

Shoaib Mufti Director, Program Management 18 November, 2008



- Product Value Proposition and Overview
- Performance Comparisons
- Program Status



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### Large Data Computing – New Challenges

- Growing size of on-line content and new frontiers in science are creating applications that require processing of a massive amount of unstructured low locality data efficiently
  - Challenge: To transform massive amount of unrelated data into real time information that enables vital discoveries and timely decisions. Performance depends on data access patterns (e.g. locality)
    - Need a new kind of data-centric computing
- Graph theory is ideal to implement algorithms to process a massive amount of unstructured data for these new applications
  - Challenge: Conventional distributed and shared memory systems do not perform well in analyzing data represented by large complex graphs as the data cannot be prefetched or cached
    - Need a new system to process these large graphs efficiently



#### **Power Distribution Networks**



#### Internet backbone



#### Social Networks



#### Graphs are everywhere!



Ground Transportation



Tree of Life



Protein-interaction networks

Slide 5



# **Our First 100 Million**

#### by Mark Zuckerberg

facebook

Tuesday, August 26, 2008 at 9:21a

We hit a big milestone today -- **100 million people** around the world are now using Facebook. This is a really gratifying moment for us because it means a lot that you have decided that Facebook is a good, trusted place for you to share your lives with your friends. So we just wanted to take this moment to say, "thanks."

Tipping Point: Malcolm Gladwell, in *The Tipping Point*, identifies three personality types that play central roles in epidemic/viral spread: Connectors, Mavens, and Salespeople. We can identify, for example, Connectors who are people who bridge between social communities.



### The problem is too important to ignore...

- Protect the world against pandemic spread of disease, e.g. Avian flu
- Unravel the mysteries of the HIV virus
- Discover proteins implicated in cancer
- Gain intelligence from massive social networks
- Detect anomalies in billions of credit transactions
- Conserve energy by power transmission and distribution analysis

### How do we process these Graphs?

#### Challenges:

- Runtime is dominated by latency
  - Random accesses to global address space
  - Perhaps many at once
- Essentially no computation to hide memory costs
- Access pattern is data dependent
  - Prefetching unlikely to help
  - Usually only want small part of cache line
- Potentially abysmal locality at all levels of memory hierarchy

#### Desired Features:

- Low latency / high bandwidth
  - For small messages!
- Latency tolerant
- Light-weight synchronization mechanisms
- Global address space
  - No graph partitioning required
  - Avoid memory-consuming profusion of ghost-nodes
  - No local/global numbering conversions
- One machine with these properties is the Cray XMT

# Cray XMT

- Architected for large-scale data analysis
- Exploits thousands of parallel threads accessing large irregular datasets
  - Hardware supports 128 concurrent threads per processor; runtime software supports "oversubscription"
  - Scalable to over 8000 sockets and 1M threads
  - Scalable to 128 terabytes of shared memory



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## **SSCA2 TEPS Performance Comparison**



Single Processor All Processors

courtesy of David Bader, GA Tech



#### **IMDB Movie Actor Network**

An undirected graph of 1.54 million vertices (movie actors) and 78 million edges. An edge corresponds to a link between two actors, if they have acted together in a movie.



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### **Program Status**

Great progress during the last year!

#### Reached greater scaling

- 256P system is stable at Cray
- 512P build underway

#### Shipped multiple revenue systems

- Over 200 processors in the field
- Systems are very stable at customer sites

#### Formed new alliances

- CASS-MT
  - Focus on XMT applications and system software
  - PNNL, DOD, Georgia Tech, Sandia National Labs, Cray
- NSF computing research Infrastructure for multi-threading
  - Research platform is XMT
  - Univ. of Notre Dame, Univ. of Delaware, UC Santa Barbara, CalTech, UC Berkeley, Sandia National Labs



#### **Program Status -- Continued**

#### Training

- A formal training course will be offered to XMT users in Q1 2009
- Offering both advanced and beginner training classes
- Accepting enrollments
- Please enroll if you are interested



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