

# The 2012 Stock Assessment Report for Yellowtail Snapper in the South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico 

Joe O'Hop, Mike Murphy, and Dave Chagaris


May 29, 2012

Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission
Fish and Wildlife Research Institute 100 Eighth Ave Southeast
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Section I: Introduction

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## 1. PROCESS DESCRIPTION

The Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) is responsible for managing fish and wildlife resources for the people of the State of Florida. There are multiple federal and state agencies which also management fish and wildlife resources with overlapping responsibilities and jurisdictions, and the FWC works cooperatively with the regional fishery management councils (South Atlantic Fishery Management Council and Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council) and the National Marine Fisheries Service to effectively manage saltwater fisheries in Florida. The FWC Fish and Wildlife Institute is responsible for providing information and research on fish and wildlife resources in the state, including assessments of the status of fish populations such as yellowtail snapper.

Information and data on yellowtail snapper in state and federal waters in Florida and in southeastern US waters was assembled and analyzed for this assessment. The results of this assessment may serve as advice to managers of fisheries in the region regarding the current status of the yellowtail snapper population in southeastern US waters.

## 2. MANAGEMENT OVERVIEW

### 2.1. Fishery Management Plans and Amendments

The following summary describes only those management actions in the southeastern U.S. in the jurisdictions of the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council (SAFMC), the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council (GMFMC), and the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) that were likely to affect yellowtail snapper fisheries and harvest.

Southeast Region including Council and EEZ Boundaries


### 2.1.1. Original SAFMC FMP

The Fishery Management Plan (FMP), Regulatory Impact Review, and Final Environmental Impact Statement for the Snapper-Grouper Fishery of the South Atlantic Region, approved in 1983 and implemented in August of 1983, establishes a management regime for the fishery for snappers, groupers, and related demersal species of the continental shelf of the southeastern United States in the fishery conservation zone (FCZ) under the area of authority of the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council (SAFMC) and the territorial seas of the states, extending from the North Carolina/Virginia border through the Atlantic side of the Florida Keys to $83^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ longitude. In the case of the sea basses, the management
regime applies only to south of Cape Hatteras, North Carolina. Regulations apply only to federal waters.

### 2.1.2. SAFMC FMP AmEndments affecting yellowtail snapper

| Description of Action | FMP/Amendment | Effective <br> Date |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4" trawl mesh, 12" (305mm) TL minimum size limit | Snapper Grouper FMP | $08 / 31 / 1983$ |
| Trawls prohibited | Amendment 1 (1988) | $01 / 12 / 1989$ |
| Fish traps prohibited, entanglement nets \& longlines within <br> 50 fathoms prohibited, aggregate bag limit of 10 snappers <br> (including yellowtail snapper, and excluding lane, vermilion, <br> and yelloweye snappers). |  |  |
| Oculina Experimental Closed Area | Amendment 4 (1991) | $01 / 01 / 1992$ |
| Limited entry program: transferable permits and 225-lb non- <br> transferable permits | Amendment 8 (1997) | $12 / 1998$ |
| MSY proxy for yellowtail snapper is 30\% static SPR; OY <br> proxy is 40\% static SPR | Amendment $11 \mathrm{~B} \mathrm{(1998)}$ | $12 / 02 / 1999$ |
| Establish eight deepwater Type II marine protected areas to <br> protect a portion of the population and habitat of long-lived <br> deepwater snapper grouper species | Amendment 15 (2007) | $02 / 12 / 2009$ |
| Required use by commercial and recreational fishermen of <br> dehooking devices for releasing reef fish | Amendment 16 (2009) | $07 / 29 / 2009$ |
| Use of non-stainless steel circle hooks in the snapper - <br> grouper fishery not required south of 28N | Amendment 17 A (2010) | $03 / 02 / 2011$ |

### 2.1.3. Original GMFMC FMP

The Fishery Management Plan (FMP) for the reef fish fishery of the Gulf of Mexico was implemented on November 8, 1984. This plan is for the management of reef fish resources under the authority of the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council. The plan considers reef fish resources throughout its range from Florida through Texas. The areas which will be regulated by the federal government under this plan is confined to the waters of the fishery conservation zone (FCZ). The estimated area of the FCZ is $6.82 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~km}^{2}(263,525$ square miles) and of that $12.4 \%$ of it is estimated as part of the continental shelf that is encompassed within the FCZ. Yellowtail snapper is one of the many species included in the fishery management unit. The four objectives of the FMP were: (1) to rebuild the declining reef fish stocks wherever they occur within the fishery; (2) establish a fishery reporting system for monitoring the reef fish fishery; (3) conserve reef fish habitats and increase reef fish habitats in appropriate areas and to provide protection for juveniles while protecting existing new habitats; (4) to minimize conflicts between user groups of the resource and conflicts for space.

Measures in the original FMP that would have affected the harvest of yellowtail snapper are maximum sustainable yield (MSY and optimum yield (OY) estimates for all grouper and snapper species in aggregate, permits and gear specifications for fish traps along with a limit on the number of fish traps allowed per vessel, establishment of a stressed area within which
the use of fish traps, roller trawls, and powerheads for the taking of reef fish was prohibited, and a prohibition on the use of poison or explosives for taking reef fish.

### 2.1.4. GMFMC FMP Amendments affecting yellowtail snapper

| Description of Action | FMP/Amendment | Effective Date |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| MSY and OY estimates for all groupers and snappers in <br> aggregate, permits and gear specifications for fish traps and <br> limits on the number of fish traps allowed per vessel, <br> establishment of a stressed area within which the use of fish <br> traps, roller trawls, and powerheads for reef fish harvest was <br> prohibited, explosives and poisons for taking reef fish <br> prohibited. |  |  |
| The stressed area was expanded, and a longline/buoy gear <br> boundary was established. The number of fish traps allowed <br> per vessel was reduced from 200 to 100. Reef fish permits <br> were required for commercial reef fish vessels. Commercial <br> harvestof reef fish using trawls or entangling nets <br> wasprohibited. Reporting requirements established <br> for commercial and for-hire recreational vessels, 12" TL <br> minimum size limit for yellowtail snapper adopted, 10 fish <br> aggregate recreational bag limit for snappers (including <br> yellowtail snapper) implemented, prohibited use of entangling <br> gear for direct harvest, reef fish vessel permit established with <br> an income qualification. |  | [Submitted |
| Moratorium on new reef fish permits which was extended at <br> various times and was in effect through 2005. |  | $8 / 1981]$ |
| Established a 10-year phase-out of fish traps. |  | $11 / 08 / 1984$ |
| Prohibited harvest of reef fish from traps other than permitted <br> reef fish traps, stone crab traps, or spiny lobster traps. | Amendment 1 (1990) |  |

### 2.1.5. Original FWC regulations

Florida's management of reef fish fisheries, prior to the establishment of the Marine Fisheries Commission (MFC) in 1983, began with the implementation of size limits in 1979 (Florida

Statutes in chapter 370.11) for several groupers (red, Nassau, gag, black, and goliath). In July of 1985, the Florida MFC implemented rules in the Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) to establish minimum 12" TL size limits for red, mutton, and yellowtail snapper. Later rules sought to achieve a higher level of conformance between state and federal (Council) regulations to reduce potential conflicts between state and federal management. After the merger of the Florida Department of Environmental Protection and the Florida Game and Freshwater Fish Commission by the Florida Legislature on July 1, 1999, the management functions of the MFC became part of the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC).

### 2.1.6. FWC REGULATIONS AFFECTING YELLOWTAIL SNAPPER

| Description of Action | Rule chapter | Effective Date |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Established 12" TL minimum size for yellowtail snapper from <br> state waters | F.A.C. Chap. 68-14 | $07 / 1985$ |
| Established a 10 fish aggregate bag limit for snappers <br> (included yellowtail snapper, excluded lane, vermilion, and <br> yelloweye [= silk] snappers). Stab nets (anchored, bottom gill <br> nets) for the harvest of reef fish prohibited. | F.A.C. Chap. 68-14 |  |
| Required the appropriate federal permit to exceed the <br> recreational bag limit in state waters. | F.A.C. Chap. 68-14 | $12 / 1986$ |
| Temporarily allowed fishermen to land reef fish in the Florida <br> Keys if they possessed either South Atlantic snapper grouper <br> permits or Gulf reef fish permits, with subsequent extensions <br> of these provisions in July 1995 and January 1996. | F.A.C. Chap. 68-14 | $12 / 1992$ |
| Prohibited commercial fishermen from harvesting or <br> possessing the recreational bag limit of reef fish species on <br> commercial trips. | F.A.C. Chap. 68-14 | $10 / 1993$ |
| Required commercial and recreational anglers fishing for any <br> Gulf reef fish species to use circle hooks, de-hooking devices, <br> and venting tools. | F.A.C. Chap. 68-14 | $07 / 2007$ |

### 2.2. EMERGENCY AND INTERIM RULES

None.

### 2.3. Management Program Specifications

## Table 2.3.1. General Management Information

South Atlantic

| Species | Yellowtail Snapper (Ocyurus chrysurus) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Management Unit | Southeastern U.S. |
| Management Unit Definition | All waters within the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council <br> boundaries. Defined as the economic zone (EEZ), 200 miles from state <br> boundary line. |
| Management Entity | South Atlantic Fishery Management Council |
| Management Contacts SERO/Council | Jack McGovern/Myra Brouwer |
| Current stock exploitation status | Not overfished, not overfishing (SEDAR 3, 2003) |

Gulf of Mexico

| Species | Yellowtail Snapper (Ocyurus chrysurus) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Management Unit | U. S. Gulf of Mexico |
| Management Unit Definition | All waters within the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council <br> boundaries. Defined as the economic zone (EEZ), 200 miles from state <br> boundary line. |
| Management Entity | Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council |
| Management Contacts SERO/Council | Peter Hood/Carrie Simmons |
| Current stock exploitation status | Not overfished, not overfishing (SEDAR 3, 2003) |

Table 2.3.2. Specific Management (SFA) Criteria

| South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico* |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Criteria | Current (SEDAR 3, 2003) |  | Results from SEDAR 27 |  |
|  | Definition | Value** | Definition | Value |
| MSST <br> (Minimum Stock Size Threshold) | [(1-M) or 0.5 , whichever is greater] *B $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{MSY}}$ (The estimated population biomass at MSY) | $\begin{gathered} \text { 7,975,500 } \\ \text { pounds } \end{gathered}$ | [(1-M) or 0.5, whichever is greater] * $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{MSY}}$ (The estimated stock biomass at MSY) | TBD |
| MFMT <br> (Maximum Fishing <br> Mortality Threshold) | $\mathrm{F}_{\text {MSY }}$ | 0.33/year | $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{MSY}}$ | TBD |
| MSY <br> (Maximum <br> Sustainable Yield) | Yield at $\mathrm{F}_{\text {MSY }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2,572,500 } \\ \text { pounds } \end{gathered}$ | Yield at $\mathrm{F}_{\text {MSY }}$ | TBD |
| $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{MSY}}$ <br> (Fishing Mortality <br> Rate at MSY) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{F}_{\text {at } 30 \% \text { SPR }} \\ \text { (Spawning Potential Ratio) } \end{gathered}$ | 0.25/year | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{F}_{\text {at } 30 \% \text { SPR }} \\ \text { (Spawning Potential Ratio) } \end{gathered}$ | TBD |
| OY (Optimum Yield) | Yield at $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{OY}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 2,434,500 } \\ \text { pounds } \end{gathered}$ | Yield at $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{OY}}$ | TBD |
| $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{OY}}$ <br> (Fishing Mortality <br> Rate at OY) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{F}_{\text {at } 40 \% \text { SPR }} \\ \text { (Spawning Potential Ratio) } \end{gathered}$ | 0.21/year | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{F}_{\text {at } 40 \% \text { SPR }} \\ \text { (Spawning Potential Ratio) } \end{gathered}$ | TBD |
| M (Natural Mortality Rate) | Constant | 0.2/year | Age-Specific | TBD |

* The GMFMC Amendment 18B (which has not been accepted) would have set SFA criteria for reef fish which have not been assessed. However, since yellowtail snapper was assessed in SEDAR 3, it is likely that the GMFMC's management criteria for yellowtail snapper are the same as for the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council after SEDAR 3 was reviewed by the SSC (Statistical Standing Committee).
** The SAFMC's SSC accepted the SEDAR 3 results from both models (Integrated catch-at-age and fleet-specific catch-at-age) used in the assessment. Because the SSC felt that both models adequately represented the dynamics of the population and fisheries, and neither could be chosen as "better", the SSC chose to average the results of the two models.


### 2.4. Stock Rebuilding Information

The SEDAR 3 assessment found no evidence that the stock of yellowtail snapper was overfished nor was overfishing occurring. Therefore, no stock rebuilding information was required.

### 2.5. Stock Projection Information

There was no requirement for SEDAR 3 to provide projections of the stock biomass or fishing mortality rate in future years.

### 2.6. Quota Calculation Details

Not applicable. Yellowtail snapper are not currently under quota management.

### 2.7. Management and Regulatory Timelines

The following tables provide a timeline for federal and state management actions related to size and bag limits for the yellowtail snapper fishery.

Table 2.7.1 Annual Yellowtail Snapper Regulatory Summary (Size and Bag Limits)

| Year | SAFMC |  | Florida |  | GMFMC |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Minimum size (TL, inches) | Aggregate bag limit | Minimum size (TL, inches) | Aggregate bag limit | Minimum size (TL, inches) | Aggregate bag limit |
| 1982 | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| 1983 | 12 | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| 1984 | 12 | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- | --- |
| 1985 | 12 | --- | 12 | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| 1986 | 12 | ----- | 12 | 10 | ----- | ----- |
| 1987 | 12 | ----- | 12 | 10 | ----- | -- |
| 1988 | 12 | --- | 12 | 10 | ----- | ---- |
| 1989 | 12 | ----- | 12 | 10 | ----- | ----- |
| 1990 | 12 | ----- | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 1991 | 12 | ---- | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 1992 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 1993 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 1994 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 1995 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 1996 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 1997 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 1998 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 1999 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 2000 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 2001 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 2002 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 2003 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 2004 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 2005 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 2006 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 2007 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 2008 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 2009 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |
| 2010 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 12 | 10 |

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GMFMC (Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council). Under development. Amendment 18B to the Reef Fish FMP Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council, 2203 North Lois Avenue, Suite 1100, Tampa, Florida 33607.
GMFMC (Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council) 2001. Generic Amendment Addressing the Establishment of the Tortugas Marine Reserves in the Following Fishery Management Plans of the Gulf of Mexico: Coastal Migratory Pelagics Fishery Management Plan (Amendment 13), Coral and Coral Reefs Fishery Management Plan (Amendment 4), Red Drum Fishery Management Plan (Amendment 4), Reef Fish Fishery Management Plan (Amendment 19), Shrimp Fishery Management Plan (Amendment 12), Spiny Lobster Fishery Management Plan (Amendment 7), Stone Crag Fishery Management Plan (Amendment 8) (includes an IRFA, RIR and a FSEIS) (EFH Amendment 2). Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council, Tampa, Florida. 194 pp.
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SAFMC (South Atlantic Fishery Management Council). 2010. Final Amendment Number 17A for the Snapper Grouper Fishery of the South Atlantic Region with Final Environmental Impact

Statement, Initial Regulatory Flexibility Act Analysis/Regulatory Impact Review, and Social Impact Assessment/Fishery Impact Statement . South Atlantic Fishery Management Council, 4055 Faber Place, Ste 201, North Charleston, S.C. 29405. 375 pp. + XXI + Summary (20 pp.)

## 3. ASSESSMENT HISTORY AND REVIEW

Catches of yellowtail snapper and assessments were reviewed in Huntsman et al. (1992) and Muller et al. (2003) for SEDAR 3. The former used catch curves and yield per recruit analyses to examine stock status with data through 1990, while the latter used an age-structured assessment model (Integrated Catch-at-Age) for estimating stock status with data through 2001. Huntsman et al. (1992) estimated that the first fully recruited age to the fishery was age-3 fish, that fishing mortality in 1988 was 0.28 and in 1990 was 0.48 , and spawning stock per recruit ratio to fishing mortality in 1988 was 0.38 and in 1990 was 0.19 . Muller et al. (2003), in the SEDAR Stock Status Report for Yellowtail Snapper) estimated for 2001 that F was 0.17 and SSB was 4,481 metric tons, that $\mathrm{SSB}_{2001} / \mathrm{SSB}_{\text {MSST }}$ was 1.78 (not overfished) and F2001/FOY was 0.92 (not overfishing). Model estimates for $F$ during 1988 and 1990 were 0.24 and 0.28 (Muller et al. 2003).

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# The 2012 Stock Assessment Report for Yellowtail Snapper in the South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico 

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## Section II: Data Inputs



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#### Abstract

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Equation 5.6.3.1

$$
\begin{equation*}
y=\frac{1}{\left(1+\left(e^{-R *\left(x-L_{50}\right)}\right)\right)} \tag{29}
\end{equation*}
$$

Equation 5.6.3.2

$$
y=\frac{1}{\left(1+\left(e^{-R *\left(x-A_{50}\right)}\right)\right)}
$$

## 4. INTRODUCTION TO DATA INPUTS

### 4.1 TERMS OF REFERENCE

(1) Evaluate precision and accuracy of fishery-dependent and fisheryindependent data used in the assessment:
(a) Discuss data strengths and weaknesses (e.g., temporal and spatial scale, gear selectivities, aging accuracy, sampling intensity).
(b) Report metrics of precision for data inputs and use them to inform the model as appropriate.
(c) Describe and justify index standardization methods.
(d) Justify weighting or elimination of available data sources.
(2) Evaluate models used to estimate population parameters (e.g., $F$, biomass, abundance) and biological reference points.
(a) Did the model have difficulty finding a stable solution?
(b) Were sensitivity analyses for starting parameter values, priors, etc. and other model diagnostics performed?
(c) Have the model strengths and limitations been clearly and thoroughly explained?
(d) Have the models been used in other peer reviewed assessments? If not, has new model code been verified with simulated data?
(e) Compare and discuss differences among alternative models.
(3) State and evaluate assumptions made for all models and explain the likely effects of assumption violations on model outputs, including:
(a) Calculation of natural mortality ( $M$ ).
(b) Choice of selectivity patterns.
(c) Error in the catch-at-age matrix.
(d) Choice of a plus group for age-structured species.
(e) Constant or variable ecosystem (e.g., abiotic) conditions.
(f) Choice of stock-recruitment function.
(g) Choice of reference points (e.g. equilibrium assumptions).
(4) Evaluate uncertainty of model estimates and biological or empirical reference points.
(a) Explain rationale for weighting of likelihood components.
(5) Perform retrospective analyses, assess magnitude and direction of retrospective patterns detected, and discuss implications of any observed retrospective pattern for uncertainty in population parameters (e.g., F, SSB), reference points, and/or management measures.
(6) Recommend stock status as related to reference points.
(7) Develop detailed short and long-term prioritized lists of recommendations for future research, data collection, and assessment methodology. Highlight improvements to be made by next benchmark review.

### 4.2 LIST OF WORKING PAPERS AND DOCUMENTS

| SEDAR27-RD01 | McCarthy, K. 2011a. Commercial vertical line vessel standardized <br> catch rates of yellowtail snapper in southern Florida, 1993-2010. <br> National Marine Fisheries Service, Southeast Fisheries Division. <br> Sustainable Fisheries Division Contribution SFD-2011-015. |
| :--- | :--- |
| SEDAR27-RD02 | McCarthy, K. 2011b. Calculated discards of yellowtail snapper from <br> commercial vertical line fishing vessels in southern Florida. National <br> Marine Fisheries Service, Southeast Fisheries Division. Sustainable <br> Fisheries Division Contribution SFD-2011-016. |
| YTS-RD03 | Chagaris, D. 2011a. Standardized catch rates of yellowtail snapper <br> (Ocyurus chrysurus) from the headboat fishery in southeast Florida <br> and the Florida Keys. |
| YTS-RD04 | Chagaris, D. 2011b. Standardized catch rates of yellowtail snapper <br> (Ocyurus chrysurus) from the Marine Recreational Fisheries <br> Statistics Survey in south Florida, 1981-2010. |

## 5. LIFE HISTORY

### 5.1 OVERVIEW

### 5.1.1 Issues

### 5.2 Review of Working Papers

### 5.3 STOCK DEFINITION AND DESCRIPTION

Nelson et al. (2004) present the taxonomic classification of yellowtail snapper as follows:
Kingdom: Animalia (animals)
Phylum: Chordata (organisms with a notochord)
Subphylum: Vertebrata (animals with a backbone)
Class: Actinopterygii (ray-finned fishes)
Order: Perciformes
Family: Lutjanidae
Genus: Ocyurus Species: chrysurus (Bloch 1791)

Common names: yellowtail snapper (English), rubia (Spanish) , la colirrubia [Puerto Rico; Figuerola et al. (1998)], pargo canane [Mexico; Mexicano-Cíntora (1993)], la rabirrubia [Mexico; Rincón-Sandoval et al. (2010)], and probably others.

Issues with identification: none. This species is readily recognizable, with a yellow lateral stripe and deeply forked yellow tail (Fig. 5.11.1). Yellowtail snapper may associate for feeding purposes (e.g., Sikkel and Hardison 1992) with schools of yellow goatfish [Mulloidichthys martinicus (Cuvier 1829)] which are superficially similar in appearance but are easily distinguishable. Historically, "yellowtail" was used for reporting commercial landings of silver perch (Bairdiella chrysura) only in 1923 on Florida’s east coast (U.S. Bureau of Fisheries, 1925) but for Florida's west coast and for other states bordering the Gulf of Mexico the "yellowtail" reporting category referred to yellowtail snapper (e.g., U.S. Bureau of Fisheries, 1904, 1920, 1926, and later).

### 5.3.1 STOCK STRUCTURE/DEFINITION

The yellowtail snapper (Ocyurus chrysurus) fishery is managed in the US by the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council (SAFMC) and the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council (GMFMC) as separate stock units with the boundary essentially being U.S. Highway 1 in the Florida Keys west to the Dry Tortugas (Fig. 5.11.2). Additionally, the State of Florida participates in the management of this species in state waters. Other states in the SAFMC and GMFMC jurisdictions defer to the federal management regulations for this species. Muller et al. (SEDAR 3; 2003), using data from genetic analyses available at the time (Hoffman et al. 2003), treated yellowtail snapper in the SAFMC and GMFMC jurisdictions as a single stock for assessment purposes. This assessment will continue SEDAR 3's treatment of southeastern US yellowtail snapper as a single stock for assessment purposes (see also Section 5.3.3. Larval transport / connectivity).

### 5.3.2 Population genetics

Yellowtail snapper occur in the Western Atlantic Ocean from the Atlantic Coast of Brazil to the Atlantic Coast of the US (Fig. 5.11.3). Yellowtail snapper from southeastern US waters (Fig. 5.11.4) are believed to belong to a single stock. Mitochondrial DNA and microsatellite DNA from this species collected in seven locations in southern Florida and Puerto Rico analyzed by Hoffman et al. (2003) found little evidence of population structuring between the Florida Keys, southeast Florida, and Puerto Rico (Hoffman et al. 2003). However, there was evidence of isolation by distance between southern Florida and Puerto Rico specimens. Vasconcellos et al. (2008) compared mitochondrial DNA and morphometrics between specimens collected off of Brazil and Belize. They found that the Brazilian populations appear to be from a single stock but that there were significant genetic differences between the specimens collected in Brazil and Belize. Recently, Saillant et al. (2012) examined yellowtail snapper collected from the Florida Keys, Puerto Rico, and the US Virgin Islands (USVI). Their findings add further support for a single stock of yellowtail snapper off of southern Florida with restricted gene flow to or from eastern Caribbean populations in Puerto Rico and the USVI, and their findings also indicate that yellowtail snapper collected from locations around St. Croix may represent a separate stock. Unfortunately, there has been no comparison available regarding the genetics of yellowtail snapper specimens from the western Caribbean [e.g., Belize, Yucatan Peninsula and the Campeche Banks] with those in the Florida Keys.

### 5.3.3 LARVAL TRANSPORT/CONNECTIVITY

There are no empirical studies of the transport of yellowtail snapper larvae in US or Caribbean waters. High resolution ocean circulation modeling (see Cowen et al. 2000) by Paris et al. (2005) of the transport of larvae of four other snapper species with similar larval durations suggests a low probability ( $\sim 1 \%$ connectivity) of larvae from the western Caribbean (particularly from south of Cuba) reaching US waters. The velocity and pattern of flow of the Caribbean Current, Florida Current, and Loop Current (Gyory et al. 2008a, b; Fig. 5.11.5) and the locations of source areas (e.g., shelf areas in the Caribbean and Gulf of Mexico, Fig. 5.11.6) which could supply larvae are possible but not favorable for providing larvae of those four species of snappers (and probably others such as yellowtail snapper) to the Florida Keys. Data on stock structure/population genetics (previous section) suggest that the movements of adults between areas in the eastern Caribbean Sea and South Florida are limited, and one could conclude that the majority of larvae in each of these areas probably came from adults occupying those areas (i.e., local production of recruits). Cowen et al. $(2000,2006)$ suggest that most ecologically relevant recruitment occurs over distances of $10-100 \mathrm{~km}$ in distance. Hydrodynamic models that incorporate larval behaviors suggest that propagule emigration from Cuba (particularly from northeast and north central regions) to southeastern Florida could occur, but that the contribution is low in terms of the total number of advected larvae over the planktonic larval duration of ca. 30 days (Lindeman et al. 2001; Paris et al. 2005). Based on drifter studies (Figure 5.11.7) and the duration of the larval stage of yellowtail snapper (approximately 3-4 weeks), some low level of recruitment from the western Caribbean (e.g., Yucatan Peninsula, Campeche Banks) to the Florida Keys via the Loop Current may also be possible. Because the possibility of recruitment from Cuba and the Western Caribbean appears low, the unit stock of yellowtail snapper for this assessment is
considered at the functional population level, and is defined as the total number of individuals that use waters within the jurisdiction of the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council and the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council.

### 5.3.4 DISTRIBUTION

Yellowtail snapper, Ocyurus chrysurus, are a tropical reef species endemic to waters of the tropical Western Atlantic Ocean (Fig. 5.11.3). This species ranges from Massachusetts to southeastern Brazil, including the Gulf of Mexico and Caribbean Sea (Fisher 1979; Kaschner et al. 2010). They are abundant in coral reef areas in waters off of south Florida, Bahamas, and the Caribbean (Manooch and Drennon 1987). In the western hemisphere, yellowtail snapper are harvested in relatively large quantities in Brazil, Mexico (chiefly off the Campeche Banks, Yucatan), and the United States (see Table 6.8.1). In continental US waters, this species is primarily found associated with reefs and is commonly caught in the Florida Keys and southeastern Florida [McClellan and Cummings 1998, Acosta and Beaver 1998; see Sections 6 (Commercial Statistics) and 7 (Recreational Statistics)].

### 5.4 MORTALITY

### 5.4.1 NATURAL MORTALITY

Yellowtail snapper natural mortality was estimated assuming that the instantaneous natural mortality (M) was inversely related to fish length (Lorenzen 2005). Yellowtail snapper appeared from analyses of ages in the catch to be fully vulnerable to fishing gears by age 3. This relation (Fig. 5.11.8) was scaled so that the cumulative instantaneous rate predicted during ages 3-20 agreed with the cumulative rate over these same ages calculated from a constant mortality-at-age estimate derived from maximum age (Hoenig 1983; known max. age = 23 years). Natural mortality-at-age (i.e., age-specific M) of yellowtail snapper was assumed constant over time.

Length-at-age required for this analysis was predicted using a von Bertalanffy growth model. Assuming a hatching date of June 1, this function was fit to observed age and length data (Fig. 5.11.9; Section 5.5.3 Age and Growth) using a truncated normal likelihood to account for size limit effects and included a changing variance of length data across ages (Diaz et al. 2004).

No attempt was made to include episodic types of natural mortality (red tides, cold kills, etc.) into this assessment because there were no data on which to base such modifications to M. Red tide blooms are more commonly seen on Florida's Gulf Coast and usually occur well north of the Florida Keys and away from the center of the distribution of yellowtail snapper. Cold stuns and kills from water temperatures of perhaps $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or lower (see discussion in Gilmore et al. 1978), while infrequent, may occur once or twice a decade in Florida. Species of fish in Florida waters differ in their ability to tolerate cold waters and the rapidity and duration of a temperature decline. There was an account of a cold kill during late January, 1940 (Galloway, 1941) noting that large numbers of many species including yellowtail snapper washed ashore in Key West after water temperature dropped below $14^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. In other accounts of cold kill events in Florida (even in the Florida Keys; Miller, 1940), either a listing of the species affected was not given (e.g., Packard

1871, Finch 1917) or yellowtail snapper were not mentioned explicitly [see discussions in Storey and Gudger (1936) and Snelson and Bradley (1977)].

### 5.4.2 RELEASE MORTALITY

Data on the release mortality of yellowtail snapper are scarce. SEDAR 3 (2003) used a $30 \%$ release mortality rate based upon the MRFSS B1 fish (fish not measured by field samplers for various reasons including fish that were released dead during the fishing trip) and rough calculations from a small amount of discard data in commercial log books (Poffenberger 2003) for the all of the modeled fisheries (commercial, MRFSS, and Head Boat), and the review panel recommended that studies of discards should be conducted to resolve this lack of data. The NMFS’ Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey (MRFSS) has regularly collected anglerreported data on dead discards (included with their "Type B1" fish) and live released fish ("Type B2") since 1981, though there were scant few records of the B1 fish listed as discarded dead (i.e., nearly $100 \%$ of the yellowtail snapper were reported to have been released alive by intercepted recreational anglers). The NMFS Beaufort Head Boat Survey has collected reports of live and dead discards from head boat captains on their vessel catch logs beginning in 2004. The NMFS Coastal Log Books have required a sample of commercial fishermen to report the quantity of fish discarded by species beginning in 2002 (see McCarthy 2011b), but estimates of release mortality come from trips with at-sea observers on board. There are general concerns about self-reported data and bycatch reporting because of issues such as recall bias, prestige bias, rounding (i.e., digit bias, "dozens", tens, etc.), and perhaps a perception by some fishermen that the accurate reporting of bycatch or discards may lead to future management actions and reduced levels of allowable catch.

There have been no studies on the delayed mortality of yellowtail snapper after release from fishing gears, but there are programs which collect information on the observable condition of fish immediately after release. The NMFS at-sea observers gather information on released fish from commercial long line and bandit reel reef fish trips and note release condition of fish. However, released yellowtail snapper are uncommon on those few observed trips (Ms. Lori Hale, National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) Panama City Laboratory, personal communication). A new source of data collected by biologists on at-sea trips on head boat has accumulated recently, and it represents a more direct and unbiased source of several types of release data such as the size-at-release and the release mortality immediately observable after the release of fish off of Florida’s Gulf Coast [funded during 2005-2007 by the Gulf States Marine Fisheries Commission’s Fisheries Information Network (FIN) program] and off Florida’s Atlantic Coast [funded during 2005-2010 by the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission’s Atlantic Coastal Cooperative Statistics Program (ACCSP)].

At-sea samplers were randomly assigned to ride head boats and observe (and interview) recreational anglers according to protocols established by the MRFSS. Samplers monitor a number of anglers fishing and identify and measure (if possible) fish caught by the angler that would be released. After measurement, the sampler returns the fish to the angler and observes and records information about the release of the fish such as the reason for release, release condition of the fish, and whether the fish was able to swim down from the surface after release. Notes regarding predation (by birds, marine mammals, or other fish) on released fish were also part of
the scoring. Samplers attempted to observe all releases from anglers that they followed during the fishing trip. After the fishing trip, the samplers identified and measured as many of the landed fish as possible, and interviewed the anglers using the typical MRFSS survey forms. At-sea measurement forms and MRFSS survey forms were linked to each angler using a unique identification code. Only completed interviews (completed interview forms with all fish landed or released) are allowed by the MRFSS for at-sea sampling, so the data gathered by the samplers are a complete description of an angler's catch from the trip. Fish kept or released, even if undersized and/or used for bait or fed to birds or marine mammals, were scored on the forms by the samplers.

A total of 1,364 MRFSS at-sea sampling trips were completed under the FIN and ACCSP programs from 2005-2010, and yellowtail snapper were seen by samplers in all but the NW Florida region. Yellowtail snapper were more usually observed on head boat trips in the Florida Keys, SE FL, and the southern portion of SW FL region (Table 5.10.1). Most (97-100\%) fish released alive and observed by the at-sea samplers were below the 12" TL minimum size limit. About 50\% (36$83 \%$; Type B2/Total Catch) of the yellowtail snapper caught were released alive on trips in the Florida Keys when an at-sea sampler was present, and $99 \%$ of the released fish observed were below the size limit based upon at-sea measurements by the samplers. Released yellowtail snapper from SW Florida and SE Florida were about 23\% (19-26\%) and 15\% (11-27\%) of the total catch, respectively, and $97 \%$ from both regions were observed to be undersized (Table 5.10.1). There were some measured undersized fish caught that were not released but rather were used for bait or fed to birds, and there were some measured legal-sized fish that were released by anglers stating that they thought the fish was undersized. Whether to release or keep a fish was a decision left up to an angler, and the coding of the reason for the release was determined by the angler's response.

The inferred release condition of a fish was scored by samplers after observing the fish for a short time after the fish was released back into the water by the angler. The releases recorded by the samplers were totaled by condition code to estimate the immediate release mortality for yellowtail snapper (Table 5.10.2). Fish that swam down immediately or during the time they were observed by the sampler (even if somewhat "disoriented" were assumed to have survived the encounter with the fishing gear. Those fish that were "very disoriented, remained at surface", were "dead/unresponsive", or that were "eaten by bird/fish/marine mammal" were an estimate of the immediate release mortality rate for yellowtail snapper fished from head boats. Yellowtail snapper released by head boat anglers in the Florida Keys/SW FL regions had an immediate release mortality rate of about $4.5 \%$, and those fish released by head boat anglers in SE FL/NE FL regions had an immediate release mortality rate of $10.5 \%$ (Table 5.10.2) possibly as a result of deeper depths of capture in SE FL compared with the areas normally fished in the Keys and SW Florida (Fig. 5.11.10). A rate of $10 \%$ release mortality was chosen as an approximation for the lower bound on release mortality for yellowtail snapper, and sensitivity runs using release mortality rates of $20 \%$ and $30 \%$ should be considered to account for any delayed mortality after encounter with hook and line fishing gears. It is also necessary to consider that the extra handling for the measurement of released fish may also be contributing to the observed immediate release mortality.

### 5.4.3 SIZE OF KEPT AND RELEASED FISH FROM AT-SEA SAMPLING

The size frequencies of kept and released (alive and dead) yellowtail snapper observed during at-sea sampling of head boats in recent years show that nearly all of the fish kept by anglers on head boats are of legal size (Table 5.10.3; Fig. 5.11.11) and that most of the releases were undersized and were alive at the time of release (Table 5.10.4; Fig. 5.11.12). The proportions of released fish at size appear relatively similar for live and dead releases in that the most frequent size classes of live releases were also the most frequent in the dead releases. Small sample sizes for the dead releases by size class make rigorous comparisons of the size distributions more difficult especially on the Atlantic Coast.

### 5.5 AGE AND GROWTH

### 5.5.1 Available age data and alternative procedures

Sectioned otoliths are the preferred structures for aging yellowtail snapper (Johnson 1983, Manooch and Drennon 1987, Garcia et al. 2003). Data (Table 5.10.5) from 9,107 otoliths from 1980-2002 analyzed by Garcia et al. (2003), Barbieri and Colvocoresses (2003), and for SEDAR 3 (2003) were available for this assessment, as well as 12,129 otoliths collected from yellowtail snapper during 2001-2010 by various federal and state biologists involved in the southeastern region fishery dependent [Trip Interview Program (TIP), Head Boat Survey (HBS), and MRFSS] and fishery independent (FWRI’s Fisheries Independent Monitoring and Fish Biology) data collection programs. A few otoliths were collected from other sources such as the Louisiana Department of Fish and Wildlife. Otoliths were chiefly obtained from the NMFS' Panama City and Beaufort Laboratories, and from the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission’s (FWC) Fish and Wildlife Research Institute (FWRI). Additionally, the Panama City Laboratory sectioned 1,626 otoliths and supplied the age and other biological/field information from these samples. The FWRI Age and Growth Laboratory sectioned 10,503 otoliths and supplied the age information for this assessment. Ages determined from the otoliths and adjusted for collection date by year were used to develop an age-length key (Table 5.10.6) and were applied to the length samples of retained and estimated discards of yellowtail snapper for the separate fleets from each region to construct the proportions at age and estimate the numbers of fish in the catch by size (see section 5.5 .5 ).

The FWRI and Panama City Laboratories use the same criteria for counting annuli, scoring the edge type, and adjusting the annuli counts for providing an age estimate in years. Marginal increment analyses (e.g., Garcia et al. 2003) have validated that yellowtail snapper form an opaque annulus in the spring (typically March-June). Annuli of most snappers (including yellowtail) are easily discerned and present no special challenges for laboratory analyses. The age of specimens was determined from the count of annuli and date of collection, with specimens showing edge types $2 / 3$ or more complete before June 30 adjusted to an age of annuli count+1. Both laboratories use similar quality assurance techniques utilizing multiple readers and otolith metrics for developing consensus among the readers and consistency in the annuli counts and edge data.

Otolith ages were matched with any corresponding field data using one or more reference numbers (using a sample identification number and sometimes a specimen number) in the TIP,

HBS, and FWRI data bases. In some instances field information from the envelopes in which the specimens were stored were consulted. Most data from the fishery dependent field surveys matched well, though roughly $30 \%$ of age data from one survey were unmatched with field data (a combination of sample identifiers and lengths). As a result of the data clean-up process, specimen mismatches fell below 2.5\%. In most instances, labeling of the envelopes with the collection information and perhaps transcription errors in length measurements were the likely causes of the non-matching data. In a small number of cases, the process used for computerizing the information may also have been involved (e.g., a species code entered incorrectly at the time of measurement, minor differences in length measurement versus that written on the envelope, etc.). There may also have been some delay of time between otolith collection and final preparation of the envelopes in some cases which may have contributed to the number of mismatches. There were about 1,000 additional otoliths received in August 2011 collected mainly from recreational anglers during 2009-2010; however, time was not sufficient for processing and including the age and field data for those otoliths in this assessment.

### 5.5.2 MORPHOMETRICS

The management regulations on minimum legal size for yellowtail snapper specifies a 12 " total length (TL), and that the fish can be measured either with the tail flat in its normal shape or with the tips of the tail compressed to its maximum length. Length of yellowtail snapper was largely measured in fork length in most of the data collection programs since this species has a deeply forked tail. In the TIP (samples largely from commercial trips) data bases, specimens may have multiple length measurements recorded such as standard, fork, and total length but FL is most usual for this species. The TIP samplers, when measuring total length, will typically compress the tail so that it produces a "maximum" TL measurement. The MRFSS protocols specify that field samplers measure a "midline" length which corresponds to fork length for yellowtail snapper. The HBS samplers using digital measuring boards mostly measured specimens in total length (measured with the tail in its natural position; Mike Burton and Ken Brennan, NMFS Beaufort Laboratory, personal communication) and over the last several years many are providing fork lengths for some species. The FWRI fishery dependent monitoring program, over the last 11 years, has measured SL, FL, and TL (natural and "max") measurements in order to provide a way of converting between the different measurement methods. SEDAR 3 (2003) treated the head boat TL measurements without correction for the $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {natural }}$ measurement method. This assessment converts all fork length measurements and HB TL measurements (when a FL was not measured) to "maximum" TL (i.e., $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {max }}$ measured with the tail compressed). New length-length (simple linear regression; Table 5.10.7) and length-weight (log-log transformed and nonlinear power function; Table 5.10.8 and Fig. 5.11.13 a,b) equations were developed for this assessment using more recent length and weight data available for this species. The whole weight-FL relationships were developed from MRFSS data (with exclusion of outliers) from 1981-2010, and the nonlinear model was used for length-weight conversions in this assessment. The parameters for the FL-TL conversion equations used in this assessment were functionally similar to those used in SEDAR 3. The two TL measurement methods ("natural" and "maximum") can differ from $10-25 \mathrm{~mm}$ over the range of legal sizes typically encountered by anglers. Also, a comparison of conversion equations provided by Johnson (1983) and Garcia et al. (2003) are included in these tables.

### 5.5.3 MAXIMUM AGE

The maximum observed age of yellowtail snapper based on the markings interpreted from thin sections of sagittal otoliths was 17 years prior to 2005. Seventeen-year-old fish were first collected out of only 299 fish sampled for age in 1980. After an accumulated age sample of nearly 12,000 fish from 1981 through 2004, only four additional 17 year olds had been sampled (Table 5.10.4). Since that time nine yellowtail snapper 20 years old or older have been collected, with a current maximum observed age of 23 years.

### 5.5.4 GROWTH

Length-at-age required for this analysis was predicted using a von Bertalanffy growth model fit to all available length and age data (Fig. 5.11.9a). Ages two through six accounted for about $88 \%$ of the otolith samples (Table 5.10.6) used in these analyses, and had a large effect on the parameters computed for the growth curve using all of the length and age data. This effect can be seen in the additional growth curves (Fig. 5.11.9a) were generated that used a random selection of lengths at age such that there were no more than 10, 20, or 30 length samples pre age depending upon the run. The parameters resulting from the "no more than 30 length samples per age" was selected to represent the growth curve, and these were used in conjunction with estimating age from length used in estimating the age-specific mortality values (see Section 5.4.1 Natural Mortality). Assuming a hatching date of June 1, this function (Fig. 5.11.9) was fit to the observed data using a truncated normal likelihood to account for size limit effects and included age-specific estimates of variance of lengths (Diaz et al. 2004).

### 5.5.5 Age composition of catches

The age composition of the fisheries catch were derived from estimated length composition of the landings and released fish (discards) using age-length keys. There were not sufficient length-age samples from each year, region, and fleet to develop annual fleet-specific age-length keys by coast. Age-length keys (ALK) were developed separately for each year during 1981-2010 and separately for the Gulf of Mexico and South Atlantic regions. The dimensions of the ALK were years 1981-2010 and ages $0-12^{+}$and length classes $\leq 5$ inches total length, 6-23 inches, and $\geq 24$ inches. The few predicted age-0, representing large young-of-the-year during the fall, were pooled with age- 1 fish in a given year (modeled ages $1-12^{+}$in ASAP). Though the number of yellowtail snapper sampled for lengths and ages were fairly large in many years (Table 5.10.5), the age composition of certain length classes with less than six fish sampled for ages in that year and region required some pooling of age composition data across time (5-year periods, or all years) and space (both regions). The minimum of six age samples per length class per year per region accounted for $39 \%$ of the length-class cell observations, each cell being a unique combination of region (2; South Atlantic and gulf), year (30; 1981-2010), and total length inch classes (20 classes, $<=5 ", 6 "-23 ",>=24$ " inches) for a total of 1,200 cells. The minimum sample limit of six ages per length class was chosen so that a minimum amount of pooling, which masks year-classstrengths, was needed. Pooling within region across 5-year periods accounted for data for 336 cells, pooling across all years within region accounted for data in 310 cells, and finally pooling across all years and regions provided age composition information for 90 cells.

For the released fish, the age composition (derived from the lengths of fish released observed by during at-sea sampling and the ALK) during 2005-2010 was applied over the entire 1985-2010 time period for all fleets. It appeared from the size information on the landed portion of the catches that fishermen were observing the 12 " TL minimum size limit to a large extent during those years. The releases during the 1981-1984 time period, for which there was information other than sizes in the landed fish, was modified by assuming that fisherman may have retained fish of 10 " TL and larger.

A second method for estimating the age composition of fishery catches was direct ageing of the fleet landings by year and region (when length-age samples were available) and ageing of the released portion of the catch with the ALK as described in the preceding paragraph as were the total length and age class groupings. The number of fish estimated for each age class was summed for a year across regions. If length-age samples were not available from the fleet landings for each coast by year, the age composition for that year was set to missing (i.e., no information on the age composition for a year from a fleet to inform the model). For released fish, the age composition was estimated only for the 2005-2010 period when there was some at-sea sampling data available (but not for each fleet), and set to missing for 1981-2004.

### 5.5.6 ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

It is worth noting that the reporting of landings and the sampling of retained catch from each of the fleets (commercial, recreational, and head boat) reside in different reporting systems and involve different intercept and sampling strategies. Commercial landings are reported in pounds (assumed to be gutted weight) by dealers in the southeastern U.S. either through monthly dealer surveys (NMFS General Canvass system) or trip tickets (in Florida, beginning in 1986). Sampling of landed catch from commercial vessels is conducted at seafood houses, and data are reported in the Trip Interview Program (TIP) since 1983. Biases (size, sex, and other types of bias) in the sampling of fish from the perspective of the samplers are recorded as part of the interview. There is no attempt to record information about discarded catch, though this information is, in later years (2002-2010), captured in a sample of vessels with log books that include the self-reporting of discards. Recreational landings (in terms of numbers of fish and whole weight) are collected through the NMFS' Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey (MRFSS; now called the Marine Recreational Information Program or "MRIP"), which also collects information on released catch, uses survey techniques to estimate catches based upon sitebased intercepts of anglers in shore-based fishing, private or rental boat fishing, and from for-hire vessels (charter boats, fishing guides, and head boats in some states) and other sources of effort information. The NMFS Southeast Head Boat Survey uses a combination of vessel logs and dockside intercepts to collect information on vessel trips, fishing effort (number of anglers, hours fished, areas fished), and dockside samples of fish caught by head boat anglers to estimate the total landings (number of fish and whole weight by species) and recently estimates of discards and fishing effort in areas of the southeast region.

Each of the reporting systems noted in the previous paragraph required some additional processing to make landings data compatible for each of the fleets with each other and to the data inputs for the model. Commercial data in gutted weight were converted to landings in numbers of
fish using the average number of fish per weight obtained from the TIP sampling. Most of the TIP data for yellowtail snapper was in fork length (FL) with few weight measurements, and if a different length type was measured a conversion to FL was made to enable whole weight estimates. Recreational data (MRFSS) is recorded in terms of numbers (and whole weight) of fish, and measurements for this survey are in "mid-line" length (= FL). The Southeast Head Boat Survey records the number of fish landed (from log books), and dockside sampling provides the data on sizes (typically in total length (TL) with the tail flat, but may also include a FL measurement) and whole weight (if measured). If whole weights were not reported for TIP, MRFSS, or HB samples, the whole weight was estimated from the FL of the specimen. Management regulations for yellowtail snapper specify the minimum size for retention in TL, though it is left up to the fishers' discretion as to whether the tail should lay flat for the measurement or should be compressed for a maximum length. All of the yellowtail snapper data from the different reporting systems were made to conform to numbers (and whole weight) of fish landed by size (TL, with the tail compressed or "max"). The conventions used in this assessment have followed those used in SEDAR 3, with the exception of the relatively minor TL conversion from natural to "max" for the head boat measurements which was not realized to be needed at the time SEDAR 3 was conducted.

### 5.6 REPRODUCTION

### 5.6.1 REPRODUCTIVE CHARACTERISTICS

Yellowtail snapper are gonochoristic (individuals remain the same sex throughout their lifetime) and are multiple (batch) spawners with indeterminate fecundity (Barbieri and Colvocoresses 2003). Claro et al. (2001) classify reproduction in yellowtail snapper as having "discontinuous asynchronous development" of oocytes, where all oocytes that will be spawned by an individual within a reproductive cycle split from those still in the protoplasmic phase. Different batches of oocytes go through vitellogenesis at different times and mature asynchronously, and spawning occurs as each batch completes maturation. An individual spawns all oocytes from a batch in a single month.

### 5.6.2 Spawning season

The months that spawning is known to occur in yellowtail snapper varies throughout the Caribbean Sea and continental US waters. In the Florida Keys, ripe fish have been observed year-round (Collins and Finucane 1989). Spawning may occur in most months of the year, but is most typical during April to August (McClellan and Cummings 1998). During these months, the large aggregations that form are believed to be spawningrelated. Spawning probably occurs in open waters over high-relief hard bottom areas such as coral reefs, banks, and shelf areas, but has not been directly observed. In the Caribbean Sea, spawning may occur year-round in some areas (Grimes 1987, McClellan and Cummings 1998), although in Cuban waters peak spawning is during April with another less intensive peak in September (Claro et al. 2001). Barbieri and Colvocoresses (2003), using chevron traps and hook and line gear, studied several species of snappers including yellowtail off of Tequesta (southeast Florida) and the Florida Keys to examine reproductive
characteristics in those species. The reproductive data resulting from that study were used in SEDAR 3 and were re-analyzed for this assessment.

### 5.6.3 Age/Size at Maturity

Lowerre-Barbieri et al. (2011) discuss a myriad of considerations when estimating the size or age at maturity, and suggest that researchers make careful decisions on the intended use for the estimate. They note that there "is no standard level of gonadal development considered representative of 'mature'", and that the criteria upon which maturity is based should be explicitly stated. Individuals with only primary growth oocytes have been defined as immature (e.g., SEDAR 3 Yellowtail Snapper, SEDAR 15 Mutton Snapper, and SEDAR 19 Black Grouper), while those with cortical alveoli, yolked and/or hydrated oocytes, and minor to moderate atresia were used in this assessment to indicate female reproductive maturity (Table 5.10.9). Hunter and Macewisc (1985, 2003) recommended that, when examining maturity in a species, specimens should be examined from the early part of the spawning season in order to maximize the proportion of individuals that may be undergoing maturation while minimizing the number of individuals which may have already spawned and are difficult to distinguish from immature individuals.

Following the recommendations of Hunter and Macewicz $(1985,2003)$ the data (Barbieri and Colvocoresses 2003) on the reproductive stage of gonads (assessed histologically) from the peak spawning period (April-October) formerly used in SEDAR 3 were re-evaluated for the purposes of generating a size- and age- based maturation schedule for female Ocyurus chrysurus. Gonad maturity stages (GMS; Table 5.10.9) were assigned a maturity value of 1 if greater than stage 1 and a value of zero if GMS=1 (immature, primary oocytes only present or sex undetermined due to lack of development). These data were fit to a logistic regression that explicitly provides estimates of both the slope (R) and proportion at $50 \%$ of the maximum value (Quinn and DeRiso 1999; PROC NLIN, SAS ver 9.2):
for length:
Equation 5.6.3.1

$$
y=\frac{1}{\left(1+\left(e^{-R^{*}\left(x-L_{50}\right)}\right)\right)},
$$

or, for age:
Equation 5.6.3.2

$$
y=\frac{1}{\left(1+\left(e^{-R *\left(x-A_{50}\right)}\right)\right)}
$$

where $y$ is the proportion mature, $\mathrm{L}_{50}$ or $\mathrm{A}_{50}$ is the point at which $50 \%$ of individuals are mature, and $x$ is equal to either length or age depending upon the equation used. Analyses were restricted to fishes that were collected during the spawning season (i.e., if an individual were to mature were to occur, maturity would most likely be observed during the peak spawning months). Both models (for length-at-maturity and age-at-maturity) were significant and explained the majority of variance in the data (Tables 5.10.10.a, b). Alternatively, SEDAR 3 used a logistic model without the direct solution for $\mathrm{L}_{50}$ or $\mathrm{A}_{50}$ values, and $\mathrm{L}_{50}$ and $\mathrm{A}_{50}$ estimates were derived using the ratio of the intercept to the slope from the model (e.g., SAS Proc Logistic).

In Florida waters, fifty percent of females achieved sexual maturity at 232 mm $\mathrm{TL}_{\max }$ (about 193 mm FL) and 1.7 years of age (Table 5.10.10(a) and (b) respectively). The age at $50 \%$ maturity from the logistic model used in this assessment is consistent with that used in SEDAR 3 (2003), but the length at $50 \%$ maturity estimated for SEDAR 3 from the same specimens and same histological criteria using another logistic model (SAS Proc Logistic) was 209 mm TL max (about 180 mm FL). Because the assessment used the age at $50 \%$ maturity, the minor differences between these solutions for $L_{50}$ (see previous paragraph) are unimportant for the assessment model. These values are somewhat smaller and younger compared with data (macroscopic determinations only, not histological) from Cuba, as Claro et al. (2001) report a mean size at maturity for this species to be 250 mm FL (ca. 308 mm TL max ) and 2 years of age. Using histological criteria and specimens of $O$. chrysurus from all or most months of the year, Figuerola et al. (1998), reported a $L_{50}$ of 224 mm FL (ca. 275 mm TL max ) in waters off of Puerto Rico, and Trejo-Martínez et al. (2011) estimated a $\mathrm{L}_{50}$ of 213 mm FL (ca. $261 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{TL}_{\max }$ ) for this species from the Yucatan's Campeche Banks.

Cummings (2004) provides a comprehensive summary of the biological information on yellowtail snapper, and references other works on estimates of size at maturity particularly in the Caribbean. Maturity estimates for specimens from SE FL and the FL Keys (Barbieri and Colvocoresses 2003) are smaller and a little younger than estimated elsewhere in the Caribbean and Gulf of Mexico. The differences between the estimates of size and age at maturity between studies may be due to the analytical methods employed [e.g., histological versus macroscopic determinations and which gonad maturity stages were classed as mature (Lowerre-Barbieri et al. 2011), whether all specimens from a yearround study were used versus only those collected from the peak spawning period (Hunter and Macewicz 1985, 2003), sample sizes available, etc.].

### 5.6.4 FECUNDITY

Estimates of fecundity in yellowtail snapper were not used for this assessment, but there were estimates available (as cited in Cummings 2004) from Piedra (1969; 4 specimens), Collins and Finucane (1989), de Albornoz and Grillo (1993; 60 specimens). Rather than using fecundity estimates directly (which was an option if sufficient data were available), the ASAP model was configured to use female spawning stock biomass adjusted for total mortality for each age and year prior to the starting month defined for the spawning season, the maturity schedule, and average weight at age of individuals to
calculate spawning stock biomass (SSB), the spawner-recruit relationship, and the estimated recruitment. Female SSB was used to calculate the spawning potential ratios and other management reference points dependent on SSB (NOAA Fisheries Toolbox, 2011).

### 5.6.5 SEX Ratio

Sex ratios in yellowtail snapper populations may be approximately equal in most months (see discussion in Cummings 2004). Grimes (1987) cites studies from Jamaica and Cuba showing male:female ratios of 1:1.3 and 1:1.4, and 1:1.04 in the Florida Keys. The sex ratio for yellowtail snapper specimens captured on the Campeche Banks was not significantly different from 1:1 (Trejo-Martínez et al. 2011).

### 5.6.6 DISTRIBUTION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF SPAWNING AGGREGATIONS

Large spawning aggregations are reported to form seasonally off the coasts of Cuba, the Turks and Caicos Islands, U.S. Virgin Islands, and during May-July southwest of Key West, FL, at Riley's Hump off of the Dry Tortugas (Lindeman et al. 2000). Spawning appears to take place from late afternoon through the evening hours over open waters, and the planktonic eggs are buoyant (i.e., they contain an oil droplet that allows them to float).

### 5.7 HABITATS AND MOVEMENTS

### 5.7.1 EFH, HABITAT QUALITY AND ONTOGENETIC SHIFTS

In Florida waters, yellowtail snapper are reported in spawning condition from April to August (Allen 1985). The pelagic eggs are buoyant and hatch within 24 hours (Bortone and Williams 1986), and the sparsely pigmented planktonic larvae are largely transparent (Clarke et al. 1997). Settlement of larvae into seagrass habitats occurs around 3-4 weeks after hatching (Bortone and Williams 1986) when the larvae reach about 20 mm SL (Bartels and Ferguson 2006). Larvae can reach this length around 24 days after hatching. Settlement is typically in habitats particularly with seagrasses, and juveniles smaller than 150 mm FL are found primarily in seagrasses, moving to shallow coral reef areas as they grow larger (Nagelkerken et al. 2000).

### 5.7.2 Movements and migrations

Lindeholm et al. (2005) used acoustic tags to monitor movements of 9 yellowtail snapper (and 5 black grouper, also) in the Conch Reef Research Area in the northern Florida Keys during November 2001 in order to characterize site fidelity and other movement behaviors. The longest time at liberty for yellowtail snapper was 237 days, and shortest was two days. Six fish were tracked in the Conch Reef area for over five months. Five of the nine tagged yellowtail snapper were tracked to another reef (Davis reef), over 4 km away, immediately after release. All of those fish returned to Conch Reef within 24 hours of release. Only one fish re-visited Davis reef (on three occasions) during the seventh month (June, 2002) after tagging. For most of the study, the fish were monitored in the vicinity of Conch Reef. Although only a few fish were tagged in this study, the authors concluded that there were indications for site fidelity in yellowtail snapper. This finding was contrary to their expectations of low site fidelity because of their observations that
yellowtail snapper form transient aggregations in the water column at Conch Reef and often move out of visual range. In a study of small no-take reserves four years after their designation in the Florida Keys (Bohnsack and Ault 2002), densities of yellowtail snapper increased 15 -fold within the reserves. Their findings of such a large increase in densities over a short time span may also suggest some level of site fidelity for yellowtail snapper recruiting to the no-take reserves.

### 5.8 ADEQUACY OF DATA FOR ASSESSMENT ANALYSES (COMMENTS)

At present, genetic analyses were sufficient to support a single stock for yellowtail snapper in U.S. southeast region. The extent of linkage of the U.S. population with the Campeche Banks has not been studied, however. The known maximum age of yellowtail snapper in U.S. waters has been lengthened from 23 years from the 17 years through additional sampling of commercial and recreational catches after SEDAR 3(2003), and is sufficient to provide an estimate of natural mortality using a variety of methods. It may be likely that even older individuals may be found in the future. Studies on released fish including yellowtail snapper using at-sea sampling methods during 2005-2007 in the Florida Keys and southwest Florida and from 2005-2010 off the Atlantic Coast of Florida on head boats are sufficient to provide a rough estimation of immediate release mortality and the sizes released. The use of these data to provide estimates for commercial and other types of recreational fishing relies on the assumption that catches from the unstudied fleets are similar in size spectrum and that immediate release mortalities are similar at least in the other recreational fishing modes (shore-based, private/rental boats, and charter vessels). The estimate of release mortality (11.5\%) from commercial vessels was based upon self-reported data from these vessels, which is not dissimilar from release mortality observed off southeastern Florida over the 2005-2010 period, but is about twice the estimate observed in the Florida Keys during 2005-2007. Curiously, there were practically no records of dead discards from the MRFSS data, and all releases were reported as "live". There were no known studies of delayed mortality of released yellowtail snapper.

Age sampling was sufficient to generate a growth curve and annual age-length keys (ALK) by coast, though there was some filling required for some length classes for the ALK, but was not sufficient to generate fleet-specific age-length keys by coast. This may not be a particular issue with yellowtail snapper, as commercial and recreational (including head boats) vessels may be fishing in similar areas and depths throughout the reef habitats used by this species. There was a large overlap in lengths at age for the ages (1-12+) used in the model, and a large overlap in the length frequencies observed in the landings of each fleet. There were usually enough measured lengths from dockside sampling in most years to generate length compositions directly from the data. Gaps in the length sampling data and how they were filled are discussed in the appropriate sections (following) for each fleet modeled.

Age sampling for some fleets was a little sparse by coast, but was available for use in direct ageing of the landings by fleets particularly in the later years. No yellowtail snapper otoliths were sampled from the commercial fleets during 1981-1991 for the Atlantic coast, and 1982-1991 for the gulf coast. No yellowtail snapper otoliths from recreational fishing modes sampled by the MRFSS were collected from 1981-2001. (Note: The MRFSS does not allow otolith sampling in the regular MRFSS interviews for catch and effort. Separate add-on surveys, such as those funded under the MRFSS, GMFMC's RecFIN and FIN programs and the ACCSP's biological sampling,
allow for otolith sampling.) No yellowtail snapper otoliths were collected by the Southeast Head Boat Survey in 1993 and 2002-2003 on the Atlantic Coast, and none on the gulf coast were collected from 1985, 1987, 1990, 1992-1993, 1996-1999, and 2001. No age composition information from a fleet's landings for a year were available to the model if there were no otoliths sampled on either coast. The ASAP2 model uses the fleet age compositions provided to assess the fit of the model to the data, and it for allows time periods where there were no data available.

Sex ratio and spawning season information was sufficient for use, as was the age and size at maturity. There were differences in size and age at maturity with published literature, but these differences were likely a function of the type of study (macroscopic versus histological), the histological stages used and the months/seasons (all year versus peak of the spawning season) included in the maturity model.

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### 5.10 TABLES

Table 5.10.1 Number of yellowtail snapper harvested and released alive by head boat anglers during at-sea sampling trips in Florida. Released fish partitioned by release code. Dead fish released are counted as harvested fish following the MRFSS survey protocols. Some released fish ("Type B2") were not seen by the at-sea samplers, and in most cases only a limited number of anglers were followed by the at-sea samplers on a trip.

| Yellowtail snapper |  |  | Harvested |  | Released alive <br> Type B2 | Total Catch$\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B} 1+\mathrm{B} 2$ | release not observed | Observed released fish |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Year | Observed Trips | $\begin{gathered} \text { Type } \\ \text { A } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Type B1 |  |  |  | Dead releases | Total <br> Alive | Number < 12" TL minimum | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Number } \\ >=12 " \text { TL } \\ \text { limit } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| NW FL | 2005 | 56 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | 2006 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | 2007 | 55 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Total | 159 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SW FL | 2005 | 96 | 535 | 21 | 194 | 750 | 6 | 10 | 89 | 86 | 3 |
|  | 2006 | 107 | 790 | 23 | 245 | 1,058 | 7 | 20 | 168 | 165 | 3 |
|  | 2007 | 91 | 669 | 7 | 164 | 840 | 4 | 7 | 75 | 72 | 3 |
|  | Total | 294 | 1,994 | 51 | 603 | 2,648 | 17 | 37 | 332 | 323 | 9 |
| FL Keys | 2005 | 39 | 653 | 72 | 543 | 1,268 | 4 | 25 | 451 | 450 | 1 |
|  | 2006 | 58 | 1,097 | 45 | 650 | 1,792 | 25 | 40 | 615 | 608 | 7 |
|  | 2007 | 55 | 2,109 | 316 | 750 | 3,175 | 37 | 72 | 591 | 579 | 12 |
|  | Total | 152 | 3,859 | 433 | 1943 | 6,235 | 66 | 137 | 1,657 | 1,637 | 20 |
| SE FL | 2005 | 99 | 561 | 16 | 111 | 688 | 1 | 16 | 111 | 109 | 2 |
|  | 2006 | 71 | 356 | 2 | 48 | 406 | 1 | 2 | 48 | 47 | 1 |
|  | 2007 | 71 | 445 | 7 | 58 | 510 | 2 | 7 | 52 | 50 | 2 |
|  | 2008 | 76 | 190 | 6 | 74 | 270 | 1 | 6 | 74 | 70 | 4 |
|  | 2009 | 77 | 270 | 8 | 47 | 325 | 4 | 8 | 47 | 47 | 0 |
|  | 2010 | 72 | 301 | 12 | 40 | 353 | 2 | 9 | 40 | 39 | 1 |
| Total |  | 466 | 2,123 | 51 | 378 | 2,552 | 11 | 48 | 372 | 362 | 10 |
| NE FL | 2005 | 51 | 43 | 0 | 14 | 57 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 14 | 0 |
|  | 2006 | 39 | 8 | 0 | 3 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 |
|  | 2007 | 50 | 52 | 1 | 8 | 61 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 7 | 0 |
|  | 2008 | 53 | 29 | 2 | 7 | 38 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 7 | 0 |
|  | 2009 | 52 | 15 | 2 | 1 | 18 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
|  | 2010 | 49 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total |  | 294 | 151 | 5 | 33 | 189 | 5 | 5 | 32 | 32 | 0 |

*FL Gulf of Mexcio Coast: NW FL = Escambia-Dixie, SW FL = Levy-Collier, FL Keys = Monroe
FL Atlantic Coast: NE FL = Nassau-Brevard, SE FL=Indian River - Miami-Dade

Table 5.10.2 Released fish observed by at-sea samplers (MRFSS) on head boats, 2005-2010, by release condition in southeast Florida (a) and the Florida Keys/SW FL regions (b), and average depth fished on at-sea sampled head boat trips with catches of yellowtail snapper (c).
a. SE FL (2005-2010)

|  |
| :--- |

b. FL Keys and SW FL (2005-2007)

c. Average depths fished on at-sea sampled head boat trips with catches of yellowtail snapper

|  |  | At-sea sampling |  | Average depth fished |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | Trips with |  |  |  |
|  | Years | Total Trips | yellowtail snapper | feet | meters |
| NW FL (Escambia - Dixie) | $2005-2007$ | 161 | 0 | n.a. | n.a. |
| SW FL (Levy - Collier) | $2005-2007$ | 294 | 34 | 88.7 | 27.0 |
| FL Keys (Monroe) | $2005-2007$ | 152 | 85 | 54.0 | 16.5 |
| SE FL (Indian River - Miami-Dade) | $2005-2010$ | 466 | 38 | 95.9 | 29.2 |
| NE FL (Nassau - Brevard) | $2005-2010$ | 294 | 63 | 96.5 | 29.4 |

Table 5.10.3 Number and sizes of yellowtail snapper kept by anglers on at-sea sampling trips in south Florida during 2005-2010 (Atlantic Coast) and 2005-2007 (Gulf Coast ).
a.) Atlantic Coast, yellowtail snapper kept by anglers on at-sea sampling trips

| TL (inch class, <br> minimum) | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | Total |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 10 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| 11 | 18 | 16 | 27 | 5 | 16 | 8 | 90 |
| 12 | 76 | 64 | 94 | 54 | 55 | 51 | 394 |
| 13 | 84 | 117 | 124 | 49 | 69 | 72 | 515 |
| 14 | 97 | 81 | 80 | 29 | 55 | 62 | 404 |
| 15 | 118 | 48 | 69 | 28 | 46 | 52 | 361 |
| 16 | 99 | 15 | 57 | 29 | 20 | 28 | 248 |
| 17 | 49 | 10 | 23 | 11 | 15 | 10 | 118 |
| 18 | 25 | 3 | 12 | 3 | 4 | 8 | 55 |
| 19 | 16 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 8 | 30 |
| 20 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 9 |
| 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 587 | 358 | 492 | 217 | 281 | 305 | 2240 |

b.) Gulf Coast, yellowtail snapper kept by anglers on at-sea sampling trips

| TL (inch class, minimum) | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  | 1 |
| 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |
| 9 | 4 | 0 | 4 |  |  |  | 8 |
| 10 | 4 | 4 | 2 |  |  |  | 10 |
| 11 | 21 | 40 | 40 |  |  |  | 101 |
| 12 | 99 | 262 | 275 |  |  |  | 636 |
| 13 | 105 | 339 | 441 |  |  |  | 885 |
| 14 | 128 | 204 | 408 |  |  |  | 740 |
| 15 | 111 | 133 | 364 |  |  |  | 608 |
| 16 | 97 | 87 | 229 |  |  |  | 413 |
| 17 | 63 | 65 | 144 |  |  |  | 272 |
| 18 | 32 | 25 | 61 |  |  |  | 118 |
| 19 | 20 | 17 | 36 |  |  |  | 73 |
| 20 | 17 | 13 | 17 |  |  |  | 47 |
| 21 | 16 | 10 | 8 |  |  |  | 34 |
| 22 | 10 | 6 | 3 |  |  |  | 19 |
| 23 | 2 | 1 | 3 |  |  |  | 6 |
| 24 | 3 | 2 | 0 |  |  |  | 5 |
| 25 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  | 1 |
| 31 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  | 1 |
| Total | 732 | 1211 | 2035 |  |  |  | 3978 |

Table 5.10.4 Number and sizes of yellowtail snapper released live or dead by anglers on at-sea sampling trips in south Florida during 2005-2010 (Atlantic Coast) and 2005-2007 (Gulf Coast).
a.) Atlantic Coast, yellowtail snapper released by anglers on at-sea sampling trips

| TL (inch class, <br> minimum) | Live <br> Releases <br> (numbers) | Dead Releases <br> (numbers) | all releases <br> (numbers) | Live <br> Releases <br> (proportions) | Dead <br> Releases <br> (proportions) | all Releases <br> (proportions) |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0.0000 | 0.0213 | 0.0022 |
| 7 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0.0101 | 0.0000 | 0.0090 |
| 8 | 27 | 1 | 28 | 0.0678 | 0.0213 | 0.0629 |
| 9 | 61 | 5 | 66 | 0.1533 | 0.1064 | 0.1483 |
| 10 | 117 | 18 | 135 | 0.2940 | 0.3830 | 0.3034 |
| 11 | 155 | 18 | 173 | 0.3894 | 0.3830 | 0.3888 |
| 12 | 27 | 3 | 30 | 0.0678 | 0.0638 | 0.0674 |
| 13 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0.0075 | 0.0213 | 0.0090 |
| 14 | 2 | 0 | 0.0050 | 0.0000 | 0.0045 |  |
| 15 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0.0050 | 0.0000 | 0.0045 |
| 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 18 | 0 | 47 | 445 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |

b.) Gulf Coast, yellowtail snapper released by anglers on at-sea sampling trips

| TL (inch class, <br> minimum) | Live <br> Releases <br> (numbers) | Dead Releases <br> (numbers) | all releases <br> (numbers) | Live <br> Releases <br> (proportions) | Dead <br> Releases <br> (proportions) | all Releases <br> (proportions) |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 5 | 7 | 0 | 7 | 0.0036 | 0.0000 | 0.0034 |
| 6 | 8 | 2 | 10 | 0.0041 | 0.0220 | 0.0049 |
| 7 | 60 | 2 | 62 | 0.0309 | 0.0220 | 0.0305 |
| 8 | 216 | 9 | 225 | 0.1112 | 0.0989 | 0.1106 |
| 9 | 396 | 18 | 414 | 0.2038 | 0.1978 | 0.2035 |
| 10 | 534 | 24 | 558 | 0.2748 | 0.2637 | 0.2743 |
| 11 | 520 | 26 | 546 | 0.2676 | 0.2857 | 0.2684 |
| 12 | 157 | 8 | 165 | 0.0808 | 0.0879 | 0.0811 |
| 13 | 23 | 2 | 25 | 0.0118 | 0.0220 | 0.0123 |
| 14 | 12 | 12 | 0.0062 | 0.0000 | 0.0059 |  |
| 15 | 6 | 0 | 6 | 0.0031 | 0.0000 | 0.0029 |
| 16 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0.0015 | 0.0000 | 0.0015 |
| 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 18 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.0005 | 0.0000 | 0.0005 |
| Total | 1943 |  | 2034 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |

Table 5.10.5 Number of otoliths available by year, fishing sector, and mode of fishing. [Fishing sectors: Commercial, Recreational, and Fishery Independent (FI); Fishing modes: Commercial (CM, mainly hook and line), Scientific Survey (SS), Head Boat (HB), Party/Charter (PC), Private/Rental Boat (PR), Shore (SH), Other or Unknown (OT or UN), and Law Enforcement confiscations (LE)].

| Year | Total | CommercialCM | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FI } \\ & \hline \text { SS } \end{aligned}$ | Recreational |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | HB | PC | PR | SH | OT or UN | LE |
| 1980 | 299 | 0 | 0 | 299 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1981 | 352 | 153 | 0 | 199 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1982 | 235 | 0 | 0 | 235 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1983 | 597 | 0 | 0 | 597 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1984 | 217 | 0 | 0 | 217 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1985 | 180 | 0 | 0 | 180 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1986 | 74 | 0 | 0 | 74 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1987 | 52 | 0 | 0 | 52 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1988 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1989 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1990 | 120 | 0 | 0 | 120 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1991 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1992 | 122 | 107 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1993 | 174 | 174 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1994 | 342 | 262 | 0 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1995 | 542 | 270 | 0 | 272 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1996 | 465 | 400 | 0 | 65 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1997 | 1,072 | 977 | 0 | 95 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1998 | 861 | 512 | 6 | 343 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1999 | 1,130 | 833 | 119 | 178 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2000 | 1,150 | 541 | 540 | 68 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 2001 | 981 | 638 | 300 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 |
| 2002 | 760 | 454 | 90 | 4 | 137 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2003 | 698 | 341 | 0 | 1 | 281 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 54 |
| 2004 | 1,352 | 444 | 0 | 395 | 482 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2005 | 1,536 | 676 | 0 | 447 | 384 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2006 | 1,415 | 707 | 0 | 390 | 290 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2007 | 1,193 | 360 | 23 | 734 | 53 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2008 | 1,673 | 834 | 25 | 617 | 164 | 32 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 2009 | 1,804 | 742 | 27 | 563 | 446 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2010 | 1,761 | 493 | 91 | 702 | 420 | 40 | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| Total | 21,211 | 9,918 | 1,221 | 7,026 | 2,657 | 305 | 1 | 29 | 54 |

Table 5.10.6 Ages of yellowtail snapper sampled (all sources) by year and used in the development of age-length keys during 1980-2010. Ages for 1980 were combined with those of 1981 for the age-length keys.

| Year | Age (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | Total |
| 1980 | 0 | 7 | 84 | 73 | 48 | 34 | 29 | 9 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 299 |
| 1981 | 0 | 7 | 103 | 89 | 53 | 35 | 18 | 19 | 13 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 352 |
| 1982 | 0 | 4 | 34 | 127 | 35 | 15 | 6 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 234 |
| 1983 | 0 | 17 | 266 | 203 | 88 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 596 |
| 1984 | 0 | 2 | 100 | 73 | 19 | 16 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 217 |
| 1985 | 0 | 31 | 51 | 69 | 28 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 180 |
| 1986 | 0 | 4 | 39 | 12 | 11 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 74 |
| 1987 | 0 | 4 | 29 | 15 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 52 |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 50 | 37 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 120 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 5 | 13 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 34 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 64 | 16 | 5 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 122 |
| 1993 | 0 | 0 | 54 | 57 | 21 | 10 | 10 | 6 | 9 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 174 |
| 1994 | 0 | 2 | 48 | 146 | 69 | 20 | 11 | 11 | 13 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 342 |
| 1995 | 0 | 5 | 101 | 253 | 117 | 33 | 13 | 8 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 542 |
| 1996 | 0 | 18 | 187 | 95 | 74 | 44 | 21 | 5 | 9 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 465 |
| 1997 | 0 | 3 | 200 | 401 | 165 | 113 | 83 | 45 | 19 | 16 | 8 | 12 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,072 |
| 1998 | 0 | 27 | 235 | 320 | 130 | 57 | 33 | 28 | 13 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 861 |
| 1999 | 0 | 77 | 504 | 250 | 132 | 72 | 38 | 19 | 18 | 8 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,129 |
| 2000 | 1 | 170 | 393 | 206 | 134 | 95 | 59 | 33 | 19 | 20 | 8 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,149 |
| 2001 | 1 | 44 | 282 | 218 | 165 | 88 | 75 | 36 | 20 | 13 | 10 | 9 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 971 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 74 | 166 | 148 | 160 | 98 | 40 | 30 | 16 | 12 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 760 |
| 2003 | 0 | 43 | 166 | 150 | 101 | 45 | 47 | 34 | 18 | 15 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 646 |
| 2004 | 0 | 34 | 637 | 346 | 183 | 88 | 40 | 33 | 16 | 7 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,402 |
| 2005 | 0 | 35 | 460 | 604 | 200 | 104 | 45 | 29 | 12 | 17 | 8 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1,535 |
| 2006 | 0 | 21 | 759 | 249 | 158 | 72 | 47 | 25 | 30 | 15 | 19 | 1 | 8 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1,415 |
| 2007 | 17 | 35 | 371 | 440 | 126 | 82 | 59 | 23 | 17 | 0 | 9 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1,193 |
| 2008 | 0 | 51 | 344 | 421 | 356 | 180 | 110 | 63 | 56 | 28 | 13 | 18 | 10 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1,673 |
| 2009 | 0 | 23 | 400 | 449 | 249 | 243 | 145 | 114 | 69 | 34 | 19 | 11 | 16 | 18 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,804 |
| 2010 | 0 | 27 | 474 | 525 | 318 | 153 | 117 | 48 | 35 | 21 | 8 | 13 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1,758 |
| Totals | 19 | 691 | 6,455 | 6,087 | 3,198 | 1,788 | 1,123 | 651 | 433 | 249 | 149 | 116 | 87 | 52 | 37 | 21 | 14 | 9 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 21,191 |

Table 5.10.7 Length-Length conversion equations for yellowtail snapper.

| Length-Length conversion equations for yellowtail snapper |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Linear model: $\mathrm{FL}_{(\mathrm{mm})}=\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b} \cdot \mathrm{TL}_{(\text {max }, \mathrm{mm})}$ |  |  |  |  | independent var. |  | dependent var. |  |
| Study | a (mm) | b | n | $\mathrm{r}^{2}$ | $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {max }}$ Min (mm) | $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {max }}$ Max (mm) | $\begin{gathered} \text { FL } \\ \text { Min } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { FL } \\ \text { Max } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ |
| Johnson (1983) | 17.7 | 0.78 | 100 | 0.97 |  |  |  |  |
| SEDAR 3 | 23.465 | 0.747 | 409 | 0.98 | 281 | 653 | 233 | 506 |
| SEDAR 3* minus 2 outliers | 21.355 | 0.752 | 407 | 0.99 | 281 | 653 | 233 | 506 |
| This assessment | 14.255 | 0.768 | 3,036 | 0.99 | 281 | 684 | 233 | 548 |


| Linear model: $\mathrm{FL}_{(\mathrm{mm})}=\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b} \cdot \mathrm{TL}_{\text {(natural, }} \mathrm{mm}$ ) |  |  |  |  | independent var. |  | dependent var. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Study | a (mm) | b | n | $\mathrm{r}^{2}$ | $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {nat }}$ Min (mm) | $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {nat }}$ Max (mm) |  |  |
| Garcia et al.(2003) | 7.56 | 0.79 | 1,264 | 0.95 | 240 | 780 | 220 | 720 |
| Garcia et al.(2003) minus 18 outliers | 10.72 | 0.78 | 1,246 | 0.97 | 240 | 615 | 220 | 495 |
| This assessment | 25.845 | 0.750 | 6,118 | 0.97 | 253 | 697 | 212 | 548 |


| Linear model: $\mathrm{TL}_{(\text {max, mm) }}=\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b} \cdot \mathrm{FL}_{(\mathrm{mm})}$ |  |  |  |  | independent var. |  | dependent var. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Study | a (mm) | b | n | $\mathrm{r}^{2}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { FL } \\ \text { Min } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { FL } \\ \text { Max } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{TL}_{\text {max }} \\ \text { Min } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {max }}$ Max (mm) |
| SEDAR 3 | -23.117 | 1.313 | 409 | 0.98 | 233 | 506 | 281 | 653 |
| SEDAR 3* | -24.518 | 1.318 | 407 | 0.99 | 233 | 506 | 281 | 653 |
| This assessment | -14.947 | 1.290 | 3,036 | 0.99 | 233 | 548 | 281 | 684 |


| Linear model: $\left.\mathrm{TL}_{(\text {max, mm) }}=\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b} \cdot \mathrm{TL}_{\text {(natural, }} \mathrm{mm}\right)$ |  |  |  |  | independent var. |  | dependent var. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Study | a (mm) | b | n | $\mathrm{r}^{2}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{TL}_{\text {nat }} \\ \text { Min } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {nat }}$ Max (mm) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{TL}_{\text {max }} \\ \text { Min } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{TL}_{\text {max }} \\ \text { Max } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ |
| This assessment | 12.688 | 0.998 | 3,008 | 0.99 | 249 | 662 | 266 | 684 |


| Linear model: $\left.\mathrm{TL}_{\text {(natural, }} \mathrm{mm}\right)=\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b} \cdot \mathrm{TL}_{(\max , \mathrm{mm})}$ |  |  |  |  | independent var. |  | dependent var. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Study | a (mm) | b | n | $\mathrm{r}^{2}$ | $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {max }}$ Min (mm) | $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {max }}$ Max (mm) | $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {nat }}$ Min (mm) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{TL}_{\text {nat }} \\ \mathrm{Max} \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ |
| This assessment | -8.604 | 0.991 | 3,008 | 0.99 | 266 | 684 | 249 | 662 |


| Linear model: $\left.\mathrm{TL}_{(\text {max, }} \mathrm{mm}\right)=\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b} \cdot \mathrm{SL}_{(\mathrm{mm})}$ |  |  |  |  | independent var. |  | dependent var. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Study | a (mm) | b | n | $\mathrm{r}^{2}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { SL } \\ \text { Min } \end{gathered}$ $(\mathrm{mm})$ | SL <br> Max <br> (mm) | $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {max }}$ Min (mm) | $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {max }}$ Max (mm) |
| This assessment | 2.701 | 1.417 | 2,997 | 0.98 | 200 | 502 | 281 | 684 |


| Linear model: $\mathrm{FL}_{(\mathrm{mm})}=\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b} \cdot \mathrm{SL}_{(\mathrm{mm})}$ |  |  |  |  | independent var. |  | dependent var. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Study | a (mm) | b | n | $\mathrm{r}^{2}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { SL } \\ \text { Min } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { SL } \\ \text { Max } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { FL } \\ \text { Min } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { FL } \\ \text { Max } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| This assessment | 13.609 | 1.099 | 3,136 | 0.99 | 200 | 502 | 233 | 548 |

Table 5.10.8 Length-Weight conversion equations for yellowtail snapper.

| a. Length-Weight conversion equations for yellowtail snapper. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Nonlinear model: ${ }^{\text {body }}$ weight $_{(k g)}=\mathrm{a} \cdot \mathrm{FL}_{(\mathrm{mm})}{ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Study | $\mathrm{a}_{\text {(kg) }}$ | b | n | Mean <br> Square <br> Error (MSE) | approx. $\mathrm{r}^{2}$ | FL <br> Min <br> (mm) | $\begin{gathered} \text { FL } \\ \operatorname{Max}(\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ |
| This assessment | $6.135 \mathrm{e}^{-8}$ | 2.779 | 8,273 | 0.00820 |  | 146 | 792 |


| Linearized model: $\ln \left(\right.$ body weight $\left._{(k g)}\right)=\ln (\mathrm{a})+\mathrm{b}^{*} \ln \left(\mathrm{TL}_{(\text {max }} \mathrm{mm}\right)$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Study | $\ln \left(\mathrm{a}_{\text {(kg) }}\right)$ | b | n | Mean Square Error (MSE) | $\mathrm{r}^{2}$ | $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {max }}$ Min (mm) | $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {max }}$ <br> Max (mm) |
| SEDAR 3 ${ }^{\text {iv }}$ (2003) | -16.9733iv | 2.739 | 1,421 | 0.03597 | 0.91 | 127 | 649 |
| This assessment | -17.0144 ${ }^{\text {v }}$ | 2.744 | 8,273 | 0.01371 | 0.94 | $173^{v i}$ | $1007{ }^{\text {vi }}$ |


| Linearized model: $\ln \left(\right.$ body weight $\left._{(k g)}\right)=\ln (\mathrm{a})+\mathrm{b} * \ln \left(\mathrm{TL}_{(\text {natural, }} \mathrm{mm}\right)$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Study | $\ln \left(\mathrm{a}_{\text {(kg }}\right)$ | b | n | Mean Square Error (MSE) | $\mathrm{r}^{2}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{TL}_{\text {max }} \\ \text { Min } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ | TL ${ }_{\text {max }}$ <br> Max (mm) |
| Garcia et al.(2003) | -17.1414 ${ }^{\text {vii }}$ | 2.757 | 1,254 | 0.01735 | 0.87 | 240 | 615 |

${ }^{i}$ Johnson. (1983) FL: ln (a) back-transformed: $6.13 \mathrm{e}^{-8} \mathrm{~kg}$
${ }^{i i}$ Garcia et al. (2003) FL: ln (a) back-transformed: $4.114 \mathrm{e}^{-8} \mathrm{~kg}$
${ }^{\text {iii }}$ This assessment FL: $\ln$ (a) back-transformed: $4.137 \mathrm{e}^{-8} \mathrm{~kg}$
${ }^{\text {iv }}$ SEDAR 3 (2003) $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {max }}$ : $\ln$ (a) back-transformed: $4.251 \mathrm{e}^{-8} \mathrm{~kg}$
${ }^{v}$ This assessment $\mathrm{TL}_{\max }\left(\right.$ estimated): $\ln$ (a) back-transformed: $4.081 \mathrm{e}^{-8} \mathrm{~kg}$
${ }^{v i}$ Total Length (max, mm) estimated from Fork Length (mm)
${ }^{\text {vii }}$ Garcia et al. (2003) $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {natural }}$ : $\ln$ (a) back-transformed: $3.594 \mathrm{e}^{-8} \mathrm{~kg}$

Table 5.10.9 Histological staging criteria used in this study for determining the maturity stage of female specimens of Ocyurus chrysurus.

| Gonadal Maturity Stage (GMS) | Maturity description | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 - Immature | Immature | Only primary growth oocytes present; no atresia; ovarian membrane thin; ovarian membrane should be free of any large folds (indicative of stretching due to previous spawning. |
| 2 - Developing | Mature | Only primary growth, cortical alveoli and a few partially yolked oocytes may be present; there may be minor atresia |
| 3- Fully developed / Partially spent / Redeveloping | Mature | Primary growth to advanced yolked oocytes present; may have some left over hydrated oocytes and POFs from previous spawning; might have atresia of advanced yolked oocytes, but no major atresia (only minor/moderate) of other oocytes |
| 4 - Final oocyte maturation <br> (FOM) / Hydrated | Mature | Primary growth to FOM/hydrated oocytes present; may have minor/moderate atresia of advanced yolked oocytes; germinal vessel migration (beginning of FOM); hydrated oocytes unovulated. |
| 5 - Running ripe | Mature | Primary growth to ovulated, hydrated oocytes present; often minor/moderate atresia of advanced yolked oocytes; occasionally only hydrated and primary growth oocytes present; most of the hydrated oocytes will be concentrated in the lumen, giving the ovary cross-section the appearance of a jelly donut. |
| 6 - Regressing | Mature | Primary growth and cortical alveoli oocytes present; yolked oocytes being resorbed; major atresia; may be remnant hydrated oocytes or degenerating POFs. |
| 7 - Resting or Regenerating | Mature | Most oocytes (>90\%) are primary growth; may have other oocytes in late stages of atresia; more follicular tissues than immature fish; presence of large folds on the ovarian membrane (indicative of stretching due to previous spawning). |

Table 5.10.10 Logistic model fits for maturity related to (a) size and (b) age for Ocyurus chrysurus during the peak spawning months of April-October in Florida. SE=standard error, MS=mean squares for model F-tests.
a) Total LengTh ( $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {max }}$, MM)

| Parameter | Estimate | SE |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| R | 0.016 | 0.004 |  |
| $\mathrm{~L}_{50}(\mathrm{TLmax}, \mathrm{mm})$ | 232.4 | 19.848 |  |
| Variance Source |  |  |  |
| Model | DF | MS | P |
| Error | 2 | 75.004 | $<0.0001$ |

*SEDAR $3 L_{50}=209 \mathrm{~mm}$ based on the same specimens using Proc Logistic
b) Age (YEARS)

| Parameter | Estimate | SE |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| R | 2.706 | 0.657 |  |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{50 \text { (years) }}$ | 1.704 | 0.089 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Variance Source | DF | MS | P |
| Model | 2 | 77.317 | $<0.0001$ |
| Error | 203 | 0.0856 |  |

*SEDAR $3 \mathrm{~A}_{50}=1.70$ years based on the same specimens using Proc Logistic

### 5.11 FIGURES

Figure 5.11.1 Yellowtail snapper over soft corals, Florida Keys, 2009. (photo credit: Ms. Janessa Cobb).


Figure 5.11.2 Jurisdictional boundaries in the Southeast Region for the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council, the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council, and the Caribbean Fishery Management Council.


Figure 5.11.3 Estimated worldwide distribution for yellowtail snapper [Kaschner et al., 2010; Computer-generated map for Ocyurus chrysurus (un-reviewed). www.aquamaps.org, version of Aug. 2010.]


Figure 5.11.4 Map of the Southeastern United States (NC-TX), Bahamas, Cuba, and the Yucatan Peninsula, Mexico.


Figure 5.11.5 Major oceanographic currents (a) in the Gulf of Mexico and (b) the Caribbean Sea. (Courtesy of RSMAS/University of Miami)

a. The Loop Current and Florida Current (highlighted in white).

b. The Caribbean Current (highlighted in white)

Figure 5.11.6 Major oceanographic and shelf features in the Gulf of Mexico and the Caribbean Sea. (Courtesy of RSMAS/University of Miami)


Figure 5.11.7 Drifter tracks from the Gulf of Mexico and the Caribbean Sea. (Courtesy of RSMAS/University of Miami)


Figure 5.11.8 Estimated age-specific natural mortality based on length (solid line, Lorenzen 2005) and the constant rate ( $\mathrm{M}=0.194$ ) estimated using the relationship to maximum age (dashed line, Hoenig 1983). The former was scaled to have the same cumulative mortality as the latter for ages 3-20 years.


Figure 5.11.9 a.) Estimated von Bertalanffy growth function fit to all the available data on yellowtail snapper and to subsets of a maximum of 10, 20, and 30 lengths at age from fishery dependent (FD) sampling. The parameters for the equation using subsets of up to 30 lengths at age are $L_{\infty}=618.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ total length, $\mathrm{K}=0.133, \mathrm{t}_{0}=-3.132$. The growth function was estimated using truncated likelihoods accounting for fish sampled during periods of minimum size limit. b). The model fit assumed the standard deviation of length-at-age was modeled as stdev( $\mathrm{TL}_{\text {age }}$ ) = 0.40 Age $^{2}+10.50$ Age $+16.4\left(r^{2}=0.77\right)$.
a.)

b.) Modeled relationship of standard deviation of total length (mm) at age.


Figure 5.11.10 Satellite image and color enhancement of Florida bathymetry illustrating the preponderance of red and orange (depths less than 30 m ) on the majority of the Florida shelf. Image courtesy of Google earth, while layer produced by USGS.


Figure 5.11.11 Number and sizes (TL) of yellowtail snapper kept by anglers measured on at-sea sampling trips on the Atlantic and Gulf Coast. The lower limit of the size class is shown on the horizontal axis.
a.) Atlantic Coast

b.) Gulf Coast


Figure 5.11.12 Number and sizes (TL) of yellowtail snapper released (live or dead) by anglers measured on at-sea sampling trips on the Atlantic (2005-2010) and Gulf Coast (2005-2007). The lower limit of the size class is shown on the horizontal axis.

c.) Atlantic Coast, dead releases

b.) Gulf Coast, live releases

d.) Gulf Coast, dead releases


Figure 5.11.13 Length (FL in mm) - weight (kg) relationship for yellowtail snapper. a) log-log transformed relationship; b) comparison of non-linear and log-log transformed fits.
a) $\ln$ (body weight, kg) vs. $\ln (\mathrm{FL}, \mathrm{mm})$

b) comparison fits to non-linear (power function) and log-log transformed (linearized, adjusted for bias when log transformations are made) weight-length models


## 6. COMMERCIAL STATISTICS

### 6.1 OVERVIEW

### 6.1.1 ISSUES

Yellowtail snapper are distinctive in appearance and are not easily confused with other marine fish (despite the superficial resemblance of yellow goatfish underwater; see Section 5.3), the common name has been used consistently for Ocyurus chrysurus, and the reporting of commercial landings has regularly included yellowtail snapper since 1904 [with the exception of the use of "yellowtail" for silver perch (Bairdiella chrysura) in the commercial landings on the South Atlantic Coast in 1923 (see Section 5.3)]. Some discussion on possible unreported commercial landings in the Florida Keys occurred among participants during SEDAR 3 (2003), but there were no adjustments to the magnitude of the reported commercial landings that resulted from the discussions as they apparently could not agree on how to make such adjustments. There were no other significant issues with the commercial landings data other than the lack of length measurements and age samples for 1981-1991 (Atlantic region) and for the Gulf in 1982-1983 (lengths) and 1982-1991 (ages), and there was very little information about discarded fish and no information on the size of discards. These issues are not uncommon in assessments in the southeastern US.

### 6.2 REVIEW OF WORKING PAPERS

There were two working papers, both based upon fisherman-recorded data in Gulf of Mexico reef fish log books and South Atlantic grouper-snapper log books, developed on yellowtail snapper: commercial catch per unit effort (McCarthy 2011a) and commercial discards (McCarthy 2011b).

### 6.2.1 COMMERCIAL CATCH-PER-EFFORT (MCCARTHY, 2011A)

Commercial fishermen provide landings and effort data to NMFS through the Coastal Fisheries Log Book (CFLB) program. The CFLB began collecting data from vessels federally permitted to fish in a number of fisheries in waters of the Gulf of Mexico (from Texas to the southwest Florida and most of the Tortugas) in 1990, and in 1992 from the South Atlantic (from NC to Key West to southeast of the Tortugas). This program was intended to collect fishing effort and landings in a complete census of federally permitted vessels; however, through 1992 the program included only a subsample of $20 \%$ of Florida vessels. Beginning in 1993, all of the federally permitted vessels were required to report.

Landings data (because total catch is not reported from all of the CFLB log books) from vessels employing vertical lines were used to construct standardized landings per unit effort indices (see Section 8) for South Florida ( $99 \%$ of the yellowtail snapper landings) and for a "core" area ( $96.5 \%$ of the landings) with relatively higher catch rates of this species. The indices were model-based and applied a technique (Stephens and MacCall, 2004) to select from all the available commercial vessel trips whether yellowtail snapper were landed or not. The landings and effort
from the trips selected by technique will not equal total landings and total effort expended by the commercial fleet for the year because some trips with yellowtail snapper (especially those with only this species) may be excluded and other trips without yellowtail snapper landings ("zero trips") may be included. But the selected trips will provide an estimate of average landings per unit effort for the index and the landings and associated fishing effort on those trips would be representative for the vertical line fishery.

Additional information on landings and effort used for the index were provided by Kevin McCarthy (NMFS, SEFSC, personal communication). These data were useful in examining residual patterns from the derived index from the model predictions.

### 6.2.2 Commercial Discards (McCarthy, 2011b)

Beginning in 2002, the NMFS’ Commercial Fishery Log Book (CFLB) program began collecting discard information from a random subsample (20\%) of federally permitted commercial vessels participating in reef fish and other Gulf of Mexico and South Atlantic fisheries. Over ninety-eight percent of the snapper discards are from vertical line vessels. There may be a negative bias in the self-reporting of discards (i.e., discards may be under-reported). Vessel trips with no self-reported discards have increased from 42 to 73 percent in southern Florida, whereas at-sea observers report that only about $10 \%$ of the observed trips have no discards. Admittedly, the number of observed trips is low ( 30 trips in South Florida to Central-West Florida waters). To adjust for potential bias, vessels reporting more than 30 percent of their trips having no discards were filtered out of the analyses. The choice of the 30 percent threshold was arbitrary, and there would have been too few trips left for the analyses if a lower threshold was chosen. In addition, because there were trips on which no discards were observed, vessels reporting six or fewer trips without discards were retained in the dataset for analyses.

Discard rates per unit effort (hook-hour) were calculated using a general linear model (GENMOD, version 8.02, SAS System for Windows © 2000, SAS Institute Inc., Cary, NC, USA) using the discard log reports, including those trips with zero discards, in a delta-lognormal (also called "hurdle models") design. These models use a binomial model to predict the proportion of trips on which discards occur (proportion positive trips, with adjustment for significant factors), and another general linear model (in this case, a lognormal model), to estimate the average level of discards after adjustment for significant factors in the design. The results for the two model are combined to produce an average discard rate on an annual basis for 2002-2010. The average discard rate for the 2002-2010 period was applied to the 1993-2001 period (when discards were not reported), and were weighted by the CFLB annual total effort (trips) to estimate the amount of discards for those years.

### 6.3 COMMERCIAL LANDINGS

### 6.3.1 FISHERY DESCRIPTION

Yellowtail snapper have been harvested commercially in the southeastern United States for over a hundred years (Table 6.8.1). Historically, a variety of gears including hook and line gears (rod and reel, electric reels, long lines, etc.), trawls, nets (particularly anchored bottom gill nets
[also called "stab nets"] used in reef areas), and fish traps were used for harvest, though hook and line gears accounted for the majority of landings (Table 6.8.2). Acosta and Beaver (1998) and McClellan and Cummins (1998) report that a common method used by commercial (and recreational) fishers targeting yellowtail snapper employs chum bags to bring fish up from a reef where they are caught by hook and line.

Management regulations impacting the size and allowable gears for harvesting reef fish (including yellowtail snapper) were listed in Section 2.1. Briefly, a 12" TL minimum size limit was implemented in 1983 by the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council (SAFMC) for South Atlantic federal waters, in state water by the State of Florida in 1985, and in 1990 by the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council (GMFMC) for Gulf of Mexico federal waters. Trawls for reef fish in the South Atlantic region were limited in 1983 to 4" minimum mesh and later eliminated in 1989 by the SAFMC and in 1990 by the GMFMC. Stab nets for reef fish harvest in state waters were prohibited by the State of Florida in 1986, by the GMFMC in 1990, and by the SAFMC in 1992. Fish traps were prohibited by the SAFMC in 1992, and a 10 -year phase-out program was implemented by the GMFMC in 1997. Prohibition of retention of reef fish exhibiting "trap rash" was implemented in 2000 by the GMFMC. The SAFMC excluded bottom long lines for reef fish shoreward of the 50 -fathom line in 1992, and the GMFMC excluded bottom long lines for reef fish shoreward of the 20 -fathom line in 1990. There were also license and permit limitations that were implemented by the three management entities that restricted the commercial harvest and sale of reef fish by licensed commercial fishermen with federal permits to licensed seafood dealers with federal permits (see Section 2.1) and recreational harvests were limited to bag limits [a 10-fish aggregate for snappers including yellowtail and excluding lane, vermilion and silk (also called "yelloweye") snappers].

### 6.3.2 Western Atlantic Landings

Landings from the western hemisphere were obtained from the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization's (FAO) Fisheries Department, Fishery Information, Data and Statistics Unit for 1950-2009 (latest available year; http://www.fao.org/fishery/statistics/software/fishstat/en) to provide a wider geographic perspective on the harvest of this species. After 1979, the FAO data were incomplete and was augmented with landings data from the National Marine Fisheries Service (http://www.st.nmfs.noaa.gov/st1/commercial/). Western Central Atlantic commercial landings have averaged 4,161 metric tons per year over the 2005-2009 period. U.S. commercial landings for the Gulf of Mexico and South Atlantic regions (i.e., excluding Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands) averaged 625 metric tons ( 1.378 million pounds) over the same period - about $15 \%$ of the Western Atlantic commercial landings.

### 6.3.3 U.S. Commercial Landings

As in SEDAR 3, NMFS' website (cited in the above paragraph) and their Southeast Fisheries Science Center's General Canvass landings by gear along with landings data from Florida trip tickets were used to build a composite tabulation of annual regional (Gulf of Mexico and South Atlantic) commercial landings by state (Table 6.8.2), and gear (Table 6.8.3). Nearly all (in most years, $100 \%$ ) of the reported annual commercial landings of yellowtail snapper from the

Gulf of Mexico and the South Atlantic are in Florida (Table 6.8.2). Nearly all ( $97 \%-100 \%$ ) of the yellowtail snapper landed commercially in most years were reported from vertical hook-and-line gears (Table 6.8.3).

In Florida, commercial landings in Monroe County accounted for about ninety-two percent of the yellowtail snapper landed from 1985 to 2010 (Table 6.8.4). About six percent occurred in southeast Florida (chiefly the counties of Miami-Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach), and less than 2 percent occurred in southwest Florida (primarily Lee County). These five counties accounted for over 99\% of the 1985-2010 commercial landings of yellowtail snapper, and over 98\% of the fishing trips on which yellowtail snapper were caught. While some landings show up in other counties and even other states west and north of Florida in some years, it is clear from the landings data that this species is most often caught in South Florida waters and most often by vertical line gears.

From 1985-2010 in this five county area of south Florida, yellowtail snapper were landed on 319,572 commercial trips, and sometimes they were the only species landed from those trips. There were 22 other species or species groups that were landed on $1 \%$ or more of those trips with yellowtail snapper (Table 6.8.5). A cluster analysis of the presence/absence of these 22 other species on those trips, using average linkage and the Horn-Morisita index (in R-packages "vegan" and "hclust") was used to examine the similarity in species associations (Krebs 1999) in the landed catch from commercial trips. A scree plot (Fig. 6.9.1) gave an indication of the optimum number of clusters (9) from the analysis. The cluster containing yellowtail snapper and the species more strongly associated on commercial trips than the others were: gray snapper, mutton snapper, black grouper, red grouper, hogfish, lane snapper, grunts, and jacks (Fig. 6.9.2).

Commercial landings of yellowtail snapper increased through the 1980's and early 1990's, reaching their highest observed values in 1993-1994 and declining in subsequent years (Fig. 6.9.3). Commercial landings have recently increased in 2008-2011, even though the numbers of fishing trips with landings of yellowtail snapper has declined (Fig. 6.9.4). As the number of fishing trips landing yellowtail snapper after 1993-1994 decreased, the average number of pounds per trip (Fig. 6.9.5) shows an increasing trend through the years, and abruptly increases in 2009-2010.

In Florida, commercial fishermen selling fish and other saltwater products must have a Saltwater Products License (SPL), fishermen are only allowed to sell to wholesale seafood dealers, and purchases of saltwater products from fishermen must be reported by wholesale dealers to the FWC. The distribution of the landings of yellowtail snapper by SPL has changed in recent years. Total annual landings of this species of 5,000 or more kg by licenses have been increasing increasing and amounts to $60 \%$ or more of the reported metric tons (Table 6.8.6), the percentage of SPLs landing $5,000 \mathrm{~kg}$ or more in a year is increasing and the total number of SPLs landing yellowtail snapper is decreasing (Table 6.8.7), and the number of commercial fishing trips with landings of yellowtail snapper is declining but the proportion of trips by SPLs landings $5,000 \mathrm{~kg}$ or more in a year is increasing (Table 6.8.8).

### 6.4 COMMERCIAL DISCARDS AND RELEASE MORTALITY

### 6.4.1 LOGBOOK DISCARDS

SEDAR 3 used ratios of discards to landings derived from 24 fishing vessels contributing discard data in their logbooks to the Coastal Fisheries Logbook Program (CFLP) from August 2001 to July 2002 (Poffenberger 2003) to estimate discards for the commercial catches. They estimated a discard rate (yellowtail snapper discarded per fish landed) of $16 \%$ (i.e., one discarded for every 6.25 fish kept), and $77.7 \%$ of the trips with yellowtail snapper reported discards of this species.

McCarthy (2011b) reviewed the available data on discards of yellowtail snapper from log books from commercial vertical line vessels in south Florida (section 6.2.2). A random sample (20\%) of commercial vessels with Gulf of Mexico reef fish, South Atlantic snapper-grouper, king mackerel, Spanish mackerel, dolphin/wahoo, and shark permits are selected for the reporting of discards on log books. There is some skepticism on the accuracy of the self-reporting of discards (McCarthy, 2011b). The proportion of commercial trips on which discards are reported has decreased in recent years, and the proportion of commercial trips with discards when at-sea observers are aboard are higher (though the number of observed trips is relatively small).

A random sample of vessels stratified by region (Gulf of Mexico and South Atlantic) and fishing gear was selected for the analyses of discard rates. Analyses of the available data by McCarthy (2011b) attempted to adjust for the possible under-reporting of discards by filtering out commercial vessels taking more than 6 trips annually with less than $30 \%$ of trips with reported discards of any species. A delta-lognormal model was constructed of a binomial sub-model to examine the proportion of trips that had discards of yellowtail snapper, and a lognormal sub-model to estimate the average discard rates of yellowtail snapper on those trips which had discards of this species. Each of the sub-models is a general linear model comprised of main effects (i.e., year, region (based on area fished), days at sea, quarter of the year, crew size) and interaction terms were included as random effects. A forward selection process is used to identify significant terms and estimate adjusted average discard rates. The product of the total annual effort from the log books and the average annual discard rate (the rate of total live and dead discards of yellowtail snapper per hook-hour fished) is the estimate of annual total discards (Table 6.8.9). A weighted average discard rate (number of fish/ hook-hour fished) was calculated from the 2002-2010 annual discard rates to provide an estimate of annual total discards based on the number of hook hours fished reported in the log books for 1993-2001.

There were no estimates of the total annual hook-hours fished prior to 1993. To estimate the amount of discards for 1985-1992, it was necessary to find another ratio estimator for discard rates. The method used in SEDAR 3 used the ratio of discarded yellowtail snapper to the number of yellowtail snapper landed to calculate a discard rate. Because commercial landings are reported in weight, it was necessary to convert the weights of landed fish to numbers of fish.
Measurements in the TIP database were used to examine the number of fish in size classes of landed fish (Tables 6.8.10, 6.8.11) and derive an approximation to use for estimating the number of fish landed annually by region (Tables 6.8.12, 6.8.13; see Section 6.6). The ratios of total discards in numbers of fish to total annual landings estimated in numbers of fish (Table 6.8.14; see

Section 6.6) for 1993-1999 (average $=0.127$ ) in Florida was used to estimate the discard rates from landings.

Additional calculations were needed to extend the estimate of annual discards to the 19811984 period because of the implementation of the 12 " TL minimum size limits by the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council in 1983 and by the Florida Department of Natural Resources (merged later into the new Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission) in 1985. There were no data available on the size of discarded yellowtail snapper (alive or dead) from commercial trips. The only data available on size frequencies of discarded fish were from the 2005-2010 (Atlantic) and 2005-2007 (Gulf) time periods derived from at-sea sampling on head boats (see Section 5.4.2). Inspection of the size frequencies measured from the commercial landings in 1981 and 1984 (samples from the Florida Keys) showed a little higher prevalence of yellowtail snapper in the 10-11" TL classes than in 1985 (Table 6.8.11), but there were no samples from the Atlantic Coast with which to compare. In order to provide an estimate of the discards for the 1981-1984 period prior to the implementation of the 12" TL minimum size limit in Florida waters in 1985, the assumption that commercial fleets may be releasing fish smaller than TL 10" was made. The weighted average proportion of fish less than 10 " TL in released catches (combined Gulf and Atlantic) from the at-sea sampling (Table 5.10.4) in 2005-2010 was 0.334 ( 0.222 on the Atlantic Coast, 0.353 on the Gulf Coast). This factor was applied to the average discard rate used for the 1985-1992 period (i.e., $0.127 \times 0.334=0.042$ ) and multiplied by the annual estimated number of yellowtail snapper landed to estimate the annual total number of discards (live and dead; Table 6.8.14).

Once the total discards were estimated for the combined Atlantic and Gulf commercial fleet, the proportions of landings (in estimated numbers of yellowtail snapper) by region (Atlantic and Gulf) was used to split the estimated combined annual discards into estimated regional total discards in numbers and weight by year (Table 6.8.14). The proportions at length of discards (live and dead) from the at-sea sampling (Table 5.10.4) were used as proxies for the size of animals released in the 1981-1984 and 1985-2010 periods. Multiplying the annual regional (Atlantic and Gulf) discards by the proportions at length from the at-sea sampling produced estimates for the size classes in the discards. Weight of the estimated sizes of fish released was the product of the number of fish in a size class and the average weight for the mid-point of a size class using the length-weight regressions in Table 5.10.8. An estimate of release mortality (McCarthy, K., personal communication, NMFS, SEFSC) of $11.5 \%$ for commercial discards was applied to the annual estimate of yellowtail snapper total discards (Table 6.8.14).

SEDAR 3 estimated discards and discard rates for the commercial fleet in the assessment based upon 12 months of CFLP logbooks (Poffenberger 2003). The methodology used in SEDAR 3 for estimating discards was different from the current assessment and was based upon a small number (24) of vessels reporting landings of yellowtail snapper and trips (480) on which the discards of any species was reported. Of the 480 trips, there were 233 trips on which yellowtail snapper were landed ( $16,844 \mathrm{lbs} ; 15,313$ fish), and of these 181 reported discards. The discard rate was calculated as $(3178 / 15313) *(181 / 233)=16 \%$ and is in terms of the number of yellowtail snapper discarded per fish landed. The mortality rate (28\%) was based on Poffenberger (2003) using all of the disposition categories other than "released alive" for non-landed fish. The current assessment uses McCarthy's (2011b) model-based estimates of the number of yellowtail snapper
discarded per hook-hour fished, and the delta-lognormal model includes both trips catching yellowtail snapper (landed or discarded) and trips without catch of yellowtail snapper. The model estimates are scaled to the total effort (in hook-hours fished) to calculate (total live and dead) discards. The immediately observable release mortality estimate (11.5\%) used in the current assessment is also from McCarthy (NMFS, SEFSC, personal communication) and was based on a small number of at-sea observations. The estimates of dead discards and release mortality rates for SEDAR 3 and the current assessment are different (Table 6.8.15; Fig. 6.9.5). The model-based approach used by McCarthy (2011b) should be an improvement of the discard rate estimate. Either of the release mortality estimates are probably not unreasonable for this species which inhabits relatively shallow habitats. The other source of release mortality estimates for this study came from at-sea sampling on head boats and were in the $4.5 \%$ (Florida Keys) to $10.5 \%$ (southeast Florida) range. Any unobserved release mortality is not estimated.

### 6.4.2 RECOMMENDATIONS ON COMMERCIAL DISCARDS AND RELEASE MORTALITY

There was so little information available on commercial discards it should be considered unknown until it is properly studied. There was also the concern expressed by McCarthy (2011b) about the reliability of the discard information provided by the vessel captains on the log books. The age-structured assessment model (ASAP2) used attempts to reconstruct the population dynamics of a species through the biological and fleet-specific parameters used as inputs to model, the catches (total landings and proportions at age) from the fleets, discards (total dead discards and proportions at age discarded), and proportions of fish released by age / total caught by age for each fleet. A reconstruction of the total weights and proportions at age in the catch and discards is essential to represent the dynamics of the total population studied. With this in mind, I considered it important to provide reasonable estimates for amounts and weights of discards for each of the fleets. Unfortunately, this meant stretching what little data existed to cover the wide gaps in information about discards for this fleet. The extent to which the effort succeeded rests on a lot of tenuous assumptions about the annual sizes of fish harvested, discarded, and released and the reliability of the release mortality estimate. The discard calculations and assumptions used should be viewed as very rough approximations to the reality existing over the 30 years covered by this assessment. Varying the level of release mortality may be appropriate for examining the model response to increasing levels of dead discards and the effect upon the benchmarks generated, but these sensitivity investigations are no substitute for data objectively obtained. An at-sea sampling study of sizes released and condition of released fish from commercial vertical line vessels would provide very helpful data for future assessments of the yellowtail snapper population in southeastern US waters. The at-sea observers are providing these types of data for reef fish and other species, but unfortunately the level of sampling and coverage was not sufficient for providing much data on yellowtail snapper. The estimate of immediate release mortality (11.5\%) was based on 6 dead yellowtail snapper of the 52 discarded fish from commercial vessels with at-sea observers on-board (K. McCarthy, NMFS SEFSC, personal communication). On those trips, the observers had seen a total of 799 yellowtail snapper, and an additional 5 fish had an unknown disposition.

### 6.5 COMMERCIAL EFFORT

There are two main sources of commercial fishing effort information in Florida. Information about the number of trips taken (e.g., Tables 6.8.4, 6.8.8), duration of the trips, area fished, depths fished, and gear used (added in late-1991) is available from Florida trip tickets for 1985-present. Prior to the trip ticket system's implementation in October 1984, the only available measures of effort were the number of fishing vessels by port and the number of persons employed in the fishing sector. The trip ticket data collection system relies on the mandatory reporting of purchases of saltwater products from commercial fishermen by wholesale seafood dealers in Florida. More in-depth information about fishing trips (specific gears used, certain gear characteristics like hook-hours (number of lines, number of hooks/line, hours fished, detailed area fished information, etc.) is available from commercial vessel captains that are required to report landings of reef fish and other species to the NMFS’ Coastal Fisheries Logbook Program (CFLP) which began collecting these data in 1990 for the Gulf of Mexico and in 1992 for the South Atlantic.

The number of commercial fishing trips in Florida with landings yellowtail snapper has been steadily declining from a broad peak over 1989-1993 of about 20,000 trips to the about 5,700 trips in 2010 (Table 6.8.4). Commercial landings peaked at a little over one thousand metric tons during 1993 and 1994, and steadily declined until 2008 and have risen thereafter (Table 6.8.4, Figs. 6.9.3, 6.9.4), and the majority of trips and landings occur in the Florida Keys. A simple cluster analysis (Horn-Morisita index using average linkage) was used to select fishing trips landing reef fish using the Florida trip ticket data based upon the similarity of the presence or absence in the landings from the trips. First, trip tickets with landings of yellowtail snapper were selected and analyzed for similarities in the presence or absence of other species on those trips. Clusters of species resulted (Fig. 6.9.2) from the analysis. Trips with species in the cluster with yellowtail snapper were selected, including trips on which no yellowtail snapper were reported landed. The annual number of selected commercial trips and the average pounds of yellowtail snapper landed show a declining trend in trips after 1994 with an increasing trend in the average pounds per trip and quite a sharp increase during 2008-2010 (Fig. 6.9.6). This is a result of fewer trips with small amounts of landings made by fewer fishermen (Florida Saltwater Products Licenses [SPL]) over 1995-2010. The number of SPLs landing small amounts ( $<1,000 \mathrm{~kg}$ ) of yellowtail snapper annually has declined (Table 6.8.6), the number of SPL licenses making commercial trips with small amounts ( $<1,000 \mathrm{~kg}$ ) of landings annually has been declining (Table 6.8.7), and the percentage of SPLs with annual landings of less than $1,000 \mathrm{~kg}$ of yellowtail snapper is declining (Table 6.8.8). The share of commercial landings in 2007-2010 (65-75\%) for SPLs landing over $5,000 \mathrm{~kg}$ annually has shown strong increases (Table 6.8.8) and implies that there is increasing interest in harvesting this species.

McCarthy (2011a) reviewed the available logbook data for 1993-2010 from commercial vertical line fishing vessels which caught yellowtail snapper or were fishing in south Florida waters in order to develop an index of catch per effort based on hook-hours fished and other factors (see Section 9). Using a filtering process to select vertical line commercial trips which fished with only one type of gear in only one area (Fig. 6.9.7), and excluding outliers falling outside the $99.9^{\text {th }}$ percentile for number of crew, hooks per line, number of lines, fishing more than 24 hours per day, trip durations greater than 15 days, and cpue values of more than 205
pounds/hook-hour (South Florida index) or more than 210 pounds/hook-hour in the core area index. The design included a logistic selection model (Stephens and MacCall 2004) for species on trips which was used to restrict the data to areas likely to contain yellowtail snapper habitat. This selection process will exclude those trips on which only yellowtail snapper were reported. After the selection of trips (including trips without landings of yellowtail snapper) was made, a deltalognormal model (Lo et al., 1992) was used to produce estimates of catch-per-effort (see Section 8.3.1). From this analysis of cpue, the trends in the annual amount of fishing effort and landings for yellowtail snapper will also be represented in the sample of trips though it is more clearly seen in the index itself. The amount of fishing effort (hook-hours fished) from the logbooks and corresponding amount of yellowtail snapper landed (Fig. 6.9.8; K. McCarthy, personal communication, NMFS, SEFSC) was generally increasing over the 1993-1999 period, and has been generally on the decline from 2000-2010. Landings from the selected trips have generally followed the trends in effort, but the decline in amounts landed has not been as great as the decline in fishing effort (Fig. 6.9.8). The 2008-2010 period shows a large increase in landings and a more modest increase in fishing effort for 2008-2009, which may indicate either that yellowtail snapper have increased in availability (i.e., become more abundant) or that the catchability of yellowtail snapper has increased through the use or increasing adoption of new technology (fishing gear, fishing methods like "power chumming", etc.), or both.

### 6.6 BIOLOGICAL SAMPLING

### 6.6.1 ADEQUACY FOR CHARACTERIZING CATCH AND FOR ASSESSMENT ANALYSES

Sampling for the sizes, weights, species composition, and other measures to characterize commercial catches is performed by state and federal biologists at dockside or in seafood houses that receive and purchase fish, crabs, lobsters, and other seafood from commercial fishermen. These data have been housed in the Trip Interview Program's data base at the NMFS Southeast Fisheries Science Center in Miami since 1984. Some states may also have data from commercial sampling that they may share with the NMFS. Some dockside sampling of commercial catches was performed in the Keys in 1981 by state biologists, and those data for yellowtail snapper are included in this assessment. Sampling these fish for ages is more difficult because it takes more time and effort and dealers do not want the quality of their fish to be degraded, so consequently there are fewer opportunities to take otoliths or other hard parts used for ageing fish. For fish like yellowtail snapper and other reef fish, simply knowing the length of the fish does not provide much information about its age, so it is desirable to sample hard parts for ages.

Along with the information collected by the samplers are whether the sample was subject to any bias, such as sorting by size, sex, or some other way which might affect how size estimates must be adjusted to reflect the size composition of the landings. For this assessment, only length samples that were considered to be subject to no sample bias and between 4" and 36" TL were accepted for these analyses. The measurements of nearly all yellowtail snapper are in fork length, so the conversion equations in Table 5.10.7 were used to estimate TL. There were few measurements of weight for yellowtail snapper, so whole body weight was estimated using the conversion equations in Table 5.10.8. There were 118,486 length samples and 9,918 ages available for 1981-2010, but commercial fishery samples were not available for every region every
year (Table 6.8.16). Yellowtail snapper are more frequently caught in the Florida Keys, and most of the "Gulf" region measurements came from catches made in the Keys.

One of the tasks was to estimate the number of fish landed from the landings in weight. Length measurements were grouped into two broad gear categories: hook-and-line gears and other, and the estimated weight of measured fish was divided by the number of fish in the sample for a year by gear to give a rough approximation of the number of fish per kg of landings (Table 6.8.17). There were relatively few measurements of fish landed from other gears, and the estimated numbers of fish per weight were not greatly to those from hook-and-line gears for a region and year. However, the larger differences in the number of fish per weight were between regions, with yellowtail snapper measured on the Atlantic region (chiefly southeast Florida) more often a little heavier (in the number of fish per weight calculations) than those from the Keys (Gulf region). The measurements were combined by year and region for the rough calculations of number of fish per weight (Table 6.8.18).

The number of fish measured by region in Tables 6.8.10 (Atlantic region) and 6.8.11 (Gulf region) show the distribution by size class for these areas. There were 11 years (1981-1991) in the Atlantic region that had fewer than 50 measurements from commercial catches with no sample bias noted, and two years (1982-1983) in the Gulf region which had no measurements. To fill these gaps in the size distributions for the Atlantic region, the numbers of measurements by size class were summed for the 1992-1996 period for the Atlantic region, and these were used for the length distributions for those years along with any actual measurements that were taken in those years. For the Gulf region, the length frequencies from adjacent years were used for the missing data.

The landings (kg) of yellowtail snapper were multiplied by the rough approximation of fish/kg to get a preliminary estimate of the number of fish landed. The length distributions are multinomial (comprised of many size classes), and computing a simple average weight from the sample totals will only be a crude approximation of the true average. Multiplying that rough estimate by the proportion at length for a size class and the average weight for a size class provided an estimated weight of landings resulting from the length distribution for a year. These preliminary estimates were typically within $6 \%$ of the actual landings for the Atlantic region, within $3 \%$ for the Gulf region, and were often closer. The fish/kg estimate was adjusted to bring the estimated landings to within $0.1 \%$ of the reported landings (Tables 6.8.12, 6.8.13). After the adjustments, the observed and estimated weight of the commercial landings were similar (Fig. 6.9.9). The model runs use the reported landings for the commercial fishery, and the estimated proportions of landed and discarded fish and the proportions by size of released fish in the catches, and the calculation of discards (proportions by size and total weight) and proportion of releases by size to the total catch by size are dependent upon the fish/kg factors used.

### 6.6.2 Ageing using age-length keys (alk)

Tables 6.8.10 and 6.8.11 were converted to proportions at length in the catch for the commercial fishery. Age-length keys (Section 5.5.5) were generated for lengths from 5" to 24" TL ( lengths of fish 24 " or greater summed into the last class) and for ages $0-12+$. Though the number
of yellowtail snapper sampled for lengths and ages were fairly large in many years, there were too few samples to develop the age-length keys by fleet and year (see Section 5.5.5), and an age-length key for all catches was constructed using varying degrees of pooling of 5-year periods, or pooled data from all years and space (both regions). There were no otoliths collected from commercial catches from 1981-1991 from the Atlantic region, and none were collected from the Gulf region from 1982-1991 (Table 6.8.16).

The estimated number of fish by length in the landings was the product of the proportion at length for a region, year, and size class and the estimated number of fish landed by region (Tables 6.8.12, 6.8.13). The estimated number of fish by size class was multiplied by the age-length key for a region, year, and size class to produce an estimate of the number of fish by age in the landings (Tables 6.8.19, 6.8.20). Examination of the relative changes in the age composition of the catches over time showed few indications of strong or weak year classes of yellowtail snapper (Fig. 6.9.10). Relative catches of yellowtail snapper estimated to be older than age 6 showed a vertical stacking in the bubble plot indicating that year-to-year changes across ages $7-12+$ were more important than cohort-specific changes (Fig. 6.9.10). These ages showed a period of relatively high catches during 1985-1987. Variability in the age-class progressions made it difficult to discern any consistent patterns in recruitment. The 1994 and 2006 year-class appeared consistently weak over time through the first five ages, whereas the 2001 cohort appears in relatively high abundance through those ages.

A similar process was used to estimate the numbers of yellowtail snapper at length (Tables $6.8 .21,6.8 .22$ ) and age (Tables 6.8.23, 6.8.24) for total discards (live and dead), and the estimated weight of the discards (e.g., Table 6.8.14) was derived from the estimated number of animals in each size class in the discards (proportion at length x estimated total discards x estimated weight at length). The total number of fish discarded dead was the product of the proportion at length of the discards, estimated total discards, and the release mortality applied to released (discarded) fish (Table 6.8.14). The annual numbers of fish landed and the total discarded by region were summed by age, and these new matrices became the annual proportions by age used as inputs for the commercial fleet. The annual amounts of dead discards depended upon the release mortality rate used (Table 6.8.25), and is just the product of the release mortality rate and the weights by age of fish released. The proportions of the numbers of fish at age in the discards is the ratio of numbers of fish released by age divided by the total numbers of fish by age caught (landed or total discarded) by the fleet (Table 6.8.26).

### 6.6.3 Direct Ageing (DA)

The previous section described the construction of the proportions at age in the catch, landings, and discards using age-length keys. The direct ageing (DA) method modifies the construction of comparable matrices for landings and discards. The available age data is arrayed for a region by age and year (Tables 6.8.27, 6.8.28), and the DA proportions at age are calculated. Regions with no age samples for a year are set to missing values (-999 for ASAP2). Annual estimated numbers of yellowtail snapper landed (Table 6.8.14) by region are multiplied by the non-missing DA proportions at age for each region. For years in which samples were taken in both regions, the estimated numbers landed by age are summed, and the proportion at age in the combined catches are calculated (Table 6.8.29).

There were no age samples of fish in the commercial discards. The annual age compositions were estimated by the ALK method from the measurements of discarded fish from head boats (at-sea sampling), with the exception that only those years when size in the discards became available (2005-2010) were used in the DA-formulated model (Table 6.8.30).

### 6.6.4 Effective Sample Sizes (ESS)

Effective sample sizes (ESS) are weightings for the annual age composition data in the model. The higher the ESS, the more weight the model will give the age compositions during the fitting process. Various weighting schemes have been used as rules-of-thumb, and ASAP2 recommends capping the weighting at 200. Typically, the number of ages available (up to 200) will be used for the initial values for annual ESS. The initial ESS weights for landings in this assessment (for ALK and DA models) used the square root of the annual number of ages (rounded to the nearest integer) available for each fleet, effectively diminishing the effect on the model fitting process for years with larger age samples. The initial ESS weights for discards was the square root of the number of at-sea sampling trips on head boats when the sizes of discarded fish were measured.

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### 6.8 TABLES

Table 6.8.1 Western Atlantic commercial landings (in metric tons) of yellowtail snapper (Data from UN FAO Fisheries Department, NOAA Fisheries, and FWC.)

| Year | SW Atlantic | Atlantic, Western Central |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Brazil | British Virgin Is. | Colombia | Cuba | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Dominican } \\ \text { Republic } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Mexico | Nicaragua | Puerto <br> Rico ${ }^{1}$ | United States ${ }^{2}$ | Venezuela |
| 1950 | 100 | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 157 | . |
| 1951 | 100 | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 199 | . |
| 1952 | 200 | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 177 | . |
| 1953 | 100 | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 158 | . |
| 1954 | 200 | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 151 | . |
| 1955 | 400 | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 107 | . |
| 1956 | 400 | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 120 |  |
| 1957 | 400 | . | . | . | . | . | . |  | 201 | 100 |
| 1958 | 400 | . | . | . | . | . | . |  | 158 | 100 |
| 1959 | 500 | . | . | 1,000 | . | . | . | . | 224 | 100 |
| 1960 | 500 | . | . | 1,000 | . | . | . | . | 284 | 100 |
| 1961 | 500 | . | . | 1,000 | . | . | . | . | 333 | 100 |
| 1962 | 500 | . | . | 1,100 | . | . | . | . | 453 | 100 |
| 1963 | 1,000 | . | . | 1,100 | . | . | . | . | 377 | 100 |
| 1964 | 1,100 | . | . | 900 | . | . | . | . | 472 | 100 |
| 1965 | 800 | . | . | 1,200 | . | . | . | . | 483 | 100 |
| 1966 | 900 | . | . | 1,600 | . | . | . | . | 377 | <0.5 |
| 1967 | 1,100 | . | . | 3,000 | . | . | . | . | 437 | 100 |
| 1968 | 1,300 | . | . | 1,200 | . | . | . | . | 539 | 100 |
| 1969 | 1,500 | . | . | 800 | . | . | . | . | 440 | 100 |
| 1970 | 2,100 | . | . | 700 | - | 300 | . | . | 543 | 100 |
| 1971 | 2,400 | . | . | 800 | - | 400 | . | . | 496 | 200 |
| 1972 | 3,300 | . | . | 900 | - | 300 | . | . | 463 | 200 |
| 1973 | 3,900 | . | . | 1,100 | - | 500 | . | . | 428 | 100 |
| 1974 | 2,952 | . | . | 700 | 285 | 446 | . | . | 473 | 130 |
| 1975 | 3,435 | . | . | 800 | 246 | 822 | . | . | 362 | 110 |
| 1976 | 2,344 | . | . | 1,100 | . | 655 | . | . | 444 | 124 |
| 1977 | 3,956 | . | . | 800 | . | 630 | . | . | 367 | 132 |
| 1978 | 4,181 | . | . | 600 | 182 | 723 | . | . | 395 | 172 |
| 1979 | 1,360 | . | . | 600 | 285 | 519 | . | . | 354 | 301 |
| 1980 | 1,711 | . | . | 590 | 321 | 1,261 | . | . | 295 | 820 |
| 1981 | 2,677 | . | . | 748 | 320 | 2,224 | . | . | 332 | 200 |
| 1982 | 1,870 | . | . | 959 | 202 | 1,803 | . | . | 622 | 211 |
| 1983 | 1,821 | . | . | 923 | 276 | 1,627 | . | . | 436 | 212 |
| 1984 | 2,300 | . | . | 898 | 254 | 1,173 | . | . | 430 | 262 |
| 1985 | 2,784 | . | . | 947 | 155 | 274 | . | . | 375 | 473 |
| 1986 | 3,099 | . | . | 904 | 210 | 1,752 | . | . | 507 | 351 |
| 1987 | 3,195 | . | . | 1,070 | 191 | 2,164 | . | . | 619 | 388 |
| 1988 | 2,792 | . | . | 851 | 194 | 1,520 | . | . | 641 | 464 |
| 1989 | 2,862 | . |  | 948 | 197 | 2,519 | . | . | 840 | 674 |
| 1990 | 2,800 |  | . | 740 | 180 | 3,226 | . | . | 796 | 715 |
| 1991 | 2,862 | . |  | 704 | 183 | 2,320 | . | . | 844 | 659 |
| 1992 | 2,810 | . |  | 745 | 267 | 1,132 | . | . | 842 | 659 |
| 1993 | 2,800 | . |  | 539 | 273 | 910 | . | . | 1,079 | 678 |
| 1994 | 2,800 | . | 36 | 592 | 671 | 1,184 | . | . | 1,001 | 684 |
| 1995 | 4,766 | . | 75 | 592 | 248 | 825 | . | . | 842 | 511 |
| 1996 | 4,167 |  | 54 | 1,176 | 793 | 858 | . | . | 662 | 338 |
| 1997 | 5,000 | 5 | 35 | 727 | 529 | 840 | . | 206 | 759 | 335 |
| 1998 | 3,317 | 9 | <0.5 | 457 | 190 | 1,900 | . | 197 | 692 | 272 |
| 1999 | 4,541 | 9 | 1 | 409 | 234 | 1,554 | . | 209 | 837 | 220 |
| 2000 | 4,165 | <0.5 | 1 | 408 | 249 | 1,357 | . | 246 | 722 | 291 |
| 2001 | 2,002 | 101 | - | 413 | 356 | 1,600 | . | 154 | 644 | 158 |
| 2002 | 2,106 | 131 | - | 370 | 134 | 1,702 | . | 132 | 640 | 213 |
| 2003 | 2,656 | 289 | 3 | 437 | 151 | 591 | . | 173 | 640 | 585 |
| 2004 | 2,667 | 318 |  | 438 | 126 | 537 | . | 68 | 671 | 928 |
| 2005 | 5,376 | 290 |  | 299 | 71 | 1,640 | . | 52 | 601 | 497 |
| 2006 | 5,371 | 290 | 20 | 295 | 181 | 1,713 | 864 | 43 | 561 | 299 |
| 2007 | 3,717 | 270 | 40 | 323 | 152 | 1,707 | 613 | 42 | 444 | 210 |
| 2008 | 4,745 | 250 | 60 | 295 | 177 | 2,057 | 519 | 36 | 622 | 407 |
| 2009 | 5,233 | 250 | 81 | 365 | 160 | 2,106 | 570 | 31 | 896 | 407 |
| 2010 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28 | $\begin{gathered} 768 \\ 858^{3} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $858^{3}$ |  |

[^0]Table 6.8.2 U.S commercial landings (in metric tons) of yellowtail snapper by state.
(Data from NOAA Fisheries, and FWC.)

| Year | TX | LA | MS | AL | FL West Coast | FL <br> East <br> Coast | GA | SC | NC | U.S. GOM (TXFL West Coast) Totals | U.S. SE Atlantic <br> (NC-FL East Coast) Totals | U.S. SE <br> Region <br> Totals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1950 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 113.4 | 43.8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 113.4 | 43.8 | 157.2 |
| 1951 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 95.3 | 103.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 95.3 | 103.2 | 198.5 |
| 1952 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 97.7 | 79.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 97.7 | 79.2 | 176.9 |
| 1953 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 96.7 | 61.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 96.7 | 61.0 | 157.7 |
| 1954 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 90.8 | 60.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 90.8 | 60.6 | 151.4 |
| 1955 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 65.2 | 42.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 65.2 | 42.0 | 107.2 |
| 1956 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 74.3 | 45.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 74.3 | 45.5 | 119.8 |
| 1957 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 134.5 | 66.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 134.5 | 66.6 | 201.1 |
| 1958 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 118.5 | 39.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 118.5 | 39.2 | 157.7 |
| 1959 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 184.3 | 39.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 184.3 | 39.2 | 223.5 |
| 1960 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 239.3 | 44.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 239.3 | 44.5 | 283.8 |
| 1961 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 290.3 | 43.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 290.3 | 43.1 | 333.4 |
| 1962 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 412.7 | 40.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 412.7 | 40.1 | 452.8 |
| 1963 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 330.7 | 46.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 330.7 | 46.6 | 377.3 |
| 1964 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 406.6 | 65.4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 406.6 | 65.4 | 472.0 |
| 1965 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 427.2 | 55.8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 427.2 | 55.8 | 483.0 |
| 1966 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 341.3 | 35.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 341.3 | 35.2 | 376.5 |
| 1967 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 385.5 | 51.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 385.5 | 51.1 | 436.6 |
| 1968 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 465.1 | 73.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 465.1 | 73.9 | 539.0 |
| 1969 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 366.4 | 73.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 366.4 | 73.6 | 440.0 |
| 1970 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 447.7 | 94.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 447.7 | 94.9 | 542.6 |
| 1971 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 430.4 | 65.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 430.4 | 65.5 | 495.9 |
| 1972 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 392.6 | 70.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 392.6 | 70.2 | 462.8 |
| 1973 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 379.0 | 48.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 379.0 | 48.6 | 427.6 |
| 1974 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 425.4 | 47.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 425.4 | 47.6 | 473.0 |
| 1975 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 306.4 | 55.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 306.4 | 55.5 | 361.9 |
| 1976 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 418.4 | 25.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 418.4 | 25.1 | 443.5 |
| 1977 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 345.8 | 21.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 345.8 | 21.0 | 366.8 |
| 1978 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 376.7 | 18.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 376.7 | 18.2 | 394.9 |
| 1979 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 331.9 | 21.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 331.9 | 21.9 | 353.8 |
| 1980 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 275.1 | 20.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 275.1 | 20.5 | 295.6 |
| 1981 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 314.9 | 17.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 314.9 | 17.0 | 331.9 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 605.5 | 16.3 | 0 | 0 | 0.6 | 605.5 | 16.9 | 622.4 |
| 1983 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 405.7 | 30.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 405.7 | 30.5 | 436.2 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 413.5 | 16.2 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 413.5 | 16.3 | 429.8 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0.3 | 0 | 0 | 355.7 | 18.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 356.0 | 18.7 | 374.7 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 465.6 | 41.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 465.6 | 41.9 | 507.5 |
| 1987 | 3.8 | 0 | 0 | 0.6 | 574.0 | 40.2 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 578.4 | 40.3 | 618.8 |
| 1988 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 589.4 | 50.8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 589.9 | 50.8 | 640.7 |
| 1989 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0 | 0.6 | 776.2 | 62.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 777.7 | 62.2 | 839.9 |
| 1990 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 738.1 | 58.1 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 738.2 | 58.2 | 796.4 |
| 1991 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 776.3 | 67.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 776.9 | 67.5 | 844.4 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 759.8 | 80.0 | 0 | 2.1 | 0 | 759.8 | 82.1 | 841.9 |
| 1993 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 994.8 | 84.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 994.8 | 84.4 | 1079.2 |
| 1994 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 924.2 | 76.4 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 924.2 | 76.5 | 1000.7 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 784.2 | 58.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 784.2 | 58.0 | 842.2 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 612.4 | 49.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 612.4 | 49.5 | 661.9 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 693.6 | 65.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 693.6 | 65.7 | 759.3 |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 634.2 | 57.3 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 634.2 | 57.4 | 691.6 |
| 1999 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 787.1 | 50.3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 787.2 | 50.3 | 837.5 |
| 2000 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 676.2 | 45.8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 676.3 | 45.8 | 722.1 |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 600.8 | 43.5 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 600.8 | 43.6 | 644.5 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 596.6 | 42.9 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 596.7 | 43.1 | 639.8 |
| 2003 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 591.7 | 47.8 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 592.7 | 47.9 | 640.7 |
| 2004 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 624.7 | 46.6 | 0 | 0.2 | 0 | 624.8 | 46.8 | 671.6 |
| 2005 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 550.0 | 50.8 | 0 | 0.3 | 0 | 550.0 | 51.1 | 601.1 |
| 2006 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 523.4 | 37.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 523.4 | 37.7 | 561.0 |
| 2007 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 399.6 | 44.0 | 0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 399.7 | 44.2 | 443.9 |
| 2008 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 571.0 | 50.4 | 0 | 0.3 | 0 | 571.0 | 50.7 | 621.7 |
| 2009 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 823.2 | 72.6 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 823.2 | 73.1 | 896.4 |
| 2010 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 681.5 | 86.9 | 0 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 681.5 | 86.9 | 768.4 |
| 2011* |  |  |  |  | 742.0 | 116.1 |  |  |  |  |  | 858.0 |

[^1]Table 6.8.3 Florida commercial landings (in metric tons) of yellowtail snapper by gear. [Data from NOAA Fisheries (NMFS), and FWC (FL-TT). "HL"=hook and line gears.]

| Year | Gulf Total |  |  | Southeast Atlantic |  |  | Southeastern US |  |  | Data |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HL | Other | Total | HL | Other | Total | HL | Other | Total | Source |
| 1950 | 113.4 | 0 | 113.4 | 42.9 | 0.9 | 43.8 | 156.3 | 0.9 | 157.2 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1951 | 95.2 | 0 | 95.2 | 103.3 | 0 | 103.3 | 198.5 | 0 | 198.5 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1952 | 97.7 | 0 | 97.7 | 79.2 | 0 | 79.2 | 176.9 | 0 | 176.9 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1953 | 92.2 | 4.5 | 96.7 | 60.9 | 0 | 60.9 | 153.1 | 4.5 | 157.6 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1954 | 39.7 | 51.1 | 90.8 | 50.3 | 10.3 | 60.6 | 90 | 61.4 | 151.4 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1955 | 65.2 | 0 | 65.2 | 42.0 | 0 | 42.0 | 107.2 | 0 | 107.2 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1956 | 74.1 | 0.1 | 74.2 | 45.5 | 0 | 45.5 | 119.6 | 0.1 | 119.7 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1957 | 134.5 | 0 | 134.5 | 66.6 | 0 | 66.6 | 201.1 | 0 | 201.1 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1958 | 118.5 | 0 | 118.5 | 39.2 | 0 | 39.2 | 157.7 | 0 | 157.7 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1959 | 184.3 | 0 | 184.3 | 39.2 | 0 | 39.2 | 223.5 | 0 | 223.5 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1960 | 239.3 | 0 | 239.3 | 44.5 | 0 | 44.5 | 283.8 | 0 | 283.8 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1961 | 290.3 | 0 | 290.3 | 43.1 | 0 | 43.1 | 333.4 | 0 | 333.4 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1962 | 412.7 | 0 | 412.7 | 40.1 | 0 | 40.1 | 452.8 | 0 | 452.8 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1963 | 330.7 | 0 | 330.7 | 46.6 | 0 | 46.6 | 377.3 | 0 | 377.3 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1964 | 406.6 | 0 | 406.6 | 65.4 | 0 | 65.4 | 472 | 0 | 472.0 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1965 | 427.2 | 0 | 427.2 | 55.8 | 0 | 55.8 | 483 | 0 | 483.0 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1966 | 341.3 | 0 | 341.3 | 35.2 | 0 | 35.2 | 376.5 | 0 | 376.5 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1967 | 385.5 | 0 | 385.5 | 51.1 | 0 | 51.1 | 436.6 | 0 | 436.6 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1968 | 465.1 | 0 | 465.1 | 73.9 | 0 | 73.9 | 539 | 0 | 539.0 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1969 | 366.4 | 0 | 366.4 | 73.6 | 0 | 73.6 | 440 | 0 | 440.0 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1970 | 447.7 | 0 | 447.7 | 94.9 | 0 | 94.9 | 542.6 | 0 | 542.6 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1971 | 430.4 | 0 | 430.4 | 65.5 | 0 | 65.5 | 495.9 | 0 | 495.9 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1972 | 392.6 | 0 | 392.6 | 70.2 | 0 | 70.2 | 462.8 | 0 | 462.8 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1973 | 379.0 | 0 | 379.0 | 48.6 | 0 | 48.6 | 427.6 | 0 | 427.6 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1974 | 425.4 | 0 | 425.4 | 47.6 | 0 | 47.6 | 473 | 0 | 473.0 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1975 | 306.4 | 0 | 306.4 | 55.5 | 0 | 55.5 | 361.9 | 0 | 361.9 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1976 | 418.4 | 0 | 418.4 | 25.1 | 0 | 25.1 | 443.5 | 0 | 443.5 | NMFS ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1977 | 345.8 | 0 | 345.8 | 21.0 | 0 | 21.0 | 366.8 | 0 | 366.8 | NMFS GC ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1978 | 376.7 | 0 | 376.7 | 15.9 | 2.4 | 18.2 | 392.5 | 2.4 | 394.9 | NMFS GC ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1979 | 297.8 | 34.1 | 331.9 | 19.2 | 2.7 | 21.9 | 317.0 | 36.8 | 353.8 | NMFS GC ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1980 | 247.9 | 27.2 | 275.1 | 15.6 | 4.9 | 20.4 | 263.4 | 32.1 | 295.5 | NMFS GC ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1981 | 303.8 | 11.0 | 314.9 | 13.1 | 3.9 | 17.0 | 316.9 | 14.9 | 331.9 | NMFS GC ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1982 | 600.3 | 5.1 | 605.5 | 14.3 | 2.6 | 16.9 | 614.6 | 7.8 | 622.4 | NMFS GC ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1983 | 398.9 | 6.7 | 405.7 | 15.7 | 14.8 | 30.6 | 414.7 | 21.6 | 436.2 | NMFS GC ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1984 | 396.4 | 17.1 | 413.5 | 16.0 | 0.2 | 16.3 | 412.4 | 17.4 | 429.8 | NMFS GC ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1985 | 337.9 | 18.1 | 356.0 | 18.6 | 0.1 | 18.7 | 356.5 | 18.1 | 374.7 | NMFS GC ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1986 | 446.9 | 18.7 | 465.6 | 38.0 | 3.9 | 41.9 | 484.9 | 22.6 | 507.5 | NMFS GC ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1987 | 574.1 | 4.3 | 578.4 | 34.0 | 6.3 | 40.3 | 608.2 | 10.5 | 618.7 | NMFS GC ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1988 | 567.9 | 22.1 | 589.9 | 36.4 | 14.3 | 50.8 | 604.3 | 36.4 | 640.7 | NMFS GC ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1989 | 753.3 | 24.3 | 777.7 | 42.0 | 20.2 | 62.2 | 795.3 | 44.5 | 839.8 | NMFS GC ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1990 | 719.3 | 18.9 | 738.2 | 44.3 | 13.8 | 58.2 | 763.6 | 32.7 | 796.3 | NMFS GC ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1991 | 760.5 | 16.4 | 776.9 | 59.4 | 8.1 | 67.5 | 819.9 | 24.5 | 844.4 | NMFS GC ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1992 | 717.3 | 42.5 | 759.8 | 78.9 | 3.1 | 82.0 | 796.2 | 45.7 | 841.8 | FL-TT ${ }^{3}$ |
| 1993 | 935.5 | 59.2 | 994.8 | 82.2 | 2.2 | 84.4 | 1017.7 | 61.5 | 1079.2 | FL-TT ${ }^{3}$ |
| 1994 | 892.1 | 32.1 | 924.2 | 74.1 | 2.4 | 76.5 | 966.2 | 34.5 | 1000.7 | FL-TT ${ }^{3}$ |
| 1995 | 756.2 | 28.0 | 784.2 | 54.3 | 3.7 | 58.0 | 810.5 | 31.7 | 842.2 | FL-TT ${ }^{3}$ |
| 1996 | 596.2 | 16.2 | 612.4 | 48.5 | 1.0 | 49.5 | 644.7 | 17.2 | 661.9 | FL-TT ${ }^{3}$ |
| 1997 | 678.6 | 15.0 | 693.6 | 64.8 | 0.9 | 65.7 | 743.5 | 15.8 | 759.3 | FL-TT ${ }^{3}$ |
| 1998 | 615.3 | 18.9 | 634.2 | 56.6 | 0.8 | 57.4 | 671.9 | 19.7 | 691.6 | FL-TT ${ }^{3}$ |
| 1999 | 763.5 | 23.7 | 787.2 | 49.4 | 0.8 | 50.3 | 812.9 | 24.6 | 837.5 | $\mathrm{FL}-\mathrm{TT}^{3}$ |
| 2000 | 668.6 | 7.6 | 676.3 | 44.9 | 0.9 | 45.8 | 713.6 | 8.5 | 722.1 | FL-TT ${ }^{3}$ |
| 2001 | 596.9 | 3.9 | 600.8 | 43.1 | 0.5 | 43.6 | 640.0 | 4.5 | 644.5 | FL-TT ${ }^{3}$ |
| 2002 | 593.5 | 3.2 | 596.7 | 42.9 | 0.3 | 43.1 | 636.4 | 3.5 | 639.8 | $\mathrm{FL}-\mathrm{TT}^{3}$ |
| 2003 | 587.0 | 4.7 | 591.7 | 47.6 | 0.3 | 47.9 | 634.7 | 5.0 | 639.7 | FL-TT ${ }^{3}$ |
| 2004 | 620.3 | 4.4 | 624.7 | 46.0 | 0.8 | 46.8 | 666.2 | 5.2 | 671.5 | FL-TT ${ }^{3}$ |
| 2005 | 548.1 | 1.9 | 550.0 | 50.5 | 0.6 | 51.1 | 598.6 | 2.5 | 601.1 | FL-TT ${ }^{3}$ |
| 2006 | 518.8 | 4.6 | 523.4 | 37.0 | 0.7 | 37.7 | 555.8 | 5.3 | 561.0 | FL-TT ${ }^{3}$ |
| 2007 | 393.2 | 6.6 | 399.7 | 44.0 | 0.2 | 44.2 | 437.2 | 6.7 | 443.9 | FL-TT ${ }^{3}$ |
| 2008 | 567.4 | 3.6 | 571.0 | 50.6 | 0.1 | 50.7 | 618.0 | 3.7 | 621.7 | FL-TT ${ }^{3}$ |
| 2009 | 822.4 | 0.8 | 823.2 | 72.8 | 0.3 | 73.1 | 895.2 | 1.2 | 896.4 | FL-TT ${ }^{3}$ |
| 2010 | 679.0 | 2.5 | 681.5 | 86.1 | 0.8 | 86.8 | 765.1 | 3.2 | 768.4 | FL-TT ${ }^{3}$ |

[^2]Table 6.8.4 Florida reported commercial landings by coast and region, and percentage of landings and trips in the Florida Keys.
Landings were modified by area fished (if reported on Florida trip tickets), and will not necessarily match regional totals shown in Tables 6.8.2 and 6.8.3.

| Year |  |  | st - Flor Palm Mia | ch - <br> ade |  | Gulf Keys | Mexi <br> Co <br> Esca | - Flor rbia |  |  | Total Atlantic Coast Florida |  | Total Gulf of Mexico Florida |  | To |  | Percentage in Florida Keys |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | mt | trips | mt | trips | mt | trips | mt | trips | mt | trips | mt | trips | mt | trips | mt | trips | mt | trips |
| 1985 | 0.1 | 17 | 13.7 | 768 | 358.7 | 10,806 | 15.2 | 238 | 0.0 | 0 | 13.7 | 785 | 373.9 | 11,044 | 387.6 | 11,829 | 92.5\% | 91.4\% |
| 1986 | 3.4 | 97 | 22.2 | 1,263 | 466.4 | 10,807 | 15.7 | 390 | 0.0 | 0 | 25.6 | 1,360 | 482.1 | 11,197 | 507.7 | 12,557 | 91.9\% | 86.1\% |
| 1987 | 1.2 | 98 | 33.4 | 1,499 | 564.4 | 15,518 | 15.5 | 532 | 0.0 | 0 | 34.5 | 1,597 | 579.9 | 16,050 | 614.4 | 17,647 | 91.9\% | 87.9\% |
| 1988 | 0.8 | 73 | 40.7 | 1,574 | 579.5 | 15,228 | 19.0 | 646 | 0.0 | 0 | 41.5 | 1,647 | 598.5 | 15,874 | 640.1 | 17,521 | 90.5\% | 86.9\% |
| 1989 | 1.8 | 102 | 50.2 | 1,884 | 757.4 | 18,023 | 30.3 | 699 | 0.0 | 0 | 52.0 | 1,986 | 787.7 | 18,722 | 839.7 | 20,708 | 90.2\% | 87.0\% |
| 1990 | 0.7 | 78 | 52.4 | 1,854 | 720.7 | 16,483 | 23.3 | 496 | 0.0 | 0 | 53.1 | 1,932 | 744.0 | 16,979 | 797.0 | 18,911 | 90.4\% | 87.2\% |
| 1991 | 2.5 | 170 | 56.7 | 2,125 | 767.7 | 15,823 | 17.6 | 505 | 0.0 | 0 | 59.2 | 2,295 | 785.3 | 16,328 | 844.5 | 18,623 | 90.9\% | 85.0\% |
| 1992 | 2.5 | 192 | 74.2 | 2,313 | 727.0 | 15,637 | 36.2 | 514 | 0.0 | 0 | 76.7 | 2,505 | 763.2 | 16,151 | 839.8 | 18,656 | 86.6\% | 83.8\% |
| 1993 | 1.4 | 124 | 80.0 | 2,428 | 971.5 | 16,416 | 26.0 | 571 | 0.0 | 0 | 81.4 | 2,552 | 997.5 | 16,987 | 1079.0 | 19,539 | 90.0\% | 84.0\% |
| 1994 | 2.1 | 94 | 73.1 | 2,257 | 911.0 | 15,036 | 14.2 | 550 | 0.2 | 1 | 75.2 | 2,351 | 925.4 | 15,587 | 1001.0 | 17,938 | 91.0\% | 83.8\% |
| 1995 | 1.1 | 91 | 53.9 | 1,887 | 769.8 | 13,411 | 17.4 | 387 | 0.0 | 0 | 55.0 | 1,978 | 787.2 | 13,798 | 842.2 | 15,776 | 91.4\% | 85.0\% |
| 1996 | 1.6 | 90 | 44.0 | 1,709 | 603.3 | 11,416 | 13.0 | 308 | 0.0 | 0 | 45.6 | 1,799 | 616.3 | 11,724 | 661.9 | 13,523 | 91.1\% | 84.4\% |
| 1997 | 1.2 | 87 | 59.4 | 2,184 | 690.6 | 12,027 | 8.0 | 238 | 0.0 | 0 | 60.6 | 2,271 | 698.6 | 12,265 | 759.3 | 14,536 | 91.0\% | 82.7\% |
| 1998 | 1.6 | 76 | 49.8 | 1,426 | 637.1 | 9,824 | 3.1 | 126 | 0.0 | 0 | 51.3 | 1,502 | 640.2 | 9,950 | 691.5 | 11,452 | 92.1\% | 85.8\% |
| 1999 | 0.6 | 78 | 38.5 | 1,190 | 789.2 | 9,481 | 9.1 | 193 | 0.0 | 0 | 39.1 | 1,268 | 798.3 | 9,674 | 837.4 | 10,942 | 94.2\% | 86.6\% |
| 2000 | 0.7 | 86 | 32.4 | 1,218 | 685.8 | 7,760 | 3.1 | 167 | 0.0 | 0 | 33.1 | 1,304 | 688.9 | 7,927 | 722.0 | 9,231 | 95.0\% | 84.1\% |
| 2001 | 1.8 | 143 | 36.5 | 1,024 | 603.1 | 7,947 | 3.0 | 152 | 0.0 | 0 | 38.2 | 1,167 | 606.1 | 8,099 | 644.4 | 9,266 | 93.6\% | 85.8\% |
| 2002 | 1.4 | 186 | 39.8 | 1,184 | 596.0 | 7,737 | 2.5 | 114 | 0.0 | 0 | 41.1 | 1,370 | 598.5 | 7,851 | 639.5 | 9,221 | 93.2\% | 83.9\% |
| 2003 | 0.6 | 60 | 44.2 | 1,142 | 589.9 | 7,774 | 4.9 | 115 | 0.0 | 0 | 44.8 | 1,202 | 594.8 | 7,889 | 639.6 | 9,091 | 92.2\% | 85.5\% |
| 2004 | 0.4 | 57 | 37.4 | 1,068 | 631.5 | 7,380 | 2.1 | 116 | 0.0 | 0 | 37.7 | 1,125 | 633.6 | 7,496 | 671.3 | 8,621 | 94.1\% | 85.6\% |
| 2005 | 0.3 | 43 | 33.1 | 1,004 | 565.3 | 6,606 | 2.1 | 145 | 0.0 | 0 | 33.4 | 1,047 | 567.4 | 6,751 | 600.8 | 7,798 | 94.1\% | 84.7\% |
| 2006 | 1.3 | 30 | 26.2 | 778 | 530.8 | 5,705 | 2.8 | 163 | 0.0 | 0 | 27.4 | 808 | 533.6 | 5,868 | 561.0 | 6,676 | 94.6\% | 85.5\% |
| 2007 | 0.9 | 72 | 22.2 | 745 | 419.1 | 5,353 | 1.4 | 67 | 0.0 | 0 | 23.1 | 817 | 420.5 | 5,420 | 443.6 | 6,237 | 94.5\% | 85.8\% |
| 2008 | 0.5 | 33 | 20.2 | 557 | 598.7 | 5,790 | 2.1 | 68 | 0.0 | 0 | 20.7 | 590 | 600.8 | 5,858 | 621.4 | 6,448 | 96.3\% | 89.8\% |
| 2009 | 0.4 | 63 | 24.7 | 655 | 869.4 | 6,168 | 1.3 | 93 | 0.0 | 0 | 25.1 | 718 | 870.7 | 6,261 | 895.9 | 6,979 | 97.0\% | 88.4\% |
| 2010 | 1.3 | 55 | 34.6 | 497 | 732.2 | 5,154 | 0.3 | 38 | 0.0 | 0 | 35.9 | 552 | 732.5 | 5,192 | 768.4 | 5,744 | 95.3\% | 89.7\% |
| 2011* | 0.2 | 45 | 36.4 | 524 | 819.4 | 5,099 | 2.0 | 94 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 38.6 | 569 | 821.4 | 5,193 | 858.0 | 5,762 | 95.5\% | 88.5\% |

*2011 FWC trip ticket data are preliminary and incomplete

Table 6.8.5 The number of commercial fishing trips from 1985-2010 on which yellowtail snapper were landed in a five county area of south Florida and the number and percentage of trips on which other species were also landed. Data from Florida trip tickets.

| species | trips | \% trips |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| yellowtail snapper | 319,572 | $100.0 \%$ |
| gray snapper | 105,883 | $33.1 \%$ |
| mutton snapper | 67,953 | $21.3 \%$ |
| black grouper | 51,078 | $16.0 \%$ |
| misc. food fish | 45,415 | $14.2 \%$ |
| red grouper | 45,092 | $14.1 \%$ |
| grunts | 39,219 | $12.3 \%$ |
| king mackerel | 28,132 | $8.8 \%$ |
| lane snapper | 21,382 | $6.7 \%$ |
| blue runner | 19,023 | $6.0 \%$ |
| hogfish | 16,740 | $5.2 \%$ |
| jack, mixed | 13,599 | $4.3 \%$ |
| Spanish mackerel | 11,568 | $3.6 \%$ |
| cero mackerel | 10,364 | $3.2 \%$ |
| greater amberjack | 9,892 | $3.1 \%$ |
| dolphin | 9,262 | $2.9 \%$ |
| cobia | 7,330 | $2.3 \%$ |
| porgy, other | 6,172 | $1.9 \%$ |
| jacks, other | 6,166 | $1.9 \%$ |
| spiny lobster | 6,109 | $1.9 \%$ |
| crevalle jack | 5,714 | $1.8 \%$ |
| grouper, mixed | 3,527 | $1.1 \%$ |
| gray triggerfish | 3,364 | $1.1 \%$ |

Table 6.8.6 Florida reported commercial landings (from trip tickets) of yellowtail snapper (in metric tons) by categories of kilograms landed per license in a year. [For example, in 1987, there were 23 metric tons of yellowtail snapper landed commercially by fishermen who landed less than 50 kg of this species that year. Of the total metric tons of yellowtail snapper landed in 1987, $38.6 \%$ were landed by fishermen with total landings of this species of less than $1,000 \mathrm{~kg}$.] Florida Saltwater Products License numbers (commercial fishing licenses) were not allowed to be retained in the trip ticket database until October 1986.

| Year | $<50 \mathrm{~kg}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50- \\ 99 \mathrm{~kg} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 100- \\ 199 \mathrm{~kg} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200- \\ 499 \mathrm{~kg} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 500- \\ 999 \mathrm{~kg} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000- \\ 4,999 \mathrm{~kg} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5,000- \\ \mathbf{9 , 9 9 9} \mathbf{~ k g} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10,000+ \\ \text { kg } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Total kg | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percentage } \\ <1,000 \mathrm{~kg} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percentage } \\ >5,000 \mathrm{~kg} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1985 |  | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |  | 387.5 | 387.6 |  |  |
| 1986 | 5.2 | 3.5 | 6.1 | 13.5 | 15.5 | 34 | 8.9 | 421.1 | 507.7 |  |  |
| 1987 | 23.0 | 21.3 | 36.0 | 73.3 | 83.5 | 205.3 | 102.4 | 69.7 | 614.4 | 38.6\% | 28.0\% |
| 1988 | 24.2 | 22.3 | 36.2 | 77.6 | 102.0 | 242.4 | 75.8 | 59.6 | 640.1 | 41.0\% | 21.2\% |
| 1989 | 26.5 | 24.4 | 36.8 | 81.1 | 118.7 | 301.2 | 124.1 | 127.0 | 839.7 | 34.2\% | 29.9\% |
| 1990 | 20.6 | 17.2 | 32.9 | 85.8 | 96.7 | 335.0 | 138.6 | 70.2 | 797.0 | 31.8\% | 26.2\% |
| 1991 | 16.4 | 15.1 | 29.0 | 65.7 | 100.8 | 372.5 | 200.5 | 44.5 | 844.5 | 26.9\% | 29.0\% |
| 1992 | 13.1 | 15.5 | 25.8 | 70.7 | 107.8 | 351.3 | 148.2 | 107.4 | 839.8 | 27.7\% | 30.4\% |
| 1993 | 13.5 | 13.1 | 22.1 | 66.8 | 122.2 | 430.5 | 257.4 | 153.3 | 1079.0 | 22.0\% | 38.1\% |
| 1994 | 13.0 | 13.3 | 25.7 | 68.2 | 93.1 | 413.3 | 261.3 | 112.7 | 1001.0 | 21.3\% | 37.4\% |
| 1995 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 23.3 | 58.4 | 96.9 | 340.5 | 169.3 | 128.9 | 842.2 | 24.2\% | 35.4\% |
| 1996 | 10.3 | 11.3 | 22.4 | 65.2 | 79.7 | 280.3 | 93.5 | 99.1 | 661.9 | 28.5\% | 29.1\% |
| 1997 | 10.5 | 10.8 | 21.2 | 64.7 | 95.3 | 293.0 | 160.4 | 103.2 | 759.3 | 26.7\% | 34.7\% |
| 1998 | 9.3 | 9.8 | 18.3 | 48.9 | 82.3 | 259.6 | 137.8 | 125.5 | 691.5 | 24.4\% | 38.1\% |
| 1999 | 6.9 | 7.5 | 14.3 | 41.1 | 76.7 | 261.6 | 134.7 | 294.7 | 837.4 | 17.5\% | 51.3\% |
| 2000 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 13.1 | 37.2 | 56.4 | 201.7 | 145.6 | 254.5 | 722.0 | 16.6\% | 55.4\% |
| 2001 | 6.1 | 7.9 | 14.3 | 42.3 | 58.1 | 195.5 | 135.0 | 185.0 | 644.4 | 20.0\% | 49.7\% |
| 2002 | 6.1 | 8.0 | 13.7 | 36.6 | 68.1 | 167.0 | 132.6 | 207.4 | 639.5 | 20.7\% | 53.2\% |
| 2003 | 5.4 | 6.0 | 11.3 | 30.5 | 62.3 | 218.0 | 116.2 | 189.9 | 639.6 | 18.1\% | 47.9\% |
| 2004 | 5.3 | 7.0 | 10.5 | 35.4 | 54.6 | 190.2 | 111.0 | 257.3 | 671.3 | 16.8\% | 54.9\% |
| 2005 | 4.5 | 6.0 | 10.1 | 27.7 | 42.9 | 191.3 | 70.9 | 247.4 | 600.8 | 15.2\% | 53.0\% |
| 2006 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 10.1 | 25.0 | 39.8 | 145.1 | 136.8 | 195.1 | 561.0 | 15.0\% | 59.2\% |
| 2007 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 7.8 | 25.4 | 34.4 | 140.8 | 103.9 | 123.9 | 443.6 | 16.9\% | 51.4\% |
| 2008 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 7.7 | 22.3 | 32.8 | 149.8 | 148.6 | 254.1 | 621.4 | 11.1\% | 64.8\% |
| 2009 | 3.0 | 4.6 | 7.4 | 22.5 | 32.3 | 155.1 | 207.2 | 463.8 | 895.9 | 7.8\% | 74.9\% |
| 2010 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 7.0 | 18.6 | 42.0 | 183.3 | 149.0 | 362.6 | 768.4 | 9.6\% | 66.6\% |
| 2011 | 2.2 | 3.3 | 5.1 | 20.2 | 29.0 | 203.7 | 238.1 | 356.4 | 858.0 | 7.0\% | 69.3\% |

* 2011 data are preliminary and incomplete

Table 6.8.7 Florida reported commercial landings (from trip tickets) of yellowtail snapper (in number of Saltwater Products Licenses) by categories of kilograms landed per license in a year. [For example, in 1987, there were 1,603 SPLs commercially landing yellowtail snapper who landed less than 50 kg of this species that year. Of the total number of licenses with landings of yellowtail snapper in 1987, $95.4 \%$ were landed by fishermen with total landings of this species of less than $1,000 \mathrm{~kg}$.] Florida Saltwater Products License numbers (commercial fishing licenses) were not allowed to be retained in the trip ticket database until October 1986.

| Year | $<50 \mathrm{~kg}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50- \\ 99 \mathrm{~kg} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100- \\ 199 \mathrm{~kg} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200- \\ 499 \mathrm{~kg} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 500- \\ 999 \mathrm{~kg} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000- \\ 4,999 \mathrm{~kg} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 5,000 - } \\ \mathbf{9 , 9 9 9 ~ k g} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 10,000+ } \\ \text { kg } \end{gathered}$ | Total licenses | Percentage $<1,000 \mathrm{~kg}$ | Percentage $>5,000 \mathrm{~kg}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1985 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 4 |  |  |
| 1986 | 416 | 51 | 41 | 42 | 23 | 20 | 1 | 3 | 597 |  |  |
| 1987 | 1,603 | 298 | 256 | 231 | 120 | 106 | 14 | 2 | 2,630 | 95.4\% | 0.6\% |
| 1988 | 1,679 | 317 | 255 | 248 | 143 | 117 | 11 | 2 | 2,772 | 95.3\% | 0.5\% |
| 1989 | 1,816 | 344 | 260 | 251 | 173 | 150 | 17 | 6 | 3,017 | 94.3\% | 0.8\% |
| 1990 | 1,357 | 242 | 233 | 263 | 141 | 181 | 20 | 4 | 2,441 | 91.6\% | 1.0\% |
| 1991 | 1,032 | 214 | 202 | 205 | 138 | 183 | 28 | 4 | 2,006 | 89.3\% | 1.6\% |
| 1992 | 943 | 214 | 184 | 222 | 150 | 183 | 23 | 9 | 1,928 | 88.8\% | 1.7\% |
| 1993 | 911 | 187 | 159 | 205 | 168 | 201 | 37 | 12 | 1,880 | 86.7\% | 2.6\% |
| 1994 | 882 | 183 | 183 | 207 | 135 | 205 | 38 | 9 | 1,842 | 86.3\% | 2.6\% |
| 1995 | 837 | 173 | 164 | 182 | 130 | 161 | 24 | 10 | 1,681 | 88.4\% | 2.0\% |
| 1996 | 745 | 154 | 157 | 202 | 112 | 125 | 15 | 8 | 1,518 | 90.3\% | 1.5\% |
| 1997 | 751 | 149 | 148 | 201 | 132 | 132 | 22 | 8 | 1,543 | 89.5\% | 1.9\% |
| 1998 | 618 | 133 | 127 | 154 | 114 | 120 | 19 | 11 | 1,296 | 88.4\% | 2.3\% |
| 1999 | 491 | 102 | 101 | 123 | 107 | 124 | 19 | 23 | 1,090 | 84.8\% | 3.9\% |
| 2000 | 464 | 93 | 92 | 114 | 76 | 99 | 20 | 18 | 976 | 86.0\% | 3.9\% |
| 2001 | 408 | 108 | 103 | 128 | 81 | 92 | 19 | 13 | 952 | 87.0\% | 3.4\% |
| 2002 | 405 | 109 | 96 | 111 | 94 | 87 | 20 | 14 | 936 | 87.1\% | 3.6\% |
| 2003 | 366 | 86 | 78 | 96 | 84 | 104 | 16 | 13 | 843 | 84.2\% | 3.4\% |
| 2004 | 352 | 96 | 74 | 110 | 78 | 91 | 15 | 15 | 831 | 85.4\% | 3.6\% |
| 2005 | 348 | 83 | 72 | 91 | 62 | 92 | 10 | 17 | 775 | 84.6\% | 3.5\% |
| 2006 | 295 | 64 | 69 | 78 | 55 | 72 | 18 | 14 | 665 | 84.4\% | 4.8\% |
| 2007 | 263 | 56 | 56 | 78 | 47 | 72 | 15 | 9 | 596 | 83.9\% | 4.0\% |
| 2008 | 255 | 45 | 54 | 71 | 47 | 67 | 21 | 16 | 576 | 81.9\% | 6.4\% |
| 2009 | 233 | 63 | 53 | 67 | 45 | 75 | 28 | 24 | 588 | 78.4\% | 8.8\% |
| 2010 | 190 | 43 | 46 | 55 | 57 | 74 | 23 | 20 | 508 | 77.0\% | 8.5\% |
| 2011 | 186 | 45 | 35 | 64 | 40 | 75 | 33 | 18 | 496 | 74.6\% | 10.3\% |

* 2011 data are preliminary and incomplete

Table 6.8.8 Florida reported commercial landings (from trip tickets) of yellowtail snapper (in numbers of fishing trips) by categories of kilograms landed per license in a year. [For example, in 1987, there were 3,357 commercial fishing trips with landings yellowtail snapper by fishermen who landed less than 50 kg of this species that year. Of the total number of commercial fishing trips with landings of yellowtail snapper in 1987, $71.4 \%$ were landed by fishermen with total landings of this species of less than $1,000 \mathrm{~kg}$.] Florida Saltwater Products License numbers (commercial fishing licenses) were not allowed to be retained in the trip ticket database until October 1986.

| Year | $<50 \mathrm{~kg}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50- \\ 99 \mathrm{~kg} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 100- \\ 199 \mathrm{~kg} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200- \\ 499 \mathrm{~kg} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 500- \\ 999 \mathrm{~kg} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000- \\ 4,999 \mathrm{~kg} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 5,000- \\ 9,999 \mathrm{~kg} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathbf{1 0 , 0 0 0 +} \\ \text { kg } \end{gathered}$ | Total kg | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Percentage } \\ & <1,000 \mathrm{~kg} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percentage } \\ >5,000 \mathrm{~kg} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1985 |  | 17 |  |  |  |  |  | 11,812 | 11,829 |  |  |
| 1986 | 793 | 170 | 254 | 271 | 160 | 248 | 138 | 10,523 | 12,557 |  |  |
| 1987 | 3,337 | 1,578 | 2,124 | 2,982 | 2,585 | 3,414 | 396 | 1,231 | 17,647 | 71.4\% | 9.2\% |
| 1988 | 3,443 | 1,598 | 1,947 | 3,169 | 2,452 | 3,672 | 366 | 874 | 17,521 | 72.0\% | 7.1\% |
| 1989 | 3,719 | 1,846 | 2,072 | 3,072 | 3,234 | 5,297 | 436 | 1,032 | 20,708 | 67.3\% | 7.1\% |
| 1990 | 2,651 | 1,076 | 1,529 | 3,426 | 2,919 | 6,255 | 558 | 497 | 18,911 | 61.3\% | 5.6\% |
| 1991 | 2,285 | 1,056 | 1,693 | 2,711 | 3,167 | 6,532 | 1,086 | 93 | 18,623 | 58.6\% | 6.3\% |
| 1992 | 2,073 | 1,116 | 1,489 | 2,954 | 2,995 | 6,410 | 1,255 | 364 | 18,656 | 57.0\% | 8.7\% |
| 1993 | 2,004 | 986 | 1,261 | 2,608 | 3,758 | 7,228 | 1,115 | 579 | 19,539 | 54.3\% | 8.7\% |
| 1994 | 1,943 | 949 | 1,299 | 2,687 | 2,795 | 6,776 | 1,107 | 382 | 17,938 | 53.9\% | 8.3\% |
| 1995 | 1,895 | 921 | 1,258 | 2,410 | 2,923 | 5,262 | 735 | 372 | 15,776 | 59.6\% | 7.0\% |
| 1996 | 1,800 | 828 | 1,108 | 2,579 | 2,425 | 4,029 | 259 | 495 | 13,523 | 64.6\% | 5.6\% |
| 1997 | 1,656 | 826 | 1,163 | 2,519 | 2,576 | 4,620 | 521 | 655 | 14,536 | 60.1\% | 8.1\% |
| 1998 | 1,330 | 605 | 855 | 1,763 | 2,086 | 3,514 | 667 | 632 | 11,452 | 58.0\% | 11.3\% |
| 1999 | 995 | 471 | 590 | 1,346 | 2,033 | 3,924 | 655 | 928 | 10,942 | 49.7\% | 14.5\% |
| 2000 | 955 | 390 | 613 | 1,463 | 1,533 | 2,871 | 650 | 756 | 9,231 | 53.7\% | 15.2\% |
| 2001 | 837 | 468 | 643 | 1,526 | 1,732 | 2,472 | 619 | 969 | 9,266 | 56.2\% | 17.1\% |
| 2002 | 851 | 444 | 566 | 1,218 | 1,987 | 2,564 | 714 | 877 | 9,221 | 54.9\% | 17.3\% |
| 2003 | 760 | 390 | 571 | 1,064 | 1,777 | 3,092 | 716 | 721 | 9,091 | 50.2\% | 15.8\% |
| 2004 | 760 | 489 | 506 | 1,389 | 1,476 | 2,553 | 488 | 960 | 8,621 | 53.6\% | 16.8\% |
| 2005 | 676 | 407 | 531 | 1,084 | 1,129 | 2,836 | 301 | 834 | 7,798 | 49.1\% | 14.6\% |
| 2006 | 639 | 265 | 569 | 902 | 984 | 2,105 | 592 | 620 | 6,676 | 50.3\% | 18.2\% |
| 2007 | 557 | 264 | 411 | 999 | 950 | 2,070 | 479 | 507 | 6,237 | 51.0\% | 15.8\% |
| 2008 | 469 | 189 | 341 | 878 | 958 | 2,195 | 563 | 855 | 6,448 | 44.0\% | 22.0\% |
| 2009 | 465 | 331 | 365 | 746 | 916 | 2,154 | 702 | 1,300 | 6,979 | 40.4\% | 28.7\% |
| 2010 | 355 | 208 | 356 | 590 | 876 | 1,492 | 571 | 1,296 | 5,744 | 41.5\% | 32.5\% |
| 2011 | 358 | 146 | 200 | 707 | 517 | 2,035 | 768 | 1,031 | 5,762 | 33.5\% | 31.2\% |

Table 6.8.9 Yellowtail snapper annual discards (numbers of fish) and discard rates estimated from log books of commercial vertical line vessels, 2002-2010 (McCarthy, 2011b). Table values in red were estimated from the weighted average standardized catch rate of the 19842010 time period. The proportion of discarded yellowtail snapper that were dead were based upon at-sea observer monitored releases in southwest Florida and the Florida Keys. A total of 6 dead of 52 released fish (11.5\%) were observed (K. McCarthy, personal communication, NMFS Southeast Fishery Science Center).

| Year | proportion of trips with discards | trips <br> (for discard rate) | standardized mean discard rate | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{cv} \\ \text { (discard } \\ \text { rate) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | trips reporting hook hours (with filtering) | total hook hours reported (with filtering) | calculated total discards | dead discards (11.5\% discard mortality) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1993 |  |  | 0.219 | 0.471 | 11,529 | 744,952 | 163,165 | 18,764 |
| 1994 |  |  | 0.219 | 0.471 | 13,360 | 1,313,018 | 287,587 | 33,072 |
| 1995 |  |  | 0.219 | 0.471 | 13,706 | 831,195 | 182,054 | 20,936 |
| 1996 |  |  | 0.219 | 0.471 | 14,328 | 868,133 | 190,144 | 21,867 |
| 1997 |  |  | 0.219 | 0.471 | 16,216 | 1,020,674 | 223,555 | 25,709 |
| 1998 |  |  | 0.219 | 0.471 | 14,989 | 768,831 | 168,395 | 19,365 |
| 1999 |  |  | 0.219 | 0.471 | 14,945 | 868,038 | 190,124 | 21,864 |
| 2000 |  |  | 0.219 | 0.471 | 13,534 | 943,095 | 206,563 | 23,755 |
| 2001 |  |  | 0.219 | 0.471 | 14,225 | 644,938 | 141,259 | 16,245 |
| 2002 | 0.410 | 585 | 0.237 | 0.455 | 14,282 | 696,486 | 165,154 | 18,993 |
| 2003 | 0.413 | 768 | 0.215 | 0.445 | 15,285 | 550,347 | 118,371 | 13,613 |
| 2004 | 0.389 | 540 | 0.105 | 0.469 | 14,109 | 487,564 | 51,337 | 5,904 |
| 2005 | 0.486 | 533 | 0.161 | 0.444 | 12,125 | 420,355 | 67,594 | 7,773 |
| 2006 | 0.629 | 313 | 0.438 | 0.483 | 12,734 | 448,889 | 196,619 | 22,611 |
| 2007 | 0.588 | 745 | 0.230 | 0.426 | 12,660 | 407,089 | 93,455 | 10,747 |
| 2008 | 0.581 | 874 | 0.299 | 0.408 | 12,861 | 396,876 | 118,560 | 13,634 |
| 2009 | 0.498 | 609 | 0.177 | 0.444 | 14,561 | 504,285 | 89,464 | 10,288 |
| 2010 | 0.485 | 676 | 0.166 | 0.482 | 13,084 | 442,946 | 73,545 | 8,458 |

weighted average discard rate 2002-
2010:
0.219

Table 6.8.10 Number of yellowtail snapper measured from commercial catches on the Atlantic Coast, 1981-2010. Table values shaded in grey were filled using the frequencies of measurements taken during 1992-1996, and were added to any measurements actually taken by size class for a year in this region.

Total Length (inch class)

| Year | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 148 | 558 | 532 | 644 | 349 | 252 | 121 | 86 | 34 | 11 | 10 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 82 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 14 | 558 | 532 | 644 | 349 | 252 | 121 | 86 | 34 | 11 | 10 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1983 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 148 | 558 | 532 | 644 | 349 | 252 | 121 | 86 | 34 | 11 | 10 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 148 | 558 | 532 | 644 | 349 | 252 | 121 | 86 | 34 | 11 | 10 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 148 | 558 | 532 | 644 | 349 | 252 | 121 | 86 | 34 | 11 | 10 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 148 | 558 | 532 | 644 | 349 | 252 | 121 | 86 | 34 | 11 | 10 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 148 | 558 | 532 | 644 | 349 | 252 | 121 | 86 | 34 | 11 | 10 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 148 | 558 | 533 | 644 | 349 | 253 | 121 | 86 | 34 | 11 | 10 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 148 | 558 | 533 | 644 | 349 | 253 | 121 | 86 | 34 | 11 | 10 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 148 | 558 | 534 | 650 | 356 | 264 | 125 | 88 | 34 | 11 | 10 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 148 | 558 | 538 | 651 | 356 | 264 | 125 | 88 | 34 | 11 | 10 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 46 | 241 | 284 | 351 | 165 | 124 | 59 | 18 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1993 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 60 | 57 | 42 | 25 | 10 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1994 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 7 | 4 | 16 | 24 | 15 | 16 | 14 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 69 | 49 | 121 | 70 | 56 | 27 | 30 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 77 | 181 | 138 | 114 | 65 | 47 | 14 | 20 | 11 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 156 | 537 | 301 | 332 | 199 | 194 | 66 | 44 | 23 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 120 | 285 | 292 | 337 | 158 | 142 | 60 | 49 | 22 | 13 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 148 | 385 | 448 | 366 | 300 | 172 | 110 | 64 | 29 | 8 | 14 | 12 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 172 | 380 | 310 | 334 | 259 | 192 | 127 | 73 | 32 | 24 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 90 | 421 | 474 | 654 | 692 | 376 | 272 | 115 | 68 | 29 | 11 | 10 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 83 | 261 | 213 | 279 | 234 | 163 | 89 | 49 | 42 | 16 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 2003 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 98 | 114 | 126 | 72 | 81 | 62 | 20 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 2004 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 132 | 159 | 131 | 136 | 118 | 47 | 21 | 10 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2005 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 42 | 89 | 183 | 221 | 124 | 53 | 32 | 15 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2006 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 16 | 102 | 115 | 126 | 126 | 120 | 70 | 40 | 28 | 9 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2007 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 116 | 162 | 197 | 183 | 81 | 31 | 8 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2008 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 79 | 84 | 118 | 136 | 97 | 41 | 11 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2009 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 12 | 82 | 140 | 126 | 85 | 63 | 27 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2010 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 58 | 94 | 89 | 45 | 23 | 8 | 9 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 6.8.11 Number of yellowtail snapper measured from commercial catches on the Gulf of Mexico Coast, 1981-2010. Table values shaded in grey were filled from adjacent years.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tota | Leng | th (in | ch cl | ss) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 4 | 5 | 6 | 78 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 |
| 1981 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 9 | 7 | 26 | 32 | 22 | 10 | 13 | 7 | 6 | 10 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 9 | 7 | 26 | 32 | 22 | 10 | 13 | 7 | 6 | 10 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1983 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 115 | 135 | 101 | 149 | 128 | 165 | 107 | 65 | 53 | 42 | 26 | 27 | 21 | 23 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 115 | 135 | 101 | 149 | 128 | 165 | 107 | 65 | 53 | 42 | 26 | 27 | 21 | 23 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 8 | 19 | 36 | 74 | 173 | 375 | 434 | 407 | 206 | 219 | 161 | 127 | 80 | 55 | 40 | 22 | 6 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 87 | 74 | 188 | 342 | 356 | 356 | 297 | 284 | 228 | 116 | 137 | 106 | 66 | 56 | 21 | 11 | 11 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 204 | 280 | 256 | 203 | 186 | 180 | 169 | 150 | 117 | 68 | 83 | 66 | 37 | 24 | 18 | 14 | 18 | 17 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 12 | 100 | 388 | 332 | 351 | 261 | 162 | 106 | 62 | 42 | 54 | 34 | 15 | 9 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 73 | 459 | 428 | 519 | 445 | 343 | 219 | 125 | 95 | 87 | 52 | 40 | 19 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 8 | 244 | 1129 | 879 | 733 | 636 | 326 | 235 | 135 | 87 | 95 | 66 | 51 | 26 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 150 | 1045 | 881 | 944 | 806 | 526 | 288 | 188 | 154 | 115 | 75 | 59 | 34 | 10 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 129 | 782 | 656 | 639 | 526 | 296 | 157 | 148 | 106 | 100 | 136 | 97 | 38 | 24 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1993 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 80 | 640 | 802 | 900 | 851 | 559 | 307 | 190 | 126 | 106 | 86 | 46 | 33 | 7 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1994 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 99 | 768 | 894 | 919 | 1000 | 650 | 384 | 207 | 147 | 112 | 82 | 63 | 38 | 16 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 7 | 161 | 1292 | 1265 | 1233 | 934 | 542 | 306 | 164 | 100 | 60 | 48 | 29 | 20 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 144 | 781 | 755 | 658 | 472 | 366 | 222 | 146 | 86 | 44 | 45 | 19 | 10 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 180 | 953 | 1072 | 1142 | 838 | 607 | 382 | 231 | 171 | 121 | 85 | 49 | 35 | 14 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 175 | 899 | 995 | 1101 | 922 | 550 | 382 | 252 | 141 | 68 | 38 | 17 | 8 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 147 | 889 | 926 | 1283 | 1055 | 732 | 429 | 287 | 181 | 137 | 57 | 55 | 20 | 9 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 46 | 286 | 492 | 590 | 510 | 288 | 179 | 128 | 100 | 71 | 55 | 29 | 20 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 93 | 748 | 943 | 1083 | 883 | 537 | 298 | 180 | 103 | 64 | 39 | 26 | 14 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 104 | 775 | 1143 | 1103 | 1058 | 661 | 419 | 283 | 189 | 139 | 96 | 56 | 32 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2003 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 16 | 133 | 446 | 571 | 656 | 671 | 455 | 236 | 153 | 124 | 72 | 52 | 40 | 18 | 8 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
| 2004 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 57 | 315 | 487 | 636 | 573 | 357 | 253 | 190 | 118 | 79 | 41 | 28 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2005 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 134 | 322 | 463 | 505 | 395 | 234 | 144 | 91 | 81 | 50 | 26 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2006 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 72 | 148 | 268 | 258 | 237 | 126 | 74 | 39 | 38 | 18 | 19 | 7 | 10 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2007 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 15 | 124 | 224 | 312 | 324 | 229 | 131 | 108 | 74 | 58 | 53 | 38 | 14 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2008 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 200 | 307 | 495 | 541 | 315 | 216 | 142 | 137 | 85 | 53 | 36 | 10 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2009 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40 | 279 | 418 | 551 | 540 | 384 | 229 | 161 | 122 | 109 | 60 | 52 | 34 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2010 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 111 | 202 | 311 | 306 | 167 | 129 | 82 | 73 | 77 | 45 | 28 | 25 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 6.8.12 Number of yellowtail snapper measured from commercial catches from the Atlantic Coast from 1981-2010 in Trip Interview Program (TIP) samples, calculated whole wt. (kg) of fish in length samples, number of length samples used in calculations (including those used for hole filling shown in red), reported commercial landings, approximate number of fish from TIP, approx. number of fish landed, calculation of landings in kg. using the annual length samples, and adjustments to the TIP number of fish/kilogram in the length samples to adjust the estimated number of fish landed to the calculated landings in weight within $\pm 0.1 \%$ of the reported landings in kg. Fish with lengths from 4" to 36 " TL from samples with no sample bias noted were used for these calculations. Approximately $98 \%$ of the measured fish came from trips using vertical lines. Table values in red were estimated from the average of the 1992-2010 time period (Atlantic Coast).

|  | Atlantic Coast |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Actual number of fish measured (TIP) | Calculated whole wt. (kg) of measured fish | Number of fish measurements (with hole filling) | Reported <br> Landings (kg, <br> whole wt) | TIP approx. fish/kg | Approx. Landings (calculated number of fish) | Approx. Landings (calculated kg whole wt.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { adjusted } \\ \text { TIP } \\ \text { fish/kg } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Adjusted Landings (calculated number of fish) | $\qquad$ |
| 1981 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,765 | 16,980 | 2.04 | 34,713 | 16,030 | 2.16 | 36,726 | 16,960 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,765 | 16,277 | 2.04 | 33,275 | 15,366 | 2.16 | 35,205 | 16,258 |
| 1983 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,765 | 30,542 | 2.04 | 62,438 | 28,834 | 2.16 | 66,090 | 30,521 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,765 | 16,192 | 2.04 | 33,102 | 15,286 | 2.16 | 35,022 | 16,173 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,765 | 18,654 | 2.04 | 38,136 | 17,611 | 2.16 | 40,348 | 18,633 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,765 | 41,875 | 2.04 | 85,606 | 39,533 | 2.16 | 90,614 | 41,846 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,765 | 40,163 | 2.04 | 82,107 | 37,917 | 2.16 | 86,910 | 40,135 |
| 1988 | 3 | 1.2 | 2,768 | 50,773 | 2.04 | 103,798 | 47,925 | 2.16 | 109,922 | 50,753 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,768 | 62,152 | 2.04 | 127,060 | 58,665 | 2.16 | 134,556 | 62,126 |
| 1990 | 31 | 18.8 | 2,799 | 58,114 | 2.04 | 118,806 | 55,029 | 2.16 | 125,459 | 58,110 |
| 1991 | 5 | 2.0 | 2,804 | 67,542 | 2.04 | 138,079 | 63,937 | 2.16 | 145,811 | 67,517 |
| 1992 | 1,301 | 599.1 | 1,301 | 79,237 | 2.17 | 172,059 | 77,441 | 2.22 | 176,016 | 79,223 |
| 1993 | 222 | 100.7 | 222 | 84,384 | 2.20 | 186,031 | 84,841 | 2.19 | 185,008 | 84,374 |
| 1994 | 115 | 69.1 | 115 | 76,475 | 1.66 | 127,201 | 77,181 | 1.65 | 125,992 | 76,448 |
| 1995 | 455 | 242.2 | 455 | 57,944 | 1.88 | 108,867 | 56,652 | 1.92 | 111,317 | 57,927 |
| 1996 | 672 | 291.7 | 672 | 49,500 | 2.30 | 114,027 | 48,108 | 2.37 | 117,277 | 49,479 |
| 1997 | 1,859 | 828.6 | 1,859 | 65,682 | 2.24 | 147,359 | 64,000 | 2.30 | 151,190 | 65,664 |
| 1998 | 1,499 | 688.1 | 1,499 | 57,402 | 2.18 | 125,052 | 56,872 | 2.20 | 126,177 | 57,384 |
| 1999 | 2,078 | 986.4 | 2,078 | 50,293 | 2.11 | 105,946 | 50,178 | 2.11 | 106,158 | 50,278 |
| 2000 | 1,918 | 924.0 | 1,918 | 45,839 | 2.08 | 95,150 | 45,265 | 2.10 | 96,292 | 45,809 |
| 2001 | 3,228 | 1,693.1 | 3,228 | 43,625 | 1.91 | 83,173 | 43,087 | 1.93 | 84,171 | 43,604 |
| 2002 | 1,456 | 733.5 | 1,456 | 43,177 | 1.99 | 85,710 | 42,558 | 2.01 | 86,910 | 43,154 |
| 2003 | 596 | 298.4 | 596 | 47,914 | 2.00 | 95,712 | 47,482 | 2.02 | 96,574 | 47,909 |
| 2004 | 784 | 385.2 | 784 | 46,860 | 2.04 | 95,380 | 45,940 | 2.08 | 97,287 | 46,859 |
| 2005 | 774 | 432.8 | 774 | 51,076 | 1.79 | 91,338 | 49,813 | 1.83 | 93,621 | 51,058 |
| 2006 | 760 | 418.5 | 760 | 37,672 | 1.82 | 68,420 | 36,988 | 1.85 | 69,651 | 37,653 |
| 2007 | 793 | 381.5 | 793 | 44,158 | 2.08 | 91,789 | 43,413 | 2.11 | 93,349 | 44,151 |
| 2008 | 578 | 293.4 | 578 | 50,747 | 1.97 | 99,968 | 49,912 | 2.00 | 101,617 | 50,736 |
| 2009 | 547 | 256.3 | 547 | 73,160 | 2.13 | 156,158 | 71,611 | 2.18 | 159,516 | 73,150 |
| 2010 | 341 | 157.0 | 341 | 87,330 | 2.17 | 189,726 | 86,228 | 2.20 | 192,098 | 87,306 |

[^3]Table 6.8.13 Number of yellowtail snapper measured from commercial catches from the Gulf Coast from 1981-2010 in Trip Interview Program (TIP) samples, calculated whole wt. (kg) of fish in length samples, number of length samples used in calculations (including those used for hole filling shown in red), reported commercial landings, approximate number of fish from TIP, approx. number of fish landed, calculation of landings in kg. using the annual length samples, and adjustments to the TIP number of fish/kilogram in the length samples to adjust the estimated number of fish landed to the calculated landings in weight within $\pm 0.1 \%$ of the reported landings in kg. Fish with lengths from 4" to 36 " TL from samples with no sample bias noted were used for these calculations. Approximately $98 \%$ of the measured fish came from trips using vertical lines. Table values in red were estimated from years adjacent to 1982-1983 time period (Gulf Coast).

|  | Gulf Coast |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Actual number of fish measured (TIP) | Calculated whole wt. (kg) of measured fish | Number of fish measurements (with hole filling) | Reported Landings (kg, whole wt) | TIP approx. fish/kg | Approx. Landings (calculated number of fish) | Approx. Landings (calculated kg whole wt.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { adjusted } \\ \text { TIP } \\ \text { fish/kg } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Adjusted Landings (calculated number of fish) | Adjusted Landings (calculated kg whole wt. after adjustment)* |
| 1981 | 157 | 99.8 | 157 | 314,878 | 1.57 | 573,861 | 308,962 | 1.60 | 504,599 | 314,863 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0.0 | 157 | 605,469 | 1.57 | 1,103,459 | 594,093 | 1.60 | 970,315 | 605,464 |
| 1983 | 0 | 0.0 | 1,183 | 405,686 | 1.52 | 716,247 | 395,288 | 1.56 | 630,996 | 405,684 |
| 1984 | 1,183 | 780.6 | 1,183 | 413,498 | 1.52 | 626,665 | 403,472 | 1.55 | 642,206 | 413,478 |
| 1985 | 2,454 | 3,067.0 | 2,454 | 355,659 | 0.80 | 284,575 | 346,080 | 0.82 | 292,429 | 355,632 |
| 1986 | 2,758 | 2,552.7 | 2,758 | 465,593 | 1.08 | 503,040 | 453,219 | 1.11 | 516,773 | 465,592 |
| 1987 | 2,144 | 1,737.4 | 2,144 | 577,791 | 1.23 | 713,006 | 564,406 | 1.26 | 729,904 | 577,783 |
| 1988 | 1,944 | 1,013.8 | 1,944 | 589,411 | 1.92 | 1,130,252 | 574,628 | 1.97 | 1,159,300 | 589,396 |
| 1989 | 2,906 | 1,657.3 | 2,906 | 776,221 | 1.75 | 1,361,044 | 759,535 | 1.79 | 1,390,919 | 776,207 |
| 1990 | 4,673 | 2,353.9 | 4,673 | 738,067 | 1.99 | 1,465,203 | 724,692 | 2.02 | 1,492,236 | 738,063 |
| 1991 | 5,286 | 2,855.2 | 5,286 | 776,331 | 1.85 | 1,437,293 | 760,611 | 1.89 | 1,466,973 | 776,317 |
| 1992 | 3,846 | 2,213.0 | 3,846 | 726,991 | 1.74 | 1,263,475 | 712,743 | 1.77 | 1,288,681 | 726,962 |
| 1993 | 4,740 | 2,639.9 | 4,740 | 994,586 | 1.80 | 1,785,835 | 983,616 | 1.82 | 1,805,747 | 994,584 |
| 1994 | 5,398 | 3,010.4 | 5,398 | 923,803 | 1.79 | 1,656,503 | 915,926 | 1.81 | 1,670,749 | 923,803 |
| 1995 | 6,176 | 3,018.5 | 6,176 | 784,289 | 2.05 | 1,604,721 | 775,769 | 2.07 | 1,622,293 | 784,263 |
| 1996 | 3,761 | 1,898.5 | 3,761 | 612,202 | 1.98 | 1,212,782 | 605,460 | 2.00 | 1,226,244 | 612,181 |
| 1997 | 5,898 | 3,205.1 | 5,898 | 693,472 | 1.84 | 1,276,106 | 685,896 | 1.86 | 1,290,144 | 693,441 |
| 1998 | 5,556 | 2,862.0 | 5,556 | 634,115 | 1.94 | 1,230,999 | 627,693 | 1.96 | 1,243,555 | 634,096 |
| 1999 | 6,229 | 3,397.0 | 6,229 | 787,149 | 1.83 | 1,443,372 | 780,111 | 1.85 | 1,456,362 | 787,132 |
| 2000 | 2,805 | 1,598.9 | 2,805 | 676,374 | 1.75 | 1,186,576 | 669,012 | 1.77 | 1,199,628 | 676,371 |
| 2001 | 5,020 | 2,587.0 | 5,020 | 601,046 | 1.94 | 1,166,321 | 596,879 | 1.95 | 1,174,427 | 601,028 |
| 2002 | 6,072 | 3,363.9 | 6,072 | 596,804 | 1.81 | 1,077,269 | 592,290 | 1.82 | 1,085,457 | 596,791 |
| 2003 | 3,684 | 2,132.1 | 3,684 | 592,861 | 1.73 | 1,024,403 | 586,022 | 1.75 | 1,036,337 | 592,850 |
| 2004 | 3,149 | 1,803.1 | 3,149 | 627,287 | 1.75 | 1,095,535 | 620,363 | 1.77 | 1,107,750 | 627,280 |
| 2005 | 2,467 | 1,508.3 | 2,467 | 550,083 | 1.64 | 899,725 | 541,980 | 1.66 | 913,131 | 550,056 |
| 2006 | 1,330 | 821.1 | 1,330 | 523,457 | 1.62 | 847,885 | 516,495 | 1.64 | 859,289 | 523,442 |
| 2007 | 1,708 | 1,073.8 | 1,708 | 399,743 | 1.59 | 635,843 | 395,260 | 1.61 | 643,028 | 399,726 |
| 2008 | 2,566 | 1,574.0 | 2,566 | 571,109 | 1.63 | 931,045 | 564,020 | 1.65 | 942,729 | 571,098 |
| 2009 | 2,983 | 1,832.1 | 2,990 | 823,289 | 1.63 | 1,343,621 | 811,758 | 1.66 | 1,362,700 | 823,285 |
| 2010 | 1,570 | 1,013.6 | 1,571 | 681,522 | 1.55 | 1,056,337 | 670,840 | 1.57 | 1,073,132 | 681,506 |

[^4]Table 6.8.14 Landings (metric tons) of yellowtail snapper reported and estimated numbers of fish landed or discarded from commercial catches from the Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico regions, 1981-2010.

|  | Commercial Landings (reported) |  |  |  |  |  | Commercial Discards (live and dead) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Atlantic (mt) | Gulf (mt) | Both Regions (mt) | Atlantic (estimated no. of fish) | Gulf (estimated no. of fish) | Both Regions (no. of fish) | Discard rate (fish / hookhour)* | Total discards for Atlantic and Gulf (numbers of fish)* | Total discard rate (no. discards / total number landed) | Atlantic estimated total (numbers) | Gulf estimate total discards (numbers) | Atlantic (est. total discards, mt) | Gulf (est. total discards, mt) | Total, live or dead discards (mt) | Est. dead discards <br> @ 11.5\% release mortality (mt) |
| 1981 | 16.980 | 314.878 | 331.858 | 36,726 | 504,599 | 541,325 | --- | 22,915 | 0.042 | 1,555 | 21,360 | 0.201 | 2.762 | 2.963 | 0.341 |
| 1982 | 16.277 | 605.469 | 621.746 | 35,205 | 970,315 | 1,005,520 | --- | 42,565 | 0.042 | 1,490 | 41,074 | 0.193 | 5.311 | 5.503 | 0.633 |
| 1983 | 30.542 | 405.686 | 436.228 | 66,090 | 630,996 | 697,086 | --- | 29,508 | 0.042 | 2,798 | 26,711 | 0.362 | 3.453 | 3.815 | 0.439 |
| 1984 | 16.192 | 413.498 | 429.690 | 35,022 | 642,206 | 677,228 | --- | 28,668 | 0.042 | 1,483 | 27,185 | 0.192 | 3.515 | 3.707 | 0.426 |
| 1985 | 18.654 | 355.659 | 374.314 | 40,348 | 292,429 | 332,777 | --- | 42,229 | 0.127 | 5,120 | 37,109 | 1.026 | 7.433 | 8.459 | 0.973 |
| 1986 | 41.875 | 465.593 | 507.467 | 90,614 | 516,773 | 607,387 | --- | 77,076 | 0.127 | 11,499 | 65,577 | 2.303 | 13.135 | 15.439 | 1.775 |
| 1987 | 40.163 | 574.002 | 614.165 | 86,910 | 729,904 | 816,814 | --- | 103,652 | 0.127 | 11,029 | 92,623 | 2.209 | 18.553 | 20.762 | 2.388 |
| 1988 | 50.773 | 589.411 | 640.185 | 109,922 | 1,159,300 | 1,269,222 | --- | 161,061 | 0.127 | 13,949 | 147,112 | 2.794 | 29.467 | 32.261 | 3.710 |
| 1989 | 62.152 | 776.221 | 838.373 | 134,556 | 1,390,919 | 1,525,475 | --- | 193,579 | 0.127 | 17,075 | 176,504 | 3.420 | 35.355 | 38.775 | 4.459 |
| 1990 | 58.106 | 738.067 | 796.173 | 125,459 | 1,492,236 | 1,617,695 | --- | 205,282 | 0.127 | 15,920 | 189,361 | 3.189 | 37.930 | 41.119 | 4.729 |
| 1991 | 67.509 | 776.331 | 843.840 | 145,811 | 1,466,973 | 1,612,784 | --- | 204,658 | 0.127 | 18,503 | 186,155 | 3.706 | 37.288 | 40.994 | 4.714 |
| 1992 | 77.102 | 726.991 | 804.093 | 176,016 | 1,288,681 | 1,464,698 | --- | 185,867 | 0.127 | 22,336 | 163,531 | 4.474 | 32.756 | 37.230 | 4.281 |
| 1993 | 84.198 | 994.586 | 1,078.784 | 185,008 | 1,805,747 | 1,990,756 | 0.219 | 163,165 | 0.082 | 15,163 | 148,001 | 3.037 | 29.645 | 32.683 | 3.759 |
| 1994 | 76.389 | 923.803 | 1,000.192 | 125,992 | 1,670,749 | 1,796,741 | 0.219 | 287,587 | 0.160 | 20,166 | 267,420 | 4.039 | 53.566 | 57.605 | 6.625 |
| 1995 | 57.944 | 784.289 | 842.233 | 111,317 | 1,622,293 | 1,733,609 | 0.219 | 182,054 | 0.105 | 11,690 | 170,364 | 2.342 | 34.125 | 36.466 | 4.194 |
| 1996 | 49.500 | 612.202 | 661.702 | 117,277 | 1,226,244 | 1,343,521 | 0.219 | 190,144 | 0.142 | 16,598 | 173,547 | 3.325 | 34.762 | 38.087 | 4.380 |
| 1997 | 65.682 | 693.451 | 759.133 | 151,190 | 1,290,144 | 1,441,333 | 0.219 | 223,555 | 0.155 | 23,450 | 200,105 | 4.697 | 40.082 | 44.779 | 5.150 |
| 1998 | 57.327 | 634.115 | 691.442 | 126,177 | 1,243,555 | 1,369,733 | 0.219 | 168,395 | 0.123 | 15,512 | 152,883 | 3.107 | 30.623 | 33.730 | 3.879 |
| 1999 | 50.293 | 787.093 | 837.386 | 106,158 | 1,456,362 | 1,562,521 | 0.219 | 190,124 | 0.122 | 12,917 | 177,207 | 2.587 | 35.496 | 38.083 | 4.380 |
| 2000 | 45.839 | 676.299 | 722.138 | 96,292 | 1,199,628 | 1,295,920 | 0.219 | 206,563 | 0.159 | 15,348 | 191,215 | 3.074 | 38.301 | 41.376 | 4.758 |
| 2001 | 43.543 | 601.037 | 644.581 | 84,171 | 1,174,427 | 1,258,598 | 0.219 | 141,259 | 0.112 | 9,447 | 131,812 | 1.892 | 26.403 | 28.295 | 3.254 |
| 2002 | 42.957 | 596.711 | 639.668 | 86,910 | 1,085,457 | 1,172,367 | 0.237 | 165,154 | 0.141 | 12,243 | 152,911 | 2.452 | 30.629 | 33.081 | 3.804 |
| 2003 | 47.848 | 591.901 | 639.749 | 96,574 | 1,036,337 | 1,132,910 | 0.215 | 118,371 | 0.104 | 10,090 | 108,280 | 2.021 | 21.689 | 23.710 | 2.727 |
| 2004 | 46.651 | 627.203 | 673.854 | 97,287 | 1,107,750 | 1,205,038 | 0.105 | 51,337 | 0.043 | 4,145 | 47,193 | 0.830 | 9.453 | 10.283 | 1.183 |
| 2005 | 50.775 | 550.044 | 600.819 | 93,621 | 913,131 | 1,006,752 | 0.161 | 67,594 | 0.067 | 6,286 | 61,308 | 1.259 | 12.280 | 13.539 | 1.557 |
| 2006 | 37.672 | 523.416 | 561.088 | 69,651 | 859,289 | 928,940 | 0.438 | 196,619 | 0.212 | 14,742 | 181,877 | 2.953 | 36.431 | 39.384 | 4.529 |
| 2007 | 43.954 | 399.690 | 443.643 | 93,349 | 643,028 | 736,377 | 0.230 | 93,455 | 0.127 | 11,847 | 81,608 | 2.373 | 16.346 | 18.720 | 2.153 |
| 2008 | 50.422 | 571.109 | 621.531 | 101,617 | 942,729 | 1,044,346 | 0.299 | 118,560 | 0.114 | 11,536 | 107,024 | 2.311 | 21.438 | 23.748 | 2.731 |
| 2009 | 72.640 | 823.289 | 895.929 | 159,516 | 1,362,700 | 1,522,216 | 0.177 | 89,464 | 0.059 | 9,375 | 80,089 | 1.878 | 16.042 | 17.920 | 2.061 |
| 2010 | 86.889 | 681.522 | 768.411 | 192,098 | 1,073,132 | 1,265,230 | 0.166 | 73,545 | 0.058 | 11,166 | 62,379 | 2.237 | 12.495 | 14.731 | 1.694 |

* values shaded in blue were from McCarthy (2011b)

Table 6.8.15 A comparison of estimated numbers of yellowtail landed and discarded for SEDAR 3 and this assessment.

|  | SEDAR 3 <br> Total <br> commercial <br> landings <br> (numbers) | This <br> assessment <br> Tommercial <br> landings <br> (numbers) | SEDAR 3 <br> Total dead <br> discards <br> (elM=28\% <br> (numbers) | This <br> assessment <br> Total dead <br> discards @ <br> relM=11.5\% <br> (numbers) | This <br> assessment <br> Total dead <br> discards @ <br> relM=28\% <br> (numbers) |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1981 | 522,140 | 541,325 | 23,194 | 2,635 | 5,981 |
| 1982 | $1,165,536$ | $1,005,520$ | 43,694 | 4,895 | 11,501 |
| 1983 | 809,637 | 697,086 | 32,991 | 3,393 | 7,479 |
| 1984 | 766,498 | 677,228 | 32,573 | 3,297 | 7,612 |
| 1985 | 366,211 | 332,777 | 16,182 | 4,856 | 10,390 |
| 1986 | $1,131,332$ | 607,387 | 50,509 | 8,864 | 18,362 |
| 1987 | $1,214,692$ | 816,814 | 54,771 | 11,920 | 25,934 |
| 1988 | $1,582,930$ | $1,269,222$ | 72,131 | 18,522 | 41,191 |
| 1989 | $1,991,560$ | $1,525,475$ | 89,906 | 22,262 | 49,421 |
| 1990 | $1,964,255$ | $1,617,695$ | 89,777 | 23,607 | 53,021 |
| 1991 | $1,916,660$ | $1,612,784$ | 88,462 | 23,536 | 52,124 |
| 1992 | $1,397,400$ | $1,464,698$ | 63,079 | 21,375 | 45,789 |
| 1993 | $2,128,908$ | $1,990,756$ | 95,661 | 18,764 | 41,440 |
| 1994 | $2,002,509$ | $1,796,741$ | 90,111 | 33,072 | 74,878 |
| 1995 | $1,707,347$ | $1,733,609$ | 77,558 | 20,936 | 47,702 |
| 1996 | $1,248,209$ | $1,343,521$ | 56,419 | 21,867 | 48,593 |
| 1997 | $1,512,255$ | $1,441,333$ | 67,785 | 25,709 | 56,029 |
| 1998 | $1,399,210$ | $1,369,733$ | 62,546 | 19,365 | 42,807 |
| 1999 | $1,632,113$ | $1,562,521$ | 73,095 | 21,864 | 49,618 |
| 2000 | $1,413,465$ | $1,295,920$ | 63,495 | 23,755 | 53,540 |
| 2001 | $1,221,673$ | $1,258,598$ | 55,117 | 16,245 | 36,907 |

Table 6.8.16 Number of yellowtail snapper measured from commercial catches from 1981-2010 for the Atlantic and Gulf region, and number of age samples available. These data include only samples which were not subject to sampling biases, and were 4" to 36" TL.

|  | Atlantic |  | Gulf |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Year | lengths | ages | lengths | ages |
| 1981 | 0 | 0 | 157 | 153 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1983 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 1,183 | 0 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 2,454 | 0 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 2,758 | 0 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 2,144 | 0 |
| 1988 | 3 | 0 | 1,944 | 0 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 2,906 | 0 |
| 1990 | 31 | 0 | 4,673 | 0 |
| 1991 | 5 | 0 | 5,286 | 0 |
| 1992 | 1,301 | 74 | 3,846 | 33 |
| 1993 | 222 | 123 | 4,740 | 51 |
| 1994 | 115 | 183 | 5,398 | 79 |
| 1995 | 455 | 198 | 6,176 | 72 |
| 1996 | 672 | 313 | 3,761 | 87 |
| 1997 | 1,859 | 606 | 5,898 | 371 |
| 1998 | 1,499 | 319 | 5,556 | 193 |
| 1999 | 2,078 | 649 | 6,229 | 184 |
| 2000 | 1,918 | 326 | 2,805 | 215 |
| 2001 | 3,228 | 304 | 5,020 | 334 |
| 2002 | 1,456 | 0 | 6,072 | 454 |
| 2003 | 596 | 2 | 3,684 | 339 |
| 2004 | 784 | 150 | 3,149 | 294 |
| 2005 | 774 | 225 | 2,467 | 451 |
| 2006 | 760 | 389 | 1,330 | 318 |
| 2007 | 793 | 117 | 1,708 | 243 |
| 2008 | 578 | 222 | 2,566 | 612 |
| 2009 | 547 | 76 | 2,990 | 666 |
| 2010 | 341 | 91 | 1,571 | 402 |
| Total | 20,015 | 4,367 | 98,471 | 5,551 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Table 6.8.17 Number of yellowtail snapper measured, estimated weight (kg), and rough approximations of the number of fish/kg landed from commercial gears from 1981-2010 for the Atlantic and Gulf region. These data include only samples which were not subject to sampling biases, and were 4 " to 36 " TL .

|  | Hook and Line Gears |  |  |  |  |  | Other Gears |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Atlantic Coast |  |  | Gulf Coast |  |  | Atlantic Coast |  |  | Gulf Coast |  |  |
| Year | Number of fish | Calculated kg | $\begin{gathered} \hline \begin{array}{c} \# \\ \text { fish/kg } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Number of fish | Calculated kg | $\begin{gathered} \hline \# \\ \text { fish/kg } \end{gathered}$ | Number of fish | Calculated kg | $\begin{gathered} \hline \# \\ \text { fish/kg } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Number of fish | Calculated kg | $\begin{gathered} \hline \begin{array}{c} \# \\ \text { fish/kg } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| 1984 |  |  |  | 1,126 | 758.9 | 1.48 |  |  |  | 57 | 21.7 | 2.63 |
| 1985 |  |  |  | 2,003 | 2426.1 | 0.83 |  | . |  | 451 | 640.9 | 0.70 |
| 1986 |  |  |  | 2,559 | 2407.1 | 1.06 |  |  |  | 199 | 145.6 | 1.37 |
| 1987 |  |  |  | 2,131 | 1725.5 | 1.24 |  | . |  | 13 | 12.0 | 1.09 |
| 1988 | 3 | 1.2 | 2.48 | 1,870 | 971.9 | 1.92 |  |  |  | 74 | 41.9 | 1.77 |
| 1989 |  |  |  | 2,632 | 1472.4 | 1.79 |  |  |  | 274 | 184.9 | 1.48 |
| 1990 | 31 | 18.8 | 1.65 | 4,504 | 2247.2 | 2.00 |  |  |  | 169 | 106.7 | 1.58 |
| 1991 | 5 | 2.0 | 2.54 | 5,247 | 2836.0 | 1.85 |  |  |  | 39 | 19.2 | 2.03 |
| 1992 | 1299 | 598.0 | 2.17 | 3,846 | 2213.0 | 1.74 | 2 | 1.1 | 1.77 |  |  |  |
| 1993 | 204 | 93.8 | 2.17 | 4,586 | 2555.0 | 1.79 | 18 | 6.9 | 2.61 | 154 | 84.9 | 1.81 |
| 1994 | 113 | 68.1 | 1.66 | 5,248 | 2934.9 | 1.79 | 2 | 1.0 | 1.94 | 150 | 75.5 | 1.99 |
| 1995 | 455 | 242.2 | 1.88 | 5,991 | 2941.7 | 2.04 |  |  |  | 185 | 76.8 | 2.41 |
| 1996 | 672 | 291.7 | 2.30 | 3,568 | 1801.5 | 1.98 |  | . |  | 193 | 97.0 | 1.99 |
| 1997 | 1859 | 828.6 | 2.24 | 5,694 | 3067.9 | 1.86 |  |  |  | 204 | 137.3 | 1.49 |
| 1998 | 1491 | 681.1 | 2.19 | 5,417 | 2779.2 | 1.95 | 8 | 7.0 | 1.15 | 139 | 82.9 | 1.68 |
| 1999 | 2072 | 983.5 | 2.11 | 5,915 | 3275.6 | 1.81 | 6 | 2.9 | 2.05 | 314 | 121.4 | 2.59 |
| 2000 | 1918 | 924.0 | 2.08 | 2,767 | 1580.5 | 1.75 |  |  |  | 38 | 18.4 | 2.07 |
| 2001 | 3213 | 1683.5 | 1.91 | 5,008 | 2580.9 | 1.94 | 15 | 9.7 | 1.55 | 12 | 6.1 | 1.98 |
| 2002 | 1436 | 724.5 | 1.98 | 6,055 | 3354.6 | 1.80 | 20 | 9.0 | 2.23 | 17 | 9.3 | 1.84 |
| 2003 | 596 | 298.4 | 2.00 | 3,683 | 2131.6 | 1.73 |  | . 0.9 |  | 1 | 0.5 | 2.00 |
| 2004 | 782 | 384.3 | 2.03 | 3,147 | 1801.2 | 1.75 | 2 | 0.9 | 2.35 | 2 | 1.8 | 1.09 |
| 2005 | 771 | 431.4 | 1.79 | 2,466 | 1507.9 | 1.64 | 3 | 1.4 | 2.14 | 1 | 0.4 | 2.33 |
| 2006 | 758 | 417.0 | 1.82 | 1,330 | 821.1 | 1.62 | 2 | 1.5 | 1.32 |  | . | . |
| 2007 | 793 | 381.5 | 2.08 | 1,708 | 1073.8 | 1.59 |  | . | . |  | . |  |
| 2008 | 578 | 293.4 | 1.97 | 2,564 | 1572.7 | 1.63 |  | . | . | 2 | 1.3 | 1.55 |
| 2009 | 547 | 256.3 | 2.13 | 2,981 | 1826.5 | 1.63 |  | . | . | 9 | 5.6 | 1.60 |
| 2010 | 341 | 157.0 | 2.17 | 1,570 | 1013.1 | 1.55 |  | . | . | 1 | 0.4 | 2.33 |

Table 6.8.18 Number of yellowtail snapper measured, estimated weight (kg), and rough approximations (values shaded in green) of the number of fish/kg landed from combined commercial data from 1981-2010 for the Atlantic and Gulf region. These data include only samples which were not subject to sampling biases, and were 4" to 36 " TL.

| Year | Total |  |  | Atlantic Coast |  |  | Gulf Coast |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of fish | Calculated kg | \# fish/kg | Number of fish | Calculated kg | \# fish/kg | Number of fish | Calculated kg | \# fish/kg |
| 1984 | 1,183 | 781 | 1.52 | 0 | 0 | 2.04 | 1,183 | 781 | 1.52 |
| 1985 | 2,454 | 3,067 | 0.80 | 0 | 0 | 2.04 | 2,454 | 3,067 | 0.80 |
| 1986 | 2,758 | 2,553 | 1.08 | 0 | 0 | 2.04 | 2,758 | 2,553 | 1.08 |
| 1987 | 2,144 | 1,737 | 1.23 | 0 | 0 | 2.04 | 2,144 | 1,737 | 1.23 |
| 1988 | 1,947 | 1,015 | 1.92 | 3 | 1 | 2.04 | 1,944 | 1,014 | 1.92 |
| 1989 | 2,906 | 1,657 | 1.75 | 0 | 0 | 2.04 | 2,906 | 1,657 | 1.75 |
| 1990 | 4,704 | 2,373 | 1.98 | 31 | 19 | 2.04 | 4,673 | 2,354 | 1.99 |
| 1991 | 5,291 | 2,857 | 1.85 | 5 | 2 | 2.04 | 5,286 | 2,855 | 1.85 |
| 1992 | 5,147 | 2,812 | 1.83 | 1,301 | 599 | 2.17 | 3,846 | 2,213 | 1.74 |
| 1993 | 4,962 | 2,741 | 1.81 | 222 | 101 | 2.20 | 4,740 | 2,640 | 1.80 |
| 1994 | 5,513 | 3,080 | 1.79 | 115 | 69 | 1.66 | 5,398 | 3,010 | 1.79 |
| 1995 | 6,631 | 3,261 | 2.03 | 455 | 242 | 1.88 | 6,176 | 3,018 | 2.05 |
| 1996 | 4,433 | 2,190 | 2.02 | 672 | 292 | 2.30 | 3,761 | 1,899 | 1.98 |
| 1997 | 7,757 | 4,034 | 1.92 | 1,859 | 829 | 2.24 | 5,898 | 3,205 | 1.84 |
| 1998 | 7,055 | 3,550 | 1.99 | 1,499 | 688 | 2.18 | 5,556 | 2,862 | 1.94 |
| 1999 | 8,307 | 4,383 | 1.90 | 2,078 | 986 | 2.11 | 6,229 | 3,397 | 1.83 |
| 2000 | 4,723 | 2,523 | 1.87 | 1,918 | 924 | 2.08 | 2,805 | 1,599 | 1.75 |
| 2001 | 8,248 | 4,280 | 1.93 | 3,228 | 1,693 | 1.91 | 5,020 | 2,587 | 1.94 |
| 2002 | 7,528 | 4,097 | 1.84 | 1,456 | 733 | 1.99 | 6,072 | 3,364 | 1.81 |
| 2003 | 4,280 | 2,430 | 1.76 | 596 | 298 | 2.00 | 3,684 | 2,132 | 1.73 |
| 2004 | 3,933 | 2,188 | 1.80 | 784 | 385 | 2.04 | 3,149 | 1,803 | 1.75 |
| 2005 | 3,241 | 1,941 | 1.67 | 774 | 433 | 1.79 | 2,467 | 1,508 | 1.64 |
| 2006 | 2,090 | 1,240 | 1.69 | 760 | 418 | 1.82 | 1,330 | 821 | 1.62 |
| 2007 | 2,501 | 1,455 | 1.72 | 793 | 382 | 2.08 | 1,708 | 1,074 | 1.59 |
| 2008 | 3,144 | 1,867 | 1.68 | 578 | 293 | 1.97 | 2,566 | 1,574 | 1.63 |
| 2009 | 3,537 | 2,088 | 1.69 | 547 | 256 | 2.13 | 2,990 | 1,832 | 1.63 |
| 2010 | 1,912 | 1,171 | 1.63 | 341 | 157 | 2.17 | 1,571 | 1,014 | 1.55 |

Table 6.8.19 Estimated number of yellowtail snapper at age (years) from commercial landings from 1981-2010 for the Atlantic region using age-length keys. The estimated numbers of fish older than 11 years were combined into the age 12-plus group.

| Year | Age 0 | Age 1 | Age 2 | Age 3 | Age 4 | Age 5 | Age 6 | Age 7 | Age 8 | Age 9 | Age 10 | Age 11 | Age 12+ | total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 8 | 1,583 | 25,432 | 7,828 | 1,520 | 84 | 235 | 17 | 12 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 36,726 |
| 1982 | 8 | 3,138 | 13,679 | 13,504 | 3,350 | 350 | 527 | 632 | 12 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 35,205 |
| 1983 | 15 | 3,118 | 36,561 | 22,361 | 3,346 | 426 | 200 | 30 | 22 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 6 | 66,091 |
| 1984 | 8 | 766 | 23,572 | 8,226 | 1,364 | 804 | 194 | 71 | 11 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 35,022 |
| 1985 | 9 | 1,838 | 20,608 | 15,823 | 1,542 | 360 | 110 | 36 | 13 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 40,348 |
| 1986 | 20 | 4,419 | 54,339 | 18,910 | 10,743 | 919 | 935 | 108 | 65 | 58 | 31 | 13 | 54 | 90,614 |
| 1987 | 20 | 6,743 | 50,116 | 22,106 | 5,863 | 812 | 934 | 104 | 62 | 56 | 30 | 12 | 51 | 86,910 |
| 1988 | 25 | 3,637 | 39,485 | 40,323 | 20,328 | 4,181 | 1,544 | 131 | 79 | 71 | 38 | 16 | 65 | 109,922 |
| 1989 | 30 | 4,452 | 48,334 | 49,359 | 24,883 | 5,118 | 1,890 | 161 | 96 | 87 | 47 | 19 | 79 | 134,555 |
| 1990 | 28 | 2,509 | 23,272 | 51,801 | 36,802 | 8,618 | 1,975 | 149 | 89 | 80 | 43 | 18 | 73 | 125,459 |
| 1991 | 32 | 2,820 | 53,477 | 65,611 | 17,171 | 2,545 | 1,100 | 2,048 | 575 | 32 | 325 | 6 | 68 | 145,811 |
| 1992 | 0 | 2,563 | 87,287 | 77,199 | 4,068 | 979 | 1,193 | 2,526 | 36 | 31 | 37 | 8 | 88 | 176,017 |
| 1993 | 0 | 1,250 | 92,850 | 60,484 | 16,986 | 4,247 | 3,746 | 3,405 | 642 | 260 | 540 | 51 | 545 | 185,008 |
| 1994 | 681 | 4,901 | 15,979 | 63,818 | 32,141 | 4,639 | 1,129 | 946 | 994 | 0 | 764 | 0 | 0 | 125,993 |
| 1995 | 0 | 1,855 | 29,833 | 55,274 | 19,410 | 2,945 | 1,029 | 572 | 205 | 21 | 174 | 0 | 0 | 111,317 |
| 1996 | 0 | 8,741 | 64,157 | 25,545 | 14,176 | 3,993 | 665 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 117,277 |
| 1997 | 0 | 565 | 41,768 | 70,302 | 24,758 | 7,924 | 2,741 | 1,448 | 1,103 | 249 | 174 | 144 | 14 | 151,190 |
| 1998 | 0 | 8,025 | 46,317 | 49,554 | 14,645 | 4,534 | 1,898 | 660 | 113 | 197 | 213 | 0 | 21 | 126,177 |
| 1999 | 0 | 7,894 | 57,427 | 26,662 | 9,344 | 2,510 | 1,257 | 427 | 295 | 159 | 69 | 0 | 115 | 106,159 |
| 2000 | 0 | 2,773 | 53,609 | 20,226 | 7,182 | 4,411 | 2,333 | 1,952 | 1,545 | 1,228 | 650 | 201 | 182 | 96,292 |
| 2001 | 0 | 2,227 | 35,082 | 22,083 | 11,969 | 5,804 | 4,206 | 958 | 1,007 | 100 | 450 | 13 | 271 | 84,170 |
| 2002 | 0 | 5,029 | 42,030 | 27,022 | 7,773 | 2,535 | 1,221 | 729 | 175 | 129 | 145 | 5 | 118 | 86,910 |
| 2003 | 0 | 12,454 | 59,815 | 19,150 | 3,197 | 680 | 1,015 | 177 | 27 | 32 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 96,573 |
| 2004 | 0 | 2,780 | 53,382 | 27,683 | 9,888 | 2,064 | 728 | 614 | 0 | 56 | 10 | 10 | 72 | 97,287 |
| 2005 | 0 | 1,256 | 32,611 | 48,769 | 6,891 | 2,345 | 903 | 428 | 7 | 76 | 101 | 12 | 221 | 93,621 |
| 2006 | 0 | 1,058 | 42,417 | 17,211 | 8,035 | 629 | 231 | 23 | 24 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 11 | 69,651 |
| 2007 | 0 | 4,368 | 52,361 | 33,602 | 2,215 | 389 | 118 | 85 | 16 | 9 | 5 | 0 | 182 | 93,349 |
| 2008 | 0 | 6,579 | 48,109 | 37,183 | 7,841 | 1,007 | 762 | 54 | 83 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 101,617 |
| 2009 | 0 | 3,688 | 89,689 | 53,190 | 10,609 | 1,869 | 447 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 159,516 |
| 2010 | 0 | 1,446 | 117,962 | 64,057 | 6,158 | 1,502 | 684 | 167 | 121 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 192,098 |

Table 6.8.20 Estimated number of yellowtail snapper at age (years) from commercial catches from 1981-2010 for the Gulf region using age-length keys. The estimated number of fish older than 11 years were combined into the age 12-plus group.

| Year | Age 0 | Age 1 | Age 2 | Age 3 | Age 4 | Age 5 | Age 6 | Age 7 | Age 8 | Age 9 | Age 10 | Age 11 | Age 12+ | total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 0 | 1,190 | 71,105 | 144,216 | 89,674 | 75,379 | 44,626 | 33,326 | 20,194 | 8,985 | 4,752 | 7,187 | 3,964 | 504,598 |
| 1982 | 0 | 2,207 | 129,657 | 333,334 | 164,992 | 120,828 | 65,654 | 55,027 | 59,449 | 13,175 | 10,420 | 9,587 | 5,982 | 970,313 |
| 1983 | 0 | 1,238 | 68,574 | 99,615 | 224,906 | 76,039 | 53,874 | 40,337 | 27,427 | 11,692 | 11,109 | 6,605 | 9,577 | 630,992 |
| 1984 | 0 | 1,260 | 99,352 | 145,132 | 142,392 | 86,747 | 54,801 | 43,323 | 28,876 | 11,968 | 11,235 | 6,782 | 10,333 | 642,202 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 863 | 12,344 | 19,240 | 59,254 | 49,198 | 53,202 | 37,030 | 16,614 | 17,957 | 9,062 | 17,663 | 292,428 |
| 1986 | 0 | 432 | 16,698 | 62,875 | 98,392 | 93,023 | 71,889 | 51,240 | 39,531 | 24,508 | 15,038 | 13,431 | 29,716 | 516,772 |
| 1987 | 0 | 1,547 | 56,855 | 131,878 | 144,506 | 115,548 | 83,313 | 56,916 | 44,007 | 27,391 | 16,693 | 15,414 | 35,833 | 729,901 |
| 1988 | 0 | 7,723 | 163,532 | 300,661 | 267,236 | 174,218 | 106,484 | 56,741 | 35,302 | 18,429 | 9,854 | 8,205 | 10,909 | 1,159,295 |
| 1989 | 0 | 4,269 | 150,996 | 333,212 | 330,338 | 226,910 | 145,095 | 79,484 | 50,764 | 27,143 | 14,625 | 11,749 | 16,328 | 1,390,914 |
| 1990 | 0 | 8,180 | 223,178 | 402,202 | 343,589 | 217,378 | 129,244 | 67,696 | 41,853 | 22,471 | 11,957 | 10,116 | 14,363 | 1,492,229 |
| 1991 | 7 | 187 | 220,309 | 265,342 | 465,759 | 170,608 | 130,533 | 68,219 | 71,539 | 35,597 | 6,772 | 16,065 | 16,035 | 1,466,972 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 | 173,506 | 410,684 | 350,161 | 111,159 | 58,525 | 51,434 | 57,037 | 25,563 | 10,329 | 18,612 | 21,669 | 1,288,680 |
| 1993 | 0 | 0 | 146,170 | 469,804 | 390,133 | 238,869 | 204,933 | 119,723 | 140,248 | 49,512 | 6,435 | 19,814 | 20,107 | 1,805,749 |
| 1994 | 15 | 791 | 246,923 | 388,439 | 305,814 | 251,951 | 141,950 | 89,363 | 132,857 | 60,998 | 12,543 | 22,482 | 16,625 | 1,670,752 |
| 1995 | 0 | 396 | 45,459 | 430,375 | 481,105 | 266,163 | 179,756 | 88,615 | 61,293 | 42,446 | 3,466 | 12,020 | 11,202 | 1,622,296 |
| 1996 | 0 | 53 | 56,244 | 187,566 | 257,909 | 339,493 | 160,888 | 86,075 | 70,326 | 44,541 | 7,604 | 9,597 | 5,954 | 1,226,251 |
| 1997 | 0 | 6,167 | 107,333 | 312,609 | 224,885 | 235,809 | 202,349 | 89,626 | 34,323 | 33,277 | 9,874 | 20,299 | 13,592 | 1,290,142 |
| 1998 | 0 | 18 | 97,560 | 353,181 | 332,642 | 165,711 | 96,655 | 92,912 | 42,806 | 30,417 | 16,943 | 12,682 | 2,027 | 1,243,556 |
| 1999 | 0 | 2,338 | 182,646 | 224,113 | 347,814 | 326,225 | 165,822 | 89,500 | 65,675 | 28,956 | 12,389 | 2,845 | 8,040 | 1,456,363 |
| 2000 | 0 | 12,023 | 124,899 | 239,008 | 276,221 | 200,135 | 150,706 | 79,736 | 42,155 | 32,394 | 13,662 | 18,240 | 10,450 | 1,199,628 |
| 2001 | 0 | 13,002 | 196,054 | 306,699 | 269,162 | 148,403 | 116,550 | 55,835 | 34,284 | 7,492 | 9,971 | 13,070 | 3,911 | 1,174,431 |
| 2002 | 0 | 17 | 136,004 | 260,088 | 223,074 | 222,303 | 125,201 | 45,006 | 30,756 | 17,600 | 12,189 | 3,037 | 10,181 | 1,085,455 |
| 2003 | 0 | 14,186 | 69,054 | 325,416 | 266,172 | 111,682 | 97,404 | 59,518 | 35,858 | 21,914 | 4,633 | 9,460 | 21,041 | 1,036,337 |
| 2004 | 0 | 1,308 | 63,708 | 260,306 | 318,444 | 212,783 | 104,666 | 70,255 | 42,108 | 9,692 | 2,484 | 8,384 | 13,616 | 1,107,753 |
| 2005 | 0 | 0 | 66,870 | 228,730 | 263,533 | 165,806 | 69,411 | 50,830 | 15,471 | 27,728 | 15,331 | 4,189 | 5,227 | 913,126 |
| 2006 | 0 | 20 | 30,884 | 186,272 | 211,933 | 151,938 | 96,259 | 48,781 | 54,321 | 27,102 | 30,523 | 495 | 20,764 | 859,291 |
| 2007 | 0 | 186 | 19,700 | 100,901 | 199,760 | 137,627 | 115,044 | 30,038 | 22,214 | 149 | 9,966 | 3,515 | 3,929 | 643,029 |
| 2008 | 0 | 855 | 47,916 | 157,137 | 294,595 | 170,307 | 105,390 | 58,864 | 48,570 | 20,558 | 9,146 | 13,718 | 15,670 | 942,726 |
| 2009 | 0 | 701 | 168,069 | 321,611 | 213,712 | 248,642 | 148,073 | 110,286 | 62,274 | 30,841 | 15,130 | 8,593 | 34,774 | 1,362,705 |
| 2010 | 0 | 2,883 | 72,133 | 250,653 | 310,531 | 159,258 | 120,904 | 53,240 | 39,490 | 25,223 | 10,265 | 13,216 | 15,334 | 1,073,131 |

Table 6.8.21 Estimated number of yellowtail snapper by size class (TL, inches) of commercial discards (live or dead) from 1981-2010 for the Atlantic region using age-length keys. The estimated numbers of fish in the total discards with TL > 23 " were summed into the " >=24" size class.

| TL (inch class) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | <=5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | $>=24$ |
| 1981 | 14 | 21 | 127 | 482 | 910 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1982 | 13 | 20 | 122 | 462 | 873 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1983 | 25 | 38 | 229 | 868 | 1,638 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1984 | 13 | 20 | 121 | 460 | 868 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1985 | 15 | 23 | 140 | 530 | 1,000 | 1,427 | 1,466 | 405 | 60 | 29 | 16 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1986 | 34 | 52 | 314 | 1,190 | 2,246 | 3,204 | 3,292 | 909 | 136 | 65 | 37 | 14 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1987 | 32 | 50 | 301 | 1,142 | 2,154 | 3,073 | 3,158 | 872 | 130 | 63 | 35 | 14 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1988 | 41 | 63 | 381 | 1,444 | 2,725 | 3,887 | 3,994 | 1,103 | 165 | 79 | 44 | 18 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1989 | 50 | 77 | 466 | 1,768 | 3,335 | 4,758 | 4,889 | 1,350 | 201 | 97 | 54 | 21 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1990 | 47 | 72 | 434 | 1,648 | 3,110 | 4,436 | 4,559 | 1,259 | 188 | 91 | 51 | 20 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1991 | 54 | 84 | 505 | 1,916 | 3,614 | 5,156 | 5,298 | 1,463 | 218 | 105 | 59 | 23 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1992 | 65 | 101 | 609 | 2,312 | 4,363 | 6,224 | 6,396 | 1,766 | 264 | 127 | 71 | 28 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1993 | 44 | 69 | 414 | 1,570 | 2,962 | 4,225 | 4,342 | 1,199 | 179 | 86 | 48 | 19 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1994 | 59 | 91 | 550 | 2,088 | 3,939 | 5,619 | 5,774 | 1,595 | 238 | 115 | 64 | 25 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1995 | 34 | 53 | 319 | 1,210 | 2,283 | 3,257 | 3,347 | 924 | 138 | 67 | 37 | 15 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1996 | 49 | 75 | 453 | 1,718 | 3,242 | 4,625 | 4,753 | 1,313 | 196 | 94 | 53 | 21 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1997 | 69 | 106 | 640 | 2,428 | 4,580 | 6,534 | 6,715 | 1,854 | 277 | 133 | 75 | 29 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1998 | 45 | 70 | 423 | 1,606 | 3,030 | 4,323 | 4,442 | 1,227 | 183 | 88 | 49 | 19 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1999 | 38 | 58 | 352 | 1,337 | 2,523 | 3,599 | 3,699 | 1,022 | 152 | 74 | 41 | 16 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2000 | 45 | 69 | 419 | 1,589 | 2,998 | 4,277 | 4,395 | 1,214 | 181 | 87 | 49 | 19 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2001 | 28 | 43 | 258 | 978 | 1,845 | 2,632 | 2,705 | 747 | 111 | 54 | 30 | 12 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2002 | 36 | 55 | 334 | 1,267 | 2,391 | 3,412 | 3,506 | 968 | 144 | 70 | 39 | 15 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2003 | 30 | 46 | 275 | 1,045 | 1,971 | 2,812 | 2,889 | 798 | 119 | 57 | 32 | 13 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2004 | 12 | 19 | 113 | 429 | 810 | 1,155 | 1,187 | 328 | 49 | 24 | 13 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2005 | 18 | 28 | 172 | 651 | 1,228 | 1,752 | 1,800 | 497 | 74 | 36 | 20 | 8 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2006 | 43 | 67 | 402 | 1,526 | 2,880 | 4,108 | 4,221 | 1,166 | 174 | 84 | 47 | 19 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2007 | 35 | 54 | 323 | 1,226 | 2,314 | 3,301 | 3,392 | 937 | 140 | 67 | 38 | 15 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2008 | 34 | 52 | 315 | 1,194 | 2,253 | 3,215 | 3,303 | 912 | 136 | 66 | 37 | 14 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2009 | 27 | 42 | 256 | 971 | 1,831 | 2,612 | 2,684 | 741 | 111 | 53 | 30 | 12 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2010 | 33 | 50 | 305 | 1,156 | 2,181 | 3,112 | 3,197 | 883 | 132 | 64 | 36 | 14 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 6.8.22 Estimated number of yellowtail snapper by size class (TL, inches) of commercial discards (live or dead) from 1981-2010 for the Gulf region using age-length keys. The estimated numbers of fish in the total discards with TL > 23 " were summed into the " >=24" size class.

| TL (inch class) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | <=5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | $>=24$ |
| 1981 | 188 | 289 | 1,747 | 6,629 | 12,507 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1982 | 361 | 556 | 3,360 | 12,747 | 24,051 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1983 | 235 | 362 | 2,185 | 8,289 | 15,640 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1984 | 239 | 368 | 2,224 | 8,437 | 15,918 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1985 | 109 | 168 | 1,013 | 3,842 | 7,248 | 10,340 | 10,625 | 2,935 | 438 | 211 | 118 | 47 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1986 | 192 | 296 | 1,789 | 6,789 | 12,809 | 18,273 | 18,777 | 5,186 | 774 | 373 | 209 | 82 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1987 | 271 | 419 | 2,527 | 9,589 | 18,092 | 25,810 | 26,521 | 7,325 | 1,093 | 527 | 295 | 116 | 0 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1988 | 431 | 665 | 4,014 | 15,230 | 28,735 | 40,994 | 42,123 | 11,634 | 1,736 | 837 | 468 | 185 | 0 | 62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1989 | 517 | 798 | 4,816 | 18,273 | 34,476 | 49,184 | 50,539 | 13,958 | 2,083 | 1,004 | 561 | 222 | 0 | 74 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1990 | 555 | 856 | 5,167 | 19,604 | 36,987 | 52,766 | 54,221 | 14,975 | 2,234 | 1,078 | 602 | 238 | 0 | 79 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1991 | 545 | 841 | 5,079 | 19,272 | 36,361 | 51,873 | 53,303 | 14,722 | 2,197 | 1,059 | 592 | 234 | 0 | 78 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1992 | 479 | 739 | 4,462 | 16,929 | 31,942 | 45,569 | 46,824 | 12,932 | 1,930 | 931 | 520 | 205 | 0 | 68 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1993 | 434 | 669 | 4,038 | 15,322 | 28,908 | 41,241 | 42,378 | 11,704 | 1,746 | 842 | 471 | 186 | 0 | 62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1994 | 783 | 1,209 | 7,297 | 27,685 | 52,234 | 74,518 | 76,572 | 21,148 | 3,156 | 1,522 | 850 | 336 | 0 | 112 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1995 | 499 | 770 | 4,648 | 17,637 | 33,276 | 47,473 | 48,781 | 13,473 | 2,010 | 969 | 542 | 214 | 0 | 71 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1996 | 508 | 784 | 4,735 | 17,966 | 33,898 | 48,360 | 49,692 | 13,724 | 2,048 | 988 | 552 | 218 | 0 | 73 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1997 | 586 | 904 | 5,460 | 20,716 | 39,086 | 55,760 | 57,297 | 15,825 | 2,361 | 1,139 | 636 | 251 | 0 | 84 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1998 | 448 | 691 | 4,171 | 15,827 | 29,862 | 42,602 | 43,776 | 12,090 | 1,804 | 870 | 486 | 192 | 0 | 64 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1999 | 519 | 801 | 4,835 | 18,345 | 34,613 | 49,380 | 50,740 | 14,014 | 2,091 | 1,008 | 563 | 222 | 0 | 74 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2000 | 560 | 864 | 5,217 | 19,795 | 37,349 | 53,283 | 54,751 | 15,122 | 2,256 | 1,088 | 608 | 240 | 0 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2001 | 386 | 596 | 3,596 | 13,646 | 25,746 | 36,730 | 37,742 | 10,424 | 1,555 | 750 | 419 | 165 | 0 | 55 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2002 | 448 | 691 | 4,172 | 15,830 | 29,867 | 42,609 | 43,784 | 12,093 | 1,804 | 870 | 486 | 192 | 0 | 64 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2003 | 317 | 489 | 2,954 | 11,210 | 21,150 | 30,173 | 31,004 | 8,563 | 1,278 | 616 | 344 | 136 | 0 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2004 | 138 | 213 | 1,288 | 4,886 | 9,218 | 13,151 | 13,513 | 3,732 | 557 | 269 | 150 | 59 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2005 | 180 | 277 | 1,673 | 6,347 | 11,975 | 17,084 | 17,555 | 4,848 | 723 | 349 | 195 | 77 | 0 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2006 | 533 | 822 | 4,962 | 18,829 | 35,525 | 50,681 | 52,078 | 14,383 | 2,146 | 1,035 | 578 | 228 | 0 | 76 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2007 | 239 | 369 | 2,227 | 8,448 | 15,940 | 22,740 | 23,367 | 6,454 | 963 | 464 | 259 | 102 | 0 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2008 | 314 | 484 | 2,920 | 11,080 | 20,904 | 29,823 | 30,645 | 8,464 | 1,263 | 609 | 340 | 134 | 0 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2009 | 235 | 362 | 2,185 | 8,291 | 15,643 | 22,317 | 22,932 | 6,334 | 945 | 456 | 255 | 101 | 0 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2010 | 183 | 282 | 1,702 | 6,458 | 12,184 | 17,382 | 17,861 | 4,933 | 736 | 355 | 198 | 78 | 0 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 6.8.23 Estimated number of yellowtail snapper at age (years) of commercial discards (live or dead) from 1981-2010 for the Atlantic region using age-length keys. The estimated numbers of fish older than 11 years were combined into the age 12-plus group.

| Year | Age 0 | Age 1 | Age 2 | Age 3 | Age 4 | Age 5 | Age 6 | Age 7 | Age 8 | Age 9 | Age 10 | Age 11 | Age 12+ | total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 72 | 1,295 | 176 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,555 |
| 1982 | 69 | 1,241 | 169 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,490 |
| 1983 | 130 | 2,331 | 317 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,798 |
| 1984 | 69 | 1,235 | 168 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,482 |
| 1985 | 79 | 3,369 | 1,439 | 145 | 87 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,120 |
| 1986 | 178 | 5,491 | 5,353 | 459 | 16 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,499 |
| 1987 | 171 | 5,391 | 4,894 | 566 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,029 |
| 1988 | 216 | 6,574 | 6,086 | 930 | 130 | 12 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13,949 |
| 1989 | 265 | 8,047 | 7,450 | 1,138 | 159 | 15 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17,075 |
| 1990 | 247 | 7,422 | 6,765 | 1,202 | 254 | 27 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15,920 |
| 1991 | 287 | 9,738 | 5,980 | 1,493 | 108 | 5 | 3 | 886 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 18,503 |
| 1992 | 346 | 11,756 | 7,316 | 1,756 | 90 | 2 | 2 | 1,069 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22,336 |
| 1993 | 235 | 7,935 | 5,067 | 1,064 | 119 | 7 | 6 | 730 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15,164 |
| 1994 | 313 | 10,553 | 6,484 | 1,700 | 126 | 5 | 3 | 965 | 15 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 20,166 |
| 1995 | 181 | 6,180 | 3,718 | 989 | 62 | 1 | 0 | 558 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,690 |
| 1996 | 263 | 9,896 | 4,997 | 1,255 | 172 | 14 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16,598 |
| 1997 | 371 | 12,749 | 6,929 | 3,033 | 295 | 40 | 25 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 23,450 |
| 1998 | 246 | 10,331 | 3,066 | 1,682 | 174 | 10 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15,512 |
| 1999 | 205 | 7,501 | 4,417 | 715 | 72 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12,917 |
| 2000 | 243 | 9,321 | 5,009 | 512 | 167 | 35 | 6 | 25 | 17 | 11 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 15,348 |
| 2001 | 147 | 4,112 | 4,988 | 92 | 41 | 41 | 21 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 9,447 |
| 2002 | 190 | 4,562 | 7,054 | 393 | 24 | 13 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12,243 |
| 2003 | 156 | 4,123 | 5,553 | 251 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10,090 |
| 2004 | 64 | 769 | 3,034 | 262 | 8 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,145 |
| 2005 | 97 | 2,754 | 3,186 | 236 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6,286 |
| 2006 | 229 | 7,139 | 7,143 | 195 | 36 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14,742 |
| 2007 | 184 | 8,358 | 3,053 | 223 | 27 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,847 |
| 2008 | 179 | 7,655 | 3,026 | 640 | 34 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,536 |
| 2009 | 145 | 4,863 | 4,115 | 222 | 27 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9,375 |
| 2010 | 173 | 5,328 | 5,332 | 308 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,166 |

Table 6.8.24 Estimated number of yellowtail snapper at age (years) of commercial discards (live or dead) from 1981-2010 for the Gulf region using age-length keys. The estimated numbers of fish older than 11 years were combined into the age 12-plus group.

| Year | Age 0 | Age 1 | Age 2 | Age 3 | Age 4 | Age 5 | Age 6 | Age 7 | Age 8 | Age 9 | Age 10 | Age 11 | Age 12+ | total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 905 | 12,908 | 7,547 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21,360 |
| 1982 | 1,741 | 24,820 | 14,513 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41,074 |
| 1983 | 1,132 | 16,141 | 9,438 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 26,711 |
| 1984 | 1,152 | 16,428 | 9,606 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 27,185 |
| 1985 | 525 | 9,327 | 19,499 | 5,442 | 2,104 | 102 | 28 | 63 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 2 | 37,109 |
| 1986 | 927 | 12,187 | 28,338 | 12,690 | 5,678 | 3,522 | 1,662 | 406 | 40 | 30 | 6 | 88 | 3 | 65,577 |
| 1987 | 1,309 | 17,214 | 40,025 | 17,924 | 8,019 | 4,975 | 2,348 | 574 | 56 | 42 | 8 | 124 | 4 | 92,623 |
| 1988 | 2,080 | 27,341 | 63,571 | 28,468 | 12,737 | 7,902 | 3,729 | 911 | 90 | 66 | 13 | 196 | 7 | 147,112 |
| 1989 | 2,495 | 32,803 | 76,272 | 34,156 | 15,282 | 9,481 | 4,475 | 1,094 | 107 | 80 | 15 | 236 | 8 | 176,504 |
| 1990 | 2,677 | 35,193 | 81,828 | 36,644 | 16,395 | 10,171 | 4,801 | 1,173 | 115 | 86 | 16 | 253 | 9 | 189,361 |
| 1991 | 2,632 | 28,290 | 61,139 | 48,377 | 43,855 | 1,183 | 376 | 78 | 158 | 53 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 186,155 |
| 1992 | 2,312 | 24,852 | 50,771 | 47,385 | 35,012 | 2,693 | 164 | 240 | 74 | 17 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 163,531 |
| 1993 | 2,092 | 22,492 | 46,931 | 44,314 | 28,836 | 976 | 442 | 1,525 | 340 | 42 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 148,001 |
| 1994 | 3,781 | 40,640 | 87,631 | 72,712 | 57,494 | 4,292 | 360 | 90 | 269 | 134 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 267,420 |
| 1995 | 2,409 | 25,891 | 49,496 | 51,024 | 36,358 | 4,379 | 475 | 134 | 120 | 67 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 170,364 |
| 1996 | 2,004 | 29,254 | 66,408 | 31,465 | 20,406 | 19,138 | 3,426 | 1,000 | 298 | 137 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 173,546 |
| 1997 | 2,311 | 34,196 | 78,060 | 41,215 | 21,077 | 17,550 | 4,461 | 974 | 62 | 145 | 16 | 19 | 19 | 200,105 |
| 1998 | 1,766 | 25,770 | 60,169 | 34,112 | 16,094 | 11,480 | 2,027 | 1,306 | 63 | 72 | 19 | 4 | 0 | 152,882 |
| 1999 | 2,047 | 49,205 | 68,221 | 37,415 | 13,365 | 4,849 | 1,059 | 877 | 110 | 46 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 177,206 |
| 2000 | 2,208 | 17,239 | 87,813 | 40,303 | 21,449 | 15,446 | 5,242 | 885 | 115 | 470 | 23 | 23 | 0 | 191,215 |
| 2001 | 1,863 | 28,203 | 66,032 | 19,815 | 9,037 | 4,304 | 2,095 | 344 | 63 | 0 | 39 | 18 | 0 | 131,812 |
| 2002 | 2,162 | 27,372 | 59,003 | 36,242 | 11,088 | 9,342 | 6,893 | 547 | 202 | 40 | 13 | 3 | 5 | 152,911 |
| 2003 | 1,531 | 21,981 | 47,132 | 20,532 | 8,994 | 4,880 | 2,847 | 296 | 55 | 15 | 0 | 10 | 7 | 108,280 |
| 2004 | 667 | 9,329 | 19,786 | 8,920 | 4,798 | 2,267 | 1,268 | 140 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 47,193 |
| 2005 | 867 | 10,974 | 18,840 | 9,632 | 9,228 | 7,351 | 4,134 | 155 | 10 | 16 | 6 | 93 | 2 | 61,308 |
| 2006 | 3,065 | 26,006 | 68,965 | 33,683 | 12,810 | 19,557 | 14,938 | 1,696 | 559 | 483 | 108 | 0 | 6 | 181,876 |
| 2007 | 2,610 | 11,153 | 32,561 | 15,832 | 7,915 | 5,072 | 4,999 | 1,090 | 11 | 0 | 5 | 359 | 0 | 81,608 |
| 2008 | 1,360 | 18,947 | 31,402 | 22,603 | 18,652 | 7,269 | 5,424 | 1,243 | 83 | 16 | 5 | 8 | 11 | 107,024 |
| 2009 | 540 | 14,925 | 45,153 | 12,027 | 942 | 6,015 | 344 | 92 | 27 | 15 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 80,089 |
| 2010 | 162 | 7,707 | 24,095 | 13,248 | 6,369 | 2,167 | 5,920 | 1,769 | 26 | 15 | 2 | 896 | 2 | 62,379 |

Table 6.8.25 Annual estimated weight (metric tons) of total discards (live or dead) from commercial gears from 1981-2010 for the Atlantic and Gulf region at various rates of release mortality. Levels of release mortality (as a proportion) applied to the total discards results in an estimate of dead discards by year. The column shaded in blue is the estimate of release mortality (11.5\%) from at-sea observations of dead discards from commercial vessels using vertical lines (see Section 6.4.1).

| Release Mortality rate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.115 |
| 1981 | 2.963 | 2.666 | 2.370 | 2.074 | 1.778 | 1.481 | 1.185 | 0.889 | 0.593 | 0.296 | 0.341 |
| 1982 | 5.503 | 4.953 | 4.403 | 3.852 | 3.302 | 2.752 | 2.201 | 1.651 | 1.101 | 0.550 | 0.633 |
| 1983 | 3.815 | 3.434 | 3.052 | 2.671 | 2.289 | 1.908 | 1.526 | 1.145 | 0.763 | 0.382 | 0.439 |
| 1984 | 3.707 | 3.336 | 2.965 | 2.595 | 2.224 | 1.853 | 1.483 | 1.112 | 0.741 | 0.371 | 0.426 |
| 1985 | 8.459 | 7.613 | 6.767 | 5.921 | 5.075 | 4.229 | 3.383 | 2.538 | 1.692 | 0.846 | 0.973 |
| 1986 | 15.439 | 13.895 | 12.351 | 10.807 | 9.263 | 7.719 | 6.175 | 4.632 | 3.088 | 1.544 | 1.775 |
| 1987 | 20.762 | 18.686 | 16.610 | 14.533 | 12.457 | 10.381 | 8.305 | 6.229 | 4.152 | 2.076 | 2.388 |
| 1988 | 32.261 | 29.035 | 25.809 | 22.583 | 19.357 | 16.131 | 12.905 | 9.678 | 6.452 | 3.226 | 3.710 |
| 1989 | 38.775 | 34.897 | 31.020 | 27.142 | 23.265 | 19.387 | 15.510 | 11.632 | 7.755 | 3.877 | 4.459 |
| 1990 | 41.119 | 37.007 | 32.895 | 28.783 | 24.671 | 20.560 | 16.448 | 12.336 | 8.224 | 4.112 | 4.729 |
| 1991 | 40.994 | 36.895 | 32.795 | 28.696 | 24.597 | 20.497 | 16.398 | 12.298 | 8.199 | 4.099 | 4.714 |
| 1992 | 37.230 | 33.507 | 29.784 | 26.061 | 22.338 | 18.615 | 14.892 | 11.169 | 7.446 | 3.723 | 4.281 |
| 1993 | 32.683 | 29.415 | 26.146 | 22.878 | 19.610 | 16.341 | 13.073 | 9.805 | 6.537 | 3.268 | 3.759 |
| 1994 | 57.605 | 51.845 | 46.084 | 40.324 | 34.563 | 28.803 | 23.042 | 17.282 | 11.521 | 5.761 | 6.625 |
| 1995 | 36.467 | 32.820 | 29.173 | 25.527 | 21.880 | 18.233 | 14.587 | 10.940 | 7.293 | 3.647 | 4.194 |
| 1996 | 38.087 | 34.278 | 30.470 | 26.661 | 22.852 | 19.044 | 15.235 | 11.426 | 7.617 | 3.809 | 4.380 |
| 1997 | 44.779 | 40.301 | 35.823 | 31.346 | 26.868 | 22.390 | 17.912 | 13.434 | 8.956 | 4.478 | 5.150 |
| 1998 | 33.730 | 30.357 | 26.984 | 23.611 | 20.238 | 16.865 | 13.492 | 10.119 | 6.746 | 3.373 | 3.879 |
| 1999 | 38.083 | 34.274 | 30.466 | 26.658 | 22.850 | 19.041 | 15.233 | 11.425 | 7.617 | 3.808 | 4.380 |
| 2000 | 41.376 | 37.238 | 33.101 | 28.963 | 24.825 | 20.688 | 16.550 | 12.413 | 8.275 | 4.138 | 4.758 |
| 2001 | 28.295 | 25.465 | 22.636 | 19.806 | 16.977 | 14.147 | 11.318 | 8.488 | 5.659 | 2.829 | 3.254 |
| 2002 | 33.081 | 29.773 | 26.465 | 23.157 | 19.849 | 16.541 | 13.233 | 9.924 | 6.616 | 3.308 | 3.804 |
| 2003 | 23.710 | 21.339 | 18.968 | 16.597 | 14.226 | 11.855 | 9.484 | 7.113 | 4.742 | 2.371 | 2.727 |
| 2004 | 10.283 | 9.255 | 8.227 | 7.198 | 6.170 | 5.142 | 4.113 | 3.085 | 2.057 | 1.028 | 1.183 |
| 2005 | 13.539 | 12.185 | 10.832 | 9.478 | 8.124 | 6.770 | 5.416 | 4.062 | 2.708 | 1.354 | 1.557 |
| 2006 | 39.384 | 35.445 | 31.507 | 27.569 | 23.630 | 19.692 | 15.754 | 11.815 | 7.877 | 3.938 | 4.529 |
| 2007 | 18.720 | 16.848 | 14.976 | 13.104 | 11.232 | 9.360 | 7.488 | 5.616 | 3.744 | 1.872 | 2.153 |
| 2008 | 23.748 | 21.373 | 18.999 | 16.624 | 14.249 | 11.874 | 9.499 | 7.124 | 4.750 | 2.375 | 2.731 |
| 2009 | 17.920 | 16.128 | 14.336 | 12.544 | 10.752 | 8.960 | 7.168 | 5.376 | 3.584 | 1.792 | 2.061 |
| 2010 | 12.495 | 11.245 | 9.996 | 8.746 | 7.497 | 6.247 | 4.998 | 3.748 | 2.499 | 1.249 | 1.437 |

Table 6.8.26 Proportions of the numbers of fish at age in the total discards (live or dead) to the total numbers at age estimated to be caught by the commercial fleet from 1981-2010 for the Atlantic and Gulf region. [For example, the interpretation for Age 1 fish released during 2010 is that $75.5 \%$ of all the age 1 fish caught by this fleet are released (live or dead). Because of the calculation of the proportion by age, the rows in this matrix will not sum to 1.]

Proportions of Released Fish by Age for Fleet to the Total Caught by Age for Fleet

| Year | Age 1 | Age 2 | Age 3 | Age 4 | Age 5 | Age 6 | Age 7 | Age 8 | Age 9 | Age 10 | Age 11 | Age 12+ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 0.84514 | 0.07408 | 0.00007 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 |
| 1982 | 0.83889 | 0.09291 | 0.00003 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 |
| 1983 | 0.81867 | 0.08491 | 0.00016 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 |
| 1984 | 0.90278 | 0.07365 | 0.00007 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 |
| 1985 | 0.87808 | 0.49372 | 0.16552 | 0.09537 | 0.00171 | 0.00056 | 0.00118 | 0.00022 | 0.00006 | 0.00006 | 0.00090 | 0.00010 |
| 1986 | 0.79408 | 0.32170 | 0.13851 | 0.04959 | 0.03615 | 0.02232 | 0.00785 | 0.00101 | 0.00121 | 0.00038 | 0.00647 | 0.00010 |
| 1987 | 0.74347 | 0.29573 | 0.10720 | 0.05067 | 0.04101 | 0.02712 | 0.00997 | 0.00128 | 0.00152 | 0.00048 | 0.00795 | 0.00012 |
| 1988 | 0.76080 | 0.25546 | 0.07937 | 0.04283 | 0.04248 | 0.03338 | 0.01578 | 0.00253 | 0.00358 | 0.00129 | 0.02333 | 0.00064 |
| 1989 | 0.83286 | 0.29578 | 0.08446 | 0.04166 | 0.03931 | 0.02955 | 0.01355 | 0.00211 | 0.00292 | 0.00104 | 0.01962 | 0.00051 |
| 1990 | 0.80951 | 0.26442 | 0.07695 | 0.04193 | 0.04318 | 0.03531 | 0.01700 | 0.00274 | 0.00378 | 0.00137 | 0.02433 | 0.00062 |
| 1991 | 0.93075 | 0.19688 | 0.13095 | 0.08344 | 0.00681 | 0.00287 | 0.01353 | 0.00223 | 0.00149 | 0.00010 | 0.00081 | 0.00000 |
| 1992 | 0.93872 | 0.18216 | 0.09150 | 0.09016 | 0.02347 | 0.00276 | 0.02367 | 0.00129 | 0.00067 | 0.00000 | 0.00061 | 0.00000 |
| 1993 | 0.96324 | 0.17868 | 0.07883 | 0.06640 | 0.00403 | 0.00214 | 0.01799 | 0.00241 | 0.00085 | 0.00000 | 0.00052 | 0.00000 |
| 1994 | 0.89641 | 0.26361 | 0.14129 | 0.14566 | 0.01647 | 0.00253 | 0.01154 | 0.00211 | 0.00220 | 0.00020 | 0.00083 | 0.00000 |
| 1995 | 0.93902 | 0.41410 | 0.09674 | 0.06783 | 0.01602 | 0.00262 | 0.00769 | 0.00195 | 0.00158 | 0.00000 | 0.00099 | 0.00000 |
| 1996 | 0.82485 | 0.37228 | 0.13310 | 0.07031 | 0.05281 | 0.02078 | 0.01149 | 0.00422 | 0.00306 | 0.00082 | 0.00040 | 0.00000 |
| 1997 | 0.88055 | 0.36306 | 0.10359 | 0.07886 | 0.06731 | 0.02141 | 0.01064 | 0.00182 | 0.00430 | 0.00165 | 0.00091 | 0.00137 |
| 1998 | 0.82573 | 0.30532 | 0.08162 | 0.04475 | 0.06323 | 0.02018 | 0.01377 | 0.00147 | 0.00235 | 0.00112 | 0.00032 | 0.00000 |
| 1999 | 0.85211 | 0.23229 | 0.13198 | 0.03626 | 0.01455 | 0.00631 | 0.00966 | 0.00167 | 0.00157 | 0.00108 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 |
| 2000 | 0.66226 | 0.34210 | 0.13603 | 0.07087 | 0.07036 | 0.03315 | 0.01102 | 0.00300 | 0.01411 | 0.00169 | 0.00124 | 0.00000 |
| 2001 | 0.69267 | 0.23504 | 0.05709 | 0.03128 | 0.02741 | 0.01722 | 0.00605 | 0.00184 | 0.00000 | 0.00372 | 0.00134 | 0.00038 |
| 2002 | 0.87170 | 0.27063 | 0.11316 | 0.04592 | 0.03995 | 0.05174 | 0.01185 | 0.00649 | 0.00223 | 0.00105 | 0.00109 | 0.00048 |
| 2003 | 0.51058 | 0.29019 | 0.05689 | 0.03233 | 0.04163 | 0.02813 | 0.00493 | 0.00153 | 0.00066 | 0.00000 | 0.00110 | 0.00035 |
| 2004 | 0.72595 | 0.16310 | 0.03090 | 0.01443 | 0.01046 | 0.01190 | 0.00199 | 0.00030 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00037 |
| 2005 | 0.92125 | 0.18127 | 0.03434 | 0.03303 | 0.04189 | 0.05554 | 0.00302 | 0.00065 | 0.00056 | 0.00037 | 0.02171 | 0.00042 |
| 2006 | 0.97125 | 0.50939 | 0.14273 | 0.05518 | 0.11362 | 0.13406 | 0.03358 | 0.01019 | 0.01751 | 0.00354 | 0.00000 | 0.00029 |
| 2007 | 0.83046 | 0.33075 | 0.10664 | 0.03783 | 0.03546 | 0.04161 | 0.03492 | 0.00051 | 0.00000 | 0.00048 | 0.09276 | 0.00012 |
| 2008 | 0.79105 | 0.26391 | 0.10683 | 0.05819 | 0.04071 | 0.04863 | 0.02067 | 0.00171 | 0.00078 | 0.00053 | 0.00058 | 0.00070 |
| 2009 | 0.82348 | 0.16047 | 0.03165 | 0.00430 | 0.02345 | 0.00231 | 0.00083 | 0.00044 | 0.00048 | 0.00008 | 0.00037 | 0.00014 |
| 2010 | 0.75539 | 0.13405 | 0.04130 | 0.01979 | 0.01331 | 0.04643 | 0.03205 | 0.00067 | 0.00058 | 0.00024 | 0.06346 | 0.00011 |

Table 6.8.27 Number of yellowtail snapper by age from age samples (otoliths) from commercial landings for the Atlantic region for 1981-2010.

| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | total |
| 1981 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1983 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1992 | 0 | 19 | 41 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 74 |
| 1993 | 0 | 50 | 48 | 17 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 123 |
| 1994 | 0 | 17 | 113 | 42 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 183 |
| 1995 | 1 | 51 | 97 | 36 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 198 |
| 1996 | 18 | 176 | 70 | 35 | 13 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 313 |
| 1997 | 2 | 164 | 292 | 83 | 33 | 16 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 606 |
| 1998 | 10 | 102 | 129 | 48 | 15 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 319 |
| 1999 | 57 | 390 | 136 | 49 | 10 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 649 |
| 2000 | 8 | 154 | 72 | 32 | 20 | 9 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 326 |
| 2001 | 10 | 121 | 59 | 51 | 25 | 20 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 304 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2003 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 2004 | 0 | 65 | 60 | 19 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 150 |
| 2005 | 0 | 51 | 131 | 20 | 9 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 225 |
| 2006 | 0 | 291 | 60 | 29 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 389 |
| 2007 | 1 | 57 | 36 | 10 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 117 |
| 2008 | 12 | 83 | 77 | 23 | 10 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 222 |
| 2009 | 1 | 14 | 22 | 28 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 76 |
| 2010 | 0 | 29 | 41 | 10 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 91 |

Table 6.8.2 Number of yellowtail snapper by age from age samples (otoliths) from commercial landings for the Gulf region for 1981-2010.

| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | total |
| 1981 | 0 | 11 | 39 | 28 | 23 | 13 | 15 | 13 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 153 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1983 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1992 | 0 | 4 | 13 | 10 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 33 |
| 1993 | 0 | 4 | 9 | 4 | 8 | 8 | 4 | 9 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 51 |
| 1994 | 2 | 3 | 8 | 10 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 79 |
| 1995 | 1 | 1 | 13 | 23 | 13 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 72 |
| 1996 | 0 | 3 | 8 | 14 | 23 | 16 | 4 | 8 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 87 |
| 1997 | 1 | 20 | 71 | 55 | 70 | 65 | 37 | 15 | 14 | 6 | 11 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 371 |
| 1998 | 0 | 12 | 44 | 46 | 26 | 19 | 21 | 11 | 5 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 193 |
| 1999 | 0 | 12 | 20 | 41 | 43 | 24 | 15 | 15 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 184 |
| 2000 | 4 | 26 | 34 | 56 | 41 | 26 | 10 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 215 |
| 2001 | 5 | 48 | 54 | 75 | 42 | 43 | 25 | 12 | 9 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 334 |
| 2002 | 0 | 42 | 93 | 92 | 88 | 66 | 24 | 23 | 7 | 7 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 454 |
| 2003 | 0 | 4 | 93 | 79 | 35 | 43 | 32 | 16 | 14 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 339 |
| 2004 | 0 | 8 | 55 | 80 | 63 | 32 | 24 | 14 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 294 |
| 2005 | 0 | 38 | 125 | 125 | 75 | 32 | 24 | 10 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 451 |
| 2006 | 0 | 7 | 63 | 75 | 50 | 37 | 23 | 25 | 14 | 13 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 318 |
| 2007 | 0 | 5 | 35 | 70 | 50 | 35 | 20 | 13 | 0 | 7 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 243 |
| 2008 | 1 | 29 | 95 | 173 | 101 | 59 | 45 | 38 | 24 | 12 | 15 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 612 |
| 2009 | 0 | 77 | 121 | 85 | 121 | 85 | 71 | 43 | 18 | 15 | 4 | 9 | 11 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 666 |
| 2010 | 0 | 32 | 75 | 131 | 62 | 47 | 21 | 13 | 8 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 402 |

Table 6.8.29 Proportion of yellowtail snapper by age from age samples (otoliths) from commercial landings for the Atlantic and Gulf region for 1981-2010. Years when samples were not available from one or both coasts are set to missing ("-999"). The annual "effective sample size" (ESS) for the proportion at age was set as the square root of the number of ages available to derive the proportions.

Proportion at Age (DA) of Landed Fish

| Year | Age 1 | Age 2 | Age 3 | Age 4 | Age 5 | Age 6 | Age 7 | Age 8 | Age 9 | Age 10 | Age 11 | Age 12+ | No. of ages | initial <br> ESS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1982 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1983 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1984 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1985 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1986 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1987 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1988 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1989 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1990 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1991 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1992 | 0.0000 | 0.1375 | 0.4132 | 0.2764 | 0.0065 | 0.0299 | 0.0832 | 0.0000 | 0.0267 | 0.0000 | 0.0267 | 0.0000 | 107 | 10 |
| 1993 | 0.0000 | 0.1089 | 0.1963 | 0.0840 | 0.1438 | 0.1438 | 0.0727 | 0.1601 | 0.0185 | 0.0185 | 0.0178 | 0.0356 | 174 | 13 |
| 1994 | 0.0235 | 0.0418 | 0.1375 | 0.1338 | 0.0968 | 0.0942 | 0.1181 | 0.1302 | 0.0235 | 0.0475 | 0.0471 | 0.1059 | 262 | 16 |
| 1995 | 0.0133 | 0.0295 | 0.2004 | 0.3106 | 0.1709 | 0.0923 | 0.0653 | 0.0520 | 0.0656 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 270 | 16 |
| 1996 | 0.0050 | 0.0806 | 0.1034 | 0.1566 | 0.2449 | 0.1681 | 0.0420 | 0.0839 | 0.0525 | 0.0210 | 0.0210 | 0.0210 | 400 | 20 |
| 1997 | 0.0028 | 0.0766 | 0.2218 | 0.1471 | 0.1746 | 0.1596 | 0.0905 | 0.0369 | 0.0341 | 0.0148 | 0.0267 | 0.0145 | 977 | 31 |
| 1998 | 0.0029 | 0.0859 | 0.2442 | 0.2302 | 0.1266 | 0.0911 | 0.0999 | 0.0520 | 0.0238 | 0.0147 | 0.0235 | 0.0050 | 512 | 23 |
| 1999 | 0.0060 | 0.1016 | 0.1155 | 0.2128 | 0.2189 | 0.1220 | 0.0762 | 0.0760 | 0.0304 | 0.0253 | 0.0000 | 0.0153 | 833 | 29 |
| 2000 | 0.0190 | 0.1470 | 0.1628 | 0.2484 | 0.1811 | 0.1140 | 0.0451 | 0.0190 | 0.0190 | 0.0138 | 0.0175 | 0.0131 | 541 | 23 |
| 2001 | 0.0162 | 0.1607 | 0.1638 | 0.2208 | 0.1228 | 0.1245 | 0.0712 | 0.0344 | 0.0258 | 0.0148 | 0.0196 | 0.0254 | 638 | 25 |
| 2002 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 2003 | 0.0000 | 0.0108 | 0.2510 | 0.2132 | 0.1371 | 0.1587 | 0.0863 | 0.0432 | 0.0378 | 0.0108 | 0.0108 | 0.0405 | 341 | 18 |
| 2004 | 0.0000 | 0.0600 | 0.2043 | 0.2604 | 0.1986 | 0.1006 | 0.0756 | 0.0438 | 0.0125 | 0.0068 | 0.0125 | 0.0250 | 444 | 21 |
| 2005 | 0.0000 | 0.0975 | 0.3055 | 0.2597 | 0.1546 | 0.0648 | 0.0487 | 0.0201 | 0.0149 | 0.0105 | 0.0085 | 0.0154 | 676 | 26 |
| 2006 | 0.0000 | 0.0765 | 0.1948 | 0.2238 | 0.1460 | 0.1078 | 0.0669 | 0.0727 | 0.0407 | 0.0378 | 0.0029 | 0.0301 | 707 | 27 |
| 2007 | 0.0011 | 0.0797 | 0.1648 | 0.2624 | 0.1862 | 0.1269 | 0.0730 | 0.0467 | 0.0000 | 0.0252 | 0.0144 | 0.0198 | 360 | 19 |
| 2008 | 0.0067 | 0.0792 | 0.1739 | 0.2653 | 0.1534 | 0.0892 | 0.0664 | 0.0560 | 0.0354 | 0.0177 | 0.0226 | 0.0343 | 834 | 29 |
| 2009 | 0.0014 | 0.1228 | 0.1930 | 0.1529 | 0.1682 | 0.1156 | 0.0982 | 0.0578 | 0.0242 | 0.0202 | 0.0068 | 0.0391 | 742 | 27 |
| 2010 | 0.0000 | 0.1159 | 0.2266 | 0.2931 | 0.1358 | 0.1008 | 0.0443 | 0.0274 | 0.0185 | 0.0084 | 0.0080 | 0.0210 | 493 | 22 |

Table 6.8.30 Proportion of yellowtail snapper estimated by age from at-sea sampling on head boats (measurements of length used ALK to estimate ages) and applied to commercial discards for the Atlantic and Gulf region for 1981-2010. Years when samples were not available from one or both coasts are set to missing ("-999"). The annual "effective sample size" (ESS) for the proportion at age was set as the square root of the number of trips on which at-sea sampling occurred.

Discard Proportion at Age for DA-formulated model, Commercial Fleet

| Year | Age 1 | Age 2 | Age 3 | Age 4 | Age 5 | Age 6 | Age 7 | Age 8 | Age 9 | Age 10 | Age 11 | Age 12+ | ages | ESS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1982 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1983 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1984 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1985 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1986 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1987 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1988 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1989 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1990 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1991 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1992 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1993 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1994 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1995 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1996 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1997 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1998 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 2000 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 2001 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 2002 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 2003 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 2004 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 2005 | 0.2174 | 0.3259 | 0.1460 | 0.1367 | 0.1088 | 0.0612 | 0.0023 | 0.0001 | 0.0002 | 0.0001 | 0.0014 | 0.0000 | 341 | 18 |
| 2006 | 0.1853 | 0.3871 | 0.1723 | 0.0653 | 0.0995 | 0.0760 | 0.0086 | 0.0028 | 0.0025 | 0.0006 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 324 | 18 |
| 2007 | 0.2387 | 0.3811 | 0.1718 | 0.0850 | 0.0543 | 0.0535 | 0.0117 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0038 | 0.0000 | 323 | 18 |
| 2008 | 0.2374 | 0.2904 | 0.1960 | 0.1576 | 0.0613 | 0.0458 | 0.0105 | 0.0007 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 129 | 11 |
| 2009 | 0.2289 | 0.5507 | 0.1369 | 0.0108 | 0.0672 | 0.0038 | 0.0010 | 0.0003 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 129 | 11 |
| 2010 | 0.1818 | 0.4001 | 0.1843 | 0.0869 | 0.0295 | 0.0805 | 0.0240 | 0.0004 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0122 | 0.0000 | 121 | 11 |

### 6.9 FIGURES

Figure 6.9.1 Scree plot of cluster height versus cluster number, with a piecewise regression to estimate an optimum number of clusters from the commercial trips on which yellowtail snapper were landed and the presence/absence of other species on those trips. [Data from FWC trip tickets (FL-TT).]

## Scree Plot for Commercial Cluster Analysis



Figure 6.9.2 Cluster analysis of commercial fishing trips landings yellowtail snapper and other species. The rectangles (in red) outline the clusters of species selected by the analyses. [Data from FWC trip tickets (FL-TT).]

## Dendrogram for Commercial Cluster Analysis



Species
(pres_abs trans, horn similarity, average linkage)

Figure 6.9.3 Florida commercial landings (in metric tons) of yellowtail snapper by region. [Data from FWC trip tickets (FL-TT).]


Figure 6.9.4 Number of commercial fishing trips landing yellowtail snapper by region. [Data from FWC trip tickets (FL-TT).]


Figure 6.9.5 Estimated number of yellowtail snapper landed and discarded dead. A comparison of estimates from SEDAR 3 and this assessment.


Figure 6.9.6 Number of commercial fishing trips and nominal average pounds per trip landing yellowtail snapper from a selection of trips (including trips on which no yellowtail snapper were caught) using a cluster analysis. [Data from FWC trip tickets (FL-TT).]


Figure 6.9.7 Grid system currently used in the reporting data to the NMFS Coastal Fisheries Logbook Program.


Figure 6.9.8 Fishing effort (in thousand hook-hours) and landings (metric tons) reported from the sample of log books used by McCarthy (2011a) for an analysis of catch-per-effort of yellowtail snapper in the south Florida area. Because these data are a subset of trips for reef fish and other species in south Florida, the amounts of landings and fishing effort do not represent total landings or fishing effort for yellowtail snapper.


Figure 6.9.9 A comparison of reported commercial landings (kg) of yellowtail snapper with estimates of landings (kg) computed from length samples and adjusted numbers of fish at length for the a) Atlantic Coast and b) Gulf Coast.
a.) Atlantic Coast

b.) Gulf Coast


Figure 6.9.10 Age composition (Atlantic and Gulf combined) using age-length keys to estimate ages from length samples measured from commercial landings during 1981-2010. Values are in Z-score units within each age group. Positive scores (higher relative abundance) are represented as filled circles, and negative scores (lower relative abundance) as open circles. Circle diameters are proportional to the square-root of the absolute value of the Z-score.


## 7. RECREATIONAL STATISTICS

### 7.1 OVERVIEW

### 7.1.1 Issues

### 7.2 REVIEW OF WORKING PAPERS

There were no working papers for this section.

### 7.3 RECREATIONAL LANDINGS

### 7.3.1 Southeast Head Boat Survey (HBS)

The NMFS Southeast Headboat Survey collects catch, effort, and biological measurements from head boats operating from North Carolina to Texas. The survey began operation in 1972 on the Atlantic Coast, expanded into Florida in the mid-1970’s and to the Florida Keys by 1979, and in 1986 began operating in states bordering the Gulf of Mexico. Catch by species and effort (numbers of anglers and vessel trips) are collected on vessel trip reports sent by the vessel operators. Biological samples (measurements of length and weight, otoliths, etc.) are collected from anglers' landings during dockside intercepts of vessels returning from fishing. Catch and effort records record the general area fished, date, duration of trip, number of anglers fishing, and other information. Data are routinely analyzed for quality, and reporting rates are ground-truthed through dockside visits. The goal of this survey is to be a census of data for the entire head boat fleet, but because of non-compliance with reporting rules by some vessel operators the survey makes estimates for the non-compliant vessels based on vessel characteristics and similar fishing patterns of compliant vessels.

Landings and effort (angler-hours) data from the vessel trip reports are summarized into estimates of monthly and annual landings (in numbers and weight) by species in each of the head boat areas (Fig. 7.9.1). Annual landings by HBS area numbers of fish show that most yellowtail snapper are caught in areas 11, 12 and 17 by numbers (Table 7.8.1) and weight (Table 7.8.2). The landings can be grouped by area into Atlantic and Gulf regions to conform to those used by this assessment (Table 7.8.3). There were no Gulf of Mexico data until 1986 when the survey expanded into those areas, and the only data available were from areas 12 (Florida Keys) and 17 (Dry Tortugas). The average ratio of yellowtail snapper landings from areas 12 and 17 in relation to the landings for areas 12-27 from 1986-1990 was about 0.973, so the sum of areas 12 and 17 (in numbers) was raised by this factor to produce an estimate of yellowtail snapper landings in numbers for 1981. Landings for 1982 were estimated using the average of ratios from 1987-1991, and etc. for succeeding years through 1985. The adjustments were on the order of 4,100 fish $(2,000$ to 5,700$)$ for those years because the landings in areas in the Gulf of Mexico were small relative to the Florida Keys and the Dry Tortugas (Tables 7.8.1, 7.8.2).

The number of length measurements of yellowtail snapper (Tables 7.8.4, 7.8.5) is relatively large particularly in the Gulf region (primarily the Florida Keys and Dry Tortugas). The age
composition of the landings by Atlantic and Gulf regions were estimated using region-specific agelength keys (ALK) (Tables 7.8.6, 7.8.7). The number and ages of otoliths sampled annually from the Atlantic and Gulf regions are in Tables 7.8.9 and 7.8.10. Otolith samples were reasonably large (over 100) during most years in the Atlantic region particularly after 2003. Otolith collections from the Gulf region were relatively lacking until 2008. For direct aging model formulations, the annual number of yellowtail snapper by age in a region was the product of the proportions at age in the otolith samples and the total number of fish estimated in the landings. The total number of landings from both regions were summed, and became the weighted proportions at age (PAA) for the fleet in the DA-formulated model runs (Table 7.8.10). If one or both of the regions had no otolith samples for a year, the PAA values were set to missing ("-999").

### 7.3.2 Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey (MRFSS)

The NMFS Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey began collecting information from saltwater anglers on the Atlantic Coast in 1979. The first two years of the survey data are rarely used. Data from this survey are generally available from March of 1981 to the present. Texas participated in the MRFSS from 1981-1985, but has run their own saltwater fishing surveys using different methodology since that time. However, yellowtail snapper rarely shows up in landings from that state. The survey in most states is comprised of one telephone survey of households that collects fishing effort information and three separate intercept surveys - shore mode intercepts, private or rental boat intercepts, and charter vessel intercepts (in some states, both head boats or "party" boats are combined for intercepts). In mid-1997, a pilot survey for collecting charter vessel effort began collecting effort for that mode of fishing because of the difficulty of contacting the relatively small number of anglers who had taken a charter fishing trip in the previous sixty days (which caused estimation problems). In 2000, charter vessel fishing effort was collected using the telephone survey of charter vessel captains for Louisiana to Florida, and beginning in 2002 on Florida's Atlantic Coast. In this voluntary survey, the MRFSS collects catch information on harvested (landings, dead discards) and fish released alive through angler interviews, and field samplers measure and weigh fish if the anglers allow them access.

The MRFSS estimates the number and weight of fish in the harvest (landings and dead discards) and the numbers of fish released alive by coast, state, year, wave, and area fished (in terms of distance from shore). Intact fish from anglers' landings are measured as samples of the sizes and weights landed by species. The MRFSS makes separate estimates for harvest and releases for West Florida (bordering eastern Gulf of Mexico waters) and East Florida (counties along the Atlantic coast of Florida). The MRFSS treats Monroe County as part of the Gulf of Mexico for summaries of harvests and releases rather using the jurisdictional boundaries of the Fishery Management Councils (South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico). Thus, Florida is essentially treated as two ‘states’ - East Florida and West Florida.

The harvest of yellowtail snapper by recreational anglers was greatest in West Florida and to a lesser extent in East Florida compared to all other states in the southeastern region of the US (Tables 7.8.11, 7.8.12, Fig. 7.9.3). The number of fish released alive by reported by saltwater anglers (Fig. 7.9.4) was similar in magnitude in most years to the harvested amounts. The number of released fish in 1991 is anomalous and should be more closely. Yellowtail snapper are more
often caught from vessels, but there is some catch from shore (Fig. 7.9.5). The amount of harvested yellowtail snapper by recreational anglers has sometimes been above 500 metric tons (Fig. 7.9.6), but mostly that was during the early years of the survey when sample sizes for the survey were lower. In more recent years, MRFSS harvest estimates have been more in the range of 100-300 metric tons. Often, more of the harvests and releases occur in the Florida Keys, though SE Florida can account for a large share of harvests and releases in some of the more recent years (Fig. 7.9.7).

The number of lengths measured from saltwater anglers interviewed by samplers (Tables 7.8.13, 7.8.14) was usually over a hundred measurements in the Gulf region and in the Atlantic region after 2000. Using the annual size frequencies and the average weight of fish in a size class, the harvested weight can be calculated for comparison with the MRFSS estimates (Fig. 7.9.8). The calculated harvest amounts were very similar to the MRFSS harvest estimates from 1987-2010. There were some rather large deviations in harvest amounts in the early years of the MRFSS, and this may be function of their estimation procedures for weights or sample biases in the lengths of fish measured from anglers. Lengths of yellowtail snapper in the Gulf region (Table 7.8.14) showed more larger fish than seen in the Atlantic region (Table 7.8.13). The ages estimated from the length measurements and the age-length key (ALK) for the Atlantic and Gulf regions are in Tables 7.8.15 and 7.8.16. Ages 2 through 6 were the more frequent age classes estimated by the ALK for recreational angler landings. Otoliths sampled from recreational saltwater anglers’ landings (Tables 7.8.17, 7.8.18) showed some older ages in the Gulf region (chiefly the Florida Keys) than seen in the Atlantic region (chiefly southeast Florida). Yellowtail snapper otoliths from saltwater angler's landings were not sampled until 2002 and the numbers of otoliths taken were low in some years from 2002-2010. For direct aging model formulations, the annual number of yellowtail snapper by age in a region was the product of the proportions at age in the otolith samples and the total number of fish estimated in the landings. The total number of landings from both regions were summed, and became the weighted proportions at age (PAA) for the fleet in the DA-formulated model runs (Table 7.8.19). If one or both of the regions had no otolith samples for a year, the PAA values were set to missing ("-999").

### 7.4 RECREATIONAL DISCARDS AND RELEASE MORTALITY

### 7.4.1 Discards

There are several sources of information on the discards of fish (some prefer "releases" as in "catch and release" fishing) by recreational anglers. The MRFSS has included sampling protocols for collecting discard data for species in both the Type B1 fish (fish harvested but not available to the field sampler at the time of the dockside interview, including fish that were dead and released by the angler) and the Type B2 fish (fish released alive). In 2004, the HBS began collecting the number of fish released dead and released alive in their vessel trip reports submitted by vessel operators which are records of landings (and now, catch) by species for a head boat trip. Neither of these recreational data collection programs collects measurements of the size of released fish, though the MRFSS asks about the reasons for releasing fish such as whether the fish was below legal size (if there were size limits), of legal size to keep, or not legal to keep (i.e., fish not legal to harvest during closures, or bag limit exceeded, etc.). A more recent source of discard data has come from at-sea sampling on head boats. The amounts of landed fish and sizes by species as
well as the numbers and sizes of released fish by species and their immediate disposition within a short time after release by anglers (see discussion in Sections 5.4.2 and 5.4.3) are recorded by the at-sea samplers.

The HBS estimates discards by species from vessel trip reports supplied by vessel operators. The annual discards for yellowtail snapper from head boat trips in southeast Florida and the Florida Keys and those derived from at-sea sampling using the ratio of released fish to those landed by head boat anglers (Table 7.8.20). The at-sea sampling estimates for releases are higher than reported in the vessel trip reports for the southeast Atlantic area in the Florida Keys during the 2005-2007. The at-sea sampling program did not sample in the Keys during 2008-2010, but the estimates for releases based on the number of landed fish are similar to discard estimates made by the HBS from vessel trip reports for 2008-2010. The at-sea sampling ratios for the proportions of released to landed yellowtail snapper were used as an approximations for releases for 1985-2010 by region (Table 7.8.21). An additional factor was used to adjust this rate for the proportion of fish below 10" TL for 1981-1984 which was prior to the implementation of minimum size limits by Florida at the beginning of 1985.

Using the at-sea sampling measurements (Table 5.10.4), the number of released fish (total discards, live or dead) by size class can be estimated for each region (Tables 7.8.22, 7.8.23). The ages in the discards (Tables 7.8.24, 7.8.25) were estimated through conversion with the age-length key for each region. The resulting proportions at age for the total discards for the combined regions (which weights the proportions by the amount of discards in each region) are shown in Table 7.8.26. The estimated weight (in metric tons) of the total discards multiplied by various release mortality rates are in Table 7.8.27. The proportion of the number of fish of a particular age released to the total number of that age class caught by head boat anglers is calculated in Table 7.8.28.

The annual discard data by region (Atlantic or Gulf) from the MRFSS was used as the estimate of the total number of yellowtail snapper released alive by anglers. There were so few records (about a dozen) of fish released dead in the B1 data that practically 100\% of yellowtail snapper were released alive. The at-sea sampling observable release mortality rates for yellowtail snapper immediately after release by head boat anglers ranged from $4.5 \%$ to $10.5 \%$, and based on those data a rate of $10 \%$ release mortality was used in this assessment for releases from modes of fishing surveyed by the MRFSS. Similarly, the size at release data measured during the at-sea sampling of head boats was adopted as a proxy for the sizes of yellowtail snapper released by recreational anglers surveyed by the MRFSS. Estimated discards by length (Tables 7.8.29,7.8.30) of yellowtail snapper were calculated using the MRFSS B2 estimates by region and the proportions at length from the at-sea sampling by region. Estimated ages in the total discards were calculated by converting the lengths in the discards using the age-length key by region (Tables $7.8 .31,7.8 .32$ ). The estimated numbers of yellowtail snapper by age by region were combined and the n-weighted proportions at age matrix was calculated (Table 7.8.33). The weight of annual total discards (live and dead) were the product of the number of yellowtail snapper in length classes estimated in the discards and the average weight of fish in a length class. The weight (in metric tons) of annual dead discards is the product of the weight of total discards and a release mortality rate to be applied (Table 7.8.34). The proportion of the number of fish of a particular age
released to the total number of that age class caught by recreational(MRFSS) anglers is calculated in Table 7.8.28.

### 7.4.2 RECOMMENDATIONS ON RECREATIONAL DISCARDS AND RELEASE MORTALITY

The estimated release mortality rates from at-sea sampling (see Section 5.4.2) for yellowtail snapper released by head boat anglers was between 4.5\% (Florida Keys) - 10.5\% (southeast Atlantic) in the short period over which the samplers were able to see the fish after release. A release mortality rate of $10 \%$ is probably not unreasonable for a first approximation for a release mortality rate for this species by head boat anglers. Because there are no release mortality estimates for yellowtail snapper released by other recreational anglers, it is also reasonable to adopt the same $10 \%$ release mortality rate as a first approximation for this parameter.

### 7.5 RECREATIONAL EFFORT

### 7.5.1 Southeast Head Boat Survey (HBS)

Fishing effort (number of angler-days) information is collected by the HBS from vessel trip reports. Head boat fishing effort has declined roughly three-fold in southeast FL and 2.7-fold in the Florida Keys area from 1981 to 2010 (Table 7.8.36).

### 7.5.2 Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey (MRFSS)

Fishing effort (number of one-day angler trips) by coast, state, year, wave (two-month estimation period), mode of fishing (shore, private/rental boats, charter vessels) data is collected by the MRFSS. Total effort for the south Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico regions is estimated to be on the order of 8-25 million angler trips annually with a majority of those trips taken in Florida (Fig. 7.9.9). A cluster analysis of the MRFSS data identified fishing trips taken in southeast Florida and the Florida Keys areas presumed to have been in habitats where yellowtail snapper occurs (Chagaris 2011b) even if none were caught. The angler-trips identified by the cluster analsyis were used to develop a total catch index for yellowtail snapper. The vessel trips associated with the angler trips identified by the cluster analysis were identified using the MRFSS Type 6 records (linking all angler interviews to unique vessel trips) from 1991 (when the Type 6 records were first introduced) to 2010. Vessel trips in presumptive yellowtail snapper habitats show a general declining trend through 2001, increased over 2002-2007, and declined over 2008-2010 (Fig. 7.9.10).

### 7.6 BIOLOGICAL SAMPLING

The age composition of the fisheries landings were derived from length samples taken from the landings and discards. These lengths were converted to ages using age-length keys developed separately for each year during 1981-2010 and separately for the Gulf of Mexico and South Atlantic regions. The dimensions of the ALK were years 1981-2010 and ages $0-12+$. The few age- 0 were pooled with age- 1 (modeled 1-12+ in ASAP). Though the number of yellowtail snapper sampled for lengths and ages were fairly large in many years (Table X), the age composition of certain length classes with less than five fish sampled for ages in that year and region required some pooling of age composition data across time (5-year periods, or all years) and space (both regions). The minimum of five ages samples per length class per year per region accounted for $39 \%$ of the age $x$ length-class cell observations, each cell being a unique combination of region (2; South Atlantic and gulf), year (30; 1981-2010), and total length inch classes ( $20,<=5,6-23,>=24$ inches) for a total of 1,200 cells. The minimum sample limit of five ages was chosen so that a minimum amount of pooling, which masks year-class-strengths, was needed. Pooling within region across 5 -year periods accounted for data for 336 cells, pooling across all years within region accounted for data in 310 cells, and finally pooling across all years and regions provided age composition information for 90 cells.

Examination of the relative changes in the age composition of the catches over time showed few indications of strong or weak year classes of yellowtail snapper. Relative catches of yellowtail estimated to be older than age 6 showed a vertical stacking in the bubble plot indicating that year-to-year changes across ages 7-12+ were more important than age class changes (Figs. 7.9.11, 7.9.12). These ages showed a period of high catches during 1985-1992. Variability between fisheries and in year-class progressions made it difficult to discern any consistent patterns in recruitment. The 2007 year-class appeared strong in the head boat landings data (Fig. 7.9.11) but not in the other fisheries (Figs. 6.9.10, 7.9.12). The 1995 year-class appeared weak in all three fisheries landings.

### 7.6.1 Southeast Head Boat Survey (HBS)

The number of yellowtail snapper length measurements taken by head boat samplers by region are in Tables 7.8.4 and 7.8.5, and the number of age samples of this species taken by those samplers are in Tables 7.8.8 and 7.8.9.

### 7.6.2 Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey (MRFSS)

The number of yellowtail snapper length measurements taken by MRFSS samplers by region are in Tables 7.8.13 and 7.8.14, and the number of age samples from this species landed by recreational anglers are in Tables 7.8.17 and 7.8.18.

### 7.6.3 ADEQUACY FOR CHARACTERIZING CATCH AND FOR ASSESSMENT ANALYSES

The number of length measurements and age samples from head boats (HBS) was sufficient in most years to use for length composition of the landings and for combining with other
age samples to form a general age-length key for this species to estimate age compositions. Length measurements from the MRFSS were reasonably sufficient in most years for estimating length compositions, but the ages from the recreational anglers intercepted by this survey was very low in many years. The MRFSS protocols do not allow the sampling of otoliths from recreational anglers during the conduct of the regular MRFSS intercepts because age sampling may interfere with the opportunity to interview other recreational anglers. Instead, the MRFSS allows add-on surveys to be conducted specifically for other purposes (such as the collection of age samples). The number of age samples available from anglers in fishing modes that would be intercepted by the MRFSS was low or non-existent in many years, but recently has improved after 2001. These age samples were incorporated into the general age-length keys used for conversion of lengths to ages for landings and estimated discards in this assessment.

### 7.7 LITERATURE CITED

Chagaris, D. 2011b. Standardized catch rates of yellowtail snapper (Ocyurus chrysurus) from the Marine Recreational Fisheries Statistics Survey in south Florida, 1981-2010. SEDAR27RD04.

### 7.8 TABLES

Table 7.8.1 Head Boat Survey (HBS) annual landings (numbers of fish) of yellowtail snapper by survey area*, 1981-2010.

| Year | 10 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 11 | 12 | 17 | 18 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 616 | 84,928 | 61,575 | 12,853 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 159,973 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 154 | 296 | 60,071 | 80,762 | 59,995 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 201,293 |
| 1983 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 44 | 763 | 34,177 | 94,957 | 75,374 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 205,325 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 99 | 291 | 33,557 | 50,943 | 71,411 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 156,315 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 87 | 503 | 25,179 | 54,966 | 56,897 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 137,633 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 167 | 1,328 | 29,035 | 58,122 | 114,422 | 120 | 2,448 | 454 | 53 | 0 | 2 | 43 | 0 | 206,194 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 162 | 2,142 | 34,736 | 67,607 | 126,149 | 0 | 4,112 | 0 | 619 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 235,530 |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 184 | 1,977 | 53,087 | 80,878 | 149,687 | 0 | 5,522 | 0 | 37 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 291,377 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 419 | 829 | 43,794 | 91,605 | 23,372 | 689 | 5,727 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 166,445 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 46 | 1,977 | 47,198 | 118,812 | 42,260 | 4,905 | 3,244 | 108 | 213 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 218,799 |
| 1991 | 0 | 2 | 20 | 94 | 0 | 34 | 2,112 | 51,289 | 131,177 | 22,762 | 1,243 | 4,106 | 62 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 637 | 0 | 213,546 |
| 1992 | 16 | 0 | 1 | 116 | 0 | 44 | 1,082 | 54,365 | 118,173 | 24,560 | 1,110 | 5,893 | 43 | 97 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 205,503 |
| 1993 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 75 | 0 | 23 | 669 | 45,274 | 123,137 | 35,049 | 6,409 | 7,210 | 664 | 266 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 218,787 |
| 1994 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 6 | 619 | 76,348 | 136,844 | 21,757 | 1,485 | 3,448 | 1,924 | 727 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 243,191 |
| 1995 | 7 | 2 | 4 | 36 | 0 | 13 | 428 | 35,954 | 92,857 | 25,183 | 1,485 | 501 | 1,072 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 157,545 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 36 | 0 | 5 | 26 | 23,378 | 93,021 | 17,957 | 0 | 3,000 | 0 | 212 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 137,635 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 50 | 210 | 26,729 | 95,757 | 16,353 | 0 | 517 | 6 | 216 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 139,864 |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 3 | 8 | 122 | 16,007 | 81,770 | 19,542 | 0 | 2,977 | 28 | 72 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 120,553 |
| 1999 | 0 | 18 | 12 | 17 | 3 | 7 | 217 | 24,512 | 70,126 | 7,117 | 0 | 5,913 | 1,234 | 97 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 109,277 |
| 2000 | 1 | 15 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 55 | 133 | 12,027 | 88,607 | 6,422 | 0 | 671 | 1,096 | 289 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 109,319 |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 0 | 28 | 215 | 4,770 | 75,004 | 18,939 | 2,369 | 123 | 384 | 37 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 101,897 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 2 | 36 | 384 | 2,382 | 87,490 | 30,184 | 0 | 401 | 46 | 89 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 121,046 |
| 2003 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 165 | 10,267 | 82,737 | 15,001 | 0 | 238 | 436 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 108,876 |
| 2004 | 3 | 0 | 10 | 2 | 12 | 42 | 426 | 8,118 | 94,614 | 14,749 | 0 | 402 | 64 | 7 | 0 | 55 | 23 | 20 | 118,547 |
| 2005 | 1 | 45 | 0 | 93 | 21 | 222 | 527 | 16,160 | 107,184 | 23,303 | 0 | 1,508 | 149 | 34 | 0 | 22 | 5 | 0 | 149,274 |
| 2006 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 184 | 1 | 111 | 347 | 2,157 | 80,189 | 14,010 | 0 | 1,850 | 303 | 7 | 0 | 15 | 35 | 12 | 99,224 |
| 2007 | 0 | 7 | 53 | 628 | 4 | 121 | 2,050 | 16,679 | 73,050 | 10,823 | 0 | 1,837 | 24 | 14 | 0 | 35 | 22 | 22 | 105,369 |
| 2008 | 0 | 1 | 24 | 104 | 0 | 62 | 662 | 31,857 | 59,148 | 8,973 | 1,510 | 1,104 | 27 | 19 | 107 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 103,602 |
| 2009 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 123 | 826 | 19,329 | 51,570 | 12,123 | 3,161 | 1,149 | 85 | 14 | 58 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 88,457 |
| 2010 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 188 | 38,577 | 51,117 | 9,998 | 1,987 | 253 | 36 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 102,194 |

HBS area*
Description
10 NC (Morehead City - Sneads Ferry)
3 NC offshore (Topsail Island - Ocean Isle Beach)
4 SC inshore (Calabash - Hilton Head Island)
5 SC offshore (Calabash - Hilton Head Island)
6 Georgia (Savannah - Brunswick)
7 NE FL (Fernandina Beach - St. Augustine)
8 NE FL (Daytona Beach-Sebastian)
11 SE FL (Ft. Pierce-Miami)
$\begin{aligned} \text { HBS area* } & \text { Description } \\ 12 & \text { Florida Keys (Key Largo-Key West) }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} \text { HBS area* } & \text { Description } \\ 12 & \text { Florida Keys (Key Largo-Key West) }\end{aligned}$
17 Dry Tortugas (vessels docked in Key West)
18 Dry Tortugas (vessels docked in west coast of Florida)
21 SW FL (Naples - Cedar Key)
22 FL Middle Grounds
23 NW FL and AL
24 LA (Empire - Grand Isle)
25 NE TX (Sabine Pass - Freeport)
TX (Port Aransas)
SE TX (Port Isabelle - South Padre Island)

Table 7.8.2 Head Boat Survey (HBS) annual landings (weight, kilograms) of yellowtail snapper by survey area*, 1981-2010.

Head Boat Survey Area

| Year | 10 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 11 | 12 | 17 | 18 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 239.0 | 60,962.7 | 34,709.6 | 8,071.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 103,983.6 |
| 1982 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 77.0 | 133.2 | 44,929.3 | 50,901.1 | 36,766.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 132,815.0 |
| 1983 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.6 | 0.0 | 21.7 | 367.8 | 22,183.2 | 45,012.3 | 46,241.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 113,831.2 |
| 1984 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.5 | 0.0 | 63.1 | 131.0 | 22,064.3 | 23,054.9 | 48,564.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 93,890.6 |
| 1985 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 34.5 | 204.1 | 15,346.8 | 26,728.5 | 32,739.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 75,053.3 |
| 1986 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 77.8 | 450.7 | 19,287.9 | 31,360.2 | 66,659.8 | 71.9 | 1,295.4 | 453.1 | 24.9 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 28.4 | 0.0 | 119,711.3 |
| 1987 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 72.4 | 842.3 | 17,837.4 | 40,683.2 | 66,608.7 | 0.0 | 1,662.2 | 0.0 | 247.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 127,954.6 |
| 1988 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.7 | 0.0 | 97.7 | 1,196.3 | 31,097.8 | 45,076.2 | 104,458.8 | 0.0 | 1,953.1 | 0.0 | 13.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 183,895.7 |
| 1989 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 189.8 | 373.1 | 27,549.4 | 59,333.0 | 12,118.2 | 269.6 | 2,941.9 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 3.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 102,780.0 |
| 1990 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 14.8 | 704.6 | 23,936.7 | 87,403.8 | 31,352.0 | 3,056.5 | 1,904.2 | 73.9 | 150.6 | 21.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 148,620.8 |
| 1991 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 7.4 | 36.7 | 0.0 | 12.4 | 781.0 | 22,408.8 | 111,354.1 | 19,048.9 | 960.6 | 3,280.8 | 49.5 | 3.3 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 723.6 | 0.0 | 158,669.6 |
| 1992 | 6.2 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 65.9 | 0.0 | 25.0 | 449.7 | 25,187.8 | 69,321.3 | 18,215.2 | 913.1 | 3,264.6 | 25.4 | 55.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.7 | 0.0 | 117,532.2 |
| 1993 | 1.0 | 10.2 | 0.0 | 75.5 | 0.0 | 13.3 | 364.2 | 23,729.4 | 111,193.0 | 25,890.6 | 4,822.9 | 5,147.9 | 474.1 | 189.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 171,911.4 |
| 1994 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 18.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 199.6 | 38,410.4 | 69,941.0 | 10,327.4 | 799.9 | 1,655.0 | 923.5 | 152.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 122,430.5 |
| 1995 | 10.1 | 2.9 | 5.8 | 52.2 | 0.0 | 8.0 | 220.6 | 19,742.7 | 40,601.3 | 12,229.8 | 774.8 | 257.2 | 524.2 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 74,431.1 |
| 1996 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 71.9 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 9.1 | 11,729.2 | 43,063.6 | 7,829.1 | 0.0 | 1,185.1 | 0.0 | 109.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 63,999.3 |
| 1997 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 16.1 | 0.0 | 22.5 | 91.9 | 16,590.8 | 41,790.2 | 8,932.1 | 0.0 | 377.0 | 3.2 | 191.1 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 68,015.5 |
| 1998 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.7 | 1.5 | 3.4 | 49.8 | 9,398.4 | 35,128.3 | 9,753.5 | 0.0 | 1,364.3 | 13.1 | 33.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 0.0 | 55,758.1 |
| 1999 | 0.0 | 13.9 | 9.3 | 13.1 | 2.4 | 4.7 | 136.8 | 13,040.1 | 28,651.8 | 2,991.1 | 0.0 | 2,598.7 | 580.7 | 45.1 | 1.4 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 48,089.2 |
| 2000 | 0.5 | 10.1 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 28.0 | 59.3 | 5,739.5 | 33,210.4 | 3,904.6 | 0.0 | 422.1 | 689.4 | 181.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 44,247.3 |
| 2001 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.5 | 0.0 | 13.2 | 80.0 | 2,368.4 | 30,848.9 | 10,317.0 | 1,197.9 | 80.9 | 226.9 | 21.0 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 45,167.7 |
| 2002 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 31.9 | 2.7 | 26.8 | 235.0 | 1,241.3 | 33,171.2 | 15,356.4 | 0.0 | 216.4 | 24.8 | 47.8 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 50,355.3 |
| 2003 | 0.0 | 1.9 | 0.0 | 6.4 | 0.0 | 5.2 | 83.9 | 5,479.6 | 30,816.9 | 7,335.6 | 0.0 | 133.2 | 234.6 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 0.6 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 44,102.3 |
| 2004 | 1.4 | 0.0 | 4.7 | 0.9 | 5.6 | 18.6 | 183.9 | 3,531.8 | 33,659.3 | 9,549.1 | 0.0 | 223.5 | 34.0 | 5.8 | 0.0 | 26.0 | 11.0 | 9.4 | 47,264.8 |
| 2005 | 0.5 | 22.3 | 0.0 | 46.0 | 8.6 | 90.8 | 215.6 | 7,815.1 | 38,037.6 | 20,655.6 | 0.0 | 642.6 | 80.7 | 18.5 | 0.0 | 11.7 | 2.7 | 0.0 | 67,648.2 |
| 2006 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 85.8 | 0.4 | 61.0 | 160.9 | 956.8 | 28,654.5 | 7,876.4 | 0.0 | 864.1 | 159.2 | 3.7 | 0.0 | 7.7 | 17.7 | 6.1 | 38,856.1 |
| 2007 | 0.0 | 12.7 | 96.8 | 1,165.3 | 7.5 | 36.7 | 622.6 | 7,267.7 | 25,345.9 | 4,084.4 | 0.0 | 1,064.5 | 13.9 | 8.0 | 0.0 | 20.5 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 39,771.7 |
| 2008 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 20.5 | 84.9 | 0.0 | 48.3 | 299.7 | 15,168.7 | 21,571.4 | 4,147.6 | 868.3 | 541.0 | 15.1 | 9.3 | 52.4 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 42,830.0 |
| 2009 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 10.4 | 2.9 | 0.0 | 173.5 | 382.4 | 8,736.6 | 19,247.6 | 5,498.0 | 1,720.3 | 506.6 | 60.6 | 15.7 | 64.0 | 0.0 | 9.3 | 0.0 | 36,429.4 |
| 2010 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.8 | 82.1 | 16,610.8 | 17,973.5 | 4,115.2 | 1,668.6 | 199.9 | 33.0 | 3.9 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 12.5 | 0.0 | 40,724.9 |

Table 7.8.3 Head Boat Survey (HBS) annual landings (numbers and kilograms) of yellowtail snapper by Atlantic (NC-SE FL) and Gulf (FL Keys-TX) regions, 1981-2010. Data for the Gulf of Mexico was not collected prior to 1986, so the "Gulf region" includes estimates for areas 18-27 (shaded in blue) for 1981-1985. Total weight is shown in metric tons (mt).

|  | numbers of fish |  |  | kilograms of fish |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Atlantic Region | Gulf Region |  | Atlantic Region | Gulf Region |  |
| Year | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{NC}-\mathrm{SE} \\ \mathrm{FL} \end{gathered}$ | FL Keys - TX | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { NC - SE } \\ \text { FL } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { FL Keys - } \\ \text { TX } \end{gathered}$ | Total (mt) |
| 1981 | 85,545 | 76,460 | 162,005 | 59,927 | 47,179 | 107.106 |
| 1982 | 60,536 | 144,988 | 205,524 | 41,896 | 93,631 | 135.527 |
| 1983 | 34,994 | 176,046 | 211,040 | 24,149 | 103,069 | 127.218 |
| 1984 | 33,961 | 127,079 | 161,039 | 21,570 | 72,880 | 94.450 |
| 1985 | 25,770 | 115,929 | 141,699 | 15,099 | 67,907 | 83.006 |
| 1986 | 30,530 | 172,664 | 203,194 | 18,575 | 104,725 | 123.299 |
| 1987 | 37,043 | 193,755 | 230,798 | 17,791 | 111,922 | 129.713 |
| 1988 | 55,253 | 230,564 | 285,817 | 29,260 | 130,517 | 159.776 |
| 1989 | 45,044 | 115,666 | 160,710 | 26,679 | 72,048 | 98.728 |
| 1990 | 49,226 | 165,976 | 215,203 | 24,412 | 112,088 | 136.500 |
| 1991 | 53,551 | 155,182 | 208,733 | 25,787 | 100,707 | 126.494 |
| 1992 | 55,624 | 143,843 | 199,467 | 28,036 | 88,846 | 116.882 |
| 1993 | 46,052 | 164,595 | 210,647 | 25,810 | 100,512 | 126.323 |
| 1994 | 77,001 | 160,086 | 237,088 | 38,578 | 89,613 | 128.191 |
| 1995 | 36,444 | 119,525 | 155,969 | 21,816 | 63,010 | 84.826 |
| 1996 | 23,445 | 110,979 | 134,424 | 13,050 | 57,128 | 70.178 |
| 1997 | 27,014 | 112,110 | 139,124 | 15,230 | 58,759 | 73.989 |
| 1998 | 16,159 | 101,312 | 117,471 | 9,108 | 50,315 | 59.423 |
| 1999 | 24,786 | 77,243 | 102,029 | 14,055 | 38,803 | 52.858 |
| 2000 | 12,234 | 95,029 | 107,263 | 6,355 | 45,160 | 51.515 |
| 2001 | 5,039 | 96,312 | 101,351 | 2,662 | 47,704 | 50.366 |
| 2002 | 2,834 | 117,674 | 120,508 | 1,630 | 59,024 | 60.654 |
| 2003 | 10,455 | 97,738 | 108,193 | 5,810 | 48,572 | 54.382 |
| 2004 | 8,613 | 109,363 | 117,976 | 4,125 | 50,530 | 54.656 |
| 2005 | 17,069 | 130,486 | 147,555 | 8,883 | 64,131 | 73.013 |
| 2006 | 2,803 | 94,199 | 97,002 | 1,413 | 45,874 | 47.288 |
| 2007 | 19,542 | 83,873 | 103,415 | 10,037 | 40,916 | 50.953 |
| 2008 | 32,710 | 69,631 | 102,341 | 16,862 | 33,572 | 50.434 |
| 2009 | 20,288 | 66,854 | 87,142 | 10,249 | 31,052 | 41.300 |
| 2010 | 38,783 | 63,102 | 101,885 | 19,139 | 28,887 | 48.026 |

Table 7.8.4 Head Boat Survey (HBS) annual number of yellowtail snapper measured by TL size class (inches) from the Atlantic region (NC-SE FL), 1981-2010. Some measurements with lengths less than 6" or 31" or greater were excluded.

TL inch class

| Year | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 32 | 65 | 121 | 108 | 79 | 47 | 51 | 65 | 43 | 23 | 17 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 668 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 27 | 27 | 54 | 79 | 88 | 90 | 31 | 31 | 17 | 6 | 9 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 477 |
| 1983 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 13 | 54 | 89 | 150 | 144 | 150 | 127 | 78 | 68 | 49 | 33 | 13 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 998 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 12 | 18 | 62 | 110 | 166 | 144 | 138 | 109 | 75 | 53 | 29 | 25 | 15 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 964 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 25 | 78 | 147 | 156 | 157 | 131 | 87 | 47 | 45 | 20 | 17 | 11 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 942 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 15 | 107 | 144 | 252 | 142 | 90 | 97 | 64 | 38 | 39 | 30 | 11 | 9 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1048 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 10 | 35 | 209 | 281 | 183 | 107 | 74 | 56 | 40 | 12 | 9 | 9 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1037 |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 64 | 101 | 134 | 76 | 42 | 35 | 23 | 11 | 5 | 9 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 518 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 15 | 57 | 140 | 152 | 135 | 101 | 97 | 43 | 33 | 33 | 10 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 838 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 36 | 75 | 64 | 49 | 25 | 27 | 10 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 297 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 13 | 54 | 107 | 90 | 74 | 28 | 26 | 8 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 413 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 77 | 99 | 83 | 51 | 40 | 31 | 16 | 13 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 428 |
| 1993 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 47 | 94 | 83 | 75 | 54 | 53 | 17 | 11 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 456 |
| 1994 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 77 | 138 | 119 | 78 | 48 | 35 | 24 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 537 |
| 1995 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 15 | 53 | 58 | 96 | 106 | 49 | 21 | 12 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 437 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 11 | 8 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 33 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 9 | 62 | 111 | 167 | 171 | 134 | 87 | 59 | 11 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 830 |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 21 | 90 | 137 | 135 | 160 | 122 | 113 | 45 | 33 | 13 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 886 |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 47 | 85 | 123 | 108 | 74 | 88 | 40 | 17 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 602 |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 74 | 133 | 114 | 82 | 62 | 61 | 31 | 9 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 581 |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 73 | 84 | 90 | 113 | 70 | 47 | 27 | 13 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 530 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 8 | 42 | 118 | 154 | 140 | 113 | 90 | 38 | 16 | 12 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 747 |
| 2003 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 111 | 205 | 275 | 268 | 182 | 138 | 87 | 26 | 9 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1336 |
| 2004 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 30 | 221 | 347 | 350 | 237 | 156 | 71 | 37 | 9 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1470 |
| 2005 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 13 | 198 | 300 | 292 | 272 | 229 | 156 | 59 | 15 | 10 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1551 |
| 2006 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 28 | 41 | 242 | 363 | 360 | 289 | 208 | 151 | 57 | 24 | 14 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1789 |
| 2007 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 13 | 295 | 477 | 456 | 432 | 340 | 210 | 62 | 16 | 11 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2324 |
| 2008 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 21 | 132 | 181 | 209 | 147 | 131 | 102 | 30 | 21 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 983 |
| 2009 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 105 | 176 | 148 | 101 | 70 | 44 | 26 | 14 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 702 |
| 2010 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 93 | 126 | 117 | 87 | 51 | 33 | 16 | 10 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 545 |

Table 7.8.5 Head Boat Survey (HBS) annual number of yellowtail snapper measured by TL size class (inches) from the Gulf region (FL Keys-TX), 1981-2010. Some measurements with lengths less than 6" or 31" or greater were excluded.

| 1 L Inch Class |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | Total |
| 1981 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 16 | 91 | 107 | 163 | 199 | 267 | 221 | 173 | 108 | 88 | 100 | 72 | 45 | 42 | 24 | 14 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1742 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 17 | 59 | 126 | 161 | 230 | 324 | 367 | 336 | 256 | 176 | 119 | 96 | 62 | 49 | 25 | 14 | 10 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2434 |
| 1983 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 23 | 130 | 172 | 261 | 296 | 390 | 398 | 337 | 273 | 154 | 127 | 75 | 57 | 28 | 21 | 9 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 2 | , | 1 | 2764 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 110 | 216 | 293 | 332 | 396 | 398 | 387 | 289 | 176 | 136 | 71 | 44 | 30 | 9 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2905 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 58 | 98 | 289 | 376 | 419 | 435 | 346 | 254 | 131 | 115 | 58 | 47 | 37 | 16 | 14 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2699 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 56 | 290 | 436 | 701 | 514 | 325 | 285 | 144 | 142 | 100 | 59 | 52 | 18 | 25 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3161 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 64 | 373 | 527 | 490 | 435 | 299 | 226 | 119 | 116 | 79 | 30 | 36 | 20 | 24 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2854 |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 12 | 50 | 261 | 274 | 295 | 227 | 160 | 127 | 81 | 74 | 39 | 22 | 15 | 9 | 11 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1664 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 11 | 29 | 152 | 325 | 436 | 419 | 307 | 243 | 126 | 117 | 80 | 37 | 35 | 12 | 17 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2358 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 7 | 100 | 205 | 205 | 200 | 147 | 147 | 82 | 74 | 55 | 45 | 30 | 16 | 22 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1348 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 29 | 187 | 260 | 242 | 254 | 173 | 159 | 73 | 88 | 63 | 61 | 39 | 26 | 12 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1687 |
| 1992 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 17 | 20 | 144 | 208 | 180 | 186 | 129 | 136 | 52 | 42 | 25 | 38 | 24 | 23 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1241 |
| 1993 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 15 | 18 | 232 | 354 | 309 | 303 | 193 | 160 | 67 | 81 | 33 | 42 | 36 | 31 | 15 | 15 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1914 |
| 1994 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 23 | 268 | 464 | 444 | 380 | 216 | 160 | 95 | 66 | 27 | 42 | 19 | 20 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2242 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 12 | 222 | 332 | 295 | 308 | 255 | 109 | 51 | 23 | 16 | 12 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1652 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 14 | 247 | 292 | 275 | 253 | 201 | 92 | 61 | 28 | 6 | 10 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1498 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 10 | 20 | 353 | 532 | 425 | 376 | 297 | 191 | 106 | 40 | 21 | 11 | 7 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2411 |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 7 | 74 | 373 | 509 | 385 | 364 | 226 | 157 | 66 | 55 | 17 | 11 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2258 |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 12 | 14 | 260 | 327 | 342 | 267 | 141 | 116 | 61 | 26 | 8 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1590 |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 23 | 294 | 386 | 367 | 207 | 123 | 85 | 41 | 13 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1560 |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 15 | 231 | 308 | 294 | 245 | 157 | 81 | 42 | 20 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1417 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 10 | 219 | 472 | 268 | 305 | 208 | 93 | 53 | 18 | 15 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1679 |
| 2003 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 30 | 367 | 590 | 611 | 469 | 244 | 149 | 100 | 28 | 13 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2625 |
| 2004 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 16 | 52 | 393 | 581 | 544 | 341 | 185 | 84 | 46 | 9 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2271 |
| 2005 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 27 | 38 | 355 | 554 | 475 | 391 | 294 | 172 | 66 | 18 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2413 |
| 2006 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 39 | 51 | 380 | 650 | 595 | 413 | 267 | 167 | 70 | 30 | 18 | 6 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2698 |
| 2007 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 10 | 21 | 495 | 802 | 615 | 525 | 400 | 215 | 68 | 19 | 11 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3196 |
| 2008 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 14 | 29 | 342 | 528 | 428 | 289 | 203 | 125 | 47 | 26 | 12 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2059 |
| 2009 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 13 | 18 | 342 | 538 | 348 | 184 | 119 | 62 | 34 | 25 | 10 | 7 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1716 |
| 2010 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 14 | 23 | 300 | 372 | 252 | 175 | 98 | 61 | 29 | 17 | 9 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1356 |

Table 7.8.6 Head Boat Survey (HBS) annual number of yellowtail snapper in the landings estimated at age (with age-length keys) from the Atlantic region (NC-SE FL), 1981-2010.

| Age Class (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ | totals |
| 1981 | 0 | 812 | 40,234 | 23,429 | 15,454 | 2,284 | 2,620 | 352 | 296 | 0 | 32 | 0 | 32 | 85,545 |
| 1982 | 0 | 1,518 | 9,311 | 35,208 | 9,145 | 2,802 | 1,629 | 708 | 118 | 0 | 48 | 0 | 48 | 60,536 |
| 1983 | 0 | 644 | 12,690 | 12,580 | 6,506 | 970 | 1,140 | 254 | 88 | 0 | 61 | 0 | 61 | 34,994 |
| 1984 | 0 | 612 | 15,462 | 11,438 | 3,073 | 2,421 | 625 | 216 | 80 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 18 | 33,961 |
| 1985 | 0 | 914 | 10,667 | 10,747 | 2,414 | 635 | 281 | 62 | 44 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 25,770 |
| 1986 | 0 | 625 | 14,298 | 6,799 | 6,182 | 994 | 975 | 189 | 120 | 118 | 62 | 21 | 149 | 30,530 |
| 1987 | 3 | 2,762 | 21,493 | 8,713 | 2,726 | 482 | 557 | 78 | 43 | 52 | 27 | 12 | 94 | 37,043 |
| 1988 | 0 | 923 | 17,344 | 20,578 | 11,737 | 2,861 | 1,355 | 150 | 131 | 96 | 47 | 9 | 22 | 55,253 |
| 1989 | 2 | 808 | 11,790 | 15,882 | 11,728 | 2,679 | 1,565 | 211 | 123 | 95 | 57 | 21 | 83 | 45,044 |
| 1990 | 0 | 333 | 6,917 | 20,429 | 16,365 | 3,953 | 1,129 | 47 | 18 | 13 | 11 | 4 | 6 | 49,226 |
| 1991 | 0 | 769 | 18,697 | 25,191 | 6,650 | 928 | 393 | 578 | 216 | 10 | 103 | 0 | 15 | 53,551 |
| 1992 | 0 | 667 | 25,219 | 24,268 | 2,362 | 1,372 | 516 | 1,033 | 45 | 14 | 49 | 8 | 70 | 55,624 |
| 1993 | 0 | 247 | 15,433 | 18,722 | 8,073 | 1,271 | 1,257 | 477 | 101 | 59 | 110 | 31 | 272 | 46,052 |
| 1994 | 0 | 72 | 20,143 | 37,588 | 14,502 | 1,556 | 623 | 476 | 1,525 | 11 | 489 | 0 | 17 | 77,001 |
| 1995 | 34 | 912 | 6,018 | 19,044 | 8,234 | 1,308 | 467 | 31 | 75 | 36 | 85 | 21 | 180 | 36,444 |
| 1996 | 0 | 1,813 | 8,018 | 5,862 | 4,695 | 2,034 | 490 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 0 | 178 | 23,445 |
| 1997 | 0 | 168 | 3,313 | 12,215 | 6,622 | 2,500 | 1,073 | 431 | 416 | 145 | 73 | 28 | 30 | 27,014 |
| 1998 | 1 | 492 | 4,623 | 7,008 | 2,270 | 936 | 487 | 162 | 32 | 66 | 84 | 0 | 0 | 16,159 |
| 1999 | 2 | 1,312 | 10,372 | 7,934 | 3,708 | 818 | 374 | 150 | 60 | 20 | 16 | 0 | 21 | 24,786 |
| 2000 | 0 | 145 | 6,439 | 2,894 | 1,004 | 605 | 327 | 268 | 207 | 179 | 103 | 24 | 40 | 12,234 |
| 2001 | 0 | 112 | 2,063 | 1,360 | 734 | 352 | 263 | 52 | 62 | 0 | 29 | 0 | 11 | 5,039 |
| 2002 | 0 | 62 | 1,134 | 1,105 | 311 | 104 | 51 | 27 | 8 | 7 | 10 | 2 | 13 | 2,834 |
| 2003 | 0 | 788 | 6,292 | 2,557 | 473 | 140 | 119 | 28 | 4 | 21 | 8 | 3 | 23 | 10,455 |
| 2004 | 0 | 237 | 4,905 | 2,357 | 791 | 180 | 60 | 65 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 8,613 |
| 2005 | 0 | 456 | 7,090 | 7,857 | 1,051 | 383 | 126 | 72 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 0 | 16 | 17,069 |
| 2006 | 0 | 75 | 1,873 | 621 | 208 | 17 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2,803 |
| 2007 | 0 | 836 | 9,800 | 8,056 | 597 | 152 | 33 | 22 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 42 | 19,542 |
| 2008 | 0 | 2,455 | 15,321 | 11,367 | 2,925 | 326 | 219 | 28 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 28 | 32,710 |
| 2009 | 0 | 390 | 10,769 | 6,499 | 1,982 | 433 | 118 | 6 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 78 | 20,288 |
| 2010 | 0 | 131 | 21,319 | 14,909 | 1,653 | 359 | 204 | 87 | 51 | 12 | 0 | 12 | 47 | 38,783 |

Table 7.8.7 Head Boat Survey (HBS) annual number of yellowtail snapper in the landings estimated at age (with age-length keys) from the Gulf region (FL Keys-TX), 1981-2010.

| Age Class (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ | totals |
| 1981 | 1 | 1,159 | 13,860 | 19,508 | 13,132 | 10,367 | 6,598 | 4,638 | 3,112 | 1,323 | 937 | 844 | 979 | 76,460 |
| 1982 | 3 | 1,271 | 17,766 | 44,305 | 25,563 | 22,083 | 11,417 | 7,861 | 9,410 | 1,710 | 1,387 | 1,017 | 1,194 | 144,988 |
| 1983 | 3 | 2,378 | 20,521 | 30,716 | 64,605 | 21,796 | 13,937 | 9,736 | 5,948 | 1,914 | 1,611 | 1,503 | 1,377 | 176,046 |
| 1984 | 1 | 1,035 | 20,406 | 31,607 | 30,269 | 17,918 | 10,480 | 7,391 | 4,204 | 1,190 | 938 | 951 | 688 | 127,079 |
| 1985 | 0 | 516 | 15,543 | 30,652 | 29,476 | 15,913 | 9,223 | 6,575 | 3,864 | 1,260 | 1,018 | 1,031 | 857 | 115,929 |
| 1986 | 0 | 440 | 15,461 | 39,090 | 41,222 | 29,089 | 19,163 | 10,761 | 7,090 | 3,724 | 2,093 | 1,711 | 2,820 | 172,664 |
| 1987 | 0 | 604 | 20,575 | 46,557 | 45,969 | 31,270 | 20,135 | 10,989 | 7,100 | 3,845 | 2,072 | 1,719 | 2,920 | 193,755 |
| 1988 | 0 | 967 | 26,697 | 55,755 | 54,108 | 36,745 | 23,555 | 12,768 | 8,167 | 4,376 | 2,305 | 1,953 | 3,168 | 230,564 |
| 1989 | 1 | 384 | 9,245 | 24,882 | 27,829 | 20,198 | 13,519 | 7,546 | 4,947 | 2,610 | 1,442 | 1,160 | 1,902 | 115,666 |
| 1990 | 0 | 393 | 12,685 | 33,676 | 37,744 | 28,253 | 19,455 | 11,779 | 8,196 | 4,580 | 2,686 | 2,283 | 4,247 | 165,976 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 15,837 | 26,746 | 43,124 | 19,370 | 15,378 | 11,284 | 10,197 | 5,128 | 1,559 | 2,687 | 3,872 | 155,182 |
| 1992 | 39 | 147 | 15,483 | 43,298 | 39,365 | 11,609 | 9,426 | 7,929 | 6,542 | 3,064 | 1,012 | 2,301 | 3,629 | 143,843 |
| 1993 | 0 | 104 | 12,254 | 41,048 | 33,655 | 21,034 | 18,231 | 12,750 | 13,668 | 4,544 | 958 | 2,169 | 4,180 | 164,595 |
| 1994 | 0 | 22 | 23,814 | 40,357 | 29,247 | 23,059 | 13,048 | 8,909 | 11,854 | 5,393 | 1,033 | 1,737 | 1,613 | 160,086 |
| 1995 | 0 | 22 | 2,918 | 28,398 | 35,933 | 18,261 | 15,400 | 6,974 | 5,275 | 3,891 | 290 | 1,213 | 952 | 119,525 |
| 1996 | 0 | 131 | 4,370 | 16,375 | 22,741 | 30,017 | 16,127 | 8,075 | 7,037 | 4,366 | 612 | 715 | 413 | 110,979 |
| 1997 | 0 | 595 | 9,309 | 27,782 | 20,264 | 20,908 | 17,629 | 7,071 | 2,877 | 2,924 | 691 | 1,269 | 790 | 112,110 |
| 1998 | 0 | 166 | 8,592 | 30,468 | 27,910 | 12,833 | 7,234 | 6,729 | 3,218 | 2,016 | 1,324 | 760 | 62 | 101,312 |
| 1999 | 0 | 185 | 10,926 | 13,333 | 18,578 | 16,766 | 8,310 | 4,570 | 2,766 | 1,145 | 420 | 49 | 195 | 77,243 |
| 2000 | 0 | 1,171 | 13,352 | 21,865 | 22,791 | 13,904 | 10,495 | 5,437 | 2,513 | 1,850 | 754 | 730 | 167 | 95,029 |
| 2001 | 0 | 1,033 | 16,764 | 26,459 | 22,342 | 11,969 | 9,069 | 4,004 | 2,540 | 369 | 826 | 800 | 137 | 96,312 |
| 2002 | 0 | 55 | 17,217 | 30,373 | 25,669 | 23,226 | 12,115 | 3,620 | 2,225 | 1,648 | 843 | 195 | 487 | 117,674 |
| 2003 | 0 | 1,277 | 6,373 | 34,938 | 27,678 | 10,142 | 7,767 | 4,255 | 2,851 | 1,098 | 103 | 591 | 665 | 97,738 |
| 2004 | 0 | 267 | 8,562 | 34,249 | 33,239 | 16,987 | 8,595 | 4,351 | 2,132 | 111 | 25 | 113 | 732 | 109,363 |
| 2005 | 0 | 174 | 15,049 | 41,267 | 36,712 | 20,292 | 8,218 | 3,499 | 1,287 | 1,974 | 1,283 | 423 | 309 | 130,486 |
| 2006 | 0 | 58 | 5,749 | 25,548 | 24,199 | 16,835 | 9,202 | 3,362 | 3,927 | 2,197 | 2,168 | 4 | 952 | 94,199 |
| 2007 | 0 | 42 | 4,511 | 17,853 | 28,709 | 15,841 | 13,777 | 1,729 | 983 | 7 | 332 | 30 | 58 | 83,873 |
| 2008 | 0 | 178 | 6,229 | 14,797 | 23,581 | 10,871 | 6,299 | 3,254 | 2,432 | 724 | 283 | 392 | 591 | 69,631 |
| 2009 | 0 | 100 | 13,795 | 20,723 | 10,518 | 9,889 | 5,471 | 3,332 | 1,349 | 704 | 236 | 204 | 531 | 66,854 |
| 2010 | 0 | 495 | 8,245 | 19,873 | 17,514 | 7,720 | 4,735 | 2,063 | 1,151 | 681 | 134 | 288 | 204 | 63,102 |

Table 7.8.8 Number of yellowtail snapper otoliths sampled annually from head boats in the Atlantic region (NC-SE FL), 1981-2010.

| Age (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | total |
| 1981 | 0 | 3 | 91 | 39 | 19 | 4 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 164 |
| 1982 | 0 | 4 | 24 | 104 | 26 | 10 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 173 |
| 1983 | 0 | 17 | 264 | 201 | 46 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 546 |
| 1984 | 0 | 2 | 100 | 73 | 18 | 16 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 214 |
| 1985 | 0 | 31 | 51 | 69 | 28 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 180 |
| 1986 | 0 | 4 | 31 | 11 | 11 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 65 |
| 1987 | 0 | 4 | 29 | 15 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 52 |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 50 | 37 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 120 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 10 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 |
| 1993 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1994 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 14 | 10 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 |
| 1995 | 0 | 3 | 46 | 126 | 49 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 233 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 17 | 25 | 8 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 65 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 38 | 27 | 10 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 95 |
| 1998 | 0 | 15 | 118 | 146 | 36 | 16 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 343 |
| 1999 | 0 | 2 | 70 | 75 | 23 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 178 |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 38 | 17 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 59 |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 19 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2003 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2004 | 0 | 10 | 236 | 100 | 29 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 383 |
| 2005 | 0 | 9 | 168 | 218 | 24 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 431 |
| 2006 | 0 | 19 | 253 | 76 | 27 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 377 |
| 2007 | 0 | 28 | 306 | 354 | 29 | 9 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 730 |
| 2008 | 0 | 23 | 212 | 192 | 53 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 484 |
| 2009 | 0 | 7 | 180 | 94 | 18 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 304 |
| 2010 | 0 | 2 | 237 | 155 | 13 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 413 |

Table 7.8.9 Number of yellowtail snapper otoliths sampled annually from head boats in the Gulf region (FL Keys-TX), 1981-2010.

| Age (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | total |
| 1981 | 0 | 11 | 85 | 84 | 54 | 42 | 27 | 12 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 334 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 24 | 9 | 5 | 2 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 62 |
| 1983 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 42 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 51 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 12 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1993 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1994 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 11 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 37 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 17 | 9 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 39 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 2003 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 2004 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| 2005 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 |
| 2006 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 |
| 2007 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 2008 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 29 | 44 | 25 | 13 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 133 |
| 2009 | 0 | 0 | 48 | 85 | 39 | 29 | 22 | 15 | 7 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 259 |
| 2010 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 104 | 77 | 37 | 23 | 7 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 289 |

Table 7.8.10 Proportion of yellowtail snapper by age from age samples (otoliths) from head boats in the Atlantic (NC-SE FL) and Gulf regions (FL Keys-TX), 1981-2010 used in direct ageing model runs. When samples were not available on one or both coasts in a year, the age compositions were set as missing values ("-999"). The annual "effective sample size" (ESS) for the proportion at age was set as the square root of the number of ages available to derive the proportions.

Proportion at Age (DA) of Landed Fish

| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ | No. of ages | initial <br> ESS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 0.0252 | 0.4123 | 0.2443 | 0.1376 | 0.0725 | 0.0608 | 0.0203 | 0.0057 | 0.0114 | 0.0057 | 0.0014 | 0.0028 | 498 | 22 |
| 1982 | 0.0068 | 0.1547 | 0.4497 | 0.1467 | 0.0740 | 0.0296 | 0.0816 | 0.0457 | 0.0000 | 0.0114 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 235 | 15 |
| 1983 | 0.0051 | 0.1123 | 0.1097 | 0.7020 | 0.0179 | 0.0018 | 0.0173 | 0.0006 | 0.0000 | 0.0167 | 0.0164 | 0.0003 | 597 | 24 |
| 1984 | 0.0020 | 0.0977 | 0.0713 | 0.2812 | 0.0156 | 0.2666 | 0.0020 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.2636 | 217 | 15 |
| 1985 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1986 | 0.0090 | 0.8289 | 0.1196 | 0.0246 | 0.0090 | 0.0022 | 0.0045 | 0.0022 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 74 | 9 |
| 1987 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1988 | 0.0000 | 0.8548 | 0.1244 | 0.0207 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 10 | 3 |
| 1989 | 0.0000 | 0.0593 | 0.1482 | 0.0000 | 0.7332 | 0.0296 | 0.0296 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 10 | 3 |
| 1990 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1991 | 0.0000 | 0.2287 | 0.1767 | 0.3610 | 0.1298 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0260 | 0.0000 | 0.0519 | 0.0260 | 34 | 6 |
| 1992 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1993 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1994 | 0.0000 | 0.3619 | 0.3061 | 0.2027 | 0.0816 | 0.0218 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0258 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 80 | 9 |
| 1995 | 0.0029 | 0.1044 | 0.4598 | 0.2261 | 0.1454 | 0.0208 | 0.0396 | 0.0010 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 272 | 16 |
| 1996 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1997 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1998 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 2000 | 0.0000 | 0.1697 | 0.1306 | 0.2052 | 0.0989 | 0.0989 | 0.1978 | 0.0000 | 0.0989 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 68 | 8 |
| 2001 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 2002 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 2003 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 2004 | 0.0019 | 0.1987 | 0.7151 | 0.0828 | 0.0007 | 0.0000 | 0.0006 | 0.0000 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 395 | 20 |
| 2005 | 0.0023 | 0.2657 | 0.3897 | 0.1172 | 0.0581 | 0.1112 | 0.0003 | 0.0000 | 0.0555 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 447 | 21 |
| 2006 | 0.0014 | 0.0186 | 0.2300 | 0.0020 | 0.2245 | 0.1496 | 0.0748 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0748 | 0.0000 | 0.2244 | 390 | 20 |
| 2007 | 0.0070 | 0.2809 | 0.0885 | 0.0073 | 0.4110 | 0.2051 | 0.0000 | 0.0003 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 734 | 27 |
| 2008 | 0.0148 | 0.1830 | 0.2737 | 0.2619 | 0.1301 | 0.0679 | 0.0317 | 0.0162 | 0.0052 | 0.0000 | 0.0104 | 0.0052 | 617 | 25 |
| 2009 | 0.0052 | 0.2772 | 0.3239 | 0.1299 | 0.0896 | 0.0665 | 0.0448 | 0.0209 | 0.0179 | 0.0000 | 0.0060 | 0.0179 | 563 | 24 |
| 2010 | 0.0018 | 0.2671 | 0.3657 | 0.1783 | 0.0837 | 0.0516 | 0.0151 | 0.0173 | 0.0065 | 0.0022 | 0.0043 | 0.0065 | 702 | 26 |

Table 7.8.11 Annual harvest (landings and dead discards in numbers of fish) of yellowtail snapper for states in the southeastern US by recreational saltwater anglers, 1981-2010.

| Year | TX* | LA | AL | West FL | East FL | GA | SC | NC | SE Region | \% harvested in Florida |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 0 | 0 | 814 | 1,333,706 | 344,503 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,679,023 | 100.0\% |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,173,319 | 417,678 | 877 | 3,697 | 0 | 1,595,571 | 99.7\% |
| 1983 | 31,756 | 0 | 0 | 558,546 | 196,781 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 787,083 | 96.0\% |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,475,698 | 110,238 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,585,936 | 100.0\% |
| 1985 | 0 | 1,088 | 0 | 427,545 | 343,164 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 771,797 | 99.9\% |
| 1986 | --- | 0 | 0 | 237,692 | 103,226 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 340,919 | 100.0\% |
| 1987 | --- | 0 | 0 | 408,474 | 55,668 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 464,142 | 100.0\% |
| 1988 | --- | 0 | 0 | 290,569 | 198,257 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 488,826 | 100.0\% |
| 1989 | --- | 0 | 0 | 621,863 | 72,352 | 0 | 129 | 0 | 694,344 | 100.0\% |
| 1990 | --- | 0 | 0 | 714,397 | 116,204 | 0 | 0 | 265 | 830,866 | 100.0\% |
| 1991 | --- | 0 | 0 | 862,702 | 138,428 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,001,130 | 100.0\% |
| 1992 | --- | 0 | 0 | 371,381 | 153,936 | 0 | 0 | 325 | 525,642 | 99.9\% |
| 1993 | --- | 0 | 0 | 428,593 | 229,134 | 411 | 0 | 0 | 658,138 | 99.9\% |
| 1994 | --- | 0 | 0 | 355,405 | 112,988 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 468,393 | 100.0\% |
| 1995 | --- | 0 | 0 | 351,082 | 74,061 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 425,143 | 100.0\% |
| 1996 | --- | 0 | 0 | 239,218 | 73,596 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 312,815 | 100.0\% |
| 1997 | --- | 0 | 60 | 326,698 | 56,070 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 382,829 | 100.0\% |
| 1998 | --- | 0 | 0 | 245,232 | 92,559 | 14,467 | 0 | 0 | 352,259 | 95.9\% |
| 1999 | --- | 0 | 0 | 202,296 | 65,408 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 267,704 | 100.0\% |
| 2000 | --- | 0 | 0 | 131,867 | 113,362 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 245,245 | 100.0\% |
| 2001 | --- | 0 | 0 | 102,883 | 85,637 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 188,520 | 100.0\% |
| 2002 | --- | 0 | 0 | 210,382 | 61,027 | 0 | 0 | 99 | 271,507 | 100.0\% |
| 2003 | --- | 37 | 0 | 271,303 | 90,020 | 0 | 2,382 | 0 | 363,742 | 99.3\% |
| 2004 | --- | 0 | 0 | 280,087 | 216,676 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 496,780 | 100.0\% |
| 2005 | --- | 110 | 0 | 127,439 | 325,819 | 0 | 0 | 75 | 453,443 | 100.0\% |
| 2006 | --- | 215 | 116 | 192,219 | 321,735 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 514,285 | 99.9\% |
| 2007 | --- | 0 | 0 | 269,880 | 395,988 | 0 | 40 | 125 | 666,033 | 100.0\% |
| 2008 | --- | 296 | 0 | 337,007 | 248,449 | 0 | 59 | 62 | 585,873 | 99.9\% |
| 2009 | --- | 0 | 0 | 118,700 | 148,430 | 0 | 1,130 | 0 | 268,260 | 99.6\% |
| 2010 | --- | 0 | 0 | 172,613 | 150,938 | 0 | 0 | 58 | 323,609 | 100.0\% |

[^5]Table 7.8.12 Annual harvest (landings and dead discards in kilograms whole weight) of yellowtail snapper for states in the southeastern US by recreational saltwater anglers, 1981-2010.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Year | TX* | LA | AL | West FL | East FL | GA | SC | NC | SE <br> Region | harvested <br> in Florida |
| 1981 | 0 | 0 | 289 | 489,858 | 138,531 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 628,678 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 490,066 | 152,224 | 88 | 1,602 | 0 | 643,980 | $99.7 \%$ |
| 1983 | 13,276 | 0 | 0 | 198,028 | 117,068 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 328,373 | $96.0 \%$ |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 453,237 | 60,725 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 513,962 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 1985 | 0 | 653 | 0 | 213,083 | 273,658 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 487,394 | $99.9 \%$ |
| 1986 | --- | 0 | 0 | 130,089 | 71,361 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 201,451 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 1987 | --- | 0 | 0 | 275,753 | 25,864 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 301,617 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 1988 | --- | 0 | 0 | 201,349 | 134,121 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 335,470 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 1989 | --- | 0 | 0 | 567,506 | 42,414 | 0 | 77 | 0 | 609,998 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 1990 | --- | 0 | 0 | 477,122 | 50,782 | 0 | 0 | 159 | 528,063 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 1991 | --- | 0 | 0 | 804,680 | 75,955 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 880,635 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 1992 | --- | 0 | 0 | 321,549 | 77,926 | 0 | 0 | 154 | 399,630 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 1993 | --- | 0 | 0 | 241,813 | 140,009 | 215 | 0 | 0 | 382,037 | $99.9 \%$ |
| 1994 | --- | 0 | 0 | 216,825 | 56,995 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 273,820 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 1995 | --- | 0 | 0 | 184,801 | 41,296 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 226,097 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 1996 | --- | 0 | 0 | 157,746 | 34,478 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 192,224 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 1997 | --- | 0 | 31 | 242,897 | 11,848 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 254,775 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 1998 | --- | 0 | 0 | 150,858 | 40,949 | 6,534 | 0 | 0 | 198,342 | $96.7 \%$ |
| 1999 | --- | 0 | 0 | 118,341 | 29,502 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 147,843 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 2000 | --- | 0 | 0 | 68,043 | 75,259 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 143,315 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 2001 | --- | 0 | 0 | 71,214 | 42,857 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 114,071 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 2002 | --- | 0 | 0 | 114,736 | 26,103 | 0 | 0 | 47 | 140,886 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 2003 | --- | 26 | 0 | 154,984 | 40,340 | 0 | 1,187 | 0 | 196,537 | $99.4 \%$ |
| 2004 | --- | 0 | 0 | 175,871 | 101,601 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 277,484 | $100.0 \%$ |
| 2005 | --- | 53 | 0 | 67,461 | 139,975 | 0 | 0 | 110 | 207,600 | $99.9 \%$ |
| 2006 | --- | 195 | 60 | 93,341 | 131,559 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 225,156 | $99.9 \%$ |
| 2007 | --- | 0 | 0 | 159,158 | 168,910 | 0 | 22 | 244 | 328,335 | $99.9 \%$ |
| 2008 | --- | 150 | 0 | 186,948 | 118,704 | 0 | 47 | 42 | 305,891 | $99.9 \%$ |
| 2009 | --- | 0 | 0 | 54,143 | 76,121 | 0 | 667 | 0 | 130,931 | $99.5 \%$ |
| 2010 | --- | 0 | 0 | 96,475 | 66,879 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 163,383 | $100.0 \%$ |

*TX participated in the MRFSS only during 1981-1985.

Table 7.8.13 Number of yellowtail snapper length measurements (converted to total length classes) from the MRFSS, 1981-2010 on the Atlantic region.

| TL inch class |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | Total |
| 1981 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 15 | 20 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 83 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 46 |
| 1983 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 14 | 11 | 10 | 12 | 8 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 97 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 16 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 125 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 6 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 36 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 7 | 15 | 9 | 5 | 9 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 73 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 15 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 45 |
| 1993 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 9 | 14 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 58 |
| 1994 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 9 | 8 | 16 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 51 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 8 | 14 | 11 | 15 | 15 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 70 |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 9 | 14 | 12 | 3 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 59 |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 8 | 18 | 9 | 2 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 65 |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 46 | 47 | 54 | 25 | 24 | 18 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 232 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 47 | 52 | 41 | 24 | 30 | 15 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 221 |
| 2003 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 70 | 100 | 80 | 64 | 28 | 12 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 378 |
| 2004 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 120 | 128 | 127 | 73 | 21 | 12 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 508 |
| 2005 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 112 | 104 | 106 | 81 | 36 | 28 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 516 |
| 2006 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 50 | 162 | 164 | 183 | 77 | 23 | 19 | 12 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 707 |
| 2007 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 16 | 130 | 147 | 180 | 97 | 72 | 18 | 14 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 679 |
| 2008 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 110 | 94 | 67 | 53 | 37 | 15 | 10 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 406 |
| 2009 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 30 | 50 | 48 | 59 | 51 | 18 | 14 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 285 |
| 2010 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 51 | 41 | 52 | 44 | 26 | 18 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 247 |

Table 7.8.14 Number of yellowtail snapper length measurements (converted to total length classes) from the MRFSS, 1981-2010 on the Gulf region.

| Year | TL inch class |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | Total |
| 1981 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 8 | 9 | 26 | 20 | 20 | 8 | 10 | 18 | 12 | 7 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 162 |
| 1982 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 8 | 3 | 10 | 16 | 19 | 17 | 12 | 22 | 16 | 24 | 13 | 11 | 7 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 205 |
| 1983 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 10 | 22 | 32 | 48 | 32 | 29 | 23 | 13 | 15 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 242 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 7 | 2 | 11 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 55 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 17 | 18 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 117 |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 8 | 8 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 16 | 5 | 11 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 83 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 9 | 13 | 15 | 7 | 7 | 5 | 9 | 9 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 107 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 11 | 9 | 6 | 9 | 11 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 61 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 10 | 16 | 15 | 15 | 12 | 14 | 12 | 8 | 9 | 15 | 10 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 151 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 8 | 9 | 12 | 14 | 31 | 19 | 15 | 14 | 8 | 6 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 160 |
| 1993 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 9 | 38 | 41 | 44 | 24 | 21 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 207 |
| 1994 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 26 | 40 | 38 | 49 | 29 | 23 | 10 | 10 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 263 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 18 | 23 | 38 | 27 | 16 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 153 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 7 | 6 | 22 | 15 | 13 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 82 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 39 | 36 | 33 | 34 | 31 | 12 | 8 | 13 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 229 |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 52 | 94 | 88 | 68 | 49 | 25 | 18 | 15 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 443 |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 62 | 105 | 123 | 93 | 73 | 39 | 24 | 27 | 18 | 10 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 590 |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 44 | 106 | 101 | 89 | 50 | 33 | 24 | 17 | 13 | 10 | 6 | 10 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 523 |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 23 | 35 | 43 | 52 | 38 | 31 | 23 | 11 | 12 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 283 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 12 | 52 | 82 | 62 | 74 | 31 | 26 | 16 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 9 | 10 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 403 |
| 2003 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 38 | 101 | 117 | 82 | 52 | 32 | 21 | 23 | 16 | 8 | 12 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 515 |
| 2004 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 46 | 101 | 102 | 82 | 72 | 37 | 22 | 22 | 11 | 2 | 6 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 512 |
| 2005 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 35 | 65 | 66 | 43 | 27 | 17 | 10 | 18 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 299 |
| 2006 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 67 | 83 | 46 | 45 | 38 | 17 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 322 |
| 2007 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 58 | 60 | 57 | 68 | 42 | 21 | 14 | 10 | 7 | 5 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 358 |
| 2008 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 29 | 72 | 81 | 75 | 29 | 22 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 343 |
| 2009 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 34 | 43 | 23 | 9 | 9 | 8 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 146 |
| 2010 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 73 | 80 | 97 | 64 | 41 | 34 | 17 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 440 |

Table 7.8.15 Annual number of yellowtail snapper landed by recreational anglers estimated at age (with age-length keys and MRFSS length data) from the Atlantic region (NC - SE FL), 1981-2010.

| Age (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ | totals |
| 1981 | 4,873 | 77,510 | 179,882 | 40,205 | 6,833 | 0 | 4,090 | 1,396 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 314,789 |
| 1982 | 3,970 | 107,708 | 81,731 | 102,280 | 27,612 | 11,147 | 17,223 | 5,067 | 1,021 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 357,759 |
| 1983 | 697 | 12,643 | 57,881 | 51,101 | 25,625 | 5,932 | 5,812 | 2,492 | 575 | 0 | 755 | 0 | 755 | 164,268 |
| 1984 | 7 | 8,639 | 31,875 | 29,252 | 7,527 | 6,453 | 1,330 | 387 | 188 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 85,656 |
| 1985 | 2,447 | 40,962 | 85,966 | 130,626 | 45,046 | 17,591 | 8,909 | 2,236 | 1,374 | 0 | 294 | 0 | 294 | 335,745 |
| 1986 | 110 | 7,614 | 31,079 | 11,599 | 38,043 | 5,644 | 6,614 | 1,388 | 511 | 221 | 366 | 0 | 38 | 103,227 |
| 1987 | 20 | 2,689 | 18,724 | 12,548 | 12,275 | 3,782 | 3,342 | 631 | 494 | 427 | 219 | 66 | 453 | 55,669 |
| 1988 | 167 | 7,479 | 28,155 | 49,635 | 69,044 | 17,477 | 14,931 | 2,999 | 1,519 | 1,747 | 988 | 484 | 3,632 | 198,257 |
| 1989 | 26 | 2,459 | 14,959 | 20,561 | 20,674 | 6,253 | 4,569 | 821 | 643 | 556 | 286 | 86 | 58 | 72,482 |
| 1990 | 41 | 3,469 | 11,488 | 35,297 | 40,844 | 13,463 | 7,077 | 1,320 | 1,033 | 893 | 459 | 138 | 94 | 116,469 |
| 1991 | 49 | 4,455 | 24,436 | 49,654 | 31,146 | 13,742 | 6,867 | 2,155 | 2,272 | 410 | 2,070 | 105 | 1,068 | 138,428 |
| 1992 | 0 | 3,066 | 77,711 | 55,067 | 5,719 | 3,525 | 3,370 | 3,006 | 1,434 | 146 | 1,216 | , | 0 | 154,261 |
| 1993 | 61 | 5,182 | 57,024 | 93,734 | 50,192 | 12,098 | 6,214 | 3,025 | 402 | 483 | 508 | 0 | 623 | 229,546 |
| 1994 | 0 | 588 | 22,969 | 55,593 | 26,295 | 3,963 | 562 | 1,150 | 1,305 | 0 | 562 | 0 | 0 | 112,988 |
| 1995 | 26 | 2,529 | 12,635 | 25,053 | 17,878 | 7,668 | 4,548 | 719 | 1,103 | 219 | 1,055 | 56 | 571 | 74,061 |
| 1996 | 0 | 4,511 | 39,233 | 15,790 | 10,364 | 3,310 | 389 | 0 | 0 | , |  | 0 | 0 | 73,597 |
| 1997 | 32 | 355 | 12,935 | 27,541 | 9,563 | 3,302 | 1,071 | 604 | 392 | 120 | 93 | 44 | 17 | 56,070 |
| 1998 | 0 | 3,059 | 36,005 | 45,979 | 14,841 | 4,269 | 2,059 | 593 | 0 | 202 | 9 | 0 |  | 107,027 |
| 99 | 0 | 5,207 | 33,611 | 16,795 | 6,491 | 1,916 | 836 | 297 | 183 | 47 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 65,408 |
| 0 | 0 | 2,344 | 52,319 | 26,654 | 9,909 | 7,301 | 3,789 | 2,525 | 2,277 | 3,116 | 1,186 | 869 | 1,091 | 113,379 |
| 01 | 0 | 3,880 | 45,558 | 17,752 | 9,143 | 4,415 | 3,075 | 690 | 663 | 0 | 209 | 0 | 252 | 85,636 |
| 2002 | 0 | 3,483 | 34,165 | 17,397 | 3,724 | 1,343 | 613 | 237 | 58 | 46 | 24 | 0 | 37 | 61,127 |
| 2003 | 0 | 14,593 | 58,557 | 14,994 | 2,717 | 649 | 572 | 45 | 2 | 163 | 14 | 12 | 85 | 92,403 |
| 2004 | 0 | 7,464 | 135,884 | 49,674 | 15,266 | 4,019 | 1,148 | 1,886 | 69 | 304 | 170 | 101 | 709 | 216,693 |
| 2005 | 4,311 | 25,178 | 151,948 | 121,691 | 15,430 | 4,493 | 1,650 | 918 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 195 | 325,819 |
| 2006 | 0 | 7,913 | 253,269 | 45,414 | 12,572 | 1,187 | 1,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 381 | 321,736 |
| 2007 | 0 | 26,934 | 215,219 | 141,870 | 8,632 | 1,921 | 111 | 385 | 10 | 7 | 0 | 21 | 878 | 395,988 |
| 2008 | 0 | 28,535 | 133,129 | 66,682 | 16,064 | 2,330 | 1,509 | 166 | 95 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 248,511 |
| 2009 | 0 | 2,702 | 64,937 | 58,088 | 19,106 | 3,393 | 1,070 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 263 | 149,559 |
| 2010 | 0 | 870 | 84,670 | 57,937 | 5,154 | 910 | 864 | 376 | 157 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 150,938 |

Table 7.8.16 Annual number of yellowtail snapper landed by recreational anglers estimated at age (with age-length keys and MRFSS length data) from the Gulf region (FL Keys-TX), 1981-2010.

| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ | totals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 81 | 12,467 | 147,067 | 417,112 | 276,339 | 174,972 | 102,177 | 66,028 | 41,751 | 31,378 | 19,360 | 14,693 | 11,235 | 17,750 | 9 |
| 82 | 18,124 | 78,511 | 148,394 | 231,062 | 149,579 | 174,749 | 105,664 | 83,898 | 73,479 | 18,141 | 13,887 | 12,055 | 12,531 | 1,120,073 |
| 1983 | 2,411 | 13,737 | 71,400 | 92,709 | 172,215 | 38,889 | 24,978 | 15,91 | 8,66 | 2,087 | 1,527 | 2,513 | 1,713 | 448,762 |
| 1984 | 23,566 | 139,937 | 299,285 | 267,437 | 224,625 | 129,440 | 90,006 | 90,416 | 47,295 | 21,386 | 12,479 | 19,134 | 14,886 | 1,379,892 |
| 1985 | 2,888 | 22,069 | 39,058 | 66,281 | 68,274 | 69,009 | 46,297 | 40,634 | 22,567 | 12,750 | 6,008 | 9,184 | 9,327 | 414,345 |
| 1986 | 117 | 4,338 | 13,175 | 25,461 | 32,628 | 31,622 | 24,857 | 21,947 | 22,018 | 17,037 | 10,305 | 10,251 | 23,936 | 237,692 |
| 1987 | 76 | 5,175 | 42,206 | 83,368 | 87,002 | 64,143 | 43,398 | 26,252 | 19,173 | 11,500 | 6,869 | 6,091 | 13,223 | 408,474 |
| 1988 | 0 | 735 | 22,264 | 44,177 | 55,756 | 47,610 | 35,506 | 24,318 | 19,019 | 12,938 | 6,840 | 7,078 | 14,327 | 290,569 |
| 1989 | 89 | 4,112 | 40,613 | 97,655 | 111,507 | 94,545 | 70,498 | 52,553 | 44,380 | 29,234 | 17,983 | 17,373 | 41,321 | 621,862 |
| 1990 | 0 | 5,152 | 67,531 | 157,328 | 177,143 | 124,963 | 81,111 | 41,321 | 25,278 | 13,637 | 6,362 | 5,344 | 9,227 | 714,397 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 41,891 | 104,072 | 178,996 | 106,565 | 80,531 | 94,350 | 91,429 | 43,919 | 19,404 | 37,838 | 63,710 | 862,703 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 | 20,530 | 65,340 | 90,401 | 34,774 | 36,994 | 40,156 | 30,056 | 14,277 | 7,055 | 10,163 | 21,634 | 371,381 |
| 1993 | 43 | 1,802 | 49,004 | 128,272 | 83,130 | 49,125 | 39,947 | 24,576 | 33,000 | 8,975 | 1,767 | 4,379 | 4,573 | 428,593 |
| 1994 | 404 | 1,512 | 44,428 | 77,610 | 60,709 | 51,511 | 29,583 | 24,303 | 32,602 | 13,943 | 4,673 | 5,572 | 8,554 | 355,404 |
| 1995 | 581 | 1,162 | 8,152 | 70,125 | 100,931 | 53,361 | 42,909 | 27,490 | 20,715 | 14,263 | 1,894 | 5,317 | 4,181 | 351,083 |
| 1996 | 0 | 304 | 11,699 | 32,034 | 41,709 | 54,210 | 42,846 | 18,323 | 20,443 | 10,561 | 3,577 | 2,462 | 1,049 | 239,218 |
| 1997 | 0 | 1,670 | 26,341 | 77,390 | 56,037 | 59,824 | 51,324 | 22,305 | 9,846 | 9,157 | 2,115 | 5,403 | 5,346 | 326,758 |
| 1998 | 0 | 301 | 17,890 | 67,032 | 65,080 | 32,197 | 18,959 | 16,993 | 9,330 | 7,116 | 4,383 | 3,522 | 2,431 | 245,233 |
| 1999 | 44 | 128 | 23,336 | 29,679 | 48,904 | 45,037 | 23,996 | 12,784 | 10,252 | 4,550 | 1,706 | 661 | 1,221 | 202,297 |
| 2000 | 0 | 1,399 | 14,550 | 26,096 | 29,898 | 21,341 | 16,069 | 8,638 | 4,646 | 3,814 | 1,523 | 2,133 | 1,759 | 131,866 |
| 2001 | 0 | 720 | 11,540 | 21,260 | 24,492 | 14,513 | 12,891 | 7,825 | 3,783 | 1,735 | 1,020 | 2,082 | 1,022 | 102,884 |
| 2002 | 0 | 33 | 30,756 | 53,059 | 40,069 | 39,864 | 20,910 | 7,863 | 6,326 | 3,787 | 2,138 | 1,379 | 4,198 | 210,382 |
| 2003 | 0 | 2,004 | 9,854 | 86,359 | 72,397 | 29,190 | 27,060 | 18,321 | 10,177 | 6,446 | 1,399 | 2,393 | 5,740 | 271,340 |
| 2004 | 0 | 57 | 15,021 | 67,390 | 79,838 | 52,752 | 27,367 | 16,999 | 10,886 | 2,584 | 731 | 2,776 | 3,687 | 280,087 |
| 2005 | 0 | 0 | 12,774 | 37,386 | 33,726 | 19,828 | 10,070 | 6,225 | 1,783 | 2,924 | 1,781 | 456 | 596 | 127,549 |
| 2006 | 0 | 0 | 10,772 | 52,882 | 49,065 | 32,498 | 18,854 | 7,073 | 8,322 | 5,428 | 5,425 | 73 | 2,158 | 192,549 |
| 2007 | 0 | 171 | 17,698 | 54,667 | 86,570 | 48,746 | 38,476 | 10,217 | 7,169 | 130 | 3,251 | 1,576 | 1,206 | 269,879 |
| 2008 | 0 | 435 | 22,845 | 66,127 | 112,031 | 53,698 | 31,555 | 16,898 | 15,548 | 6,061 | 2,806 | 4,207 | 5,092 | 337,303 |
| 2009 | 0 | 396 | 28,547 | 35,872 | 16,456 | 17,417 | 8,974 | 5,628 | 2,363 | 1,242 | 537 | 359 | 912 | 118,701 |
| 2010 | 0 | 1,066 | 17,926 | 49,313 | 49,814 | 23,097 | 15,221 | 6,528 | 4,317 | 2,340 | 774 | 1,250 | 968 | 172,613 |

Table 7.8.17 Number of yellowtail snapper otoliths sampled annually from recreational saltwater anglers in the Atlantic Region (NCSE FL), 1981-2010.

| Age (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | Total |
| 1981 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1983 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1993 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1994 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 2003 | 0 | 40 | 150 | 37 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 235 |
| 2004 | 0 | 24 | 316 | 96 | 40 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 488 |
| 2005 | 0 | 26 | 197 | 120 | 23 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 378 |
| 2006 | 0 | 2 | 201 | 37 | 14 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 255 |
| 2007 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| 2008 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 2009 | 0 | 2 | 33 | 31 | 9 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 77 |
| 2010 | 0 | 0 | 86 | 76 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 179 |

Table 7.8.18 Number of yellowtail snapper otoliths sampled annually from recreational saltwater anglers in the Gulf region (FL Keys-TX), 1981-2010.

| Age (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | Total |
| 1981 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1983 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1993 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1994 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 51 | 39 | 47 | 18 | 8 | 5 | 9 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 211 |
| 2003 | 0 | 2 | 11 | 20 | 15 | 7 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 67 |
| 2004 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| 2005 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 35 |
| 2006 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 10 | 13 | 13 | 7 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 63 |
| 2007 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 17 | 14 | 19 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64 |
| 2008 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 28 | 57 | 41 | 29 | 11 | 14 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 195 |
| 2009 | 0 | 1 | 46 | 91 | 68 | 80 | 36 | 24 | 19 | 9 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 395 |
| 2010 | 0 | 5 | 23 | 59 | 71 | 41 | 30 | 18 | 12 | 9 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 281 |

Table 7.8.19 Proportion of yellowtail snapper by age from age samples (otoliths) from recreational saltwater anglers in the Atlantic (NC-SE FL) and Gulf regions (FL Keys-TX), 19812010 used in direct ageing model runs. When samples were not available on one or both coasts in a year, the age compositions were set as missing values ("-999"). The annual "effective sample size" (ESS) for the proportion at age was set as the square root of the number of ages available in a year for the fleet.

Proportion at Age (DA) for Landed Fish

| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ | No. of ages | initial <br> ESS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1982 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1983 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1984 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1985 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1986 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1987 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1988 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1989 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1990 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1991 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1992 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1993 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1994 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1995 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1996 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1997 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1998 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 1999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 2000 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 2001 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 0 | 0 |
| 2002 | 0.0000 | 0.0992 | 0.4124 | 0.1432 | 0.1726 | 0.0661 | 0.0294 | 0.0184 | 0.0331 | 0.0184 | 0.0000 | 0.0073 | 212 | 15 |
| 2003 | 0.0655 | 0.2846 | 0.2627 | 0.1724 | 0.0801 | 0.0345 | 0.0223 | 0.0223 | 0.0111 | 0.0000 | 0.0111 | 0.0334 | 302 | 17 |
| 2004 | 0.0215 | 0.3727 | 0.1535 | 0.1936 | 0.0523 | 0.0252 | 0.0234 | 0.0451 | 0.0451 | 0.0000 | 0.0226 | 0.0451 | 513 | 23 |
| 2005 | 0.0494 | 0.3906 | 0.2683 | 0.0920 | 0.0355 | 0.0417 | 0.0180 | 0.0161 | 0.0563 | 0.0161 | 0.0000 | 0.0161 | 413 | 20 |
| 2006 | 0.0049 | 0.5347 | 0.1502 | 0.1116 | 0.0797 | 0.0416 | 0.0059 | 0.0297 | 0.0059 | 0.0297 | 0.0000 | 0.0059 | 318 | 18 |
| 2007 | 0.0000 | 0.0991 | 0.4840 | 0.1077 | 0.1382 | 0.1203 | 0.0127 | 0.0190 | 0.0000 | 0.0127 | 0.0063 | 0.0000 | 76 | 9 |
| 2008 | 0.2121 | 0.0325 | 0.0827 | 0.3804 | 0.1211 | 0.0856 | 0.0325 | 0.0413 | 0.0059 | 0.0030 | 0.0000 | 0.0030 | 197 | 14 |
| 2009 | 0.0156 | 0.2905 | 0.3264 | 0.1413 | 0.1041 | 0.0403 | 0.0269 | 0.0213 | 0.0101 | 0.0045 | 0.0045 | 0.0146 | 472 | 22 |
| 2010 | 0.0095 | 0.2678 | 0.3101 | 0.1556 | 0.0857 | 0.0648 | 0.0368 | 0.0280 | 0.0171 | 0.0057 | 0.0095 | 0.0095 | 460 | 21 |

Table 7.8.20 Comparison of discard estimates for yellowtail snapper from the NMFS HBS (vessel trip reports) and at-sea sampling ratio estimates of releases to landed fish by head boat anglers. a) southeast Atlantic area, b) Florida Keys. Values in bold italics are estimates for years when there were no at-sea samples taken in the Florida Keys.

|  | southeast Atlantic <br> live releases (numbers of fish) |  | all releases |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Year | at-sea sampling <br> [ live/kept=0.18] | HBS vessel trip reports |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { at-sea } \\ & \text { sampling } \\ & \text { [all/kept=0.20] } \end{aligned}$ | HBS vessel trip reports | HBS <br> landings |
| 2005 | 3,072 | 202 | 3,414 | 202 | 17,069 |
| 2006 | 505 | 106 | 561 | 109 | 2,803 |
| 2007 | 3,518 | 708 | 3,908 | 708 | 19,542 |
| 2008 | 5,888 | 2,173 | 6,542 | 2,249 | 32,710 |
| 2009 | 3,652 | 1,960 | 4,058 | 2,004 | 20,288 |
| 2010 | 6,981 | 3,087 | 7,757 | 3,094 | 38,783 |

b) Florida Keys

|  | live releases <br> (numbers of fish) |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | HBS <br> vessel <br> at-sea sampling |  |  | trip |
| Year | [live/kept=0.50) | reports |  |  |
| 2005 | 66,103 | 15,619 |  |  |
| 2006 | 48,211 | 19,052 |  |  |
| 2007 | 42,914 | 26,357 |  |  |
| 2008 | 35,446 | 37,631 |  |  |
| 2009 | 34,085 | 35,677 |  |  |
| 2010 | 31,706 | 33,248 |  |  |


| all releases |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| at-sea <br> sampling <br> [all/kept=0.54] | HBS vessel <br> trip reports | HBS |
| 71,391 | 16,404 | 132,205 |
| 52,067 | 19,142 | 96,421 |
| 46,347 | 26,593 | 85,827 |
| $\mathbf{3 8 , 2 8 2}$ | 39,680 | 70,892 |
| $\mathbf{3 6 , 8 1 1}$ | 36,736 | 68,169 |
| $\mathbf{3 4 , 2 4 2}$ | 33,837 | 63,411 |

Table 7.8.21 Yellowtail snapper landings (in numbers) from the NMFS HBS (vessel trip reports) and discard estimates (in numbers) using at-sea sampling ratio estimates of releases to landed fish by head boat anglers. Values in shaded in gray are estimates for landings for years before the HBS expanded coverage into the Gulf of Mexico. Values shaded in blue are estimates derived from the at-sea sampling ratio estimates of the number of released fish to fish landed by head boat anglers in each region (see table 7.8.20).

| Year | Atlantic landings | Atlantic total discards (estimated) | Atlantic live discards | Gulf landings | Gulf total discards (estimated) | Gulf live discards |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 85,545 | 3,806 | 3,559 | 76,460 | 14,575 | 13,517 |
| 1982 | 60,536 | 2,694 | 2,519 | 144,988 | 27,638 | 25,632 |
| 1983 | 34,994 | 1,557 | 1,456 | 176,047 | 33,558 | 31,123 |
| 1984 | 33,961 | 1,511 | 1,413 | 127,079 | 24,224 | 22,466 |
| 1985 | 25,770 | 5,154 | 4,639 | 115,930 | 60,406 | 55,931 |
| 1986 | 30,530 | 6,106 | 5,495 | 175,664 | 94,858 | 87,832 |
| 1987 | 37,043 | 7,409 | 6,668 | 198,487 | 107,183 | 99,243 |
| 1988 | 55,253 | 11,051 | 9,946 | 236,124 | 127,507 | 118,062 |
| 1989 | 45,044 | 9,009 | 8,108 | 121,401 | 65,556 | 60,700 |
| 1990 | 49,226 | 9,845 | 8,861 | 169,573 | 91,569 | 84,786 |
| 1991 | 53,551 | 10,710 | 9,639 | 159,995 | 86,397 | 79,997 |
| 1992 | 55,624 | 11,125 | 10,012 | 149,879 | 80,935 | 74,939 |
| 1993 | 46,052 | 9,210 | 8,289 | 172,735 | 93,277 | 86,368 |
| 1994 | 77,001 | 15,400 | 13,860 | 166,190 | 89,743 | 83,095 |
| 1995 | 36,444 | 7,289 | 6,560 | 121,101 | 65,395 | 60,551 |
| 1996 | 23,445 | 4,689 | 4,220 | 114,190 | 61,663 | 57,095 |
| 1997 | 27,014 | 5,403 | 4,863 | 112,850 | 60,939 | 56,425 |
| 1998 | 16,159 | 3,232 | 2,909 | 104,394 | 56,373 | 52,197 |
| 1999 | 24,786 | 4,957 | 4,461 | 84,491 | 45,625 | 42,245 |
| 2000 | 12,234 | 2,447 | 2,202 | 97,085 | 52,426 | 48,543 |
| 2001 | 5,039 | 1,008 | 907 | 96,858 | 52,303 | 48,429 |
| 2002 | 2,834 | 567 | 510 | 118,212 | 63,834 | 59,106 |
| 2003 | 10,455 | 2,091 | 1,882 | 98,421 | 53,147 | 49,211 |
| 2004 | 8,613 | 1,723 | 1,550 | 109,934 | 59,364 | 54,967 |
| 2005 | 17,069 | 3,414 | 3,072 | 132,205 | 71,391 | 66,102 |
| 2006 | 2,803 | 561 | 505 | 96,421 | 52,067 | 48,210 |
| 2007 | 19,542 | 3,908 | 3,518 | 85,827 | 46,347 | 42,914 |
| 2008 | 32,710 | 6,542 | 5,888 | 70,892 | 38,282 | 35,446 |
| 2009 | 20,288 | 4,058 | 3,652 | 68,169 | 36,811 | 34,084 |
| 2010 | 38,783 | 7,757 | 6,981 | 63,411 | 34,242 | 31,705 |

Table 7.8.22 Yellowtail snapper head boat total discard (live or dead) estimates (numbers of fish) by size class from at-sea sampling measurements of released fish for the Atlantic region.

TL inch class

| Year | <=5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | $>=24$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 0 | 35 | 155 | 1,080 | 2,536 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,806 |
| 1982 | 0 | 25 | 110 | 764 | 1,795 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,694 |
| 1983 | 0 | 14 | 63 | 442 | 1,038 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,557 |
| 1984 | 0 | 14 | 61 | 429 | 1,007 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,511 |
| 1985 | 0 | 11 | 47 | 326 | 766 | 1,561 | 2,004 | 348 | 46 | 23 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,154 |
| 1986 | 0 | 13 | 55 | 386 | 907 | 1,849 | 2,374 | 412 | 54 | 28 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6,106 |
| 1987 | 0 | 16 | 67 | 468 | 1,101 | 2,244 | 2,880 | 500 | 66 | 34 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7,409 |
| 1988 | 0 | 24 | 100 | 698 | 1,642 | 3,347 | 4,296 | 745 | 98 | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,051 |
| 1989 | 0 | 19 | 81 | 569 | 1,339 | 2,729 | 3,503 | 608 | 80 | 41 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9,009 |
| 1990 | 0 | 21 | 89 | 622 | 1,463 | 2,982 | 3,828 | 664 | 88 | 45 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9,845 |
| 1991 | 0 | 23 | 97 | 677 | 1,591 | 3,244 | 4,164 | 722 | 95 | 48 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10,710 |
| 1992 | 0 | 24 | 101 | 703 | 1,653 | 3,369 | 4,325 | 750 | 99 | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,125 |
| 1993 | 0 | 20 | 83 | 582 | 1,368 | 2,790 | 3,581 | 621 | 82 | 42 | 42 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9,210 |
| 1994 | 0 | 33 | 139 | 973 | 2,288 | 4,664 | 5,988 | 1,039 | 137 | 70 | 70 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15,400 |
| 1995 | 0 | 16 | 66 | 461 | 1,083 | 2,208 | 2,834 | 492 | 65 | 33 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7,289 |
| 1996 | 0 | 10 | 42 | 296 | 697 | 1,420 | 1,823 | 316 | 42 | 21 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,689 |
| 1997 | 0 | 11 | 49 | 341 | 803 | 1,636 | 2,101 | 364 | 48 | 24 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,403 |
| 1998 | 0 | 7 | 29 | 204 | 480 | 979 | 1,257 | 218 | 29 | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,232 |
| 1999 | 0 | 11 | 45 | 313 | 737 | 1,501 | 1,927 | 334 | 44 | 22 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,957 |
| 2000 | 0 | 5 | 22 | 155 | 364 | 741 | 951 | 165 | 22 | 11 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,447 |
| 2001 | 0 | 2 | 9 | 64 | 150 | 305 | 392 | 68 | 9 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,008 |
| 2002 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 36 | 84 | 172 | 220 | 38 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 567 |
| 2003 | 0 | 4 | 19 | 132 | 311 | 633 | 813 | 141 | 19 | 9 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,091 |
| 2004 | 0 | 4 | 16 | 109 | 256 | 522 | 670 | 116 | 15 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,723 |
| 2005 | 0 | 7 | 31 | 216 | 507 | 1,034 | 1,327 | 230 | 30 | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,414 |
| 2006 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 35 | 83 | 170 | 218 | 38 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 561 |
| 2007 | 0 | 8 | 35 | 247 | 581 | 1,184 | 1,520 | 264 | 35 | 18 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,908 |
| 2008 | 0 | 14 | 59 | 413 | 972 | 1,981 | 2,544 | 441 | 58 | 30 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6,542 |
| 2009 | 0 | 9 | 37 | 256 | 603 | 1,229 | 1,578 | 274 | 36 | 18 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,058 |
| 2010 | 0 | 17 | 70 | 490 | 1,152 | 2,349 | 3,016 | 523 | 69 | 35 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7,757 |

Table 7.8.23 Yellowtail snapper head boat total discard (live or dead) estimates (numbers of fish) by size class from at-sea sampling measurements of released fish for the Gulf region.

| TL inch class |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | <=5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | $>=24$ | Total |
| 1981 | 138 | 226 | 1,249 | 4,557 | 8,406 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14,575 |
| 1982 | 261 | 428 | 2,368 | 8,641 | 15,939 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 27,638 |
| 1983 | 317 | 520 | 2,875 | 10,492 | 19,354 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 33,558 |
| 1984 | 229 | 375 | 2,076 | 7,574 | 13,971 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24,224 |
| 1985 | 202 | 329 | 1,826 | 6,660 | 12,284 | 16,552 | 16,247 | 4,913 | 760 | 345 | 173 | 86 | 0 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 60,406 |
| 1986 | 316 | 516 | 2,867 | 10,459 | 19,291 | 25,992 | 25,514 | 7,715 | 1,194 | 542 | 271 | 136 | 0 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 94,859 |
| 1987 | 358 | 583 | 3,239 | 11,818 | 21,797 | 29,369 | 28,829 | 8,717 | 1,349 | 613 | 306 | 153 | 0 | 51 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 107,183 |
| 1988 | 425 | 694 | 3,853 | 14,059 | 25,930 | 34,938 | 34,295 | 10,370 | 1,605 | 729 | 365 | 182 | 0 | 61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 127,507 |
| 1989 | 219 | 357 | 1,981 | 7,228 | 13,332 | 17,963 | 17,633 | 5,332 | 825 | 375 | 187 | 94 | 0 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 65,557 |
| 1990 | 305 | 498 | 2,767 | 10,096 | 18,622 | 25,091 | 24,629 | 7,447 | 1,153 | 524 | 262 | 131 | 0 | 44 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 91,569 |
| 1991 | 288 | 470 | 2,611 | 9,526 | 17,570 | 23,674 | 23,238 | 7,027 | 1,088 | 494 | 247 | 124 | 0 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 86,397 |
| 1992 | 270 | 440 | 2,446 | 8,924 | 16,459 | 22,177 | 21,769 | 6,582 | 1,019 | 463 | 231 | 116 | 0 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 80,935 |
| 1993 | 311 | 507 | 2,819 | 10,285 | 18,969 | 25,559 | 25,088 | 7,586 | 1,174 | 533 | 267 | 133 | 0 | 44 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 93,277 |
| 1994 | 299 | 488 | 2,712 | 9,895 | 18,250 | 24,590 | 24,138 | 7,299 | 1,130 | 513 | 257 | 128 | 0 | 43 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 89,743 |
| 1995 | 218 | 356 | 1,976 | 7,210 | 13,299 | 17,919 | 17,589 | 5,319 | 823 | 374 | 187 | 93 | 0 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 65,395 |
| 1996 | 206 | 335 | 1,863 | 6,799 | 12,540 | 16,896 | 16,585 | 5,015 | 776 | 353 | 176 | 88 | 0 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 61,663 |
| 1997 | 203 | 332 | 1,842 | 6,719 | 12,393 | 16,698 | 16,391 | 4,956 | 767 | 348 | 174 | 87 | 0 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 60,939 |
| 1998 | 188 | 307 | 1,704 | 6,216 | 11,464 | 15,447 | 15,162 | 4,585 | 710 | 322 | 161 | 81 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 56,373 |
| 1999 | 152 | 248 | 1,379 | 5,031 | 9,278 | 12,502 | 12,272 | 3,711 | 574 | 261 | 130 | 65 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 45,625 |
| 2000 | 175 | 285 | 1,584 | 5,780 | 10,662 | 14,365 | 14,101 | 4,264 | 660 | 300 | 150 | 75 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 52,426 |
| 2001 | 174 | 285 | 1,581 | 5,767 | 10,637 | 14,332 | 14,068 | 4,254 | 658 | 299 | 150 | 75 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 52,303 |
| 2002 | 213 | 347 | 1,929 | 7,038 | 12,982 | 17,491 | 17,169 | 5,192 | 804 | 365 | 183 | 91 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 63,834 |
| 2003 | 177 | 289 | 1,606 | 5,860 | 10,808 | 14,563 | 14,295 | 4,322 | 669 | 304 | 152 | 76 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 53,147 |
| 2004 | 198 | 323 | 1,794 | 6,545 | 12,073 | 16,266 | 15,967 | 4,828 | 747 | 339 | 170 | 85 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 59,364 |
| 2005 | 238 | 388 | 2,157 | 7,872 | 14,518 | 19,562 | 19,202 | 5,806 | 899 | 408 | 204 | 102 | 0 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 71,391 |
| 2006 | 174 | 283 | 1,574 | 5,741 | 10,589 | 14,267 | 14,004 | 4,235 | 655 | 298 | 149 | 74 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 52,067 |
| 2007 | 155 | 252 | 1,401 | 5,110 | 9,425 | 12,699 | 12,466 | 3,769 | 583 | 265 | 133 | 66 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 46,347 |
| 2008 | 128 | 208 | 1,157 | 4,221 | 7,785 | 10,490 | 10,297 | 3,113 | 482 | 219 | 109 | 55 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 38,282 |
| 2009 | 123 | 200 | 1,112 | 4,059 | 7,486 | 10,087 | 9,901 | 2,994 | 463 | 211 | 105 | 53 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 36,811 |
| 2010 | 114 | 186 | 1,035 | 3,776 | 6,964 | 9,383 | 9,210 | 2,785 | 431 | 196 | 98 | 49 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 34,242 |

Table 7.8.24 Yellowtail snapper head boat total discard (live or dead) estimates (numbers of fish) by age class from at-sea sampling measurements of released fish for the Atlantic region. Agelength keys were used to estimate the ages of fish from lengths measured.

| Age (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ | totals |
| 1981 | 102 | 3,213 | 461 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,806 |
| 1982 | 72 | 2,274 | 326 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,694 |
| 1983 | 42 | 1,314 | 188 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,557 |
| 1984 | 40 | 1,276 | 183 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,511 |
| 1985 | 31 | 3,230 | 1,656 | 119 | 118 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,154 |
| 1986 | 36 | 2,616 | 3,145 | 303 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6,106 |
| 1987 | 44 | 3,245 | 3,679 | 440 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7,409 |
| 1988 | 66 | 4,675 | 5,419 | 800 | 81 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,051 |
| 1989 | 54 | 3,811 | 4,417 | 652 | 66 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9,009 |
| 1990 | 59 | 4,123 | 4,733 | 791 | 123 | 15 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9,845 |
| 1991 | 64 | 5,038 | 3,858 | 996 | 55 | 2 | 1 | 695 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10,710 |
| 1992 | 66 | 5,233 | 4,045 | 1,017 | 42 | 0 | 0 | 721 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,125 |
| 1993 | 55 | 4,309 | 3,408 | 773 | 60 | 3 | 3 | 600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9,210 |
| 1994 | 92 | 7,205 | 5,529 | 1,480 | 79 | 3 | 2 | 1,000 | 9 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 15,400 |
| 1995 | 44 | 3,444 | 2,592 | 702 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 472 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7,289 |
| 1996 | 29 | 2,481 | 1,694 | 434 | 47 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,689 |
| 1997 | 33 | 2,513 | 1,974 | 808 | 61 | 8 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,403 |
| 1998 | 20 | 2,031 | 728 | 417 | 33 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,232 |
| 1999 | 31 | 2,524 | 2,052 | 321 | 28 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,957 |
| 2000 | 15 | 1,342 | 959 | 90 | 28 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,447 |
| 2001 | 6 | 436 | 548 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,008 |
| 2002 | 3 | 203 | 339 | 20 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 567 |
| 2003 | 12 | 813 | 1,203 | 61 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,091 |
| 2004 | 10 | 237 | 1,346 | 124 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,723 |
| 2005 | 20 | 1,531 | 1,713 | 144 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,414 |
| 2006 | 3 | 231 | 317 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 561 |
| 2007 | 23 | 2,765 | 1,049 | 62 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,908 |
| 2008 | 39 | 4,225 | 1,814 | 445 | 18 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6,542 |
| 2009 | 24 | 1,855 | 2,066 | 101 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,058 |
| 2010 | 46 | 3,137 | 4,310 | 248 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7,757 |

Table 7.8.25 Yellowtail snapper head boat total discard (live or dead) estimates (numbers of fish) by age class from at-sea sampling measurements of released fish for the Gulf region. Age-length keys were used to estimate the ages of fish from lengths measured.

| Age (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ | Total |
| 1981 | 650 | 8,822 | 5,103 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14,575 |
| 1982 | 1,232 | 16,729 | 9,676 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 27,638 |
| 1983 | 1,495 | 20,313 | 11,749 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 33,558 |
| 1984 | 1,080 | 14,663 | 8,481 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24,224 |
| 1985 | 949 | 15,849 | 31,246 | 8,584 | 3,422 | 169 | 47 | 105 | 14 | 2 | 2 | 14 | 3 | 60,406 |
| 1986 | 1,491 | 18,487 | 40,897 | 17,836 | 8,031 | 4,957 | 2,349 | 575 | 59 | 44 | 8 | 120 | 4 | 94,858 |
| 1987 | 1,684 | 20,889 | 46,210 | 20,153 | 9,075 | 5,601 | 2,654 | 650 | 67 | 50 | 10 | 136 | 5 | 107,183 |
| 1988 | 2,004 | 24,850 | 54,972 | 23,975 | 10,795 | 6,663 | 3,157 | 773 | 79 | 60 | 11 | 161 | 6 | 127,507 |
| 1989 | 1,030 | 12,776 | 28,264 | 12,326 | 5,550 | 3,426 | 1,623 | 398 | 41 | 31 | 6 | 83 | 3 | 65,556 |
| 1990 | 1,439 | 17,846 | 39,478 | 17,217 | 7,753 | 4,785 | 2,267 | 555 | 57 | 43 | 8 | 116 | 4 | 91,569 |
| 1991 | 1,358 | 13,979 | 28,697 | 21,892 | 19,585 | 565 | 179 | 36 | 76 | 24 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 86,397 |
| 1992 | 1,272 | 13,095 | 25,386 | 22,982 | 16,553 | 1,380 | 88 | 122 | 40 | 10 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 80,935 |
| 1993 | 1,466 | 15,092 | 29,890 | 27,428 | 17,232 | 634 | 289 | 987 | 226 | 26 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 93,277 |
| 1994 | 1,410 | 14,520 | 29,746 | 23,855 | 18,454 | 1,471 | 121 | 30 | 86 | 43 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 89,743 |
| 1995 | 1,028 | 10,581 | 19,170 | 19,236 | 13,334 | 1,733 | 186 | 50 | 48 | 25 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 65,395 |
| 1996 | 799 | 10,947 | 23,676 | 10,744 | 7,106 | 6,695 | 1,190 | 346 | 108 | 48 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 61,663 |
| 1997 | 790 | 10,964 | 23,863 | 12,161 | 6,255 | 5,197 | 1,344 | 284 | 19 | 47 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 60,939 |
| 1998 | 730 | 10,008 | 22,275 | 12,252 | 5,779 | 4,074 | 718 | 475 | 24 | 28 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 56,373 |
| 1999 | 591 | 13,271 | 17,299 | 9,302 | 3,351 | 1,254 | 279 | 233 | 29 | 12 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 45,625 |
| 2000 | 679 | 5,019 | 24,436 | 10,709 | 5,689 | 4,064 | 1,403 | 249 | 32 | 133 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 52,426 |
| 2001 | 822 | 11,579 | 25,971 | 7,735 | 3,512 | 1,677 | 825 | 134 | 25 | 0 | 16 | 7 | 0 | 52,303 |
| 2002 | 1,003 | 12,025 | 24,818 | 14,564 | 4,510 | 3,814 | 2,760 | 228 | 86 | 18 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 63,834 |
| 2003 | 835 | 11,235 | 23,071 | 9,833 | 4,325 | 2,316 | 1,347 | 144 | 27 | 8 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 53,147 |
| 2004 | 933 | 12,224 | 24,793 | 10,949 | 5,960 | 2,766 | 1,541 | 174 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 59,364 |
| 2005 | 1,122 | 13,449 | 22,353 | 11,031 | 10,340 | 8,160 | 4,606 | 179 | 11 | 19 | 7 | 112 | 2 | 71,391 |
| 2006 | 972 | 7,907 | 19,789 | 9,358 | 3,670 | 5,401 | 4,149 | 479 | 164 | 143 | 32 | 0 | 2 | 52,067 |
| 2007 | 1,644 | 6,643 | 18,499 | 8,726 | 4,458 | 2,799 | 2,776 | 601 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 192 | 0 | 46,347 |
| 2008 | 546 | 7,200 | 11,350 | 7,796 | 6,461 | 2,521 | 1,920 | 443 | 31 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 38,282 |
| 2009 | 275 | 7,188 | 20,603 | 5,387 | 445 | 2,682 | 162 | 44 | 13 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 36,811 |
| 2010 | 105 | 4,487 | 13,375 | 7,057 | 3,454 | 1,184 | 3,157 | 935 | 15 | 8 | 1 | 462 | 1 | 34,242 |

Table 7.8.26 Yellowtail snapper head boat total discard (live or dead) proportion at age from atsea sampling measurements of released fish for the Atlantic and Gulf regions. Age-length keys were used to estimate the ages of fish from lengths measured. In 2010, for example, $18.4 \%$ of all the fish released by recreational anglers were age- 1 fish.

|  | Proportion at Age for Total Discards, Head Boat Fleet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ |
| 1981 | 0.6955 | 0.3028 | 0.0017 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1982 | 0.6692 | 0.3300 | 0.0007 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1983 | 0.6594 | 0.3403 | 0.0004 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1984 | 0.6626 | 0.3370 | 0.0005 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1985 | 0.3057 | 0.5021 | 0.1326 | 0.0540 | 0.0027 | 0.0008 | 0.0016 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 |
| 1986 | 0.2244 | 0.4360 | 0.1794 | 0.0796 | 0.0491 | 0.0233 | 0.0057 | 0.0006 | 0.0004 | 0.0001 | 0.0012 | 0.0000 |
| 1987 | 0.2260 | 0.4351 | 0.1795 | 0.0792 | 0.0489 | 0.0232 | 0.0057 | 0.0006 | 0.0004 | 0.0001 | 0.0012 | 0.0000 |
| 1988 | 0.2283 | 0.4355 | 0.1786 | 0.0785 | 0.0482 | 0.0229 | 0.0056 | 0.0006 | 0.0004 | 0.0001 | 0.0012 | 0.0000 |
| 1989 | 0.2372 | 0.4377 | 0.1740 | 0.0754 | 0.0461 | 0.0219 | 0.0054 | 0.0006 | 0.0004 | 0.0001 | 0.0011 | 0.0000 |
| 1990 | 0.2316 | 0.4356 | 0.1774 | 0.0777 | 0.0474 | 0.0225 | 0.0055 | 0.0006 | 0.0004 | 0.0001 | 0.0011 | 0.0000 |
| 1991 | 0.2101 | 0.3352 | 0.2363 | 0.2021 | 0.0059 | 0.0019 | 0.0074 | 0.0008 | 0.0003 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 1992 | 0.2132 | 0.3197 | 0.2614 | 0.1803 | 0.0149 | 0.0009 | 0.0090 | 0.0004 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 1993 | 0.2039 | 0.3250 | 0.2755 | 0.1687 | 0.0063 | 0.0029 | 0.0153 | 0.0022 | 0.0003 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 1994 | 0.2203 | 0.3353 | 0.2416 | 0.1762 | 0.0142 | 0.0013 | 0.0096 | 0.0010 | 0.0004 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 1995 | 0.2073 | 0.2995 | 0.2747 | 0.1837 | 0.0238 | 0.0026 | 0.0071 | 0.0007 | 0.0004 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 1996 | 0.2146 | 0.3829 | 0.1684 | 0.1077 | 0.1007 | 0.0181 | 0.0052 | 0.0016 | 0.0008 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1997 | 0.2153 | 0.3900 | 0.1951 | 0.0952 | 0.0784 | 0.0204 | 0.0044 | 0.0003 | 0.0007 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 |
| 1998 | 0.2143 | 0.3867 | 0.2120 | 0.0974 | 0.0684 | 0.0121 | 0.0080 | 0.0004 | 0.0005 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1999 | 0.3248 | 0.3823 | 0.1900 | 0.0669 | 0.0250 | 0.0056 | 0.0046 | 0.0006 | 0.0003 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 2000 | 0.1280 | 0.4637 | 0.1966 | 0.1041 | 0.0740 | 0.0256 | 0.0046 | 0.0006 | 0.0025 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 2001 | 0.2411 | 0.4973 | 0.1450 | 0.0659 | 0.0316 | 0.0156 | 0.0026 | 0.0005 | 0.0000 | 0.0003 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 |
| 2002 | 0.2059 | 0.3909 | 0.2259 | 0.0700 | 0.0591 | 0.0428 | 0.0036 | 0.0014 | 0.0003 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 2003 | 0.2336 | 0.4395 | 0.1788 | 0.0782 | 0.0419 | 0.0245 | 0.0027 | 0.0005 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 |
| 2004 | 0.2200 | 0.4278 | 0.1808 | 0.0974 | 0.0454 | 0.0253 | 0.0029 | 0.0003 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 |
| 2005 | 0.2157 | 0.3222 | 0.1492 | 0.1381 | 0.1089 | 0.0615 | 0.0024 | 0.0002 | 0.0003 | 0.0001 | 0.0015 | 0.0000 |
| 2006 | 0.1735 | 0.3823 | 0.1775 | 0.0698 | 0.1024 | 0.0788 | 0.0091 | 0.0031 | 0.0027 | 0.0006 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 2007 | 0.2197 | 0.3893 | 0.1747 | 0.0890 | 0.0558 | 0.0554 | 0.0120 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0038 | 0.0000 |
| 2008 | 0.2671 | 0.2938 | 0.1839 | 0.1447 | 0.0564 | 0.0431 | 0.0099 | 0.0007 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 |
| 2009 | 0.2284 | 0.5547 | 0.1342 | 0.0112 | 0.0658 | 0.0040 | 0.0011 | 0.0003 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 |
| 2010 | 0.1841 | 0.4205 | 0.1742 | 0.0831 | 0.0284 | 0.0756 | 0.0224 | 0.0004 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0110 | 0.0000 |

Table 7.8.27 Amount (in metric tons) of yellowtail snapper released by head boat anglers estimated from at-sea sampling measurements of released fish for the Atlantic and Gulf regions at various rates of release mortality.

| Metric Tons Discarded Dead at Various Release Mortality Rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Year | 1 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| 1981 | 2.431 | 2.188 | 1.945 | 1.702 | 1.459 | 1.215 | 0.972 | 0.729 | 0.486 | 0.243 |
| 1982 | 3.991 | 3.591 | 3.192 | 2.793 | 2.394 | 1.995 | 1.596 | 1.197 | 0.798 | 0.399 |
| 1983 | 4.611 | 4.150 | 3.689 | 3.228 | 2.766 | 2.305 | 1.844 | 1.383 | 0.922 | 0.461 |
| 1984 | 3.381 | 3.043 | 2.705 | 2.367 | 2.029 | 1.691 | 1.353 | 1.014 | 0.676 | 0.338 |
| 1985 | 13.316 | 11.984 | 10.652 | 9.321 | 7.989 | 6.658 | 5.326 | 3.995 | 2.663 | 1.332 |
| 1986 | 20.482 | 18.434 | 16.386 | 14.338 | 12.289 | 10.241 | 8.193 | 6.145 | 4.096 | 2.048 |
| 1987 | 23.253 | 20.928 | 18.603 | 16.277 | 13.952 | 11.627 | 9.301 | 6.976 | 4.651 | 2.325 |
| 1988 | 28.144 | 25.329 | 22.515 | 19.701 | 16.886 | 14.072 | 11.257 | 8.443 | 5.629 | 2.814 |
| 1989 | 15.186 | 13.667 | 12.149 | 10.630 | 9.111 | 7.593 | 6.074 | 4.556 | 3.037 | 1.519 |
| 1990 | 20.622 | 18.560 | 16.498 | 14.436 | 12.373 | 10.311 | 8.249 | 6.187 | 4.124 | 2.062 |
| 1991 | 19.763 | 17.787 | 15.811 | 13.834 | 11.858 | 9.882 | 7.905 | 5.929 | 3.953 | 1.976 |
| 1992 | 18.748 | 16.874 | 14.999 | 13.124 | 11.249 | 9.374 | 7.499 | 5.625 | 3.750 | 1.875 |
| 1993 | 20.831 | 18.748 | 16.665 | 14.582 | 12.498 | 10.415 | 8.332 | 6.249 | 4.166 | 2.083 |
| 1994 | 21.448 | 19.303 | 17.159 | 15.014 | 12.869 | 10.724 | 8.579 | 6.434 | 4.290 | 2.145 |
| 1995 | 14.783 | 13.305 | 11.826 | 10.348 | 8.870 | 7.391 | 5.913 | 4.435 | 2.957 | 1.478 |
| 1996 | 13.469 | 12.123 | 10.776 | 9.429 | 8.082 | 6.735 | 5.388 | 4.041 | 2.694 | 1.347 |
| 1997 | 13.477 | 12.129 | 10.781 | 9.434 | 8.086 | 6.738 | 5.391 | 4.043 | 2.695 | 1.348 |
| 1998 | 12.087 | 10.878 | 9.670 | 8.461 | 7.252 | 6.043 | 4.835 | 3.626 | 2.417 | 1.209 |
| 1999 | 10.286 | 9.258 | 8.229 | 7.200 | 6.172 | 5.143 | 4.115 | 3.086 | 2.057 | 1.029 |
| 2000 | 11.121 | 10.008 | 8.896 | 7.784 | 6.672 | 5.560 | 4.448 | 3.336 | 2.224 | 1.112 |
| 2001 | 10.786 | 9.708 | 8.629 | 7.550 | 6.472 | 5.393 | 4.314 | 3.236 | 2.157 | 1.079 |
| 2002 | 13.022 | 11.719 | 10.417 | 9.115 | 7.813 | 6.511 | 5.209 | 3.906 | 2.604 | 1.302 |
| 2003 | 11.190 | 10.071 | 8.952 | 7.833 | 6.714 | 5.595 | 4.476 | 3.357 | 2.238 | 1.119 |
| 2004 | 12.367 | 11.130 | 9.894 | 8.657 | 7.420 | 6.183 | 4.947 | 3.710 | 2.473 | 1.237 |
| 2005 | 15.161 | 13.645 | 12.129 | 10.613 | 9.097 | 7.580 | 6.064 | 4.548 | 3.032 | 1.516 |
| 2006 | 10.642 | 9.578 | 8.514 | 7.450 | 6.385 | 5.321 | 4.257 | 3.193 | 2.128 | 1.064 |
| 2007 | 10.206 | 9.186 | 8.165 | 7.145 | 6.124 | 5.103 | 4.083 | 3.062 | 2.041 | 1.021 |
| 2008 | 9.143 | 8.229 | 7.315 | 6.400 | 5.486 | 4.572 | 3.657 | 2.743 | 1.829 | 0.914 |
| 2009 | 8.312 | 7.480 | 6.649 | 5.818 | 4.987 | 4.156 | 3.325 | 2.493 | 1.662 | 0.831 |
| 2010 | 8.588 | 7.729 | 6.871 | 6.012 | 5.153 | 4.294 | 3.435 | 2.576 | 1.718 | 0.859 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 7.8.28 Proportions at age of released fish for head boat catches (Atlantic and Gulf regions combined). Values are the proportions of released fish (by number) of age-X to the total of fish of age-X caught by head boat anglers each year. For example, in 2010, 91.9\% of all the age-1 fish caught by head boat anglers were released (alive or dead) in South Florida waters.

|  | Proportions at Age (years) of Total Discards |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ |
| 1981 | 0.8576 | 0.0873 | 0.0007 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1982 | 0.8709 | 0.2555 | 0.0003 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1983 | 0.8765 | 0.2503 | 0.0003 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1984 | 0.9057 | 0.1832 | 0.0003 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1985 | 0.9283 | 0.5371 | 0.1625 | 0.0930 | 0.0096 | 0.0048 | 0.0146 | 0.0035 | 0.0015 | 0.0018 | 0.0117 | 0.0031 |
| 1986 | 0.9516 | 0.5776 | 0.2674 | 0.1355 | 0.1322 | 0.0976 | 0.0465 | 0.0078 | 0.0107 | 0.0037 | 0.0602 | 0.0015 |
| 1987 | 0.8766 | 0.5228 | 0.2559 | 0.1470 | 0.1403 | 0.1063 | 0.0517 | 0.0088 | 0.0119 | 0.0043 | 0.0675 | 0.0017 |
| 1988 | 0.9392 | 0.5587 | 0.2305 | 0.1325 | 0.1348 | 0.1052 | 0.0526 | 0.0090 | 0.0123 | 0.0046 | 0.0706 | 0.0019 |
| 1989 | 0.9318 | 0.5888 | 0.2270 | 0.1160 | 0.1219 | 0.0908 | 0.0454 | 0.0076 | 0.0105 | 0.0037 | 0.0609 | 0.0016 |
| 1990 | 0.9676 | 0.6754 | 0.2350 | 0.1185 | 0.1211 | 0.0927 | 0.0418 | 0.0066 | 0.0087 | 0.0029 | 0.0447 | 0.0010 |
| 1991 | 0.9608 | 0.4652 | 0.2897 | 0.2668 | 0.0254 | 0.0108 | 0.0529 | 0.0071 | 0.0047 | 0.0002 | 0.0025 | 0.0000 |
| 1992 | 0.9550 | 0.4002 | 0.2474 | 0.2685 | 0.0890 | 0.0080 | 0.0784 | 0.0056 | 0.0031 | 0.0000 | 0.0028 | 0.0000 |
| 1993 | 0.9822 | 0.5263 | 0.3038 | 0.2767 | 0.0259 | 0.0137 | 0.0989 | 0.0146 | 0.0057 | 0.0000 | 0.0034 | 0.0000 |
| 1994 | 0.9957 | 0.4251 | 0.2311 | 0.2809 | 0.0529 | 0.0089 | 0.0903 | 0.0069 | 0.0079 | 0.0010 | 0.0041 | 0.0000 |
| 1995 | 0.9350 | 0.6922 | 0.2798 | 0.2183 | 0.0755 | 0.0110 | 0.0635 | 0.0089 | 0.0063 | 0.0000 | 0.0042 | 0.0000 |
| 1996 | 0.8713 | 0.6546 | 0.3171 | 0.1940 | 0.1615 | 0.0626 | 0.0377 | 0.0136 | 0.0107 | 0.0036 | 0.0022 | 0.0000 |
| 1997 | 0.9454 | 0.6544 | 0.2302 | 0.1782 | 0.1704 | 0.0626 | 0.0344 | 0.0058 | 0.0134 | 0.0063 | 0.0044 | 0.0069 |
| 1998 | 0.9472 | 0.6172 | 0.2376 | 0.1510 | 0.2150 | 0.0797 | 0.0601 | 0.0072 | 0.0131 | 0.0057 | 0.0022 | 0.0000 |
| 1999 | 0.9101 | 0.4560 | 0.2944 | 0.1229 | 0.0623 | 0.0291 | 0.0434 | 0.0101 | 0.0100 | 0.0071 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 2000 | 0.8316 | 0.5432 | 0.2872 | 0.1817 | 0.2056 | 0.1072 | 0.0393 | 0.0119 | 0.0578 | 0.0077 | 0.0083 | 0.0000 |
| 2001 | 0.9122 | 0.5658 | 0.2046 | 0.1235 | 0.1123 | 0.0763 | 0.0302 | 0.0095 | 0.0000 | 0.0167 | 0.0092 | 0.0006 |
| 2002 | 0.9906 | 0.5594 | 0.2996 | 0.1384 | 0.1313 | 0.1734 | 0.0553 | 0.0348 | 0.0098 | 0.0067 | 0.0063 | 0.0038 |
| 2003 | 0.8525 | 0.6394 | 0.1959 | 0.1242 | 0.1724 | 0.1368 | 0.0308 | 0.0092 | 0.0068 | 0.0000 | 0.0077 | 0.0051 |
| 2004 | 0.9610 | 0.6423 | 0.2182 | 0.1393 | 0.1300 | 0.1417 | 0.0357 | 0.0080 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0077 |
| 2005 | 0.9595 | 0.5016 | 0.1736 | 0.2019 | 0.2670 | 0.3375 | 0.0449 | 0.0084 | 0.0090 | 0.0053 | 0.1953 | 0.0071 |
| 2006 | 0.9846 | 0.7096 | 0.2484 | 0.1223 | 0.2285 | 0.2942 | 0.1170 | 0.0374 | 0.0564 | 0.0137 | 0.0000 | 0.0021 |
| 2007 | 0.9207 | 0.5581 | 0.2384 | 0.1236 | 0.1394 | 0.1571 | 0.2415 | 0.0067 | 0.0000 | 0.0073 | 0.8487 | 0.0013 |
| 2008 | 0.8074 | 0.3604 | 0.2251 | 0.1841 | 0.1724 | 0.2148 | 0.1112 | 0.0115 | 0.0080 | 0.0057 | 0.0072 | 0.0061 |
| 2009 | 0.9462 | 0.4601 | 0.1568 | 0.0326 | 0.1939 | 0.0264 | 0.0122 | 0.0091 | 0.0099 | 0.0026 | 0.0072 | 0.0039 |
| 2010 | 0.9192 | 0.3549 | 0.1623 | 0.1437 | 0.1197 | 0.3720 | 0.2870 | 0.0119 | 0.0109 | 0.0090 | 0.5870 | 0.0042 |

Table 7.8.29 Yellowtail snapper total discards (live or dead) by size class using MRFSS B2 estimates (numbers of fish) and size class measurements from at-sea sampling of released fish by head boat anglers for the Atlantic region.

| TL inch class |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | totals |
| 1981 | 0 | 0 | 752 | 3008 | 21056 | 49631 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 74447 |
| 1982 | 0 | 0 | 803 | 3213 | 22491 | 53015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 79522 |
| 1983 | 0 | 0 | 450 | 1798 | 12589 | 29673 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44510 |
| 1984 | 0 | 0 | 450 | 1801 | 12609 | 29722 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44583 |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 108 | 433 | 3029 | 7139 | 14603 | 18714 | 3245 | 433 | 216 | 216 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 48136 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 341 | 1365 | 9554 | 22519 | 46062 | 59028 | 10236 | 1365 | 682 | 682 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 151835 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 340 | 1360 | 9519 | 22438 | 45897 | 58816 | 10199 | 1360 | 680 | 680 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 151289 |
| 1988 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 109 | 764 | 1802 | 3686 | 4723 | 819 | 109 | 55 | 55 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12150 |
| 1989 | 0 | 0 | 139 | 557 | 3898 | 9187 | 18792 | 24082 | 4176 | 557 | 278 | 278 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 61944 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 340 | 1359 | 9513 | 22424 | 45867 | 58778 | 10193 | 1359 | 680 | 680 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 151192 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 402 | 1608 | 11256 | 26532 | 54270 | 69546 | 12060 | 1608 | 804 | 804 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 178890 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 | 918 | 3670 | 25691 | 60557 | 123866 | 158732 | 27526 | 3670 | 1835 | 1835 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 408298 |
| 1993 | 0 | 0 | 573 | 2293 | 16053 | 37840 | 77401 | 99187 | 17200 | 2293 | 1147 | 1147 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 255135 |
| 1994 | 0 | 0 | 358 | 1432 | 10021 | 23620 | 48315 | 61914 | 10737 | 1432 | 716 | 716 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 159259 |
| 1995 | 0 | 0 | 552 | 2207 | 15449 | 36414 | 74484 | 95450 | 16552 | 2207 | 1103 | 1103 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 245521 |
| 1996 | 0 | 0 | 388 | 1553 | 10872 | 25626 | 52417 | 67171 | 11648 | 1553 | 777 | 777 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 172782 |
| 1997 | 0 | 0 | 261 | 1046 | 7319 | 17253 | 35290 | 45223 | 7842 | 1046 | 523 | 523 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 116325 |
| 1998 | 0 | 0 | 293 | 1173 | 8209 | 19350 | 39579 | 50720 | 8795 | 1173 | 586 | 586 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 130464 |
| 1999 | 0 | 0 | 435 | 1741 | 12190 | 28733 | 58773 | 75316 | 13061 | 1741 | 871 | 871 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 193733 |
| 2000 | 0 | 0 | 449 | 1796 | 12570 | 29630 | 60606 | 77665 | 13468 | 1796 | 898 | 898 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 199775 |
| 2001 | 0 | 0 | 308 | 1232 | 8624 | 20328 | 41579 | 53283 | 9240 | 1232 | 616 | 616 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 137057 |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 296 | 1185 | 8292 | 19546 | 39981 | 51235 | 8885 | 1185 | 592 | 592 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 131790 |
| 2003 | 0 | 0 | 369 | 1478 | 10344 | 24383 | 49874 | 63912 | 11083 | 1478 | 739 | 739 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 164398 |
| 2004 | 0 | 0 | 572 | 2286 | 16002 | 37719 | 77153 | 98870 | 17145 | 2286 | 1143 | 1143 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 254320 |
| 2005 | 0 | 0 | 581 | 2325 | 16272 | 38355 | 78454 | 100537 | 17434 | 2325 | 1162 | 1162 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 258606 |
| 2006 | 0 | 0 | 775 | 3101 | 21707 | 51166 | 104657 | 134117 | 23257 | 3101 | 1550 | 1550 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 344982 |
| 2007 | 0 | 0 | 904 | 3615 | 25307 | 59652 | 122016 | 156361 | 27115 | 3615 | 1808 | 1808 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 402201 |
| 2008 | 0 | 0 | 717 | 2870 | 20087 | 47348 | 96848 | 124109 | 21522 | 2870 | 1435 | 1435 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 319239 |
| 2009 | 0 | 0 | 499 | 1994 | 13958 | 32902 | 67299 | 86242 | 14955 | 1994 | 997 | 997 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 221836 |
| 2010 | 0 | 0 | 265 | 1060 | 7423 | 17497 | 35788 | 45862 | 7953 | 1060 | 530 | 530 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 117969 |

Table 7.8.30 Yellowtail snapper total discards (live or dead) by size class using MRFSS B2 estimates (numbers of fish) and size class measurements from at-sea sampling of released fish by head boat anglers for the Gulf region.

| Gulf <br> Year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { inchTL } \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 0 | 1088 | 1555 | 9638 | 34978 | 64359 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 111618 |
| 1982 | 0 | 2333 | 3333 | 20663 | 74985 | 137973 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 239287 |
| 1983 | 0 | 1663 | 2376 | 14734 | 53469 | 98383 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 170626 |
| 1984 | 0 | 8669 | 12384 | 76780 | 278636 | 512689 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 889157 |
| 1985 | 0 | 314 | 449 | 2782 | 10095 | 18574 | 25035 | 24497 | 7403 | 1122 | 538 | 269 | 135 | 0 | 45 | 91257 |
| 1986 | 0 | 433 | 619 | 3839 | 13931 | 25633 | 34548 | 33805 | 10216 | 1548 | 743 | 371 | 186 | 0 | 62 | 125934 |
| 1987 | 0 | 2045 | 2921 | 18112 | 65729 | 120941 | 163008 | 159502 | 48201 | 7303 | 3506 | 1753 | 876 | 0 | 292 | 594189 |
| 1988 | 0 | 1449 | 2070 | 12836 | 46582 | 85711 | 115524 | 113040 | 34160 | 5176 | 2484 | 1242 | 621 | 0 | 207 | 421104 |
| 1989 | 0 | 2299 | 3285 | 20365 | 73906 | 135986 | 183286 | 179344 | 54197 | 8212 | 3942 | 1971 | 985 | 0 | 328 | 668107 |
| 1990 | 0 | 1471 | 2102 | 13031 | 47290 | 87014 | 117280 | 114757 | 34679 | 5254 | 2522 | 1261 | 631 | 0 | 210 | 427503 |
| 1991 | 0 | 10413 | 14876 | 92232 | 334715 | 615875 | 830092 | 812241 | 245457 | 37191 | 17851 | 8926 | 4463 | 0 | 1488 | 3025821 |
| 1992 | 0 | 2462 | 3517 | 21803 | 79124 | 145589 | 196228 | 192008 | 58024 | 8792 | 4220 | 2110 | 1055 | 0 | 352 | 715283 |
| 1993 | 0 | 3951 | 5645 | 34999 | 127012 | 233702 | 314989 | 308215 | 93142 | 14112 | 6774 | 3387 | 1693 | 0 | 564 | 1148186 |
| 1994 | 0 | 2131 | 3045 | 18876 | 68502 | 126043 | 169884 | 166231 | 50235 | 7611 | 3653 | 1827 | 913 | 0 | 304 | 619256 |
| 1995 | 0 | 2330 | 3329 | 20638 | 74897 | 137811 | 185745 | 181750 | 54924 | 8322 | 3995 | 1997 | 999 | 0 | 333 | 677069 |
| 1996 | 0 | 2045 | 2922 | 18114 | 65735 | 120953 | 163024 | 159518 | 48206 | 7304 | 3506 | 1753 | 876 | 0 | 292 | 594248 |
| 1997 | 0 | 3409 | 4870 | 30191 | 109565 | 201600 | 271722 | 265879 | 80348 | 12174 | 5843 | 2922 | 1461 | 0 | 487 | 990471 |
| 1998 | 0 | 1863 | 2661 | 16500 | 59879 | 110178 | 148500 | 145307 | 43911 | 6653 | 3194 | 1597 | 798 | 0 | 266 | 541308 |
| 1999 | 0 | 1122 | 1602 | 9934 | 36052 | 66336 | 89409 | 87486 | 26438 | 4006 | 1923 | 961 | 481 | 0 | 160 | 325911 |
| 2000 | 0 | 800 | 1142 | 7082 | 25701 | 47290 | 63739 | 62368 | 18847 | 2856 | 1371 | 685 | 343 | 0 | 114 | 232338 |
| 2001 | 0 | 763 | 1090 | 6760 | 24533 | 45140 | 60841 | 59532 | 17991 | 2726 | 1308 | 654 | 327 | 0 | 109 | 221774 |
| 2002 | 0 | 695 | 992 | 6153 | 22330 | 41088 | 55379 | 54188 | 16375 | 2481 | 1191 | 595 | 298 | 0 | 99 | 201865 |
| 2003 | 0 | 1069 | 1528 | 9472 | 34376 | 63251 | 85252 | 83419 | 25209 | 3820 | 1833 | 917 | 458 | 0 | 153 | 310757 |
| 2004 | 0 | 904 | 1292 | 8009 | 29066 | 53481 | 72084 | 70533 | 21315 | 3230 | 1550 | 775 | 388 | 0 | 129 | 262756 |
| 2005 | 0 | 666 | 952 | 5900 | 21412 | 39399 | 53102 | 51960 | 15702 | 2379 | 1142 | 571 | 285 | 0 | 95 | 193567 |
| 2006 | 0 | 1168 | 1669 | 10349 | 37558 | 69107 | 93144 | 91141 | 27543 | 4173 | 2003 | 1002 | 501 | 0 | 167 | 339526 |
| 2007 | 0 | 1378 | 1969 | 12207 | 44301 | 81514 | 109867 | 107505 | 32488 | 4922 | 2363 | 1181 | 591 | 0 | 197 | 400484 |
| 2008 | 0 | 1509 | 2155 | 13361 | 48488 | 89218 | 120250 | 117664 | 35558 | 5388 | 2586 | 1293 | 647 | 0 | 216 | 438332 |
| 2009 | 0 | 606 | 865 | 5365 | 19472 | 35828 | 48289 | 47251 | 14279 | 2164 | 1038 | 519 | 260 | 0 | 87 | 176023 |
| 2010 | 0 | 644 | 919 | 5701 | 20688 | 38067 | 51307 | 50204 | 15172 | 2299 | 1103 | 552 | 276 | 0 | 92 | 187024 |

Table 7.8.31 Yellowtail snapper total discards (live or dead) by age class using MRFSS B2 estimates (numbers of fish), size class measurements from at-sea sampling of released fish by head boat anglers, and age-length key conversions for the Atlantic region.

| Age (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ | Total |
| 1981 | 2000 | 62841 | 9007 | 598 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 74447 |
| 1982 | 2137 | 67125 | 9621 | 639 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 79522 |
| 1983 | 1196 | 37571 | 5385 | 358 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44510 |
| 1984 | 1198 | 37633 | 5394 | 358 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44583 |
| 1985 | 288 | 30168 | 15467 | 1112 | 1101 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 48136 |
| 1986 | 908 | 65005 | 78245 | 7525 | 152 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 151835 |
| 1987 | 904 | 66228 | 75168 | 8988 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 151289 |
| 1988 | 73 | 5137 | 5961 | 879 | 89 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12150 |
| 1989 | 370 | 26190 | 30390 | 4484 | 456 | 47 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 61944 |
| 1990 | 904 | 63274 | 72723 | 12140 | 1889 | 228 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 151192 |
| 1991 | 1069 | 84145 | 64446 | 16629 | 917 | 31 | 19 | 11610 | 19 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 178891 |
| 1992 | 2441 | 192053 | 148497 | 37320 | 1534 | 0 | 0 | 26456 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 408301 |
| 1993 | 1525 | 119356 | 94415 | 21405 | 1667 | 79 | 79 | 16611 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 255137 |
| 1994 | 952 | 74504 | 57191 | 15301 | 823 | 30 | 16 | 10336 | 92 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 159260 |
| 1995 | 1468 | 115987 | 87328 | 23635 | 1175 | 21 | 0 | 15909 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 245523 |
| 1996 | 1068 | 91420 | 62415 | 15994 | 1715 | 157 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 172782 |
| 1997 | 719 | 54096 | 42499 | 17400 | 1312 | 163 | 104 | 19 | 6 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 116325 |
| 1998 | 806 | 81966 | 29391 | 16850 | 1349 | 80 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 130464 |
| 1999 | 1197 | 98641 | 80196 | 12529 | 1100 | 52 | 13 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 193733 |
| 2000 | 1235 | 109561 | 78334 | 7387 | 2282 | 358 | 42 | 272 | 174 | 111 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 199775 |
| 2001 | 819 | 59231 | 74572 | 1130 | 486 | 515 | 248 | 19 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 137057 |
| 2002 | 788 | 47220 | 78750 | 4637 | 213 | 118 | 50 | 12 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 131791 |
| 2003 | 983 | 63945 | 94615 | 4779 | 77 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 164399 |
| 2004 | 1520 | 34914 | 198706 | 18346 | 440 | 253 | 102 | 38 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 254320 |
| 2005 | 1546 | 115976 | 129808 | 10883 | 340 | 34 | 14 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 258607 |
| 2006 | 2062 | 142354 | 195025 | 4736 | 794 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 344981 |
| 2007 | 2404 | 284537 | 107936 | 6355 | 932 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 402202 |
| 2008 | 1908 | 206176 | 88522 | 21699 | 881 | 22 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 319240 |
| 2009 | 1326 | 101415 | 112971 | 5519 | 591 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 221837 |
| 2010 | 705 | 47701 | 65551 | 3762 | 250 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 117969 |

Table 7.8.32 Yellowtail snapper total discards (live or dead) by age class using MRFSS B2 estimates (numbers of fish), size class measurements from at-sea sampling of released fish by head boat anglers, and age-length key conversions for the Gulf region.

| Age (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ | Totals |
| 1981 | 4962 | 67559 | 39097 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 111618 |
| 1982 | 10637 | 144834 | 83816 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 239287 |
| 1983 | 7585 | 103275 | 59766 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 170626 |
| 1984 | 39525 | 538182 | 311450 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 889157 |
| 1985 | 1432 | 23969 | 47196 | 12952 | 5166 | 259 | 72 | 160 | 22 | 3 | 3 | 20 | 4 | 91257 |
| 1986 | 1976 | 24567 | 54303 | 23655 | 10656 | 6578 | 3120 | 765 | 79 | 59 | 11 | 159 | 6 | 125934 |
| 1987 | 9324 | 115912 | 256216 | 111610 | 50278 | 31036 | 14719 | 3607 | 374 | 279 | 54 | 751 | 29 | 594188 |
| 1988 | 6608 | 82147 | 181581 | 79098 | 35632 | 21995 | 10431 | 2557 | 265 | 198 | 38 | 532 | 21 | 421104 |
| 1989 | 10484 | 130332 | 288089 | 125494 | 56532 | 34897 | 16550 | 4056 | 421 | 314 | 60 | 845 | 33 | 668106 |
| 1990 | 6708 | 83395 | 184340 | 80300 | 36174 | 22329 | 10590 | 2595 | 269 | 201 | 39 | 541 | 21 | 427503 |
| 1991 | 47480 | 490085 | 1005206 | 766839 | 684890 | 19858 | 6348 | 1285 | 2699 | 882 | 0 | 248 | 0 | 3025821 |
| 1992 | 11224 | 115853 | 224455 | 203138 | 146105 | 12159 | 773 | 1075 | 355 | 88 | 0 | 59 | 0 | 715283 |
| 1993 | 18017 | 185969 | 368067 | 337558 | 211879 | 7824 | 3561 | 12130 | 2752 | 335 | 0 | 94 | 0 | 1148186 |
| 1994 | 9717 | 100299 | 205271 | 164603 | 127146 | 10180 | 861 | 215 | 609 | 304 | 0 | 51 | 0 | 619256 |
| 1995 | 10624 | 109663 | 198593 | 199116 | 137847 | 17917 | 1945 | 529 | 514 | 265 | 0 | 55 | 0 | 677069 |
| 1996 | 7681 | 105593 | 228309 | 103481 | 68398 | 64402 | 11501 | 3331 | 1032 | 480 | 25 | 16 | 0 | 594247 |
| 1997 | 12803 | 178361 | 388086 | 197441 | 101568 | 84390 | 21847 | 4637 | 319 | 749 | 77 | 96 | 96 | 990469 |
| 1998 | 6997 | 96186 | 214014 | 117480 | 55441 | 39109 | 6912 | 4565 | 235 | 273 | 80 | 17 | 0 | 541307 |
| 1999 | 4213 | 94905 | 123552 | 66359 | 23926 | 8974 | 1999 | 1661 | 212 | 86 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 325910 |
| 2000 | 3003 | 22245 | 108376 | 47416 | 25198 | 17987 | 6217 | 1102 | 145 | 589 | 29 | 29 | 0 | 232338 |
| 2001 | 3480 | 49127 | 110108 | 32769 | 14888 | 7113 | 3508 | 571 | 108 | 0 | 68 | 32 | 0 | 221773 |
| 2002 | 3168 | 38068 | 78508 | 46006 | 14258 | 12052 | 8723 | 725 | 273 | 56 | 19 | 4 | 6 | 201865 |
| 2003 | 4876 | 65738 | 134927 | 57437 | 25258 | 13535 | 7882 | 849 | 161 | 47 | 0 | 28 | 21 | 310758 |
| 2004 | 4123 | 54151 | 109771 | 48408 | 26352 | 12249 | 6825 | 774 | 78 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 262757 |
| 2005 | 3037 | 36503 | 60664 | 29884 | 28009 | 22097 | 12472 | 488 | 31 | 53 | 19 | 302 | 6 | 193567 |
| 2006 | 6330 | 51619 | 129092 | 60955 | 23935 | 35190 | 27048 | 3130 | 1073 | 930 | 210 | 0 | 13 | 339525 |
| 2007 | 14230 | 57430 | 159885 | 75311 | 38514 | 24184 | 24000 | 5195 | 59 | 0 | 22 | 1653 | 0 | 400484 |
| 2008 | 6233 | 82570 | 130014 | 89156 | 73898 | 28858 | 22009 | 5073 | 353 | 69 | 19 | 34 | 45 | 438332 |
| 2009 | 1294 | 34422 | 98522 | 25724 | 2126 | 12825 | 778 | 211 | 62 | 36 | 3 | 8 | 12 | 176022 |
| 2010 | 548 | 24536 | 73081 | 38499 | 18874 | 6471 | 17249 | 5107 | 83 | 44 | 7 | 2518 | 6 | 187024 |

Table 7.8.33 Yellowtail snapper MRFSS total discard (live or dead) proportion at age from at-sea sampling measurements of released fish for the Atlantic and Gulf regions. Age-length keys were used to estimate the ages of fish from lengths measured. In 2010, for example, $24.1 \%$ of all the fish released by recreational anglers were age- 1 fish.

| Proportion at Age for Total Discards |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ |
| 1981 | 0.7383 | 0.2585 | 0.0032 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1982 | 0.7049 | 0.2931 | 0.0020 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1983 | 0.6955 | 0.3028 | 0.0017 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1984 | 0.6603 | 0.3393 | 0.0004 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1985 | 0.4007 | 0.4495 | 0.1009 | 0.0450 | 0.0019 | 0.0005 | 0.0011 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 1986 | 0.3329 | 0.4772 | 0.1123 | 0.0389 | 0.0237 | 0.0112 | 0.0028 | 0.0003 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0006 | 0.0000 |
| 1987 | 0.2580 | 0.4445 | 0.1618 | 0.0674 | 0.0416 | 0.0197 | 0.0048 | 0.0005 | 0.0004 | 0.0001 | 0.0010 | 0.0000 |
| 1988 | 0.2169 | 0.4329 | 0.1846 | 0.0824 | 0.0508 | 0.0241 | 0.0059 | 0.0006 | 0.0005 | 0.0001 | 0.0012 | 0.0000 |
| 1989 | 0.2293 | 0.4362 | 0.1780 | 0.0781 | 0.0479 | 0.0227 | 0.0056 | 0.0006 | 0.0004 | 0.0001 | 0.0012 | 0.0000 |
| 1990 | 0.2666 | 0.4442 | 0.1597 | 0.0658 | 0.0390 | 0.0184 | 0.0045 | 0.0005 | 0.0003 | 0.0001 | 0.0009 | 0.0000 |
| 1991 | 0.1943 | 0.3338 | 0.2445 | 0.2140 | 0.0062 | 0.0020 | 0.0040 | 0.0008 | 0.0003 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 1992 | 0.2862 | 0.3319 | 0.2140 | 0.1314 | 0.0108 | 0.0007 | 0.0245 | 0.0003 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 1993 | 0.2315 | 0.3296 | 0.2558 | 0.1522 | 0.0056 | 0.0026 | 0.0205 | 0.0020 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 1994 | 0.2382 | 0.3371 | 0.2311 | 0.1644 | 0.0131 | 0.0011 | 0.0136 | 0.0009 | 0.0004 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 1995 | 0.2577 | 0.3099 | 0.2414 | 0.1507 | 0.0194 | 0.0021 | 0.0178 | 0.0006 | 0.0003 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 1996 | 0.2683 | 0.3790 | 0.1558 | 0.0914 | 0.0842 | 0.0150 | 0.0043 | 0.0013 | 0.0006 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1997 | 0.2222 | 0.3890 | 0.1941 | 0.0930 | 0.0764 | 0.0198 | 0.0042 | 0.0003 | 0.0007 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 |
| 1998 | 0.2768 | 0.3623 | 0.2000 | 0.0845 | 0.0583 | 0.0103 | 0.0068 | 0.0003 | 0.0004 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1999 | 0.3829 | 0.3921 | 0.1518 | 0.0482 | 0.0174 | 0.0039 | 0.0032 | 0.0004 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 2000 | 0.3148 | 0.4321 | 0.1268 | 0.0636 | 0.0425 | 0.0145 | 0.0032 | 0.0007 | 0.0016 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 2001 | 0.3140 | 0.5147 | 0.0945 | 0.0428 | 0.0213 | 0.0105 | 0.0016 | 0.0004 | 0.0000 | 0.0002 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 2002 | 0.2675 | 0.4713 | 0.1518 | 0.0434 | 0.0365 | 0.0263 | 0.0022 | 0.0008 | 0.0002 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 2003 | 0.2853 | 0.4831 | 0.1309 | 0.0533 | 0.0285 | 0.0166 | 0.0018 | 0.0003 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 2004 | 0.1832 | 0.5966 | 0.1291 | 0.0518 | 0.0242 | 0.0134 | 0.0016 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 |
| 2005 | 0.3473 | 0.4212 | 0.0902 | 0.0627 | 0.0489 | 0.0276 | 0.0011 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0007 | 0.0000 |
| 2006 | 0.2956 | 0.4735 | 0.0960 | 0.0361 | 0.0514 | 0.0395 | 0.0046 | 0.0016 | 0.0014 | 0.0003 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 2007 | 0.4468 | 0.3337 | 0.1017 | 0.0491 | 0.0302 | 0.0299 | 0.0065 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0021 | 0.0000 |
| 2008 | 0.3919 | 0.2885 | 0.1463 | 0.0987 | 0.0381 | 0.0291 | 0.0067 | 0.0005 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 |
| 2009 | 0.3480 | 0.5316 | 0.0785 | 0.0068 | 0.0323 | 0.0020 | 0.0005 | 0.0002 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 2010 | 0.2410 | 0.4545 | 0.1386 | 0.0627 | 0.0212 | 0.0566 | 0.0167 | 0.0003 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0083 | 0.0000 |

Table 7.8.34 Amount (in metric tons) of yellowtail snapper released by saltwater anglers using the MRFSS data and estimated from at-sea sampling measurements of released fish for the Atlantic and Gulf regions at various rates of release mortality.

|  | Metric Tons Discarded Dead at Various Release Mortality Rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 1 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| 81 | 73 | . 936 | . 499 | 7.061 | 4.624 | 2.187 | 9.749 | 7.312 | . 875 | 2.437 |
| 1982 | 41.490 | 37.341 | 33.192 | 29.043 | 4.89 | 0.745 | 16.596 | 12. | 8.298 | 4.149 |
| 1983 | 27 | 25.152 | 22.35 | 9663 | 6.768 | 3.973 | 11.179 |  | 5.589 | 2.795 |
|  | 120 | 108.409 |  | 崖.318 | 2.272 | 0.227 | 8.182 | 36.136 | 1 | 12.045 |
|  | 28.273 | 25.446 | 22.61 | 9.791 | 6.96 | 4.136 | 1.309 |  | . 655 |  |
|  | . 05 | 51.351 | 45.6 | 39.940 | 4.23 | 8.529 | 2.823 | 7.11 | 1.411 |  |
|  | 149.84 | 13 | 119 | 104.88 | 9.905 | 4.92 | 9.937 | 4.953 | 9.96 | . 984 |
|  | 86.112 | . 5 | 68.890 | 60.27 | 1.66 | 3.05 | 4.44 | 5.83 | 7.22 |  |
| 1989 | 145. | 131.07 | 6.5 | 101.94 | 87.381 | 72.817 | 58.254 | 43.690 | 29.127 | 14.563 |
| 1990 | 116 | 105.07 | 93.401 | 81.7 | 70.051 | 58.3 | 46.701 | 35.025 | 23.350 | 11.675 |
| 1991 | 638.10 | 574.290 | 0.4 | 446.6 | 382.8 | 319.05 | 255.240 | 191.43 | 127.62 | 63.810 |
| 92 | 28.156 | 205.340 | 82.52 | 159.709 | 36.89 | 114.07 | 91.26 | 68.44 | 45.63 | 22.8 |
| 1993 | 281.689 | 253.520 | 225.35 | 197.182 | 169.01 | 140.84 | 112.676 | 84.50 | 56.33 | 28.16 |
| 1994 | 156.499 | 140.849 | 125.19 | 109.549 | 3.89 | 78.25 | 62.60 | 46.95 | 1.30 | 5.6 |
| 1995 | 186.190 | 167.571 | 48.95 | 33 | 111 | 3.09 | 4.476 | 55.857 | 7.23 | 18.619 |
| 1996 | 154.394 | 138.954 | 123.515 | 108.076 | 92.636 | 77.197 | 61.758 | 46.318 | 30.879 | 15.439 |
| 1997 | 221.077 | 198.970 | 176.862 | 154.75 | 132.646 | 110 | 8.431 | 66.323 | 44.215 | 22, |
|  | 134.952 | 121.456 | 107.961 | 94.466 | 80.971 | 67.476 | 3.981 | 0.485 | 6.990 |  |
|  | 10 | 95.024 | 84.46 | 73.907 | 3 3 | 2.791 | 2.23 | 31.675 |  | 10.558 |
|  | 88.294 | 79.464 | 70.635 | 1.806 | 52.976 | 44.147 | 35.318 | 26.488 |  |  |
|  | 72.95 | . 65 |  | 1.06 | 3.770 | 6.4 | 29.18 | 21.88 | 4.590 | 7.295 |
| 02 | 7.888 | . 099 | 5.310 | 7.521 | 40.73 | 33.94 | 27.15 | 2.366 | 13.578 | 6.78 |
| 硅 | 96.38 | 61.742 | 7.10 | 7.466 | 7.82 | 48.190 | 38.55 | 28.914 | 19.276 | 9.6 |
| 2004 | 105.850 | . 265 | 4.68 | 4.095 | 63.510 | 2.92 | 2.340 | 31.755 | 1.170 | 0.5 |
|  | . 029 | 83.726 | 74.423 | 5.120 | 5.81 | 4.51 | 7.212 | 27.909 | 8.606 | 903 |
| 06 | 140.232 | 126.208 | 12.185 | 98.162 | 4.139 | 0.116 | 6.093 | 42.069 | 8.046 | 1.02 |
| 07 | 164.413 | 147.971 | 31.530 | 115.089 | 8.648 | 2.206 | 5.765 | 4.324 | 32.883 | 16.44 |
| 08 | 154.397 | 138.957 | 123.518 | 108.078 | . 638 | 7.199 | 1.759 | 6.319 | 3.879 | 15.440 |
| 2009 | 81.781 | 73.603 | . 425 | 247 | 49.069 | . 891 | 2.712 | 24.534 | 6.356 | . 178 |
| 2010 | 62. |  |  | 43.417 | 37.214 | 31.012 | 24.809 | 18.6 | 12.405 |  |

Table 7.8.35 Proportions at age of released fish for catches by recreational (MRFSS) anglers (Atlantic and Gulf regions combined). Values are the proportions of released fish (by number) of age- X to the total of fish of age- X caught by head boat anglers each year. For example, in 2010, $97.4 \%$ of all the age-1 fish caught by recreational (MRFSS) anglers were released (alive or dead) in South Florida waters.

Proportions at Age (years) of Total Discards

| 这 |  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 81 | 0.3622 | 0.0746 | 0.0019 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1982 | 0.5190 | 88 | 0.0019 | 00 | 00 | 0.0000 | 000 | 000 | .0000 | 000 | 000 | 0.0000 |
| 83 | 0.8354 | 0.3351 | 0.0025 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | . 000 |
| 84 | 0.7817 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0 | 000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 00 | 0 | 0.0000 |
|  | 0. | 0. | 0.0667 | 0.0524 | 0.0030 | 0.0013 | 0.0037 | 0.0009 | 0.0002 | 0.0005 | 0.0022 |  |
| 886 | 0. | 0.7497 | 0.4569 | 0.1326 | . 1500 | 0.0902 | 0.0317 | 0.0035 | 0.003 | 0.0011 | 0.015 | 0.0003 |
| 987 | 0.9603 | 0.8 | 0.5570 | 0.3362 | 0.3136 | 0.2395 | 0.1183 | . 0 | 0.0 | 0.0075 | 0.1088 | 0.0021 |
| 988 | 0.9 | 0.7881 | 0.4602 | 0.2225 | 0.2527 | 0.1 | 0.0856 | 0.0127 | 0.013 | 0.0048 | 0.065 | 0.0011 |
| 899 | 0.9616 | 0.8514 | 0.5237 | 0.3013 | . 2574 | 0.1807 | 0.0706 | 0.0093 | 0.0104 | 0.0033 | 0.046 | . 0008 |
| 90 | 0.9468 | 0.7649 | 0.324 | 0.1487 | 0.1401 | 0.1075 | 0.057 | 0.010 | 0.0136 | 0.0056 | 0.089 | 0020 |
|  | 0.9928 | 0.9416 | 0.8 | 0.7655 | . 1419 | 0.067 | 0.1179 | .028 | 0.019 | 0.0002 | 0.006 | 000 |
| 1992 | 0.99 | 0.7915 | . 6 | 0.605 | 0.2410 | . 0 | 0.3894 | . 0 | 0.0061 | 0.0000 | . 005 | 0.0000 |
| 93 | 0.9786 | 35 |  | 0.6156 |  | 0.073 |  | . 0 | 0.03 | . 0000 | . 02 |  |
| 1994 | 0.9867 |  |  |  | 0.1554 | 0.02 | 0.2930 | 0.0202 | 0.02 | 0.0031 | 0.0090 | 0000 |
| 95 | 0.9822 | 0.9322 | 0.7006 | 0.5392 | 0.2272 | 0.039 | 0.3682 | 0.0230 | 0.0180 | 0.0000 | 0.0102 | 0.0000 |
| 96 | 0.9771 | 0.8509 | 0.7141 | 0.5738 | 0.5288 | 0.210 | 0.1538 | . 0481 | 0.0434 | 0.0070 | 0.006 | 0000 |
| 1997 | 0.9917 | 0.916 | . 67 | 0.6106 | 0.5 | 0.29 | 0.1689 | 0.030 | 0.074 | 0.0362 | 0.017 | 0175 |
| 998 | 0.9823 | 0.8187 | 0.5431 | 0.415 | 0.5180 | 0.248 | 0.2061 | 0.024 | 0.035 | 0.0178 | 0.004 | . 000 |
| 99 | 0.9737 | 0.7816 | 0.6293 | 0.3112 | 0.1612 | 0.075 | 0.1126 | 0.0205 | 0.0185 | 0.0131 | 0.000 | - |
| 00 | 0.9732 | 0.7363 | 0.5095 | 0.4084 | 0.3904 | 0.2397 | 0.1096 | 0.0440 | 0.0918 | 0.0175 | 0.0095 | 0.0000 |
| 01 | 0.9608 | 0.7638 | 0.4649 | 0.3137 |  | 0.1905 | 0.0648 | 0.0278 | 0.0000 | 0.0527 | 0.015 | . 01 |
| 2 | 0.9621 | 0.7078 | 0.4182 | . 248 | 80 | 0.289 | . 0833 | . 041 | . 0144 | 0.0086 | 0.0029 | . 0020 |
| 价 | 0.8909 | 0.7 | . | 0.2522 | 0.3121 | 0.22 | 0.044 | 0.015 | 0.0070 | 0.0000 | . 011 | . 0036 |
| 4 | 0.9264 | 0.6715 | 0.3632 | 0.2198 | . 1805 | 0.195 | 0.0412 | 0.007 | 0.0000 | . 0000 | 0.0000 | . 0059 |
| 05 | 0.8419 | 0.5362 | 0.2040 | 0.3658 | 0.4764 | 0.5158 | 0.0648 | 0.0170 | 0.0177 | 0.0106 | 0.3983 | 0.0081 |
| 006 | 0.9624 | 0.5511 | 0.4006 | 0.2863 | 0.5109 | 0.5768 | 0.3068 | 0.1142 | 0.1463 | 0.0372 | 0.0000 | 0.0052 |
| 007 | 0.9297 | 0.5349 | 0.2935 | 0.2930 | . 3233 | 0.3835 | 0.3289 | . 0082 | 0.0000 | 0.0067 | 0.5087 | 0.0063 |
| 2008 | 0.9111 | 0.5835 | 0.4550 | 0.3686 | 0.3401 | 0.4000 | 0.2292 | 0.0221 | 0.0113 | 0.0068 | 0.0080 | 0.0087 |
| 009 | 0.9781 | 0.6935 | 0.2495 | 0.0710 | 0.3815 | 0.0719 | 0.0362 | 0.0257 | 0.0280 | 0.0056 | 0.0206 | 0.0099 |
| 2010 | 0.974 | 0.5 | 0.28 | 0.2 | 0.2123 | 0.5175 | 0.4252 | 0.0182 | 0.018 | 0.0088 | 0.668 | 0.0 |

Table 7.8.36 Head boat fishing effort in angler days for southeast Florida (area 11), and the Florida Keys including the Dry Tortugas (areas 12, 17, and 18).

| Year | FL Keys | SE FL |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1981 | 71,709 | 154,747 |
| 1982 | 71,614 | 154,558 |
| 1983 | 64,721 | 129,643 |
| 1984 | 71,314 | 122,446 |
| 1985 | 67,227 | 119,169 |
| 1986 | 76,218 | 128,513 |
| 1987 | 82,174 | 136,723 |
| 1988 | 76,641 | 115,978 |
| 1989 | 81,586 | 132,944 |
| 1990 | 81,182 | 147,006 |
| 1991 | 68,468 | 127,765 |
| 1992 | 68,002 | 107,043 |
| 1993 | 74,698 | 91,020 |
| 1994 | 64,656 | 113,326 |
| 1995 | 57,613 | 94,293 |
| 1996 | 58,821 | 93,797 |
| 1997 | 56,059 | 64,450 |
| 1998 | 49,605 | 53,946 |
| 1999 | 41,781 | 65,261 |
| 2000 | 46,228 | 76,250 |
| 2001 | 45,888 | 62,271 |
| 2002 | 47,904 | 54,731 |
| 2003 | 42,544 | 49,672 |
| 2004 | 48,319 | 74,838 |
| 2005 | 50,785 | 72,515 |
| 2006 | 52,678 | 73,936 |
| 2007 | 36,431 | 69,981 |
| 2008 | 31,345 | 40,949 |
| 2009 | 32,241 | 38,881 |
| 2010 | 28,835 | 42,462 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

### 7.9 FIGURES

Figure 7.9.1 Survey areas defined by the NMFS Southeast Head Boat Survey.


Figure 7.9.2 A comparison of landings in whole weight (mt) between the HBS estimates and estimates from length-frequency composition in the landings and the estimated weight at length.


Figure 7.9.3 Annual recreational saltwater harvest (in numbers of fish) estimates by the MRFSS for yellowtail snapper in West Florida (Monroe County and Gulf Coast of Florida), East Florida (Miami-Dade to Nassau County), and other states in the southeastern US.


Figure 7.9.4 Annual numbers of yellowtail snapper released alive by recreational saltwater anglers estimated by the MRFSS in West Florida (Monroe County and Gulf Coast of Florida) and East Florida (Miami-Dade to Nassau County).


Figure 7.9.5 Annual numbers of yellowtail snapper a) harvested, b) released alive, and c) total catch by fishing mode (shore, private/rental boat, or charter vessel) by recreational saltwater anglers estimated by the MRFSS in Florida.
a) Harvested yellowtail snapper

b) Yellowtail snapper released alive

c) Total catch of yellowtail snapper


Figure 7.9.6 Annual metric tons of yellowtail snapper harvested by recreational saltwater anglers estimated by the MRFSS in West Florida (Monroe County and Gulf Coast of Florida) and East Florida (Miami-Dade to Nassau County).


Figure 7.9.7 Annual numbers of yellowtail snapper a) harvested and b) released alive by recreational saltwater anglers estimated by post-stratifying the MRFSS data into regions of the Florida Keys (Monroe County), Southeast Florida (Indian River to Miami-Dade), Southwest Florida (Collier to Levy), and Northeast Florida (Nassau to Brevard).
a) Harvested yellowtail snapper

b) Yellowtail snapper released alive


Figure 7.9.8 A comparison of the MRFSS A+B1 yellowtail snapper harvest estimates (in metric tons) with calculations of harvest from the annual size frequencies and average weights of yellowtail snapper.


Figure 7.9.9 MRFSS fishing effort estimates (number of one-day angler trips) by region and mode of fishing: a) South Atlantic region by mode, b) South Atlantic region by state, c) Gulf of Mexico by mode, d) Gulf of Mexico by state.


Figure 7.9.10 Estimated number of vessel fishing trips using MRFSS intercept data and trips identified from a cluster analyses (see Section 8.4.3).


Figure 7.9.11 Age composition (Atlantic and Gulf combined) using age-length keys to estimate ages from length samples measured from the Southeast Head Boat Survey landings during 19812010. Values are in Z-score units within each age group. Positive scores (higher relative abundance) are represented as filled circles, and negative scores (lower relative abundance) as open circles. Circle diameters are proportional to the square-root of the absolute value of the Zscore.


Figure 7.9.12 Age composition (Atlantic and Gulf combined) using age-length keys to estimate ages from length samples measured from the Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey (MRFSS) landings during 1981-2010. Values are in Z-score units within each age group. Positive scores (higher relative abundance) are represented as filled circles, and negative scores (lower relative abundance) as open circles. Circle diameters are proportional to the square-root of the absolute value of the Z-score.


## 8. MEASURES OF POPULATION ABUNDANCE

### 8.1 OVERVIEW

### 8.1.1 Issues

Indices of population abundances should have good spatial coverage (area, depth, habitat, etc.) throughout the distribution and range of ages of a species, the temporal coverage should be as long as possible, trends in the indices should track trends in population abundance without bias, and variability in the estimates because of sampling issues should be as small as possible. These goals are likely never achieved in practice. Changes in population abundance in areas may be caused by a host of reasons such as shifts in oceanographic currents dispersing species to different areas than where the species is normally pursued (i.e., the species does not "show up" in the usual places in the usual amounts), and there are mortality events driven by red tides or winter kills that may locally drive down population abundance. Fishery independent surveys may have some biases arising from the types of gears employed, months surveyed, and access to habitats (survey coverage and design) from which information is collected. Fishery dependent surveys also have biases from how data are collected from fisheries, access to specimens and reporting compliance issues, sizes of fish pursued by fleets (e.g., economic or regulatory reasons), changes in areas fished (e.g., economic reasons like fuel costs, regulatory reasons such as closed areas) or due to changes in oceanographic conditions. Often, fishery dependent surveys are derived not from total catch data but only have landings information on which to be based and this is a disadvantage especially when discard amounts are large. These biases can be reduced somewhat by restricting the index coverage to the fully selected range of sizes or ages specific for the gears or fishing methods used. It may also be difficult to define which fishing trips may have been fishing in such a way that they could have caught the species in question, but did not (i.e., there was a probability of encounter but no catch of the species was made or none were legal to retain).

The indices developed for this assessment all have some drawbacks. There were compliance issues noted by McCarthy (2011a) for the NMFS CFLP and compliance rates for reporting in southeast Florida for the NMFS Southeast Head Boat Survey have been low in some years for some vessels (Ken Brennan, NMFS, SEFSC, personal communication). In addition, the MRFSS has been undergoing modifications to its survey protocols and estimation procedures (the NMFS Marine Recreational Improvement Program or "MRIP") over the last several years, and has recently released estimates for 2004-2010 made from the new procedures. MRFSS estimates of yellowtail snapper landed in the Florida Keys were lower than the MRIP estimates. However, estimation procedures for the previous years (1981-2003) were still under development at the time of this assessment and the choice was made to use the MRFSS estimates for 1981-2010.

### 8.1.2 REVIEW OF WORKING PAPERS

There were three working papers for fishery dependent indices: a commercial landings index developed from the NMFS Coastal Fisheries Log Book Program, a head boat landings index based on the NMFS Southeast Head Boat Survey, and a recreational angler catch index based on the NMFS Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey. The fishery independent index was developed from abundance data received from the NMFS-University of Miami Reef-fish Visual Census.

### 8.1.3 Review of Indices

There were four indices prepared for this assessment: the Reef Visual Census (RVC) index from NMFS and University of Miami's underwater surveys, the commercial landings index from the NMFS' Coastal Log Book Program (CFLP), and index from total catches by anglers on boats (private/rental boats and charter vessels) from the NMFS’ Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey (MRFSS), and an index of trip landings from the catch records of the NMFS' Southeast Head Boat Survey (HBS). The RVC is a fishery independent index from a stratified random survey design, and consists of both abundance and size estimates for yellowtail snapper in reef areas of the Florida Keys for 1998-2010. The CFLP is a fishery dependent index from mandatory log books submitted by vessel captains with federal permits from 1993-2010. The MRFSS and HBS indices are also fishery dependent, but differ in that the MRFSS index was constructed to represent total catch (fish harvested or released alive) on angler trips from 1981-2010 whereas the HBS index was based upon log book catch records for vessel trips for 1981-2010. The three fishery dependent indices were constructed from delta-lognormal models used to examine both the probability of catching (MRFSS) or landing (CFLP and HBS) yellowtail snapper on trips and the amount of landings of yellowtail snapper from trips which caught yellowtail snapper.

### 8.2 REVIEW OF WORKING PAPERS

### 8.2.1 COMMERCIAL CATCH-PER-EFFORT (MCCARTHY, 2011A)

Commercial fishermen provide landings and effort data to NMFS through the Coastal Fisheries Log Book (CFLB) program. The CFLB began collecting data from vessels federally permitted to fish in a number of fisheries in waters of the Gulf of Mexico (from Texas to the southwest Florida and most of the Tortugas) in 1990, and in 1992 from the South Atlantic (from NC to Key West to southeast of the Tortugas). This program was intended to collect fishing effort and landings in a complete census of federally permitted vessels; however, through 1992 the program included only a subsample of $20 \%$ of Florida vessels. Beginning in 1993, all of the federally permitted vessels were required to report.

Landings data (because total catch is not reported from all of the CFLB log books) from vessels employing vertical lines were used to construct standardized landings per unit effort indices (see Section 8) for South Florida ( $99 \%$ of the yellowtail snapper landings) and for a "core" area ( $96.5 \%$ of the landings) with relatively higher catch rates of this species. The indices were model-based and applied a technique (Stephens and MacCall, 2004) to select from all the available commercial vessel trips whether yellowtail snapper were landed or not. The landings and effort from the trips selected by technique will not equal total landings and total effort expended by the commercial fleet for the year because some trips with yellowtail snapper (especially those with only this species) may be excluded and other trips without yellowtail snapper landings ("zero trips") may be included. But the selected trips will provide an estimate of average landings per unit effort for the index and the landings and associated fishing effort on those trips would be representative for the vertical line fishery.

Additional information on landings and effort used for the index were provided by Kevin McCarthy (NMFS, SEFSC, personal communication). These data were useful in examining residual patterns from the derived index from the model predictions.

### 8.2.2 HEADBOAT CATCH-PER-EFFORT (ChAGARIS, 2011A)

The NMFS Southeast Headboat Survey collects catch, effort, and biological measurements from headboats operating from North Carolina to Texas. The survey began operation in 1972 on the Atlantic Coast, expanded into Florida in the mid-1970’s and to the Florida Keys by 1979, and in 1986 began operating in states bordering the Gulf of Mexico. Catch by species and effort (numbers of anglers and vessel trips) are collected on vessel trip reports sent by the vessel operators. Biological samples (measurements of length and weight, otoliths, etc.) are collected from anglers' landings during dockside intercepts of vessels returning from fishing. Catch and effort records record the general area fished, date, duration of trip, number of anglers fishing, and other information.

A standardized index of landed yellowtail snapper from the catch records was prepared through a subsetting process for trips (Stephens and MacCall 2004) that identified species positively or negatively associated with the target species (yellowtail snapper) from headboat survey regions 11, 12, and 17 (Southeast Florida, Florida Keys, and the Tortugas, respectively). This process attempts to identify fishing trips which, through the species landed, may be caught in the same habitats where the target species may occur even if the target species was not caught or landed on a particular trip. Once the trips were identified, a delta-glm model (Lo et al. 1992) was used to examine the probability of a yellowtail snapper being caught on a trip (the proportion positive trips) and the mean landings per trip from the trips on which yellowtail snapper were caught.

### 8.2.3 MRFSS TOTAL CATCH-PER-EFFORT (CHAGARIS, 2011B)

The NMFS Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey began collecting information from saltwater anglers on the Atlantic Coast in 1979. The first two years of the survey data are rarely used. Data from this survey are generally available from March of 1981 to the present. The survey in most states is comprised of one telephone survey of households that collects fishing effort information and three separate intercept surveys - shore mode intercepts, private or rental boat intercepts, and charter vessel intercepts (in some states, both head boats or "party" boats are combined for intercepts). In mid-1997, a pilot survey for collecting charter vessel effort began collecting effort for that mode of fishing because of the difficulty of contacting the relatively small number of anglers who had taken a charter fishing trip in the previous sixty days (which caused estimation problems). In 2000, charter vessel fishing effort was collected using the telephone survey of charter vessel captains for Louisiana to Florida, and beginning in 2002 on Florida’s Atlantic Coast. In this voluntary survey, the MRFSS collects catch information on harvested (landings, dead discards) and fish released alive through angler interviews, and field samplers measure and weigh fish if the anglers allow them access.

A standardized index of landed yellowtail snapper from the total catch (landed and released fish) was developed using a clustering technique to identify species associations on trips on which
yellowtail snapper were caught. Once the species assemblage (cluster) in which yellowtail snapper was grouped was determined, all trips with catches of any of the species in the cluster were drawn from the data (including trips without yellowtail snapper). A delta-glm approach was used to examine the probability of a yellowtail snapper being caught on a trip (the proportion positive trips) and the mean landings per trip from the trips on which yellowtail snapper were caught.

### 8.3 FISHERY INDEPENDENT INDEX

### 8.3.1 NMFS-UM Reef Visual Census (RVC)

The yellowtail snapper total annual abundances and abundances by size class used for this index were prepared by Dr. S. G. Smith (Univ. of Miami, personal communication). The following description for this survey, provided from notes by Drs. J. S. Ault and S. G. Smith for the black grouper data workshop report in SEDAR 19 (SEDAR 2009), is appropriate for yellowtail snapper also and is excerpted in part below:
"The reef-fish visual census (RVC) has been conducted in the Florida reef tract since 1979 to the present in a collaboration between NOAA Fisheries SEFSC and the University of Miami. The RVC uses standard, non-destructive, in-situ visual monitoring methods by highly trained and experienced divers using open circuit SCUBA. The general statistical approach and sampling survey design methodologies incorporating habitat covariates are fully described in Ault et al. (2002, 2005, 2006). Field methods and sampling protocols are detailed in Brandt et al. (2009). In the 2008 survey year, the Florida Fish \& Wildlife Conservation Commission and the National Park Service joined on as survey collaborators. The RVC survey is conducted in two principal regions of the south Florida coral reef ecosystem domain: (1) the Florida Keys (Key Biscayne to west of Key West) with a domain size of $559 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$; and, (2) the Dry Tortugas region with a domain size of $339 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$."
"Notable milestones for the Florida Keys surveys: (1) 1979-1993: sampling conducted along the Keys reef tract in various reef habitats, but limited in any particular year with respect to geographical coverage and habitats; (2) 1994-2000: sampling coverage expanded to include all geographic regions of the Keys (Biscayne National Park, upper Keys, middle Keys, lower Keys), the full range of reef habitats less than 18 m in depth, and all no-take marine reserves (implemented prior to 1998 survey); (3) 2001-2008: sampling coverage expanded to include forereef habitats ranging from $18-33 \mathrm{~m}$ in depth. The survey domain and habitat strata for the Florida Keys surveys are described in Table 5.7. Sample sizes by strata and year are given in Table 5.8. Notable milestones for the Dry Tortugas surveys: (1) 1999-2000, 2004, 2006, 2008: sampling conducted in all reef habitats less than 33 m in depth in two principal areas, Tortugas Bank and Dry Tortugas National Park, including no-take marine reserves."

The RVC design was simple random sampling from 1979-1993, and changed for the 19941997 period to use stratified random sampling (SRS) but did not include strata specifically for MPAs (Management Protected Areas), and from 1998-2010 included MPAs into the stratified design (Dr. J.S. Ault, University of Miami, personal communication). The RVC sampling domain ( $885 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ ) was stratified by reef habitat features (e.g. depth, rugosity) into areas where fish density were of low to high variability. Spatial management zones (added in 1998) were used as secondary stratification, and survey effort was allocated according to the spatial extent of each
strata (Table 8.7.1) and variance in fish abundance. The adoption of the stratified random sampling design has allowed improvements in the estimation by general linear models of fish abundance and variability, and weights the sample means by the proportion of strata (e.g. habitats) represented on the reef tract to estimate population abundance. More complete details of this survey are documented in Smith et al. (2011).

The number of strata in the survey design, the number of primary units sampled ( $200 \mathrm{~m} x$ 200m areas), the second-stage units (dives) sampled, and the estimated population abundance of yellowtail snapper from the survey is contained in Table 8.7.1. There are quite large fluctuations in population estimates (Fig. 8.8.2a) during 1980-1997 which become somewhat less so during the 1998-2010 period (Fig. 8.8.2b). Stratified random sampling, and the increased level of stratification in the survey design especially after 1997, appears to have greatly reduced the variability (as represented by the cv) of yellowtail snapper population estimates for this survey (Table 8.7.1). Dr. Ault (Univ. of Miami, personal communication) recommended the use of the 1994-2010 time period because of incorporation of stratified random sampling into survey design and estimation procedures which better accounted for variability. Instead, because of the improved performance (lower cv values) and increased level of stratification (inclusion of the MPAs as strata) during the 1998-2010 period (Table 8.7.1), this period was selected for use from the RVC estimates.

The survey also provided abundances by size classes (in centimeters fork length) from the counts and size estimates observed by the survey divers (Table 8.7.2). The abundance at size estimates were converted from fork length to total length using FL to TL conversions in Table 5.10.7. Approximately $95 \%$ of observed yellowtail snapper were between 3 " - 16 " TL (or, $7 \mathrm{~cm}-$ 34 cm FL; Fig. 8.8.3). The estimated abundances for these TL classes (in inches) were restricted to the sizes used in the age-length keys (<=5", $5-23$ ", and $>=24$ " TL; Ages 1 to $12+$; see Section 5.5.5) to estimate the age composition of the population (Table 8.7.3) observed in the RVC during 1998-2010. In contrast, the RVC survey estimates for juveniles [ $<197 \mathrm{~mm}$ TL ( $\sim 7.76$ ")] and adults ( $>=197 \mathrm{~mm}$ TL) were used for 1981-2001 in the SEDAR 3 assessment.

### 8.4 FISHERY DEPENDENT INDICES

### 8.4.1 COMMERCIAL SNAPPER-GROUPER AND REEF FISH LOG BOOKS

McCarthy (2011a) explained the methodology for developing this index. Commercial fishing vessels with federal permits that are required to submit log books in the southeast region from 1993-2010 were selected based upon the area that they fished, gear (vertical lines: bandit rigs, rod and reel, etc.) used, and number of hooks per line, duration of trips, and timeliness of report submission criteria. More than $99 \%$ of the yellowtail snapper were caught in south Florida. Outlier analyses excluded trips that fell in the $99.9^{\text {th }}$ percentile for number of lines fished, number of hooks per line, trip duration, and amount of landings. Seventy percent of the vertical line trips were retained after all of the data filtering.

Commercial trips were selected by analyzing the species composition of trips on which yellowtail snapper were caught to identify those species which had the potential to identify areas ("presumptive habitat") where yellowtail snapper were likely to be caught even if they were not on
a particular trip. The subsetting technique uses a logistic model to identify species with positive and negative associations (Fig. 8.8.4) with the target species (in this case, yellowtail snapper).

McCarthy (2011a) produced two different indices - a south Florida index and a "core area" index. Spatially, the area fished over which the south Florida index applies was limited to south Florida from Area 4 ( Sarasota, approximately) to the Keys to grid cells 2779 and 2780 (Palm Bay, approximately) (Fig. 6.9.7). The "core area" index was more restricted spatially to the region from Jupiter Inlet (approximately; grid 2679) to the Dry Tortugas (grid area 2) where catch rates were slightly higher in some years. Some areas were grouped to produce a more balanced population of cells ("fewer holes" by strata) in the analyses for each index.

Catch rate for the indices was defined as the pounds of yellowtail snapper per hook-hour fished (the number of lines fished $x$ the number of hooks per line $x$ the hours fished). A delta-glm model (Lo et al. 1992) was used to examine the proportion of trips on which yellowtail snapper was caught and the average catch rate for trips on which yellowtail snapper were caught. The results from the two submodels are combined to produce an adjusted catch rate for all of the fishing effort in the area over which the index is developed. The catch rates for the south Florida and "core area" indices were similar (Table 8.7.6, Figs. 8.8.5, 8.8.6), and both show a generally increasing trend from 1993-2010. The trend from 2004-2010 has been for landings rates to be at higher rates and have increased at a faster rate than over much of the 1993-2003 time period. The index used in SEDAR 3 was also developed from the CFLP and also used the delta-glm approach and produced similar patterns to that of McCarthy (2011a), though the subsetting approach for selecting trips was different.

### 8.4.2 Southeast Head Boat Survey (HBS)

Trips (represented by vessel trip reports or "catch records") from the NMFS Southeast Head Boat Survey in the south Florida area (HBS areas 11, 12, and 17; Fig. 7.9.1) were selected for catch rate analyses because $97 \%$ of the catch of yellowtail snapper occurs in these areas (Chagaris 2011a). Trips on which yellowtail snapper were landed were analyzed using a subsetting technique (Stephens and MacCall 2004) to identify species from the catch records that were positively or negatively associated with catches of yellowtail snapper (Fig. 8.8.8). Species occurring on fewer than $1 \%$ of the trips with yellowtail snapper were excluded from the analyses, as were vessels making less than 10 trips in areas 11,12 , and 17 and those carrying fewer than 5 anglers, and any with landings of yellowtail snapper in the $99.5^{\text {th }}$ percentile. The logistic analyses scores trips based upon the suite of species landed and assigns a probability value to each trip, and the technique minimizes the difference between the number of observed and predicted positive trips (Stephens and MacCall 2004). There were 93,443 trips identified from the procedure which, from the suite of species caught, may have been fishing in areas where yellowtail snapper could have been caught. This subset of trips was analyzed with a delta-glm model to identify important strata (year, area, season, trip type, and number of anglers) available from the vessel trip reports which may have had an effect on catch rates. Catch rates were defined as the number of fish landed per angler-hour (number of anglers $x$ hours fished). The effect of the 10-fish aggregate bag limit on yellowtail snapper catches appears negligible (Chagaris, 2011a).

The proportions of trips with catches (landings) of yellowtail snapper were highest in the Florida Keys (87\%) and Dry Tortugas (97\%) and lowest (68\%) in southeast Florida (Table 8.7.7). The proportion of positive trips observed in the subset and from the delta-glm were very similar (Fig. 8.8.9). The observed ("nominal") catch rates, number of trips in the HBS in the selected subset, proportion of trips with landings of yellowtail snapper, delta-glm modeled index, and the index cv are in Table 8.7.8. The modeled catch rates were generally above the observed catch rates for the early portion of the time period, but were more similar after 1995 (Fig. 8.8.10). Scaling the observed and adjusted catch rates to their respective means removes the effect of the scale of the numbers and allows a little clearer inspection of trends in the indices (Fig. 8.8.11). The annual values scaled to the means show an increasing trend in landings rate after 1985 (the year Florida implemented the 12" TL size limit until 1994. A declining trend in landings was noted from 1995 to 2002. Landings rates increased to a maximum in 2005 and declined again through 2007. The annual landings rate is up slightly in 2008 and 2010 for head boats in south Florida (Fig. 8.8.11).

### 8.4.3 Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey (MRFSS)

Yellowtail snapper are caught by recreational anglers primarily in south Florida from Palm Beach County to Monroe County (Chagaris, 2011b). Because the MRFSS collects data on both harvested (landings and dead discards) and released fish, a total catch by species for an angler-trip can be calculated. Anglers on the same trip may share the same receptacle for fish landed from a trip, and they may not be able to separate the landings for each angler. These group catches were recorded in the MRFSS data and can be used to examine data on an angler-trip base by adjusting for the number of anglers in the group contributing to the landings for a trip. A change to the survey protocols in 1991 began collecting information for anglers on the same vessel so that triplevel information on landings and catch can be analyzed. Most of the catch of yellowtail snapper is recorded by anglers fishing from vessels, so shore-mode intercepts were excluded though there are occasional catches and landings from anglers fishing in the shore mode. Most of the vessel landings are from trips that are made offshore, so trips from inland trips were also excluded. Additionally, intercepts of anglers fishing on head boats (when the MRFSS had allowed sampling of both charter vessels and head boat vessels in the "Party/Charter" mode) for 1981-1986 were excluded. Data from wave 2 (March-April) of 1981 through wave 6 (November-December) of 2010 were used for the analyses. There were 124,998 recreational angler-trips from the MRFSS data that met these criteria, and yellowtail snapper were caught on 7,159 of those trips (Chagaris, 2011b).

A subsetting procedure using clustering techniques (Shertzer and Williams 2008) was used for preparing a data set of trips to used in the delta-glm analyses (Lo et al. 1992) of catch rates. The clustering method chosen was Bray-Curtis using average linkage (see Krebs 1999). The total catch (harvested and released fish) data for angler-trips in numbers was square-root transformed to reduce the effect of large catches on the analyses. The cluster analysis identified a suite of seven species most often associated with catches of yellowtail snapper and similar to the "southern assemblage" of species found by Shertzer and Williams 2008). A total of 29,485 angler-trips resulted from the subsetting. Some of those angler-trips were not in Monroe, Miami-Dade, Broward, or Palm Beach counties where $98 \%$ of the yellowtail snapper catches are made, and were excluded from the analyses. The assumption made was that these resulting trips were made in
areas and habitats where yellowtail snapper were likely to occur, even if they were not caught on a particular angler-trip. Additional filtering involved the exclusion of records where the number of hours fished, number of contributors to the catch, or days fished in the previous wave (avidity) was missing and of outliers with high leverage (relatively large impact on results). After subsetting and filtering, there were 15,026 trips of which 6,574 had catches of yellowtail snapper.

Catch rates (cpue) were defined as the total number of yellowtail snapper caught [MRFSS Type A - fish observed by the field sampler in the harvest, B1 - harvested fish unavailable for measurement, and B2 - fish released alive by the angler). The delta-glm included factor levels for area (distance from shore), hours fished (grouped into 6 levels), number of contributors (with more than 7 grouped into the 7+ group), avidity (number of days fished in the last 20 days, 7 levels), county (Monroe, Miami-Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach), mode of fishing (charter vessel or private/rental boats), and wave (two-month periods corresponding the MRFSS estimation periods). Catch rates were analyzed with a forward stepwise selection process for both the proportion of positive trips (binomial submodel) and the catch rates on trips which caught yellowtail snapper ("positive" trips) using a lognormal submodel. The adjust means for each of submodels were multiplied together with a bias correction (to adjust for log transformation of catch rates) to form the adjusted catch rate for the index (Table 8.7.9).

The modeled catch rates were generally above the observed catch rates for the many of the years and are a result of the standardization process adjusting catch rates for the various significant factors in the model. Both the observed and adjust average catch rates show a large increase in 1991 (Fig. 8.8.14) when live releases (MRFSS Type B2 fish) of yellowtail snapper were particularly high (Fig. 7.9.7). Scaling the observed and adjusted catch rates to their respective means removes the effect of the scale of the numbers and allows a little clearer inspection of trends in the indices (Fig. 8.8.15). The annual standardized catch rates values scaled to the means show a declining trend in landings rate from 1981-1985, a noisy but increasing trend to 1991, generally declining from 1991 to 2002, and increasing through 2007. Catch rates declined for 2008-2009 but increased a bit in 2010.

### 8.5 RECOMMENDATIONS ON INDICES

The NMFS-UM RVC index is the only fisheries independent index in the assessment. It should not be linked to any fleet (i.e., it is a population index), and the units are in numbers. A selectivity pattern should be derived from the proportions at age data (Table 8.7.5). The selectivity age range should be ages 1 to 5 (i.e., these ages comprise about $95 \%$ of the age composition of this index).

The commercial landings indices (south Florida and "core area") developed for this assessment were similar in trend and in variability (as represented by the cv), and there was no clear reason to choose one over the other. The south Florida index, because of its larger spatial coverage than the "core area" index and slightly lower cv values, was selected to represent commercial catch rates for the assessment. The index should be linked to the commercial fleet (i.e., use the selectivity blocks associated with this fleet) and the units are in weight rather than numbers. No recommendation was included on the age range applicable to this index, so setting
the age range to cover $95 \%$ of the age composition (e.g., age 2 to age 10) in the commercial landings would be a reasonable place to start.

The head boat index for South Florida developed for this assessment is consistent with other indices constructed from landings data which was all that was available over the 1981-2010 time period (except the 2004-2010 time period which also has estimates for fish discarded from head boats). As an index built on landings, it should be linked to the head boat fleet selectivity blocks, and the units for the index are in numbers of fish. No recommendation was included on the age range applicable to this index, so setting the age range to cover $95 \%$ of the age composition (e.g., age 2 to age 8 ) in the head boat landings would be a reasonable place to start.

The MRFSS index for South Florida developed for this assessment uses total catch data over 1981-2010. As an index built on recreational catches, it should be linked to the MRFSS fleet selectivity blocks, and the units for the index are in numbers of fish. No recommendation was included on the age range applicable to this index, so setting the age range to cover $95 \%$ of the age composition (e.g., age 2 to age 8) in the MRFSS landings would be a reasonable place to start. Since the index is comprised of both harvested (landings, other claimed but unobserved harvested fish) and live releases, it is possible that the age range might be modified to include Age 1.

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### 8.7 TABLES

Table 8.7.1 Estimated abundance of yellowtail snapper from the NMFS-UM Reef Visual Census (RVC) in the Florida Keys, 19792010. ( n is number of primary $200 \mathrm{~m} \times 200 \mathrm{~m}$ sampling units, nm is the number of second-stage (dives, 15 m visual "cylinder") units sampled, and cv is the coefficient of variation as a percentage of the mean).

| year | No. strata | n | nm | Juveniles ( 5-17 cm FL) |  | Adults ( > = 18 cm FL ) |  | Total ( > = 5cm FL) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | abundance | cv (\%) | abundance | cv (\%) | abundance | cv (\%) |
| 1979 | 1 | 4 | 13 | 0 | 0.0 | 25,192,180 | 42.7 | 25,192,180 | 42.7 |
| 1980 | 1 | 9 | 145 | 7,837,211 | 34.5 | 19,031,469 | 33.3 | 26,868,680 | 23.3 |
| 1981 | 1 | 25 | 213 | 1,369,843 | 23.6 | 13,981,749 | 25.9 | 15,351,592 | 23.3 |
| 1982 | 1 | 19 | 189 | 819,617 | 38.6 | 15,071,058 | 20.5 | 15,890,675 | 18.9 |
| 1983 | 1 | 16 | 505 | 1,701,521 | 42.9 | 11,544,769 | 16.3 | 13,246,289 | 14.7 |
| 1984 | 1 | 15 | 228 | 1,861,368 | 25.2 | 8,426,729 | 34.2 | 10,288,097 | 30.0 |
| 1985 | 1 | 8 | 124 | 8,348,913 | 31.0 | 6,895,143 | 29.3 | 15,244,056 | 26.7 |
| 1986 | 1 | 8 | 32 | 2,053,944 | 40.5 | 13,940,161 | 49.0 | 15,994,105 | 45.1 |
| 1987 | 1 | 6 | 70 | 3,698,052 | 33.5 | 15,834,129 | 42.4 | 19,532,181 | 39.8 |
| 1988 | 1 | 22 | 263 | 4,363,761 | 18.5 | 9,924,596 | 34.3 | 14,288,358 | 25.4 |
| 1989 | 1 | 29 | 318 | 3,217,006 | 31.8 | 8,551,794 | 50.6 | 11,768,800 | 44.3 |
| 1990 | 1 | 27 | 282 | 7,553,092 | 24.8 | 6,132,109 | 50.8 | 13,685,201 | 29.8 |
| 1991 | 1 | 21 | 280 | 9,192,250 | 27.4 | 10,658,351 | 38.0 | 19,850,601 | 22.9 |
| 1992 | 1 | 21 | 256 | 11,502,386 | 34.0 | 2,372,797 | 65.3 | 13,875,183 | 38.0 |
| 1993 | 1 | 23 | 196 | 16,314,552 | 27.6 | 7,703,135 | 32.5 | 24,017,687 | 24.9 |
| 1994 | 6 | 32 | 153 | 6,602,129 | 25.4 | 5,034,016 | 57.0 | 11,636,146 | 33.5 |
| 1995 | 6 | 61 | 291 | 4,643,868 | 26.3 | 3,303,840 | 40.2 | 7,947,708 | 25.4 |
| 1996 | 6 | 32 | 171 | 6,900,852 | 48.4 | 11,204,087 | 69.0 | 18,104,938 | 61.1 |
| 1997 | 6 | 66 | 408 | 16,834,619 | 57.9 | 9,627,058 | 62.4 | 26,461,676 | 59.4 |
| 1998 | 12 | 75 | 461 | 2,797,383 | 23.6 | 2,035,966 | 42.6 | 4,833,349 | 29.8 |
| 1999 | 12 | 161 | 440 | 5,294,945 | 16.9 | 5,870,703 | 29.5 | 11,165,649 | 18.6 |
| 2000 | 12 | 228 | 527 | 7,038,468 | 12.6 | 5,524,892 | 15.0 | 12,563,360 | 11.3 |
| 2001 | 13 | 305 | 742 | 5,359,530 | 14.1 | 6,854,652 | 14.3 | 12,214,182 | 11.5 |
| 2002 | 13 | 336 | 628 | 9,859,699 | 18.8 | 6,855,091 | 17.3 | 16,714,789 | 14.2 |
| 2003 | 13 | 237 | 448 | 5,266,501 | 11.9 | 4,681,955 | 14.0 | 9,948,455 | 10.6 |
| 2004 | 13 | 137 | 261 | 4,232,194 | 18.1 | 4,783,645 | 23.0 | 9,015,838 | 15.3 |
| 2005 | 13 | 256 | 498 | 11,247,458 | 14.8 | 5,913,034 | 15.1 | 17,160,492 | 11.6 |
| 2006 | 13 | 334 | 608 | 7,623,857 | 14.0 | 6,185,816 | 28.2 | 13,809,673 | 16.7 |
| 2007 | 13 | 320 | 619 | 6,838,219 | 14.4 | 6,452,952 | 9.0 | 13,291,170 | 9.5 |
| 2008 | 13 | 373 | 729 | 8,635,101 | 8.7 | 9,449,276 | 10.6 | 18,084,377 | 7.7 |
| 2009 | 13 | 516 | 1004 | 9,455,104 | 9.3 | 5,219,505 | 9.6 | 14,674,609 | 7.5 |
| 2010 | 13 | 379 | 739 | 6,172,668 | 13.9 | 5,706,019 | 19.7 | 11,878,687 | 13.3 |

Table 8.7.2 Estimated abundance of yellowtail snapper by size class (FL) from the NMFS-UM Reef Visual Census (RVC) in the Florida Keys, 1979-1994.

| Fork Length (cm) | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2459 |
| 2 | 0 | 29847 | 0 | 19910 | 26323 | 24916 | 0 | 0 | 48916 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | 0 | 29847 | 0 | 0 | 72387 | 12510 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23278 |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | 20364 | 10034 | 13161 | 40553 | 23804 | 97546 | 0 | 0 | 24985 | 12326 | 0 | 0 | 35859 | 87269 |
| 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 59729 | 6581 | 62341 | 23804 | 195091 | 48916 | 0 | 49970 | 110521 | 0 | 29970 | 215394 | 124550 |
| 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10034 | 6581 | 0 | 59511 | 0 | 48916 | 34721 | 49970 | 159688 | 18263 | 457049 | 112630 | 180547 |
| 7 | 0 | 0 | 40728 | 39819 | 19742 | 24916 | 71413 | 97546 | 0 | 451941 | 84383 | 423733 | 18263 | 280972 | 246680 | 212607 |
| 8 | 0 | 29847 | 101661 | 0 | 13161 | 62341 | 83315 | 0 | 48916 | 278051 | 343659 | 856780 | 73050 | 921451 | 198066 | 879843 |
| 9 | 0 | 59426 | 40728 | 0 | 19742 | 6255 | 11902 | 292637 | 48916 | 304199 | 103121 | 657102 | 27394 | 1783100 | 744371 | 741827 |
| 10 | 0 | 29847 | 172934 | 0 | 65807 | 43681 | 47609 | 97546 | 342411 | 199894 | 175012 | 1219021 | 351356 | 1123751 | 2172707 | 918818 |
| 11 | 0 | 118852 | 61092 | 0 | 13161 | 65469 | 119022 | 0 | 48916 | 156458 | 281197 | 807613 | 317213 | 958914 | 2111338 | 361554 |
| 12 | 0 | 81744 | 5091 | 79638 | 174321 | 296173 | 642719 | 0 | 342411 | 451941 | 318674 | 810626 | 1284532 | 1202423 | 4966806 | 658171 |
| 13 | 0 | 446097 | 81456 | 39819 | 93741 | 124683 | 601062 | 0 | 440243 | 373783 | 224981 | 386893 | 819036 | 224778 | 776139 | 253930 |
| 14 | 0 | 208125 | 40728 | 24847 | 282835 | 224449 | 535600 | 195091 | 391327 | 725706 | 156273 | 994966 | 1289098 | 1063810 | 2054782 | 333783 |
| 15 | 0 | 1018844 | 239117 | 89673 | 728441 | 308683 | 1690114 | 268331 | 391327 | 595396 | 966748 | 420720 | 1451079 | 1873011 | 1231955 | 459978 |
| 16 | 0 | 2335085 | 356051 | 84576 | 792502 | 380302 | 1964017 | 243864 | 941729 | 1464414 | 887315 | 654089 | 1918958 | 988884 | 1507514 | 1079796 |
| 17 | 0 | 4060316 | 767944 | 418102 | 587024 | 346004 | 993835 | 390182 | 586991 | 903882 | 643595 | 939636 | 613781 | 408347 | 668562 | 380584 |
| 18 | 775163 | 3747860 | 1078176 | 746690 | 1624488 | 632899 | 868861 | 1536423 | 990645 | 1381970 | 487440 | 411408 | 994714 | 636871 | 1347473 | 246808 |
| 19 | 96990 | 2996836 | 712102 | 637107 | 1019468 | 679603 | 975981 | 268331 | 574860 | 977752 | 804818 | 724620 | 771196 | 329674 | 233203 | 113738 |
| 20 | 3294381 | 3532206 | 1286747 | 1294124 | 1627711 | 1627336 | 1452070 | 1317026 | 1614224 | 1733892 | 1643460 | 1093161 | 2007888 | 580676 | 1319075 | 168596 |
| 21 | 775163 | 1792186 | 1312202 | 1752044 | 1300558 | 726411 | 595111 | 1170708 | 1320729 | 786574 | 421796 | 110521 | 390263 | 71180 | 1134486 | 65270 |
| 22 | 0 | 929570 | 1352930 | 1209548 | 1106495 | 953988 | 1529434 | 1609663 | 684822 | 1177646 | 1152956 | 236381 | 1305177 | 82419 | 870479 | 34648 |
| 23 | 5522882 | 855086 | 2019213 | 1468373 | 785921 | 826178 | 446333 | 975617 | 1443019 | 682269 | 715485 | 288697 | 1058633 | 554452 | 484455 | 632383 |
| 24 | 0 | 914781 | 1185086 | 1289186 | 996369 | 420856 | 553453 | 1634130 | 2274589 | 113021 | 334349 | 279385 | 828167 | 29970 | 489028 | 186692 |
| 25 | 12014654 | 1115377 | 1398749 | 2777468 | 1104883 | 707646 | 279702 | 1170708 | 1247355 | 286767 | 1335981 | 491251 | 1843525 | 29970 | 457982 | 2828884 |
| 26 | 387456 | 237972 | 625555 | 1279152 | 322319 | 286791 | 464186 | 1853527 | 819439 | 547530 | 156273 | 190365 | 335475 | 14985 | 255825 | 53212 |
| 27 | 0 | 200865 | 1042698 | 681864 | 103545 | 392812 | 267800 | 48773 | 904944 | 226042 | 6246 | 558906 | 317213 | 74926 | 35859 | 337352 |
| 28 | 775163 | 758553 | 478076 | 890994 | 182513 | 514367 | 249946 | 1780448 | 244579 | 165173 | 316789 | 270209 | 463115 | 0 | 89767 | 29549 |
| 29 | 0 | 304927 | 294959 | 159277 | 77222 | 187024 | 59511 | 0 | 758196 | 17432 | 0 | 12326 | 178060 | 116135 | 80863 | 9661 |
| 30 | 775163 | 416519 | 472985 | 298644 | 128256 | 143447 | 166631 | 487728 | 966187 | 60868 | 37477 | 147362 | 449418 | 22478 | 153062 | 196559 |
| 31 | 0 | 29847 | 50910 | 49854 | 0 | 0 | 23804 | 0 | 134617 | 0 | 0 | 236381 | 79799 | 0 | 0 | 44628 |
| 32 | 0 | 0 | 152571 | 79638 | 9804 | 0 | 0 | 97546 | 220122 | 34721 | 49970 | 18489 | 111759 | 0 | 18050 | 6869 |
| 33 | 0 | 89273 | 172934 | 79638 | 0 | 152726 | 71413 | 97546 | 440243 | 34721 | 0 | 18489 | 54788 | 0 | 0 | 31480 |
| 34 | 0 | 59426 | 0 | 4938 | 6581 | 12510 | 101169 | 0 | 0 | 52153 | 0 | 0 | 155232 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 35 | 0 | 0 | 203480 | 84576 | 39484 | 37426 | 119022 | 0 | 513617 | 17432 | 0 | 110521 | 166547 | 0 | 0 | 2576 |
| 36 | 387456 | 0 | 0 | 49854 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 146748 | 0 | 0 | 12326 | 18263 | 0 | 18050 | 82641 |
| 37 | 0 | 252761 | 20364 | 19910 | 13161 | 12510 | 0 | 0 | 146748 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18263 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 38 | 0 | 118852 | 20364 | 79638 | 6581 | 24916 | 47609 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18489 | 0 | 14985 | 0 | 642 |
| 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $>=40$ | 387456 | 89541 | 101820 | 119458 | 59226 | 62342 | 119022 | 170786 | 391328 | 52153 | 12492 | 12326 | 120890 | 0 | 35859 | 41562 |

Table 8.7.3 Estimated abundance of yellowtail snapper by size class (FL) from the NMFS-UM Reef Visual Census (RVC) in the Florida Keys, 1995-2010.

| Fork Length (cm) | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2459 | 2459 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 47485 | 0 | 10052 | 2348 | 0 |
| 2 | 0 | 0 | 4948 | 0 | 242 | 9454 | 1814 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24801 | 424 | 656 | 7383 | 5667 | 13473 |
| 3 | 41543 | 8973 | 0 | 0 | 1382 | 9685 | 17958 | 0 | 19409 | 5429 | 0 | 13009 | 53412 | 45768 | 55603 | 11815 |
| 4 | 44072 | 16349 | 25714 | 0 | 77807 | 4745 | 92455 | 8747 | 21784 | 103329 | 21258 | 16475 | 7974 | 45127 | 126028 | 49892 |
| 5 | 270136 | 79916 | 29727 | 5852 | 228658 | 32799 | 139783 | 21318 | 55401 | 206458 | 113935 | 68064 | 180338 | 106648 | 350473 | 114125 |
| 6 | 147751 | 120821 | 172624 | 113908 | 142268 | 89118 | 202790 | 144004 | 194858 | 342213 | 379179 | 610016 | 77525 | 186369 | 347900 | 112042 |
| 7 | 147987 | 113228 | 222063 | 52360 | 85246 | 150317 | 172601 | 401032 | 104087 | 94689 | 463364 | 256094 | 75153 | 289103 | 351770 | 81200 |
| 8 | 262379 | 157345 | 171668 | 156250 | 308837 | 473315 | 203322 | 964752 | 287316 | 340063 | 791429 | 775051 | 115364 | 362528 | 750137 | 131342 |
| 9 | 177064 | 24301 | 357958 | 66022 | 392428 | 327720 | 316920 | 837647 | 302719 | 274143 | 610549 | 418651 | 148514 | 281155 | 582329 | 58232 |
| 10 | 900684 | 877796 | 882634 | 349051 | 308067 | 944419 | 791741 | 835556 | 705423 | 346547 | 1066259 | 1017086 | 383126 | 750930 | 1069834 | 374982 |
| 11 | 245539 | 142870 | 123360 | 164476 | 315286 | 489657 | 255204 | 502798 | 201974 | 454212 | 349374 | 124244 | 478258 | 565045 | 369840 | 161508 |
| 12 | 874895 | 1143193 | 1057229 | 397085 | 549780 | 818109 | 475581 | 1544646 | 499322 | 649242 | 1217679 | 650918 | 858118 | 1020869 | 993574 | 518260 |
| 13 | 310765 | 887871 | 2912137 | 235367 | 374054 | 824380 | 466540 | 1109920 | 429888 | 95490 | 1375290 | 573927 | 557061 | 893535 | 666422 | 559175 |
| 14 | 342113 | 398097 | 1625450 | 139335 | 697894 | 772543 | 771254 | 643653 | 527961 | 237749 | 967675 | 486411 | 954125 | 918722 | 908320 | 675733 |
| 15 | 785935 | 2751757 | 7446511 | 636788 | 944353 | 1392235 | 794102 | 1425514 | 968439 | 740981 | 1986995 | 1434238 | 1447758 | 1635871 | 1714641 | 1374659 |
| 16 | 263813 | 327219 | 1452970 | 342648 | 794840 | 593925 | 793741 | 676332 | 558122 | 272824 | 920468 | 418238 | 880929 | 790082 | 706192 | 1008139 |
| 17 | 82194 | 110005 | 460377 | 174162 | 605486 | 386157 | 328165 | 795840 | 414729 | 293213 | 917399 | 692096 | 695892 | 803399 | 671024 | 968319 |
| 18 | 495309 | 940658 | 1956951 | 393103 | 888930 | 672175 | 636992 | 942953 | 591043 | 220431 | 800425 | 739722 | 717050 | 1615105 | 657771 | 1149819 |
| 19 | 98652 | 24313 | 161702 | 69274 | 577130 | 176076 | 236514 | 209789 | 227706 | 39329 | 271148 | 310441 | 275609 | 570261 | 374788 | 485571 |
| 20 | 818726 | 2127153 | 3614678 | 435254 | 1331733 | 1212756 | 1235369 | 1929498 | 1136043 | 488309 | 1729939 | 1265563 | 1034790 | 1637838 | 955597 | 1398364 |
| 21 | 154613 | 27482 | 749972 | 199730 | 504437 | 139078 | 35518 | 176934 | 167269 | 65422 | 198227 | 109970 | 130150 | 380357 | 197379 | 97724 |
| 22 | 119562 | 92118 | 268159 | 403388 | 342163 | 212258 | 119576 | 363181 | 209067 | 88912 | 407971 | 276355 | 400440 | 753131 | 415647 | 386709 |
| 23 | 287308 | 42139 | 113139 | 70125 | 518974 | 262051 | 275981 | 388317 | 370241 | 344827 | 602947 | 570948 | 279277 | 510576 | 424140 | 513824 |
| 24 | 129024 | 8169 | 179959 | 201326 | 196915 | 191234 | 132882 | 186522 | 215504 | 222450 | 271522 | 125013 | 313999 | 572444 | 301214 | 277401 |
| 25 | 708748 | 4281777 | 1400588 | 201859 | 555692 | 678824 | 664968 | 659498 | 699940 | 594773 | 667109 | 1602722 | 929755 | 864729 | 416814 | 564234 |
| 26 | 130462 | 2848794 | 340286 | 14047 | 113848 | 65728 | 214071 | 193618 | 32211 | 70319 | 160388 | 54461 | 168504 | 321539 | 144351 | 56957 |
| 27 | 62109 | 5192 | 505587 | 17647 | 30755 | 46467 | 69391 | 382710 | 253462 | 97101 | 123959 | 72936 | 299118 | 380325 | 234313 | 93330 |
| 28 | 121308 | 648741 | 83083 | 14983 | 79971 | 448423 | 510469 | 117453 | 123993 | 433711 | 352116 | 750666 | 439985 | 504015 | 339200 | 131649 |
| 29 | 0 | 473 | 234012 | 3836 | 88370 | 36811 | 58108 | 201070 | 39718 | 149550 | 127190 | 65562 | 204759 | 246050 | 107948 | 1712 |
| 30 | 68786 | 89484 | 78312 | 22384 | 91633 | 612864 | 526262 | 252871 | 231805 | 397854 | 203226 | 154241 | 396190 | 477524 | 263750 | 398823 |
| 31 | 2823 | 114 | 7270 | 1039 | 9287 | 71379 | 150235 | 27462 | 19984 | 7266 | 10595 | 1414 | 69519 | 110806 | 132460 | 4191 |
| 32 | 6311 | 2364 | 12538 | 2086 | 9187 | 243956 | 170829 | 131322 | 95560 | 22254 | 14128 | 76688 | 152791 | 236095 | 75484 | 13880 |
| 33 | 483 | 0 | 16785 | 289 | 98051 | 93313 | 311808 | 251767 | 100127 | 331012 | 14469 | 51036 | 115482 | 62655 | 54025 | 115339 |
| 34 | 0 | 0 | 305 | 2656 | 9115 | 8191 | 192774 | 118263 | 21888 | 14877 | 782 | 11216 | 106047 | 42107 | 26410 | 402 |
| 35 | 825 | 6024 | 1909 | 2467 | 37902 | 106846 | 179018 | 168739 | 112800 | 390792 | 29894 | 38522 | 241768 | 87434 | 35953 | 34329 |
| 36 | 275 | 0 | 234 | 586 | 1282 | 16485 | 354762 | 17204 | 12811 | 8105 | 0 | 3748 | 104981 | 5222 | 8493 | 0 |
| 37 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 141 | 1832 | 0 | 190179 | 1151 | 6230 | 135041 | 0 | 155 | 17440 | 36553 | 2310 | 2447 |
| 38 | 275 | 0 | 0 | 141 | 5926 | 2697 | 174395 | 62835 | 29152 | 280339 | 1298 | 5475 | 25691 | 19452 | 3417 | 0 |
| 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15708 | 65311 | 0 | 2742 | 217257 | 0 | 155 | 4499 | 17566 | 332 | 0 |
| >=40 | 0 | 1892 | 234 | 869 | 24522 | 52146 | 68399 | 39219 | 4125 | 43193 | 10595 | 1468 | 6799 | 30048 | 16577 | 17464 |
| TOTAL | 8104928 | 18309087 | 26671073 | 4890534 | 11344283 | 12684044 | 12397782 | 16734135 | 9994853 | 9119706 | 17203582 | 13890904 | 13348846 | 8194418 | 4860475 | 957065 |

Table 8.7.4 Estimated abundance of yellowtail snapper re-grouped into approximate total length (TL) size classes in inches from FL size classes from the NMFS-UM Reef Visual Census (RVC) in the Florida Keys, 1998-2010.
TL

| inch <br> class | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| < $=5$ | 1,305,004 | 2,410,001 | 3,349,338 | 2,670,169 | 5,260,500 | 2,392,293 | 2,816,325 | 5,037,827 | 3,997,517 | 2,378,438 | 3,670,977 | 5,005,503 | 1,626,871 |
| 6 | 374,702 | 1,071,948 | 1,596,923 | 1,237,794 | 1,753,573 | 957,849 | 333,239 | 2,342,965 | 1,060,338 | 1,511,186 | 1,812,257 | 1,574,742 | 1,234,908 |
| 7 | 979,436 | 1,739,193 | 1,986,160 | 1,587,843 | 2,101,846 | 1,526,561 | 1,013,805 | 2,907,463 | 1,852,476 | 2,328,687 | 2,425,953 | 2,420,833 | 2,382,798 |
| 8 | 567,265 | 1,494,416 | 1,058,332 | 965,157 | 1,738,793 | 1,005,772 | 513,644 | 1,717,824 | 1,431,818 | 1,412,942 | 2,418,504 | 1,328,795 | 2,118,138 |
| 9 | 504,528 | 1,908,863 | 1,388,832 | 1,471,883 | 2,139,287 | 1,363,749 | 527,638 | 2,001,087 | 1,576,004 | 1,310,399 | 2,208,099 | 1,330,385 | 1,883,935 |
| 10 | 603,118 | 846,600 | 351,336 | 155,094 | 540,115 | 376,336 | 154,334 | 606,198 | 386,325 | 530,590 | 1,133,488 | 613,026 | 484,433 |
| 11 | 271,451 | 715,889 | 453,285 | 408,863 | 574,839 | 585,745 | 567,277 | 874,469 | 695,961 | 593,276 | 1,083,020 | 725,354 | 791,225 |
| 12 | 215,906 | 669,540 | 744,552 | 879,039 | 853,116 | 732,151 | 665,092 | 827,497 | 1,657,183 | 1,098,259 | 1,186,268 | 561,165 | 621,191 |
| 13 | 32,630 | 110,726 | 494,890 | 579,860 | 500,163 | 377,455 | 530,812 | 476,075 | 823,602 | 739,103 | 884,340 | 573,513 | 224,979 |
| 14 | 26,220 | 180,003 | 649,675 | 584,370 | 453,941 | 271,523 | 547,404 | 330,416 | 219,803 | 600,949 | 723,574 | 371,698 | 400,535 |
| 15 | 3,125 | 18,474 | 315,335 | 321,064 | 158,784 | 115,544 | 29,520 | 24,723 | 78,102 | 222,310 | 346,901 | 207,944 | 18,071 |
| 16 | 2,945 | 107,166 | 101,504 | 504,582 | 370,030 | 122,015 | 345,889 | 15,251 | 62,252 | 221,529 | 104,762 | 80,435 | 115,741 |
| 17 | 3,053 | 39,184 | 123,331 | 533,780 | 185,943 | 125,611 | 398,897 | 29,894 | 42,270 | 346,749 | 92,656 | 44,446 | 34,329 |
| 18 | 282 | 7,758 | 2,697 | 364,574 | 63,986 | 35,382 | 415,380 | 1,298 | 5,630 | 43,131 | 56,005 | 5,727 | 2,447 |
| 19 | 869 | 10,057 | 63,207 | 117,529 | 39,219 | 6,226 | 246,434 | 684 | 1,623 | 9,632 | 25,890 | 14,736 | 3,151 |
| 20 | 0 | 671 | 0 | 15,293 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,121 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 21 | 0 | 490 | 1,653 | 161 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 846 |
| 22 | 0 | 242 | 586 | 566 | 0 | 641 | 14,016 | 0 | 0 | 545 | 633 | 0 | 3,367 |
| 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 161 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16,410 | 0 | 0 |
| $>=24$ | 0 | 13,062 | 2,408 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9,911 | 0 | 0 | 4,681 | 2,173 | 10,100 |
| Total | 4,890,534 | 11,344,283 | 12,684,044 | 12,397,782 | 16,734,135 | 9,994,853 | 9,119,706 | 17,203,582 | 13,890,904 | 13,348,846 | 18,194,418 | 14,860,475 | 11,957,065 |

Table 8.7.5 Proportion at age of yellowtail snapper using age-length keys estimated from the survey abundances from the NMFS-UM Reef Visual Census (RVC) in the Florida Keys, 19982010.

| Year | Age 1 | Age 2 | Age 3 | Age 4 | Age 5 | Age 6 | Age 7 | Age 8 | Age 9 | Age 10 | Age 11 | Age 12+ | ESS |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1998 | 0.6897 | 0.1399 | 0.0774 | 0.0482 | 0.0264 | 0.0071 | 0.0063 | 0.0022 | 0.0019 | 0.0006 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 9 |
| 1999 | 0.6968 | 0.1594 | 0.0632 | 0.0366 | 0.0233 | 0.0096 | 0.0050 | 0.0039 | 0.0014 | 0.0001 | 0.0002 | 0.0006 | 13 |
| 2000 | 0.5983 | 0.2534 | 0.0717 | 0.0381 | 0.0236 | 0.0103 | 0.0026 | 0.0004 | 0.0014 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 0 | 15 |
| 2001 | 0.5796 | 0.2311 | 0.0883 | 0.0503 | 0.0248 | 0.0150 | 0.0047 | 0.0032 | 0.0004 | 0.0014 | 0.0011 | 0.0003 | 17 |
| 2002 | 0.5734 | 0.1771 | 0.0974 | 0.0557 | 0.0546 | 0.0259 | 0.0066 | 0.0050 | 0.0027 | 0.0012 | 0.0001 | 0.0002 | 18 |
| 2003 | 0.6178 | 0.1817 | 0.1086 | 0.0611 | 0.0188 | 0.0078 | 0.0022 | 0.0014 | 0.0003 | 0 | 0.0002 | 0.0001 | 15 |
| 2004 | 0.7097 | 0.1539 | 0.0642 | 0.0449 | 0.0161 | 0.0082 | 0.0022 | 0.0004 | 0 | 0 | 0.0001 | 0.0003 | 12 |
| 2005 | 0.5150 | 0.0989 | 0.1113 | 0.1133 | 0.0862 | 0.0365 | 0.0229 | 0.0018 | 0.008 | 0.0046 | 0.0014 | 0.0002 | 16 |
| 2006 | 0.5908 | 0.1773 | 0.0813 | 0.0532 | 0.0485 | 0.0276 | 0.0058 | 0.0064 | 0.005 | 0.0025 | 0 | 0.0016 | 18 |
| 2007 | 0.6490 | 0.1623 | 0.0595 | 0.0607 | 0.0331 | 0.0280 | 0.0048 | 0.0017 | 0 | 0.0003 | 0.0005 | 0.0001 | 18 |
| 2008 | 0.5478 | 0.1223 | 0.0770 | 0.1181 | 0.0586 | 0.0369 | 0.0162 | 0.0120 | 0.0035 | 0.0019 | 0.0024 | 0.0031 | 19 |
| 2009 | 0.6345 | 0.1873 | 0.0782 | 0.0321 | 0.0367 | 0.0159 | 0.0085 | 0.0035 | 0.0015 | 0.0005 | 0.0006 | 0.0008 | 23 |
| 2010 | 0.5535 | 0.2577 | 0.0812 | 0.0469 | 0.0176 | 0.0280 | 0.0088 | 0.0014 | 0.0006 | 0.0001 | 0.0035 | 0.0006 | 19 |

Table 8.7.6 Commercial vessel vertical line nominal catch rates, number of trips, proportion positive trips, and standardized abundance index for yellowtail snapper.

| a) | South Florida |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| YEAR | Normalized <br> Nominal <br> CPUE | Trips | Proportion <br> Successful <br> Trips | Standardized <br> Index | Lower <br> $\mathbf{9 5 \%}$ CI <br> (Index) | Upper <br> 95\% CI <br> (Index) | CV <br> (Index) |
| 1993 | 0.78004 | 3,780 | 0.88 | 0.801506 | 0.554481 | 1.158583 | 0.185805 |
| 1994 | 0.721586 | 6,171 | 0.86 | 0.83499 | 0.579682 | 1.202741 | 0.183999 |
| 1995 | 0.689659 | 5,780 | 0.86 | 0.75149 | 0.521496 | 1.082918 | 0.184213 |
| 1996 | 0.614289 | 4,725 | 0.79 | 0.662653 | 0.458824 | 0.957032 | 0.185355 |
| 1997 | 0.693064 | 7,152 | 0.83 | 0.731318 | 0.508115 | 1.05257 | 0.18359 |
| 1998 | 0.838275 | 6,638 | 0.81 | 0.810017 | 0.562418 | 1.166619 | 0.183933 |
| 1999 | 0.932592 | 6,973 | 0.83 | 1.017357 | 0.706144 | 1.465727 | 0.184104 |
| 2000 | 0.82082 | 6,120 | 0.80 | 0.873469 | 0.606149 | 1.258682 | 0.184208 |
| 2001 | 0.952677 | 6,203 | 0.79 | 0.895314 | 0.621194 | 1.290398 | 0.184303 |
| 2002 | 0.947988 | 6,171 | 0.77 | 0.891586 | 0.618601 | 1.285038 | 0.184308 |
| 2003 | 0.875649 | 6,055 | 0.78 | 0.837022 | 0.580649 | 1.206592 | 0.184391 |
| 2004 | 1.068132 | 5,543 | 0.78 | 0.936827 | 0.649844 | 1.350547 | 0.184423 |
| 2005 | 1.068558 | 4,786 | 0.82 | 1.189224 | 0.824956 | 1.714337 | 0.184402 |
| 2006 | 1.2605 | 4,321 | 0.83 | 1.17046 | 0.811609 | 1.687977 | 0.184611 |
| 2007 | 1.223093 | 4,178 | 0.83 | 1.100732 | 0.762956 | 1.588048 | 0.184815 |
| 2008 | 1.523669 | 4,122 | 0.82 | 1.412812 | 0.977997 | 2.040945 | 0.185482 |
| 2009 | 1.444767 | 4,339 | 0.82 | 1.573268 | 1.090714 | 2.269314 | 0.184708 |
| 2010 | 1.544642 | 3,504 | 0.81 | 1.509954 | 1.045587 | 2.180556 | 0.185312 |

b) "core area"

| YEAR | Normalized <br> Nominal <br> CPUE | Trips | Proportion <br> Successful <br> Trips | Standardized <br> Index | Lower <br> 95\% CI <br> (Index) | Upper <br> 95\% CI <br> (Index) | CV <br> (Index) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1993 | 0.771994 | 3,698 | 0.90 | 0.729073 | 0.501479 | 1.05996 | 0.188756 |
| 1994 | 0.704873 | 6,074 | 0.87 | 0.770778 | 0.531056 | 1.118712 | 0.187894 |
| 1995 | 0.676602 | 5,727 | 0.87 | 0.713097 | 0.491283 | 1.035061 | 0.187927 |
| 1996 | 0.593239 | 4,796 | 0.80 | 0.601174 | 0.41349 | 0.874047 | 0.188775 |
| 1997 | 0.685205 | 7,093 | 0.84 | 0.679875 | 0.468671 | 0.986259 | 0.187625 |
| 1998 | 0.826899 | 6,605 | 0.82 | 0.816866 | 0.562802 | 1.185622 | 0.187901 |
| 1999 | 0.921771 | 6,861 | 0.84 | 0.969 | 0.667721 | 1.406217 | 0.187823 |
| 2000 | 0.807324 | 6,047 | 0.82 | 0.852114 | 0.586781 | 1.237426 | 0.188169 |
| 2001 | 0.946559 | 6,076 | 0.81 | 0.922809 | 0.635416 | 1.340188 | 0.188207 |
| 2002 | 0.947674 | 5,990 | 0.80 | 0.935277 | 0.643989 | 1.358321 | 0.188216 |
| 2003 | 0.881349 | 5,896 | 0.80 | 0.895922 | 0.616869 | 1.301211 | 0.188234 |
| 2004 | 1.078191 | 5,354 | 0.81 | 0.987629 | 0.679831 | 1.434783 | 0.188371 |
| 2005 | 1.088574 | 4,640 | 0.85 | 1.19448 | 0.822284 | 1.735147 | 0.188329 |
| 2006 | 1.266215 | 4,175 | 0.86 | 1.176984 | 0.80988 | 1.710488 | 0.188556 |
| 2007 | 1.231023 | 4,047 | 0.86 | 1.10827 | 0.762354 | 1.611145 | 0.188721 |
| 2008 | 1.532369 | 3,997 | 0.85 | 1.552947 | 1.067806 | 2.258503 | 0.188928 |
| 2009 | 1.471643 | 4,081 | 0.85 | 1.560095 | 1.073328 | 2.267618 | 0.188638 |
| 2010 | 1.568497 | 3,341 | 0.83 | 1.533609 | 1.053652 | 2.232195 | 0.189346 |

Table 8.7.7 Annual number of trips in the selected subset and number of trips on which yellowtail snapper were caught ("positive" trips) from the Southeast Head Boat Survey vessel trip reports.

| year | Total Trips |  |  |  | Positive Trips |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11 | 12 | 17 | total | 11 | 12 | 17 | total |
| 1981 | 3101 | 1495 | 9 | 4605 | 2086 | 1160 | 9 | 3255 |
| 1982 | 3340 | 1502 | 16 | 4858 | 2375 | 1214 | 13 | 3602 |
| 1983 | 2605 | 1146 | 10 | 3761 | 1639 | 855 | 9 | 2503 |
| 1984 | 2071 | 1201 | 28 | 3300 | 1328 | 844 | 27 | 2199 |
| 1985 | 2142 | 980 | 24 | 3146 | 1162 | 752 | 22 | 1936 |
| 1986 | 2722 | 1111 | 39 | 3872 | 1743 | 984 | 38 | 2765 |
| 1987 | 2369 | 1342 | 39 | 3750 | 1600 | 1209 | 39 | 2848 |
| 1988 | 2410 | 1115 | 14 | 3539 | 1778 | 1027 | 12 | 2817 |
| 1989 | 2339 | 1073 | 57 | 3469 | 1844 | 976 | 55 | 2875 |
| 1990 | 2426 | 1356 | 6 | 3788 | 1746 | 1237 | 6 | 2989 |
| 1991 | 2303 | 1187 | 28 | 3518 | 1622 | 1099 | 25 | 2746 |
| 1992 | 2875 | 2189 | 46 | 5110 | 2129 | 1943 | 46 | 4118 |
| 1993 | 2612 | 2306 | 39 | 4957 | 1870 | 2037 | 39 | 3946 |
| 1994 | 2452 | 2293 | 57 | 4802 | 1950 | 2084 | 57 | 4091 |
| 1995 | 2041 | 2365 | 30 | 4436 | 1413 | 2175 | 30 | 3618 |
| 1996 | 641 | 2394 | 28 | 3063 | 362 | 2171 | 28 | 2561 |
| 1997 | 473 | 1784 | 27 | 2284 | 334 | 1659 | 26 | 2019 |
| 1998 | 554 | 2157 | 15 | 2726 | 279 | 1923 | 15 | 2217 |
| 1999 | 216 | 1881 | 3 | 2100 | 105 | 1689 | 3 | 1797 |
| 2000 | 189 | 1837 | 16 | 2042 | 84 | 1596 | 14 | 1694 |
| 2001 | 235 | 1445 | 27 | 1707 | 65 | 1283 | 27 | 1375 |
| 2002 | 168 | 1081 | 31 | 1280 | 52 | 978 | 31 | 1061 |
| 2003 | 93 | 1045 | 29 | 1167 | 43 | 925 | 28 | 996 |
| 2004 | 102 | 1077 | 21 | 1200 | 34 | 942 | 21 | 997 |
| 2005 | 152 | 1253 | 21 | 1426 | 57 | 1136 | 21 | 1214 |
| 2006 | 105 | 1313 | 44 | 1462 | 27 | 1104 | 42 | 1173 |
| 2007 | 216 | 1404 | 41 | 1661 | 92 | 1144 | 38 | 1274 |
| 2008 | 1319 | 1650 | 51 | 3020 | 941 | 1504 | 50 | 2495 |
| 2009 | 1673 | 1814 | 51 | 3538 | 1186 | 1559 | 48 | 2793 |
| 2010 | 2060 | 1759 | 37 | 3856 | 1532 | 1514 | 36 | 3082 |

Table 8.7.8 Observed ("nominal") catch rates, number of trips in the selected subset modeled with the delta-glm, proportion of positive trips in the subset from the Southeast Head Boat Survey vessel trip reports, adjusted ("standardized") catch rates for the index and the index coefficient of variation (cv).

| Year | Nominal <br> CPUE | N | Prop N <br> Positive | Index | (index) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 0.141 | 4605 | 0.707 | 0.204 | 0.028 |
| 1982 | 0.114 | 4858 | 0.741 | 0.173 | 0.030 |
| 1983 | 0.101 | 3761 | 0.666 | 0.136 | 0.035 |
| 1984 | 0.097 | 3300 | 0.666 | 0.137 | 0.037 |
| 1985 | 0.083 | 3146 | 0.615 | 0.134 | 0.036 |
| 1986 | 0.103 | 3872 | 0.714 | 0.158 | 0.031 |
| 1987 | 0.138 | 3750 | 0.759 | 0.188 | 0.029 |
| 1988 | 0.133 | 3539 | 0.796 | 0.201 | 0.028 |
| 1989 | 0.142 | 3469 | 0.829 | 0.221 | 0.026 |
| 1990 | 0.172 | 3788 | 0.789 | 0.259 | 0.027 |
| 1991 | 0.181 | 3518 | 0.781 | 0.261 | 0.024 |
| 1992 | 0.190 | 5110 | 0.806 | 0.261 | 0.025 |
| 1993 | 0.193 | 4957 | 0.796 | 0.253 | 0.025 |
| 1994 | 0.237 | 4802 | 0.852 | 0.307 | 0.025 |
| 1995 | 0.194 | 4436 | 0.816 | 0.227 | 0.030 |
| 1996 | 0.215 | 3063 | 0.836 | 0.211 | 0.034 |
| 1997 | 0.199 | 2284 | 0.884 | 0.233 | 0.030 |
| 1998 | 0.192 | 2726 | 0.813 | 0.197 | 0.037 |
| 1999 | 0.228 | 2100 | 0.856 | 0.203 | 0.036 |
| 2000 | 0.214 | 2042 | 0.830 | 0.198 | 0.041 |
| 2001 | 0.205 | 1707 | 0.806 | 0.177 | 0.047 |
| 2002 | 0.215 | 1280 | 0.829 | 0.175 | 0.047 |
| 2003 | 0.258 | 1167 | 0.853 | 0.234 | 0.044 |
| 2004 | 0.279 | 1200 | 0.831 | 0.284 | 0.042 |
| 2005 | 0.281 | 1426 | 0.851 | 0.326 | 0.040 |
| 2006 | 0.204 | 1462 | 0.802 | 0.226 | 0.043 |
| 2007 | 0.170 | 1661 | 0.767 | 0.201 | 0.036 |
| 2008 | 0.204 | 3020 | 0.826 | 0.259 | 0.028 |
| 2009 | 0.161 | 3538 | 0.789 | 0.234 | 0.029 |
| 2010 | 0.201 | 3856 | 0.799 | 0.270 | 0.026 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8.7.9 Observed ("nominal") catch rates, number of trips in the selected subset modeled with the delta-glm, proportion of positive trips in the subset from the Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey data, adjusted ("standardized") catch rates for the index and the index coefficient of variation (cv).

| Year | Nominal <br> CPUE | N | Proportion <br> Positive | Index | CV |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 4.109 | 92 | 0.500 | 3.901 | 0.150 |
| 1982 | 2.722 | 194 | 0.402 | 3.675 | 0.196 |
| 1983 | 1.771 | 131 | 0.328 | 2.960 | 0.161 |
| 1984 | 1.910 | 189 | 0.402 | 3.307 | 0.199 |
| 1985 | 1.422 | 135 | 0.281 | 2.627 | 0.159 |
| 1986 | 1.788 | 231 | 0.346 | 3.525 | 0.132 |
| 1987 | 2.067 | 372 | 0.336 | 2.786 | 0.142 |
| 1988 | 2.328 | 293 | 0.392 | 3.809 | 0.145 |
| 1989 | 2.154 | 267 | 0.318 | 3.787 | 0.131 |
| 1990 | 2.227 | 256 | 0.551 | 4.587 | 0.112 |
| 1991 | 4.892 | 278 | 0.518 | 7.183 | 0.094 |
| 1992 | 3.264 | 550 | 0.522 | 6.113 | 0.097 |
| 1993 | 3.210 | 499 | 0.473 | 4.819 | 0.106 |
| 1994 | 3.265 | 423 | 0.487 | 4.578 | 0.121 |
| 1995 | 3.572 | 339 | 0.407 | 5.179 | 0.117 |
| 1996 | 3.332 | 404 | 0.455 | 4.048 | 0.120 |
| 1997 | 4.085 | 424 | 0.394 | 4.408 | 0.118 |
| 1998 | 4.203 | 536 | 0.384 | 4.066 | 0.105 |
| 1999 | 3.477 | 792 | 0.365 | 4.397 | 0.106 |
| 2000 | 3.308 | 672 | 0.408 | 4.016 | 0.108 |
| 2001 | 3.977 | 665 | 0.350 | 4.168 | 0.104 |
| 2002 | 3.568 | 911 | 0.393 | 3.710 | 0.100 |
| 2003 | 3.956 | 895 | 0.397 | 4.407 | 0.099 |
| 2004 | 4.048 | 831 | 0.432 | 5.125 | 0.096 |
| 2005 | 4.392 | 738 | 0.466 | 5.325 | 0.094 |
| 2006 | 4.010 | 762 | 0.454 | 5.296 | 0.090 |
| 2007 | 4.386 | 888 | 0.453 | 5.436 | 0.090 |
| 2008 | 4.296 | 948 | 0.465 | 4.797 | 0.100 |
| 2009 | 3.164 | 623 | 0.424 | 4.284 | 0.099 |
| 2010 | 4.792 | 688 | 0.458 | 5.140 | 0.195 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

### 8.8 FIGURES

Figure 8.8.1 NMFS-UM Reef Visual Census (RVC) survey domain (Smith et al. 2011). The managed areas of the Florida Keys Marine Sanctuary are shaded in blue, tan areas are Biscayne National Park, Everglades National Park, and the Dry Tortugas National Park, and the areas in green are no-take marine preserves.


Figure 8.8.2 NMFS-UM Reef Visual Census (RVC) total population abundance estimates for yellowtail snapper in the Florida Keys reef tract, a) 1980-2010 and b) 1998-2010.
a) Yellowtail snapper, 1980-2010

b) Yellowtail snapper, 1998-2010


Figure 8.8.3 Proportion of yellowtail snapper in length classes observed by divers in the NMFSUM Reef Visual Census (RVC), 1998-2010.


Figure 8.8.4 Logistic regression coefficients (Stephens and MacCall 2004) from the south Florida and "core area" analyses. Positive coefficients mean that a species was more likely to occur in the landings on trips with yellowtail snapper, and negative coefficients mean that the species was less likely to occur. The "non co-occurring" is the intercept for the regression.
a) South Florida subset

b) "core area" subset


Figure 8.8.5 Observed and standardized catch rates (pounds of yellowtail snapper per hook-hour fished) in south Florida and in the "core area". Nominal catch rates (solid circles), standardized catch rates (open diamonds), and dashed lines are the upper and lower $95 \%$ confidence bounds of the standardized catch rates for commercial vessels fishing vertical line gear.
a) South Florida

YT VL DATA 1993-2010
Observed and Standardized CPUE (95\% CI)


b) "core area"

YT CORE VL DATA 1993-2010
Observed and Standardized CPUE (95\% CI)


$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\text { PLOT } & \text { STDCPUE } & -- \text { LCI } \\
& -- \text { UCI } & \cdots \text { obscpue }
\end{array}
$$

Figure 8.8.6 A comparison of the standardized catch rates (pounds of yellowtail snapper per hook-hour fished) for the south Florida index with the "core area" index. The dashed lines are the upper and lower $95 \%$ confidence bounds of the standardized catch rates for the south Florida index.


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Figure 8.8.8 Logistic regression coefficients (Stephens and MacCall 2004) from an examination of trip-level catch records from head boats in south Florida..

## Species-specific regression coefficients for YTS



Figure 8.8.9 Observed and modeled proportion of positive trips with yellowtail snapper from a subset of trip-level catch records from head boats in south Florida.


Figure 8.8.10 Observed (blue dots) and delta-glm modeled standardized catch rates from a subset of vessel trip reports from head boats in south Florida. The dashed lines are the $95 \%$ confidence limits for the standardized catch rates.


Figure 8.8.11 Observed (blue dots) and delta-glm modeled standardized catch rates scaled to their respective means from a subset of vessel trip reports from head boats in south Florida. The dashed lines are the $95 \%$ confidence limits for the standardized catch rates re-scaled to its mean.


Figure 8.8.12 Scree plot for assessing the optimum number of clusters chosen from the cluster analyses. The optimum number of clusters is estimated from a plot of cluster height (average distance between clusters, a measure of the degree of similarity) versus number of clusters. Piecewise regression was used to find the number of clusters that for the plot which minimized the residual mean square errors for both regressions.

Scree Plot for MRFSS Cluster Analysis


Figure 8.8.13 Dendogram resulting from the cluster analyses using eleven clusters. The species most closely associated with yellowtail snapper in angler catches (called "target", in the third box from the right in the plot) are often associated with reef and hard-bottom habitats: mutton snapper, blue runner, lane snapper, gray snapper, cero mackerel, black grouper, and grunts.

## Dendrogram for MRFSS Cluster Analysis



Species
(sqit trans, bray similarity, average linkage)

Figure 8.8.14 Observed (blue dots) and delta-glm modeled standardized catch rates from a subset of MRFSS data from angler intercepts in south Florida. The dashed lines are the 95\% confidence limits for the standardized catch rates.

## Modeled and Observed CPUE index with $95 \% \mathrm{Cl}$



Figure 8.8.15 Observed (blue dots) and delta-glm modeled standardized catch rates scaled to their respective means from a subset of vessel trip reports from head boats in south Florida. The dashed lines are the $95 \%$ confidence limits for the standardized catch rates re-scaled to its mean.

Modeled and Observed CPUE index with $95 \% \mathrm{Cl}$



# The 2012 Stock Assessment Report for Yellowtail Snapper in the South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico 

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## Section III: Assessment Report



May 29, 2012

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Table 10.6.2 Yellowtail snapper weighted annual proportions at age in the catch for recreational anglers (MRFSS data, Atlantic and Gulf regions combined). Values are the proportions of landed + discarded yellowtail snapper (in numbers) of age to the total of number of yellowtail snapper landed or discarded by recreational anglers each year. For example, in 2010, 12.0\% of yellowtail snapper caught by recreational anglers were estimated (using age-length keys) to be age-1....... 30
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Table 10.6.5 Yellowtail snapper weighted annual proportions at age in the total discards for recreational (MRFSS) anglers (using at-sea sampling length measurements and discard rates from head boats, and age-length keys). Values are the proportions of total discards of yellowtail snapper (in numbers) at age to the total of number of yellowtail snapper landed or discarded by recreational anglers each year. For example, in 2010, $24.1 \%$ of yellowtail snapper discards by recreational anglers were estimated (using age-length keys) to be age-1.

Table 10.6.6 Yellowtail snapper weighted annual proportions at age in the total discards for head boat anglers (using at-sea sampling length measurements and discard rates from head boats, and age-length keys). Values are the proportions of total discards of yellowtail snapper (in numbers) at age to the total of number of yellowtail snapper landed or discarded by head boat anglers each year. For example, in 2010, 18.4\% of yellowtail snapper discarded by head boat anglers were estimated (using age-length keys) to be age-1.
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Table 10.6.8 Yellowtail snapper weighted annual proportions by age released by recreational MRFSS) anglers. Values are the annual proportions of total discards of yellowtail snapper (in numbers) at an age to the total of number of yellowtail snapper caught (landed or discarded) at an age by recreational anglers. For example, in 2010, $97.4 \%$ of all age- 1 yellowtail snapper caught by recreational anglers were discarded (alive or dead). 36
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The previous sections described the data used for inputs to the model, and reflect all of the revisions available and used in the model configurations. There were no updates that were not included in the previous sections.

## 10 STOCK ASSESSMENT MODELS AND RESULTS

### 10.1 Model 1: Statistical Catch-at-Age (ASAP2)

The main assessment model chosen for yellowtail snapper was Legault and Restrepo's (1998) Age-Structured Assessment Program (ASAP2, version 2.0.21) which is available from the NOAA Fisheries Toolbox (http://nft.nefsc.noaa.gov/). ASAP2 is a forward-projecting, statistical catch-at-age model written in ADModelbuilder (Copyright (c) 2008 Regents of the University of California) that uses the Toolbox's graphical interface to facilitate data entry and presentation of model results. The model allows for age- and year-specific values for natural mortality rates, average spawning weights, average catch weight, and average stock weight at the beginning of the year. It accommodates multiple fleets with one or more selectivity blocks within the fleets, incomplete age-composition to accommodate fisheries that are not sampled every year, and indices of abundance in either numbers or biomass that are offset by month. Discards by fleet can be linked to their fishery as can fishery-dependent indices. The original version of ASAP only solved for selectivity by specific ages while this second version allows for modeling selectivity with logistic or double logistic curves as well as age-specific selectivities. The model estimates population numbers, fishing mortality rates, stock-recruit parameters, and management benchmarks such as maximum sustainable yield (MSY), the fishing mortality rate at MSY, the spawning biomass at MSY, and the fishing mortality rate corresponding to spawning potential ratios (e.g., $30 \%, 40 \%$, or $45 \%$ ). Precisions of parameters can be evaluated by their standard deviations from the variance-covariance matrix or through Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) simulations.

### 10.2 Statistical Catch-at-Age Methods

### 10.2.1 OVERVIEW AND DATA SOURCES

ASAP2 is an age-structured model and integrates information on life history aspects such as age, reproduction, and natural mortality with fishery information like landings, discards, and selectivity to estimate past exploitation patterns and management benchmarks to determine whether management objectives are being met. The model only addresses a single stock but this limitation of the program does not present a problem for yellowtail snapper because the stock in U.S. waters is a single unit (Sections 5.3.2-5.3.3). If the stock in the South Atlantic and the Gulf of Mexico were separate units, separate assessments could be developed for each unit using the ASAP2 model.

Yellowtail snapper landings from the Headboat Survey, Marine Recreational Fisheries Statistics Survey (MRFSS), and NMFS's Accumulated Landings System were tallied annually by fleet from the Atlantic region (southeast Florida from Miami-Dade County to Nassau County,
primarily) and the Gulf Region (primarily the Florida Keys, but also included data for southwest Florida) for the period of 1981 through 2010 (Sections 6.3.3, 7.3.1, 7.3.2). Fishery dependent indices of abundance were generated from the NMFS Coastal Fisheries Logbook Program (CFLP; Section 8.2.1), the NMFS Southeast Head Boat Survey (HBS; Section 8.2.2), and the NMFS Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey data (MRFSS; Section 8.2.3). Length information was retrieved from the Trip Information Program Headboat Survey, and MRFSS and age information was obtained from Florida Fish and Wildlife Research Institute's Age Database. Data on the abundance of yellowtail snapper by length class for yellowtail snapper provided from the NMFS-UM Reef Visual Census (RVC) for 1998-2010 (J. Ault and S. Smith, University of Miami, personal communication, Section 8.3.1) were used to develop a fishery independent index, and the estimated abundances by length class and year from the survey data were used to estimate ages and selectivities by age for this index.

Additional refinements to the life history data used in SEDAR 3 were the estimate of natural mortality (Hoenig 1983, Hewitt and Hoenig 2005) based on the most recent maximum observed age ( 23 years), adjustment of natural mortality for age-specific estimates (Section 5.4.1; an average of $\mathrm{M}=0.13 \cdot \mathrm{y}^{-1}$ ) compared to a constant M (base run used 0.20 ) for all ages (SEDAR 3, 2003), and an offset to mid-year (mid-point of the Aprill-October 1 spawning season) for the estimated spawning date based on field observations of spawning in the Florida Keys (Barbieri and Colvocoresses 2003, SEDAR 3 (2003)], and other normal tuning adjustments.

### 10.2.2 MODEL CONFIGURATION AND EQUATIONS.

Two different model configurations were created for this assessment. The ALK ("agelength key") configuration used the data for fleet catch-at-age and fleet discards-at-age (Sections 6.6.2, 7.3.1, 7.3.2) from age-length keys for each region (see Section 5.5.5) to represent the age compositions in the catches and discards for 1981-2010. The DA ("direct ageing") configuration derived the fleet catch at age composition from the age samples taken annually from the fleets by region, and treated the age composition for years for which no samples were taken as "missing". The age composition for discards, however, were unknown and estimated using the discards measured from at-sea sampling on head boats and converted to ages by age-length keys (Section 5.5.5) as proxies for the age composition of discards for all fleets. However, the difference in treatment for the DA configuration was that these proxy values only applied to 2005-2010 when samples were actually acquired. The DA configuration was not used in this assessment, and will not be discussed further.

The models were configured with three fleets (commercial, general recreational (MRFSS), and head boat) and four indices of abundance (three fishery dependent indices and one fishery-independent index). The MRFSS and Head Boat Survey Indices covered the entire landings series period of 1981 through 2010, the commercial hook-and-line index developed from the reef fish log books spanned the 1993-2010 period, and the NMFS-UM RVC index covered 1998-2010. The fishery dependent indices for yellowtail snapper were linked to their respective fleets, and the fishery dependent index was linked to the population estimates.

Because of regulatory changes that potentially affected yellowtail snapper harvests, separate selectivity blocks for each "major" regulatory period (1981-1984, 1985-1991, and 1992-
2010) were used to estimate the age composition for catches for each fleet. The first selectivity block (1981-1984) corresponded to the period before Florida implemented a minimum size limit ( 12 " TL) for retention of yellowtail snapper in July of 1985, and a 10 -fish bag limit which included yellowtail snapper. The second block (1985-1991) corresponded to the period before fish traps were prohibited by the SAFMC (which were already prohibited in state waters) and entanglement (gill) nets and long lines were prohibited within 50 fathoms (federal waters, SAFMC) in January of 1992. [Florida's limitations on entangling nets in state waters beginning July 1, 1995 probably had no impact on yellowtail snapper harvest since "stab nets" (anchored bottom gill nets) for the harvest of reef fish had previously been banned in December of 1986, and the SAFMC prohibitions on entangling nets went into effect in 1992.] The last selectivity block (1992-2010) corresponded to a period of time when only relatively minor regulatory actions (prohibition of fish exhibiting "trap rash" in January of 2000, restricted commercial fishermen from retaining reef fish caught under recreational bag-limits on commercial fishing trips, and use of circle hooks, venting tools, and de-hooking devises for Gulf of Mexico reef fish in 2008) with regards to yellowtail snapper occurred. Time-varying catchability coefficients were held constant over the 30 years in the model. The use of different selectivity blocks by fleet tends to mitigate some departures from the constant catchability assumption.

The following equations for ASAP2 were based on those in the Technical Documentation for ASAP Version 2.0 which is supplied with the program from the NOAA Fisheries Toolbox (http://nft.nefsc.noaa.gov/ASAP.html).
(1) Proportions at age in catches, discards, and released fish

ASAP2 reconstructs virtual populations using calculations from the total catch and other parameters in the model. The annual proportion of the number of yellowtail snapper at age ( $\mathrm{PAA}_{\text {catch }}$ ) in the catch for a fleet is the ratio of the sum by age across regions of the number of fish landed (Tables 6.8.19, 6.8.20, 7.8.6, 7.8.7, 7.8.15, 7.8.16) or discarded (released alive or dead; Tables $6.8 .23,6.8 .24,7.8 .24,7.8 .25,7.8 .31,7.8 .32$ ) to the total number of yellowtail snapper by year caught:

Equation 10.2.2.1 PRoportions at Age in the Catch (fleet, year, and age) - PAA ${ }_{\text {Catch }}$

$$
\text { Prop }_{\text {catch }_{f, t, a}}=\frac{\left(\text { Landings }_{f, t, a}+\text { Tot }_{\text {discards }_{f, t, a}}\right)}{\left(\text { Number_landed }_{f, t}+\text { Tot_discards }_{f, t}\right)}
$$

The annual proportion of the number of fish at age $\left(\mathrm{PAA}_{\text {discards }}\right)$ in the discards for a fleet is the ratio of the number of fish at a particular age that are discarded (released) to the total number of fish caught (landed or discarded) for a year:

$$
\text { Prop }_{\text {discards }_{f, t, a}}=\frac{\text { Tot }_{\text {discards }_{f, t, a}}}{\text { Tot_discards }_{f, t}}
$$

Another matrix regarding the proportion at each age released by a fleet in a year is required by ASAP2 for its computations. This matrix ( $\mathrm{PAA}_{\text {releases }}$ ) is calculated from the number of fish discarded (released) by age relative to the total number at age caught (landed or discarded) by each fleet in a given year. The entries in this matrix represent the proportion of released fish of age- X by a fleet to all the age-X fish that are caught by a fleet in a year (Tables 6.8.26, 7.8.28, 7.8.35):

## Equation 10.2.2.3 PRoportions at Age of Released Fish(fleet, year, and age) - PA $A_{\text {releases }}$

$$
\text { Prop }_{\text {released }_{f, t, a}}=\frac{\text { Tot_discards }_{f, t, a}}{\left(\text { Number_landed }_{f, t, a}+\text { Tot_discards }_{f, t, a}\right)}
$$

## (2) Selectivity

Most of the selectivity patterns used in the yellowtail snapper model were single logistic curves because the commercial vertical line vessels and recreational (MRFSS, Head Boats) fleets probably encounter the full range of ages of yellowtail snapper in the population. The ages sampled from the fleets shows that while the ages sampled from the recreational fleets (Tables $6.8 .8,6.8 .9,6.8 .17,6.8 .18$ ) were typically 8 years or younger and the ages sampled from commercial hook-and-line fleet were typically 10 years or younger (Tables 6.8.27,6.8.28), fish 11 years and older were occasionally landed by all fleets. The equation for the logistic curve (Quinn and Deriso 1999) for the selectivity of fleet, $f$ and age, $a$, (two parameters: $\alpha_{\mathrm{f}}, \beta_{\mathrm{f}}$ ) was:

## Equation 10.2.2.4 SElectivities(fleet and age)

$$
\operatorname{Sel}_{f, a}=\frac{1}{1+e^{-\left(\alpha-\alpha_{f}\right) / \beta_{f}}}
$$

The $\alpha_{\mathrm{f}}$ parameter corresponds to the age at $50 \%$ of the maximum value, and $\beta_{\mathrm{f}}$ is a shape parameter for the curve. Parameters were estimated using the MS-Excel Solver add-in. The fleet selectivities were divided by the selectivity for the age with the maximum value ensuring that the final selectivity pattern for the fleet had a maximum value of 1.0.

## (3) Mortality

Natural mortality is incorporated into the model as a year and age matrix. There was no basis on which to develop different natural mortality vectors by year for yellowtail snapper, therefore every year used the same Lorenzen-based age-specific values adjusted to the beginning of the year.

Fishing mortality is treated as separable, i.e., it is the product of a year effect, the fishing mortality multiplier, and the age-specific selectivity. The fishing mortality multiplier, Fmult, is estimated by fleet in the first year (1981) and by an annual fleet-specific fishing mortality multiplier deviation, Fmultdev. Both Fmult and Fmultdev are estimated in log space and then exponentiated as:

Equation 10.2.2.5 Fishing Mortality Multipliers in Year 1 (fleet)

$$
\text { Fmult }_{f, 1}=e^{\text {log }_{-} F_{m u l t}^{f, 1}}
$$

and,

## Equation 10.2.2.6 FISHING MORTALITY MULTIPLIERS (FLEET, YEAR)

$$
\text { Fmult }_{f, t}=\text { Fmult }_{f, t-1} e^{\log _{-} \text {Fmultdev }_{f, t}}
$$

Directed fishing mortality per year for a fleet, year, and age, Fdir $_{f, t, a}$, is calculated from the fishing mortality multiplier for the fleet and year, Fmult $_{f, t}$, selectivity for the fleet and age, $\operatorname{Sel}_{f, a}$, and the proportion of the catch of the fleet for that year and age that was released, prop_release $f_{f, t, a}$ or:

## Equation 10.2.2.7 Directed Fishing Mortality (fleet, year, and age)

$$
F \text { dir }_{f, t, a}=\text { Fmult }_{f, t} \text { Sel }_{f, a}\left(1-\text { prop }_{\text {release }_{f, t, a}}\right)
$$

The dead discards, Fby_catch $_{f, t, a}$, are similar but with the addition of the fleet's release mortality rate:

## Equation 10.2.2.8 By-CATCH Fishing Mortality (fleet, year, and Age)

$$
\text { Fby_catch }_{f, t, a}=\text { Fmult }_{f, t} \operatorname{Sel}_{f, a}\left(\text { prop }_{\text {release }_{f, t, a}} * \text { release_mort }_{f}\right)
$$

The fishing mortality for the fleet, year, and age is the sum of the directed and discarded fishing mortality components:

Equation 10.2.2.9 Fleet Total Fishing Mortality (fleet, year, age)

$$
F_{f, t, a}=F d i r_{f, t}+F_{b y_{-} c^{\prime}}{ }_{f, t, a}
$$

Total mortality, $Z$, is the sum of the fishing mortalities by fleet and natural mortality

## EQUATION 10.2.2.10 Total MORTALITY (YEAR AND AGE)

$$
Z_{t, a}=M_{t, a}+\sum_{f} F_{f, t, a}
$$

The population abundances in the first year, 1981, for ages 1 to $12+$ are calculated from the initial guesses, Nlini $_{a}$, and deviations. The equation for age, $a$, is:

## Equation 10.2.2.11 Population Abundance in Year 1 (age)

$$
N_{1, a}=N 1 i n i_{a} * e^{\log _{-} \text {Nyear } 1 \text { dev }_{a}}
$$

The population abundances for remainder of the ages less than the plus group are calculated from:

## Equation 10.2.2.12 Population Abundance (year, age)

$$
N_{t, a}=N_{t-1, a-1} * e^{-\mathrm{Z}_{t-1, a-1}}
$$

and the population abundance in the plus group, A , is calculated from:

## Equation 10.2.2.13 Population Abundance in Plus Group (year)

$$
N_{t, A}=N_{t-1, A-1} * e^{-\mathrm{Z}_{t-1, A-1}}+N_{t-1, A} * e^{-\mathrm{Z}_{t-1, A}}
$$

The spawning biomass, $\mathrm{SSB}_{\mathrm{t}}$, is calculated from population abundances by year and age; average weight offset to the beginning of the spawning season by year and age, $\bar{w} s s b_{t, a}$, maturity by year and age, $m_{t, a}$; and total mortality offset for the spawning season, $\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{SSB}}$, which was 0.5 years or July 1 [Barbieri and Colvocoresses 2003, SEDAR 3 (2003)]. The sex ratio for male and female yellowtail snapper is approximately 1:1 (Section 5.6.5), and the length-weight relationship for males and females were not different, so male and female biomass was not differentiated in the inputs for the model. But, female SSB was calculated as 0.5 of the mature fraction of the total population biomass for a year by the model. The equation for spawning biomass of the population is:

## Equation 10.2.2.14 Spawning Stock Biomass (year)

$$
S S B_{t}=\sum_{a}\left(N_{t, a} * \bar{w} S S b_{t, a} * M_{t, a} * e^{-\mathrm{pSSB} * \mathrm{Z}_{t, a}}\right)
$$

The spawning biomass per recruit at for any $\mathrm{F},(\mathrm{SSB} / \mathrm{R})_{\mathrm{F}}$, where the number of recruits starts with $\mathrm{N}_{1}=1$ is

## Equation 10.2.2.15 SPAWNING STOCK PER RECRUIT

$$
S S B / R_{F_{t o t}}=\sum_{a}\left(N_{a} * e^{-\left(F_{t o t}+M_{a}\right) * p S S B} * \bar{w}_{S S B, a} * M_{a}\right)
$$

Recruitment in this model, the number of age- 1 fish, is assumed to follow the BevertonHolt stock recruitment relationship:

## EQuation 10.2.2.16 PRedicted Recruitment of age-1 Fish (year+1)

$$
\hat{R}_{t+1}=\frac{\alpha S S B_{t}}{\beta+S S B_{t}}
$$

However, equation 11.2.2.13 was re-parameterized to steepness, $h$, which is only defined over the range of 0.20-1.00 (Mace and Doonan 1988); the spawning biomass without fishing $S S B_{o}$; and $(\mathrm{SSB} / \mathrm{R})_{\mathrm{F}=0}$, the product of relative numbers-at-age calculated from natural mortality, average weight at age, and the maturity at age (Equation 10.2.2.15 with $\mathrm{F}=0$ ).

Equation 10.2.2.17 STOCK-Recruitment Parameter alpha

$$
\alpha=\frac{4 h S S B_{0} /(S S B / R)_{F=0}}{5 h-1}
$$

and,
EQuation 10.2.2.18 Stock-Recruitment Parameter beta

$$
\beta=\frac{S S B_{0}(1-h)}{5 h-1}
$$

With the Beverton-Holt stock recruitment relationship, the spawning biomass at any F is:
Equation 10.2.2.19 Beverton-Holt Stock-Recruitment Relationship

$$
S S B_{F}=\alpha(S S B / R)_{F}-\beta
$$

and recruitment at any F is:

## Equation 10.2.2.20 Recruitment at any F from Stock-Recruitment Relationship

$$
R_{F}=\frac{S S B_{F}}{(S S B / R)_{F}}
$$

Annual predicted recruitment (age 1), $N_{t, 1}$, is a product of the predicted value from the Beverton-Holt stock recruitment, $\hat{R}_{t}$, and an annual recruitment deviation:

## Equation 10.2.2.21 Annual Predicted Recruitment Age 1 Fish

$$
N_{t, 1}=\hat{R}_{t} * e^{\log \left(R d e v_{t}\right)}
$$

The predicted catch in biomass is the sum of the directed catch and the by-catch and these terms are calculated from the Baranov equation (Ricker 1975) and the average catch weight by year and age:

## Equation 10.2.2.22 PRedicted Fleet Directed Catch Biomass (fleet, year, age)

$$
\hat{L} d i r_{f, t, a}=N_{t, a} * \operatorname{Fdir}_{f, t, a} *\left(1-e^{-Z_{t, a}}\right) *\left(\bar{w} c^{a t c h_{t, a}} / Z_{t, a}\right)
$$

and,
Equation 10.2.2.23 PREDICTED FLEET DISCARD BIoMASS (FLEET, YEAR, AGE)

$$
\hat{L} d i s c_{f, t, a}=N_{t, a} * \text { Fby_catch }_{f, t, a} *\left(1-e^{-Z_{t, a}}\right) *\left(\bar{w} c^{2 t c h} h_{t, a} / Z_{t, a}\right)
$$

The calculation of catchability for each index is similar to the fishing mortality calculation with a value for the first year $\left(\log \_q 1_{\text {ind }}\right)$ and annual deviations $\left(\log _{\_} q \_d e v_{\text {ind }, t}\right)$ which can be turned on or off. For the yellowtail snapper assessment, the catchability deviations were turned off so that use time-varying catchabilities were not estimated. The equation for catchability is:

Equation 10.2.2.24 CATCHABILITIES FOR INDICES (INDEX, YEAR)

$$
q_{\text {ind }, t}=e^{\log \left(q 1_{\text {ind }}\right)+\log \left(q d e v_{\text {ind }, t}\right)}
$$

and the predicted index value is:

$$
I_{\text {ind,t }}=q_{\text {ind }, t} * \sum_{a=\text { start }_{\text {age }}}^{\text {end }_{\text {age }}} N_{t, a} * \operatorname{Sel}_{\text {ind }, t, a} * e^{-\left(z_{t, a}\right) * t_{\text {offset }}^{\text {ind }}} \text { }
$$

where $t \_o f f s e t_{\text {ind }}$ is an offset within the year for the index's sampling period.
(5) Parameters Estimated

As ASAP2 was configured for yellowtail snapper, the model estimated values for 166 parameters. A breakdown of those parameters is: 18 selectivity coefficients for the 9 selectivity blocks for the fleets, 3 fleet fishing mortality multipliers in 1981, 87 fishing mortality multiplier deviations ( 3 fleets*29 years), 29 recruitment deviations, 12 age deviations in 1981, 4 index catchability coefficients, 11 ( 1 fixed) index selectivity by age coefficients for the NMFS-UM RVC index (all the fishery dependent indices were linked to the selectivities estimated for their respective fleets), spawning biomass without fishing, and steepness (stock-recruitment parameter).

## (6) Uncertainty and Measures of Precision

When ASAP2 achieves valid convergence, the model generates a variance-covariance matrix and, thus, the diagonal of that matrix estimates the variance for each of the 166 parameters. To explore the precision beyond the standard deviations of the parameters, Markov Chain Monte Carlo simulations (MCMC) were used with the variance-covariance matrix to start the Metropolis-Hastings method algorithm. The initial runs were made using 2,001,000 outcomes with no thinning to examine acceptance rates of the samples, potential burn-in periods (to eliminate effects of alternate starting values) for the chains, and autocorrelation in the outcomes (Gelman et al. 2003) using the diagnostics in the R package 'boa' (http://www.publichealth.uiowa.edu/boa)). After burn-in and autocorrelation were assessed, five runs (chains) were made with $10,001,000$ simulations each at a thinning rate of 8,000 (one of every 8,000 samples was kept). Each of the variables (model parameters) of interest from the five runs were compared for convergence using the methods suggested by Gelman et al. (2003) which monitors the "between" and "within" variances of the estimands from the chains.

## Equation 10.2.2.26 BETWEEN SEQUENCE VARIANCES (MCMC)

$$
B_{m}=\frac{n}{m-1} \sum_{j=1}^{m}\left(\bar{\varphi}_{. j}-\bar{\varphi}_{. .}\right)^{2}
$$

where $\bar{\varphi}_{. j}=\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \varphi_{i j}, \quad \bar{\varphi}_{. .}=\frac{1}{m} \sum_{j=1}^{m} \bar{\varphi}_{. \mathrm{j}}$,
from $m$ parallel sequences (MCMC chains) each of length $n$ (after discarding burn-in samples).

## EQUATION 10.2.2.27 WITHIN SEQUENCE VARIANCES (MCMC)

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\boldsymbol{W}=\frac{\mathbf{1}}{\boldsymbol{m}} \sum_{j=1}^{\boldsymbol{m}} s_{j}^{2} \\
\text { where } \mathrm{s}_{\mathrm{j}}^{2}=\frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{\mathrm{j}=1}^{\mathrm{m}}\left(\varphi_{\mathrm{ij}}-\bar{\varphi}_{. \mathrm{j}}\right)^{2}
\end{array}
$$

## Equation 10.2.2.28 MARGINAL POSTERIOR VARIANCES (MCMC)

$$
\widehat{\operatorname{var}}^{+}(\varphi \mid y)=\frac{n-1}{n} W+\frac{1}{n} B
$$

The quantity $\widehat{v a r}{ }^{+}(\varphi \mid y)$ is a weighted average of the variance of the chains (B) divided by the within-variance of the separate chains (W), which overstimates the marginal posterior variance but is unbiased under stationarity (if the starting distribution equals the target distribution) and underestimates the "within" variance (W) because the sequences have not had time to range over all of the target distribution (Gelman et al. 2003). Convergence is monitored by estimating a factor by which the scale of the distribution of samples for $\varphi$ might be reduced if additional simulations were performed.

The potential of reducing the scale for the ratio of the marginal posterior variance of the estimand and the "within" variance of the estimand is:

## Equation 10.2.2.29 Potential scale reduction factor (MCMC)

$$
\hat{R}=\sqrt{\frac{\widehat{v a r}+(\varphi \mid y)}{\mathrm{W}}}
$$

If the potential scale reduction factor $(\widehat{R})$ is high, then additional simulations may improve inferences about the distribution of the parameter estimated by the simulations. If $\widehat{R}$ is close to 1 , additional simulations will not improve the inferences about the target distribution for the parameter estimated by the simulations (Gelman et al. 2003), and the samples from the separate chains produced by the MCMC simulations can be combined as samples from the target distribution for a parameter.

Another potential source of uncertainty in estimating fishing mortality rates, spawning biomass, or recruitment is from retrospective bias (Mohn 1999). The option to run analyses for retrospective bias is built into ASAP2, and six years (2005-2010) were examined.

Additionally, sensitivity runs were made for alternative values of release mortality because the estimates used for the immediately observable release mortality was based on relatively few observations from one study (at-sea sampling on head boats; Section 5.4.2), from
commercial vertical line vessels log books (Section 6.4.1), and there may be unmeasured delayed mortality from the interaction with the fishing gear.

### 10.2.3 Benchmarks / Reference points / ABC methods

The South Atlantic Fishery Management Council (SAFMC) adopted benchmark proxies for the snappers and groupers in 1998 (Amendment 11) of F30\%SPR as their Maximum Fishing Mortality Threshold (MFMT, now called the overfishing limit, OFL) and the Minimum Stock Size Threshold (MSST) is $(1-\mathrm{M}) \mathrm{SSB} 30 \% \mathrm{SPR}$ or $0.86 \mathrm{SSB} 30 \% \mathrm{SPR}$. In the same amendment, the SAFMC chose the yield corresponding to F40\%SPR as their optimum yield (OY) goal. The Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council (GMFMC) also has adopted F30\%SPR as their OFL for reef fish and they chose 0.8 SSB30\%SPR as their MSST. The GMFMC's amendment that contained their optimum yield definition (Amendment 18B) was not accepted and the council is considering OY alternatives at this time.

ASAP2 has the ability to estimate commonly used reference points such as FMSY, F30\%SPR, or F40\%SPR. The program uses the bisection method to identify a particular fishing mortality rate with a given spawning potential ratio (SPR) and then using that fishing mortality rate, the program determines the spawning biomass, recruitment, and yield-per-recruit to estimate the equilibrium yield associated with at that fishing mortality rate. The senior author of ASAP2, Dr. Chris Legault, supplied the ASAP2's ADMB template and slight modifications were made to have ASAP2 estimate the biomass at F30\%SPR and to estimate F45\%SPR together with its biomass to provide additional estimates for probabilistic evaluation of the SAFMC's management objectives.

### 10.2.4 Projection methods

Deterministic projections can be run in ASAP2. The projections could use the current level of fishing mortality or a specified level of F such as a geometric mean of the fishing mortality rates of the last three years to estimate the current fishing mortality rate (Fcurrent) and assumed no change in current management. The model used the current (2010) directed and discard fishing mortality rates by fleet to run the projections. Recruitment was calculated from the spawning biomass (Equation 10.2.2.20) and a log recruitment deviation (Equation 10.2.2.21). The duration of the projections was 10 years (2020). The projection model assumed that the selectivities would not change over the projection interval. This assumption is equivalent to implying that effort may vary but not sizes of yellowtail snapper affected by fishing gear or methods. The current fishing mortality rate (Fcurrent) was applied in 2011-2020.

### 10.2.5 SPECIFIC CONFIGURATIONS

The annual PAA catch by fleet are in Tables 10.6.1 (commercial), 10.6 .2 (recreational [MRFSS]), and 10.6.3 (head boats) and PAA $_{\text {discards }}$ for the total discards (live or dead) by fleet are in Tables 10.6.4 (commercial), 10.6.5 (recreational [MRFSS]), and 10.6.6 (head boats) for the age-length key (ALK) model configurations. The age compositions for the fleet catches and discards are weighted by the total number caught or discarded in the two regions, and the catch PAA and discard PAA matrices were fully populated (no missing values) over the 1981-2010 period. The proportions of yellowtail snapper in the fleet discards by age to the fleet catch (landings and discards) by age, $\mathrm{PAA}_{\text {releases, }}$, are in Tables 10.6.7, 10.6.8, and 10.6.9).

The process was similar for the direct ageing (DA) model configurations. For calculating the annual numbers of fish landed by age for the DA runs, the observed proportions of ages in the age samples by year and region for each fleet was multiplied by the annual estimated numbers of fish landed by each fleet in a region. The number of yellowtail in the annual discards by each fleet were the same as used in the ALK configurations since there were no age samples from discarded fish. The catch at age for each fleet was the annual sum of the landed and discarded fish at age. The catch proportion-at-age ( $\mathrm{PAA}_{\text {catch }}[\mathrm{DA}]$ ) was the catch-at-age for a fleet divided by the total number caught (Tables $10.6 .10,10.6 .11,10.6 .12$ ) and used the annual estimated numbers of yellowtail snapper in the total discards by fleet and age (using the agelength keys). $\mathrm{PAA}_{\text {catch }[\mathrm{DA}]}$ annual values were treated as missing values if there were no age samples from a fleet for one or both regions. The discard proportion-at-age $\left(\mathrm{PAA}_{\text {discards }}\right)$ for a fleet was the same as calculated for the ALK model for computing the $\mathrm{PAA}_{\text {catch }}$ [DA]. For the DA model configuration, though, the annual values for $\mathrm{PAA}_{\text {discards }}$ were treated as missing values until 2005-2010 when at-sea sampling occurred. The $\mathrm{PAA}_{\text {releases }}$ for each fleet were the same as used in the ALK configuration.

## (2) Weights of Landings and Discards by Fleet

The total weight (in metric tons ${ }^{1}$ ) of yellowtail snapper harvested by the three fleets was a combination of the reported landings and the product of the estimated weight of total discards (live and dead) by fleet at a specified release mortality rate to estimate the total weight of dead discards by fleet. The vectors of weights by fleet for landings and dead discards (Table 10.6.13) were used as inputs to the ALK and DA model configurations used in this assessment. Landings and discards from all fleets were highest in the Gulf region (Fig. 10.7.1), and landings far exceed dead discards. The commercial fleet in the last 20 years has dominated the landings, and in this assessment the recreational (MRFSS) fleet is estimated to be the largest in terms of dead discards. There is one anomalously high year (1991) of released fish (Type B2 fish) in the MRFSS data. The inputs may also be structured to include the weight of dead discards (if known) with the landings for the total harvested weight by fleet, and include weights for fish that were released alive that subsequently die as a result of the encounter with the fishing gear using a specified release mortality rate as dead discards. Because of the uncertainty around the quantification of discard rates and sizes in the discards, this assessment examined the issue of

[^6]delayed mortality of yellowtail snapper released alive by examining runs at different rates of release mortality as sensitivity runs. The matrices of estimated weights of dead discards at different release mortalities are in Tables 6.8.25 (commercial discards), 7.8.27 (head boat discards), and 7.8.35 (MRFSS discards).

## (3) Weighting input values in the model

ASAP2 allows for landings, discards, and index values to be weighted in terms of the variability associated with estimates of landings or discards in a year, or for indices of abundance the variability associated with the index in a year may be estimated as part of a survey design or a modeled in some way. The weightings are in terms of the coefficient of variation (cv; the ratio of the standard deviation to the mean) for a year and are used as inputs to the model. Low cv values indicate high precision of the estimates, whereas high cv values indicate that there is large variability. ASAP2 uses these estimates of variability in solving for parameters. For landings estimated by surveys (the MRFSS, for example), the cv values are the survey proportional standard errors (PSE). The head boat survey and commercial data collection programs attempt a census of the landings, and the annual cv values for these programs are unknown. Values for these two programs were assumed to be lower than those from surveys (e.g., MRFSS) and were assumed to be relatively constant across years.

Weighting of the age compositions for fleets (catches and total discards) is accomplished through the use of "effective sample sizes" (ESS) for each year that an age composition is estimated for a fleet or index. Typically, the number of samples taken is often used for the initial ESS values whether it is the number of otoliths sampled or some other measurement such as the number of dives for underwater surveys. The ASAP2 user manual suggests capping the ESS at 200 so that years with very large sample sizes do not exert too strong an influence in the fitting process. In practice, large weights such as 200 exert a very strong influence and predicted values tend to fit very closely to the observed values. In this assessment, the choice was made to deemphasize large numbers of samples by using the square root of the sample sizes rather than using a cap on sample sizes.

Weightings are also possible at the fleet level for landings and dead discards, and index values also have an index level weighting factor. For initial runs of the model, these weightings were set equal to 1 so that all would be contributing the same amount to the model's objective function (a relative measure of the fit of the model to the data and parameters).

A series of runs of a model is typically made to assess whether the model converges successfully (no negative roots when inverting matrices so that the variance-covariance matrix is positive-definite, for example). During these initial runs, the analyst assesses the impact of the ESS values used for the age compositions. The model may suggest that some initial ESS values are larger than the model predicted ESS and the initial values should be reduced. Tuning the model runs with the ESS calculations is an iterative process, and it leads generally to better residual patterns in the fits to landings, discards, and indices.

Another tuning strategy is to examine the weighting of indices in models to estimate how much influence each index has on the overall fit of the model. Francis (2010) suggested using
the standard deviation of "naturalized residuals" as a more objective approach to weightings for indexes. This process is iterative, with adjustments to the weightings occurring with each run until some tolerance level (e.g., $\pm 0.001$ ) is reached. This assessment used his method for the weighting of indexes in the model runs.

Appendix B contains the ASAP2 input file yts_ALK_base.DAT (base run), including all adjusted ESS values and weightings for indices. An alternate configuration (yts_DA_alt.dat) is not included in Appendix B, and will not be discussed.

### 10.3 Statistical Catch-at-Age Results

### 10.3.1 Measures of Overall Model Fit

Fits of the ASAP2 model to the age composition in directed landings (Fig. 10.7.2) and dead discards (Fig. 10.7.3) in metric tons by fleet and the indices of abundance (Fig. 10.7.4) are presented together with their standardized residuals. Overall, the fits were reasonable considering the lack of measurements and age samples in some of the years, and inadequate information on discard rates, sizes in the discards, and release mortality rates for the fleets. The best fit for directed landings was with the commercial landings (lowest root mean square error, rmse $=0.52$, Table 10.6.14). Head boat landings were the second best fit ( $\mathrm{rmse}=0.57$ ), and the MRFSS landings were less well fit (rmse $=0.99$ ). The best fit of the fleets for dead discards was the MRFSS (rmse $=0.98$ ), and head boat and commercial dead discards were less well fit (Table 10.6.14). The indices of abundance fit less well than landings and dead discards, in general, with the fit to the head boat index being the worst. There was also a noticeable lack of fit to the commercial log book index particularly over 2003-2010. Data regarding landings and hook hours (Fig. 6.9.8) used in the calculation of the index was examined for potential changes in catchability over the 1993-2010 period. The ASAP2 model-generated directed F vector for the commercial fleet for age-5 (fully recruited age class) divided by the number of hook-hours that represented effort in the index was used to calculate catchabilities by year. Averaging the eightyear periods for 2003-2010 and 1995-2002, the change in catchability for the 2003-2010 was about $37.5 \%$ for South Florida index used in the model. The greatest change in catchability appears to have occurred in 2008-2010. The ASAP2 model in this assessment was configured for constant catchability, and ASAP2 does not offer a method for changing catchabilities in only a subset of years (i.e., the option to use catchability blocks are not currently included in the ASAP2 code).

Because of the number of fleets and years, the ASAP2 model fits to the fleet age composition and their standardized residuals are in Appendix A, Figure 11.1.1. The fits to the commercial data were not very good in the early portion of the time series. Low (or 0) numbers of length measurements in some years (for example, 1981-1991 on the Atlantic Coast) may have contributed to this lack of fit. Some age classes estimated to be in MRFSS catches also showed some relatively poor fits throughout the time series. The fits to the head boat age composition tended to be a little better than for the commercial or MRFSS fleets.

The fits to the discard data were good probably owing to the fact that fewer ages were common in the discards. However, there were very little data on which to base size (and age via the age-length keys) of discards from 2005-2010, and no data on sizes discarded prior to those years. Fits to the estimated age composition in the NMFS-UM RVC index were very good (Figure 11.1.3).

### 10.3.2 Parameter Estimates and associated measures of UNCERTAINTY

The age-specific selectivity of the directed fleets were modeled with single logistic curves (Table 10.6.15, Fig. 10.7.5). The age-specific selectivities of the NMFS-UM RVC index of abundance was modeled with a single logistic curve but entered in ASAP2 as age-specific selectivities (Table 10.6.16, Fig. 10.7.5). The fleet selectivities and the index selectivities together accounted for 30 parameters. All of the fishery dependent indices were linked to their respective fleets, and thus use the selectivity blocks assigned to each fleet.

The model estimated fishing mortality by first estimating the fishing mortality in 1981 by fleet for the fully selected ages and then estimating multiplicative deviations for the later years (Table 10.6.17). These calculations were conducted on the logarithms of the fishing mortality multiplier and the deviations. This rate, when multiplied by the selectivity by year and age, can be considered the total catch rate because this rate was split using the proportion released by fleet into the portion kept (directed fishery) and the portion discarded. The discarded portion was then multiplied by the fleet's release mortality rate to estimate the discards that died after being released. The proportion of fish by fleet, year, and age that were released was an input to ASAP2 and was the ratio of the total number of discards (alive and dead) divided by the sum of the number of fish landed and the total number of discards (see equation 10.2.2.3).

There were three, fleet-specific, $1981 \log$ fishing mortality multiplier parameters and 87 log fishing mortality deviation parameters.

Logarithms of the number of fish at-age in the population at the beginning of 1981 (ages two through $12+$ ) were estimated by applying deviations to the initial guesses ( 11 parameters, Table 10.6.18).

Annual recruitment was the predicted number of age- 1 fish from the Beverton-Holt stock recruitment relationship (Equation 10.2.2.16) calculated from the spawning biomass in the previous year and adjusted by a log recruitment deviation (Equation 10.2.2.21). The model fit steepness $(\mathrm{h}=0.697, \mathrm{sd}=0.0987)$ and the log spawning biomass without fishing ( $\log$ SSB0 $=$ $9.57, \mathrm{sd}=0.075)$ in the re-parameterized stock-recruit relationship. There were $29 \log$ recruitment deviation parameters (Table 10.6.19). Recruitment in the initial year (1981) was calculated with the predicted spawning biomass in the first year less any contribution from age-1 fish and then the model estimated a recruitment deviation for 1981.

There were four log catchability coefficients, one for each index of abundance, and these coefficients are used to relate the number or biomass of fish at age to the index values (Table 10.6.20).

The ASAP2 model for yellowtail snapper in this configuration fit 166 parameters. A feature of ADMB is that parameters can be estimated in phases instead of trying to fit all of them at once and the order of estimation is shown in Table 10.6.21. Proper convergence of the model runs was confirmed by checking that the eigenvalues were positive which yielded a valid variance-covariance matrix.

### 10.3.3 Stock Abundance and Recruitment

The number of yellowtail snapper in the population was estimated below 40 million from 1981 to 1986, increasing to over 50 million fish in 1989-1993, decreasing to approximately 45 million fish from 1994-2001, and has increased over this decade to about 54 million fish in 2010 (Table 10.6.22 and Fig. 10.7.6). Recruitment (the number of age-1 fish) has been variable but has increased overall since the early-1980s and a relatively large recruitment ( 17.8 million age-1 fish) was observed in 2009 (Table 10.6.22 and Fig. 10.7.7). In numbers of fish, the plus group of age- 12 and older fish was below $4 \%$ of the annual total number in the early part of the time series (1981-1999) but has grown to over 4\% during 2000-2010.

### 10.3.4 StOCK BIOMASS (TOTAL AND SPAWNING STOCK)

The total biomass was relatively stable at 19-20 thousand metric tons until 2001 when it began to increase and has continued to increase such that the highest total biomass was in 2009 ( 26.8 thousand metric tons, Table 10.6.22 and Fig. 10.7.8). The female spawning biomass has trended upward after 1985, reached a plateau around 8,000 metric tons from 1995-2001, and has increased to a little over 10,000 metric tons in 2010 (Figure 10.7.9).

### 10.3.5 FISHERY Selectivity

The fishery selectivities by fleet and regulatory period are show in Fig. 10.7.5a-c. Selectivity with ASAP2 is for total catch, including discards, and it was no surprise that the two recreational fleets had somewhat more similar selectivity patterns compared to the commercial selectivity. The MRFSS selectivity pattern was more skewed to younger fish than the head boat selectivity, but both MRFSS and head boats showed age-2 was fully selected. Selectivity for the commercial fleet was moved to the right some, showing full selectivity at age 3 or 4 .

The only discard size information came from the at-sea sampling from the head boat fleet and those data were only from 2005-2010. Discards for earlier years and from the other fleets were approximated by using the size distribution of fish measured by at-sea sampling and applying the rate of fish discarded to fish kept for 1985-2010 over which the 12" TL size limit was in effect for yellowtail snapper. For 1981-1984, even though the SAFMC implemented a size limit of 12 " FL in federal waters, there were still some fish below the size limit in catches from the fleets. The proportion of fish here were no size limits for yellowtail snapper and assuming that the fleets caught similar sized fish under the larger minimum sizes and that the
smaller fish were discarded (Sections 6.4.1, 7.4.1). The lack of size information for discards is a major data gap in conducting stock assessments in the southeast U.S.

### 10.3.6 Fishing Mortality

The instantaneous total catch rates (F-multipliers) for the commercial fleet reached about 0.07 per year, and MRFSS reached approximately 0.09 per year (Fig. 10.7.10a) in 1991, but these rates have since declined. In the beginning of the time series (1981-1985), the MRFSS fleet accounted for much of the directed fishing mortality with the commercial fleet being usually the next highest (Figure 10.7.10b). After 1985, the commercial fleet has accounted for more of the fishing mortality on yellowtail snapper (Fig. 10.7.10a,b). Only in 1991 was the commercial fleet Fmult exceeded by the MRFSS, and in that year the MRFSS B2 estimate for yellowtail snapper was anomalously high (and, coupled with release mortality, shows up in the model by generating a larger Fmult). However, the fishing mortality from the commercial fleet has declined since 1993 to a low of 0.03 per year in 2007, rising again in 2008-2009 to about 0.05 (Fig. 10.7.10b). The fishing mortality rate for head boats has trended downwards over the 1992-2010 period, and the trend in fishing mortality rate for the MRFSS over has also been a decline after 1991, though there was a small increase over 2002-2008 (Fig. 10.7.10a). The directed fishing mortality on age-5 (fully selected) fish for MRFSS was 0.007 per year in 2010, while for the commercial fleet the fishing mortality rate on age- 5 was 0.036 . The head boat fleet only accounted for 0.002 per year of the fishing mortality.

The combined (directed and discards) fishing mortality rate on age- 5 fish, the fully selected age, has declined from values near 0.16 per year in 1991 to about 0.055-0.045 in recent years even with the upturn in 2008-2009 (Fig. 10.7.11).

### 10.3.7 STOCK-RECRUITMENT PARAMETERS

The model estimates recruitment with a Beverton-Holt stock-recruitment relationship (Equation 10.2.2.16). Based on life history considerations of longevity and age of maturity, the initial value for steepness was set at $0.75(\mathrm{CV}=0.15)$. The model converged with a steepness value of 0.69 but the MCMC results showed a range of 0.50 to 0.99 with half of the outcomes between 0.650 and 0.775 (Fig. 10.8.). ASAP2 estimated that the spawning biomass at $\mathrm{F}=0$ was 14,316 metric tons. The final term necessary to predict the number of recruits from the previous year's spawning biomass is the spawning biomass per recruit at $\mathrm{F}=0$ which was 1.009 kg . This term is used to estimate the recruitment at $\mathrm{F}=0, \mathrm{R} 0$, and is fixed for a given input configuration being determined by natural mortality, the offset to the beginning of the spawning season (July 1), maturity at age, and the average weight-at-age of a fish in the spawning season. The pattern of spawning biomass and recruitment one year later was quite variable with the spawning biomass increasing from 1984 on and recruitment varied from a low in 1993 of 8.3 million age-1 fish to a recent high of 17.8 million fish in 2009 (Fig. 10.7.13).
10.3.8 EVALUATION OF UNCERTAINTY

ASAP2 estimates uncertainty with the variance-covariance matrix of the estimated parameters and through Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) simulations. The uncertainty in the model's 166 parameters is presented in Tables 10.6.15-10.6.20. MCMC simulations were used to explore uncertainty beyond the estimated standard deviations of the parameters. As was mentioned in the section 10.2 .2 (6) above, preliminary MCMC runs of 2 million samples allowed an analysis of multiple MCMC runs of 10 million simulations each provided enough samples to evaluate the number of simulations spent in a step before making a successful jump and yield enough samples to investigate potential burn-in rates and autocorrelation among samples. A thinning rate of 8,000 was found to remove significant autocorrelation in most of the variables of interest. Subsequently, five runs of 10 million samples at a thinning rate of 8,000 were performed, and a burn-in period of 3.2 million samples was used ( 400 of the thinned samples) to obtain 850 samples from 5 separate MCMC chains. The method suggested by Gelman et al. (2003) was used to evaluate whether sufficient simulations had been performed to yield samples which had likely converged to the target distributions for the estimands (variables of interest from the model runs).

The distribution of MCMC outcomes for the fishing mortality per year in 2010 on fully selected ages and the spawning biomass in 2010 are shown in Fig. 10.7.14.

The two, main parameters of interest to the councils were their overfishing measure -- the ratio of fishing mortality in 2010 compared to the fishing mortality at $30 \%$ SPR, and overfished measure --the spawning biomass in 2010 compared to the spawning biomass at $30 \%$ SPR. Both of these measures indicated that the yellowtail snapper stock was in compliance with the councils' objectives. The F-ratio was less than $1.00(0.154)$ and the spawning biomass ratio was greater than $1.00(3.357)$. The distributions of the MCMC outcomes for these two measures showed that none of the MCMC outcomes failed to meet the councils' objectives (Fig. 10.7.15).

### 10.3.9 Restrospective Analysis

A retrospective analysis covering the period of 2005 to 2010 found that fishing mortality rates decreased each year at from $2-12 \%$ with the addition of more years of data in the analysis while spawning biomass consistently declined for 2005 to 2010 the addition of new data (Fig.10.7.16). Recruitment was more variable and did not show a consistent pattern, and appeared to be tracking the NMFS-UM RVC index generally since that index is largely comprised (usually over half) of age-1 fish. This index may be exerting an influence on the recruitment portion of the retrospective analysis.

### 10.3.10 SEnsitivity Runs

Sensitivity runs were conducted by varying the levels of release mortality from the "base" levels of $11.5 \%$ for the commercial fleet and $10 \%$ for the MRFSS and head boat anglers. Configuration for the runs consisted of changing the input values for release mortality in ASAP2, and changing the estimate of dead discards in metric tons to match the level or release mortality input for each fleets (tables 6.8.25, 7.8.27, and 7.8.34). Levels of release mortality were increased to $20 \%$ and $30 \%$ for the sensitivities. The range of release mortalities had little impact
on the model outputs (Table 10.6.23). The model adjusted the stock-recruitment relationship (represented by the steepness parameter) which generated more spawning stock biomass to keep up with the increased level of release mortalities. The $30 \%$ SPR benchmarks adjust slightly as a result and are similar to the base run results.

### 10.3.1 Benchmarks / Reference Points / ABC values

Both the SAFMC and the GMFMC have chosen F30\%SPR as their overfishing limit (OFL, the former Maximum Fishing Mortality Threshold). Using F30\%SPR in lieu of FMSY has the advantage of being a per-recruit measure and does not depend upon the stock-recruit relationship. By not depending upon the stock-recruitment relationship, F30\%SPR is more consistent than FMSY across different model configurations, which, in turn, aids managers. The point estimate for $\mathrm{F} 30 \% \mathrm{SPR}$ in the base run was 0.295 per year (fully recruited age, age-5) and 3,072 metric tons for the spawning biomass associated with F30\%SPR. The Minimum Spawning Stock Threshold (MSST= $(1-\mathrm{M}) *$ SSB30\%SPR was 583.6 metric tons.

The fishing mortality rate in 2010 on the fully recruited age (age-5) was 0.0454 per year, the F-ratio (F2010/F30\%SPR) was 0.154 and none of the MCMC outcomes exceeded 1.0 indicating that the fleets were not overfishing the stock in 2010. The spawning biomass in 2010 was 10,311 metric tons and the SSB-ratio was 3.357 and none of the MCMC outcomes was less than 1.0 indicating the yellowtail snapper were not overfished. The distributions of these two ratios are shown in Fig.10.7.15.

### 10.3.12 PROJECTIONS

Yellowtail snapper were not deemed in this assessment to be either undergoing overfishing nor were they overfished in 2010 and no rebuilding plan needs to be developed. A projection of potential future values by age for the projected population structure (numbers), catch, discards, yield, and spawning stock biomass was run using the current rate of fishing mortality (Table 10.7.17). The population numbers slightly decreased and the number of fish in the Age 12+ group increased slightly. The projected catch decreases slightly as well over 20112020, and the Age 12+ group in the catch is increased. Dead discards are projected to increase modestly followed by a slight decrease. The projected yield (in metric tons) decreases slightly, and the number of age 12+ fish in the yield increases slightly. In short, no large changes to the population are anticipated.

### 10.4 DISCUSSION AND RESEARCH RECOMMENDATIONS

This assessment produced much lower fishing mortality rates than those of SEDAR 3 for the period covered by that assessment (1981-2001). The management benchmarks were lower for spawning stock biomass and higher for MSY, and the $\mathrm{F}_{30 \% \text { SPR }}$ ( $\mathrm{F}_{\text {MSY }}$ proxy) was intermediate between the ICA and fleet-specific models used in SEDAR 3 (Table 10.6.24). There was a longer time series of data available for this assessment as well as more age information, and there were some discard rate, size-at-release, and estimates of release mortality not available at
the time of SEDAR 3. SEDAR 3 used a constant natural mortality rate for its base run of 0.20 , and this assessment used a value of 0.194 for M and age-specific natural mortality rates.

Discards from the fleets are a large unknown both in quantity and length composition for all of the fleets. There was some data from at-sea sampling on head boats, and there were more limited data from at-sea observers on commercial vertical line vessels that were used by McCarthy (2011b) to estimate the proportion released dead. The gathering of data on released fish (sizes, quantities, disposition at release) is important for all assessments and should be encouraged.

Future assessments on yellowtail snapper may want to re-examine the 1992 MRFSS B2 estimates to look for outliers because the number of estimated discards was anomalously high and had an impact on fishing mortality because of release mortality. Also, the quality and quantity of data gathered after 1991 appears to improve in terms of cv (or PSE) for the MRFSS, and the $\log$ book data series provided begins in 1993. Future assessments could restrict the data to 1993 to present, for example, to investigate the impact this restrict data set would have on estimates.

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### 10.6 TABLES

Table 10.6.1 Yellowtail snapper weighted annual proportions at age in the catch for commercial vessels fishing with vertical lines (Atlantic and Gulf regions combined). Values are the proportions of landed + discarded yellowtail snapper (in numbers) of age to the total of number of yellowtail snapper landed or discarded by the commercial fleet each year. For example, in $2010,1.3 \%$ of yellowtail snapper caught by commercial vessels using vertical line gear were estimated (using age-length keys) to be age 1 .

Catch Proportions at Age (by numbers of fish), $\mathrm{PAA}_{\text {commercial catch }}$

| ar |  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 18 | 0.1848 | 0.2695 | 16 | 37 | 95 | 0.0591 | 0.0358 | 0.0159 | 084 | 7 | 0.0070 |
| 198 | 0.0317 | 0.1508 | 0.3309 | 0.16 | 0.1 | 0.0631 | 0.0531 | . 05 | 0.0126 | 0.0099 | 0.0091 | 0.0057 |
| 1983 | 0.0332 | 0.1581 | 0.1679 | 0.3141 | 0.1052 | 0.074 | 0.05 | 0.037 | 0.016 | 0.0153 | 0.009 | 0.013 |
| 1984 | 0.0296 | 0.1880 | 0.2173 | 0.2037 | 0.1240 | 0.0779 | 0.0615 | 0.040 | 0.0170 | 0.0159 | 0.00 | 0.0146 |
| 1985 | 0.0404 | 0.1131 | 0.0900 | 0.0613 | 0.1592 | 0.1316 | 0.142 | 0.098 | 0.0443 | 0.0479 | 0.024 | 0.0471 |
| 986 | 0.0346 | 0.153 | 0.138 | 0.167 | 0.142 | 0.108 | 0.075 | 0.057 | 0.035 | 0.022 | 0.019 | 0.0435 |
| 1987 | 0.0352 | 0.1650 | 0.1874 | . 17 | 0. | 0.0941 | 0.0626 | 0.04 | 0.029 | . 018 | 0.0169 | 0.0390 |
| 1988 | 0.033 | 19 | 0.25 | 0.21 | . 13 | 0.07 | 0.040 | 0.0248 | 0.0130 | 0.006 | . 00 | 0.007 |
| 1989 | 0.0305 | 0.164 | 0.2431 | 0.2156 | 0.1405 | 0.088 | 0.0470 | 0.0296 | 0.0159 | 0.0085 | 0.007 | 0.0095 |
| 90 | 0.0309 | 0.1838 | 0.2698 | 0.2178 | 0.1296 | 0.0746 | 0.0379 | 0.0231 | 0.0124 | 0.0066 | 0.005 | 0.00 |
| 1991 | 0.0242 | 0.1876 | 0.2095 | 0.2899 | 0.0959 | 0.0726 | 0.0392 | 0.0398 | 0.0196 | 0.0039 | 0.008 | 0.0 |
| 1992 | 0.0253 | 0.1932 | 0.3254 | 0.2359 | 0.0696 | 0.0363 | 0.0335 | 0.0346 | 0.0155 | 0.0063 | 0.011 | 0.0132 |
| 1993 | 0.0158 | 0.1351 | 0.2673 | 0.2025 | 0.1133 | 0.0971 | 0.058 | 0.065 | 0.023 | 0.0032 | 00 | 0.0096 |
| 1994 | 0.0296 | 1713 | 0.2527 | 0.1898 | 0.1252 | . 668 | . 04 | 0.0644 | 0.0293 | 0.0064 | 0.0108 | 0.0080 |
| 1995 | 0.019 | 06 | 0.2807 | 0.2803 | 1428 | 094 | 0.04 | 0.0322 | 0.0222 | 0.0019 | 0.0063 | 0.0058 |
| 199 | 0.0327 | 0.125 | 1603 | 0.1908 | 0.2365 | 0.1076 | 0.056 | 0.046 | 0.029 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 39 |
| 199 | 0.0339 | 0.1406 | 0.2566 | 0.1628 | 0.1570 | 0.1259 | 0.055 | 0.021 | 0.0202 | 0.0060 | 0.012 | 0.0082 |
| 1998 | 0.0300 | 0.1347 | 0.2851 | 0.2364 | 0.1182 | 0.0654 | 0.0617 | 0.027 | 0.0200 | 0.0112 | 0.008 | 0.0013 |
| 1999 | 0.03 | 0. | 0.1648 | 0. | 0.19 | 0.0 | 0.0518 | 0.0377 | 0.0166 | 0.0071 | 0.0016 | . 047 |
| 2000 | 0.0 | 0.1806 | 0.1997 | 0.2 | 0.1464 | 0.1 | 0.0550 | 0.0292 | 0.0227 | . 0095 | 0.0123 | 0.0071 |
| 2001 | 0.0354 | 0.2 | 0.2491 | 0. | 0.1133 | 0.0878 | 0.0 | 0.025 | 0.0054 | 0075 | 0.0094 | 0.0030 |
| 2002 | 0.0294 | 0. | 0.2 | 0 | 0.1751 | 0.0997 | 0.03 | 0.023 | 0.0133 | 0.009 | 0.0023 | 77 |
| 03 | 0.0435 | 0.14 | 0.2 | 0. | 0.093 | 0.0809 | 0.04 | 0.028 | 0.017 | 0.0037 | 0.0076 | . 01 |
| 04 | 0.0119 | 0.1114 | 0.2365 | 0.2652 | 0.1728 | 0.0849 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0067 | 0.0109 |
| 2005 | 0.0148 | 0.1131 | 0.2675 | 0.2603 | 0.1634 | 0.0693 | 0.047 | 0.014 | 0.0259 | 0.0144 | . 00 | 0.0051 |
| 2006 | 0.0333 | 0.1327 | 0.2109 | 0.2068 | 0.1529 | 0.0990 | 0.044 | 0.048 | 0.0245 | 0.0272 | 0.000 | 0.0185 |
| 2007 | 0.0324 | 0.129 | 0.1814 | 0.2530 | 0.1724 | 0.1448 | 0.037 | 0.0268 | 0.0002 | 0.0120 | 0.00 | 0.0050 |
| 200 | 0.0306 | 0.1122 | 0.1871 | 0.2761 | 0.1536 | 0.0959 | 0.0517 | 0.0419 | 0.0177 | 0.0079 | 0.0118 | 0.0135 |
| 2009 | 0.0154 | 0.1905 | 0.2402 | 0.1398 | 0.1592 | 0.0924 | 0.0685 | 0.0387 | 0.0191 | 0.0094 | 0.0053 | 0.0216 |
| 010 | 0.013 | 0.16 | 0.245 | 0.2413 | 0.1217 | 0.0952 | 0.041 | 0.0 | 0.018 | 0.007 | 0.0 | 0.0115 |

Table 10.6.2 Yellowtail snapper weighted annual proportions at age in the catch for recreational anglers (MRFSS data, Atlantic and Gulf regions combined). Values are the proportions of landed + discarded yellowtail snapper (in numbers) of age to the total of number of yellowtail snapper landed or discarded by recreational anglers each year. For example, in 2010, $12.0 \%$ of yellowtail snapper caught by recreational anglers were estimated (using age-length keys) to be age-1.

Catch Proportions at Age (by numbers of fish), PAA Mrfss catch

| Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 11 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 |  |  | 0.1730 |  |  |  | 0.0235 | 0.0171 | 0.0106 | . 0080 | 0.0061 | 0.0097 |
| 1982 | 0.2410 | 0.1801 | 0.185 | 0.0986 | 0.103 |  | 0.04 | 0.041 | 0.0101 | 00 | 0.0067 |  |
| 1983 | 0.2163 | 0.23 | 0.1 |  | . 05 | . 03 | 0.022 | 0.011 | 0.0025 | 0.0028 | . 0030 |  |
| 1984 | 0.32 | 0.270 | 0.123 | 0.0 | . 0 | 0.038 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0052 | 0.0080 |  |
| 195 | 0.1397 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.13 | 0.097 | 0.062 | 0.048 | . 02 | 0.014 | 007 | . 0103 | . 0108 |
| 1986 | 0.1691 | 0.285 | 0.110 | 0.131 | 0.070 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.036 | 0.0280 | 0.0173 | 0.0168 | . 0388 |
| 1987 | 0.16 | 0.32 | . 17 | . 12 | 0.08 | 05 | 0.02 | 0.016 | 0.0101 | 0.0059 | 0.0057 | 0.0113 |
| 1988 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0. | 0.1 | 0.094 | 0.0660 | 0.03 | 0.022 | 0.016 | 0.008 | 0.0088 | 0.0195 |
| 1989 | 0.122 | 0.262 | 0.174 | 0.132 | 09 | 06 | . 040 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 012 | 0.012 | 0.029 |
| 1990 | 0.115 | 238 | 0.202 | 0.181 | 11 | 07 | 03 | . 018 | 0.010 | . 00 | 0.00 |  |
| 1991 | 149 | 0.270 | 0.222 | 213 | 0.033 | 0.022 | 0.02 | 0.022 | 01 | .00 | . 00 |  |
| 1992 | 0.1968 | 0.2857 | 0.218 | 0.1478 | 0.030 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.019 | 0.0088 | 0.0050 | 0.006 |  |
| 1993 | 0.1610 | 0.2758 | 0.2818 | 0.1683 | 0.033 | 0.024 | 0.027 | 0.017 | 0.0048 | 0.0011 | 0.0022 |  |
| 1994 | 0.150 | 26 | 0 | 172 | 0.052 | 02 | 02 | 0.02 | 0.011 | 0.0042 | 0.0045 | 0.006 |
| 1995 | 0.179 | 0.227 | 0.235 | 0.1913 | . 058 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.016 | 0.010 | . 00 | 00 | . 00 |
| 196 | 0. | 0. | 0.1 | 0.1132 | . 11 | . 05 | 0.02 | 0.019 | 0.010 | 00 | 00 | . 00 |
|  | 0.16 | 0.315 | 0.21 | 0.1131 | 0.0991 | 0.049 | 0.01 | 0.00 | . 006 | 00 | 00 | 0.0037 |
|  | 0.184 | 0.290 | 0.241 | 0.133 | 0.073 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 00 | 0044 | 0.0035 | 0.00 |
|  | 0.2595 | 0.331 | 0.1592 | 0.1021 | 0.071 | 0.034 | 0.018 | 0.0135 | 0.0059 | . 0022 | . 0008 | . 00 |
| 2000 | 0.2064 | 0.374 | 0.158 | 0.0993 | 0.069 | 0.038 | 0.018 | 0.0107 | 0.0113 | 0.0041 | . 004 | 0.00 |
|  | 0.2142 | 0. | 0.133 | 0.0895 | 0.048 | 0.036 | 0.01 | 0.008 | 0.0032 | 0.002 | 0.00 | . 002 |
|  | 0.1533 | 0.3671 | 0.200 | 0.0963 | 0.088 | 0.050 | 0.014 | 0.011 | 0.006 | 0.003 | . 002 |  |
|  | . 181 | 0.355 | 0.195 | 19 | 0.051 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.012 | 00 | , 00 |  |  |
|  | 100 | 4531 | 0.18 | 1202 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 019 | . 01 | 002 | 00 | . 002 |  |
| 2005 | 206 | 392 | 0.220 | . 085 | 05 | 026 | . 00 | 0.00 | 0.0033 | 00 | . 0008 |  |
| 2006 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.13 | 0720 | 05 | 039 | . 00 | 0.00 | 0.0053 | . 004 | . 000 | . 002 |
| 2007 | 0.2 | 0.3410 | 0.1 | . 017 | 0.051 | 042 | 0.010 | 0.0049 | 0.0001 | 0.0022 | 002 | 0.0014 |
| 2008 | 0. | 0.2 | 4 | 0.1510 | 0.0632 | 0.0410 | 0.0165 | 0.0119 | 0.0046 | . 0021 | .003 | . 0038 |
| 2009 |  |  |  | 0.0575 |  |  |  | 0.0036 | 0.0019 | 8 | 5 | 0018 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0191 | 0.0072 | 0.0038 | 0.0012 | 0.0060 |  |

Table 10.6.3 Yellowtail snapper weighted annual proportions at age in the catch for head boat anglers (HBS data, Atlantic and Gulf regions combined). Values are the proportions of landed + discarded yellowtail snapper (in numbers) of age to the total of number of yellowtail snapper landed or discarded by recreational anglers each year. For example, in 2010, 5.5\% of yellowtail snapper caught by head boat anglers were estimated (using age-length keys) to be age-1.

Catch Proportions at Age (by numbers of fish), $\mathrm{PAA}_{\text {head boat catch }}$

| Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 11 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0279 | 0.0190 | 0.0074 | . 0054 | 0.0047 | 0.0056 |
| 1982 | 0.0926 | 0.15 | 0.3404 | 0.148 | . 106 |  | 0.036 | 0.0408 | 0.0073 | 0.006 | 0.0044 |  |
| 1983 | 0.10 | 0.18 | 0.1 | 0.2 | . 09 | . 06 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.007 | 00 | . 0062 |  |
| 1984 | 0.09 | 0.23 | 0.2 | 0.18 | 0.1 | 0.0600 | 0.04 | 0.0 | 0.0 | . 0052 | 0.0051 |  |
| 195 | 0.09 | 0.27 | 0.24 | 0.1 | . 08 | 0.04 | 0.03 | . 01 | 0.006 | . 005 | 0.0052 | 0.0043 |
| 1986 | 0.074 | 0.237 | 0.211 | 0.184 | 0.116 | 0.07 | 0.038 | 0.0245 | 0.0131 | . 0073 | 0.0062 | . 0100 |
| 1987 | 0.0811 | 0.2 | 0.2206 | 16 | 0.109 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.0117 | . 0063 | . 00 | 0.0090 |
| 1988 | 0.0 | 0.24 | 0.2397 | 0. | 0.1106 | 0.0673 | 0.0330 | 0.020 | 0.010 | . 00 | 0.005 | 0.0077 |
| 1989 | 0.076 | 0.222 | 229 | 0.1950 | 0.113 | 072 | . 03 | . 022 | 0. 011 | 00 | 0.005 | 0.0087 |
| 1990 | 0.072 | 195 | 22 | 198 | . 118 | 07 | 04 | 02 | 0.015 | 0.008 | . 007 |  |
| 1991 | 06 | 216 | 0.245 | 0.2275 | 0.069 | 0.053 | 0.04 | . 035 | 01 | .00 | . 00 |  |
| 1992 | 0.0667 | 0.2386 | 0.315 | 0.2006 | 0.050 | 0.035 | 0.034 | 0.023 | 0.0109 | . 003 | . 008 |  |
| 1993 | 0.0644 | 0.1914 | 0.2812 | 0.1890 | 0.0750 | 0.064 | 0.048 | 0.045 | 0.0152 | 0.0035 | 0.0072 | 0.01 |
| 1994 | 0.06 | 228 | 0.3035 | 18 | 0.0778 | 04 | . 03 | 0.04 | 0.016 | 00 | 0.0052 | 0.00 |
| 1995 | 0.06 | 0.130 | 0.295 | 0.253 | 094 | 07 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.0177 | . 00 | 00 | 0.005 |
| 1996 | 0.0771 | 0.1 | 0.166 | 0.1739 | 0.195 | 0.0906 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.023 | 00 | 0.0037 | . 00 |
|  | 0.06 | 0.182 | 0.259 | 0.1633 | 0.140 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 01 | . 01 | 003 | 0.00 | 0.004 |
|  | 0.072 | 0.200 | 0.284 | 0.2060 | 0.101 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.0190 | . 012 | 0082 | . 00 | . 00 |
| 1999 | 0.1121 | 0.2632 | 0.2026 | 0.1708 | 0.1261 | 0.0601 | 0.033 | 0.0192 | 0.0079 | 0.0030 | 0.0003 | . 00 |
| 2000 | 0.0494 | 0.274 | 0.219 | 0.1840 | 0.1156 | 0.0767 | 0.037 | 0.0174 | 0.0136 | 0.0055 | 0.0048 | . 00 |
| 2001 | 0.0865 | 0.2878 | 0.232 | 0.1747 | 0.0921 | 0.067 | 0.02 | 0.017 | 0.0024 | 0.00 | 0.00 | . 00 |
| 2002 | 0.0688 | 0.2313 | 0.2495 | 0.1674 | 0.149 | 0.081 | 0.021 | 0.012 | 0.0093 | 0.004 | 00 | 002 |
|  | 0.087 | 220 | 2928 | 2018 | . 078 | .057 | 02 | 018 | 007 | 00 |  |  |
| 200 | 074 | 215 | 268 | 226 | . 113 | 05 | 026 | 0.01 | . 000 | . 00 | 00 | , |
| 2005 | 071 | 2050 | 0.27 | 218 | 130 | 058 | 0.017 | 0.00 | 0.0092 | . 00 | . 00 | 0.0015 |
| 2006 | 0.0 | 0.180 | 0.238 | 908 | . 149 | . 08 | 0.026 | 0.028 | 0.0160 | . 01 | . 00 | 0.0066 |
| 2007 | 0.0739 | 0.2161 | 0.2270 | 0.2232 | 0.1240 | 0.1093 | 0.015 | 0.0066 | 0.0001 | 0.0022 | 001 | 0.0007 |
| 2008 | 0.0952 | 0.2 | 50 | 0.2261 | 0.0942 | 0.0 | 0.0257 | 0.0174 | 0.0051 | 0020 | . 0028 | 0.0043 |
| 2009 | 0.0729 |  |  | 0.1035 |  |  | 0.0271 | 0.0110 | 0.0057 | 9 | 0017 |  |
|  |  | 0.3260 |  | 0.1592 | 0.0653 |  | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.0050 | 0.00 | 0.0052 |  |

Table 10.6.4 Yellowtail snapper weighted annual proportions at age in the total discards for commercial vertical line vessels (using at-sea sampling length measurements from head boats, age-length keys, and commercial log book estimates of total discards, Atlantic and Gulf regions combined). Values are the proportions of total discards of yellowtail snapper (in numbers) at age to the total of number of yellowtail snapper landed or discarded by commercial fishermen each year. For example, in 2010, 18.1\% of yellowtail snapper discarded by commercial fishermen were estimated (using age-length keys) to be age-1.

Proportions at age discarded by commercial fleet total discards, PAA $_{\text {commercial discards }}$

| Year |  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | $12+$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 0.6625 | 0.3371 | 0.0005 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.000 |
| 82 | 0.6548 | 0.3449 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0000 |
| 1983 | 0.6687 | 306 | 0.0007 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 84 | 0.6587 | 0.3409 | 0004 | 000 | 000 | . 000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 1985 | 0.3150 | 0.4958 | 0.1323 | 0.0519 | 0.002 | 0.0007 | 0.0015 | 0.0002 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0. 000 |
| 1986 | 0.2437 | 0.4371 | 0.170 | 0.0739 | 0.045 | 0.0216 | 0.005 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 000 |
| 1987 | 0.2324 | 0.433 | 0.178 | 0.077 | 0.048 | 0.022 | 0.005 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.0000 |
| 1988 | 0.224 | 0.432 | 0.18 | 0.079 | 0.049 | 0.023 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.00 | 0.0000 |
| 1989 | 0.225 | 0.432 | 18 | 07 | 04 | . 02 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.00 | 0.0000 |
| 90 | 0.2218 | 0.4316 | 0.184 | 08 | 0.0497 | . 023 | 0.005 | 0.0006 | 0.0004 | 0.000 | 0.0012 | 0.0000 |
| 1991 | 0.2001 | 0.3280 | 0.2437 | 0.2148 | 0.0058 | 0.0019 | 0.0047 | 0.0008 | 0.0003 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0 |
| 1992 | 0.2113 | 0.3125 | 0.2644 | 0.1889 | 0.0145 | 0.0009 | 0.0070 | 0.0004 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 1993 | 0.2007 | 0.3187 | 0.2781 | 0.1775 | 0.0060 | 0.0027 | 0.0138 | 0.0021 | 0.0003 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.00 |
| 1994 | 0.1922 | 0.3273 | 0.2587 | 0.2004 | 0.0149 | 0.0013 | 0.003 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 1995 | 0.1904 | 23 | 0.2857 | 0.2001 | 024 | 0.0026 | 0.0038 | 0.0 | 0.0004 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 1996 | 0.2 | 0.3755 | 0.1721 | 0.1082 | 100 | 01 | . 00 | . 00 | 0.0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1997 | 0.2220 | 0.3802 | 197 | 0.0956 | 0.078 | 0.020 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 |
| 98 | 0.2263 | 0.3755 | 0.2126 | 0.0966 | 0.068 | 0.012 | 0.007 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 1999 | 0.3101 | 0.3821 | 0.2006 | 0.0707 | 0.0255 | 0.005 | 0.0046 | 0.0006 | 0.0002 | 0.0001 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 2000 | 0.1404 | 0.4494 | 0.197 | 0.1046 | 0.0749 | 0.025 | 0.004 | 0.000 | 0.002 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 2001 | 0.2 | 0.5028 | 0.1409 | 0.0643 | 0.0308 | 0.0150 | 0.0024 | 0.0005 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 2002 | 0.2076 | 0.4000 | 0.2218 | 0.0673 | 66 | 0.0 | 0.0033 | 0.00 | 0.0002 | 0.0001 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 2003 | 0. | 0.4451 | 0.1756 | 0.0 | 0.0412 | 0.0241 | 0.0025 | 0.0005 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.0001 |
| 2004 | 0.2109 | 0.4445 | 0.17 | 0.0936 | 0.0443 | 0.0247 | 0.0027 | 0.00 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 |
| 05 | 0.2174 | 0.3259 | 0.1460 | 0.1367 | 0.1088 | 0.0612 | 0.0023 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 0.0001 | 0.001 | 0.0000 |
| 2006 | 0.1853 | 0.3871 | 0.1723 | 0.0653 | 0.0995 | 0.0760 | 0.008 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 007 | 0.2387 | 0.3811 | 1718 | . 0850 | 0.0543 | 0.053 | 0.0117 | 0.000 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.003 | 0.0000 |
| 2008 | 0.2374 | 0.2904 | 0.196 | 0.1576 | 0.0613 | 0.0458 | 0.0105 | 0.0007 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.0001 |
| , | 0.2289 | 0.5507 | 0.1369 | 0.0108 | 0.0672 | 0.0038 | 0.0010 | 0.0003 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 |
| 2010 | 0.1818 | 0.4001 | 0.1843 | 0.0869 | 0.0295 | 0.0805 | 0.0240 | 0.0004 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0122 | 0.0000 |

Table 10.6.5 Yellowtail snapper weighted annual proportions at age in the total discards for recreational (MRFSS) anglers (using at-sea sampling length measurements and discard rates from head boats, and age-length keys). Values are the proportions of total discards of yellowtail snapper (in numbers) at age to the total of number of yellowtail snapper landed or discarded by recreational anglers each year. For example, in 2010, $24.1 \%$ of yellowtail snapper discards by recreational anglers were estimated (using age-length keys) to be age-1.

Proportions at age discarded by recreational (MRFSS) anglers, PAA $_{\text {recreational discards }}$

| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 81 | 0.7383 | 85 | 32 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 0000 | 0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1982 | 0.7 | 0. | 0.0020 | 0.0000 | 0. | 0. | 0.0 | 0. | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 983 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.0017 | 0.0000 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1984 | 0.6603 | 0.3393 | 0.0004 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 | 0.0000 |
| 985 | 0.4007 | 0.4495 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0000 |
| 1986 | 0.3329 | 0.4772 | 0.1123 | 0.0389 | 0.0237 | 0.011 | 0.002 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 987 | 0.2580 | 0.4445 | 0.1618 | 0.067 | 0.041 | 0.019 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.000 | . 00 | 0.0000 |
| 888 | 0.2169 | 0.4329 | 0.184 | 082 | . 0508 | 0.024 | 0.005 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.0000 |
| 1989 | 0.2293 | 0.4362 | 178 | 078 | . 0479 | 0.022 | 0.005 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.00 | 0.0000 |
| 1990 | 0.2666 | 0.4442 | 15 | 0.0658 | 0.0390 | 01 | . 00 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.0009 | 0.0000 |
| 1991 | 0.1943 | 333 | 24 | . 214 | 006 | . 002 | 0.004 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 1992 | 0.2862 | 0.3319 | 0.2140 | 0.131 | 0.0108 | 0.000 | 0.024 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 1993 | 0.2315 | 0.3296 | 0.2558 | 0.1522 | 0.0056 | 0.0026 | 0.0205 | 0.002 | 0.0002 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 994 | 0.2382 | 0.3371 | 0.2311 | 0.16 | 0.0131 | 0.0011 | 0.0136 | 0.0009 | 0.0004 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 995 | 0.2577 | 0.3099 | 0.2414 | 0.1507 | 0.0194 | 0.0021 | 0.0178 | 0.0006 | 0.0003 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 00 |
| 1996 | 0.2683 | 0.3 | 0.1558 | 0.0914 | 0.0842 | 0.0150 | 0.0043 | 0.0013 | 0.0006 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 00 |
| 1997 | 0.2222 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0764 | 0.0198 | 0.0042 | 0.0003 | 0.0007 | 0.0001 | 0.0 | 0.0001 |
| 1998 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0583 | 0.0103 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0004 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1999 | 0.3829 | 0.3921 | 1518 | 0482 | . 017 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.00 | 0.0000 |
| 2000 | 0.3148 | 4321 | 0.1268 | 063 | 042 | . 014 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 |
| 01 | 0.3140 | 0.5147 | 0945 | 0428 | 0.0213 | 0.0105 | 0.0016 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0002 | 0.00 | 0.0000 |
| 02 | 0.2675 | 0.4713 | 0.1518 | 0.0434 | 0.0365 | 0.0263 | 0.0022 | 0.000 | 0.0002 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 2003 | 0.2853 | 0.4831 | 0.1309 | 0.0533 | 0.0285 | 0.0166 | 0.0018 | 0.0003 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 2004 | 0.1832 | 0.5966 | 0.1291 | 0.0518 | 0.0242 | 0.0134 | 0.0016 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 |
| 2005 | 0.3473 | 0.4212 | 0.0902 | 0.062 | 0.048 | 0.0276 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.0001 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 000 |
| 2006 | 0.2 | 0.4735 | 0.0960 | 0.0361 | 0.0514 | 95 | 46 | 0.0016 | 0.0014 | 0.0003 | 0000 | 0.0000 |
| 07 | 0.4468 | 0.3337 | 017 | 0.0491 | 0.0302 | 0.0299 | 0.0065 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0021 | 0.0000 |
| 08 | 0.3919 | 0.2885 | 0.1463 | 0.0987 | 0.0381 | 0.0291 | 0.0067 | 0.0005 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 |
| 2009 | 0.3480 | 0.5316 | 0.0785 | 0.0068 | 0.0323 | 0.0020 | 0.0005 | 0.0002 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 2010 | 0.2410 | 0.4545 | 0.1386 | 0.0627 | 0.0212 | 0.0566 | 0.0167 | 0.0003 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0083 | 0.000 |

Table 10.6.6 Yellowtail snapper weighted annual proportions at age in the total discards for head boat anglers (using at-sea sampling length measurements and discard rates from head boats, and age-length keys). Values are the proportions of total discards of yellowtail snapper (in numbers) at age to the total of number of yellowtail snapper landed or discarded by head boat anglers each year. For example, in 2010, 18.4\% of yellowtail snapper discarded by head boat anglers were estimated (using age-length keys) to be age-1.

Proportions at age discarded by head boat anglers, $\mathrm{PAA}_{\text {head boat discards }}$

| Year |  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 0.6955 | 0.3028 | 0.0017 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000 |
|  | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.0007 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 00 | 0.0000 | 00 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 983 | 0.6594 | 0.3403 | 0.0004 | . 0000 | 0.0000 | . 0000 | 000 | 0.0000 | . 0000 | 0.0000 | . 0000 | 0.0000 |
| 884 | 0.6626 | 0.3370 | 0.0005 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.00 |
| 885 | 0.3057 | 0.5021 | 0.1326 | 0.0540 | 0.0027 | 0.0008 | 0.0016 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 |
| 886 | 0.224 | 0.4360 | 0.1794 | . 07 | 0.049 | 0.023 | 0.0057 | 0.0006 | 0.0004 | 0.0001 | 0.0012 | 0.0000 |
|  | 0.2 | 0.4351 | 0.1795 | 0.0792 | 0.0489 | 0.0232 | 0.0057 | . 000 | 0.0004 | 01 | 0.0012 | 000 |
|  | 0.22 | 0.43 | 0.1786 | 0.0785 | 0.0482 | 0.0229 | 0.0056 | . | . | ,0001 | . | 0.0000 |
| 989 | 0.23 | 0.4 | 0.1740 | 0.0754 | 0.0 | . 02 | 0.0054 | . | 0.0004 | . 0001 | 0.0011 | 0.0000 |
| 1990 | 0.2 | 0.4356 | 0.1 | . 07 | 0.0 | . 0 | 0.0 | 0.000 | 0.0004 | 0.0001 | 0.0011 | 0.0000 |
| 91 | 0.2101 | 0.3352 | 0.2363 | 0.2021 | 0.0059 | 0.0019 | 0.0074 | 0.0008 | 0.0003 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | . 0000 |
| 92 | 0.2132 | 0.3197 | 0.2614 | 0.1803 | 0.0149 | 0.0009 | 0.0090 | 0.0004 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 993 | 0.2039 | 0.3250 | 0.27 | . 168 | 0.0063 | . 002 | 0.015 | 0.002 | . 0003 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 994 | 0.2203 | 0.3353 | 0.241 | . 176 | 0.0142 | . 001 | 0.0096 | 0.001 | . 000 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 1995 | 0.2073 | 0.2995 | 0.274 | 0.183 | 0.0238 | . 002 | . 007 | 0.000 | . 000 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | . 00 |
| 1996 | 0.2 | 0.3829 | 0.1684 | 0.107 | 0.1007 |  | 0.0052 | 0.00 | 0.0008 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0 |
| 1997 | 0.215 | 0.3900 | 0.1951 | . 0952 | 0.0784 | . 0204 | 0.0044 | 0.0003 | 0.0007 | 0.0001 | . 0001 | 0.0001 |
| 1998 | 0.2143 | 0.3867 | 0.2120 | . 097 | 0.068 | . 012 | 0.0080 | . 000 | . 0005 | 0.0001 | 0.000 | . 0000 |
| 99 | 0.3248 | 0.3823 | 0.1900 | . 066 | 0.0250 | . 005 | 0.0046 | 0.000 | 0.0003 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 00 | 0.1280 | 0.4637 | 0.1966 | . 104 | 0.0740 | . 025 | 0.0046 | 0.000 | 0.0025 | 0.0001 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 2001 | 0.241 | 0.4973 | 0.1450 | . 0 | 0.0316 |  |  | 0.000 | . 000 | . 0003 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 |
| 02 | 0.2059 | 0.3909 | 0.2259 | . 0700 | . 0591 | . 042 | 0.0036 | 0.001 | 0.0003 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 03 | 0.2336 | 0.4395 | 0.1788 | . 0782 | 0.0419 | . 0245 | 0.0027 | 0.0005 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 |
|  | 0.2200 | 0.4278 | 0.1808 | 097 | 0.045 | 0.0253 | . 0029 | 0.0003 | . 0000 | . 0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 |
| 05 | 0.2157 | 0.3222 | 0.1492 | , | 0.1089 | . 061 | . 0024 | 0.0002 | . 0003 | . 00001 | 0.0015 | 0.0000 |
| 06 | 0.1735 | 0.3823 | 0.1775 | . 069 | 0.1024 | . 078 | 0.0091 | 0.003 | 0.0027 | 0.0006 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 2007 | 0.2197 | 0.3893 | 0.1747 | 0.0890 | 0.0558 | 0.0554 | 0.0120 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0038 | 0.0000 |
| 008 | 0.2671 | 0.2938 | 0.1839 | 0.1447 | 0.0564 | 0.0431 | 0.0099 | 0.0007 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 |
| 2009 | 0.2284 | 0.5547 | 0.1342 | 0.0112 | 0.0658 | 0.0040 | 0.0011 | 0.0003 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 |
| 010 | 0.1841 | 0.4205 | 0.1742 | 0.0831 | 0.0284 | 0.0756 | 0.0224 | 0.0004 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0110 | 0.0 |

Table 10.6.7 Yellowtail snapper weighted annual proportions by age released by commercial fishermen. Values are the annual proportions of total discards of yellowtail snapper (in numbers) at an age to the total of number of yellowtail snapper caught (landed or discarded) at an age by commercial fishermen. For example, in 2010, $75.5 \%$ of all age-1 yellowtail snapper caught by commercial fishermen were discarded (alive or dead).

| ea | 2 |  |  |  |  | 6 | 7 | $\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 00000 \end{array}$ | cial releases) |  |  | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 | 10 | 11 |  |
|  |  | 0.07 |  |  |  |  | 0.0000 |  | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |  |
|  | 0.8389 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0000 | . 00 | 0.00 |  |  |
|  | 0.8187 | 0.0849 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |  |
| 84 | 0.9 | 0.0737 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |  |
| 885 | 0.8 | 0.4937 | 0.1655 | 0.0954 | 0.0017 | 0.0006 | 0.0012 | 0.0002 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 0.000 |  |
|  | 0. | 0.3217 | 0.138 | 0.049 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.00 | . 006 |  |
|  |  | 0.2957 | 0.107 | 0.050 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 00 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0.8329 | 0.2958 | 0.084 | 0.041 | 0.039 | . 02 | . 013 | . 00 |  | . 00 |  |  |
|  | 0.8095 | 0.2644 | 0.076 | 0.041 | 0.043 | 0.03 | 0.01 | . 002 | . 00 | . 001 | .02 |  |
|  | 0.9307 | 0.196 | 0.131 | 0.083 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.002 | . 001 | . 000 | .00 |  |
|  | 0.938 | 0.182 | 0.091 | 0.090 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.023 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 0.0000 | .000 |  |
|  | 0.9632 | 0.1787 | 0.078 | 0.066 |  | 0.00 | 0.018 | 0.002 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 0.00 |  |
|  |  | . 263 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.00 | 0.002 | 0.00 | 0.0008 |  |
|  | 0.939 | 0.4141 | 0.096 | 0.067 | 0.0160 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0019 | 0.0016 | 0.0000 | 0.0010 |  |
|  | 0.8 | 0.3723 | 0.133 | 0.070 | 0.0528 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.003 | 0.0008 | 0.0004 |  |
|  | 0.8 | 0.3631 | 0.1036 | 0.078 | 0.067 | 0.02 | 0. | 0.00 | 0.0043 | 0.0016 | 0.0009 |  |
|  | 0.8 | 0.3053 | 0.0816 | 0.044 | 0.063 | 0.020 | 0.013 | 0.00 | 0.002 | 0.0011 | 00 |  |
|  | 0.8 | 0.2323 | 0.132 | 0.036 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |
|  | 0.662 | 0.342 | 0.136 | 0.070 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |  | 0.01 |  |  |  |
|  | 0.692 | 0.235 | 0.057 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0.871 | 0.270 | 0.113 | 0.045 | 0.039 | 0.05 | 0.01 |  | 0.002 |  |  |  |
|  | 0.5 | 902 | 0.05 | 0.032 | 0.041 | . 02 | . 00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | . 00 | 00 |  |
|  | 0. | 0.1631 | 0.030 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 0.00 | 00 |  |
|  | 0. | 0.1813 | 0.0343 | 0.0330 | 0.0 | 0.05 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 000 | 02 | , 00 |
|  | 0.9 | 0.5094 | 0.1427 | 0552 | 0.1136 | 0.13 | 0.033 | 0.010 | 0.017 | 003 | 000 | ,0003 |
|  | 0.8305 | 308 | 1066 | . 378 | 355 | 0.0416 | 0.0349 | 0.0005 | 0.0000 | 000 | 09 | 0.000 |
|  | 0.7911 | 0.2639 | 0.1068 | 582 | 407 | 0.0486 | 0.0207 | . 01 | 0008 | 0005 | 0006 | 0.000 |
|  | 0.8235 | 605 | , | 0.0043 | 0235 | . 0023 | 0.0008 | 0.000 | 0.0005 | 0.0001 | . 0004 |  |
| 010 | 0.7 | 0.13 | 0. | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.03 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.06 |  |

Table 10.6.8 Yellowtail snapper weighted annual proportions by age released by recreational MRFSS) anglers. Values are the annual proportions of total discards of yellowtail snapper (in numbers) at an age to the total of number of yellowtail snapper caught (landed or discarded) at an age by recreational anglers. For example, in 2010, $97.4 \%$ of all age- 1 yellowtail snapper caught by recreational anglers were discarded (alive or dead).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |  | 10 | 11 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0.83 |  | 0.002 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0.7 |  | 0.0012 | 0.00 | 0.000 | . 00 | 0.00 | 0.000 | . 000 | . 000 | . 00 |  |
|  |  |  | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.003 | 0.001 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | . 002 |  |
|  |  | 0.74 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.001 | . 01 |  |
|  |  | 0.844 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.007 | 108 |  |
|  | 0.9181 | 0.7881 | 0.4602 | 22 | . 25 | . 17 | . 08 | . 01 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.001 |
|  | 0.9 | 0.8514 | 0.5 | 0.3013 | 0.2 | 0.180 | 0.0706 | 0.0093 | 0.0104 | 0.003 | 0.046 | 0.000 |
|  | 0.9 | 0. | 0.3 | 0.1487 | 0.1401 | 0.10 | 0.0 | 0.010 | 0.01 | 00 | 0.089 | 0.002 |
|  | 0.9 | 0.9416 | 0 | . 65 | 0.141 | 0.067 | 0.11 | 0.02 | 01 | 0.0002 | 0.00 |  |
|  | 0.9906 | 0.7915 | 0.666 | 0.605 | 0.241 | 0.018 | 0.38 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | . 00 |  |
|  | 0.9786 | 0.813 | 0.617 | 0.615 | 0.114 | 0.073 | 0.51 | 0.07 | 0.03 | . 000 | . 02 |  |
|  | 0.9867 | 0.795 | 0.574 | 0.595 | 0.155 | 0.028 | 0.293 | 0.020 | 0.02 | . 003 | . 00 |  |
|  | 0.9822 | 0.932 | 0.7006 | 0.539 | 0.227 | 0.039 | 0.368 | 0.023 | 0.018 | 0.000 | . 010 |  |
|  | 0.9 | 0.850 | 0.714 | 0.573 | 0.528 | 210 | 0.15 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.007 | 0.00 | . 0000 |
|  | 0.9917 | 0.916 | 0.671 | . 610 | 0. | 0.29 | 0.16 | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.0173 | 0.0175 |
|  | 0.982 | 0.818 | 0.543 | 0.415 | 0.518 | 0.248 | 0.20 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.0047 | , |
|  |  |  |  |  | 0.16 |  | 0.11 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.00 |  |
|  | 0.973 | 0.736 | 0.509 |  | 0.39 | 0.239 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.0918 | 0.0175 | 0.0095 |  |
|  | 0.9608 | 0.7638 | 0.464 | 0.313 | 0.2872 | 0.190 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.0000 | 0.0527 | 0.0154 | . 01 |
|  | 0.962 | 0.707 |  | 0.24 | 0.22 | 0.28 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.0144 | 0.00 | . 002 | 0.002 |
|  | 0.890 | 0.770 | 0.380 |  | 0.31 | 0.22 | 0.04 | 0.01 |  | 0.00 | 0.01 |  |
|  | 926 | 0.671 | 0.363 | 0.219 | 0.180 | 0.195 | 0.04 | 0.00 |  | 0.000 | 0 |  |
|  | 0.8 | , 536 | 0.204 | 0.365 | 0.476 | 0.515 |  | 0.017 | 0.017 |  |  |  |
|  | 0.962 | 0.551 | 0.400 | 0.286 | 0.510 | 0.576 | 0.306 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0. | 0.53 | 0.293 | 0.293 | 323 | 0.383 | 0.328 | 0.0082 | 0.0000 |  | 0.5087 |  |
|  | 0.9 | 0.5835 | 0.4550 | 0.3686 | 0.3401 | 0.4 | 0.20 | 0.0 | 0113 | . 006 | , 08 | . 0087 |
|  |  | 0.6935 | 0.2495 |  | 0.3815 | 0.0719 | 0.0362 | 0.0257 |  |  | , | 0.0099 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.4252 | 0.0182 | 0.0185 | 0.0088 | 0.6683 |  |

Table 10.6.9 Yellowtail snapper weighted annual proportions by age released by head boat anglers. Values are the annual proportions of total discards of yellowtail snapper (in numbers) at an age to the total of number of yellowtail snapper caught (landed or discarded) at an age by head boat anglers. For example, in 2010, $91.9 \%$ of all age- 1 yellowtail snapper caught by head boat anglers were discarded (alive or dead).

|  | Proportions at age released by head boat anglers ( $\mathrm{PAA}_{\text {head boat releases }}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 11 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |  |
|  | 0.870 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 0000 |  |
|  | 0.876 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ,000 |  |  |
|  | 0.90 | 0.183 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | , 000 | . 000 | . 000 | .000 | . 000 |  |
|  | . 9 | 0.537 | 0.16 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | . 003 | . 001 | . 0018 | . 0117 |  |
|  |  | 0.577 | 0.26 |  |  |  | 0.04 | . 00 | 0.0107 | 0.0037 | 0.06 |  |
|  | 0.87 | 0.52 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.00 | . 011 | 0.00 | 067 |  |
|  | 0.93 | 0. | 0.2305 | 13 | 0.134 | 0.105 | 0.052 | 00 | 01 | 00 | 0.070 | 0.001 |
|  | 0.9 | 0. | 0.2270 | 0. | 0.1219 | 0.0908 | 0.045 | 0.0076 | 0.0105 | 0.0037 | 0.0609 | 0.0016 |
|  | 0.9 | 0.6754 | 0.2350 | 0.118 | 0.1211 | 0.0927 | 0.041 | . 00 | 00 | 00 | 04 |  |
|  | 0.960 | 0. | 0.289 | 0.26 | 0.025 | 0.010 | 0.05 | 0.007 | 0.00 | 0.0002 | 0.0025 |  |
|  | 0.9 | 0.400 | 0.247 | 0.268 | 0.089 | 0.008 | . 078 | . 005 | 003 | 000 | 002 |  |
|  | 0.9822 | 0.526 | 0.303 | 0.276 | . 025 | 013 | . 098 | . 01 | .00 | . 000 | . 00 |  |
|  | 0.995 | 0.425 | 0.231 | 0.280 | . 052 | 008 | 0.090 | . 006 | 0.00 | 0. 0010 | 0.004 |  |
|  | 0.9350 | 0.692 | 0.279 | 0.218 | 075 | . 011 | 0.063 | . 008 | 0.006 | 0.000 | . 004 |  |
|  | 0. | 0.65 | 0.317 | 194 | 0.161 | 0.062 | . 037 | 0.013 | 0.010 | 00 | 0.002 |  |
|  | 0.9 | 0.654 | 0.230 | 0.178 | 0.170 | 0.062 | 0.034 | . 00 | 01 | 0.006 | 00 |  |
|  | 0.9 | 0.617 | 0.23 | 0.151 | 0.215 | 0.07 | 0.060 | 0.00 | 0.013 | 0.00 | 00 | . 000 |
|  |  |  |  | 0.122 |  | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.010 | 0.010 | 0.007 | . 00 |  |
|  | 0.831 | 0.543 | 0.287 | 0.181 | 0.20 | 0.107 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.0077 | 0.0083 |  |
|  | 0.912 | 0.565 | 0.2046 | 0.123 | 0.1123 | 0.0763 | 0.0302 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 0.0167 | 0.0092 |  |
|  | 0.990 | 0.55 | 0.299 | 0.138 | 0.1313 | 0.17 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.006 | 0.006 |  |
|  | 0.8525 | 0.63 | 0.195 | 0.124 | 0.17 | 0.13 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 00 |  |
|  | 0.961 | 0.642 | 218 | 0.139 | . 130 | . 141 | 0.035 | 0.008 | 0.000 | 0.000 | . 0 |  |
|  | 0.959 |  | 0.173 | 0.201 |  |  | 0.044 |  |  | 0.005 |  |  |
|  | 0.984 |  |  | 0.122 |  |  | 0.117 | 0.037 | 0.056 | 0.0137 | 0.000 |  |
|  | 0.9 | 0.5581 | 0.238 | 0.1236 | 0.139 | 0.157 | 0, | 0.0067 | . 00 | 0.0073 | 0.8487 |  |
|  | 0.8 |  |  |  | 0.1724 |  |  | 0.0115 | , | . 00 | 007 | 0.0061 |
|  | 0.9 |  |  | 0.0326 |  |  | 0.0122 | 0.0091 | 0.0099 |  | 0.0072 | 0.0039 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0119 | 0.0109 | 0.0090 | 0.5870 |  |

Table 10.6.10 Direct ageing (DA) configuration for yellowtail snapper weighted annual proportions at age in the catch for commercial vessels fishing with vertical lines (Atlantic and Gulf regions combined). Values are the proportions of catch (landed + discarded) of yellowtail snapper (in numbers) of age to the total of number of yellowtail snapper caught (landed or discarded) by the commercial fleet each year. For example, in 2010, $1.0 \%$ of yellowtail snapper caught by commercial vessels using vertical line gear were estimated (using age-length keys) to be age 1 .

|  | Proportions at age caught by commercial fishermen, $\mathrm{PAA}_{\text {commercial catches [DA] }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ |
| 1981 | -999 | 99 | 99 | 99 | 99 | -999 | 999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1982 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 99 | 99 | 999 | 99 | -999 | 99 | 999 | 999 | -999 |
| 1983 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1984 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 999 |
| 1985 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1986 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 999 | 999 | 99 | 999 |
| 1987 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1988 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1989 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1990 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 999 |
| 1991 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1992 | 0.0238 | 0.1572 | 0.3964 | 0.2665 | 0.0074 | 0.0266 | 0.0747 | 0.0000 | 0.0237 | 0.0000 | 0.0237 | 0.0000 |
| 1993 | 0.0152 | 0.1248 | 0.2025 | 0.0911 | 0.1334 | 0.1331 | 0.0682 | 0.1481 | 0.0172 | 0.0171 | 0.0164 | 0.0329 |
| 1994 | 0.0468 | 0.0812 | 0.1542 | 0.1430 | 0.0855 | 0.0813 | 0.1023 | 0.1124 | 0.0204 | 0.0409 | 0.0406 | 0913 |
| 95 | 0.0301 | 0.0545 | 0.2085 | 0.3001 | 0.1570 | 0.0838 | 0.0595 | 0.0471 | 0.0594 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1996 | 0.0314 | 0.1171 | 0.1120 | 0.1506 | 0.2270 | 0.1495 | 0.0374 | 0.0737 | 0.0460 | 0.0184 | 0.0184 | 0.0184 |
| 1997 | 0.0322 | 0.1174 | 0.2186 | 0.1402 | 0.1617 | 0.1409 | 0.0789 | 0.0320 | 0.0296 | 0.0128 | 0.0231 | 0.0125 |
| 1998 | 0.0274 | 0.1176 | 0.2408 | 0.2156 | 0.1202 | 0.0825 | 0.0898 | 0.0464 | 0.0212 | 0.0131 | 0.0209 | 0.0044 |
| 1999 | 0.0390 | 0.1320 | 0.1248 | 0.1974 | 0.1979 | 0.1094 | 0.0684 | 0.0678 | 0.0271 | 0.0226 | 0.0000 | 0.0136 |
| 2000 | 0.0357 | 0.1886 | 0.1676 | 0.2286 | 0.1665 | 0.1018 | 0.0395 | 0.0165 | 0.0167 | 0.0119 | 0.0151 | 0.0113 |
| 2001 | 0.0391 | 0.1952 | 0.1615 | 0.2050 | 0.1135 | 0.1135 | 0.0642 | 0.0310 | 0.0232 | 0.0134 | 0.0176 | 0.0228 |
| 02 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 03 | 0.0222 | 0.0519 | 0.2438 | 0.2002 | 0.1280 | 0.1459 | 0.0784 | 0.0391 | 0.0342 | 0.0098 | 0.0098 | 0.0367 |
| 2004 | 0.0086 | 0.0757 | 0.2032 | 0.2536 | 0.1923 | 0.0975 | 0.0726 | 0.0420 | 0.0120 | 0.0065 | 0.0120 | 0.0240 |
| 2005 | 0.0137 | 0.1119 | 0.2955 | 0.2519 | 0.1517 | 0.0645 | 0.0458 | 0.0189 | 0.0140 | 0.0098 | 0.0080 | 0.0144 |
| 2006 | 0.0324 | 0.1307 | 0.1909 | 0.1961 | 0.1379 | 0.1023 | 0.0567 | 0.0605 | 0.0340 | 0.0313 | 0.0024 | 0.0248 |
| 2007 | 0.0278 | 0.1137 | 0.1656 | 0.2424 | 0.1713 | 0.1186 | 0.0661 | 0.0415 | 0.0000 | 0.0223 | 0.0132 | 0.0176 |
| 2008 | 0.0302 | 0.1007 | 0.1761 | 0.2543 | 0.1440 | 0.0848 | 0.0607 | 0.0504 | 0.0318 | 0.0159 | 0.0203 | 0.0308 |
| 2009 | 0.0140 | 0.1466 | 0.1899 | 0.1450 | 0.1626 | 0.1094 | 0.0928 | 0.0546 | 0.0229 | 0.0190 | 0.0064 | 0.0369 |
| 2010 | 0.0100 | 0.1315 | 0.2243 | 0.2818 | 0.1300 | 0.0997 | 0.0432 | 0.0259 | 0.0175 | 0.0080 | 0.0082 | 0.019 |

Table 10.6.11 Direct ageing (DA) configuration for yellowtail snapper weighted annual proportions at age in the catch for recreational [MRFSS] anglers (Atlantic and Gulf regions combined). Values are the proportions of the catch (landed + discarded) of yellowtail snapper (in numbers) by age to the total of number of yellowtail snapper caught (landed or discarded) by recreational anglers each year. For example, in 2010, $12.2 \%$ of yellowtail snapper caught by recreational anglers were estimated (using age-length keys) to be age 1.

|  | Proportions at age caught by recreational anglers, PAA $_{\text {recreational (MRFSS) catches [DA] }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 1 | 2 |  | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ |
| 1981 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1982 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1983 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1984 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1985 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1986 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1987 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1988 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1989 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1990 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1991 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1992 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1993 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1994 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1995 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1996 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1997 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1998 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 2000 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 2001 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 2002 | 0.1475 | 0.3043 | 0.2687 | 0.0882 | 0.0975 | 0.0442 | 0.0144 | 0.0087 | 0.0149 | 0.0083 | 0.0000 | 0.0033 |
| 2003 | 0.1900 | 0.3970 | 0.1881 | 0.1050 | 0.0509 | 0.0243 | 0.0107 | 0.0098 | 0.0049 | 0.0000 | 0.0049 | 0.0145 |
| 2004 | 0.1039 | 0.4869 | 0.1410 | 0.1213 | 0.0379 | 0.0192 | 0.0123 | 0.0222 | 0.0221 | 0.0000 | 0.0111 | 0.0221 |
| 2005 | 0.1982 | 0.4059 | 0.1794 | 0.0773 | 0.0422 | 0.0346 | 0.0095 | 0.0081 | 0.0282 | 0.0081 | 0.0003 | 0.0081 |
| 2006 | 0.1709 | 0.4998 | 0.1192 | 0.0685 | 0.0636 | 0.0404 | 0.0052 | 0.0136 | 0.0033 | 0.0129 | 0.0000 | 0.0026 |
| 2007 | 0.2442 | 0.2273 | 0.2751 | 0.0757 | 0.0792 | 0.0709 | 0.0093 | 0.0087 | 0.0000 | 0.0058 | 0.0040 | 0.0000 |
| 2008 | 0.3135 | 0.1768 | 0.1186 | 0.2216 | 0.0743 | 0.0537 | 0.0179 | 0.0183 | 0.0026 | 0.0013 | 0.0000 | 0.0013 |
| 2009 | 0.2141 | 0.4345 | 0.1783 | 0.0610 | 0.0612 | 0.0174 | 0.0111 | 0.0087 | 0.0041 | 0.0018 | 0.0018 | 0.0059 |
| 2010 | 0.1218 | 0.3584 | 0.2269 | 0.1105 | 0.0544 | 0.0608 | 0.0271 | 0.0145 | 0.0089 | 0.0029 | 0.0089 | 0.0049 |

Table 10.6.12 Direct ageing (DA) configuration for yellowtail snapper weighted annual proportions at age in the catch for head boat anglers (Atlantic and Gulf regions combined). Values are the proportions of catch (landed + discarded) of yellowtail snapper (in numbers) of age to the total of number of yellowtail snapper caught (landed or discarded) by head boat anglers each year. For example, in 2010, $5.1 \%$ of yellowtail snapper caught by head boat anglers were estimated (using age-length keys) to be age 1.

Proportions at age caught by head boat anglers, $\mathrm{PAA}_{\text {head boat catches [DA] }}$

| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 2+ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 91 | 0.0887 | 0.4020 | 0.2213 | 0.1246 | 0.0656 | 0.0550 | 0.0183 | 0.0051 | 0.0103 | 0.0051 | 0.0013 | 0.0026 |
| 82 | 0.0859 | 0.1756 | 0.3961 | . 1292 | 0.0651 | 0.0261 | 0.0718 | 0.0402 | 0.0000 | 0.010 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 1983 | 0.0917 | 0.1424 | 0.0952 | 0.6091 | 0.0155 | 0.0016 | 0.0150 | 0.0005 | 0.0000 | 0.0145 | 0.0142 | 0.0003 |
| 1984 | 0.0864 | 0.1283 | 0.0623 | 0.2452 | 0.0136 | 0.2325 | 0.0017 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.2299 |
| 1985 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -99 | 9 |
| 1986 | 0.0744 | 0.7095 | 0.1378 | 0.0414 | 0.0212 | 0.0086 | 0.0049 | 0.0017 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0004 | 0.0000 |
| 1987 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1988 | 0.0680 | 0.7300 | 0.1406 | 0.0379 | 0.0144 | 0.0068 | 0.0017 | 0.0002 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0003 | 0.0000 |
| 1989 | 0.0677 | 0.1673 | 0.1556 | 0.0215 | 0.5370 | 0.0274 | 0.0227 | 0.0002 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0003 | 0.0000 |
| 1990 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -99 | -999 |
| 1991 | 0.0606 | 0.2594 | 0.1939 | 0.3151 | 0.0941 | 0.0006 | 0.0021 | 0.0002 | 0.0185 | 0.0000 | 0.0370 | 0.0185 |
| 1992 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 1993 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 99 | 999 |
| 1994 | 0.0613 | 0.3545 | 0.2882 | 0.1954 | 0.0628 | 0.0161 | 0.0027 | 0.0003 | 0.0188 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1995 | 0.0625 | 0.1613 | 0.4058 | 0.2138 | 0.1100 | 0.0155 | 0.0301 | 0.0009 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1996 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 99 | 99 |
| 1997 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 99 | 99 | -999 | -999 | -999 | 9 | -999 | 999 |
| 1998 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 99 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 00 | 0.0396 | 0.2606 | 0.1510 | 0.1740 | 0.0912 | 0.0762 | 0.1381 | 0.0002 | 0.0691 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 2001 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 2002 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -99 | -999 |
| 03 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 | -999 |
| 2004 | 0.0705 | 0.2708 | 0.5470 | 0.0874 | 0.0148 | 0.0080 | 0.0013 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 2005 | 0.0682 | 0.2831 | 0.3155 | 0.1237 | 0.0738 | 0.0959 | 0.0009 | 0.0000 | 0.0384 | 0.0000 | 0.000 | 0.0000 |
| 06 | 0.0566 | 0.1353 | 0.2131 | 0.0237 | 0.1854 | 0.1269 | 0.0537 | 0.0010 | 0.0009 | 0.0510 | 0.0000 | 0.1524 |
| 2007 | 0.0705 | 0.3132 | 0.1142 | 0.0317 | 0.3050 | 0.1605 | 0.0036 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0011 | 0.0000 |
| 2008 | 0.0851 | 0.2139 | 0.2487 | 0.2293 | 0.1096 | 0.0610 | 0.0256 | 0.0119 | 0.0038 | 0.0000 | 0.0075 | 0.0038 |
| 2009 | 0.0703 | 0.3582 | 0.2685 | 0.0953 | 0.0827 | 0.0483 | 0.0321 | 0.0149 | 0.0128 | 0.0000 | 0.0042 | 0.0127 |
| 2010 | 0.0507 | 0.3082 | 0.3143 | 0.1528 | 0.0688 | 0.0580 | 0.0171 | 0.0128 | 0.0048 | 0.0016 | 0.0061 | 0.0048 |

Table 10.6.13 Total annual metric tons of yellowtail snapper harvested by fleets [commercial, recreational (MRFSS), and head boat (HB)] estimated using numbers of landed fish and total discards with specified release mortality rate, length samples from the fleets, average weight-atlength, and age-length keys for age compositions.

| Year | Landings |  |  |  | Dead discards |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Commercial | MRFSS | HB | total | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Commercial } \\ \text { Release } \\ \mathrm{M}=0.115 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | MRFSS <br> Release $M=0.10$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { HB } \\ \text { Release } \\ \mathrm{M}=0.10 \end{gathered}$ | total |
| 1981 | 331.8 | 729.8 | 107.1 | 1,168.7 | 0.3 | 2.4 | 0.2 | 3.0 |
| 1982 | 621.7 | 911.3 | 135.5 | 1,668.5 | 0.6 | 4.1 | 0.4 | 5.2 |
| 1983 | 436.2 | 319.0 | 127.2 | 882.4 | 0.4 | 2.8 | 0.5 | 3.7 |
| 1984 | 429.6 | 797.3 | 94.4 | 1,321.4 | 0.4 | 12.0 | 0.3 | 12.8 |
| 1985 | 374.3 | 525.4 | 83.0 | 982.7 | 1.0 | 2.8 | 1.3 | 5.1 |
| 1986 | 507.4 | 310.4 | 123.3 | 941.2 | 1.8 | 5.7 | 2.0 | 9.5 |
| 1987 | 617.9 | 306.7 | 129.7 | 1,054.3 | 2.4 | 15.0 | 2.3 | 19.7 |
| 1988 | 640.1 | 396.8 | 159.8 | 1,196.7 | 3.7 | 8.6 | 2.8 | 15.1 |
| 1989 | 838.3 | 584.8 | 98.7 | 1,521.9 | 4.5 | 14.6 | 1.5 | 20.5 |
| 1990 | 796.2 | 494.7 | 136.5 | 1,427.4 | 4.7 | 11.7 | 2.1 | 18.5 |
| 1991 | 843.8 | 870.6 | 126.5 | 1,840.9 | 4.7 | 63.8 | 2.0 | 70.5 |
| 1992 | 806.2 | 387.8 | 116.9 | 1,310.9 | 4.3 | 22.8 | 1.9 | 29.0 |
| 1993 | 1,079.0 | 362.7 | 126.3 | 1,568.0 | 3.8 | 28.2 | 2.1 | 34.0 |
| 1994 | 1,000.3 | 283.3 | 128.2 | 1,411.7 | 6.6 | 15.6 | 2.1 | 24.4 |
| 1995 | 842.2 | 251.5 | 84.8 | 1,178.5 | 4.2 | 18.6 | 1.5 | 24.3 |
| 1996 | 661.7 | 171.7 | 70.2 | 903.5 | 4.4 | 15.4 | 1.3 | 21.2 |
| 1997 | 759.1 | 209.1 | 74.0 | 1,042.2 | 5.1 | 22.1 | 1.3 | 28.6 |
| 1998 | 691.5 | 186.0 | 59.4 | 936.9 | 3.9 | 13.5 | 1.2 | 18.6 |
| 1999 | 837.4 | 145.4 | 52.9 | 1,035.7 | 4.4 | 10.6 | 1.0 | 16.0 |
| 2000 | 722.2 | 142.8 | 51.5 | 916.5 | 4.8 | 8.8 | 1.1 | 14.7 |
| 2001 | 644.6 | 102.6 | 50.4 | 797.6 | 3.3 | 7.3 | 1.1 | 11.6 |
| 2002 | 639.9 | 144.0 | 60.7 | 844.6 | 3.8 | 6.8 | 1.3 | 11.9 |
| 2003 | 640.8 | 198.8 | 54.4 | 893.9 | 2.7 | 9.6 | 1.1 | 13.5 |
| 2004 | 674.1 | 254.9 | 54.7 | 983.7 | 1.2 | 10.6 | 1.2 | 13.0 |
| 2005 | 601.1 | 215.3 | 73.0 | 889.4 | 1.6 | 9.3 | 1.5 | 12.4 |
| 2006 | 561.1 | 233.1 | 47.3 | 841.5 | 4.5 | 14.0 | 1.1 | 19.6 |
| 2007 | 443.9 | 331.7 | 51.0 | 826.5 | 2.2 | 16.4 | 1.0 | 19.6 |
| 2008 | 621.8 | 294.8 | 50.4 | 967.0 | 2.7 | 15.4 | 0.9 | 19.1 |
| 2009 | 896.4 | 131.8 | 41.3 | 1,069.6 | 2.1 | 8.2 | 0.8 | 11.1 |
| 2010 | 768.8 | 158.3 | 48.0 | 975.2 | 1.4 | 6.2 | 0.9 | 8.5 |

Table 10.6.14 ASAP2 model fits to landings, discards, and indices of abundance. The column labeled ' SS ' is the sum of the squared standardized residuals, n is the number of years, 'MSE' is the sum of squares divided by $\mathrm{n}-1$ which is equivalent to a variance, and observations, and 'RMSE' is the square root of MSE which is equivalent to the standard deviation.

| Type | Fleet or Index | SS | n | MSE | RMSE |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Landings | Commercial | 7.85 | 30 | 0.27 | 0.52 |
|  | MRFSS | 28.57 | 30 | 0.99 | 0.99 |
|  | Head Boat | 9.43 | 30 | 0.33 | 0.57 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Discards | Commercial | 40.50 | 30 | 1.40 | 1.18 |
|  | MRFSS | 28.02 | 30 | 0.97 | 0.98 |
|  | Head Boat | 33.84 | 30 | 1.17 | 1.08 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indices | NMFS-UM RVC | 51.93 | 13 | 4.33 | 2.08 |
|  | Head Boat | 176.46 | 30 | 6.08 | 2.47 |
|  | MRFSS | 34.27 | 30 | 1.18 | 1.09 |
|  | Commercial Log |  |  | 18 | 1.30 |
|  | Books | 22.03 |  | 1.14 |  |

Table 10.6.15 Selectivity coefficients and their standard deviations by fleet, period, and logistic curve type. The fleets were modeled with single logistic curves.

| Fleet | Period | Type of logistic | $\begin{gathered} \text { model } \\ \text { estimated } \\ \alpha 50 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 人 sd | model estimated $\beta$ | $\beta$ sd | Initial $\alpha 50$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Initial } \\ \alpha 50 \end{gathered}$ $\mathrm{cv}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { initial } \\ \beta \\ \text { (slope) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Initial } \\ \beta \\ \text { (slope) } \\ \text { cv } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commercial | 1981-1984 | Single | 1.9095 | 0.1467 | 0.3303 | 0.0750 | 1.8841 | 0.25 | 0.3089 | 0.25 |
|  | 1985-1991 |  | 2.6775 | 0.1631 | 0.3128 | 0.0764 | 1.8683 | 0.25 | 0.3038 | 0.25 |
|  | 1992-2010 |  | 2.1867 | 0.0703 | 0.3720 | 0.0311 | 2.0071 | 0.25 | 0.2697 | 0.25 |
| MRFSS | 1981-1984 | Single | 0.8951 | 0.1176 | 0.0474 | 0.0116 | 0.955 | 0.25 | 0.0478 | 0.25 |
|  | 1985-1991 |  | 1.2285 | 0.1368 | 0.0507 | 0.0122 | 1.0204 | 0.25 | 0.0525 | 0.25 |
|  | 1992-2010 |  | 0.8126 | 0.0948 | 0.0488 | 0.0116 | 0.9949 | 0.25 | 0.0511 | 0.25 |
| HB | 1981-1984 | Single | 1.0422 | 0.0172 | 0.0409 | 0.0101 | 1.0333 | 0.25 | 0.0409 | 0.25 |
|  | 1985-1991 |  | 1.1037 | 0.0410 | 0.0408 | 0.0100 | 1.0454 | 0.25 | 0.0410 | 0.25 |
|  | 1992-2010 |  | 1.0447 | 0.0148 | 0.0410 | 0.0101 | 1.0499 | 0.25 | 0.0410 | 0.25 |

Table 10.6.16 Selectivity coefficients and their standard deviations (sd) for the NMFS-UM RVC index of abundance. [The fishery dependent indices were linked to their fleets, using the same selectivity blocks as for fleet catches.]

|  |  | model <br> estimated <br> selectivity <br> proportion | sd | initial <br> estimated <br> proportion | cv |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| NMFS-UM RVC | Ages 1 | 1 | fixed | 1 | fixed |
|  | Age 2 | 0.5478 | 0.0800 | 0.5883 | 0.25 |
|  | Age 3 | 0.3313 | 0.0587 | 0.3196 | 0.25 |
|  | Age 4 | 0.2249 | 0.0458 | 0.1653 | 0.25 |
|  | Age 5 | 0.1155 | 0.0263 | 0.0833 | 0.25 |
|  | Age 6 | 0.0413 | 0.0102 | 0.0413 | 0.25 |
|  | Age 7 | 0.0204 | 0.0050 | 0.0204 | 0.25 |
|  | Age 8 | 0.0100 | 0.0025 | 0.0100 | 0.25 |
|  | Age 9 | 0.0049 | 0.0012 | 0.0049 | 0.25 |
| Age 10 | 0.0024 | 0.0006 | 0.0024 | 0.25 |  |
| Age 11 | 0.0012 | 0.0003 | 0.0012 | 0.25 |  |
| Age 12 | 0.0006 | 0.0001 | 0.0006 | 0.25 |  |

Table 10.6.17 Fishing mortality parameters and their standard deviations by fleet and year. The fishing multiplier deviations are applied to the previous year's fishing multiplier in a sequential manner. The standard deviations of the log_Fmult_devs come from the variance-covariance matrix.

| Year | Parameter | Commercial |  | MRFSS |  | Head Boat |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Estimate | sd | Estimate | sd | Estimate | sd |
| 1981 | log_Fmult | 1.9095 | 0.1274 | -2.4928 | 0.1462 | -4.8378 | 0.1182 |
| 1982 | log_Fmult_devs | 0.5138 | 0.1223 | -0.3356 | 0.1662 | 0.1205 | 0.1217 |
| 1983 | log_Fmult_devs | -0.2281 | 0.1225 | -0.7519 | 0.1644 | 0.0656 | 0.1214 |
| 1984 | log_Fmult_devs | -0.0232 | 0.1210 | 0.8589 | 0.2005 | -0.2539 | 0.1214 |
| 1985 | log_Fmult_devs | -0.2426 | 0.1304 | -0.6124 | 0.2351 | -0.1354 | 0.1233 |
| 1986 | log_Fmult_devs | 0.4266 | 0.1215 | -0.4114 | 0.2215 | 0.4044 | 0.1213 |
| 1987 | log_Fmult_devs | 0.2642 | 0.1213 | 0.2945 | 0.1796 | 0.1042 | 0.1211 |
| 1988 | log_Fmult_devs | 0.1372 | 0.1212 | 0.0108 | 0.1731 | 0.1663 | 0.1212 |
| 1989 | log_Fmult_devs | 0.1580 | 0.1209 | 0.2586 | 0.1867 | -0.5231 | 0.1210 |
| 1990 | log_Fmult_devs | 0.0086 | 0.1209 | -0.0813 | 0.1777 | 0.2912 | 0.1209 |
| 1991 | log_Fmult_devs | -0.0199 | 0.1211 | 0.8465 | 0.1442 | -0.0915 | 0.1210 |
| 1992 | log_Fmult_devs | -0.2722 | 0.1297 | -1.0563 | 0.1085 | -0.1784 | 0.1210 |
| 1993 | log_Fmult_devs | 0.3165 | 0.1217 | 0.1553 | 0.0858 | 0.1557 | 0.1205 |
| 1994 | log_Fmult_devs | -0.0491 | 0.1220 | -0.3965 | 0.0882 | -0.0472 | 0.1209 |
| 1995 | log_Fmult_devs | -0.0670 | 0.1229 | 0.1561 | 0.0990 | -0.2333 | 0.1206 |
| 1996 | log_Fmult_devs | -0.1581 | 0.1224 | -0.2448 | 0.1015 | -0.1392 | 0.1206 |
| 1997 | log_Fmult_devs | 0.1049 | 0.1223 | 0.2976 | 0.0989 | 0.0019 | 0.1206 |
| 1998 | log_Fmult_devs | -0.1231 | 0.1221 | -0.3531 | 0.1021 | -0.2267 | 0.1205 |
| 1999 | log_Fmult_devs | 0.1242 | 0.1223 | -0.3111 | 0.1024 | -0.1767 | 0.1207 |
| 2000 | log_Fmult_devs | -0.1420 | 0.1219 | -0.1190 | 0.1232 | -0.0012 | 0.1205 |
| 2001 | log_Fmult_devs | -0.0995 | 0.1219 | -0.2973 | 0.1519 | -0.0400 | 0.1206 |
| 2002 | log_Fmult_devs | -0.0760 | 0.1211 | 0.1076 | 0.1435 | 0.1340 | 0.1204 |
| 2003 | log_Fmult_devs | -0.1251 | 0.1209 | 0.2139 | 0.1109 | -0.2016 | 0.1203 |
| 2004 | log_Fmult_devs | -0.0490 | 0.1207 | 0.2179 | 0.1044 | 0.0170 | 0.1204 |
| 2005 | log_Fmult_devs | -0.1380 | 0.1205 | -0.1698 | 0.1034 | 0.2109 | 0.1204 |
| 2006 | log_Fmult_devs | 0.0495 | 0.1211 | 0.2620 | 0.0927 | -0.3339 | 0.1202 |
| 2007 | log_Fmult_devs | -0.3640 | 0.1210 | 0.1498 | 0.0884 | -0.0825 | 0.1203 |
| 2008 | log_Fmult_devs | 0.4131 | 0.1211 | -0.0758 | 0.0882 | 0.0563 | 0.1204 |
| 2009 | log_Fmult_devs | 0.2481 | 0.1215 | -0.8035 | 0.0942 | -0.2710 | 0.1203 |
| 2010 | $\log _{\text {_ }}$ Fmult_devs | -0.2768 | 0.1215 | -0.0111 | 0.1045 | 0.0631 | 0.1214 |

Table 10.6.18 Initial stock size parameters and their standard deviations to estimate the agestructure in 1981 for ages 2-12+ years. These deviations are applied to the age-specific initial guesses of population size.

| Age | Description | Initial stock size parameters |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Estimate | sd |
| 2 | log_N_year1_devs | -5.5002 | 0.1001 |
| 3 | log_N_year1_devs | -5.7159 | 0.1104 |
| 4 | log_N_year1_devs | -5.7844 | 0.1152 |
| 5 | log_N_year1_devs | -5.5388 | 0.1219 |
| 6 | log_N_year1_devs | -5.4324 | 0.1291 |
| 7 | log_N_year1_devs | -5.4283 | 0.1387 |
| 8 | log_N_year1_devs | -5.4968 | 0.1478 |
| 9 | log_N_year1_devs | -4.7020 | 0.1564 |
| 10 | log_N_year1_devs | -4.8297 | 0.1664 |
| 11 | log_N_year1_devs | -4.8965 | 0.1773 |
| 12+ | log_N_year1_devs | -3.8660 | 0.2119 |

Table 10.6.19 Recruitment deviation parameters and their standard deviations by year.

|  |  | Recruitment parameters |  |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Year | Description | Estimate | sd |
| 1981 | log_recruit_devs | -0.2132 | 0.0787 |
| 1982 | log_recruit_devs | -0.7801 | 0.1596 |
| 1983 | log_recruit_devs | -0.3504 | 0.1524 |
| 1984 | log_recruit_devs | -0.2601 | 0.1400 |
| 1985 | log_recruit_devs | -0.0256 | 0.1326 |
| 1986 | log_recruit_devs | 0.1506 | 0.1231 |
| 1987 | log_recruit_devs | 0.1892 | 0.1217 |
| 1988 | log_recruit_devs | 0.2415 | 0.1172 |
| 1989 | log_recruit_devs | 0.3516 | 0.1064 |
| 1990 | log_recruit_devs | 0.3723 | 0.1019 |
| 1991 | log_recruit_devs | 0.0579 | 0.1208 |
| 1992 | log_recruit_devs | 0.0858 | 0.1115 |
| 1993 | log_recruit_devs | 0.3469 | 0.0931 |
| 1994 | log_recruit_devs | -0.4528 | 0.1489 |
| 1995 | log_recruit_devs | -0.1833 | 0.1268 |
| 1996 | log_recruit_devs | 0.0444 | 0.1098 |
| 1997 | log_recruit_devs | -0.2429 | 0.1291 |
| 1998 | log_recruit_devs | -0.0553 | 0.1131 |
| 1999 | log_recruit_devs | -0.0675 | 0.1111 |
| 2000 | log_recruit_devs | -0.1402 | 0.1058 |
| 2001 | log_recruit_devs | 0.0334 | 0.0959 |
| 2002 | log_recruit_devs | 0.2714 | 0.0847 |
| 2003 | log_recruit_devs | 0.2219 | 0.0849 |
| 2004 | log_recruit_devs | 0.1174 | 0.0864 |
| 2005 | log_recruit_devs | 0.0006 | 0.0826 |
| 2006 | log_recruit_devs | -0.1213 | 0.0918 |
| 2007 | log_recruit_devs | 0.1172 | 0.0831 |
| 2008 | log_recruit_devs | 0.2406 | 0.0795 |
| 2009 | log_recruit_devs | 0.2796 | 0.0886 |
| 2010 | log_recruit_devs | -0.2295 | 0.1949 |
|  |  |  |  |

Table 10.6.20 Index catchability parameters and their standard deviations.

|  |  | Catchability parameters |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Index | Description | Estimate | sd |
| NMFS-UM RVC | log_q_year1 | -9.9662 | 0.0826 |
| HB | log_q_year2 | -10.1550 | 0.0596 |
| MRFSS | log_q_year3 | -10.1690 | 0.0636 |
| Comm Log Books | log_q_year4 | -9.4735 | 0.0853 |

Table 10.6.21 The order of estimation of the parameters in the model configuration by phase.

| Phase | Parameter | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $q_{\text {ind }}$ | Catchabilities in year 1 by index |
| 2 | Fmult $_{\text {f, }}$ | Fishing multiplier in year 1 by fleet |
| 3 | $S S B_{0}$ | Unexploited stock size |
| 4 | $N_{1, a}$ | Numbers-at-age in year 1 |
| 6 | $\operatorname{Sel}_{f, a}$ | Selectivity blocks by fleet |
|  | Sel ${ }_{\text {ind }}$ | Selectivity of fishery-independent indices |
| 7 | $\log _{-}$Rdev ${ }_{\text {t }}$ | Recruitment deviations |
| 7 | Log_Fmultdev $_{f, t}$ | Fishing multiplier deviations by fleet and year |
| 8 | $h$ | Steepness |

Table 10.6.22 Annual population numbers-at-age (a) and stock (b) at the beginning of the year.
a. Population abundance (in thousands of fish).

| Year |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1981 | 9,924 | 9,112 | 5,994 | 3,967 | 2,693 | 1,880 | 1,348 | 963 | 688 | 506 | 376 | 1,049 | 38,500 |
|  | 1982 | 5,651 | 6,699 | 6,129 | 4,082 | 2,759 | 1,903 | 1,346 | 975 | 702 | 505 | 373 | 1,059 | 32,182 |
|  | 1983 | 8,640 | 3,897 | 4,619 | 4,197 | 2,853 | 1,959 | 1,369 | 978 | 714 | 518 | 374 | 1,068 | 31,186 |
|  | 1984 | 9,370 | 6,093 | 2,764 | 3,290 | 3,052 | 2,108 | 1,466 | 1,035 | 745 | 547 | 399 | 1,120 | 31,989 |
|  | 1985 | 11,764 | 6,535 | 4,253 | 1,901 | 2,310 | 2,177 | 1,523 | 1,071 | 762 | 552 | 407 | 1,139 | 34,394 |
|  | 1986 | 14,030 | 8,354 | 4,708 | 3,076 | 1,394 | 1,713 | 1,636 | 1,156 | 819 | 586 | 427 | 1,205 | 39,103 |
|  | 1987 | 14,756 | 9,964 | 6,106 | 3,432 | 2,246 | 1,034 | 1,284 | 1,236 | 879 | 627 | 451 | 1,265 | 43,280 |
|  | 1988 | 15,790 | 10,479 | 7,269 | 4,398 | 2,472 | 1,641 | 762 | 952 | 920 | 659 | 472 | 1,303 | 47,116 |
|  | 1989 | 17,882 | 11,213 | 7,620 | 5,178 | 3,126 | 1,785 | 1,197 | 559 | 702 | 682 | 491 | 1,334 | 51,767 |
|  | 1990 | 18,488 | 12,699 | 8,169 | 5,394 | 3,642 | 2,228 | 1,284 | 865 | 406 | 513 | 501 | 1,351 | 55,539 |
|  | 1991 | 13,672 | 13,129 | 9,225 | 5,737 | 3,773 | 2,585 | 1,599 | 928 | 628 | 297 | 376 | 1,371 | 53,320 |
|  | 1992 | 14,182 | 9,709 | 9,505 | 6,542 | 4,058 | 2,559 | 1,765 | 1,108 | 643 | 437 | 207 | 1,232 | 51,949 |
|  | 1993 | 18,501 | 10,035 | 6,986 | 6,823 | 4,770 | 2,962 | 1,878 | 1,324 | 828 | 483 | 330 | 1,095 | 56,015 |
|  | 1994 | 8,344 | 13,078 | 7,169 | 4,907 | 4,861 | 3,375 | 2,120 | 1,379 | 965 | 606 | 355 | 1,056 | 48,215 |
|  | 1995 | 10,967 | 5,906 | 9,394 | 5,089 | 3,544 | 3,497 | 2,450 | 1,565 | 1,019 | 717 | 452 | 1,062 | 45,663 |
|  | 1996 | 13,730 | 7,760 | 4,284 | 6,696 | 3,665 | 2,561 | 2,545 | 1,817 | 1,159 | 759 | 537 | 1,142 | 46,655 |
|  | 1997 | 10,262 | 9,718 | 5,634 | 3,094 | 4,888 | 2,712 | 1,904 | 1,907 | 1,369 | 879 | 578 | 1,287 | 44,233 |
|  | 1998 | 12,372 | 7,261 | 7,043 | 4,026 | 2,240 | 3,589 | 1,996 | 1,409 | 1,417 | 1,025 | 660 | 1,411 | 44,448 |
|  | 1999 | 12,197 | 8,761 | 5,267 | 5,068 | 2,933 | 1,663 | 2,678 | 1,502 | 1,065 | 1,077 | 783 | 1,594 | 44,588 |
|  | 2000 | 11,330 | 8,641 | 6,337 | 3,794 | 3,674 | 2,152 | 1,234 | 2,009 | 1,134 | 808 | 822 | 1,827 | 43,764 |
|  | 2001 | 13,485 | 8,026 | 6,280 | 4,593 | 2,785 | 2,739 | 1,619 | 935 | 1,532 | 871 | 623 | 2,057 | 45,546 |
|  | 2002 | 17,130 | 9,557 | 5,840 | 4,563 | 3,387 | 2,085 | 2,075 | 1,236 | 719 | 1,185 | 678 | 2,101 | 50,556 |
|  | 2003 | 16,368 | 12,144 | 6,957 | 4,260 | 3,372 | 2,541 | 1,587 | 1,588 | 953 | 558 | 923 | 2,182 | 53,432 |
|  | 2004 | 14,871 | 11,582 | 8,860 | 5,078 | 3,158 | 2,542 | 1,938 | 1,218 | 1,228 | 742 | 436 | 2,447 | 54,099 |
|  | 2005 | 13,344 | 10,526 | 8,419 | 6,456 | 3,757 | 2,372 | 1,935 | 1,485 | 940 | 954 | 579 | 2,269 | 53,037 |
|  | 2006 | 11,875 | 9,442 | 7,653 | 6,155 | 4,821 | 2,856 | 1,829 | 1,494 | 1,155 | 736 | 750 | 2,260 | 51,024 |
|  | 2007 | 15,116 | 8,412 | 6,882 | 5,610 | 4,576 | 3,663 | 2,202 | 1,413 | 1,158 | 901 | 576 | 2,373 | 52,881 |
|  | 2008 | 17,125 | 10,695 | 6,123 | 5,064 | 4,203 | 3,485 | 2,830 | 1,717 | 1,102 | 908 | 711 | 2,350 | 56,314 |
|  | 2009 | 17,849 | 12,112 | 7,761 | 4,477 | 3,761 | 3,168 | 2,665 | 2,176 | 1,325 | 855 | 708 | 2,406 | 59,263 |
|  | 2010 | 10,772 | 12,657 | 8,810 | 5,642 | 3,303 | 2,829 | 2,405 | 2,042 | 1,681 | 1,030 | 667 | 2,452 | 54,291 |

b. Stock biomass (in metric tons).

| Age (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12+ | Total |
| 1981 | 1,373 | 2,657 | 2,614 | 2,162 | 1,956 | 1,674 | 1,298 | 1,093 | 962 | 783 | 400 | 1,607 | 18,579 |
| 1982 | 766 | 1,782 | 3,215 | 2,247 | 2,218 | 1,911 | 1,461 | 864 | 975 | 736 | 499 | 1,633 | 18,308 |
| 1983 | 1,135 | 1,166 | 2,249 | 2,051 | 2,252 | 1,712 | 1,363 | 1,049 | 919 | 766 | 363 | 1,676 | 16,702 |
| 1984 | 1,153 | 1,404 | 1,268 | 1,626 | 2,431 | 1,953 | 1,486 | 1,144 | 1,039 | 773 | 488 | 1,714 | 16,480 |
| 1985 | 1,853 | 2,126 | 2,412 | 1,257 | 2,085 | 2,253 | 1,716 | 1,389 | 1,178 | 935 | 536 | 1,966 | 19,705 |
| 1986 | 2,373 | 2,390 | 2,220 | 1,987 | 1,039 | 1,417 | 1,692 | 1,389 | 1,062 | 788 | 606 | 1,954 | 18,917 |
| 1987 | 2,314 | 2,608 | 2,391 | 1,796 | 1,409 | 745 | 1,184 | 1,400 | 1,079 | 833 | 623 | 2,168 | 18,550 |
| 1988 | 2,348 | 2,914 | 2,999 | 2,351 | 1,451 | 1,096 | 615 | 892 | 959 | 740 | 533 | 1,919 | 18,817 |
| 1989 | 2,629 | 2,985 | 3,101 | 2,674 | 1,890 | 1,230 | 1,033 | 570 | 791 | 822 | 610 | 2,019 | 20,351 |
| 1990 | 2,888 | 3,397 | 3,300 | 2,708 | 2,040 | 1,385 | 930 | 712 | 359 | 510 | 485 | 1,695 | 20,411 |
| 1991 | 1,725 | 3,091 | 2,966 | 2,242 | 2,515 | 1,702 | 1,466 | 920 | 605 | 407 | 472 | 2,048 | 20,158 |
| 1992 | 2,151 | 2,784 | 3,709 | 2,936 | 2,566 | 1,895 | 1,459 | 1,233 | 689 | 611 | 250 | 1,827 | 22,109 |
| 1993 | 2,559 | 2,718 | 2,593 | 3,198 | 2,820 | 1,719 | 1,152 | 917 | 666 | 654 | 320 | 1,490 | 20,806 |
| 1994 | 1,147 | 3,772 | 2,898 | 2,202 | 2,692 | 2,085 | 1,690 | 1,010 | 643 | 771 | 358 | 1,724 | 20,993 |
| 1995 | 1,583 | 1,375 | 3,375 | 2,221 | 1,676 | 1,952 | 1,572 | 1,138 | 747 | 929 | 426 | 1,295 | 18,289 |
| 1996 | 2,123 | 1,931 | 1,605 | 2,830 | 1,589 | 1,463 | 1,511 | 1,088 | 762 | 774 | 565 | 1,775 | 18,016 |
| 1997 | 1,455 | 2,304 | 2,095 | 1,282 | 2,304 | 1,550 | 1,301 | 1,414 | 1,045 | 800 | 580 | 1,917 | 18,049 |
| 1998 | 1,931 | 1,942 | 2,632 | 1,834 | 1,110 | 2,252 | 1,301 | 1,024 | 949 | 798 | 743 | 2,506 | 19,022 |
| 1999 | 1,959 | 2,633 | 1,976 | 2,659 | 1,642 | 1,004 | 1,673 | 1,125 | 837 | 1,031 | 1,116 | 2,555 | 20,208 |
| 2000 | 2,060 | 2,565 | 2,733 | 1,786 | 2,056 | 1,299 | 774 | 1,467 | 978 | 703 | 742 | 2,634 | 19,797 |
| 2001 | 2,537 | 2,422 | 2,632 | 2,341 | 1,519 | 1,668 | 1,177 | 600 | 1,774 | 531 | 550 | 2,872 | 20,623 |
| 2002 | 2,782 | 2,754 | 2,417 | 2,309 | 1,846 | 1,269 | 1,608 | 1,056 | 592 | 1,100 | 827 | 2,776 | 21,336 |
| 2003 | 3,259 | 3,405 | 2,973 | 2,091 | 1,867 | 1,641 | 1,264 | 1,251 | 975 | 669 | 1,001 | 3,360 | 23,756 |
| 2004 | 2,409 | 3,402 | 3,648 | 2,595 | 1,827 | 1,519 | 1,413 | 960 | 1,522 | 919 | 487 | 2,601 | 23,302 |
| 2005 | 2,387 | 3,289 | 3,978 | 3,448 | 2,152 | 1,412 | 1,682 | 1,213 | 836 | 763 | 504 | 2,381 | 24,046 |
| 2006 | 1,830 | 2,778 | 3,243 | 3,169 | 2,329 | 1,471 | 1,341 | 1,205 | 843 | 644 | 1,221 | 2,355 | 22,427 |
| 2007 | 2,878 | 2,562 | 3,047 | 2,723 | 2,652 | 2,086 | 1,906 | 1,412 | 2,169 | 1,027 | 654 | 2,852 | 25,968 |
| 2008 | 3,144 | 3,252 | 2,584 | 2,419 | 2,389 | 2,002 | 1,918 | 1,347 | 1,053 | 913 | 729 | 2,242 | 23,994 |
| 2009 | 2,977 | 3,814 | 3,586 | 2,466 | 2,201 | 2,102 | 2,041 | 1,969 | 1,227 | 911 | 653 | 2,824 | 26,771 |
| 2010 | 1,618 | 3,988 | 4,129 | 3,198 | 2,087 | 1,872 | 1,716 | 1,694 | 1,514 | 1,176 | 579 | 3,027 | 26,599 |

Table 10.6.23 Sensitivity runs and comparison of several key parameters with the "base" run.

| Description | commercial | MRFSS | HB | steepness | $\begin{array}{r} \text { SSB2010 } \\ \text { (metric } \\ \text { tons) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | SSB_30\%SPR (metric tons) | $\begin{gathered} \text { SSB 2010 / } \\ \text { SSB30\%spr } \end{gathered}$ | F2010 (per year) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { F2010 / } \\ \text { F30\%SPR } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| "base run" | 11.5 | 10 | 10 | 0.697 | 10311 | 3072 | 3.357 | 0.0454 | 0.154 |
| Release mortality at $20 \%$ | 20 | 20 | 20 | 0.696 | 10390 | 3107 | 3.345 | 0.0453 | 0.156 |
| Release mortality at 30\% | 30 | 30 | 30 | 0.684 | 10471 | 3142 | 3.332 | 0.0453 | 0.158 |

Table 10.6.24 Comparison of some of the management benchmarks calculated by SEDAR 3 and this assessment.

| notes | reference pt. | SEDAR 3 |  | This assessmentASAP2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ICA | Fleetspecific |  |
|  | $\mathrm{SSB}_{\mathrm{F} 30 \% \mathrm{SPR}}(\mathrm{mt})$ | 3,684 | 5,360 | 3,072 |
|  | $\mathrm{SSB}_{\text {MSST }}(\mathrm{mt})$ | 2,947 | 4,288 | 2,488 |
| $\mathrm{F}_{\text {MSY }}$ proxy | $\mathrm{F}_{30 \% \text { SPR }}$ | 0.33 | 0.21 | 0.29 |
| Foy proxy | $\mathrm{F}_{40 \% \text { SPR }}$ | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.19 |
|  | MSY (mt) | 946 | 1,388 | 1,700 |

### 10.7 Figures

Figure 10.7.1 Landings and estimated dead discards for the ALK-base run by region and fleet.

c) Gulf Region Landings

b) Atlantic Region Dead Discards

d) Gulf Region Dead Discards


Figure 10.7.2 Observed and predicted landings by fleet (in metric tons) and standardized residuals by fleet for the ALK base run.







Figure 10.7.3 Observed and predicted dead discards by fleet (in metric tons) and standardized residuals by fleet for the ALK base run.







Figure 10.7.4 Observed index values and predicted fits by index and standardized residuals by index for the ALK base run.


Figure 10.7.5 Selectivities for the catches by fleet for the three regulatory periods and for NMFS-UM RVC index.
a) Commercial catch selectivities

c) Head boat catch selectivities

b) MRFSS catch selectivities

d) Index selectivities


Figure 10.7.6 Population size in numbers (millions) of yellowtail snapper by year and age.


Figure 10.7.7 Recruitment expressed as the number of age-1 fish by year. Observed recruitment (blue diamonds) and predicted recruitment (red dashed line) for 1981-2010. Also shown is the NMFS-UM RVC index which is comprised of age-1 fish.


Figure 10.7.8 Yellowtail snapper stock biomass (in metric tons) by year and age.


Figure 10.7.9 Female spawning biomass (in metric tons) by year.


Figure 10.7.10 Fishing mortality multiplier (directed and discards, a) and the directed fishing mortality rate (b) by fleet and year.
a) Fishing mortality multiplier (Fmult, directed and discards)

b) Fishing mortality rate (directed)


Figure 10.7.11 Total fishing mortality rate on age-5 fish (fully selected age) by year.


Figure 10.7.12 The distribution of steepness samples from the Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) simulation.


Figure 10.7.13 The estimated Beverton-Holt stock-recruit relationship for yellowtail snapper. The point estimate for steepness was 0.696 and 14,316 metric tons for the female spawning biomass at $\mathrm{F}=0$.


Figure 10.7.14 Distribution of Markov Chain Monte Carlo simulations, the cumulative proportion, and the point estimate for the fishing mortality per year for age- 5 yellowtail snapper in 2010 (a) and for the spawning biomass in 2010 (b).
a)

b)


Figure 10.7.15 The distributions from the MCMC simulations ( 10 million runs with a 3.2 million sample run burn-in and 8000 thinning rate) of the ratio of fishing mortality in 2010 ( F 2010) to the fishing mortality rate at $30 \%$ SPR (F30\% SPR) (a), the distribution of the ratio of the spawning biomass in 2010 to the spawning biomass at $30 \%$ SPR (b), the ratio of fishing mortality in 2010 (F 2010) to the fishing mortality rate at $40 \%$ SPR (F40\% SPR) (c), the distribution of the ratio of the spawning biomass in 2010 to the spawning biomass at $40 \%$ SPR (d), and the fishing mortality ratio plotted on the spawning biomass ratio at $30 \%$ SPR (e) and $40 \%$ SPR (f).

c)

b)


e) f)
f)

Figure 10.7.16 Retrospective analyses for fishing mortality rates (a), spawning biomass (b), and recruitment (c) for the years 2005-2010.
a)

b)

c)


Figure 10.7.17 Projections by age of population numbers, catch, discards, and yield, and projected spawning stock biomass.


### 11.1 ALK-CONFIGURED AGE COMPOSITION AND RESIDUAL PLOTS

Age-length-key (ALK) configured annual age compositions and standardized residuals by the directed fleet (Figure 11-1), discards by fleet (Figure 11-2), and fishery independent index of abundance (NMFS-UM RVC; Figure 11-3). The standardized residuals allow for comparisons of the fits across years and fleets but they amplify the residuals. Also, if a plot for a year is missing, then there was no age information from that fleet or index for that year.

Figure 11.1.1 ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.


Figure 11.1.1 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.


Figure 11.1.1 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.


Figure 11.1.1 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.


Figure 11.1.1 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.


Figure 11.1.1 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.


Figure 11.1.1 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.


Figure 11.1.1 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.


Figure 11.1.1 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.


Figure 11.1.1 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.


Figure 11.1.1 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.











Figure 11.1.1 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.











Figure 11.1.1 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.


Figure 11.1.1 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.


Figure 11.1.1 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.


Figure 11.1.1 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.


Figure 11.1.1 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.











Figure 11.1.1 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet catch age composition.











Figure 11.1.2 ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.







Age


Age
Comm disc 1983


Age


Age


Figure 11.1.2 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.


Comm disc 1987


Comm disc 1988


Comm disc 1989


Comm disc 1990



Age


Age
Comm disc 1988


Age


Age


Age

Figure 11.1.2 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.



Comm disc 1993


Comm disc 1994




Age


Age


Age


Age


Age

Figure 11.1.2 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.


Figure 11.1.2 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.


Figure 11.1.2 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.











Figure 11.1.2 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.


Figure 11.1.2 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.


Figure 11.1.2 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.


Figure 11.1.2 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.


Figure 11.1.2 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.





MRFSS disc 2005




Age


Age


Age
MRFSS disc 2005


Age

Figure 11.1.2 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.


Figure 11.1.2 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.


Figure 11.1.2 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.











Figure 11.1.2 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.


Figure 11.1.2 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.


Figure 11.1.2 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.


Figure 11.1.2 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured fleet discard age composition.











Figure 11.1.3 ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured age composition for the NMFS-UM RVC index of abundance.





NMFS-UM RVC 2000



NMFS-UM RVC 2001




Figure 11.1.3 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured age composition for the NMFS-UM RVC index of abundance.


Figure 11.1.3 (continued). ASAP2 model fits and standardized residuals of age-length-key configured age composition for the NMFS-UM RVC index of abundance.


This appendix contains the input data files for the base run, yts_ALK_base.DAT. An alternate run, yts_DA_alt.dat was also configured but not used for this assessment. Both configurations were with the Lorenzen age-specific natural mortality curve with an average of 0.194 per year for ages 3-20, three fleets: commercial vessels using vertical line fishing gear, general recreational (MRFSS), and headdboat; one fishery independent indices of abundance: NMFS-UM Reef Visual Census (1998-2010) incorporating ages 1-5 (survey lengths converted to ages using age-length keys); initial steepness, 0.75 ; release mortality rates of 0.115 for commercial vertical lines, and 0.10 for recreational anglers and head boat anglers; and constant catchability for the three fishery-dependent indices (NMFS Coastal Fisheries Log Book Program (1993-2010), NMFS Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey (1981-2010), and NMFS Southeast Head Boat Survey (19812010). The ALK (age-length-key) configuration based age compositions for landed fish and the NMFS_UM RVC index on length measurements taken annually from the fleets by region, from annual underwater observations by the RVCdivers, and annual age-length keys by region. The DA (direct-ageing) configuration based the age compositions of landed yellowtail snapper by fleets on age samples from landings from a fleet by region. Both configurations based age compositions of discards on length measurements from at-sea sampling of yellowtail snapper caught by head boat anglers in each region and applied these to all fleets. The DA configuration was an alternative to the ALK configuration, but was not used in this assessment.

### 12.1 ALK-CONFIGURED ASAP2 INPUT DATA FILE: YTS_ALK_BASE.DAT

```
# ASAP VERSION 2.0
# Yellowtail SNAPPer (81-10); YTS_Apr2012
#
# ASAP GUI - 15 JAN 2008
#
# Number of Years
30
# FIRST YEAR
1981
# Number of Ages
12
# Number of Fleets
3
# Number of Selectivity Blocks (sum over all fleets)
9
# Number of Available Indices
4
# Fleet Names
#$COMmERCIAL
#$Recreational
#$HEADBoAT
# Index Names
#$NMFS-UM
#$HEadboat
#$MRFSS
#$COMmERCIAL
#
# Natural Mortality Rate Matrix
0.342 0.298}0.2680.246 0.230 0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230}0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230 0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230 0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230}0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230}0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230}0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230 0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230 0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230}0.2170.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230}0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230 0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230 0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230 0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230}0.2170.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230}0.2170.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230 0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230 0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230 0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230}0.2170.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230}0.2170.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230}0.2170.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230 0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230 0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
0.342 0.298 0.268 0.246 0.230 0.217 0.207 0.199 0.193 0.188 0.183 0.179
```

$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}0.342 & 0.298 & 0.268 & 0.246 & 0.230 & 0.217 & 0.207 & 0.199 & 0.193 & 0.188 & 0.179\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllll}0.342 & 0.298 & 0.268 & 0.246 & 0.230 & 0.217 & 0.207 & 0.199 & 0.183 & 0.179\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}0.342 & 0.298 & 0.268 & 0.246 & 0.230 & 0.217 & 0.207 & 0.199 & 0.193 & 0.188 & 0.183 & 0.179\end{array}$
 0.3420 .2980 .2680 .2460 .2300 .2170 .2070 .1990 .1930 .1880 .1830 .179 \# Fecundity Option
0
\# Fraction of year that elapses prior to SSB calculation (0=Jan-1) 0.5
\# Maturity Matrix
0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllll}0.065 & 0.345 & 0.485 & 0.499 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}0.065 & 0.345 & 0.485 & 0.499 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500\end{array}$ 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}0.065 & 0.345 & 0.485 & 0.499 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}0.065 & 0.345 & 0.485 & 0.499 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500\end{array}$ 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}0.065 & 0.345 & 0.485 & 0.499 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500\end{array}$ 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}0.065 & 0.345 & 0.485 & 0.499 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllll}0.065 & 0.345 & 0.485 & 0.499 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500\end{array}$ 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}0.065 & 0.345 & 0.485 & 0.499 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500\end{array}$ 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllll}0.065 & 0.345 & 0.485 & 0.499 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}0.065 & 0.345 & 0.485 & 0.499 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500 & 0.500\end{array}$ 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 0.0650 .3450 .4850 .4990 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .5000 .500 \# Weight at Age for Catch Matrix
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}0.1383 & 0.2916 & 0.4362 & 0.5449 & 0.7264 & 0.8903 & 0.9629 & 1.1345 & 1.3978 & 1.5491 & 1.0649 & 1.5321\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}0.1355 & 0.2660 & 0.5245 & 0.5504 & 0.8039 & 1.0042 & 1.0853 & 0.8866 & 1.3884 & 1.4595 & 1.3396 & 1.5429\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllll}0.1314 & 0.2991 & 0.4870 & 0.4888 & 0.7893 & 0.8737 & 0.9956 & 1.0730 & 1.2870 & 1.4792 & 0.9723 & 1.5689\end{array}$ 0.12310 .23040 .45860 .49420 .79670 .92651 .01351 .10581 .39451 .41291 .22441 .5302 $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllll}0.1575 & 0.3253 & 0.5671 & 0.6612 & 0.9028 & 1.0347 & 1.1263 & 1.2970 & 1.5462 & 1.6947 & 1.3170 & 1.7257\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}0.1691 & 0.2861 & 0.4715 & 0.6459 & 0.7456 & 0.8270 & 1.0348 & 1.2015 & 1.2969 & 1.3455 & 1.4205 & 1.6215\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllll}0.1568 & 0.2617 & 0.3916 & 0.5234 & 0.6272 & 0.7211 & 0.9218 & 1.1333 & 1.2272 & 1.3294 & 1.3822 & 1.7133\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllll}0.1487 & 0.2781 & 0.4126 & 0.5346 & 0.5871 & 0.6678 & 0.8063 & 0.9369 & 1.0427 & 1.1224 & 1.1302 & 1.4727\end{array}$ 0.14700 .26620 .40690 .51640 .60480 .68880 .86311 .01851 .12661 .20401 .24321 .5140 $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllll}0.1562 & 0.2675 & 0.4040 & 0.5020 & 0.5603 & 0.6217 & 0.7246 & 0.8231 & 0.8840 & 0.9957 & 0.9690 & 1.2552\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllll}0.1262 & 0.2354 & 0.3215 & 0.3907 & 0.6666 & 0.6586 & 0.9165 & 0.9918 & 0.9638 & 1.3710 & 1.2538 & 1.4934\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}0.1517 & 0.2867 & 0.3902 & 0.4488 & 0.6322 & 0.7404 & 0.8264 & 1.1125 & 1.0721 & 1.3959 & 1.2060 & 1.4831\end{array}$ 0.13830 .27090 .37110 .46870 .59110 .58040 .61350 .69300 .80411 .35400 .96881 .3602 0.13750 .28840 .40430 .44880 .55380 .61760 .79730 .73210 .66681 .27271 .01011 .6323 $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}0.1443 & 0.2328 & 0.3593 & 0.4364 & 0.4729 & 0.5581 & 0.6418 & 0.7274 & 0.7327 & 1.2955 & 0.9425 & 1.2197\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllll}0.1546 & 0.2488 & 0.3747 & 0.4226 & 0.4336 & 0.5713 & 0.5939 & 0.5985 & 0.6572 & 1.0201 & 1.0534 & 1.5541\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}0.1418 & 0.2371 & 0.3718 & 0.4143 & 0.4714 & 0.5716 & 0.6836 & 0.7415 & 0.7629 & 0.9111 & 1.0045 & 1.4891\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}0.1561 & 0.2675 & 0.3737 & 0.4556 & 0.4956 & 0.6274 & 0.6519 & 0.7269 & 0.6697 & 0.7787 & 1.1253 & 1.7758\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}0.1606 & 0.3005 & 0.3752 & 0.5247 & 0.5598 & 0.6034 & 0.6246 & 0.7488 & 0.7860 & 0.9571 & 1.4252 & 1.6032\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}0.1818 & 0.2968 & 0.4313 & 0.4707 & 0.5596 & 0.6033 & 0.6271 & 0.7304 & 0.8624 & 0.8697 & 0.9030 & 1.4421\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllll}0.1881 & 0.3018 & 0.4191 & 0.5097 & 0.5452 & 0.6090 & 0.7270 & 0.6421 & 1.1576 & 0.6095 & 0.8826 & 1.3962\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllll}0.1624 & 0.2882 & 0.4139 & 0.5060 & 0.5450 & 0.6085 & 0.7751 & 0.8538 & 0.8231 & 0.9283 & 1.2206 & 1.3212\end{array}$ 0.19910 .28040 .42730 .49100 .55360 .64570 .79660 .78801 .02311 .19941 .08411 .5398 $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllll}0.1620 & 0.2937 & 0.4117 & 0.5110 & 0.5786 & 0.5975 & 0.7291 & 0.7884 & 1.2394 & 1.2395 & 1.1168 & 1.0632\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}0.1789 & 0.3125 & 0.4725 & 0.5341 & 0.5727 & 0.5952 & 0.8694 & 0.8171 & 0.8884 & 0.8004 & 0.8713 & 1.0492\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllll}0.1541 & 0.2942 & 0.4237 & 0.5148 & 0.4830 & 0.5150 & 0.7331 & 0.8065 & 0.7301 & 0.8761 & 1.6288 & 1.0423\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllll}0.1904 & 0.3046 & 0.4427 & 0.4854 & 0.5797 & 0.5695 & 0.8652 & 0.9996 & 1.8730 & 1.1390 & 1.1357 & 1.2021\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}0.1836 & 0.3041 & 0.4221 & 0.4777 & 0.5684 & 0.5745 & 0.6776 & 0.7847 & 0.9556 & 1.0055 & 1.0258 & 0.9540\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllll}0.1668 & 0.3149 & 0.4621 & 0.5507 & 0.5852 & 0.6636 & 0.7661 & 0.9049 & 0.9263 & 1.0655 & 0.9212 & 1.1737\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllll}0.1502 & 0.3151 & 0.4687 & 0.5669 & 0.6318 & 0.6617 & 0.7137 & 0.8296 & 0.9005 & 1.1421 & 0.8672 & 1.2344\end{array}$ \# Weight at Age for Spawning Stock Biomass Matrix
0.18650 .28080 .38460 .49320 .60290 .71070 .81470 .91321 .00541 .09091 .16941 .3772 $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllll}0.1865 & 0.2808 & 0.3846 & 0.4932 & 0.6029 & 0.7107 & 0.8147 & 0.9132 & 1.0054 & 1.0909 & 1.1694 & 1.3772\end{array}$ 0.18650 .28080 .38460 .49320 .60290 .71070 .81470 .91321 .00541 .09091 .16941 .3772 $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllll}0.1865 & 0.2808 & 0.3846 & 0.4932 & 0.6029 & 0.7107 & 0.8147 & 0.9132 & 1.0054 & 1.0909 & 1.1694 & 1.3772\end{array}$
 0.18650 .28080 .38460 .49320 .60290 .71070 .81470 .91321 .00541 .09091 .16941 .3772 $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllll}0.1865 & 0.2808 & 0.3846 & 0.4932 & 0.6029 & 0.7107 & 0.8147 & 0.9132 & 1.0054 & 1.0909 & 1.1694 & 1.3772\end{array}$ 0.18650 .28080 .38460 .49320 .60290 .71070 .81470 .91321 .00541 .09091 .16941 .3772 $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}0.1865 & 0.2808 & 0.3846 & 0.4932 & 0.6029 & 0.7107 & 0.8147 & 0.9132 & 1.0054 & 1.0909 & 1.1694 & 1.3772\end{array}$ 0.18650 .28080 .38460 .49320 .60290 .71070 .81470 .91321 .00541 .09091 .16941 .3772 0.18650 .28080 .38460 .49320 .60290 .71070 .81470 .91321 .00541 .09091 .16941 .3772 $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllll}0.1865 & 0.2808 & 0.3846 & 0.4932 & 0.6029 & 0.7107 & 0.8147 & 0.9132 & 1.0054 & 1.0909 & 1.1694 & 1.3772\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}0.1865 & 0.2808 & 0.3846 & 0.4932 & 0.6029 & 0.7107 & 0.8147 & 0.9132 & 1.0054 & 1.0909 & 1.1694 & 1.3772\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllll}0.1865 & 0.2808 & 0.3846 & 0.4932 & 0.6029 & 0.7107 & 0.8147 & 0.9132 & 1.0054 & 1.0909 & 1.1694 & 1.3772\end{array}$ 0.18650 .28080 .38460 .49320 .60290 .71070 .81470 .91321 .00541 .09091 .16941 .3772 0.18650 .28080 .38460 .49320 .60290 .71070 .81470 .91321 .00541 .09091 .16941 .3772 $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllll}0.1865 & 0.2808 & 0.3846 & 0.4932 & 0.6029 & 0.7107 & 0.8147 & 0.9132 & 1.0054 & 1.0909 & 1.1694 & 1.3772\end{array}$ 0.18650 .28080 .38460 .49320 .60290 .71070 .81470 .91321 .00541 .09091 .16941 .3772 $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllll}0.1865 & 0.2808 & 0.3846 & 0.4932 & 0.6029 & 0.7107 & 0.8147 & 0.9132 & 1.0054 & 1.0909 & 1.1694 & 1.3772\end{array}$ 0.18650 .28080 .38460 .49320 .60290 .71070 .81470 .91321 .00541 .09091 .16941 .3772 0.18650 .28080 .38460 .49320 .60290 .71070 .81470 .91321 .00541 .09091 .16941 .3772 0.18650 .28080 .38460 .49320 .60290 .71070 .81470 .91321 .00541 .09091 .16941 .3772 0.18650 .28080 .38460 .49320 .60290 .71070 .81470 .91321 .00541 .09091 .16941 .3772 $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllll}0.1865 & 0.2808 & 0.3846 & 0.4932 & 0.6029 & 0.7107 & 0.8147 & 0.9132 & 1.0054 & 1.0909 & 1.1694 & 1.3772\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllll}0.1865 & 0.2808 & 0.3846 & 0.4932 & 0.6029 & 0.7107 & 0.8147 & 0.9132 & 1.0054 & 1.0909 & 1.1694 & 1.3772\end{array}$ 0.18650 .28080 .38460 .49320 .60290 .71070 .81470 .91321 .00541 .09091 .16941 .3772 0.18650 .28080 .38460 .49320 .60290 .71070 .81470 .91321 .00541 .09091 .16941 .3772 0.18650 .28080 .38460 .49320 .60290 .71070 .81470 .91321 .00541 .09091 .16941 .3772 $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllll}0.1865 & 0.2808 & 0.3846 & 0.4932 & 0.6029 & 0.7107 & 0.8147 & 0.9132 & 1.0054 & 1.0909 & 1.1694 & 1.3772\end{array}$ 0.18650 .28080 .38460 .49320 .60290 .71070 .81470 .91321 .00541 .09091 .16941 .3772 \# Weight at Age for Jan-1 Biomass Matrix
$\begin{array}{llllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllllll}0.1446 & 0.2321 & 0.3318 & 0.4385 & 0.5481 & 0.6572 & 0.7633 & 0.8647 & 0.9601 & 1.0490 & 1.1310 & 1.3497\end{array}$ \# Selectivity Blocks (fleet outer loop, year inner loop) \# Sel block for fleet 1

5
5
5
5
5
5

6
6
6

6
\# Selectivity Options for each block 1=by age, 2=LOGIsitic, 3=double logistic

22222222
\# Selectivity initial guess, phase, lambda, and CV
\# (have to enter values for nages + 6 Parameters for each block)
\# Sel Block 1

| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1.8841 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.3089 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \# Sel Block 2 |  |  |  |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1.8683 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.3038 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \# Sel Block 3 |  |  |  |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 2.0071 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.2697 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \# Sel Block 4 |  |  |  |
| 1 | -1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0.955 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.0478 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \# Sel Block 5 |  |  |  |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1.0204 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.0525 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \# Sel Block 6 |  |  |  |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 0.9949 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.0511 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \# Sel Block 7 |  |  |  |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1.0333 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.0409 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \# Sel Block 8 |  |  |  |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1.0454 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.041 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \# Sel Block 9 |  |  |  |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | -6 | 0 | 1 |
| 1.0499 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.041 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| 0 | 00 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Selectivity Start Age by fleet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Selectivity End Age by fleet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 121212 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Age range for average F |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Average Freport option (1=unweighted, 2=Nweighted, 3=Bweighted) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# USE LIKELHood Constants? ( $1=$ yes) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Release Mortality by fleet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.1150 .100 .10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# fleet 1 Catch at Age - Last Column is Total Weight |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.0318 | 0.1848 | 0.2695 | 0.1616 | 0.1337 | 0.0795 | 50.0591 | 0.0358 | 0.0159 | 0.0084 | 0.0127 | 0.007 | 331.858 |
| 0.0317 | 0.1508 | 0.3309 | 0.1606 | 0.1156 | 0.0631 | 0.0531 | 0.0567 | 0.0126 | -0.0099 | 0.0091 | 10.0057 | 621.746 |
| 0.0332 | 0.1581 | 0.1679 | 0.3141 | 0.1052 | 20.0744 | 0.0556 | 0.0378 | 0.0161 | 10.0153 | 0.0091 | 10.0132 | 436.228 |
| 0.0296 | 0.188 | 0.2173 | 0.2037 | 0.124 | 0.0779 | 0.0615 | 0.0409 | 0.017 | 0.01590. | 0.00960. | 0.0146 | 429.69 |
| 0.0404 | 0.1131 | 0.090 | 0.0613 | 0.1592 | 0.1316 | 0.1421 | 0.0988 | 0.0443 | 0.0479 | 0.0242 | 0.0471 | 374.314 |
| 0.0346 | 0.153 | 0.1387 | 0.1678 | 0.1424 | 0.1088 | 0.0756 | 0.0579 | 0.0359 | 0.022 | 0.0198 | 0.0435 | 507.467 |
| 0.0352 | 0.165 | 0.1874 | 0.1721 | 0.1318 | 0.0941 | 0.0626 | 0.0479 | 0.0299 | 0.0182 | 0.0169 | 0.039 | 614.165 |
| 0.0333 | 0.1906 | 0.259 | 0.2101 | 0.1303 | 0.0781 | 0.0404 | 0.0248 | 0.013 | 0.0069 | 0.0059 | 0.0077 | 640.185 |
| 0.0305 | 0.1647 | 0.2431 | 0.2156 | 0.1405 | 50.0881 | 0.047 | 0.0296 | 0.0159 | 0.0085 | 0.007 | 0.0095 | 838.373 |
| 0.0309 | 0.1838 | 0.2698 | 0.2178 | 0.1296 | 0.0746 | 0.0379 | 0.0231 | 0.0124 | 0.0066 | 0.0057 | 0.0079 | 796.173 |
| 0.0242 | 0.1876 | 0.2095 | 0.2899 | 0.0959 | 0.0726 | 0.0392 | 0.0398 | 0.0196 | \% 0.0039 | 0.0089 | 0.0089 | 843.84 |
| 0.0253 | 0.1932 | 0.3254 | 0.2359 | 0.0696 | 0.0363 | 0.0335 | 0.0346 | 0.0155 | 0.0063 | 0.0113 | 0.0132 | 804.093 |
| 0.0158 | 0.1351 | 0.2673 | 0.2025 | 0.1133 | 0.0971 | 0.0582 | 0.0656 | 0.0231 | 10.0032 | 0.0092 | 0.0096 | 1078.784 |
| 0.0296 | 0.1713 | 0.2527 | 0.1898 | 0.1252 | 20.0688 | 0.0438 | 0.0644 | 0.0293 | 0.0064 | 0.0108 | 0.008 | 1000.192 |
| 0.0193 | 0.0671 | 0.2807 | 0.2803 | 0.1428 | 0.0946 | 0.0469 | 0.0322 | 0.0222 | 20.0019 | 0.0063 | 0.0058 | 842.233 |
| 0.0327 | 0.1251 | 0.1603 | 0.1908 | 0.2365 | 0.1076 | 0.0568 | 0.046 | 0.0291 | 0.005 | 0.0063 | 0.0039 | 661.702 |
| 0.0339 | 0.1406 | 0.2566 | 0.1628 | 0.157 | 0.1259 | 0.0553 | 0.0213 | 0.0202 | 0.006 | 0.0123 | 0.0082 | 759.133 |
| 0.030 | 0.1347 | 0.2851 | 0.2364 | 0.1182 | 0.0654 | 0.0617 | 0.0279 | 0.020 | 0.0112 | 0.0082 | 0.0013 | 691.442 |
| 0.0395 | 0.1784 | 0.1648 | 0.2114 | 0.1903 | 0.0959 | 0.0518 | 0.0377 | 0.0166 | 60.0071 | 0.0016 | 0.0047 | 837.386 |
| 0.0292 | 0.1806 | 0.1997 | 0.203 | 0.1464 | 0.1054 | 0.055 | 0.0292 | 0.0227 | 0.0095 | 0.0123 | 0.0071 | 722.138 |
| 0.0354 | 0.2158 | 0.2491 | 0.2073 | 0.1133 | 0.0878 | 0.0408 | 0.0253 | 0.0054 | 40.0075 | 0.0094 | 0.003 | 644.581 |
| 0.0294 | 0.1825 | 0.242 | 0.1809 | 0.1751 | 0.0997 | 0.0346 | 0.0233 | 0.0133 | 0.0092 | 0.0023 | 0.0077 | 639.668 |
| 0.0435 | 0.1451 | 0.292 | 0.2225 | 0.0937 | 0.0809 | 0.0479 | 0.0287 | 0.0176 | 0.0037 | 0.0076 | 0.0168 | 639.749 |
| 0.0119 | 0.1114 | 0.2365 | 0.2652 | 0.1728 | 0.0849 | 0.0565 | 0.0335 | 0.0078 | 0.002 | 0.0067 | 0.0109 | 673.854 |
| 0.0148 | 0.1131 | 0.2675 | 0.2603 | 0.1634 | 0.0693 | 0.0479 | 0.0144 | 0.0259 | 0.0144 | 0.004 | 0.0051 | 600.819 |
| 0.0333 | 0.1327 | 0.2109 | 0.2068 | 0.1529 | 0.099 | 0.0449 | 0.0488 | 0.0245 | 0.0272 | 0.0004 | 0.0185 | 561.088 |
| 0.0324 | 0.1298 | 0.1814 | 0.253 | 0.1724 | 0.1448 | 0.0376 | 0.0268 | 0.0002 | 0.012 | 0.0047 | 0.005 | 443.643 |
| 0.0306 | 0.1122 | 0.1871 | 0.2761 | 0.1536 | 0.0959 | 0.0517 | 0.0419 | 0.0177 | 0.0079 | 0.0118 | 0.0135 | 621.531 |
| 0.0154 | 0.1905 | 0.2402 | 0.1398 | 0.1592 | 20.0924 | 0.0685 | 0.0387 | 0.0191 | 10.0094 | 0.0053 | 0.0216 | 895.929 |
| 0.0132 | 0.164 | 0.2452 | 0.2413 | 0.1217 | 0.0952 | 0.0412 | 0.0296 | 0.0189 | 0.0077 | 0.0105 | 0.0115 | 768.411 |
| \# fleet 2 Catch at Age - Last Column is Total Weight |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.2069 | 0.3519 | 0.173 | 0.0992 | 0.0557 | 0.0382 | 0.0235 | 0.0171 | 0.0106 | 0.008 | 0.0061 | 0.0097 | 729.77 |
| 0.241 | 0.1801 | 0.1859 | 0.0986 | 0.1035 | 0.0684 | 0.0495 | 0.0415 | 0.0101 | 0.0077 | 0.0067 | 0.007 | 911.3 |
| 0.2163 | 0.2348 | 0.1741 | 0.2389 | 0.0541 | 10.0372 | 0.0222 | 0.0112 | 2.0025 | 0.0028 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 318.969 |
| 0.3287 | 0.2701 | 0.1238 | 0.0968 | 0.0566 | 0.0381 | 0.0378 | 0.0198 | 0.0089 | 0.0052 | 2.008 | 0.0062 | 797.271 |
| 0.1397 | 0.211 | 0.2372 | 0.1344 | 0.0976 | 0.0621 | 0.0484 | 0.0269 | 0.0143 | 0.0071 | 0.0103 | 0.0108 | 525.443 |
| 0.1691 | 0.2858 | 0.1103 | 0.1317 | 0.0709 | 0.0559 | 0.039 | 0.0365 | 0.028 | 0.0173 | 0.0168 | 0.0388 | 310.419 |
| 0.1656 | 0.3243 | 0.179 | 0.1236 | 0.0818 | 0.0508 | 0.0252 | 0.0166 | 0.0101 | 0.0059 | 0.0057 | 0.0113 | 306.717 |
| 0.111 | 0.2581 | 0.1885 | 0.1741 | 0.0945 | 0.066 | 0.0324 | 0.0226 | 0.0161 | 0.0085 | 0.0088 | 0.0195 | 396.822 |
| 0.1222 | 0.2626 | 0.1742 | 0.1328 | 0.0953 | 0.0643 | 0.0403 | 0.0319 | 0.0211 | 10.0129 | 0.0128 | 0.0294 | 584.83 |
| 0.1156 | 0.2384 | 0.2022 | 0.1817 | 0.1142 | 0.0701 | 0.0321 | 0.0189 | 0.0105 | 0.0049 | 0.0043 | 0.0072 | 494.696 |

$\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.1491 & 0.2701 & 0.2228 & 0.213 & 0.0333 & 0.0223 & 0.026 & 0.0229 & 0.0107 & 0.0051 & 0.0091 & 0.0154 & 870.552\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.1968 & 0.2857 & 0.2188 & 0.1478 & 0.0306 & 0.0249 & 0.0429 & 0.0193 & 0.0088 & 0.005 & 0.0062 & 0.0131 & 387.827\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.161 & 0.2758 & 0.2818 & 0.1683 & 0.0335 & 0.0242 & 0.0273 & 0.0175 & 0.0048 & 0.0011 & 0.0022 & 0.0025 & 362.676\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}0.1508 & 0.2645 & 0.2511 & 0.1724 & 0.0527 & 0.0249 & 0.0289 & 0.0278 & 0.0114 & 0.0042 & 0.0045 & 0.0069 & 283.282\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.1796 & 0.2276 & 0.2359 & 0.1913 & 0.0586 & 0.0367 & 0.0331 & 0.0166 & 0.0109 & 0.0022 & 0.004 & 0.0035 & 251.503\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.195 & 0.3164 & 0.1549 & 0.1132 & 0.1131 & 0.0507 & 0.0201 & 0.0199 & 0.0102 & 0.0033 & 0.0023 & 0.001 & 171.657\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.1665 & 0.3154 & 0.2147 & 0.1131 & 0.0991 & 0.0499 & 0.0185 & 0.0071 & 0.0067 & 0.0015 & 0.0037 & 0.0037 & 209.137\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.1849 & 0.2903 & 0.2415 & 0.1335 & 0.0739 & 0.0273 & 0.0216 & 0.0093 & 0.0074 & 0.0044 & 0.0035 & 0.0024 & 185.974\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.2595 & 0.3311 & 0.1592 & 0.1021 & 0.0711 & 0.0341 & 0.0187 & 0.0135 & 0.0059 & 0.0022 & 0.0008 & 0.0016 & 145.43\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}0.2064 & 0.3744 & 0.1588 & 0.0993 & 0.0694 & 0.0386 & 0.0185 & 0.0107 & 0.0113 & 0.0041 & 0.0045 & 0.0042 & 142.848\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.2142 & 0.4417 & 0.1332 & 0.0895 & 0.0485 & 0.036 & 0.0166 & 0.0084 & 0.0032 & 0.0024 & 0.0039 & 0.0024 & 102.648\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.1533 & 0.3671 & 0.2001 & 0.0963 & 0.0882 & 0.0501 & 0.0146 & 0.011 & 0.0064 & 0.0036 & 0.0023 & 0.007 & 144.002\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.1814 & 0.3552 & 0.195 & 0.1197 & 0.0517 & 0.0423 & 0.0229 & 0.0123 & 0.0079 & 0.0017 & 0.0029 & 0.007 & 198.788\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.1008 & 0.4531 & 0.1813 & 0.1202 & 0.0683 & 0.035 & 0.0194 & 0.0109 & 0.0028 & 0.0009 & 0.0028 & 0.0044 & 254.878\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.206 & 0.3922 & 0.2207 & 0.0856 & 0.0513 & 0.0267 & 0.0084 & 0.002 & 0.0033 & 0.002 & 0.0008 & 0.0009 & 215.281\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.1754 & 0.4906 & 0.1368 & 0.072 & 0.0575 & 0.0391 & 0.0085 & 0.0078 & 0.0053 & 0.0047 & 0.0001 & 0.0021 & 233.104\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.2626 & 0.341 & 0.1894 & 0.0917 & 0.051 & 0.0426 & 0.0108 & 0.0049 & 0.0001 & 0.0022 & 0.0022 & 0.0014 & 331.66\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.2426 & 0.2788 & 0.1814 & 0.151 & 0.0632 & 0.041 & 0.0165 & 0.0119 & 0.0046 & 0.0021 & 0.0032 & 0.0038 & 294.76\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.2125 & 0.4578 & 0.188 & 0.0575 & 0.0505 & 0.0162 & 0.0088 & 0.0036 & 0.0019 & 0.0008 & 0.0005 & 0.0018 & 131.817\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.120 & 0.3838 & 0.2379 & 0.1179 & 0.0485 & 0.053 & 0.0191 & 0.0072 & 0.0038 & 0.0012 & 0.006 & 0.0015 & 158.337\end{array}$ \# Fleet 3 Catch at Age - Last Column is Total Weight

| 0.0773 | 0.3309 | 0.2399 | 0.1596 | 0.0706 | 0.0515 | 0.0279 | 0.019 | 0.0074 | 0.0054 | 0.0047 | 0.0056 | 107.106 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.0926 & 0.1556 & 0.3404 & 0.1485 & 0.1065 & 0.0558 & 0.0367 & 0.0408 & 0.0073 & 0.0061 & 0.0044 & 0.0053 & 135.527\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.1006 & 0.1818 & 0.1778 & 0.2919 & 0.0934 & 0.0619 & 0.041 & 0.0248 & 0.0079 & 0.0069 & 0.0062 & 0.0059 & 127.218\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}0.0945 & 0.2375 & 0.2328 & 0.1803 & 0.110 & 0.060 & 0.0411 & 0.0232 & 0.0064 & 0.0052 & 0.0051 & 0.0038 & 94.45\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.0986 & 0.2799 & 0.2444 & 0.1738 & 0.0826 & 0.0472 & 0.0333 & 0.0194 & 0.0062 & 0.0051 & 0.0052 & 0.0043 & 83.006\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllll}0.0742 & 0.2376 & 0.2112 & 0.1849 & 0.1169 & 0.0753 & 0.0387 & 0.0245 & 0.0131 & 0.0073 & 0.0062 & 0.010 \\ 123.299\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.0811 & 0.2618 & 0.2206 & 0.1695 & 0.1097 & 0.0688 & 0.0347 & 0.0214 & 0.0117 & 0.0063 & 0.0055 & 0.009 & 129.713\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}0.0752 & 0.2411 & 0.2397 & 0.1834 & 0.1106 & 0.0673 & 0.033 & 0.0202 & 0.0109 & 0.0057 & 0.0051 & 0.0077 & 159.776\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}0.0763 & 0.2229 & 0.2298 & 0.195 & 0.1135 & 0.0723 & 0.0354 & 0.0223 & 0.0119 & 0.0066 & 0.0055 & 0.0087 & 98.728\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.0726 & 0.1955 & 0.229 & 0.1988 & 0.1187 & 0.0735 & 0.040 & 0.0268 & 0.015 & 0.0088 & 0.0078 & 0.0138 & 136.5\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.0657 & 0.2164 & 0.2451 & 0.2275 & 0.0698 & 0.0534 & 0.042 & 0.0351 & 0.0173 & 0.0056 & 0.009 & 0.013 & 126.494\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}0.0667 & 0.2386 & 0.3156 & 0.2006 & 0.0501 & 0.0352 & 0.0342 & 0.0233 & 0.0109 & 0.0037 & 0.0081 & 0.013 & 116.882\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.0644 & 0.1914 & 0.2812 & 0.189 & 0.075 & 0.0647 & 0.0481 & 0.0458 & 0.0152 & 0.0035 & 0.0072 & 0.0146 & 126.323\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.0642 & 0.2289 & 0.3035 & 0.1821 & 0.0778 & 0.0413 & 0.0309 & 0.0403 & 0.0163 & 0.0046 & 0.0052 & 0.0049 & 128.191\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.0667 & 0.1302 & 0.2953 & 0.2533 & 0.0949 & 0.0719 & 0.0335 & 0.0242 & 0.0177 & 0.0017 & 0.0056 & 0.0051 & 84.826\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllll}0.0771 & 0.1832 & 0.1664 & 0.1739 & 0.1953 & 0.0906 & 0.0433 & 0.0369 & 0.023 & 0.0036 & 0.0037 & 0.003 \\ 70.178\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.0696 & 0.1822 & 0.2592 & 0.1633 & 0.1408 & 0.0996 & 0.0388 & 0.0165 & 0.0155 & 0.0038 & 0.0065 & 0.0041 & 73.989\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.0722 & 0.200 & 0.2848 & 0.206 & 0.1016 & 0.0486 & 0.0425 & 0.019 & 0.0122 & 0.0082 & 0.0044 & 0.0004 & 59.423\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllll}0.1121 & 0.2632 & 0.2026 & 0.1708 & 0.1261 & 0.0601 & 0.0332 & 0.0192 & 0.0079 & 0.003 & 0.0003 & 0.0014 \\ 52.858\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}0.0494 & 0.2742 & 0.2198 & 0.184 & 0.1156 & 0.0767 & 0.0376 & 0.0174 & 0.0136 & 0.0055 & 0.0048 & 0.0013 & 51.515\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.0865 & 0.2878 & 0.2321 & 0.1747 & 0.0921 & 0.067 & 0.0278 & 0.0174 & 0.0024 & 0.0058 & 0.0054 & 0.001 & 50.366\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}0.0688 & 0.2313 & 0.2495 & 0.1674 & 0.1491 & 0.0817 & 0.0214 & 0.0128 & 0.0093 & 0.0048 & 0.0011 & 0.0028 & 60.654\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}0.0879 & 0.2205 & 0.2928 & 0.2018 & 0.078 & 0.0574 & 0.0277 & 0.0181 & 0.0071 & 0.0007 & 0.0038 & 0.0043 & 54.382\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.0741 & 0.2157 & 0.2684 & 0.2266 & 0.1131 & 0.0578 & 0.0262 & 0.0123 & 0.0007 & 0.0002 & 0.0007 & 0.0043 & 54.656\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.0717 & 0.205 & 0.2743 & 0.2183 & 0.1301 & 0.0581 & 0.0172 & 0.006 & 0.0092 & 0.006 & 0.0024 & 0.0015 & 73.013\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.0589 & 0.1801 & 0.2389 & 0.1908 & 0.1499 & 0.0895 & 0.0261 & 0.028 & 0.016 & 0.0151 & 0.000 & 0.0066 & 47.288\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.0739 & 0.2161 & 0.227 & 0.2232 & 0.124 & 0.1093 & 0.0154 & 0.0066 & 0.0001 & 0.0022 & 0.0014 & 0.0007 & 50.953\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}0.0952 & 0.2345 & 0.235 & 0.2261 & 0.0942 & 0.0578 & 0.0257 & 0.0174 & 0.0051 & 0.002 & 0.0028 & 0.0043 & 50.434\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.0729 & 0.3643 & 0.2585 & 0.1035 & 0.1025 & 0.046 & 0.0271 & 0.011 & 0.0057 & 0.0019 & 0.0017 & 0.0049 & 41.3\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.0551 & 0.326 & 0.2954 & 0.1592 & 0.0653 & 0.0559 & 0.0214 & 0.0087 & 0.005 & 0.001 & 0.0052 & 0.0018 & 48.026\end{array}$ \# Fleet 1 Discards at Age - Last Column is Total Weight

$\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.6625 & 0.3371 & 0.0005 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.341\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.6548 & 0.3449 & 0.0002 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.633\end{array}$
$0.6687 \quad 0.3306$ 0.0007 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}0.6587 & 0.3409 & 0.0004 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.426\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllllllll}0.315 & 0.4958 & 0.1323 & 0.0519 & 0.0024 & 0.0007 & 0.0015 & 0.0002 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0002 & 0.0\end{array} 0.973$



| 0.8305 | 0.3308 | 0.1066 | 0.0378 | 0.0355 | 0.0416 | 0.0349 | 0.0005 | $5 \quad 0.0 \quad 0$ | $0.0005 \quad 0$ | 0.0928 0 | 0.0001 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.7911 | 0.2639 | 0.1068 | 0.0582 | 0.0407 | 0.0486 | 0.0207 | 0.0017 | 70.0008 | 80.0005 | 50.0006 | 60.0007 |
| 0.8235 | 0.1605 | 0.0317 | 0.0043 | 0.0235 | 0.0023 | 0.0008 | 0.0004 | 40.0005 | 50.0001 | 10.0004 | 40.0001 |
| 0.7554 | 0.1341 | 0.0413 | 0.0198 | 0.0133 | 0.0464 | 0.0321 | 0.0007 | 70.0006 | 0.0002 | 20.0635 | 50.0001 |
| \# Fleet 2 Release Proportion at Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.3622 | 0.0746 | 0.0019 | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | 0.00 | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | 0.0 |  |  |  |
| 0.519 | 0.2888 | 0.0019 | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | 0.0 | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |
| 0.8354 | 0.3351 | 0.0025 | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ |  |  |  |  |
| 0.7817 | 0.489 | 0.0012 | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | 0.0 | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | $0 \quad 0.0$ | 0.0 |  |  |  |
| 0.4496 | 0.3339 | 0.0667 | 0.0524 | 0.003 | 0.0013 | 0.0037 | 0.0009 | 0.0002 | 0.0005 | 0.0022 | 0.0004 |
| 0.8836 | 0.7497 | 0.4569 | 0.1326 | 0.15 | 0.0902 | $0.0317 \quad 0$ | 0.0035 | 0.0034 | 0.0011 | 0.0153 | 0.0003 |
| 0.9603 | 0.8447 | 0.557 | 0.3362 | 0.3136 | 0.2395 | 0.1183 | 0.0187 | 0.0229 | 0.0075 | 0.1088 | 0.0021 |
| 0.9181 | 0.7881 | 0.4602 | 0.2225 | 0.2527 | 0.1714 | 0.0856 | 0.0127 | 70.0133 | 30.0048 | 80.0658 | 80.0011 |
| 0.9616 | 0.8514 | 0.5237 | 0.3013 | 0.2574 | 0.1807 | 0.0706 | 0.0093 | 30.0104 | 0.0033 | 30.0462 | 20.0008 |
| 0.9468 | 0.7649 | 0.3243 | 0.1487 | 0.1401 | 0.1075 | 0.0574 | 0.0101 | 10.0136 | 60.0056 | 60.0898 | 80.002 |
| 0.9928 | 0.9416 | 0.836 | 0.7655 | 0.1419 | 0.0679 | 0.1179 | 0.0282 | 0.0195 | 0.0002 | 0.0065 | 0.0 |
| 0.9906 | 0.7915 | 0.6663 | 0.6057 | 0.241 | 0.0188 | 0.3894 | 0.0112 | 0.0061 | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | 0.00570 |  |
| 0.9786 | 0.8135 | 0.6179 | 0.6156 | 0.1143 | 0.0731 | 0.5101 | 0.0761 | 10.0342 | 20.0 | $0.021 \quad 0.0$ |  |
| 0.9867 | 0.7957 | 0.5746 | 0.5953 | 0.1554 | 0.0283 | 0.293 | 0.0202 | 0.0214 | 0.0031 | 0.009 | 0.0 |
| 0.9822 | 0.9322 | 0.7006 | 0.5392 | 0.2272 | 0.0394 | 0.3682 | 0.023 | 0.018 | $0.0 \quad 0.01$ | 01020.0 |  |
| 0.9771 | 0.8509 | 0.7141 | 0.5738 | 0.5288 | 0.2103 | 0.1538 | 0.0481 | 10.0434 | 40.007 | 0.0063 | 0.0 |
| 0.9917 | 0.9164 | 0.6719 | 0.6106 | 0.5725 | 0.2953 | 0.1689 | 0.0307 | 70.0747 | $7 \quad 0.0362$ | 20.0173 | 30.0175 |
| 0.9823 | 0.8187 | 0.5431 | 0.4154 | 0.518 | 0.248 | $0.2061 \quad 0$ | 0.0245 | 0.0359 | 0.0178 | 0.0047 | 0.0 |
| 0.9737 | 0.7816 | 0.6293 | 0.3112 | 0.1612 | 0.075 | 0.1126 | 0.0205 | 0.0185 | 0.0131 | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ |  |
| 0.9732 | 0.7363 | 0.5095 | 0.4084 | 0.3904 | 0.2397 | 0.1096 | 0.044 | 0.0918 | 0.0175 | 0.0095 | 0.0 |
| 0.9608 | 0.7638 | 0.4649 | 0.3137 | 0.2872 | 0.1905 | 0.0648 | 0.0278 | $8 \quad 0.0 \quad 0$ | $0.0527 \quad 0$ | 0.0154 0, | 0.0134 |
| 0.9621 | 0.7078 | 0.4182 | 0.2484 | 0.228 | 0.2896 | 0.0833 | 0.0414 | 0.0144 | 0.0086 | 0.0029 | 0.002 |
| 0.8909 | 0.7704 | 0.3804 | 0.2522 | 0.3121 | 0.2219 | 0.0442 | 0.0155 | 50.007 | $0.0 \quad 0.01$ | . $0114 \quad 0.0$ | 0036 |
| 0.9264 | 0.6715 | 0.3632 | 0.2198 | 0.1805 | 0.1954 | 40.0412 | 0.0071 | $10.0 \quad 0$ | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | 0.0059 |  |
| 0.8419 | 0.5362 | 0.204 | 0.3658 | 0.4764 | 0.5158 | 0.0648 | 0.017 | 0.0177 | 0.0106 | 0.3983 | 0.0081 |
| 0.9624 | 0.5511 | 0.4006 | 0.2863 | 0.5109 | 0.5768 | $8 \quad 0.3068$ | 0.1142 | 20.1463 | 30.0372 | $2 \quad 0.0 \quad 0$ | 0.0052 |
| 0.9297 | 0.5349 | 0.2935 | 0.293 | 0.3233 | 0.3835 | 0.3289 | 0.0082 | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | 0.00670 .508 | 0.50870 .0 | . 0063 |
| 0.9111 | 0.5835 | 0.455 | 0.3686 | 0.3401 | $0.4 \quad 0.2$ | 02920.02 | 02210.0 | . $0113 \quad 0.0$ | . 0068 0.008 | . 0080.008 | . 087 |
| 0.9781 | 0.6935 | 0.2495 | 0.071 | 0.3815 | 0.0719 | 0.0362 | 0.0257 | 0.028 | 0.0056 | 0.0206 | 0.0099 |
| 0.9743 | 0.5747 | 0.2827 | 0.2581 | 0.2123 | 0.5175 | 50.4252 | 0.0182 | 20.0185 | 50.0088 | $8 \quad 0.6683$ | 30.0062 |
| \# Fleet 3 Release Proportion at Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.8576 | 0.0873 | 0.0007 | 0.00 .0 | 0.00 | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | 0.0 | 0.00 .0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |
| 0.8709 | 0.2555 | 0.0003 | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | 0.0 | $\begin{array}{llll}0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0\end{array}$ | 0.00 .0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |
| 0.8765 | 0.2503 | 0.0003 | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | 0.00 .0 | 0.0 | $\begin{array}{llll}0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0\end{array}$ | 0.00 .0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |
| 0.9057 | 0.1832 | 0.0003 | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | 0.00 | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ | $0.00 .0 \quad 0.0$ | 0.00 .0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |
| 0.9283 | 0.5371 | 0.1625 | 0.093 | 0.0096 | 0.0048 | 0.0146 | 0.0035 | 0.0015 | 0.0018 | 0.0117 | 0.0031 |
| 0.9516 | 0.5776 | 0.2674 | 0.1355 | 0.1322 | 0.0976 | 6.0465 | 0.0078 | $8 \quad 0.0107$ | $7 \quad 0.0037$ | 70.0602 | 20.0015 |
| 0.8766 | 0.5228 | 0.2559 | 0.147 | 0.1403 | 0.1063 | 0.0517 | 0.0088 | 0.0119 | 0.0043 | 0.0675 | 0.0017 |
| 0.9392 | 0.5587 | 0.2305 | 0.1325 | 0.1348 | 0.1052 | 20.0526 | 0.009 | 0.0123 | 0.0046 | 0.0706 | 0.0019 |
| 0.9318 | 0.5888 | 0.227 | $0.116 \quad 0$ | 0.1219 | 0.0908 | 0.0454 | 0.0076 | 0.0105 | 0.0037 | 0.0609 | 0.0016 |
| 0.9676 | 0.6754 | 0.235 | 0.1185 | 0.1211 | 0.0927 | 0.0418 | 0.0066 | 0.0087 | 0.0029 | 0.0447 | 0.001 |
| 0.9608 | 0.4652 | 0.2897 | 0.2668 | 0.0254 | 0.0108 | 8.0529 | 0.0071 | 10.0047 | 70.0002 | 20.0025 | 50.0 |
| 0.955 | 0.4002 | 0.2474 | 0.2685 | 0.089 | 0.008 | $0.0784 \quad 0.0$ | 0.00560 | 0.0031 | $0.0 \quad 0.0028$ | 0280 |  |
| 0.9822 | 0.5263 | 0.3038 | 0.2767 | 0.0259 | 0.0137 | 70.0989 | 0.0146 | $6 \quad 0.0057$ | $7 \quad 0.0$ | 0.0034 | 0.0 |
| 0.9957 | 0.4251 | 0.2311 | 0.2809 | 0.0529 | 0.0089 | 0.0903 | 0.0069 | 90.0079 | 90.001 | 0.0041 | 0.0 |
| 0.935 | 0.6922 | 0.2798 | 0.2183 | 0.0755 | 0.011 | 0.0635 | 0.0089 | 0.0063 | $0.0 \quad 0.00$ | $0.0042 \quad 0.0$ |  |
| 0.8713 | 0.6546 | 0.3171 | 0.194 | 0.1615 | 0.0626 | 0.0377 | 0.0136 | 0.0107 | 0.0036 | 0.0022 |  |
| 0.9454 | 0.6544 | 0.2302 | 0.1782 | 0.1704 | 0.0626 | 60.0344 | 0.0058 | $8 \quad 0.0134$ | 40.0063 | $3 \quad 0.0044$ | 40.0069 |
| 0.9472 | 0.6172 | 0.2376 | 0.151 | 0.215 | 0.0797 | 0.0601 | 0.0072 | 0.0131 | 0.0057 | 0.0022 | 0.0 |
| 0.9101 | 0.456 | 0.2944 | 0.1229 | 0.0623 | 0.0291 | 0.0434 | 0.0101 | $0.01 \quad 0$ | $0.0071 \quad 0$ | $0.0 \quad 0.0$ |  |
| 0.8316 | 0.5432 | 0.2872 | 0.1817 | 0.2056 | 0.1072 | 20.0393 | 0.0119 | 90.0578 | 80.0077 | $7 \quad 0.0083$ |  |
| 0.9122 | 0.5658 | 0.2046 | 0.1235 | 0.1123 | 0.0763 | 0.0302 | 0.0095 | 50.0 | $0.0167 \quad 0$ | 0.00920 | 0.0006 |

```
0.9906 0.5594
0.8525}00.6394 0.1959 0.1242 0.1724 0.1368 0.0308 0.0092 0.0068 0.0 0.0077 0.0051
0.961
0.9595
0.9846
0.9207 0.5581 0.2384 0.1236
0.8074}00.3604 0.2251 0.1841 0.1724 0.2148 0.1112 0.0115 0.008 0.0057 0.0072 0.0061 
0.9462
0.9192
# Index Units
2 2 2 1
# Index Month
-1 -1 -1 -1
# Index Selectivity Choice
-1 3 2 1
```

\# Index Selectivity Option for each Index 1=by age, 2=logisitic, 3=double logistic
1222
\# Index Start Age
1222
\# Index End Age
58810
\# Use Index? 1=yes
1111
\# Index Selectivity initial guess, phase, lambda, and CV
\# (have to enter values for nages + 6 parameters for each block)
\# Index-1

| 1 | -1 | 0 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.5883 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.3196 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.1653 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.0833 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.0413 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.0204 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.01 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.0049 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.0024 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.0012 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0.0006 | 6 | 1 | 0.25 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \# Index-2 |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| 0 | -1 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | -1 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Index-3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | -1 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | -1 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Index-4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | -1 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | -1 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Index Data - Year, index Value, CV, proportions at age and input effective sample size (only used if estimating parameters) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Index-1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 | -999 | -999 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | - |
| 999.0 |  | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | -999 | -999 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | - |
| 999.0000 -999.0000-999.0000-999 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | -999 | -999 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | - |
| 999.0000 -999.0000-999.0000-999 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | -999 | -999 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | - |
| 999.0000 -999.0000-999.0000-999 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | -999 | -999 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | - |
| 999.0000 -999.0000-999.0000-999 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}1986 & -999 & -999 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -\end{array}$ 999.0000 -999-999.0000
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllll}1987 & -999 & -999 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -\end{array}$ 999.0000 -999.0000 -999.0000 $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}1988 & -999 & -999 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -\end{array}$ 999.0000 -999-999.0000 $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}1989 & -999 & -999 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -\end{array}$ 999.0000 -999 -999.0000 $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllll}1990 & -999 & -999 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -\end{array}$ 999.0000 -999.0000 -999.0000 $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}1991 & -999 & -999 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -\end{array}$

$\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}1992 & -999 & -999 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -\end{array}$ 999.0000 -999.0000 -999.0000 $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllll}1993 & -999 & -999 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -\end{array}$ 999.0000 -999-999.0000 $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}1994 & -999 & -999 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -\end{array}$


| 1995 | -999 | -999 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | - |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | 999.0000 -999.0000 -999.0000


| 1996 | -999 | -999 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | -999.0000 | - |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | 999.0000 -999.0000 -999.0000

$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllll}1997 & -999 & -999 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -999.0000 & -\end{array}$ 999.0000 -999.0000 -999.0000 -999
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllll}1998 & 0.38 & 0.298 & 0.6897 & 0.1399 & 0.0774 & 0.0482 & 0.0264 & 0.0071 & 0.0063 & 0.0022 & 0.0019 & 0.0006 & 0.0001 & 0.0001 & 9\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}1999 & 0.878 & 0.186 & 0.6968 & 0.1594 & 0.0632 & 0.0366 & 0.0233 & 0.0096 & 0.0050 & 0.0039 & 0.0014 & 0.0001 & 0.0002 & 0.0006 & 13\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}2000 & 0.988 & 0.113 & 0.5983 & 0.2534 & 0.0717 & 0.0381 & 0.0236 & 0.0103 & 0.0026 & 0.0004 & 0.0014 & 0.0001 & 0.0001 & 0.0000 & 15\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllll}2001 & 0.96 & 0.115 & 0.5796 & 0.2311 & 0.0883 & 0.0503 & 0.0248 & 0.0150 & 0.0047 & 0.0032 & 0.0004 & 0.0014 & 0.0011 & 0.0003 & 17\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}2002 & 1.314 & 0.142 & 0.5734 & 0.1771 & 0.0974 & 0.0557 & 0.0546 & 0.0259 & 0.0066 & 0.0050 & 0.0027 & 0.0012 & 0.0001 & 0.0002 & 18\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}2003 & 0.782 & 0.106 & 0.6178 & 0.1817 & 0.1086 & 0.0611 & 0.0188 & 0.0078 & 0.0022 & 0.0014 & 0.0003 & 0.0000 & 0.0002 & 0.0001 & 15\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllll}2004 & 0.709 & 0.153 & 0.7097 & 0.1539 & 0.0642 & 0.0449 & 0.0161 & 0.0082 & 0.0022 & 0.0004 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0001 & 0.0003 & 12\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}2005 & 1.349 & 0.116 & 0.5150 & 0.0989 & 0.1113 & 0.1133 & 0.0862 & 0.0365 & 0.0229 & 0.0018 & 0.0080 & 0.0046 & 0.0014 & 0.0002 & 16\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}2006 & 1.086 & 0.167 & 0.5908 & 0.1773 & 0.0813 & 0.0532 & 0.0485 & 0.0276 & 0.0058 & 0.0064 & 0.0050 & 0.0025 & 0.0000 & 0.0016 & 18\end{array}$

| 2007 | 1.045 | 0.095 | 0.6490 | 0.1623 | 0.0595 | 0.0607 | 0.0331 | 0.0280 | 0.0048 | 0.0017 | 0.0000 | 0.0003 | 0.0005 | 0.0001 | 18 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 2008 | 1.422 | 0.077 | 0.5478 | 0.1223 | 0.0770 | 0.1181 | 0.0586 | 0.0369 | 0.0162 | 0.0120 | 0.0035 | 0.0019 | 0.0024 | 0.0031 | 19 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 2009 | 1.154 | 0.075 | 0.6345 | 0.1873 | 0.0782 | 0.0321 | 0.0367 | 0.0159 | 0.0085 | 0.0035 | 0.0015 | 0.0005 | 0.0006 | 0.0008 | 23 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 2010 | 0.934 | 0.133 | 0.5535 | 0.2577 | 0.0812 | 0.0469 | 0.0176 | 0.0280 | 0.0088 | 0.0014 | 0.0006 | 0.0001 | 0.0035 | 0.0006 | 19 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

\# Index-2
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1981 & 0.936 & 0.028 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1982 & 0.792 & 0.03 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}1983 & 0.621 & 0.035 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}1984 & 0.629 & 0.037 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}1985 & 0.612 & 0.036 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1986 & 0.724 & 0.031 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1987 & 0.861 & 0.029 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1988 & 0.92 & 0.028 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1989 & 1.013 & 0.026 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}1990 & 1.186 & 0.027 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1991 & 1.197 & 0.024 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1992 & 1.197 & 0.025 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}1993 & 1.157 & 0.025 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}1994 & 1.404 & 0.025 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1995 & 1.04 & 0.03 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1996 & 0.968 & 0.034 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1997 & 1.065 & 0.03 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}1998 & 0.905 & 0.037 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}1999 & 0.932 & 0.036 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllll}2000 & 0.906 & 0.041 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}2001 & 0.809 & 0.047 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}2002 & 0.803 & 0.047 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}2003 & 1.073 & 0.044 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}2004 & 1.3 & 0.042 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}2005 & 1.495 & 0.04 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}2006 & 1.036 & 0.043 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}2007 & 0.922 & 0.036 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}2008 & 1.187 & 0.028 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}2009 & 1.072 & 0.029 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}2010 & 1.239 & 0.026 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ \# Index-3
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllll}1981 & 0.89 & 0.15 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1982 & 0.839 & 0.196 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}1983 & 0.675 & 0.161 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}1984 & 0.755 & 0.199 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}1985 & 0.599 & 0.159 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1986 & 0.805 & 0.132 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1987 & 0.636 & 0.142 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1988 & 0.869 & 0.145 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1989 & 0.864 & 0.131 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}1990 & 1.047 & 0.112 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1991 & 1.639 & 0.094 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1992 & 1.395 & 0.097 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1993 & 1.1 & 0.106 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1994 & 1.045 & 0.121 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}1995 & 1.182 & 0.117 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1996 & 0.924 & 0.12 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1997 & 1.006 & 0.118 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1998 & 0.928 & 0.105 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1999 & 1.003 & 0.106 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}2000 & 0.917 & 0.108 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}2001 & 0.951 & 0.104 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllll}2002 & 0.847 & 0.1 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}2003 & 1.006 & 0.099 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}2004 & 1.169 & 0.096 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}2005 & 1.215 & 0.094 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}2006 & 1.209 & 0.09 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}2007 & 1.241 & 0.09 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}2008 & 1.095 & 0.1 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}2009 & 0.978 & 0.099 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}2010 & 1.173 & 0.195 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0\end{array}$ \# Index-4

| 1981 | -999 | -999 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1982 | -999 | -999 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1983 | -999 | -999 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1984 | -999 | -999 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | -999 | -999 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1986 | -999 | -999 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 19 | -999 | -999 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 | -999 | -999 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1989 | -999 | -999 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1990 | -999 | -999 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1991 | -999 | -999 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1992 | -999 | -999 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1993 | 0.802 | 0.186 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 1994 | 0.835 | 0.184 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| 1995 | 0.751 | 0.184 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1996 | 0.663 | 0.185 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 |
| 1997 | 0.731 | 0.184 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 |
| 1998 | 0.81 | 0.184 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 |
| 1999 | 1.017 | 0.184 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 |
| 2000 | 0.873 | 0.184 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 |
| 2001 | 0.895 | 0.184 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 |
| 2002 | 0.892 | 0.184 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 |
| 2003 | 0.837 | 0.184 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 |
| 2004 | 0.937 | 0.184 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 |
| 2005 | 1.189 | 0.184 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 |
| 2006 | 1.17 | 0.185 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 |
| 2007 | 1.101 | 0.185 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 |
| 2008 | 1.413 | 0.185 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 |
| 2009 | 1.573 | 0.185 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 |
| 2010 | 1.51 | 0.185 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0 |
| \# Phase Control Data |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Phase for F mult in 1st Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Phase for F mult deviations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Phase for Recruitment Deviations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Phase for N in 1st Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Phase for Catchability in 1st Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Phase for Catchability deviations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Phase for Stock Recruitment Relationship |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Phase for Steepness |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \# Recruitment CV by Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

```
0.5
0.5
0.5
0.5
0.5
0.5
0.5
#LAMbDA FOR EACH Index
0.470 0.398 0.908 0.868
# Lambda for Total Catch in Weight by Fleet
1 1 1
# Lambda for Total Discards at Age by Fleet
111
# Catch Total CV by Year and Fleet
0.100 0.246 0.100
0.100 0.155 0.100
0.100 0.146 0.100
0.100 0.307 0.100
0.100 0.300 0.100
0.100 0.239 0.100
0.100 0.170 0.100
0.100 0.177 0.100
0.100 0.204 0.100
0.100 0.171 0.100
0.100 0.142 0.100
0.100 0.099 0.100
0.100 0.086 0.100
0.100 0.093 0.100
0.100 0.129 0.100
0.100 0.133 0.100
0.100 0.150 0.100
0.100 0.138 0.100
0.100 0.109 0.100
0.100 0.180 0.100
0.100 0.162 0.100
0.100 0.142 0.100
0.100 0.129 0.100
0.100 0.138 0.100
0.100 0.100 0.100
0.100 0.074 0.100
0.100 0.107 0.100
0.100 0.108 0.100
0.100 0.091 0.100
0.100 0.107 0.100
# Discard Total CV by Year and Fleet
0.200 0.394 0.200
0.200 0.197 0.200
0.200 0.340 0.200
0.200 0.228 0.200
0.200 0.344 0.200
0.200 0.204 0.200
0.200 0.203 0.200
0.200 0.250 0.200
0.200 0.261 0.200
0.200 0.174 0.200
0.200 0.128 0.200
0.200 0.075 0.200
```

```
0.200 0.093 0.200
0.200 0.087 0.200
0.200 0.098 0.200
0.200 0.078 0.200
0.200 0.086 0.200
0.200 0.084 0.200
0.200 0.106 0.200
0.200 0.127 0.200
0.200 0.209 0.200
0.200 0.107 0.200
0.200 0.093 0.200
0.200 0.090 0.200
0.200 0.114 0.200
0.200 0.095 0.200
0.200 0.086 0.200
0.200 0.069 0.200
0.200 0.142 0.200
0.200 0.100 0.200
# Input Effective Sample Size for Catch at Age by Year & Fleet
O 0 22
0015
0024
0 15
000
00
00
003
003
000
006
1000
1300
1609
16016
2000
3100
2300
2900
2308
2500
0 0
1810 0
21720
26 1021
27620
19827
291225
27516
221226
# Input Effective Sample Size for Discards at Age by Year & Fleet
000
000
000
00
000
00
00
```

000
000
000
000
000
000
000
000
000
000
000
000
000
000
000
000
000
181518
18818
181818
111111
11511
111111
\# Lambda for F mult in first year by fleet
111
\# CV for F mult in first year by fleet
0.50 .50 .5
\# Lambda for F mult Deviations by Fleet
111
\# CV for F mult deviations by Fleet
0.50 .50 .5
\# Lambda for N in 1st Year Deviations
1
\# CV for N in 1st Year Deviations
0.11
\# Lambda for Recruitment Deviations
1
\# Lambda for Catchability in first year by index
1111
\# CV for Catchability in first year by index
0.30 .30 .30 .3
\# Lambda for Catchability Deviations by Index
1111
\# CV for Catchability Deviations by Index
0.50 .50 .50 .5
\# Lambda for Deviation from Initial Steepness
1
\# CV for Deviation from Initial Steepness
0.15
\# Lambda for Deviation from Initial unexploited Stock Size
1
\# CV for Deviation from Initial unexploited Stock Size
0.5
\# NAA for Year 1
$2.73 \mathrm{E}+062.23 \mathrm{E}+061.82 \mathrm{E}+061.29 \mathrm{E}+066.85 \mathrm{E}+054.30 \mathrm{E}+053.07 \mathrm{E}+052.35 \mathrm{E}+057.58 \mathrm{E}+046.33 \mathrm{E}+045.03 \mathrm{E}+045.01 \mathrm{E}+04$
\# F mult in 1 st year by Fleet
0.20 .20 .2

```
# Catchability in 1st year by index
1.22E-06 1.80E-06 1.71E-06 1.54E-05
# Initial unexploited Stock Size
12000
# Initial Steepness
0 . 7 5
# Maximum F
3
# Ignore GuesSes
O
# Projection Control Data
# Do Projections? (1=yes, 0=No), still need to enter values eVen if not doing projections
1
# Fleet Directed Flag
1 1 1
# Final Year of Projections
2020
# Year Projected Recruits, What Projected, Target, non- directed F mult
2011 -1 4 -999 1
2012 -1 4 -999 1
2013 -1 4 -999 1
2014 -1 4 4 -999 1
2015
2016
2017 -1 4 -999 1
2018
2019 -1 4 -999 1
2020
# MCMC INFO
# DOMCMC (1=YES)
O
# MCMCNYEAR option (0=use final year values of NAA, 1=use final year + 1 values of NAA)
O
# MCMCNBoot
2000
# MCMCNTHIN
200
# MCMCSEED
14159638
# R in AGepro.bsn file (enter 0 to use NAA, 1 to use stock-ReCruit reLAtIonship, 2 to used Geometric mean of previous years)
2
# Starting year for calculation of R
2007
# STARTING YEAR FOR CALCULATION OF R
2009
# Test Value
-23456
#####
# ---- FINIS ----
```


[^0]:    NOAA, Fisheries of the U.S. publications
    ${ }^{2}$ 1950-1977 (NOAA Fisheries Commercial Landings Web Site), 1978-1991 (NOAA Fisheries General Canvass), 1992-2011 (FWC Trip Tickets)
    ${ }^{3}$ Preliminary data for 2011 (Florida trip tickets only)

[^1]:    *Florida FWC trip ticket data preliminary and incomplete for 2011

[^2]:    NMFS = NMFS website (http://www.st.nmfs.noaa.gov/st1/commercial/landings/gear_landings.html)
    ${ }^{2}$ NMFS GC = NMFS General Canvass data (NMFS Southeast Fishery Science Center, Miami, FL)
    ${ }^{3}$ FL-TT = FL FWC trip tickets

[^3]:    *A check on the calculations, should be close to the reported commercial landings.

[^4]:    *A check on the calculations, should be close to the reported commercial landings.

[^5]:    *Texas participated in the MRFSS only during 1981-1985.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ One metric ton $=1,000$ kilograms or $2,204.623$ pounds

