

Hydrologic Characterization and Results from the First Tracer Experiment at the Hanford 300 Area IFRC Site

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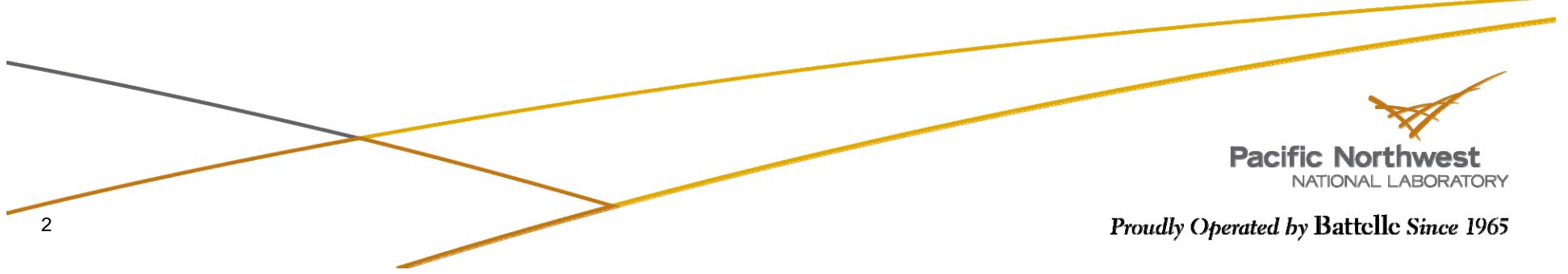


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Outline

- ▶ Hydraulic property characterization
- ▶ Tracer test (Nov. 2008 field experiment)
- ▶ Preliminary flow and transport modeling

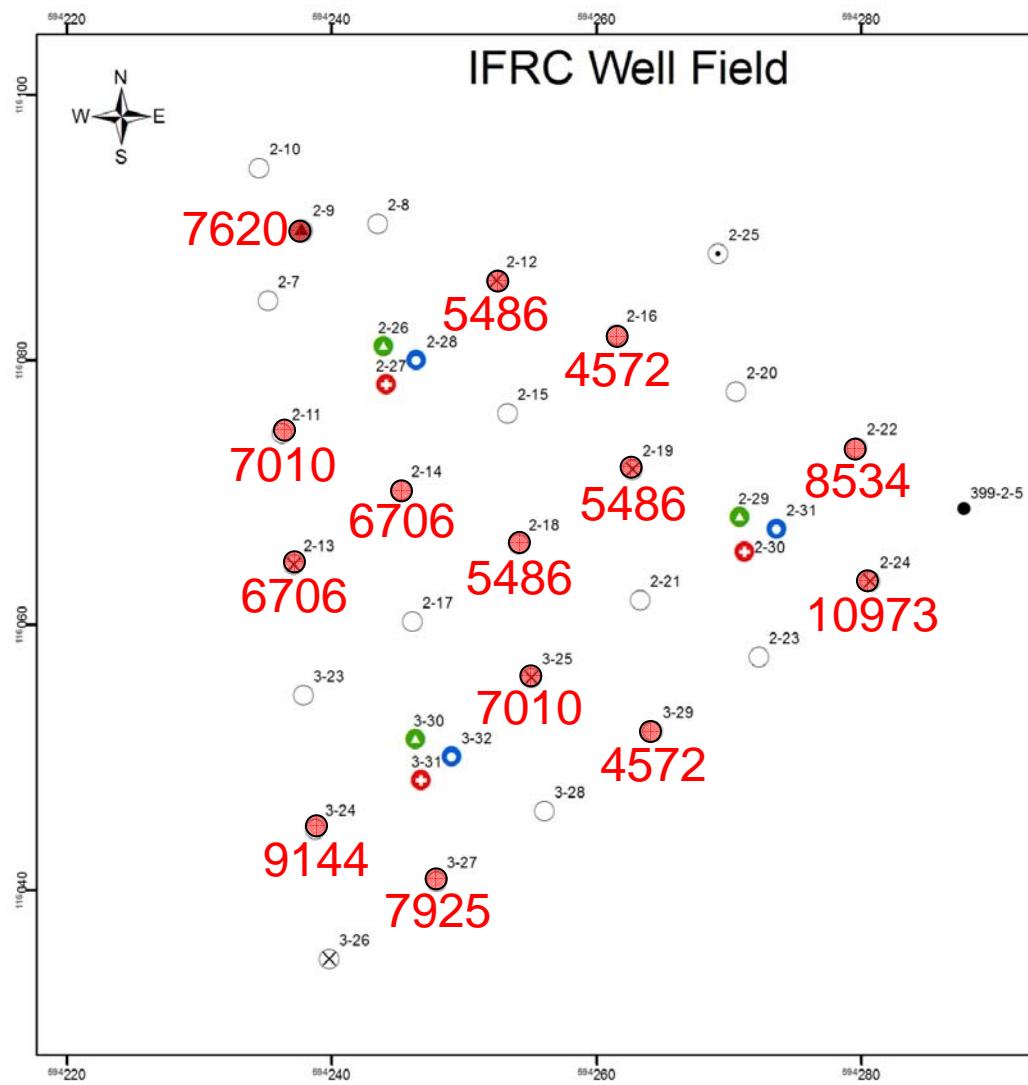


Hydraulic Property Characterization

- ▶ Constant rate injection tests (field)
- ▶ Electromagnetic borehole flow meter (EBF) testing (field)
- ▶ Multi-step outflow experiments (lab)



Constant Rate Injection Tests



- ▶ Number wells tested: 14
- ▶ Injection rate: 316 gpm
- ▶ Test duration: 20 min
- ▶ Typical displacement:
 - < 0.1 ft (2-3 cm)
- ▶ Methods of analysis:
 - Neuman (1975)
 - Theis (1935)
- ▶ Average K = 6945 m/d



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EBF Testing

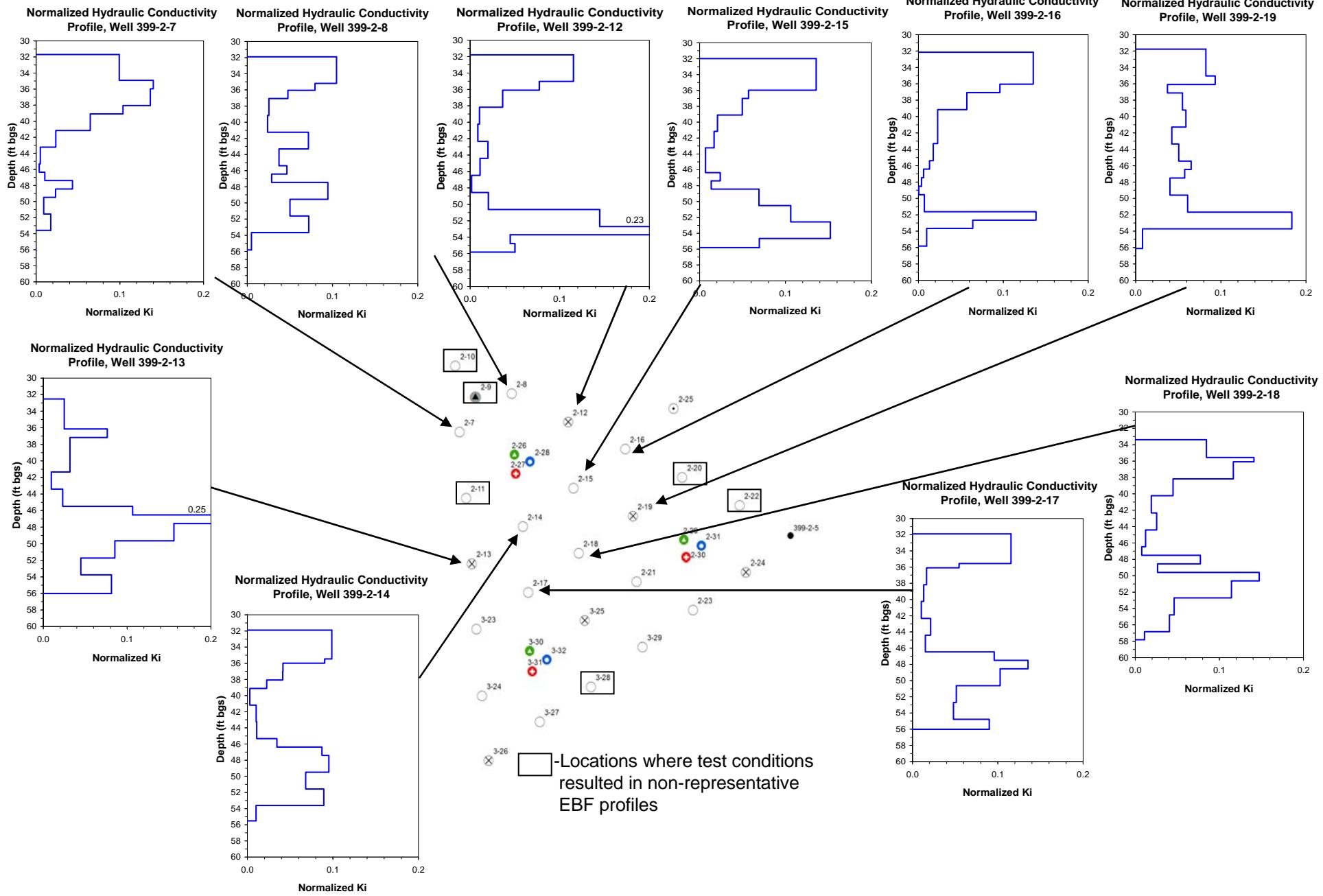
- ▶ Number of wells tested: 26
- ▶ Extraction rate: 1.04 - 1.55 gpm
- ▶ Measurement interval: 1 - 2 ft
(~0.3 - 0.6 m)
- ▶ Method of analysis:
 - Molz et al. (1994)
- ▶ Absolute K estimated from

$$\bar{K} = \frac{\sum_i K_i dz_i}{b}$$

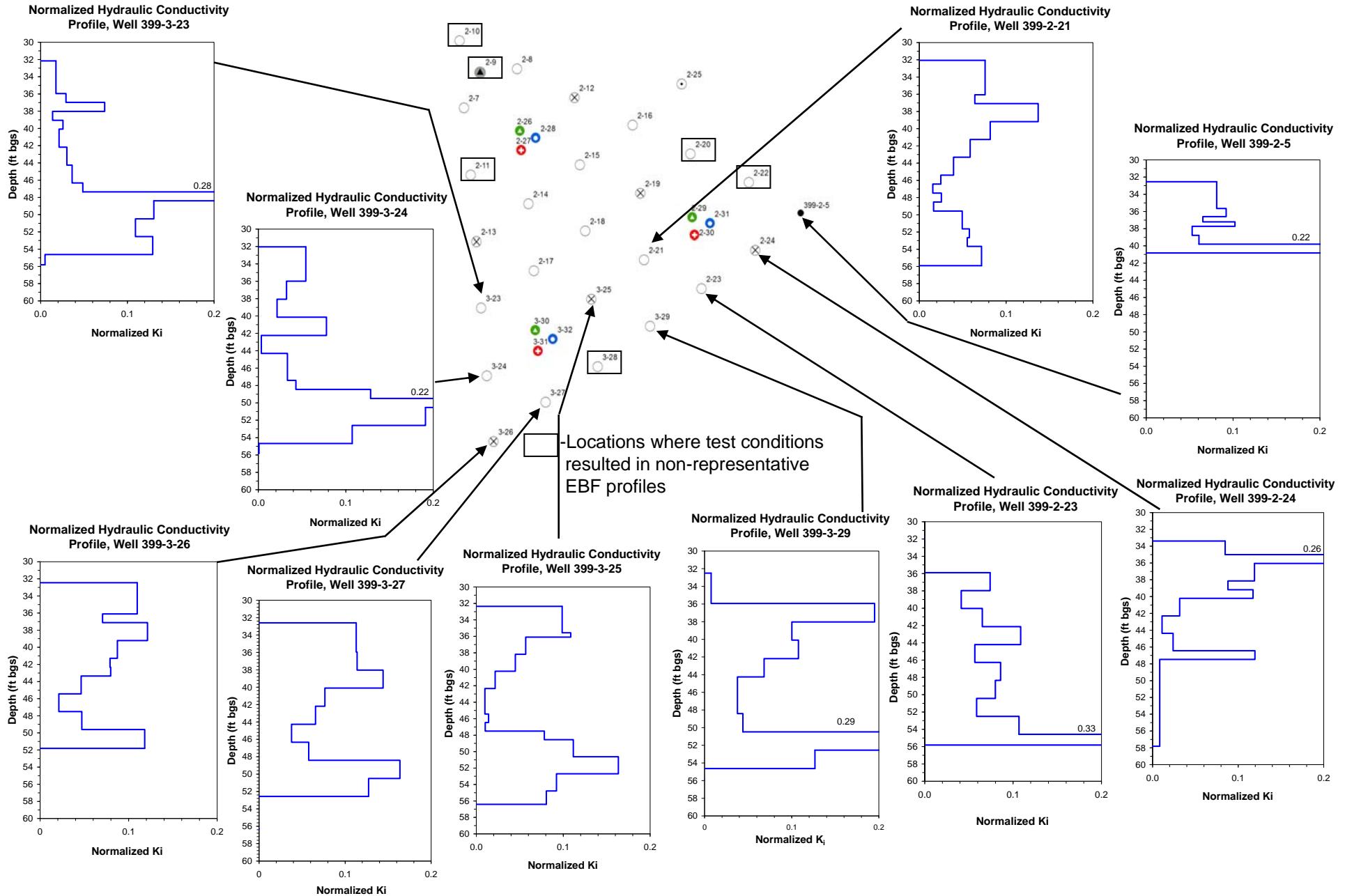
$$b = \sum_i dz_i$$



Normalized EBF - K Profiles



Normalized EBF - K Profiles

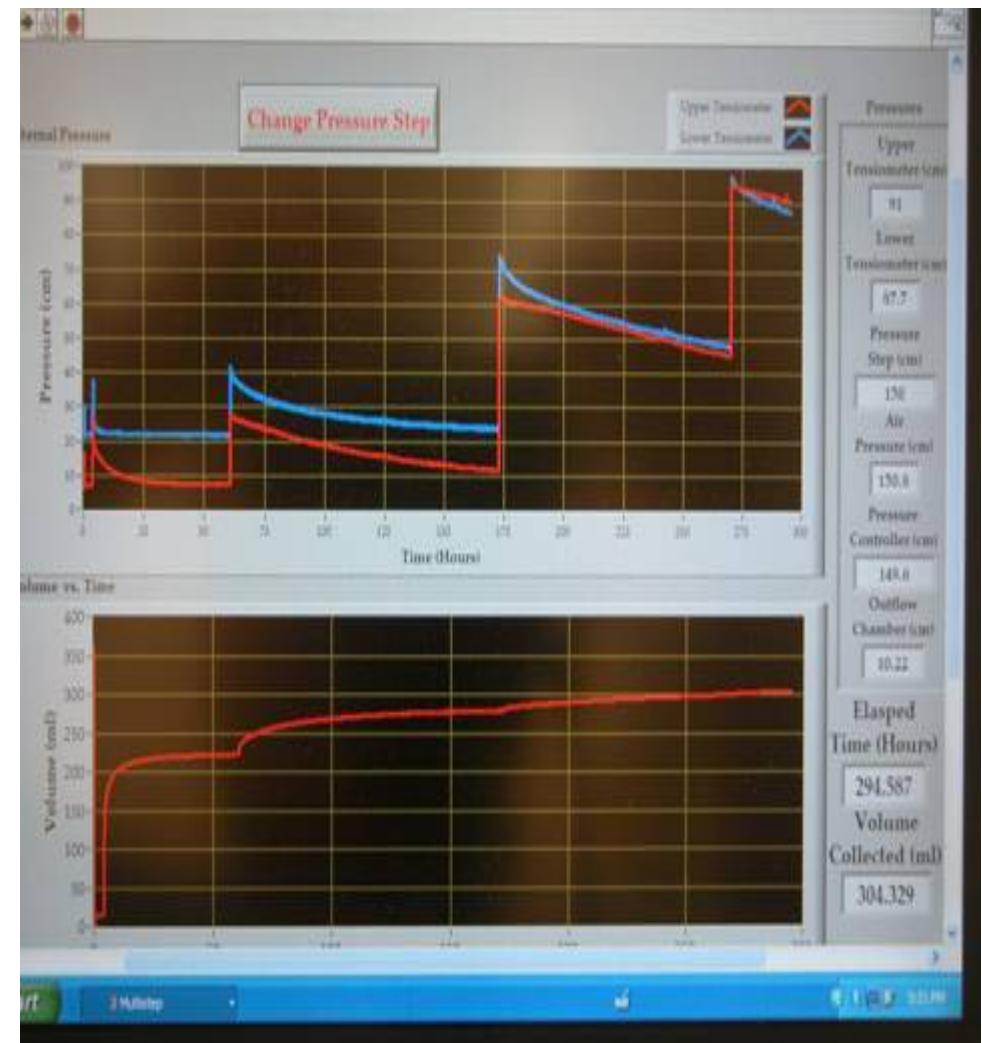


Multi-Step Outflow Experiments (40 cores)

Intact cores



Automated measurement system

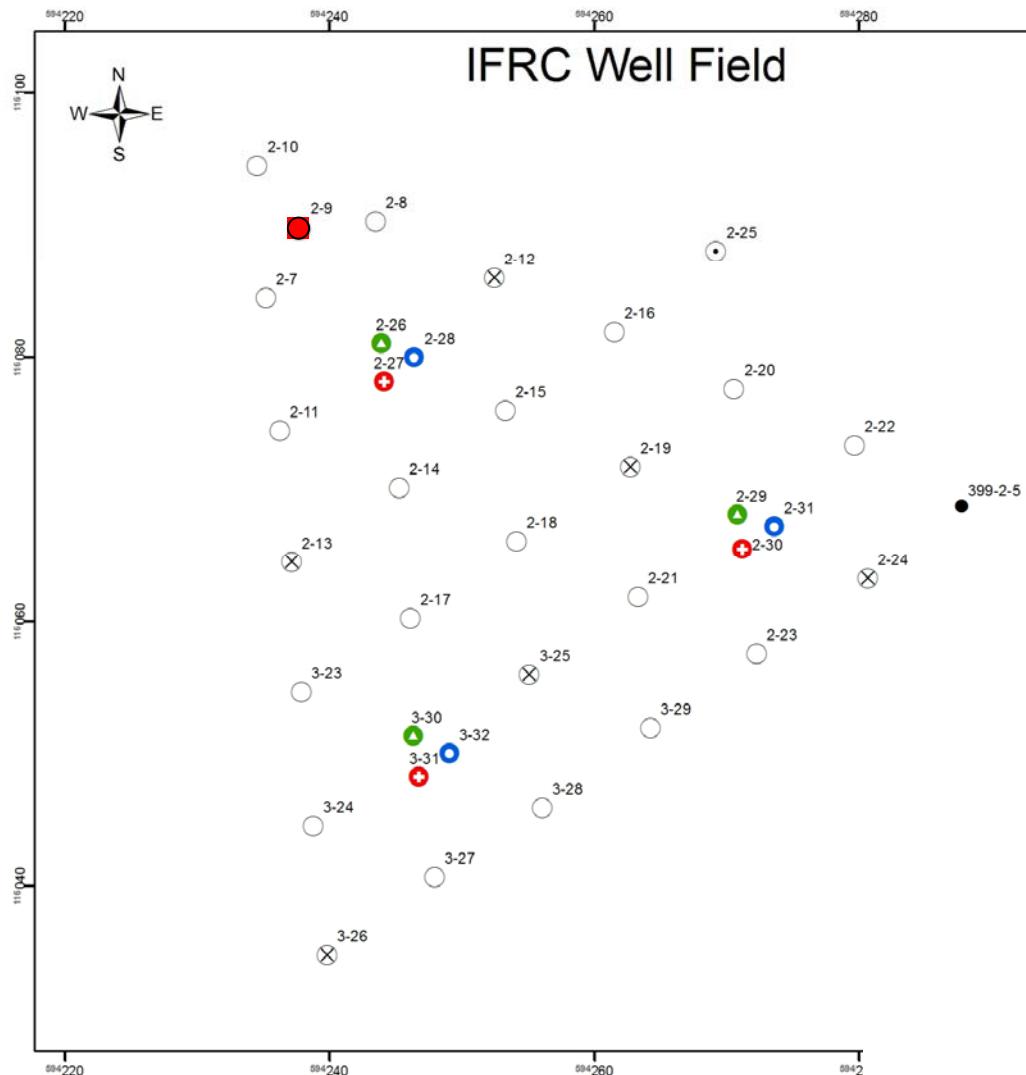


Additional lab characterization

- ▶ Ksat
- ▶ Bulk and particle densities
- ▶ Whole sediment grain-size distributions
- ▶ Geochemical properties (Zachara)
- ▶ GEA (Ward)
- ▶ Electrical properties (Ward and Versteeg)



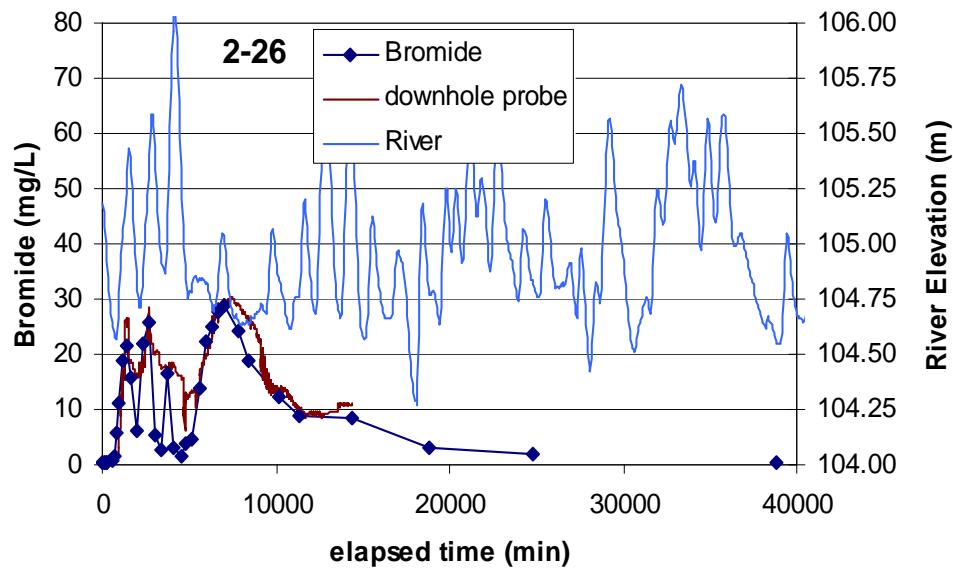
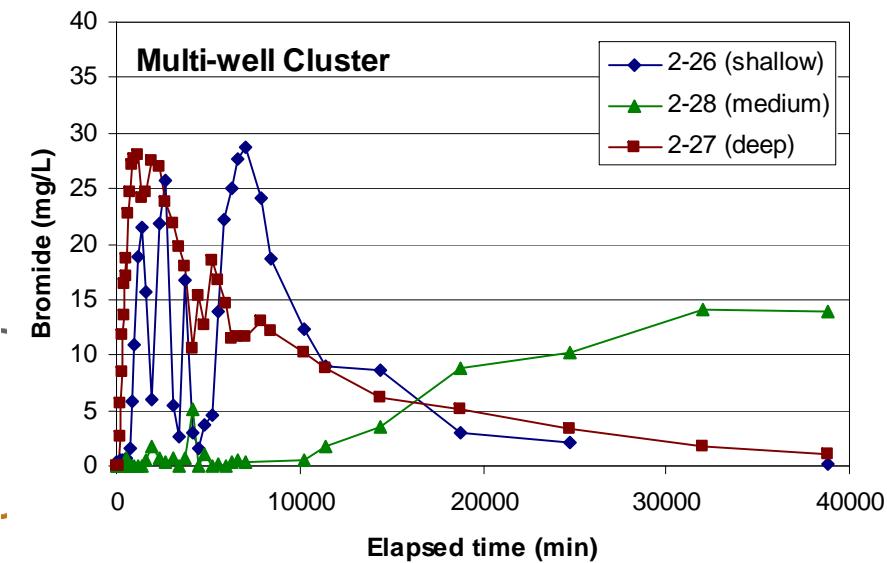
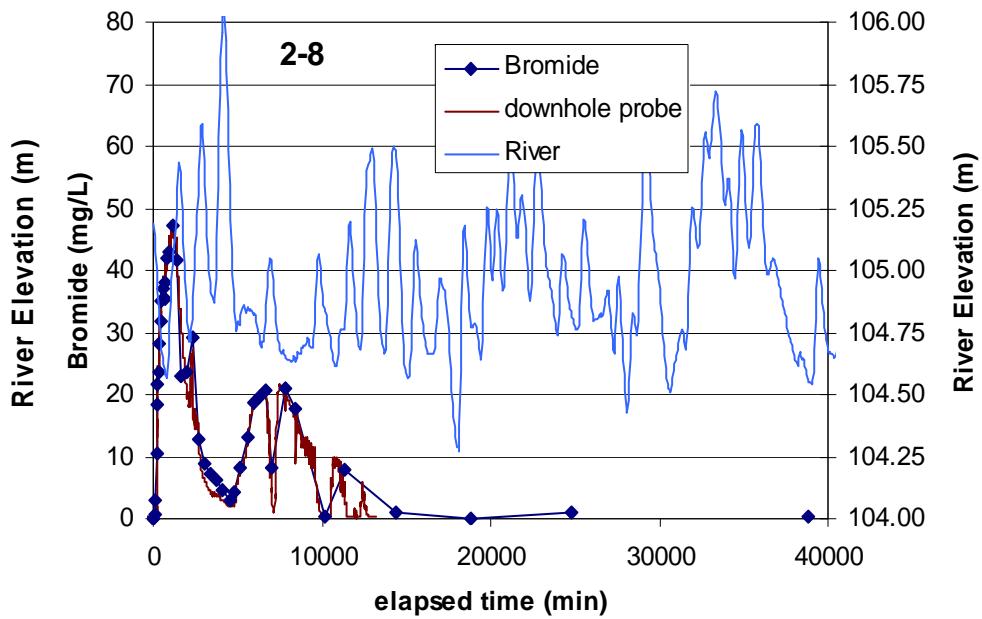
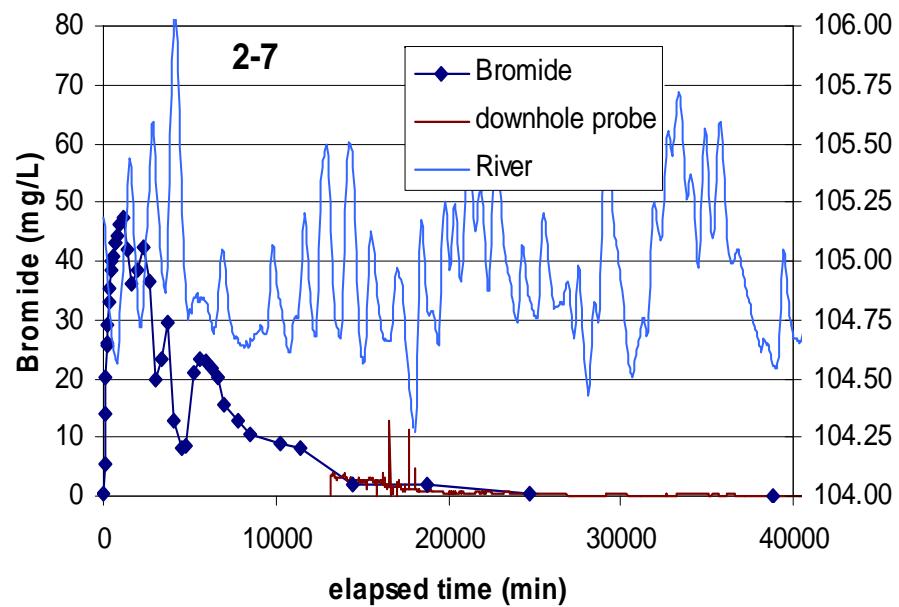
Tracer test (Nov. 2008 experiment)



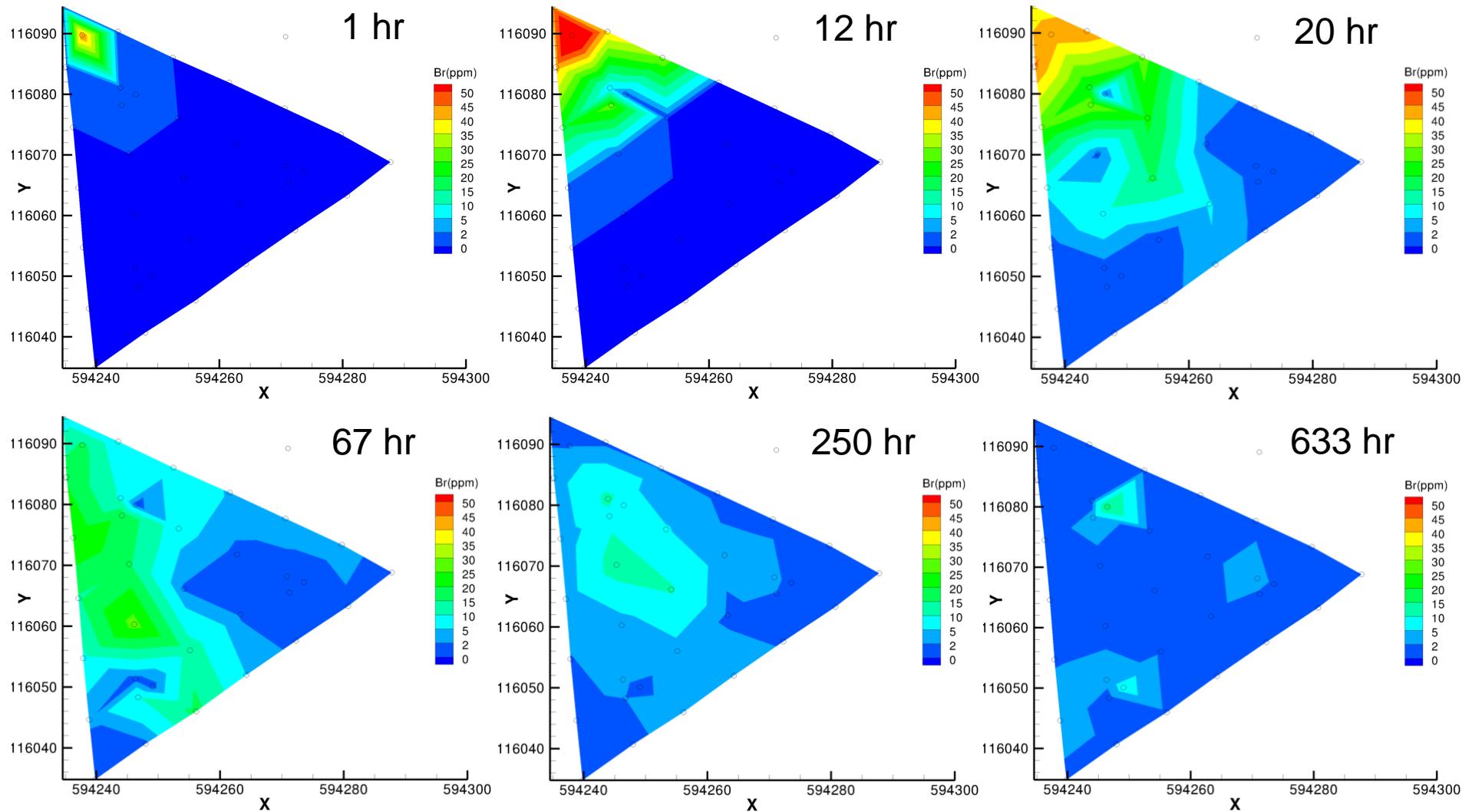
- ▶ Injection well: 399-2-9
- ▶ Injection volume: ~160,000 gal
- ▶ Injection rate: 180 gpm
- ▶ Injection duration: ~900 min (15 hr)
- ▶ Avg. Br- concentration: 56 mg/L
- ▶ Experimental duration: Nov. 11 – Dec. 8, 2008

Coordinate System: Washington State Plane South, NAD83; in meters

Tracer test (Nov. 2008 experiment)



Tracer test (Nov. 2008 experiment)



Flow and Transport Modeling (STOMP)

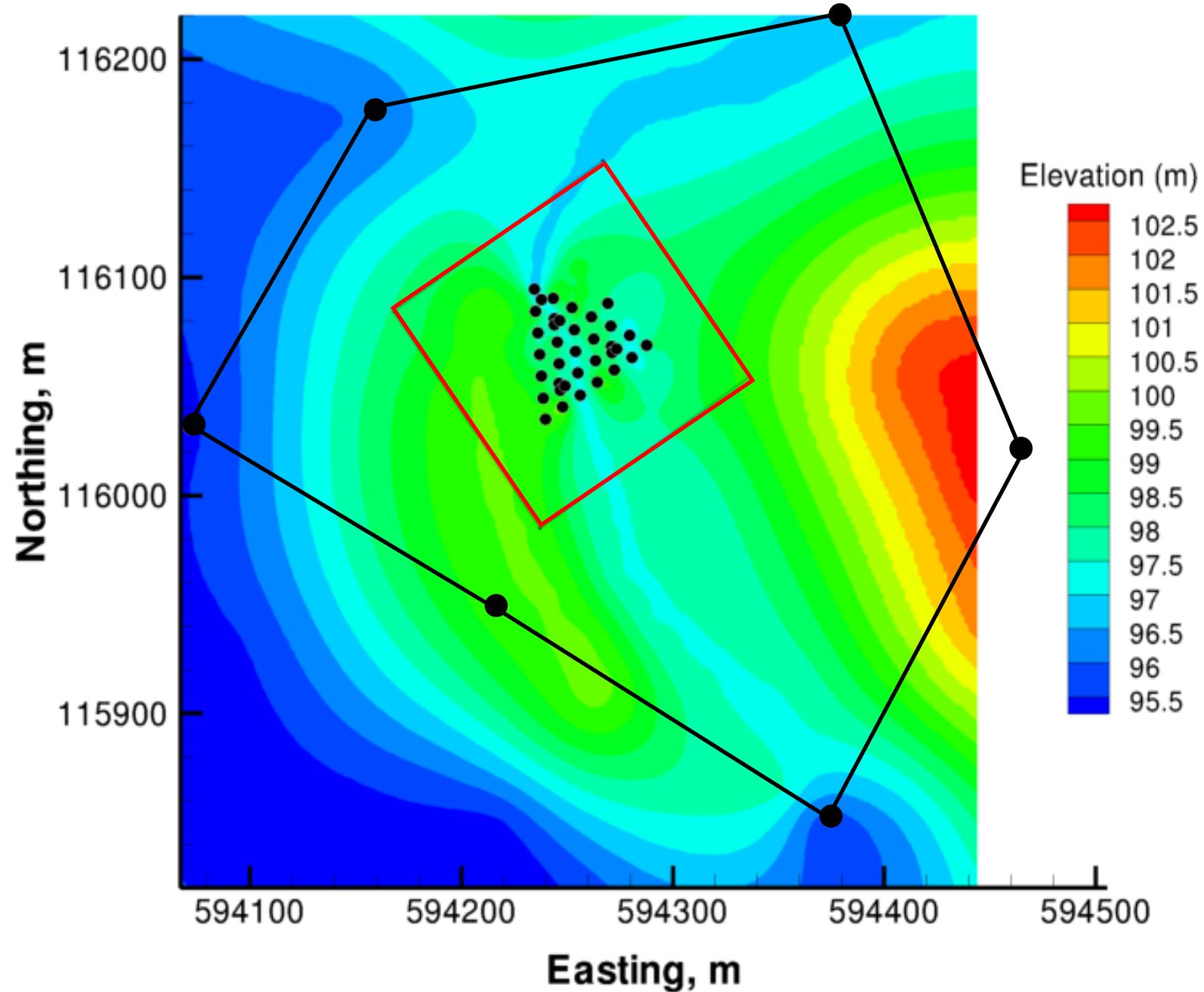
► Grid specifications

- Coarse grid[†]
 - 91 x 91 x 20 grid blocks (165,620 total)
 - Uniform 1-m spacing in x-y, uniform 0.5-m spacing in z
- Fine grid
 - 121 x 121 x 110 grid blocks (1,610,510 total)
 - Uniform 1-m spacing in x-y, uniform 0.1-m spacing in z

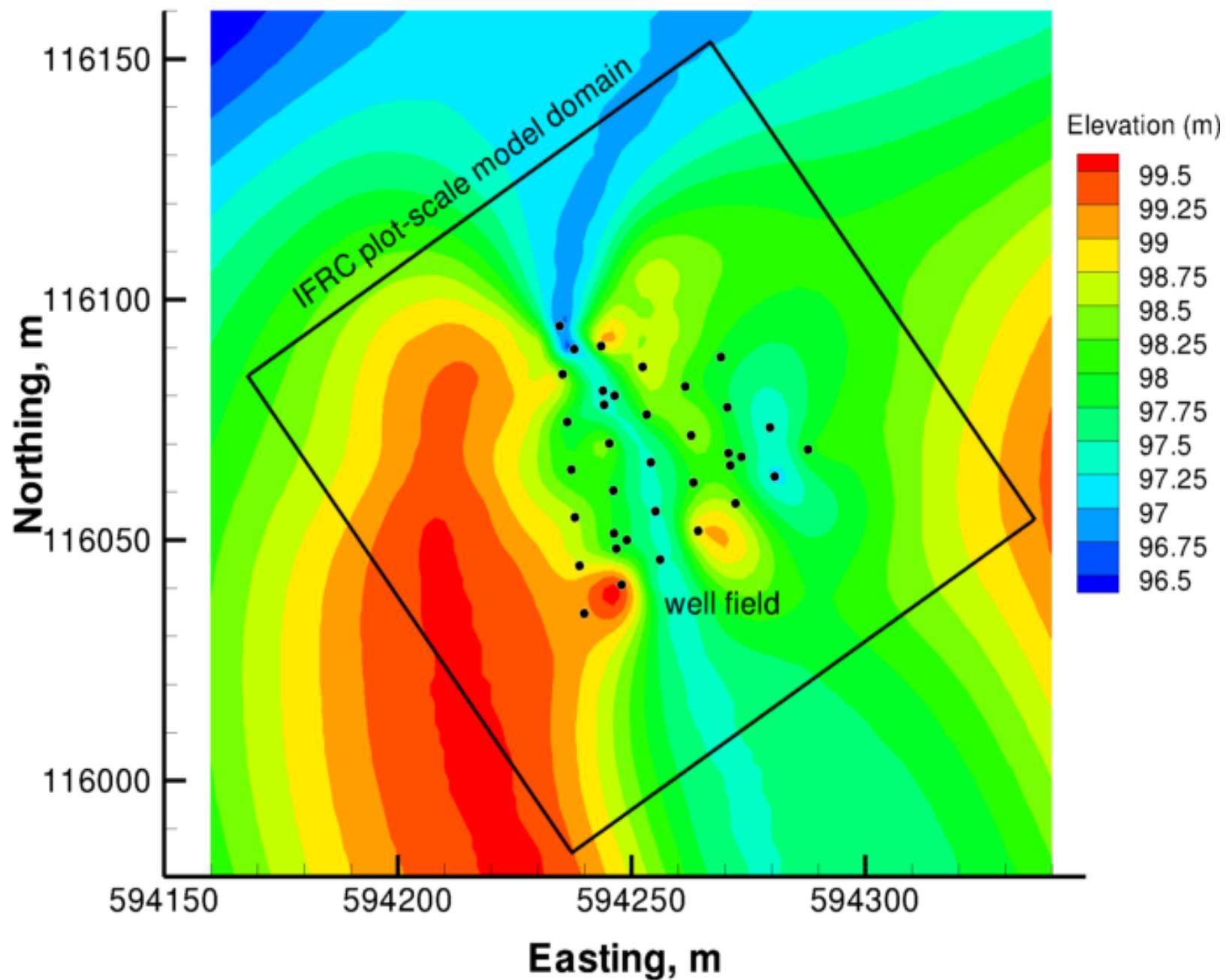
[†]A coarse grid STOMP model has been provided to INL and to two SFA projects.



Interpreted Elevation of Hanford-Ringold Fm Contact



Interpreted Elevation of the Hanford - Ringold Fm Contact

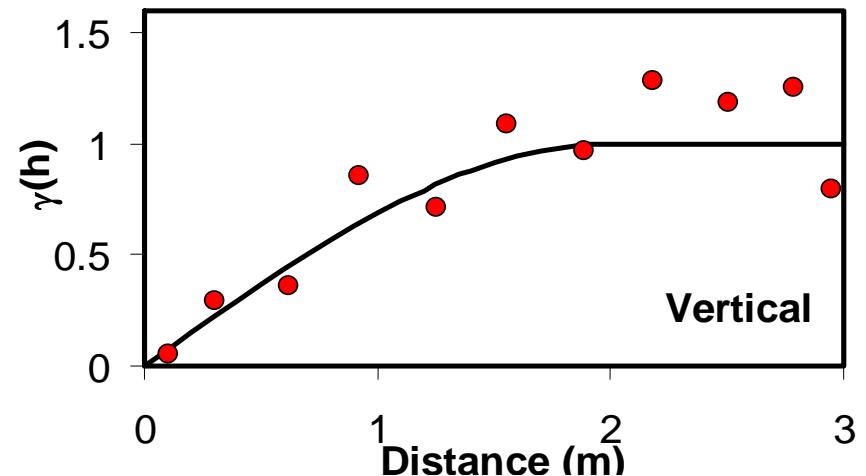
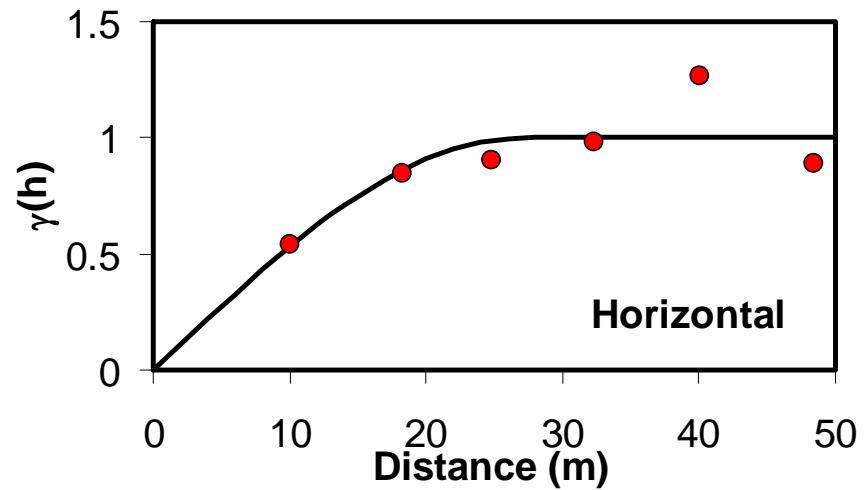


Flow and Transport Modeling

► Variography

- Hydraulic conductivity
 - Single-structure spherical model
 - Nugget = 0
 - Sill = 1 (standardized)
 - Horizontal range = 27 m
 - Vertical range = 2 m

**Hydraulic Conductivity
Normal Scores Variograms**

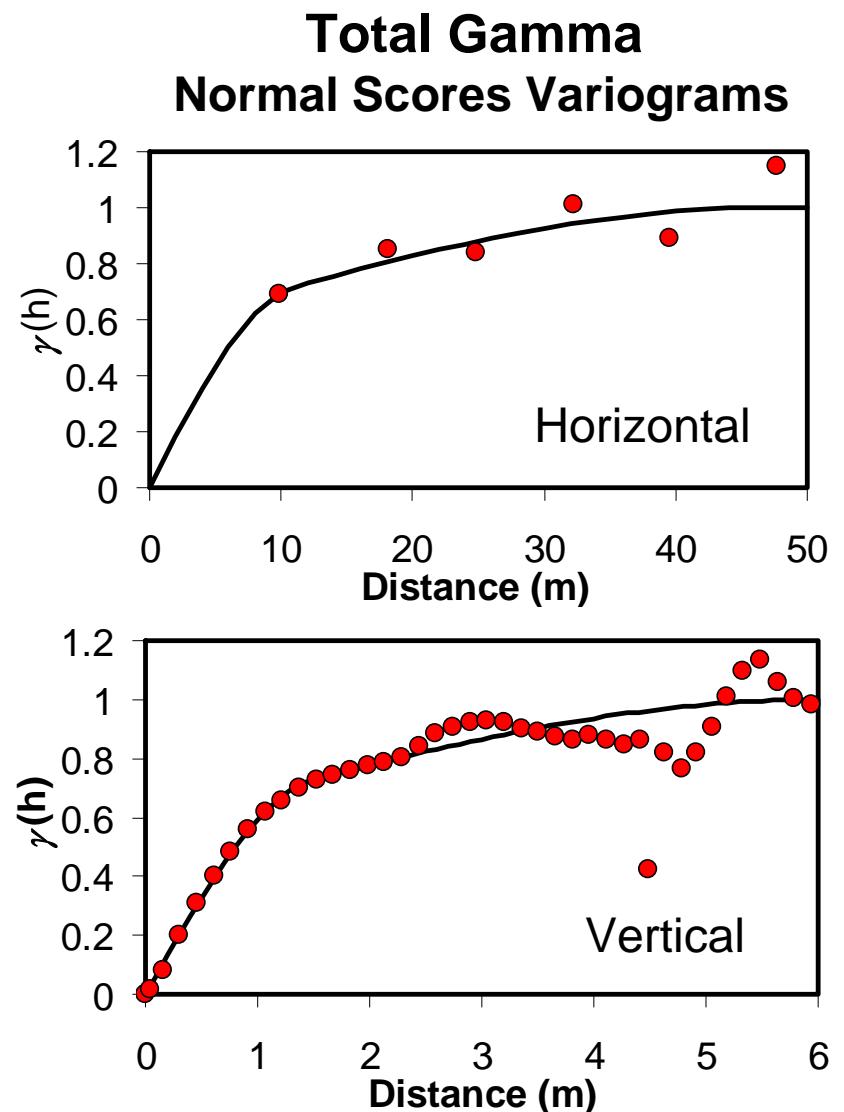


Flow and Transport Modeling

► Variography

■ Gamma log data

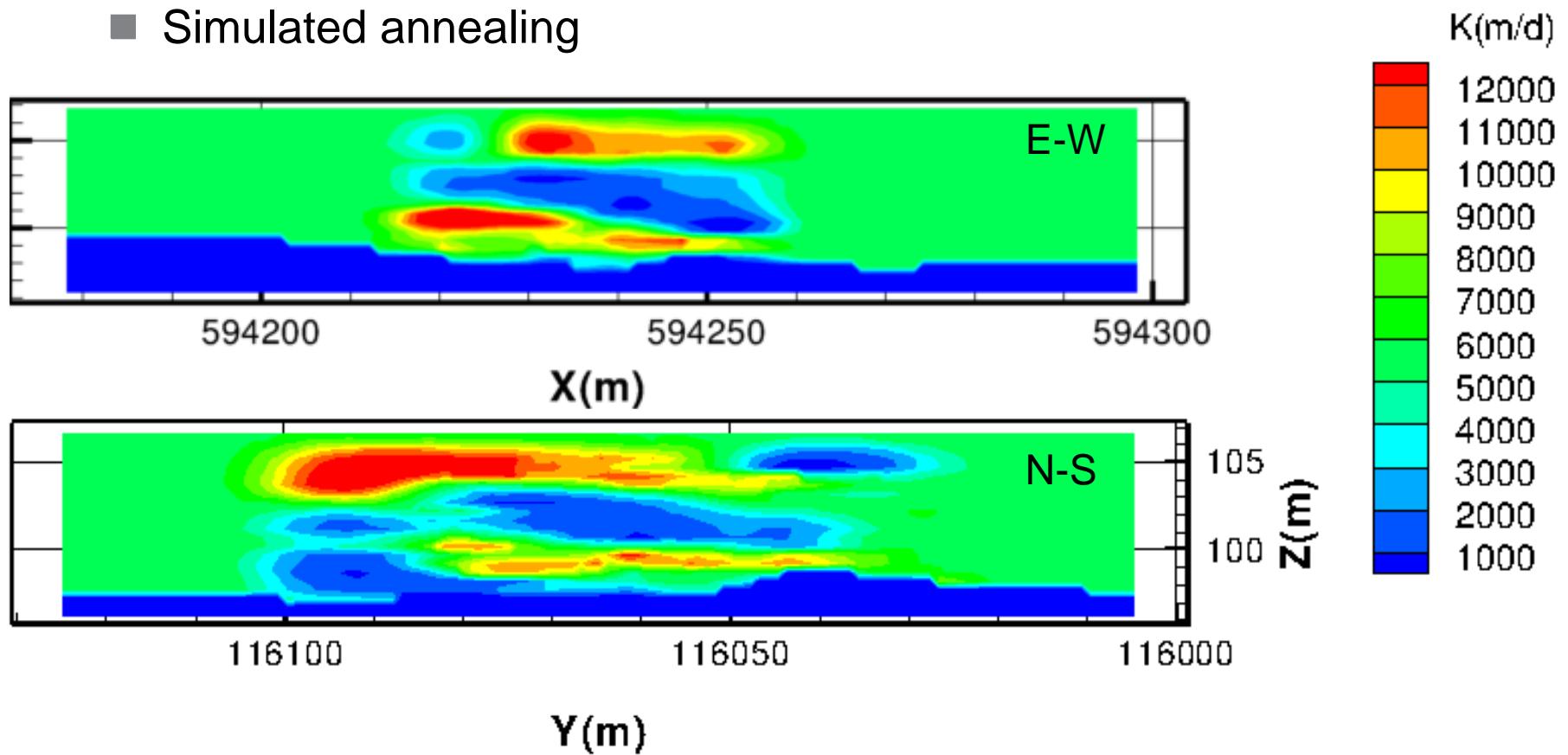
- Nested spherical model (2 structures)
- Nugget = 0
- Sill 1 = 0.57
- Sill 2 = 0.43
- Horizontal range 1 = 11 m
- Horizontal range 2 = 47 m
- Vertical range 1 = 1.5 m
- Vertical range 2 = 6 m



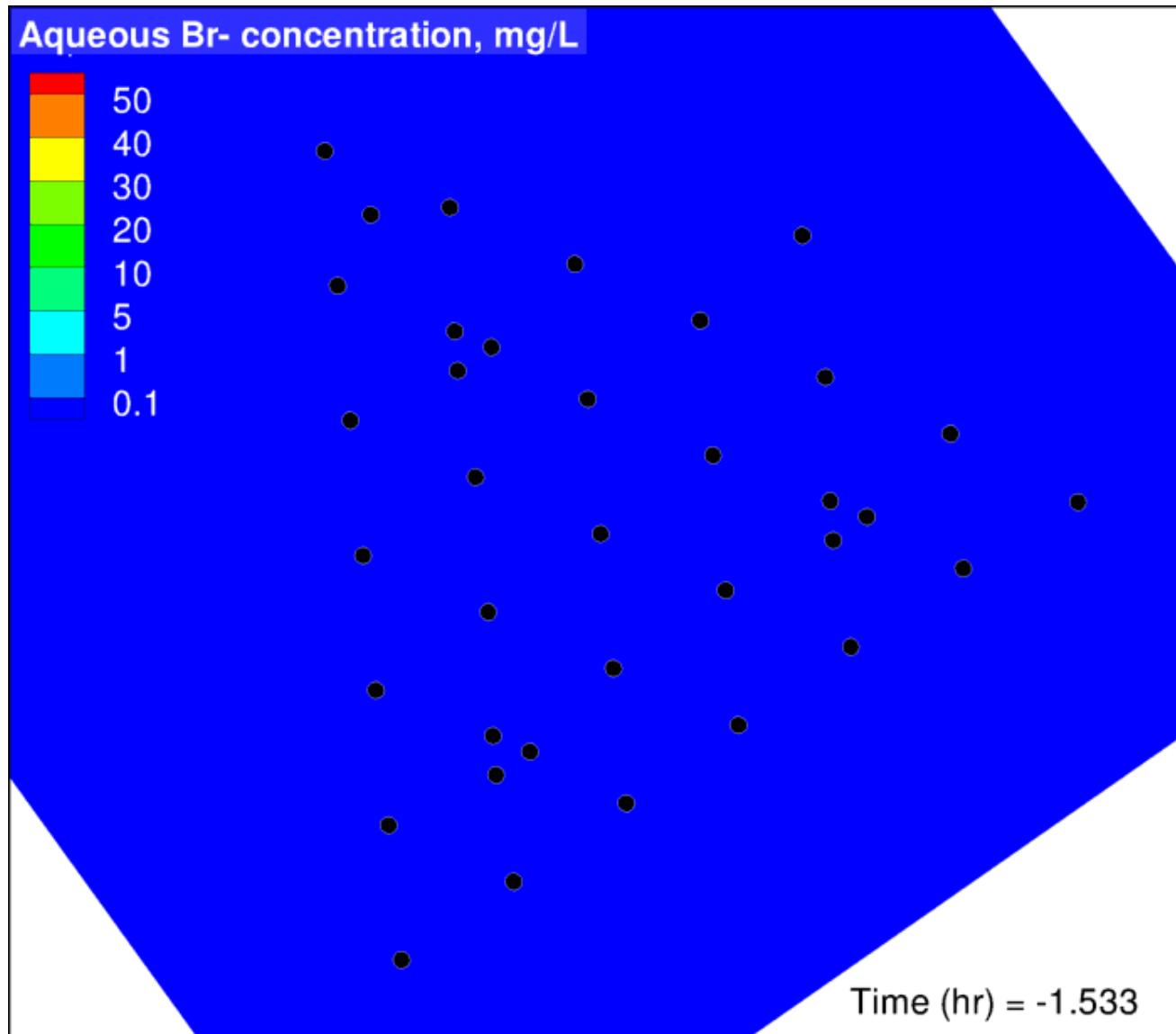
Flow and Transport Modeling

► Property field generation

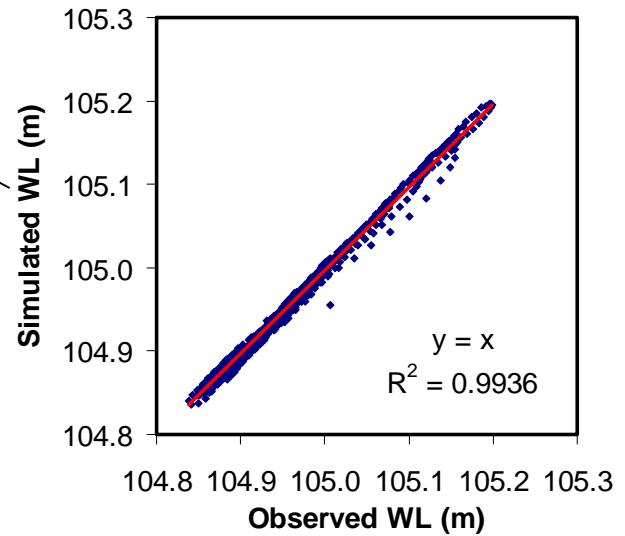
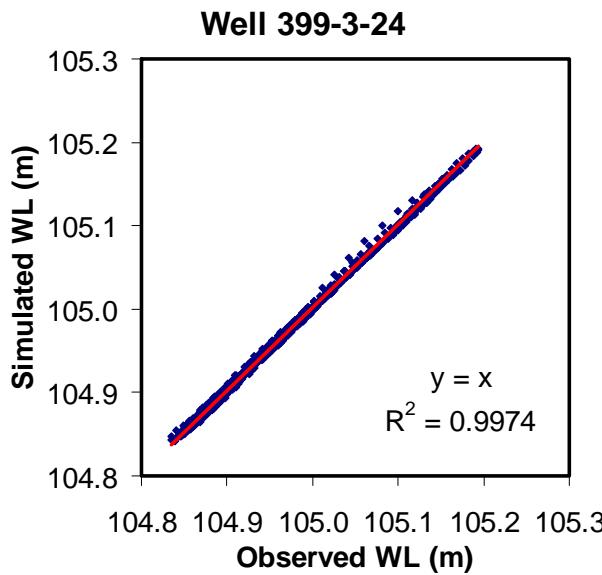
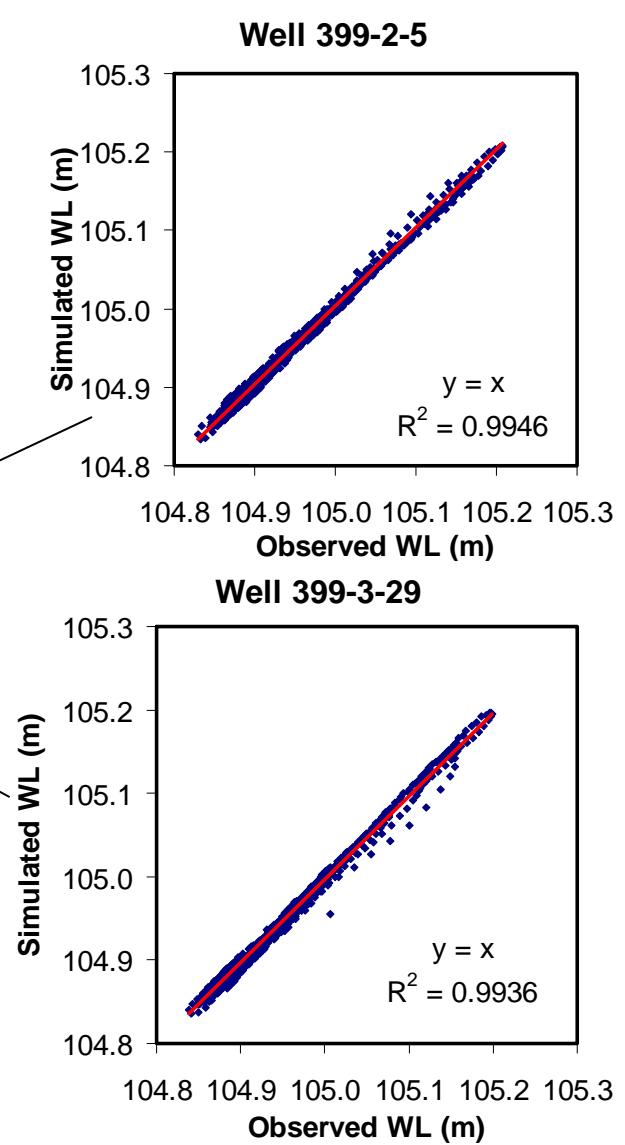
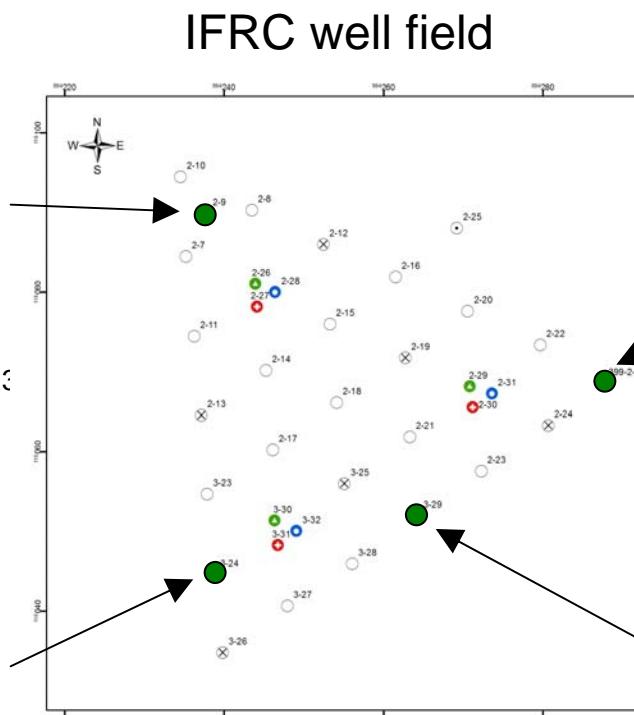
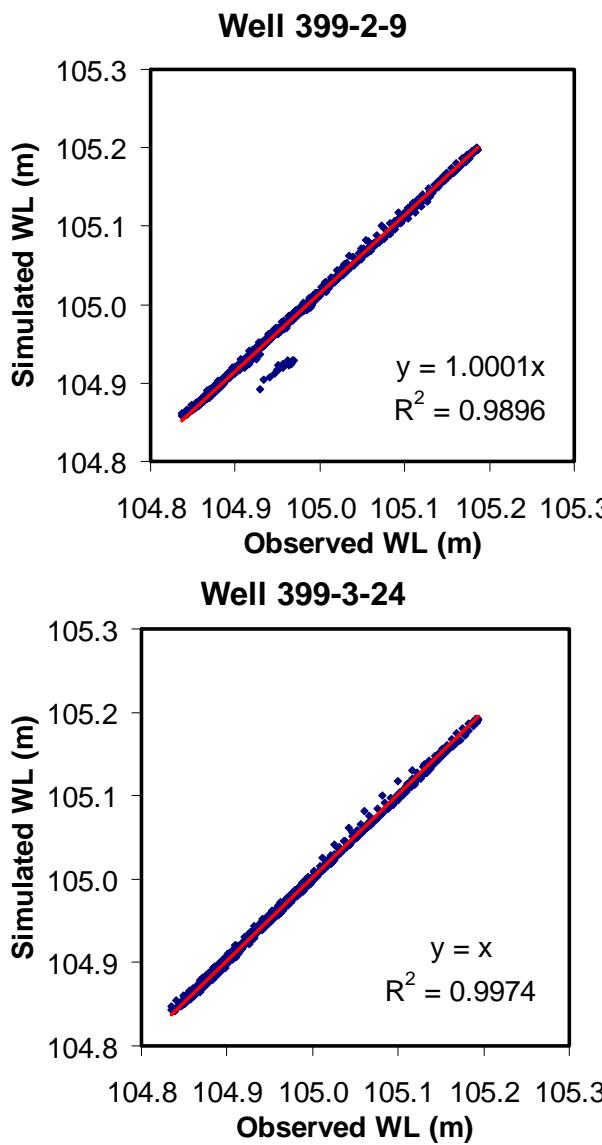
- Simple kriging
- Co-kriging
- Simulated annealing



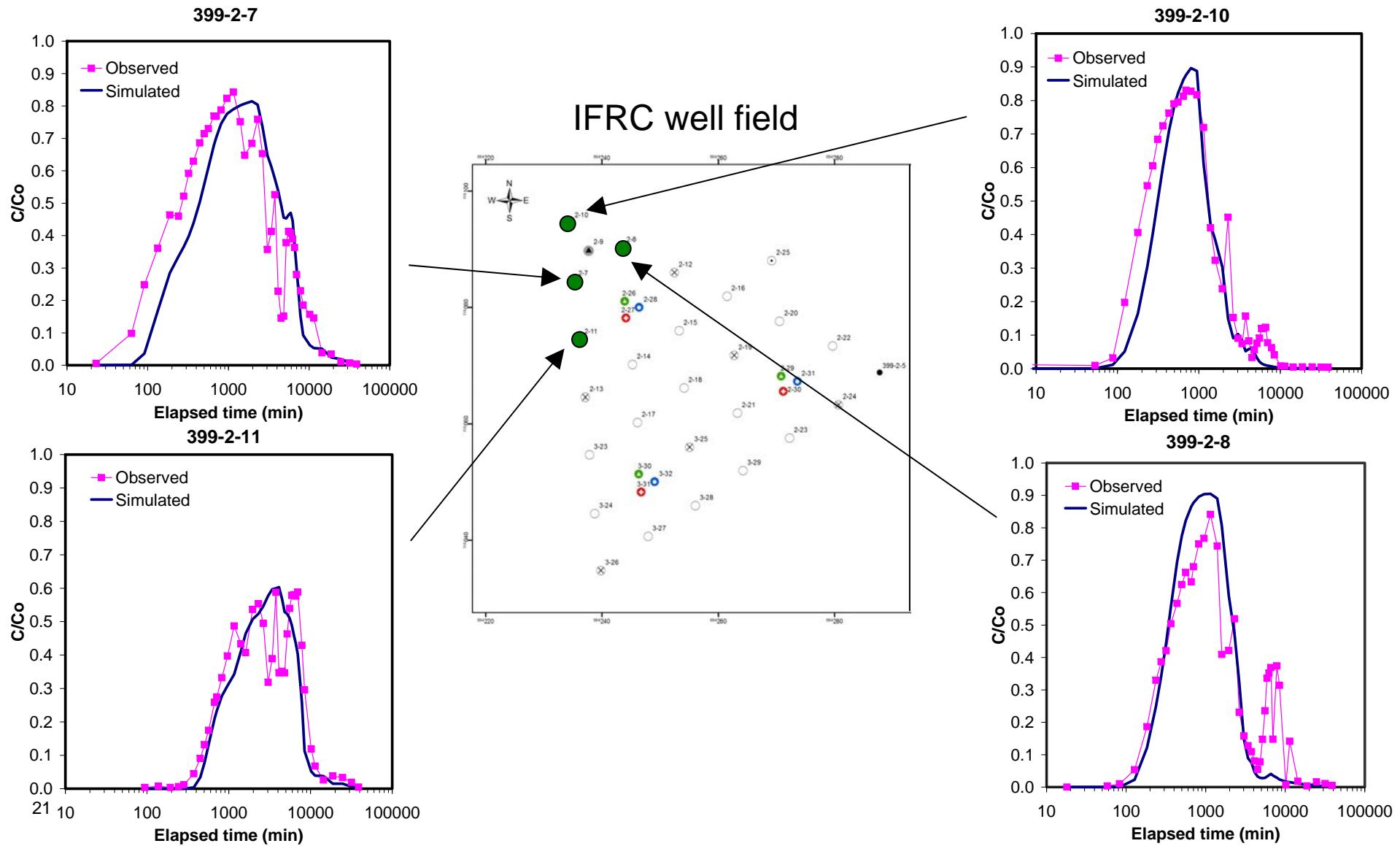
Flow and Transport Modeling



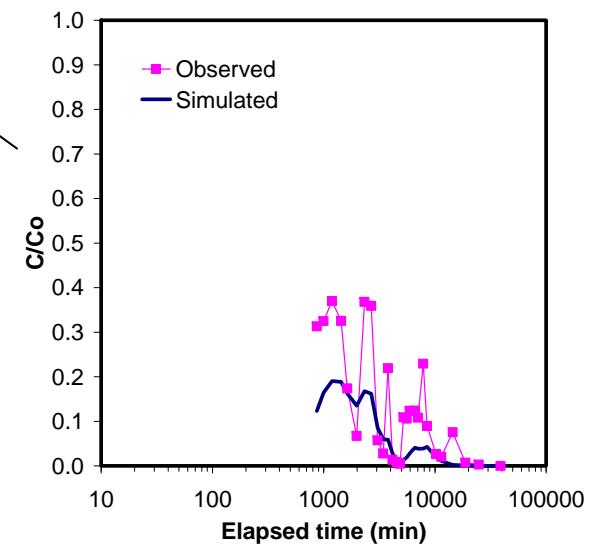
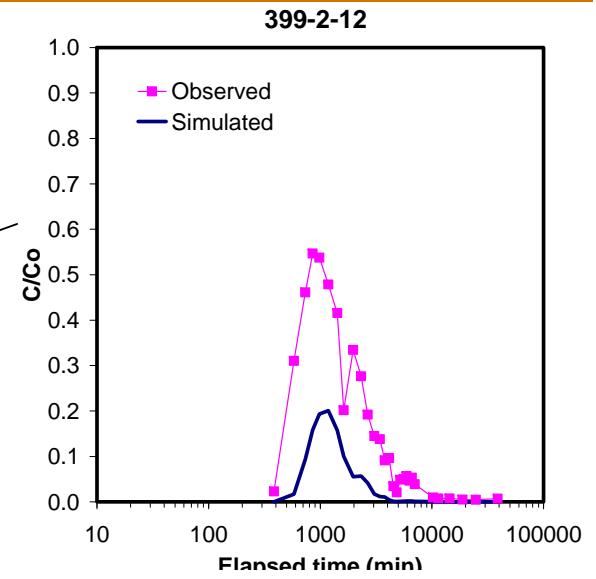
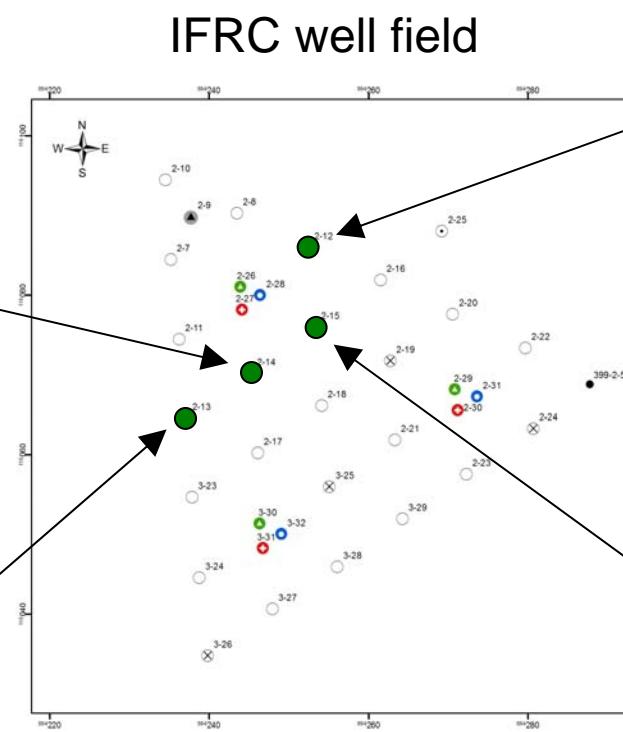
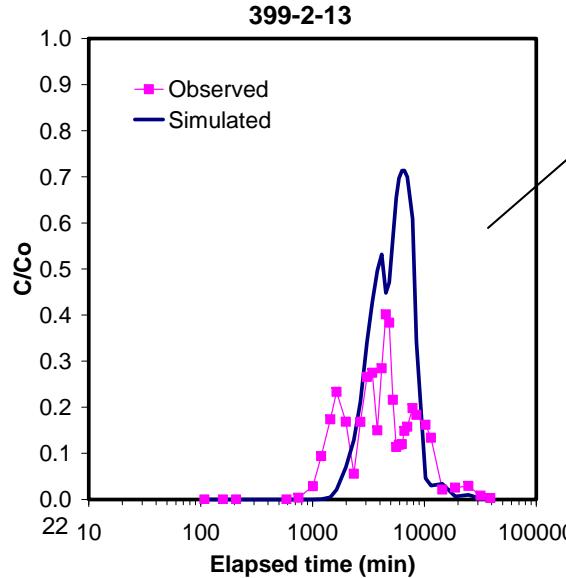
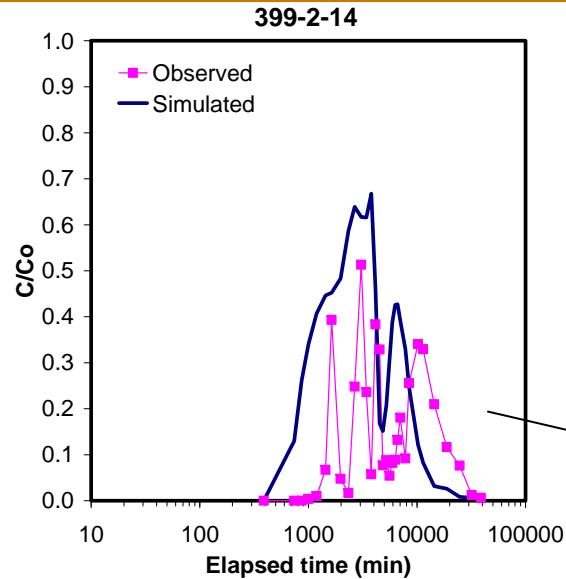
Observed versus simulated water levels



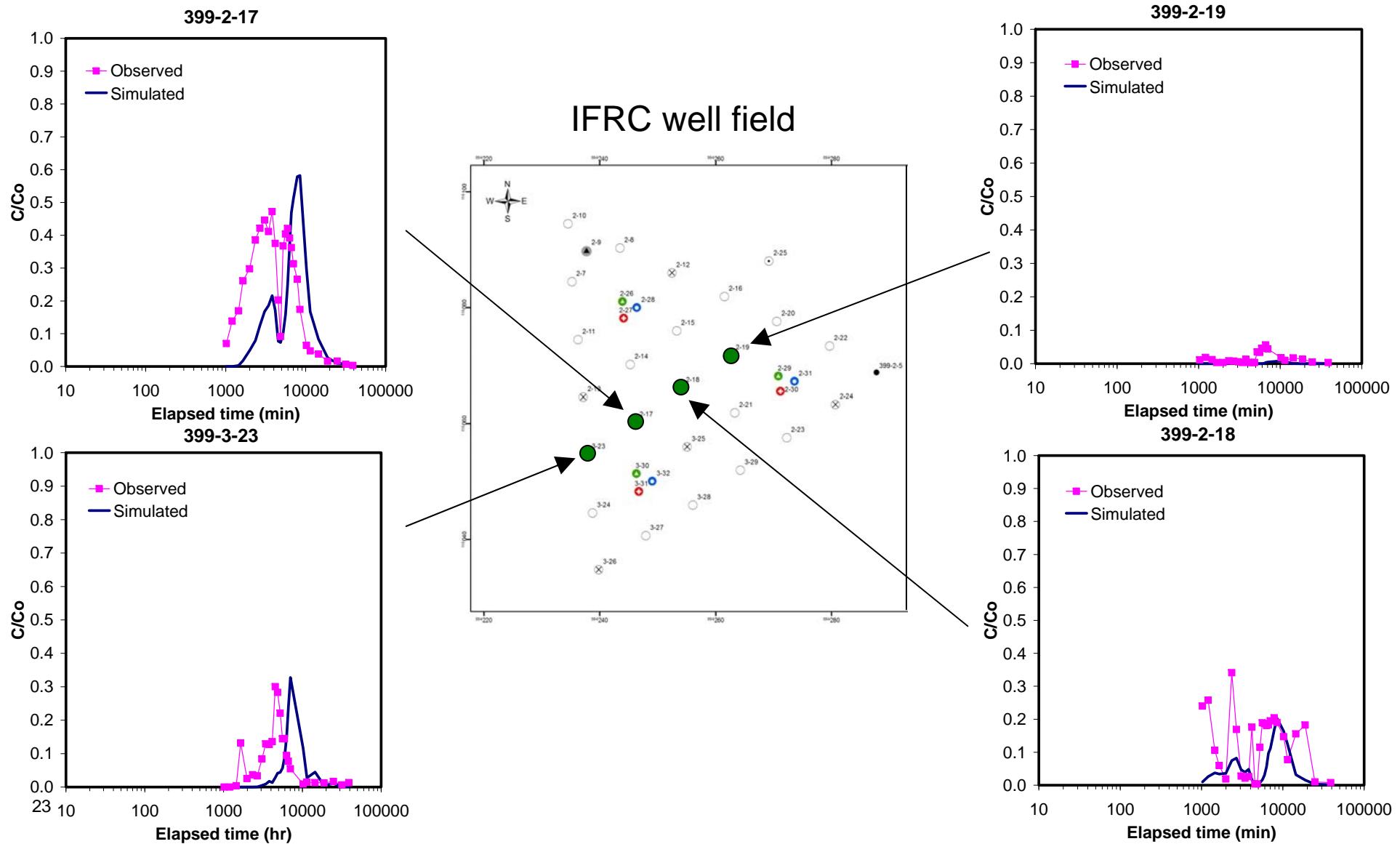
Observed and simulated tracer BTCs



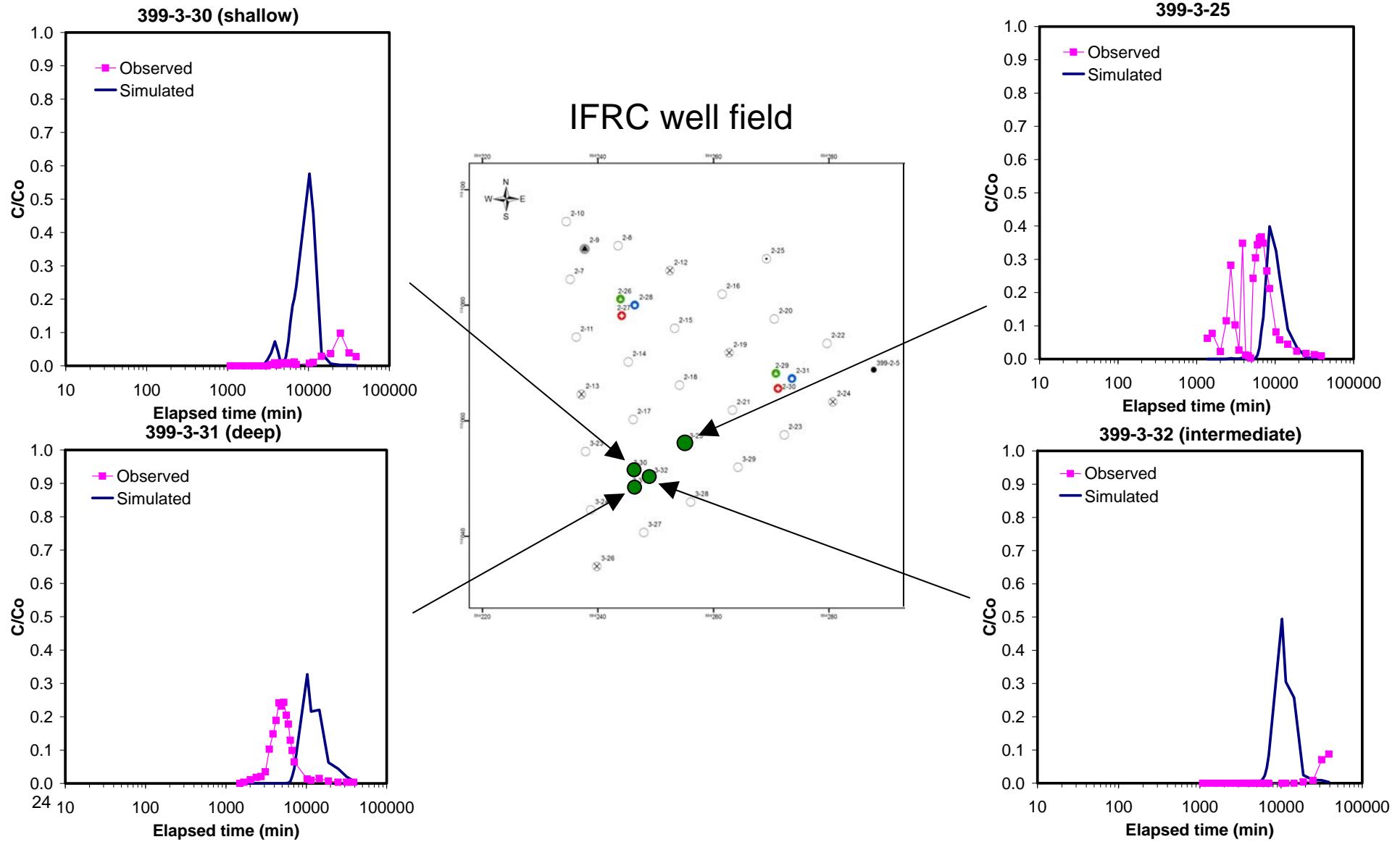
Observed and simulated tracer BTCs



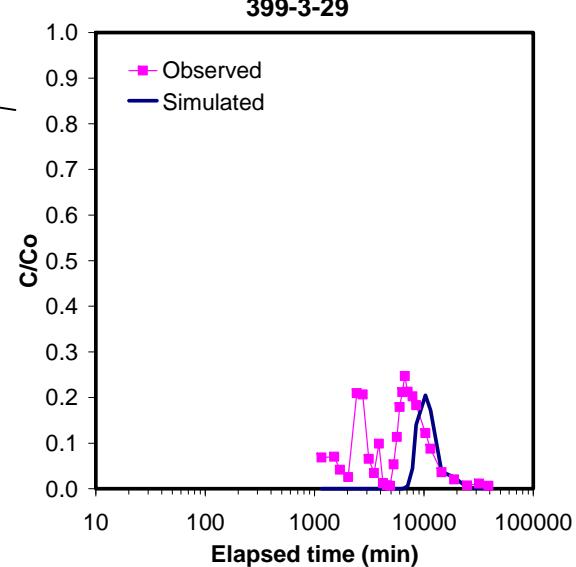
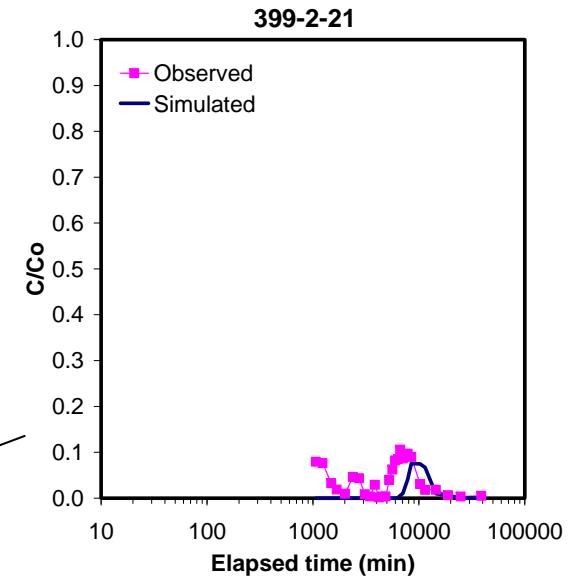
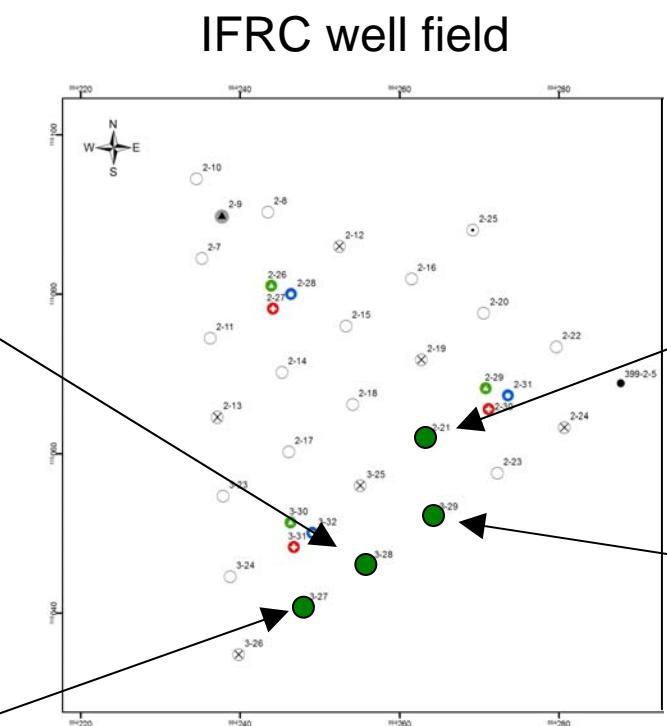
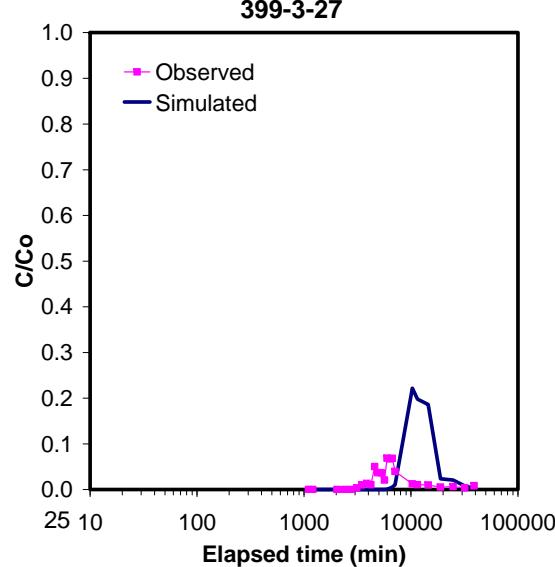
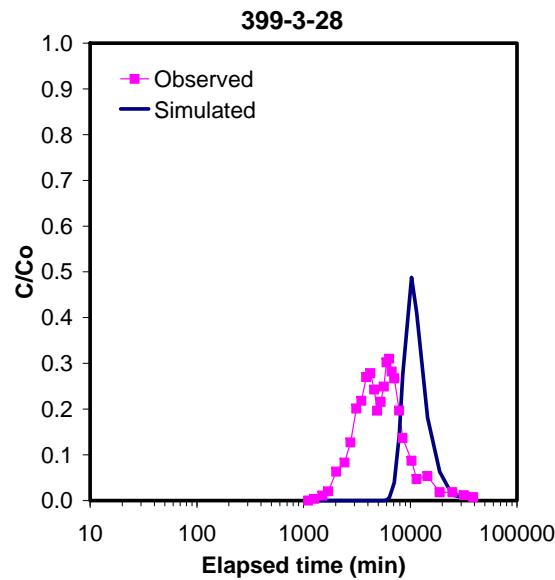
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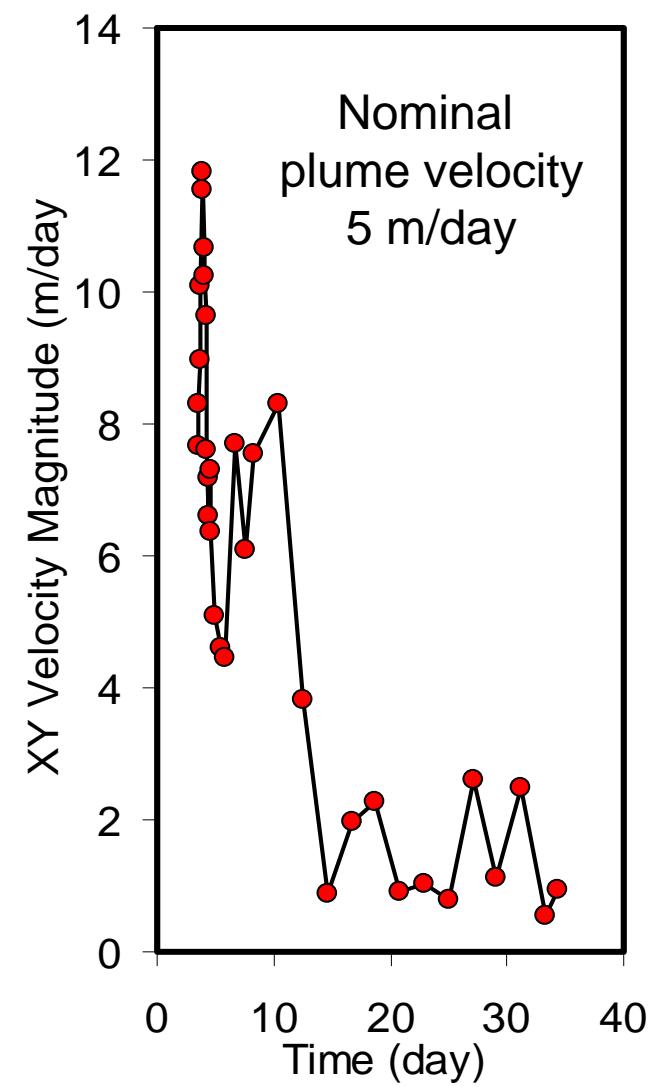
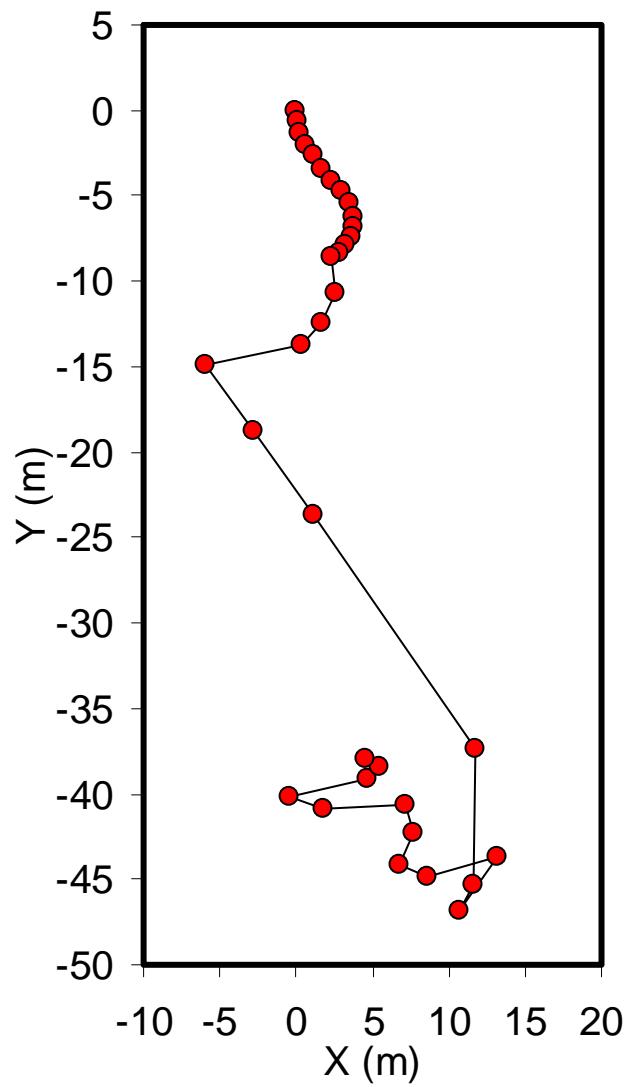
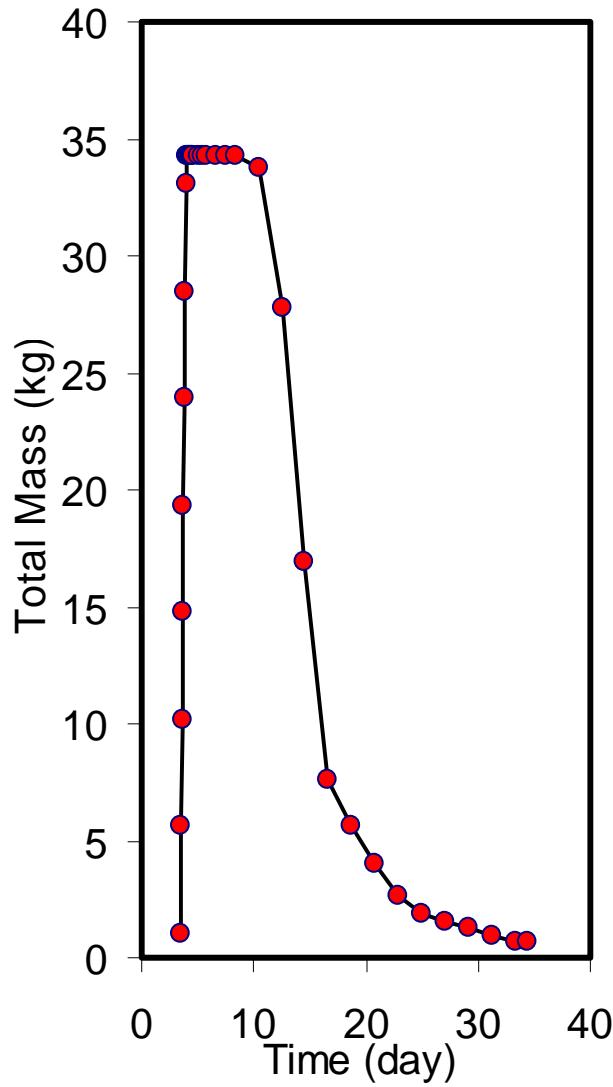
Observed and simulated tracer BTCs



Observed and simulated tracer BTCs



Spatial moments of simulated tracer plume



Summary

- ▶ Field hydraulic characterization appears to have been relatively effective
 - Constant rate injection tests and EBF results could be reinterpreted using alternative methods (e.g. inverse modeling)
 - Measurements in additional wells could be made
 - Additional constraints on elevation of Hanford-Ringold Fm contact beyond the footprint of the IFRC well field would be useful (incorporate recent interpretation based on surface geophysics)
- ▶ First tracer experiment was successful, but some refinements could lead to improved results
 - Smaller injection volume
 - Slower injection rate
 - More stable river conditions
- ▶ Very good matches between simulated and observed water levels can be obtained
- ▶ Fair matches between simulated and observed Br- tracer concentrations – no formal calibration yet

Acknowledgments

- ▶ Brad Fritz, Rob Mackley, Darrell Newcomer, Donny Mendoza, Ray Clayton, and Kyle Parker (PNNL) for field characterization, monitoring, and experimental support
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