

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATION SERVICES
REHABILITATION SERVICES ADMINISTRATION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20202

INFORMATION MEMORANDUM
RSA-IM-00-24
RSM-3015
DATE: April 14, 2000

TO : STATE VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION AGENCIES (GENERAL)
STATE VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION AGENCIES (BLIND)
CLIENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM
REGIONAL REHABILITATION CONTINUING EDUCATION
PROGRAMS
RSA SENIOR MANAGEMENT TEAM

SUBJECT : Summary of Statistical Information of the Randolph-Sheppard Vending
Facility Program for Fiscal Year 1999.

Attached for your use is a Table showing the National Summary of Operations of the Vending Facility Program for Fiscal Year (FY) 1999 as compared with FY 1998.

The Randolph-Sheppard Act at 20 U.S.C. 107d-3(a) provides authority to the Commissioner of the Rehabilitation Services Administration to prescribe regulations that impose a ceiling on income from vending machines on Federal property that is disbursed to eligible vendors each year. The Randolph-Sheppard regulations at 34 C.F.R. 395.8(a) state: "Vending machine income from vending machines on Federal property which has been disbursed to the State licensing agency by a property managing department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States under 395.32 shall accrue to each blind vendor operating a vending facility on such Federal property in each State in an amount not to exceed the average net income of the total number of blind vendors within such State, as determined each fiscal year on the basis of each prior year's operation, except that vending machine income shall not accrue to any blind vendor in any amount exceeding the average net income of the total number of blind vendors in the United States." (Underlining added.) The national average net income in FY 1999 was \$32,544.

It should be noted that the degree of competition presented to blind licensees operating facilities on Federal property by non-blind operated

vending machines is relevant only to a determination of the amount of vending machine income the Federal agency must disburse to the State licensing agency. The degree of competition is not relevant to the obligations imposed upon the State licensing agency to, in turn, disburse income to a licensed vendor on the Federal property. See 20 U.S.C. 107d-3 and 34 C.F.R. 395.32.

The Randolph-Sheppard regulations at 34 C.F.R. 395.1(g) state in relevant part: "Federal property means any building, land, or other real property owned, leased, or occupied by any department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States...."

The data contained in the attached Table were obtained from the Form RSA-15 for FY 1999. Any subsequent data revisions by individual States may cause minor changes in the totals. These data in part are used by the Commissioner to implement 34 C.F.R. 395.8(a).

The total gross income for the program was \$448.1 million in FY 1999 compared to \$425.5 million in FY 1998, a 5.3 percent increase. The total earnings of all vendors were \$90.6 million in FY 1999 and \$86.4 million in FY 1998, an increase of 4.9 percent. The national average annual earnings of vendors increased 9.2 percent to \$32,544 in FY 1999 from \$29,815 the previous year.¹

The number of vendors in FY 1999 was 2,809 compared to 2,953 in FY 1998, a decrease of 144 operators. There were 3,352 vending facilities in FY 1999 and 3,391 the previous year, a decrease of 39 facilities.

Please direct any questions concerning this report to Mr. George F. Arsnow, Randolph-Sheppard Program Specialist, Rehabilitation Services Administration, Mary E. Switzer Building, 330 "C" Street, S.W., Washington, DC 20202-2738 or by telephone (202) 205-9317.

INQUIRIES TO: RSA Regional Commissioners

Fredric K. Schroeder, Ph.D.
Commissioner

Attachment

¹ The average annual earnings of vendors is determined by dividing the vendors' total earnings by the number of vendor person years. In FY 1999, the number of vendor person years was 2,784.3.