Coastal Digital Elevation Model (DEM) Fact Sheet

What is a coastal DEM?

A coastal DEM depicts Earth's land surface and ocean bottom. It is made from public land and seafloor elevation data collected by federal, state and local governments, universities and private companies.

How are they used?

DEMs help us plan, prepare for, and better understand ocean processes. Uses include:

- real-time tsunami and storm-surge forecasting and warning
- hazard mitigation and community preparedness
- · ecosystem management and habitat research
- coastal change and terrain analysis
- pollution monitoring and contaminant dispersal
- map creation and Earth visualization
- long-term planning

Director James Cameron recently dove to the deepest spot on Earth - Challenger Deep, in the Mariana Trench. He was able to view the ocean floor directly outside his submersible; DEMs allow the rest of us to visualize the ocean floor.

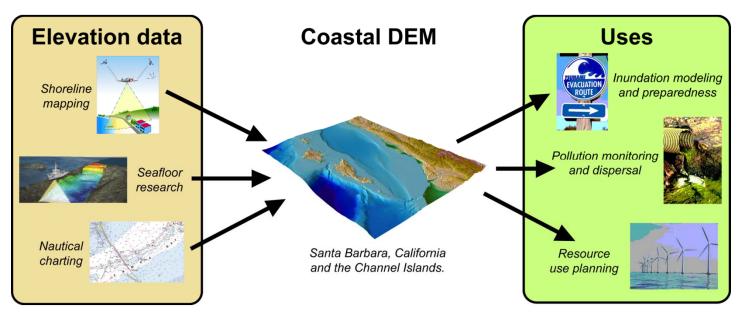
NGDC dive animation of the Mariana Trench.

Vertical scale grossly exaggerated.

http://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/image/marianas.html

Where to find them?

NOAA's National Geophysical Data Center (NGDC) is an international leader in coastal DEM development, and freely distributes a wide variety of DEMs online, from global to community-scale. DEMs built by other U.S. and international agencies can also be accessed via NGDC's 'DEM Discovery Portal'.



Coastal DEMs integrate seafloor bathymetry and land topography to depict Earth's solid surface, and help us better understand a variety of ocean processes.