

Breakout #3: Cloud Properties and Data Products (Agenda)



- Update on LLNL data products (Xie)
- CLWG VAPs (Jensen)
- An outline of the conventional and Bayesian approaches to uncertainty quantification and an application example on cloud fraction data (Shen et al.)
- A 10-year climatology of cloud fraction and vertical distribution derived from both surface and GOES observations of the DOE SGP site (Xi)
- *Retrievals and consistency checks of cloud variables from the AMF-China campaign (Zhao/Li) **Withdrawn!***
- Advective tendencies and Q1, Q2 in the new NCEP CFSR product at the ARM sites and their comparison with ARM IOP analyses (Zhang)
- The Meteorological Similarity Comparison Method (MSCM): A new tool for satellite model testing and development (Long)
- Discussion

Development of Integrated ARM Datasets in Support of ASR Cloud Modeling Studies

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Acknowledgments:

Steve Klein (LLNL)

Minghua Zhang (Stony Brook University)

ARM Infrastructure Teams at DOE Labs (PNNL, BNL, ORNL ...)

PIs who contribute to their products to our integrated datasets

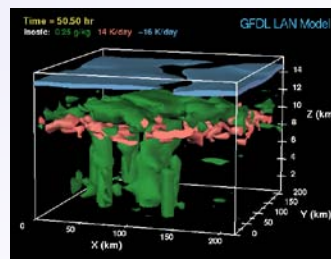
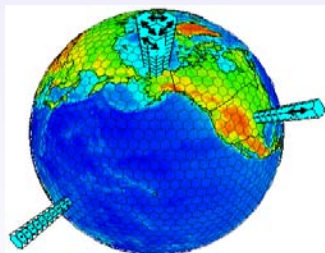
Outline



- **Integrated Data Products Developed at LLNL**
 - Forcing data for SCMs/CRMs
 - Climate Modeling Best Estimate (CMBE) data for climate modeling studies
 - **Cloud Retrieval Ensemble Dataset (CRED)**
- **Future Plan**



Task #1: Create Large-Scale Forcing Data for SCM/CRM Studies



Most Used Modeling Testbeds in ASR: SCM + CRM

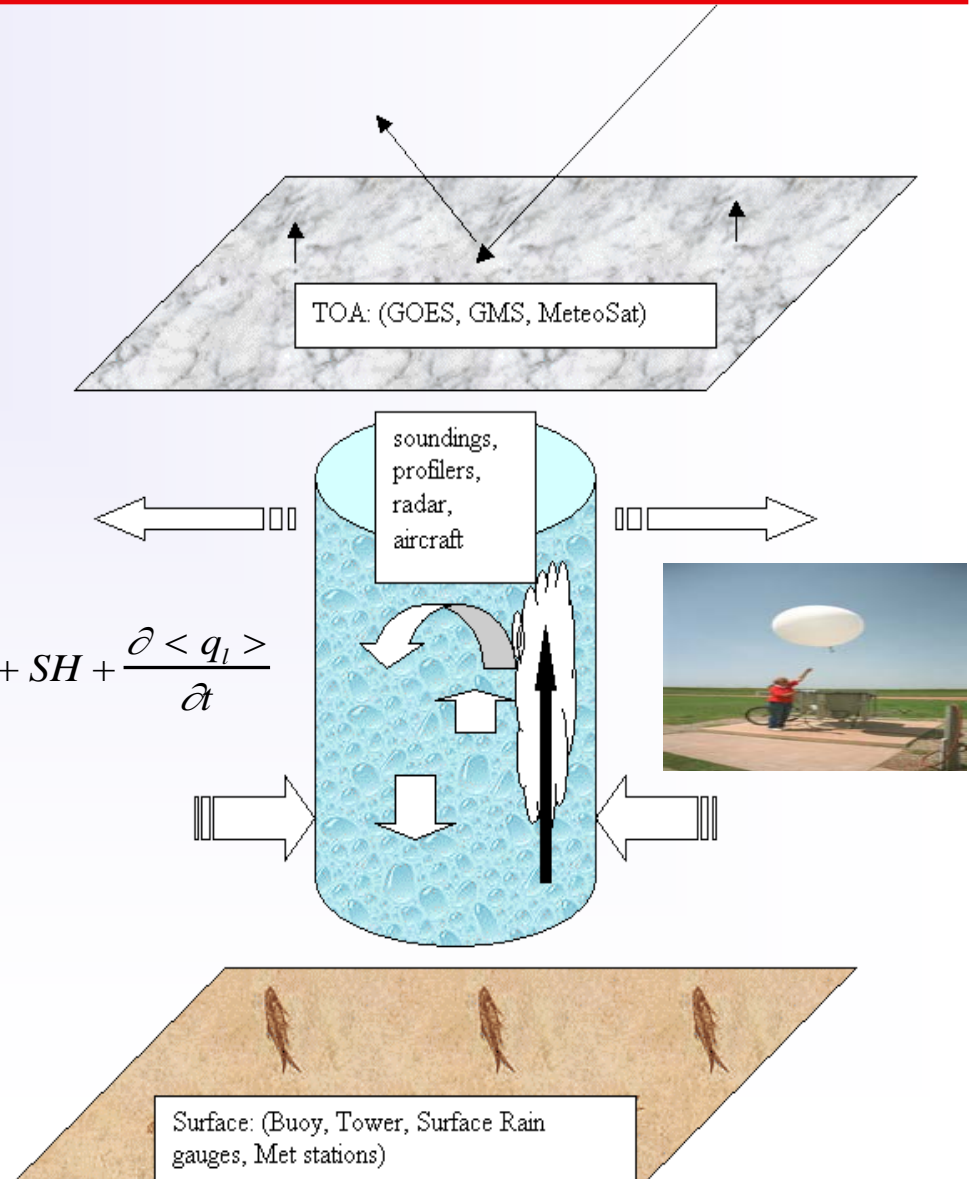
Forcing: Omega and advective tendencies of T and q

Large-Scale Forcing for SCM/CRM



Variational Analysis (Zhang and Lin 1997)

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \langle \nabla \cdot \vec{V} \rangle &= -\frac{1}{gp_s} \frac{dp_s}{dt} \\ \frac{\partial \langle q \rangle}{\partial t} + \langle \nabla \cdot \vec{V} q \rangle &= E_s - Prec - \frac{\partial \langle q_l \rangle}{\partial t} \\ \frac{\partial \langle s \rangle}{\partial t} + \langle \nabla \cdot \vec{V} s \rangle &= R_{TOA} - R_{SRF} + LPrec + SH + \frac{\partial \langle q_l \rangle}{\partial t} \\ \frac{\partial \langle \vec{V} \rangle}{\partial t} + \langle \nabla \cdot \vec{V} \vec{V} \rangle - f\vec{k} \times \langle \vec{V} \rangle - \nabla \langle \phi \rangle &= \vec{\tau}_s \end{aligned} \right.$$



Courtesy of Dr. Minghua Zhang)

Forcing Data Products



Domain-averaged

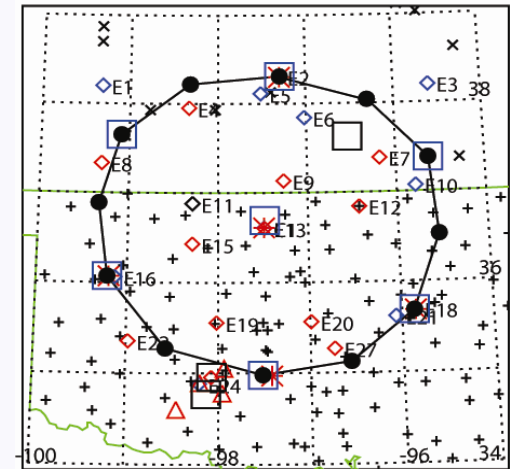
Forcing

- Large-scale vertical velocity
- Large-scale advective tendencies of T and q

Surface and TOA Fluxes

- TOA satellite measured radiative fluxes
- Satellite retrieved cloud fraction and cloud properties
- Surface radiative fluxes
- Surface turbulent fluxes
- LWP and PW
- Surface precipitation and other meteorological fields

Variational Analysis Domain



Two Types of Forcing Datasets



- **IOP Forcing – Sounding Based**
SGP (14), NSA (MPACE), and TWP-Darwin (TWP-ICE)
- **Continuous Forcing – NWP Analysis Based**
constrained by Surface and TOA Observations

CF has better quality than NWP forcing

Continuous Forcing



- 11 yrs (1999-2009) for SGP – **RUC analysis constrained by ARM observations**
 - *Released three year data 1999 – 2001 a few years ago*
 - **Released** the first 6 months in 2009 for RACORO
 - *Created another 7-year forcing (2002-2008) (under review)*

- 3 wet seasons (2004-2007) for TWP-Darwin – ECMWF analysis constrained by C-POL radar precipitation (*Christian Jakob, Laura Davies*). **Released!**

11/03/04 - 04/06/05; 11/10/05 – 04/30/06; 10/12/06 – 04/19/07

ensemble forcing with 100 members!

Future Plan on Forcing Data



- Release continuous forcing data for 2002-2008
- Develop forcing for selected AMF deployments (*Needs to be prioritized by the CLWG*)

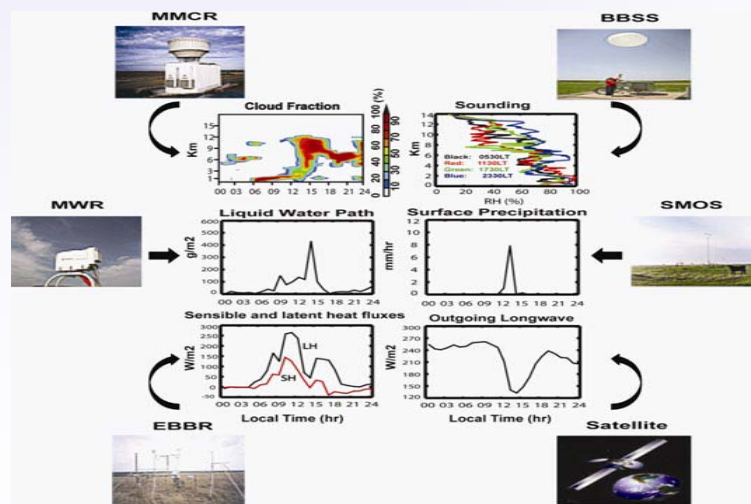
Initial list:

- AMF China (2008) (*Aerosol-cloud interaction, YOTC??*)
- AMF Azores (2009-2010) (*Clouds, Aerosol, and Precipitation in the Marine Boundary Layer*)

Comments needed!!!!!!!!!!!!



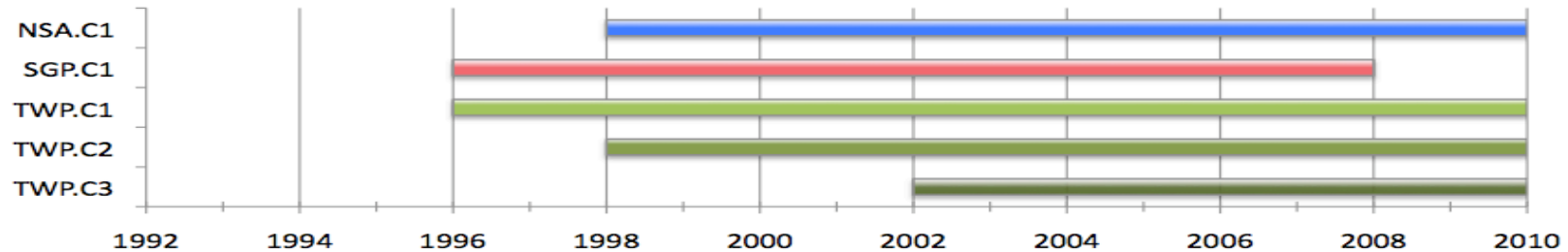
Task #2: Climate Modeling Best Estimate (CMBE) for Climate Modeling Studies



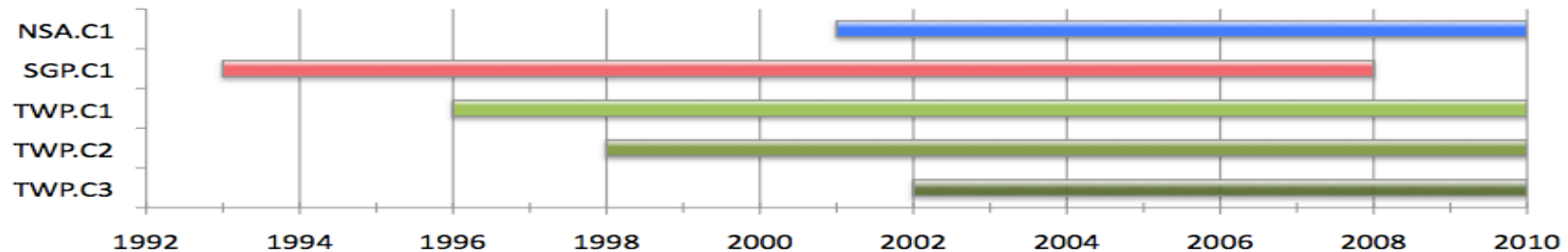
CMBE Data Availability



CMBE-CLDRAD Availability



CMBE - ATM Availability



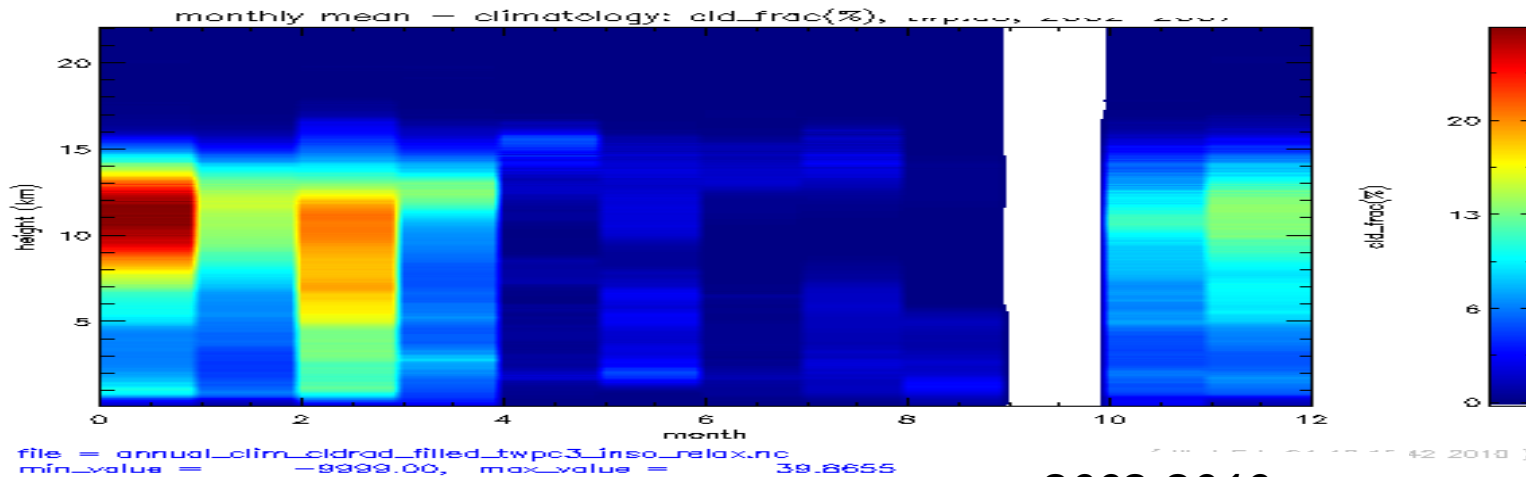
- Sounding and surface meteorological quantities added to NSA and TWP sites (*new*)
- Data are available to most current years except for SGP (*new*)
- Statistical summary files are provided

Longer Data Record Improves Climatology

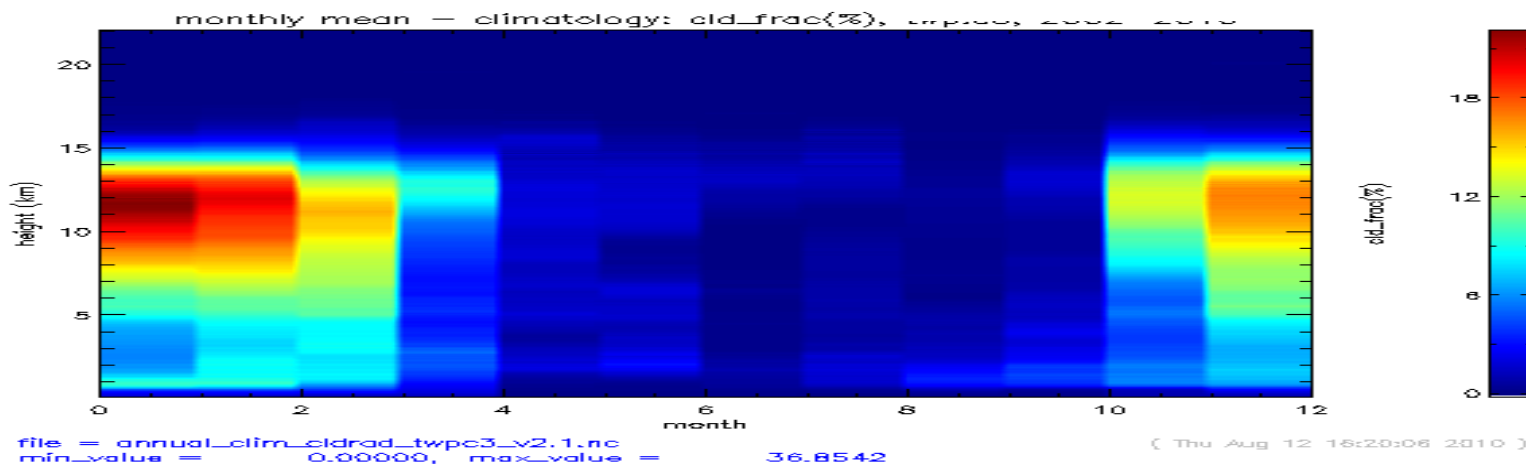


Seasonal Cycle of Cloud over Darwin

2002-2007



2002-2010



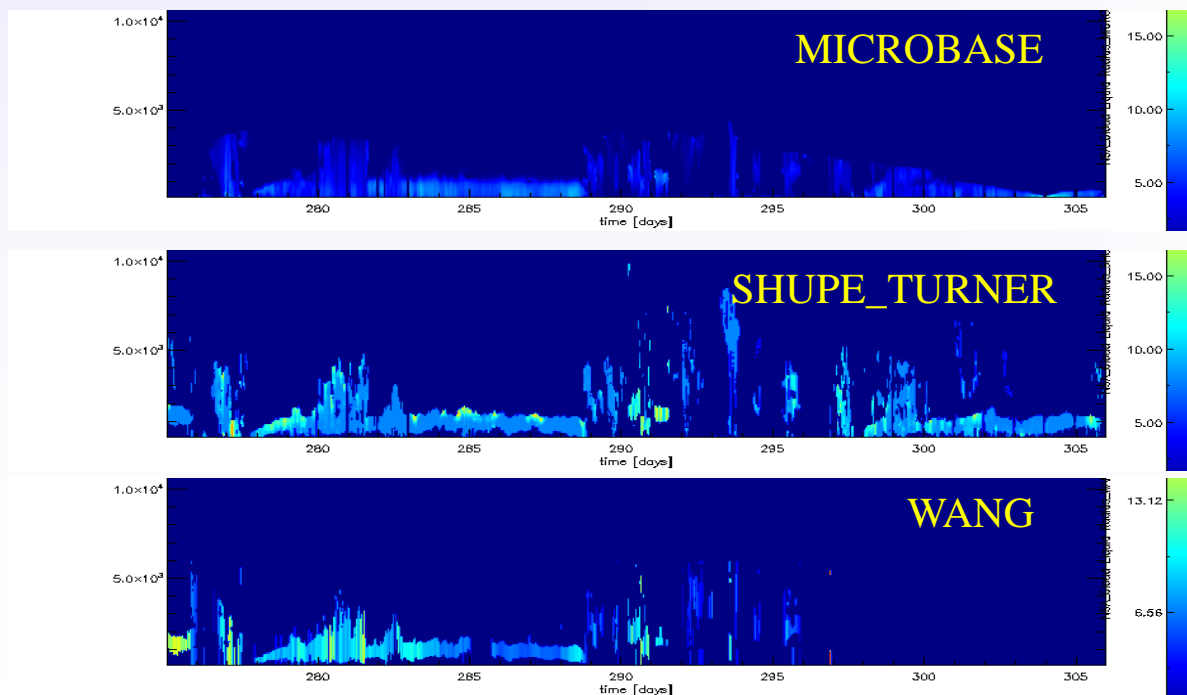
Future Plan on CMBE Data



- **CMBE-enhancement**
 - Add surface clear-sky SW for calculating effective cloud albedo for SGP
 - Add satellite data for NSA and TWP sites
 - Create CMBE – area-mean data (SGP)
 - *from long-term continuous forcing data*
 - Provide satellite retrieved surface precipitation for TWP sites
- **CMBE for AMF sites**
- **CMBE-RIPBE (*Sally McFarlane*)**
 - Cloud microphysical properties
 - Aerosol properties
 - Surface albedo



A Multi-Year Cloud Retrieval Ensemble Dataset (CRED)



A Little Background



ARM has various cloud microphysical retrievals for LWC/IWC available for different periods and sites

SITE	RETRIEVALS	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
SGP	MACE	Purple												
	MICROBASE		Yellow	Purple										
	CLOUDNET												Purple	
	DENG	Purple											Yellow	
NSA	MICROBASE													
	SHUPE_TURNER													
	WANG													
	DENG							Yellow		Yellow				
TWP C1	COMSTOCK													
	MICROBASE													
	DENG													
TWP C2	COMSTOCK													
	MICROBASE													
	DENG													
TWP C3	COMSTOCK													
	MICROBASE													
	CLOUDNET													
	DENG													

Note that Purple bar means whole year, yellow bar means partial year.

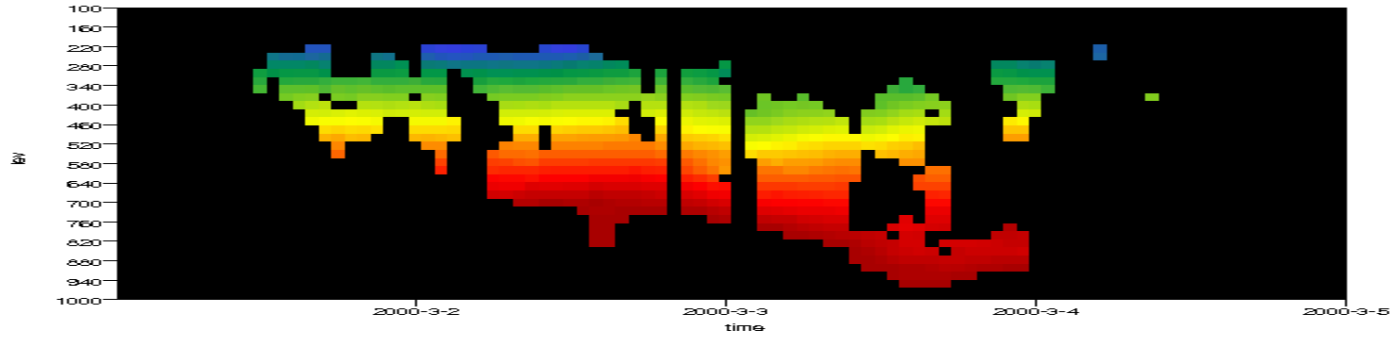
They usually do not agree with each other ...



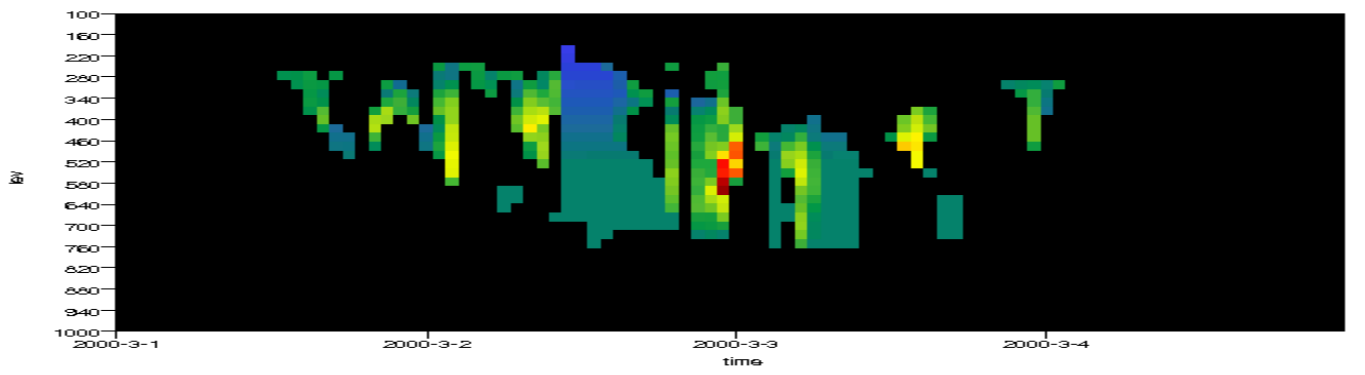
Cloud Ice Particle Radii

MICROBASE

Avg_IceEffectiveRadius in-cloud Averaged over 1200 seconds, these data are from a veY2001
Mean 31.1851 Max 37.6412 Min 19.9766



MACE



March 1 – 4, 2000, SGP

Possible Reasons



- ✓ Retrieval algorithms developed for different types of clouds and situations and work for different instruments → partly results in different assumptions used in these retrieval algorithms

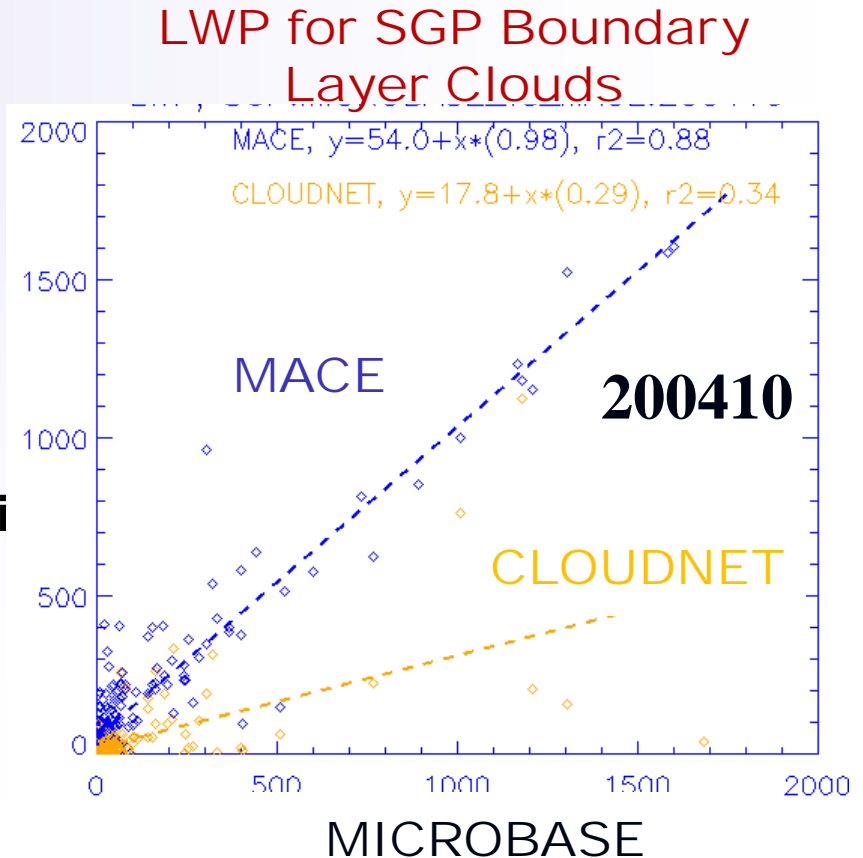
- Particle Habit Particle
- Size Distribution (PSD)
- Vertical/Horizontal Distribution

✓ Input Data

- Cloud Boundaries/detection
- Cloud Classifications/Categori

✓ Constraints

- Liquid Water Path from MWR

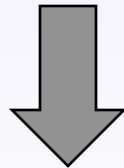


How to address this issue?



A Best Estimate of Cloud Properties – very difficult to achieve!

- Complexity of clouds
- limitations of instruments
- our insufficient knowledge



Alternative approach is to develop a Cloud Retrieval Ensemble Dataset(CRED) using those existing cloud retrieval algorithms

Plan



- **First assemble current available cloud property products into one single dataset with uniform temporal and vertical levels for all ARM sites**
- **Understand these data from their algorithms, assumptions, and input files**
- **Make suggestions on how to reduce differences between different cloud retrievals**

Plan



- **Further evaluate these retrievals with aircraft data and radiative closure experiments using the BBHRP testbed with the hope to develop a best estimate of cloud properties by combining all available cloud retrievals.**
- **Provide feedback to cloud retrieval experts and work with them to improve their retrieval products**

The first CRED data will be available by next ASR science meeting in 2011

Comments are welcome!!!!!!



THE END