

#### U. S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

## OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING RECLAMATION AND ENFORCEMENT

Subject Number: REG-10

Transmittal Number:

Date:

5/26/87

### **DIRECTIVES SYSTEM**

Subject:

Bond Forfeiture

Approval:

Chuntensen Title: Director

1. PURPOSE. The purpose of this directive is to provide guidance for the forfeiture of performance bonds held for surface coal mining operations on Federal lands, Indian lands and in States with Federal programs. This directive is not intended to apply to State regulatory authorities (SRA's); however, it does provide guidance where there is a Federal-State cooperative agreement or wherever OSMRE is a co-obligee of a surety, collateral or self-bond. The directive is intended to provide general procedural and policy guidance which may be supplemented by Field Directives to further define organizational involvement in the bond forfeiture process.

#### 2. DEFINITIONS.

- a. Cooperative Agreement. An agreement pursuant to Section 523(c) of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (SMCRA) and Subchapter D of Title 30 of the Code of Federal Regulations (the Federal Lands Program) which allows any State with an approved program to regulate surface coal mining and reclamation operations on Federal lands within that State.
- b. Federal Program. A program established by the Secretary pursuant to Section 504 of SMCRA to regulate coal exploration and surface coal mining and reclamation operations on non-Federal and non-Indian lands within a State.
- c. Bond Forfeiture. Actions taken by the obligee to collect from the surety, the issuer of collateral or the guarantor of any self-bond, the amount of the performance bond upon failure of the permittee to perform the conditions for which the bond was given. Bond forfeiture begins with notification of the surety and principal and ends with the collection of the bond amount or an agreement with the surety or other party to satisfactorily perform the actions for which the bond was issued.
- d. Performance Bond. A surety bond, collateral bond, self-bond, or a combination thereof, made payable to the regulatory authority and conditioned upon the performance of all the appropriate requirements of SMCRA, a State or Federal regulatory program, the Federal lands program, the permit and the approved reclamation plan.

- e. Surety. One who promises to pay money or perform other acts in the event a principal/permittee fails to perform all the appropriate requirements of SMCRA, a State or Federal regulatory program, or the permit, including completion of the approved reclamation plan. A surety is usually a corporation licensed to do business as a surety in the state where the operation is located.
- f. Principal. The person or corporation ultimately liable, whose performance of actions under the permit is guaranteed by the surety.
- g. Obligar. Person who promises to perform some obligation under the bond.
  - h. Obligee. The party to whom a bond is given.

#### 3. POLICY/PROCEOURES.

- a. Policy. It is OSMRE's policy that:
- (1) Bond forfeiture will be used whenever the appropriate official determines that other enforcement actions have not been or will not be effective to ensure compliance with SMCRA. The bond forfeiture process may be initiated at the discretion of the appropriate official who shall consider the individual circumstances of the permit and the reasonableness of pursuing other enforcement actions. Bond forfeiture is the ultimate means to obtain reclamation.
- (2) The bond forfeiture process may be initiated when a permittee fails to conduct the approved reclamation, fails to abate a violation or if the terms and conditions of the permit are violated.
- (3) The bond forfeiture process and reclamation of the affected mining sites will be completed in a timely manner, as described in the procedures of this directive and any related field directives.
- (4) Reclamation performed by the permittee, surety or other party in lieu of bond collection shall be in accordance with the approved reclamation plan.
- (5) When the amount of the performance bond has been collected and appears to be insufficient. OSMRE may take action to initiate reclamation with funds available pursuant to Section c. (7) of this directive, and take appropriate actions to collect the additional costs of reclamation from the permittee.

- (6) When the amount of the performance bond has been collected but is insufficient to do the reclamation in accordance with the approved reclamation plan, OSMRE may implement an alternative reclamation plan giving consideration to the surface owner's land use plans.
- (7) OSMRE cannot assign its claims against the principal/permittee or otherwise subrogate the government's interests in order to collect the bond from the surety. When collecting a bond OSMRE officials should not sign any releases or "settlement agreements" which assign OSMRE's claims against the principal.
- (8) After the bond amount is paid by the surety, OSMRE can agree to a total release of the surety against all future claims on bond.
- (9) The permittee shall be provided the right to appeal the notice of bond forfeiture to the Office of Hearings and Appeals under 43 CFR 4.1280.

#### b. <u>Responsibilities.</u>

- (1) <u>Director</u>. The Director of OSMRE provides policy guidance and approves procedures for bond forfeiture.
- (2) Deputy Director for Operations and Technical Services (OTS). The Deputy Director of OTS implements these procedures and assures consistent application by Field Operations, including approval of any field directives implementing this directive.
- (3) Assistant Director for Field Operations (ADFO). The Assistant Directors for Field Operations assure the collection of forfeited bond funds and completion of reclamation. This includes: coordinating legal and technical aspects of bond collection with the appropriate Field Office Director and Field Solicitor; consulting with State regulatory authorities, Federal land management agencies and surface owners; monitoring contracts for the completion of reclamation activities; and approving proposed forfeiture actions and subsequent reclamation work conducted on Federal lands in States with cooperative agreements. The ADFO's are also responsible for developing and implementing any policy field directives under this directive.
- (4) Field Office Director (FOD). The Field Office Directors initiate bond forfeiture procedures and provide assistance to the Assistant Directors for Field Operations. FOD's are also responsible for developing and implementing procedural directives on bond forfeiture.

- c. Procedures When OSMRE is the Regulatory Authority.
- (1) When to Initiate the Bond Forfeiture Process. The bond forfeiture process can begin under any of the following circumstances:
- (a) 30 days after a Failure To Abate Cessation Order (FTACO) has been issued and abatement has not occurred.
- (b) 120 days prior to the expiration of a permit on which there has been a temporary cessation of production and no application for renewal has been received.
- (c) After a permit has been revoked and the reclamation is not completed within the period specified by the revocation decision.
- (d) Whenever a permittee has filed for bankruptcy or a creditor has filed a claim against the collateral posted by a permittee.
- (e) 30 calendar days prior to bond expiration if the permittee fails to file a new bond.
- (f) After all other enforcement actions have been exhausted to resolve a compliance problem.
- (2) How to Initiate the Bond Forfeiture Process. The forfeiture process is initiated by an inspector or any other OSMRE official, by preparing a Request to Begin Forfeiture (RBF), which is sent to the Field Office Director or Assistant Director for Field Operations, as appropriate. Appendix 1 contains the format for the RBF.
- (a) After receiving an RBF, the ADFO or FOD may designate an official to be responsible for handling all matters relating to the forfeiture request. This designated official will coordinate with the Regional Solicitor's office and any other appropriate official to determine if the permittee has appealed the notice of violation (NOV), cessation order (CO) or other action upon which the forfeiture action is based.
- (b) The designated official must review all the available information and make a determination whether the forfeiture action should be pursued in lieu of, or in conjunction with other enforcement actions. Consideration should be given to the history of violations, the seriousness of the violation, hazards to health and safety, and the likelihood that the government's interests will be protected and that the permittee will properly reclaim the site.

#### (3) Forfeiture Notification.

- (a) If the recommendation to proceed with the bond forfeiture action is approved by the ADFO or FOD, a notice of bond forfeiture will be prepared following the letter format in Appendix 2. Copies of the signed notices of bond forfeiture will be sent to the Deputy Director, Program Operations and Technical Services. In addition, the notice of bond forfeiture should be sent to the surety or other responsible party guaranteeing the permittee's collateral, using the letter format provided in Appendix 3. The ADFO or FOD will determine if a field survey should be performed at this time.
- (b) The notice of bond forfeiture states that OSMRE has determined the permittee to be in default of the terms of the permit and that OSMRE intends to collect the performance bond or collateral 30 calendar days from the date of receipt of the letter. The notification letter should include:
  - 1. Permit number;
  - 2. Acreage of lands subject to forfeiture;
  - 3. The reasons for the forfeiture;
  - 4. The amount and identification of bond(s) subject to forfeiture;
  - 5. The conditions under which forfeiture may be avoided.
- (c) The notice of bond forfeiture allows the permittee 30 calendar days to request an informal conference to discuss actions to avoid forfeiture. The letter also provides an opportunity for an appeal by the permittee of the decision to forfeit. These letters must be sent by certified mail to ensure timely notification.
- (4) <u>Informal Conference</u>. Forfeiture actions will temporarily cease if the permittee requests an informal conference in writing, within 30 calendar days. The surety should be invited to attend the informal conference. Whenever such a conference is held, the ADFO or FOD will ensure that a complete field survey of the mine site is made.
- (a) Where appropriate, the survey team should include technical personnel from the OSMRE Field Operations Offices. The team must assess the reclamation work to be done at the permit site, as well as the approximate cost of such reclamation work. The survey team will also prepare conditions and a schedule for the completion of reclamation work, in accordance with the approved reclamation plan, which shall be presented to the permittee at the informal conference.
- (b) Any agreement between OSMRE and the permittee at the informal conference shall be written and should identify the actions which will rectify the problems and result in the withdrawal of the forfeiture action. Appropriate OSMRE staff

will monitor the permittee's compliance with the agreement. The agreement should contain provisions for reinstatement of forfeiture in the event of noncompliance.

- (c) After successful implementation of the agreement, the forfeiture notification will be formally withdrawn. In the event that a satisfactory agreement is not reached or the permittee fails to comply with the negotiated agreement, OSMRE will reinstate the forfeiture notification by proceeding to collect the bond amount.
- (5) Bond Collection Letter. The ADFO or FOD will send a collection letter to the surety using the form letter provided in Appendix 4. The letter specifies the amount of bond to be paid, the address to which payment must be sent, and the name of the payee. The bond collection letter is sent to the surety when: the permittee has failed to request an informal conference within the time allowed; the permittee or other party has failed to negotiate a satisfactory compliance agreement; the appeal of the forfeiture by the permittee is ended; or the compliance agreement has not been implemented.
- When forfeited funds are received they will be immediately sent to the Chief, Division of Finance, Denver Finance Center by the Collections Officer. Denver Finance will furnish the Chief, Division of Budget, Planning and Management Analysis a copy of the abstract of remittance for each bond forfeiture so that an apportionment request from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) can be initiated. OSMRE's Denver Finance Center is responsible for establishing the proper accounts, crediting the collected forfeited funds or collateral and for certifying funds available for expenditure for reclamation. If the surety fails to relinquish the amount of the bond or insists upon subrogation of the government's interests as a condition of payment of the bond, the appropriate ADFO or FOD will notify the Solicitor's Office in writing to initiate proceedings to collect the bond amount.
- (a) It is OSMRE's policy not to agree to any subrogation of interests or to assign claims against the permittee as a condition for bond payment.
- (b) After the bond amount is collected, OSMRE may agree to release the surety against any and all future claims relating to that bond.
- (c) Procedures for acceptance of forfeited funds and proper transfer to the Denver Finance Center are provided in a separate directive. (FIN-5)
- (7) Completion of Reclamation. The Denver Finance Center will establish a separate account for each bond forfeiture and notify the Division of Budget, Planning and Management Analysis (DBMA). The DBMA will obtain an

apportionment of funds from OMB and warrant from Treasury and then allocate the funds to the appropriate office. The ADFO or FOD will then contract for completion of the reclamation, monitor the contractor's performance and approve the completed work.

- (a) In the event the amount forfeited is insufficient to pay for the full cost of reclamation, the AD or FOD may complete reclamation of the bonded area to the extent the forfeited funds allow and, with assistance from the Field Solicitor, implement actions to recover from the permittee the additional funds needed to fully reclaim the areas. If changes in the reclamation plan are needed, the ADFO or FOD will coordinate development of a new reclamation plan with the appropriate surface managing Federal agency, surface owner or Indian tribe.
- (b) In the event the amount forfeited is more than the amount necessary to complete reclamation, the ADFO or FOD will approve the return of the unused funds to the surety or party from whom they were collected.

## d. <u>Procedures Where There is a Federal-State Cooperative</u> Agreement

Under the Federal Lands Program authorized by SMCRA, the responsibility for bond forfeiture and completion of reclamation with the forfeited funds may be delegated to a State regulatory authority, (SRA). In States where this delegation has occurred, the State regulatory authority will be responsible for implementing the bond forfeiture procedures in accordance with the approved State program and the Federal-State cooperative agreement. It is expected that all cooperative agreements will be reviewed for adequate provisions for bond forfeiture procedures and notification consistent with this directive.

#### (1) Permit Issued by SRA

Where, under the Federal-State cooperative agreement, the permit is issued by the SRA, the forfeiture will be initiated by the SRA under State procedures. SRA's should be requested to send a copy of any forfeiture notification to the appropriate OSMRE ADFO or FOD. Where the amount of the forfeited funds is insufficient to cover the cost of reclamation according to the approved plan, OSMRE will coordinate with the appropriate Federal land managing agency or Indian tribe to modify and approve an alternate reclamation plan, if necessary. OSMRE will also coordinate with the SRA and the Solicitor's Office to collect from the permittee the additional funds needed to reclaim the site.

(2) <u>Permit Jointly Issued</u>. Where, under the Federal-State cooperative agreement, the permit is issued jointly and the SRA and OSMRE are co-obligee's, the SRA will generally initiate the bond forfeiture action. The SRA should

send copies of the bond forfeiture initiating document to OSMRE; however, it is the responsibility of the ADFO or FOD to ensure that such notification occurs.

- (a) Where the amount of the forfeited funds are insufficient to cover the cost of reclamation according to the approved plan, OSMRE will review the proposed reclamation plan, coordinate with the appropriate Federal land management agency or Indian tribe, and provide written concurrence to the SRA on any alternative reclamation plan. OSMRE will co-sign any check received from the surety or guarantor. OSMRE will also monitor the reclamation in such cases and provide technical assistance to the SRA if requested.
- (b) If the amount of the forfeited bond or collateral is sufficient to cover the cost of reclamation, the State should be instructed to return any unused portion of the forfeited funds to the surety or other party from whom the funds were collected.
- (c) If an agreement between the permittee or surety and the SRA is negotiated, the SRA must obtain the concurrence of OSMRE. OSMRE will coordinate with the appropriate Federal land management agency or Indian tribe before giving concurrence.
- 4. Reporting Requirements. None
- 5. References.
  - a. SMCRA 521 (a)(4)
  - b. SMCRA 525 (d)
  - c. 30 CFR 800.50
  - d. 43 CFR 4.1280
  - e. OSMRE Directive FIN-5
- 6. Effect on Other Documents. None
- 7. Effective Date. Upon Issuance.
- 8. Contact. Frank Mancino, Division of Permit and Environmental Analysis, (202) 343-7952.

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR OFFICE OF SURFACE MINING AND RECLAMATION BOND FORFEITURE REFERRAL

Referral No. (to be completed by Field Office)

Company Name	Permit No
Address	
Tel ephone	
Is expedited action required?yes	no
Briefly describe the reasons for the red detailed information, background documes attached where appropriate):	commended action (supporting nts, and court referral must be
Are there enforcement actions which have persons concerning issues related to theyesno  Are there enforcement actions which have permits or operations associated with the permits of the permi	is same mine site? e been taken against other
If yes, identify the permits/operations involved and describe the type, dates, actions (supporting detailed information be attached).	and status of enforcement
Permit Issue Date Is the operation currently mining? Is all permitted coal extraction comple: Is reclamation work currently being done Is the site abandoned without completion yes	ted? <u>yes</u> no e? yes no
Ori ginator	Date
Supervisor	Date

#### (Date)

#### NOTICE OF BOND FORFEITURE

(Name)			-
(Address)			
		4-	
	Re:	<u>(Pe</u>	rmittee)
		Per	mit No
			County, (State)
Dear:		•	
You are hereby notified that the Office of	Surf	ace	Mining Reclamation
and Enforcement is initiating forfeiture e	effect	i ve	on (date of letter)
on the performance bond for Permit No.			in the amount
of for failure to comply wi	th th	e te	rms of the permit
and bond agreement. This action is taken	pursu	ant	to the Surface
Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977	, 30	USC	1201 <u>et</u> <u>seq</u> ., and
its attendant regulations at 30 CFR Part 8	300.	The	performance bond on
this permit is Surety Bond No.	_ iss	ued	by (Surety)
in the amount of			•

This forfeiture is a resul	It of your f	failure to abate the v	violations	1	Explanation
stated in the following No	otices of Vi	iolation and Cessation	Orders:	l	of why Bond
				1	forfei ture
				١	action is
Notice of Violations	<u>Issued</u>	Cessation Order	<u>Issued</u>	ļ	being taken.
(Number)	(Date)	(Number)	(Date)	1	Identify
				I	permit revo-
		<del> </del>	<del></del>	1	cation, or
				١	expiration
You may prevent bond forf	eiture from	proceeding by taking	one of the	ļ	dates, bond
following actions: (1) s	atisfactori	ly abate the above vi	olations	ł	expiration,
within 30 days of the dat	e of this n	otice, (2) show cause	why we	Ì	bankruptcy
should not proceed with f	orfeiture,	or (3) satisfactorily	abate the	ľ	filings,
above violations within t	he time lim	its given in a reclam	ation	1	etc.

In order to arrange a reclamation agreement with us or to show cause why we should proceed to collect the bonds (or collateral), you must submit a written request for a conference to me at the letterhead address within 20 calendar days from the date you receive this notice, but no later than 30 calendar days from the date of this notice.

agreement which you or another party have signed.

Pursuant to 43 CFR 4.1280, you have the right to an administrative appeal of this bond forfeiture decision. Such appeal must be filed in writing within 20 days from the date you receive this decision, but no later than 30 days from the date of this notice. The notice of appeal must be sent to the letterhead address and a copy sent at the same time

to the U.S. Department of the Interior, Board of Land Appeals, 4015 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, Virginia 22203.

We will proceed with collection of the performance bond 30 calendar days from the date of this notice if you have not satisfactorily abated the violations above (or corrected the reasons for non-compliance), requested a conference, or filed an administrative appeal.

Sincerely,

cc: (Surety Company)
(Address)

(Name)	
(Address)	
Re:	(Permittee)
	Permit No
	County, (State)
Dear:	
The Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and England that (and approximately formula that (and	
found that (coal company), permittee for permit	
compliance with the terms and conditions of the enclosed notice, which was sent to the permitted reasons for the decision.	•
In accordance with the provisions of performance	e bond No,
failure of the principal to fulfill the specific	ed obligations will
result in a forfeiture of the bond. As the sure	ety, you may
participate with (the permittee) should the per	ermittee request a

conference within 30 calendar days from the date on the enclosed notice. We will proceed with collection of the performance bond 30 calendar days from the date of this notice if the permittee has not abated the violations (corrected the reason for non-compliance), requested a conference, or filed an administrative appeal.

Sincerely,

#### **Enclosure**

cc: Assistant Director, Eastern or Western Field Operations
DD/OTS

#### LETTER OF COLLECTION

(Address of Surety)	
	Re: (Address of Principals / Permittee)
Dear Sir:	
Under the authority of the Surface MReclamation Act of 1977, (SMCRA) the Reclamation and Enforcement (OSMRE) (amount of bond to be collected) for	Office of Surface Mining
On (date of Notice of Bond Forfeiture the (permittee's name) Notice of Bond show that no written request for a contract the required actions to bring the with the terms of the permit and bond occurred. Therefore, under SMCRA and Part 800, OSMRE demands payment of (a calendar days from the date of this represents the total of the surety boname), Permit No.	e) we sent you a copy of Forfeiture. Our records onference was received, and me permit into compliance a greement have not the regulations at 30 CFR amount of bond), within 30 etter. This amount
Payment of this amount within the time result in the release of the surety funder this bond. However, OSMRE will Government's interests or assign any permittee as a condition of payment of amount. Unless we receive payment by proceedings will be instituted in the court of the United States to collect	ne period specified will rom all future claims not subrogate the future claims against the of the forfeited bond (date)

Please make your check or money payable to DOI, Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, and mail to:

## (Assistant Director FO or Field Office Director)

To assure proper credit for payments, please write the bond number and permittee's name on the front of the check or money order.

Sincerely,		
<del></del>		

cc: Field Solicitor, DD/OTS
ADFO or FO