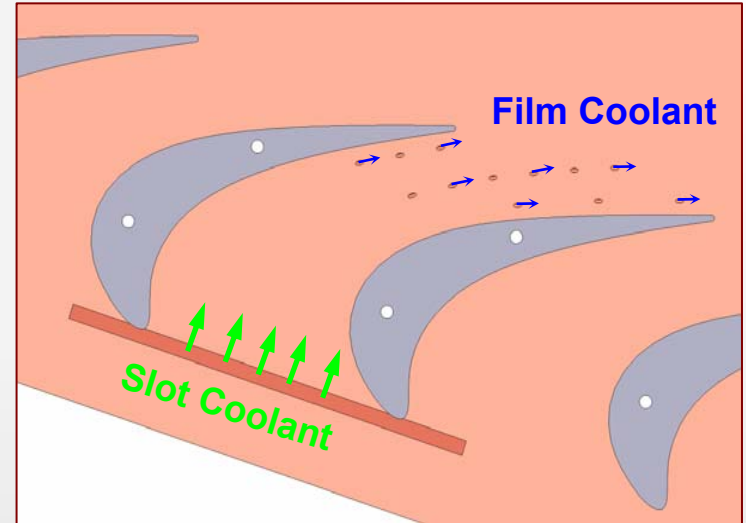
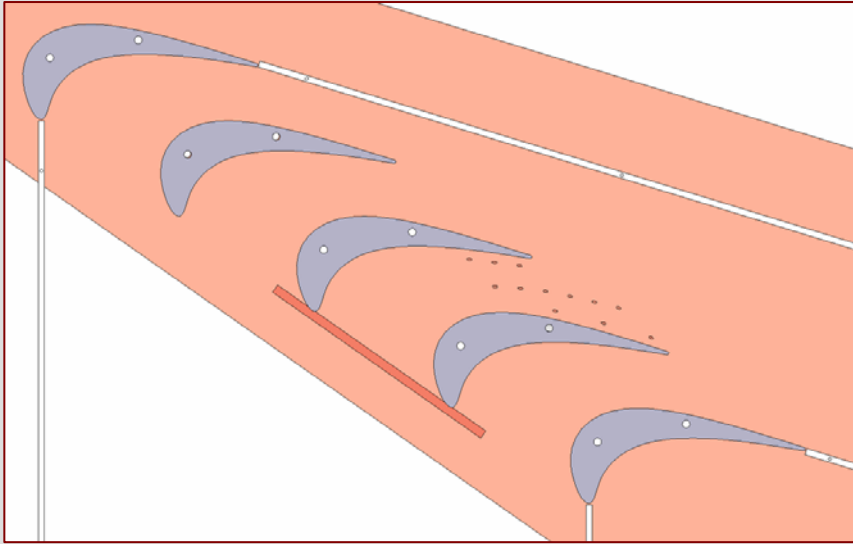


$$h = \frac{q''_{in} - q''_{loss}}{T_w - T_m}$$

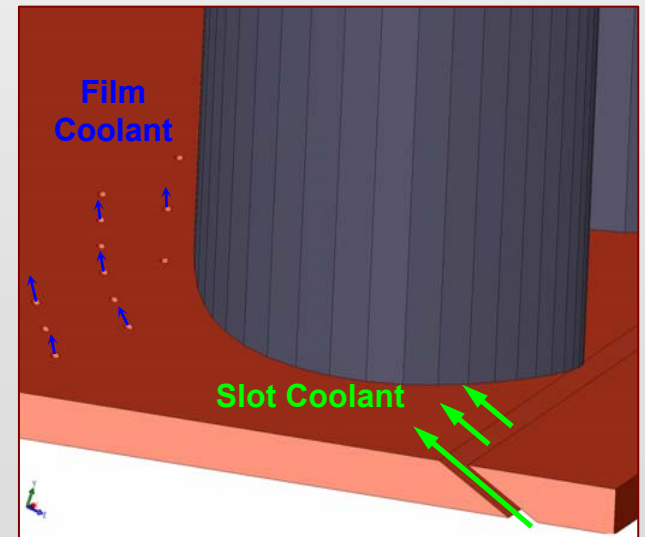


# Project Technical Results

## Part I – Supplement for Rotating Heat Transfer – 5-Blade, Linear Cascade Used to Demonstrate Measurement Techniques & Investigate Multiple Seal and Discrete Film Hole Configurations



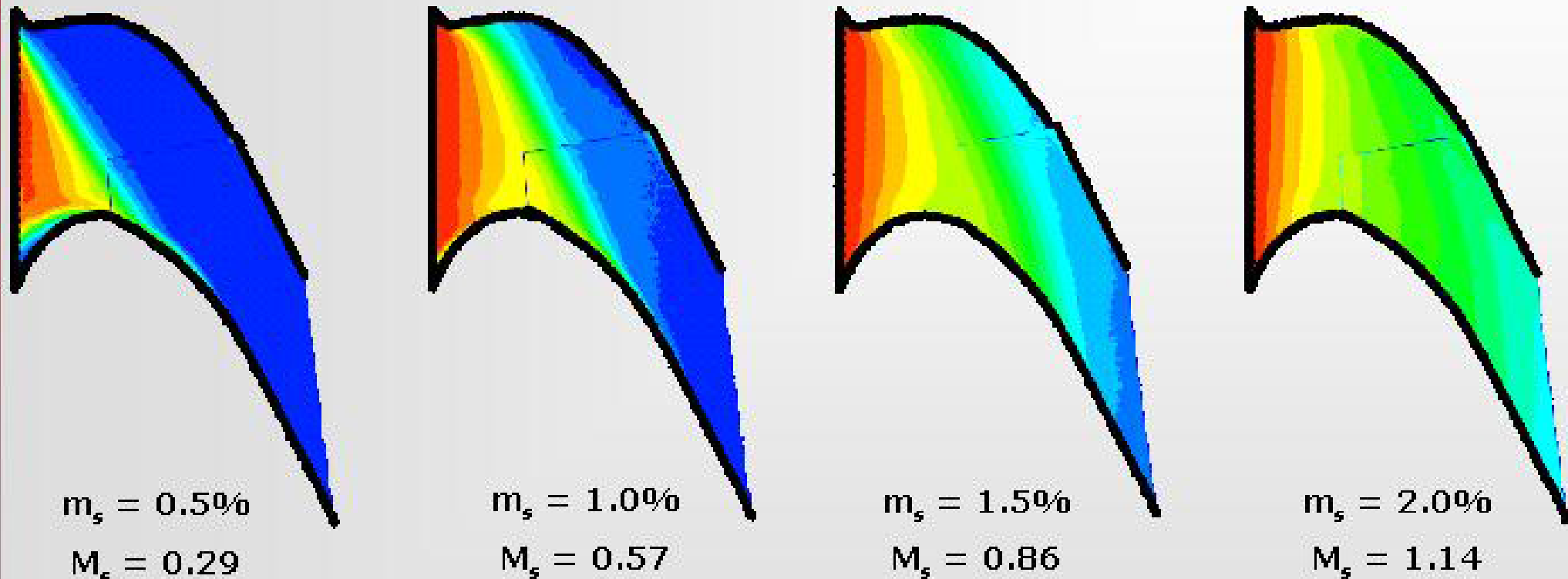
- $Re = 5.6 \cdot 10^5$  (axial chord length & exit velocity)
- Inlet Velocity = 20 m/s, Exit Velocity = 50 m/s
- Stator-Rotor Ejection: Cooling Flow = 0.5% ~ 2% of Mainstream
- Platform Film Cooling: Blowing Ratio ( $M = \rho_c V_c / \rho_{2\infty} V_{2\infty}$ ) = 0.5 ~ 2



- Density Ratio ( $DR = \rho_c / \rho_\infty$ ) = 1 ( $N_2$  Injection)

# Project Technical Results

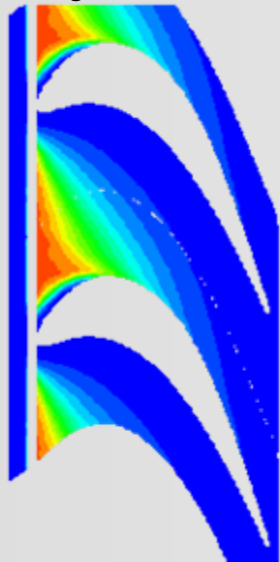
**Part I – Supplement for Rotating Heat Transfer – Measured Film Cooling Effectiveness on the Endwall of a 5-Blade, Linear Cascade by PSP**



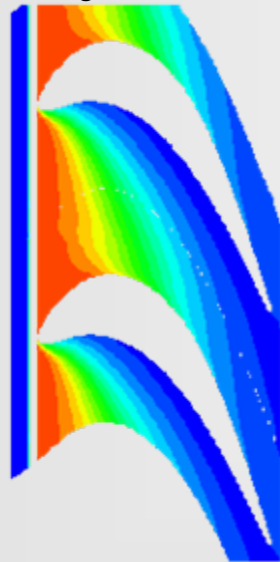
# Project Technical Results

## Part II – Supplement for Rotating Heat Transfer – Predicted Film Cooling Effectiveness on the Endwall of a 5-Blade, Linear Cascade

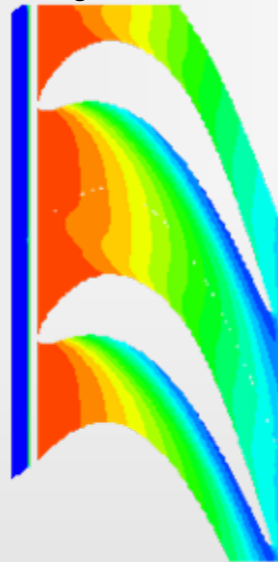
$m_s = 0.5\%$   
 $M_s = 0.29$



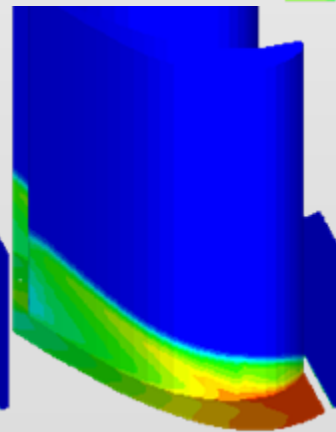
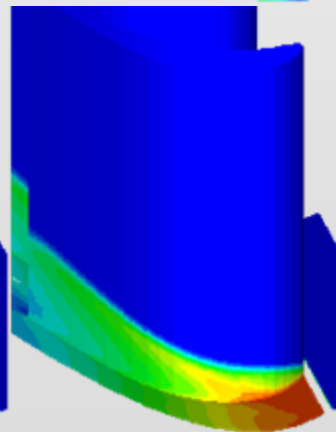
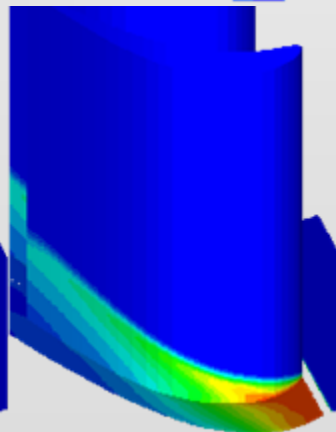
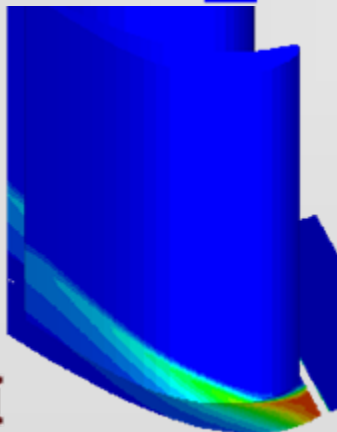
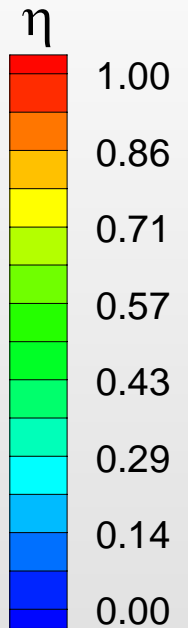
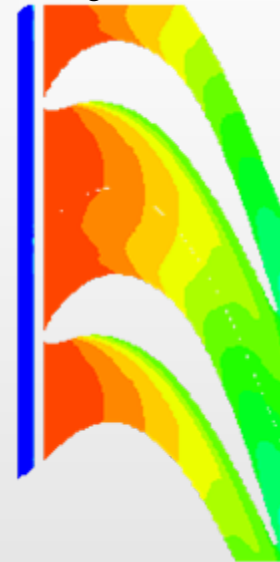
$m_s = 1.0\%$   
 $M_s = 0.57$



$m_s = 1.5\%$   
 $M_s = 0.86$

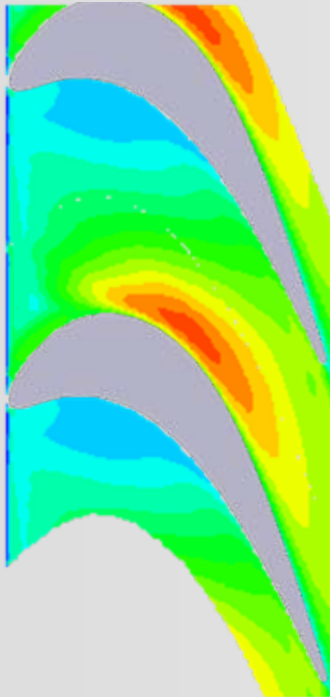
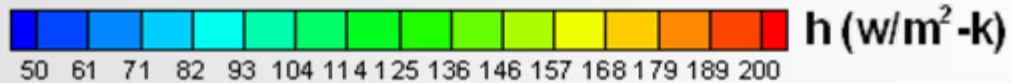


$m_s = 2.0\%$   
 $M_s = 1.14$

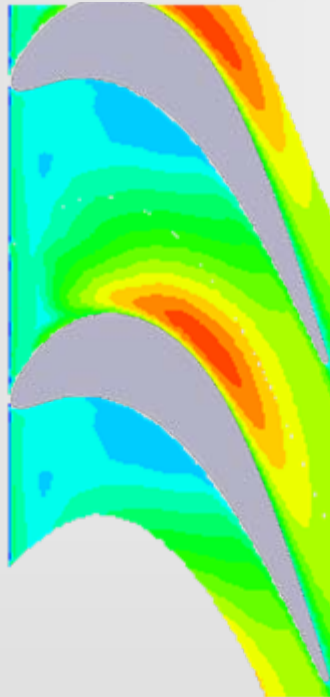


# Project Technical Results

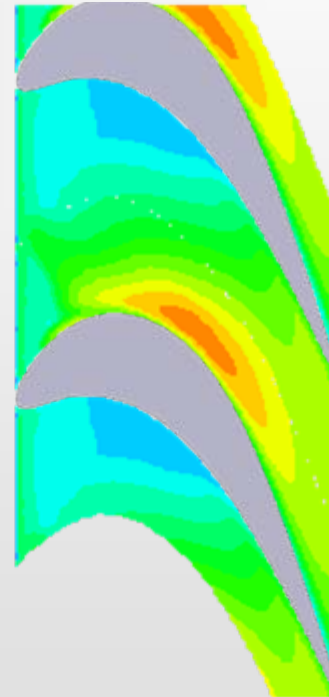
## Part II – Supplement for Rotating Heat Transfer – Predicted Heat Transfer Coefficients on the Endwall of a 5-Blade, Linear Cascade



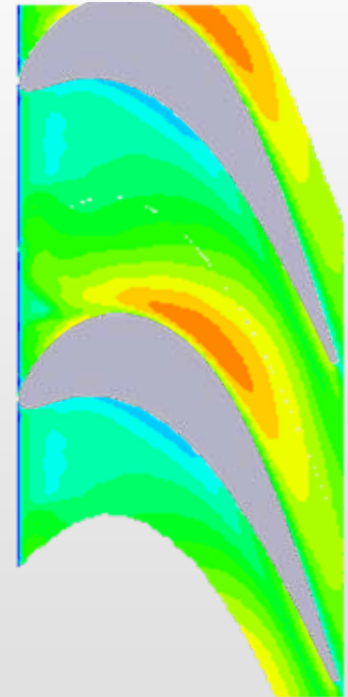
$m_s = 0.5\%$   
 $M_s = 0.29$



$m_s = 1.0\%$   
 $M_s = 0.57$



$m_s = 1.5\%$   
 $M_s = 0.86$

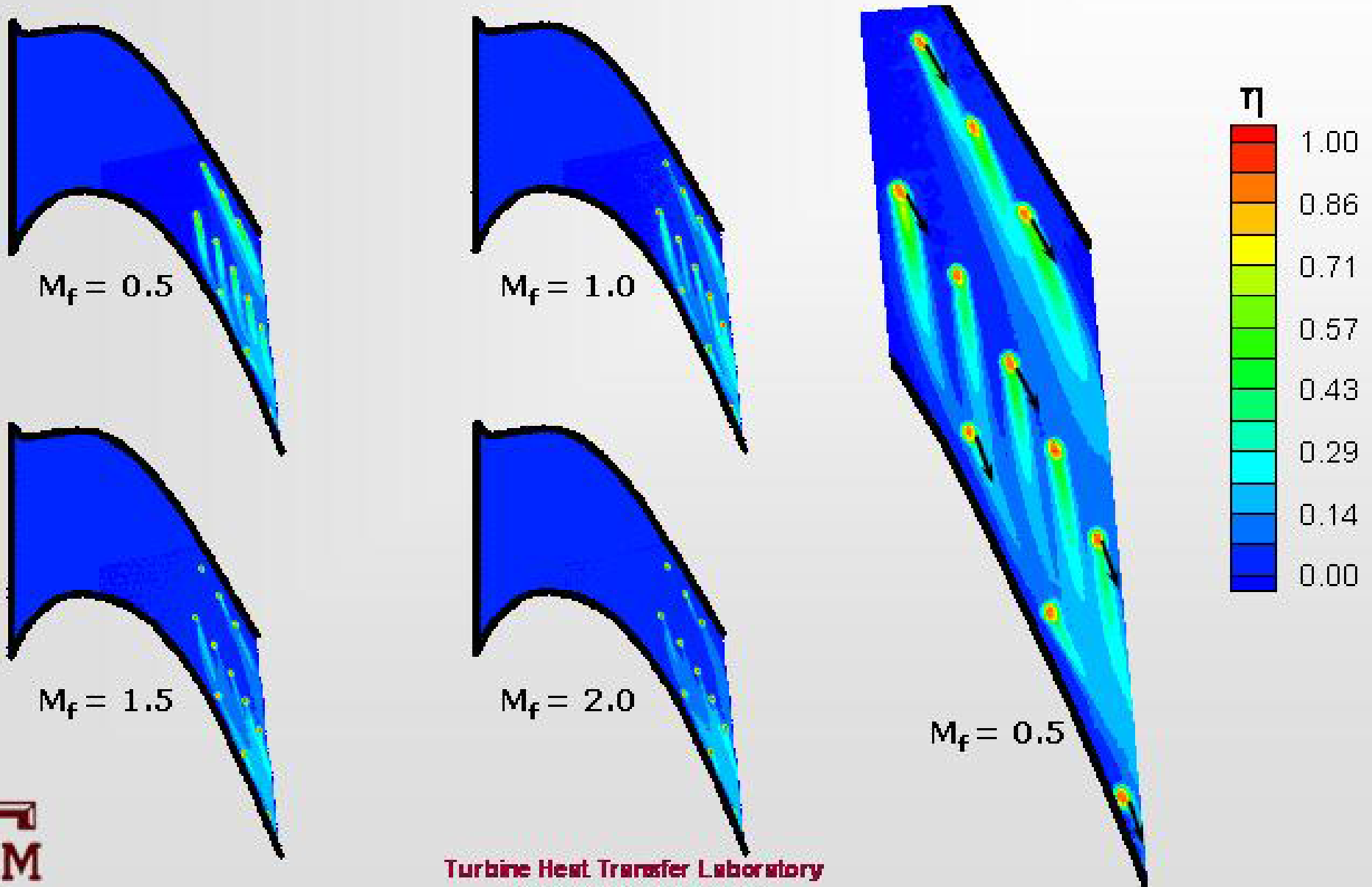


$m_s = 2.0\%$   
 $M_s = 1.14$



# Project Technical Results

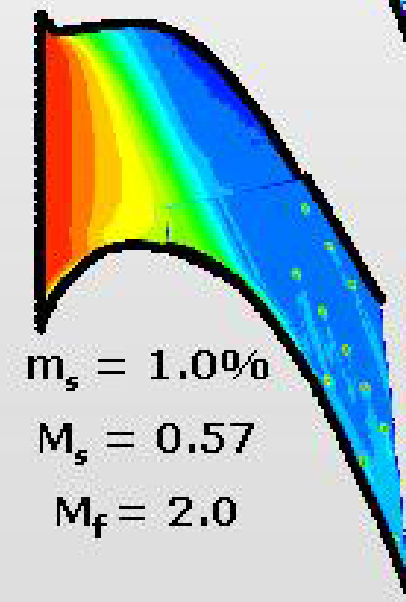
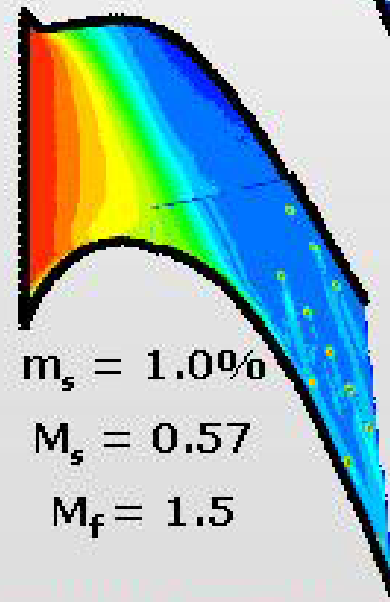
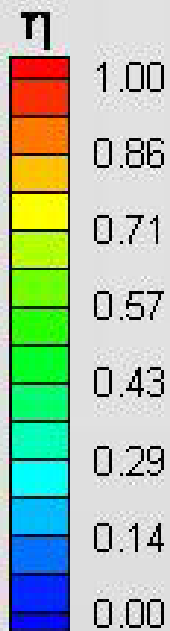
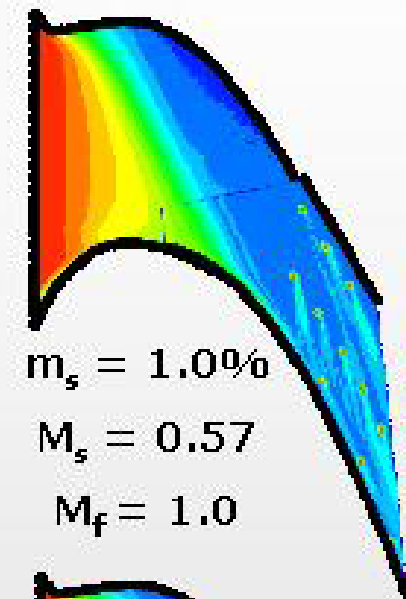
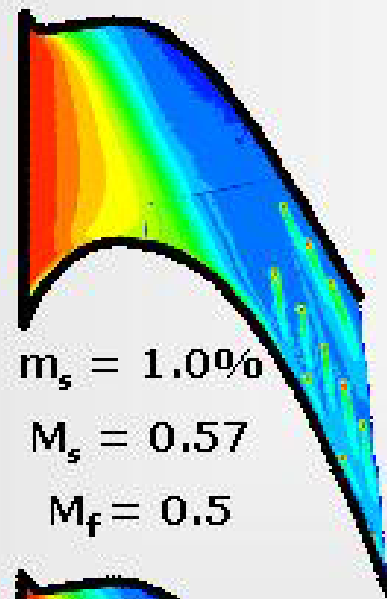
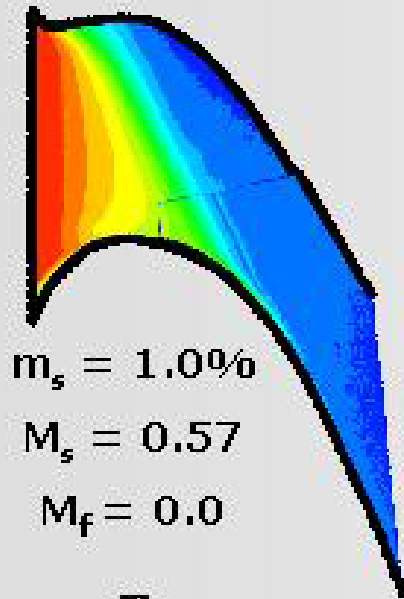
**Part I – Supplement for Rotating Heat Transfer – Measured Film Cooling Effectiveness on the Endwall of a 5-Blade, Linear Cascade by PSP**





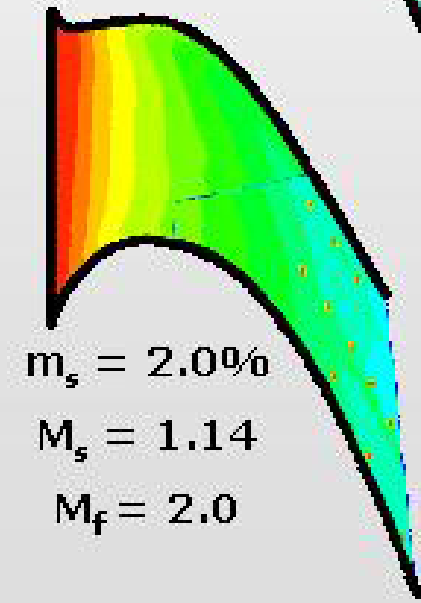
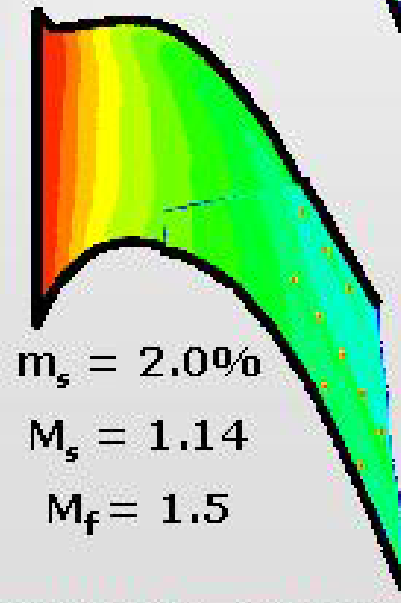
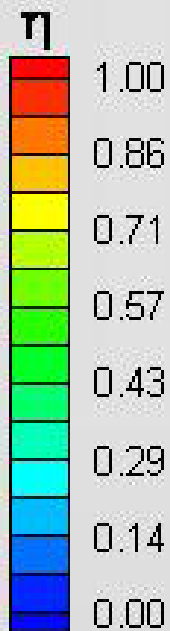
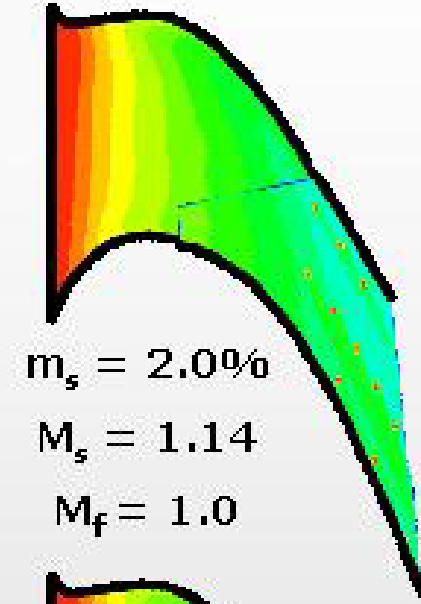
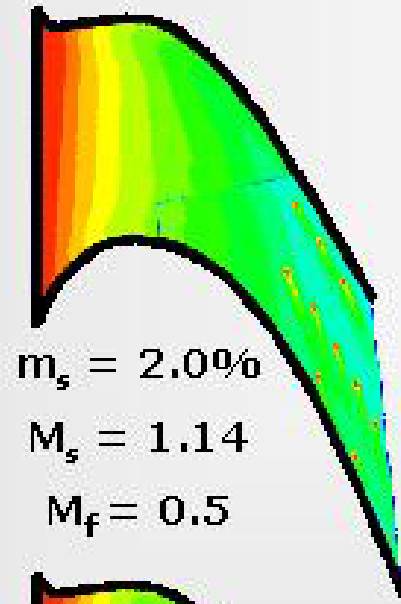
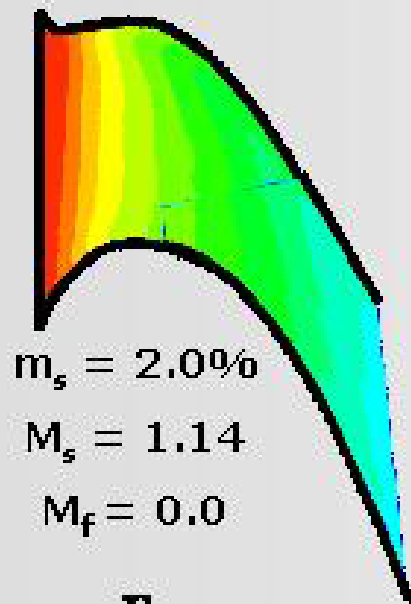
# Project Technical Results

## Part I – Supplement for Rotating Heat Transfer – Measured Film Cooling Effectiveness on the Endwall of a 5-Blade, Linear Cascade by PSP



# Project Technical Results

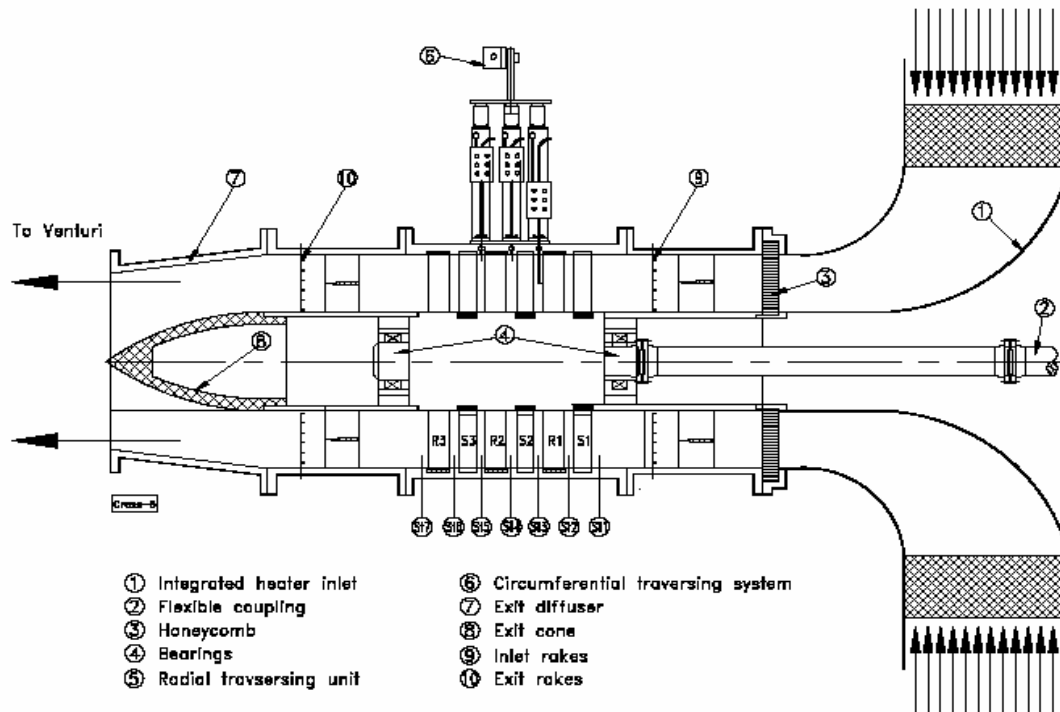
## Part I – Supplement for Rotating Heat Transfer – Measured Film Cooling Effectiveness on the Endwall of a 5-Blade, Linear Cascade by PSP



# Project Technical Results

## Part II – Flow Measurements – Existing Research Turbine Facility

### The Research Turbine Component TPFL, Turbomachinery Performance and Flow Research Laboratory Prof. Dr.-Ing. M.T.Schobeiri

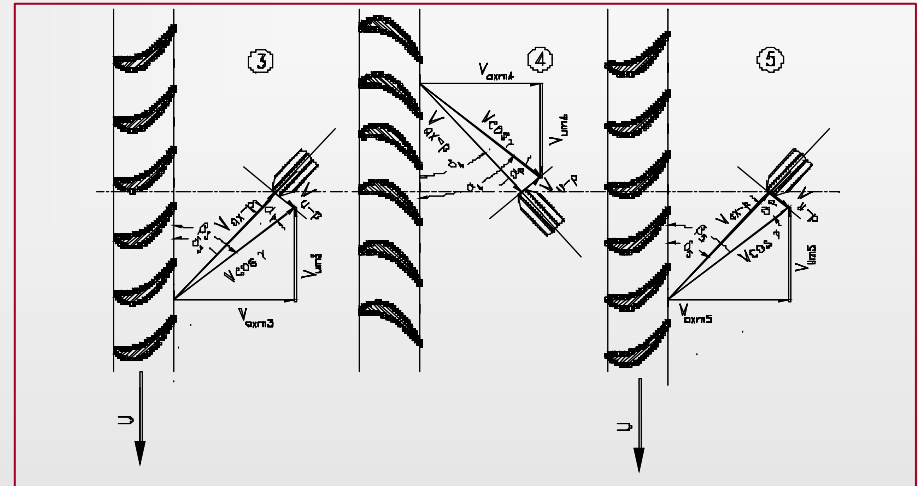
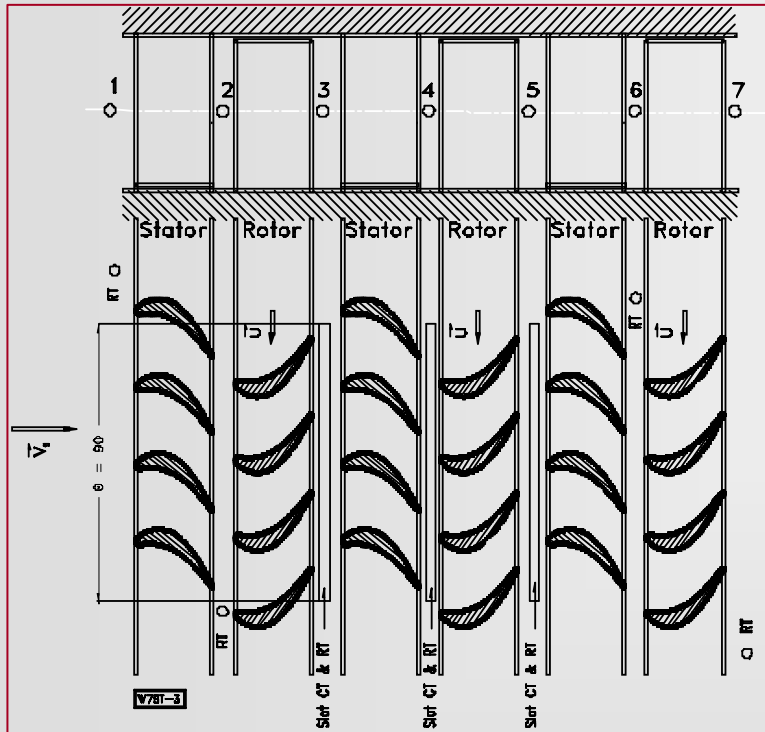


### A Schematic Cross Section of the TPFL-Research Turbine with its Major Components



# Project Technical Results

## Part II – Flow Measurements – Existing Research Turbine Facility

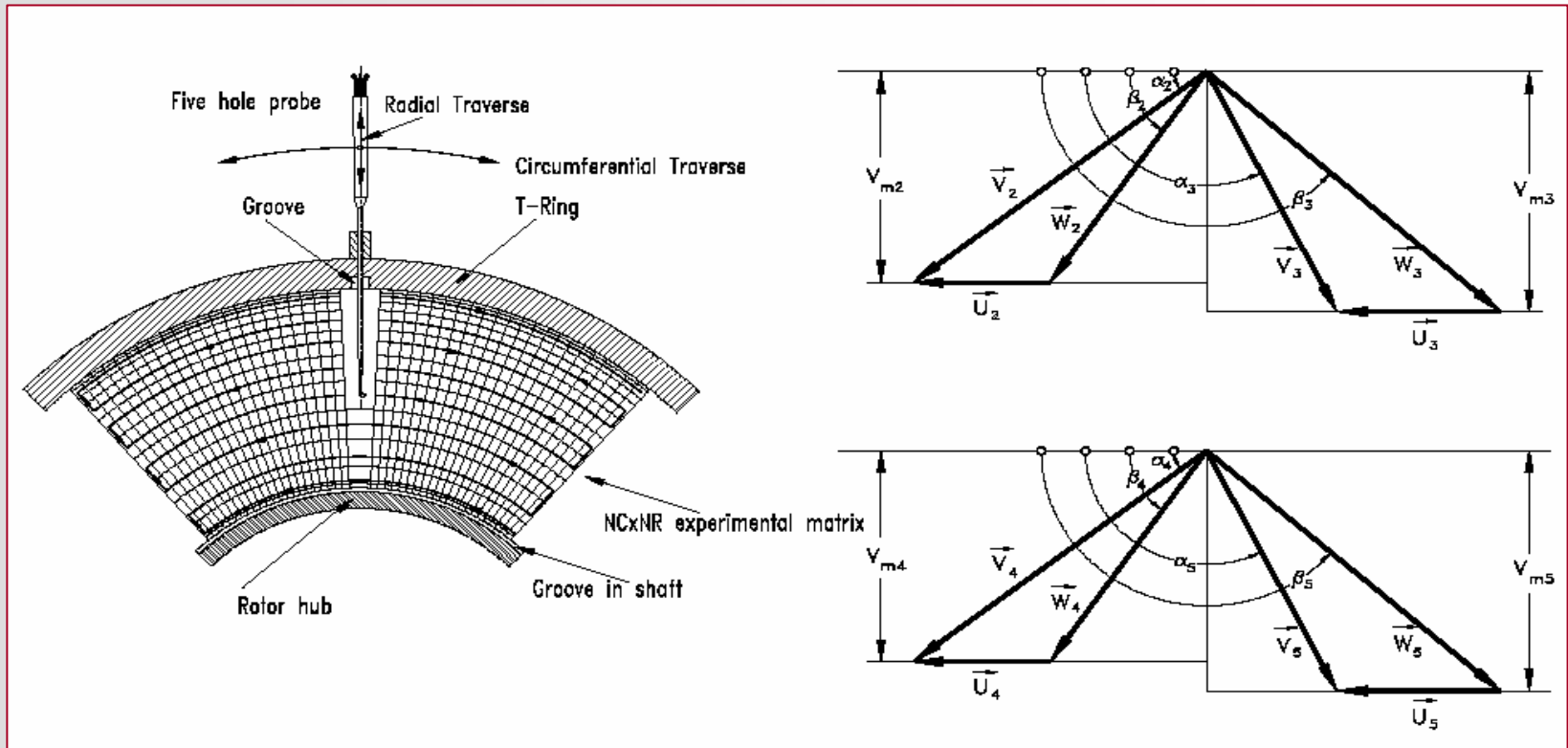


Fully Sealed Traversing Slots and Angular Positions of the Five-Hole Probes at Stations 3, 4, and 5



# Project Technical Results

## Part II – Flow Measurements – Existing Research Turbine Facility

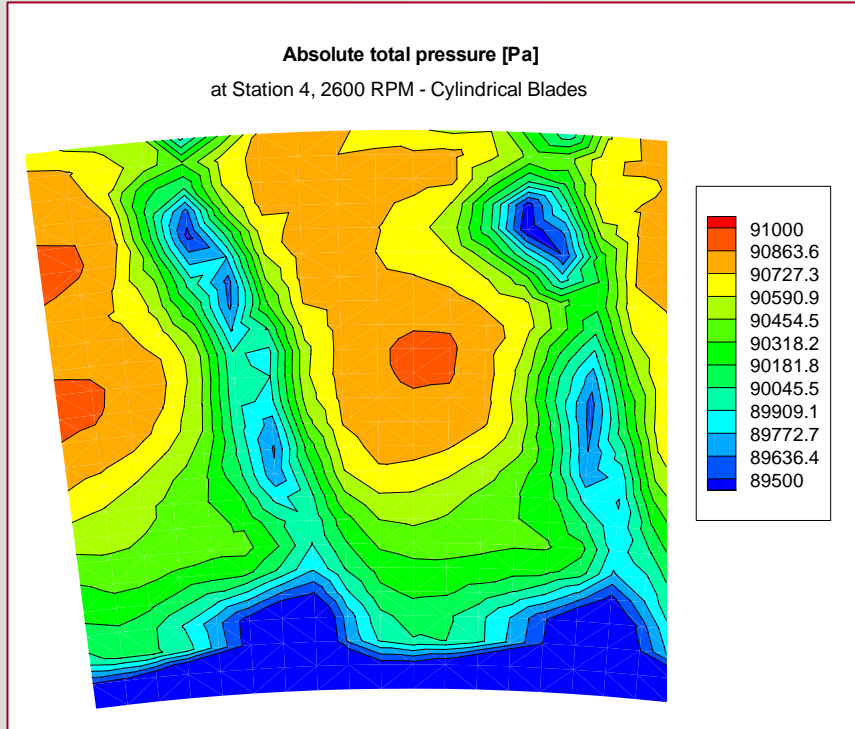


Interstage Traversing Schedule and Angle Definitions at Stations 3, 4, and 5

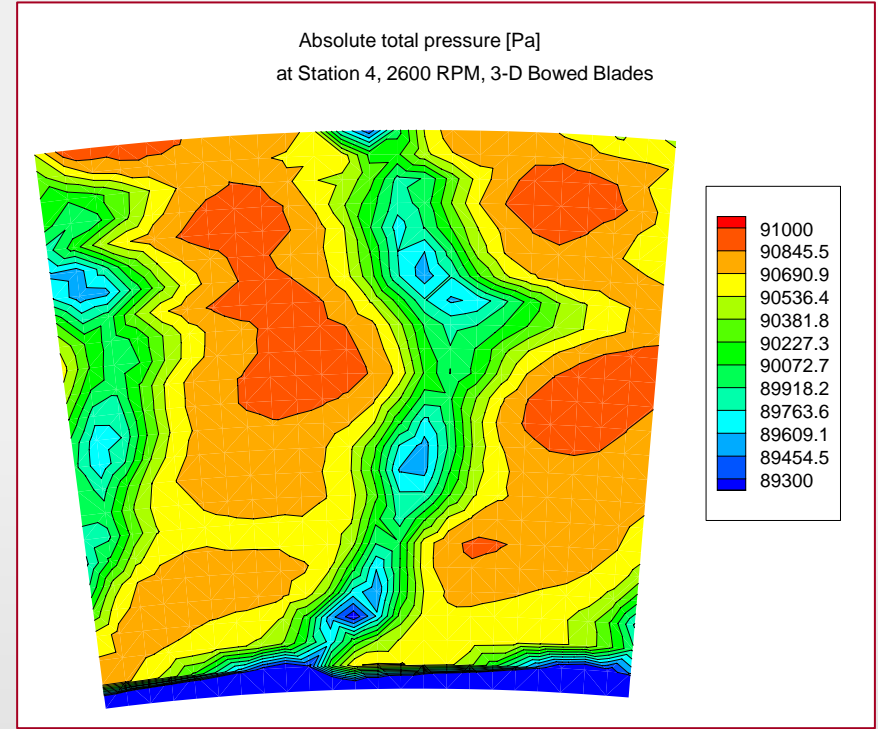


# Project Technical Results

## Part II – Flow Measurements – Existing Research Turbine Facility



Cylindrical Blades



3-D Bowed Blades

### Absolute Total Pressure Contour Plots at Station 4 for Cylindrical and 3-D Bowed Blades



# Project Technical Results

## Part I – Rotating Heat Transfer – Turbine Stage Operating Conditions

### □ 1<sup>st</sup> Rotor

- Inlet Velocity = 35.8 m/s
  - Exit Velocity = 107 m/s
  - Inlet Mach Number = 0.1
  - Exit Mach Number = 0.3
  - Inlet Temperature = 46°C
  - Exit Temperature = 43°C
- 
- **Re =  $2.0 \cdot 10^5$  (axial chord length and exit velocity)**
  - **Inlet Total – to – Exit Pressure Ratio = 1.4**
  - **Angular Velocity = 2550 rpm, 2000 rpm (off-design)**
  - **Stator-Rotor Ejection: Cooling Flow ~ 0.5% ~ 2% of Mainstream**
  - **Platform Film Cooling: Blowing Ratio ( $M = \rho_c V_c / \rho_\infty V_\infty$ ) ~ 0.5 ~ 2**
  - **Density Ratio ( $DR = \rho_c / \rho_\infty$ ) = 1 (N<sub>2</sub> Injection)**



# Project Technical Results

## Part I – Rotating Heat Transfer

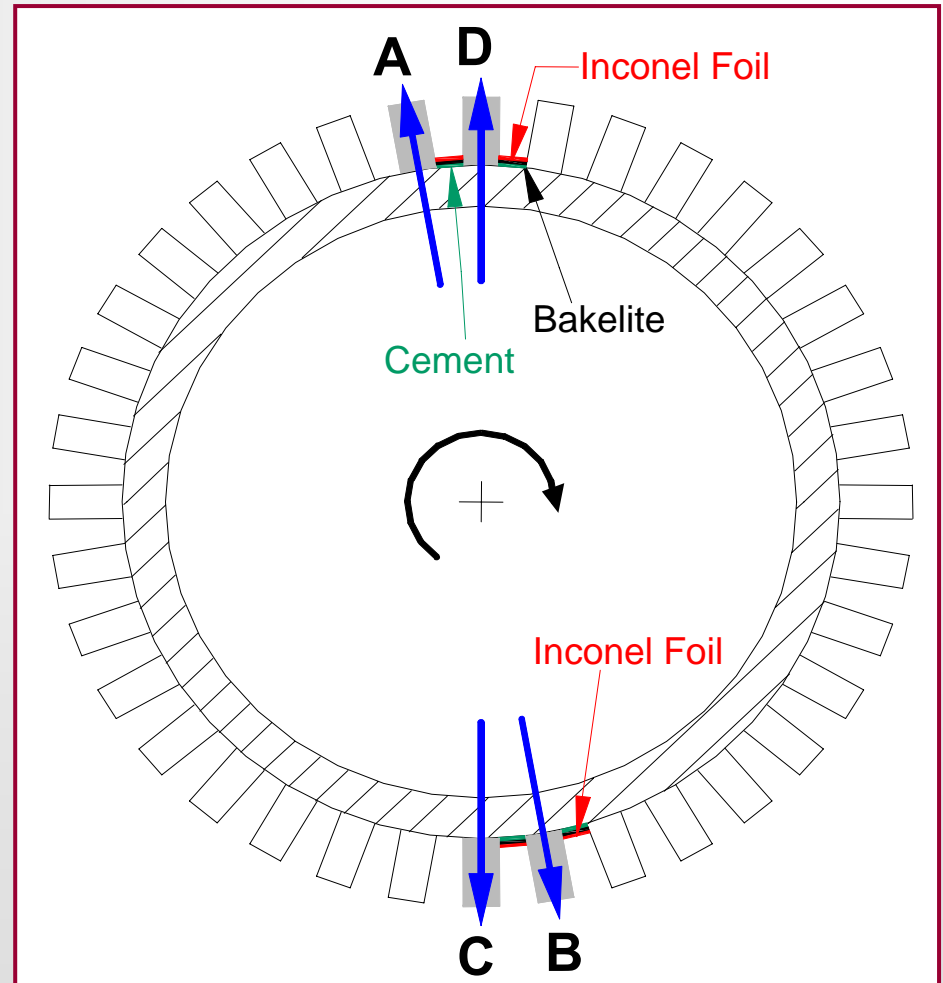
### Blade Arrangement for Platform Film Cooling Measurements

**A** – Stator-Rotor Seal Ejection for PSP Measurement

**B** – Stator-Rotor Seal Ejection for TSP Measurement

**C** – Stator-Rotor Seal Ejection and Film Cooling for PSP Measurement

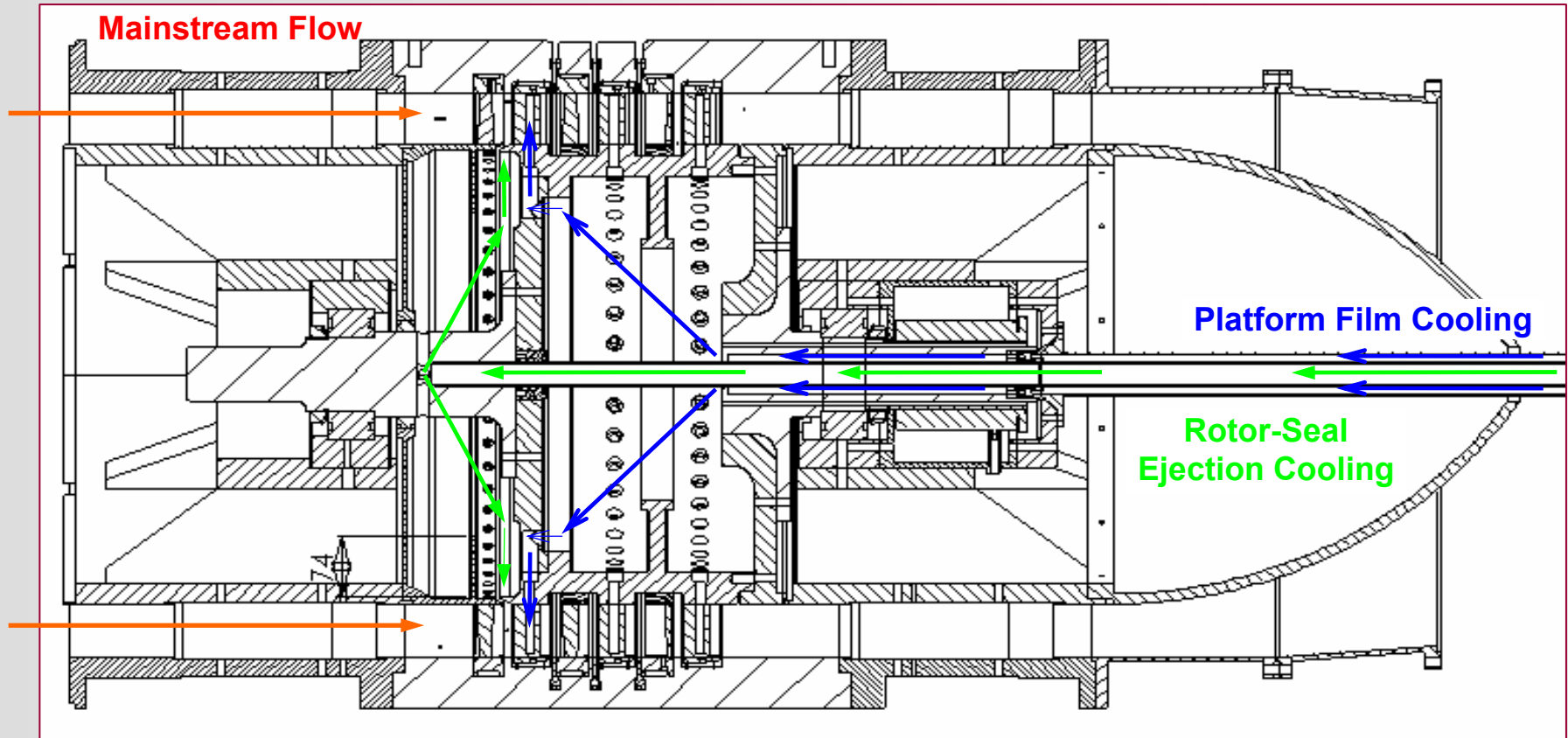
**D** – Stator-Rotor Seal Ejection and Film Cooling for TSP Measurement





# Project Technical Results

## Part I – Rotating Heat Transfer – Rotor Platform Modifications for Two Coolant Flow Loops

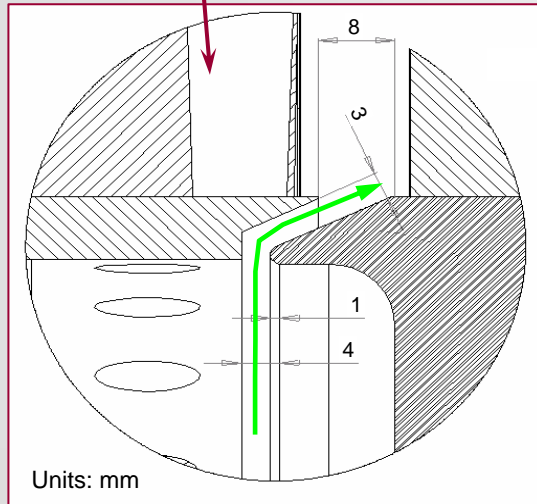
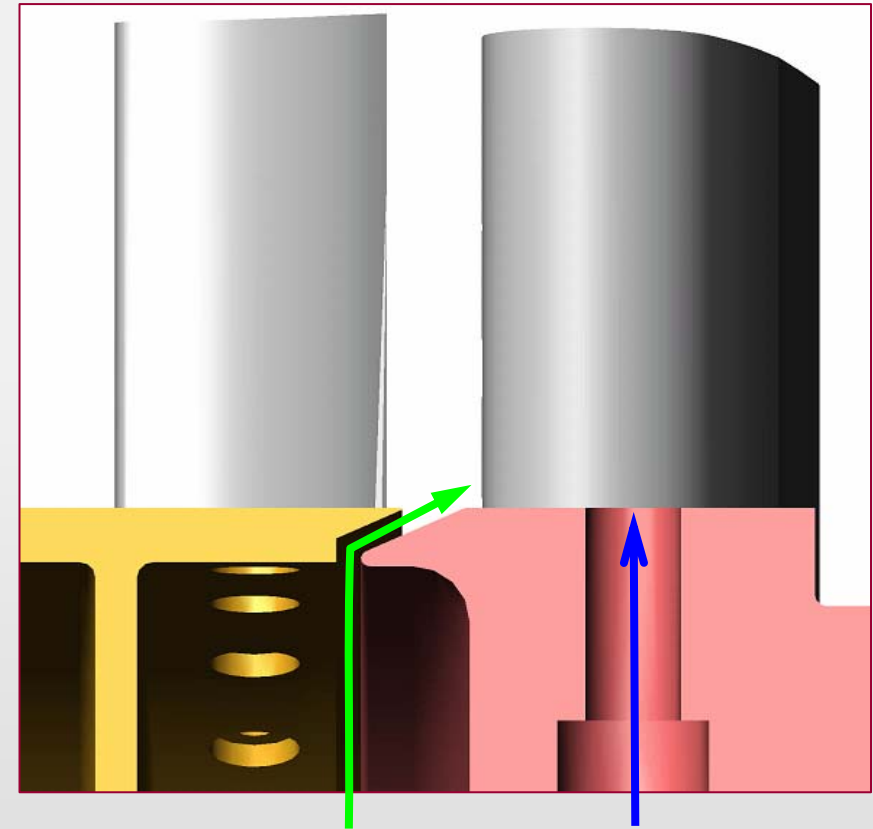
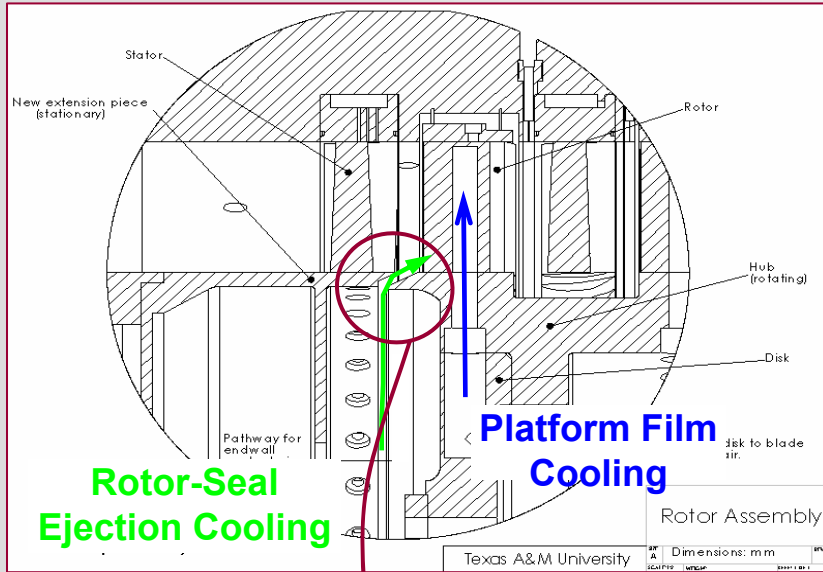


**Independent Coolant Loops for Coolant Ejection from Stator-Rotor Seal and Film Cooling from Platform**



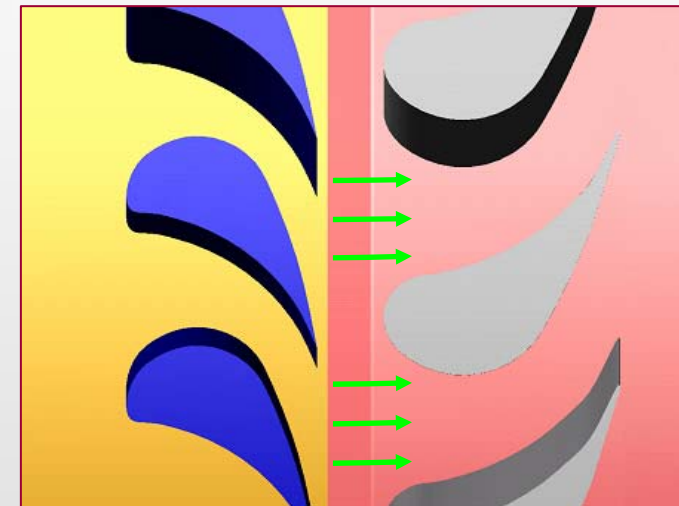
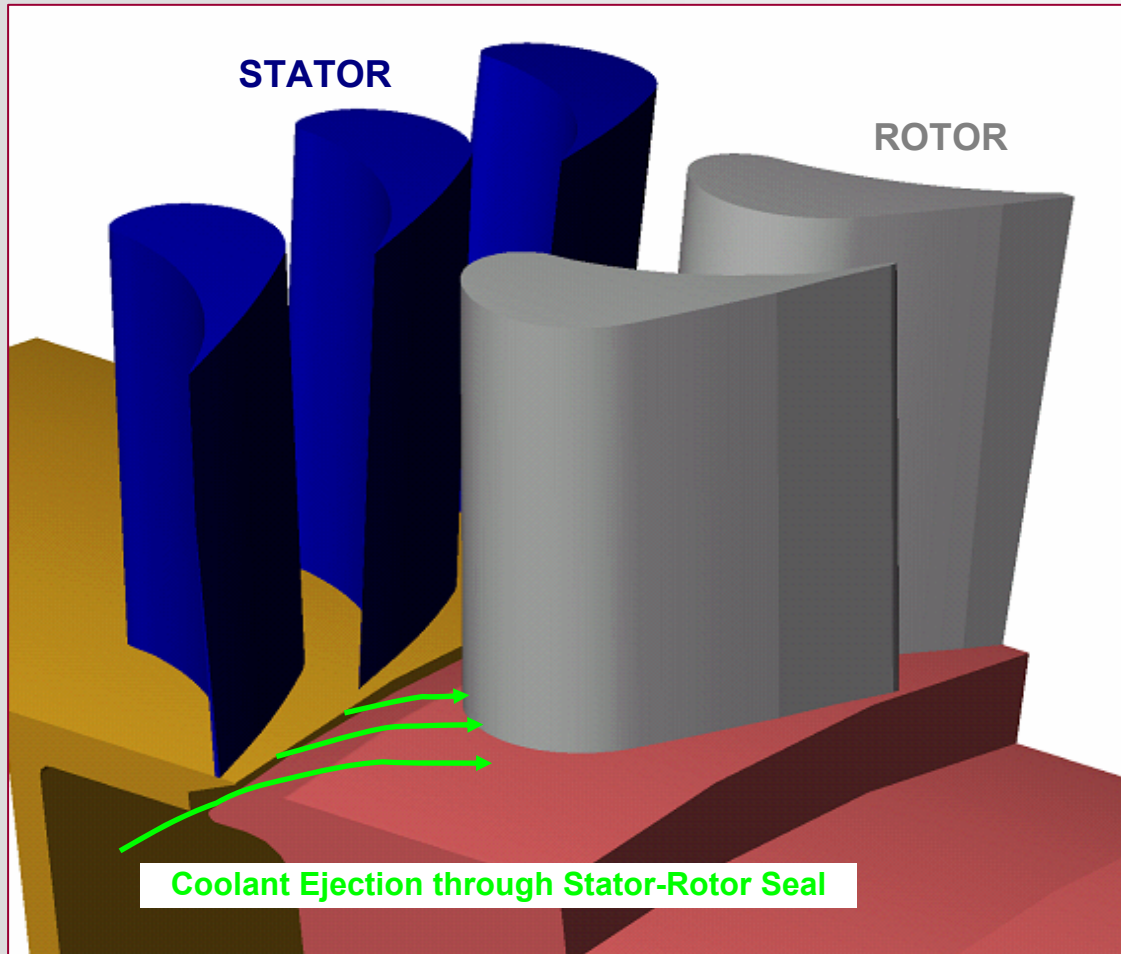
# Project Technical Results

## Part I – Rotating Heat Transfer – Rotor Platform Modifications for a Typical Stator-Rotor Seal Geometry



# Project Technical Results

## Part I – Rotating Heat Transfer – Rotor Platform Modifications for Typical Stator-Rotor Seal Geometry

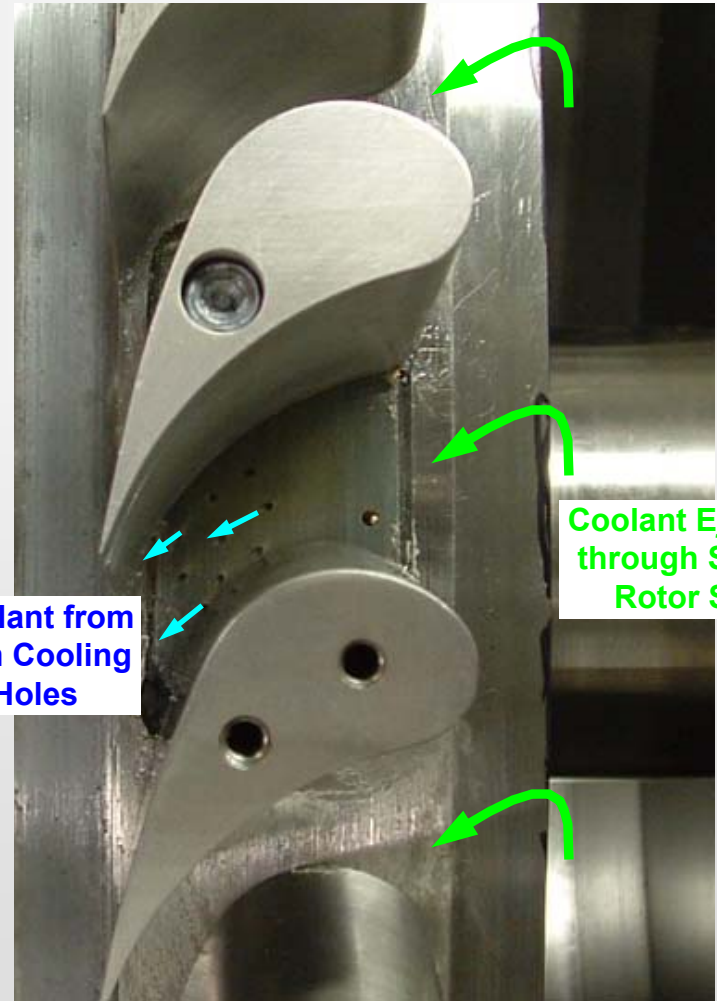
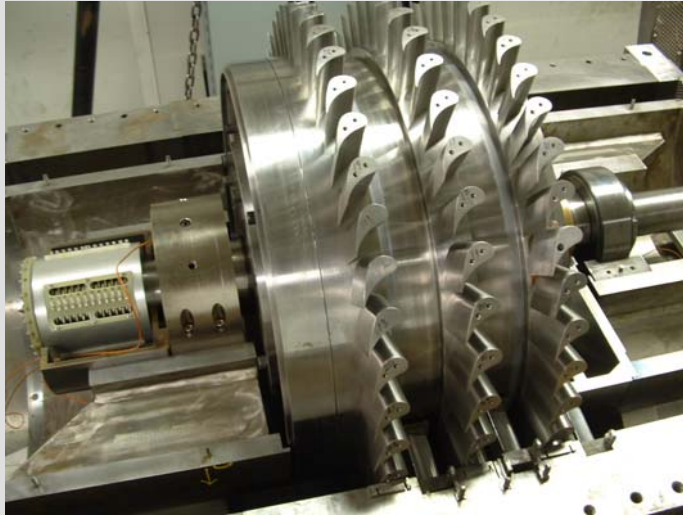


### Coolant Ejection on the Rotor Blade Platform



# Project Technical Results

## Part I – Rotating Heat Transfer – New Rotor Installed in Existing Research Facility



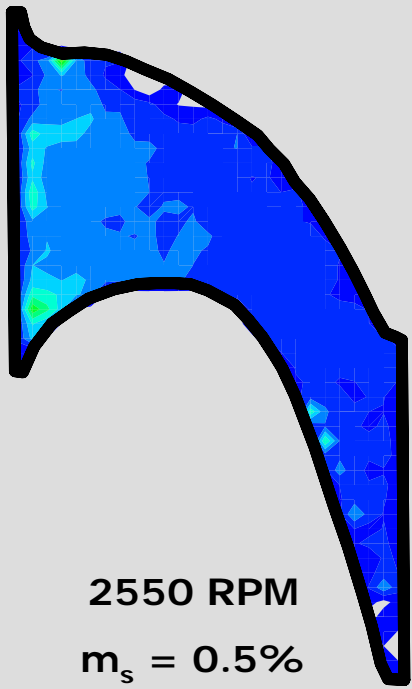
Coolant from  
Film Cooling  
Holes

Coolant Ejection  
through Stator-  
Rotor  
Seal

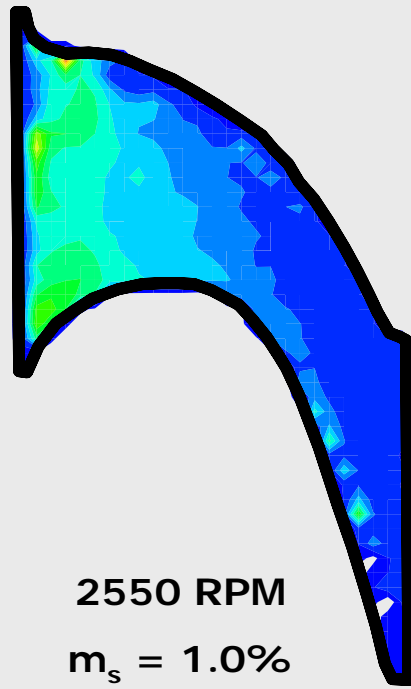


# Project Technical Results

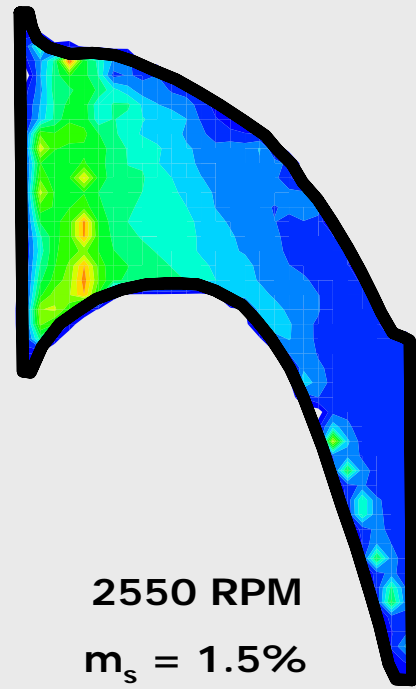
*Part I – Rotating Heat Transfer – Measured Film Cooling Effectiveness on the Rotating (Design Point) Platform by PSP*



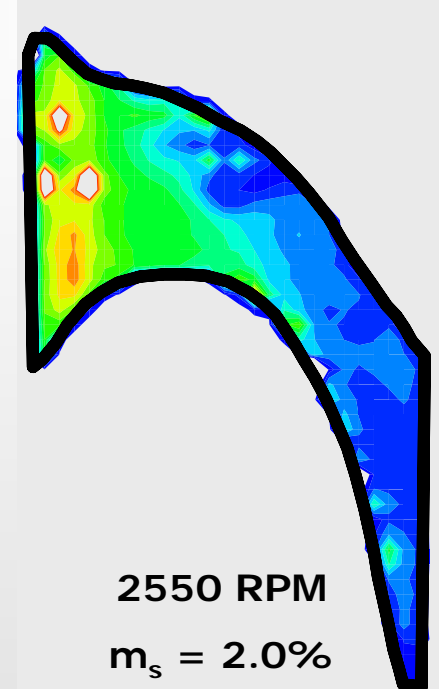
2550 RPM  
 $m_s = 0.5\%$   
 $M_s = 0.15$



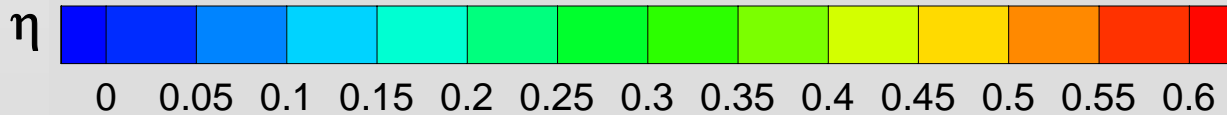
2550 RPM  
 $m_s = 1.0\%$   
 $M_s = 0.30$



2550 RPM  
 $m_s = 1.5\%$   
 $M_s = 0.46$

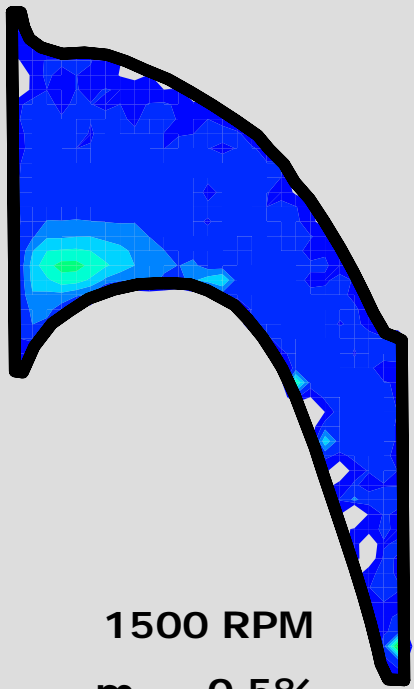


2550 RPM  
 $m_s = 2.0\%$   
 $M_s = 0.61$

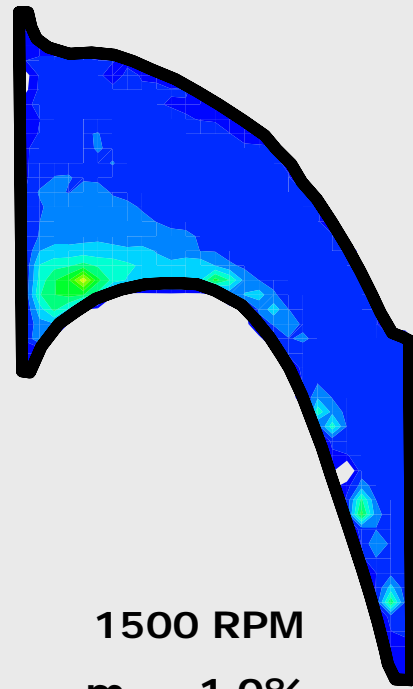


# Project Technical Results

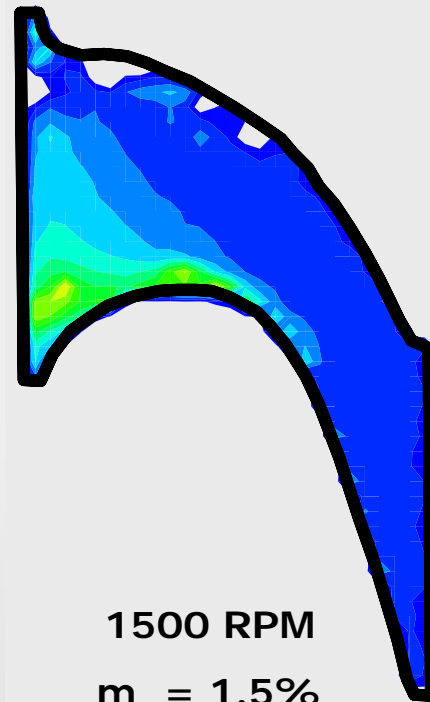
## Part I – Rotating Heat Transfer – Measured Film Cooling Effectiveness on the Rotating (Off-Design) Platform by PSP



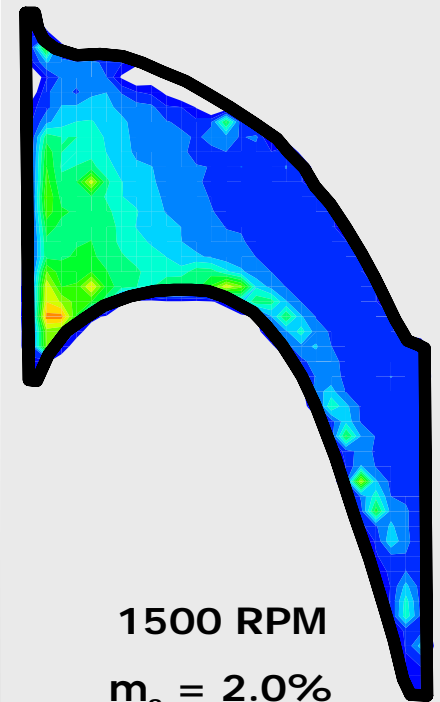
1500 RPM  
 $m_s = 0.5\%$   
 $M_s = 0.15$



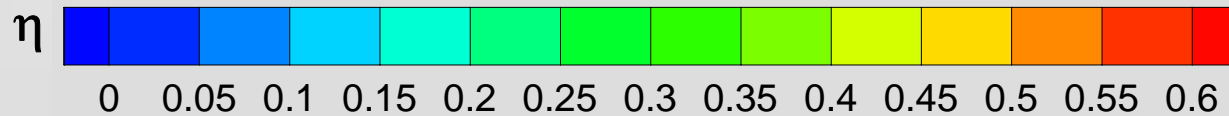
1500 RPM  
 $m_s = 1.0\%$   
 $M_s = 0.30$



1500 RPM  
 $m_s = 1.5\%$   
 $M_s = 0.46$



1500 RPM  
 $m_s = 2.0\%$   
 $M_s = 0.61$



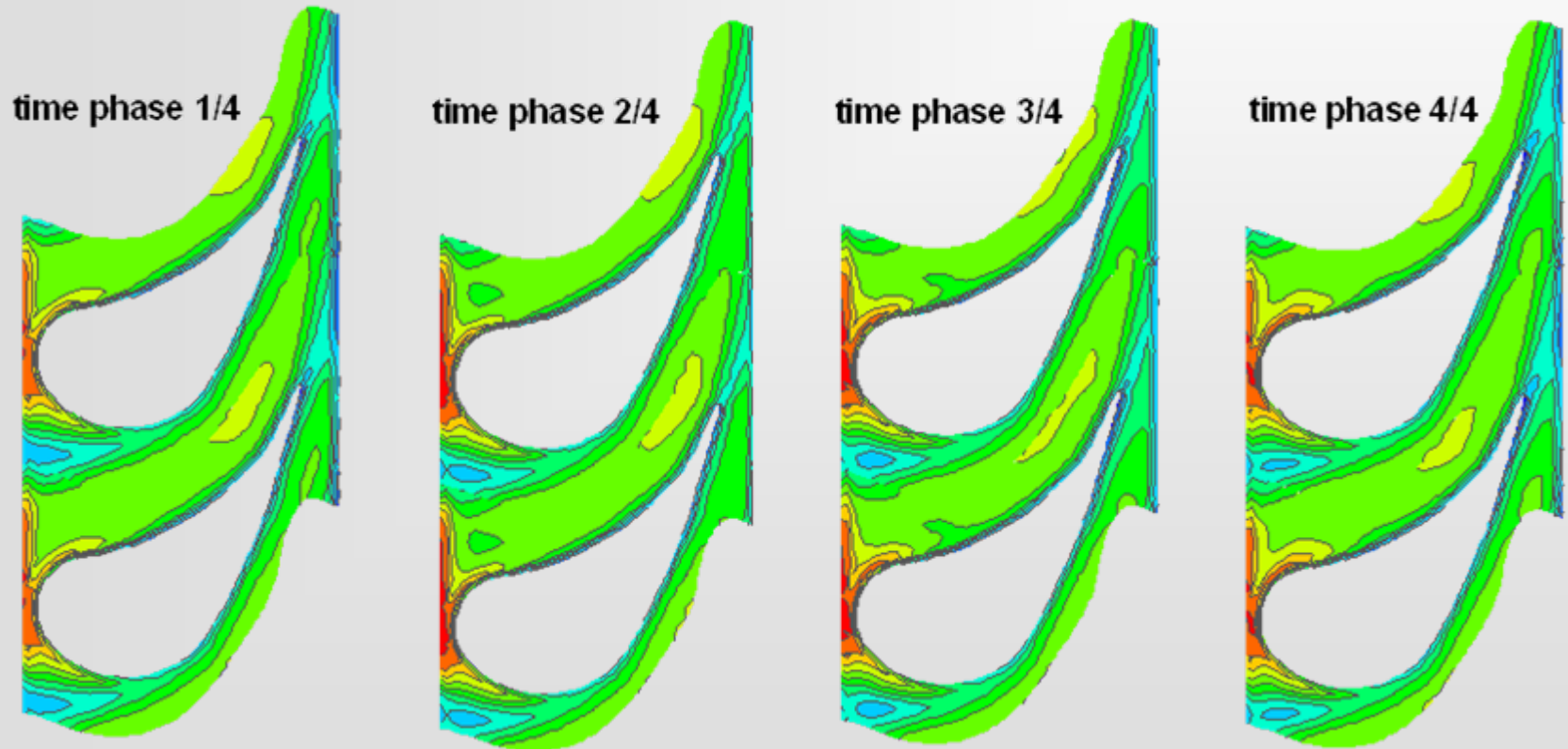
# Project Technical Results

## Part II – Rotating Heat Transfer – Predicted Heat Transfer Coefficients on the Rotating (2550 RPM, Design Point) Platform

2550 RPM

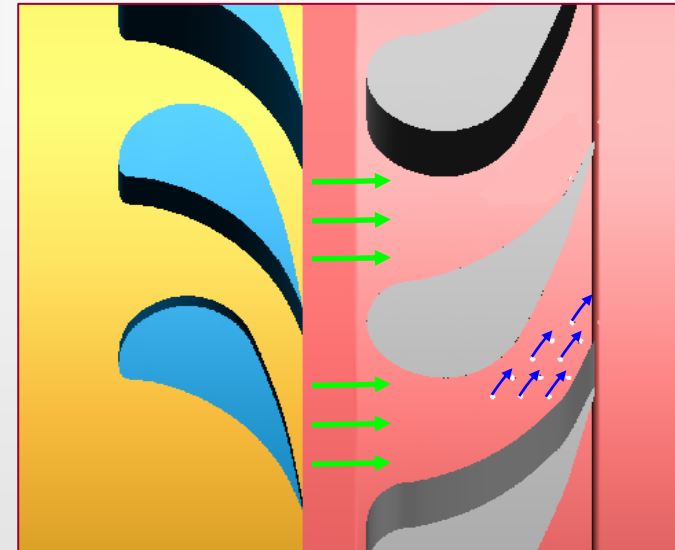
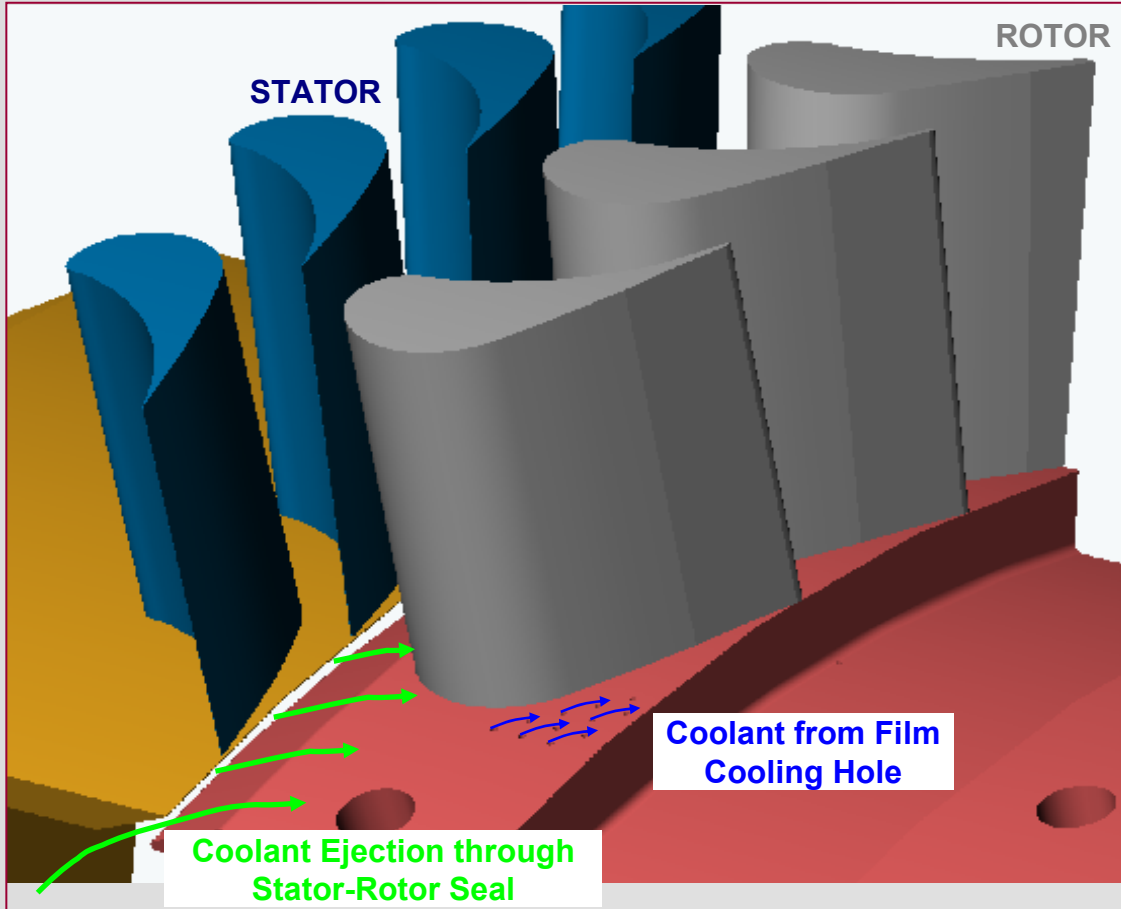
$m_s = 0.5\%$

$M_s = 0.15$



# Future Work

## Part I – Rotating Heat Transfer – Film Cooling Effectiveness and Heat Transfer Coefficients with Stator – Rotor Seal Leakage and Downstream Film Cooling



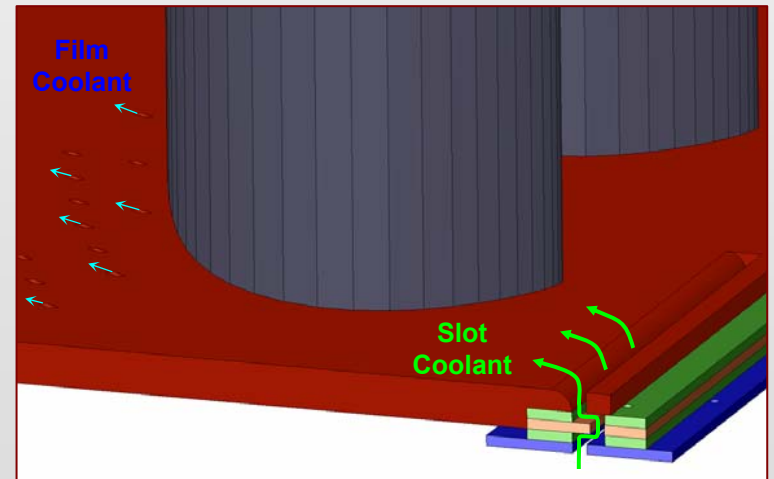
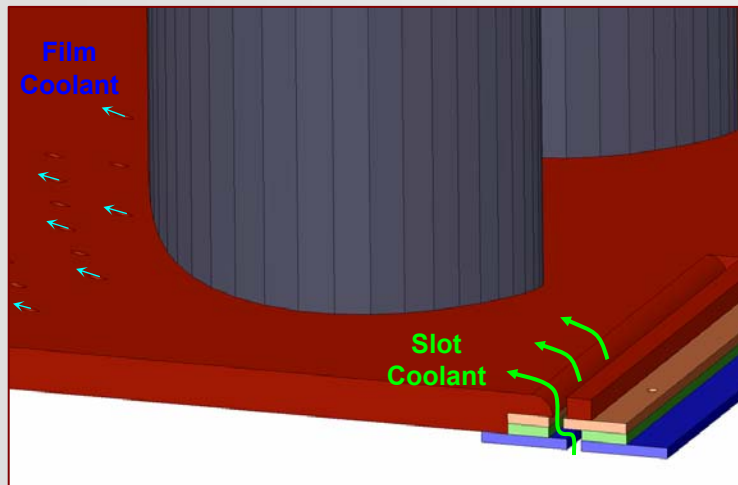
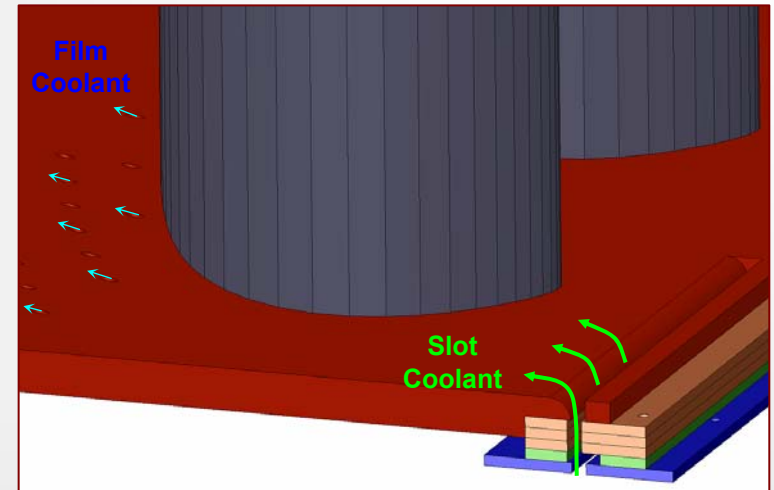
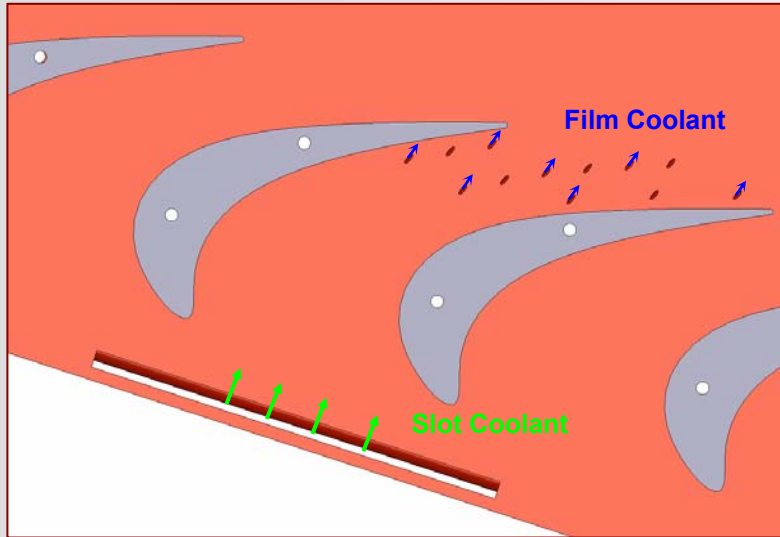
### Coolant Ejection and Film Cooling on the Rotor Blade Platform





# Future Work

## Part I – Supplement for Rotating Heat Transfer – Advanced Stator-Rotor Seal Configurations with Varied Downstream Film Holes



# Project Summary

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## □ Experimental Rotating Platform Heat Transfer

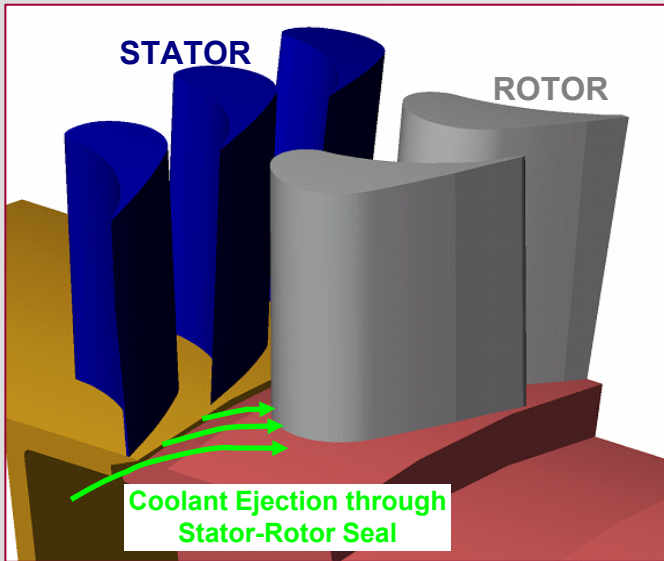
- Design, Fabrication, Installation, and Instrumentation of New Rotating Platform is Complete
- Film Cooling Effectiveness has been Measured on the Rotating Platform with Stator-Rotor Seal Ejection by PSP
- Film Cooling Effectiveness has been Measured on the Cascade Endwall with Seal Ejection and Discrete Film Holes by PSP

## □ Flow Measurements and Numerical Simulations

- Several Miniature Five-Hole Probes have been Calibrated and Used for Flow Measurements in the Rotating Research Facility
- Numerical Predictions have been Completed for the Film Cooling Effectiveness and Heat Transfer Coefficients on the Rotating Platform with Stator-Rotor Seal Ejection
- Numerical Predictions have also been Completed for the Cascade Endwall with Seal Ejection



# Questions



Solar Turbines: Hee-Koo Moon – Provided Rotor-Stator Geometry

Texas A&M:

*Trent Varvel, M.S. – Rotating Platform Modification*

*Jaeyong Ahn, Ph.D. – PSP Measurement*

*Arun Suryanarayana, Ph.D. Candidate – Flow Measurement*

*Burak Ozturk, Ph.D. Candidate – PSP and TSP Measurement*

*Shantanu Mhetras, Ph.D. Candidate – PSP Measurement*

*Lesley Wright, Ph.D. Candidate – PSP and TSP Measurement*

*Zhihong Gao, Ph.D. Candidate – PSP and TSP Measurement*

*Huitao Yang, Ph.D. Candidate – CFD*

